San Antonio Daily Express.

Entered at Postoffice at San Antonio, Texas, as Second Class Matter.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 26, 1881. VOL. 15---NO. 150.

Daily Express.
PUBLISHED BY THE
Express Printing Company.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.
DAILY.
Twelve Months.....$10 00
Six Months.....5 50
Three Months.....3 00
WEEKLY.
Twelve Months.....$1 75
Six Months.....1 00
Three Months.....75
Address EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY, San Antonio, Texas.

Weekly Express.
PUBLISHED BY THE
Epress Printing Company.
TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.
DAILY.
Twelve Months.....$10 00
Six Months.....5.50
Three Months.....3 00
WEEKLY.
Twelve Months.....$1 75
Six Months.....1 00
Three Months.....75
Address EXPRESS PRINTING COMPANY, San Antonio, Texas.

AGATE - IRON.

AGATE-IRON
Preserving Kettles,
AGATE-IRON
Deep Fruit Kettles,
Superior to white-lined.

MASON'S
Self-Sealing Jars, Jelly Glasses,
—AND—
Long-Handled Preserving Spoons.

At China Hall.
GREGORY & CO.

E. Hertzberg,

Jeweler and Optician.

SPECIAL attention paid to repairing FINE WATCHES, and ENGRAVING.

Would respectfully inform the public that he has now on hand the largest stock of

Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, etc.

Ever brought to this market and is selling at prices which defy competition.

☞ Call and examine my stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

All goods will be sold under written guarantee if desired.

Next door to S. A. National Bank.

"SUNSET ROUTE."

(THE TRUE SOUTHERN PACIFIC.)
Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railway.

The Only Direct ALL RAIL LINE to San Antonio From the East and Southeast.

4 Daily Trains 4

Leave HOUSTON and SAN ANTONIO Connecting at Houston with the H. & T. C., T. & N. O., and I. & G. N. R'y For all Points

EAST AND NORTH.

Morning Express leaves Houston 8:00 a. m. " " arrives San Antonio 6:05 p. m.
Night Mail leaves Houston 6:15 p. m. " " arrives San Antonio 9:00 a. m.
Morning Express leaves San Antonio 8:00 a. m. " " arrives Houston 6:50 p. m.
Night Mail leaves San Antonio 3:00 p. m. " " arrives at Houston 7:15 a. m.

Ask any Ticket Agent in the United States or Canada for tickets over this Line, and you will get them. They will also check your baggage through over this reliable and over popular route. Remember that this is the

THE ONLY DIRECT
All Rail Route to San Antonio
From the East and Southeast.

Close connections made at San Antonio with all State Lines diverging.

The passenger service of this Line cannot be excelled. The Trains are equipped with all the modern improvements and spabilonous conducive to the comfort and safety of its patrons. Steel rails, solid ballast, Westinghouse Air Brakes, Miller Platforms and Buffers, and Pullman Palace Sleepers, tend to make this Ville line. "Make no mistake" when purchasing your tickets. See that they read via Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio Railway, and

"DON'T YOU FORGET IT!"

The Elegant Parlor Cars of the Wason manufacture are run on Day Express trains.
Palace Sleeping Cars on all Night trains.

Call on P. B. Frey, Ticket Agent, San Antonio, or O. Bacon Nichols, Ticket Agent, Houston, for further information regarding this Popular Route, or to

T. W. Peirce, Jr.,
G. P. A., Houston.

WINES.

CHAMPAGNES:
Heidsieck Extra Dry,
Moselle,
Roederer,
Heidsieck,
Mumms,
CLARETS, in cases:
St. Julien,
Chateau Boullac,
Chateau Margeaux,
Pontet Canet.
SAUTERNES:
Sauterne,
Haut Sauterne,
SHERRIES:
Duff Gordon,
Extra California.
PORTS:
Oporto, pure, for medicinal purposes,
Sandeman,
California.
RHINE WINES, in cases:
Lanbenheimer,
Hanenthaler,
Moselblumchen,
Liebfraumilch,
Marcobrunner.
COGNACS, casks and cases:
Otard Dupuy & Co., vintages 1875, 1877,
Baron Duval, vintage 1848.

A. B. FRANK & Co.
COMMERCIAL BLOCK

FROM AUSIN.

INTERNATIONAL BRIDGE THOROUGHLY TESTED.

District Court—Normal School Teachers—Supreme Court Order—Library Association Revived—International Inspector—Postmaster Dr-Gress, Etc.

Special to the Daily Express.

AUSTIN, June 25.—To-day a test of the international bridge across the river at this point was made, under direction of Mr. Grimes, chief engineer and master mechanic of the Delaware bridge company. The engines crossed over. The test was satisfactory, and trains began running across regularly to-day. A large number of citizens witnessed the test.

In the district court one case against H. V. Hurlock, for land forgery, was quashed. Another case against him will be taken up Monday. The state vs. M. Blustgeret et al., suit on official bond as sheriff and collector, judgment for defendants; the state vs. J. W. Stockley et al., same, judgment for plaintiff; the state vs. J. W. Wyatt et al., same, motion for new trial overruled. Defendants gave notice of an appeal.

The superintendent of education telegraphed the governor from St. Louis that he will be able to secure most eminent men for teachers of the normal school.

The supreme court yesterday made the following order: Hereafter, when cases are transferred from one term of court to another, at a different place, whether the same be done by consent or by the court of its motion, cause being taken under advisement, no other of the transferred papers except the record shall be marked or filed by the clerk at the place to which the cause is transferred, nor shall any fee for refiling such papers be allowed other than for filing the record.

Last night an effort was made to reorganize the Austin library association, with success. A committee was appointed to solicit subscriptions, and reorganization takes place next Friday.

Yesterday deputy sheriff Hill, of Manor, arrested T. M. Alford, for theft of $60, and brought him to this city. A complaint of cattle theft is lodged against him, and he was bound over to await action of the grand jury.

The charter of the Dallas social and literary club was filed in the state department today.

The governor appointed W. P. Hardeman as engineer to inspect ten miles of the G. H. & S. A. railroad west of San Antonio.

Five hundred volumes of the laws of the seventeenth legislature were sent out to-day; seventy-one counties have been supplied.

J. C. DeGrees, ex-mayor of Austin, has been appointed postmaster at this place, much to the disappointment of some republicans who are circulating petitions protesting against it.

The comptroller has issued his opinion, which is quite lengthy, on the drummer tax law.

FROM WACO.

Murderer Safely Lodged—Street Railway and Telephone Exchange—Fearful Drought.

Special to the Daily Express.

WACO, June 25.—David Kemp, convicted of the murder of a man named Smith, in Hamilton, was brought here this evening and lodged in the Waco jail for safe keeping. Kemp's trial occurred at Gatesville, the venue having been changed. As fears of a rescue, while en route, were entertained, the prisoner had a strong escort. His arrival drew an immense crowd to the jail. He cannot walk, owing to his having received an injury on the day he was convicted by leaping from the second story of the court house.

The Waco street railway company are receiving ties and iron to build two additional miles of road on Franklin and Washington streets.

Superintendent Keller, of the Southwestern Bell Telephone company, was here to-day making arrangements to establish a telephone exchange. The requisite number of subscribers has been secured, and they will be ready for business within six weeks.

The drouth in this section is fearful, and corn is ruined. There has been no rain for many weeks, and the weather is intensely warm.

FROM LAREDO.

Putting on City Airs—Street Railway and Telephone Exchange.

Special to the Daily Express.

LAREDO, June 25.—The city council has granted to Gov. Hunt the privilege of laying a street railway and establishing a telephone exchange, work to begin within four months.

It is hot and dusty, but healthy.

Plenty of strangers in town.

Sunday School Convention.

TORONTO, June 25.—The afternoon session was addressed by Mr. Jones, of Richmond, Gov. Colquitt and Rev. Cook Smith, on Sunday schools among the freedmen of the south; by Rev. Arthur Mitchell, of Cleveland, on Sunday school missionary work in the west; by Rev. A. Sutherland, D. D., of Montreal, on Sunday school work in the north. Dr. Vincent, of Chattanga, delivered a speech which closed the session.

Coney Island Races.

CONEY ISLAND, June 25.—The first race today, purse $300, for 2-year-olds, Rica came in first, Oakdale 2d, Yorzdale 3d. Rica won by 1½ lengths. Time 1:16.

Second race—Edenberry 1st, Bliss 2d, Spark 3d. Edenberry won by a length. Time 1:15.

Off for Home.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The party of southern journalists who have been in this city since Wednesday, started for home to-day, on the old Dominion steamer, which sailed this evening.

The Gallows Cheated.

RICHMOND, VA., June 25.—Littleton Latchel, colored, who was to have been hanged yesterday in Brunswick county, for murder, has had a writ of error granted in his case.

Boss Conkling.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Ex-Senator Conkling arrived here to-day.

New Orleans Notes.

Special Telegram to the News.

NEW ORLEANS, June 25.—The conference of southern passenger agents came to a close today. The results are not entirely satisfactory. No summer rate was adopted. The only business of public interest transacted was the adoption of an emmigrant rate to Houston and Texarkana, but this, it is ascertained, is not likely to stand, as it is unsatisfactory to representatives of the Texas roads. The rate will go into effect as soon as the Texas agents figure out their share. The conference was harmonious enough at the outset, but the difference arose between the agents of the different roads, which had not been compromised when it adjourned.

The Texas representatives present were R. W. Thompson, of the Texas and Pacific; R. W. McCullough, International and Great Northern; John M. Forshey, Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe; S. H. Gray, Houston and Texas Central; W. C. Watson, Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio; E. W. LeBaume, Texas and New Orleans.

The weather continues dry and exceedingly oppressive. There were no less than twelve sun strokes yesterday and to-day, of which three proved fatal.

At the meeting of the board of health to-night Dr. Jones called attention to the unusually large number of sunstrokes, and said in the twenty-four preceding years only 139 cases had occurred altogether, of which two-twelfths were fatal. This tended to show, he asserted, that the people of New Orleans were not liable to sunstroke. He attributed the large number of cases this year to extraordinary atmospheric conditions. The temperature during June, he said, had not been higher since 1851. Thirty-seven deaths last week were directly chargeable to heat.

E. F. Bonvrie Tempest, commander, etc., whose arrest is said to have occurred in Galveston yesterday, is well known here, and as misery loves company, a broad grin appears on the faces of some society people, at the way in which Galveston has been done. Tempest appeared in New Orleans during the mardi-gras festivities. He was introduced at the clubs and received in the best society, his manner and appearance bearing out the good impression his letters had created. Suspicion was at last aroused by the fact that his name did not appear in the registry of the English navy, and further inquiries developed the fact that he had succeeded in securing sums of money from different parties without furnishing collaterals. The fellow was finally exposed as a confidence man, but his victims, probably through fear of ridicule, allowed him to leave the city without being arrested. He was next heard from in St. Louis, and now in Galveston playing his old games.

FROM STOCKTON.

Narrow Escape of Mr. Kremkau from Assassination—The "Kid" on the War Path—Postmistress—Excellent Crops.

Special to the Daily Express.

STOCKTON, June 25.—Last Sunday, on the Pecos river, near where the railroad is being graded, Mr. Kremkau was shot at and narrowly escaped with his life, the ball having passed through his clothing near the abdomen. His assailant is supposed to be the "Kid," who has been figuringin Arizona and New Mexico. Reports by people living on the Pecos are that the "Kid" has been seen and has from fifteen to thirty men with him; he has fine horses and is well equipped with all necessaries for camping, &c. It is expected they may cause trouble in this section.

Notice was received here yesterday of the appointment of Mrs. F. W. Young, as successor to, Mr. J. Friedlander, postmaster at this place. The change is quite a surprise, as it seems that Mr. Friedlander has efficiently performed his duties and has been very accommodating in his office.

Crops in this section are very good, and the yield of cereals this season is far greater than for previous years, and will average from 25 to 30 bushels to the acre. This puts a smile on the face of some of our extensive farmers, who can now see their way clear by this gift of providence.

LATEST CABLEGRAMS.

House of Commons on Tunisian Affairs—Colliery Explosion—Spanish Tobacco Monopoly Abolished.

Colliery Explosion.

LONDON, June 25.—A dispatch from Dortmond, Prussia, says: An explosion occurred yesterday in Sulsetifan colliery, by which seventeen persons were killed and five injured.

New Ministry.

LONDON, June 25.—Dispatches from Adelaide, south Australia, announce that a new ministry has been formed as follows: Chief secretary, Bray; attorney general, Mr. Downer; treasurer, Mr. Glyde; commissioner of Crown lands and immigration, Mr. Cell; commissioner of public works, Mr. Garden Ramsey; minister of education, Mr. Parsons.

Tobacco Monopoly Abolished.

LONDON, June 25.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says: The Gazette of Sunday will publish a decree abolishing the tobacco monopoly in the Philipine islands. Senor Castellar writes to the colonial minister as follows: "I congratulate you on the decree which will give you a place among the great emancipators of human labor, rendering illustrious your name for all time."

House of Commons.

LONDON, June 24.—In the house of commons last night Mr. Ryland, Liberal, in moving for further papers on the Anglo-Turkish convention, contended that in spite of the failure of Turkish promises of reform, the connection was binding on us, and that in the event of an Armenian insurrection and Russian intervention, we would be bound to go to Turkey's assistance. He therefore recmended that we should intimate distinctly to Turkey that we withdraw from the convention. As a consequence, he said, we shall have to give up Cyprus, which he strongly advised, holding that our acquisition of Cyprus was an infraction of public law.

Sir Henry Wolff, conservative, said that to hand back Cypress to Turkey would be to reserve it to misgovernment; that there was no analogy between our acquisition of Cyprus and the French proceedings in Tunis.

Sir Chas. Dilke under foreign secretary, said there were no papers which could be laid before the house. He agreed, he said, in much which Mr. Ryland had said in regard to the Anglo-Turkish convention, but he pointed out that it was a different thing to condemn the treaty and to reverse it, and to violently upset the convention might endanger the peace of the east. He hoped the house would not press any such course on the government. He agreed that there was no analogy between the acquisition of Tunis and that of Cyprus, although our example had been of bad effect.

Gladstone after warmly eulogizing Goschen's services at Constantinople, stated that Lord Dufferin, the newly appointed embassador to that court, carried with him instructions to go forward a settlement of the Armenian question. Gladstone violently attacked the secretary of the foreign government in regard to the conversations of Lord Salisbury and Mr. Waddington. He said that if the French policy in Tunis had been dangerous to the public peace, and if it had involved a breach of public faith, England, by the evil example she set, would have weakened her right to protest against it. It was, he said, a departure from European concert which the late government had thereby destroyed, and which the present government had labored and would labor to rebuild.

Another Score for Americans.

LONDON, June 25.—At the second summer meeting of the London athletic club, in conjunction with the Manhattan club, of New York, at Somerford Bridge, in the mile walking race, open to amateurs, Merrill, of the Union Athletic club of Boston, defeated Berkley, of the London athletic club, and Murphy, of the Highgate Harriers. Only the three named walked. Merrill won the race easily by fifty yards Time, 14 minutes and 35 seconds.

In the 440 yards running race Mr. Morris, of the Manhattan club, waited till on the straight-for-home, and then came away and won easily by 5 yards. Official time, 49 1-5 seconds. Phillips, of the London club, came in second. The other contestants were Mr. Baker, A. S. Smith, T. G. Grunnes, the well known athlete. The prizes in both races were cups. Intense interest was exhibited in the result of the contest.

Affairs at Albany.

ALBANY, June 25.—Another vote was taken by the joint convention this morning to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Conkling, without any material change. There was no choice.

The convention then proceeded to vote to fill the Platt vacancy. When the senate voted, casting but 15 votes, assemblyman McMurphy raised a point that a quorum had not voted.

The chairman decided that the point could not be raised during roll call.

The following is the result of the vote: Depew 34, Kernan 34, Platt 30, Crowley 4, Cornell 5, Tremaine 1, Lapham 3.

The chair decided that no choice had been made, and on motion of Mr. Husted the convention adjourned.

Fire Record.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 25.—A fire at Gadsden, Ala., last night, destroyed part of the Lane & Windlemeier saw mill, and Russell's residence. Loss $40,000; insurances $4,000. Cause unknown.

Mumford's Victory.

PEORIA, ILL., June 25.—Mumford, of the Perseverance club of New Orleans, won the free for all single scull race in the Mississippi Valley regatta yesterday.

Special telegram from Crockett: The religious meetings of Mr. James are largely attended. The success achieved was and is something more than was expected. There have been about forty-two conversions, and twenty seceshes to the church, and large crowds go forward nightly for prayer. Mr. James is a noble young man, and is heart and soul in the work. He is assisted in his work by ministers of the Methodist and the minister of the Presbyterian church. The interest manifested in religious matters here is perhaps unprecedented, certainly greater than for many years. Mr. James preaches to crowded houses.

GALVESTON GRIST.

ANOTHER DEATH FROM SUNSTROKE.

Petty Thief Arrested—Death of Walter Morgan—Texas-Mexican—Cotton Statement—Mortuary—Port Notes—Criminal Matters, Etc.

Special to the Daily Express.

GALVESTON, June 25.—Old Charley Foster, a hack-driver for a year, but who latterly drove a job wagon, died up stairs over Goggan & Bro.'s music store, corner of Market and 22d streets, about 7 o'clock this evening. Justice Braman held an inquest, the verdict of the jury being death from sunstroke.

Adolphus Chareneras yesterday entered the room of P. Sarrans and forced open his trunk with a cold chisel and robbed it of upwards of $40. Chareneras was arrested to-day. The cold chisel and part of the money was found on his person. He was released on a bond of $200 for appearance before the recorder Monday.

The flags on the shipping in port to-day were at half mast in memory of Walter Morgan, mate of the brig Mary Jane, who was sun struck Thursday evening, sent to the hospital Friday and died this morning. He was buried this evening.

One of the horses attached to a small wagon dropped dead from heat to-day.

The engineers of the Palmer-Sullivan combination now engaged running lines for the Texas-Mexican on the island, will open an office in the city the coming week. The committee of eleven will meet Monday next and will make a formal tender of the amount subscribed to secure the terminus of the Mexican National to the Palmer-Sullivan commodore. The amount will aggregate about $80,000.

Total amount of cotton exported during the week, 9959 bales; on shipboard in the harbor for export, 9053 bales.

Total real estate transfers for the past week amounts to $41,345.

The mortuary report for the week ending today shows twenty-five deaths; of that number 11 are children. This is unusually large.

John Coaster, proprietor of the Long Branch bath houses at the foot of Centre street, who in a domestic difficulty yesterday stabbed his son in the side, had a preliminary examination before the recorder this morning, and was placed under a bond of $250 for his appearance before the criminal court in July.

Henry Homburg, the anorickie, was the party who informed against John Homburg and Mrs. Nolte, who were arrested, tried and sent to jail yesterday for robbing Antone Hoffman of $937 on May 16th, 1879. John Homburg is an uncle of the wife murderer.

American bark Gem, from New York, arrived to-day, having 5700 bars of railroad iron for the Texas Central. Steamship Henisia arrived this morning from Corpus Christi with 800 sacks of wool and one hundred bundles of hides.

Sailed—Steamer city of Norfolk, from Morgan city, for Corpus Christi.

Huntsville Item: The Normal Institute building is to be enlarged during vacation. A "mansard" roof is to be placed on the building, which will necessitate another story. In the additional story the main room will be a lecture room, and on the east and west sides will be two recitation rooms, respectively. On the north side, which will be over the gallery, will be a room for a library. The state has appropriated $4000 for improvements on the building, though the proposed addenda will not consume all that amount.

Jasper Southeast Texan: We found embedded in soft sandstone in a ravine the other day, about 15 feet below the surface, a fragment of bone, which, from its massiveness, apparent age, and texture, we would judge once formed a portion of the thigh bone of a mastodon or other large quadruped. The outside of the specimen presents the appearance of a concrete mass of gravel and sandstone, but where it is broken it shows the unmistakable characteristics of bone.

THE SEWERAGE QUESTION.

Something that Interests Every Citizen of San Antonio.

Editors San Antonio Express:

Your article in the issue of the 22nd inst., urging the construction of sewers for the proper drainage of the city, should arrest the attention of our authorities and arouse the whole people of the city to the importance of the suggestions therein contained. Our population has increased at least twenty-five per cent since the last enumeration, and "still they come;" and truly "the sanitary regulations and measures of cleanliness of a village only" are wholly inadequate to a city which we propose to be in the near future.

The new view which has lately been exhibited by the city administration in the construction of side walks augurs well not only for the council but for the citizens, and it is hoped that the owners of property will respond cheerfully to the increased demands upon them for the necessary improvements to make our city what it should be.

Real estate owners will soon see that there is no antagonism between them and the city authorities, that their interests are the same, and that the small additional outlay in proper improvements will be returned to them in tenfold proportion.

At the last meeting of the city council they ordered certain streets to be ploughed out—that is turn piked—plough out the margin and with a road scraper haul the dirt to the centre. This can be done rapidly and with very little expense and the surface water drained with some speed, and this brings us to the very question at issue, whether or not the river and the San Pedro are and shall be the sewers of the city. This question must be met and met promptly.

If the city authorities, after examination and with full estimates of the costs of constructing a system of sewerage, should determine that they are unable to make the improvements and declare that the streams above mentioned to be the sewers of the city, we ask, in the name of decency and self preservation, that they be limited to the surface water and not as a receptacle for all the filth, garbage and excrements of a city of twenty thousand people. By ordinance, rigidly enforced, immediately fill up every privy pit in the city and substitute earth closets; compel every family in the thickly settled portions of the city to collect daily all the refuse vegetable and animal matter about their premises and delivered to the scavengers to be carted to the suburbs and there buried or burnt. With these regulations rigidly enforced, and a free we use of disinfectants, may preserve the reputation of our city.

At best, these are but "the sanitary regulations and measures of cleanliness of a village only" and wholly inapplicable to a city of fifty thousand inhabitants crowded into this valley, as will be the case in less than five years; therefore we hope that our city council will act upon your suggestions and boldly and broadly lay the foundations for a system of sewage, such as the health of our city demands. We of course do not expect them to complete the work at once, but inaugurate it, build upon it, and in the course of time complete it.

SECOND WARD.

The Indian Nation Troubles—United States Troops Called in—A Distressing State of Affairs.

Special Telegram to the News.

LITTLE ROCK, June 25.—Advices received today from Fort Smith, indicates that affairs in the Chickasaw and Choctaw nations have reached a crisis. The United States cavalry at Fort Sill have been ordered to report for duty to United States Agent Tuttle, at Muscogee, June 24, to co-operate with the Choctaw militia, under command of governor Overton, in removing white intruders and their stock from the limits of the nation. All persons who are not Indians, or intermarried with the various tribes, are classed as intruders, and though many of these parties have recently secured permits, it is claimed the papers were illegally issued and the holders will be driven out. The order of banishment will be speedily and effectually executed. The Choctaw militia are in camp near Schoyville 300 strong. They will affect a junction with the United States troops at McAlister. The greatest terror and distress exist. More than 100 families have crossed the border in the last ten days, leaving everything behind. The exodus is rapidly spreading, and roads leading beyond the border are lined with fugitives who have abandoned their cabins to the flames, and their growing crops to destruction, and their stock on the range. A number of whites have refused to leave, claiming their bond entitles them to stay, and will protect themselves if force is used to evict them. Several extensive stockmen from Texas, who have large herds in the Chickasaw Nation, have compromised with governor Overton paying him $1500 for the privilege of grazing cattle in the country until July 15. The secretary of the interior has been appealed to reaffirm the decision of the department, made August 27, 1877, allowing persons with permits to remain in the nation without becoming members or citizens of either nation.

Weekly Bank Statement.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The weekly statement of associated banks shows the following changes: Loan decrease, $1,75,900; specie increase, $1,490,5 0; legal tender decrease, $501,400; deposits decrease, 5600,800; circulation decrease, $166,007; reserve increase, $,295 850. The banks now hold $0,574,200 in excess of legal requirements.

That Rock Crusher Question.

SAN ANTONIO, June 25, 1881.

Editors San Antonio Express:

The Evening Light of yesterday has an article headed "The Municipal Rock Crusher," in which the discontented and bilious editor of that paper "goes for" the city administration in a way that is peculiarly his own. Now—sir—while no one objects in the least to having the acts of the council criticised, and while we think that it is just and proper that the papers should lay before the public every act of their servants and comment upon the same, according to their separate views, we cannot but remember that but a few brief weeks ago the aldermanic term of the editor of the Light expired. He pronounced the present board stupid, ignorant, inefficient, etc. One would suppose, to read his articles, that if he was a member of the council he would shine as an electric light. He would re-vivify the administration and astonish the mossbacks by his brilliant and original ideas and his grand system of public improvements. What did the gentleman accomplish during his three years, two of which he was chairman of the public improvement committee? What great and useful work did he inaugurate during his term, the city succeeded in increasing its bonded indebtedness to the amount of $35,000, and what became of the money? The streets and sidewalks were left in their normal condition, and the whole amount invested in bridges. Again, the gentleman got into the board just in time to assist in ruining upon the city the water works scheme by receiving them are they were completed.

The next big thing undertaken by the ex alderman was the purchase of the rock crusher. He is the daddy of this elephant. It has been a source of expense to the city ever since its purchase, and now that the council propose to get rid of it the ex-alderman feels very sore. If this rock crusher was such a useful article, so necessary to the city, why did not the gentleman advocate it during his term of his office and when he, as chairman of the improvement committee, had every opportunity to practically show its value. The fact is, and the gentleman knows it very well, that it would bankrupt any city in the country to crush gravel with this rock crusher, in sufficient quantities to top-dress the streets.

The editor asserts that the council have authorized the loaning of the boiler and machinery to the ice company. This is correct, but he fails to state the terms. The boiler is out of order, and one of the aldermen who inspected it said it would cost $25 to repair it and place it in a saleable condition. This, Messrs. Syms & Co. propose to do free of charge, and to deliver the boiler whenever called for by the city authorities, at any designated point within the city limits. For the repairs, &c. they only ask the occasional use of the boiler while cleaning their own. "Pluck the mote out of your own eye," Jimmy, take a retrospective view, and you'll see how 'twas with yourself.

I.

Personal.

Rev. W. J. Young will preach in his pulpit to-day.

J. A. Phelps, prominent candidate for U. S. marshal, for this district, has returned.

Dr. F. Herff has not yet returned. He will be absent for a couple of weeks.

Mr. M. Abrams, of Austin, is in the city preparing to establish himself in business here.

Mr. E. J. Quirk was out again yesterday for the first time in many weeks. He is still very feeble, however.

The following visitors were registered at the merchants' exchange yesterday: David Kirkwood, Somerset; J. V. Fourny, Houston; C. D. Morrison, Houston; W. E. Goodrich, Seguin.

B. C. Hendrick, editor of the Pleasanton *Monitor*, is in the city and can be found at the Vance house. Mr. Hendrick thinks his journalistic venture will be a success and we certainly hope so. Mr. H. was formerly a professor in Bethel college, in Kentucky.

Mr. H. C. Bohl, of Detroit, who has been spending some time in our city, says he will invest $35,000 in a fine horse ranch. He intends breeding only the finest animals. Such young men as Harry are a blessing to any country.

J T Brackenridge, Austin; W H Middleton, W H Adams, Santa Rosa, Mexico; Dr O R Grube, New Braunfels; E H Renish, St Louis; W E Goodrich, Seguin; Henry Reid, Moore's Hollow; R G Reid, Atascosa county; J Lee Hall, LaSalle, Texas; J C Lopez, Harwood; Hugh Burns, Pearsall, Texas; Morris J Sass, Galveston, are at the Menger.

J R Norris, Chas Howard, Mexico; Ed Hanbeit, Brenham; A C McCafferty, Fort Worth; Miss Lu Gray, Jefferson; J P Tiner, Southerland Springs; T W Deskin, Texas; J W Graham, Round Rock; Theodore La-Grange, Eagle Pass; W F Murphy, Helena; Alex Mebus and family, Kilida, Ohio; F Tiner, Kansas; W E Tom, Olmos Ranch; George C Tisdell, Austin; Alvarado Mayes, Texas; R C Darnette, Moore's Hollow; R J Condon, Burnett county; W H Hewett and family, Palestine; Frank Cowan, Tenn; Oscar D Baker, Dodge City Kansas; F Hoffman, LaGrange, are registered at the Central hotel.

F W Chandler, Austin; M A Taylor, Austin; E R Lane, Goliad; Dennis Corwin, Austin; Walter Corwin, Austin; Geo W Little and wife, Columbus; Miss Katie Little, Columbus; Miss Kate Fennel, Austin; W L Thompson, Texas; Mr. Dalwigk, El Paso; I S Hennenluffer, Palestine; Thos K Thomson, Frio; J Jefferson, Duval; Ward Crosby, Texas Mexican railway; Robt A Frazer, Round Rock; E E Coryell, wife and children, Houston; G M Thompson, Texas Mexican railway; R E Saddler, Houston; Robt Murray, Texas Mexican railway; W J Hutchinson, Texas Mexican railway; C G Banks, Little Rock, P G Townsend, S V Dooley, Wm Kelsuhn, M Butler, Austin; N Miller, G Ward, Kyle; F A Wood, Dallas; J H Hill, Georgetown; Henry Scofield, Houston; Preston Barnes, Menchac; S Kauffman, Baltimore; Wm Hollis, L H Nicholls, Houston; E I Merrick, Foster Rose, Helena; J B Mailord, Thomas Daly, Palestine; T J Frayt, Burnett; A S Aechier, New York; Chas C Wood, Belton; K D Gross; Pacific express; J J Martin, I & G N; A A McDonald, D McLoman, Medina, are at Hord's.

Opera Pauline, the Belle of Saratoga.

This opera will shortly be presented by the San Antonio Quintette club, at Turners' Opera Hall. This club is composed of the very best of amateur talent in the city, and no doubt but what the rendition of the charming opera will be a grand success. No pains nor expense will be spared to make its rendition perfect by those participating. The following ladies and gentlemen will impersonate the leading characters: Mrs. Katzenberger, Miss Katie Layer, Mr. F. Thatcher, Mr. C. B. Lawler, and Mr. A. E. Williams. Mr. O. W. Hilgers will manipulate the ivory.

The Government Auction Sale.

Capt. J. A. H. Hossack, of the firm of Hossack & Estes, who made the Gillum sale, has just reported the sale of the government horses, mules and wagons, made yesterday by him for Capt. E. L. Campbell, depot quartermaster. The sale comprised 26 horses, 13 mules, 2 hacks, and 11 wagons, and amounted to $2,764. Capt. Hossack will be welcomed here, and will soon be one of us.

Thermometer.

Record kept by the U. S. Signal office of San Antonio:

5:34 a. m., 79 degrees.
1:34 p. m., 96 degrees.
9:34 p. m., 86 degrees.

Maximum temperature for past 24 hours, 98 degrees.

Minimum temperature for past 24 hours, 78 degrees.

—The comet that there is so much talk about was visible at about 8 o'clock last evening in the direction of the San Pedro park and can be plainly seen with the naked eye. It will be visable this evening at about 8:30.

Military Department Notes.

The journey from Eastland to Colorado City, Texas, and return, performed by Second Lieut. Theodore Mosher, 23d infantry, under paragraph I, special orders No. 72, current series, from these headquarters, is approved.

Leave of absence for one month, with permission to apply to the adjutant general military division of the Missouri for an extension of one month, is granted First Lieut. Edmund Luff, 8th cavalry, (Fort Clark, Texas.)

Capt. E. S. Ewing, 16th infantry, is detailed as a member of the general court martial instituted at Fort Concho, Texas, by paragraph III, special orders No. 89, current series, from these headquarters, vice First Lieut. William Davis, jr., 10th cavalry, relieved.

Capt. John Simpson, assistant quartermaster, having reported at these headquarters, on the 22nd inst., in accordance with paragraph VI, special orders No. 1 6, current series, from the adjutant general's office, is assigned to duty as post quartermaster at Fort Clark, Texas. He will report, accordingly, to the post commander.

The quartermaster's department will furnish transportation hence, by stage, to Fort Clark, Texas, for one clerk on duty with Capt. John Simpson, assistant quartermaster.

Recruit John Burk, enlisted by the recruiting officer at San Antonio, Texas, is assigned to company B, 23d infantry.

Under paragraph 1143, army regulations of 1863, First Lieut. Wm. Davis, jr., 10th cavalry, is authorized to purchase one unassigned cavalry horse, at the invoice price—to be ascertained from the chief quartermaster of this department.

List of Letters

Remaining in the Post Office at San Antonio, Bexar County, State of Texas, for the week ending June 20, 1881.

LADIES' LIST.

Agura, Miguela
Andrews, A C Mrs
Bowen, Ralph Mrs
Brady, Mary A Miss
Ball, Frank Mrs
Castellanis, Antonia
Cuellar, Teresa
Conor, Mary Miss
Clay, Laura Miss
Corbet, Agnesia Mrs
Clay, Harriet Mrs
Edwards, Susan Mrs
Fenner, Ella Mrs
Finley, G P Mrs
Guer, Refugia Gde
Golon, Louisa Miss
Griffin, Mollie Mrs
Horcasitas, Dolores
Humphrys, Cathrine
Howe, Ella Miss
Hustone, Sallie Mrs
Higgins, Rose Mrs
Hennessey, Mary Mrs
Hernandez, Miguela
Hohfeld, Mary Mrs
Harris, Jinnie Miss
Johnson, Rebecca Mrs
Jefferson, Katie Miss
King, N D Mrs
Leach, Carrie Miss
Laird, Maggie Miss
Langford, Mary Mrs
Martinez, Petra
Merricks, Mary E Mrs
Millett, Wm
Nolan, Mrs
Norwood, Manda Miss
Ochoa, Miguela
Parthe, Mary
Perry, Lizzie Mrs
Pollock, Geo Mrs
Peterson, Eliza
Palmer, Annie Mrs
Robertor, Mary Mrs
Sherwood, Lodoy Miss
Swift, Mollie Miss
Schupp, Mat Miss
Swisher, Eliza Miss
Simon, Felipa
Sorelle, D P Mrs
Wooten, S M Mrs
Williams, Lue R Mrs
Waller, Mrs
Watkins, Emly
Wallace, Julia Mrs
White, Josephine Mrs
Wilson, Amanda Mrs

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Anderson, H B
Aldwell, Leo
Ainsworth, Frank
Burns, J T
Binney, F H
Beers, H H
Rosa, Dionio
Boothe, C A
Baugh & Son
Brown, Alex 2
Bergman, B
Corder, B D
Crone, W A
Castellano, R
Conway, C
Chaves, Mariano
Chaves, Juan A
Cockrell, F R
Carmichael, Dan
Conley, D
Denison, F
Drought, H P 2
Durm, James
Eaimo, P
Eisemilio, R 2
Eisenhauer, Fred
Elliott, J M
Epp, John
Flowers, H C
Ferrales, Dolores
Fajardo, Jose
Gill, J M Col
Genero, Jaques
Grahs, Julius
Garasilais, J M
Garcia, Canuta
Guevara, Fossiano
Garcia, Carlos
Garza, Amado
Grigsby, A D 2
Hanshan, A
Howard, H F
Hilbroner, Ben
Hooper, C E 2
Hernandez, E
Havey, S
Jones, Cyrus
Harris, M
Hagy, L W
Howard, J S 2
Holler, Geo
Hilt, Henry
Haller, G W 2
Jenkins, R C
Johnson, J D 4
Jones, Geo M
Kennedy, John A
King, F S
Lane, E R Hon
Lewis, Geo
Leendahl, Alfred
Long, M M
Lilly, Tom 2
Little, Wm
Mathews, Sam
Moglia, A
Montgomery, P C
McCormick, N W
Martinez, Leulia

Persons calling for any of the above letters will please say advertised and give date.

J. C. MANNING, Postmaster.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MASONIC NOTICE.

A SPECIAL CONVOCATION of BURLESON CHAPTER No 21, Royal Arch Masons, will be held to-morrow (Monday) evening, at 8 o'clock, for installation of officers. All Royal Arch Masons, in good standing, are fraternally invited. By order of the High Priest.

J. H. BOLTON, Secretary.

DR. R. H. McNUT,
Dentist.
OFFICE: OVER GROSS' BANK.

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL
—OF THE—
SEASON.
"Genevieve,"

AN OPERETTA IN THREE PARTS.

Represented by the best Musical Talent IN THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Turner's Hall, Tuesday Evening June 28, 1881.

Doors open at 8 o'clock, curtain rises at 8½. General admission 25 cents, reserved seats (at Hart's Cigar Store, rear of postoffice) 25 cents extra. junes22 1w

WILHOFT'S FEVER AND AGUE TONIC
For Chills and Fever AND ALL DISEASES
Caused by Malarial Poisoning of the Blood.
A WARRANTED CURE.
Price, $1.00. For sale by all Druggists.
apr27-om d&w

UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.
SUMMER LAW LECTURES (nine weeks), begin 14th July, 1881, and end 14th September. Have proved of signal use,—1st, to students, who design to pursue their studies at this or other Law School; 2d, to those who propose to read privately; and 3rd, to practitioners who have not had the advantage of systematic instruction. For circular apply (P. O. University of Va.) to JOHN B. MINOR, Prof. Com. and Stat. Law. june12 &wim

Daily Express

PUBLISHED BY THE

Express Printing Company

Sunday Morning, June 26, 1881.

NICE and cool this morning.

Two extra carloads of beer have been ordered for the 4th of July. Can patriotism go further than this?

THE Corpus Christi narrow gauge railway trains now run to a point within thirty miles of Laredo, the road being in operation 132 miles. Laredo will doubtless have two railroads by October 1st.

THE comet can now be seen at about 4 o'clock in the morning. Young people should remain up to catch a glimpse of the beautiful celestial wanderer; old or married people can get up in time in the morning.

It is said a million dollars changed hands on one race—when Luke Blackburn was beaten by Glenmore—at the recent meeting of the Coney Island Jockey club. Five dollar tickets on Glenmore in the pools paid $59.

It may not be out of place to suggest, this morning, that the churches will be found as cool and comfortable, to-day, as the beer saloons. Those who are not impressed with this hint may some time realize that a church on the hottest summer day would be a regular ice-box as compared their then present abode.

ELSEWHERE we publish the address of Gen. C. C. Auger, commanding this military department, delivered before the recent graduating class of the national military academy at West Point. It will well repay an attentive perusal, being interesting not only to those connected with the army but to civilians also.

A FEW days ago it was announced that the treasury investigating committee had submitted to the secretary a merely preliminary report. It is announced that the committee have stopped work, and will not take it up again until ordered so to do by Wisdom. The committee have behaved badly in discovering too much.

CONKLING doubtless experienced a fresh surprise the other evening when Madden, instead of cringing low and sneaking away in abasement and humiliation when the ex senator refused to shake hands with him, turned to and sailed into Roscoe with the choicest American he could command. Madden should have been paralyzed, but he wasn't.

TEXAS is a new party in the field in Virginia that proposes to take advantage of the complications arising between the democrats, readjusters and straight-out republicans. The prohibitionists believe that they can slip in, in the present condition of affairs, and win some votes from hesitating and perplexed voters. A full ticket will accordingly be nominated.

THE secretary of the treasury has issued a circular stating that all registered five per cent. bonds of 1881 which were received by the department, or the holders of which notified the department of their intention to have them continued at the lower rate of interest, on or before May 23, will be accepted and so continued, despite the fact that the original limit, $250,000,000, has already been exceeded.

TEXAS has been more than enough trouble concerning the Indian territory reservations, and it is full time for prompt and decisive action on the part of the government, one way or the other. If the government is rigorously and arrest and severely punish all going to maintain the treaty, let it maintain it violators. No attempt at occupation will be made by outsiders if it is understood that the government is in earnest in its orders concerning that territory. All the trouble has grown out of the dilly-dallying policy of the government, which held out a hope to settlers that they would not be disturbed.

It is said one of the ways of buying votes in the New York legislature is to get up a game of poker between the buyer and seller, and the seller be allowed to win all the big bets until the amount is passed over, and then the buyer, disgusted, jumps the game. Barber is the name of the man who keeps this gambling room. The usual way is to deposit the money with Barber, and he steers the game. This is the *modus operandi* as described in the testimony taken by the bribery investigating committee. In most legislatures the lobbyists buy the members outright, and then win the money back at a game of "draw."

THE "distinguished" British naval officer who was "extinguished" at Galveston the other day, by being jugged for obtaining money under false pretenses, and who victimized the people of New Orleans before coming to Texas, had rather a rough experience during the closing days of his career at Laredo, from which place he tramped on foot. A Laredo correspondent of the Corpus Christi *Free Press* says of him:

"His career here was very checkered, borrowing money on drafts that were no good, buying two blocks of land from Woodman & Yglesias for eight hundred and fifty dollars, giving a draft on Brown Bros. & Co., of New York, who telegraphed back it was not good, did not know the party. Hackmen were dunning him for bills. Even a notorious house had a bill against him for twenty-five dollars for entertainments furnished and not paid for. Babcock had a sixty-five dollar draft for a gambling debt that was not good. He was arrested by Mr. Belcher for getting one hundred dollars by false pretenses, and secured Belcher by giving him the watch and ring that Mr. Mew redeemed out of pawn in Corpus Christi. He owes several parties in New Laredo borrowed money."

CONKLING was interviewed the other day, and declared that the question of a return to the senate of any man, however important or valuable to a party, was insignificant beside the question whether the election of any man to the United States senate could be encompassed by corrupt practices, or by bribery. He even went farther and admitted that when he was elected to the senate, almost without opposition, questions of patriotism and statesmanship were paramount, but now (when he can't be elected), to his amazement he has "found that questions of statesmanship and patriotism had so far been thrown into the background and become entirely secondary and subservient to the question of personal interests and aggrandizement. In the old days (old because so soon past), although but a short time ago, inactive politicians thought only of their country and of what would benefit it, but now the statesman who had lived and acted as if the old influences were still alive, was amazed to find that an entirely new influence had attained control of party politics." [illegible] such a difference should [illegible] "diddle-dum and tweedledee."

ADDRESS OF GEN. C. C. AUGER

Before the Graduating Class of West Point Military Academy. June 6th, 1881.

YOUNG GENTLEMEN OF THE GRADUATING CLASS:

In compliance with the invitation of the general of the army, I am here to-day to congratulate you upon the termination of your academic course, and in behalf of the army to extend to you a cordial welcome to its ranks as comrades and brothers in arms, and, with the privilege of age and some experience, to offer you a few words of counsel and advice.

I heartily sympathize with your feelings of joy and satisfaction as you look back upon your four years of unremitting labor, and have almost within your grasp the certified evidence of your successful struggle with dry and difficult studies; of patient endurance of exacting discipline and irksome restraints. I gaze with you upon the glowing pictures you have already painted of the future, and pray God you may never find them too highly colored. I share with you the feeling of happy defiance which comes to every youth about to leave the narrow path, bright and beautiful though it may be, which has hitherto restrained his youthful steps, and who, with confident ardor, makes his first advance upon the broad, rugged and dangerous road beyond, already crowded with rival aspirants and contending men. I recognize, too mingled with all these glowing sensations, the half suppressed regret at parting from cherished comrades, endeared to you by years of intimate association and mutual confidence; at looking for the last time, perhaps for years, upon the grand and beautiful scene upon which you, and so long the limit of your wistful gaze toward the world beyond; and at your separation from honored professors, who have so long and so faithfully watched over and guided you, and who, to-day, have such pride in this your crowning success.

But naturally the predominant feeling with you to-day is that of great joy, in which we all share, and I have no word to say that would in least repress or even moderate it.

But while this is essentially a season of congratulations and of bright anticipations, it is one, too, demanding of you much serious reflection.

You are to-day graduates of the military academy, burdened with the obligations and responsibilities attaching to that condition. Hitherto your cares and anxieties have been limited to accomplishing the daily task set before you. For years your every act, and the manner of its performance, have been prescribed by others, without your wishes or your peculiarities being in the least consulted or even considered. To-day you are freed from that control, and are lords of yourselves and your future success or failure is to be the work of your own hands, assisted by the lights and landmarks which have heretofore been your guides, except so far as the course they would indicate, is fixed in your minds and become living principles. You are about to take your first independent step in life, and, although you may not at this moment realize its immense importance, you must have an instinctive consciousness that this is a critical as well as a proud moment for you, and therefore demanding serious thought. Too serious perhaps for these festive scenes, but from which you cannot later escape.

As graduates of this academy, many things are expected of you, I think too many. You are supposed to know all sciences, to be familiar with art and literature, and especially to fully understand, in all its branches, the art of war. None know better than yourselves how mistaken and unreasonable such expectations are.

During years of hard study, what have you accomplished in a professional way? You have a satisfactory proficiency in all sciences essential to the art of war; you have a thorough practical knowledge of the tactics of the various arms of the service; you have been instructed in the theories of the art of war itself; and have studied and understand the principles of great campaigns; you have learned the necessity for unquestioned submission to prescribed discipline, and that to do a dishonorable act is for you, for your present and future associates. This is much, I grant you, and still it is but a preparation; it is but a solid and well planned foundation, which skillful and learned architects have aided you to construct. This done, they leave you to build the superstructure with your own hands and after your own plans, assisted only by what you have retained of the principles instilled into you. Whether this superstructure shall be one of strength and beauty and worthy of its foundation, whether it shall be ill-shaped and incomplete, or whether there shall be any at all, rests entirely with yourselves, and will result mainly from the start you first make.

To this time, what you have learned of your profession has been mostly from books, and is mainly theoretical. You are now to enter upon the hard and practical part of it, to subject what you have learned from books and theories to the test of practical and every day service, and what is more important, you are about to test yourselves. Your characters, your dispositions, your training, your principles, are to undergo the trying ordeal of contact with unattractive and often repulsive actualities—of daily friction with strict and rough demands of duty. You are to demonstrate how much of your success at this institution is due to its exacting system, which lays hold upon all who come within its influence, and carries them on almost in spite of themselves, how much to the watchfull care of those appointed over you, and who, with unremitting vigilance, have guarded you against the approaches of temptation and of opportunity, and how much is due to your own individual strength of character, and to robust and determined purpose.

The restraints under which you have so long acted being removed, you are to exhibit yourselves as you really are; and it is not unlikely that you may discover, both in yourselves and in others, qualities and capabilities never before suspected; and you must also be prepared to find that your present estimate of many acquirements and many qualities, will undergo a marvelous change when viewed in the brighter light, which practical experience, enlarged views, and maturer reflection shall give you.

While the graduates of other institutions have to prepare, by special studies, for their several careers, and have the added anxieties and uncertainties attendant upon patient waiting for opportunities, you are fortunate in finding your career already marked out for you, your opportunity provided and awaiting you.

And now a word as to your future comrades and associates in the army. You will meet there many of your old acquaintances, and will note the change which a few years have wrought in them. Many have exceeded their early promise, others have not fulfilled it. You will soon discover the causes producing these results, and it is for you to court or to avoid them. You will find among the officers the usual variety of character common to all professions, the thoughtless, the indifferent, the idle, the hard worker, the enthusiast, the grumbler. But with the great body of what may be termed the middle class in rank, and with whom the fate of your professional life is to be passed, you will find qualities attracting your admiration, your reverence and your affection, and, it is hoped, your imitation. Cut off from opportunities of social distinction, from enlarged association and fellowship with men and interests controlling the world, and among whom their abilities and cultivation would have insured them eminence, they have patiently followed the narrower and obscurer paths indicated by the obligations of duty, unobserved by the world, and uncheered, save by the consciousness that those paths have been trodden with honest manly tread, and that every duty has been performed with rectitude and integrity. You will find them, as all such men are, unpretentious, frank, and cordial in manner, always ready to sympathize with and advise their younger comrades, and to aid them substantially when necessary; considerate for youthful follies, and tolerant of everything not false or unworthy. A reverence for duty has become a part of themselves, not that it may happen to be pleasant or agreeable, or leading to advancement, or to any personal advantage, but simply because it is duty.

Another class of men in the army, demanding your most considerate attention and study, is the enlisted men; the men who look to you for instruction, for guidance and for example, and upon whose skill and fidelity your own success will very greatly depend. You will find them brave, patient and faithful, and worthy of every kindness shown them. Every sympathetic and encouraging word given them, every generous sentiment instilled into their minds, and every opportunity and inducement offered them for higher thought and nobler action, will find a ready response in the bosoms of nine-tenths of them, and do good to the remainder. The enlisted men of the army, to-day, are, as a whole, a fine body of young men, superior, probably, to those of former periods, and no higher purpose can employ your time and abilities, than an earnest and persistent effort to elevate and improve them, and to make them more worthy of their calling.

It is true you will find bad men among them. This is, unfortunately, true of all professions. But no man is wholly bad; and many of these may, by proper treatment, be made better men and therefore better soldiers.

The saying so often quoted, and variously attributed to Napoleon, to Wellington, and to other distinguished soldiers, but which neither they nor any other soldier ever originated, that "the worse men make the best soldiers," is as untrue as it is illogical. While endeavoring then to make good soldiers, strive at the same time, with patient endeavor, and, above all, by your own example, to make them better men.

On joining your companies, it is not unlikely your first duties may seem to you trivial, and quite unworthy of all the care and time bestowed upon you. Others before you have thought the same. To superintend the issue of clothing, rations, and forage, or the grooming and watering of horses, may seem too insignificant to require the attention of men familiar with science, and knowing much, if not all, about the art of war. But you will soon come to estimate them differently, and learn that the neglect or imperfect performance of either of these duties, may, at a critical moment, cause the failure of the best laid plans.

It becomes, therefore, a necessity that the commander shall have certain knowledge that every little detail of duty has been faithfully executed. There is no such thing in the army as unimportant duty. If it is duty at all, no matter what its nature or character, it demands whatever is necessary of your energy, your abilities and your conscience to secure its perfect fulfillment. Those of you who go to the frontier are fortunate, for there your chances are greater for work and occupation; but wherever you go, avoid idleness. Seek every opportunity for work, and for work involving thought and responsibility, and situations wherein you are thrown upon your own resources to extricate yourselves with credit. Seek every opportunity for command, even if it be but of a wood party or a working party, for every exercise of command, however small the scale of it, requires thought and the exercise of foresight, prudence, judgment and self-assertion, and strengthens self-confidence and self-reliance, two indispensable qualities of a successful commander.

Assume, for example, that soon after joining your companies, you shall be sent out in command of a party to build a bridge over a swollen stream, or to occupy, for a time, a certain important point, or to examine and report upon the resources of a certain locality, or some other service which involves an absence from your post for a given time. Your first duty is to make yourself acquainted with the route by which you are to reach your destination, to learn its character, and its capacities as to wood, water and grass, and to provide whatever is necessary to overcome the obstacles and difficulties found to exist. You must see that your men are provided with rations, cooking utensils, tents, axes, spades, and, possibly, with medicines; that they have the necessary clothing for the period of their absence; that their arms are in proper order, and that ammunition is abundant and good, and well cared for. You are to get the necessary means of transportation—wagons, mules, forage, &c. Now, while you have be n doing all this, you have made demands upon the same qualities of mind required of a general charged with organizing and conducting a campaign; and it is by the frequent use of these qualities that you are preparing yourselves for the ready and successful exercise of high commands when they come to you, as they surely will in due time if you deserve them.

For years, the sphere of your services should be limited to your company and regiment, and it is with them your first reputation is to be made. In civil life, the best evidence of any man's worth and standing is that of his neighbors, and those with whom he has constant business and social relations. So in the army; when the quest on arises as to the standing of a young officer, reference is at once made to his reputation in his company and regiment, where his habits, his manners, his aptitudes, and his whole manner of life is thoroughly understood.

A young officer never does so much for himself as when he does most to keep up and, if possible, improve the tone and esprit of the command to which he belongs.

It is hardly necessary to caution you against the dangers of excess. You have seen too much of life, and are too strongly fortified by good principles, either to afford bad example yourselves in this respect, or to be misled by it in others. Certainly, there has never been a time when there were so few excesses of any kind in the army as to-day. Neither will you have in the army much of other vices more fatal to its character and to your own, than mere excesses; such as the low lust, low and selfish sensuality, profanity, lack of manliness to stand up for the right, lack of integrity, the forfeited word, the false certificate, and the lie. Shun all of these, and keep of you to ever maintain, in all its vigor, the scorn you now feel for all these vices, and never permit yourselves to palliate or excuse them whenever met with.

In your intercourse with the world, and, as one, too, demanding of you much serious reflection, is your association with men of other callings, and of other and very different training. Hitherto your cares and anxieties have been limited to accomplishing the daily task set before you. For years your every act, and the manner of its performance, have been prescribed by others, without your wishes or your peculiarities being in the least consulted or even considered. To-day you are freed from that control, and are lords of yourselves and your future success or failure is to be the work of your own hands, assisted by the lights and landmarks which have heretofore been your guides, except so far as the course they would indicate, is fixed in your minds and become living principles. You are about to take your first independent step in life, and, although you may not at this moment realize its immense importance, you must have an instinctive consciousness that this is a critical as well as a proud moment for you, and therefore demanding serious thought. Too serious perhaps for these festive scenes, but from which you cannot later escape.

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The restraints under which you have so long acted being removed, you are to exhibit yourselves as you really are; and it is not unlikely that you may discover, both in yourselves and in others, qualities and capabilities never before suspected; and you must also be prepared to find that your present estimate of many acquirements and many qualities, will undergo a marvelous change when viewed in the brighter light, which practical experience, enlarged views, and maturer reflection shall give you.

While the graduates of other institutions have to prepare, by special studies, for their several careers, and have the added anxieties and uncertainties attendant upon patient waiting for opportunities, you are fortunate in finding your career already marked out for you, your opportunity provided and awaiting you.

And now a word as to your future comrades and associates in the army. You will meet there many of your old acquaintances, and will note the change which a few years have wrought in them. Many have exceeded their early promise, others have not fulfilled it. You will soon discover the causes producing these results, and it is for you to court or to avoid them. You will find among the officers the usual variety of character common to all professions, the thoughtless, the indifferent, the idle, the hard worker, the enthusiast, the grumbler. But with the great body of what may be termed the middle class in rank, and with whom the fate of your professional life is to be passed, you will find qualities attracting your admiration, your reverence and your affection, and, it is hoped, your imitation. Cut off from opportunities of social distinction, from enlarged association and fellowship with men and interests controlling the world, and among whom their abilities and cultivation would have insured them eminence, they have patiently followed the narrower and obscurer paths indicated by the obligations of duty, unobserved by the world, and uncheered, save by the consciousness that those paths have been trodden with honest manly tread, and that every duty has been performed with rectitude and integrity. You will find them, as all such men are, unpretentious, frank, and cordial in manner, always ready to sympathize with and advise their younger comrades, and to aid them substantially when necessary; considerate for youthful follies, and tolerant of everything not false or unworthy. A reverance for duty has become a part of themselves, not that it may happen to be pleasant or agreeable, or leading to advancement, or to any personal advantage, but simply because it is duty.

Another class of men in the army, demanding your most considerate attention and study, is the enlisted men; the men who look to you for instruction, for guidance and for example, and upon whose skill and fidelity your own success will very greatly depend. You will find them brave, patient and faithful, and worthy of every kindness shown them. Every sympathetic and encouraging word given them, every generous sentiment instilled into their minds, and every opportunity and inducement offered them for higher thought and nobler action, will find a ready response in the bosoms of nine-tenths of them, and do good to the remainder. The enlisted men of the army, to-day, are, as a whole, a fine body of young men, superior, probably, to those of former periods, and no higher purpose can employ your time and abilities, than an earnest and persistent effort to elevate and improve them, and to make them more worthy of their calling.

It is true you will find bad men among them. This is, unfortunately, true of all professions. But no man is wholly bad; and many of these may, by proper treatment, be made better men and therefore better soldiers.

The saying so often quoted, and variously attributed to Napoleon, to Wellington, and to other distinguished soldiers, but which neither they nor any other soldier ever originated, that "the worse men make the best soldiers," is as untrue as it is illogical. While endeavoring then to make good soldiers, strive at the same time, with patient endeavor, and, above all, by your own example, to make them better men.

On joining your companies, it is not unlikely your first duties may seem to you trivial, and quite unworthy of all the care and time bestowed upon you. Others before you have thought the same. To superintend the issue of clothing, rations, and forage, or the grooming and watering of horses, may seem too insignificant to require the attention of men familiar with science, and knowing much, if not all, about the art of war. But you will soon come to estimate them differently, and learn that the neglect or imperfect performance of either of these duties, may, at a critical moment, cause the failure of the best laid plans.

It becomes, therefore, a necessity that the commander shall have certain knowledge that every little detail of duty has been faithfully executed. There is no such thing in the army as unimportant duty. If it is duty at all, no matter what its nature or character, it demands whatever is necessary of your energy, your abilities and your conscience to secure its perfect fulfillment. Those of you who go to the frontier are fortunate, for there your chances are greater for work and occupation; but wherever you go, avoid idleness. Seek every opportunity for work, and for work involving thought and responsibility, and situations wherein you are thrown upon your own resources to extricate yourselves with credit. Seek every opportunity for command, even if it be but of a wood party or a working party, for every exercise of command, however small the scale of it, requires thought and the exercise of foresight, prudence, judgment and self-assertion, and strengthens self-confidence and self-reliance, two indispensable qualities of a successful commander.

Assume, for example, that soon after joining your companies, you shall be sent out in command of a party to build a bridge over a swollen stream, or to occupy, for a time, a certain important point, or to examine and report upon the resources of a certain locality, or some other service which involves an absence from your post for a given time. Your first duty is to make yourself acquainted with the route by which you are to reach your destination, to learn its character, and its capacities as to wood, water and grass, and to provide whatever is necessary to overcome the obstacles and difficulties found to exist. You must see that your men are provided with rations, cooking

ement channels from Washington into the columns of the press. Very respectfully,

THOMAS J. BRADY.

Continuing, district attorney Cockrell said the grand jury would not be in session after the 5th of July, and that he felt it his duty at this time to first pay attention to helpless citizens incarcerated without bail, before bringing any great case before the grand jury. There was nothing, he said, before the court that demanded an investigation by the grand jury, as spoken of by Colonel Totten, and there was nothing on the records of the court that demanded such action as Colonel Totten sought. Colonel Coke, special assistant attorney-general, was present, and opposed the motion, and Mr. Jeremiah Wilson, of Brady's counsel, argued in favor of it. Judge Cox, in demanding the application, said that the subject was one of great delicacy and difficulty in the investigation of the proof touching these wrongdoings. It was a present that the grand jury could not make a step in the investigation without the assistance of those who have explored the archives of the government. In addition he said it would be wrong to instruct the grand jury in regard to general Brady's alleged complicity in the frauds against the government. When the proper time came he would be prepared to produce its proof before the grand jury it will so do. These newspaper reports complained of are, of course, a very great evil, and if General Brady has been wrongly accused a very great wrong has been done him, and he has a remedy in court, but I don't think it is right to force the United States into an investigation prematurely, when the government is not prepared, and still more prematurely into a trial of a party who is accused by public rumor of this evil. Therefore I do not see proper to give the grand jury any more definite charges than I have already given them. Assistant Attorney-General Coke then assured the court that there would be no difficulty in future, that the government would work industriously in the preparation of its case so that when the court reopened in September, the matter would be placed before the grand jury in due form.

PEXCILLINGS BY DON JOSE.

Carrizo Country—Cavender's Ranche—Hamlin—New Railroad Town of Pierzall—Brown's Ranche—Fabian's Ranche—Rossville—Somerset—Condition of Crops—Rain Needed in the West.

SPECIAL Correspondence San Antonio EXPRESS.

SAN ANTONIO, June 24th, 1881.—The majority of the citizens of Dimmitt county are good and honest people, and are trying their best to put down the lawless element that has held sway for years. The county officers are as clever set of men and officials that has ever been my good fortune to meet, and their names are as follows: A. W. Hazelrigg, county judge; S. N. Hardy, county clerk; T. Anderwort, county atty.; Joe Tomlinson, sheriff; M. Gibson, treasurer; W. Mason, assessor, and Mr. Barnes, surveyor. Bob. Sweeten holds the reins of government in the first precinct and is a lawyer to evildoers. The business men are clever gentlemen and are good business men, and are Mr. J. M. Thompson, Mr. Killough and Carr & Co. The town of Carrizo is well located upon a bluff with perpetual water in the valley. The country around the town is mostly grazing lands, although there are some fine farming lands, upon which corn and cotton can be raised in abundance, providing they work it according to Greeley's advice.

Mr. Geo. Cavender, of the eastern portion of the county, has a fine ranche and has raised most excellent crops of corn and Egyptian wheat, while his potatoes bid fair to yield abundantly. His stock is excellent and in good condition.

From Dimmitt county I proceeded to Hamlin, in Fric county. I passed through some as fine country as can be found in Texas. Mr. Scoville, the county postmaster, also runs a store and is doing a good business and is a fine business man. He contemplates removing to the railroad as soon as a depot is established in striking distance. He has a most estimable family, who render agreeable the stay of the wayfarer. About twelve miles from Hamlin, due north, is located the future town of Pierzall, on the I. & G. N. railroad. It is now known as Wagner's well. It is a most desirable and beautiful location for a town, being situated on a gentle swell of the prarie and commanding a fine view of the country around for a great distance.

The railroad company bought two thousand acres of land here and have laid out a town that will ink by far the most considerable importance as a trading point for the counties surrounding, and it is very probable will become the county site of Frio county, as it is very near the centre of the county. Water can be obtained anywhere at a depth of thirty-five feet, of a most excellent quality. It is eleven miles from the Frio crossing. The company have sunk a well there about forty feet deep and twenty feet in diameter for their own use, and are now there with the track and have established a side track. It is named after the first president of the International & Great Northern road.

From there I went to Miguel and was the guest of Mr. W. W. Brown, rather known as California Brown. He has a fine ranch. His stock of cows are fine and they are gentle, while his sheep, consisting of thousands, are of a superior grade. He raised a most excellent crop of corn which received little are no attention, and it was yet upon sold that every person said that not even a disturbance could be raised upon it. It only goes to show that corn can be raised anywhere in western Texas if the people would only try. Mr Brown thinks that there is no place like western Texas. His cows are all fine milkers and from their milk he makes fine cheese, which he disposes of to advantage in Laredo.

From California Brown's I went to Dr. Fabian's, about fifteen miles north. He has a most excellent ranche, well stocked with horses, cattle and sheep. His crop of corn is in fine condition, and he also had a fine yield of oats. The doctor swears by Greeley, and says that he never intends to plant a grain of corn again after February, as he learned valuable lesson in this respect. The doctor is excellent company, a man of considerable experience and travel in all countries, and his description of the dreamers of Mexico and other countries is which he has been sure deeply interesting. His opinions upon all questions of the day are promptly given, which are sound, as they emanated from a deep thinker and logical reasoner. It was with regret that I bade farewell to the doctor and proceeded on my journey.

My stay at Rossville was short, but I found all the crops to be in fine condition, and with rain the corn would yield handsomely. In fact, everything needed rain, which would be beneficial to corn, but cotton does not need it. The cotton crop was fine, and I noted the absence of weevils and worms on almost every hand.

From Rossville I proceeded to Somerset, another fine farming country, and a most extensive settlement. Everything seemed to be in a most thriving condition and everyone was hard at work plowing their cotton. In some places here I noted that the corn was burning for want of rain, but even without rain the yield will be good. Some of the farmers were hoeing their corn while others were pulling fodder.

The fruit crop will not be as large this year as formerly on account of the late frosts, but what there is seems to be in good condition.

I am indebted to Mr. Klemke, the worthy and efficient postmaster and also a merchant, for many favors bestowed upon me. He and his partner, Mr. Andrew Avant, have one hundred and sixty acres in cotton this year, with a fine prospect of getting a good yield. The citizens of Somerset are trying to get another postoffice established about four miles from the present one and more in the heart of the settlement, and it is to be hoped that they will succeed, as they need it. From Somerset I journeyed home.

DON JOSE.

A Rat for the Lawyers to Crack.

Fort Worth Democrat.

Few criminal cases have attracted more attention than that of Andrew J. Walker, of Galveston. It was hoped, after he had been tried and acquitted, that there would be an end of it. But not so. Walker's bond was forfeited for $7,500 and execution entered against his sureties from Liberty county. The sureties resided in Harris county and to that county the execution was sent for collection. It was paid a few days ago to sheriff Noble at Houston. Immediately the county of Galveston through her attorney enjoined sheriff Noble from paying the amount to Liberty county. Galveston county claims that as the forfeiture was taken in, and the execution issued from that county that it should have the money. As it is the money will probably be fritted away in court costs and lawyers fees and neither county derive any benefit from it. They had better pool their issues and divide the money, or send it all to us. We would take it without grumbling.

A Sensible View of the Case.

LONDON, June 21.—The Pall Mall Gazette today says: We wish the government had followed the sound principal of letting O'Donovan Rossa alone. It is very fine for the Telegraph to talk about requisitions. America is treat the planners of the insurrection as the English government has treated Herr Most, proprietor of the Fricheit. We may require as much as we please, but unless we are much mistaken America will give a short answer to such requisitions. It seems extremely improbable that the American government will be allowed, either by tradition or policy, to meddle with the Irish-American press. Any overt preparations for an expedition it will doubtless put down, as it has done before.

The Daily News has an article almost entirely similar on the same subject. It says although it is not likely that America will interfere with the press, her government has usually acted loyally and firmly when any real danger for a friendly power was planned within the American frontier.

Mason News-Item: The fruit crop in many places is very heavy in this county. Peaches are especially abundant. We saw some trees in Mr. Jno. F. Ranch's garden, that have been bearing for ten years, and have this year a heavy crop. The same gentleman has an excellent show of El Paso grapes. With a little care and attention as good fruit can be grown here as in the eastern countries.

KELLOGG BAKING POWDER.

Has no equal for **Purity and Strength.** Do not let your grocer give you a poorer article because he makes more money on it.

april 22 3m.

Albemarle Female Institute!

CHARLOTTESVILLE, VA.

TWENTY-FIFTH SESSION begins September 21st. Full faculty. Equipment complete. Advantages unsurpassed. Terms reduced. For Catalogue apply to Prof. A. KUBANK, A. M., or W. P. DUKINSON.

June24 1m&w

CURE FOR Horses, Mules and Cattle.

USE ZORKOWSKY'S Celebrated Condition Powders! Best preparation in the world for diseased Horses, Mules and Cattle. Also, Zorkowsky's Liniment! The best preparation known for Sprains, Bruises, &c. Manufactured by Dr. A. Zorkowsky, San Antonio, Texas.

☞ NO CURE NO PAY. ☜

TESTIMONIALS.

Montgomery, Ala., April 11, 1878.—This is to certify that I am acquainted with, and have employed Dr. Zorkowsky on several occasions to treat horses for me, and in one instance of Lockjaw, which was a very severe case, which he made a cure of, and I have every confidence in his skill as a Veterinary surgeon.

M. F. LEGRAND.

Montgomery, Ala., April 12, 1878.—This is to certify that I am acquainted with and have employed Dr. Zorkowsky on several occasions to treat horses for me, and in two instances of "Big Head," of which he made a perfect cure. I have every confidence in his skill as a Veterinary Surgeon.

S. SCHUESSLER.

Montgomery, Ala., April 12, 1878.—I certify that I have employed Dr. Zorkowsky in several cases, and always found him successful in treatment of horses, and from my own observation, can recommend him in all diseases in horses.

JNO. W. POWELL.

Opelika, Ala., December 25, 1878.—I do hereby certify that Alfred Zorkowsky treated two horses for me, which were very sick with the prevailing Epizootic, and were cured by his Powders and Liniment in five or six days.

G. W. GUNN, Ss.

Montgomery, Ala., April 11, 1878.—This is to certify that I am acquainted with Dr. Zorkowsky's treatment of horses, and cheerfully recommend him to the public in cases of disease or accident to horses and mules, he being very successful in cures of cases coming to my knowledge.

FERRIE RENSHAW.

may 29 tf

J. T. THORNTON. J. S. LOCKWOOD

Thornton & Lockwood, BANKERS

And dealers in EXCHANGE AND BULLION.

Telegraphic Transfers Made. Billsjon any part of Europe and Mexico.

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First class Horses, Carriages and Buggies for hire, for driving in the city or country.

Ambulances and good outfits for towns in adjoining counties.

CHARGES REASONABLE

June 28 tf

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS holding claims against the Estate of ALBRECHT LINCKE, dec'd, are hereby required to present the same for allowance within the time prescribed by law, letters of administration on said Estate having been issued to the undersigned, May 21, 1881. Address the undersigned at San Antonio P. O., Bexar county, Texas.

JOSEPH SKWORTZ,
Adm'r Est. A. Lincke, dec'd.

San Antonio, May 26, '81. tf

J. W. GLASS, LAND —AND— STOCK BROKER.

I have for sale large or small bodies of

Sheep and Cattle

Lands, located in the finest grazing counties of Texas, in tracts from 1,000 acres to 20,000 acres, at prices ranging from $1 to $5 per acre. Farms improved and a large list of good agricultural lands, combining every variety of soil, from one to 50 miles from San Antonio. I am prepared to locate lands for parties in any quantity and where it will pay a profit in a short time. I have frequent opportunities of investing money to good advantage in old locations. I also buy and sell sheep, both ewes and muttons. Buy and sell land certificates. Any business entrusted to me shall have my strict personal attention. Correspondence solicited. Refer to Bennett, Thornton & Lockwood, bankers. octl6

—THE— Gulf, Colorado —AND— Santa Fe R'y. Texas Midland Route.

Operating between Galveston and Mid-Texas, through Galveston, Fort Bend, Austin, Washington, Burleson and Bell counties towards Fort Worth, proposed Northern Terminus of Texas by

Twenty Miles the Shortest Route

Between San Antonio, Western Texas and the Seaport of Galveston;

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Bexar, Comal, Guadalupe, Caldwell, Gonzales, La Fayette, Lavaca, Austin, Colorado, Ft. Bend and Brazoria counties,

Via Rosenberg Junction and Arcola Junction to Galveston, Sealy, Bellville, Brenham, Lyons, Caldwell, Milano, Cameron, Belton and Interior Adjacent Towns.

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CONNECTS

At Brenham with the H. & T. C. R. R. for the points on its Western Division.

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At Galveston with the Morgan Line for New Orleans and Mexico, and with the Mallory Line of Steamers for Key West and New York.

The "Midland" Route has over 200 Miles of Road already in operation.

SIX DAILY EXPRESS PASSENGER TRAINS,

With all the Improvements of Modern Invention!

Smooth Track, Low Rates, Safety and Dispatch,

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Local and Through Tickets to all Points in the U. S. A., accessible by rail, can be had via the Gulf, Colorado and Santa Fe Railway. Information upon all matters touching Passenger or Immigration business obtained from

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BELL & BRO.,

SILVER and Plated Ware.

Of Latest and Most Elegant Designs.

CLOCKS

Of All Kinds

Razors, Pocket and Table KNIVES,

—Of our own Importation.—

Celluloid Novelties, Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry.

Spectacles a Specialty.

BELL & BRO

Substitute Trustee's Sale.

BY VIRTUE OF THE AUTHORITY VESTED in me, as duly appointed trustee, to act as substitute for and in place of A. Dittmar, who has refused to act, I being so appointed by Marx & Kempner the holders of the notes hereinafter described, according to the terms of the deed of trust hereinafter mentioned, I shall sell before the court house door of Bexar county, Texas, in the city of San Antonio, at public outcry to the highest bidder for cash, between eleven (11) o'clock A. M. and twelve (12) o'clock M.

On Tuesday, the 5th day of July, A. D., 1881,

the following described real estate lying in the county of Bexar and state of Texas, situated in the city of San Antonio, situated at the northwest corner of Presidio and Cameron streets and running back between parallel lines N. 17½° W., to San Pedro creek, having a front of fifteen (15) varas on the west side of said Cameron street, and another front of fifty-two (52) varas on the south side of said Presidio street, with the improvements thereon, and fully described in trust deed recorded in Vol. 10, pages 383 and 385 of the records of Bexar county, Texas.

The said sale will be made by me at the request of the said Marx & Kempner, the holders of the following described promissory notes, in the payment of the principal and interest due upon which, except as hereinafter stated, Emil Zissemeyer has made default, to-wit:

One note dated February 1, 1879, due 4 years after date, for the sum of $6,000.00 currency, with interest from date at the rate of 10 per cent per annum, payable quarterly, executed by Emil Zissneyer to the order of Mrs. Alwine Moreau and on which interest has been paid up to February 1, 1881, and, also,

One note dated February 1, 1879, due 2

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

SHOOK & DITTMAR, LAWYERS,
OFFICE NO. 32, COMMERCE STREET, P. O. Drawer J. San Antonio, Texas. Will practice in the District and Supreme Courts of Texas and the United States.

L. D. DIBRLE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
No. 26 COMMERCE (Main) STREET, Over A. Morris' Store,
San Antonio, - - - - - Texas.
Entrance on Yturri Street. fbl tf

J. T. THOMSON,
Attorney-at-Law and Collector
For Ben Ficklin and Ft. Concho.
op26 tf Ben Ficklin Texas.

J. S. CARR, ATTORNEY AT LAW, late of Chippewa Falls, Wis Office: No. 3, next door to District Court room
Soledad St., San Antonio, Texas.
References: Gov. J. M. Bingham and Seymour's Bank, Chippewa Falls; City Bank of Portage; H. Friend & Bros. and Bebb, Thomas & Co. Milwaukee, Wisconsin. aug21f

ELIAS EDMONDS
Attorney and Counsellor At Law.
TILDEN, McMULLEN CO., TEXAS.
Practices in the District Court of McMullen and adjoining Counties and in the Higher State and Federal Courts. ap12tf

T. J. DEVINE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
San Antonio, Texas.
Office—Rooms Nos. 7 and 8, Devine's building, Soledad street. nov16 tf

GEO. W. CALDWELL,
Real Estate Agent,
Conveyancer and Notary Public.
19 Commerce St., San Antonio
ug 19 tf

Something New Again!!
JAMES BURNS
Manufacturer of
LIME,
And Dealer in the Best Brands of English, Portland and American
CEMENTS
Plaster Paris, Plaster Hair, Fire Bricks and Fire Clay, Always on Hand.
He manufactures artificial **Stone Cisterns** guaranteed against leakage, and a Porous Pipe **Filter** for Cisterns. Special attention is called to these Filters. They can be put in any Cistern. A splendid thing. No need now to drink filthy unfiltered water.
Artificial **Stone Sidewalks, Curbing, Garden Edging, Lawns, Vases, Stoves, Flues, Sewer Pipe** of all sizes, &c., &c.
Patentee of Mould for manufacturing **Beton Sewers,** in the trench superior to brick, stone or clay pipe—the Sewers of the future.
Corner Commerce and Losoyo Sts.,
(Near the Bridge.)
dec1 tf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

S.S.S.
Testimony of Druggists.
We have been using "Swift's Specific" for years, and regard it superior to anything known for diseases it is recommended to cure.
S. L. Cassels, Thomasville, Ga.; L. F. Greer & Co., Forsyth, Ga.; Pemberton, Samuels & Reynolds, Atlanta, Ga.
Atlanta, Ga., July 1, 1874.
We used "Swift's Specific" in the treatment of convicts the past year, and believe it is the only certain known remedy that will effect a permanent cure of diseases for which it is recommended
GRANT, ALEXANDER & CO.
$100 REWARD
will be paid to any chemist who will find, on analysis of one hundred bottles of S. S. S., one particle of mercury, iodide potassium, or any mineral substance.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Proprietors, Atlanta, Ga.
Sold by F. Kalmeyer & Son and A. Dreiss & Co., San Antonio.
Call for a copy of Young Men's Friend. nov d 1

New Advertisements.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT
A Dose of Tarrant's Seltzer Aperient has removed the agony of rheumatism, and its continued use has healed the patient. Rheumatism is but little understood. Some empirics resort to embrocations, which are really dangerous. It is now acknowledged to be a blood disease, resulting from acidity. This aperient corrects all such acidity, and thus cures the disease. All rheumatic sufferers are advised to try it. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. june2 1m

John Clark, Jr., & Co.
CLARK'S MILE-END SPOOL COTTON
—BEST—
SIX-CORD
—FOR—
Machine or Hand Use!
—Granted at—
London, Paris, New York, Vienna, Philadelphia, Cincinnati, And Charleston, S. C.
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DEALERS IN all kinds of PUMPS, LEAD and IRON PIPES, all sizes, BOILERS.
BEER APPARATUS,
Bath Tubs, Shower Baths, Water Closets, Basins, Wash Stands, Marble Slabs, all kinds of Gas Fixtures, &c., &c., at LOWEST PRICES. WM. H. OUTTERSIDE & CO., june1-tf

Daily Express.

Sunday Morning, June 26, 1881.

For the Express.

Dedicated to Mr. W. H. Prime.

All that we love and cherish now
Fades like the light of parting day,
But we have crowns of joy above
That never fade away.

Friends we have loved and lost are there,
Forever standing near the throne,
And voices we have missed so long
Will answer to our own.

No farewell words are spoken there,
No last fond look of love is given;
Yes, life is full of anguish here,
But all is peace in Heaven.

No grief, no death can reach us there;
No sighing for affection fled;
No weeping for the changed and gone;
No mourning for the dead.

Ah! ever thus from affection's circle
The pearls of love depart;
Thus falleth the mist of sorrow,
And dwells on the mourning heart.

But when from our earthly faces
The mantle of Time shall fall,
When we put on our robes immortal,
We shall see and know them all.

MRS. M. C. W.

San Antonio, June 25, 1881.

Bridge of Souls—Or Origin of the Milky-Way.

BY TOPFATEUS.

Her name Salamie was, his Zulamyth,
And each so loved, each other loved. Thus runs
the tender myth:

That once on earth they lived, and, loving there,
Were wrenched apart by night, and sorrow, and
despair;

And when death came at last, with white wings
given,
Condemned to live apart, each reached a separate
Heaven.

* * * * * * * *

Yet loving still upon the azure height
Across unmeasured ways of splendor, gleaming
bright,
With worlds upon worlds that spread, and
glowed and burned,
Each unto each, with love that knew no limit,
longing turned.

Zulamyth half consumed, until he willed
Out of his strength one night a bridge of light
to build
Across the waste—and lo! from her far sun,
A bridge of light from orb to orb Salamie had
begun.

A thousand years they built, still on, with faith,
immeasurable, quenchless, so my legend saith,
Until the winter street of light—a bridge
Above heaven's highest vault swung clear, remotest ridge from ridge.

Fear seized the cherubims; to God they spake—
"See what amongst thy works, Almighty, these
can make!"

God smiled, and smiling, lit the spheres with
joy—
"What is my world love builds" He said,
"shall I, shall Love itself destroy?"

A Few Church Don'ts

Don't go to sleep.
Don't bring the baby with you.
Don't sing if you don't know how.
Don't sit down on your new silk hat.
Don't put counterfeit coin on the plate.
Don't stay home on collection Sundays.
Don't read your book during the sermon.
Don't go in late if you wear squeaky boots.
Don't take a sneezing fit if you can help it.
Don't try to make children sit as still as Egyptian mummies.
Don't be an active talker in church matters unless you are an active worker.
Don't keep your religion in the pocket of your Sunday coat.
Don't think everybody went to church just to see what you've got on.
Don't pull a pint of pea nuts out of your pocket with your handkerchief.
Don't get red and give yourself away if something in the sermon hits you in a sore spot.
Don't give your umbrella to a bevy of pretty girls and go home in a drenching rain.
Don't do any inward swearing if a fly plays hop-scotch on that bald spot.
Don't stare every girl in church out of countenance, because some girls like it.—Albany Sunday Press.

Flowers of Literature.

Silence does not always mark wisdom.

Hearts may rank in heaven as high as heads.

"Do wisely worldly, but not worldly wise.—Quarles.

Think thou and act; to-morrow thou shalt die.—Rosetti.

No smoke, in any sense, but can become flame and radiance.

What is excellent, as God lives, is permanent.—Emerson.

Better bend the neck promptly than to bruise the forehead.

In the whole, the good, the beautiful, resolve to live.—Goethe.

He who is oldest in years has not always had the best experience.

He who leaves nothing to lose, enriches himself the most.—Fenelon.

One's own home is the best home, though never so small.—Hara-Mal.

Love is as immortal, when it is rooted in virtue, as virtue herself.—Kimmis.

All misery is faculty misdirected, strength that has not yet found its way.

Carlyle says the first quality of genius is an immense capacity for taking trouble.

The only reward of virtue is virtue. Theonly way to have a friend is to be one.

There is no malady or sickness more severe than not to be content with one's lot.

The prolonged study of any great interpreter of human life is a discipline.—Bowden.

The end of man is an action and not a thought though it were the noblest.—Carlyle.

A Liberal Reward will be Given.

To the writer for the press who never said that his contribution was dashed off.

To the young man who doesn't think the girls are all dying after him.

To the young woman who wouldn't choose an ice cream to a substantial meal.

To the woman over thirty who never had an offer.

To the young lady graduate who would not rather have a white satin dress than high honors at the graduation exercises.

To the married man who never considered the possibilities of a second marriage.

To the married woman who does not sometimes wonder how she ever came to say "Yes."

To the clergyman who doesn't feel just a little proud of the tears he calls up at a funeral.

To the car conductor who does not take peculiar pleasure in helping the ladies off his car.

To the man who ever exchanged umbrellas and went off with a worse one than he left behind.

To the small boy who never whistled.

To the doctor who has the hardihood to tell a wealthy patient that nothing ails him.

To the boy of 15 who does not know more than his parents.

To the amateur farmer who never drew the long bow when dilating upon his agricultural achievements.

To the widow who does not like to have her mourning becoming.

To the school teacher who can talk without seeming to watch every word she utters.

To the politician who never sought the place that seemed to seek him.

Mosaics.

Virtue is the politeness of the soul.—Balzac.

Imagination is the greatest despot ner—Abach

No man is so wise that he may not err.

Beautiful is the evening of love with its glad remembrances and its rain bow side turned toward heaven as well as earth.—Theodore Parker.

Define a gentleman, you say? Well, yes, I think I can!

He's as gentle as a woman, and as manly as a man.

The stroke that blasts life's hope blasts also its smile.—Ike Marvel.

Faith and hope themselves shall die, while deathless charity remains.—Prior.

Obligation is a ponderous roll of canvas which love spreads aloft into a tent wherein he delights to dwell.—MacDonald.

If the end of one mercy were not the beginning of another, we were undone.—Phillip Henry.

A moment's work on clay tells more than an hour's labor on brick. So work should be done on the children's hearts before they harded.

Parting day dies like the delphin, whom each pang imbues with a new color as it gasps away—the last gill loveliest, till—'tis gone—and all is gray.—Byron.

Men care comparatively little for erudition in women, but much for physical health, good nature and sound sense.—Charles Reade.

The level we strike in the soul that touches as most nearly is almost sure to be the high-water mark of our own.—E. S. Phelps.

(Our ancestors may be a great honor to us; but it is much better if we are an honor to them.—Bernhard Cotta.

For modes of faith let graceless zealots fight; He can't be wrong whose life is in the right.
—Pope.

The flower of civilization is the finished man; the man of sense, of accomplishments, of social power—the gentleman.—Emerson.

Suptle seamong thoughts are like bats among birds—they ever fly by twilight.

Every man must work at something. The moment he stops working for himself the devil employs him.—John Bright.

Our teeming fancies, bright and fair,
Flitting about on shiny wings,
Grow dull, breathed forth upon the air,
And fall like leaden, senseless things.

I feel that I am growing old, for want of some body to tell me that I am looking young as ever. Charming falsehood! There is a vast deal of vital air in loving words.—Lander.

Life is so complicated a game that the devices of skill are liable to be defeated at every turn by air-blown chances, incalculable as the descent of thistle down.—George Eliot.

The Journalist.

Mrs. Mary Clemmer's Poem Before the New York Press Association.

Men of the eager eyes, and teeming brain!
Small is the honor that men dole to thee;
They snatch the fruitage of thy years of pain—
Devour—yet scorn the tree.

What though the treasure of thy nervous force,
Thy rich vitality of mind and heart,
Goes swiftly down before thy Moloch's course—
Men cry; "It is not art!"

The poet dallying with his stiffd muse,
On lagging Pegasus whose halting stride
Sometimes gives out—he scorns the man of "news"—
Cries: "See, we're parted wide!"

The novelist elate from lofty crest
Of fiction's lovely palace of the air,
Looks down and sighs: "Only a journalist!"
"My height is his despair."

The joys minute of feebler "literature,"
Who lightly chatter on its outmost rim—
Of naught but of their small "position" sure,
Point scornfully at me!

The statesman smirched, with pallid malice grim,
Or red with wrath, doth in the morning read
Of fair faith bartered, of fine honor dim—
In his recorded deed.

Lo, look for thunder then! His fierce reply
In House or Senate; as he leads the van;
Time-server and place-seiler, loud his cry;
"Down, curs'd newspaper man!"

Who takes the daily journal cool and damp,
And weighs its ceaseless toll on nerve and brain?
Nor morning sun, nor genial evening lamp,
Reveals its birth of pain.

"Only a newspaper!" Quick read, quick lost,
Who sums the treasure that it carries hence?
Torn, trampled under feet, who counts thy cost?
Star-eyed intelligence!

And yet, the ramparts! Best beloved foes!
My heart recalls more than one vanished face,
Struck from the rank of toilers—early lost,
And leaving not a trace.

Martyrs of news! Young martyrs of the press!
Princes of giving from largess of brain;
One leaf of laurel steeped in tenderness,
Take ye, O early slain.

Though in the autho s' pantheon no niche obscure
Your waning names can hold forever fast;
The seeds of truth ye blew afar are sure
To spring and live at last.

On lonely wastes, within the swarming marts,
In silent dream, in speaking deeds of men;
Quick with momentum from your deathless hearts,
Your thoughts will live again.

O, living journalist! When faith hath fled,
When men crush men, amid the thick of strife,
Bethink thee of one Man, divine, who said:
"I am the truth, the life!"

Leave science, leave philosophy its crown,
Yet sweeter ever must be that man's sleep,
Who still, his "mother's boy," prays, lying down:
"His Lord his soul to keep."

Whate'er our prizes, or how fair our crown,
Or deep our losses, only this is best—
The soul's great peace. Nor sneer, nor smile, nor frown,
Can shake it from its rest

Exalt thy calling! On its spotless shield
Write truth, write honor-valor first and last
Cravens may clutch thy stars, and thou not yield;
Love them and hold them fast!

Thus Greeley wrought in fresh heroic youth,
Thus Margaret Fuller wrote her way to power;
Thus Bowles, unvanquished, in a rain of ruth,
Went down in manhood's flower.

Thus Curtis writes, rare Sidney of the pen,
O'Reilly sings, and Conklin draws his steel;
Thus Schurz his highest honor takes again
To write the truth we feel.

Defender of the people, of the state;
Kindier and quickner of majestic thought,
Sure of thy finest triumph—then canst wait
The crown thy patience wrought.

To serve thy generation, this thy fate.
"Written in water" swiftly fades thy name;
But he who loves his kind does first, and late,
A work too great for fame.

Chit Chat.

New scrap-bags are shaped like a great vase, and trimmed with acorns, bows and balls of many colors.

A multitude of fanciful bracelets, bizarre necklaces and insects, mounted as pins, are worn with all toilets.

At the French races it is the fashion to fling bouquets from the crowd to the ladies, from box to box, and in fact flowers fly everywhere

London milliners make their flowers so natural that even the nose is deceived as well as the eye, for her perfume each flower with its particular perfume.

In the manner of dinner cards a good authority observes that the plain white cards with the guest's name elegantly written in the corner are always in good taste although most persons prefer cards more ornamented.

A new use for cards has lately been devised, by employing them as a substitute for tiles. For this purpose are made sets of light square cards which have the daisy, water lily, sunflower and aster printed in colors on their silvered surface, the back and front of each flower being represented.

The latest craze in art work is bronzing plaster casts.

Unless a lady does some decorative art work now-a-days, she is behind the times.

Phaetons do not become manly beauty, but yet great six-footers will ride in them.

Lucky American bridegrooms! if you were Englishmen you would be obliged to furnish all the house linen. Your father-in-law does it all.

In the decoration of the table with flowers, many ladies prefer one color, and use red roses, carnations, or white and yellow roses, unmixed with any other flowers.

At the recent funeral of M. Seguin, the murdered correspondent of the Paris Telegraph in Tunis, a crown was laid upon the coffin in the name of the Tunis women.

A Paris correspondent says it is a fact worthy of note that all coming prima donnas—the birds of song destined to blossom in the immediate future—are of American origin.

My lady's coachman must now shave off his mustache and whiskers, for if he has been ordained that all of his profession must, like the priest in the rhyme, be "all shaven and shorn."

Parisian hostesses send out invitations so long a time beforehand that they are obliged to forward a visiting card a few days before the day appointed, or they would be forgotten entirely.

Now the coaching club have set the fashion, the heads of horses at the watering places this summer will be decked with floral rosettes, the coachman and footman wearing bouquets to match.

"Speaking of drainage," says Jones, "my wife and daughters understand it to perfection, and my bank account will be drained dry before they get back from Saratoga and Long Branch."

A number of the most fashionable ladies in New York are vieing with the Chinese mandarins and letting their finger nails grow without ever trimming them, then scraping them until they are of a chalky whiteness.

A New York lady makes a livelihood by giving instruction to her illiterate sisters whose education in early life had been neglected. She has plenty of scholars, and receives from $5 to $10 a lesson—prices graded to suit the means.

The New York Times, in a cool, Philistine fashion, remarks: "Some forms of charity are fashionable," and goes on to show that a woman who wishes to be considered as belonging to the cream of society must be good to the poor.

The latest craze for young ladies and gentlemen who are corresponding is to use a two cent red stamp, and a one cent blue stamp, on a white envelope. The blending of the colors—red, white and blue—to the initiated means union. It also means that the letter will go through—not having been held for postage.

It is estimated that the dressing for the French races puts $5,000,000 annually into the bursting coffers of the swarms of fashionable dressmakers and mantua makers. The women eye each other through glasses, as at the opera, on route, and when they alight each is assigned her own place, as if it were the opera.

The coming girl has been seen in New York. She had on a tight, short sheet skirt, so that at a little distance it looked like a bifurcated garment. The waistcoat was white, of the same cut as a man's, pockets and double Albert chain and watch complete, and above it a white tie, with horse-shoe ring, surmounted by a stand-up collar. The coat was made like an ordinary shooting jacket, with the usual allowance of buttons and pockets. Her hair was cropped short and on top of it was worn a small round crown hat.

Scientific Puzzle.

Memphis Avalanche.

The great storms which have devastated large portions of Missouri and Kansas are puzzles to the scientists. Last year a cyclone struck the flourishing village of Marchfield in the state of Missouri, and in five minutes 80 houses were demolished and 76 lives were quenched in death. These whirlwinds are phenomenal. They baffle the investigations of the meteorologists, and set at defiance the laws upon which observers of physical disturbances are accustomed to rely. They are not regular, straight blows, but whirlwinds of tremendous force. At East St. Louis, in March, 1871, one of these cyclones lifted a locomotive from the track and hurled it a distance of 36 feet. The steamboat Mollie Able, a powerful and strongly-built Mississippi river steamboat, was lying at the wharf at East St. Louis. It happened to be in the track of the whirlwind and was destroyed—made a total wreck—in the short space of 15 minutes. Houses, trees—everything in the track of the cyclone was swept away. The visitation at Kingville and Brazin, Mo., a full account of which has already appeared, was one of these tremendous displays of natural forces. As to the cause of them no one seems to know. Physicists of eminence differ so widely that the people can form no opinion concerning the reasons for their destructive. Prof. Tice, of St. Louis, strenuously maintains that the vast force developed by them is simply a display of the energy of electricity. Prof. Niphor, of Washington university, explains their tremendous force on another hypothesis altogether. When such learned men differ so widely what can the unlearned conclude? We confess that we know nothing of the causes. But the fact of their destructive force remains. In the recent cyclones in Missouri everything in their track was swept away. Houses, barnes, fences, horses, cattle, men and women, were alike hurled to destruction. Their movements are rapid, their force irresistible. Against them science has not pointed out even a means of escape. The power of nature in action, overtops the devices of science.

A CURIOUS INTERVIEW.

A Reporter's Talk with a Two-Headed Girl.

From the Macon Telegraph.

Last night a Telegraph and Messenger reporter dropped in at Masonic hall where the two-headed girl is being exhibited. Expecting to find a melancholy Siamese twin monstrosity, the reporter was agreeably surprised to find two girls joined in one, cheerful, refined and cultivated. The haggard, worn expression which, as a rule, the faces of the curiosities of humanity wear, was entirely absent. It seems true Mdle. Christine Millie is entirely satisfied with her existence as much as any reader of the Telegraph and Messenger is of his.

The girl or girls, for no looker-on can learn to regard her as other than plural, was born in Columbus county, North Carolina, in 1850, and is consequently 31 years of age. She is of a Moorish color, her mother being a negress and her father of Moorish descent.

She has traveled all over the world, and speaks English, German, French and Italian perfectly. Moreover she sings very sweetly and converses in the most ladylike and intelligent manner. The reporter heard her sing last evening. She conversed with a German and a Frenchman present, and spoke English perfectly. Kessler's band was present, and struck up a waltz to which she responded by waltzing with herself in the most graceful manner. She and herself sang "Sweet Spirit, Hear My Prayer," as well as we have ever heard it, and afterwards went down the steps together.

After the crowd had withdrawn, the reporter approached and said: "You speak French, I understand?"

"Yes, I do. Do you?"

"No. It is difficult at times for me to speak English."

"That is only natural. One is frequently at a loss for words."

"What do you think of the weather?" asked the reporter by way of relieving the silence which had ensued.

"It is warm," replied half of the girl. "Yes, warmer than in Cuba," responded the other half.

"Ah, you come from Cuba, then?"

"Yes," said the girl on the right.

"Did you get sea sick?"

"No," said the girl on the left.

"Can you swim?"

"No, sir," (from both of her.)

"What would you have done, had the boat gone down?"

"I would have gone down, too," said the left section.

"And you?"

"I would have gone down with the balance of me."

"To be sure," said the reporter, "I had not thought of that. Were you ever desirous of being separated?"

"No, sir."

"You believe, then, that whom God has joined together no man should put asunder?"

"Yes, sir, we are one."

"Have you ever decided which one?"

"That is my worser half," said the girl on the left, nodding backward, "and," said the balance of her, imitating the motion, "vice versa."

"How are you going home to-night?"

"Oh, I have a gentleman to see us home," said the left-hand half.

"Are you authorized to make engagements for both?"

"Oh, yes; it is only across to the Lanier House." And taking the arm of a gentleman who at that moment appeared, she, or they, sauntered off sideways across the street, one of them responding to the advice not to get sunburnt. "I shall be careful, sir," and the other saying, gently: "Good-night, gentlemen." Considerably nonplussed, the reporter withdrew.

A Waterspout in Chesapeake Bay.

From the Baltimore sun.

There was a large and dangerous waterspout in the Chesapeake Bay, off Hooper's island, on Thursday last. The schooner Nomini, Capt. James B. Field, from Salisbury to Baltimore, light, was in company with several other vessels at anchor about six miles from the island to await the passing over of a threatening squall, when a large waterspout suddenly descended with the rapidity of lightning, and catching the Nomini, turned her completely over. The captain and two other men who were aboard were thrown out into the water and clambered up on one of the other schooners. Though all the vessels were lying in a bunch the Nomini was the only one the waterspout touched. The revenue steamer Thomas Ewing, Capt. S. S. Warner, found the schooner on Friday lying on her beam ends in ten fathoms water and towed her to Norman's Cove, where she took bottom.

Self-Sacrifice

Self-sacrifice is at the root of all the blossoms of goodness that have survived the wreck of Paradise. There never was a heart but had gleams of it. Shining at times in some royal natures diffusive as the light of day without clouds, there is yet no life so dark and clouded but it sends a golden shaft through some opening rift.

To be great hearted, for the love we bear to our Master, and an imitation of him whose life and death were self-sacrifice. If we are to follow, we must like him bear a cross.

It has been so from the beginning. Call the dead roll of the world's worthies—its prophets, apostles, martyrs and saints; the great teachers of mankind, the architects of our liberties, the heroes of our civilization, the ministering agents who have blessed the poor, the sick, the dying, the helpless. Has not the measure of their goodness been self-denial? They have suffered that others might suffer less; they have died that others might live; they have defended human rights by enduring unspeakable wrongs—the tears and blood. Love, like the falbed bird, pierces his own bosom to feed his loved ones.

Is not heaven itself to be reached through death? The blessed one entered not into his glory until he had been crucified. The leaders of mankind have had to tread a blackened and scorched path of suffering, and we enter into their labors without their sorrows. White robes of earthly saintship, like those of heaven, are only gained through much tribulation. Every thing good costs self-denial.

A Word For The Mother-in-Law.

Are there then no estimable mothers with married daughters? The mother-in-law is not responsible for her position, probably does not admire it. Yet she has been the subject of stories, myriads of offensive jests, and quantities of sarcastic rhymes. Into all of these has entered an element of bitterness which does not appear in the gibes that are hurled at the widow and spinster. Malice is the inspiration of the assault upon the mother-in-law. Perhaps it is savagery born of a sense of detected guilt—which has been hidden from the too-confiding wife, but detected promptly by the penetrating eye of the mother-in-law. She is not blinded by love for the man and to perfect clearness of vision she adds an experience which is as useful as second-sight in enabling her to see to the bottom of things. Yet if she be wise, she will not give her daughter the benefit of her experience, but allow her to enjoy her fools' paradise as long as possible. A good mother-in-law is really a well-spring of pleasure to a properly conducted husband. She is assiduous in taking care of the baby, and the serviceableness of her knowledge concerning the most effective methods of carrying the infant through critical periods, the efficiency with which she dispenses paregoric, measures out ipecac and compound plasters, fills the minds of just men with sentiments of admiration and thankfulness. Give the mother-in-law her due. It has been withheld from her long enough.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

Markets by Telegraph

MONEY, STOCKS AND BONDS.

New York, June 25.—Money—2@3½; exchange, 484; government bonds generally firm; new 5's, 105½; 4½'s, 114½; 4's, 117¾; state bonds dull.

COTTON MARKETS.

Liverpool, noon, June 25.—Cotton—easier and not quotably lower; uplands, 6 5-16; Orleans, 6¼d; sales, 700; sales; speculation and exports, 5000 bales; receipts, 8400 bales; American, 8250 bales; uplands, low middling clause, June delivery, 6 5-32; June and July, 6 5-32; July and August, 6 5-32; August and September, 6¼d; September and October, 6 1-32; October and November, 5¾d; November and December, 5 27-32; December and January, 5 25-32; futures steady.

Liverpool, 2 p. m., June 25.—Cotton—sales American, 6000 bales; futures quiet.

St. Louis, June 25.—Cotton—quiet; middling 10½c; low middling, 9½c; good ordinary, 8¾; receipts, 416 bales; shipments, 1082 bales; sales, 448 bales; stock, 19,980 bales.

New York, June 25.—Cotton—dull and easier; sales, 725 bales; uplands, 11 1-16; Orleans, 11¼; consolidated net receipts, 2651 bales; exports to Great Britian, 6499 bales.

New York, June 25.—Cotton—net receipts 181 bales; gross, 982 bales; futures closed dull; sales, 42,000 bales; June, 10 97@10 99c; July, 10.95@10.96c; August, 10 98@10 99c; September, 10.59@10.6½c; October, 10 18@10.19c; November, 10.06@10.08c; December, 10.06@10 07c; January, 10.18@10.19c; February, 10.29@10.32c; March, 10 45@10 45c.

New Orleans, June 25.—Cotton—firm; sales, 4000 bales; ordinary, 7¾; good ordinary 8¾; low middling, 9¾; middling 10¾; good middling, 11¾; middling fair, 12¾; net receipts, 1041 bales; gross, 1058 bales; exports to Great Britain, 3113 bales; stock, 118,096 bales; futures firm; sales, 24,000 bales; June, 10.53@10.55c; July, 10 7a@10.76c; August, 10 9 @10 91c; September, 10.27@10 29c; October, 9 88@9.89c; November, 9 74@9 75c; December, 9 78@9.79c; January, 9 88@9 89c; February, 9.99@10.00c; March, 10 09@10.10c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON CIRCULAR.

Liverpool, June 25.—This week's circular of the Liverpool cotton brokers' association says: Cotton was dull in the early part of the week with rather lower price. On Wednesday the demand increased, and on Thursday it was extensive, prices advancing; but the market closed at unchanged rates. American was in improved demand, quotations declined, but recovered x d. In Sea Islands business was limited at unchanged rates.

COMPARATIVE COTTON STATEMENT.

New York, June 25.—The comparative statement of cotton for the week ending to-day: Net receipts at all United States ports for the week, 23,886 bales; same time last year, 22,526 bales. Total receipts to this date, 5,905,068 bales; same time last year, 4,829,848 bales. Exports for the week, 32,752 bales; sametime last year, 81,651 bales. Total exports to this date, 1,247,497 bales; same time last year, 3,635,115 bales. Stock at all United States ports, 359,728 bales; same time last year, 298,886 bales. Stock at all interior towns, 46,502 bales; same time last year, 43,406 bales. Stock at Liverpool, 888,000 bales; same time last year, 784,000 bales. American afloat for Great Britain, 105,000 bales; same time last year, 176,000 bales.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

Baltimore, June 25.—Flour—unchanged.

New York, June 25.—Coffee—quiet and steady and prices unchanged. Sugar—firm and quiet; fair to good refining, 7⅞@8c; prime, 8¼c; refined good demand and strong.

St. Louis, June 25.—Flour—steady and unchanged. Whisky—steady at $1.07. Pork—dull at $16 50. Lard—higher at $10.85. Bulk meats—dull and nothing doing. Bacon—easier; shoulders, $6.75; rib, $9.37½; sides, $9.62½.

GRAIN MARKET.

Baltimore, June 25.—Wheat—southern, steady and scarce; western lower and closing firm; southern red, $1.26@1.29; amber, $1.28@1.31; No. 2 western winter red spot and June, $1.26¾@$1.27; July, $1.25⅞; August, $1.23⅞@1.23¾; September, $1.24@1.24¼@1.24⅜. Corn—southern scarce and steady; western lower and closing steady; southern white, 60c; yellow, 58c.

St. Louis, June 25.—Wheat—lower; No. 2 red fall, $1.18@1.18⅞ cash. Corn—dull and lower at 53@53¼ cash; 45¼@45⅜ for June; 45⅛@45⅞c for July. Oats—dull and lower at 35½ bid cash; 34@34¼c for July.

Daily Review of the San Antonio Markets.

OFFICE OF DAILY AND WEEKLY EXPRESS, Friday, June 25th, 1881.

General business was reported dull for the last of the week. Receipts by wagons are confined mainly to farm produce and are improving, but the heavier wagon freights are scarce.

Wool is quiet to-day, the receipts being very light, in fact merely nominal. Prices are reported strong at previous quotations, but the buyers are exercising great care in making their selections. From all we can judge the northern markets are improving in tone and the volume of business is favorable to an advance. The following telegram was received by the merchant's exchange to-day.

BOSTON, MASS., June 24th, 1881.—Two hundred and fifty thousand pounds of Texas wools have been sold here this week at twenty-five to thirty-two cents per pound. The receipts are large with a strong market.

This will be good news to the wool buyers who have already shipped their purchases. The shipments by both railroads to-day included eighty-nine thousand three hundred and twenty-nine pounds.

Local buyers report the hide market dull and unchanged. Receipts are light and more are offered on the market to-day.

Deer, goat and sheep skins are unchanged since our last report. None are reported on the market to-day. Receipts nominal.

The telegrams to the merchants' exchange to-day state the New York spot market opened dull and closed dull and easier with sales very light. New Orleans opened steady and closed firm at an advance, with sales amounting to 4,000 bales. Galveston closed quiet with quotations unchanged. The New York future market closed dull at a decline of about five points from the closing figures of yesterday.

Wheat declined about a cent in St. Louis today and the flour quotations are unchanged.

There is nothing new to report in groceries to-day. The committee neglected to revise the official quotations to-day.

The live stock demand continues active and larger receipts are needed to meet it. Stock sheep are mainly in the hands of one firm and they could dispose of more if they had them. The stock of sheep now on this market is reported at about 8,000 head.

The receipts of freight by the International & Great Northern railroad to-day included two car loads of bridge material, two of corn, eight of lumber, three of mixed merchandise and one of flour.

The export freight to-day by the International & Great Northern railroad included twenty-seven thousand pounds of wool and eighteen hundred pounds of mixed merchandise.

The receipts of freight by the Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio railroad to-day included one car load of beer, one of oil cake, six of mixed merchandise, five of rails and one of railroad ties.

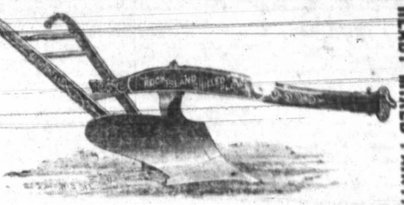
The export freight to-day by the Galveston Harrisburg & San Antonio railroad included sixty-two thousand three hundred and twenty-nine pounds of wool, forty thousand pounds of lumber, and twenty-two thousand three hundred pounds of mixed merchandise.

Valuable Ranch For Sale.
4050 Acres, 24 miles north of the city. One thousand acres in pasture, good dwelling, barn and outhouses, fine peach orchard, and an abundance of lasting water. Will be sold
AT A BARGAIN.
For particulars apply to
SAM. C. BENNETT,
Corner Market street and Main plaza,
Or on the premises to W. D. PARRISH. jn4-1m

H. KOENIGHEIM'S
Loan Office,
WEST SIDE MAIN PLAZA.
WILL ADVANCE MONEY ON VALUABLES A VERY LOW RATES.
Those desiring to pledge articles would do well to call on him.
A large lot of fine watches and jewelry on hand for sale, all unredeemed pledges, which can be bought at less than half their real value.

V. FROMM,
Houston Street, near Avenue C.,
Manufacturer of all Kinds of
Show Cases,
in Metal, Rosewood, Black Walnut and Silver. A full stock of show cases on hand for sale. Orders for fine CABINET WORK and Repairing executed promptly. may28 1y

A. HEUSINGER,
South Side Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.
—Dealer in—
Hardware and Agricultural IMPLEMENTS.
AGENT FOR B. D. BUFORD & CO'S CELEBRATED PLOWS.
Brown's Sulkeys. Southern Clippers. Defiance Riding and Walking Cultivators.

Double Shovel Plows, With Wood —and— IRON BEAMS and Break Pins.
THE BEST CHILLED PLOW MADE.
GARDENSEED. LANDRETH'S

READY MIXED PAINT. FANE, CALVERLE & CO'S
Agent for Perry & Co's Celebrated Stoves.
BRIGHTON, CAMBRID, CALUMET, ALPINE, CLINTON, PORTLAND, FULTON, CHAMPION, HARVEST, TOKEN

Agent for the Winona Rushford Wagon Co.'s
Farm Wagons
Tin-ware, Camp Utensils, Cutlery, Etc.
Builder's Hardware.

H. DUDLEY COLEMAN & BRO.
No. 2 Union St. New Orleans, La.
Make FLOUR & CORN MILLS,
MILLSTONES, MILL IRONS, SAW MILLS, AND COTTON PRESSES
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF ENGINES & MACHINERY.

Hugo & Schmeltzer,
Wholesale Grocers
21 Commerce St.
Sole Agents for the

CELEBRATED
Bottled Beer
OF THE

Anheuser,
BUSH
Brewing Association,
ALSO
Schlitz Milwaukee Bottled Beer, Etc. Etc.
Rosskam Gerstley & Co's Reserve and Saratoga Whiskies.
Wm. Lanahan's Hunter Rye Whisky.
ELIAS BLOCK & SON'S CELEBRATED WHISKIES,
Mammoth Cave, Possum Hollow
Etc., Etc., Always on Hand.
SHULTZ CELEBRATED SOAP.
SOLE AGENTS DUPONT'S SPORTING AND BLASTING POWDER.

BERG & BRO.
WOOL, GRAIN AND COMMISSION
And Proprietors of Freight Transfer
AGENTS OF THE COTTON SEED ASSOCIATION FOR THE
Purchase of Cotton Seed.
Market street opposite Market House.

ESTABLISHED **C. H. MUELLER,** 1869.
PAINTER,
AND DEALER IN
Paints, Oils, Window-Glass, Wall-Paper, Artists and Engineers' Materials, Mixed Paints Ready for Use. Rosenthal's well known Brushes.
And all Other Articles Belonging to This Line.
House, Sign, Fresco and Carriage Painting done in First Class Style Lowest Rates.

Sam C Bennett.
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
STAPLE & FANCY
Groceries,
FINE WINES,
Liquors, Tobacco and Cigars.
Corner Main Plaza and Market Street
SAN ANTONIO TEXAS

W. R. THORNTON,
Wool and Commission House.
HAVING leased the large and commodious GUILBEAU WAREHOUSE, I am prepared to do a
Commission and General Warehouse Business.
Consignments of WOOL, HIDES and PRODUCE solicited. Liberal advances made on the same. apl3 tf

A. J. T. BEAUREGARD
Storage and Commission,
LOSOYO STREET.
Old soldiers' quarters, west of Alamo Plaz
San Antonio, Texas.
Agent of Sol. Buckley, of Corpus Christi. Dec14-daw3-mon.

C. BAIN & CO.'S
EL PASO STAGE LINE.
C. BAIN, Gen'l Manager and Supt

Daily Express.

Sunday Morning, June 26, 1881.

Meteorological.

Daily Bulletin—Signal Service U. S. Army Division of Telegrams and Reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture.

Observations recorded at 1:34 P. M., June 25.

Locality and bar.	Thr	Wind	R'n	Weather.
Denison	90.00	85	E	00	fair.
San Antonio	29.92	76	SE	00	fair.
Quitaque	29.86	100	S	00	clear.
Eagle Pass	29.93	101	SE	00	fair.
Brownsville	29.76	90	S	00	fair.
Stockton	29.86	90	SE	00	clear.
Indianola	30.00	90	SE	00	fair.
Galveston	30.00	91	S	00	fair.
Corsicana	29.94	85	SE	00	cloudy.
Shreveport	30.00	87	W	00	cloudy.
New Orleans				00	
Biloxi				00	

Weather Indications for To-day.

Washington, June 25.—Indications for the west gulf states: Fair weather and winds mostly southerly, stationary temperature and barometer.

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP

—Comb honey in frames at Bolts.

—Dance at Somers' garden to-night.

—Masons self-sealing fruit jars at Wagner's.

—Just received a fresh supply of fine printed lawns at NEWMAN & CO.'s

—Jelly cans and preserving kettles at Wagner's.

—Arrival of a full assortment of laces and embroideries at NEWMAN & CO.'s

—Look at Schram & Co.'s fans, they are cheap.

—Somers' garden will be open to-day and to-night.

—Our dollar white shirts are good value for the money. PANCOAST & SON.

—Refrigerators and ice cream freezers at Wagner's.

—Don't forget the pattern hats at SCHRAM & CO.'s.

—Mohair and brown linen dusters at Pancoast & Son's.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic nourishes and strengthens.

—Light summer shoes for gentlemen at Martin & Son's.

—Best city lots very low. S. Cayce & Redd, Soledad street.

—Lace and silk novelties below cost at SCHRAM & CO.'s

—Martin & Son say they have the largest stock of boots and shoes in Texas.

—Concert this afternoon and dance at night, at Jonas' garden, Sunset depot.

—Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic is agreeable to the taste.

—The latest in ribbons to be had only at NEWMAN & CO.'s

—$20,000 to loan, S. Cayce & Redd, Soledad street. may25-1m

Reed's Gilt Edge Tonic is perfectly reliable.

—Dress goods and grenadines at cost. NEWMAN & CO.

—Great reduction in straw hats. A good dollar hat for 50 cents, at PANCOAST & SON'S.

—60 marcelles bed spreads, full size, for $1.25 a piece. 40 honey comb spreads for 50 cents a piece. NEWMAN & CO.

—Don't forget we keep the largest stock of shirts in the city; all styles and sizes and as cheap as the cheapest. PANCOAST & SON.

—Large airy rooms with best of board 5 minutes from Main plaza, on street car line. Apply at this office. june24-3t

—Look at our silks for 50 cents a yard, sold everywhere for 75 cents. NEWMAN & CO.

—Concert this afternoon at Peter Jonas' garden, and dancing at night. Cooling refreshments of all kinds served to order.

—We have a large stock of parasols and will sell them very cheap. NEWMAN & CO.

—A choice lot of silk handerchiefs, lisle gloves, half hose and novelties in summer neckwear, just received by Pancoast & Son.

—Ladies' underwear at such low prices as to enable everybody to buy. NEWMAN & CO.

—Concert at Somers' garden this afternoon and a dance at night. Ice-cold drinks of all kinds to order.

—Johnny Kramphan, of this city, from our Stockton dispatch, seems to have been attacked by the notorious Kid's party.

—$15,000 will buy half of established paying sheep ranche, three miles from I. & G. N. R. R. S. CAYCE & REDD. june21 1m

—The excellent new dancing platform at Somers' garden has added greatly to its attractions. Don't forget the dance to be given there to-night.

—We have again 50 pieces of desirable patterns in lawns, which we will continue to sell 20 yards for one dollar. NEWMAN & CO.

—The G. H. & S. A. Railroad will, on and after June 1st, place on sale excursion tickets to all principal watering places in the north and east. Good until October 31st, 1881.

—Having now closed out my stock of goods, I will feel greatly obliged to all who are indebted to me, if they will call and settle up before July 1st, 1881. A. L. WOOD. July 26-2t.

—Dr. R. H. McNutt, dentist, has removed his office from over Thornton & Lockwood's bank to rooms over Groos' bank, where he now is prepared to accommodate the public with first-class work.

—It will pay anyone wishing to buy silks, satins, dress goods of every description, to examine the stock of Schram & Co., for quality and prices. They have so far no equal.

—To close out the balance of our pattern hats we have reduced prices so low, which must sell them. Any lady wishing a trimmed hat can certainly get it at half price by calling at SCHRAM & CO.'s. june 26-2t

—The friends and acquaintances of Dr. D. S. Lemman are invited to attend the funeral of his brother, Dr. D. R. Lemman, of New Orleans, at the cathedral of St. Mark on Sunday, the 26th instant, at 4½ o'clock p. m.

—As the summer season advances we are compelled to mark down prices in all our departments to make room for winter goods now being purchased; very seldom such bargains are offered at any other establishment in this city. Call on us and convince yourself of the fact. SCHRAM & CO.

—Step right here, and if your boots are not what they ought to be, go down to Martin & Son's and buy a pair. Martin can suit you in boots that will last you a long time instaping—over our rock-strewn sidewalks. His sole aim in doing business is to please in price, and heel give you a perfect fit to boot. june26-2t

—Pat Cavanaugh, of this city, has just returned from an extended absence along the line of the Texas Pacific railway extension. He reports the road as being pushed on rapidly, as much as two and a half miles of track being laid some days. Strong forces are at work on both ends of the road, and the expectation is to run cars through to the Rio Grande by fall.

—Again in the field. Grand complimentary benefit for the St. Joseph German Catholic church, on Wednesday evening, June 29, 1881, given by the Twinkling Star amateur minstrels of San Antonio. Patronize home talent. The cause is a good one, so come one, come all, and encourage the members of the club, as they wish to make the club a permanent feature of our thriving city. General admission 50 cents. Gallery 25 cents. Children half price. Doors open at 7. Performance begins at 8:30 sharp. june 26-3t

THE POWER OF WATER.

A Description of Comal Springs and the Manufacturing Advantages of New Braunfels.

Joseph Landa, the Great Water-Power King, Steps to the Front.

Something to Invite the Attention and Interest of Manufacturers Everywhere.

AN EXPRESS reporter Wednesday boarded the International railway train and took a run over to New Braunfels. The distance, thirty miles, was made in a little more than an hour, and the short ride was particularly enjoyable because of the beauties and diversities of nature and the well-cultivated fields that meet the eye on either side of the road. Farmers were all busy caring for their crops of wheat, oats and rye, which have already been harvested, while corn and cotton appeared in better condition than was expected.

THE TOWN OF NEW BRAUNFELS REACHED,

the reporter, in company with Mr. J. Landa, of New Braunfels, and Mr. L. S. Brackett, of San Antonio, took a seat in an ambulance drawn by a team of spirited blacks, and proceeded on a reconnoitering tour of Comal Springs. The object of the reporter in visiting New Braunfels was to understand something of the wonderful water-power which the thrifty little town possesses. New Braunfels now has one woolen mill, which manufactures fine cloths and cassimeres that find a ready sale, not only in Texas, but in the large cities of the north and south. The company conducting the business of this mill is succeeding most splendidly, and are now preparing for a material improvement of their facilities. Another company, composed of rich Galveston merchants and two prominent business men of New Braunfels, has also just purchased a valuable mill site, and will at once commence the erection of a cotton mill, with capital stock of $250,000. New Braunfels is thus becoming a manufacturing town, but

HER CHOICEST WATER-POWER

remains still to be utilized. This power is owned by Mr. Joseph Landa, who expresses his earnest intention of having it developed at once; and he says he shall spare no efforts to bring its value truthfully before the practical mill men and manufacturers of the United States, in order to draw their attention to it. Indeed, Mr. Landa is now using some of his power for running a mill which turns out daily large quantities of wheat and rye flour, and corn meal, sufficient to supply two large mill depots, one at New Braunfels and the other at San Antonio. His property, which embraces over seventeen hundred acres, is known as the Comal Springs property, and is considered the finest property in the south, which, in the judgment of the reporter, is correct. Our party drove all about this extensive property—admiring its rushing fountains of water, everywhere as clear as crystal, the long grass in the bottom bathing the sides of the innumerable trout and other fish that fill these pretty streams and cast suspicious glances, then dart away, as man approaches. These premises being immediately at, and, really the river's head itself, and being located very high, cannot be affected by rises of the river. The tiers of mountains environing them sheds the water in a different direction, and during heavy rains the floods of water are carried off above the springs.

THE FACILITIES FOR BUILDING

are as good could be wished. Just about the beautiful springs and the giant power they create after convergence, is a towering mountain of the finest building rock. The International railway runs directly by the locality, and Mr. Landa has been promised a switch to his grounds. This road comes through the great pineries of Texas, and all the lumber wanted could be delivered very cheap, and right on the grounds. Indeed, the extensive grounds about these springs are covered with towering trees of black walnut, pecan, oak, elm, cedar, etc., that are used for building purposes. All material with which to build, therefore, being so convenient, or so easily obtained, is another point for those to remember to whose attention the excellence of the mill sites at Comal Springs is called.

ANOTHER PRINCIPAL CONSIDERATION

is the convenience of New Braunfels to the great market of San Antonio. Western Texas has within the past few years arisen to be the greatest wool-growing country in America. Flocks of sheep roam everywhere over her vast prairies, and the curely fleeces are brought to San Antonio to be sold. This is but thirty miles from New Braunfels. Millions of pounds of wool are sold in this city annually. Western Texas has also grown to be a great cotton-producing country, and the fibre of the staple produced in this country is considered stronger and better than that of cotton produced in the lowlands. Right about New Braunfels, the greatest profit of the thrifty German farmers is their cotton crop, and many thousands of bales are produced within an area of twenty miles of Comal springs. San Antonio is the best and greatest original hide market in the south, and our country is covered with tannin. Therefore, the raw products are here, and here is the place to convert them into serviceable shapes and to realize most handsomely by doing so. These are are plain facts, considering which one is caused to wonder why our own people do not take advantage of the golden opportunities thus offered to amass fortunes. The reason why they do not is probably because they know nothing about manufacturing. But all this water-power would now be utilized had New Braunfels have had a railway five years ago. It must be remembered that her railway intercourse with the outer world is of a very recent date.

THE SPLENDID WATER POWER

of the Comal, within Mr. Landa's domain, offers inducements to manufacturers that could scarcely be excelled. The two main streams rushing through the grounds, known on the maps as Comal springs, embrace about five miles in distance, all of which is confined to an area of a square mile. From this can be realized the meanderings of the streams, and will also be recognized the advantages in the way of cutting channels across bends to develop the water-power. The whole volume of the water is estimated at thirty thousand cubic feet per minute. The current is in dozens of places so rapid that the stoutest man can not bear himself up against it, and at several points any animal that would attempt to cross would be washed down stream. There are on this property

SIX CHOICE MILL SITES,

at one point the fall being thirty-three feet, and furnishing at a low estimate one thousand horse power. There is a beautiful and high point just at these falls upon which as extensive buildings as desired could be erected. The remaining five sites in reference have falls convenient ranging from twenty-five feet down to ten, furnishing horse powers ranging from seven hundred down to fifty. There are also several other sites suitable for running small mills. All these sites are above high water, with the greatest abundance of building material at hand, and all within a few hundred yards of the International and Great Northern railway line and the New Braunfels depot. The above figuring on the power, etc., was done by W. R. Freeman, a competent mechanical engineer, and is without doubt a fair and correct statement. Indeed, the estimates are, if anything, too low, but the manufacturing advantages offered are so great and important that even thus plainly referred to they can not but impress any practical-minded man. It is to practical manufacturers that the desire is to call attention in this instance, and no representation is made that actual inspection and test will not prove as correct and truthful. These statements made, it is believed will be sufficient to the purpose. This power is as perpetual and as regular, to speak metaphorically, as the daily revolutions of this ephemeral sphere.

WHAT MR. LANDA WILL DO

to encourage persons to invest in his water-power, is of the greatest consideration, for his propositions are fair, his desires for its development earnest, and his determination to have it developed is of a nature to obtain certain success. Mr. Landa has been in this country since March, 1847, and by strict attention to business, unswerving honesty of purpose, and untiring zeal, has won the esteem, and confidence, and respect, of all good men. He makes the following plain propositions: "I will lease for ninety-nine years, to practical manufacturers, with capital to put up the machinery, all my water-power, mill sites and lands of seventeen hundred and forty acres. Or, I will lease for ninety-nine years, all the power, except the two hundred horse-power where my grist and flouring mills stand. Or, I will let as much water-power to any manufacturing company which will satisfy me of fair dividends for as many years as they may want it, for an interest in the business. Or, I will sell, for a certain amount of money, either the whole property, or reserve the power which runs the mills. No man need apply whose purpose is speculation, as my object is to have this water-power developed, and through the establishment of factories. I want, earnest, honest, live and practical manufacturers only to apply under the conditions I have submitted. Any such must apply directly to J. Landa, New Braunfels, Comal county, Texas.

The Operetta Genevieve.

On Tuesday evening at turners' hall will be presented the charming operetta, Genevieve, which will be rendered by children of the public schools, under the able direction of Prof. Katzenberger. Some wonderfully fine voices have been developed in the rehearsals, among which is that of Miss Katie Carothers. The operetta will be worthy of the patronage of every one, and a full house is certain to be had.

The scene of this operetta is laid in, or near, one of our large cities, a few years previously the happy home of Genevieve, with her father and her sister Isadore. The family at that time visited a distant city, where Genevieve, while out for a walk with Isodore and their maids, was decoyed into an alley by the wicked Boxana and Theresa and hurried out of sight before her loss was observed by her protectors. She was taken by the former to their rude home, taught by them to forget her name and friends and to assimilate herself to her new position as their servant. Being wandering in their habits, they in a few years, take up their abode in the suburbs of Genevieve's native city. After fruitless endeavors on the part of Genevieve's father and sister to recover her they return home, and after the death of her father, Isadore, now a young lady, lives with her maids sole mistress of her mansion. True, however, to the memory of her sister she still mourns her loss and daily prays for her restoration.

That Mandamus Matter.

A meeting of the city councilmen was held last evening to consider the mandamus question in the old Mexican Gulf railway suit. The councilmen, all of whom were present, with the exception of Alderman Lockwood, signed a protest by way of answer, giving reasons why the council did not regard it proper to levy the tax. The main points of the protest were that the decision of the court was believed to be an unfair judgment, and that by levying the tax the council would thereby be acting in bad faith toward the tax payers, who are already burdened with taxation. A letter was read from Governor Davis, counsel for the city, who thought that the present U. S. judge, Turner, would give a different opinion in the case. Governor Davis will be in this city next Friday.

Religious Notices.

There will be the usual religious services at Trinity M. E. church on avenue C, today—morning and evening—commencing at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. A cordial invitation is extended to all, especially to strangers in the city and to non-church goers, to attend service at this airy and comfortable church.

Sunday school at 3½ p. m. Church prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 8 p. m.

There will be preaching to-day at the Soledad street M. E. church at 11 o'clock by Rev. W. J. Young. june26-3td

Victory over Deperadoes

News reached the city yesterday of a desperate fight near what is known as the Terdillo hill between the McCoys, of Gonzales, and posse, and a bunch of the LaSalle county desperadoes. One of the desperadoes was found dead in the road, and a son of Fred House, of Karnes county, was picked up with a serious wound through his thigh. It is thought others were killed. The desperadoes had with them about 50 horses and a lot of cattle, which were recovered.

A Card to Col. Belknap.

DEAR SIR:—We herewith respectfully request you to extend the present terminus of road, as soon as possible, to the lower bridge at Guenther's mill. By such a measure you would not only accommodate ourselves and our families, but we feel certain that this move would redound largely to your own benefit, through increased patronage of your line. Respectfully, MANY CITIZENS, of the 4th ward, living beyond Mission store.

Just Received. Just Received.

Shaded satin, sash ribbons in all shades, will be displayed at our establishment on Monday, at prices which will astonish the trade; the same ribbons in narrower width's will be offered at our usual low prices. SCHRAM & CO.

Ladies' Underwear. Ladies' Underwear.

This department has daily been stocked with new goods handsomely made, styles to suit anyone. It will pay the ladies to examine them before they purchase elsewhere. SCHRAM & CO.

Phaeton, Pony and Harness for Sale.

Phaeton good as new and pony gentle enough for any lady to drive. Enquire at Menger hotel bar. june25-tf

—Many persons sat up last night to see the comet.

—There seems to have really been a change in the weather.

—Two hackmen, Smith and Dorland, are complained about for furious and reckless driving on Alameda street last evening.

—Mr. Byrn, the street sprinkler, yesterday took a moccasin two feet long, in a decomposed condition, from the waterworks' stand-pipe.

—The affidavit against Dr. Jones, made by Howard, in the opinion of attorneys, amounts to nothing, as nothing is positively alleged.

—Messrs. Morrison & Fourmy will tomorrow commence work on their new directory for our city. They will commence west of the San Pedro.

—There will be a meeting of firemen at Turners' hall at 9 o'clock this morning to decide what shall be done toward celebrating the Fourth of July.

—A band of desperadoes are said to be camped in the brush in LaSalle county, defying the law and arrest. They are reported to be about seventy-five strong.

—A chicken fight, one hundred dollars a side, is to come off to-day. Several local "bloods" have taken a big interest in the matter.

—The Mexican Border railway company will, it is reported, commence their survey from this point in about two weeks. The engineers are still here awaiting instructions.

—The New Orleans excursion will arrive Monday. About 300 persons are coming, among whom are many men of prominence. As the hotels are filled, it is the duty of our citizens to at once make provision to entertain the excursionists.

—Pain in the back, resulting from strain, spinal affection, overwork or disorder of the kidneys, yields to the remarkable strengthening powers of Day's Kidney Pad. For sale by F. Kaltayer & Son.

—City physican Menger is doing all in his power for the relief of that sick and destitute family camped on the river's bank in the convent bend. Mrs. Ed. Bacon is doing all in her power toward ameliorating their wretched condition.

—Mr. Henry Weeche celebrated his 32nd birthday yesterday, and invited a host of his friends to a feast of fun and joy, which was richly relished. Many appropriate toasts were drunken and short speeches were made, interspersed with cheerful songs. "It was lots of fun," and an occasion never to be forgotten.

—Work on the new court house at Ben Ficklin is progressing rapidly.

THE COLORADO BRIDGE.

Successful Test of the Structure Yesterday.

A gentleman who was at Austin yesterday states that the extensive bridge across the Colorado river was being thoroughly tested all through the day, and the tests were eminently satisfactory. The first passenger train that passed over it was that bound north, leaving San Antonio at 1:40 p. m. of Saturday. A large force of men were employed during the day changing the connection on the trestle work from the temporary bridge heretofore in use to the permanent bridge. After the train bound south should leave Austin the bridge was to be tested further by trials of speed and load combined. The structure is an elegant one, as well as expensive and thorough in construction, and has been in course of building for a year. The foundations, masonry and approaches, were done by contract with Ross & Harris. The iron bridge, of six 200 foot spans, was built by the Delaware Bridge Co., the superintendent in charge being Robert Grimes. The masonry was built by Robert G. Reed, and is as thorough work as there is in the state. The engineer is Maj. J. W. Goodwin, now a resident of this city, who is the engineer for the I. & G. N. railroad, hence to Laredo.

The usefulness of the low-water bridge, which has caused so much anxiety by reason of possible extremely high water, is passed, and doubtless the railway officials are happy in the thought that they are now above the highest water known.

Among those noticed as being present at the tests were engineer Maj. J. W. Goodwin, division superintendent; Joseph Herrin, San Antonio division; Mr. Lee, division superintendent Brazos division; R. L. Harris, of Ross & Harris, and, doubtless the happiest man of the lot, Mr. Robert Grimes, the efficient superintendent of the Delaware Bridge company, who has erected this bridge, as also all the iron bridges between Austin and San Antonio.

Lockwood Drawing.

At the first monthly drawing at Lockwood's tea-store, the following were the fortunate parties:

First prize, moss rose tea sett, Mr. John B. Hamilton.

Second prize, traveling clock, Miss Anna Schmidt.

Third prize, calendar clock, Mr. F. Crider.

Fourth prize, two vases, uncalled for.

Fifth prize, Japan tea pot, Mrs. E. Thomassin.

Sixth prize, Milton Vases.

Seventh prize, Joseph Dowling.

Eighth prize, Phillip Bishop.

The next distribution takes place on the second Teuesday in July, (the 12th) at 10 o'clock a. m., when ten (10) useful articles will be given away; the first prize being a beautiful gold band China tea sett. All patrons are invited to be present at the drawing.

For Sale or Rent.

A two-story rock dwelling with ten rooms and good cistern and well, fronting on Taylor street and running back to the river, near the Lewis bridge and formerly occupied by Thomas D. Johnson. Apply to T. J. DEVINE, Office, Devine's building, Soledad St. june36 2w

$20 Reward.

Lost or stolen, four mules and one gray horse. One mile this side of Castroville, branded thus, one bay and dun mule, U G on left thigh, two bay mules, one branded with two B's connected by a perpendicular bar on neck, and the other HR connected on left thigh. The horse has N I on left thigh. Finder will leave them at N. Flory's, Laredo street, and receive reward. june26-3td*11

Corsets! Corsets! Corsets!

We have forty different styles of corsets to select from, and defy competition. NEWMAN & CO.

A Down Town Merchant.

Having passed several sleepless nights, disturbed by the agonies and cries of a suffering child, and becoming convinced that Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup was just the article needed, procured a supply for the child. On reaching home and acquainting his wife with what he had done, she refused to have it administered to the child, as she was strongly in favor of Homœopathy. That night the child passed in suffering, and the parents without sleep. Returning home the day following, the father found the baby still worse; and while contemplating another sleepless night, the mother stepped from the room to attend to some domestic duties, and left the father with the child. During her absence he administered a portion of the Soothing Syrup to the baby, and said nothing. That night all hands slept well, and the little fellow awoke in the morning bright and happy. The mother was delighted with the sudden and wonderful change, and although at first offended at the deception practiced upon her, has continued to use the Syrup, and suffering, crying babies and restless nights have disappeared. A single trial of the Syrup never yet failed to relieve the baby, and overcome the prejudices of the mother. Sold by all druggists. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

For Sale.

A lot of well broke mules and horses. Apply to J. W. OSS, Menger Hotel. june 24 2w

Money to Loan.

$1,700, 2,000, 1,000, 500, 1,200, 5,000 and 2,800, by DOLLY N. FRAZAR june23-1m

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal, perhap, of the approach of that more terrible disease—consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving fifty cents to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a half million bottles were sold the last year. It relieves croup and whooping cough at once. Mothers, do not be without it. For lame back, spine or chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Sold by C. Schasse, 15 Commerce street, San Antonio, Tex.

Sheep For Sale

All within 4 to 12 miles of San Antonio.

1 lot 580 ewes.
1 " 650 " and lambs.
1 " 725 "
1 " 1015 "
1 " 1130 " and lambs.
1 " 1150 " " "
1 " 1500 " " "
1 " 1700 " " "

CHABOT, Moss & Co., San Antonio. june21d&w tf

Shiloh's Consumption Cure.

This is beyond question the most successful cough medicine we have ever sold. A few doses invariably cure the worst cases of cough, croup and bronchitis, while its wonderful success in the cure of consumption is without a parallel in the history of medicine. Since its first discovery it has been sold on a guarantee, a test which no other medicine can stand. If you have a cough we earnestly ask you to try it. Price 10 cents, 50 cents and $1. If your lungs are sore, chest or back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by C. Schasse, druggist, 15 Commerce street, San Antonio, Tex.

Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy.

A marvelous cure for catarrh, diphtheria, canker mouth and headache. With each bottle there is an ingenious nasal injector for the more successful treatment of these complaints without extra charge. Price 50 cents. Sold by C. Schasse, 15 Commerce street, San Antonio, Tex.

—Try Ernet's celebrated Turkish sauce.

—Parties coming to Laredo, Texas, can find a full supply of furniture of all kinds for less money than the same can be laid down here for. O. P. REID. apl3-3m

—We were never better prepared to do the VERY BEST custom work, and at short notice. PANCOAST & SON.

—One million of acres of sheep lands International certificates. S. Cayce & Redd Soledad street.

—Cool, refreshing drinks at Henry and Mike's, rear of Hord's hotel.

For Rent.

House with 6 rooms, near International depot. Apply to J. T. THORNTON. june 12-tf

Ribbons! Ribbons!! Ribbons!!!

Satin faced, gros-grain, cord edge, brocaded, etc., in all colors, at greatly reduced prices this week, at H. Grenet's, Alamo Building, up stairs.

Shirts, Shirts, Shirts

In white and colored, everything that is new, at Pancoast & Son's.

Wanted.

A first-class hostler at Miller & Roche's stables, next to postoffice. june25-3t

Honey, Milk and Butter Depot.

Sweet and better milk by glass or measure at Bolts', Houston St., corner avenue C.

25. Fare. 25.

Dei's carriages and baggage wagon to and from all trains. Leave orders at either office, No. 55 Main street, or stables, Blum street, rear of postoffice. may 3-tf

Large Room for Rent,

Over Merchants' Exchange. Enquire at the bar. june 25-tf

For Rent, July 1st.

Store house on Commerce street, and dwelling row occupied by A. L. Wood. june25-1w J. W. GLASS.

Removal.

Mr. A. Vargs will move his stock of saddlery to the old Herald building opposite Hord's hotel on June 24th. He will be pleased to see his old customers at his new place of business. june 24-6t-w4t.

To Rent.

The store on the east side of Maine plaza, next to the corner of Commerce street. Inquire of G. P. DEVINE. june 24-3t.

For Rent.

Storehouse adjoining Kette's drug store—now occupied by Paul Maureaux. Possession given July 1st. Apply to june 12-tf L. C. GROTHAUS.

Removed

To corner Alamo and Commerce streets, have greatly enlarged my stock, and will continue to supply my customers with the best groceries and deliver goods at their homes. THEODORE FUHLUNING.

Blacksmith Shop for Rent.

On Alamo street, only one square from Alamo plaza. Apply to Cunningham & Edwards, Commerce st. june-14-tf

Safe for Sale.

New and in good condition. Enquire at this office.

Railroad Men.

We have just received a large lot of Lawrance corsepers. Call and see us. may29-1m LEMOUX & COSGROVE.

Store to Rent.

The whole or part of store No. 60, Commerce street, with fixtures for sale cheap. june7tf VALENTINE & CO.

Flour! Flour!

Royal Patent, Plant's Extra, Eickermann, Eagle Steam and Belle du Lac by the car load by H. GRENET.

Important Change, I. & G. N. Stage Line.

On and after Monday, June 20th, stages for Laredo will run in connection with accommodation trains of the I. & G. N. railway to and from the terminus of the extension. Passengers for Laredo should take the accomodation train leaving at 7:30 a. m.

For tickets and information call on the agent in Menger hotel or to the agent of the I. & G. N. Ry. J. M. ONS, Superintendent. june21-1w

$125.00.

A nice basket phaeton, gentle pony and new harness for sale at $125.00. Address Cash, P. O. box 471. june21-1w

For Rent.

Seven hundred acres grass land, enclosed with a substantial fence, four and one half miles from city. W. R. THORNTON.

Wanted

Six hundred fat beeves, to be delivered between Nov. 1st and Jan'y 18, 1882 DOLLY N. FRAZAR. jy23 1m Room No. 1 Devine building.

For Sale Cheap.

Two silver framed show cases.
One fine mirror.
Two counters.
Counter stools, &c., &c.
A. L. WOOD.

The Unrivaled Hair Dressing.

Producing as rich and cleanly appearance as if nature alone had imparted it. Burnett's Cocoaine is the best and cheapest hair dressing—kills dandruff, allays irritation, and promotes a vigorous and healthy growth of hair. No other compound produces these results.

The superiority of Burnett's Flavoring Extracts consists in their perfect purity and great strength. They are warranted free from the poisonous oils and acids which enter into the composition of many of the factitious fruit flavors now in the market.

Hay Land for Lease.

20,000 acres open prairie grass land, on line of International railroad, in Frio county, by J. M. THOMPSON, Frio town, Texas, Or J. W. Glass, San Antonio. jun17-tf

For Rent.

A comfortable dwelling house on north Flores street. Apply to W. J. Kingsbury office near court house. june 14-tf.

Whiskey! Whiskey!! Whiskey!!!

A carload of the celebrated O'Donnell O. K. and Monopole, for sale very low by apr24tf H. GRENET.

San Pedro Springs Park.

Most celebrated resort in Texas. One mile north of Main Plaza. Street cars to and from the grounds every few minutes. All kinds of first-class refreshments at moderate rates, elegant baths, etc. Polite attention, perfect order and entire satisfaction guaranteed to all. Splendid music in constant attendance. Give me a call. tf. I. N. LENIOS, Proprietor.

For Sale.

Suburban residence, 8 rooms, near San Pedro springs. Price very low, and terms easy. For particulars enquire at this office. may25-tf

Wanted.

On Fort Worth branch of G. C. & S. F. R. R., 25 stonecutters, 50 quarrymen and laborers. Wages paid, $4.00 per Day. Passes given by agents at stations on the road. Apply five miles from end track, Norway mills, Bosque county, or P. J. Loonie, railroad contractor, Brazos bridge, Bosque county. june1-1m

It Will Pay Any One

Wishing to buy Furniture, Carpets and Matting, to examine the stock of Ernstus Reed. He is constantly receiving new goods, and for quality and price has no equal. He makes a specialty of bed-room and parlor suits, and keeps a large stock of cheap goods, which are sold at prices which defy competition.

—Rye and Rock at Walker's.

—Elegant display of parasols and fans at H. Grenet's, Alamo building, up stairs.

—We are constantly adding to our stock of ready-made clothing, and can fit everybody. PANCOAST & SON.

—Bargains in table damasks, cream colored and red and white table linens. Damask and Turkey red napkins, towels, crash, etc., call at H. Grenet's, Alamo Building, up stairs.

—Five hundred sacks Rio coffee, ranging from fair to the fanciest to be found in any market. For sale by H. Grenet, Alamo building.

—Those dollar white vests at Pancoast & Son's will astonish you.

—All authority heretofore given by me to sell lands in my charge is hereby revoked. june23-3t JAMES L. TRUEHEART.

CHABOT, MOSS & CO

San Antonio, Texas.

Sheep and Wool

One Lot 400 Ewes.
" " 650 "
" " 580 Fine Ewes,
" " 725 " Ewes,
" " 1150 Ewes and Lambs,
" " 1300 " "
" " 1700 " "

All of above received, and others to arrive. CHABOT, MOSS & CO.

We are prepared to receive wool on consignment, making liberal advances on the same. CHABOT, MOSS & CO., San Antonio Texas

WIGGIN & SIMPSON,

PHŒNIX

IRON WORKS,

Engineers, Founders and Machinists.

Engines and Boilers from 10 to 80 H. P. Iron and Brass Castings.

Preston St., - - Houston, Texas. june 14 d&w 1y

BARGAINS

IN LOTS.

NOW IS THE TIME TO BUY.

42 Fine Lots,

Near the International R. R. Depot,

For business houses and residences, will be sold cheap, and on terms to suit purchasers.

—ALSO—

1 Seven Acre Tract,

On Presa street, suitable for a dairy farm. Water plentiful.

—ALSO—

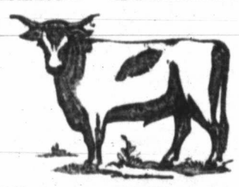
Four Fifty Acre Tracts,

Near the head of the river. Finest land for cultivation in the county. Apply to

J. H. COPELAND,

Agent for John Larralere, may26 3m Office, Devine Building

ELLIS ROBERTS'



Meat Market,

Old Postoffice Building, Soledad St.

Branch Market,

Corner Laredo and Navarro Streets.

All Meats Kept On Ice.

Keeps the CHOICEST MEATS to be found in the city. PRICES REASONABLE. jun5-tf

NOTICE OF TRUSTEES SALE!

WHEREAS, August Peleton and Felecite Fanson Peleton, his wife, of the county of Bexar and state of Texas, for the purpose of securing the payment of their certain promisory note for the sum of $300, in favor of Fritz Jagge, dated at San Antonio Texas, August 14th, 1877, due twelve months after date, did convey to N. A. Young in trust, by deed duly recorded in the records of Bexar county, in book vol. No. 6, on pages 439 and 440, all that tract and parcel of land lying and being in the county of Bexar, state of Texas, about 14 miles south of the city of San Antonio, on the south side of the Medina river, being one of the sub-divisions of the Domingo Loseyo, beginning at the northwest corner of this tract, and the southwest corner of a tract in the name of M. Carillo out of said Loseyo, league; thence south 65¾° east 400 varas; thence north 24¾° east 237 varas; thence south 65¾° east 720 varas; thence south 24¾° west 5,837 varas; thence north 65¾° west 720 varas; thence north 24¾° east 5,500 varas to beginning. For more particular description of said property reference is hereby made, and

WHEREAS, the said Peleton and wife have made default in the payment of said promisory note when the same became due and payable—

Now, therefore, know all men by these presents, that in consequence of the refusal of the said trustee N. A. Young to further act in the premises, and I, Wm. H. Young, having been appointed as substitute trustee by Fritz Jagge the beneficiary in said deed of trust, that I, Wm. H. Young, substitute trustee as aforesaid, acting by direction of the said Fritz Jagge, will proceed to sell the aforesaid property and premises to the highest bidder for cash, within lawful hours, before the court house door of Bexar county on

Saturday, the 9th Day of July, 1881.

and will make, execute and deliver to the purchaser, in the name of the said August Peleton and Felecite Fanson Peleton, his wife, good and sufficient warrantee deeds to the same.

Wm H. YOUNG, Substitute Trustee. San Antonio, June 18, 1881. d-tu

$1000 REWARD

For any case of Bleeding, Itching, Blind, or Protruding Piles that Dr. Bigg's Pile Remedy fails to cure. Prepared by J. P. MILLER, M. D., Phila. Pa. Sold by druggists. Sold by druggists.

F. FERNANDEZ,

Live Stock Commissioner

OFFICE AT GUEYDAN & BRO.,

San Diego, Duval County, Texas.

DoHy N. Frazar,

Real Estate Agt.

Soledad St., Devine Block, Room No. 1.

Land sold on monthly installments. Money to Loan. jy1 june 9 1y.

Pure Water!

WELL BORING & DRILLING.

The latest improved and best machines in the World for BORING AND DRILLING WELLS by HORSE or STEAM POWER. Catalogue Free. LOOMIS & NYMAN, TIFFIN, OHIO.

DRESSED

Texas Furs

In 10 different kinds. Also ANGORA goatskins, Lace-leather, Sheepskins, Oil-dressed Buckskins, Morocco, Linings, Apron-leather, Plasterer's hair, etc., etc. Manufactured and for sale by H. Haubold, South Laredo street, San Antonio, Texas, within 300 yards of Military Plaza. dec17-tf 1054 ..... Established 1054

ABRAM S. SMITH, EDMUND D. ROBINSON. T. W. FAWCETT,

SMITH, FAWCETT & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS IN

Hides, Wool and Skins,

61 Cliff Street. NEW YORK.

P. O. BOX 4166. jy3-1y.

INTERNATIONAL

(LONE STAR)

ROUTE.

I. & G. N. R. R., M. K. & T. R'Y CO. LESSEES.

Between the

The Gulf and the Lakes.

The Direct Line

—FROM—

Galveston, Houston, San Antonio, Austin and Hearne,

To all Points in the

NORTH, NORTH-WEST, NORTH-EAST, and SOUTH-EAST.

BY THE COMPLETION OF THE

Missouri Pacific Extension

FROM DENISON TO MINEOLA,

The traveling public is afforded the benefit of a new

DIRECT THROUGH ROUTE

To Sedalia, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Hannibal, Omaha, and all points in Kansas, Nebraska, the Territories and California. Passengers can take their choice of routes, either via this NEW LINE through the

"Beautiful Indian Territory,"

OR VIA THE

St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railway,

For St. Louis, Chicago, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, New York. Boston, Baltimore, Washington, Richmond, and to the

SUMMER RESORTS

—OF THE—

North, Northeast and Southeast.

CONTINUOUS CONNECTIONS AT

Little Rock, Ark., and Columbus, Ky., via Poplar Bluff, to all principal points in the Southeast, and in the Union Depot, St. Louis, with

Morning and Evening Express Trains

IN ALL DIRECTIONS.

Day and Night Trains each way Daily, by the following

NEW TIME CARD:

EXPRESS NORTH.			EXPRESS SOUTH.
L. 8 45 p. m.	L. 4.20 p. m.	GALVESTON,	A. 6.55 p. m.
L. 12 00 noon.	L. 7.15 p. m.	HOUSTON,	A. 4.25 p. m.
L. 7.00 a. m.	L. 1.40 p. m.	S