

DAILY EXPRESS.

Department of Texas.

Colonel J. J. Reynolds, 3d U. S. Cavalry, Commanding.

DEPARTMENT STAFF.

Major H. Clay Wood, Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Army, Adjutant General. Lieutenant Colonel James H. Carleton, 4th U. S. Cavalry, Acting Assistant Inspector General.

GENERAL STAFF OFFICERS REPORTING DIRECT TO CHIEFS OF STAFF.

Captain Benjamin F. Card, Assistant Quartermaster, J. S. Army, Depot Quartermaster, San Antonio, Texas. Captain W. G. Hodges, Military Storekeeper, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, Galveston, Texas.

ROSTER OF TROOPS

Department of Texas.

January 1, 1871.

Anson, Texas, Com'dg Officer, Major J. K. Mizner, 4th Cavalry company D, 10th Infantry. Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., Com'dg Officer, Major J. W. Todd, Ordnance Dept, U. S. Army; Detachment of Ordnance.

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THE SUN.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

A Newspaper of the Present Times, Intended for People now on Earth.

Including Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and all Manner of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons and Daughters of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

One Hundred Copies for \$50.

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The Semi-Weekly Sun, \$2 a Year.

of the same size and general character as THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater dispatch, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

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A prominently readable newspaper, with the latest circulation in the world. Free, full, correct, and fearless.

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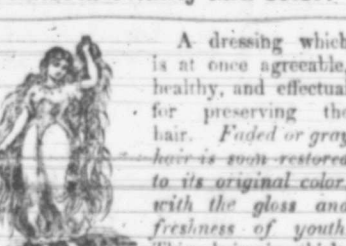
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Ayer's Hair Vigor,

For restoring Gray Hair to its natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effectual for preserving the hair. Faded or gray hair is soon restored to its original color with the gloss and freshness of youth.



This hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed. But such as remain can be saved for usefulness by this application.

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS, LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE \$1.00.

Important Notice

TO THE

Traveling Public.

The undersigned having purchased the entire Livery Stock of B. B. Sampson, and taken possession of the premises lately occupied by him as a livery stable in San Antonio, will commence business at the old address well known to the public at the upper bridge—making such additions to the already large stock of horses and vehicles in the city, as shall be demanded by the wants of the community.

Pasturage Facilities,

enabling him to keep stock upon the most favorable terms. Will be kept at all times, Spanish Horses and Mules for sale. Ambulances and teams always in readiness to carry passengers to any part of the State.

BLACKSMITHING

He has also on the above mentioned premises, a Blacksmith Shop, where the best of workmen are employed, for making and repairing vehicles, shoeing horses, and doing all other work in that line. Charges in all departments will be the lowest.

JOHN C. CRAWFORD, Jr., San Antonio, Jan. 19 1870. (12-1-70)

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BY SIMON MENGEREL,

Loredo Street, West Side of San Pedro, Awarded Certificate Premiums and four Diplomas.

The last Honorary Diploma ever awarded to S. Mengerel, San Antonio, of the best Soap made in Texas. (12-1-70)

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W. WESTHOFF & CO.,

Indianola, Texas.

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The Choral Tribute,

BY L. O. EMERSON,

The best Sacred Music Book ever written by the author. Entirely new. Chords and Congregations are delighted with it. Price, \$1.50; \$13.50 per dozen. Sample copies sent post paid on receipt of price.

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BOOKS, PERIODICALS and NEWSPAPERS.

29-3-52dAwit.

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Great Social Evils and Abuses,

Which interfere with MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief for the Erring and Unfortunate, diseases and debilitated.

Sent in sealed envelope, free of charge. Address, HOWARD SANITARY AID ASSOCIATION, No 2, South Ninth St., Philadelphia, Pa. 24-1-71-d&w3m.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

County of Bexar,

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Bexar County—Greeting:

Whereas, the city of San Antonio, a body corporate within said county, did on the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1870, file their petition in my office, alleging as follows, to wit: That one J. H. Lyons did on or about the 11th day of July, A. D. 1855, become the purchaser from said city of lot No. 97 in Range No. 4, and District No. 1, containing acres, more or less, as described in the plan of said city lands, and thereafter, on the 23rd day of March, A. D. 1854, conjointly with the Mayor of said city, did enter into a written agreement of bargain and sale, wherein he bound himself to pay to said city the sum of seventy-three and 35/100 dollars, balance of purchase money, payable at the expiration of fifty years, with eight per cent per annum interest thereon, payable in semi-annual installments, the first installment being payable on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1854, and the subsequent installments on the 1st day of February, and the 1st day of August, in each and every year, during said term of fifty years, and for the purpose of securing the payment of said balance of purchase money, did, by said written agreement, make and acknowledge a special mortgage and vendor's lien on said described lot, stipulating that in case the installments or interest provided for, or any one of them, should not be paid, when due, the whole amount of unpaid purchase money should become due and collectible; that the interest on said unpaid purchase money due on the 1st day of February, A. D. 1859, and all the subsequent installments due thereafter have not been paid; that T. S. Rogers and the heirs of Silas B. Foote, now deceased, are the present owners or claimants of said described lot.

Petitioner prays for citation, for judgment for the said unpaid balance of purchase money, with interest thereon, for the foreclosure of said special mortgage, for the foreclosure of all the rights, interest or claim of said T. S. Rogers and the heirs or legal representatives of said Silas B. Foote, deceased, in said described lot, and for costs of suit, etc., etc.; and petitioner hereby gives notice to defendants to produce the original purchase contract.

And W. C. A. Thielenpe, Mayor of said city, having made oath that the names of the heirs, successors, or legal representatives of said Silas B. Foote, now deceased, are unknown, and that the residence of said T. S. Rogers is unknown; these are therefore to command you that you summon the unknown heirs, successors, or legal representatives of said Silas B. Foote, deceased, and T. S. Rogers, by publication of this writ in the "San Antonio Express," for eight successive weeks, previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Bexar county, to be holden in and for said county, at the court house in the city of San Antonio, on the first Monday of June, A. D. 1871, then and there to answer the petition of the said city of San Antonio.

Herein fail not, but of this writ and your proceedings thereon, make due return.

Witness, Mortimer Slocum, Clerk of the District Court of Bexar county, and seal of said Court, at office in San Antonio, this 20th day of December, A. D. 1870. M. SLOCUM, Clk. Dist. Ct. Bexar County.

Issued same day, 29-12-70m.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

County of Bexar,

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Bexar County—Greeting:

Whereas, the city of San Antonio, a body corporate within said county, did on the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1870, file their petition in my office, alleging as follows, to wit: That one H. W. Melas of said county, did on or about the 10th day of April, A. D. 1855, become the purchaser from said city of Lot No. 5, in Range No. 1, and District No. 1, containing 4 acres, more or less, as described in the plan of said city lands, and thereafter, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1855, conjointly with the Mayor of said city, did enter into a written agreement of bargain and sale, wherein he bound himself to pay to said city the sum of two hundred and seventy-seven and 35/100 dollars, balance of purchase money, payable at the expiration of fifty years, with eight per cent per annum interest thereon, payable in semi-annual installments, the first installment being payable on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1855, and the subsequent installments on the 10th day of April and the 10th day of October, in each and every year, during said term of fifty years, and for the purpose of securing the payment of said balance of purchase money, did by said written agreement, make and acknowledge a special mortgage and vendor's lien on said described lot, stipulating that in case the installments or interest provided for, or any one of them, should not be paid when due, the whole amount of said unpaid purchase money should become due and collectible; that the interest on said unpaid purchase money due on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1860, and all the subsequent installments due thereafter, have not been paid; that one A. F. Kercheval, who is a non-resident of this county, is the present owner or claimant of said described lot.

Petitioner prays for citation, for judgment for the said unpaid balance of purchase money, with interest thereon, for the foreclosure of said special mortgage, for the foreclosure of all the rights, interests or claims of said A. F. Kercheval, to said described lot, and for costs of suit, etc.; and petitioner hereby gives notice to defendants to produce the original purchase contract.

And W. C. A. Thielenpe, Mayor of said city, having made oath that said A. F. Kercheval is not a resident of this State, these are therefore to command you that you summon the said A. F. Kercheval, by publication of this writ in the "San Antonio Express," for four successive weeks, previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Bexar county, at the court house in the city of San Antonio, on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1871, then and there to answer the petition of the said City of San Antonio.

Herein fail not, but of this writ and your proceedings thereon, make due return.

Witness, Mortimer Slocum, Clerk of the District Court of Bexar county, and seal of said Court, at office in San Antonio, this 20th day of December, A. D. 1870. M. SLOCUM, Clk. Dist. Ct. Bexar County.

Issued same day, 29-12-70m.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

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THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Bexar County—Greeting:

Whereas, the city of San Antonio, a body corporate within said county, did on the 22nd day of August, A. D. 1870, file their petition in my office, alleging as follows, to wit: That one H. W. Melas of said county, did on or about the 10th day of April, A. D. 1855, become the purchaser from said city of Lot No. 5, in Range No. 1, and District No. 1, containing 4 acres, more or less, as described in the plan of said city lands, and thereafter, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1855, conjointly with the Mayor of said city, did enter into a written agreement of bargain and sale, wherein he bound himself to pay to said city the sum of two hundred and seventy-seven and 35/100 dollars, balance of purchase money, payable at the expiration of fifty years, with eight per cent per annum interest thereon, payable in semi-annual installments, the first installment being payable on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1855, and the subsequent installments on the 10th day of April and the 10th day of October, in each and every year, during said term of fifty years, and for the purpose of securing the payment of said balance of purchase money, did by said written agreement, make and acknowledge a special mortgage and vendor's lien on said described lot, stipulating that in case the installments or interest provided for, or any one of them, should not be paid when due, the whole amount of said unpaid purchase money should become due and collectible; that the interest on said unpaid purchase money due on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1860, and all the subsequent installments due thereafter, have not been paid; that one A. F. Kercheval, who is a non-resident of this county, is the present owner or claimant of said described lot.

Petitioner prays for citation, for judgment for the said unpaid balance of purchase money, with interest thereon, for the foreclosure of said special mortgage, for the foreclosure of all the rights, interests or claims of said A. F. Kercheval, to said described lot, and for costs of suit, etc.; and petitioner hereby gives notice to defendants to produce the original purchase contract.

And W. C. A. Thielenpe, Mayor of said city, having made oath that said A. F. Kercheval is not a resident of this State, these are therefore to command you that you summon the said A. F. Kercheval, by publication of this writ in the "San Antonio Express," for four successive weeks, previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court of Bexar county, at the court house in the city of San Antonio, on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1871, then and there to answer the petition of the said City of San Antonio.

Herein fail not, but of this writ and your proceedings thereon, make due return.

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Issued same day, 29-12-70m.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,

County of Bexar,

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Bexar County—Greeting:

Whereas, the city of San Antonio, a body corporate within said county, did on the 4th day of January, A. D. 1871, file their petition in my office, alleging as follows, to wit: That one William J. Clarke, now of Newburg, in the State of North Carolina, was on or about the 15th day of March, A. D. 1859, the holder of certain instruments of writing purporting to be Bonds, with interest coupons, issued by said city to the San Antonio and Mexican Gulf railroad company, on the 1st day of March, A. D. 1857, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, or more; the Bonds payable at 20 years; and the coupons semi-annually. That thereafter, and before the filing of this suit, said Bonds and Coupons were placed in the hands of S. G. Newton, of said county of Bexar, who now holds them and claims an interest in them. That said pretended Bonds and Coupons were issued without authority, and for no consideration, and were fraudulently procured by said railroad company, and came into the possession of said Clarke as President of said railroad company, with full knowledge of the same. Wherefore, petitioner, represented by W. C. A. Thielenpe, Mayor, having made oath that said W. J. Clarke is not a resident of this State, prays that he may be cited by publication, to appear and answer hereto, and that said S. G. Newton be cited to appear and answer hereto; and having propounded to defendants the interrogatories and requests, making oath that the answers thereto are material to support the rights of petitioner, and that petitioner knows of no other persons by whom the same facts can be proven, prays that said named defendants be required to answer under oath, and estoppe, each of the questions put to them. And petitioner prays that on a final hearing of the case, the said Bonds and Coupons be declared null and void; that they be surrendered up to be destroyed, and that petitioner have judgment for costs, for general relief, &c.

1. Did you have any interest in Bonds and Coupons purporting to have been issued by the said city of San Antonio to the San Antonio and Mexican Gulf railroad company, signed by C. F. King, Mayor of said city, and bearing date the 1st day of March, A. D. 1857? If yes, state the interest fully, and to what extent does it exist now? Give the numbers in fact, together with the amounts of said Bonds and Coupons. When? Where? From whom? and for what purpose did you receive them? And where are said Bonds and Coupons now?

2. Are there not fifty thousand dollars and upwards of the said Bonds and Coupons claimed by you, and in your possession, or in the possession of any one for you? And, if not that amount, then to what amount?

3. Did not Henry M. Lewis, deceased, who, previous to his death, resided in the said city of San Antonio, have in his possession, on or about the 31st day of March, A. D. 1859, or at any time subsequently, as the property of Wm. J. Clarke, Bonds and Coupons, as aforesaid, amounting to fifty thousand dollars and upwards? And, if not that amount, state the amount; and state particularly the respective numbers, and the amount of the same, and where I am in whose keeping or possession are they now?

4. Did not the said Henry M. Lewis, before the filing of this suit, deliver a large number of the said Bonds and Coupons, represented as the property of William J. Clarke, to the said S. G. Newton? If yes, what were the respective numbers and gross amounts thereof? Designate particularly the face number and amount of each Bond and Coupon, and state what has been done with them; and where and in whose possession are they now?

These are therefore to command you, that you summon the said William J. Clarke by publication of this writ in the "San Antonio Express," for four successive weeks, previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the Hon. District Court, at the Court house in the city of San Antonio, on the first Monday in February, A. D. 1871, then and there to answer the petition of the said city of San Antonio.

Herein fail not, but of this writ and your proceedings thereon, make due return.

Witness, Mortimer Slocum, Clerk of the District Court of Bexar county, and seal of said Court, at office in San Antonio, this 20th day of January, A. D. 1871. M. SLOCUM, Clk. Dist. Ct. Bexar Co.

FORESALE.

A house one and a half stories high, with two rooms and passage, and kitchen with three rooms, all in good repairs. The lot on which said house and kitchen are located is well enclosed with a good plank fence, and fronts 70 feet, more or less, on St. Mary's street, the upper line running back west 62 yards to the San Antonio river, and the lower line 70 yards, more or less. Said lot has beautiful shade trees on it, and is situated near the strike of the city of San Antonio, and near the new bridge and Commissary building, and within a very short distance of Pasco street, and near the new Catholic Cathedral and new iron footbridge. Title indisputable. The above property will be sold at public outcry, to the highest bidder, for cash in coin, on the premises, on Monday, the 10th of February, 1871. The execution of the deed and stamps will be at the expense of the purchaser.

By his Attorney in fact, James L. Truheart. (26-1-71)3m.

Fredericksburg, Texas.

Waarmund & Stuecken,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND

HARDWARE.

OWNERS OF THE

Fredericksburg Steam Mill

(21-1-71m)

SILVER WINGS.

Silver Wings. The New Silver Wings

Silver Wings. Sabbath Silver Wings

Silver Wings. School Silver Wings

Silver Wings. Music Book. Silver Wings

Price, in Boards, 36 cents; Paper, 30 cents. Sample copies sent Post-paid, on receipt of retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston, CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

The Daily Express

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES. OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY AND CITY OF SAN ANTONIO.

A. SIEMERING & CO., Publishers. STANLEY WELCH, Editor. SATURDAY, FEB. 11, 1871.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, Austin, August 29th, 1870. To A. Siemering & Co.,

You are hereby notified that I have this day appointed your paper, 'The San Antonio Express,' the official journal of the twenty-third Judicial District.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto signed my hand and the seal of the said District Court, at the City of Austin, this 2nd day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and the Independence of Texas, the thirty-fifth.

EDMUND J. DAVIS, Governor. By the Governor, JAMES P. NEWCOMB.

NOTICE.

The SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS has received the commission of Official Organ for the twenty-third Judicial District, which embraces the counties of Bexar, Wilson and Comal.

The FREE PRESS has received the commission of Official Organ for the twenty-sixth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Kendall, Kerr, Gillespie, Blanco, Edwards and Kimbrell.

We call the attention of Sheriff's Constables, District Judges, District Clerks, Justices of the Peace, all county officers and administrators, or parties making either public or private sale under order of a Court, to the clause in Section 13, of the law, which says:

'Every advertisement and publication in any other paper than the one selected, shall, during the term of such legal selection, be null and void for all legal purposes.'

Also to Sections 14 and 15 of same law, which reads:

Section 14. That before any public or private sale, under order of any court, shall be had, notice of such sale, with a full and correct description of the property to be sold, shall be published in the legal advertising medium of the judicial district in which such property shall be sold, for a period of four weeks, the first section each week, immediately preceding such sale; and any officer selling property, of any kind whatever, without advertising the same as required by this section, shall be responsible for all damages that any party may sustain.

Sec. 15. That whenever it shall be established before any court of competent jurisdiction, that the provisions of section 14, of this act, have not been complied with, the party or parties purchasing the property not properly advertised, shall forfeit the amount paid for such property, and such property shall revert to its former position as when no sale had been made.

The Texas Southern Pacific Railroad.

We notice in the proceedings of the House of Representatives of our State on the 7th that a bill was introduced, asking the Congress of the United States to pass a bill for the construction of a railroad from the eastern boundary of Texas to the Pacific Ocean, or near the thirty-second parallel of latitude, and to grant the same aid for the construction of this railroad that has been granted to secure the building of the Northern Pacific railroad.

This resolution was passed by its third reading and final passage, but did not receive a four-fifths vote to suspend the rules, so it laid over until yesterday.

This action of the House is significant, coming as it does at a time when the Congress of the United States has under consideration a Southern Pacific railroad bill, as perfect in all its features as one can be made.

The House a few days since suspended the rules, to take from the Speaker's table the bill in relation to the Southern Pacific railroad, and refer it to the committee on Pacific railroad, with leave to report at any time after the 10th instant.

The vote upon suspension stood yeas 129, Nays 61. This action is regarded as equivalent to the ultimate passage of the bill. All the southern members voted yeas.

The committee of seventeen to whom this bill has been referred, comprises the ablest minds in the House. They have foreseen the necessity of a grand trunk Pacific route South, and have encouraged the southern members in uniting upon the route which runs from Marshall, Texas to San Diego, California, via El Paso, Governor Alcorn of Mississippi, the Governor of Arkansas, the capitalists of Vicksburg and of New Orleans, and the administration and Legislature of Texas, all favor this route, and the report of the committee in Congress, will be so framed as to secure the passage of the bill.

We have not been able to secure a proposed charter of this enterprise, but we learn the bill is in substance the same as brought to notice last year, with a few amendments. One change is, allowing the stockholders and directors to select a gauge that they deem most advantageous to the interests of commerce and of the road.

If the interested will take a map, and follow over the ground of the proposed route they will see at once the enormous advantages to be secured to the Southern country. Texas in particular will be the recipient of advantages, worth in aggregated value, millions of dollars.

The best evidence of the value of this road, is found in the unanimity of feeling of the southern members of Congress. The road is thoroughly a southern road, and the committee upon Pacific railroads have referred all mooted points to influential southern members. The geographical position of the road is as near as possible a straight line through a wealthy region, rich beyond conception in natural resources. All superfluous branches of the line have been lopped off from the bill, and it is exactly what is needed a grand trunk railroad. We shall take occasion to lay before our readers a more complete summary of the advantages of the road, as soon as we can procure a copy of the approved charter.

We expect daily to receive the unanimous favorable report of the Congressional Committee.

Compulsory Education.

The importance of this subject is sufficient excuse for our devoting more space to it in our columns, especially so, since the question is being agitated from the confines of Maine to the most extreme settlement within our own State borders.

The word "compulsory," to the American mind, carries with it something fraught with distaste, compulsion being one of those elements of force, antagonistic to the fundamental principles of Republicanism. But in the question of education, it appears not so much as an initial principle as it does an auxiliary. Education has been made free in our land, and is a source of pride to the country. Millions are yearly expended in the creation and support of institutes of learning, where it is expected the crudities of ignorance will be replaced by an intelligence that will become a source of national pride, and assist in national advancement.

Now, if these generous and wise provisions of the government were met with a corresponding show of appreciation by the masses, the question of compulsion would not enter at all into the system of educational advantages, but unfortunately, a large portion of the people do not avail themselves of the government's care, and the efforts of the educated to advance the country, are counterbalanced by the dead weight of the ignorant, who are a clog to the machinery of advancement and civilization.

The relation between the Government and the governed is, that for protection of property, to life, to property, and the securing of safety from either foreign or domestic aggression, the government yields a faithful allegiance to that government, and is obligated to defend it against all enemies. In its educational relations, the government provides facilities for free education, and should claim from the governed some return for the benefits it gratuitously offers. This is the point upon which we rest the defense of compulsory education. Ignorance, which is detrimental to a nation, which weakens its power and reduces its standard in comparison with other nations, is a crime, akin to that of open treason. It saps the strength and vitality of the most flourishing realm, and places it in juxtaposition with the least rights of warring powers where bigotry, superstition and fanaticism make the tenure of national construction, uncertain.

Has a nation a right to provide against this ill? We think it certainly has, and our intelligent readers will agree with us upon the point.

The schools of this country are attended by some and neglected by others. Figuratively speaking, learning and ignorance are near neighbors. The effect is the trammeling of the educated by the dead weight of the ignorant, and the dissatisfaction of the ignorant at the superior advantages of the educated. Under a republican form of government, ignorance begins quicker to show its effects than under those where the powers of government descend from generation to generation, causing a high state of intellectual culture to become a part of the necessities of royalty.

Ignorance may control the ballot box, and the result cannot but be detrimental to the nation. Hence the object of statesmen who have the real interests of the country at heart, should be to assist, encourage, and even compel the educating of the masses, to a certain standard. Secure the country beyond the contingencies of a half-relapse to barbarism. Make it the duty of every parent or guardian to give the child a specific amount of knowledge. Let the untutored mind be led to trains of thought, and the nature of man, and his thirst for the unknown will carry him safely over the shoals, that ignorant, he would be sure to stumble upon, having sought but instinct to assist him in the voyage of life.

The wisdom of compulsory education has manifested itself in the ability displayed by Prussia, in the European struggle. The commonest soldier of the ranks is of necessity, an intelligent man. A judicious law compelled his attendance at school for a number of years. The system has no drawbacks, the educated and intelligent man being better adapted to meet the vicissitudes and adventures of life, than he who stumbles along in utter ignorance. We believe it not only the right, but the duty of our government to legislate to the end of compelling every child in the land to receive the ground-work of a good education. In Texas, where the school-attending class of one-third is overbalanced by the two-thirds who neglect educational advantages, it is imperative that measures should be adopted enforcing school attendance. We are in favor of compulsory education.

Morgan Hamilton and the Frontier.

The telegrams this morning convey the news that the bill providing protection for our frontier, has been laid upon the table. The hopes of many of our suffering people, have been overthrown, by this action, the fruit of the misrepresentations of Morgan Hamilton and his coadjutors, who have thrown every obstacle in the way of our securing protection for our border.

The excuse for turning deaf ears to the petitions of our frontiersmen, is that the bill is framed for the purpose of providing employment for a lazy and adventurous class, which idea came solely from Morgan C. Hamilton, who has betrayed the trust placed in his hands, and uses his Senatorial power to exhibit his hatred and malevolence towards Texas.

The insult thus thrust upon hard working, suffering communities will not soon be forgotten. The honesty which has been said to actuate the motives of Morgan C. Hamilton, now shows itself to be meanness; a mendacity, in which he allows a hellish smile of delight to creep over his face, at

the success of his traitorous, treasonable scheme of allowing all the horrors of savage outrage, to remain unchecked upon our long line of frontier.

He has, by his slanderous lies, necessitated the contraction of our frontier settlements; for hundreds have held out, and risked, the horrors of savage raids, in hopes that something would soon be done for relief. He has in his bitterness and prejudice cast upon his own people reflections, that will secure him their everlasting detestation. Can Morgan Hamilton produce the name of a single human being, within the State of Texas, who ever exaggerated the evils of Indian troubles, for the sake of obtaining position? He has said such was the case, and his words stand upon record to that effect.

Men, who know but little of the trials that have been borne by our frontiers, have listened to his falsehoods; and his position as Senator of our State, has entitled him to credence.

In the overthrow of the bill offered and explained by Mr. Duganey, we see the result of Morgan Hamilton's dastardly misrepresentations. The people of Texas, as one man, should raise their voices in outcry against the shameful abuse of trust which this spurious old wretch has shown.

Texas, irrespective of creed or party, should justly upon his tamely acquiescing seat, dishonored by his contact. Think all; and by thinking, act.

THE OVERTHROW OF THE BILL OFFERED AND EXPLAINED BY MR. DUGANEY, we see the result of Morgan Hamilton's dastardly misrepresentations. The people of Texas, as one man, should raise their voices in outcry against the shameful abuse of trust which this spurious old wretch has shown.

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TELEGRAPHIC

SPECIAL TO THE SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS.

Midnight Dispatches

LONDON, Feb. 8.—Gen. Van der Tuin's army occupies the most important positions on the frontier of the Netherlands.

Gen. Billow evacuated Louis Le Mans on the 5th.

The Times, in an editorial on the situation, says that information from Paris indicates a longing for peace.

The News says the Parisians will vote today in entire dependence upon the good faith of the Germans.

WASHINGTON, 5.—A bill for the better protection of the Texas frontier, authorizing the Secretary of War to organize and employ citizens, and appropriating \$100,000 therefor, was introduced. Mr. Logan opposed the bill, as giving employment to gentlemen on the Texas frontier who had nothing else to do. It meant nothing more nor less than war with Mexico. The bill was tabled, 79 to 54.

Mixed schools discussed at great length. Mr. Sumner strongly advocated mixture. Mr. Carpenter also.

Mr. Thurman argued as the friend of the common schools, that a mixture would destroy them.

Mr. Rhodes opposed any discrimination. He stated that he found prejudice on account of color very strong in this country, and fears it is increasing. He saw no reason therefore, and thinks it the duty of the nation to discourage it, because it was wicked and not approved by Heaven.

David Rumley was nominated for Collector of Customs at Wilmington, N. C.

A World's cable dispatch dated London 8th, says the German army will enter Paris on the 9th.

Berlin, 8.—The Minister of Finance introduced in the Prussian Diet to-day, a bill authorizing a credit of 50,000,000 thalers, 6,000,000 thalers of it to be treasury bonds payable the 1st of July next.

NEW ORLEANS, 8.—Cotton, good ordinary 1 1/4 @ 1 1/4, middling 1 1/4 @ 1 1/4, low middling 1 1/4 @ 1 1/4, Gold 1 1/4.

NEW YORK, 8.—Cotton, sales 250 bales at 1 1/4. Gold 1 1/4.

LIVERPOOL, 8.—Cotton, Uplands 7 1/2; Orleans 7 1/2.

Behind the Scenes.

A writer in the Cincinnati Gazette tells of a recent visit behind the scenes in one of the theatres in that city, and relates the following incident:

"An affecting incident occurred at the National a few days ago. One of the public favorites, just as the curtain rose, received a telegram that his mother lay dying in Philadelphia. The poor fellow broke down, sobbed like a child, and around him hung his associates in silent, fearful sympathy. But the public had paid their admission—the performance must go on; and with a heavy sigh not often pardoned, he rose, wiped the tears from his face, and appeared before the footlights. Little did the audience think, as they shook with laughter at his broad caricature, and thought, 'oh a villainous caricature of the agent of the gas, who has the ghastly look of suffering that swept over his face as he left the stage, they would have realized what their amusement cost that night. But again and again he was recalled, and as he left the scene for the last time, another telegram announced to him that all was over. Still the inexorable public must receive their yield pro gas, and so through the pantomime's weary length he had to drag himself, apparently the gayest of the gay, while the keenest, bitterest of earthly sorrows was piercing his heart, and making a mute pressure of the hand bore evidence of the kindly sympathy of those about him."

The writer labors to correct the popular impression that the majority of actors and actresses are immoral, and in conclusion says:

"I have only a word for the reader. Frown as unsparring as you will on vice and immorality whenever or wherever found, but, I pray you, by our common humanity, let your mantle of charity be large enough to cover the stage as a whole, and believe that there, as every where else in life, are found earnest, devoted, ambitious men and women; among whom the average morality is certainly as high as elsewhere in the world, and who will appreciate your action all the more because of the unjust cloud of censure under which they have heretofore labored."

THE WAY FERRE HANTE ladies cure their lords of inebrity is by blinding up their eyes.

The Silver Wedding of Moses Skinner.

SHREWD DIPLOMACY OF MRS. SKINNER.

The following narrative will be suggestive to married folks generally:

"It being just twenty-five years since my first wedding, I thought I could not better celebrate the event than by having a grand silver wedding. Alas! twenty-five brief summers, and it seems but the day before yesterday since I returned from her funeral, an silvered man, and told the undertaker to call round for his pay in the fall.

The great trouble in silver weddings is that you are apt to get two or three presents alike; but I flatter myself I fixed 'em up. In the first place Mrs. Skinner and I looked over our stock of silverware to see what we were out of, and found that we could take about twenty-five square presents without getting bilious, and then we invited a few children, in reference to milk-crackers, butter-knives, and other small fry. I issued my invitations two weeks beforehand, to give everybody a chance to buy a present, and in addition invited in a delicate manner what I should like each one to bring. So the invitations read very much like this:

"Mrs. Charity Paleabottom and Husband, You are both asked To Mr. and Mrs. Skinner's Silver Wedding, January 17th. Please bring silver crockery, with extra regard to—

"Mrs. John Bowman and Husband, To Mr. and Mrs. Skinner's Silver Wedding, January 17th. We cherish fond hopes in your direction in reference to a silver teapot. On the back of each invitation was a neat gilt scroll, enclosing the words, 'Please avoid dollar stores.' To save the affair was a success would be detracting the dictionary, I have looked that venerable pamphlet through, but fail to find a word that meets the case. Nothing short of seven syllables, and a 'French roof' will do, so I give it up.

"On the arrival of the guests, I took charge of the presents with as much emotion as the value of the presents called for. A silver teapot I received with a lumpy tread in my voice, while an elegant silver teapot cannot be entirely broken down with emotion. But I recovered and went through the trying ordeal with unflinching bravery. First, who didn't bring seven syllables, we were not at home, which, of course, made the gathering more select. We received some very fine presents, including a share in a silver mine, a lock of gray hair streaked with silver, some silver bones from a maiden's voice, a silver beam from the moon, and some castor-oil made from a silver castor.

"Then my wife and I stood up and received the silver-tongued congratulations of our guests, and our happy married life. But didn't need 'em; no, I should say not. When I see a man utterly ruined in spirit and bald-headed at the premature age of fifty, with a black eye constantly on hand, and a wife who is ready to furnish him with more black eyes at the lowest market price, I pause ere I congratulate him on matrimonial bliss. Not that I would insinuate that Mrs. Skinner is not as gentle as a dove in the olive-branch business. Not at all. I simply say that in a case like this I should probably pause to the extent of a suspension and a comma ere I congratulated him."

THE Rev. Charles Brooks, father of State Normal Schools in America, was asked by a teacher this question: "What shall I teach my pupils?" He answered: "Teach them very thoroughly these five things:—

- 1. To live religiously. 2. To think comprehensively. 3. To reckon mathematically. 4. To converse fluently; and, 5. To write grammatically.

If you successfully teach them these five things, you will have really done your duty to your pupils to their parents, to your country, and to yourself.

"Amen," said the proceptor.

Important Dates.

The following will refresh the minds of our readers as the dates of the most important inventions, discoveries and improvements, the advantages of which we now enjoy:

- Spinning wheel invented, 1230. Paper first made of rags, 1417. Muskets invented and first used in England, 1421. Printing introduced into England, by Caxton, 1474. Violins invented, 1477. Maps and charts first brought to England, 1489. Diamonds cut and polished, 1493. Fortifications built in the present style, 1509. Sugar refining first practised by Venetians, 1502. Brass first plated in England, 1506. Watches first made at Nuremberg, 1504. Soap was first made at London and Bristol, 1504. Camera-obscura invented, 1515. Gun-powder invented at Nuremberg, 1517. Peniculation was first used in literature, 1520. Spinning jenny invented, 1769.

This story comes from Cedar Falls, Iowa: An untown bridegroom dreamed on his wedding night that he was chained to a log on a railroad track, and awoke to find himself on the floor, with his head nearly mashed with a chair, and an excited woman standing over him, asking if it was customary for brides to be dragged out of bed by the feet. She said she had never submitted to such extortion before, and she'd be darned if she would now. He told her it was new to him, too.

A RECENT inquest in London affords a remarkable illustration of the lengths to which vanity will carry women. A domestic servant died suddenly, and made a post mortem examination, which showed that the stomach had been reduced to the size of a tomato, and the heart pushed out of its proper place, through tight lacing. The coroner, a medical man of great experience, had never seen so aggravated a case of the sort.

A GENTLEMAN of Norwich, Connecticut, has invented and published a most ingenious calendar, good for three hundred years, and printed on paper the size of a visiting card. If any man, after using it three hundred years, isn't satisfied with it, the inventor gives him another free.

Remedy for Cramp or Lockjaw.

Through a practice and experience of many years, I have discovered that it is possible to cure either cramp or lockjaw. For two years I have treated this disease in the cases of many children, and have never had a case of death, where the treatment was submitted to my hands.

I refer to Dr. Hegd for testimony as to my skill in this particular. M. KLAEBE, Midwife, 12-2-71d1m.) Alamo street.

"Get the Best."

BLANCHARD CHURN

In every respect the best ever offered for sale. It is simple, cheap, durable. It churns, Works and Salts without change of Dash or touch. The handle to the Butter. Finestizes. M.A.S.C.

Now in actual use. Sold by all dealers in really first class Farm Machinery. For Agents, Agencies, Descriptive Circulars and Fifty Dollar Prize Butter Essay, Address, SOLE MANUFACTURERS, Porter Blanchard's Sons, Concord, New Hampshire. Or their Wholesale Agents, R. H. ALLEN & CO., P. O. Box 376, New York City, 10-2-71d w 1m.

PATENT HAND CHEESE from Philadelphia, just received by 1-9-70d w 1m) WAGNER & RUMMEL.

IRON! IRON!! IRON!!!

H. GRENET, Has now on hand, 200,000 Pounds of Refined English Iron. ALSO, CAST AND SPRING STEEL. All of which were imported direct from the best English manufacturers. 9-2-71d1m.

Notice of Dissolution.

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, at Fredericksburg, Gillespie county, under the name and style of Dobbler & Cowan, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons owing said firm will pay the same to F. W. Dobbler, who alone is authorized to receive and receipt for the same; and all persons having claims against said firm will present the same to said Dobbler who has assumed the payment of all the debts of the firm, and is alone responsible. February 7th, 1871. F. WILLIAM DOBBLER, AMOS R. COWAN.

9-2-71d1m.

SEED POTATOES, Garden and Flower Seeds, by 1-9-70d w 1m) WAGNER & RUMMEL.

Lumber Yard!

LUMBER YARD!!

BRACKENRIDGE & STAPP, INDIANOLA

AND SAN ANTONIO

Having opened a SUPPLY LUMBER YARD

In Indianola, we now offer to the public a large and full assortment of Yellow Pine Lumber.

Boards of all dimensions, Rough and Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, Shingles, &c., &c.

We invite the especial attention of our Lumber dealers in San Antonio. In addition to the above we keep constantly on hand in San Antonio, a full assortment of BLACK WALNUT, TEXAS LUMBER, SHINGLES AND Cedar Posts and Pickets.

Lumber yard on MAIN STREET, Opposite the Post House 9-2-71d1m.

Loc... All... Current... Current... Orleans... Gold... Disc... Gold... MASS... NOY... VICE... HEN... NEWS... VALE... WE... the... WEAT... import... THE... work... CAP... ed... DEFE... press... ISSU... the... of non... A B... EB... Savings... FODD... dles;... table in... Do... ree at... 15th... poses... THERE... present... of all... of the... fears... but... demands... SECU... the... poor... benefit... would... be... out a... AMERI... Mr. J... of the... COMPAN... this is... REGIST... with... cons... you... an... A cot... day... will... pleasure... and an... ap... sport... to be... awake... had... int... tensive... Query... caused... UEL... DAY... on the... Comp... associ... the... it was... be... exte... of Mil... of arm... strata... day... We... the... the... gra... ferent... dad... str... Flores... jus... to... impro... under... more... cost... ed, an... the... ex... A...

Local Intelligence.

NOTICE.

All legal advertising in the San Antonio Express must from this date be paid in advance...

See advertisement of Dr. Butts' Dispensary, headed "Book for the Million" Marriage Guide—in another column.

FOR SALE—An A No. 1 Pony, in good condition, and warranted sound in every particular...

Financial Report.

FRIDAY, February 19th, 1875. Currency bought 89. Currency sold 90. Currency exchange New York and New Orleans 1/2 prem.

MASKED ball to-night at Menger's. NOYES' circus is at Galveston. VELOCIPEDS are out of fashion.

HEX fruit is falling in price. NEWSPAPER mails are behind hand again. VALENTINES at Gamble's.

We support the Herald by affording it the latest telegraphic dispatches. WEATHER has become too warm for the importing of oysters.

The ice machines will soon have to be to work. Copy ranges from \$1.45 to \$1.60 per bushel.

DEPENDENT—The Herald, upon the Express for dispatches. INSURANCE companies refuse policies on the lives of those who believe in the myth of non-explosive kerosene.

A REGISTERED POLICY in the NORTH AMERICA is better than having money in a Savings Bank.

FOODER sells at \$3.50 per hundred bundles; corn ought to have been a very profitable investment to the planter last year.

Do not fail to secure tickets for the Soler at Menger's Hotel on the evening of the 15th. The proceeds are for charitable purposes.

THERE is quite a demand for wagons at present, and Staacke seems about to dispose of all of his A No. 1 stock. Plenty more are on the way however, so there need be no fears but what he will be able to meet all demands.

SECURITY against loss is everything to the poor man, who insures his life for the benefit of his loved and dear ones. If you would be doubly and triply secure, take out a REGISTERED POLICY in the NORTH AMERICA.

MR. J. B. LLOYD is the gentlemanly agent of the NORTH AMERICA LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY. Our citizens will recollect that this is the Company that has adopted the REGISTRY SYSTEM, and deposits its bonds with the STATE OF NEW YORK, and consequently secures its policy holders beyond any contingency.

A COUNTRYMAN coming to town yesterday with a refractory pair of mules. When the pleasure of investing in a new pair of wheels and an axle for a demolished wagon. The playful mules thought it would be fine sport to run into a pile of rocks on one side of the street. The "stony" stare of the driver awakened them to a consciousness that they had inflicted upon the owner considerable inconvenience and some expense.

Query!—Does anybody believe that those cursed mules were sorry?

CELEBRATION OF WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY.—At a meeting held at Braden's Hotel on the 5th inst., of committees from Fire Companies Nos. 1 and 2, and the Labor Association of San Antonio, to take steps for the observance of Washington's Birthday, it was resolved, that a general invitation be extended to all Companies and Associations of San Antonio, and particularly the Military and Civil authorities, with the view of arranging a Programme for such demonstration, to meet at the same place on Sunday morning, at 10 o'clock, the 12th inst.

We invite the attention of the public to the style of work performed by the city in the grading and macadamizing of the different streets and roads of our city. Solid street has been levelled and graded. Flores street, from nearly its upper terminus to below the Arsenal, has been likewise improved, and the work upon either, is superior to that performed upon Main street under the Lyons administration. What is more than satisfactory in this matter, is the cost. Both these streets have been improved, another in the Garden district, and yet, the expense is less than for the poor work since on Main street. We commentary is needed, upon the economy of our present administration.

THERE are cotton fields between here and Austin, with the cotton still unpecked. It doesn't pay to hire labor to do it. Take warning farmers, and try a diversified crop this year.

MR. FRED. PETERSON has been appointed city physician, in the place made vacant by the death of Dr. Meiser. Dr. Peterson is a young man of fine attainments, of extensive experience, and has devoted himself to his profession by the hardest kind of work and research.

The Doctor's contributions to scientific collections have not been few, and his connection with the Smithsonian Institute of the United States, and numerous institutes in Europe, of like character, has secured for him a reputation as a promising physician and a valuable student of nature in its various forms. We wish him continued success in his undertakings, and look to see him some day honorably mentioned among those who have fulfilled one of the highest destinies of man, the spreading to the knowledge of the world, by laborious research in the laboratory of Nature.

STATEMENT of monies received and expended for the partial completion of the new Hall of Fire Company No. 1 of this city, by Ed. Braden, Chairman of the Building Committee.

Table with financial entries: To amt of loan from Mrs. Ramos \$1,000.00; Cash from Mrs. Ramos 2,000.00; Shares paid for 1,400.00; Donated by City 300.00; by Agricultural Society 100.00; Loaned by 125.00; Donated by county (rent) 250.00; Gross proceeds of Concert 241.00; Private donations from other sources 2,480.00; Total amount received \$5,396.00; due on shares 110.00; due on donations 135.50; Total 5,250.50; To balance of indebtedness 97.50; Total \$5,348.00.

By amt paid Earhart on contract \$3,000.00 extra work 77.00; " " " " " 2,215.25; By balance paid on lot 275.00; By sundry expenses 122.00; Total expenditures \$5,687.25; By balance due Earhart on contract \$1,620.00; " " " " " 115.00; Total \$1,735.00.

This statement does not include the balance due on the mason work, and other sundry expenses, but a full report will be rendered on completion of the building.

Henry Ward Beecher doesn't believe in turning the other cheek. He says when a fellow swears you, hand him one on his bugle.—Exchange.

Misinformation. Beecher never uses slang. He merely said, "Politice him in the snoot."—Youning Leader.

Ridiculous! We are informed by parties who ought to know, that the words used by Mr. Beecher were "Bust his hazzon."—Colorado Chieftain.

You are all mistaken. Beecher simply remarked to his congregation, with a knowing wink, "You know how it is yourself."

NEW USE FOR BALLOONS.—Mr. Ferguson, of Front street, 200 hours drunk for the fortieth time, and his wife holds up her hands with sensation and indignation.

"Don't say a word, 'Liza (hic) 'don't say a word! I'm goin' buy's 'bloss (hic) 'bloss! What on earth are you going to buy a balloon for, Mr. Ferguson?"

"I'll tell you (hic), 'Liza. You see they've got many (hic), got many run shops on Montgomery street, a feller can't get 'bout gettin' drunk. I can get 'way with 'bloss (hic) you know. You can come to the store an' blow it up, an' 'Liza—'an' then you won't have to blow me up."

One of the most ingenious advertisements we have seen is the following: Ice, ice, ice. If you want what is pure, and n. A reasonable price, buy from us. Follow no new dev. But send to me in a fr. For I have the largest and best stock ever put up in the city.

The Chicago Times makes the following report of a speech in the present Legislature of that State against a proposed rule: "Sir, I should just as much like a man to slap me in the mouth as come at me with that rule. It ain't right. It's what I call a greased lightning rule. I ain't for it."

NOTICE.

This is to notify the public that I will respect no debts contracted by A. E. Delassus, my former partner. ERNEST SAFFROL.

BELL & BROS., MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN Jewelry, Silver-Ware, Plated-Ware, WATCHES, CLOCKS, Spectacles, Fine Pocket and Table Cutlery, RAZORS, SCISSORS, FANCY GOODS, & C.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry REPAIRED AND WARRANTED. No. 11 Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Col. John Eden Cooke's LIFE OF GENERAL LEE.

This is the only authentic "Life of General Lee" that is now in press, and probably the only one of any value that will be published this year. It was commenced in 1865, and had General Lee's consent and approval. D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers, New York.

Agents Wanted in all parts of the country. J. G. SINCLAIR, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Special attention given to diseases of the Eye and Ear. Office—Nette's Drug Store, from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. THE NEW IMPROVED GROVER & BAKER.

Double Thread, Elastic Lock Stitch. Family Sewing Machines. Every machine sold is guaranteed to give satisfaction.

POINTS OF EXCELLENCE. No. 1 Sewing Machine. No. 2 Sewing Machine. No. 3 Sewing Machine. No. 4 Sewing Machine. No. 5 Sewing Machine. No. 6 Sewing Machine. No. 7 Sewing Machine. No. 8 Sewing Machine. No. 9 Sewing Machine. No. 10 Sewing Machine.

SPERM OIL, NEEDLES. The best Patent Tacker. Always on hand at the office of the Grover & Baker.

63 Commerce Street. MARCEAU & FAIRWEATHER, Agents. OYSTERS, FLOUR, Salt, Nails, Wire, Brooms, Astral Oil, just received by D. LAURETH & SON, Fresh Garden and Flower seeds.

NEW STATIONERY. Just received and on hand, a select stock of STAPLE STATIONERY.

Of First Quality only. Such as Letter Paper, Fool's Cap, Legal Cap, Flat Letter, Flat Cap, Folio Post Fold, Double Flat cap ruled, Blank Books, Memorials, &c. &c.

Also, Wrapping Paper, Paper Bags, Playing Cards, Barcelona Mexican Cards, Ink of all Colors, Copying Ink, Moustache, Genuine Gillott Pens, Commercial and other Pens, Pencils, Penholders, paper weights, and a great many other articles in the line of Stationery.

For sale at the CHEAPEST PRICES by F. SIMON. At his old stand near the "Express" Office. 15-17 1/2 St.

CASINO HALL, Saturday, February 18, 1875, MASK BALL.

Only members and their guests admitted. Tickets to be had at Mr. A. Nette, Ladies as well as gentlemen have to provide tickets. The COMMITTEE. 25-17 1/2 St.

RHODIUS & CO., WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Staple and Fancy Groceries

33 Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. BANKERS. San Antonio National Bank. Capital \$125,000.

Designated Depository and Financial Agent of the United States. G. W. Brackenridge, President. T. H. Stribling, Vice President.

DIRECTORS: L. ZORR, D. BELL, A. NETTE, E. PENTENRIEDER, E. DEGENER, T. H. STRIBLING, G. W. BRACKENRIDGE. Collections made on all accessible points and remitted promptly.

A. NETTE, APOTHECARY. Has just received a large stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERIES, and SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.

Patent Medicines. First Class Drug Store. The stock being selected by himself for the market. Hungarian Leeches.

A NEW paper, to be called THE PROTECTOR, is about to appear in New York. It will give special attention to life insurance, which it will discuss in a simple, popular way, with the view of satisfying the public demand for information on this subject.

Fresh Garden Flower, Fruit, Herb, Tree and Shrub, and Evergreen Seeds, prepared by mail, with directions for culture. Twenty-five different packets of either class for \$1.00. The six classes for \$5.00.

WESTERN TEXAS Life, Fire and Marine INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. Office on Yarrri Street, in the rear of Bonell and Thornton's Bank.

Cracker and Candy Factory Schmitt & Duerler, Commerce and Market Streets. Wholesale Manufacturers of CRACKERS and CANDIES.

CONFECTIONERIES, WEDDING AND BALL CAKES, Soda Water Apparatus. JOHN R. SHOOK, LAWYER, NO. 9, COMMERCE STREET, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

FOR SALE. 17 Blocks of New Grocery Books, Applied Peter Gallagher store, Commerce street, No. 53 San Antonio. (15-17 1/2 St.)

HEADQUARTERS IN WESTERN TEXAS, FOR BOOKS AND STATIONERY, Wm. W. Gamble, BOOK SELLER and STATIONER.

Also General Dealer in Notions and Fancy Articles, COMMERCE STREET, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Head Quarters IN WESTERN TEXAS FOR NEWS. GAMBLE'S NEWS DEPOT, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Subscriptions taken for the principal Newspapers, Periodicals, &c. Books ordered at short notice from New York. Address—WM. W. GAMBLE, Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas. March 1875.

H. GRENET, Calls the attention OF THE CITY & COUNTRY MERCHANTS TO HIS Large and well assorted Stock OF STAPLE GROCERIES CROCKERY AND LIQUORS, The finest ever found in this market, Which he offers at his usual LOW PRICES.

JUST RECEIVED, AT LOW FREIGHTS, 150 Sacks Choice Rio Coffee, 250 Bbls. Flour, different grades, 50 Tierces Prime Leaf Lard, 200 Boxes Candles, 12, 14 & 16 oz., 300 Cases, Coal Oil, "Devoes."

ALSO, SEED POTATOES, ONIONS, AND GREEN APPLES, at H. GRENET'S. The highest price paid for HIDES, COTTON AND PECANS.

THE SCIENCE OF MAN.—For the best exposition of Human Science, in which man's character, capabilities, and needs are appropriately presented, see the Physiological Journal, for 1871, a first-class magazine. No. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100.

D. Laureth & Son, FRESH GARDEN Flower Seeds. Mixed Canary Seed, by 25-17 1/2 St. WAGNER & RUMMEL, DIVORCES. Absolute Divorces granted in New York, Indiana, Illinois, &c. of States, for reasons from any State in the country, legal every where, dissolution, no publicity, no support, etc., as the parties may see fit. No charge until \$1000 is gained. Advice free. Address: MOORE & RICHARDSON, Commercial Law, 11-1 Wly] 190 Broadway, New York City.

DAILY EXPRESS

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

San Antonio, Texas.

The following is a list of business men in this city, who may be addressed in reference to their respective class of business:

ARCHITECTS, AC.

J. H. Kampmann, Architect and Builder.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

L. Wolfson.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

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I have a good assortment of Christmas, Bonbons, and all kinds of confections, Cakes trimmed to order.

DR. SCHECK advises Consumptives to go to Florida in Winter.

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I feel that I understand fully the course that ought to be pursued to restore a favorably bad case of diseased lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step for the patient to avoid taking cold and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose in winter is Florida, well down in the State, where the temperature is regular, and not subjected to such variations as in more Northern latitudes. Pataska is a point I can recommend. A good hotel is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicines, were getting well.

One hundred miles farther down the river is a point which I would prefer to Pataska, the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Merlonsville and Estes-prise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Merlonsville. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally improve in flesh, and then the lungs must heal.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than where there is a less even temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the State out of the reach of prevailing west winds and fogs. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, a disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern is earnestly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore, and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of Scheck's Pulmonic Syrup, Seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold. In Florida, nearly all are using Scheck's Medicine, especially Scheck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is a well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption except in the winter part of the year, and other localities in New England, and third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousands of cases there. What a vast per centage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily alarmed in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it, and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice in persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Scheck's Pulmonic Syrup, Scheck's Seaweed Tonic, and Scheck's Mandrake Pills, and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that where they are used in strict accordance with my directions they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, Nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night sweats, and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long. My plan is to give my three medicines, in accordance with the printed directions, except in some cases where a fresh course of the Mandrake Pills is necessary. My object is to give tone to the stomach, to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish, comes good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. Then the cough loosens and abates, the creeping chills and clammy night-sweats no longer prostrate and annoy, and the patient gets well, provided he avoids taking cold. Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room, by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood. I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Scheck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake Pills and Seaweed Tonic have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, every body should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhoea ensues, a dose of the Mandrake will cure you. If you are subject to sick headaches, take a dose of Mandrake and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, peaches, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will prevent those who live in damp situations, against chilly cold fevers. Try them. They are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 3 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Rev. Transfer will be charged five dollars. The Rev. Transfer declares the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my

medicines depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions. In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and their systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, yet no one with diseased lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of a greater or less amount of the bronchial tube. Full directions in my medicines, or any one, can be obtained by consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist. J. H. SCHECK, M. D. No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, 1-11-70.

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Section 1. That in all cases where a fine or criminal imprisonment only, are provided for by any Ordinance of the City, as a punishment for offenses committed in violation of any of the city ordinances, the Recorder may order that in default of immediate payment of the fine and costs, the defendant be committed to the city prison or put to hard labor on the public works of the city, under the direction of the Police, until the fine and costs are paid, allowing one dollar per day until the sum amounts to that of the fine and costs.

Section 2. Should a prisoner refuse to labor when directed, by virtue of any order or judgment of the Recorder's Court, and not be excused by reason of the City Physician's certificate of disability, then the officer having him or her in charge, shall place the person so refusing in solitary confinement, and feed him or her on bread and water only, until he or she may consent to work as required, or until the fine and costs are satisfied at the rates provided for in the first section of this ordinance.

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