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Daily Express

WEEKLY EXPRESS.

ISSUED EVERY THURSDAY.

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Advertisements for Daily and Weekly
25 per cent. discount.

VOL. IV.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 17, 1870.

NO 40.

LOUIS ZORK,
COMMERCE STREET,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
WHOLESALE
AND
Retail Dealer
IN
STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY-GOODS,
Clothing, Boots, Shoes
Etc., &c.
21-4-69.

DRESEL & BRIAM
Wholesale
AND
RETAIL
DEALERS
IN
DRY GOODS
AND
GROCERIES
IMPORTERS OF
California Wine.
Alamo Plaza, opposite Menger's
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

P. J. Biesenbach,
IMPORTER
AND
DEALER IN
Wines and Liquors.
OFFICE AND CELLAR
AT
MENGER HOTEL.
1-9-69-14

Th. Schlenning,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
IMPORTER
Wholesale
AND
RETAIL
DEALER
IN
GROCERIES,
Wines,
Liquors,
Tobacco,
Cigars,
Glassware, Porcelain Ware,
Etc., &c.
1-9-69-14

JOHN R. SHOOK,
LAWYER,
NO. 9, COMMERCE STREET,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Will practice in District and Supreme
Courts. (26-10-69)

JACK COOKE,
LAWYER.
Office, west side of Military Plaza
near Courthouse. (April 7th)

WM. M. PIERSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Particular attention given to Commercial
matters, adjusting intricate and mixed
accounts, and Partnership business.
Office—No. 12 French's Building.
3-9-69.

I. N. EVERETT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
OFFICE No. 17, FRENCH'S BUILDING,
San Antonio, Texas.
Will practice in the State and Federal
Courts (6-7-69)

TELEGRAPHIC

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXPRESS

HAVANA, February 14.
ZAYEAT has arrived at Matanzas.
Several accomplices in the recent murder have been arrested.

A schooner with arms for the insurgents went ashore near Giba, and was seized by the Spaniards. The crew escaped inland. Santa Anna arrived yesterday from Puerto Plata, with the intention of taking passage for Vera Cruz, but the Captain General has ordered him to leave the island by the first steamer that sails from Havana to any other than Mexican ports.

Santa Anna had a personal interview with the Captain General, but he persisted in the refusal to allow him to leave for Mexico.

WASHINGTON, February 14.
The Secretary of the Treasury regards the new rolls as too big for the New Orleans Custom House. It appears the rolls were compiled by the Central Republican committee.

WASHINGTON, February 15.
Canby wants the Headquarters of the Virginia Department transferred from Richmond to Washington.

Senate—The reconstruction committee reported the Senate bill removing disabilities, amended by their own bill which covers 3000 names.

The election committee is considering the action of the House yesterday, adverse to the proposed ballot jury system, and will proceed with the contest.

It is apprehended that Palma will withdraw from the chairmanship.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.
A circular signed by the order of the O. K. L. has been sent to members of the Legislature. After referring to certain objectionable bills now before the body, the circular concludes as follows: therefore you are hereby warned that if you did, or in any way countenance such financial frauds, or permit the same to become laws, thereby doing the people an irreparable injury, in violation of your oaths of office and in disregard of your conscience, we will visit upon you a swift but just punishment. You have the choice between the honest discharge of duties, and the winning of our respect and protection on the one hand, and corruption, bribery and speedy punishment on the other. We know your residence—as your vote will be recorded, so will we act.

CINCINNATI, February 15.
In the Superior Court, Judge Taft dissenting, decided that the Bible and religious books cannot be excluded from public schools.

PORTSMOUTH, February 15.
The Seminoles is at quarantine here with yellow fever.

CHICAGO, February 15.
William Jones, who drives a wagon with the mails, was arrested charged with robbing the mails of over \$100,000.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.
Admiral Farragut is here. Revenues receipts are under \$250,000.

House—The contested election of Van Wyck vs. Green, was discussed for four hours. Adjourned.

Senate—Garrett Davis spoke four hours on the Mississippi question. The effort to fix the voting time to-morrow, failed. Adjourned.

MARKETS.

New York Market.
NEW YORK, February 15.
Cotton heavy and lower, sales 16000 bales at 25c.
Money easy. Gold firm at 119 1/2 to 120.

New Orleans Market.
NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 15.
Cotton lower, grades easier, middling Orleans 24 1/2; sales 3250 bales; receipts 6687 bales; exports to Liverpool 1921 bales to Bremen 2920 bales.
Gold 119 1/2.

Foreign Market.
LIVERPOOL, February 15.
Cotton steady, dull, Uplands 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; Orleans 11 1/2 to 11 3/4; sales 10,000 bales; export and speculation 2000 bales.

Trial of Prince Pierre Bonaparte.

The High Court, which is to try Pierre Bonaparte for killing Victor Noir, is thus described by the Spectator:

There is no prima facie reason to believe that High Court will not do justice. It is far less liable to illicit influence from the Throne than an ordinary court; its jury, which is very large, being composed of men selected by lot from Councillors-General of two years' standing—that is, from the most eminent men of France—and its Judges having nothing to hope from any one except M. Oliver himself, who a few days

ago told all his subordinates that he insisted on one thing only—justice. The decree sending the Prince for trial accuses him of "homicide," a word which in France covers any kind of killing, from murder to misadventure, and extenuating circumstances cannot be alleged except by a heavy majority, one-fifth, we believe, of all present. The proceedings are of the ordinary kind, the accused can be interrogated, and his past life must be given as prima facie evidence of his intention in the act, a piece of evidence which in this instance will tell heavily against the Prince.

A Mysterious American Monk.

The Roman correspondent of a London paper gives an account of a mysterious American millionaire, who, it seems, joined, on New Year's day, a brotherhood of monks in the neighborhood of the Eternal City.

Anybody taking the cow is a sight; but this was an American, and a very rich one. The first idea suggested was that this was a Catholic Peabody, and that Rome was to show the world how much better she could do saintly munificence.

Had the ceremony been celebrated in Rome at all, probably most of the gentlemen and all the ladies would have gone to see it. But the mention of the place struck a damp into the most generous and most inquisitive natures. It was to be at St. Paul's—"St. Paul's Without the Wall"—as the site is inadequately described.

The stoutest ascetics recoiled from the thought of a pilgrimage of three miles, on a cold, raw morning, to a pestiferous place, which it was by no means certain was not under water at the moment, or well soaked at least.

Nobody could say what was the name of the novice, or how old. Whatever it may be is now matter of history, but the once bearer of it has assumed the name Jacobus.

He has now the name of his choice, and he acquired it by going through a series of picturesque ceremonies on Saturday, and surrendering all his fortune to the Benedictine monastery to which St. Paul's in a manner belongs. The first scene in the drama presented the American in the dress of the period, standing in a group of wordlings and looking as if he had come to see, and not to be seen. From this outer circle he spontaneously emerged, or was summoned, before the altar, where several scores of Benedictine brothers stood in a row.

He then declared his wishes, and had a gracious reply. Thereupon he laid himself flat on that horrid cold, shiny floor, and was covered with a black pall. While he was thus buried—forgotten, clear out of mind, mass was celebrated, mass for the dead.

Presently, however, the bishop—that is, the nitred abbot of the order—lifted the pall, raised the dead man to life, and presented him to the brethren.

They all interchanged kisses to him in their own rank. The new brother writes something on a long slip of parchment, which is forthwith taken from the altar, carried round, and held up before the eyes of all brethren, the officiating clergy, and the congregation generally.

OFFICIAL LAWS

OF THE
UNITED STATES,
Passed at the Second Session of the Forty-First Congress.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—NO. 7.]
A Resolution to extend the port of entry of the collection district of New Orleans, Enacted by the Senate and the House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the limits of the port of New Orleans as a port of entry be enlarged and extended so as to include all that portion of the parish of Jefferson, left bank in the State of Louisiana, lying between the Mississippi river and Lake Pontchartrain, and between the upper line of the parish of Orleans, left bank, and a line running parallel thereto, commencing near the Mississippi river, at the upper line of the city of Carrollton, and extending to Lake Pontchartrain.

SEC. 2. And be it further Enacted, That this resolution shall take effect from and after the date of its passage.
Approved, February 9, 1870.

THERE is to be a new semi-weekly mail line from Bryan to Austin. First class hacks and teams will be placed on the line. The route is twelve miles shorter than that from Brenham to Austin.

Important Notice TO THE TRAVELING PUBLIC.

The undersigned having purchased the entire Livery Stock of B. H. Sappington, and taken possession of the premises lately occupied by him as a Livery Stable in San Antonio, will continue the business at the old and well-known stand, at the crossing of the upper bridge—making such additions to the already largest stock of horses and vehicles in the city, as shall be demanded by the wants of the community.

In connection with the above, he has large Pasturage Facilities, enabling him to keep stock upon the most favorable terms. Will be kept at all times, Spanish Horses and Mules for sale. Ambulances and teams always in readiness to carry passengers to any part of the State.

The best of Saddle Horses for hire at reduced rates.

BLACKSMITHING.
He has also on the above-mentioned premises, a Blacksmith Shop, where the best of workmen are employed, for making and repairing vehicles, shoeing horses, and doing all other work in that line. Charges in all departments will be the lowest.

JOHN C. CRAWFORD, Jr.
San Antonio, Jan 15, 1870. (10-1-70)

F. GUILBEAU,
NORTH-EAST CORNER
OF
PRESIDIO
AND
LAREDO STREETS.

GROCER
AND
IMPORTER
OF
FRENCH WINES
AND
LIQUORS,
BEST QUALITIES OF
FRENCH COGNAC.

11-12-69d.

F. GUILBEAU
Received a consignment of E. Turpin, New Orleans, of assorted CANDIES, for sale cheap for cash.

WAGONS! WAGONS!
The undersigned, Agent for the Factory of
WILSON, CHILDS & CO.,
Philadelphia, keeps constantly on hand a full supply of
WAGONS,
made of the best material, which defies comparison.
A. STAAKE, Agent.
Feb 7 1870.

S. M. PETTENGILL & CO.,
CITY AND COUNTY
NEWSPAPER
Advertising Agents,
37 PARK ROW,
Corner of Beekman Street, New York
No. 10 State Street, Boston.

We confidently refer to the following gentlemen who have extensively used our Agency:
Robert Bonner, Esq., Proprietor of New York Ledger.
Obango Judd, Esq., Proprietor of American Agriculturist.
Messrs. Curtis & Son, Adolpho Wolfe, Esq., C. A. Bachelor, Esq., Messrs. Morgan & Co., Duncan & Son, Van Duser & Co., Fish & Hatch, (7-10-69d)

A. SARTOR, JR.
COMMERCE STREET,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
IMPORTER AND DEALER
IN
HARDWARE,
Agricultural Implements,
CUTLERY,
Woodenware,
PAINTS AND OILS,
Window Glass,
Tools, Urindstones,
Nails, Hinges,
Locks, &c., &c.

A. SARTOR,
Keeps constantly on hand a large stock of well assorted
CLOCKS
AND
WATCHES.

warranted for one year.
Steel and plated Spectacles, &c., &c.

Groceries,
A FULL AND COMPLETE
STOCK
AT
A. SARTOR, JR.
13-10-69d.

TO TEACHERS,

THE NATIONAL SERIES OF
SCHOOL BOOKS,
COMPRISING
PARKER & WATSON'S
Readers and Spellers,
Montieth & McNally's Geographies,
Davies' Arithmetics, &c., &c.,
are the adopted Standard for State Unions.
Formity in all the Public Schools of
ALABAMA, LOUISIANA
AND
NORTH CAROLINA.
Publishers' Descriptive Catalogue, comprising over
300 DIFFERENT WORKS,
and specimen copy of "Educational Bulletin," sent free.

Special Prices
for first introduction or examination.
A. S. BARNES & CO.,
Publishers,
111 & 113 William St., New York.
21-12-69d

EDWARD MILLS,
GROCERY
AND PROVISION STORE,
Corner of Commerce and Paso Streets,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
The undersigned has just opened a
FAMILY GROCERY
AND
PROVISION STORE,
where he intends keeping on hand a supply of the best in the market at the lowest cash prices. A good supply of
Corn and Fresh Corn Meal
will be kept on hand, which will be supplied in any desired quantities, at short notice.
SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO, SEGARS.
A share of the public patronage is respectfully solicited.
San Antonio, Nov. 12, 1869. (11-69d)

JACK HARRIS,
Saloon and Bar-Room,
Market Street, at the Old Bull Head Stand. The very best Wines, Liquors and Cigars (Jan 20 1870)

A. BOYD DOREMUS, D. D. S.
DENTIST.
DR. WEISSELBERG
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE, at Nettie's Drug Store,
On Commerce Street
San Antonio, Jan. 3rd, 1869. (Jan 20 1870)

HAY! HAY!!
Millet! Millet!!
HAY in Bales,
CORN and all other articles for contractors, are always on hand and will be furnished at the corner of Nacogdoches street and the Alamo.
CORN! CORN!!
1-12-69-dm

Squandering of Public Money.

Since the result of the last election has been made known and the victory of the Republican party became a fact, the leading Journals of the Coalitionists, amongst which Flake's Bulletin figures prominently, have followed a policy of continually suspecting the honesty of the new Administration and Legislature, which is the more disgusting as this suspicion lacks every foundation in fact, and mainly deals in generalities and assumptions beyond measure.

It is well known that in the late Convention the squandering of public money was a part of the policy of Hamilton and his associates; they drew double salary and were always ready to make appropriations for their friends; it is as well known and can be proven that the money of the Central Railroad and other speculative corporations had, at a time, full sway over Austin and the Austin ring; the Convention was forced through by the votes of the Hamiltonians, and against the wishes and the votes of the Davis Republicans; the Austin Republican, the organ of the Austin ring, drew \$18,000 from the State Treasury. All these are facts, which justify the assertion that in case of a Hamiltonian victory the lavishing of the public money would have been carried on in an extraordinary manner; for a Hamiltonian victory was equivalent to a selling out of the State to certain Railroad companies, and other corporations.

From such a calamity the State has been rescued. The Coalition, which constantly kept one eye on the State Treasury, and Flake's eye was not the smallest amongst them, has been beaten. As a natural consequence they come, like all sinners, to the conclusion that their opponents have been actuated by the same motives, which actuated them during the last campaign; and in holy wrath they proclaim to the world: after us the deluge.

If we ever understood to judge the actions of men by their motives, we have certainly hit the head of the nail. The Hamiltonians had the victory so certain in their hands, that promises and offices were offered freely. A defeat was not taken into consideration.

It is by no means surprising that the unexpected downfall stunned the Coalitionists and led them from imprudence to folly. In disclosing, by their continued prophesying of the coming deceptions on the Treasury by Railroad corporation and public printers, what would have become of the State had the reins of the Government been handed over to them.

Our Republican friends can rest assured that the State of Texas has in General Davis, and the present Legislature, an honest Administration, which well understands the duties of the hour. We doubt not that a great number of Lobbyists are already attempting to force, by bribery, well paying charters through the Legislature; and we are not so ignorant of human nature as to overlook the fact, that money is a powerful corrupter. In order to defeat the plans of such men, we hope the Legislature will at the earliest opportunity build up an unsurpassable barrier against bribery, by adopting a general corporation law, forbidding all special legislation, and allowing every company to form themselves, by submitting to the rules and regulations of said law, into a lawful corporation with equal rights and equal duties for all. If the present Legislature shall introduce no other reform than the prohibition of special Legislation, it will have insured a greater blessing to the State than any former Legislature ever has done. We shall, in future, speak more fully on this subject.

Mexican Claims.

Extracts from Opinions of the United States and Mexican Joint Claims Commission.

The following is an abstract of the opinions of the Commissioners elicited by various objections filed to the form of memorials in several cases, and present certain rules of practice, which are of interest, not only to counsel in cases before the Commission, but to all persons interested in the claims now pending before the commission:

No. 388. Lewis Dusenbury vs. Mexico. The Commissioners, per Wadsworth.

1. When a claimant is absent from the State of his residence, his memorial may be filed in his name by his attorney in fact, and may be verified by such attorney.

2. The memorial and affidavit setting forth that Jonathan D. Stevenson is the attorney in fact of the claimant, this is a sufficient averment of Stevenson's authority.

3. A claimant must state, either in the memorial or by affidavit whether he is a native or a foreign-born citizen. The mere statement that he is a citizen is too vague.

4. A claimant must disclose his domicile in his memorial, both at the date of the injuries or losses complained of by him, and at the time of filing his memorial.

5. The statement of the claimant that he was residing in California on the 30th of April, 1855, does not show that he was domiciled there at that time.

6. It requires both intention and fact to constitute domicile: residence with "an indefinite intention of remaining," residence "accompanied with positive or presumptive proof for continuing it for an unlimited time," "a permanent settlement for an indefinite time," "a fixed habitation without any present intention of removing therefrom." Claimants can state concisely the facts constituting the domicile claimed by them, or they can directly aver that at the time of the several wrongs and injuries complained of by them, they were domiciled in the United States or Mexico, in such a place, as the case may be. But the rules require that the domicile must be disclosed, at that time, as well as at the date of the memorial.

No. 119. Jules E. Cairo vs. Mexico. The Commissioners per Wadsworth.

1. A claimant must disclose in his memorial his domicile, both at the time of filing his memorial and at the date of the occurrences complained of by him.

2. He must also state whether he presented his claim prior to the 1st of February, 1869, to the Department of State of either Government, or to the Minister of the United States at Mexico, or that of the Mexican Government at Washington, and to which, and at what time.

No. 259. Peter Berg vs. Mexico. The Commissioners, per Wadsworth.

1. Where it does not appear to the Commissioners that the claimant has a solicitor, the memorial will not be rejected because not signed by one, the commissioners not wishing by any rule of theirs to compel claimants to employ counsel.

2. Where the claimant sets forth plainly the injuries, losses, and expense for which he makes reclamation, and refers to other memorials and papers in other cases before the commission, giving full details of the same transaction, it will be sufficient on this subject.

3. Where the memorial avers that the claimant is a naturalized citizen of the United States, and declared his intentions to become such on the 7th of May, 1855, and is claiming for injuries which he received in the fall of the same year, the memorial does distinctly show that the process of naturalization under the principal law completed after the event complained of, and plainly presents the question of character for decision at the proper time.

No. 394. George T. Knox vs. Mexico. The Commissioners, per Wadsworth.

1. The memorial avers that the claimant is a naturalized citizen of the United States. This must be taken to refer to the time at which the memorial bears date, it is necessary that the memorial should show citizenship at the time of the occurrences complained of. Between these dates is a gap of several years.

2. The memorial showing that the claimant was of foreign origin, and not showing that he was naturalized prior to August, 1866, but showing that the claimant was at that time practicing law in the courts of California, and then enlisted in the military service of Mexico. Held that the facts are not a sufficient disclosure of the domicile of the party.

3. Residence alone does not constitute domicile, except where, from its peculiarity, it suffices to prove intention.

4. The memorial must show whether the claim was presented to either Government, as required by rule 3, (f)

No. 408. Helena D. Chase vs. Mexico. The Commissioners, per Wadsworth.

1. The memorial shows that claimant, now thirty-five years old, although of foreign origin, removed to the United States when only ten years old, married a native of that country, resided here with her husband till their journey to Mexico, in 1858. Held that these facts show that she had the American character, and it must be presumed to continue till the contrary appears.

1. The claimant does not disclose the domicile of her husband at date of the wrongs complained of by her. She must do so, since the domicile of the husband determines the domicile of the wife.

2. She must disclose her present domicile.

3. The name of her solicitor appearing in the body of the memorial is not necessary that it should appear at the close of the instrument: No. 401. H. G. Norton vs. Mexico. The Commissioners, per Palacio.

1. Where a citizen of the United States has assigned all his right, title, and interest in a claim against Mexico to another American citizen the memorial should be presented, signed and verified by the assignee, and not by the assignor.

2. The memorial in the above case is rejected under this principle. In the foregoing cases, in which the objections to the form of the memorials were sustained, leave was granted to the claimants to amend the memorials without prejudice to the merits of the cases.

The American Tailor.

Washington Cor. Chicago Tribune. The New York Sun, with that fine impudence which has made it so entertaining, has lately sent some of its itinerants to Washington to turn up the carpets and feel the curtains of the White House, and the result, of course, is one of those cheap but effective broadsides which everybody likes to read, and which has made, here on the spot, quite a sensation.

I speak without enthusiasm for any body when I say to you that the White House is as prudent and modest a home as it ought to be, and that, if there is any change about it, it is for the better. The carriages and horses of the President, the suggestion of a livery upon his coachman, the subjects of his bronzes and paintings, and the elegance of his guests are what we should expect from the Chief Magistrate of the State at this period of time. We can no more have such plain houses and styles of carriages as Mr. Jefferson and Mr. Monroe maintained. Wall paper, gas fixtures, cheapened carpets and educated coachbuilders have made it impossible to continue establishments as dull as Mt. Vernon; and it would be affectation in the President to keep his family so meanly. Mrs. Grant has made, however, one decided change in her administration of the White House. She has turned it into an agreeable mansion of entertainment, and made guests for long visits of certain hearty people, so that the place really looks now to be inhabited.

She has also increased the number and decreased the formality of her teas and dinners, and at her receptions has placed by her side such ladies of her guests or neighbors as she may choose. The latter fashion was partly adopted because she is quite near-sighted, and needs help to recognize the many ladies who call upon her; and, besides, the awkwardness of a reception is divided by dividing its responsibility and extending its area.

General Grant takes every morning a long, solitary walk, smoking his cigar, and often drives or rides far into the country. I apprehend that it is not at the White House where criticism will find such material as a manly enemy would wish to make use of against this administration, but in Congress and at the departments. It has not been true of the domestic life of the White House for many years that the intellectual element has been marked in it, but for this Mrs. Grant substitutes the next best qualities—affability, cheerfulness, hospitality, and a loyal spirit to her husband and children. Grant made a mistake that will effect his patience more than his fortunes when he took so little counsel of precedents and prudence as to accept indiscriminate gifts, and in some cases to confer honors upon their donors. He must expect to be severely rubbed for this for a good while to come, and it is affectation to say he does not care.

Butler's Wife and Daughter.

A Boston correspondent, who has visited Joseph Ames' studio, in that city, says he saw portraits of General Butler's wife and daughter. The portrait of Mrs. Butler is of the usual size, the hair in curls without ornament, and classic drapery about the shoulders. The other of Miss Butler is nearly full length, and is, as they say, "a society picture," representing the beauly and the "bellehood" of the young

lady in all the splendor of the dress in which she appeared at the great party given on the occasion of her "coming out." The attitude is extremely graceful, the right hand slightly raising, and at the same time putting back the train of her rich silk dress, the left holding the glove and handkerchief, while the whole position of the figure is airy and suggestive of movement. The lovely head, with its auburn ringlets, is bent slightly forward, the melting eyes are fixed upon you, and the smiling lips look as though they might move in speech. There is wonderful strength and spirit in the drawing of the picture, as well as delicacy in the rendering of the details, from the exquisite grace in the poise of the head and left hand, to the minutest details of jewel and fold and blonde lace, and even to the delicate violets on the pearl colored silk, and the lace ruffles of the lower skirt. The background is a pure, cool tint, the result of a masterly combination of many colors, producing a rare atmospheric effect. Seen in the mirror opposite, the figure seems starting from the canvass.

Marine.

PORT OF INDIANOLA. ARRIVALS.

- Feb 7 - Schr Henrietta Steinhart, Corpus Christi and Rockport.
8 - S S Clinton, Beckett, N. O.
10 - Schr. Emily, Moore, Corpus Christi.
11 - S S St. Mary, Bourne, N. O.
12 - S S Morgan, Talbot, N. O.

CLEARANCES.

- Feb 5 - S S Harlan, Lewis, N. Orleans.
6 - J Somers, Moore, Pascagoula.
8 - Schr. Agass, Gardner, Corpus Christi and Rockport.
9 - Steamship Clinton, Beckett, N. O.
11 - Henrietta, Steinhart, Corpus Christi and Rockport.
11 - Schr. S H Cady, Small N. Y.
12 - S S St. Mary Bourne, N. O.

New Advertisements.

ATTENTION FIRE COMPANY NO. 111

There will be a called meeting, Saturday, Feb. 19th, at the Braden Hotel, for the purpose of making proper arrangements for the ball to be given at the Menger Hotel, Tuesday, Feb. 23rd.

ED BRADEN, Chief.
Aided: MAX. NEUNDOFF, Sec.
17 2-70321.

Pentourieder & Biersch, HAVE ON HAND

- 50 Boxes Havant Sugar, different qualities.
25 Hales Leaf Tobacco.
10 Casks French Cognac.

Wines.

French and Rhine wine, different brands, all of which we sell at the lowest market price.

German Study Lamps.

And Spring Candle-sticks, with globes, Just received.

Perfumery.

A complete stock, principally for the Wholesale Trade.

Consisting of:
Fancy Soaps,
Hair Oil, Pomade Extract,
Eau de Cologne, (genuine),
Cosmetique, Tooth powder,
Theater Rouge, &c., &c.
7-1-7044w.

LIVERY STABLE.

Corner Market and Paste Sts., NEAR LEWIS' MILL.

The undersigned having had a large experience in the Livery Business, both in California and Texas, offers his services to the public in that line, with some degree of confidence in being able to give satisfaction. Pasturage facilities in connection with the Stable. J. E. JASPERSON. 10-2-7044w.

10,000 Peach Trees.

Strong and bearing, \$1.00 per dozen; budded ones \$2.50 per dozen. Vines of Burgundy and Tokay, 25 cents per dozen, to be had at teacher Mueller's, near Mr. Green's store. LOUIS VOGEL. 9-2-7041w.

Notice.

Mr. James Calwell Boyd McGowan, something to our advantage awaits you. Any person knowing his whereabouts would confer a great favor by addressing Mr. James Hobbs, No. 1036, Market street, San Francisco, California. (12-90604w)

FLOWER POTS. WAGNER & RUMMEL.

C. L. PROBANDT AUCTION

AND Commission Merchant,

EAST SIDE MAIN PLAZA.

FISH & HAMMERSTEIN'S 201 70] Old Stand.

KOENIGHEIM & Co.,

MAIN PLAZA, OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

JUST RECEIVED, a splendid

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

Fancy, and Staple DRY-GOODS

CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

HATS,

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

CLOTHS, CASIMERES, &c., &c.

Koenigheim & Co.,

Retail Emporium, COMMERCE STREET,

NEXT TO BELL & BRO'S.

Having just received a stock of Fall and Winter Goods, suitable for the Retail Market of this city, and the adjoining country, we would respectfully inform our friends and the public, that we have opened a

STRICTLY RETAIL

Establishment on Commerce street, next door to Bell & Bro's, and also that we will always have on hand a complete stock of

Dress Goods,

Fancy Goods,

Clothing, Casimeres, Hats, Caps,

BOOTS, SHOES, &c.

Constantly on hand, a large assortment of Philadelphia-made Shoes. KOENIGHEIM & CO., Commerce street.

CASTROVILLE WATER-MILL.

Having possession of S. S. Brown's Grist Mill, I will sell Corn Meal at five cents per bushel less than San Antonio prices.

For 25 bushels and over, will make a discount. Orders by mail or otherwise will receive prompt attention and be forwarded to any part of the country. JOHN VANCE.

JOHN VANCE, CASTROVILLE, TEXAS, DEALER IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, Boots and Shoes,

HATS AND CAPS, READY MADE CLOTHING, BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c., &c.

And all goods usually kept in a retail store, at lowest prices.

He will give Cash (or country Produce, such as Corn, Wheat, Dried Beef, Hides, Dressed Deer Skins, Sheep and Goat Skins; also for

Wool, Bacon, Lard, Pecans, Honey, Bees-wax, &c.

Retail Merchants supplied at lowest San Antonio prices. (1-2-70-41m3m)

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

D. & A. OPPENHEIMER,

Are just receiving at their new store,

No. 8, Commerce Street,

A large and well selected stock of

FALL AND WINTER

Staple and Fancy Dry-Goods

CLOTHING, HATS,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

CARPETS, NOTIONS, &c., &c.

Which they offer at prices to maintain their far famed reputation of selling goods cheaper than the cheapest. We adhere still to our old motto of

"Quick Sales and Small Profits." 15-1-7032m.

Landreth's Garden Seeds, Full supply at 15-1-70-4] LEROUX & COSGROVE.

FIRE, MARINE

AND

Life Insurance!

PHOENIX MUTUAL LIFE Insurance Company, Hartford, Conn. Assets, over \$1,000,000.00

MERCHANT'S MUTUAL Insurance Company, Galveston Texas, Capital, \$500,000.00

Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Company, Branch 45 William St., New York. Cash Capital and Reserved Funds, (Gold) \$17,690,890.00

Assets in the United States, 2,270,000.00 Daily Revenue, 20,000.00

GEORGIA HOME

Insurance Company, Columbus, Georgia. Capital, \$350,000.00

Gold and Currency

Policies Issued on Liberal Terms. W. T. MARSHALL, Agent. San Antonio, Dec. 18, 1869. (13-12-69-43m)

Local Intelligence.

The new Livery Stable near Nat Lewis mill is quite an establishment. Those who have tried it speak very well of it.

We acknowledge the receipt of complimentary tickets for the ball of the Fire Department, on Washington's birth-day. Our thanks are due to the committee.

Read the new advertisement of Pentouzier & Blansch. This well known firm offers a fine lot of groceries, consisting of Sugar, Tobacco, Cognac, Wines and Perfumery, at wholesale and retail, and at liberal prices.

A disturbance of the peace took place last evening at 4 o'clock, at the corner of Villita and Alamo street. Two colored men were at the point of fighting it out with knives, when the police interfered and arrested the offenders.

INDIANS NEAR TOWN.—We learn that Indians have been seen 9 miles from town, on the Castroville road. It is said Mr. Proboas is in possession of arrows found at said place. We have not seen Mr. Proboas, and give the above as it comes to us.

THERE were the most cheering evidences of an active business, during the last week, in the trade of San Antonio. Freight wagons of all descriptions entered town from the coast, bringing goods from New York, New Orleans and other points. Other trains left the city for the upper country and Mexico.

A great many strangers are in town, mostly business men, who want to buy or to sell, and their happy faces we conclude they are successful. Old San Antonio is on its march to prosperity, and its future will soon be established on a solid and sure foundation, and it will then be independent of the many accidental resources which it has heretofore trusted too much and too long.

Let us have railroads to Indianola and Columbus, and the change old Texas is to undergo will be wonderful and surprising.

HAVE you ever seen a more pleasant and agreeable climate than that which we now so enjoy? Is not the air mild, does not the sun shine brightly upon us, and do not the little spring flowers raise their heads above the green carpet of the prairie?

Immigrants who put their feet on the soil of Texas at the present time, will surely believe they have found the paradise. Let them come and see for themselves.

Anniversary of Washington's Birth Day.

PROGRAMME OF CELEBRATION.

Chief Marshal of the day—Captain H Karber.

Orator of the day—J A Cooke, Esq.

Reader of Washington's Farewell Address—Col S G Newton.

The procession will form on the Military Plaza, at 9 o'clock, a. m., under the direction of the Chief Marshal, in the following order:

- Band. Military. Quartermaster Department. Quartermaster Employees. Fire Company No. 1. Turner Hook and Ladder company. Turner's Association. State, County and City Officials. Laborer's Association. Beneficiary Association. Sociedad Mexico Texano. Schools. Citizens generally.

The procession will march from the Military Plaza, down Main street to Alamo Plaza, where an address will be delivered and Washington's Farewell address read. The procession will then march to Paseo street, by the Military Headquarters, up to Gas Factory; thence up Laredo street, then up to street, to Military Plaza, where they will disperse.

By order of COMMITTEE. SECRETARY: Max Neundorff.

Facts for the Ladies.

This is to certify that I bought a Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine, March 7, 1859, and it has been used with entire satisfaction by my daughter, who was afflicted with apine disease. It proved the best doctor I ever employed, for she not only regained her health, but has earned a living with it for herself and me ever since. Mrs. M. B. BALL. New York, Nov. 29, 1858.

Fah! How Disgusting! is the exclamation of every lady who indiscreetly ventures to apply the ordinary hair dyes or "colorers" or "restorers" to her whitening ringlets. Mud and tar are scarcely more abhorrent. Not so FRALON'S VITALIA OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR. Nothing destroys its freely fixing crystal. It is harmless, no gum, no foul gas. It is harmless, and its operations perfect. What a discovery!

TWO stock drovers, one named Arp and the other Mosely, were killed in Bell county, near the line of Burnet. Two men by the name of Carver (father and son) are the supposed murderers. The Carvers stated that they did it in self defence. The men were shot in the back. The Belton Journal says: The pistol of Arp was found with two barrels discharged. That of Mosely loaded entire. Upon the body of Arp, who was supposed to have had something near a thousand dollars, only three hundred and forty-one dollars was found.

Mr. Davis informs us that the Carvers have left for parts unknown, and that parties of citizens and soldiers are in pursuit.

An Ordinance.

Re-enacting and amending an ordinance concerning payments made in Confederate money, or other worthless paper, on account of the principal and interest due upon lands sold by the city of San Antonio, to divers persons, &c., passed on the 18th day of January, A. D. 1865. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of San Antonio:

SECTION 1. That the ordinance passed on the 16th day of January, A. D. 1866, and hereafter published, in reference to payments made in so called Confederate currency, &c., be re-enacted with the following modifications and amendments thereof, to wit: That all persons interested, their agents or assignees, are hereby required to settle with Messrs. Davis & Murphy within ninety days, from and after the publication of this Ordinance, the entire amount due to the City of San Antonio, on principal and interest on lands purchased from said city on fifty years credit, the payment of which having been made in so called Confederate currency, since the 1st day of April, A. D. 1861, with whom, said Davis & Murphy, the claims as above stated are placed for settlement, and upon the presentation of their receipts for the payment of said principal and interest, in U. S. currency, the city will execute the final title to said parties.

SEC. 2. That all persons who owe interest for lands purchased from the city of San Antonio, on fifty years credit, and have failed to pay the same, are hereby notified that the aforesaid firm has been employed by the city of San Antonio to institute legal proceedings against all delinquents on said interest, from and after the 1st day of May, A. D. 1870, in case such interest have not been paid in U. S. currency, to said city, up to said date.

SEC. 3. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage. Passed, January 31st, A. D. 1870. Published February 5, A. D. 1870. WM. C. A. THIELEPAPE, Mayor of the City of San Antonio.

Attest: MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, City Secretary.

The ordinance above referred to and passed on January 16th, 1866, reads as follows:

AN ORDINANCE.

Concerning payments made in Confederate money or other worthless paper, on account of the principal and interest due upon lands sold by the city of San Antonio to divers persons, &c.

Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of San Antonio: SECTION 1. That the city of San Antonio does not recognize the act or acts of any person or persons, claiming to act as officers of said city, from the 1st day of April, A. D. 1861, until the 15th day of October, 1865, in receiving in the name of said city, the Bonds, Treasury Notes or currency of the late Confederate Government, worthless paper, purporting to be city scrip of said city, issued during that time in payment of the principal and interest, or any part of them, due to said city upon lands sold by said city, or in assuming to act in the name of said city in signing or executing instruments of writing purporting to be releases or conveyances from said city for such lands, or receipts for such pretended payments, and that all such pretended releases, conveyances and receipts, are hereby declared to be null and void.

SEC. 2. That to avoid any seeming injustice to those persons who have acted innocently and in good faith in making any such payments since the 1st day of April, A. D. 1861. All such persons as have paid to any person or persons acting as officers of said city any such bonds, treasury notes, currency or scrip on account of the principal and interest, or either, due upon the lands heretofore sold by this city, shall, upon presentation and delivery to the Mayor of his, or their receipts, for such payments, together with such instruments of writing purporting to be releases or conveyances from this city, within three months after the passage of this ordinance, and shall at the same time surrender such instruments of writing for cancellation, shall receive from the Mayor of this city a receipt on account of the actual market value of the bonds, treasury notes, currency or scrip so paid by such person or persons at the time of the payment thereof, provided that such person or persons shall at the same time execute and deliver to the Mayor, an instrument of writing, wholly cancelling and annulling the writings heretofore executed and delivered to such person or persons by persons acting in the name of this city, as aforesaid, and putting this city in the same position, with the same price and charge upon such lands as before such payments.

SEC. 3. That in case any person or persons having delivered his, or their receipts, and instruments of writing as mentioned in the 2d section of this ordinance shall be dissatisfied with the amount of credits allowed him, or them, by the Mayor thereon, and shall refuse to receive from the Mayor a receipt for such amount, and to cancel such instruments of writing; then in that case the Mayor shall deliver back to such person, or persons, the original receipts, and instruments of writing so delivered by him, or them, as aforesaid, and that thenceforth such receipts and instruments of writing shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. That it shall be the duty of the City Attorney, after the expiration of three months from the passage hereof to commence all necessary suits in the proper courts, for the cancellation of such instruments of writing as have not been surrendered up and cancelled according to the provisions hereof, and for the recovery of the principal, and interest, due to this city upon such bonds.

SEC. 5. That this ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage. Passed Jan. 16th 1866. Mayor's Office San Antonio, Jan. 18th 1866. (Signed) D. CLEVELAND, Mayor.

M. SLOCUM, City Secretary. Mayor's Office City of San Antonio Texas, December the 4th, 1868.

I hereby certify that the foregoing and above is a true and correct copy from the original Ordinance on file in the Mayor's Office of this City. MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, City Secretary.

CUTLERY.

Rodger's Wostenholms' and American Table and Pocket Knives, Razors and Scissors, just received by BELL & BROS.

NEW Furniture Store,

69 COMMERCE STREET. 69 (Kampmann's Building.)

ERASTUS REED

Having gone regularly into the Furniture business, is now receiving a COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

FURNITURE,

Of all kinds, which he is prepared to sell at Wholesale and Retail, at reasonable prices.

MATTRESSES,

Of all kinds made to order. Particular attention given to repairing. 27-11-69-d.

Just Received LANDRETH'S warranted fresh garden and Flower Seeds, ONION SETS.

PEAS BEANS and GRASS SEEDS. GARDEN and FIELD IMPLEMENTS.

A general assortment of Hardware, Woodware, Groceries, Oils, Paints, Family Drugs, &c., New Floor, gen., Holland Herring, &c. Wood and Chain Chains, Wool Twine, &c., &c. LOUIS HUTH, Corner Market and Coacron street. 2-11-69

PLANTATION BITTERS

This wonderful vegetable restorative is the sheet-anchor of the feeble and debilitated. As a tonic and cordial for the aged and languid it has no equal among stomachics. As a remedy for the nervous weakness to which women are especially subject, it is superseding every other stimulant. In all climates, tropical, temperate or frigid, it acts as a specific in every species of disorder which undermines the bodily strength and breaks down the animal spirits. Wherever it is introduced it becomes a standard article—a medicinal staple. It is to-day the best and purest tonic, and the most popular medicine in the civilized world—be sure and get the genuine. Sold by all Druggists, Grocers and Country Stores.

H. W. PEAY. H. KARBBER.

H. GRENET, Importer

AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. BRADEN HOTEL

AND LIVERY STABLE

FOR MARKET STREET, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. ED. BRADEN, Proprietor

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AWAY WITH SPECTACLES.—OLD EYES MADE NEW; easily, without doctor or medicines. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 cents. Address, DR. E. B. FOOTE, 130 Lexington Ave., New York.

AWAY WITH UNCOMFORTABLE TRUSSES—COMFORT AND CURE FOR THE RUPTURED. Sent post-paid on receipt of 10 cents. Address, DR. E. B. FOOTE, 130 Lexington Ave., N. Y.

WOMAN AND SOCIAL EVILS. ESSAYS FOR YOUNG MEN.—The true estimate of woman—the happiest of an honorable marriage,—the fearful Social Evils of the day,—the cause and cure. Sent free in sealed envelopes. Address, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Box P, Philadelphia, Pa. 1-2-70d&w.

LEROUX & COSGROVE, 56, Commerce Street. MANUFACTURERS OF Tin, Copper & Sheet Iron Ware.

DEALERS in Hardware of all descriptions, Castings, Wood and Willow Ware, Well and Cistern Pumps, Devce's best Coal Oil, of which we have now on hand 160 Cases. Coal Oil Lamps, a fine assortment with improved burners and chimneys.

We keep constantly on hand Tinner's Furnishing Goods, Tin Plate, Block Tin, Sheet Iron, Copper and Brass Wire, Rivets, Kettle Bars &c. &c. Also three different Washing Machines, including the renowned Union Machine.

We have just received 250 Cooking, Parlor, and Office stoves, the celebrated



Cotton Plant, Queen of the South, Southern Bell, Gray Jacket, Mutual Friend, Deta, MAGNOLIA and PICAYUNE.

all of which we will sell at reduced prices. We have also on hand the newly invented

ENDLESS MATCH, which every man that travels, or smokes, ought to have. Tin Roofing, Gutting and Repairing at short Notice and Reasonable Terms. LEROUX & COSGROVE, 56 Commerce Str.

BOOK & JOB PRINTING HOUSE.

A. SIEMERING & CO., PUBLISHERS OF "The Freie Presse fur Texas" "San Antonio Express" AND TEXAS FARMER ZEITUNG.

Are prepared to fill all orders for JOB PRINTING, with neatness and dispatch, in English, German, French and Spanish.

Plain and Ornamental Printing in all Colors. Wine and Liquor Labels in the Latest Styles. Blank Deeds and a General Assortment of Planks used by County and City officers, constantly on hand.

Livery and Sale Stables.

East Side Alamo Plaza San Antonio Texas.

Peay & Karber,

MULES AND HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AT REASONABLE RATES.

J. H. KAMPMANN ARCHITECT & BUILDER.

Is prepared to contract for all kinds of Mason Work, Stone cutting, Carpenter Work, Plastering and Painting.

J. H. KAMPMANN'S NEW DOOR, SASH AND BLIND FACTORY

The undersigned having completed his new Factory, in which all work is done by Machinery and Steam power, is prepared to make at the shortest notice: Doors, Windows, Blinds and Millings of every description. Rippling and Picking Lumber. Making 1 inch and 2 inch Flooring, and all other articles connected with the Carpenter Business. Seasoned Lumber, White and Yellow Pine and Louisiana Swamp Cypress constantly on hand.

ALSO SAWING ROCK BY STEAM POWER

ALL ORDERS WILL BE PROMPTLY EXECUTED. OFFICE—On Nacogdoches Street, near the Alamo. J. H. KAMPMANN. March 12d(4)

Co., EDRAL, EXAS, did, R STOCK, RY-GOODS, NG, OES, GOODS, Co., orium, REET, 's., k of Fall and Retail Market country, we friends and RETAIL, street, next that we will stock of, Goods, Hats, Caps, AC. assortment of e Shoes. M & CO., merce street. ER MILL. Brown's Grist per cents per rice. It make a dis- pherise will be forwarded IN VANCE. ICE, TEXAS, es, Hard- Shoes. ADY MADE STATIONERY, a retail store, ntry Produce, Beef, Hides, d Goat Skins; Pecans, X, &c. at lowest San -2-70-dim3m V GOODS!! HEIMER, store, Street, k of, TER ry-Goods, ATS, OES, &c., &c. to maintain selling goods e adhere still. Profit, Seeds, OSGROVE, LINE, nce! LIFE Conn. \$1,000,000,000 TUAL in Texas, \$500,000,00 and Globe William St. and Reserved 17,690,890.00 2,250,000.00 20,000,00 NE Georgia, \$550,000.00 rency ms. SHILL, Agent. 19-12-69-33m

