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Daily Express

WEEKLY EXPRESS.
ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.

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Advertisements for Daily and Weekly
25 per cent. discount.

VOL. IV.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1870.

NO. 54.

LOUIS ZORK,
COMMERCE STREET,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

WHOLESALE
AND
TAIL DEALER
IN

STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY-GOODS,
Clothing, Boots, Shoes

&c., &c.
214-49.

DRESEL & BRIAM

Wholesale
AND
RETAIL
DEALERS
IN

DRY GOODS

GROCERIES

IMPORTERS OF

California Wine.

Alamo Plaza, opposite Menger's

P. J. Biesenbach,
IMPORTER

AND

DEALER IN

Wines and Liquors.

OFFICE AND CELLAR
AT
MENGER HOTEL

1-9-69-1&w

Th. Schlenning,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

IMPORTER
AND
RETAIL
DEALER
IN

GROCERIES,

Wines,
Liquors,
Tobacco,
Cigars.

Massware, Porcelain Ware,
227-247-1/2

Lawyers.

JOHN R. SHOOK,
LAWYER,
NO. 9, COMMERCE STREET,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Will practice in District and Supreme
Courts. (22-10-69)

JACK COCKE,
LAWYER,
Office, west side of Military Plaza
near Courthouse. (April 7-70)

WM. M. PIERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Particular attention given to Commercial
matters, adjusting titles and mixed
accounts, and Partnership business.
Office—No. 12 French's Building.
3-6-69.

L. N. EVERETT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office No. 17, French's Building,
San Antonio, Texas.

Will practice in the State and Federal
Courts (6-7-69)

The Clergy in the Middle Ages.

BY JOHN LAURENS.

Hallam, in his standard work on the Middle Ages, speaks of the insatiable rapacity of the clergy. In the days of Primitive Christianity the church received many gifts from princes and private individuals. Not the least numerous of these were barbarians. Though converts from idolatry, they retained some of the most marked characteristics of their former mode of worship, reverence and fear prompted them, through the promise of rewards and terror of future torments, to bestow largely of their worldly estates on the church. The clergy were indefatigable in their efforts to accumulate material wealth. They obtained large tracts of land (over the cross had been planted, and so great was their enmity that they were not satisfied with what they obtained through their various religious machinations, but, to more satisfy their covetousness, they made fraudulent charters.

Many persons of rank, who had passed their lives in plunder and rapine, when in a state of dissolution gave up to the church, which, if it had one eye directed toward the spiritual welfare of its members, surely had the other turned toward his own material prosperity, which, in the course of time increased to an alarming degree, and made superstitious men and women wonder whether such opulence was in accordance with a system that preached poverty, and looked more on wealth as a sin than as a blessing.

Step by step the clergy increased in power; their authority made itself more felt. Soon the time came when the bishops assumed extraordinary prerogatives. In some countries they maintained that they were the only class that had the right of electing the king, and they acted accordingly. They wielded unbounded power in the State. This power was partly derived from the contenance of Charlemagne, who believed they would be the best means, when supervised by the monarch, of civilizing and reforming men. But there was another power in the church, which was working toward the assumption of all authority, and which would soon place the prelates in a secondary position and that was the Bishop of Rome. The higher clergy fought long against Papal encroachments, but venality and superstitions fear prevailed against all opposition.

Then we soon hear the fulminations of Rome against some refractory king, and the treat of excommunication brings many to the feet of the Pope. The Roman Pontiff was not slow in interfering in the temporal affairs of any prince who did not act in the light of the wisdom of the viceregent of God. History is replete with accounts of the success of the Pope in shaping the affairs of monarchs into accordance with his ambition. Under the Gregories and the Innocents the church was in the height of its power and splendor; but, under this seeming prosperity there lurked the seed of dissatisfaction, which afterward culminated in the reformation.

The venality and rapacity of the clergy was the means of their downfall. The mercenary motives and dissolute habits of Rome made the people discontented with their shepherds, and this prepared the way for Luther to accomplish those splendid results which gave a new era to humanity and left the Pope but a weak and faint shadow of his former power and glory.—Chicago Liberal.

Among a number of letters addressed to the late Frauman, which have been opened by the French Post Office authorities since his execution, was one from a romantic dandy, who enclosed her portrait, with the request that he would grant her a private interview to confide to her the names of his associates, and another, postmarked from North America, announcing the safe arrival of his a-complees on our shores.

Before the end of Gov. Davis' administration, we expect to see a grand trunk railroad built from some point on the Red River to San Antonio, passing through the great heart of Texas. What have the good people of Austin, to say against that?—State Journal.

Senator Sumner.

The petulant conduct of Senator Sumner, in resigning his position on the Committee of the Revision of the Laws, of which Senator Conkling is Chairman, because of the unmerciful scolding to which the latter subjected him the other day, recalls a similar piece of folly on the part of the Massachusetts Senator some time ago, which is thus narrated by a Washington correspondent:

"The late Fessenden had finished one of his wonderfully cool, sharp, cutting criticisms on Sumner, and the latter felt so keenly the incisive thrusts of the inexorable Maine orator, that he went from his seat in a dreadful duster—so at least it is reported and approaching near where Fessenden sat, remarked in a voice hoarse with emotion: "Mr. Fessenden, in future I desire that our intercourse shall be entirely official. I shall be obliged by your not speaking to me at all, save on necessary official business."

"The quiet, contemptuous smile that came over Fessenden's face can be imagined by those who knew him; it cannot be described. Fessenden was not the man to say 'nay' to such a proposition, and though both he and Sumner often afterwards grappled in the course of exciting debates, and sometimes thus spoke to each other with civility, they never reconciled socially."

The Bavarian painter, Kaubach, had lately on show at Munich a picture representing the horrors of the inquisition. He has now been forced to discontinue the exhibition in consequence of numerous anonymous letters declaring that the work would be damaged if not immediately withdrawn.

The University of Edinburg has made arrangements to enable ladies to study medicine. They are taught in separate classes from the men. Five lady students have already presented themselves for the medical matriculation examination.

A Roumanian Prefect, being at an evening party recently, at Bucharest, took occasion to pop the question to the daughter of his host. The young lady refused to marry him and he immediately shot her dead. He was arrested.

The Denver (Colorado) Herald prints announcements of births, marriages, divorces and deaths under the headings: Arrivals—Cot-partnerships—Dissolutions—Departures.

OFFICIAL LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the Second Session of the Forty-First Congress.

[PUBLIC—No. 12.]

AN ACT to establish a land district in Wyoming Territory, and for other purposes.

Enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the public lands of the United States in the Territory of Wyoming shall constitute a land district, to be called the district of Wyoming, the office for which shall be established at such place, within said district, as the President of the United States may from time to time direct; and the pre-emption laws and all other laws not locally inapplicable are hereby extended to said Territory.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is, authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a surveyor general for Wyoming, with a salary of three thousand dollars per annum, who shall locate his office at such place as the Secretary of the Interior shall from time to time direct, and whose duties, powers, obligations, responsibilities, and allowances for clerk hire, office rent, fuel and incidental expenses, shall be the same as those of the surveyor general of Colorado, under the direction of the Secretary of the Interior, and such instructions as he may from time to time deem advisable to give him.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President be, and he is, authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a register and receiver for said district, who shall respectively be required to reside at the site of said office, and who shall have the same powers, perform the same duties, and receive the same compensation as are now, and may hereafter be, prescribed by law for other land offices of the United States.

Approved, February 5, 1870.

Important Notice TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.

The undersigned having purchased the entire Livery Stock of B. H. Sanington, and taken possession of the premises lately occupied by him as a livery stable in San Antonio, will continue the business at the old and well-known stand, at the foot of the upper bridge—making such additions to the already largest stock of horses and vehicles in the city, as shall be demanded by the wants of the community.

In connection with the above, he has large Pasturage Facilities, enabling him to keep stock upon the most favorable terms. Will be kept a full stock, Spanish Horses and Mules for sale. And will always be in readiness to carry passengers to any part of the State.

The Post of Saddle Horses for hire at reduced rates.

BLACKSMITHING.

He has also on the above-mentioned premises, a Blacksmith Shop, where the best of workmen are employed, for making and repairing carriages, shoeing horses, and doing all other work in that line. Charges in all departments will be the lowest.

JOHN C. CRAWFORD, Jr.
San Antonio, Jan. 15, 1870. (15-1-70)

A NEW DISCOVERY!! PHALON'S "VITALIA;"

OR,
Salvation for the Hair.

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the "dyes," "colorers," and "restorers" (9) in use. It acts on a totally different principle. It is limpid, fragrant, and perfectly innocuous, precipitates no muddy or flocculent matter, requires no shaking up, and communicates no stain to the skin or the linen. No paper curtain is necessary to conceal its turbid appearance, for the simple reason that it is not turbid. It is, to all intents and purposes, a NEW DISCOVERY in Toilet Chemistry.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" is warranted to effect a change in the color of the hair within 10 days after the first application, the directions being carefully observed.

IT IS AS CLEAR AS WATER! AND HAS NO SEDIMENT.

Price, One Dollar per Box, CONTAINING TWO BOTTLES.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

If your Druggist has not "Vitalia" on hand, write, enclosing \$1.00, and we will forward it immediately.

PHALON & SON,
517 Broadway, N. Y.

For Sale,
Several thousand acres of 1/4 section land, for sale cheap. Enquire of J. Ross Bailey, or address
J. K. ROBINSON,
22-2-70-1&w-1/2
Fort Clark, Texas.

Books for Farmers and Stock Breeders.
Bound Volume of the American Stock Journal, for 1869, containing 334 large double column pages, sent post paid for \$1.50
Bound Volume of the American Stock Journal for 1868, containing 280 pages, sent post paid for \$1.50
The Dairyman's Manual, sent post paid 25c
The Horseman's " " " " 25c
The Hog Breeder " " " " 25c
The Sheep " " " " 25c
The Poultry " " " " 25c
The whole five Manuals, sent post paid for \$1.00
Agents wanted, to whom liberal inducements will be offered. Address
N. P. BOYER & CO., Publishers,
22-70
Parkersburg, Charles Co., Pa.

Notice.

Mr. James Caldwell Boyd McGowan, something to our advantage as to you. Any person knowing his whereabouts, would confer a great favor by allowing Mr. James Boyd, No. 1015, Market Street, San Francisco, California. (12-9-394&w)

A. SARTOR, Jr.
COMMERCE STREET
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,
IMPORTER AND DEALER

IN
HARDWARE,

Agricultural Implements,
CUTLERY,

Wooden ware,
PAINTS AND OILS,
Window Glass,
Tools, Chisels, Planes,
Nails, Hinges,
Locks, &c., &c.

A. SARTOR,
Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of well assorted

CLOCKS
AND
WATCHES.

warranted for one year.
Steel and plated Sewer, &c., &c.
Groceries,
A FULL AND COMPLETE
STOCK
AT
A. SARTOR, Jr.

13-10-69d.
TO TEACHERS.

THE NATIONAL SERIES OF
SCHOOL BOOKS,
COMPRISING

PARKER & WATSON'S
Readers and Spellers,
Montieth & McVally's Geographies,
Davies' Arithmetics, &c., &c.,
see the adopted Standard for State Unions
furnished in all the Public Schools of
ALABAMA, LOUISIANA

AND
NORTH CAROLINA.
Publishers' Descriptive Catalogue, com-
prising over
300 DIFFERENT WORKS,
with selection copy of "Educational Bulletin,"
sent free.

Special Prices
for first introduction or examination.
A. S. BARNES & CO.,
Publishers,
111 & 113 William St., New York.
7-17-69(17)

EDWARD MILES
GROCERY
AND PROVISION STORE,
Corner of Commerce and Park Streets,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The undersigned has just opened a
FAMILY GROCERY
AND
PROVISION STORE,
where he intends keeping on hand a supply
of the best in the market at the lowest cash
prices. A good supply of

Corn and Fresh Corn Meal
will be kept on hand, which will be supplied
in any desired quantities, at short notice.
SMOKING AND CHEWING TO-
BACCO, SEGARS.

A share of the public patronage is respectfully
solicited.
San Antonio, Nov. 12, 1869. 111-69d&w

JACK HARRIS,
Saloon and Bar-Room,
Market Street, at the Old Bull Head
Stand. The very best Wines, Liquors and
Cigars. (Jan 20-69d11)

Doctors.
A. BOYD DOREMUS, D. D. S.
DR. WEISSELBERG
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE, at Nettie's Drug Store,
On Commerce street.
San Antonio, Jan. 23, 1870. 42w

HAY!
Millet!
HAY in Bales,
CORN and all other arti-
cles for contractors, are always on hand,
and will be furnished at the corner of
Nacogdoches street and the Alamo.

CORN!
CORN!!
1-12-69-69d

The Daily Express.

A. SIMMONS & CO., Publishers.

Official Journal of the United States.

Official Journal of Bexar County and City of San Antonio.

SATURDAY, MARCH 5, 1870.

The Kickapoo.

Everybody on our afflicted frontier knows of this band of fierce and well-armed savages, who have for the past three or four years made a regular business of horse-stealing, killing and scalping on our border, escaping with impunity to their refuge at Santa Rosa under the cover of the Mexican Eagle. There are about three hundred of these scoundrels, who have practically unsettled and driven in our frontier, and kept the markets of Mexico supplied with stolen stock.

No energetic and sensible effort has ever been made by the military to suppress this unbearable nuisance; nor will they permit our gallant settlers to carry fire and sword to this den of robbers, which our Sister Republic so openly harbors.

But we learn from a traveller direct from Monterey, that these savages have of late become defiant and reckless, murdering Mexicans as well as Americans, and robbing on both sides of the Rio Grande. They were therefore ordered to remove from the territory of Mexico, and refusing, were attacked by a cavalry force, which they handsomely whipped in a severe combat.

We hope this news is reliable, and that the old adage about what happens, "when rogues fall out," will receive in this instance a fresh verification. As to the ultimate result we feel about as much interest as the woman did in the fight between her husband and the bear, hoping only that both parties will get well "chawed."

Sickness.

On the Seminole Steamer at Key West twenty-seven cases of yellow fever have occurred. In the Island of Hayti, this disease has become epidemic and prevalent. Among others, forty French sailors recently died with it.

Strict sanitary regulations and a thorough quarantine are needed to exclude from the Texas coast an epidemic during the coming summer. The warm weather is fast approaching and it will do no good to clean up then. Now is the accepted time. The yellow fever in 1867 cost Galveston a paralysis of trade from June till November, untold human misery, and fourteen hundred lives.

Vigorous and timely precaution could probably have obviated all this destruction, and we hope that the severe lesson has not been lost on the governments of Houston and Galveston.

Profits of Labor in Texas.

The Corsicana Observer says that Mr. Jesse Duke, who moved to the county on the first of January, 1869, made eight 500 pounds bales of cotton, 400 bushels of corn, 500 pounds of fodder, besides garden vegetables, &c. He lost two bales of cotton for want of hands to pick it out, and put ten acres in cotton and 12 in corn. Mode of cultivation: barred off both corn and cotton and plowed off twice. Mr. Duke had no help whatever.

Mr. Alfred Lindsey made 500 bushels of corn, 9 bales of cotton, 50 bushels of sweet potatoes, 10 bushels of peas, 5 bushels of pinders and 1200 pounds of fodder; sold 800 pounds of pork, and saved 600 for family use, and made a great abundance of vegetables, &c. He lost two bales of cotton for want of hands to pick it out. Besides, he had 200 or 300 head of cattle and 25 or 30 head of horses to attend to. Mr. Lindsey had his two little sons, one 15 and the other 10 years old to help him.

The country papers contain many similar accounts of the success of those who rely upon their own labor in the cultivation of the soil.

The cedar brake on the west side of the Colorado river, above Austin, is on fire.

Attila, Ataric, Brennus, Tamerlane, Ghengis Khan, could be appeased—could be generous to a prostrate and helpless foe. How different the puissant, victorious Punitan in the day of triumph.—S. A. Herald.

Just so, Neighbor; you have told an unconscious truth. The difference is considerable.

Attila deluged Italy with gore. Alaric boasted that no grass ever grew, where the hoof of his war-horse-trod. Tamerlane built a pyramid of the skulls of his prisoners slain after capture, and Ghengis Khan made a desert of half of Asia, destroying three millions of human beings.

The "Paritan, in the hour of his triumph," hung nobody for treason, took no life for participation in the rebellion, confiscated no property, and indulged in no revenge.

In view of the facts, the rhodomontade of the Herald is laughable, but then there is this excuse: Abuse of the lenity of the Government, is its only political capital, and any change in this respect would alter its features beyond the possibility of recognition.

THE Harrison (Texas) Flag speaking of the Jefferson murderers, who were convicted by a military commission for the murder of Capt. Smith and left off with slight punishment, says:

"It is universally believed that all five were innocent of the charge against them, and that their conviction is due solely to the pressure of the Radical party on the minds of the Commission."

It is well known that the pressure was from the other side and that "their conviction" was a farce.

President Grant has been prevailed upon to pardon three of the rascals, which act of clemency has not met a response in the heart of a single loyal man in Texas.

Gen. Sheridan on Indian Affairs.

Lieutenant-General Sheridan will leave here for Philadelphia next Thursday, as previously stated in these dispatches. His business has been rather of a private than a public nature, one of the principal reasons for his visit being to perfect arrangements for the meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac, of which he is President, and which meets at Philadelphia on the 8th and 9th of April. In the course of conversation to-day, General Sheridan remarked that he anticipated a bloody and telling spring campaign against the Plains Indians, the most hostile of whom live within the limits of his military division. Unless restrained by higher authority, he intends to push these tribes to the wall, unless they meet him in a spirit which shall give conclusive evidence of their honest submission to the United States authority, and a determination to permanently abide by their treaties.

He spoke somewhat sarcastically of the views entertained by some Congressmen relative to the proper policy to be pursued toward the Indians, saying that "the military authorities should not be hampered by legislation, having, as every frontiersman will tell you, no foundation in either common justice or expediency. He regretted the closing of the winter season, on account of the fewer opportunities which the spring and summer would afford the troops for striking a blow when occasion demanded. General Sheridan is in hopes, however, before leaving Washington of being able to obtain from the President greater discretionary power in the course to be pursued by him towards the Indians, so that the troops under his command may be used in whatever manner and to whatever extent his own judgement and the exigencies of the time may suggest.—(Wash. (Feb. 15) Cor. New York World.

A Great Trade in Horns.

The Boston Commercial Bulletin of Saturday says: A cargo of horns was landed on one of our wharves this week direct from California. The number received into Boston annually is immense, and they come from very distant lands. South America sends the bulk of them, though many come from Texas, and not a few from California. The last lot received numbered 27,500. They are mostly ox horns, and are very large. Some Buffalo horns are received from Asia, but in small quantities. There is quite a speculative business done in these articles, and they are put to very many uses unknown to most of our readers. A short distance from Boston is the factory where these are sent, and at that place they undergo a chemical

change, by which they are transformed into many articles which are both useful and ornamental—combs, knife-handles, paper cutters and besides these, they are now making a great variety of parlor ornaments, and piles of jewelry, some of which is very elegant in its designs. They have a preparation that changes horn into nearly every color, and much of this jewelry bought cheap for pure rubber is made from ox horns and colored.

Off for Washington.

General A. J. Hamilton, late Democratic candidate for Governor of Texas, departed for Washington on Sunday the 27th. The precise object of his mission is only known to a few of his intimate friends, but it is generally believed that the redoubtable Democratic champion has gone on in the hope that something can be done by himself and friends in Washington to procure immediate reconstruction. They confidently expect to file charges of such a nature as to secure an investigation into the Texas election. Hamilton also, it is expected, will issue a manifesto in which he will try to place himself again en rapport with the Republican party. Failing in all these things, and fail he will, he will no longer conceal his real sentiments, but take his permanent place with other tricksters and sore heads in the rear rank of the Democracy, where he will be despised and ignored.—State Journal.

CONGRESSMEN.—The Hon. Messrs E. Degener and W. T. Clark reached our city a day or two since, on their way to Washington. Mr Degener represents the San Antonio, Gen. Clark the Galveston district. The former is German, but has resided a number of years in Texas. He is a man of ability and culture; has from the first been a leading member of the Radical party in this State; and was a prominent member of the Constitutional Convention. Col. J. L. Haynes was Mr. Degener's opponent for Congress on the Hamilton ticket, and has given notice that he will contest the seat. Gen. Clark is a New Yorker—came to Texas since the close of the war, and is popularly supposed to be in favor of uniting all the offices into one, and of running for that with a foregone certainty that he would be "counted in." He is a man of sprightly intellect and varied information.—Galveston News.

WE have known Morgan C. Hamilton over twenty years, and have ever regarded him as an honest man. There are circumstances in his history which prove, also, that he is a man of enlarged benevolence, possessing a tender and affectionate disposition, and those who have known him longest were most surprised at his bitterness towards the Confederates. We do not believe that he can bear malice, and would not be surprised if his course in the Senate should surprise his opponents most agreeably.

Whatever it may be, however, we would rather see an honest man our Senator, even if he opposes us, than to feel that we were represented by one without integrity.

It will never be said that Morgan Hamilton has his price.—Houston Telegraph.

THE CHATTANOOGA COMPANY AT WORK.—The Iberville South states that Messrs. John H. Isley and T. E. Glace, agents for the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga railroad, who are obtaining the right of way for the company from the owners of property, have brought their work up so far as Plaquemine. They now proceed to the Attakapas country, to continue their work westwardly.

A little reconstruction Southern girl, five years old, asked a colored servant in the course of a theological examination, what the Fifteenth Commandment was. The reply, that there were only ten commandments, was scornfully received, and the child gravely announced that the fifteenth commandment was, that all the colored people should vote.

A DESPERATE DODGE.—The Illinois Legislature, to get rid of the office-seekers and lobbyists, put a report in circulation that several of the members had the small pox.

A magnificent lime kiln has been opened among the lime rocks, two miles above Austin. Seven hundred bushels of lime are made at one burning.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

The Vestry of St. Marks Episcopal Church have appointed Wm. H. Young to dispose of the pews remaining unrented. He will be at the Church for that purpose from 4 P. M. until eight, on Saturday, March 5th. A. E. SWEET, Sec'y, 5-3-70H.

CELEBRATED SEPTOLINE OIL, just received by WAGNER & RUMMEL, 4-3-70.

At the Masonic Building. LARGE AND PEREMTORY TRADE SALE.

By FISH & HAMMERSTEIN.

TUESDAY, MARCH 8,

At 9:30 a. m.

We will sell in lots to suit The

Wholesale and Retail Trade,

Four Large and attractive Consignments

OR

General Merchandise

TERMS—Cash.

FISH & HAMMERSTEIN.

6-3-70-d3t.

\$100 REWARD!

Escaped at Navasota, Texas, from the deputy Sheriff of Bexar county, on the 21st day of February, 1870, one Mexican, a convict, named Nicamor Rubio, and is still at large. Said Rubio is about 5 feet 5 inches high, stout build, complexion light brown, eyes black and hair black, about 30 years of age, understands a little German and English; hair cut short and a little curly, thick lips, and had on shackles and hand cuffs when he got away. The above reward will be paid me for any information that will lead to his arrest.

H. D. BONNET, Sheriff Bexar County.

4-3-70(d & w)

NEW

Furniture Store,

69 COMMERCE STREET, 69

(Kampmann's Building).

ERASTUS REED

Having gone regularly FURNITURE

into the Furniture business,

is now receiving a

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

FURNITURE,

Of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at Wholesale and Retail, at reasonable prices.

MATTRESSES.

Of all kinds made to order. Particular attention given to repairing.

27-11-69-d.

LIVERY STABLE,

Corner Market and Paseo Sts.

NEAR LEWIS' MILL.

The undersigned having had a large experience in the Livery Business, both in California and Texas, offers his services to the public in that line, with some degree of confidence in being able to give satisfaction. Pasture facilities in connection with the Stable.

J. E. JASPERSON, 10-2-70&w.

Cider! Cider!! Cider!!!

FRESH and PURE.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND BY

GUSTAVUS PERSCH,

Market Street, San Antonio, Texas.

25-2-70d6m.

Pantenrieder & Biersch,

HAVE ON HAND

50 Boxes Havana Sugar, different qualities.

25 Bales Leaf Tobacco.

10 Casks French Cognac.

Wines,

French and Rhine wine, different brands, all of which we sell at the lowest market price.

German Study Lamps.

And Spring Candle-sticks, with globes, just received.

Perfumery.

A complete stock, principally for the Wholesale Trade.

Consisting of

Fancy Soaps,

Hair Oil, Pomade Extract,

Eau de Cologne, (genuine),

Cosmetique, Tooth powder,

Theater Rouge, &c., &c.

7-1-70d&w.

Just Received

LANDRETH'S

warranted fresh garden and Flower Seeds, ONION SETS.

Peas Beans and Grass Seeds.

GARDEN AND FIELD IMPLEMENTS.

A general assortment of—Hardware,

Woodenware, Groceries, Oils, Paints,

Family Drugs, &c.

New Floor, cob., Holland Herrings, &c.

Wood and Oiled seat Chairs, Wool Twine,

&c., &c.

LOUIS HUTT,

Corner Market and Cocaron street.

2-11-69

KOENIGHEIM & Co., 223 N. MAIN PLAZA,

OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

JUST RECEIVED, a splendid

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

or

Fancy and Staple DRY-GOODS

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

CLOTHS, CASIMERES, &c., &c.

Koenigheim & Co.,

Retail Emporium,

COMMERCE STREET.

NEXT TO HELL & BRO'S.

Having just received a stock of Fall and Winter Goods, suitable for the Retail Market of this city, and the adjoining country, we would respectfully inform our friends and the public, that we have opened a

STRICTLY RETAIL

Establishment on Commerce street, next door to Bell & Bro's., and also that we will always have on hand a complete stock of

Dress Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Clothing, Casimeres, Hats, Caps,

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Constantly on hand, a large assortment of Philadelphia made Shoes.

KOENIGHEIM & CO.,

Commerce street.

CASTROVILLE WATER MILL.

Having possession of S. S. Brown's Grist Mill, I will sell Corn Meal at ten cents per bushel less than San Antonio prices.

For 25 bushels and over, will make a discount. Orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt attention and be forwarded to any parts of the country.

JOHN VANCE,

CASTROVILLE, TEXAS,

DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Boots and Shoes,

HATS AND CAPS, READY MADE

CLOTHING, BOOKS, STATIONERY,

&c., &c.

And all goods usually kept in a retail store, at lowest prices.

He will pay Cash for country Produce, such as Corn, Wheat, Dried Beef, Hides, Dressed Deer, Sheep and Goat Skins; also for

Wool, Bacon, Lard, Pecans, Honey, Bees-wax, &c.

Retail Merchants supplied at lowest San Antonio prices. (1-2-70-21m3m)

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

D. & A. OPPENHEIMER,

Are just receiving at their new store,

No. 8, Commerce Street,

A large and well selected stock of

FALL AND WINTER

Staple and Fancy Dry-Goods

CLOTHING, HATS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CARPETS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

Which they offer at prices to maintain their far famed reputation of selling goods cheaper than the cheapest. We adhere still to our old motto of

"Quick Sales and Small Profits."

15-1-70d3m.

Landreth's Garden Seeds,

Full supply at

15-1-70-d; LEROUX & COSGROVE.

FIRE, MARINE

AND

Life Insurance!

PHENIX MUTUAL LIFE

Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn.

Assets, over \$1,000,000,00

MERCHANT'S MUTUAL

Insurance Company, Galveston, Texas, Capital, \$500,000,00

Liverpool and London and Globe

Insurance Company, Branch 45 William St., New York. Cash Capital and Reserved Funds, (Gold) \$17,600,350,00

Assets in the United States, 2,250,000,00

Daily Revenue, 20,000,00

GEORGIA HOME

Insurance Company, Columbus, Georgia.

Capital, \$350,000,00

Gold and Currency

Policies Issued on Liberal Terms.

W. T. MARSHALL,

San Antonio, Dec. 18, 1869. (19-12-69-43m)

Local Intelligence.

THE German English school is to be enlarged by the erection of a new building, now nearly finished.

DISTRICT COURT.—On Monday morning next, we understand that the District Court begins its regular March term.

THE SUPREME COURT.—By order of Gen. Rippe, the Court meets at Austin on the second Monday in April. The records from Galveston and Tyler will be sent there, and the cases taken in their order.

We have received the introductory number of a new paper called "The Dry Goods Journal," and issued by the publishers of the New York Mercantile Journal. It is a business paper, issued weekly, and devoted to the interests of the Dry Goods trade. Its style, contents and ability are a sure guarantee of deserved success.

SPRING.—Spring has fairly opened, and we believe the days of keen frosts and blustering northers are over. The trees are putting forth young leaves and the peach orchards are scattering their blooms to the playful winds. The birds have broken their winter silence, and in all directions we hear their cheerful songs. A few showers and Texas will blossom out.

THE WEATHER.—We have had so far, a dry winter; last season at this time we were favored with superabundant rains, a shower every day, so that our streets were scarcely passable for weeks. Along our western frontier there has scarcely been an hour's rain for the past four months, and the settlers are fearing a drought. We trust that they will not be visited by this latter calamity, in addition to the incessant, ever-recurring Indian depredations and murders.

WIDEN YOUR STREETS.—Our citizens should seriously consider the necessity of widening their streets before the time passes by when it can be done with economy. Flores street, north, for instance, is nearly fenced in, and although the property owners have large lots with wide fronts, they seem determined to fence up the street. We call the attention of the Mayor and Aldermen to this street, it being the main thoroughfare from the upper country, and the usual drive to the depot at the head of the San Pedro. The street is barely twenty feet wide in places, and now that the city is going to the expense of macadamizing it, the property owners should set back their fences.

EVERY stranger that visits our city wonders how it exists, as it stands in the midst of an uncultivated, wild country. The only way to explain this phenomenon, is that San Antonio absorbs all the energy and enterprise that comes within twenty miles of it, and has always had a country of several hundred miles to the westward to live upon. When the farms that extend for nine miles south of New Braunfels, meet the San Antonio settlements, and the roads to Sulphur Springs and Perryman's are fenced in, and the western highways that lead to Castroville and Fredericksburg and Pleasanton, wind between farms, San Antonio will number one hundred thousand people, and live easier than she does to-day. Widen and make straight your highways for the coming of the iron horse.

SPRING MEETING.—The Spring meeting of "The Agricultural, Mechanical and Blood Association of Texas," will take place at Houston on the 26th of April. The following races are fixed for the several days designated:

PROGRAMME:

FIRST DAY—April 25.—First Race—Dash 14 miles; for all ages, entrance \$25, Association to add \$100.
Second Race—Mile heats, 3 best in 5; free for all; entrance \$50; Association to add \$200.
SECOND DAY—April 27.—First Race—Two mile heats, for all ages, entrance \$100, Association to add \$300.
Second Race—Mile heats, for three year olds; entrance \$40, Association to add \$200.
THIRD DAY—April 28.—First Race—Mile heats, 3 best in 5, entrance \$75, Association to add \$250.
Second Race—For horses and mules, show race—Dash of one mile, entrance \$5, Association to add \$50.
FOURTH DAY—April 29.—First Race—Three mile heats, free for all, entrance \$250, Association to add \$400.
Second Race—Trotting—Mile heats, 3 best in 5, go as they please, entrance \$25, Association to add \$100.

MARRIED.

CRESSON—VAN DERLIP.—In San Antonio, Texas, Thursday, March 30, 1870, at the Presbyterian Church, by the Rev. Mr. Martin, BREVET MAJOR CHARLES C. CRESSON, 1st. Lieut. U. S. Army, to MISS ADELLA C., daughter of the late Hon. D. C. Van Derlip, of this city.
No Cards.

Ask the Ladies Maids and they will tell you that FICKSON'S VITALIX OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR is the favorite article for reviving the natural tinge of blanched or fading ringlets. Clear as fluid glass, wholesome to the skin as water, unobscured by the light, without any mineral salt and yielding no sediment, it defies competition and courts comparison.

Facts for the Ladies.

I have one of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing-Machines, which has been in constant use for the past fifteen (15) years. It has never been repaired, and to-day is in perfect order, and is equal for all kinds of work to any machine I have yet seen. It has been used in making heavy clothing, beside doing all manner of family sewing, and I think it gets better every day.
Toronto, Ontario. Mrs. Joan Scates.

Headquarters 5th Military Dist.

(STATE OF TEXAS.)
AUSTIN, TEXAS, Feb. 25, 1870.
Special Orders No. 44.

1. The following appointments to civil office are made:

Hopkins County—A. D. Tibbier to be Sheriff, vice William Sickles, whose resignation is accepted.
Navarro County—Jacob Elliot to be County Judge, vice F. M. Story, whose resignation is accepted.
Jacob Elliot to be Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1, vice F. M. Story, whose resignation is accepted.

The appointees will forward to this Headquarters the oath prescribed by act of Congress approved July 2, 1862, and will qualify in all other respects as required by the laws of this State.

By command of
Bvt. Maj. Gen. J. J. REYNOLDS,
H. CLAY WOOD,
Assistant Adjutant General.

Official:
H. CLAY WOOD, Asst. Adj't General.

"A kias," said a French lady, "costs less and gratifies more than anything else in existence."

An Ordinance.

Re-enacting and amending an ordinance concerning payments made in Confederate money, or other worthless paper, on account of the principal and interest due upon lands sold by the city of San Antonio, to divers persons, &c., passed on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1866. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of San Antonio:

SECTION 1. That the ordinance passed on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1866, and hereafter published, in reference to payments made in so-called Confederate currency, &c., be re-enacted with the following modifications and amendments thereof, to wit:

That all persons interested, their agents or assigns, are hereby required to settle with Messrs. Davis & Murphy within ninety days, from and after the publication of this Ordinance, the entire amount due to the City of San Antonio, on principal and interest on lands purchased from said city on fifty years credit, the payment of which having been made in so-called Confederate currency, since the 1st day of April, A. D. 1861, with whom, said Davis & Murphy, the claims as above stated are placed for settlement, and upon the presentation of their receipts for the payment of said principal and interest, in U. S. currency, the city will execute the final title to said parties.

SEC. 2. That all persons who own interest for lands purchased from the City of San Antonio, on fifty years credit, and have failed to pay the same, are hereby notified that the aforesaid firm has been employed by the city of San Antonio to institute legal proceedings against all delinquents on said interest, from and after the 1st day of May, A. D. 1870, in case such interest have not been paid in U. S. currency, to said city, up to said date.

SEC. 3. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage.

Passed, January 21st, A. D. 1870.
Published February 9, A. D. 1870.
WM. C. A. THIELEPAPE,
Mayor of the City of San Antonio.
Attest:
MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, City Secretary.

The ordinance above referred to and passed on January 16th, 1866, reads as follows:

AN ORDINANCE.

Concerning payments made in Confederate money or other worthless paper, on account of the principal and interest due upon lands sold by the city of San Antonio, to divers persons, declaring the instrument of writing purporting to be deeds from the city of San Antonio for said lands, to be null and void, and allowing credits on account of said principal and interest for the market value of the amounts paid at the time of payments.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the city of San Antonio:

SECTION 1. That the city of San Antonio does not recognize the act or acts of any person or persons, claiming to act as officers of said city, from the 1st day of April, A. D. 1861, until the ninth day of October, 1865, in receiving in the name of said city, the Bonds, Treasury Notes or currency of the late Confederate Government, worthless paper, purporting to be city scrip of said city, issued during that time in payment of the principal and interest, or either of them, due to the said city upon lands sold by said city, or in assuming to act in the name of said city in signing or executing instruments of writing purporting to be releases or conveyances from said city for such lands, or receipts for such pretended releases, conveyances and receipts, are hereby declared to be null and void.

SEC. 2. That to avoid any seeming injustice to those persons who have acted innocently and in good faith in making any such payments since the 1st day of April, A. D. 1861. All such persons as have paid to any person or persons acting as officers of said city, any such bonds, Treasury Notes, currency or scrip on account of the principal and interest, or either of them, upon the lands heretofore sold by this city, shall, upon presentation and delivery to the Mayor of his, or their receipts, for such payments, together with such instruments of writing purporting to be releases or conveyances from this city, within three months after the passage of this ordinance and shall at the same time surrender such instruments of writing for cancellation, shall receive from the Mayor of this city a receipt on account of the actual market value of the bonds, treasury notes, currency or scrip so paid by such person or persons at the time of the payment thereof; provided, that such person or persons shall at the same time execute and deliver to the Mayor, an instrument of writing wholly cancelling and annulling the writings heretofore executed and delivered to such person or persons by person acting in the name of this city, as aforesaid, and putting this city in the same position, with the same price and charge upon such lands as before such payments.

SEC. 3. That in case any person or persons having delivered his, or their receipts, and instruments of writing as mentioned in the 2d section of this ordinance shall be dissatisfied with the amount of credit allowed him on them by the Mayor thereon, and shall refuse to receive from the Mayor a receipt for such amount, and to cancel such instruments of writing; then in that case the Mayor shall deliver back to such person, or persons, the original receipts, and instruments of writing so delivered by him, or them, as aforesaid.

LOST.

Last evening, a black and tan terrier dog. Five dollars reward will be paid for his return to
ADAMS, WICKS & CO.
2-2-70:3.

and that thenceforth such receipts and instruments of writing shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. That it shall be the duty of the City Attorney, after the expiration of three months from the passage hereof to commence all necessary suits in the proper courts, for the cancellation of such instruments of writing as have not been surrendered up and cancelled according to the provisions hereof, and for the recovery of the principal, and interest, due to this city upon such bonds.

SEC. 5. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage.

Passed Jan. 16th 1866.
Mayor's Office San Antonio Jan. 16th 1866.
(Signed) D. CLEVELAND, Mayor.

M. SLOCUM, City Secretary.
Mayor's Office City of San Antonio Texas, December the 4th 1868.

I hereby certify that the foregoing and above is a true and correct copy from the original Ordinance on file in the Mayor's Office of this City.

MARTIN H. CAMPBELL,
2-2-70d&w304) City Secretary.

Extractum Carnis Liebig.

Extract of Meat,

OF TEXAS.

Manufactured by the SAN ANTONIO MEAT EXTRACT COMPANY.

Founded in 1869.

GENERAL DEPOTS,
New York and San Antonio.

FOR SALE AT
A. NETTE'S, Commerce Street,
In 1 and 1 lbs. boxes.

22-2-70 d&w11.

C. L. PROBANDT

AUCTION

AND

Commission Merchant,

EAST SIDE MAIN PLAZA.

FISH & HAMMERSTEIN'S
Old Stand, 09A

20-1-70

PLANTATION BITTERS

This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits.

Wherever it is introduced it becomes a standard article—a medicinal staple. It is to-day the best and purest tonic, and the most popular medicine in the civilized world—be sure and get the genuine. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Country Stores.

21-5-70d&w

H. GRENET,

Importer

AND

WHOLESALE DEALER

IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

San Antonio, Texas.

BRADEN HOTEL

AND

LIVERY STABLE

ON MARKET STREET,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

25-10-63A) ED. BRADEN, Proprietor.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AWAY WITH SPECTACLES.—OLD EYES MADE NEW; easily, without doctor or medicines. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 cents. Address,
DR. E. B. FOOTE,
129 Lexington Ave., New York.

AWAY WITH UNCOMFORTABLE TRUSSES.—COMFORT AND CURE FOR THE RUPTURED. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 cents. Address, DR. E. B. FOOTE,
129 Lexington Ave., N. Y.
e-o-d-3m-23 12-69.

WOMAN AND SOCIAL EVILS.

ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN.—The true estimate of woman—the happiest of an honorable marriage—the fearful Social Evils of the day—the cause and cure. Sent free in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. 1-2-70d&w.

LEROUX & COSGROVE,

56, Commerce Street,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Ware.

DEALERS in Hardware of all descriptions, Castings, Wood and Willow Ware, Well and Cistern Pumps, Davco's best Coal Oil, of which we have now on hand 160 Cases. Coal Oil Lamps, a fine assortment with improved burners and chimneys.

We keep constantly on hand Tinner's Furnishing Goods, Tin Plate, Block Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper and Brass Wire, Rivets, Kirtle Ears &c. &c. Also three different Washing Machines, including the renowned Union Machine.

We have just received

250 Cooking, Parlor, and Office stoves, the celebrated

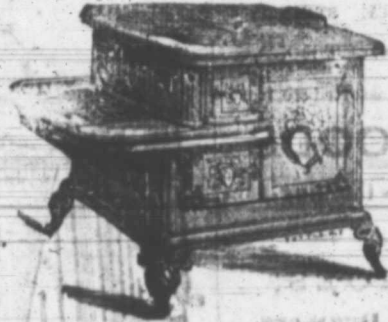
Cotton Plant,

Queen of the

South,

Southern Bell.

Gray Jacket



Mutual Friend,

Delta,

MAGNOLIA,

and

PICAYUNE.

all of which we will sell at reduced prices. We have also on hand the newly invented

ENDLESS MATCH,

which every man that travels, or smokes, ought to have.

Tin Roofing, Gutting and Repairing at short Notice and Reasonable Terms.

LEROUX & COSGROVE, 56 Commerce Str.

BOOK & JOB PRINTING HOUSE.

A. SIEMERING & CO.,

PUBLISHERS OF

"The Freie Presse for Texas" "San Antonio Express"

AND

TEXAS FARMER ZEITUNG.

Are prepared to fill all orders for JOB PRINTING, with neatness and dispatch, in English, German, French and Spanish.

Plain and Ornamental Printing in all Colors.

Wine and Liquor Labels in the Latest Styles. Blank Deeds and a

General Assortment of Blanks used by County and City officers, constantly on hand.

R. W. PRAY.

H. KARBER.

Livery and Sale Stables.

East Side Alamo Plaza San Antonio Texas.

Peay & Karber,

MULES AND HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AT

REASONABLE RATES.

J. H. KAMPMANN

ARCHITECT & BUILDER.

Is prepared to contract for all kinds of Mason Work, Stone cutting, Carpenter Work, Plastering and Painting.

J. H. KAMPMANN'S

NEW DOOR, SASH AND BLIND FACTORY

The undersigned having completed his new Factory, in which all work is done by Machinery and Steam power, is prepared to make at the shortest notice: Doors, Windows, Blinds and Moldings of every description. Rippling and Planing Lumber. Making 1 inch and 2 inch Shoring, and all other articles connected with the Carpenter Business. Seasoned Lumber, White and Yellow Pine and Louisiana Swamp Cypress constantly on hand.

ALSO SAWING ROCK BY STEAM POWER

ALL ORDERS WILL BE PROMPTLY EXECUTED.
OFFICE—On Macgregor's Street, near the Alamo.
March 12th
J. H. KAMPMANN.

