

DAILY EXPRESS.  
OFFICE—MAIN STREET.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:  
12 Months.....\$16.00  
to 11 " .....8.00  
one " .....4.00  
ADVERTISING:  
per square of eight lines Nonpareil insertion; each subsequent in-  
175 cents.

Curr  
Cup  
Cap  
Orle D. V.

# Daily Express

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1871.

NO. 33.

1871.

CH. HUGO.

THOMAS H. BARRY.  
Late Barry & Cole.

BARRY & HUGO,

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

AND

COUNTRY PRODUCE,

Hides, Wool, &c.

LOPEZ HOUSE, MAIN STREET,  
East side of the river, opposite new Catholic  
Church, near corner of Alamo street.

Flour, Meal, Corn, Tobacco, Cigars and  
Wines.

Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats,  
&c. We have a large wagon yard attached  
to the store, and camp shed for the accom-  
modation of our country friends.

7-171dm.

52. Commerce Street. 52.

(ONE DOOR EAST OF THE POST-OFFICE.)

ROSENTHAL & CO.,

IMPORTERS

AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

LIQUORS,

Wines, Brandies, &c.

OFFER A COMPLETE STOCK OF

Whiskies,

Brandies,

Cognac,

Wines,

Champagnes, &c.

At prices that defy competition.

30-70d&w3m.

LOST CERTIFICATE.

Lost or mislaid Castro's Colony Certificate No. 285, issued to Joseph Scherer for 640 acres of land by John M. Cowlan, Commissioner for Castro's Colony. If not heard of within the time prescribed by law, application will be made for a duplicate.

San Antonio, Jan. 17th, 1871.

19-1-70-d&w9t. RUSSELL HOWARD.

NEW STOCK

Received by F. GUILBEAU.

BEST CLARET

Claret in Casks and Boxes.  
Muscat. Prunes in Jars.  
Mavilla, in Casks or Gallons.  
Sherry, "

Oporto, " " "  
Highest Cask price paid for hides and  
country produce 28-4 70d&w4t. F. GUILBEAU.

JULIUS W. VAN SLYCK

ATTORNEY & C., AT LAW,  
Having returned to his old home, has re-  
sumed the practice of Law. Will practice  
in the State and Federal Courts. Office in  
French's building. 17-9-70d&w1f.

MASK BALL  
OF THE  
Turner's Association.

On Saturday 11th of Feb. 1871,  
AT MENGER HOTEL.

None but members and their guests ad-  
mitted.

Tickets at \$1.00 can be obtained from  
the undersigned committee. Ladies as  
well as gentlemen have to procure tickets.

The sale of tickets will close on Satur-  
day noon. No tickets to be had on the  
evening of the ball.

Chas. Wurzach, L. Huth, P. Huberick,  
G. Hoerner, L. Risert, Wm. Kellner, Com-  
mittee. (28-1-71dtd)

BAKER'S HARMONY

THOROUGH BASS.

Every species of concord and discord is  
treated in detail simplified and made plain,  
with comprehensive and natural explanation  
in keeping with the breadth of the  
subject.

It is the book for the Student and the  
Musician—whether for Instrumental,  
Vocal, Orchestral or Band Music.

By B. F. BAKER.

Price in Cloth, \$2. Sent post-paid to  
any address on receipt of retail price.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.

C. H. DITSON & CO., New York.

12-270d&w1f.

JUST RECEIVED,

D. Landreth and Son's fresh garden and  
flower seeds Onion buttons, Peas, Beans  
and grass seeds.

Agricultural Implements.

Hardware, Nails, Wire,  
Wooden-ware, Groceries,

Paints, Oils, and Brushes,  
Corks, Sponges,

Rosedale Cement.

Astral Oil etc., children Carriages and  
Cabs, Boys' and Toy wagons and wheel-  
barrows, by

LOUIS HUTH,

Market street, nearly opposite  
Braden Hotel.

4-11-69.

LUMBER!

LUMBER!!

BUILDERS! BUILDERS!!

FATE.

BY BRIET HARTE.

The sky is clouded, the rocks are bare;  
The spray of the tempest is white in air;  
The winds are out with the waves at play,  
And I shall not tempt the sea-to-day.

The trail is narrow, the wood is dim,  
The panther clings to the arching limb;  
And the lion's whelps are abroad at play,  
And I shall not join in the chase to-day.

But the ship sailed safely over these,  
And the heltersceme from the chase in glee;  
And the town that was built upon a rock  
Was swallowed up in the earthquake-shock.

SENATOR LATIMER'S SPEECH.

He who knows anything of the  
habits of the porpoise, is aware that this large round fish  
must come occasionally to the sur-  
face to blow, and air his dorsal ex-  
tremity; hence Senator Latimer's speech, a liberal rendering of which  
is as follows:

*Follow-citizens*—I neither cannot  
nor will not make no speech, from  
the simple fact that I have not no  
speech, nor am I no orator; but  
am like Brutus—not the brute as  
that I am sometimes taken for—  
formed and featured after the man-  
ner of a two bushel bag with three  
bushels of—packed into it.

And now, Mr. President; a hundred  
counties look down upon me  
from the pyramids of my imagina-  
tion, and there are hundred dele-  
gates on this floor who are functions  
men, whom I knew before I built  
pyramids; men who used to sit in  
the halls of our honored Republic,  
and in the latter day discussed, cuss-  
ed and settled every question in  
which a nigger or an abolitionist was  
mentioned, with virtue and deco-  
rum; but, Mr. President, the hour  
for eloquence and declamation has  
passed. "Othello's occupation is  
gone." What I did, I did. In my  
day it took four yoke of oxen and a  
rhinoceros to make a man like me.  
I have told you I was a plain, blunt  
man—blunt at both ends. Mr.  
President, I was always a blunt  
man; I was blunt when I was an  
elector; I was blunt when I was an  
aid-de-camp; and I was blunter  
when I took the ironclad. But  
these, Mr. President, were only  
small departures for a blunt man  
like me.

It was Radical oppression, sir. I  
had to go it, sir; to go it blind, sir;  
to take the whole bull, sir, tail and  
horns. I took the beast, sir, like  
an anaconda. He was ponderous,  
but I was capacious. I took him  
like an oyster, sir. He never spread  
my ribs, nor caused the slightest  
protrusion of my magnificent um-  
bilic; and now, sir, I want these  
delegates to return to their homes,  
each soldier to his mess, speak your  
truths and keep your powder dry,  
take nothing milder than "forty  
rod," gather up your bowie knives  
and your six-shooters, my voice is  
still for war! Kill niggers and mol-  
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down upon it, Washington is a  
great way off, we have got our hon-  
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in his emerald beak made crimson  
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To fill any ORDERS at the

Lumber Dealers

OF

SAN ANTONIO,

And the surrounding country, are  
invited to the fact that I am now

PREPARED

LOWEST

PRICES,

OF

BLACK WALNUT,

Rough and dressed

SHINGLES

Of the BEST QUALITY, and all  
other kinds of Building Material.

EDWARD STEVES,

ALAMO PLAZA,

12-71.) SAN ANTONIO.

To Keep Dry—Live on Codfish.

### Practical Jokes.

The fun of a practical joke con-  
sists in the opportunity given to en-  
joy the physical or mental suffering  
of the victim. Of course such en-  
joyment is cruel in a greater or less  
degree, and just so far as civilization  
grows toward perfection, the dispo-  
sition to enjoy the pain of others  
disappears. Practical jokes will  
always probably be enjoyed by boys—who are naturally young sav-  
ages, and delight in tormenting all  
weaker animals—but we are glad to  
see, are ceasing to be popular among  
"grown up people." Chambers' Journal  
has a collection of practical jokes,  
which are, for the most part, quite new.

"The ancients used to indulge in  
practical jokes to a considerable extent; for instance, the Thracians,  
at their drinking parties, sometimes  
played the game of hanging. They  
fixed a round nose to the bough of  
a tree, and placed underneath it a  
stone of such shape that it would  
easily turn round when any one  
stood on it. Then they drew lots,  
and he who drew the lot took a  
sickle in his hand, stood on the  
stone, and put his neck into the  
bushels of—packed into it.

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# The Daily Express

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY AND CITY OF SAN ANTONIO.

A. H. MERRING & CO., Publishers.

STANLEY WELCH, Editor.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8, 1871.

REPUBLICAN STATE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

JAS. G. TRACY, Chairman, Houston.

JAS. P. NEWCOMBE, Secretary, Austin.

JUDICIAL DISTRICTS.

1st. W. J. PHILLIPS, Waco.

2d. G. B. McLELLAN, Galveston.

3rd. G. R. RUBY, CHIEF JUSTICE.

4th. A. SCHMIDT, BEAUMONT.

5th. A. BLEDSOE, LUFKIN, Dallas Co.

6th. J. W. FLANAGAN, WICHITA FALLS.

7th. J. W. SUMNER, SHREVEPORT, GRAYSON CO.

8th. C. F. GARLAND, JEFFERSON, MARSHALL CO.

9th. J. W. PATTERSON, TYLER, SMITH CO.

10th. CRUISE, CARSON.

11th. P. W. HALL, ROBERTSON CO.

12th. JNO. MCCLANE, CORPUS CHRISTI, NUECES CO.

13th. H. C. PEDIGO, WOODVILLE, TYLER CO.

14th. N. PATTERSON, MEDINA.

15th. S. PATTERSON, WACO.

16th. JNO. W. MCDONALD, Secretary.

REPUBLICAN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE 4TH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

John Jack P. Newcombe, Chairman, Austin.

Mary N. B. Moore, Secretary, Austin.

J. E. GROTHMAN, of Clinton, 2nd District.

Hon. B. J. Williams, of Columbus, 2nd District.

Hon. Robert Zapp, Round Top 2d District.

Hon. Thomas H. Bell, of San Antonio, 2d District.

Hon. David Bell, of San Antonio, 2d District.

Lewis G. Brown, Corpus Christi, 2d District.

Policy of the Administration.

In conclusion, I would sum up the policy

of the Administration to be a thorough enforcement of every law, a faithful collection

of every tax provided for economy in the disbursement of the same, a prompt

payment of every debt of the nation, a reduction of the taxes as rapidly as the re-

quirements of the country will admit, the

reduction of taxation and tariff to be so

arranged as to afford the greatest relief to the

greatest number; honest and fair dealing

with all other people, to the end that war,

with all its blighting consequences, may be

avoided, but without surrendering any

right or obligation due to us, a report in

the treatment of Indians and in the whole

civil service of the country, and finally in

securing a pure untrammeled ballot, where

EVERY man entitled to cast a vote may do

so in, once at each election, without fear

of molestation or proscription on account

of his POLITICAL FAITH, NATIVITY, COLOR OR

COLOR.

U. S. GRANT.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5, 1870.

Is John Hancock a Democrat?

When did John Hancock become a Democrat? He never was one so far as we know, and we come very near knowing it all. He has been an Old Line Whig all his life, and was never known to utter a Democratic sentiment. He has, however often been heard to curse the Democrats, the Democratic party, and all the Democratic doctrines. He has all his life been bitterly opposed to every Democratic idea about State sovereignty and State rights. He was, also, we believe, a bitter Know Nothing, and cursed the Dutch and the Catholics in the days when it was fashionable so to do. If he has ever recanted any of these old Whig, Federal, Know Nothing views we have never heard of it. When the Democratic doctrines got the South into a war with the General Government, Hancock sided with the Government against the Democrats. He went to Washington and got a Brigadier General's commission to fight the Democrats of Texas, came to New Orleans and tried to raise a negro brigade to invade Western Texas, and to kill "old Logan" and the rest of the Democrats of that region. When the war closed, and he and Hamilton returned to Texas, he simply got the favor of the Democrats by opposing Hamilton through an old jealousy of him. He also had another reason; that was, that he wanted to be appointed Provisional Governor instead of Hamilton. When Hamilton beat him on his tack, he then tried to get the Democrats to elect him United States Senator. The most of the Democrats tried to do this, and, in order to accomplish it, they, at the Navasota Convention, elected him a delegate to the Philadelphia Convention. But his failure to go, and his negro brigade story, defeated him. Then, he came out in a letter and denounced secession and the whole course of the Democrats before and during the war.

This settled his hash with the Democrats, and they dropped him.

At the Democratic State Convention at the Hutchins House in Houston, in January, 1867, he did not attend, although he was the Chairman of the Democratic Executive Committee. There was plenty of evidence at that Convention that Hancock was sound with the Democratic party, and did not intend to act with it any more. His brother George was present as a member of Sloanaker's Convention of Union men, and when George found out that John was about to be continued as Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, he protested against it, and swore roundly that John was a loyal Union man, and would have nothing to do any more with such a rebel concern. We speak by the book, remember, Smoky Henderson knows all about it. But the Democrats thought it good policy to keep Hancock as their Chairman, and they did so without

his consent, and contrary to his known wishes. Since then he has floated along, waiting for a chance to go to Congress; and now he thinks he has a chance, he comes out as a Democrat for the first time. Hancock is no more a Democrat than Jack Hamilton, however much opposed to the Republican party. He never had a Democratic sentiment in his life, and has no sympathy with real Democracy this day.—Houston Union.

It is well remembered by army officers that, of the various delicacies distributed by the various commissaries and relief agencies, a good deal was obtained by a class of patients who made the most noise, and not by those who were the sickest. It was after Gettysburg, when the corps hospital were crowded with wounded, that, while dressing a slight wound, a patient suddenly started up as a delegate of the Christian Commission passed the tent, and asked: "Want is that a Christian?" "Yes, Jove! but I forgot to groan!" Well, that is the first one of them I've missed yet: I wonder what he had?"

## OFFICIAL.

### LAW

OF THE

### UNITED STATES,

Passed at the third Session of the Forty-first Congress.

[TITLE—No. 1.]

AN ACT to enlarge the jurisdiction of the probate courts in Idaho Territory.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the probate courts of the Territory of Idaho, in their respective counties, in addition to their probate jurisdiction, be, and are hereby authorized to hear and determine all civil causes wherein the damage or debt claimed does not exceed the sum of five hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, and such criminal cases arising under the laws of the territory as do not require the intervention of a grand jury; Provided, That they shall not have jurisdiction in any matter in controversy, when the title, boundary, or right to the peaceable possession of land may be in dispute, or in chancery or divorce cases; And provided further, That in all cases an appeal may be taken from any order, judgment, or decree of said probate courts to the district court.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That all acts and parts of act inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed: Provided, That this act shall not affect any suit pending in the district courts of said Territory at the time of its passage.

J. G. BLAINE,  
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

SCHUYLER COLFAX,  
Vice-President of the United States and President of the Senate.

Approved, December 13, 1870.

U. S. GRANT.

[GENERAL NATURE—No. 2.]

AN ACT granting to the Utah Central Railroad Company a right-of-way through the public lands for the construction of a railroad and telegraph.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the right-of-way through the public lands be, and the same is hereby granted to the Utah Central Railroad Company, its successors and assigns, for the construction of a railroad and telegraph, from a point at or near Ogden City, in the Territory of Utah, to Salt Lake City, in said Territory; and the right, power, and authority is hereby given to said corporation to take from the public lands adjacent to the line of said road material of earth, stone, timber, and so forth, for the construction thereof. Said way is granted to said railroad to the extent of two hundred feet in width on each side of said railroad where it may pass through the public domain, including all necessary ground for station, buildings, workshops, depots, machine-shops, switches, side-tracks, terminals, and water-stations: Provided, That within three months from the passage of this act the said Utah Central Railroad Company shall file with the Secretary of the Interior a map to be approved by him, exhibiting the line of the railroad of said company, as the same has been located and constructed: Provided further, That said company shall not charge the Government higher rates than they do individuals for like transportation and telegraphic service. And it shall be the duty of the Utah Central Railroad Company to permit any other railroad, which has been or shall be authorized to be built by the United States, or by the legislature of the Territory of Utah, to have running connections with its road on fair and equitable terms.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the United States make the grants herein, and that the said Utah Central Railroad Company accept the same, upon the express condition that the said company shall not exercise the power given by section ten of chapter sixteen of the laws of the Territory of Utah, approved February nineteenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and upon the further express condition that if the said company make any breach of the conditions hereof, then in such case, at any time hereafter, the United States, by its Congress, may do any and all acts and things which may be needful and necessary for the enforcement of such conditions.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That

said Utah Central Railroad shall be a post route and a military road, subject to the use of the United States for postal, military, naval, and all other Government service, and also subject to such regulations as Congress may impose, restricting the charges for such Government transportation.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That

the acceptance of the terms, conditions,

and impositions of this act, by the said Utah Central Railroad Company, shall be signified in writing under the corporate seal of said company, duly executed pursuant to the direction of its board of directors, first had and obtained, which acceptance shall be made within three months after the passage of this act, and shall be served on the President of the United States; and if such acceptance and service shall not be so made, this grant shall be void.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That

Congress may at any time, having due regard for the rights of said Utah Central Railroad Company, add to, alter, amend,

or repeal this act.

Approved, December 15, 1870.

## General Market Report.

REVISED BY B. HEINEMANN.

SATURDAY, Feb. 4.  
Business a little reviving, and the arrivals of a few merchants from the country contributed no little to the activity generally prevailing last week. A good spring trade is expected, but at present the difficulties of moving goods up from the coast are so great, that nothing is freighted but what is most imperatively needed.

HIDES—Arrived some 7,000 or 8,000 more than last week. The sales for Texas exceeding possibly 2,000 lbs. Prices unchanged. For Texas, 5 to 15 lbs, 16c.

do. 15 to 25 lbs, 17c.

do. 25 to 35 lbs, 18c.

Of Mexican little or none were brought into market.

COTTON—Some 20 bales passed through to Mexico. Prices nominal, 9c to 10c.

WOOL—We note a bare market. Our English and Northern advices confirm the impression that the course of the staple (caused by the immense contracts for army blankets for both the belligerents at war in Europe) will be healthy, and perhaps improved. The simple fact of a Prussian order for 1,500,000 army blankets to English manufacturers, and as many for France, exclusive of army勃勃, will create, it is to be hoped, a reaction. No arrivals from Mexico.

BACON—Is still in good demand, and arrived freely during the last week. It is to be hoped contains as little as the price is likely to go lower. We quote:

CLEAR sides, \$6.16c.

Shoulders, \$6.24c.

COTS—The large quantities of corn that arrived during the last week, all was readily sold at from \$1.45 to \$1.50 per bushel, and continues in good demand.

SALT—50 sacks held here by private parties were thrown upon the market, causing an immediate decline. Prices are now as follows:

CASES, \$5.75 per sack.

FINE, \$6.00.

TALLOW—Sells at 6c per lb.

SOAP—\$1.00 a box \$2.25 per box.

CANDLES—16oz \$0.25

14oz \$7.50

12oz \$6.00 per box.

LUMBER—FIRE, very little on hand; and no new arrivals to expect before March.

CYPRESS—1st class, 6c per foot.

2nd class, 4c.

SINKING—Best quality, 60c per M.

COFFEE—No new arrivals of any consequence to report. Stock continues to decrease. Prices unchanged.

RIO, ordinary, 20c gold.

Choice, 21c.

SUGAR—Is getting scarce and prices advancing.

Louisiana, light brown, 14c.

Clarified, 16c.

Crushed, 17c to 18c.

Granulated and powdered, none here.

POTATOES—Fall at \$0.50 to \$1.00 per lb.

PEAS—Continues to be in good demand.

PRICES unchanged. We quote:

XX \$12.50 or \$13.00.

XXX \$13.00 or \$14.00.

Choice Family, \$14.50 or \$15.50.

LADY—Western 17c to 18c.

TEXAS—

WHISKEY—Rather dull, and the arrivals being few, the stock has not increased since last week. Prices unchanged. A few barrels of very low proof sold at \$1.25.

# DAILY EXPRESS.

Department of Texas.

Colonel J. J. REYNOLDS, 3d U. S. Cavalry, Commanding.

DEPARTMENT STAFF.

Major H Clay Wood, Assistant Adjutant General, U. S. Army, Adjutant General.

Chirurgeon Colonel James H. Carleton, U. S. Cavalry, Acting Assistant Inspector General.

Orie Captain James Curtis, 3d U. S. Cavalry, Acting Assistant Inspector General.

Major Dewitt Clinton, Judge Advocate, U. S. Army, Judge Advocate.

First Lieutenant Gustave H. Radetzki, 9th U. S. Cavalry, Acting Signal Officer.

Lieutenant Colonel James A. Ekin, Deputy Quartermaster General, U. S. Army, Chief Quartermaster.

Captain Samuel T. Cushing, Commissary of Subsistence, U. S. Army, Chief Commissary.

Major Lewis A. Edwards, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Medical Director.

Major John F. Hammond, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Attending Surgeon.

Major George L. Febiger, U. S. Army, Chief Paymaster, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Captain Lewis C. Overman, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, Engineer Officer.

Captain Robert H. Hall, 10th U. S. Infantry, Acting Ordnance Officer.

GENERAL STAFF OFFICERS REPORTING DIRECT TO CHIEFS OF STAFF.

Captain Benjamin C. Card, Assistant Quartermaster, U. S. Army, Depot Quartermaster, San Antonio, Texas.

Captain W. G. Hodges, Military Storekeeper, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, Galveston, Texas.

Captain N. D. A. Sawyer, Military Storekeeper, Quartermaster's Department, U. S. Army, Acting Assisting Quartermaster, Indianapolis, Indiana.

Major John F. Randolph, Surgeon, U. S. Army, Attending Surgeon, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Major Edwin D. Judd, Paymaster, U. S. Army, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Major William Smith, Paymaster, U. S. Army, New Orleans, Louisiana.

Major Charles M. Terrell, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas.

Major George E. Glenn, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas.

Major Peter P. G. Hall, Paymaster, U. S. Army, San Antonio, Texas.

Major Wm. P. Gould, Paymaster, U. S. Army, Galveston, Texas.

## ROSTER OF TROOPS

SERVING IN THE

### Department of Texas.

January 1, 1871.

Austin, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Major J. K. Mizner, 4th cavalry; company D, 10th Infantry.

Baton Rouge Arsenal, La., Comdg. Officer, Major J. W. Todd, Ordnance Dep't, U. S. Army; Detachment of Ordnance.

Baton Rouge, Barracks, La., Comdg. Officer, Lt. Col. Alfred Sally, 19th Inf'ty, G and H 19th Inf'ty.

Fort Bliss, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Major H. C. Merriam, 24th Infantry; company A, 24th Inf'ty.

Fort Brown, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Col. H. C. Merriam, 24th Infantry; companies C and I, 24th Infantry; headquarters cos. A, G, H, and K, 10th Infantry.

Fort Clark, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Captain H. C. Corbin, 26th Infantry; companies E and G 9th cavalry; companies C and I, 24th Infantry; headquarters cos. D and F, 26th Infantry.

Fort Concho, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Colonel R. S. McKenzie, 4th cavalry; headquarters cos. A, B, E, G, and I, 4th cavalry; cos. B, E and H, 11th Inf'ty.

Fort Davis, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Captain John W. French, 25th Infantry; cos. D, E, and F, 9th cav.; cos. B and F, 24th Inf'ty; cos. A and G, 26th Infantry.

Fort Duncan, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Major Zenas R. Bliss, 25th Infantry; cos. J, 9th cav., co. K, 24th Inf'ty, cos. E and I, 25th Inf'ty.

Fort Griffin, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Lt. Colonel C. J. Whiting, U. S. Army; cos. D, F and H, 4th cav.; cos. B and F, 5th Cav.; headquarters cos. A, F and G, 11th Inf'ty.

Fort Jackson & St. Philip, La., Comdg. Officer, Major H. A. Hamblight, 12th Infantry; cos. A, I and K, 19th Infantry.

Fort McAlister, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Major T. M. Anderson, 10th Infantry; cos. C, 10th cavalry; cos. G, 10th Infantry.

Fort McKeithen, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Lieutenant Colonel W. H. Shafter, 24th Inf'ty; cos. F and M, 9th cav.; headquarters cos. D and E, 24th Inf'ty; cos. C and H, 25th Inf'ty.

Fort Pickett, La., Comdg. Officer, Captain P. H. Rossonington, 19th Inf'ty; company F, 19th Inf'ty.

Fort Quitman, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Major A. P. Monroe, 9th cavalry; cos. J, I and L, 9th cavalry; company H, 24th Inf'ty; company B, 25th Infantry.

Fort Richardson, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Colonel James Baker, 6th cavalry; headquarters cos. A, C, E, G, H, I, K, L, and M, 6th cavalry; cos. G and K, 11th Inf'ty.

Fort Stockton, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Major James F. Wade, 9th cavalry; headquarters and cos. A and D, 9th cavalry; company O, 24th Infantry; companies K and M, 25th Infantry.

Jackson Barracks, La., Comdg. Officer, Lieutenant Colonel Horace B. Ayres, 3d Artillery; headquarters cos. C, D and E, 19th Infantry.

Jefferson, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Captain H. L. Chapman, 11th Infantry; cos. B and J, 11th Infantry.

Rio Grande Barracks, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Lieutenant Colonel A. McD. McCleod, 10th Infantry; company A, 4th cavalry; cos. B, E and J, 10th Infantry.

San Antonio, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Captain Robert H. Hall, 10th Infantry; company M, 4th cavalry; company B, 10th Infantry.

San Antonio Arsenal, Texas, Comdg. Officer, Captain Robert H. Hall, 10th Infantry, in charge; no troops.

Shreveport, La., Comdg. Officer, Captain Wm. J. Lester, 19th Infantry; company B, 19th Infantry.

LUCK IS A FORTUNE.

Empire Jewelry Co., 311 Olive St., St. Louis Mo., manufacturers of Cheap and Plated Jewelry, importers of Watches and Jet Goods. Catalogue and handsome picture sent free.

McCORMIK & LYON.

## THE SUN.

CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

### The Dollar Weekly Sun.

Newspaper of the Present Times,

Intended for People now on Earth,

Spending Farmers, Mechanics, Merchants, Professional Men, Workers, Thinkers, and all Manner of Honest Folks, and the Wives, Sons and Daughters of all such.

ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR!

One Hundred Copies for \$50.

Or less than One Cent a Copy. Let there

be a \$50 Club at every Post Office.

The Semi-Weekly Sun, \$2 a year

of the same size and general character as the THE WEEKLY, but with a greater variety of miscellaneous reading, and furnishing the news to its subscribers with greater freshness, because it comes twice a week instead of once only.

The Daily Sun, \$6 a Year.

A pre-eminently readable newspaper, with the largest circulation in the world. Free, independent, and fearless.

in politics. All the news from everywhere.

Two cents a copy; by mail, 50 cents a month, or \$6 a year.

TERMS TO CLUBS.

The Dollar Weekly Sun.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed, **Four Dollars.**

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club).

**Eight Dollars.**

Twenty copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to the getter up of club), **Fifteen Dollars.**

Fifty copies, one year, to one address (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club). **Thirty-Three Dollars.**

Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Semi-Weekly one year to getter up of club). **Thirty-Five Dollars.**

One hundred copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club). **Sixty Dollars.**

Fifty copies, one year, separately addressed (and the Daily for one year to the getter up of club). **Eighty Dollars.**

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SEND YOUR MONEY

In Post Office orders, checks, or drafts on New York, wherever convenient. If not, then register the letters containing money.

Address, I. W. ENGLAND, Publisher, Sun Office, New York.

24-171d&w3.

The Semi-Weekly Sun.

Five copies, one year, separately addressed, **Eight Dollars.**

Ten copies, one year, separately addressed (and an extra copy to getter up of club).

**Sixteen Dollars.**

DEALERS IN HARDWARE.

W. WESTHOFF & CO., Indiana, Ind.

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

AND

MOUREAU & GROOS.

NEW BRAUNFELS, TEXAS.

Commission Merchants

AND

COTTON FACTORS.

Abilene, Tex.

W. WESTHOFF.

L. PREUSS.

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

WHOLESALE DEALER

IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

San Antonio, Texas.

June 20d&w3.

FIGS, DRIED APPLES, Green Apples,

Prunes, Raisins, Almonds, Brazil Nuts, by

1-9-7d&w3.

WAGNER & SUMMEL,

New Photographic Gallery,

ALBERT FAHRENBERG,

PORTRAIT PAINTER

AND

PHOTOGRAPHER,

Market Street, opposite Braden Hotel,

SAN ANTONIO.

11-8-7d&w3.

F. SIMON

DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes,

MOULDINGS and GLASS.

General Agency for

BOOKS, PERIODICALS and

NEWSPAPERS.

9-4-8-8d&w3.

HAIR DRESSING,

nothing else can be found so desirable.

Containing neither oil nor dye, it does

not soil white cambric, and yet lasts

long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy

lustre and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.,

PRACTICAL AND ANALYTICAL CHEMISTS,

LOWELL, MASS.

PRICE \$1.00.

## Important Notice

TO THE

### Traveling Public.

The undersigned having purchased the entire Livery Stock of H. H. Sappington, and taken possession of the premises lately occupied by him as a Livery Stable in San Antonio, will continue the business at the old and well-known stand, at the crossing of the upper bridge—making such additions to the already large stock of horses and vehicles in the city, as shall be demanded by the wants of the community.

In connection with the above, he has large

### Pasturage Facilities,

enabling him to keep stock upon the most favorable terms.

# The Daily Express

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE UNITED STATES.  
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF BEXAR COUNTY AND  
CITY OF SAN ANTONIO.

A. SIEMERING & CO., Publishers

STANLEY WELCH, Editor.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 8, 1871.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT, /  
AUSTIN, August 23d, 1870. —

To A. Siemering & Co.,  
You are hereby notified that I have this day appointed your paper, "The San Antonio Express," the official Journal of the Twenty-third Judicial District.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto signed my name and caused the Great Seal of the State of Texas to be affixed thereto at Austin, this 23d day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy, and the Independence of Texas, the thirty-fifth.

EDMUND J. DAVIS, Governor.

By the Governor:  
JAMES P. NEWCOMB.

## NOTICE.

A legal advertisement in the San Antonio Express must from this date be paid in advance, except where otherwise provided by law. Advertisements of Sheriff's sales under executions or by order of Court, are acquired by law to be paid out of the proceeds of the sale. This is the only exception to the rule of prepayment. We wish not to be asked to deviate from this rule.

PUBLISHER SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS

BLANK DEEDS,  
For Sale at this Office.

## Important.

In view of the many lines of railroad tending toward our western country, and opening up our immense stock regions to a market, and the addition of another line of steamers to run from our Gulf ports and assist in the transportation of stock, the action taken by the National Congress cannot but prove satisfactory to stock raisers, who seem to have exercised under the provisions of the law, assurances that their stock will reach market in a better condition, and therefore command a better price.

The bill alluded to, which passed the House of Representatives January 17, provides that no railroad company within the United States whose road forms any part of a line over which cattle, sheep, swine, or other animals shall be conveyed from one State to another, or the owners or masters of steam, sailing, or other vessels carrying or transporting cattle, sheep, swine, or other animals from one State to another, shall confine the same in cars, boats, or vessels of any description for a longer period than 24 consecutive hours, without unloading the same for rest, water and feeding, for a period of at least five consecutive hours, unless prevented from so unloading by storm, or other accidental causes. The penalty for a violation of this provision is from \$100 to \$500.

Another consideration, which is not an unimportant one, is the consideration of health. Foot-sore, or road fondered cattle, or cattle whose flesh is feverish from the sufferings of thirst and hunger endured, cannot be healthy or fit for human consumption. Many eminent physicians have spoken and written upon the evils of eating the diseased flesh of cattle, sheep, swine, &c., and the demands of consumers have culminated in the enactment of the above sound and wise provisions, which effectually shields the consumer from the ills of the past, in regard to diseased meats.

Mr. Horace Greeley indignantly denounces the following statements, made by the Kansas City Bulletin, as lies:

A Missouri farmer wrote to Horace Greeley to know if silk culture could be made profitable in Missouri. The Veteran Agriculturalist of the Tribune thought it could. He said it would necessitate some trouble and expense to import the silk-bearing sheep from the mountainous regions of Central Asia, but thought they could be easily domesticated in Missouri. He said he presumed the rearing of the silk-bearing sheep would become such an important branch of agricultural industry in Missouri in five years, that the State would give 100,000 majority in favor of a protective tariff, and quadruple the present circulation of the Tribune.

The same farmer also inquired as to the probable profit of raising broom corn in this State. Mr. Greeley felt assured it would be profitable, but advised his correspondent to raise the plain-handled variety of brooms, inasmuch as they were a more hardy variety than those with the red and blue rings around the handles.

WHO EVER DOUTED that Pease, Hamilton, Paschal, Haynes and others have joined the Democratic party horse, foot and dragoons; and that the now defunct Austin Republican was a Democratic Journal to all intents and purposes, will please read the following which we clip from the Galveston News, and be convinced:

We have long known that the Austin Republicans had a Democratic journal at hand. We have not at any time, during the last twelve months, doubted the Democracy of Gov. Pease, of Gen. Hamilton, of Col. Haynes, of Major Longley, of McCorkle, of Brazoria, or of Judge Bell. Eliminate fidelity to the Federal Union from the discussion, and their Democracy is as sound as that of any man living. These men have now come to us, and are with us. They will work with us for our success. We gladly welcome them. They ought to have come to us in '65. The administration of Provisional Governor Pease ought to have been a Democratic administration, and it would have been but for the horrible blunder he made in attending the 4th of July convention, which little ridiculous gathering did more harm for Texas than it will ever do for. Well, then, being reinforced by this great body of intelligent and influential voters, the Democratic party has a reasonable and certain hope for success—for triumphant victory, and we feel encouraged to prophesy a speedy victory for a good cause.

A boy, bawling in the street, was asked the cause of his trouble, and replied: "I want my mamma; that's the matter. I told the darned thing she'd lose me."

## Out of their own Mouths are They Condemned.

Republicans have ever claimed, and still do claim that the great principles for which they have sacrificed so much, and which today in all their integrity control the affairs of the nation, have ever been productive of good, and shaped only for beneficial results to the masses of the people who claim the benefits of a liberal and wisely directed government.

In proportion to the love of country and patriotism which Republicans have manifested, there has existed a strata or a series of strata in the opposition party, which has had for its aims all the evils of narrow minded sectionalism an opposition to growth of industries, and a general retarding of the Democratic masses to ignorance, by which crude human judgments could be controlled by the manipulations of unscrupulous demagogues and political mountebanks, whose five principles are so aptly described in the saying of John Randolph, regarding the three hares and two lizards.

In the midst of all their blind efforts it is indeed something wonderful to find one of their own ilk, condoning the initial principle of Democracy and giving vent to such heretical sentiments as those which we give below, and which are taken from the Louisville Courier Journal, an acknowledged leader in the journalistic ranks of Democracy. Hear ye ye perverse disciples of the destructionist party and then ponder upon the error of your ways:

"The great instrumentality through which Radicalism places and power in Mind, with a little assistance from Money; the greater instrumentality through which Democracy attains the same ends is Ignorance. Whatever Radicalism prevails, there learning, taste, her classic head, and from her antique looks scatters intellectual light and loveliness abroad; wherever Democracy obtains a foothold, there ignorance erects her shrines and altars, before which her blind and ragged votaries prostrate themselves in the dust, and sing paens in his praise, it is not strange then, that the Democrat who is true to his principles and his party never approaches a school-house without instinctively feeling in his pocket to see if he has such a thing about him as box of matches or a can of nitro-glycerine. It is to the Democratic party the English prefer when he tells us that where ignorance is bliss it is folly to be wise."

A closer adherence to the living truth of the situation could not be manifested by the most impartial student of the times, yet how grievous it must be for the Democracy to find this confession coming from the pens of those who are their ablest supports. The truth is Democracy is in that emaciated state in which only vigorous action can restore it, to even a semblance of life, and the able minds of less unscrupulous adherents of Democracy apply the stinging lash of truth, laying naked its deformities, in the hope of spurring it into action, sufficient to enable it to crawl out of the rats of ignorance, dead locks and sectional hate where it has lain for the last decade.

Democracy of later days means opposition to peace, enforcement of laws and a disregard of the common rights of the American citizen. It means repudiation of legitimate and lawful debts of the country; which repudiation would bring upon the country in all its horrors a panic which would bankrupt thousands, and turn the present prosperity, wrought by Republican efforts and measures, into a state of privation, want and suffering in which all classes, both high and low, would necessarily suffer.

As the Courier Journal in substance remarks, Democracy of later days means the encouragement of ignorance. That very ignorance would be the safety of Democracy. The disgraceful pictures which nations have witnessed as drawing color from New York baseness and unscrupulousness in voting the lower strata of the ignorant masses, would become part of our national existence, and the country rapidly sink to a deplorable state of vice, crime, ignorance and disunity.

The able minds of the Courier Journal editors, forces the evils upon which Democracy has shifted and have the malice in the face of the querulous times, to speak candidly and to the point. Democracy condemns Democracy and applauds Republicanism.

## Division.

It is highly probable that after the report and settling of the San Domingo affair of annexation, and the summing up of the evidence of southern outrages upon Republicans, the hands of our National Legislators will be left sufficiently free to take up the question of Texas affairs. One of the first acts will be to secure adequate protection for our frontier, the next will be a looking to the question of division of the State. Already many of our State Legislators are giving the subject attention, and a petition for division, of twenty-one counties in East Texas, laid before the house of Representatives for consideration.

Our Hon. Congressman of this 4th District, has intimated that the question of division is likely to be agitated in Congress, hence no definite settlement of boundaries for courts, or appropriation for United States Court buildings will be made. We ourselves confess to a feeling of anxiety to see this question of division thoroughly canvassed and decided. Under the current of all popular feeling the uncertainty of the division question runs and operates badly upon the founding of enterprises in which the directors feel that this question may some day precipitate evils upon them, by creating an uncertainty in the value of property.

The present situation is, that East and West Texas favor division, while central Texas opposes all such measures, feeling doubtful that between two such powerful interests as the agricultural and stock raising, its lands and resources are ill

adapted to becoming thrifty parts of either State.

Time, however, and we think a very short time, will solve the question of division upon its actual merits, then, as Feix Arundal said, "We shall see what we shall see."

## Factories.

In Mississippi and Alabama the planters are subscribing for cotton factories in their principal towns. The shares are placed at small amounts, and every farmer, merchant, mechanic, and professional man is invited to join. The benefit to be derived is immediate and immense. The farmer finds a home market for his cotton; the citizen aids in the growth, wealth and progress of his town; Northern capital, population and skilled labor is attracted, and the heavy freights, waste, delays, insurance and profits, on both the raw and manufactured articles, are saved to our consumers.

Will not our citizens arouse themselves to the necessity of using our manufacturing advantages? Here we have the water power, the wealth, and the unemployed and unproductive population. Industrial interest could be built up in our midst which would give to the young employment, to the merchant custom, to the city life and growth, and to the State power and prosperity. Let us not allow another new year to pass over our city without one or more manufacturing establishments in successful life.—State Journal.

SPECIAL TO THE SAN ANTONIO EXPRESS.

## 100,000 Prisoners Taken in Paris, with 15,000 Cannon.

## 100 FIELD PIECES AND METRAILLEUSES.

### Midnight Dispatches:

WASHINGTON, Feb 6.—Special decree says Havre will form a special election district, the remainder of the department being occupied by the enemy.

LETTERS FROM ST. PETERSBURG say Russia will not intervene in favor of France.

Upon the conclusion of peace the Prussian troops will enter Paris in triumph, and the Fifth army corps will hold Champigne until the war indemnity is paid.

VERSAILLES, Feb 5.—Works at Montme and Rueil are to be blown up.

Trains loaded with provisions entered Paris to-day.

The Germans occupied Abbeville.

180,000 prisoners were taken in Paris, and 15,000 cannon and 400 field pieces and mortars.

Gen. Falldherbe has issued orders confirming the armistice.

Sixty thousand French soldiers are in Switzerland.

HAVANA, Feb. 6.—The Insurgents attacked Najast. Fifty insurgents killed and many families taken.

Jesus del Sol, the famous chief of the Cory Villas, surrendered.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 6.—Neon—Cotton heavy; Uplands 7½-7¾; Orleans 7½.

VERBAILLES, Feb. 6.—Official.—The duality of the French Government will apparently lead the administration at Bordeaux to non-observance of the Convention, entered into by the Germans and authorities at Paris.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6.—Cotton quiet; Midland 15d; Orleans 16.

Gold strong at 11½.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Senate.—Private business transacted to day.

NOON Dispatches.

LONDON, Feb 6.—A complete rupture has taken place between the Paris government and Gambetta.

Restoration of the Empire is probable.

Journals of Northern France denounce recent doings of Gambetta, and urge that the country needs and desires peace.

Whole army of investment will march through Arcos Triumph, rue de Roval and rue St. Antonio, simply for the purpose of passing through Paris. The houses on either side of the route will be cleared of inhabitants and occupied by German troops.

NEW YORK, Feb 7—Gold active, sold up to 11½ during the day.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—House.—The filibusters succeeded in occupying an hour this morning, and the New York Air Line went over to Monday.

Mr. Maynard moved a suspension of the rules to take from the Speaker's table the bill in relation to the Southern Pacific railroad, and refer it to the committee on the Pacific railroad, with leave to report at any time after the 10th inst. Rules suspended and bill referred. This action is considered equivalent to its passage. All the Southern members voted ay.

House filibustered on appropriation for the Outrage committee. All the opponents left the hall.

Senate.—A numerous signed petition presented, asking a Territorial government for District of Columbia.

Bill for protection of buoys and other aids to navigation, passed.

PANS, Feb 6.—Status of the facade of the Hotel de Ville were much damaged on Sunday by rioters.

Price of gold is daily rising. The feeling against Gambetta is increasing.

There is a deal of courage sometimes in small boys. A lad in Bridgeport had three fingers of his right hand taken off, a few days since, by a drop press in a brass shop. Looking upon his bleeding hand, the brave little fellow exclaimed: "I'll bet mother will cry when she sees that."

A young lady wrote some verses for a country weekly about her birthday, and headed them "May 30th." It almost made her hair gray when it appeared in print "May 30th."

## A Relic of Artemus Ward.

The following letter, never before published, was written to a messenger agent in reply to an invitation to visit the exhibition which was to pitch its tent within a few miles of the humorist's home. To understand the allusion in the letter it should be explained that the agent had jokingly applied for the situation of doorkeeper for Artemus' proposed Mormon entertainment, offering to fill the duties of the position for nothing, and divide with Artemus on what he made by "knocking down" at the door. But here is the letter:

"WATERFORD, OXFORD COUNTY ME.,

August 9, 1864.

DEAR B.—I was very glad to bear from you—but why the d—l, being so near, didn't you come and see me? You would have been welcome to Elsinore.

I have finished my novel, and go to New York shortly to start my new pictorial entertainment of the Mormons and things. I hope it will be a go. I hope to run a few months in the metropolis; but if I can't more than two weeks. It is to be nevertheless a success elsewhere. The whole country (except that portion held by our misguided Southern brethren) is before me. Your terms are quite reasonable. Heretofore my doorkeepers haven't given me any of the receipts. I will call at Sweeney's and see you.

"I am only a sweet child of nature. True, my schooling has been extensive. I have read 'Virgil' and the life of Professor Longworth, but I am still a woodland gopher.

"I saw F. in Liverpool. He was very well, indeed, and happy with Shyemaker's circus. A circus-rider is the noblest work of God.

"Send me another Bill-do. I am very busy, and writing this stupidly, but I am delighted to hear from you, and hope to meet you again in New York.

"Thanks for the tickets. This act of kindness, so nobly conceived and delicately conducted, assures me that all is not base and sordid in this world, and that the human heart, when connected with a messenger, is capable of lofty impulses.

"Yours truly,

"A. WARD."

TELEGRAPHIC

SALE

AUCTION

VALUABLE

CITY LOTS,

ON MONDAY,

The sixth di

February 1871,

WE WILL SELL

AT AUCTION.

16 BUILDING lots,

Situated on the east side of the San Antonio river, in Block 11, between South 7th and 8th streets. The lots are irregular, well situated and titles perfect.

A Map, showing the locality of the lots, can be seen at our Store at any time till the day of sale.

FITCH, FROST & BRO.

31-17166.

The Agricultural Stockraising and Traders Association of Western Texas.

Holding their Fairs at San Antonio, will annually publish a catalog of from four thousand copies in pamphlet form, one-half in English, the other half in German, for free distribution among the Farmers, Stockraisers and mechanics.

It contains a list of the premiums to be given at their Annual Fairs, and is published six months previous to the time of holding the Fair, making it one of the best advertising mediums ever offered, as the Directors labor to bring it into the hands of every Farmer, Stockraiser, or Mechanic in Western Texas, where it will be read.

Persons wishing to avail themselves of this opportunity to exhibit, may do so by sending their advertisements, accompanied with the cash, to either the President, Secretary, Treasurer, or any member of the Board of Directors, or to the Secretary of the Association, by the 1st day of April of each year.

TERMS: For a Full Page.....\$15.

## Local Intelligence.

See advertisement of Dr. Butts' Dispensary, headed "Book for the Million" MARRIAGE GUIDE—in another column.

FOR SALE—An A No. 1 Pony, in good condition, and warranted sound in every particular. Suitable for a lady or for children to ride. A fine pacer. Inquire at this office. dtf

### Financial Report.

TUESDAY, February 7th, 1871.

Currency bought 89.

Currency sold 90.

Currency exchange New York and New Orleans 4 prem.

Gold exchange New York 3 prem.

Gold exchange New Orleans 2 prem.

Dise's on American Silver 1 to 1 per cent.

Gold New York 112.

Our city is quiet and orderly.

STREETS in a pasty condition.

Eggs down to 30 cents per dozen.

Grecian bends are obsolete.

DAN RICE is circusizing at Mobile.

READABLE—The Express.

LUGUBRIOS—The Herald.

THE weather-wise predict a norther.

CLOVER and oats will be experimented with by some of our farmers.

HEALTH, the poor man's riches, the rich man's bliss, is found in Ayer's Medicines, after a fruitless search among other remedies. A word to the wise is sufficient.

MONDAY night brought us quite a shower of rain, a further assistance to bringing up the fresh green grass, and causing a general re-awakening of the trees from their winter's nap.

THE recent failures amongst insurance companies, has very properly occasioned considerable alarm. If a registered policy in the North America has been taken, this alarm is unnecessary, for the STATE OF NEW YORK is the guardian of the credit of that Company.

TRAFFIC in real estate is quite lively—Property changes hands at excellent figures, which speaks well for the security felt by the public in the safety and protection measures of Republicans. Wild lands command a better price than a year ago, and there is considerable searching for land certificates, and a general desire to locate.

THE Agricultural, Industrial and Stock Raising Association intend to offer a premium at their next fair, for a display of hops grown in West Texas. We believe that both the climate and soil of our region are favorable to the production of hops, and they will find a ready market at either of the large breweries that in San Antonio and New Braunfels, furnish lager for thousands of consumers.

This local had the pleasure of spending Saturday with our courteous young friend, Frank Huebner, who found excellent sport for us and our friends in the hunting of partridges. Huebner's ranch is most delightfully situated, and the country around abounds with game. Then, too, Frank is the Prince of Hosts, and understands making his friends thoroughly comfortable. We always return to our duties with renewed zest, after indulging in a day's recreation, as full of pleasure as was last Saturday.

THE masked ball given by the San Antonio Turn-Verein promises to be a creditable affair. The managers are directing every effort to the securing of comfort for the guests, and our excellent host, Mengen, is making huge preparations for the taking care of the inner man.

A masked ball in San Antonio is a rarity, hence when one is given it is largely attended.

THE Alamo Literary Society are arranging the preliminaries of their semi-annual celebration, to take place in May. The Society is constantly increasing in numbers, and now displays an array of talent that few cities of the size of San Antonio can boast of. We presume it will not be a great while before their weekly meetings will be thrown open to the public. We believe they would find their efforts encouraged by a large weekly attendance.

FEBRUARY, the month of planting garden seeds, is at hand, and gardens should be thoroughly overhauled and fertilized for Spring use. Now is the time to turn under the dead weeds and rubbish, and prepare the soil for the seed. We notice several yards in the suburbs being gotten in readiness for Spring, and we commend the example to others. Next to a good garden, abounding with rich, luxuriant, health-giving vegetation, nothing is more useful to a dwelling place than a nice well kept yard. The one furnishes wholesome food for the stomach, the other food for the eye. By all means let the yard be filled with green grass and shrubbery, and look inviting and pleasant, for it adds a hundred per cent. to the comforts and the natural joys of home, and by all means let the garden be well attended to, for it is necessary to the table and to health.

A good story will occasionally leak out, and Quip, who is ubiquitous, generally manages to get the drift of it. The following comes from the regions of a certain

Quartermaster's Department, and will astound the gentlemen thereof, as to how Quip got hold of the yarn:

At one of the frontier posts, it became necessary to enclose and embellish a cemetery for the reception of the soldier dead, and a requisition was accordingly made for lumber. Good fence lumber was forwarded, but the posts forgotten, which led to quite an interesting and spicy correspondence, ending in a requisition being filed for posts.

Some delay occurred in fencing in the cemetery, so the officials at the post thought to get a good joke on the Q. M. D., and they drew a requisition upon that branch of the service for "Post Holes."

Ye obliging gentlemen of the Dept. were puzzled for a while, but were relieved from the dilemma by the brilliant conception of an attack, who hunted around and secured an empty collar, and authorized the gentlemen in charge of the cemetery construction to "cut it up into post holes."

The frontier gentlemen have acknowledged that that is some huckleberry over their persimmon."

MILITARY.—Major General A. Mack, U.S. Army, Inspector of National Cemeteries, from the War Department, is on a visit to our city. Monday morning he paid a visit to the soldiers' burying grounds here, in company with General Card and Chaplain Tuttle. We understand that he expressed himself highly gratified with the good order and careful attention paid to this part of duty in charge of the Quartermaster's Department of this city. The cemetery is said to be exceeded by none in the country for its permanency and adaptation to the object of securing a last resting place to the officers and soldiers of the army.

### SPLINTERERS.

Split-Knots—Divorces.

The poor man's story—The garret.

"A. Schwil & Co." is a beer firm in Cincinnati.

What was the end of St. Stephens? He was "rocked to sleep."

Jones teaches book-keeping in one lesson of three words: "Never lend them."

A Western editor reports money "close, but not close enough to be reached."

Why are birds melancholy in the morning? Because their little bills are all over dew!

An Alabamian, out of shot, used a box of pills to shoot a chicken with. He complained of the flavor.

Stages run so slow in some parts of Vermont that the chickens roost on the axles.

One of the most successful planters in Wisconsin is a widow who has just buried her sixth husband.

Why do girls kiss each other and men do not?

Because girls have nothing better to kiss, and men have.

A New York musical critic is of the opinion that Chicago people are "unable to tell a symphony from a sardine."

When a Fort Scott girl is slyly kissed, she puts on a frown and says: "Put that article right back, sir, where you stole it from."

A sharp young woman says there is nothing more touching in this life than to see a poor but virtuous young man struggling with a weak moustache.

A drunken man, sprawling on the ground in Paterson the other night, anxiously wanted to know whether "any body else had been struck by that earthquake."

A proscription sent to a drug store in a Western town contained a postscript for the guidance of the druggist, that it was intended for the "relief off the Kauka."

"Sure, an' it wasn't poverty that drove me from the old country," said Michael, the other day: "for my father had twenty-one yoke of oxen and a cow, and they gave milk the year round."

Mr. "Chawls Thawmpson" recently ran his head against a young lady during a cotillion. "Ah! excuse me, dear," he cried; "did it hurt, ah?" "No, sir," she replied, "it's too soft to hurt any thing."

A cynic says of suffrage: "O. wonderous system of extricating the wisdom of the people by counting their noses—getting the hidden essence *roux poudre* from thirty millions of people—most fools."

The attention of philanthropists is respectfully called to the following case: A dandy swell in New York is in a fix. His pants were made so tight for him that he can't get his boots on, and if he puts his boots on first, he can't get the pants on. This is a case of genuine distress.

### BELL & BRO'S.

### M A N U F A C T U R E R S

AND DEALERS IN

Jewelry, Silver-Ware, Plated-Ware,

WATCHES, CLOCKS.

Spectacles, Fine

Pocket and Table Cutlery,

RAZORS, SCISSORS,

FANCY GOODS, &c., &c.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

REPAIRED AND WARRANTED.

No. 11 Commerce Street,

S A N A N T O N I O , T E X A S .

Nov 18-1868. dtf

A new paper, to be called THE PROTECTOR, is about to appear in New York. It will give special attention to life insurance, which it will discuss in a simple, popular way, with the view of satisfying the public demand for information on the subject. In addition, in order to make THE PROTECTOR of general interest to families, miscellaneous reading matter on health, etc., will form a prominent feature. Each number will also contain a story written for The Protector by a popular author. The editor is Sidney Ashmore, and the publishers W. C. & F. P. Church, 30 Park Row, New York.

4-2-71-wm

A good story will occasionally leak out, and Quip, who is ubiquitous, generally manages to get the drift of it. The following comes from the regions of a certain

ERASTUS REED. M. D. MATHER.

### REED & MATHER,

69 COMMERCE STREET. 69

Have now on hand, and will be constantly receiving the largest assortment of

### FURNITURE,

AND

### House Furnishing Goods,

Ever offered in San Antonio. Consisting

in part of

Fine Walnut Bed-room Suites,

Walnut Bureaus and Bed-stands,

Walnut Side-Boards,

What-nots, Desks,

Easy Chairs, Sofas,

Parlor Furniture

### COTTAGE SUITS

Of Walnut and imitation Chestnut, packed in one box, ready for shipment.

### ALSO,

### AT WHOLESALE,

A complete assortment of

### CHEAP FURNITURE,

Knocked down and packed for shipment,

and will be sold lower than ever

offered in this market,

being direct from

the largest

### MANUFACTORIES

In the United States, and

### BOUGHT FOR CASH.

Particular attention paid to all kinds of

### Repairing and Upholstering.

17-12-70d&wtf.

### WESTERN TEXAS

### Life, Fire and Marine

### INSURANCE COMPANY

OF SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Office on Yturri Street, in the rear of Bennett and Thornton's Bank.

Capital, — \$200,000

DIRECTORS:

Jas. T. Thornton, F. Groos,

Jos. Deutz, H. Grenet,

C. Groos, C. Elmendorf,

C. Rhodus, S. Half,

JAS. T. THORNTON, President.

F. GROOS, Vice-President.

E. A. FLORIAN, Secretary.

This company having complied with all the requirements of the law, is now ready to receive applications and issue FIRE and MARINE Policies on liberal terms.

18-1-71dtf.

A. BIESENBACH, F. FRESCHEMEYER,

CORNER ALAMO AND ALAMEDA STS.,

Near the Old Bridge,

S A N A N T O N I O , T E X A S .

DEALERS IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware, Tinware,

WOODEN AND WILLOW WARE,

Window Glass,

Paints and Oils,

Leather, Petroleum and Lamps,

Agricultural Implements,

Landreth's Garden Seeds, &c., &c.

GROCERIES,

Fancy and Staple,

Wines and Liquors,

Ham, Bacon, Lard,

Corn Meal, Flour,

Rice, Salt, Soap, &c., &c.

Canned Fruits, Fish, Meats, &c.

TOBACCO.

Smoking and Chewing, Sedges, Pipes, &c.

fall assortment always kept on hand.

4-8-70d&w3m.

# THE DAILY EXPRESS.

Arrival and Departure of Mails.

Arrives.	COLUMBUS.	Departs.
Sunday,	8 A. M.	Monday 1 P. M.
Monday,	"	Tuesday "
Wednesday,	"	Wednesday "
Thursday,	"	Thursday "
Friday,	"	Friday "
Saturday,	"	Saturday "

VICTORIA.		
Sunday 6 P. M.	Tuesday 6 A. M.	
Wednesday "	Thursday "	
Friday "	Saturday "	
MONDAY 6 A. M.	MONDAY 5 A. M.	
THURSDAY "	THURSDAY "	
SATURDAY "	SATURDAY "	

EL PASO.		
SUNDAY 6 P. M.	MONDAY 6 A. M.	
THURSDAY "	FRIDAY "	
TUESDAY FROM CONCHO,	WEDNESDAY TO CONCHO	
EAGLE PASS.		
TUESDAY 12 P. M.	MONDAY 6 A. M.	
SATURDAY "	FRIDAY "	
CORPUS CHRISTI.		
WEDNESDAY 6 P. M.	THURSDAY 6 A. M.	

LAKING.		
THURSDAY 6 P. M.	MONDAY 6 A. M.	
Mails leaving at, or prior to 6 A. M., are closed at 12 P. M., on the evening previous; other mails close 30 minutes prior to the schedule time of leaving; Dr. Nettie's time is the standard.		

## Sheriffs of the Different Counties, State of Texas.

Anderson county—D. Kelley.  
Angelina county—B. F. Hill.  
Atascosa county—I. W. Peacock.  
Austin county—Wm. Glenn.  
Brazoria county—T. C. King.  
Bastrop county—Joseph Jing.  
Bee county—Thomas Marsden.  
Bell county—W. J. Long.  
Bexar county—H. D. Bennett.  
Blanco county—Thos. E. Odair.  
Bosque county—Samuel Postell.  
Bowie county—R. M. Johnson.  
Brazos county—Edwin Kilkow.  
Brown county—Cresham Lee.  
Burleson county—F. Jackson.  
Burnet county—R. W. Gates.  
Caldwell county—J. L. Lane.  
Calhoun county—Joseph Cahan.  
Cameron county—W. M. Sessions.  
Clarkson county—F. M. Walls.  
Cherokee county—R. M. Reagan.  
Collin county—W. M. Bush.  
Colorado county—W. H. Smith.  
Comal county—Giles Scott.  
Conroe county—W. H. Cunningham.  
Cook county—Isaac Hobbs.  
Coryell county—E. W. Evans.  
Dallas county—J. M. Brown.  
Davis county—A. Fraiser.  
Denton county—W. F. Engan.  
DeWitt county—B. Blackwell.  
DeWitt county—J. H. Helm.  
Ellis county—John F. King.  
El Paso county—J. A. Arredondo.  
Erath county—Joshua M. Ross.  
Falls county—R. F. Soggin.  
Fannin county—J. M. Kees.  
Fayette county—R. O. Fair.  
Fort Bend county—W. M. Burton.  
Freestone county—J. B. Rodgers.  
Galveston county—Frank Dirks.  
Gillespie county—Sylvester Klock.  
Goliad county—Ivan Franklin.  
Grimes county—James Y. Mathey.  
Grayson county—J. W. Hunter.  
Grimes county—J. M. Gibbs.  
Guadalupe county—Jno. F. Gordon.  
Hamilton county—P. H. Baumgard.  
Hardin county—P. S. Watt.  
Harris county—A. B. Hall.  
Harrison county—E. K. Taylor.  
Hays county—J. R. Brown.  
Henderson county—Wm. Davis.  
Hidalgo county—Leon Estapa.  
Hill county—Eric Heuchamp.  
Hood county—J. C. Hightower.  
Hopkins county—J. A. Weaver.  
Houston county—E. L. Dorsett.  
Hunt county—Creed Hall.  
Jack county—M. McMillan.  
Jackson county—John McEvoy.  
Jasper county—J. T. Carlton.  
Jefferson county—W. G. Ogden.  
Johnson county—O. P. Arnold.  
Karnes county—T. J. Reagan.  
Kaufman county—R. H. Shaw.  
Kaufman county—R. H. Shaw.  
Randall county—J. F. Seidenbach.  
Kerr county—J. M. Treador.  
Limestone county—J. S. Bland.  
Lampasas county—Charles T. Denison.  
Lavaca county—W. C. Coleman.  
Leon county—Wm. Conroy.  
Liberty county—H. H. Dever.  
Limestone county—Peyton Parker.  
Live Oak county—Patrick Pugh.  
Llano county—M. B. Glendinning.  
McLennan county—W. H. Morris.  
Marion county—J. H. Roberts.  
Matson county—Jno. Lemberg.  
Montgomery county—Conrad Frisch.  
Moulton county—Valentino Vollmar.  
Milam county—J. T. Torney.  
Montgomery county—Abner Wanrock.  
Nacogdoches county—R. D. Orton.  
Nebraska county—James A. Neims.  
Newton county—Henry Caley.  
Nueces county—John McGinn.  
Orange county—W. W. Johnson.  
Palo Pinto county—D. C. Brooks.  
Panola county—A. H. Ross.  
Parker county—J. W. Hardwick.  
Polk county—T. F. Mercer.  
Red River county—Jno. S. Carroll.  
Robertson county—F. M. Ball.  
San Augustine county—Henry Lewis.  
San Patricio county—Hugh Timon.  
San Saba county—Stephen W. Ferry.  
Shelby county—José P. Wheeler.  
Smith county—J. W. Butler.  
Starr county—W. A. Halsey.  
Tarrant county—T. B. James.  
Taylor county—Peter Davidson.  
Titus county—Wm. R. Edwards.  
Travis county—D. B. Zimbleman.  
Trinity county—Thomas H. Kenley.  
Upshur county—B. T. Humphreys.  
Uvalde county—James A. Robinson.  
Victoria county—C. C. Carter.  
Walker county—W. H. Stewart.  
Washington county—Liddington Smith.  
Webb county—J. M. Rodriguez.  
Wharton county—Isaac N. Daughan.  
Williamson county—Jno. L. Foss.  
Wilson county—N. de la Zerda.  
Wood county—Jno. F. Williams.  
Zapata county—J. C. Shelley.

The following named counties are without sheriffs; as soon as they are appointed, or elected, we will add them to the above list:  
Archer, Baylor, Callahan, Clay, Coleman,  
Concho, Dawson, Dimmit, Duval, Eastland,  
Edwards, Erath, Erath, Hardeman, Jones,  
Kimble, Kinsey, Knox, La Salle, McCulloch,  
McMullen, Madison, Maverick, Menard,  
Montague, Presidio, Refugio, Runnels,  
Rusk, Sabine, Shackelford, Stephens,  
Throckmorton, Van Zandt, Wichita, Wilbarger,  
Wise, Young and Zavalla.

## Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Laxative Medicine.

Perhaps no one medicine is so universally known by everybody as a cathartic, nor was ever any before so universally adopted into use, in every country, and among all classes, than this mild but efficient purgative Pill. The obvious reason is, that it is a more reliable and far more effectual remedy than any other.

We tried it on many who had tried all the best cathartics, strengtheners and tonics, and all know that what it does once it does always—that it never fails through any fault or neglect of its composition. We have thousands of testimonials from the following individuals, but such cases are known to many neighborhood, and we need not particularize. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing nothing but a very deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them from the action of the stomach, so that they are perfectly safe, and may be given to children, even infants, without responsibility, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

They operate by their powerful influence on the internal viscera to purify the blood, and stimulate it into healthy action—remove the impurities of the stomach, bowels, liver, lungs, and other organs of the body, and give a general action to the system, that is most beneficial, and we need not particularize. Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates; containing nothing but a very deleterious drug, they may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them from the action of the stomach, so that they are perfectly safe, and may be given to children, even infants, without responsibility, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

For *Gastritis* & *Colitis*, *Constipation* & *Diarrhoea*, they should be moderately taken for each case, to effect the cure, or to remove the obstructions which cause it.

For *Dysentry* or *Diarrhoea*, but one small dose daily, until relieved.

For *Scrofula* and *Tuberculosis*, they should be taken in large and frequent doses to produce the effect of a drastic purge.

For *Suppression of Large Bowels* should be taken as it produces the desired effect by a strong purgative.

For *Stomach* & *Pills*, take one or two Pills to promote digestion and relieve the stomach.

An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, restores the appetite, and invigorates the system. Hence it is a valuable medicine when no specific treatment exists.

For *Jaundice* when well, often finds that a dose of these Pills takes his feet decidedly better, from their cleansing and reviving effects on the digestive apparatus.

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Practical Chemists,

LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

11-10744.

ATTENTION!

The undersigned having received authority to raise the strength of the San Antonio Light Artillery company to seventy-five members, will receive the applications of a few more respectable and intelligent young men, who desire to join the organization. These applications will be submitted to the board of officers for their consideration.

STANLEY WELCH,

1-27474. Captain S. A. Light Artillery.

NOTICE

Mr. Louis Ritter is my authorized agent for the transaction of my business during my absence from the city.

Dr. TH. HERZBERG.

San Antonio, Jan. 20th, 1871. (26-1-7)

TO RENT.

Three Rooms with Kitchen, etc.

15-1-7041W. GUSTAVUS PERCH.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

CONSTITUTION OF TEXAS.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To the Sheriff, or, any Constable of Texas County—Greeting:

Whereas, the city of SAN ANTONIO, a body corporate, within said county, did on the 2d day of September, a. d. 1870, file their petition in my office, alleging as follows, to wit: That one J. C. Conrad, did on or about the 8th day of November, a. d. 1872, become the purchaser from said city of lot No. 12, in Range No. 3, district No. 3, and lot No. 11, in Range No. 3, district No. 3, containing 18 37-100 and 18 37-100 acres of land more or less, as described in the plan of said city lands, and thereafter, on the 11th day of November, a. d. 1872, jointly with the Mayor of said city, did enter into written agreements of bargain and sale, wherein he bound himself to pay to said city the sum of one hundred and seventeen and 60-100 dollars, a balance of purchase money payable at the expiration of fifty years, with eight per cent per annum, interest thereon, payable in semi-annual installments, the first installment being payable on the 1st day of June, a. d. 1873, and the subsequent installments on the 1st day of June, and the 1st day of December of each and every year, during said term of fifty years, and for the purpose of securing the payment of said balance of purchase money, did, by said written agreements make and acknowledge a special mortgage and vendor's lien on said described lots, stipulating that in case the installments of interest provided for, or any one of them, should not be paid when due, the whole amount of unpaid purchase money should become due and collectible, that the interest on said unpaid purchase money due on the 1st day of June, a. d. 1873, and all the installments due thereafter, have not been paid, that said balance of purchase money has not been paid by said J. C. Conrad, nor by his assigns or any other person for him; that one Wilhelmina Oswald, widow of J. C. Conrad, deceased, is the present owner or claimant of said lots.

Petitioner prays for citation, for judgment for the said unpaid balance of purchase money, with interest thereon, for the foreclosure of all the rights, interests or claims of said Wilhelmina Oswald, to said described lots, out for costs of suit, etc., etc.; and petitioner hereby gives notice to defendants that they are required to produce the original purchase contract.

And W. C. A. Thielmann, Mayor of said

city having made oath that said J. C. Con-

rad is not a resident of this State, and that the said Wilhelmina Oswald is absent from the State. These are therefore to command you, that you summon the said J. C. Con-

rad and Wilhelmina Oswald, by publica-

tion of this writ in the "San Antonio Ex-

press," for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof to be and appear before the Hon. District Court, to be held in and for the said county, at the Court-

house in the city of San Antonio, on the first Monday of February, a. d. 1871, then and there to answer the petition of the said city of San Antonio.

It is also not, but of this writ and your proceedings thereon make due return.

Witness, Mortimer Sloane, Clerk of the

[s. s.] District Court of Bexar county, and

Seal of said Court, at office in San Antonio,

this 31st day of December, a. d. 1870.

M. SLOCUM, Clerk, D. C. B.C.

By ROBERT C. SIMINGTON, Deputy Dist. Clrk.

Issued same day. (26-1-71w4)

22-12-70-w4.

NOTICE TO CATTLE RAISERS.

Paid for old, raw-bone beef, \$10 specie, and

for fat and heavy ones, \$10 to \$12, spece, to be

delivered at the San Antonio Meat EXPIRE

Establishment, six miles below San Antonio. All

persons who want to sell or make contracts are

requested to apply to

J. C. WILLIAMS & CO., Jewelers,

501 Broadway, New York.

HAVE APPOINTED

JOHN W. GLENN,

1-27474.

RECEIVED

22-12-70-w4.

NOTICE.

For old, raw-bone beef, \$10 specie, and

for fat and heavy ones, \$10 to \$12, spece, to be

delivered at the San Antonio Meat EXPIRE

Establishment, six miles below San Antonio. All

persons who want to sell or make contracts are

requested to apply to

J. C. WILLIAMS & CO., Jewelers,

# DAILY EXPRESS.

## BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

### San Antonio, Texas.

The following is a list of business men in this city, who may be addressed in reference to their respective class of business.

Mayor—W. C. A. Thielepape.

ARCHITECTS, &c.,  
J. H. Kampmann, Architect and Builder.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION,  
L. Wolfson.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,  
W. W. Gamble.  
E. Penterreider.  
F. Simon.

BANKERS,  
San Antonio National Bank.

Bennett & Thornton.

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,  
A. Netter.

DRY GOODS,  
Louis Zork.

A. Morris.

FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,  
Elmendorf & Co.

B. Mauermann.

Marceau & Fairweather.

FURNITURE,  
Philip Conrad.

Reed & Mather.

GROCERS,  
Theo Schleining.

Rhodius & Co.

H. Green.

F. Guilleau.

Wagner & Kummel.

Dressel & Brian.

A. Biesenbach & Co.

Louis Huth.

Barry & Hugo.

HARDWARE,  
Norton & Dantz.

Elmendorf & Co.

Louis Huth.

A. Biesenbach & Co.

Barry & Hugo.

HOTELS,  
Mrs. Schmidt, Commerce Street.

JEWELRY,  
Bell & Bo's.

LAMPS, TOYS AND FANCY GOODS,  
F. Simon.

E. Penterreider.

LIVERY STABLES,  
Perry & Karber.

John C. Crawford.

LUMBER YARD,  
Edward Stoves.

Brockenridge & Stapp.

MERCHANT TAYLORS,  
Safford & Delassus.

PROFESSIONALS,  
Jack Cooke, Attorney at Law.

Julius W. Van Slyck, Attorney at Law.

John & Sheek, Lawyer.

Dr. Meissner, Surgeon and Physician.

Dr. A. Boyd, Dentist.

SOAP MANUFACTORY,  
Simon Menger.

WINES AND LIQUORS,  
Theo Schleining.

A. Biesenbach & Co.

Dressel & Brian, Importers Cal. Wine.

Rosenthal & Co.

MISCELLANEOUS,  
San Antonio Meat Extract Company.

Schmidt & Dugier, Candy Factory.

Wm. Kellner, Confectionery and Oyster Saloon.

B. Mauermann, Gun-smith.

El Paso Mail Line, B. F. Picklin.

A. Stascko, Wagons.

Harwell's Gallery of Fine Arts.

Western Texas Life, Fire and Marine Insurance Company.

Agricultural, Industrial and Stock-Raising Association of Western Texas.

INNANOLA.

W. Westhoff & Co.

NEW BRAUNFELS.

Mourau & Greek.

FREDERICKSBURG.

Wahrung & Stocken.

CANTROVILLE.

John Vance.

AUSTIN, TEXAS.

The Daily State Journal.

NEW YORK.

Moore & Richardson.

Deasy & Ben.

R. H. McDonald & Co.

James Hood & Co.

Munn & Co.

J. F. Williams & Co.

Evans, Ball & Co.

Chas. H. Ditson & Co.

Thomas Morgan & Co.

S. R. Wells.

I. W. England.

Bachelor's Hair Dry, 16 Bond street.

ALBANY, NEW YORK.

Luther, Tucker & Son.

ROCHESTER, NEW YORK.

James Vick.

LOWELL, MASS.

Dr. J. C. Aspin & Co.

KNOXVILLE, TENN.

Hough & Church.

PHILADELPHIA.

S. C. Upshur.

J. W. Rogers & Co.

Dr. W. Young.

Howard Association.

BOSTON.

Fairbanks & Co.

Oliver Ditson & Co.

ST. LOUIS.

McCormick & Lyon.

Grafton Medicine Company.

Dr. Batt.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Drew & Stafford.

\* WISCONSIN.

Pinney & Lawrence.

WM. KELLNER,

Main Street.

(Next to Gentzinger & Biersch.)

Has on hand a good assortment of Christmas Candies, Fohn-buns, and all kinds of Confectionaries. Cakes trimmed to order.

**DR. SCHENCK advises Consumptives to go to Florida in Winter.**

Having for the last thirty-five years devoted my whole time and attention to the study of lung diseases and consumption, I find that I understand fully the errors that ought to be pursued to restore a long and bad case of disease lungs to healthy soundness. The first and most important step for the patient is avoid taking cold, and the best of all places on this continent for this purpose is winter in Florida well down in the States where the temperature is regular, and not subjected to such variations as in more Northern latitudes. Patients in point I can recommend. A good nose is kept there by Peterman. Last winter I saw several persons there whose lungs had been badly diseased, but who, under the healing influence of the climate and my medicines, were getting well.

One hundred miles further down the river is a point which would prefer to Palms, the temperature is more even and the air dry and bracing. Merion Hall and Enterprise are located there. I should give a decided preference to Merion Hall. It is two miles from river or lake, and it seems almost impossible to take cold there. The tables in Florida might be better, and patients complain at times, but that is a good sign, as it indicates a return of appetite, and when this is the case they generally increase in health, and the lungs mends.

Jacksonville, Hibernia, Green Cove, and many other places in various parts of Florida, can be safely recommended to consumptives in winter. My reasons for saying so are that patients are less liable to take cold there than where there is a lesser temperature, and it is not necessary to say that where a consumptive person exposes himself to frequent colds he is certain to die shortly. Therefore my advice is, go well down into the statement of the reach of prevailing east winds and fog. Jacksonville, or almost any other of the localities I have named, will benefit those who are troubled with a torpid liver, disordered stomach, deranged bowels, sore throat or cough, but for those whose lungs are diseased a more southern is distinctly recommended.

For fifteen years prior to 1869, I was professionally in New York, Boston, Baltimore and Philadelphia every week, where I saw and examined on an average five hundred patients a week. A practice so extensive, embracing every possible phase of lung disease, has enabled me to understand the disease fully, and hence, my caution in regard to taking cold. A person may take vast quantities of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, seaweed Tonic and Mandrake Pills, and yet die if he does not avoid taking cold.

In Florida, nearly all are using Schenck's Medicines, especially Schenck's Mandrake Pills, for the climate is more likely to produce bilious habits than more northern latitudes. It is well established fact that natives of Florida rarely die of consumption especially of the southern part. On the other hand, in New England, one third, at least, of the population die of this terrible disease. In the Middle States it does not prevail so largely, still there are many thousand cases there. What a vast percentage of life would be saved if consumptives were as easily satisfied in regard to taking fresh cold as they are about scarlet fever, small pox, &c. But they are not. They take what they term a little cold, which they are credulous enough to believe will wear off in a few days. They pay no attention to it and hence it lays the foundation for another and another still, until the lungs are diseased beyond all hope for cure.

My advice to persons whose lungs are affected even slightly is, to lay in a stock of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Schenck's Seaweed Tonic, and Schenck's Mandrake Pills, and go to Florida. I recommend these particular medicines because I am thoroughly acquainted with their action. I know that when they are used in strict accordance with my directions, they will do the work that is required. This accomplished, nature will do the rest. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night-sweats, and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

My plan is to give my three medicines in accordance with the printed dr. Nos, except in some cases where a few drops of the Mandrake Pill necessary. My object is to give done to the stomach—to get up a good appetite. It is always a good sign when a patient begins to grow hungry. I have hopes of such. With a relish for food and the gratification of that relish, come good blood, and with it more flesh, which is closely followed by a healing of the lungs. The physician who prescribes for cold, cough or night-sweats, and then advises the patient to walk or ride out every day, will be sure to have a corpse on his hands before long.

Now there are many consumptives who have not the means to go to Florida. The question may be asked, is there no hope for such? Certainly there is. My advice to such is, and ever has been, to stay in a warm room during the winter, with a temperature of about seventy degrees, which should be kept regularly at that point, by means of a thermometer. Let such a patient take his exercise within the limits of the room by walking up and down as much as his strength will permit, in order to keep up a healthy circulation of the blood, I have cured thousands by this system, and can do so again. Consumption is as easily cured as any other disease if it is taken in time, and the proper kind of treatment is pursued. The fact stands undisputed on record that Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, Mandrake pills and Seaweed Tonic, have cured very many of what seemed to be hopeless cases of consumption. Go where you will, you will be almost certain to find some poor consumptive who has been rescued from the very jaws of death by their use.

So far as the Mandrake Pills are concerned, everybody should keep a supply of them on hand. They act on liver better than calomel, and leave none of its hurtful effects behind. In fact they are excellent in all cases where a purgative medicine is required. If you have partaken too freely of fruit and diarrhoeal ensues, a dose of the Mandrakes will cure you. If you are subject to sick headache, take a dose of Mandrakes and they will relieve you in two hours. If you would obviate the effect of a change of water, or the too free indulgence in fruit, take one of the Mandrakes every night or every other night, and you may then drink water and eat watermelons, pears, apples, plums, peaches or corn, without the risk of being made sick by them. They will prove to those who live in damp situations against chills and fevers, try them, they are perfectly harmless. They can do you good only.

I have abandoned my professional visits to Boston and New York, but continue to see patients at my office, No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia, every Saturday, from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. Those who wish a thorough examination with the Respirometer will be charged five dollars. The Respirometer denotes the exact condition of the lungs, and patients can readily learn whether they are curable or not. But I desire it distinctly understood that the value of my

medicines depends entirely upon their being taken strictly according to directions.

In conclusion, I will say that when persons take my medicines and thus systems are brought into a healthy condition thereby, they are not so liable to take cold, yet even with educated lungs can bear a sudden change of atmosphere without the liability of greater or less irritation of the bronchial tubes.

Any physician who prescribes accompanying my medicines, so ignorant and clear that any one can give them without consulting me, and can be bought from any druggist.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.

No. 15 N. SIXTH Street, Philadelphia.

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