

**DAILY EXPRESS.**  
OFFICE—MAIN STREET.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.  
12 Months..... \$10.00  
6 " " " 5.00  
3 " " " 4.00

ADVERTISING:  
\$1.50 per square of eight lines Non-pr  
real, first insertion; each subsequent in  
sertion 75 cents.

VOL. V.

1871.

THOMAS H. BARRY. CH. HUGO.  
Late Barry & Cole.

BARRY & HUGO,

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

AND

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

Hides, Wool, &c.

LOPEZ HOUSE, MAIN STREET,  
East side of the river, opposite new Catholic  
Church, near corner of Alamo street.  
Flour, Meal, Corn, Tobacco, Cigars and  
Wines.

Dry-goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats,  
&c. We have a large wagon yard attached  
to the store, and camp shed for the accom-  
modation of our country friends.  
7-1711m.

52. Commerce Street. 52.

Rosenthal & Co.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS

AND

Commission Merchants,

ALWAYS KEEP ON HAND:

Olive Branch Whiskey.

Pike's Magnolia Whiskey.

Dexter "

Fine Rye and Bourbon Whiskies.

Wines, Champagnes, &c., and offer  
such to the trade at exceedingly low  
figures.

25-3711m.

PROPOSALS

FOR STATIONERY,  
CHIEF QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,  
Department of Texas.

San Antonio, Texas, March 1st, 1871.

SEALED PROPOSALS.

In triplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached, will be received at this office until 12 M. on Thursday, the 1st day of June, 1871, for furnishing such quantities of

STATIONERY,

As may be required in the Department of Texas from the 1st day of July, 1871, to the 30th day of June, 1872.

Blank form of proposal, with requirements attached, can be had on application to the undersigned.

JAMES A. EKIN,

Chief Q.M., Dept. of Texas.

23-3711m.

A. NETTE,

APOTHECARY.

Has just received a large stock of  
DRUGS.

MEDICINES.

PERFUMERIES, &c.

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS

In fact all the leading articles, such as  
PATENT MEDICINES

that are usually kept in a

First Class Drug Store.

The stock being selected by himself for  
this market.

Hungarian Leeches.

JUST RECEIVED,

D. Landreth and Son's fresh garden and  
flower seeds: Quaker buttons, Peas, Beans  
and grass seed.

Agricultural Implements,  
Hardware, Nails, Wire,

Woodenware, Groceries,

Paints, Oils, and Brushes,

Corks, Sponges,

Rosedale Cement.

Astral Oil etc., children Carriages and  
Cabs, Boy's and Toy wagons and wheel-  
barrows, by

LOUIS HUTH,

Market street, nearly opposite  
Braden Hotel.

4-11-69.

MEDICAL.

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER.

ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN,

Great Social Evils and Abuses,  
Which interfere with MARRIAGE, with  
sure means of relief for the Erring and  
Unfortunate, diseases and debilitated.  
Sent in sealed envelopes, free of charge.

Address,

HOWARD SANITARY AID ASSOCIATION,  
No. 2, South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa.  
No. 2-17-d&w3m.

JOHN R. SHOOK,

LAWYER,  
No. 9, COMMERCE STREET,  
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.  
Will practice in District and Supreme  
Courts. (26-10-69d)

# Daily Express

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, TUESDAY, APRIL 4, 1871.

NO. 50.

LUMBER!

LUMBER!!  
BUILDERS! BUILDERS!!

The especial attention of all those

that intend to build, as  
well as the

Lumber Dealers

OF

SAN ANTONIO,

And the surrounding country, are  
invited to the fact that I am now

PREPARED

To fill any ORDERS at the

LOWEST

PRICES,

OF

FLORIDA PINE

LOUISIANA CYPRESS

BLACK WALNUT,

Rough and dressed

FLOORING.

SHINGLES

Of the BEST QUALITY, and all  
other kinds of Building Material.

EDWARD STEVES,

ALAMO PLAZA,

SAN ANTONIO.

Open Letter  
of  
EDWARD DEGENER,  
MEMBER OF THE FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS;  
To his Constituents.  
(Continued.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 5, 1871.  
To the Electors of the Fourth Congressional  
District of Texas:

In consequence of the civil war and the  
subsequent reconstruction period, our State  
was not represented in Congress during  
nine years. Deprived thus of the fostering  
care of the national Government, our postal  
matters could not fail to get into a sad confi-

I have made it my especial care, during  
the eleven months I had the honor to represent  
you, to bring abuses to the notice of the  
Department, have new routes established,  
the facilities on old routes augmented, and personally attended to all matters  
which were referred to me by my constituents.

If the citizens will only watch their  
own interests, and collect their evidences  
with some care, many grievances can be  
corrected at once by the mail agent, or by  
your Representative laid before the De-

partment in such shape that the remedy  
can easily be applied.

Although a great amount of money is  
spent for public documents, only a limited  
number of volumes can be placed at the  
disposal of each member.

The object of these distributions is the  
diffusion of knowledge.

To reach this object as extensively as  
possible, I have distributed the documents  
to the newspapers of my district, (without  
distinction of party,) to public libraries and  
associations, and, as far as the supply  
went, to the district clerk's offices, commencing  
generally with the most populous  
counties. If these books have been kept  
on file, they may serve as the commencement  
of a library to which the citizens can  
apply for information. Congressional  
speeches in pamphlet form are not furnished.  
The members have to buy them with  
their own money. I have done this to  
some extent, and where I was not personally  
acquainted, of did not know the correct  
address of my friends, I have sent copies to  
the postmasters for distribution. This will  
account for the apparent neglect of many  
citizens whom I know to be my personal  
friends.

It will amuse these friends whom I have  
thus neglected to learn how highly the  
Democratic press appreciates my efforts to  
promote knowledge even through the columns  
of political opponents. The following  
scrap may serve as a fair specimen:

"We are indebted to Hon. E. Degener for  
public documents including elaborate report  
with maps, of the Land and Agricultural  
Departments."

Mr. Degener, so far as we are informed  
on the subject, is the best of the whole brood  
of Radical mis-Representatives, being the  
only one who overtakes the trouble to think  
about his so-called constituents."

The hearty laugh this editorial has raised  
at my expense has caused me to continue my "favors" to the paper.

Of the manifold matters which claimed  
my attention, none has so fully engrossed  
my time as protection of our frontiers  
against marauding Indians. I have carefully  
collected facts and adduced evidence  
which convinced even the most skeptical  
that the deep wail arising from our frontier  
is founded in fact. I have conclusively  
shown that our present protection is inadequate  
numerically, as well as on account of the impossibility of drilling "regulars,"  
who enlist but for a few years, for a service  
which requires a life-long training to make  
it efficient.

The committee of Indian Affairs, of which  
I was a member, instructed me to report a  
bill, which, if it had become a law, would  
have substituted a system of minute men  
at the expense of the national government,  
for the ranger force now in the field; the ex-  
pense for which falls to the charge of the  
Texas taxpayers.

The bill was looked upon favorably by  
our experienced frontiersmen. It was warmly  
recommended by Gen. J. J. Reynolds, the  
Secretary of War, endorsed it, and the President  
himself approved it. Nevertheless, and notwithstanding  
my efforts in its behalf, the bill was  
not passed.

It will lead me too far beyond the limits  
of this address to enter minutely into the  
causes of the defeat, a full account of  
which I have moreover circulated in several  
copies in my district. But this much I must say, it must be tried again  
in the next Congress. Our State is too poor  
to bear the expense, and the national govern-  
ment in duty bound to give us such  
protection as we can claim as citizens and  
taxpayers of the United States, and met at  
some future day refund the money which  
we are now forced to spend in self-protec-  
tion.

The Constitution of the United States  
provides "that Congress shall assemble at least  
once in every year, and on such occasions as  
they shall determine by law." The bill was  
not passed.

It will be conceded that no general  
convention is necessary to effect a recon-  
stitution of the Government, for the purpose of  
enabling the legislative body to meet at  
an earlier period, in case the President  
should decline to convene it, and a law  
was passed to that effect.

The next step is to call a Constitutional  
convention. That general election shall be held in  
September, 1872.

It is now time to call a Constitutional  
convention, and to do so without delay.

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It is now time to call a Constitutional

# The Daily Express

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY AND CITY OF SAN ANTONIO.

A. SIEMERING & CO., Publishers.

STANLEY WELCH, Editor.

TUESDAY APRIL 3, 1871.

BLANK DEEDS,  
For Sale at this Office.

REPUBLICAN STATE  
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Dist.	Names.	Dist.	Names.
1.	C. W. Winn,	19.	Richard Allen,
2.	A. T. Munroe,	20.	F. Franks,
3.	W. C. Phillips,	21.	J. G. Bell,
4.	Judge Wheeler,	22.	T. H. Baker,
5.	—	23.	A. Siemering,
6.	—	24.	C. G. Bicharz,
7.	C. T. Garland,	25.	A. J. Fountain,
8.	R. Peterson,	26.	A. Roeller,
9.	—	27.	W. B. Moore,
10.	J. H. Morrison,	28.	W. A. Saylor,
11.	—	29.	Mat. Gaines,
12.	J. B. Soward,	30.	J. F. Butler,
13.	—	31.	P. W. Hall,
14.	—	32.	— Foster,
15.	—	33.	N. Patton,
16.	—	34.	A. Downing, Jr.
17.	W. W. Davis,	35.	—
18.	G. T. Ruby,	—	—
—	J. G. Tracy, Chairman.	—	—
—	C. T. Garland, Secretary pro tem.	—	—

## NOTICE

THE SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS has received the commission of Official Organ for the twenty-third Judicial District, which embraces the counties of Bexar, Wilson and Comal.

The Fred. PEASE has received the commission of Official Organ for the twenty-sixth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Kendall, Kerr, Gillespie, Blanco, Edwards and Kimbell.

We call the attention of Sheriff's Constables, District Judges, District Clerks, Justices of the peace; all county officers and administrators, or parties making either public or private sale under orders of a Court, to the clause in Section 13, of the law, which says:

"Every advertisement and publication in any other paper than the one selected, shall, during the term of such legal selection, be null and void for any legal purpose."

Also to Sections 14 and 15 of same law, which reads:

Section 14. That before any public or private sale, under order of any court, shall be made, unless otherwise provided, with a full account or description of the property in it is sold, shall be published in the legal advertising medium of the judicial districts in which such property shall be sold, for a period of four weeks, one insertion each week, immediately preceding such sale, and the seller shall be responsible for such kind whatever, without advertising the same as required by this section, shall be responsible for all damages that any party may sustain.

Section 15. That whenever it shall be established before any court of competent jurisdiction that the property in it is sold, was not well known, supplied with the parts, or parties purchasing the property not properly advertised, shall forfeit the amount paid for such property, and such property shall revert to its former position as when no sale had been made.

From the Rochester Union.

ON GRASS SATIS.

A WILDCAT STORY OF WESTERN HANGING.

Several years ago, when the West was a comparatively new country, an individual presented himself at the door of a log grocery in the settlement of which we write and asked if there was a Judge in the place. Upon being informed that the store keeper himself was a Judge, the stranger proceeded:

"Well, Judge, you see the facts of the case is this: I was traveling along with a pardner down here a piece, and he showed me a silver dollar which he had. Well, I wanted the money, and when he wasn't looking I popped him under the ear with my pistol. Then I took his silver and tobacco and run along alone; but I got to thinking the matter over, and I don't think I did just the right thing by my pardner. My consciens has been troubling me, and I think I ought to be hung. Now, Judge, if it wouldn't be too much trouble, I'd like to have you try me and have me hung. If you doubt the facts in the case, the dollar I took from my pardner, and you'll find his remains down the road a piece under a log, I'll feel obliged to you, Judge, if you will have me hung."

The Judge told the stranger to make himself comfortable over at the hotel until he could send some men down the road to investigate the matter, and if they found the body he would call a jury and try the stranger, as was desired. The dead man being found, the Judge summoned a jury, and sent word to the stranger at the hotel, that if he would step over to the store they would give him a trial.

The stranger appeared immediately, shook hands with the Judge and jury, invited the court to take a drink and appeared grateful and satisfied with the proceedings.

The trial proceeded socially, and the tender-hearted jury brought in a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the 1<sup>o</sup>. A look of anxiety which the stranger had worn up to this time, faded from his face as he stood up to receive his sentence. "You have been found guilty," said the Judge, "of the crime of manslaughter, for which you are undoubtedly penitent." Here the stranger again began to get anxious and uneasy.

"And if," proceeded the Judge, "it meets with your approbation, we will try to hang you next Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock A. M.

In the meantime try to 'make yourself as comfortable at the hotel as possible.'

The stranger looked a little sad, and the Judge asked him if he wasn't satisfied? If there was anything he could do for him?

"Judge, I hate to be particular and fussy," said the stranger, "but having the anger and fever, the chills come on at ten o'clock in the morning, and if you could have me swing off before that I should feel much obliged."

"Of course," said the Judge, "we always respect a party's feelings. No trouble at all. Come round at 9 o'clock and may be we'll get through before church time."

Sunday morning at 9 o'clock the stranger came out of the hotel and proceeded to the grocery. There he met a delegation of citizens, one of whom threw a lariat over the limb of a tree, and, as soon as the stranger had taken a chew of tobacco and shaken hands all round, they hauled him up.

## OFFICIAL

### LAW S

### UNITED STATES,

PASSED AT THE THIRD SESSION OF THE FORTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

[GENERAL NATURE—NO. 35.]

AN ACT TO PROVIDE FOR THE BETTER SECURITY OF LIFE ON BOARD OF VESSELS PROPULSED IN WHOLE OR IN PART BY STEAM, AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

(Continued.)

Sec. 47. And be it further enacted, That every river steamer navigating waters flowing into the Gulf of Mexico, and their tributaries, shall carry the following lights: One red light on the outboard side of the port smoke pipe, and one green light on the starboard smoke pipe; these lights to show both forward and astern on their respective sides. And upon each and every coast boat, produce-boat, raft, or other water-raft, navigating any bay, harbor, or creek, by hand-power, sail, or by the current of the river, or which shall be anchored or moored in or near the channel or fairway or any bay, harbor, or river, there shall be carried, from sunset to sunrise, one or more good white lights, which shall be placed in such manner as shall be prescribed by the board of supervising inspectors; and every such vessel or raft, when running in a fog of thick weather, or shall be enclosed or moored in or near the channel or fairway as aforesaid, and not in any port, shall sound a fog-horn, or equivalent signal, at intervals of not more than two minutes, which shall make a sound equal to a steam-whistle; and all steamers navigating in a fog or thick weather shall sound their steam-whistles at intervals of not more than one minute. Every coasting steamer navigating bays, lakes, or other inland waters, other than ferry-boats and those above provided for, shall carry the red and green lights as provided for ocean-going steamers, and, in addition thereto, a central range of two white lights; the after-light being carried at an elevation of at least fifteen feet above the light at the head of the vessel, the head-light to be so constructed as to show a good light through twenty points of the compass, namely, from right ahead to two points abaft the beam on either side of the vessel, and the after-light to show all around the horizon; the lights for ferry-boats shall be regulated by such rules as the board of supervising inspectors shall prescribe; and that the provision for a foremost head-light for steamships, in an act entitled "An act fixing certain rules and regulations for preventing collisions on the water," approved the twenty ninth day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty four, shall not be construed to apply to other ocean-going steamers carrying sail.

Sec. 48. And be it further enacted, That the inspectors shall state in every certificate of inspection granted to steamers carrying passengers, other than ferry-boats, the number of passengers of each class that any such steamer has accommodations for, and can carry with prudence and safety; and it shall not be lawful to take on board of any such steamer a greater number of passengers than is so stated in the certificate as aforesaid; and for every violation of this provision the master and owner, or either of them, shall be liable to any person suing for the same, to forfeit the amount of passage-money and ten dollars for each passenger beyond the number thus allowed: Provided, however, That if any such steamer shall engage in executions, inspectors shall issue such steamer a special permit, in writing, for the occasion, in which shall be stated the additional number of passengers that may be carried, and the number and kind of life-saving appliances that shall be provided for the safety of such additional passengers; and they shall also, in their discretion, limit the route and distance for such executions.

Sec. 49. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the master of every passenger steamer to keep on board of all the passengers received and delivered from day to day, noting the places where received and where landed, which record shall be open to the inspection of the inspectors and officers of the customs at all times, and the aggregate number of the and passengers shall be furnished to inspectors as often as called for; but on routes not exceeding one hundred miles, the number of passengers, if kept, shall be sufficient; and in case of default through negligence or design, the said master shall forfeit one hundred dollars, which penalty, as well as that for excess of passengers, shall be a lien upon the vessel: Provided, however, that a bond may, as provided in other cases, be given to secure the satisfaction of the judgment.

Sec. 50. And be it further enacted, That every master or commander of a steamer carrying passengers shall keep on board of such steamer at least two copies of this act, to be furnished to him by the Secretary of the Treasury; and if the master or commander neglects or refuses to do so, or shall unreasonably refuse to exhibit a copy of the same to any passenger who shall ask for it, he shall forfeit twenty dollars.

Sec. 51. And be it further enacted, That all coastwise-seagoing vessels, and vessel navigating the great lakes, shall be subject to the navigation laws of the United States, when navigating within the jurisdiction thereof; and all vessels, propelled in whole or in part by steam, and navigating as aforesaid, shall be subject to all the

rules and regulations established in pursuance of law for the government of steam-vessels in passing, as provided by this act; and every coastwise-seagoing steam-ve- sel subject to the navigating laws of the United States, and to the rules and regulations aforesaid, not sailing under register, shall, when under way, except on the high seas, be under the control and direction of pilots licensed by the inspectors of steamboats. And no State or municipal government shall impose upon pilots of steam-vessels herein provided for any obligation to procure a State or other license in addition to that issued by the United States, nor other regulation which will impede such pilots in the performance of their duties, as required by this act; nor shall any pilot charges be levied by any such authority upon any steamer piloted as herein provided, and in no case shall the fees charged for the pilotage of any steam vessel exceed the customary or legally established rates in the State where the same is performed: Provided, however, that nothing in this act shall be construed to annul or affect any regulation established by the laws of any State requiring vessels entering or leaving a port in any such State, other than coast-wise steam-vessels, to take a pilot duly licensed or authorized by the laws of such State, or of a State situated upon the waters of such State.

(To be continued.)

A YOUNG lady of the Anna Dickinson school recently gave a lecture in the course of which she said:

Get married, young man, and be quick about it, too. Don't wait for the millennium, hoping that the girls may turn angels before you trust yourself with one of them.

A pretty thing you'd be alongside an angel, wouldn't you — you brute!

Don't wait another day, but right now — this very night ask some nice industrious girl to go into partnership with you, to clear your pathway of thorns and plant it with flowers.

## WAGONS! WAGONS!



FROM THE MANUFACTORIES OF

WILSON, CHILDS & CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

ESPENHEID. Saint Louis, Mo.

STUDEBAKER BROS., South Bend, Ind.

E. R. FERRIS & BROS., Fond du Lac, Wisconsin.

Of all which, a complete assortment always on hand.

## IRON-AXLE and Thimble-Skein-Wagons, with Springs.

### 12 CELEBRATING 3 in. AXLE Wagons, complete.

A. STAACKE,

20.9-70wtf.) SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

### The Great Medical Discovery!

Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA

VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands

Bear testimony to their wonderful

Cureative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

They are not a Vile

FANCY DRINK.

Made of Pure Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirit,

and various Liqueurs, &c., &c., &c., &c.,

Appetizers, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,

tonics, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,

Stimulants, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,

PURIFIERS, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,

CIPPLE, a powerful Remedy for

the System, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,

Persons can take it internally or externally,

or externally, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,

or internally, &c., &c., &c., &c., &c., &c.,

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# DAILY EXPRESS.

Department of Texas.

Colonel J. J. REYNOLDS, 3d U. S. Cavalry, Commanding.

DEPARTMENT STAFF.

Major H Clay Wood, Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Army, Adjutant General. Lieutenant Colonel James H. Carleton, 4th U. S. Cavalry, Acting Assistant Inspector General.

Captain James Curtis, 3d U. S. Cavalry, Acting Assistant Inspector General. Major Dewitt Clinton, Judge Advocate, U. S. Army, Judge Advocate.

First Lieutenant Gustave H Radetzki, 9th U. S. Cavalry, Acting Signal Officer.

Lieutenant Colonel James A. Ekin, Deputy Quartermaster General, U. S. Army, Chief Quartermaster.

Captain Samuel T Cushing, Commissary of Subsistence, U. S. Army, Chief Commissary of Subsistence.

Major Lewis A Edwards, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Medical Director.

Major John F Hammond, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Attending Surgeon.

Major George L Feiger, U. S. Army, Chief Paymaster, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Captain Lewis C Overman, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Engineer Officer.

Captain Robert H Hall, 10th U. S. Infantry, Acting Ordnance Officer.

GENERAL STAFF OFFICERS REPORTING DIRECTLY TO CHIEF OF STAFF.

Captain Benjamin C Card, Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. Army, Depot Quartermaster, San Antonio, Texas.

Captain W G Hodges, Military Storekeeper, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, Galveston, Texas.

Captain N D A Sawyer, Military Storekeeper, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, Acting Assisting Quartermaster, Houston, Texas.

Major John P Randolph, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Attending Surgeon, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Major Edwin D Judd, Paymaster, U. S. Army, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Major William Smith, Paymaster, U. S. Army, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Major Charles M Terrell, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas.

Major George E Glenn, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas.

Major Peter P G Hall, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas.

Major Wm P Gould, Paymaster, U. S. Army, Galveston, Texas.

ROSTER OF TROOPS

SERVING IN THE

Department of Texas,

January 1, 1871.

Austin, Texas, Com'dg. Officer, Major J K. Miner, 4th cavalry; company D, 10th Infantry.

Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., Com'dg Officer, Major J W Todd, Ordnance Dep't, U. S. Army; Detachment of Ordnance.

Baton Rouge, Barracks, La., Com'dg Officer, Lt. Col. Alfred Sully, 19th Inf.; cos. G and H 19th Inf.

Fort Bliss, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Major H C Morriam, 24th Infantry; company A, 24th Inf.

Fort Brown, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Col. H B Clitz, 10th Inf.; company K, 4th cavalry; headquarters cos. A, G, H, and K, 10th Infantry.

Fort Clark, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Captain H C Corbin, 25th Infantry; companies E and G 9th cavalry; companies C and I, 4th Infantry; headquarters cos. D and F, 25th Infantry.

Fort Concho, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Colonel R S McKenzie, 4th cavalry; headquarters cos. A, B, E, G, and J, 4th cavalry; cos. B, E and H, 11th Inf.

Fort Davis, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Captain John W French, 25th Infantry; cos. B, C and E, 9th cav.; cos. B and F, 24th Inf.; cos. A and G, 25th Infantry.

Fort Duncan, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Major Zenas R Bliss, 25th Infantry; co. I, 9th cav.; co. K, 24th Inf.; cos. E and I, 25th Inf.

Fort Griffin, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Lt. Colonel C J Whiting, U. S. Army; cos. D, F and G, 4th cav.; cos. B and F, 6th Cav.; headquarters cos. A, F and G, 11th Inf.

Fort Jackson & St. Philip, La., Com'dg Officer, Major H A Hambrick, 19th Infantry; cos. A, I and K, 19th Infantry.

Fort McIntosh, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Major T M Anderson, 10th Infantry; co. C, 4th cavalry; co. C, 10th Infantry.

Fort McKavett, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Lieutenant Colonel W R Shaffer, 21st Inf.; cos. F and M, 9th cav.; headquarters cos. D and E, 24th Inf.; cos. C and H, 25th Inf.

Fort Pima, La., Com'dg Officer, Captain P H Remington, 19th Inf.; company F, 19th Inf.

Fort Quitman, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Major A P Morrow, 9th cavalry; cos. II and I, 9th cavalry; company H, 21st Inf.; company B, 25th Infantry.

Fort Richardson, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Colonel James Oakes, 6th cavalry; headquarters cos. A, C, D, E, G, H, J, K, L and M, 6th cavalry; cos. C and K 11th Inf.

Fort Stockton, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Major James F Wade, 9th cavalry; headquarters and cos. A and D, 25th cavalry; company G 24th Infantry; company K 25th Infantry.

General Headquarters, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Colonel A M McD. McCook, 10th Infantry; company L, 4th cavalry; cos. B, E and I, 10th Infantry.

San Antonio, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Captain Robert H Hall, 10th Infantry; company M, 4th cavalry; company K, 10th Infantry.

Jefferson, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Captain H L Chipman, 11th Infantry; cos. D and I, 11th Infantry.

Ringgold Barracks, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Lieutenant Colonel A M McD. McCook, 10th Infantry; company L, 4th cavalry; cos. B, E and I, 10th Infantry.

San Antonio, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Captain Robert H Hall, 10th Infantry; in charge; no troops.

Shreveport, La., Com'dg Officer, Captain Wm J Lester, 19th Infantry; company B, 19th Infantry.

JACK COCKE,

LAWYER.

Office, west side of Military Plaza, near Courthouse.

# The Sun.

CHARLES L. DAVIS, EDITOR.

## The Dollar Weekly Sun.

A Newspaper of the Present Times.

Intended for People Now on Earth—Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Traders, and all Members of Honest Folk, and the Wife, Son, and Daughter of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR:

ONE HUNDRED COPIES FOR \$30.

Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there be a \$30 Club at every Post Office.

SEMI-WEEKLY SUN, \$2 A YEAR.

of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

THE DAILY SUN, \$6 A YEAR.

A predominantly popular newspaper, with a large circulation in the South, and well known throughout the country. All the news from everywhere. Two cents a copy; by mail, \$6 monthly or \$60 yearly.

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THE DOLLAR WEEKLY SUN.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed.

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Fifty copies, one year, to one address (and the semi-weekly one year to another).

Thirty-three Dollars.

Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the semi-weekly one year to another).

Thirty-six Dollars.

One hundred copies, one year, to one address (and the daily for one year to another).

Fourty Dollars.

One hundred copies, one year, separately addressed (and the daily for one year to another).

Eighty Dollars.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed.

Eight Dollars.

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to gather up club).

Sixteen Dollars.

SEND YOUR MONEY

In Post Office orders, checks, or drafts on New York, wherever convenient. If not, then register the letters containing money. Address

I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher,

Box office, New York City.

## Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to

its natural Vitality and Color.



A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit but not harm it. If wanted merely for a

## HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS.

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE \$1.00.

F. SIMON

DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes,

MOULDINGS and GLASS.

General Agency for

BOOKS, PERIODICALS and

NEWSPAPERS.

10-4 '69-d&t

Arbor Vitae.

Ten million seedlings, \$50 will buy 100 thousand of the smallest; larger sizes at corresponding price. Free price list of 25 varieties of evergreens and fruit trees.

Descriptive catalogue 10 cents.

WHITE CUCUMBER.

We believe this to be the best Cucumber in the world, and that we have the only seed in existence. 20 cents a package by mail.

PINNEY & LAWRENCE,

8-3-11 (& w.m.)

Sturgeon Bay, Wis.

MOUREAU C. GROUP,

4-2-98-m

and COTTON FACTORIES.

NEW BRUNSWICK,

TEXAS.

Commission Merchants

and

GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS,

by WAGNER & RUMMEL.

SEED POTATOES,

by WAGNER & RUMMEL.

10 copies \$1.00 each.

20 copies \$1.50 each.

30 " " 2.00 "

50 " " 3.00 "

And one extra copy to each club.

Persons entitled to an extra copy can if

## The New York Tribune.

1871.

Through struggle and suffering, at the cost of untold agonies, persecutions, devastations, the American idea contained in the preamble to our fathers' declaration of Independence approaches complete realization. through the Federal Constitution.

Through the noble, inspiring assertion that "all men are created equal, and endowed by their Creator with inalienable rights to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, in no longer a gathering of ignoramus, apes, a porcine fancy, a philosopher's speculations, but the recognized base of our political fabric..

The Boston Revolution, which dates from the Boston Massacre of 1770, finds its logical completion, just one century later, in the XVth Amendment,

which gives to the equal power and equal rights of every man born or naturalized in our Republic the shield and sword of

the Federal Constitution.

The tributes of Casto and Privilege may

have been the chief cause of the

success of the Southern Confederacy.

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have been the chief cause of the

# The Daily Express

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES  
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY AND  
CITY OF SAN ANTONIO.

A. SIEMERING & CO., Publishers.

STANLEY WELCH, Editor.

TUESDAY APRIL 4, 1871.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,  
AUSTIN, August 23d, 1870.

To A. Siemering & Co.—  
You are hereby notified that I have this day appointed you paper, "The San Antonio Express," the official journal of the twenty-third Judicial District.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto signed  
the seal of the State to be affixed at the city  
of Austin, this 23d day of August, in  
the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred  
and seventy, and the Independence of  
Texas the third.

By the Governor:  
JAMES P. NEWCOMB.

NOTICE TO REPUBLICANS.

The undersigned having been selected a member of the Republican State Executive Committee for the 23rd Judicial District, comprising the counties of Bexar, Comal, and Wilson, hereby give notice that he will act as such member for said District, and calls upon the County Executive Committees of Bexar, Comal, and Wilson, to at once report to him the condition of their respective counties, and the name and Post office address of the members of the County committees. Most truly yours,

A. SIEMERING,  
San Antonio, March 16th, 1871.

NOTICE  
To the Republicans of the 26th  
Judicial District.

The undersigned having been selected a member of the Republican State Executive Committee for the 26th Judicial District, comprising the counties of Kendall, Kerr, Gillespie and Blanco, herewith respectfully calls upon the county executive committees of the above named counties to report to him the condition of their respective committees as soon as possible, giving their full names and post office address, and also communicate with the undersigned freely, in order to complete a thorough organization of this District.

R. V. ZEDELLER,  
Austin, March 16th, 1871.

Wholesale Robbery of the Texas  
Mails.

The below-mentioned case is only one of many instances, that are constantly occurring, similar in character, and from all parts of the State. W. W. Gamble, a merchant of this city, sent to Philadelphia to a prominent firm there, letters as follows, via one letter in January, one letter in February, and one letter in March, all containing remittances to said firm. In February there was also sent a duplicate of the draft remitted in January. Below is the answer of the firm to inquiries made about said drafts:

PHILADELPHIA, March 22, 1871.  
W. W. GAMBLE,  
San Antonio, Texas.

Dear Sir—Your letter duly received and in reply we herewith inform you, that none of the drafts you referred to have as yet been cashed. The mails from Texas are singularly unsafe and irregular.

Please send no duplicates and adduce,

Yours truly,  
(Signed) J. R. L. LEWIS & CO.

When all the letters go to, but are lost is a mystery; not only single letters, but as in the above instance, a whole correspondence is lost. We cannot but believe there is somewhere, a wholesale plunder of Texas mails after they leave the state, and for the safety of our citizens, we do hope some means may be found to forestall and punish the offenders.

The Government has given countenance to a high commission to settle the questions with England of the Texan secession and the Alamo claims.

In the name of our suffering frontiersmen please give us a de jure commission to regulate the horrors of Indian outrages within our State.

The District Court.

WHAT THE BURKE CASE STOOD.

The whole of Saturday last was occupied in the trial of Anthony Earhart, charged with an assault with intent to murder his former brother-in-law, Mr. C. Tynan. As is usual where both the prosecutor and the accused are well known in the community, and both possessed of a certain degree of respectability, considerable interest was manifested during the trial by the friends and acquaintances of both parties, and the court-room was filled by an eager and attentive audience.

In all probability their report will be adopted and as is proposed by the act, the people will satisfy or reject the division as proposed.

To the people of West Texas this action is important. Division on the lines proposed gives us a State possessed of limited resources of agricultural, mineral and mechanical, and leaves no portion of the State free to advance in the same ratio of proportion as has Eastern Texas. The burdens which for twenty years West Texas has borne mainly in support of the East will in case of division be born to our own immediate advantage.

The subsidies and the taxes and the lands that have gone to the encouragement of Eastern Texas enterprise and paper railroads, will accrue to us, and enable us in a few years to fairly rival the successful east who has had a faithful assistant in its advancement in the tribute yearly paid into the State Treasury, and now which West Texas has never received a dollar until the inauguration of the administration of General Davis.

But to the thoughtful reasoning spectator, drawn to the seat of "justice by a higher motive than that of mere curiosity, there was added "food for thought" of the utmost gravity. There was disclosed the existence of a family bond, and that too of the most vulgar character, having its origin in a petty scramble after an insignificant amount of inherited property.

The crime was attempted in a bar room, the greatest, most contiguous and prolific source of evil. It began in the manner usual with the cowardly "bully," ruffian or assassin, by an unprovoked insult, by assaulting the intended victim with the vilest and most abominable epithets, then the quick retort, the assailant responding by drawing a pistol as deadly and effective in close quarters as any in existence, the courageous advance of an unquailing but deaf throb ing heart, which deadeus the ear of him even to the sound of a gun-

powder explosion easily heard many hundred yards distant, which deadeus the feeling of him so that the lightning stroke of a heavy conical bullet perforating his coat flattening its point upon a tough briar-wood pipe bowl, glancing upon two sheep-skin memorandum books tears the corners away, and passing harmlessly through the back of the coat, falls unheard to the floor, and is unfelt by him whose life blood it sought, because of his like-like excitement and indignation.

Still another pistol, precisely like the former, is drawn by the would-be assassin, and being wrench'd from his hand, a blow is inflicted with it which quietes the assailant, who is incontinently "dragged out," and he who has so narrowly escaped untimely death, straightway appeals, as every good citizen is bound to do, to the law for redress and protection.

What are the salient points in the facts so far stated?

First. That the assailant, contrary to law, paraded the streets of this city, "a walking arsenal," bristling at every angle.

Second. That being so fortified and entrenched, he finds his enemy unaware and unexpected, taunts him with cowardly bravado, as though bellowing through the loop-holes of an impregnable fortress.

Third. That the enemy, although taken by surprise, and unprovided with the corresponding implements of warfare, was yet strong in danger, and stormed the fortress with good right hand, and with righteous and irrepressible disdain.

But, although the murder was not accomplished, since by the mere chance the bullet was arrested in its deadly course, what does a so-called enlightened (?) jury, after brief deliberation, pronounce by its verdict as the prevailing sentiment of this community?

It found the defendant guilty of an aggravated assault, and assessed the penalty as low as the law permits, a fine of \$100.

A curious speculation might be entered into as to what might have been the verdict, had the defendant been a poor man, a friendless man, defended by counsel appointed by the court. An equally curious speculation might be entered into, had the defendant been accused of stealing a horse, branding another's coll, worth perhaps \$5, or lifting a brass watch. A useful dissertation might also be elaborated as to the composition of juries.

But upon these subjects we prefer to leave our readers to their own serious reflections. A little leaven leaveth the whole lump. Is there not great enough in this shooting business, already detailed, to awaken sooner or later, a more healthy regard for the sacredness of human life—a more decided condemnation of reckless, or murderous bravado, and disdain of law?

But there were other occurrences furnishing "food for thought," during this trial. Most prominent among these was the glaring reluctance on the part of the State's witness, to testify to what they had witnessed. With the cause of this reluctance, we, as journalists, have nothing to do, because it is a mystery—a mere matter of conjecture with every one who witnessed it. But we do not believe there was present a single honest, cleared soul man, who did not feel painfully shocked and chagrined at the exhibition.

"O! was the Power the giftie gie us  
To see eterly us iverse?"

We had from many a blunder-free us,  
A yooth notion!

(Signed) J. R. L. LEWIS & CO.

We venture to say that a single experience will suffice the seers in this instance, and that more than one was taught a lesson which will not be soon forgotten.

The tractability and provoking demeanor of certain counsel employed in the case, easily deserves severest censure, and public reprobation, to say nothing of the sickening aspersion of argument. But we have

not space or time to pursue the subject further.

DIVISION OF THE STATE.

A majority of the select Senate Committee upon the division of the State have made a report favoring the idea of division and laying down lines which make three states out of Texas, to be known as East Texas, Texas and West Texas.

In all probability their report will be adopted and as is proposed by the act, the people will satisfy or reject the division as proposed.

To the people of West Texas this action is important. Division on the lines proposed gives us a State possessed of limited resources of agricultural, mineral and mechanical, and leaves no portion of the State free to advance in the same ratio of proportion as has Eastern Texas. The burdens which for twenty years West Texas has borne mainly in support of the East will in case of division be born to our own immediate advantage.

The subsidies and the taxes and the lands that have gone to the encouragement of Eastern Texas enterprise and paper railroads, will accrue to us, and enable us in a few years to fairly rival the successful east who has had a faithful assistant in its advancement in the tribute yearly paid into the State Treasury, and now which West Texas has never received a dollar until the inauguration of the administration of General Davis.

But to the thoughtful reasoning spectator, drawn to the seat of "justice by a higher motive than that of mere curiosity, there was added "food for thought" of the utmost gravity. There was disclosed the existence of a family bond, and that too of the most vulgar character, having its origin in a petty scramble after an insignificant amount of inherited property.

The crime was attempted in a bar room, the greatest, most contiguous and prolific source of evil. It began in the manner usual with the cowardly "bully," ruffian or assassin, by an unprovoked insult, by assaulting the intended victim with the vilest and most abominable epithets, then the quick retort, the assailant responding by drawing a pistol as deadly and effective in close quarters as any in existence, the courageous advance of an unquailing but deaf throb ing heart, which deadeus the ear of him even to the sound of a gun-

powder explosion easily heard many hundred yards distant, which deadeus the feeling of him so that the lightning stroke of a heavy conical bullet perforating his coat flattening its point upon a tough briar-wood pipe bowl, glancing upon two sheep-skin memorandum books tears the corners away, and passing harmlessly through the back of the coat, falls unheard to the floor, and is unfelt by him whose life blood it sought, because of his like-like excitement and indignation.

The division line proposed for us is one that should proveeminently satisfactory. The bill provides that it shall include the territory comprised within the following boundaries:

Beginning at a point where Caney layon enters the Gulf of Mexico; thence up

said bayou to a point where the east boundary line of Matagorda county crosses said bayou, thence with the east boundary line to a point where said east boundary line intersects the south boundary line, of Wharton county; thence with the south boundary line of Wharton county to the St. Bernard river; thence up said river to the south boundary line of Colorado county to a point where it intersects the south boundary line of Fayette county; thence by a direct line to the southeast corner of Bastrop county; thence with the east and north boundary lines of said county to the Colorado river; thence up the middle of the main channel of said river to the thirty-second parallel of north latitude; thence west to the Rio Grande; thence down said river with the existing boundary lines of the State to the place of beginning.

Let the student of this question divide

the map and mark out the limits of the new State, and he will perceive at once the advantages which this division offers. It gives us one half the whole Colorado valley; Matagorda, Fayette, Jackson, Lavaca, and Washington counties; all favorable agricultural regions and gives us a line of gulf-coast unsurpassed for the number of fine harbors, and the inducements offered to the marine world for carrying the products of so rich a region, which will by proper care find the Gulf coast much easier.

And then there is another important item

which favors division, almost assuring an immediate growth of our Western State. Once divided, we feel satisfied that with no additional burdens over what we of the West now bear, a rail route from Indianapolis to El Paso via San Antonio can be constructed. This line runs through the center of West Texas, and thus the remotest corner of West Texas is not discriminated against. That road becomes the trunk road of West Texas, and the settlers along the Rio Grande and those on the left bank of the Colorado are the same distance from it and lateral roads running either to the right or left, will bring the agriculturalist on the right and the stock raisers on the left to facilities for transporting to market of either resources. Then again this trunk line proposed is the nearest connecting route between the tide waters of the east and west in the United States. Over it will be bound to leave many who will perceive the advantages of our State, and prepare to share the great future with us. In fact we have everything to gain and nothing to lose in the division as proposed. We believe the East favors it, looking upon the West as a burden, especially so since the expenses incurred in protecting our frontier. Middle Texas, or Texas proper cannot suffer the fate of the East and West united, and we believe she will not wish to do so.

She is rich in the possession of agricultural resources that is a decade ought to

make her as powerful in wealth and influence as Indiana or Illinois. We do earnestly hope that our State Legislature will push the present bill through. We shall have more to say of it anon.

The tractability and provoking demeanor of certain counsel employed in the case, easily deserves severest censure, and public reprobation, to say nothing of the sickening aspersion of argument. But we have

not space or time to pursue the subject further.

TELEGRAPHIC

TUESDAY, MARCH 31, 1871.

That house and lot corner of Market and Commerce streets, fronting 17½ varas on Market street, and running back to the stores of Messrs. Leroux & Cesvrogne and Mrs. Madigan, on Commerce street. Enquire at MANTEL DE TURRI CASTILLO. 4471-11.

DISOLUTION.

The Co-partnership heretofore existing under the firm of BECKER & MOSEBACH, has been dissolved by mutual consent, from this date.

E. E. GARE,  
W. F. MOSEBACH.

San Antonio, April 1st, 1871.

W. F. MOSEBACH,  
(Successor to Becker & Mosebach.)

DEALER IN—

STATIONERY AND BOOKS,  
PROPRIETOR OF A

EDISON'S ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

Will open his Reading Rooms—for Ladies and Gentlemen—as soon as the papers, (nearly 100, from the different States,) arrive.

For particulars inquire at his store, opposite E. Gare & Co. (4471-11.)

EDUCATIONAL NOTICE.

Prof. W. A. Logan intends visiting Europe and India early in April to teach his improved lighting method of calculation, which is a decided advantage to business men and those who wish to excel in the art of reckoning; also persons desiring his Abstract Rules of Arithmetic, (a easy and ready method of calculating,) can purchase them during his presence only.

Logan's Abstract Rules of Arithmetic.

## Local Intelligence.

### NOTICE.

All legal advertising in the San Antonio Express must from this date be paid in advance, except where otherwise provided by law. Advertisements of sheriffs' sales, under execution or otherwise, may, however, be paid by 10% to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale. This is the only exception to the rule of pre-payment. We wish not to be asked to deviate from this rule.

PUBLISHER SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS.

<sup>12</sup> See advertisement of Dr. Butta's Dispensary, headed "Book for the millions" MARRIAGE GUIDE—*in another column.*

### FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

If you want want fresh garden seeds call at Leroux and Cosgrove, 56 Commerce Street. 3-3-71d&w.

### For Rent.

The corner building adjoining the Livery stable on Alamo Plaza, inquire at PEAY & KARBER. 28-3-71d&w.

Address R. V. Pierce, M. D., Buffalo New York, and get a pamphlet on Catarrh free, or send sixty cents and get Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy. \$500 reward is offered by the proprietor for a case of Catarrh which he cannot cure. Sold by druggists. (31-3-71d&w)

MULBERRIES are red and fast approaching ripeness.

SUBJECT TO fits—Everybody who patronizes that a No. 1 tailor Paicost.

THE mother that visited us a few days since, evidently served to induce the most quitoes to defer an early visit this year.

WE are soon to have quantities of oranges for sale in our city. Merritt intends to bring them on.

THE light fantastic tow—Some of the light colored chignons that the dear creatures wear.

Eggs are advancing in price owing no doubt to the demand for them to celebrate Easter in due form.

THE days are gradually growing longer and the evenings are blessed with such a beautiful clear moon, that the transition from dusk to night is barely perceptible.

THE sudden change of the weather a few days since afflicted every third human with a "cold in their nose."

COUNTRY produce in the shape of bacon, butter, eggs, vegetables, &c., &c., is coming in every day, and consumers can secure the choicest of those articles at fair prices.

OUR well known fellow citizen, Mr. Russell Norton, has returned to our city, looking decidedly improved in health by his trip north.

THE public schools are in an excellent condition as regards the discipline and management of the scholars. Preparations for the building of another new and commodious school house are being made, and San Antonio can shortly boast of the most effective system of education, and the most complete facilities of any city in Texas. Good citizens everywhere will rejoice in these facts.

WE hope the matter of placing the names of the different streets upon their appropriate corners, will soon be undertaken by the city administration, especially so, now that the survey of the city and an accurate map of it have been made. As it is, it is next to impossible to direct a stranger to any locality, there being no chance of his finding the streets you might name to him.

THE "Buttermilk Club" is the name that certain of our buttermilk loving friends desire to give to an association, whose every member shall pledge him or herself to drink a quart of buttermilk every day during the season. We will wager a new hat, that the "Buttermilk Club" can present more sleeping talent, six months after its organization, than any other equal number of parties outside of it that can be gathered together.

MESSRS PEAY & KARBER threw open the doors of their saloon at Turner Hall on Saturday night. Their friend were legion, if we consider the number who paid them a visit and partook of the elegant lunch and other good things prepared for the occasion. The Turners are fortunate in having those gentlemen to cater to their taste, and we trust that Messrs. Peay & Karber may meet with commerative success in their new undertaking.

WE learn that we were entirely at fault in our report a few days since regarding the frost. The country outside of the immediate limits of San Antonio has been visited by a killing frost. Corn twelve and fifteen inches high has been ruined, and the only hope for planters is to replant. In many places the vegetation in the ground has been frozen, and in every way great damage has been done to the crops. We await with anxiety the news from Fredericksburg and the country therabouts, as we are more than half afraid that section of country has suffered likewise.

PALM SUNDAY brought forth an unusual number of church goers, and our streets were fairly thronged during the forenoon with handsomely dressed ladies and neatly attired gentlemen. The sermons and discourses in the different churches are reported to us as much improved, the large attendance at those places of worship, evi-

dently acting as a stimulus to the minds of the different pastors. Spiritualism or free thinking needed no better rebuke at the hands of our people than in Sunday's manifestation of Faith in the Christian religion.

CONDENSED statement of mortality in the city for the month ending March 31, 1871, as reported to this office:

Diseases of the nervous system.....	6
Tymotic diseases.....	5
Constitutional diseases.....	4
Stillborn.....	1
Unknown.....	6
Total.....	22

FRED PETERSON, M. D.,  
City Physician.

### Danger Ahead.

A single spark may kindle a flame that will consume a city, and small ailments neglected, may end in fatal disorders. Bearing this fact in mind, let the first symptoms of debility or nervous prostration be met promptly with invigorating treatment. Foremost among the vegetable tonics of the age stands Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and whenever the vital powers seem to languish, or there is any reason to suspect the animal functions essential to the sustenance and purification of the body are imperfectly performed this invaluable invigorant and antiseptic should at once be resorted to. Indigestion always produces weakness of the bodily powers. Sometimes it happens that the appetite demands more food than the stomach can digest; though not more, perhaps, than is required to keep up the full strength of the frame. The object under such circumstances, is to increase the digestive capacity of the assimilating organ, so as to make it equal to the duty imposed upon it by the appetite, and capable of supplying the building material of the system as fast as it is required. This object is fully accomplished by the use of the Bitters. They tone and gently stimulate the cellular membrane which secretes the gastric juice, and the result is that the appetite demands more food than the stomach can digest; though not more, perhaps, than is required to keep up the full strength of the frame. The object under such circumstances, is to increase the digestive capacity of the assimilating organ, so as to make it equal to the duty imposed upon it by the appetite, and capable of supplying the building material of the system as fast as it is required. This object is fully accomplished by the use of the Bitters. 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# THE DAILY EXPRESS.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrives.	COLUMBUS.	Departs.
Sunday, 8 A.M.	Monday 1 P.M.	
Monday "	Tuesday "	
Wednesday "	Wednesday "	
Thursday "	Thursday "	
Friday "	Friday "	
Saturday "	Saturday "	
VICTORIA.		
Sunday 6 P.M.	Tuesday 6 A.M.	
Wednesday "	Thursday "	
Friday "	Saturday "	
WACO, via Austin.		
Monday 5 A.M.	Monday 5 A.M.	
Thursday "	Thursday "	
Saturday "	Saturday "	
EL PASO.		
Sunday 6 P.M.	Monday 6 A.M.	
Thursday "	Friday "	
Tuesday from Concho.	Wednesday to Conch.	
EAGLE PASS.		
Tuesday 12 P.M.	Monday 6 A.M.	
Saturday "	Friday "	
CORPUS CHRISTI.		
Wednesday 6 P.M.	Thursday 6 A.M.	LAREDO.
Thursday 6 P.M.	Monday 6 A.M.	
—	—	Mails leaving at, or prior to 6 A.M., are closed at 9 P.M. on the evening previous; other mails close 30 minutes prior to the schedule time of leaving; Di Nette's time is the standard.

## Sheriffs of the Different Counties, State of Texas.

Austin county—G D Kelley.  
Angelina county—B F Hill.  
Brazos county—L W Peacock.  
Austin county—Wm Ginn.  
Borden county—T C Rice.  
Bastrop county—Joseph Long.  
Bee county—Thomas Merden.  
Bell county—W J Long.  
Bexar county—H D Bonnett.  
Blanco county—Theophil Odarre.  
Bosque county—Samuel Fossett.  
Bowie county—R H Johnson.  
Brazoria county—Edwin Kolow.  
Brown county—Graham Lee.  
Burleson county—R F Jackson.  
Burnet county—R W Cates.  
Caldwell county—J L Lane.  
Calhoun county—Joseph Casas.  
Cameron county—Wm Scanlan.  
Chambers county—F M Wallis.  
Cherokee county—E M Beagan.  
Collin county—W M Bush.  
Colorado county—W H Smith.  
Comal county—Chas Saur.  
Comanche county—W H Cunningham.  
Cooke county—Ivan Hobbs.  
Coryell county—E W Franks.  
Dallas county—J M Brown.  
Davis county—A Frazier.  
Denton county—W F Egan.  
DeSoto county—E Blackwell.  
De Witt county—Jack Helm.  
Ellis county—John King.  
El Paso county—Juan Arevalo.  
Erath county—Fauldon M Ross.  
Fall county—B F Scogin.  
Fannin county—J M Mc Kee.  
Fayette county—R O Fairies.  
Fort Bend county—W M Burton.  
Freestone county—J B Rodgers.  
Galveston county—Frank Dirks.  
Gillespie county—Sylvester Kleek.  
Goliad county—Isaac Franklin.  
Guadalupe county—James F Mathew.  
Grayson county—J W Hunter.  
Grimes county—J M Gibbs.  
Gundale county—Jac F Gordon.  
Hamilton county—F A Hambrick.  
Harris county—A B Hall.  
Harrison county—E K Taylor.  
Hays county—J R Brown.  
Henderson county—Wm Davis.  
Hidalgo county—Leon Estapa.  
Hill county—Erin Beauchamp.  
Hood county—J C Hightower.  
Hopkins county—J A Weaver.  
Houston county—E L Dorsett.  
Hunt county—Crest Hall.  
Jack county—M McMillian.  
Jackson county—John McIver.  
Jasper county—J H Carlton.  
Jefferson county—E C Ogden.  
Johnson county—O P Arnold.  
Karnes county—T J Eagan.  
Kaufman county—H B Shaw.  
Kendall county—J F Steinbeck.  
Kerr county—J M Teuford.  
Lamar county—J S Blane.  
Lampasas county—Shad A T Denon.  
Lavaca county—W C Coleman.  
Leon county—Wm Corgy.  
Liberty county—H J Dever.  
Limestone county—Peyton Parker.  
Live Oak county—Patrick Pugh.  
Llano county—M B Cliney.  
McLennan county—W H Morris.  
Marion county—J H Roberts.  
Mason county—Jno Lemberg.  
Matagorda county—Conrad Franz.  
Meilas county—Valentine Vollmar.  
Milam county—J T Torney.  
Montgomery county—Abner Wimack.  
Nacogdoches county—R D Orton.  
Navarro county—James A Nelson.  
Nuevo Leon county—Henry Casey.  
Nueces county—John McClane.  
Orange county—W W Johnson.  
Palo Pinto county—C D Brooks.  
Panola county—A B Ross.  
Parker county—J W Hendrick.  
Polk county—T F Mercer.  
Red River county—Jno S Carroll.  
Robertson county—F M Hall.  
San Augustine county—Henry Lewis.  
San Patricio county—Hugh Timon.  
San Saba county—Stephen W Ferry.  
Shelby county—Jno P Wheeler.  
Smith county—J W Butler.  
Starr county—Wm N Hulsey.  
Tarrant county—F B James.  
Taylor county—Peter Davidson.  
Titus county—Wm R Edwards.  
Travis county—G B Zimpelmann.  
Trinity county—Thomas H Kenley.  
Upshur county—B L Humphreys.  
Uvalde county—James A Robinson.  
Victoria county—C V Carson.  
Walker county—W H Stewart.  
Washington county—Liddington Smith.  
Webb county—J M Rodriguez.  
Wharton county—Isaac N Baughman.  
Williamson county—Jno L Foy.  
Wilson county—S de la Zerda.  
Wood county—Jno P Williams.  
Zapata county—J C Shelly.

The following named counties are without sheriffs; as soon as they are appointed, or elected, we will add them to the above list:  
Archer, Baylor, Callahan, Clay, Coleman, Concho, Dawson, Dimmit, Duval, Eastland, Edwards, Ector, Frio, Hardeman, Jones, Kimble, Kinney, Knox, La Salle, McCulloch, McMullen, Medina, Maverick, Menard, Montague, Parmer, Refugio, Runnels, Sutton, Sabine, Shackelford, Stephens, Throckmorton, Van Zandt, Wichita, Wilbarger, Wise, Young and Zavalla.

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no medicine is so universally required by physicians as cathartics. No man was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country and among all classes, as this particular purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is more efficacious, and far more effectual remedy than any other, who have learned, it is known that it cures their neighbors and friends, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any neglect or negligence of its composition. We have those and other means of certificates that it cures all diseases, but such cures are known in every neighborhood, and we need not publish them. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing neither calomel nor other deleterious drug, they are taken with safety by any person, and are easily digested, and make the body clean, and makes them plea and to taste, being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood and stimulate the action of the heart, liver, kidneys, and other organs of the system; having a decided tendency to break, and by correcting, wherever they exist, such dispositions as are the first origin of disease.

Minute directions are given in the wrapper which these Pills rapidly cure:

For **Diarrhea or Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Gas, &c.** Take one or two Pills to purify the blood and stimulate the action of the heart, liver, kidneys, and other organs of the system. For **Liver Complaints and Its Various Symptoms.** Pills, Headache, Stomach, Indigestion or Green Stomach, Stomatitis, & Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the disposition, and to remove the obstructions which cause the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:

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For **Diarrhea or Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Gas, &c.** Take one or two Pills to purify the blood and stimulate the action of the heart, liver, kidneys, and other organs of the system. For **Liver Complaints and Its Various Symptoms.** Pills, Headache, Stomach, Indigestion or Green Stomach, Stomatitis, & Bilious Fevers, they should be judiciously taken for each case, to correct the disposition, and to remove the obstructions which cause the following complaints, which these Pills rapidly cure:

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users,

be prepared to pro-

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All orders

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to married life, should  
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1 Rose, "Early Good  
Peach Blow,"  
Garden  
Seeds,  
Buttons,  
Beans, Grains,  
Miller Sugar Cane,  
Seeds, &c., &c.

Pots,  
d. Buckets

ment of Agricultural  
implements, Hardware,  
seeds, Tobacco and  
&c., Children's car-

wagons, &c., just

LOUIS HUTCH

Opposite Braden Hotel

DERRIS,

dry Goods

FINISHING GOODS.

S AND BOOTS.

ERCE STREET,

nto.

ICE.

freeman, who was an  
American citizen, 14  
years old, and in  
with small star on the  
jaw. If not examined  
by law, the horse  
will be sold.

JOHN VOLLMER.

March 7th, 1871.

The following is a list of business men in  
this city, who may be addressed in refer-  
ence to their respective class of business:  
Mayor—W.C.A. Thielephi.

ARCHITECTS, &c.,  
J.H. Kampmann, Architect and Builder.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

L. Wolfson.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

W.W. Gamble.

E. Penteñrieder.

F. Simon.

BANKERS.

San Antonio National Bank.

Bonnett & Thornton.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

A. Nette.

DRY GOODS.

Louis Zork.

A. Morris.

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

Elmendorf & Co.

B. Mauermann.

Mareau & Fairweather.

FURNITURE.

Philip Conrad.

Rodd & Mather.

GROCERS.

Theo Schleining.

Rhodine & Co.

H. Gremet.

F. Guillot.

Wagner & Rummel.

Dressel & Bräuer.

A. Biesenbach & Co.

Louis Huth.

Barry & Hugo.

HARDWARE.

Norton & Deutz.

Elmendorf & Co.

Louis Huth.

A. Biesenbach & Co.

Barry & Hugo.

HOTELS.

Mrs. Schmidt, Commerce Street.

JEWELRY.

Bell & Bros.

LAMPS, TOYS AND FANCY GOODS.

F. Simon.

E. Penteñrieder.

LIVERY STABLES.

Fox & Karter.

John C. Crawford.

LUMBER YARD.

Edward Staves.

Brackenridge & Stapp.

MERCHANT TAYLORS.

Bafford & Delassaux.

PROFESSIONAL.

Jack Cooke, Attorney at Law.

Julius W. Van Slyck, Attorney at Law.

John R. Shook, Lawyer.

Dr. A. Boyd Doremus, Dentist.

SOAP MANUFACTORY.

Simon Mengert.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

Theo. Schleining.

A. Biesenbach & Co.

Dressel & Bräuer, Importers Cal. Wine.

Rosenthal & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS.

San Antonio Meat Extract Company.

Schmidt & Dueter, Candy Factory.

Wm. Kellner, Confectionary and Oyster

Saloon.

H. Mauermann, Gunsmith.

Ed. Pass & Johnson, B.F. Picklin.

A. Staacke, Wagons.

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ATTORNEY & CO., AT LAW.

Having returned to his old home, he has

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### Consumption, Its Cure and its Preventive, By J. H. Schenck, M.D.

Many a human being has passed away,  
for whose death there was no other reason  
than the neglect of known and indisputable  
means of cure. Those near and  
dear to family and friend are sleeping the  
desolate slumber into which had they  
been adopted.

Dr. Joseph H. Schenck's simple  
Treatment,  
and availed themselves of his wonderful  
of efficacious medicines, they would not have  
died.

Dr. Schenck has in his own case proved  
that wherever sufficient vitality remains,  
that vitality, by his medicines and his direc-  
tions for their use, is quickened into health-  
ful vigor.

In this statement there is nothing pre-  
sumptuous. To the faith of the invalid is  
made no representation that is not a thousand  
and times substantiated by living and visible  
works. The theory of the cure by Dr.  
Schenck's medicines is as simple as it is im-  
pounding. Its philosophy requires no argu-  
ment. It is self-assuring, self-convincing.

The Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills  
are the first two weapons with which the  
citadel of the malady is assailed. Two  
thirds of the cases of consumption originate  
in dyspepsia and a functionally disordered  
liver. With this condition the bronchial  
tubes "sympathize" with the stomach.  
They respond to the morbid action of the  
liver. Here then comes the culminating  
result, and the setting in, with all its distressing  
symptoms of

### Consumption,</h3

# The Daily Express.

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INDIANOLA

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SAN ANTONIO

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**SUPPLY LUMBER YARD**

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Boards of all dimensions,

Rough and Dressed Flooring,

Ceilings, Shingles, &c., &c.

We invite the especial attention of our Lumber dealers in San Antonio. In addition to the above we keep constantly on hand in San Antonio, a full assortment of

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**Alamo Plaza, opposite Meurer's,**  
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By sending 25c with name, address, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a colored picture of your future complexion with name and address of manufacturer. Address: W. FOX, 2-1-3-71dfl. 144 Franklin St., New York.

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**THE EXCELSIOR**

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**MOTIVE POWER.**

**ELMENDORF & CO.**

**HARDWARE MERCHANTS,**

MAIN PLAZA,

Fairbank's Stores, Agricultural Implements

Large assortment of Plows.

Hancock's Knitting Machines!

**LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS.**

Agents for HERRING'S SAES.

**SEPTOLINE OIL.**

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