

San Antonio Express.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1869.

VOL. III.

NO. 26.

The Convention, with
One Hundred and Fourth Day.

CAPITOL, AUSTIN, Texas,
January 11, 1869.

Convention met pursuant to adjournment; roll called; quorum present, prayed by the chairman journal of Saturday read and adopted.

The President announced Messrs. Evans of McLennan, Brown, Mundine, Carter and Ruby, on the special committee called for by the motion of Mr. Patten upon the declaration introduced on Saturday respecting the Central Railroad Company.

The President directed the following communication to be read:

H'DWS 5TH MIL. DISTRICT,
State of Texas,
Austin, Jan. 10, 1869.
Hon. E. J. Davis, President Const.
Convention,

Austin, Texas.

Sir: I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 4th inst., transmitting a copy of the preamble and resolution passed the Convention on the 2d, and request that you will communicate to that body my warmest thanks for the expressions of approval and confidence with which it honored me.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
R. R. S. CANBY,
Secretary - Batt. Maj. Gen.

Mr. Flanigan moved a suspension of the rules to take up declaration respecting the Southern Pacific Railroad company.

Rules suspended.

Mr. Armstrong of Lamar moved the declaration he made the special order of the day for next Monday.

Mr. Flanigan moved the previous question.

Previous question seconded.

The question recurred "Shall the said question be now put?" upon which the yeas and nays were demanded and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. Adams, Bell, Board, Brown, Burnett, Carter, Cole, Curtis, Evans of Titus, Flanigan, W. Flanigan, Gaston, Harne, Harris, Johnson of Harrison, Jordan, Kealy, Kellogg, Kendal, Kenschler, Leib, Long, McCormick, McWashington, Morse, Monroe, Newcomb, Patten, Pedigo, Phillips of San Augustine, Ruby, Smith, Sorrell, Varnell, Watrous, Wilson of Brazoria, Wilson of Milam, Wright—38.

Nays—Messrs. President, Armstrong of Jasper, Armstrong of Lamar, Bellinger, Bledsoe, Bryant of Harris, Gray, Hamilton of Bastrop, Hunt, Lippard, Mullens, Mundine, Rogers, Scott, Slaughter, Stockbridge, Thomas, Vaughan, Whitmore, Williams—27.

So the main question was ordered.

The question recurred upon the adoption of the declaration; upon which the yeas and nays were demanded and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. Adams, Bell, Board, Brown, Burnett, Carter, Cole, Evans of Titus, Flanigan, W. Flanigan, Gaston, Gray, Harris, Harne, Johnson of Harrison, Jordan, Kellogg, Kendal, Kenschler, Leib, McCormick, McWashington, Morse, Monroe, Newcomb, Pedigo, Phillips of San Augustine, Ruby, Smith, Sorrell, Varnell, Watrous, Wilson of Brazoria, Wilson of Milam, Wright—36.

Nays—Messrs. President, Armstrong of Jasper, Bellinger, Bledsoe, Bryant of Grayson, Bryant of Harris, Buffington, Butler, Curtis, DeGener, Downing, Evans of McLennan, Fleming, Gray, Hamilton of Bastrop, Hunt, Lippard, Mullens, Mundine, Rogers, Scott, Slaughter, Thomas, Vaughan, Whitmore, Williams—25.

So the convention adopted the declaration.

Mr. Flanigan moved a further suspension of the rules to put the declaration on its final passage; upon which the yeas and nays were demanded and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. President, Adams, Bell, Board, Brown, Burnett, Carter, Cole, Evans of Titus, Fayle, Flanigan, W. Flanigan, Gaston, Harris, Hause, Johnson of Harrison, Jordan, Kellogg, Kendal, Kenschler, Leib, McCormick, McWashington, Morse, Monroe, Newcomb, Pedigo, Phillips of San Augustine, Ruby, Smith, Sorrell, Varnell, Wilson of Brazoria, Wilson of Milam, Wright—35.

Nays—Messrs. Armstrong of Jasper, Armstrong of Lamar, Bellinger, Bledsoe, Bryant of Grayson, Bryant

of Harris, Buffington, Butler, Curtis, Downing, Evans of McLennan, Fleming, Gray, Hamilton of Bastrop, Hunt, Lippard, Mullens, Mundine, Rogers, Scott, Stockbridge, Thomas, Vaughan, Whitmore, Williams—25.

House refused to suspend the rules.

Mr. Whitmore from the Committee on Finance reported as follows:

To the Hon. E. J. Davis, President of the Convention.

A majority of the committee on Finance, to whom was referred a resolution on the subject of mileage and per diem, have had the same under consideration and a majority of the committee request me to report the same back to the house and ask that the mileage allowed the members at the June and July session of the Convention in the year 1868, be the standard of members during the session, and that no mileage is due the officers of the convention for their services.

Very respectfully,
G. W. WHITMORE,
Chairman of Committee.

Mr. Armstrong of Lamar moved to suspend the rules to take up the report.

Rules suspended.

Mr. Armstrong of Lamar offered the following amendment:

Resolved, That the Comptroller pay to each member of this Convention the number of miles paid the Convention of 1868.

Mr. Smith offered the following amendment:

Provided, That the mileage allowed to members shall be paid at the same rate for all sessions of the convention as was established at the first session.

Mr. Flanigan moved that the whole matter be referred to a special committee of three.

Carried.

Messrs. Flanigan, Bryant of Grayson, Armstrong of Lamar, were appointed the special committee by the President.

Mr. Flanigan from the committee on Internal Improvements reported as follows:

COMMITTEE ROOM, Jan. 8, 1869.
Hon. E. J. Davis, President Convention:

Sir: Your committee had before them a declaration presented by delegate Fayle from Harris county, asking for the incorporating of the Phoenix Transportation company. After a careful examination of the same the committee arrive at the conclusion that it is a laudable enterprise, and I am instructed to report the same back and to recommend the passage of the same.

Respectfully submitted,
J. W. FLANIGAN,
Chairman Committee.

Mr. Smith moved a suspension of the rules to take up the declaration.

Rules suspended.

The question recurred upon the adoption of the declaration.

It was adopted.

Mr. Patten moved a further suspension of the rules to put the declaration on its first passage.

Rules suspended.

The question recurred upon the first passage of the declaration.

It was read by caption and passed.

Mr. Hamilton of Travis offered the following resolution:

Whereas, the Reverend Bishop Simpson is expected to visit this city the coming week.

Resolved, That he be, and is hereby tendered the use of this Hall, on Sunday, the 24th inst.

Mr. Hamilton of Travis moved to suspend the rules to consider the resolution.

Rules suspended.

The question recurred upon the adoption of the resolution.

It was adopted.

Mr. Armstrong of Lamar introduced the following resolution:

Resolved, That on and after Wednesday, the 18th inst., the convention will immediately after reading the journal, proceed to complete the constitution, and form a civil government for the State of Texas, and that the evening session of the convention shall be devoted to the receptions of petitions, reports of committees, resolutions and declarations, and such other business as in the opinion of the convention shall seem proper and right.

Mr. Mundine introduced a declaration, and asked that it be read by caption, and referred to the committee on counties and county boundaries.

It was so referred.

Mr. Flanigan Webster introduced

a declaration to incorporate the Texia Mutual Life Company, and asked that it be read by caption, and referred to the committee on Commerce and Manufactures.

It was so ordered.

Mr. Slaughter introduced the following declaration, and asked its reference to the committee on Contingent Expenses.

Whereas, The Assessor and Collector of Smith county did not receive the order for the collection of the convention tax, until after he had finished the collection of all other taxes, and was at an expense not renumerated by the collection of said convention tax,

Resolved, That he be paid the sum of one hundred dollars, and the comptroller is authorized to issue his warrant upon this resolution.

It was so ordered.

Mr. Stockbridge introduced a declaration incorporating the Brewham and Waco Railroad company, and asked that it be read by caption, and referred to the committee on Internal Improvements.

It was so ordered.

Mr. Bryant of Grayson, asked that Mr. Kirk be indefinitely excused from attendance on the convention.

Leave granted.

Mr. Smith introduced a declaration incorporating the Galveston and Velasco Railroad company and asked that it be read by caption, and referred to the committee on Internal Improvements.

It was so ordered.

Mr. Stockbridge introduced the following declaration:

Whereas, There are more officers in this convention than is necessary for the carrying on the business of this body, and

Whereas the Sergeant-at-arms can attend to the Postoffice therefor.

Resolved, that the said Postmaster of this convention be, and is hereby removed from further service, and that the Sergeant-at-arms be required to carry on the post office for this body.

Mr. Summer moved a suspension of the rules to consider the resolution.

Rules not suspended.

Mr. Harne introduced the following declaration:

Be it ordained by the people of Texas, in convention assembled, that when any note, bill, bond, or other written evidence of debt was placed in the hands of any bailee, agent or attorney at law for collection during the rebellion, and that during said rebellion the same was collected in Confederate money, or bartered, exchanged, or otherwise disposed of on a confederate basis, that said bailee, agent or attorney at law may discharge the same by paying the current value of said Confederate money on the first day of January 1865, and that when suit has been instituted for the recovering of the same, that such bailee, agent or attorney at law shall not be liable beyond the amount above specified.

Mr. Patten moved a suspension of the rules to take up the declaration.

Rules suspended.

The question recurred upon the adoption of the declaration.

It was adopted.

Mr. Patten moved a further suspension of the rules to put the declaration on its first reading.

Rules suspended.

The question recurred upon the adoption of the declaration.

It was adopted.

Mr. Smith of Galveston, moved a further suspension of the rules to put the declaration on its third reading.

Rules suspended.

Declaration read third time and passed.

Mr. Newcomb moved a suspension of the rules to take up a report of the journal, proceed to complete the constitution, and form a civil government for the State of Texas, and that the evening session of the convention shall be devoted to the receptions of petitions, reports of committees, resolutions and declarations, and such other business as in the opinion of the convention shall seem proper and right.

Mr. Mundine introduced a declaration, and asked that it be read by caption, and referred to the committee on counties and county boundaries.

It was so referred.

Mr. Flanigan Webster introduced

adoption of the declaration.

It was adopted.

Mr. Newcomb moved a further suspension of the rules to put resolution on its final passage.

Rules suspended.

Declaration read third time and passed.

Mr. Summer moved to call up the report of committee on General Provisions.

Mr. Slaughter moved the convention adjourn till at 7 o'clock this evening.

Carried.

City Cards.

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GOLD AND SILVER TRIMMINGS.

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Engravers and Manufacturers

of all articles in their line.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

repaired and warranted.

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

Commerce Street,

FIVE doors east of Main Plaza,

Opposite their Old Stand.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Nov. 18, 1868.

DR. COCKE,

LAWYER.

Office, up stairs Royal Building, on the Military Plaza.

JACK COCKE,

LAWYER.

Office, west side of Military Plaza, near Courthouse.

DR. T. TEMPLEMAN VAN DER HEVEN

OPPOSITE NEW ARMY

BLODGETT'S BOOKSTORE

Opposite Main Plaza.

DR. WEISSELMER,

Physician and Surgeon.

OFFICE, at Nettie's Drug Store,

Commerce Street.

SAN ANTONIO, Jan. 18, 1868.

DR. F. HERFF,

Respectfully announces to his friends that

he has resumed his practice in this city.

The Daily Express.

Official Journal of the United States.

Official Journal of Bexar County and City of San Antonio.

W. E. MOORE, Editor.

A. Schmering & Co., Publishers.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 16, 1869.

Executive Committee of the Republican Party of Texas:
MORGAN C. HAMILTON, of Travis,
E. DEGENE, of Bexar,
P. W. HALE, of Robertson,
C. W. BRYANT, of Harris,
A. BLINSON, of Dallas,
G. W. WHITMORE, of Smith,
J. W. TALBOT, of Williamson,
B. F. WILLIAMS, of Colorado,
R. PATTEN, of McLennan,
G. T. RUBY, of Galveston.
M. H. GODDIN, Polk county.
DON CAMPBELL, Marion county.

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DAILY EXPRESS.

Squares, 1 month.	2 mos.	3 mos.	4 mos.	1 year
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One	4.00	12.00	24.00	48.00
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Three	12.00	36.00	72.00	144.00
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All business communications should be addressed

A. SCHMERING & CO.

Our Paper.

The debates and proceedings in the convention are at present crowding our columns to such an extent that matters of national and local interest are necessarily more or less neglected.

We are preparing our press current and arranging our commercial correspondence, and as soon as space will permit will devote our attention to the wants of business men, we ask a week or two's indulgence.

About as Correct as the Balance of that Report.

In the accounts of the *Herald* of the adjourned meeting on the financial meeting of Division, on Monday last it is stated. "The choir it seems, had provided himself with a long keen edged sword which he flourished around considerably, trying to preserve order."

This statement is palpably false as is the whole fabrication of the *Herald* concerning this meeting. The Chairman Judge Gamble, as every one present must admit, exhibited no sword, and seemed to take the whole matter in a quiet and dignified manner, in fact he seemed rather modest in the confusion of a certain little clique than otherwise.

We observe that the Representatives of the *Herald* upon that occasion had their facilities considerably confounded as they saw a sword in the hands of the chairman, and heard resolutions on Division, etc., which no one else present, at least, no other man, either saw or heard.

We presume, as seemed to be the case with a majority of the chirality present, that they had been considerably worked up by the disfranchised clauses in the proposed constitution for West Texas, had after the practice of "ye chirality" poisoned themselves by too much egotism and rot got whisky, and now in a condition to see most anything. We noticed upon the occasion when their legs got a good deal tangled in their awkward attempts to escape, they had to jump up against each other in small squads taking on their feet; and from the various reports that have emanated from them since, we realize the extend to which they had im-

That Lying Telegram.

AS SENT.

SAN ANTONIO, Jan. 13th.

COL. J. L. HAYNES, Austin Republican:
Mass meeting to-night favoring division—Resolutions appointing a committee to express the sentiments of San Antonio in favor of division voted down—large majority—adjourned *sine die*.
(Signed) H. C. LOGAN.

AS PRINTED.

Republican Extra.

AUSTIN, Jan. 18, 1869.

[Special to the Austin Republican.]

San Antonio, January 12th, 1869.

The Mass Meeting called by those favoring a division of the State, to express the sentiments of San Antonio on Division, voted down the resolutions favoring Division, by a large majority, and adjourned *sine die*.

Thus we see the so-called chairman of a republican executive committee and the editor of a journal that gloated over the assassination of Lincoln fraternising.

Strange bed fellows indeed.

Federal Colonel Haynes the Johnsonian Revenue man; Confederate Cook Logan the editor of the murderers apostle.

Marks of Mr. Monroe. of Houston and Trinity counties, in the Convention, on the Report of the Committee on "the condition of the State," and the substitute offered by Mr. Davis, of Nueces, in Committee of the Whole,—delivered Jan. 7, 1869.

MR. CHAIRMAN:

I do not feel that I would be doing justice to my constituents, or myself, if I permitted the present occasion to pass without giving expression to my opinions on the leading subjects under discussion to-day. I say this much lest it might be supposed that I were vain enough to presume that it was in my power to cast any light upon the matter before us.

CONDITION OF THE STATE.

The official report of Maj. Gen. Reynolds on the condition of the State, made to the General of the Armies of the United States, and the new President elect, dated Austin, Nov. 4, 1868, and the letter of Gov. Pease to the Chairman of the Committee, on the condition of the State, have been elaborately discussed, and widely different opinions as to their merits have been expressed.

Now, sir, these two good, wise and distinguished citizens have occupied stand points from which each could survey the whole State more thoroughly and accurately than any other gentleman in the State. They are known to be honorable men and patriots, and it would be well when gentlemen presume to deny their statements, and to condemn their conclusions, to ask themselves who, under all the circumstances, should be the better judge?

And here, sir, I must not omit to mention that the report of the Committee on "the condition of the State," endorses the report of the Commanding General, and the letter of Gov. Pease.

The committee had access to much of the material on which the report of Gen. Reynolds and the letter of Gov. Pease were based, besides other reliable sources, and their own experience and information.

Now, sir, these two good, wise and distinguished citizens have interposed their opinions against the opinion and statements of Gen. Reynolds and Gov. Pease. I cannot but express my surprise at their unanimity.

Suppose, Mr. Chairman, that the Government of the United States were to appoint two eminent geologists to make a survey of the State, and these selected and chosen functionaries were to report, that in many portions of the State, Marion, Titus and Van Zandt, for instance, they had discovered mines of lead, copper and gold, would it be considered wise or safe, sir, for any gentleman to dispute the statement, and contradict the discovery, and most especially if these eminent geologists were known to be men of undoubted acquirements, and that they were known to be faithful in all positions, at all times. And what would you, sir, of this Convention, or the world, Mr. Chairman, think of the presumption of gentlemen who denied the truth of the statements of these eminent geologists, and grounded their denial on the simple fact that they had never seen any mines of lead, copper or gold in the counties named, or in any other county. Yet, sir, such testimony is analogous to much that has been brought to bear, or rather to much that gentlemen have sought to bring to bear, against the Report of Gen. Reynolds, the letter of Gov. Pease, and the Report of the Committee on "the condition of the State." Gentlemen would do well to remember that a witness may prove too much, and damage his client, by his zeal going ahead of his judgment; and his prejudices overmastering his sober convictions of right.

Now, sir, Gen. Reynolds says in his Report, in the second section of it: "Armed conflict, generally known as Ku-Klux, has been prevalent in the State, or in considerable parts of it, in many instances, for some time past, and now prevails in the Trinity river country."

Now, sir, Gen. Reynolds does not give us his opinion, but it is a fact. We have the word of one gentleman from Cherokee, (Mr. Gaston), that such organization exists in Cherokee and Angelina counties. That may be so, and yet Gen. Reynolds' Report is not disproved. But I would kindly and most respectfully ask of the gentlemen from Cherokee, how does he know his own statement, to be true, and is he not trying to prove too much? Of course he must speak only from his own knowledge. Can there not exist such organizations in Cherokee and Angelina without his knowledge? I presume such a thing possible.

Mr. Chairman, Gov. Pease and Gen. Reynolds have thus made track, the vantage ground on all questions was disposed to try a hit with them. One fact will suffice and upon a thousand theories and speculations, and it is this, sir, that gentlemen seem to try to weaken the statements of the commanding general and our own faithful sentinel on the watch tower of Liberty, E. M. Price.

Now, sir, taking for granted as true, all that has been reported in relation to the condition of the State, the first inquiry is, what are we to do with it, or suggest as a remedy, to the evils and dangers that surround us?

The opinion of all enlightened men seems to require in the opinion of the Governor and the Committee on the condition

election can be held at this time. The resolutions of the Committee, and the substitute of the gentlemen from Nueces, are before us. My views on the question of a division of the State are well known. As Chairman of the Committee, I had the honor, at our last session, to bring in a bill for division, and to make a few remarks in support of the proposition. My views have undergone no change. I am still in favor of a fair, equal and constitutional and friendly division. But, sir, on this as on all the most important questions, we are divided. On this as on all questions of policy and expediency, I bow to the will of the majority.

To say, sir, that I fully endorse the propositions before this body as full solutions for all our difficulties, would be idle.

I believe, sir, that it may be best, after all, to endorse the report of the commanding general and the governor, and the report of the committee on the condition of the State, as to our condition, and make our condition known to Congress. I think that it would be eminently proper to send from this body a delegation to Congress, as advised by the committee, after the adoption, if deemed practicable, of the substitute of the gentleman (Gen. Davis). As to what other and further legislation, if any, is needed, Congress can determine. I fully concur in the opinions so well and forcibly expressed by the gentlemen (Evans) from McLennan, and (Hamilton) from Travis, that the reconstruction laws, if enforced, are amply sufficient for the occasion that called them into existence.

But, Mr. Chairman, proper remedies must be applied at the proper time, or in effecting a cure, and I confess it does seem as if we were in a condition that required further remedies, or newer and more powerful agencies. Time will determine all this. In the meanwhile, we might usefully employ our matured experience in forming a constitution, confiding in the wisdom of Congress and the incoming President, to aid in assuming our "practical relations" to the Union, in good time. I shall cheerfully submit to any course the convention may adopt in the premises, whether in accordance with my own views or otherwise.

SUFFRAGE.

On the subject of suffrage, Mr. Chairman, my present opinion is that we should leave it just where Congress placed it in the election of delegates to this body. Those who are disabled by the 14th amendment can easily procure a removal of all disabilities by coming up like men and manfully accepting the "situation" in good faith. No true Republican is in favor of disfranchising any man, but will rather enfranchise all when it can be safely done. "Everything for safety, and nothing for revenge" is, and should be, our motto. I say to our Democratic friends, let me call them brethren, "for we are all Americans, give us free speech and equal rights, and we will give you the same. The first we claim, and the latter you may obtain by doing unto others as ye would they should do unto you."

Mr. Chairman, before concluding, I feel called on to allude to a remark of the distinguished gentleman from Titus, (Evans). In his able speech before us yesterday in reference to the murder of the late Hon. G. W. Smith, of Marion, he remarked that the people of Marion county believed that Mr. Smith was at the head of an organization that was, I imagine, the Loyal League. That organization has been the theme of Democratic and Conservative denunciation and vituperation for a very long time. They have scared the women and children with this "raw-head and bloody bones" long enough. The orators and preachers of the democratic party have exhausted the vocabulary to find language to do justice to the subject. Strange to say, the Union League survives all these furious onslaughts of her blind assailants. It has been charged, among other things, with seeking to array the black race against the white race, and every white man who has become a member of this loyal fraternity, has been charged with being a member of this organization. That organization has been held up to public condemnation. Such was the fate of the lamented Geo. W. Smith.

Now, sir, bear with me while I read in full a late speech from Gen. U. S. Grant, the President elect of the United States. I read it with the hope that it will calm the nerves of our democratic friends, for all sensible men must admit that they cannot believe that our President would become a member of a dangerous organization.

Such was the fate of the lamented Geo. W. Smith.

Now, sir, this is the truth of the matter.

One of the leading men of the Union League of this city, as well as to the Union Leagues of other cities, for the great benefit they conferred upon the Government during the rebellion through which we have passed of late years. I wish to acknowledge their liberality toward myself, and toward the soldiers serving against the rebellion, and to thank them for it.

Now, sir, no patriot need fear evil from an organization based on fidelity to Liberty and Law, which numbers among its members and supporters, numbers of the most prominent and tried patriots of the land, beginning with the talismanic names of Grant and Custer.

Now, sir, this was the organization to which the lamented Smith belonged, and for belonging to which, in the opinion of the gentlemen from Titus, they slew him. He belonged to an organization brought into being during a dark and bloody rebellion to sustain and perpetuate the great principles of civil and religious liberty, and they slew him.

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AT THE CASINO HALL,

Saturday Night, Jan. 16th, 1869.

Theatre open at 7 o'clock, performance to commence at 8 o'clock.

None but members and their guests, (members) admitted. (Jas 15 d.)

THE FARM.—We have been informed that the ford at Leffing's Mill is in a dangerous condition; teams in crossing have a hard time in getting through safely, drivers looking after.

DOUGLASS.—Owing to the inclemency of the weather, "Douglas" has been postponed until to-night. We hope to see a good house.

THE COFFEE STALL.—The Coffee Stall in Market west of the river is now declared vacant. To-day at 9 A.M. the Master will bid it off to the highest bidder.

ALL QUIET.—Nothing to report in police matters.

Pass the Vagrant Ordinance, and put it in force—too many loafers about the streets.

AUCTION.—Remember the immense Auction at David Friedlander & Co.'s to-day. Fortunes may be made at this sale; goods will be sold cheap. Speculators, this is a fine opportunity for you to invest.

NO DESPATCHES.—The telegraph line is down again, and we have no late news.

We wish the members of Congress could get that new Telegraph bill passed—a line without wires, with a battery in the clouds—if clouds there were.

DITTRICK & BAUGH.—These gentlemen notify the citizens of San Antonio that they have just received a fresh lot of fruits, which they offer very low. We can recommend these fruits as being splendid, as they have been sampled by us.

THE FIRE ALARM-BELL.—It has been suggested to us, as also requested, that we say something in regard to the fire bell being removed to the Presbyterian church steeple, so that in case of fire the bell can be rung immediately. The members of the church would gladly embrace this opportunity, and leave the key in some place so that it could be got at easily in case of a fire. We think this a good idea, and ask the Mayor and Aldermen to think favorably of this matter.

MUDGY.—As we were wending our steps cautiously away from the Honorable Mayor's temple of justice on Thursday morning, our attention was arrested by seeing the City Attorney astride a huge freedman's back, being conveyed from the Mayor's office to a safe landing-place on the side-walk opposite, which appeared to be unsafe and without foundation as the streets.

Our city is in a terrible condition—streets, gutters, and side-walks, are all alike, full of mud—and in some spots no bottom. We hope that the parties taking the contract will attend to the city wants, in fixing up the streets.

Bids for Cleaning Streets, &c.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, CITY OF SAN ANTONIO, January 16, 1869.

At 12 m., in accordance with a public notice given, the undersigned proceeded to examine the bids for cleaning and policing the Streets and Plazas of this city, for the term of one year, from the 15th of January, 1869.

The following are the names of the respective bidders:

Amount of Bid per Month

Charles Muller..... \$175.00

C. Weisenberg & Co..... 345.00

Albus Frans..... 200.00

William Piper..... 175.00

Pat. Sweeney & R. Haley..... 130.00

Henry Forneyester & Achterberg..... 900.00

C. W. W. GAMBEL..... 175.00

W. C. A. THEILEPAPPE,
Mayor City of San Antonio.

Correspondence.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Jan. 16, 1869.

MR. W. W. GAMBEL, Judge C. C. B. C.

DEAR Sir:

The truthfulness of my despatch of January 13th to Hon. E. Dogear, is called in question.

I would respectfully ask to know if the meeting of Monday night, over which you presided, was a "mass meeting"? Was the question of division discussed? Were any resolutions respecting division introduced? Were the objects of the meeting defeated?

An early answer will greatly oblige,

Your obedient servant,

W. W. GAMBEL, W. W. MOORE.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Jan. 16, 1869.

MR. W. W. MOORE, Editor of the Express.

Sir:

Yours of this date, asking certain questions, has been handed me. In reply I would state—

I would say that the meeting referred to, over which I presided, in my opinion, was certainly not a "mass meeting."

In this connection, I would refer to the authorized report of this meeting, published in the Express and World of the 16th instant. This report is signed by Mr.

self as Chairman, and Peyton Mayne as Secretary, and embodies our conception of the meeting. It is headed, "Called Meeting of Citizens on the Division of the State." It states the objects of the meeting, and the measure in which these objects were carried out.

The result of the meeting was simply the appointment of a Finance Committee to raise \$1,000. No other matters but financial ones were acted upon by the meeting.

"On motion, it was resolved that the Finance Committee be requested to report at a meeting to be called by the President and Secretary on Monday night."

I would here refer to the posture calling this meeting in accordance with this resolution. They were signed by myself as Chairman, and by the Secretary of the previous meeting, and were headed, (one mass meeting), but "Adjourned Meeting."

The adjourned meeting was on the appointed time, was presided over by the same officers, and was the continuation of the previous meeting. It called it so, as I distinctly stated, as the object for which we had assembled, that it was for the purpose of receiving the report of the Finance Committee.

The report of said Committee was received. The question of division was not discussed. No discussion regarding division were introduced. The objects of the meeting were certainly established.

I am surprised that any movement should exist on this subject. The whole meeting was in effect a financial one; no other matter was acted upon in it.

A recent meeting in the appointment of a Committee on Resolutions, to report their sense of the meeting, was introduced. The names of the parties who were to compose this Committee, were embodied in the resolution by the Chair, at the request of the person who introduced the resolution. This resolution was lost. No Committee on Resolutions was appointed by the meeting, and no other resolutions, except to adjourn, were introduced.

By command of
Bvt. Maj. General CANDY,
J. A. POTTER,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. & Chf. Qr. Mr. 4th Mil. Dist.
Jan. 16th.

Proposals for Corn.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT,
STATE OF TEXAS,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
Austin, Texas, January 6, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS,

In duplicate, will be received at this office until Friday, February 5th, 1869, at 12 M., for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department at Fort Concho, Texas, with such quantity of Corn as may be required until May 1st, 1869.

Corn to be of good, clean, merchantable quality, shelled and delivered in sacks, subject to a rigid inspection.

Delivery to commence on award of contract, and continued in such quantities and at such times as may be required by the Post Quartermaster.

Bids to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Corn at Camp Concho," and addressed to the undersigned.

By command of
Bvt. Maj. General CANDY,
J. A. POTTER,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. & Chf. Qr. Mr. 4th Mil. Dist.
Jan. 16th.

Proposals for Corn.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT,

STATE OF TEXAS,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,

Austin, Texas, January 6, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS,

In duplicate, will be received at this office until Saturday, February 15th, 1869, at 12 M., for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department at Camp Concho, Texas, with such quantity of corn as may be required, until June 30th, 1869.

Corn to be of good, clean, merchantable quality, shelled and delivered in sacks, subject to a rigid inspection.

Delivery to commence on award of contract, and continued in such quantities and at such times as may be required by the Post Quartermaster.

Bids to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Corn at Camp Concho," and addressed to the undersigned.

By command of
Bvt. Maj. General CANDY,
J. A. POTTER,
Bvt. Brig. Gen. & Chf. Qr. Mr. 4th Mil. Dist.
Jan. 16th.

Proposals for Lime and Charcoal.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT,

STATE OF TEXAS,
OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,

Austin, Texas, January 6, 1869.

SEALED PROPOSALS,

In duplicate, will be received at this office, until Monday, January 30th, 1869, at 12 M., for supplying the Quartermaster's Department at San Antonio, Texas, with such quantity of Lime and Charcoal as may be required during February and March.

Lime and Charcoal to be of first quality, subject to a rigid inspection.

Bids will be entertained for either of the above articles.

Delivery to commence on award of contract, and continued in such quantities and at such times as the receiving officer may require.

Bids to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Lime and Charcoal at San Antonio," and addressed to the undersigned.

By command of
Bvt. Major General CANDY.

J. A. POTTER,
Bvt. Brigadier General, 4th Military District.

Jan. 16th.

KORNIGER & CO.

MAIN PLAZA,

OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

JUST RECEIVED, a splendid full

stock of

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS, &c., &c.

At prices below New York cost.

Special attention of dealers is called to this rare chance, they should examine our stock before purchasing.

SAN ANTONIO STEAM

Cracker and Candy Factory.

Schmitt & Duerler,

Commerce and Market Streets,

Wholesale Manufacturers of

CRACKERS.

Of all kinds in quantities to suit purchasers.

Canaries

Or paces less sugar in boxes of 10, 25 and

50 pounds.

CONFECTIONERY,

WEDDING AND BALL CAKES,

made to order. Soda, Mineral and Bar-

barbecue waters in fountains and bottles.

All kinds of

Soda Water Apparatus

constantly on hand.

JOINTS.

Proposals for Corn.

HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT,

STATE OF TEXAS,

BUSINESS DIRECTORY FOR SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The following is a list of business men in this city, who may be addressed in reference to their respective class of business:

District Judge—T. H. Stripling.
County Judge—W. W. Gambie.
Moye—F. C. Chelapek.

Manufacturer's Architects, &c.
J. H. Kampmann, Architect and Builder.

Professional
Mortimer Slocom, M. D., Homeopathic Physician.
J. Cooke, Attorney at Law.
Leigh & Dittmar, " "
J. P. Newcomer, Notary Public.
Dr. T. Templeman van der Hoeven, Physician.
Dr. Weisselburg, Physician and Surgeon.
Dr. F. Herff, " "
Dr. A. Boyd Doremus, Dentist.

Bankers.
San Antonio National Bank.

Books and Stationery.
M. Slocom.
W. W. Gambie.

Lamps, Toys and Novelty Goods.
E. Penzner.

Jewelry.
Bell & Brothers.

Groceries, Dry-Goods, &c.
Dressel & Brian.

H. Grönert.

F. Gross & Co.

Groceries, Wines & Liquors.

E. Penzner.

Wagner & Ramm.

Rhodus & Co.

San Antonio Steam Candy and Cracker Factory.

Schmidt & Duerler.

Dressel & Brian, Importers of California Wine.

Drugs and Medicines.
F. Kalteyer.

A. Nette.

Auction and Commission.
E. Haeger & Co.

ALLEYTON.

A. Bartor, Jr.

Elmsendorf & Co.

North & South, " "

McGraw & Co.

Miscellaneous.

Steel & Williams, Commission merchant.

Leroux & Gouyou, Manufacturers of tin

and copper ware.

George Horner, School, " "

Elmsendorf & Co., Dealer in hides,

Bell & Brothers, Jewelers.

B. F. Ficklin, Mail Contractor.

A. Stache, Manufacturer of

Muth, Iron and Brass Factory.

Dry-Goods, &c.

Zork & Grisselbeck.

Lovett & Co., " "

Bloomburg & Frank.

Koenigheim & Co.

A. Housinger.

Furniture.

Philip Conrad.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE
OF MAIRS.

ARRIVE.

Sunday.

Monday.

Wednesday.

Friday.

DEPART.

Monday, 1 P.M.

Wednesday, " "

Friday, " "

ALLEYTON.

Tuesday 5 A.M.

Wednesday 5 A.M.

Thursday 6 P.M.

Friday 6 P.M.

WACO.

Tuesday 5 A.M.

Wednesday 6 P.M.

Thursday 6 P.M.

Saturday 6 P.M.

YUCAIPA.

Tuesday 5 A.M.

Wednesday 6 P.M.

Thursday 6 P.M.

FRISCO.

Wednesday 6 P.M.

THURSDAY.

LAJEDO.

Wednesday 5 A.M.

Thursday 6 P.M.

FRISCO.

Wednesday 6 P.M.

MONTEZUMA.

Wednesday 6 P.M.

WICHITA FALLS.

Wednesday 6 P.M.

WICHITA FALLS.