

TELEGRAPHIC. Associated Press Report.

Home and Foreign. DOMESTIC.

MONEY. GOLD. Galveston, Feb 2—Gold 104. New Orleans, Feb 2—Gold 105. New York, Feb 2—Gold 104.

WASHINGTON. YET ANOTHER ATTEMPT AT THE CAPITAL.

Washington, Feb 3.—The transfer of troops hence to Fort Monroe in connection with the proposed bill to increase the number of representatives from Louisiana under the new constitution, which was voted for by the House of Representatives two days in each session. Madox produced a letter addressed to Hon J. K. West, and another addressed to Daniel W. Donnelly, elector for Wisconsin, did not think that the proposed bill was in the interest of the country. He had that night when elected and when he voted for Texas. His official foe was two others in each session.

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Dear Sir—Understanding the political condition of matters here, from association with both political parties, and a friend to the President and a Governor, I would not be considered a part of your duties to go to once to Washington, with a little delay as possible, and place before the President, and the pending dangers of the situation. Should you conclude upon a prompt action in the premises, allow me to commend you to Senator West, who is my friend, and with whom I will communicate. Yours very truly, J. MASON WELLS.

Dear Senator—I regret much not seeing you when here. I wanted to say much to you, which would be at least important to put on paper. I trust, however, as the canvass is over, which is now upon us. Our duties as returning officers have augmented the desirability of your presence. I have not a moment to spare, as I am preparing the returns of the election. I am satisfied that if you could be present, it would be a great blessing to the people of the county. I will be glad to see you, and for which I will receive the gratitude of the whole people. Signed, U. E. GRANT, Executive Committee, Feb 2, 1877.

Washington, Feb 3.—The Electoral Commission Court has allowed the constitutional evidence. The question of its reception will be decided hereafter. Two hours were allowed for discussing whether the Commission shall confine itself to the matter of the election by the President of the Senate.

Washington, Feb 3.—Col. Henry G. Hunt has been appointed to fill the vacant seat of Charles G. Hays, a Republican elector of Michigan. He is not a citizen of the United States. He has been summoned by the Committee on Powers and Privileges.

The following is the President's message: To the Senate and House of Representatives: By the act of Congress approved Jan 14th, 1875, to provide for the redemption of specie payments, the 1st of January, 1875, is fixed as the date when such redemption is to begin. It may not be impossible to fix an earlier date when it should actually become obligatory upon the Government to redeem its outstanding legal tender notes in coin, on present prospects, but it is certainly most desirable, and will prove most beneficial, to every pecuniary interest of the country, when the gold coin shall have equal status. As a matter of fact, the gold coin and silver should retain equal value, and it might become advisable to authorize its direct redemption. I believe the time has come when the people ask of the legislative branch of the Government, that the most desirable result can be attained. I am strengthened in this view by the course taken in the last two years, and by the strength of the credit of the United States at home and abroad.

The actual excess of exports over imports for the six months, exclusive of specie and bullion, amounting to \$113,737,000, showing for the time being, the accumulation

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of specie and bullion in the country amounting to more than \$6,000,000, and in addition to the national product of these metals for same period, the total increase of gold and silver for the six months not far short of \$60,000,000. It is very evident that unless this great increase of the precious metals can be utilized in such a way as to make it an equal number remunerative to the holders, it must seek a foreign market as surely as would any other product of the soil, or of the manufacturer. Any legislation which will keep coin and bullion at home, will, in my judgment, soon bring about a practical resumption, and will, as the coin of the country, be the circulating medium, thus securing a healthy inflation of a sound currency, to the great advantage of every legitimate business interest.

The act to provide for the resumption of specie payments, authorized the Secretary of the Treasury to issue bonds of either of the descriptions named in the act. The act also provided that the Secretary should issue and sell the bonds in July, 1870, and that he should authorize the funding of the national debt, for not less than \$100,000,000. With the present value of the bonds, the Secretary has the means to issue bonds in the market for the purpose of funding the national debt, and at par for gold, thus strengthening the Treasury to issue four per cent bonds, with forty years to run before maturity, and to be exchanged for legal tender notes whenever presented, in sums of fifty dollars, or any multiple thereof, of the whole amount of such bonds, however, not to exceed \$50,000,000. The act further authorized the Secretary to issue legal tender notes in circulation to the amount of \$100,000,000.

A description by A. F. Dignowity. DEAR SIR:—You have kindly asked me to give you a brief description of Kinney county, Texas, to be used in a publication in which you are interested giving information to the people who may be in search of places to locate in the West. It is with pleasure I meet your request, and I shall attempt to describe to you the various features of Kinney county, as far as my observations of the past five years, and endeavoring to give you the most correct and reliable information.

KINNEY COUNTY. DEAR SIR:—You have kindly asked me to give you a brief description of Kinney county, Texas, to be used in a publication in which you are interested giving information to the people who may be in search of places to locate in the West. It is with pleasure I meet your request, and I shall attempt to describe to you the various features of Kinney county, as far as my observations of the past five years, and endeavoring to give you the most correct and reliable information.

THE REORGANIZATION OF THE SOUTHERN DEBTS. When the present state governments at the south were set up, the mass of men known as the "Democratic" almost completely disappeared in public affairs, were shut out from office, and in some states even from voting. At the same time a vast number of ignorant men were made voters for the first time; and, not knowing how to arrange a government for themselves, were forced to trust to some persons as knowing more than they did, were willing to be misled by the demagogues of the day, who were ready to take their late masters' part, and to repudiate their obligations to their creditors.

GRASS VALLEY. A perfect Eden, by nature, it is about four miles square, almost completely known as the "Democratic" almost completely disappeared in public affairs, were shut out from office, and in some states even from voting. At the same time a vast number of ignorant men were made voters for the first time; and, not knowing how to arrange a government for themselves, were forced to trust to some persons as knowing more than they did, were willing to be misled by the demagogues of the day, who were ready to take their late masters' part, and to repudiate their obligations to their creditors.

Arnold, the writing-fund man, has made \$1,000,000 by it. That's the sort of an ink-blot to have. It isn't so easy to get trust at the corner of most cities, even though the proprietors in most cases are of solid-lot origin. We can't cook for Sherman the latter feels like a teak on a water pipe. He doesn't know whether to hold on or throw off.

General Miles, the Indian fighter, was in 1863, a clerk in a Boston grocery store. He would have conquered the Indians long ago if he could have got Sitting Bull in a china shop.

THE WACO (TEX.)—Examiner tells of a man with "one bullet in his brain, and one in his head." This leaves a very unpleasant doubt in the reader's mind as to where the man carries his brain.

SINGULAR PHENOMENON—The man whose feet were so large that he had to put his pants on over his head, has a boy so low-legged that his breeches patterns have to be cut with a circular saw.

No artist, however skilled, has ever succeeded in capturing the expression on a full man's countenance as he goes by you at full speed and out of breath, in the hope of catching a departing ferry-boat.

THE IRISH WORLD of the 7th January comes to us with the opinions of the press and prominent men regarding its worth, beautifully engraved in card form, upon two large sheets. The World is a treasure to every Irishman, and is one of the best and largest-circulating journals in America.

"Yes, she's somebody's mother-in-law," said the old lawyer as he saw her set down a chair for herself with a crack, and stride into it, making a hair-line seam of her mouth, and lengthening her chin downward about an inch and a half. "Madame," he said, "she's a villain undoubtedly. How much attorney does your daughter wish to appropriate?"

When a girl has just graduated from the high school with a yearning for the unfeeling, a man who has money and belongs to the church may call on her assiduously and inquire after the health of her mother, but he stands no chance with the other person who wears a false shirt collar, but who looks sadly into his eyes and says that "this is a socialist's contemplation of animated particles."

WHAT IS A CAR LOAD. Nonnally a car load is 20,000 lbs. It is also 70 barrels of salt, 70 of lime, 90 of flour, 60 of whiskey, 200 sacks of four or four and a half bushels of wheat, 400 of oats, 60 of head of hogs, 70 to 100 head of sheep, 9000 feet of solid boards, 17,000 feet of siding, 13,000 feet of flooring, 40,000 shingles, one-half bushel hard lumber, four or five less green lumber, one-tenth of joists, scantling, and all other large timbers, 340 bushels of wheat, 400 of oats, 60 of head of hogs, 70 to 100 head of sheep, 9000 feet of solid boards, 17,000 feet of siding, 13,000 feet of flooring, 40,000 shingles, one-half bushel hard lumber, four or five less green lumber, one-tenth of joists, scantling, and all other large timbers, 340 bushels of wheat, 400 of oats, 60 of head of hogs, 70 to 100 head of sheep, 9000 feet of solid boards, 17,000 feet of siding, 13,000 feet of flooring, 40,000 shingles, one-half bushel hard lumber, four or five less green lumber, one-tenth of joists, scantling, and all other large timbers, 340 bushels of 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THE PROPERTIES OF COGNAC BRANDY

[From the Popular Science Monthly.] Cognac brandy is at first a colorless liquid, but it gradually acquires a pale yellow or amber color from the oak in which it is kept for aging. With its natural appearance, however, it never appears to the consumer; public taste having become vitiated to the extent of requiring a rich brown or black color, which is imparted to it by the addition of a little red sand which is used for coloring. The ingredients are alcohol and water and small quantities of volatile oil, acetic acid, tannin, etc., and, as it reaches the consumer, coloring matter. The quantity of alcohol varies from 48 to 55 per cent, the latter being the standard strength, or "proof." It is generally imported into England at 1 to 3 over proof, but the strength is lessened by age, so that, when taken from bond for sale, it seldom exceeds 3 or 4 under proof. The quality of the brandy depends not, as may be generally supposed, on the quantity of alcohol it contains, so much as on the minor constituents, notably the essential ether, from which it derives its distinctive smell and flavor. This fact becomes apparent when it is reflected, that, while brandy, as it is well known, improves with age, it loses thereby a part of its alcoholic strength. The very finest brandies, in fact, average from 5 to 10 under proof, and never rise above 3 under proof. In this connection one or two interesting facts may be noted. It has already been stated that the grape from which the best Cognac brandy is obtained yields at least an inferior wine. Now, the best wine-making grapes contain a comparatively large proportion of sugar, which varies from 12 to 36 per cent, and it is the sugar that, in fermentation, is converted into alcohol. The folle-blanche, however, contains a relatively small quantity of sugar, or only about 7 or 8 per cent. Again, the riper the grape the more sugar it will contain; but experience has taught the vine-dressers of the Deux Charentes that, if their grapes are allowed to thoroughly ripen, the brandy produced is stronger, but proportionally inferior in quality. So that all the facts lend confirmation to the statement just made.

STONEWALL JACKSON AND HIS CHUM.

One of the strangest anomalies of Jackson's likings was his affection for General J. E. B. Stuart. Two men more directly opposed to each other could not have been found in the South. Stuart was as fond of a song and dance as he was of a raid round the enemy's camp. Even when a lieutenant general he was often seen riding at the head of his column with a soldier by his side, picking the adventures of the "Arkansas traveler" out of an old-fashioned banjo. Nothing could be more absurd or incongruous than this remarkable instrument, associated always with break-downs and double-shuffles, borne at the head of a fierce body of cavalry, then out its way it may be, on an excursion fraught with the destruction of an army. It was a common occurrence for Stuart to stop at Jackson's headquarters, on his return from his military expeditions and spend the night with him, turning into the same bed.

Now Jackson, with all his military hardihood and self denial, found great pleasure in having sheets to his bed, and generally tried to secure those desirable appendages whenever he slept under a tent; a luxury very few of the confederate army enjoyed.

On one occasion, Stuart, returning late to camp from a long ride, went to Jackson's headquarters, and, without awakening the general, crawled into the bed, all booted and spurred as he was, and soon was fast asleep. In the morning Jackson awoke early and was deluging himself with cold water, of which he was very fond, when he was joined by Stuart.

General Stuart cried, Stonewall, greeting him affectionately, and speaking in the interval of a vigorous rubbing with coarse towel. General Stuart, when always glad to see you, very glad; always like to have you come and stay with me when you like. But, General Stuart, I want it distinctly understood, hereafter, that you are not to ride me all night, like a cavalry horse, with your spurs." - New Orleans Picayune.

**Physicians.**  
**DR. POWHATAN JORDAN,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON  
Having personally examined the late Antonio...  
Office - At Adolph Dreier's Drug Store.

**DR. R. C. CAMPBELL,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON  
Office - At Adolph Dreier's Drug Store.

**DR. EDWARD BENNETT,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON  
Office - At Adolph Dreier's Drug Store.

**DR. R. L. Graves,**  
County Physician.

**VETERINARY SURGEON.**  
MR. THOMAS BAXTER, late Veterinary Surgeon of the U. S. Cavalry, having located in San Antonio, offers his professional services to the public of San Antonio and Western Texas.

**DR. DAVIDSON'S Arrival in New Orleans.**  
DR. SYDNEY DAVIDSON, of New Orleans, La., has just arrived in San Antonio, Tex., and is practicing his profession at 9 Rampart Street, Below Canal.

**Nervous Diseases.**  
Relief to all Sufferers  
Dr. Davidson has been specially and successfully successful in his treatment of Nervous Diseases.

**Notaries Public.**  
Edward Miles, Notary Public, Bexar Co., San Antonio, Tex.

**Notary Public.**  
AT MAVERICK'S LAND OFFICE.

**Accommodation Hack.**  
At the Central Hotel. Always ready to carry passengers to Pleasanton, Marion or any other point, at reasonable rates.

**J. Sweeney,**  
FASHIONABLE

**Boots and Shoe MAKER.**  
Makes to order and keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of Home-Made Work, at prices to suit all.

**WIGS AND MASQUERADE DRESSES.**  
No. 5. Charbon Street.

**MILLINERY.**  
Berlin Zephyr Wanted.

**Professional Cards.**  
**WILLIAM EDMONDS,**  
Attorney at Law & Notary Public, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**H. WARD,**  
Attorney at Law and Notary Public, San Antonio, Texas.

**McLear & Callaghan,**  
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**SMITH & GROTHAUS,**  
Attorneys & Counsellors at Law, Office on Commerce street, between Main and Military, Texas.

**James G. Flisk,**  
Attorney at Law, Land and Claim Agent, San Antonio, Texas.

**JOHN E. OCHSE,**  
ATTORNEY AT-LAW, San Antonio, Texas.

**W. HOUSTON,**  
ATTORNEY AT-LAW, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**WALDNER & UPSOR,**  
Counsellors and Attorneys, Office over store of Mr. A. Morris, corner Main and Cherry streets.

**THOMAS J. DEVINE,**  
Attorney and Counselor at Law, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**Shook & Dittmar,**  
LAWYERS, No. 3. Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**Foris & Robinson,**  
ATTORNEYS AT-LAW, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**ALEX. L. LUCAS,**  
Architect and Surveyor, Office - Over Bennett & Lockwood's Bank, San Antonio, Texas.

**L. ARMOUR & WHEELLOCK,**  
Architects and Superintendents, Office - Over Bennett & Lockwood's Bank, San Antonio, Texas.

**JAMES P. ALLEN,**  
Surveyor & Civil Engineer, Office - Over Bennett & Lockwood's Bank, San Antonio, Texas.

**CONTRACTORS & BUILDERS.**  
S. MYE & L. ARMOUR, Office and shop, Commerce street, next to Bennett's Hotel, San Antonio, Texas.

**Grocers.**  
ANOTHER VICTORY!

**The Best Flour.**  
Introduced into this market in 1866 by **H. Grenet.**  
FIRST PREMIUM AWARDED  
**E. O. STANARD & CO.**  
AT THE TEXAS STATE FAIR.

**H. Kloeke,**  
Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer, PROCURES LOANS.

**H. P. Howard & Co.**  
Real Estate Agents, San Antonio, Texas.

**The Celebrated BRILLIANT HIGH FLAVOR.**  
FOR SALE BY **H. Grenet.**

**Astral Oil.**  
Dealer in **F. GUILBEAU.**

**REAL ESTATE - REAL ESTATE - REAL ESTATE**  
Liquors.

**Plasters, Laths.**

**ROBIN,**  
Roofing Tin, Solder Sheet-Iron & Wires.

**Fresh Flour,**  
From St. Louis.

**250 Sacks Coffee.**  
THE HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR COUNTRY PRODUCE.

**DR. BUTTS' DISPENSARY.**

**Star Oil Peerless**  
Wagner & Hummel's.

**MARRIAGE SECRETS.**

**Real Estate Agents.**  
**D. W. Heard**  
Does a general Land & Collection Business.

**H. P. Howard & Co.**  
Real Estate Agents, San Antonio, Texas.

**Banking Houses.**  
**JOHN TWOMB & CO.,** SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**Bankers.**  
**GROOS & CO.,** SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**Bankers.**  
**BANKERS,** AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

**C. Bain & Co.'s**  
Good Drivers, Texas and Foreign Coaches.

**CONCHOS**  
JUST RECEIVED.

**Star Oil Peerless**  
Wagner & Hummel's.

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**Star Oil Peerless**  
Wagner & Hummel's.

**Hotels.**  
**Central HOTEL**  
South Side Main Plaza.

**Business Part of the City.**

**Alameda House,**  
Alameda Street, San Antonio, Texas.

**A CAMP YARD AND STABLES ATTACHED TO THE HOTEL ELISE VOLKMER,**  
J. D. HULLMANN.

**MARK THESE FACTS**  
The Testimony of the Whole World.

**Holloway's Pills**  
Diseases of the Kidneys.

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**Business Agents.**  
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MOSS WEIR, REAL ESTATE STOCK

Information to strangers gratuitously and gladly given.

See Sale. A large list of ranches, plantations, farms and improved lands...

1000 acres land in Alamo Co. for sale cheap. 400 acres land in Alamo Co. for sale cheap...

For Rent. Store, suitable for drugs, fancy groceries, or both. Store in good location, to be used as a dry goods, clothing, books and shoes, or hardware...

Stock. 2000 graded sheep, wanted, at my office. 60 very fine Vermont bucks for sale, all acclimated...

Miscellaneous For Sale. Good Ambulance, harness and span horses, complete for a trip, can be bought for \$125. Very cheap.

AT A SACRIFICE. One of the finest pieces of real estate in San Antonio, located on South Flores St. must be sold at a sacrifice.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT. Erysipelas and all inflammatory diseases yield to a diligent use of this powerful preparation.

Just received! No Smoking and No Drinking. Stores of every description, at manufacturers' prices, freight only added.

Burglars in Winter Goods can be had at A. Pennington & Son.

DAILY EXPRESS CITY NEWS

SUNDAY MORNING, Feby. 4, 1877.

The cars came to within two miles of the city last evening. A large number of the best class of novels at the library.

Mr. Bee Mueselman is moving into the store recently occupied by Cunningham & Edwards, which he purchased recently from Mr. Gullbeau.

Reports from the west say that everything is very quiet in that region. Mr. Cortina has concluded, as we hinted, that his reception on this side of the Rio Grande would be rather too warm.

At the CARINGO. The Templetons will present that beautiful and thrilling drama, the New Magellan, at the Casino, this evening.

Dr. Fisher having returned to the city, will resume his practice and can be found at his office on Houston street, nearly opposite the Vance House, during office hours—8 to 10 a. m., and 1 to 3 and 5 to 6 p. m.

The Dollar Store does not want to carry over any winter goods, and as their spring stock is already on the way from the Eastern markets, they are making reductions in prices in order to dispose of surplus stock.

Dr. Parson's of the Kerrville Sanitarium, will be at the Meager Hotel at noon Tuesday and Wednesday, the 6th and 7th inst., to meet parties who may wish to go up to the mountains, and also make arrangements with a number of invalids to go on a hunting and fishing excursion, early in next month.

John Pickett, brought to this city by the Deputy Sheriff of Guadalupe county, was brought before Justice Cotton yesterday. He is charged with assault and battery on the person of Charles Dittmar.

Wanted, by a first-class man, a farm of 100 to 200 acres, with some improvements, and within 5 to 7 miles of San Antonio.

"Millions in It"

VERY MYSTERIOUS CANARD

The Reported Suicide of Frank Williams

His Wife Says the News is too Good to be True.

INTIMATIONS AND INDICATIONS OF ATTEMPTED BLACKMAIL. WHAT WE LEARNED AFTER THREE DAYS' INVESTIGATION.

On Wednesday last the EXPRESS contained a brief mention of a report that Frank J. Williams had committed suicide at Austin, on Tuesday last, the 30th inst. Williams was taken to Austin, on the Friday previous, to appear as a witness in the United States court, against certain parties of this city charged with a violation of the internal revenue laws.

It is also reported that before leaving this city for Austin, Williams offered to "shape his testimony" favorable to the defendants for \$1,000, but whether or not there was any truth in the report our reporter was unable to learn.

The connection of the U. S. official and the physician with the affair, the intimation of attempted blackmail, and all the other points being considered, the case is a peculiar one indeed, and further developments will be awaited with interest, as the gentlemen directly interested in the cases are among our best known and most respected citizens.

In this connection, we will state that notices have been served upon forty or fifty persons, a number of them entirely out of business, ordering them to settle their revenue license for the years 1874, 1875, etc., under penalty of appearance before the Grand Jury of the United States Federal Court and default of property.

It seems strange that the internal revenue department, or its Texas branch, has been so slow to detect these misgivings or discrepancies. It is customary in this department to particularly enforce the law, and there is no branch of the government's civil service whose rules are more precisely stuck up to by the people in common than those of this department.

Could any clerk in the employ of Marshal Parnell have been so utterly regardless of his duties, or so bold in his audacity, as to omit from record the receipts of almost every whiskey and tobacco dealer in Bexar county? It is hardly possible to make such a conjecture. Yet we state facts, which we are ready to substantiate before any tribunal.

It must be remembered, that the fees of attorneys practicing before U. S. Federal Courts are very large, and it pays to "make" cases, whether convictions follow or not. The United States Attorney has made a fortune in his few years' practice, and it is believed there is a legal ring in Austin organized to prey upon the people of the State at large.

We have interested ourselves in this matter, knowing that the business men of San Antonio were above the stigma of evaders of any petty law. We have endeavored to find the reason for this extortion, and to fix the responsibility where it belongs.

STANDARD PHONOGRAPHY.

THE BEST SHORTHAND. Phonography is the best system of modern shorthand writing. It is based on an alphabet of the simplest distinct forms possible to represent the elementary sounds of the language.

Phonography is the best system of modern shorthand writing. It is based on an alphabet of the simplest distinct forms possible to represent the elementary sounds of the language. Employing these by a complete system of combinations and contractions, the ability is soon acquired to report a rapidly delivered speech. At the same time, pronunciation is learned in the most thorough manner.

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Large and Attractive LAND SALE!

A Rare Chance to Secure good Bargains for Homes in the City of San Antonio.

On Monday & Tuesday, February the 26th and 27th.

WE WILL OFFER FOR SALE AT AUCTION, WITHOUT RESERVE, FOR CASH IN U. S. CURRENCY THE FOLLOWING LOTS IN THE CITY:

- 1st—12 excellent building lots, 20x25, vacant, near Upper Labor Ditch, fronting on a public square, in very desirable locality.
- 2nd—50 building lots, 20x30 vacant, in the southeast part of city, near the new Valley Ditch.
- 3rd—42 building lots in eastern portion of the city, near the Railroad Depot. The lots are well situated and overlook the city.

No. 13 Commerce St. H. F. & W. H. YOUNG. The Dollar Store. THE MOST ATTRACTIVE STORE IN THE CITY

Polite and attentive Ladies and Gentlemen to wait on the Public. We will be pleased to show goods, and intend to make our Establishment the favorite resort of the buying public. Among the numerous articles comprising our stock are the following:

THE LARGEST VARIETY OF Trunks and Valises ever brought to this city. A beautiful assortment of Chronos and Looking Glasses at prices never known, Vases, Bohemian and French Glassware in endless variety, Fancy Articles of Laces, Albums, Silver plated Ware, Pocket and Table Cutlery.

SAN ANTONIO GUIDE

West Texas Directory.

Entered, according to act of Congress, in the year 1876, by GARZA & McKEOWN. In the Office of the Librarian of Congress, at Washington. The above entitled work is now in the press. To make it the most complete of any of the kind ever published, the only old school in the city.

Learn to use your book, pamphlet or document that will make the work a reliable medium of information to all persons visiting homes in our favored land. Arrangements are now being made for one of the largest business rooms in the city in which will be the office of the Guide and Directory, and where it will be to your advantage to add to your suggestions.

Wagner & Rummel

GROCCERIES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, TOBACCO, WOODENWARE, GLASSWARE. Lone Star Vinegar Factory. Black-Morse Tobacco Factory.

Amheuser Beer. STAR OIL. STAR OIL. STAR OIL. STAR OIL. STAR OIL. STAR OIL.

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# Supplement to Daily Express.

SUNDAY SUPPLEMENT.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SUNDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 4, 1877.

SUNDAY SUPPLEMENT.

## CHURCH DIRECTORY.

**PRESBYTERIAN:**  
First Presbyterian Church of San Antonio, corner Houston and Flores streets, Rev. J. W. Nell pastor. Sunday School 9 o'clock A. M., Morning Services 11 A. M., Evening Services 7 1/2 P. M., Lecture on Wednesday at 7 1/2 P. M.

**METHODIST EPISCOPAL:**  
Methodist Episcopal Church, Soledad street, north of Postoffice, Rev. Henry S. Thrall, pastor. Sunday School 9 o'clock A. M., Morning Services 11 A. M., Evening Services 7 1/2 P. M., Prayer meeting Thursday at 7 P. M.

**ST. MARK'S EPISCOPAL:**  
St. Mark's Episcopal Church, Travis Square, northeast of Vanes House, Rev. W. H. Richardson, Rector. Sunday School 9 o'clock A. M., Morning Services 11 o'clock A. M., Evening services 7 1/2 P. M.

**GERMAN-LUTHERAN:**  
Pastor, Rev. John Grosswiler, Morning Services at 10 o'clock. Religious instruction for children at 2 P. M. on Wednesdays at 8 o'clock.

**ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC:**  
First Mass, 7 A. M.; High Mass 10 A. M.; Vespers 4 P. M. English sermon by Father John, High Mass only, 10 A. M. The Pastor is absent.

**CATHEDRAL CATHOLIC:**  
First Mass 7 A. M.; High Mass 8 A. M.; Vespers 4 P. M. Spanish sermon by Father Nezas.

**ST. JOSEPH'S CHURCH (GERMAN):**  
Low Mass, 7:30 A. M.; High Mass and sermon 10 A. M.; Vespers 3:40 P. M.; Rev. N. Feltni, Mission Church.

**LAVACIA STREET, east of the Mission Store, Sabbath School half past nine, A. M.; Preaching at eleven, A. M.; and half past four, P. M.; James L. Woods, Pastor.**

**POLISH CATHOLIC:**  
High Mass only, 10 A. M. The Pastor is absent. No vespers.

**CONVENT:**  
First Mass 6:20 A. M.

**SYNAGOGUE:**  
Rev. M. Jacobs, Pastor, services every Friday evening, at 7 1/2 o'clock.

SOME of the Northern papers are interesting reading just now, for pretty much the same reason that post mortem examinations are interesting to surgeons. The New York Times of January 25th, gives us the important information that the "popular opposition to the compromise scheme is growing more manifest." "Mr. Coakling deserved the rebuke he got from Mr. Morton yesterday for trying to give the impression that the Republicans favor the measure." Wonder if the Times now regards the President as a Republican? That paper suggests in a style not very bland that "there is not a scintilla of authority for the measure in the Constitution; it is a degradation of the Supreme Court by selecting its members for political duties; and it is an invitation to fraud and sedition and threats of rebellion in the future." The Times of course commends Mr. Morton very highly, but it conveniently forgets that about a year ago Mr. Morton speechified in the Senate in this wise: "It seems to me that if we have got to refer this question to anybody it would be more satisfactory to refer it to the Supreme Court of the United States, and if you cannot do it in the character of the Supreme Court, then let your special tribunal be composed of judges of that court, and let them decide it, and decide it forthwith."

The New York Tribune, of January 24th, says: "To justify the transfer of the function of counting from the President of the Senate to this great unknown, some grave consideration should certainly be paid. But there is none." In view of such opinions on the part of the two great metropolitan papers who are rivals in the claim of being the mouthpieces of the National Republican party, and who were then assuming to give law to that party, and put the Republican cause on the right and Republican sheep on the left of their judgment seat, it is instructive, if not amusing, now to know that a Republican President, backed up by a Republican Cabinet and a Republican Department of Justice though there were many grave considerations that required the passage of the electoral bill, that it was entirely constitutional, and just about the thing the occasion required. It must be further interesting to those would-be oracles to know that a majority of Republican Senators, including the best lawyers voted for the bill, and that the House Republican caucus chose for one of the members of the Committee, George Hoar, one of the authors of the bill, over Eugene Hale, Blaine's "little nab," and Zach Chandler's son-in-law. These are only reminiscences, it is true, but they afford food for reflection.

## BADLY MIXED.

A VERY ARISTOCRATIC ENGLISH SCANDAL.—A DIVORCE SUIT THAT WAS SUDDENLY ABANDONED.

Mr. Labouchere's new English weekly Truth publishes, thinly veiled in the disguise of a domestic difficulty among certain Daimios in Japan, the particulars of a recent scandal in British "high life," which rather transgresses both the Morgant case and the Williams-Jolliffe case in shamelessness. Perhaps an American Journal may be allowed to present the truth under a still more transparent veil. The parties belong to the highest aristocracy of the realm. It seems that the earl of F., the head of a well-known Whig family and a man some 47 years of age, eloped with or three months ago with Lady P., the wife of Lord P., who holds a high position of trust in the queen's household. This was not exactly an unprecedented event

in English society. But Lord P.—having begun proceedings against the pair, Lady P.—has calmly informed her spouse that she has in her possession a package of letters written by him to a certain Mrs. T., of Cornwall, which reflects no particular credit upon his own theory and practice of conjugal fidelity. In this dead-lock, it is understood to have been decided that the best thing all concerned could do would be to pass a sponge over the past and try to do better hereafter. So Lord P.—is to take back his traitant wife and the Countess of F.—is to take back her errant husband. It is left in some doubt, however, whether Col. T.—, the husband of the lady whose correspondence served the purpose of Lady P.—so well, has been consulted in the negotiations. He is a military person, and Mrs. T.—is his second wife, married by him only six years ago. Lord P.—is a man just in his fortieth year, and Lady P.—is not very much younger. But she comes of a brilliant Irish race, as remarkable for beauty as for wit, and some of her kinswomen have preserved their powers of fascination to a very advanced age. It really is not easy in the face of such performances to see on what modern Englishmen base the claims they are so fond of making of a great moral superiority in the tone of English over continental society.

## JUDGE DAVIS SENATOR.

The Illinois legislature has performed two grand actions, for which the Commonwealth rejoices and gives thanks. It has retired the small man, John A. Logan, from the national senate. It has chosen the large man, David Davis, to fill the vacancy.

The defeat of Logan was a defeat of the worst partisanship. Logan was nothing but a partisan, and one whose character and instincts placed him with the reckless demagogues typified by Morton and Chandler and Cameron—men who place party above country, and stand ready at any time to sacrifice the public good to the advancement of their personal fortunes. Logan, Morton, Cameron, Spencer, Blaine, Robeson, Belknap, are men belonging in the same camp of partisan desperados, the fruits of whose existence in our political life have been whitey rings, Credit Moblier rings, Pacific Mail robberies, and public plundering of all imaginable kinds.

The appointment of Judge Davis is not a triumph of partisanship—that is, it is not a triumph of either of the party combinations labeled respectively "Republican" and "democrat." Politically, Judge Davis is one of the most truly independent men in America. The Creator gave him not only a great deal of brains but a great deal of conscience and a great deal of self-reliance. His opinions and judgments upon public questions are not the decrees of this or that caucus of expediency spoils-hunters; they are the opinions and judgments of David Davis, a man of brains, ideas and views based upon sincere convictions of truth and right.

Judge Davis has never worn the label "democrat." He was once called a "whig," and is still a whig in the meaning of that term which indicates one who by the still unended contest between king and parliament,—between an elective monarch and a representative legislature,—stands on the popular side. To the system of paternalistic despotism practiced by the slaveholding "democracy" he was uncompromisingly opposed. He therefore acted with its opponents and supported Mr. Lincoln for the executive office against both Douglas and Breckinridge. The intimate personal friend of Mr. Lincoln before his election, he continued to be his friend and supporter to the end of his life. But his friendship for Lincoln and his approbation of the general aim of the Lincoln administration, did not blind his judgment to the fact that the national constitution is "the supreme law of the land"—a law for rulers as well as for "people."—Chicago Times.

**ELECTRICITY TO CONTROL FRACTIOUS HORSES.**—French ingenuity has invented a method of controlling the most fractious horses without any exertion on the part of the driver. The horse of the future is not to be driven by ordinary reins, but by electricity combined with them. The scheme is to have under his seat an electric magnetic apparatus, which he works by means of a little handle. One wire is carried through the rein to the bit, and another to the crupper, so that a current once set up goes the entire length of the animal along the spine. A sudden shock will be severely awarded, stop the most violent runaway or the most obstinate jibber. The creature, however strong and however vicious, is at once transformed into a sort of inoffensive horse of wood, with the feet firmly nailed to the ground. Carefully enough the very opposite result may be produced by a succession of small shocks. Under the influence of these the vicious screw can be suddenly loosened with a vigor and fire indescribable. What is the effect upon the condition of the horse is not stated, but the Siege Congratulator M. F. Faucher upon "an invention equally original and salutary," and one which places in the hands even of an infant a power over the horse which is as sovereign as it is inevitable.—Home Journal.

The "eminently respectable citizen" is all right until he embezzles the funds of his bank, or runs off with his neighbor's wife. Such little irregularities seem to cause a suspension of public opinion as to his respectability for six, eight or twelve months, as the case may be, and after that he is just as respectable as ever.

## WILKES BOOTH'S DIARY.

(Washington Cor. New York Graphic.)  
A correspondent of the Graphic in spring, in writing of the assassination of Abraham Lincoln, attributed to Booth a desire to revenge, in killing the President, the death of his friend Beale, whom Mr. Lincoln had failed to pardon. In the Bureau of Military Justice is kept the diary found on Wilkes Booth when his dead body was captured. I have been permitted to copy some entries from this diary and requested to publish them in the Graphic in re-tribution of the supposed cause of his crime. This, I am told, has never before in print.

"April 14th, Friday, the 14th.—Until today nothing was ever thought of sacrificing to our country's wrongs. For six months we had worked to capture. But our cause being almost lost, something decisive and great must be done. But its failure was owing to others who did not strike for their country with a heart. I struck boldly and not as the papers say. I walked with a firm step through a thousand of his friends, was stopped, but pushed on. A Colonel was at his side. I shouted *sic temper* before I fired. In jumping broke my leg. I passed all his pickets, rode sixty miles that night with the bone of my leg tearing the flesh away at every jump. I can never regret it. Though we hated to kill, our country owed all her troubles to him, and God simply made me the instrument of his punishment. The country is not what it was. This forced Union is not what I have loved. I care not what becomes of me. I have no desire to outlive my country. This night, before the deed, I wrote a long article and left it for one of the editors of the National Intelligencer, in which I fully set forth our reasons for our proceedings. He or the South."

## A ONE-LEGGED ELOPER.

The following romantic story is told by the Albany Times of Friday evening last: "What there is about a man forty years old, with a wooden leg, to captivate the heart of a Massachusetts Yankee girl of 15, it is difficult to imagine. But Larkin Wilcox, who answers the description, succeeded in doing so, and they started away from Lancaster, Berkshire County, to be married. He told her that he was very wealthy, and owned large business blocks in Albany, where he resided, but owing to poor health he had come out in the country to work on a farm, to see if he could not get better. Wilcox was arrested, and it was discovered that he was formerly an engineer on the Boston and Albany Railroad, and lost his leg by an accident which happened while he was drunk. His residence in Albany was of ten months' duration, on the hill, for stealing. He was arraigned at Pittsfield, and pleaded guilty to enticing the young girl away for the purpose of marrying her against the consent of her guardian. He was sentenced to one year in State Prison, the lowest penalty allowed by the Massachusetts statute for the offense."

## A DREAMER'S DREAM.

A man in the prime of his life, living in this city, tells a story of the following effect: About a year or more ago he lost his wife by death, and was therefore left a widower. Time wore on, and grief at the loss wore off; but one night his former wife appeared to him in a dream in the form of an angel. The once beloved introduced to the solitary man a woman who she whispered to be his second wife. The face was a strange one, but the form and features were much impressed on the mind of the man. Several weeks passed on, but he failed to find a woman's face corresponding with the likeness he carried in his heart, until one day a fair one passed him in the street. The mystery was solved; the dream had partly come true—but the woman was a stranger! Time, however, works out such matters, and a few weeks after the twain met a party, became acquainted, and the sequel was that the dream was fully realized. The couple are now living in happiness at the Chaudiere.—Ottawa (Can.) Free Press.

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