

San Antonio Express.

VOL. III.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SUNDAY, JULY 18, 1869.

NO. 152.

RAMPSON, SAWYER & TORREY
 SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
 AUCTIONEERS,
 COMMERCIAL MERCHANTS,
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SAN ANTONIO STEAM
Cracker and Candy Factory,
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Wholesale Manufacturers of
CRACKERS
 Of all kinds in quantities to suit purchasers.
Candies
 Of pure loaf sugar in boxes of 10, 25 and 50 pounds.
CONFECTIONERIES,
WEDDING AND BALL CAKES,
 made to order. Soda, Mineral, and Saccharine waters in fountains and bottles. All kinds of
Soda Water Apparatus
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 the best Family Machines, with double stitches.
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WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
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 WINES, LIQUORS, TOBACCO, CIGARS,
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R. WULFING,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
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HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID
FOR
HIDES, SKINS, &c., &c.
KLOPPER HOTEL,
COMMERCE STREET,
San Antonio, Texas.
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!
 Mrs. Klopfer calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travellers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.
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 (Late John Wickers & Co.)
Commission Merchants,
 Commerce Street,
 Dec 24/69. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
JAMES P. NEWCOMB.
 Office in the "San Antonio Express" building.
 (23-C-5248E)

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Platform of the Republican party of Texas.
 Resolved, 1st. That the Republican party of Texas hereby accepts the conditions of reconstruction embraced in the several propositions submitted to Congress, and will in the future, as legislatures, fully sustain the same in word and deed.
 2. That the amendments to the Constitution of the United States, known as the 13th and 14th amendments, are necessary to the pacification of the country and the security of the equal civil and political rights of all classes of the people. The Republican party therefore pledges itself to the prompt adoption of these amendments.
 3. That the resolution, adopted by the Chicago Convention of May 20th 1868, where not modified by the proposed 15th amendment, are accepted by the Republicans of Texas as the embodiment of correct principles of public policy. That the Republicans of Texas especially, condemn the spirit of the additional resolutions adopted in that Convention at the instance of Hon. Carl Schurz; and will cheerfully accept the assistance of such of our fellow-citizens as served in the late rebellion, but who now frankly and honestly co-operate with us in restoring the peace of the country, and reconstructing our State Government on the basis of impartial justice and equal rights.
 4. That the payment of the debt incurred in preservation of the unity of the nation in the late rebellion, is in our opinion the sacred duty of the American people, and the Republicans of Texas will condemn all attempts to evade in any manner, the payment of this debt according to the intent of the creditors of the same.
 5. That the Republican party of Texas earnestly desires the encouragement of internal improvement and immigration, and will as a party, press the adoption of measures having these ends in view. That in Convention assembled, we condemn the derogatory use of the term " Carpet-baggers " and other terms of reproach applied to citizens, who may come among us, as designed to keep alive the prejudices of the ignorant and bitter investigation.
 6. That while the Constitution submitted to the people is in some respects imperfect and objectionable, it is believed on the whole to possess the main object of Constitutional Government viz: The equal, civil and political rights of all persons under the law. This Convention therefore recommends the ratification of the same.
 7. That the preservation of the unity and the organization of the Republican party is essential to the safe progress of reconstruction in this State; and they believe that to effect this reconstruction, a great work has yet to be performed. They therefore want the loyal people of Texas that opposition to the organization of the Republican party, is the result of an insidious design of the enemy opposing the practical surrender of the South to the Federal Government.
 8. That the Republicans of Texas heartily express unqualified confidence in the administrative abilities, and integrity of the honorable head of our Government—President Grant, and in the patriotism and wisdom of the majority in Congress.
 F. W. Hall, of Robinson, offered the following independent resolution which was adopted:
 Resolved, That the commanding General of this military district, Maj. Gen. J. J. Reynolds, deserves the approval of the loyal people of the United States, for his activity in ferreting out and bringing to justice the murderers of the patriot Gen. W. Smith, and for the measures he has adopted for the security of life and property, and the establishment of peace.
 Johnson Reed, of Delcorte, offered the following, and it moved that it be added to the resolutions, and be known to resolutions No. 9.
 Resolved, That to this end we earnestly invite the cooperation and support of all good citizens, advocates of peace, law and order, and who believe in the principles of the party of union, progress, liberty and reform, which has done so much for the pacification and well being of this country. This resolution adopted.

TELEGRAPHIC

DEFERRED DISPATCHES.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 18.
 Successful experiments have been made in this city with a working model of an aerial navigation machine. It not only ascended into the air, but was propelled in an required direction by machinery, and it has the capacity for carrying 5 or 10 persons, being constructed for the purpose of making trips to New-York. The inventor is confident that the trip can be made in 24 hours.
 The Russian government has at length granted the request of the Pope, that the Catholic bishops in its dominions might be permitted to attend the forthcoming Ecumenical Council. This is the occasion of some discussion in Russia. It is thought that in order to procure this favor the Pope must in turn have granted something, and one suggestion is that he has probably agreed to address an encyclical to the Polish clergy, warning them not to encourage the rebellious tendencies of the people, and warily to support the existing Government.
 It is announced that Mr. Hancock, Charge d'Affaires of the Greek Government here, is soon to be united in marriage with a daughter of Baron Gerolt, the Russian Minister.
 A telegram dated the 24 inst., to the Siglo, states that several members of the Queretaro Legislature have usurped the State authority. They have "decreed" the removal of Gov. Cervantes, and have appointed another, who is ridiculed by the populace. The seven usurpers are said to be supported by the troops of the General Government. The Constitutional Convention (Cervantes) has the State troops out, who are confronting those of the General Government.
 A telegram to the Siglo, from San Luis Potosi, announces the following piece of news: "An inquisition of tortures is established at the hacienda of Portillos, twenty leagues from this city. For any slight offense committed by servants they are put in a sack, leaving the head and arms out, which are tied behind, after which they are thrown alive into a yard, among insects and reptiles, where they are kept for 24 hours. Over 300 of the free citizens of this Republic have been thus treated."
 LONDON, June 20.
 When the mail steamer left Rio Janeiro on the 20 inst., it was officially reported there that President Lopez had proposed to leave Paraguay on certain conditions. The English and two American officers had been permitted to pass through the lines of the Allied army to the Paraguayan camp. The Americans were received by Lopez, but the Englishman was refused admission within his lines, and was obliged to return to Assuncion.
 A report which comes from a Brazilian source, states that President Lopez has offered to surrender his army on the condition that he be granted his personal freedom, and be permitted to leave without molestation.
 HONG KONG, June 20.
 A great and decisive battle has been fought between the imperialists and the Yeh-men-tsun rebels. The latter were defeated with a loss of 25,000 men. The Chinese have offered further insults to foreigners. The news from Japan is unfavorable. The civil war continued, and heavy fighting was anticipated.
 BERLIN, June 20.
 Count Von Bismarck has gone to his estate at Varzin, where he will remain until October, to recruit his health. He has been temporarily relieved from the personal administration of the affairs of the Reichstag, but will continue to transact the business of the Federal Chancellery.
The Bloody South.
 Grant has now been President four months—still there is no safety for loyal men in the South. They stay together in large cities; knowing well that to separate and each seek his own dwelling, is to invite assassination. Four months of determined purpose to see the law impartially executed, and legal lives protected, ought to have prevented and could have cured much of this. We expect no miracles. We know how slow the process must necessarily be. But we do demand a beginning. Journals found fault with us when we asked for a Peter, the Great, stern and inexorable as death. They misunderstood the work to be done and confound the different ways of doing it; one, swift and prompt—the other, requiring long years. While both are equally within our reach and our right, we prefer the former.
 Industry and trade will revitalize the barbarous South in time, as they did England in centuries gone by. In old and lawless times robbers built castles on commanding points and swept into their vaults all the wealth that was not strong enough to defend itself as it passed along. By and by the chief saw that it was killing the hen which laid the golden egg. Cunning traders avoided the road by his den; or, banded in large caravans, defied him. Soon he levied toll on the merchant, instead of openly robbing him; and, in return kept the roads clear from other robbers. After while he took one step further, seeing that it was more gainful to be the lawful head of an industrious community, which granted him a tax, than a robber chief exacting ruthless toll. So grew up manufacturing and trading towns under the protection of law-abiding chiefs. It is better policy, as every wise knave sees, to tax trade than to murder merchants. This is the way in which that border ruffianism, which we call "knight country" and "federal system," got changed into modern civilization. But it takes a long time to beat common sense into barbarous ruffianism. It is a thorough method, only it needs many, many years to operate in. In an age made up of Methodists, with a thousand years of life before

them and no need to hurry, this must be a most agreeable method to revolutionize the world. If no other way were open to us, we too would put on our banner, "Universal Suffrage and Universal Justice," and sit down with folded arms, until the South would in time be civilized; and that, after all, to do it would not now cost half the number of lives, or take half the six hundred years that were once required to change the England of William the Conqueror, into the England of William the Third. Niagara will eat its way back and become only a boiling rapid, and the Sandwich Islands will double their coral reefs in another thousand years. So there is no need for those whom the noise of one, or the narrow limits of the other, disturbs, to trouble themselves about it, provided they can wait. The same thing is true in the South; and Northern editors who are only vexed that the subject will not settle itself quietly out of their way, can beat this day much more contentedly than the Southern loyalists who cannot travel home without being shot. The impatience of these last is truly annoying to Northern editors, these last months. The suffering of these poor, pen and ink mortals who wish to be left quiet to spin out dreary articles on the Tariff, and Philology, and Street Railroads is intolerable. They have one sincere commiseration.
 But there being another way of civilizing the barbarous South, open to us—and there being very few Methodists about, and caring as we do, infinitely more for one human life than for a cartload of Tariffs or any quantity of hair splitting about grammar,—and having some old fashioned regard for national honor, (not of course to be expected in a brain new cast upon New York editors), we incline to the Peter the Great method.
 A century and a half ago, Peter had given to his keeping a Russia almost as barbarous as the South is, or as England was a thousand years ago. He determined to bring it up to the level of European civilization in the space of a single life.—This he accomplished. By a code of laws and a series of measures, dictated by sagacious despotism and inexorably enforced, he schooled Russia into obedience and accustomed her to the restraints of civil life. He made life safe and guaranteeing to property and trade adequate protection, he called into full activity the industrial energy of the Empire. If he had been sagacious enough to go one step further and let Despotism develop into Constitutional Government, Russia would have stood today in the van of Europe.
 Ah! says the pining sentimentalist—who saw nothing of special importance in Jefferson Davis' imprisonment—could he but look on torture—but dared not look on war,—as Macaulay sings—"Ah! this is despotism," or "how cruel is the disposition of war," of the camp, "which the rebel South still needs. Despotism is always the baby-step of civilization." The South is in no different condition from any other barbarous community. Who expects to see Republicans start into being among the cannibal Peoples. I would as soon waste civil rights on the rebels of Texas and Georgia than I would try tokers by a jury.
 I see a Republican in the matter of given up men and women. They are to govern themselves and be governed by reason. In the matter of children, before the reasoning power develops, and of brutes who do not possess it, I am a despot. They are to be governed by will, not by argument. Karer's system is one of the wisest kindness. He first makes the lame feel man's power,—this is the epoch of despotism. Then, when the brute recognizes his master, is wholly helpless and feels that he is helpless—then Karer begins to "gentle" him with womanly tenderness. I want a Karer for the brutes of Georgia.
 WENDYLL PHILLIPS.

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Hardware Merchants,
MAIN PLAZA.
 English and American Cutlery,
 RINGS AND STERIL, TOWELS,
 NAILS, LOCKS, HINGES,
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 LEATHER, &c., &c.
PAINTS AND OILS
 Coll's Army and Navy Store Patch,
 Winchester Rifles,
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 MOTIVE POWER.



The Greatest Hand-Power Machine in the World.
 It can be used wherever power is needed. The cutting of stumps, cutting of logs and circular saw will cut wood from one to four inches thick. It will cut wood six inches thick as well as be done by means of steam power.—The Big Saw will cut wood and wagon wheels of any desired thickness with ease.
 CIRCULAR SAWS also cut with 40 pounds of power.
 CIRCULAR SAWS for circular BAND SAWS for hand or steam power. For full particulars apply to
Elmendorf & Co.,
 Sole Agents for Texas.
KOENIGHEIM & Co.,
MAIN PLAZA,
OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
 JUST RECEIVED a special Spring Stock of
Fancy and Staple DRY-GOODS
CLOTHING,
 BOOTS AND SHOES,
 HATS,
 GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,
 CLOTHES, CASIMERS, &c., &c.
 Largest
JACK COOK,
 LAWYER.
 Office, West side of Military Plaza, near Courthouse.
L. DODD BROWN & CO.,
DRUGGISTS
 Office—On Commerce Street, opposite Pecos Street's Corner.
DR. WEISSEBERG,
Physician and Surgeon,
 OFFICE, at North's Drug Store,
 On Commerce Street,
 San Antonio, Jan. 20, 1869.
DR. F. MERRIF,
 Respectfully announces in his branch that he has removed his office to the city.
 Office, at North's Drug Store, on Commerce Street.
AUCTION
 AND
COMMISSION HOUSE
 BY
L. WOLFSON,
 SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
 Auction sales of Dry Goods, Groceries, Hats, Boots, Shoes, Furniture, and every description of Merchandise, promptly attended to.
 Liberal advance made on consignments.
 Goods at private sale, at Auction Prices.
 15-3-5861.
Notice.
 The undersigned can be found at the Court-house, between the hours of 10 and 12 A. M. and 4 and 6 P. M. At other hours at his office, next door to the Post Office.
MORTIMER SPOONER,
 Clerk, District Court, Bexar County,
 25-3-5862.

STORES FOR RENT.

The two store rooms known as Post Street Store, Corner of Pecos and St. Mary's street, leading to the foot bridge. Enquire of
 P. S. WILSON.
 15-2-5861

RHODIUS & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries
 33 Commerce Street.
 SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Home to Let.

The house of Madam C. Bonnet, on Market street, between the Beales house and A. Zerk. Enquire of
 A. ZERK.
 15-4-5862
A New and Complete Assortment
 Of Nations,
 Stationery, and
 Calligraphy, etc., etc.
 dec14-daw3m.) E. PENTENREIDER.
Direct Importation
 Of genuine French Cognac, Swiss Almonds, Vermouth, Champagne, Claret, White Wine, Beauty Fruits and Fruits in their own juices,
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Republican State Ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR,
GENERAL EDMUND J. DAVIS,
of Nueces County.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR,
HON. J. W. FLANAGAN,
of Bexar County.

FOR COMPTROLLER,
HON. J. FRANK CARTER,
of Parker County.

FOR COMMISSIONER OF THE LAND OFFICE,
HON. JACOB KNECHLER,
of Bexar County.

Republican State Executive Committee.

J. G. TRACY, Chairman, Houston.
A. B. HALL, Treasurer, Houston.

OFFICIAL LIST.

- 1st. W. G. Phillips, Wharton.
- 2nd. M. C. Hamilton, Austin, Travis co.
- 3rd. G. T. Ruby, Galveston.
- 4th. Dr. D. C. Marsh, El Paso.
- 5th. A. Bledsoe, Lancaster, Dallas co.
- 6th. J. W. Flanagan, Wallings' Ferry, Rusk county.
- 7th. F. W. Sumner, Sherman, Grayson county.
- 8th. G. T. Garland, Jefferson, Marion co.
- 9th. G. H. Slaghter, Tyler, Smith co.
- 10th. W. M. Varrell, Victoria.
- 11th. N. Patton, Waco, McLendon.
- 12th.
- 13th. P. W. Hall, Calvert, Robinson co.
- 14th. A. Siemering, San Antonio.
- 15th. H. C. Pedigo, Woodruffe, Tyler co.

JOHN W. McDONALD,
Secretary.

How Stands the Democratic Party of the South.

Is there a Democratic party in the South? We know that a majority of the people lately in rebellion, are bitterly opposed to the Republican party, but this opposition is not of the nature of party rancor, and the present condition of politics in the South proves that the Democratic party has neither candidates or organization in any of the Southern States. In Tennessee, Virginia, Mississippi and Texas, once overwhelmingly Democratic, the contest is wholly between two Republican wings. Virginia has just held an election and the result is rejoiced over as a "Democratic victory," although a Republican was elected Governor. We must conclude, from what we see about us, that the Democratic party is not known any longer in this State; it perished with its work of Southern treason—it went down with its idol, "negro slavery;" its watch words have gone out of use. But there is a formidable party, now being warmed into life under the auspices of such renegade Republicans as Jack Hamilton, whose hate to the old government, whose opposition to the Republican party, and whose deep-seated opposition to universal suffrage, will assert itself the moment victory perches upon the false Republican banner which has been thrown to the breeze. The name of this party is immaterial. Its favorite designation at present is "The White Man's Party," its motto is "undying hate of the Union." It is the last party to entrust recalcitrant to the government and desires peace and material prosperity, will give it his aid.

General Reynolds for the United States Senate.

A rumor got afloat in Washington last spring, to the effect that General Reynolds, the Military Commander of this District, would become a prominent candidate for the United States Senate from this State, and that an alliance had been formed between the General and Jack Hamilton. We have heard the same rumor mentioned in Texas. We believe it to be a slander upon General Reynolds, and put afloat simply to give strength to the "third party" movement. Aside from the improbability of such an alliance, it would be eminently out of place for General Reynolds, who has the moulding, almost, of our State politics, to become an aspirant for office in his district. We feel sure this is one of the many idle, unfounded rumors that have been put afloat to relieve the stagnation of our political situation.

"THE COLORED CHILDREN OF THE SUN."—The nautical writer of the Herald, of the 16th, who may be a relative of the gentleman whose ancestors immigrated from Holland to this country some "four hundred years ago," objects to the Chinese being called "the colored children of the Sun." Why, because they are geographically out of the way of the Sun, and their complexions are better than that of the editor of the EXPRESS. Before the learned Daniel comes to judgment too hastily, let him examine the case. In almost any old cyclopaedia he will discover that we have not gone very far amiss in our figurative name for the Chinese. Sir William Jones, in his efforts to prove that the Chinese sprang from the Hindus—found that the Buddha of the Hindus is unquestionably the Fo of China; but the great progenitor of the Chinese is also named Fo-hi, and the ancestor of that military tribe whom the Hindus call the chandravansa, or "children of the Moon." Now, we beg of you don't, for the sake of peace, don't, "Have we not had enough of this proscription?" "This spirit of intolerance, this inability to rise to the situation," "This selfish ostracising course." "This spirit of oppression." It won't do. "Let us have Peace."

"TRAVELER."—A correspondent to the Herald of this place, writing from Galveston, over date of July 5th, estimates that Hamilton will be elected Governor by 25,000 majority; but that Flanagan will be elected Lt. Governor; and sends the comforting assurance that "all the State offices may yet be filled by Hamilton's friends."

If we are not mistaken in the writer, he has "missed his calculation" as much as he did when he became an aspirant for the postmastership of this city.

The Spirit of the Texas Conservative Press.

We clip the following from the editorial columns of the Houston Times, which will demonstrate the true spirit of the party which is now lending its support to Jack Hamilton: "The lips of the negro are as thick, his skin as black, his head as flat, and his natural stupidity as great in Georgia as in Massachusetts. He has as much right to hold office in Maine as he has in Texas, and is just as capable of performing official duties in Vermont as he is in Alabama. They are not fit in either. The Radicals know it, and it is only urged in order to impose upon our people a humiliating degradation more abject and base than Austria gave to Poland, and more repugnant than those rejected with proud disdain by the mountain Swiss. This must be averted. The black arm of Radical power already uplifted must be stayed before the lash falls. Already are negroes being appointed to office. Already we see their receiving appointments to the exclusion of white men. Already have we been startled in a Board of Aldermen, which is the custodian of the funds, the morals and the interests of the refined city of Galveston, by the announcement that a negro was preferred for Treasurer to a white man. Let us admonish you, white men of Texas, to permit us to conjure you by the dearest rights of freemen, of homes, of all that's sacred, to bestir yourselves to vigorous and united action to put down this miserable party, this bastard government sought to be forced upon and made perpetual in your State. Make every preparation for the contest, and show them at the election that this is a white man's country, and that white men must rule it."

A WEST POINT correspondent, describing a dinner at the Academy, says: It was observable, all during the conversation, which was general, how Mr. Colfax and every other person except General Sherman, when addressing the President, would say "Mr. President," while General Sherman, in the most familiar style, would address him simply as Grant." They passed their jokes and told their stories like school boys, and the scenes around them seemed to bring back their former days when they were such. Grant and Sherman were one year in the Academy together. General Grant observed that "Sherman was a tall, fine-looking fellow," when Sherman said: "Yes; and Grant was a little runt of a boy, running around here." Neither of them reached the dignity of a Sergeant while here, Sherman saying that he "was never anything more than a high private," and Grant adding that he was more than that, for he "was always the foot of his class."

THE SAN MARCOS BRIDGE.—We learn from the Gonzales Index that the bridge across the San Marcos still stands.

FROM the Gonzales Index we learn that the overflow from the great rain storm was very disastrous to that wealthy planting region. The Index says: "Never before had there been a prospect for a more abundant crop. Corn was already hard and would soon have been fully ripe. The earliest cotton bolls ready to open, and in fact some had opened. All have been submerged. All the river plantations have lost fencing—some left without a rail."

The Index is not without hope that much of the crops may be saved yet.

PARAGRAPHS.

THE runners of the nomadic tribes of Central Africa surpass anything done by the celebrated runners and walkers of other races. When they carry government dispatches they run for days without sleep. In order to keep the chest free they seize with both hands the ends of a stick, which they place horizontally behind their neck. Their stock of provisions consist of a few dozen dates, and their whole costume of a pair of trousers; perhaps they also carry a pair of sandals, which they put on when the sand of the desert becomes too hot to bear. On the way they lose little time as possible. When they are out of breath they stop, count up to sixty inspirations and continue the journey. They sleep only two or three hours out of the twenty-four; and, in order not to oversleep themselves, they tie a rope of date bark to one foot and set it on fire. They know exactly how long it will burn, and when it reaches the foot the pain makes them jump up, and off they go once more upon their errand.

D. D. RICHARDSON, in his Omaha letter to the New York Tribune, says: "We were beset with clamorous manners for the hotels. One African, with a droll grin, was so loud in praising the establishment he represented, and so fierce in denouncing its rivals, that a pompous passenger from the East finally roared out: 'Stop that noise there! We've heard enough of it.' 'All right, sah,' replied Sambo, with a scrape of the foot and a grotesquely polite gesture toward the battered rim of his hat, 'all right, sah. Which road does you own, sah, de Union Pacific or de Westum?'"

INTIMATIONS from Washington indicate that the Treasury statement for July 1 will show a further reduction in the aggregate of the National Debt of Ten Millions of Dollars, making a total reduction of Thirty Millions of Dollars in the first four months of Gen. Grant's Administration, or the rate of Nine Million per annum. No Government but ours ever paid off the principal of its Debt, while regularly meeting its interest, at such a rate as that.

The interest on our Debt amounts to about One Hundred Millions (gold) per annum, or Ten Millions per month; and this, with whatever reductions may be made in the principal, are obtained by a Tariff which our Free Traders have denounced as inevitably destructive to Commerce and Revenue. They declared in 1861 that the bill then passed would destroy our foreign Trade and all Income therefrom; yet we are regularly importing foreign merchandise at the rate of some Four Hundred Millions per annum and collecting therefrom a revenue of about One Hundred and Eighty Millions per annum. We are importing more goods than all our Exports will pay for, and, if our duties were so reduced that we imported Fifty Millions' worth more per annum, we should only sink so much deeper in debt to Europe or throw more Breadstuffs, at rates ruinous to the growers, on the already glutted and unenumerative markets of the Old World. Shall not these facts be heeded by all who value National Solvency and abhor the thought of Repudiation?

IRRITABLE nerves are best soothed, not by indulgence, but by turning the mind resolutely in another direction. Many pass through life without one close grasp of their position or duties, or even without studying the best means of attaining their own desired ends. Such are more likely than any others to become victims of tyrannical nerves, and are often grossly unreasonable, from the habit of not using their judgment. Above all, real, earnest labor will put to flight a vast deal of nervous troubles. Few who are pursuing a life work of importance are greatly afflicted with nervousness and these few may often trace it to the lack of wholesome living and fresh air. A due regard to the laws of health, and earnest purpose in life and regular employment, are the best preventatives for the evils of over-sensitive nerves. Training and self-respect will induce us to suppress fears, and to conquer weaknesses. Acts of resolution will teach courage, and a systematic infusion of vigor and self-discipline will render the whole nature superior to the indulgence of a tyrannical and nervous system.—Philadelphia Ledger.

SUNDAY READING.

Fainting at Noonday.

"What I wearied with a life?—Keble.
"The end crowns all!"—Shakespeare.
Oh, heart, my heart, why flags thy force
Thus in the middle of my course,
Midway between the sea and source?
The streak that stagnates in its bed
Turns no man's mill. As well be dead
As numb and rigid. Overhead
Stands earth's bright overseer, the sun;
"Your work, your work! It is done,
The night shall take my place anon;
Put out your light, and bid you come
To rest within the idle tomb,—
To sluggards still a house of gloom!"
Morn' hears the harvest songs, "His eye's
To see when, mute, the reaper heaves
Into the wains the bursting sheaves.
The fields are to the harvest white,—
The laborers only scant;—the blight
May fall ere all may be garnered right.
The sickle plies thy lonely Lord;
And canst thou hear the loyal word,
Nor every pulse anew be stirred?
"My meat and drink it is, to do
My Father's will; but this I rue,
His husbandmen—behold, how few!"
Who bear the burden and the heat,
If not the three and bloody sweat,
And at his side, in patience eat
Of his hard bread, and share his cup
Below, they shall be summoned up
Beside him in his joy to sup."
Putnam's Magazine.

The Sabbath.

The streams of religion run deeper or shallower, as the banks of the Sabbath are kept up or neglected.—CALCOTT.

A PREACHER in Holland called the Sabbath "God's dyke shutting out an ocean of evils."

A PREACHER in Louisiana said, "Brethren stop that crevasse in the Sabbath, or your plantations will be inundated with immorality."

"THE more entirely," said McCheyne, "I give my Sabbath to God, and half forget that I am not before the throne of the Lamb, with my harp of gold, the happier am I."

GIVE to the world one half of the Sunday, and you will find that religion has no strong hold of the other half.—Sir Walter Scott.

I FEEL as if God had, by giving the Sabbath, given fifty-two springs in the year.—S. T. Coleridge.

WHERE there is no Christian Sabbath, there is no Christian morality; and without the three institutions cannot long be sustained.—Justice McLean.

SUNSHINE AND CLOUDS.—Ah, this beautiful world! I know not what to think of it. Sometimes it is all sunshine and gladness, and heaven itself lies not far off, and then it suddenly changes, and is dark and sorrowful, and the clouds shut out the day. In the lives of the saddest of us there are bright days like this, when we feel as if we could take the great world in our arms. Then come gloomy hours, when the fire will not burn on our hearths, and all without and within is dismal, cold and dark. Believe me, every heart has its secret sorrows, which the world knows not, and oftentimes we call a man cold when he is only sad.—Longfellow.

WORK AND WIN.—Whatever you try to do in life, try with all your heart to do it well; whatever you devote yourself to, devote yourself to completely; in great aims and small, be thoroughly in earnest. Never is it possible that any natural or improved ability can claim immunity from the companionship of the steady, plain, hardworking qualities and hope to gain its end. There is no such thing as such fulfillment on this earth. Some happy talent and some fortunate opportunity, may form the two sides of the ladder on which some men mount, but the rounds of that ladder must be made of stuff to stand wear and tear; and there is no substitute for thorough-going, ardent, and sincere earnestness. Never put one hand to anything on which you can throw your whole self; never affect depreciation of your work; whatever it is. These you will find to be golden rules.

To ascertain whether the spirit has locality hereafter, we should inquire concerning its circumstances here; and on this point the reader will find a statement in the volume entitled, "Answers to Ever-Recurring Questions," of the Harmonical series. Commencing on page 57, the author says:

"The spirit of man is never out of the spirit-world. (By the 'spirit-world,' we do not mean the Second Sphere, or Summer-Land). By the term 'spirit-world' is meant the 'silver lining to the clouds of matter' with which the mind of man is thickly enveloped. There is no space between the spirit of man and this immense universe of inner life. Man's spirit touches the material world solely by means of spiritualized matter, both within and without his body. Thus the five senses come in contact with matter: 1. The eyes

by light. 2. The ears by atmosphere. 3. The tastes by fluids. 4. The smell by odors. 5. The touch by vibration. * * * By such conditions and attenuations of matter your spirit (yourself) comes in contact with the outward world. Interiorly you are already in the spirit-world. You feel, think, decide, and act as a resident of the inner life. Death removes the 'cloud of matter' from before your spiritual senses. Then you see, hear, taste, smell and touch, more palpably and intelligently, the facts and forces of the world in which, perhaps as a stranger, you have lived from the moment of your individualized existence. It is unnecessary to move an inch from your death-bed to obtain a consciousness of the spirit-world or inner life. Instantly you perceive the life of things, and the shape and situation of the things themselves are also visible in a new golden light. * * * The Summer-Land is a vast localized sphere within the universal spirit-world."

According to this view, the spirit-world, like the "universal ether" of which philosophers discourse, is not pent up in any locality, but surrounds and permeates all places, persons, and spheres. "We lie open, on one side, to the depths of spiritual nature, to the attributes of God." Interiorly we exist in a boundless realm of essential being, and it is all accessible to us at every hour. What prevents us from being mingled with this infinite ocean to which all the attractions of the spirit tend! It is the material environment, by means of which we attain the boon of individual consciousness. Let that be stricken out, and there would follow what was sought by the Hindu philosophers, the absorption of the soul into Brahma, or the Universal Being. But there is a natural body, and there is a spiritual body, and by virtue of these the spirit becomes an individualized entity, receptive of the tides of Infinite Being, but forever undivided and unabsorbed.—Banner of Light.

MARKET MANIFEST.

- California Muscat, and White and Red Wines, just received. 10-7-69. DRESEL & BRIAM.
- California Cognac, superior to all American Cognacs, and cheaper. 10-7-69. DRESEL & BRIAM.
- Flour.—A new lot of different brands, Northern and El Paso Onions, just received and for sale low.
- JULIUS PIPER.
- A small supply of fresh treble extra Flour just received. F. GROSS & CO. mar12dtf
- 100 Bags Rio Coffee, choice and fair for sale by mar12dtf F. GROSS & Co.
- Huckeye Mowers, price \$115 gold. feb20dtf WAGNER & RUMMEL.
- Brandy Cherries and Peaches. WAGNER & RUMMEL. may8dtf
- Stereoscopic Views, Photographical Card frames. A full assortment just received. (20-4-69) F. SIMON.
- India Rubber Pipes, Stems and Balls. Large variety just received. 20-4-69 F. SIMON.
- Liebig's Beef Extract. PREPARED BY HARRAS & SCHRADE, Clinton, Texas. SOLD BY RHODUS & CO., San Antonio, Tex. Agents for the Western part of Texas. 24-6-69.
- Another Supply of those just celebrated Hurricane Lanterns received. SAMPTON, SAWYER & TORREY. march20dtf

New Advertisements.

- OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, San Antonio, Texas, July 15th, 1869. Will be sold at Public Auction, at the Commissary's Buildings, San Antonio, Texas, on Tuesday, July 20th, at 10 o'clock a.m., the following condemned Subsistence Stores, and articles of Commissary Property, viz: 5 Barrels Pork. 7 Barrels Flour. 586 Pounds Brown Sugar. 4 Drums. 1 Ink Stand. 1 Sand Stand. 1 Ruling Pen. 1 Paper Folder, 2 Caning Sticks. 1 Brush. 1 Platform Scale. 1 Counter Scale. 4 Liquid Measures. 2 Funnels, 9 Soapens. 1 Hatchet. 1 Butcher Knife. 1 Tap Br. 3 Gambiers. 1 Counter Scale and Scoop. 1 Scale Scoop. 5 Coffee Mills. 2 Marking Brushes. 19 Brooms. 224 Seamless Sacks. 73 Flour Sacks. 1 Axe. 1 Wall Bucket. 7 Pad Locks. 1 Wooden Bucket. 1 Skillet. 5 Pieces Stone Pipe. 1 Barrel. 1 Box. 1 Sash. By command of Brevet Major General J. J. REYNOLDS, HERMAN SCHRINER, 1st. Lieut. U. S. Army, A. C. S. 16-7-til j20.
- I. N. EVERETT, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. OFFICE NO. 17, FRENCH'S BUILDING, San Antonio, Texas. Will practice in the State and Federal Courts. (6-7-69d)
- Land Certificates. For sale by JOHN C. FRENCH, President, (ed18d1mw3m) S. A. & M. O. B. B. Co.

Local Intelligence.

CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce THOMAS H. STIBLING, as a candidate for Congress, from the 4th Congressional District. We are authorized to announce A. O. COOLEY, of Gillespie county, as a candidate for Commissioner of the General Land Office, at the next election. Subject to the action of a full Republican State Convention of Texas. We are authorized to announce ALBERT TOWNE, as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 3. We are authorized to announce the name of PEYTON SMYTHE, as a candidate for the office of the District Court for Bexar county, at the coming election. We are authorized to announce Col. L. CAMP, of Refugio county, as a candidate for Commissioner of the General Land Office, at the next election. We are authorized to announce the name of F. EIGENDORFF, as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1, Bexar county, at the ensuing election. We are authorized to announce the name of ROBERT J. BURNS, as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the District Court of Bexar county, at the ensuing election. We are authorized to announce the name of JAMES N. FISK, as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Bexar county, at the ensuing election. We are authorized to announce the name of H. McCORMACK, as a candidate for the office of Justice of the Peace, Precinct No. 1, Bexar county, at the ensuing election. We are authorized to announce the name of R. J. TEEL, as a candidate for the office of Clerk of the District Court for Bexar county, under the proposed new Constitution, at the coming election.

MORTUARY.—Two deaths are reported during the week ending 17th July: Elena Lopez, 9 years of age, and Ignacio Morales, 30 years.

POWERS.—There were thirteen arrests during the week ending Saturday; 8 cases of drunkenness, 2 committed to jail and 6 paid fines; 3 for fighting, 2 plead guilty, 1 dismissed for disturbing the peace.

DAMAGED GOODS.—A train of Mexican carts loaded mostly with groceries to different firms in the city, arrived on Saturday; this train had been overtaken by the flood and the goods of a perishable nature, such as coffee, were damaged so as to be an entire loss. Rhodius & Co., were the heaviest sufferers.

ICE.—We are gratified to learn that Mr. Guenther has succeeded in getting his new ice factory in operation, and made his first ice on yesterday, Saturday. Mr. G. is one of the truly enterprising men of our city, and he is determined to furnish our community with ice at a cheap figure, and after a considerable outlay and a great deal of trouble, has his machinery in working order. It is a patent of Mr. Muhl's of this city, and considered the best now in use. No danger of Mr. Guenther's machine getting out of order during the hot season.—Hyprah for Guenther.

REMOVAL OF HEADQUARTERS OF FIRE COMPANY NO. 1.—In consequence of the dilapidated condition of the old building on the Military Plaza, occupied by Fire Company No. 1, as a store room for their engine, the company have removed the engine to the building on the south-west corner of Solidad and Paseo street, opposite Mr. Weber's Saloon and boarding house. The company have put their new quarters in fine order, and until further notice, the members of this fire company will rally at the new headquarters.

"REPUBLICAN" AGEN.—We entertained the hope, that our friend, who signs himself "Republican" would keep out of the Herald; but it seems he gets back into it again in the shape of a communication attempting to prove that drunkenness in Jack Hamilton, is a virtue. The history of all persons who have, in any way become connected with the Herald concern, is sad and lamentable; a colored man who turned the wheel of his power press a while, became so demoralized that he has never fairly recovered from it.

A Card.—Mr. F. Samanigan will have an opportunity afforded him at the proper time, to establish his high character for honesty. d1t B. F. PICKLIN.

VACATION OF THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The Public Schools of the city have closed for the summer vacation, and it is appropriate to say that the term just ended, has been the most successful and gratifying known since the first inauguration of these City Schools. The present city administration found the city schools in a poor condition, and doing very little for the cause of education. A thorough re-organization was inaugurated and the services of an accomplished professional teacher from the public schools of Massachusetts secured. Miss Hathaway had to contend with all the difficulties and prejudices a stranger would naturally meet with, but her perseverance and ability soon won her golden opinions, and from a dozen pupils, the free school, under her immediate charge, grew too large for the building, reaching the number of two hundred. As the school grew, assistants were employed, Misses Hewitt and Kempton, who have faithfully and ably seconded the labors of the principal. The progress made by the children has been a source of great gratification to their parents. Of the two hundred children attending the schools 85 were of American extraction, 75 Mexican, 29 German, 19 Irish and 3 Polish. The vacation will last through this month and the month of August. It is hoped the project of building

an edifice which will accommodate this little army of children, will be carried out. There is no enterprise of the present city administration which reflects more credit, has accomplished more good and given more satisfaction than the city schools. We will speak of the colored school as soon as we can examine the report of its condition.

MINERAL WEALTH.—Col. Chas. Movenskiold has shown the editor of the Corpus Christi Advertiser specimens of mineral water, resembling quartz, picked up from miles beyond San Diego, on the plains of Juan Seis. One of these specimens has a great resemblance to the croppings of silver and copper ore. The Advertiser also understands that a spring of petroleum has been found in the same vicinity.

A HARD CASE.—A man named G. W. Dodson, from Bell county, was lodged in jail the first part of the week. There are, we understand, divers charges against him; firing into a congregation of religious worshippers and breaking up their service, breaking open houses for purposes of theft, creating disturbances on the street, etc., etc. He professes to be a stone mason and carries a stone hammer around with him tied to his saddle, but his prosecutors say that this stone hammer is for the purpose of breaking into houses.—Waco Ex. 2d.

KILLED.—We regret to learn of the death of young Mr. Warren Echeberger, only son of T. W. Echeberger, of this county, and a relative of Maj. U. B. Garwood, aged 17 years. He had just left home and was en route for Kansas with a drove of bees. At Brushy, Williamson county, while chasing a beef his horse fell, crushing him to such an extent, that he died in a few moments after the fall. He was a very promising youth, and leaves many friends to regret his early and unexpected death.—Bastrop Advertiser, 3d.

New Stock! New Stock!!

- 100 Bbls. Choice Family Flour.
100 Cases Kerosine Oil, 'Devoes.'
400 SACKS SALT, COARSE and FINE.
200 Bbls. SUGAR, PRIME CHOICE and GUARANTEED.
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Philosophy of Marriage.—A New Course of Lectures delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to Live, and What to Live for; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Married Generally Reviewed; The Cause of Infidelity; Fidelity and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage, Physiologically Considered, &c. The lectures will be forwarded on receipt of four stamps by addressing:—Secretary Baltimore Museum of Anatomy, 74 West Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Md. (10-7-82)

Potographs AT REDUCED PRICES. The undersigned informs his friends and the public that he has reduced the price of his photographs as follows: CARTE DE VISITE, per dozen, \$5.00 special; Direct in portions from Europe will enable me to next Fall to furnish the above at \$4.00 per dozen. H. A. DOERR, 4-7-82.

Just Received, 75 Bbls. Bremen Beer, Quarts and Pints. 100 Bbls. Crushed Sugar. 25 Bbls. Rice. J. A. STAECKE, Agent.

THE AGENCY OF Wilson, Childs & Co., SHELL BIRD STOCK HERE AT Manufacturer's prices, adding expenses for Insurance and freight, only. A complete stock of Ox and Mule Wagons, always on hand. Price list open to all. A. STAECKE, Agent. 24-6-wim.

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Fare Reduced. These routes have been newly stocked and the FARE REDUCED to the unprecedented low price of 15 cents per mile. T. G. WILLIAMS, Agent, at Stock & Warren, No. 100 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas, October 15, 1882.

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