

The Daily Express.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY AND
OFFICE OF SAN ANTONIO.

A. SIEMERING & CO., Publishers.

THURSDAY, AUG. 24, 1871.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

FOR CONGRESS—FIRST DISTRICT.
HON. G. W. WEITMORE,
of Smith county.

FOR CONGRESS—SECOND DISTRICT.
COL. A. M. BRYANT, of Grason.

FOR CONGRESS—THIRD DISTRICT.
GEN. W. T. OLARK, of Harris.

FOR CONGRESS—FOURTH DISTRICT.
HON. EDWARD DEGENER,
of Bexar County.

BLANK DEEDS
For Sale at this Office.

Caution!
We hereby warn everybody not to pay any money due to one E. F. Gosch, who for a short time acted as our agent, but failing to remit money collected, we hereby renounce any and all connections with him.

A. SIEMERING & CO.
112-71d&wt.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

The San Antonio Weekly Express is the appointed Official Organ for the 24th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Bexar and Wilson; also for the 25th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Medina, Uvalde, Bandera and Maverick.

The San Antonio Weekly Press is the appointed Official Organ for the 27th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Comal, Blanco, Kendall, Kerr and Gillespie.

Throckmorton is making a democratic speech but does not favor Conner.

QUEEN VICTORIA is quite sick—we mean ill.

Kearney was being held at Brownsville for murder on the 25th ult., Gov. Davis having refused to commute.

The cholera and Hancock threaten to inflict San Antonio. Our punishment is greater than we can bear.

Jack Hays is now in jail in Northern Texas, having been sentenced to the penitentiary for a number of years.

When Gen. Hancock goes back to Austin we suggest some one plug to him.

"Come back in this bosom my own stricken dove."

A small island in the Malay Archipelago was swept over by a wave from an earthquake and every living thing carried away. Dred five hundred lives were lost.

Hint to the Democracy is gaining the negro vote. Question—Are you a Hancock man? The answer, however, will often be, "No sah, I'm no democrat, I can read."

Gov. Davis was received with great enthusiasm at Navasota. He was received by a large delegation on horseback from the adjoining counties.

His Houston speech is an excellent campaign document.

A yellow one got a gentle kicking: "Do you take that," inquired an indignant friend. "Why, don't you see he has already given it to me, besides I am too dignified to pay any attention to what goes on behind my back," was the philosophical answer. Just so.

In New York they are agitating the question of the legality of Sunday markets, and as in many cases this city is presumed to that day, the bringing of the question of the legality of the contract, made and entered into on the Sabbath, is causing much excitement.

"With ten mother cows at \$5 per head, a prudent, careful man, who would give them proper attention, would be independent in ten years, in Texas, if he would settle in a good range, and still would have plenty of time to cultivate a small farm." Houston Telegraph.

The share of the certain localities and certain circumstances, but generally speaking it conveys a false impression. We have known good, honest, peaceful men to invest their entire available wealth in stock, and at the end of a few years to find themselves destitute of stock, for the reason that they had been swindled as thieves and buffies. Their neighbors systematically plundered them, and by degrees swindled the stock of the man who was unwilling to shoot the parties that were robbing him. We have known men to sell out their stock at a sacrifice because they were too conscientious to do as they had been done by and steal back.

The Democracy have had their hopes raised to an incredible high half a dozen times in as many years, and each time they have come to grief in a distressing and at the same time most amusing manner. They are now getting ready for another tumble; but before they crawl over the small attentions of the republican meeting, which would have been a very large one, had the weather permitted, had they not better rally Mr. Hancock's nomination.

TAXES.

Said Andy Johnson, before Presidential honors had turned his head, "when you hear a man always prating about the Constitution, with his hands behind his back, you know a man prating constitutionally about taxes and trying to create the impression that it is unjust to be taxed, or to make him well, he is a fraud. It does not require much effort to be able to prove this. This senseless howl of the 'Herald' has been going on in the ears of the people long enough, but when they howl, we know well enough what they mean by it. Now, the sober truth is, and it cannot be denied, that Texas, even under the new tax law, pays less taxes than any other State in the Union.

The fact is, that in many cities of the Union, as in Chicago, or New York, the municipal tax alone is greater than our State county and city tax put together. It is true that these cities are no criterion for us to go by, but it shows that with regard to taxes we have been spoiled. Before the war our tax was very small. The only purpose for which taxes were raised in those days was the payment of the State officials, every thing else was allowed to take its own course.

Who ever thought in those days to follow thieves and murderers, when they had once crossed the county line, and if they were captured, where could the jury be found that would convict them. The tax that the citizen was called upon to pay in those disgraceful days, was his own life and property. When the citizen was called on, he paid it, and there was the end of it. When this state of affairs became too outrageous, the result was a vigilance committee, by which one exile was sought to be remedied by another. At least one-half the present population of Western Texas will remember this state of affairs about ten or fifteen years ago, and how willing would they have been at that time to have obtained security for the diminutive tax of 1 of 1 per cent, if they could have been able to call upon some such defensive organization as the State Police.

In this immediate vicinity affairs have changed for the better, but in many other portions of the State, as for instance in the not very distant county of Karnas, despotism is by no means suppressed, and the police have their hands full to protect life and property. It is for this purpose that a portion of the taxes are raised. The effectuation of the State police is too generally, considered to need any additional comment at this time.

But let us return to the condition of affairs before the war. Was it not the pride of every Texan, in those days to have the inevitable six shooter, and bowie knife swinging to his, and was he not always ready, upon the slightest provocation, to shed blood? Will any one have the hardihood to say that this is the state of affairs that should exist in any country making any pretensions to civilization, and we should look upon any law as a blessing that tends to change this state of affairs, and how is it possible to enforce any law that tends in this direction, unless it be with a regularly organized police system.

Verily, the comparatively small amount that is paid to the State Police should not be grudgingly bestowed, it pays good interest to all citizens, irrespective of party. What effort was there ever made before the war to improve the public highways, or to build bridges across the unfordable rivers and creeks? It is true that there was a law by which a man could be compelled to improve the public roads a certain number of days in the year, but every body knows that it always remained a dead letter. The present road tax will not only be for the benefit of the common carrier, but goes to the advancement of trade in general. What is twenty-five cents on the hundred dollars, compared with the expense and delay of a broken wagon or the loss of a crippled animal, and the consequent delay to the merchant of his needed merchandise. Here then is another tax that should be levied, and against which no ground of complaint can be found. The heaviest item on the tax list is the school tax, and to this we will devote a separate article in a future issue.

General McKenzie's Scott.

Latest advice from General McKenzie's scout places his command, on the 13th instant, in the vicinity of Antelope Hills, in the Pan Handle of Texas. It is reported also that instructions from the War Department direct him not to penetrate into the Indian Territory.

Thus far shall they go but no farther. The "humanitarian" influence seems to prevail among the officials at Washington. It is all right for these scoundrels to rally forth from their secret hiding places and commit murder, rapine and violence on the unprotected dwellers of the prairie—and his themselves back to their Reservation unmolested. Yes, you may pursue them at a small pace and make a specimen show of retaliation, but no blood of those gentle (?) savages must ever stain the soil of their sacred territory.

A nervous acquaintance intimates that we will have our editorial head punched, or perhaps even be hushwaked by the chivalry, if we should continue to ventilate the scolded flesh of certain prominent democrats. This is by no means unlikely, but there is, nevertheless, no necessity of anybody standing on ceremony, so far as we are concerned. In the words of an Irish poet we say:

Come in the evening,
Come in the morning,
Come when you suit,
Come without warning,
For welcome.

We publish the following anonymous correspondence with the remark that many of our city officials do not desire any vindication of their course, and that the change of the city administration, look for some time to come, will be a relief to the people.

I have for some time observed that one of our daily papers indulged in frequent attacks upon our present city administration, and that the other one does not seem to have much to say in their favor. I admit that it is rather refreshing in these dry times to read, for instance, "we call the attention of tax-payers to the fact that you are paying much higher taxes than ever before, and yet your taxes do not pay half the amount that your Mayor and his associates squander;" or, "come, Thielopape, old fellow, tell us how does you have run the city into debt;" and to know all the time that these and similar slanders come from the very men who governed this city for years, who "sold" the lands of the city to themselves and friends, who never spent any money upon any improvements worth mentioning, but spent proceeds of lands and taxes and all, and then left the city in debt. But if such attacks are always passed over in silence, innocent persons in our midst, as well as outsiders, might in the end suppose them to be well-founded, and for this reason I propose to say a few words on the subject.

Our present Mayor as well as Aldermen hold office, as everybody knows by appointment, but although it would be desirable that we should elect our own officials, still Gov. Davis might have appointed worse men, I dare say, than he did in this instance. They have occasionally blundered, I suppose, but they evidently mean to do what they conceive to be right. They have paid off debts contracted by former administrations, amounting in the aggregate to not much less than forty thousand dollars; and if any one will call at the Mayor's office he can convince himself of the fact. They have substantially improved a number of our principal streets. They have erected two first-class iron bridges, etc.—all without levying higher taxes than those customary when they came into office, and when such improvements were things unheard of. And the city is rated "well" and "just now, as being," I am told, nearly twenty thousand dollars; it is because the administration placed a larger sum at the disposition of the Board of Education, for this year, than they ought to have done in any one year, but not because they have "squandered."

Suchly these facts would seem to prove that the present administration has so far been an honest one—and that is a very great deal, as times go. Not long since it was found necessary to again levy, for the present year, a special tax of one-fifth of one per cent, to meet the expense caused by the so-called railroad-commission suits; the administration, I remember, were blamed by many for employing in said suits the firm of Davis & Murphy, at a fee of \$5000 while in the State courts, and of \$3000 more should they be carried to the United States courts; they employed said firm in preference to all legal firms located here, some of whom have justly acquired a high reputation, merely because it was known that several of them were interested in said suits, while it was not sufficiently known to which of them were interested, and the result so far proves that if it was prudent to employ legal talent out of our city, the selection of the firm of Messrs. Davis & Murphy, was not a bad one. As to the fee, I venture to assert that a fee of from five to eight thousand dollars, where something like three hundred thousand are involved, will seem very reasonable indeed to any one having experience in such matters, and it will appear like a mere trifle if, as I hope, the present administration succeed in their endeavors to rid the city finally and forever of that gigantic fraud. Finally, blunders of minor matters, but, having mentioned the two principal features distinguishing the administration, viz: their evident desire to invest every surplus dollar in substantial improvements, and their efforts to rid us of that three hundred thousand dollar lawsuit, I deem it unnecessary to say more; for, after all, the present administration, although continuously attacked by one paper and but feebly defended by the other, is nevertheless favorably looked upon by a very great majority of the thinking part of our population. There are some of course who delight in blaming everything and everybody, but the continuous cry against the administration comes mostly from those who despise it because it is a good one, an administration which has so far successfully defended, and is striving further to defend, the interests of our city against these defamers and their followers.

Items of Interest.

Chas. Fechter has purchased a New York Theatre for \$200,000.

The Brazilian Chamber of Deputies has passed the emancipation act to its second reading.

There has been made President of the French Republic for the next three years.

The surgeons of Jersey city are puzzled about the case of a man, who was thrown from a wagon and his neck broken and whose death they predicted in a few hours. His entire body with the exception of his head is paralyzed, the rest of his body is practically dead. It is thought, now, that he may recover entirely.

The railroad conductors give Jeff a wide berth.

The sale of newspapers has commenced in the streets of Berlin.

A case of Asiatic cholera has appeared in London and occasioned considerable alarm.

There are in New Haven, Conn., 374 manufacturing establishments.

The growth of wool in Australia is increasing every year.

An immense school of muskell has struck the coast near Halifax, Nova Scotia.

Texas News.

The ovation to Governor Davis at Houston was a grand success, although the weather was unfavorable, there were ten thousand people in front of the court house door and the procession was over half a mile long.

The Governor's speech was tremendously applauded.

At Groesbeck, a man by the name of Clair shot another by the name of Tom Carty, killing him instantly. Much dejection is experienced by the neighborhood.

"Reading" Democratic meetings are reported in various parts of the State. They have the effect of arousing the republicans.

THE World-Best ELIAS HOWE

SEWING MACHINES

ARE LEADING ALL OTHERS.

SALES FOR 1870

Larger than any other Sewing

Machines manufactured in the United States.

THE

HOWE Sewing Machines

Received the Cross of the Legion of Honor and Gold Medal at the

Paris Exposition, in 1867,

And the Gold Medal at Amsterdam Exhibition, in 1869.

And have invariably obtained the Highest Honor at all the great exhibitions; also, received, successively, the highest Premiums at our Texas State Fairs, in

1870 AND 1871.

The "HOWE"

is the most durable, simplest, most complete in all its parts, uses the shortest and smallest needle, for the same sized thread, than any other machine, which is far less liable to break; it is so perfect in all respects that with ordinary care, it will last a life-time without repair.

THEREFORE SELECT

"Elias Howe's"

NEWLY IMPROVED

FAMILY SEWING MACHINE

which for simplicity and superiority of mechanism, beauty and excellence of stitch, economy of thread, strength of seam and variety of work is unsurpassed by any other machine.

It will sew, quilt, gather, hem, fell, cord, braid, bind, and perform every species of sewing, plain and ornamental, making a beautiful and perfect stitch, called the "Howe" Lock Stitch, which is formed by two threads, one upon each side of the material, sewed and locked together in the centre, forming an elastic seam, and presenting the same appearance on both sides.

A stitch of this character commends itself as especially appropriate for sewing woven material, and if suitable thread be used the seam will prove as strong and elastic as the fabric itself.

At the present time no less than 400 Machines are turned out daily, and each and every one is guaranteed perfect, and made of the best material.

We have constantly on hand a full assortment of these celebrated Machines.

Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

Caution.

Observe our

MEDALLION TRADE MARK,

LIKENESS OF

"ELIAS HOWE, JR."

embedded in each Machine, as none are genuine without it.

NORTON & DEUTZ,

No. 18 Commerce Street,

San Antonio,

Texas,

General Wholesale & Retail Agents, 19-71d&wt

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN ANVIL

18 COMMERCE ST.

NORTON & DEUTZ,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

HARDWARE

CUTLERY,

Agricultural Implements,

LEATHER AND FINDINGS,

Window Glass,

PAINTS AND OILS.

ROPE AND TWINE,

ARMS, POWDER,

AMMUNITION, LAMPS.

SORGHO MILLS,

Evaporators,

Threshers & Horse Powers,

CHURCH AND FARM BELLS,

Manufactured by

Blymer, Norton & Co.

For Sale by Norton & Deutz, Agents.

STRAUB'S

QUEEN OF THE SOUTH

Flour and Corn Mills,

For sale by Norton & Deutz, Agents.

COLEMAN'S MILLS,

For sale by Norton & Deutz, Agents.

NORTON & DEUTZ, Agents.

JAMES ZEPPEL'S CELEBRATED

WATER WHEELS.

Norton & Deutz, Agents.

WILDER'S

FIRE and BURGLAR PROOF SAFES

For sale by

NORTON & DEUTZ, Agents.

NOW RECEIVING

The well and favorably known

Gillet's Steel Brush

COTTON GIN.

BROOK'S REVOLVING

Cotton Press,

For sale by Norton & Deutz, Agents.

SEWING MACHINES.

We are prepared to convince the public generally, that the

HOWE

SEWING MACHINE

Will sew as well as any other

First Class Machine,

That it is

SIMPLER

In its construction and

STRONGER

Consequently the most

DESIRABLE

Family Sewing Machine.

Sold by

NORTON & DEUTZ,

Agents, 19-71d&wt.

Local Intelligence

Arrival and Departure of Mails

Arrives: COLUMBUS. Departs: Daily except Tuesday Daily except Sunday by 5 a. m. at 4 p. m.

A NEW family carriage, suitable for one or two horses; also, a new Concord buggy, for sale cheap by DEATS & SHARDEIN.

See advertisement of Dr. Butts' Dispensary, headed "Book for the millions" MANAGER GUIDE—in another column.

TRUTH.—The powers of Mrs. Whitcomb's Syrup for children are as positive as the sunlight from heaven, and gentle as the softening of an angel's whisper.

NON-JAMES P. NEWCOMB will arrive in San Antonio next Friday.

THE soldiers at this post play base ball, they are the best base ballers in the country.

THE MAN that goes to market late will learn the truth of the proverb that "it is the early bird that catches the worm."

ROAD MEETING.—Gov. E. S. Stockdale will address the citizens of Bexar County at Fremont's Hall on Thursday evening at half past 8 o'clock.

WE HAVE received an invitation (beautifully printed in gilt letters) to attend a party to be given by a young man's club at Muesch Hall on Friday evening August 25th.

THE WEATHER is very warm and hazy; everybody in a melting mood. We heard an old German gardener who is well posted in such matters, tell a man on the plaza with whom he was trading "go to hell" but it has not done so yet.

MUCH to the astonishment but gratification of their friends, the two men scalded at the Menger brewery were found much improved yesterday. The swelling in the face of John Schmidt, the Pole, whose case is the most critical, has disappeared and he is able to drink such liquids as the physicians prescribe.

Diabolical.—Yesterday afternoon, during our absence, some unknown person left a suspicious-looking box, with a note addressed to the editor, on our table. Upon examination, the box was found to contain cigars and the note directed that one should be occasionally administered to the devil in order to facilitate his dreams.

THERE has not been a case of yellow fever in New Orleans this season.

The Galveston News and the Austin Gazette are reading each other out of the party.

THE Herald used to call Alderman Moore "Kaupmann's nigger." It is Mr. Mooney now. As the Herald says "we have our suspicions."

MISADVENTURE SEVERALS.—The Democrats of Attacosa county have held a mass meeting and have "resolved" to roll up a democratic majority, and "to sound the death knell of radicalism."

There has been a desperate fight at Homer, Angelus county, between Bonner, Sr., member of the legislature, and his two sons on one side, and Fayette Drumm and W. B. Carter on the other.

"Davy Crockett's grandson is an Indiana pea-nut merchant."—Exchange. We would suggest the propriety of his coming to San Antonio and establishing a "stand" in the Alamo Plaza.

Dickens Caricature Us

Five weeks ago, repeated the Colonel thoughtfully, as he took his seat upon the table and swung his legs. "Now let me ask you, Sir, which of Mr. Dick's articles had become at that time the most obnoxious to the British Parliament and the Court of St. James?"

"Queen Victoria went shak in her royal shoes at all when she hears to-morrow named—" "She won't be taken with a cold chill when she realizes what's being done in these diggings—" "Well, Sir, I tell you this—there ain't a engine with its boiler but in God Almighty's free United States so fixed and nipped and frizzled to almost a mere smudge as that young critter in her inextricable tangles in the Tower of London will be when she reads the next double extra Waterloos Gazette."

The enterprise of the Herald has disclosed the fact that Woodhull & Claflin's French and sent him their paper. Every monarch and potentate in Europe and all the prominent attaches of their several governments have been constant readers. It was not without cause that Kaiser Wilhelm prohibited our circulation within his realm.

"You are as wise as powerful" is the editorial language addressed to a monarch for whom Messrs. Woodhull & Claflin express "the greatest respect and admiration." The resolutions of the "Cosmopolitan Conference" in favor of the Commune and "our brother and co-worker Henri Rochefort" should be printed without a word of dissent in the same number, certainly shows a magnanimity which the ex-Emperor will doubtless appreciate.

By authority of a special Act of the Legislature of Kentucky of March 13, 1871, the Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky will give a

GRAND GIFT CONCERT AT LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1871.

Under the direction of the best Musical talent that can be procured.

Tickets of Admission \$10 Each, Currency; Half Tickets \$5, Quarter \$2.50.

Each ticket will have attached to it four coupons of the denomination of \$2.50 each. The holder of an entire ticket will be entitled to admission to the Concert and to the whole amount of the gift awarded to it by lot.

\$550,000 in Greenbacks

Table listing prizes: ONE GRAND GIFT OF \$50,000, ONE GRAND GIFT OF \$20,000, One Gift of \$10,000, etc.

FREE LIBRARY IN LOUISVILLE, TO BE CALLED The Public Library of Kentucky.

The Concert and Distribution will take place under the immediate supervision of the Trustees named in the act of incorporation, who are as follows:

- TRUSTEES: E. Bramlette, late Gov. of Kentucky; Henry Waterson, Editor Courier-Journal; W. N. Halldeman, Pres. Courier-Journal Co.; Benjamin Casseday, of Daily Commercial; Geo. F. Doorn, Proprietor Anzeiger.

Officers of the Public Library of Kentucky:

- W. T. DURRETT, President; M. W. KLUSSKY, Secretary; W. N. HALDEMAN, Vice-President; CITIZENS' BANK, Treasurer.

A liberal discount will be allowed when 100, 500, or 1,000 tickets are purchased in a lot.

MANNER OF DRAWING:

There will be two glass wheels. One wheel will contain 100,000 numbers, plainly printed on leather tags. The other wheel will contain 721 boxes, each containing a gift.

Gifts will be sent on presentation of tickets drawing such gifts the second day after drawing.

Persons desirous of acting as agents for the sale of tickets in any city in the United States or Canada, address

CHAS. R. PETERS, Manager, Louisville, Ky. Office, 130 Main Street, between 1st and 2nd Sts.

The following is a specimen of "poetry" not infrequently sent to your "Inimitable paper," with a request to publish: "The sweet to man who's morning light Resounds along the deep; When the gentle song of the woodbine bright Hushes the rocks to slumber; When the shrill of the moon's pale beams Rolls up the mountain blue And the steed neighs out his glittering about, To wait, to wait, to whoo."

NOTICE

Will be sold at Public outcry, to the highest bidder, for cash—United States Currency—on Monday, September 25th, 1871, the balance stock of Merchandise on hand belonging to the late firm of Peter J. Gallagher & Co., at Fort Stockton, Freestone county, Texas.

Reuben Richards, Formerly of company A, 1st Texas Cavalry, is requested to call at the office of the office of the San Antonio Express, with his discharge papers.

Frank Trees, Evergreens, &c. A large and choice collection of Apple, Pear, Peach, Nectarine, Apricot, Quince, Almond, Chestnut and other trees: Small fruits, Roses, Ornamental shrubs, Shade Trees, New and rare Evergreens, &c., &c. For catalogues, and prices apply to WM. WATSON, Rosedale Nurseries, near Brenham, Texas.

SPECIAL PREMIUM. Will be given by Reed & Mather at the Fair in September, to the Lady exhibiting the best specimen of sewing done on the Singer Machine.

A solid Mahogany folding top, inlaid with pearl and silver trimmed New Family Machine, now on exhibition at REED & MATHERS, 69 Commerce Street.

\$1,000,000!

By authority of a special Act of the Legislature of Kentucky of March 13, 1871, the Trustees of the Public Library of Kentucky will give a

GRAND GIFT CONCERT AT LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, ON TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1871.

Under the direction of the best Musical talent that can be procured.

Tickets of Admission \$10 Each, Currency; Half Tickets \$5, Quarter \$2.50.

Each ticket will have attached to it four coupons of the denomination of \$2.50 each. The holder of an entire ticket will be entitled to admission to the Concert and to the whole amount of the gift awarded to it by lot.

\$550,000 in Greenbacks

Table listing prizes: ONE GRAND GIFT OF \$50,000, ONE GRAND GIFT OF \$20,000, One Gift of \$10,000, etc.

FREE LIBRARY IN LOUISVILLE, TO BE CALLED The Public Library of Kentucky.

The Concert and Distribution will take place under the immediate supervision of the Trustees named in the act of incorporation, who are as follows:

- TRUSTEES: E. Bramlette, late Gov. of Kentucky; Henry Waterson, Editor Courier-Journal; W. N. Halldeman, Pres. Courier-Journal Co.; Benjamin Casseday, of Daily Commercial; Geo. F. Doorn, Proprietor Anzeiger.

Officers of the Public Library of Kentucky:

- W. T. DURRETT, President; M. W. KLUSSKY, Secretary; W. N. HALDEMAN, Vice-President; CITIZENS' BANK, Treasurer.

A liberal discount will be allowed when 100, 500, or 1,000 tickets are purchased in a lot.

MANNER OF DRAWING:

There will be two glass wheels. One wheel will contain 100,000 numbers, plainly printed on leather tags. The other wheel will contain 721 boxes, each containing a gift.

Gifts will be sent on presentation of tickets drawing such gifts the second day after drawing.

Persons desirous of acting as agents for the sale of tickets in any city in the United States or Canada, address

CHAS. R. PETERS, Manager, Louisville, Ky. Office, 130 Main Street, between 1st and 2nd Sts.

H. GRENET, Importer

Calls the attention OF THE CITY & COUNTRY MERCHANTS TO HIS Large and well assorted Stock OF STAPLE GROCERIES CROCKERY AND LIQUORS.

The finest ever found in this market, Which he offers at his usual LOW PRICES.

JUST RECEIVED, AT LOW FREIGHTS, SUGARS—Prime and Choice WHISKEY—Olive Branch.

COAL OIL—"Devocoe" RICE—Carolina. LARD—Choice Leaf.

ALSO on hand, 300,000 Pounds of Refined English Iron, Cast and Spring Steel. All of which were imported direct from the best English Manufactories.

H. GRENET'S The highest price paid for HIDES AND COTTON.

F. GUILBEAU, NORTH-EAST CORNER OF PRESIDIO AND LANEDO STREETS.

GROCER AND IMPORTER, FRENCH WINES AND LIQUORS.

BEST QUALITIES OF FRENCH COGNAC AT REDUCED PRICES.

As we shall soon be in receipt of a heavy and well selected Fall and winter stock, we will reduce the prices of our complete stock of Summer goods to 25 per cent. lower than can be had elsewhere.

Call in and try us. 27-7-71d & wlm. MOKE & BRO.

FLOWER POTS, All sizes, just received by WAGNER & HUMMEL.

11-12-69d.

AT REDUCED PRICES.

As we shall soon be in receipt of a heavy and well selected Fall and winter stock, we will reduce the prices of our complete stock of Summer goods to 25 per cent. lower than can be had elsewhere.

Call in and try us. 27-7-71d & wlm. MOKE & BRO.

FLOWER POTS, All sizes, just received by WAGNER & HUMMEL.

11-12-69d.

Consumption, Its Cure and its Prevention,

By J. H. Schenck, M. D.

Many a human being has passed away, for whose death there was no other reason than the neglect of known and indisputably proven means of cure.

Dr. Schenck's simple treatment, and availed themselves of his wonderful and efficacious medicines; they would not have fallen.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case proved that wherever sufficient vitality remains, that vitality, by his medicines and his directions for their use, is quickened into healthful vigor.

In this statement there is nothing presumptuous. To the faith of the invalid is made no representation that is not a thousand times substantiated by living and visible works. The theory of the cure by Dr. Schenck's medicine is as simple as it is unfailing. Its philosophy requires no argument—it is self-evident, self-convincing.

The Sower's Tonic and Mandrake Pills are the first two weapons with which the citadel of the malady is assailed. Two thirds of the cases of consumption originate in dyspepsia and a functionally disordered liver. With this condition the bronchial tubes "sympathize" with the stomach. They respond to the morbid action of the liver. Here then comes the culminating result, and the setting in, with all its distressing symptoms of Consumption.

The Mandrake Pills are composed of one of Nature's subtle gifts—the Podophillum Peltatum. They possess all the blood-purifying, alterative properties of Colomel, but unlike Colomel, they

"Leave no Sting Behind." The work of cure is now beginning. The vitiated and mucous deposits in the bowels and in the alimentary canal are ejected. The liver, like a clock, is wound up. It begins from its sluggishness. The stomach acts responsively, and the patient begins to feel that he is getting on his feet.

A Supply of Good Blood. The Sower's Tonic, in conjunction with the Pills, permeates and assimilates with the food, Chylification is now progressing without its previous obstacles. Digestion becomes painless, and the cure is seen to be at hand. There is no more flatulence, no excoriation of the stomach, the appetite sets in.

Now comes the greatest Blood Purifier ever yet given by an indulgent father to suffering man. Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup comes in to perform its functions, and to hasten and complete the cure. It acts at once upon its work. Nature cannot be thwarted. It collects and ripens the impacted and diseased portions of the lungs. In the form of gatherings, it imparts them for expectoration, and in a very short time the malady is vanquished, the rotten tissue that it occupied is consumed and made void, and the patient, in all the dignity of regained vigor, steps forth to enjoy the manhood or womanhood that was.

Given up as Lost. The second thing to be done is to stay in a warm room until they get well; it is almost impossible to prevent taking cold when the lungs are diseased, but must be prevented or a cure cannot be effected. Fresh air and riding out, especially in the fall and winter season, are well availing. Physicians who command that course lose their patients, if their lungs are badly diseased, and yet, because they are in the house they must not sit down quiet; they must walk about the room at such and so fast as the strength will bear, to get up a good circulation of blood. The patient must have his good spirits be determined to get well. This is a great deal to do with the appetite, and is the great point to gain.

To despair of cure after such evidence of its possibility in the worst cases, and moral certainty in all others, is sinful. Dr. Schenck's personal statement to the Faculty of his own cure was in these modest words: "Many years ago I was in the last stages of consumption; confined to my bed, and as one time my physician thought that I could not live a week; then, like a drowning man catching at straws, I heard of and obtained the preparations which I now offer to the public, and they made a perfect cure of me. It seemed to me that I could feel them penetrate my whole system. They soon ripened the matter in my lungs, and I would spit up more than a pint of offensive yellow matter every morning for a long time.

As soon as that began to subside, my cough, fever, pain and night sweats all began to leave me, and my appetite began to grow so great that it was with difficulty that I could keep from eating too much. I soon gained my strength, and have grown in bulk ever since."

"I was weighed shortly after my recovery," added the Doctor, "then looking like a mere skeleton; my weight was only ninety-seven pounds; my present weight is two hundred and twenty-five (225) pounds, and for years I have enjoyed uninterrupted health."

Dr. Schenck has discontinued his professional visits to New York and Boston. He or his son, Dr. J. H. Schenck, Jr., still continue to see patients at their office, No. 15 North Sixth street, Philadelphia, every Saturday from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish thorough examination with the Sower's Tonic will be charged \$5. The Sower's Tonic declares the usual condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not.

The directions for taking the medicines are adapted to the intelligence even of a child. Follow these directions, and kind Nature will do the rest, excepting that in some cases the Mandrake Pills are to be taken in increased doses; the three medicines need no other accompaniment than the simple instructions that accompany them; First create appetite. Of returning health, hunger is the most welcome symptom. When it comes, as it will come, let the despairing at once be of good cheer. Good blood at once follows, the cough ceases, the night sweat is checked. In a short time both of these morbid symptoms are gone forever.

Dr. Schenck's medicines are constantly kept in tens-of-thousands of families, as a laxative or purgative, the Mandrake Pills are a standard preparation; while the Pulmonic Syrup, as a curer of coughs and colds, may be regarded as a "sympathetic agent" consumption in any of its form.

Price of Sower's Tonic and Sower's Tonic, \$1.00 a bottle, or \$7.50 a half dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents a box. For sale by all druggists and Dealers.

E. J. HART & CO., 75, 75 and 17 Tebeopolis street, New Orleans, Wholesale Agents.

1-11-70d1y.

