

# San Antonio Express.

VOL. III.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1869.

NO. 21.

## Reply of a Delegate in the Convention to the Houston Telegraph.

Editor of the San Antonio Express:  
Sir:—I see an article in the Houston Telegraph, under date of January 6, 1869, headed: "To the Colored Voters of Texas," in which article the editor endeavors to make himself the freedman's friend. He says:  
"The great mistake you make, is in supposing that suffrage is a party question; but we assert to you that there are now many white Republicans in Texas who are in favor of qualified suffrage, and if you could know this, as we do, you would see that we are giving you good advice."  
Nay, we will say more, and declare to you, that if the question of qualified suffrage could be submitted to a vote, and only the white Republicans of Texas should be allowed to vote upon it, a large majority of them would vote in favor of it.  
This is a more assertion of the author, and is worth about as much as his assertion that Seymour and Blair were sure to be our next President and Vice-President. So much for his opinion. And again he says:  
"Do you wish to see the matter settled permanently, harmoniously?  
Do you wish to see suffrage secured to you and your posterity forever?  
Then take your position firmly upon the basis of qualified suffrage.  
We have urged it upon this basis:  
1st. Ability to read the Constitution of the United States.  
2d. The payment of the last poll tax assessed by law, before voting."  
Now these looks very pretty and quite reasonable, on paper. He is opposed to any disfranchisement. He only wants voters to be able to read the Constitution and pay their taxes. I would like to know whether the author of the above-quoted extracts is a *carpet-bagger*, or a simon pure Texas. If he be a Texas of general knowledge of this country and its people, he must know that there is from 20,000 to 25,000 uneducated white voters in the State of Texas who cannot read the Constitution, and a greater number who cannot read the Constitution and pay their taxes.  
Now, the proposition of the Telegraph is to disfranchise 20,000 or 25,000 for the purpose of getting rid of the colored voters not educated to his standard. This is emphatically the policy of many of the leaders of the "lost cause"—that they would have a government of broadcloth and trains.  
But I ask the editor of the Telegraph, if he believes 25,000 white citizens of Texas would tamely submit to being disfranchised, for no other crime than that of being unable to read the Constitution of the United States, and being so unfortunates as not to have a few dollars to pay their taxes.

A MEMBER OF THE CONVENTION.

## The Convention.

ONE HUNDRED AND TWO DAYS.  
CAPITOL, AUSTIN, TEXAS,  
JANUARY 8, 1869.

Convention met pursuant to adjournment; roll called; quorum present; prayer by the Chaplain; journal of yesterday read, and adopted.

Mr. Buffington moved to suspend the rules to take up the report of the committee on counties and county boundaries, creating the county of Peebles.

Rules suspended.

Mr. Buffington moved to recommit the report to the committee on counties and county boundaries.

Carried.

Mr. Flanagan, from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported as follows:

COMMITTEE ROOM,  
JAN 8, 1869.

To the Hon. E. J. Davis,  
President of the convention.

Sir:—Your committee on Internal Improvements have carefully considered the ordinance for the New Orleans, Mobile and Chattanooga Company Section, and they are unanimous in recommending its passage.

They particularly recommend that it shall be passed, because it will be a concession to gentlemen of large experience in the construction of railroads, who are well known to be capitalists, and who ask no monopoly, but merely require that no other railroad enterprise shall have a preference over them; and the franchise granted to them be clearly defined and properly guarded. This your committee conceive to be just and right, especially as we are satisfied that it is the intention of the company to proceed with promptitude to the completion of a first class road.

Respectfully submitted,  
J. W. FLANAGAN,  
Chairman Committee.

Mr. Flanagan moved a suspension of the rules to take up the declaration, rules suspended.

Mr. Patten moved the adoption of the declaration.

Mr. McCormick moved that the declaration be printed and made the special order of the day for next Monday week at 11 o'clock.

Mr. Degener moved to amend the motion by making next Thursday the day for considering the declaration.

Mr. Patten moved the previous question.

Mr. Buffington moved a call of the house.

Call sustained.

Absentees—Messrs. Evans of Titus, Coleman, Foster, Horne, Hunt, Johnson of Calhoun, Kealy, Mills, Phillips of Winston—9.

Mr. Hamilton of Travis moved that the call of the house be suspended.

Call suspended.

Mr. Hamilton of Travis asked leave of absence indefinitely for Messrs. Caldwell and Lindsay.

Leave granted.

Mr. Smith moved that Mr. Evans of Titus be excused on account of sickness.

Excused.

Mr. Flanagan moved that the declaration reported from the committee on Internal Improvements, be made the special order of the day for next Wednesday, at 11 o'clock, and printed.

The question before the convention being "shall the main question be now put?"

The yeas and nays were demanded, and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. Bell, Board, Bryant of Harris, Cole, Curtis, Downing, Evans of McLennan, Flanagan, Flanagan W., Goddin, Gray, Hamilton of Travis, Horne, Johnson of Harrison, Kendall, Keuchler, Kirk, Lippard, Long, McWashington, Mullens, Monroe, Newcomb, Patten, Phillips of San Augustine, Ruby, Slaughter, Smith, Sorell, Varnell, Whitmore, Whitmore, Wilson of Milam, Wright—31.

Nays—Messrs. President, Adams, Armstrong of Jasper, Armstrong of Lamar, Bellinger, Bledsoe, Brown, Bryant of Grayson, Buffington, Butler, Burnett, Carter, Degener, Fayle, Fleming, Gaston, Hamilton of Bastrop, Harris, Horne, Jordan, Keigwin, Leib, Lindsay, Mackey, McCormick, Morse, Mundine, Pedigo, Rogers, Setzels, Scott, Stockbridge, Sumner, Thomas, Vaughan, Williams, Wilson of Brazoria—37.

So the convention refused to order the main question.

The question recurred upon the postponement of the consideration of the declaration until next Wednesday.

Mr. Flanagan offered the following amendment:

"Amend by adding Engrossing clerk."

The question recurred upon the adoption of the amendment to the amendment.

The Committee refused to adopt.

The question recurred upon the adoption of the amendment of Mr. Patten upon which the yeas and nays were demanded.

Yeas—Messrs. Bellinger, Brown, Bryant of Harris, Buffington, Butler, Burnett, Caldwell, Curtis, Degener, Evans of McLennan, Flanagan, Gray, Johnson of Harrison, Jordan, Kendall, Keuchler, Lippard, Long, McWashington, Mullens, Monroe, Newcomb, Patten, Phillips of San Augustine, Ruby, Slaughter, Varnell, Whitmore, Wilson of Brazoria—29.

Nays—Messrs. President, Adams, Armstrong of Jasper, Armstrong of Lamar, Bell, Bledsoe, Board, Bryant of Grayson, Downing, Flanagan, Webster, Fleming, Hamilton of Travis, Horne, Kealy, Keigwin, Leib, Mackey, Morse, Posey, Rogers, Schutze, Scott, Stockbridge, Sumner, Thomas, Whitmore, Williams, Wilson of Milam, Wright—20.

So the convention refused to adopt the amendment.

Mr. Flanagan offered the following amendment:

"Amend by adding the name of P. P. Adams and all others who have been heretofore excused, and have since returned and taken their seats, and that the rule of the Convention in charging for mileage shall be by the regular stage and railroad route from the Capitol to the residence of the delegate."

The President directed the following communication from the acting comptroller of the State to be read:

COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE,  
AUSTIN, JAN. 8, 1869.

Hon. E. J. Davis, President of the Convention:

Sir—I beg most respectfully to disclaim any intention to reflect in the slightest degree upon any member or officer of the convention, I simply wish to do my duty. I understand the certificate of the Secretary, approved by the President, is not intended to fix and determine the number of miles to be allowed in each case. The President, as the acting comptroller, has been informed that he does not mean or intend to fix and determine the actual distance to which members may be entitled.

The acting comptroller believes that to do otherwise than to supervise and scrutinize all accounts presented at the Treasury for payment, would be to abdicate his office and to disregard entirely his responsibility. He, therefore, feels it to be his duty to inform the convention, that he will hereafter pass no certificate for mileage in excess of the distances as established at the Treasury, unless ordered to do so by Brexet Maj. General Canby, commanding Fifth Military District, before whom this matter is now pending.

On motion the convention adjourned till 7 o'clock this evening.

B. F. & W. S. BLEDSOE,  
ATTORNEY'S AT LAW  
Cleburne, Texas.

REFERENCES:  
Judge Thos. Harrison, Waco Texas,  
Judge R. E. Baylor, Independence, Tex.,  
Gen. Joseph Wheeler, New Orleans,  
Goodbar & Giddon, Memphis, Tenn.,  
Gull & Smith, Attorneys, Nashville, Tenn.  
Jan 9 69 ad 2c-6m.

NORTON & DEUTZ,  
Pay the highest price for  
Hides, Skins  
AND  
WOOL.

Jan 3 69 dtf.

## City Cards.

BELL & BRO'S,  
DEALERS IN  
Jewelry, Silver Ware, Plated Ware,  
DIAMOND GOODS,  
American and European Watches and Clocks  
Gold Pens and Pencils of every kind.

GOLD AND SILVER THIMBLES,  
Gold, Silver, Steel and Tortoise-shell Spectacles and Eye Glasses, with Pebble and Glass Lenses, suitable for the aged or near-sighted.

Engravers and Manufacturers  
of all articles in their line.  
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,  
repaired and warranted.

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.  
Commerce Street,  
Five doors east of Main Plaza,  
Opposite their Old Stand,  
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.  
Nov. 13, 1868, & aft.

## ELMENDORF & CO., Hardware Merchants, MAIN PLAZA.

HAVE on hand and offer for sale  
English and American Cutlery,  
Iron and Steel of all sizes,  
Carpenters Tools,  
Mill and Cross cut Saws of all sizes,  
Boring Machines,  
Nails of all sizes,  
Butts, Hinges, Screws, etc.

Doors, Cabinet and Trunk Locks of all kinds,  
Shoe Makers and Saddlers Tools and Trimmings  
Buckles, Rings, &c.,  
Bridle Bits and Webbing,  
Oil Cloth, Homes, Collars, &c.,  
Tin Rivets and Kettles, &c., &c.  
Steel Hoops and Agricultural Implements,  
And a general assortment of  
HARDWARE.

Also: Paints, Oils,  
Turpentine and Glass,  
Paint, Stove and Clothes Brushes,  
Patrols and Lamps.

Colt's Army and Navy Size Pistols,  
Powder, Shot and Caps, and all other articles in their line of business at low prices.

Landreth's Garden Seeds  
always on hand.  
Sole Agents for Herring's Safe's, also, for  
Planer and Kayser's Sewing Machines.  
May 24, 1866. no354f

PHILIP CONRAD,  
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE  
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress  
Maker and Upholsterer.  
MAIN STREET,  
Next to Nette's Drug Store.

Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses, and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain hanging, and carpeting.  
San Antonio, April 6th, 69.

A. NETTE,  
Has just received a large stock of  
DRUGS,  
MEDICINES,  
PERFUMERIES, and  
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS  
in fact all the leading articles, such as  
PATENT MEDICINES,  
that are usually kept in a  
First Class Drug Store.

The stock being selected by himself to his market.  
Hungarian Leeches.

## LEROUX & COSGROVE, TIN, SHEET IRON and Copper-Ware Manufacturers,

And Dealers in Castings and Hollow Ware of all descriptions. Wood and Willow-ware, Tin Plates, Block Tin Lead, Wire, Kettle cases, Copper and Brass, and a general assortment of Tinners' Furnishing Goods.

Have just received and constantly receiving a fine assortment of Cooking Stoves, comprising the celebrated  
Cotton Plant,  
Queen of the South,  
Magnolia, Delta, Pica-yune,  
Texana and Mutual Friend.

Also, a fine assortment of Well and Cistern Pumps, with galvanised Iron and Lead Pipe, Coal Oil and Coal Oil Lamps, Ward's Union, Washing Machine, Messers five minute Ice Cream Freezers.

And the Steel Spring Parlor Rocking Chair. Particular attention paid to the Manufacture of Tin-ware, Tin Roofing and Gutting. Our ambition is, quick sales and small profits.  
LEROUX & COSGROVE,  
Commerce Street,  
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.  
OFFICE BREXET'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.  
oct17 69 dtf

## Cards of City Merchants.

A. HALL,  
IRON and BRASS  
MACHINE SHOP.

All work done neatly and cheaply. All repairs of Machinery promptly executed, whether brass or iron.  
Shop on Cross Street, on the river bank. oct10 69 dtf

DRESEL & BRIAN,  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS  
Dry-Goods and Groceries,  
AND  
IMPORTERS OF  
California Wine.

Alamo Plaza, opposite Menger's  
San Antonio, April 28, 1867. 7126f

Malcom G. Anderson, Theophilus G. Anderson  
ANDERSON & BRO.,  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
San Antonio, TEXAS.

Office, up stairs Russ Building, on the Military Pass. July 7 69

JACK COCKE,  
LAWYER.  
Office, west side of Military Plaza,  
near Courthouse. Oct 21 69 dtf

Doctors.  
Dr. T. Templeman van der Hoeven  
OPPOSITE NEW AGENCIAL  
FLORES STREET,  
May 12 69 dtf.

DR. WEISSELBERG,  
Physician and Surgeon,  
OFFICE, at Nette's Drug Store,  
On Commerce Street  
San Antonio, Jan. 3rd, 1869. 7126f

DR. F. HERFF,  
Respectfully announces to his friends that he has resumed practice in the city.  
Office, at Nette's Drug Store, on Commerce Street. 7126f

## SLOCUM'S BOOK STORE, Commerce Street, Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store.

Keeps constantly on hand  
School Books at Wholesale and  
Retail.  
A fine assortment of  
STATIONERY  
of all kinds.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS,  
Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books,  
And other Books  
Suitable for Presents!  
A large assortment of  
PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS  
Toilet Articles, Pen Knives,  
—AND—  
Miscellaneous Articles.  
—Also—  
THE INDELLIBLE PENNUL,  
Wholesale and Retail.

The Latest Novels constantly  
on hand.  
Cards of all kinds.  
In fact a full assortment of everything pertaining to the line of business.  
—All the Latest Newspapers, Magazines, &c.,

Music! Music!! Music!!!  
A fine assortment on hand, and receiving  
NEW MUSIC every week. oct 29 69 dtf

WAGNER & RUNDEL,  
Commerce Street, San Antonio,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL  
Grocers  
Sigsbee, Tobacco, Cigars, Glass.

Crockery, Woolen and Willow Ware.  
oct 31 69 dtf

For Rent.  
A comfortable residence near the Court. Irrigable garden attached. For particulars apply to  
PEYTON SMYTHE,  
County Clerk's Office,  
Jan 2 69 dtf

For Rent.  
A large irrigable garden on Flores street. Apply at the Auction Rooms of  
E. SAWYER & Co.  
Feb 29 69 dtf

THE NEW BRAUNFELS  
Woolen Manufacturing Company,  
Is now prepared to fill orders for their Woolen goods, which are of superior quality. Colored and white Blankets, Jeans and Kerseys, Tweeds, all wool, White and colored knitting yarn, and request the patronage of the trade.  
F. MURKIN,  
President  
[ap 13 69 dtf]



"DIVISION IN SAN ANTONIO—GRAND  
MASS MEETING OF CITIZENS—DIVISION  
VOTED DOWN!"

The above is the caption of an article in the San Antonio Herald, purporting to be an account of a meeting held Monday night at Kampmann's building. The quotation is a tissue of misrepresentations, emanating from deceased minds. The meeting referred to was an adjourned session of a called meeting for the purpose of receiving the report of a Finance committee, after the objects of the meeting had been accomplished, an effort made by a squad of disfranchised soreheads, led by Mr. Dwyer and Mr. Rosenheimer, thought to get up a discussion, but a motion of Major Moore, to adjourn, after an amendment was almost unanimously carried. There was no Grand Mass Meeting, nor was division discussed at this meeting, the citizens of this community had already given expression to their views, before the Convention reconvened.

The Chivalry.

At the meeting on Monday night, a little squad of the most forlorn disfranchised birds, together with a few very sore-headed, would-be Myers, Aldermen, and such, voted upon the resolution to adjourn. The next day they sent a telegram to Austin stating that division had been voted down by a large majority in a mass meeting.

The meeting was to have taken place at 7 o'clock. At half-past seven, the Hall not being open, it was announced outside the door that no meeting would be held in consequence of which announcement most of the crowd dispersed. In a few minutes the key was brought, the doors opened, and Judge Gamble received the report. As is stated elsewhere, a motion was introduced to appoint a committee. The vote on the motion stood about fifty to about forty.

The object of the meeting having been accomplished, a vote to adjourn was unanimously carried. By a correspondence given yesterday it will be seen that a magnificent story has been manufactured out of this and duly shipped to the Capital.

THE CONSTITUTION.—The recent publication of our western constitution has had an excellent effect. It has demonstrated that democrats supported division because they thought it would give them control of the western State. As soon as they saw that a radical loyal State would be the inevitable consequence, they came out in violent opposition.

Their strength has dwindled fearfully, all the honest submissionists have kept aloof; only the off-scourings are now found in the ranks of Bickerstaff & Co., let the pot boil, the damn fools of beautifully.

Speech of Dr. E. M. Smith, of  
Galveston, on the Division of the State,  
Committee of the Whole, Jan. 5, 1869.

MR. CHAIRMAN: The unbeliever from Leon, in delivering his written speech this morning, gave me an idea which was suggestive. I shall for the first time, and I hope for the last time in my life, follow his example.

In the progress of this debate this Committee have listened to arguments from gentlemen upon the question, which have been marked by ability, learning and eloquence. They have listened also to statements, to allegations, to suppositions, and to threats. I propose to say, very briefly, what it is that has decided my course of action, and to give a reason for the faith that is in me.

The propriety of a division of the State is the question now under discussion, but collateral questions have been brought in which more properly belong to the Report for which this is a substitute. Without any disposition to trouble the House with further remarks upon the Report, I shall examine its merits now, and leave it to other gentlemen to sustain or combat it in the future, as they may see proper.

Let me call attention in the first place, to the effect that is being made to produce the impression on the minds of men, that we are dividing the State. We are doing nothing of the sort. There is not a thinking, intelligent man here who does not know that we have no power to do so. We are simply considering a recommendation in the Reconstruction Bill, or of members of Congress themselves, to indicate the wishes of the people of Texas in regard to this measure. Who are the people of Texas? How are their wishes to be made manifest?

that voice; and to say to Congress they are in favor of division, or they are opposed to it. This is the sum of the whole matter, and no man can deny that it is a legitimate subject for action, and that the proper sphere and the proper authority of the people's delegates here assembled is to express their views.

Congress, and Congress alone, possesses the power to constitute the members, and I need to say to that body by my voice and vote, the information that the people I represent are in favor of the measure.

The State of Texas, more than six times larger than the great State of New York, with territory large enough to constitute an Empire; with diversified interests, and diversified pursuits; with dispersed people in the different sections, having different wants and objects; heterogeneous in their associations, habits and tastes, it is proposed to separate into independent communities and organizations. Very many reasons can be adduced for the necessity of this step. There never has been a more propitious hour of opportunity than now presents itself.

Of vast State was constructed: no State Government; no obedience to law; no power to secure its execution; no fixed plan to remedy the surrounding evils; living as we are in daily danger; without the hope of any speedy remedy; or relief; endeavoring to sustain a government, that is unable under this anomalous condition of things, to sustain its own friends; protecting communities in one section by the strong arm of the military, whilst in other portions of this vast empire of boundaries, the people are overrun by marauders, murderers and robbers; and with no power in the Government to give protection or redress.

Whilst portions of the State may be regarded as in a peaceful condition, and the inhabitants are comparatively safe; the cuts, law rules, and rules, and over-sees in this vast territory, and defies all civil and military power. He denounces the temporary government under which we live, and he will have a vote which neither justice nor force will ever overtake him.

Another great and important reason for this division is, that a better and more certain government will be secured. The disruption of that centralized organization of rebels must follow; those who are now banded together all over the State, for the purpose of robbing the loyal people of all political power. Divide the State, and you will break their combinations. Refuse to divide and they will overwhelm us, and we will again be turned over to men whose tender mercies are cruel. To men who have stepped their hands in the blood of their brethren; who have already brought ruin and desolation and distress into every hamlet and habitation in the land; men who resist all law but the law of their own evil will; and who, with the oath of allegiance, still burning upon their lips, are conspiring against the very Government which they profess to support.

Divide the State, and we will bring the strong arm of Government nearer the outlaw; we will secure loyalty and peace, and the triumph of republican principles in at least one of the three, and if the third is native, there is power enough to hold the unbridled and rebellious spirit of the unrepentant and unrepentant, still left in the hands of the United States.

My friend from Brazoria (Mr. McCormick) in his objections to a division well presented, regarded the idea of a division as ruinous in the last degree. He believed the State was by no means so large to be well governed. He said that this present experiment of government is a failure, and the proposition to establish a military dictatorship here, will be no better; for he says "the State is too vast." These are his words, and I noted them at the time.

If a military government, the strongest on earth, cannot restrain and govern the people of Texas, because "it is too vast," how does he expect a civil power will accomplish more? With all the military and governmental apparatus by the gentlemen in his well arranged and well ordered speech against the division of the State, how does he reconcile the acknowledgment he made the other day, that he was not so strong an anti-division man to day as he was last summer? Does he not by that acknowledgment admit that his mind has undergone a change? And did he not give evidence that he was open to conviction and on the way to repentance and conversion? Why is it that we find so many members of the Convention who last summer recorded their votes against the measure, returning now to give their support? Is it because the people have turned them, or is it because their eyes have been opened?

Much has been said about the financial question involved in this measure. Taxation will be increased. Capitalists must be better provided for. The attempt to elect a man before the people the phantom of taxation is a weak device. It is not true that taxation will be increased by a reduction of our territory. The government of small territories are less expensive in geometrical ratio than large ones, he was stated by the gentleman from Mexico, when he addressed the Committee. But were I even so, what is money? What is taxation when weighed against human life; a human soul? What is expense in comparison with safety, security, peace, respect and happiness? All these results must flow from good government under the rule of republican principles; and good and strong government will flow with separation of the people into smaller and more homogeneous communities. Population is a burden only borne when peace and prosperity attend us. No people ever submit to taxation more readily than those who have confidence in the strength of their government; the certainty of the execution of the laws; and in the baseness of the power for protection.

Did not this people submit once to a taxation that was to be "divided upon slavery and sinners? Did they not submit to an excise and a robbery that reduced many of them to starvation? to sustain an experiment that was to destroy from a speech forever; that was to hold in shackles, not only the black but the white race; that was to erect and elevate an oligarchy and aristocracy, at the expense of every poor man in the South; and that terminated in blood and ruin. Will they not we come a taxation that brings with it a sure reward? Will this people not be more willing and able to support, embellish and beautify their State, when they can boast of it as orderly, peaceful, prosperous and well governed? Will they not, when the busy hum of industry, and the development of the buried wealth of Texas surrounds them—the capital, the enterprise, the vast chain of improvements that will link us all and bind us together—when the people of the whole world will rush in upon us, and occupy the land—when the desert and waste places will blossom as the rose, and the broad prairie will give forth their golden fruit—when the labor of men's hands and beasts' feet are employed? I say, will not the people welcome that every taxation which is in pursuance of these benefits? But, the financial arguments as they affect the question, I leave to my friend, the noble member from Brazoria. His mind turns in that direction, and he is preferable to analyze them.

We have been asked, again and again, why we do not proceed to make a constitution? We are answered with the question often that I will try and give a reason. It is invariably admitted, that if the State is to be divided, the laws would be written by the new States, and would require constitutions adapted to their several necessities and conditions; and this constitution—that would be made by Texas, as a whole, would be suited to any one portion of Texas, divided. Why then proceed to make a constitution, whilst this question of division is unsettled? Is it simply to conform to the whims of a few erratic and unauthorized men; or, is it to make ourselves mere automatons, that are to be moved by the pull of a string, or the touch of a wire? No, Sir, the delegates of this convention were solicited by the people, in the confidence of their constituencies, and trusted by them to do all that the exigencies required. New questions were expected to arise, and new questions will be met; and this body was selected to investigate and to provide for all emergencies.

We are asked if this Convention is to resolve itself into a charting machine, or into a Long Parliament; and whether the power to make a constitution, includes the power to legislate. To the last question I will answer, emphatically, yes! for it is a maxim in law, that the "major include the minor;" that the body that can make a legislature, can perform all the functions of a legislature, subject, of course, to the ratification of the constitution by the people. Does any man suppose for one moment, that we can sit here and gravely pass upon questions of legislation, without providing in the forthcoming constitution for a confirmation of all their acts? Can it be believed that a body of learned men, representing every profession in the land, would idly sit and pass charters and declarations, in mere wantonness, or for their own amusement? Can it be supposed, that gentlemen of learning and legislative experience, would travel hundreds of miles to press upon this Convention the importance of charting great enterprises, for the mutual benefit of the companies and the State, if we possessed no such power? I leave gentlemen to answer these questions.

And now I come to a question that has been incidentally brought into this discussion by the gentleman from Travis. It is the question of disfranchisement. Almost every member who has spoken has referred to it. My friend from Travis took what may be called an enlarged and liberal view of this whole question; but he did not go quite so far as the learned and courteous gentleman from Brazoria, who feels himself slightly disabled under the existing national laws. He wishes Congress to abrogate one of its solemn acts. He proposes to apply for permission to take a milder oath of office than the "iron clad." He tells us that many loyal men who are fitted and ought to be officers, cannot take it; and relief is necessary for them.

Let us look a moment at this proposition and see what it is worth. It ought to be supposed, that this Convention at least, was constituted of truly loyal men, of whom right-minded men believed to be good Republicans; and yet we could not succeed in purging this Convention of men who have no right to a seat or a vote in it under the law. Not one of us who walks in and takes a seat among us, and exercises all the privileges and prerogatives of a member, in defiance of a positive order of the Commanding General of the District. We could not succeed in passing a resolution regarding the Commanding General to displace such officials as were constitutionally ineligible; nor even to require of them the test that the United States Constitution prescribes.

If we could not succeed in these loyal, reasonable and lawful measures before this body, eight ninths of whom are the representatives of the Radical party of Texas, there is little of promise or of hope in winning either the confidence or support of that class of men who are now disabled under the law. Congress in its wisdom has drawn a broad line of demarcation upon this question. It has declared who shall and who shall not vote; and who shall and who shall not hold office. I am willing to let this question rest where Congress has placed it. I shall not voluntarily go no further in the direction of the rebellion. Gentlemen must make up their minds to be satisfied with what Congress has given them. They must patiently wait their term of probation, or take the other remedy that Congress has offered. I am willing to aid every honest man who has truly repented of his sins against the Government, and shows the evidence of his contrition and reformation; in obtaining a removal of his disabilities; but I will never thrust upon the enemies of human liberty, the precious rights of which they have so justly deprived themselves. Men who were once rebels and who now profess to be Republicans, think they ought to have office whether they are disabled or not. Let me advise these gentlemen to "tarry awhile in Jericho," until they can come up to the legal standard. It is not enough for them that a lenient and gracious Government has given them the right to vote even before their garments were purified from the stain of treason; but now, forsooth, they want office, and position, and power, in the exclusion of those who have been so faithful and ever true, that they may hold loyal men again in the bridge.

The report and resolutions for which the question we are discussing is a substitute do not meet my approbation. The power of appointment I think ought to reside in the convention itself. The delegates from the different districts, are better acquainted with the people of their districts; know better of the competence and qualifications of applicants; and are more directly responsible for their own conduct to the people.

The proposition to remove the official oath I oppose, and am satisfied that upon this point I am fully understood.

The Report itself is unacceptable. No truthful man can sustain it. No one has had the hardihood to deny one of its allegations, who had a right to speak on this floor. Everybody in the State knows that at the moment no fair election can be held, and no man who has any regard for his veracity or self-respect will call in question any statement of fact the Committee has presented for our consideration.

It is true that the gentleman from Leon has risen in his seat and denounced the Report. It is also true that it is only through the leniency and forbearance of a patient body of men, that he is permitted to occupy that seat one moment. He was elected here in direct violation of an order of Major General Griffin. He was the receiver of his own votes. He counted them. He was the judge of his own election. He signed his own official certificate, and may have been honestly elected, as was certified, but he had no right under the General's order to be recognized.

These high officers, but that he has facts to prove the contrary. Proclaim that the mask of murderers of the Ku Klux Klan are creations of the imagination. Say that negroes have not been murdered nor Union men expelled in the State. Declare that he sees no necessity for calling upon Congress to break up these infamous organizations, (the existence of which, unfortunately for his veracity, he here admits.) No! they are his pet lambs! They must not be disturbed in their bloody work! If they are assassinating Union men for opinion sake, in his estimation it must be a laudable pursuit. He knows the ways that free speech and free press have never been bridged in Texas, and knows of no effort of the kind except an attempt to arrest the editor of the Houston Telegraph, last summer, and suppress his paper, for advising the assassination of the Hon. M. C. Hamilton and the Hon. Judge Caldwell. This is the freedom of speech, and of the press to which he refers. Counseling assassination! Defaming dead heroes! Calumniating the living, the virtuous, the good and the true! This is the liberty of speech and of the press for which he stands forth the avowed and only champion.

This unbeliever, from Leon, asks if lawlessness and crime exist in Texas why are not criminals punished? Yes! Why are they not punished? That is exactly what we complain of, and that is what we propose to remedy. He may be better able than I, to account for their escape, as among us he is their sole representative and defender. It is time this convention should purge itself of his presence.

It is to be deplored, Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee, that the gall and bitterness of rebel hate and double dyed treachery have been so absorbed and infused into every tissue of this man's moral nature as to have poisoned, corrupted and perverted his whole mental vision; so to have stimulated him to attack the honor, honesty and veracity of such men as Gen. Reynolds and Gov. Pease; as to have induced him to launch his poisoned but impotent arrows at every member of this convention. "But whom the Gods intend to destroy they first make mad," and this theory alone explains the effusion of this writing to which gentlemen were compelled to listen.

I will leave him to his own reflections; to revel in the bitterness and wickedness of his own heart. Would to God, (in the charity of mine) I could do otherwise.

That the same Military Government is altogether insufficient for the protection of the people, no one denies. That it is insufficient I will not affirm. I believe General Reynolds' conduct throughout his whole administration; was dictated by what he regarded his duty, and what he believed to be for the best. And here I will take occasion to explain my vote when I refused to compliment him upon his withdrawal from this list. It was openly charged upon this floor that the Military officer who had commanded at Jefferson when our colleague was murdered, had been promoted to a position on General Reynolds' staff. It was stated that Major Curtis had command of the guard when Smith fled to him from the assassin; and claimed his protection; and it was further stated that the guard was disarmed by citizens, and the martyr Smith murdered with his two colored friends, who sought to protect him in their presence, without the loss of a guard or the firing of one shot in his defense. I could not, and would not vote a complimentary resolution to any General who would put such a man on his staff, after such an exhibition. I was also told by a member of this Convention, that a number of loyal men in a district of this State, united in a petition to General Reynolds to remove from office certain officers and objectionable rebels; and that the petition containing the names of these loyal citizens, was forwarded to these rebel office holders, for explanation and inspection. This action was calculated to put in jeopardy the life of every man who signed the paper, and I could not vote a complimentary, under circumstances like these; therefore, as I never judge a vote I voted a gainst a compliment.

With the gentleman from Brazoria I fully agree, all that he has said in favor of General Reynolds is his due, and even more. As a high toned, honorable cultivated and affable gentleman, he has few superiors. But Texas wants a FETTER that will set red tape into fragments and go to the very root of the evil in the shortest and most direct way. I have detained you, Mr. Chairman, longer than I intended. We have been told that "united we stand, divided we fall." Let me give you another and a better maxim: "Divide and Conquer."

New Barricaments.

ALL KINDS OF  
Blacksmith's Tools and Anvils.  
Jan. 14th & wt. E. SAWYER & CO.

Plows! Plows!! Plows!!!  
Sampson & Terry have received another shipment of these celebrated Plows, which took the Premium at the Industrial Exhibition in St. Louis, Mo. Jan. 14th.

ACCOUNT CURRENT of Bexar  
County, from September 30th, 1867, to  
December 31st, 1868.

1st. Amount paid, salaries and per diem of Officers.	\$3,355.17
2nd. Rents for Court-house.	740.00
3rd. Paupers and Lunatics.	2,624.31
4th. Inquests.	109.70
5th. Repair of Court-house	601.45
6th. Feeding prisoners in jail.	4,746.90
7th. Clothing for prisoners.	253.84
8th. Feeding prisoners.	454.75
9th. Bail for County Court.	242.00
10th. Jury service in County Court.	832.00
11th. Stationery.	119.40
12th. Printing.	364.95
13th. Clothing, Medicine, Blankets, &c., for prisoners in County jail.	534.10
14th. For old County Scrip.	109.11
15th. Fuel for Court Rooms, &c.	36.00
16th. For transportation for Lunatic prisoners and juries of inquest.	379.05
17th. Paid Cleveland Attorney's Fees, old account.	75.00
18th. Detectives for capturing criminals.	194.00
Total.	\$15,932.55
5-6 of which amount \$5,567.51 are specie converted into currency at 143.	2,522.15
Total United States Currency.	\$18,454.70
Amount received from all sources.	16,627.10
Total.	\$1,828.60

WM. W. GAMBLE,  
County Judge, Bexar County.  
Attest: FLETCHER SMYTHE,  
County Clerk, Bexar County.

JUST RECEIVED,  
A lot of Cultivators, Spades and Shovels of all descriptions.  
California Glover Seed, Tobacco and every thing the Farmer needs, at  
Jan. 13th & wt. E. SAWYER & CO.

FOR SALE  
And to be bought lower than anywhere,  
80,000 pounds Iron.  
10,000 pounds Millam Steel.  
3,000 pounds refined Steel.  
A fine lot of Cutlery.  
20 Crates Crockery.  
25,000 dozen Handkerchiefs.  
20 dozen Hats.  
Jan. 13th & wt. E. SAWYER & CO.

Sale of Condemned Subsistence Stores,  
Office Depot A. C. S. J.  
SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Jan. 12th, 1869.  
At the Commissary Buildings in this city, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Tuesday, January 19th, 1869.  
Will be sold the following articles of condemned Subsistence Stores, viz:  
4185 pounds Hard Bread.  
408 pounds Rice  
100 pounds Peas.  
100 pounds Hominy.  
Terms—Cash, in Government funds.  
HERMAN SCHREINER,  
First Lieut. 20th Inf., & A. C. S.  
Jan. 13th 14-15-16-17-19.

Consignment.  
9,000 Bushels Mexican WHEAT in store and to arrive. For sale by  
sept 20th (m.) H. GRENET.

Horses! Horses!! Horses!!!  
FOR CAVALRY.  
For Cavalry horses, delivered in San Antonio, on K. King's contract, subject to inspection, I will pay  
One Hundred Dollars.  
R. W. PEAY, Alamo Stables.  
Jan. 13th 1869.

AUCTION!!!  
LARGE AND SPECIAL SALE OF  
ASSORTED MERCHANDISE,  
By DAVID FRIEDLANDER & CO.,  
On Saturday, January 16,  
At 10 o'clock, at their AUCTION ROOMS, in lots to suit both city and country trade. Comprising 250 lots of  
Boots and Shoes, Hats,  
Woolens, Satinets, Cottonades, Ready-made Clothing, and very full and complete lines of Men's Furnishing Goods.  
A. L. S. O.  
Dress Goods, Shawls, Ladies and Misses Hoop-Skirts. A splendid line of Wool and Cotton Hosiery, Carpeting, Table Covers, and a full assortment of  
FANCY GOODS,  
Including Ribbons, Trimmings, Albums, Ladies' Companions, Satchels, Reticules, Carving Sets, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Pipes, Sunb Boxes, Mirrors, &c., &c.  
A. L. S. O.  
A special and attractive line of Ladies' Shoes. A full assortment of Boy's Hats;  
A. L. S. O.  
\$50 Pieces Hardware.  
No postponement will occur in hour or date. This sale presents a Catalogue which, in complete and desirable assortment, is rarely excelled, and we confidently invite the attention of Dealers and Jobbers.  
To arrive and for subsequent sale by Auction, 1400 choice grain sacks.  
DAVID FRIEDLANDER & CO.  
Jan. 13th 12-13-14-15-16.

Soap, Soap, Soap,  
P. C. TAYLOR,  
Wishes to inform the citizens of Texas, that he is turning out from his New Factory, a better article of Family Soap than has ever been manufactured in this State, and equal to any in the world. East, West, South or North. Said Soap was unanimously awarded the Diploma at the San Antonio Agricultural Fair, by a committee of ladies and gentlemen, as the best family soap, and will be sold as low as common soap.  
Look out for the brand, P. C. Taylor, on every bar. The following Wholesale Merchants are duly authorized agents in San Antonio and will sell at Factory prices:  
Zork & Groesbeck, Goldfrank, Frank & Co., F. Gross & Co., Th. Schlemming, Wagner & Hummel, Rhodus & Co., Bennett & Minter.  
I will spare no pains to keep it the best in the market. All orders promptly attended to.  
P. C. TAYLOR,  
dec 25 1868 wt.

Attention! Attention!!  
As we will want up our business within two months, we  
LOVENSTEIN & Co.,  
offer our entire stock of  
Staple and Fancy  
DRY GOODS  
CLOTHING,  
BOOTS,  
SHOES,  
HATS, &c., &c.  
At prices below New York cost.  
Special attention of dealers is called to this rare chance, they should examine our stock before purchasing.  
nov 8th wt.)



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**Local Intelligence.**  
**LOST.**—See as per advertisement, a shot-gun lost.  
**HEAVY FREIGHTS.**—Our merchants and business men now have to pay \$5 per hundred for freight from Indiana. The German teams make the trip in twelve days.  
**NO DISPATCHES.**—This is a song that has been well sung, on account of the mist, dew or rain, which is? No electric passes along the wire, and so we are without our usual dispatches.  
**PLOWS, PLOW.**—Sampson & Torrey speak through that mighty lever—the press—and which will be found in our list of new advertisements to-day, stating that they have just received another consignment of those Premium Plows.  
**E. SAWYER & COMPANY.**—Talks to the people in this way in our paper of to-day—that they have all kinds of blacksmithing tools, and this firm can afford to sell them cheap. Blacksmiths, attention is required of you in this matter.  
**WOLVES.**—We learn from Mr. Forrest that the wolves are doing more mischief in the West than was ever known before. In Atascosa county they have attacked and destroyed full-grown cattle, while hogs and sheep are being destroyed everywhere.  
**GOVERNMENT SALE.**—In our columns of to-day will be seen that a large sale takes place at the Commissary building, at 11 A. M., January 19, consisting of Hard-bread, Rice, Peas, Hominy, &c. Terms, cash, in United States currency.  
**THOSE STOLEN HIDES.**—The gentleman owning the stolen hides was lucky to get them all back. The hides were the property of Mr. Martin Muench. Suspicion rests upon a certain individual; the Chief has his eye upon him; so look out, sir, you are a spotted thief.  
**ACCOUNT CURRENT OF BEXAR COUNTY.**—The public will please take notice of something interesting in our columns of to-day, in relation to the account current of Bexar county, from September 30, 1867, to December 31, 1868.  
**OUR PRICE CURRENT.**—We have received the new type which has been some time on the way, so now all difficulties are removed in commencing our daily and weekly price current. Our attention will be given to this new feature in the Express, strictly and correctly, and business men can rely upon the same as being correct.  
**THIEVES.**—We called the attention of our citizens a few days ago, by a paragraph in our columns in regard to suspicious persons; we understand that those rascals have been to work already near the Poland church, stealing everything they can get hold of, so look out for them and watch them.  
**MOB.**—A citizen suggests that an ordinance be passed declaring the assembling of more than five Democrats at any one place in the city, a mob, to be dispersed by the police.  
**The action of a squad of half-drunk, revolvered reprobates, on a certain occasion, suggested the idea.**  
**IF** The following are the officers of Alamo Lodge, No. 44, elected to serve for the ensuing year:  
 John M. Campbell, W. M.  
 B. Oppenheimer, S. W.  
 John Boger, J. W.  
 F. McC. Newton, Treasurer.  
 E. F. Miller, Secretary.  
 A. J. Lockwood, S. D.  
 A. Kemp, J. D.  
 C. Forth, F.  
**Report of Sales of Liebig's Meat Extract Company at Fray Bentos, &c.**  
 Per week—50,000 pounds, at \$2 87 1/2 cents per pound.  
 Total—\$193,125 per week.  
 Per year—2,000,000 pounds, at \$2 87 1/2 cents per pound.  
 Amounting to \$8,352,500 per year.  
 There were 4,216 head of cattle slaughtered per week, and 219,200 per year, ending October 1, 1868, by said manufacturers, making the amount received for each ox, averaging 600 pounds, \$40 in gold, not including hide, tallow, horns, bones, &c.  
**LIEBIG'S MEAT EXTRACT.**—While the citizens of this community have been hesitating about taking the stock of a Meat Extract Company in San Antonio, the articles in its favor have gone to Europe, met the eyes of two gentlemen—Doctors Else, of Bonn, Germany—who have purchased the machinery, shipped it to Texas, and landed with it themselves. They intended going to a point about Yarktown, but the enterprising folks of Victoria offered better inducements, and the factory will be built at that place.  
 The Doctors have purchased several thousand acres of land near Victoria for the pasturage of their stock, have moved the machinery there, selected grounds for the factory, and in a very few months propose to slaughter one hundred beefs a day.  
**DOUGLASS, DOUGLASS.**—On Friday evening, January 15, the great and thrilling play of "Douglass" will be enacted on the boards at Muench Hall. This is a benefit

to Mrs. W. H. Grier, a lady who has sparkled with brilliancy, surrounded by large and admiring audiences, in the years that have gone by; and then she, too, is the mother of—"Our (fair) Jessie" who is such a darling little fawn, as she skips "over" the boards—just like Mrs. Grier in the long years that have flown.  
 Let our citizens come out on Friday evening, and they will be repaid—for the small sum of fifty cents. Captain Houston, a fine reader, also takes a prominent part; his name is known to all Theatre-goers as a first-class actor.  
 Take this bill all through, it is the best that our citizens will have presented to them for some time. We ask you all to come.  
**THE COMPLIMENTARY PARTY.**—The party at Dryden's Hall passed off very pleasantly indeed. The Hall was thronged to a squeeze, if not a jam, with the usual amount of pretty ladies. (Now right here we must stop and dwell a moment upon a heart-rending subject, which we imagine will cause the tears to flow like mighty rivers—so prepare the blankets.)  
 Those long trails will tear, and the beaux can't help it, either;—they told us to say so. Now, all the gentlemen wish long dresses and trails to be abolished at parties. Ladies, it is very trying upon the leads of creation to tread upon those trails, and especially when dancing the "Lancers." How can the beaux make a graceful bow, or dance with ease and grace, when they are quaking with fear and trembling, thinking about getting twisted between two trails, and have to be unbound before he can get out? That was our fix. Please leave the long dresses at home—is the desire of all the gents.  
 Everybody and all the little folks enjoyed themselves until the morning light shone upon and around the gay scene of revelry and mirth. The music was splendid, and the supper was magnificent.  
 The scholars deserve much credit for the manner in which they conducted the pleasures of the evening for the benefit of their guests.  
 To Mr. Ed. Hubert, the chief manager on this occasion, as well as to the ladies also, we are indebted for a very pleasant evening.  
**Lost.**  
 On Tuesday afternoon, between San Antonio and Divine's rancho, a medium size double barreled shot gun. Any information leading to the recovery or the delivery of the gun, at Story's Livery Stable, will be liberally rewarded.  
 J. A. L. WALLACE.  
 jan14dtf.)  
**QUARTERLY REPORT**  
 Of the "San Antonio National Bank," in San Antonio, in the State of Texas, on the morning of the first Monday of January, 1869.  
**RESOURCES.**  
 Loans and Discounts, \$178,253.98  
 United States Bonds, 225,000.00  
 Due from Banks and Bankers, 99,655.15  
 Cash Items, 1,910.  
 Cash on hand, 106,808.03  
 \$611,627.16  
**LIABILITIES.**  
 Capitol Stock, \$125,000.00  
 Surplus Fund, 15,000.00  
 Profit and loss, 32,671.52  
 Circulation outstanding, 110,500.00  
 Deposits, 265,977.17  
 Prem. on gold, 4,838.47  
 \$611,627.16  
 I certify that the above is a correct transcript from the books of this Association.  
 (Signed.)  
 GEO. W. BRACKENRIDGE,  
 President.  
 (Jan10dtf.)  
**KORNIGHEIM & Co.,**  
 MAIN PLAZA,  
 OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL,  
 SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS  
 JUST RECEIVED, a splendid Fall Stock of  
**Fancy and Staple DRY-GOODS,**  
**CLOTHING,**  
**BOOTS AND SHOES,**  
**HATS,**  
**GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,**  
**CLOTHS, CASEMERE, &c., &c.**  
 apr12dtf  
**CROCKERY & GLASSWARE!!**  
 Large and well assorted invoices.  
 Just received by  
 H. GRENET.  
 nov.27dtf  
**"St. Charles Belle,"**  
 The subscribers sell the attention of former purchasers and others, to this celebrated brand of Flour, that they have received another consignment and offer as low as the same grade of flour can be afforded.  
 SAMPSON & TORREY.  
 dec.5dtf.  
**BUTTER! BUTTER!!**  
 100 Firlins Best Goshen.  
 For sale low, by  
 H. GRENET.  
 nov27dtf.)  
**Happy New Year to all,**  
**GREETING.**  
**SIMON MENGER & SON,**  
**SOAP MANUFACTURERS.**  
 Are prepared to fill orders for their Superior FAMILY and FANCY SOAPS, excelsior by none in West Texas, with promptness and dispatch.  
 Lovers of Soap, West of the San Pedro,  
 San Antonio, Texas.  
 jan10dtf.)

**SAN ANTONIO STEAM**  
**Cracker and Candy Factory,**  
**Schmitt & Duerler,**  
 Commerce and Market Streets,  
**Wholesale Manufacturers of**  
**CRACKERS**  
 Of all kinds in quantities to suit purchasers.  
**Candies**  
 Of pure loaf sugar in boxes of 10, 25 and 50 pounds.  
**CONFECTIONERIES,**  
 WEDDING AND BALL CAKES,  
 made to order. Soda, Mineral and Sarsaparilla waters in fountains and bottles. All kinds of  
**Soda Water Apparatus**  
 constantly on hand.  
 jan30dtf.  
**Proposals for Corn.**  
 HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, STATE OF TEXAS, OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, Austin, Texas, January 6th, 1869.  
**SEALED PROPOSALS,**  
 In duplicate will be received at this office until Friday, February 5th, 1869, at 12 M., for furnishing the Quartermasters Department at Fort Concho, Texas, with such quantity of Corn as may be required until May 31st, 1869.  
 Corn to be of good, clean, merchantable quality, shelled and delivered in sacks, subject to a rigid inspection.  
 Delivery to commence on award of contract and continued in such quantities and at such times as may be required by the Post-Quartermaster.  
 Bids to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Corn at Fort Concho, Texas," and addressed to the undersigned.  
 By command of  
 Bvt. Maj. General CANBY,  
 J. A. POTTER,  
 Bvt. Brig. Gen. & Chf. Qr. Mr. 5th Mil. Dist. Jan.10dtf  
**Proposals for Corn.**  
 HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, STATE OF TEXAS, OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, Austin, Texas, January 5, 1869.  
**SEALED PROPOSALS,**  
 In duplicate, will be received at this office, until Saturday, February 13th, 1869, at 12 M., for furnishing the Quartermasters Department at Camp Coscoquina, Texas, with such quantity of Corn as may be required, until June 30th, 1869.  
 Corn to be of good, clean, merchantable quality, shelled and delivered in sacks, subject to a rigid inspection.  
 Delivery to commence on award of contract, and continued in such quantities and at such times as may be required by the Post-Quartermaster.  
 Bids to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Corn at Camp Coscoquina," and addressed to the undersigned.  
 By command of  
 Bvt. Maj. General CANBY,  
 J. A. POTTER,  
 Bvt. Brig. Gen. & Chf. Qr. Mr. 5th Mil. Dist. Jan.10dtf.  
**Proposals for Corn.**  
 HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, STATE OF TEXAS, OFFICE, CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, Austin, Texas, January 6th, 1869.  
**SEALED PROPOSALS**  
 In duplicate will be received at this office until Friday, February 5th 1869, at 12 M., for furnishing the Quartermasters Department at Fort Stockton, Texas, with such quantity of corn as may be required, until May 31st, 1869.  
 Corn to be of good, clean, merchantable quality, shelled, and delivered in sacks—subject to a rigid inspection.  
 Delivery to commence on award of contract, and continued in such quantities and at such times as may be required by the Post-Quartermaster.  
 Bids to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Corn at Fort Stockton, Texas," and addressed to the undersigned.  
 By command of  
 Bvt. Maj. General CANBY,  
 J. A. POTTER,  
 Bvt. Brig. Gen. & Chf. Qr. Mr. 5th Mil. Dist. (Jan.10dtf.)  
**Administrator's Notice.**  
 THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
 County of Bexar,  
 All persons having claims against the estate of J. D. Robinson, deceased, are hereby notified to present the same within the time prescribed by law, to the undersigned, to whom letters of administration for the settlement of said estate, were granted by the Probate Court of said county, at its November term, A. D. 1868.  
 A. O. COOLEY  
 Administrator.  
 Jan6dtf.)  
**Proposals for Lime and Charcoal.**  
 HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, STATE OF TEXAS, OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER, Austin, Texas, January 5th, 1869.  
**Sealed Proposals,**  
 In duplicate, will be received at this office, until Monday, January 20th, 1869, at 12 M., for supplying the Quartermasters Department at San Antonio, Texas, with such quantity of Lime and Charcoal as may be required during the year 1869.  
 Lime and Charcoal to be of first quality, subject to a rigid inspection.  
 Bids will be entertained for either of the above articles.  
 Delivery to commence on award of contract, and continued in such quantities and at such times as the receiving officer may require.  
 Bids to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for — at San Antonio," and addressed to the undersigned.  
 By command of  
 Bvt. Major General CANBY,  
 J. A. POTTER,  
 Bvt. Brigadier General & C. Q. M. 5th Military District.  
 Jan10dtf.)  
**PIPES.**  
 Manufacture, Brick, Roof, Porcelain, Clay, Indian, Rubber pipes, Pipe stems, pipe cleaners, pipe covers, pipe points, &c.  
 dec17dtf.) E. PENTENRIEDEL.

**Livery and Sale Stables.**  
 East Side Alamo Plaza, San Antonio Texas.  
**G. WILLIE PEAY & CO.,**  
 Having purchased all the right, title and interest of the firm heretofore existing under the style of Spangler & Peay, will continue the business at the old stand. Returning thanks for former patronage, we hope to merit in future, the confidence of the public.  
 Mules and Horses bought and sold at reasonable rates.  
 nov. 13'68 dtf.  
**A. SARTOR, JR.,**  
 COMMERCE STREET, NEAR THE BRIDGE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.  
**HARDWARE,**  
 Carpenters Tools, Ploughs, Agricultural Implements, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, CLOCKS AND WATCHES, warranted for one year.  
**STEEL AND PLATED SPECTACLES.**  
**Landreth's Garden Seeds.**  
**GROCERIES.**  
 October 23rd, 1868, dtf.  
**WESTWARD, HO!!!**  
 FAST EXPRESS MAIL FOR  
**EL PASO.**  
 THROUGH IN SIX AND A HALF DAYS.  
 Passengers leave San Antonio on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 o'clock A. M., for EL PASO, via Brown, Fredricksburg, Fort Mason, Fort McKavitt, Fort Concho, Camp Charlotia, Fort Stockton and Fort Quitman.  
**FOR CHIHUAHUA.**  
 Passengers leaving on Wednesdays connect at Fort Stockton with the Stage for  
**PRESIDIO DEL NORTE.**  
 Passengers leave San Antonio on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock, A. M., for  
**Eagle Pass and Fort Clark.**  
 Via Castrovilla, New Fountain, Dhanis and Uvalde.  
**Fare Reduced.**  
 These routes have been newly stocked and the FARE REDUCED to the unprecedented low price of 15 cents Currency, per mile.  
 T. G. WILLIAMS, Agent, at Steele & Williams, No. Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas, October 18, 1868. (dtf.)  
**J. H. KAMPMANN,**  
**ARCHITECT & BUILDER,**  
 Is prepared to contract for all kinds of Mason Work, Stone cutting, Carpenter Work, Plastering and Painting.  
**J. H. KAMPMANN'S**  
**NEW DOOR, SASH AND BLIND FACTORY.**  
 The undersigned having completed his new Factory, in which all work is done by Machinery and Steam power, is prepared to make at the shortest notice:  
 Doors, Windows, Blinds and Mill sittings, of every description. Rippling and Planing Lumber. Making 1 inch and 2 inch Flooring, and all other articles connected with the Carpenter Business. Seasoned Lumber, White and Yellow Pine and Louisiana Swamp Cypress constantly on hand.  
**ALSO SAWING ROCK BY STEAM POWER.**  
**\*ALL ORDERS WILL BE PROMPTLY EXECUTED.**  
 OFFICE—On Nacogdoches Street, near the Alamo.  
 March 12dtf) J. H. KAMPMANN.  
**SAN ANTONIO NATIONAL BANK**  
 Designated Depository Financial Agents of the United States  
**Capital \$125,000.**  
 G. W. BRACKENRIDGE, President. T. H. STRIBLING, Vice President.  
**DIRECTORS:**  
 L. ZORK, T. H. STRIBLING, E. DEGENER, R. PENTENRIEDEL, A. NETTE, D. BELL, G. W. BRACKENRIDGE.  
 Collections made on all accessible points and remitted promptly.  
 JNO. T. BRACKENRIDGE, Cashier.  
**ZORK & GRIESENBECK,**  
 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas,  
**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS**  
 Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Wines, Brandies  
**Gents' Furnishing Goods,**  
**Ladies' Fancy Goods, &c., &c.**



**BUSINESS DIRECTORY**

**FOR SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.**  
The following is a list of business men in this city, who may be addressed in reference to their respective class of business:

District Judge - W. H. G. Giddings.  
County Judge - W. H. G. Giddings.  
Mayor - W. C. A. Thelapapa.

**Manufacturers, Architects, etc.**

J. H. Kampmann, Architect and Builder.

**Professional**

Mortimer Slocum, M. D., Homoeopathic Physician.  
J. Cooke, Attorney at Law.  
Leigh & Dittmar, Notary Public.  
J. P. Newcomb, Notary Public.  
Dr. T. Templeman van der Horven, Physician.  
Dr. Weisberg, Physician and Surgeon.  
Dr. F. Herf.  
Dr. A. Boyd Doremus, Dentist.

**Bankers.**

San Antonio National Bank.

**Books and Stationery.**

M. Slocum.  
W. W. Gamble.

**Lamps, Toys and Fancy Goods.**

Er. Fentzenrieder.

**Jewelry.**

Bell & Brothers.

**Groceries, Dry-Goods, &c.**

Dressel & Briam.  
H. Green.  
F. Gross & Co.

**Groceries, Wines & Liquors.**

E. Pautenrieder.  
Wagner & Rummel.  
Rhodus & Co.  
San Antonio Steam Candy and Cracker Factory, Schmidt & Duerler.  
Dressel & Briam, Importers of California Wine.

**Drugs and Medicines.**

F. Kletterer.  
A. Netto.

**Auction and Commission.**

E. Sawyer & Co.

**Hardware.**

A. Barton, Jr.  
Elmendorf & Co.  
Norton & Deutz.

**Miscellaneous.**

Steele & Williams, Commission merchants.  
Leroux & Congrove, Manufacturers of tin and copper ware.  
George Hoerner, Saloon.  
Elmendorf & Co., Dealer in hides.  
Bella Brothers, Jewelers.  
B. F. Ficklin, Mail Contractor.  
A. Staacks, Agt. Philadelphia, wagons, &c.  
Muhl, Iron and Brass Factory.

**Dry-Goods, &c.**

E. K. Griesbeck.  
Lorenz & Co.  
Stromberg & Frank.  
Koenigheim & Co.  
A. Heusinger.

**Furniture.**

Philip Conrad.

**ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF RAILS.**

**ALLEYTON.**  
ARRIVE: Sunday, Monday, 1 P. M.; Wednesday, Wednesday, 5 P. M.; Friday, Friday.  
DEPART: Monday, 1 P. M.; Wednesday, Wednesday, 5 P. M.; Friday, Friday.

**VICTORIA.**

Sunday, Tuesday, 7 P. M.; Wednesday, Thursday, 11 A. M.; Friday, Saturday.

**WACO.**

Monday, Monday, 5 A. M.; Thursday, Thursday, 5 A. M.; Saturday, Saturday.

**EL PASO.**

Tuesday 6 P. M., Monday 5 A. M., Thursday 5 P. M., Wednesday 5 A. M., Saturday 6 P. M., Friday 5 A. M.

**EAGLE PASS.**

Tuesday 6 P. M., Monday 5 A. M., Thursday 5 P. M., Wednesday 5 A. M., Saturday 6 P. M., Friday 5 A. M.

**CORPUS CHRISTI.**

Wednesday 6 P. M., Thursday 6 A. M.

**LAREDO.**

Thursday 6 P. M., Monday 6 A. M.

**NORTON & DEUTZ.**

Main Plaza, San Antonio.

**Hardware & Cutlery.**

**Woodenware.**

**LEATHER.**

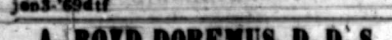
**Paints and Glass.**

**Agricultural Implements.**

**PUMPS, STOVES, ARMS, &c.**

Jan 3 '69 dtf

**A. BOYD DOREMUS, D. D. S.**



(Graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery.)

(Five Years' Experience.)

Office - On Commerce street, adjoining Pautenrieder's Store.

Teeth extracted without pain or danger, under the influence of Nitrous Oxide or Laughing Gas.

Rhigolene or Ether Spray used, if preferred. All operations warranted. Charges moderate.

Refers to his name one patients of this city.

**A durable well made, and pure water obtained in a few hours.**

The undersigned has invented a new and improved method of boring for water, which is superior to any other method now in use. It is simple, cheap, and quick, and will produce a well in a few hours, and of a diameter of thirty feet, and at a greater depth. The water is pure and of a superior quality. It is obtained by forcing water into the hole by means of a pump, and the water is then drawn up by a siphon. The water is pure and of a superior quality. It is obtained by forcing water into the hole by means of a pump, and the water is then drawn up by a siphon.

**THE WELL MADE.**

The well consists of a wrought iron tube, galvanized or not, as the party may prefer, which is forced into the earth by driving or boring. The lower end of the tube is fitted with a valve to the upper end is attached a pump. When water is found at any distance short of thirty feet, and some times at a greater depth, the pump is attached and put in operation. The action throws off the sand within a few hours and creates a reservoir, from which cool, pure and durable water is obtained.

These wells have been in use in the North West and South for three years; they were used with perfect success by General NARRIS, for watering his army in his recent Abyssinian expedition. Where ever they have been tried they have commended themselves to public favor. Among the advantages claimed for them may be enumerated the following:

1. They are less expensive by one-half, than the ordinary well.

2. They make no litter in boring, and exclude all filth, surface water, and impure air.

3. They descend below the surface, and tap the pure fountain.

4. Neither quicksand, clay, nor rock, offers any serious obstacle in boring, nor can they effect the water passing through them in the least.

5. They can be constructed in a few hours, in any part of the house, in the bathroom, or kitchen, or under the gallery.

6. The water not being exposed to the sun's rays, remains uniformly cool.

A number of these wells are already in successful operation in Washington County.

The construction of the wells requires no mechanical ingenuity; the necessary tools can be made by any common blacksmith for twenty-five dollars; the cost of the pump, tube, and strainers is a mere trifle, and any man of energy can make a well in a very short time by the purchase of a County right.

Messrs. Wentz & Burris, of Breham, have purchased the patent right for the State of Texas. Parties desiring to purchase County rights, can be accommodated with terms and information by applying to

KEMPTON & CO.,  
Express Office,  
Oct. 1, dtf. Main Street, San Antonio.

**A. HEUSINGER.**

Has just received a splendid assortment of

**Ball and Winter Dry Goods.**

Delaines, Merinos, Alpaccas, Poplins, Stripes and Plaids, Flannels, Dressings, Prints, White Goods, Shawls, Nobias, &c., &c., Philadelphia Custom-made Shoes, &c., which we offer at

**The Lowest Prices.**

Oct. 5 dtf

**For Rent.**

The two story Stone Building formerly occupied by Messrs. F. Gross & Co., opposite Messrs. Zerk & Grisebeck; also

One Store on the Alamo Plaza, joining Messrs. Vano's store, formerly occupied by Mr. O. Hildebrand. For particulars enquire at J. H. Kampmann. (dec. 1 dtf)

**Administrators Notice.**

The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Emma Giddings, deceased, by the County Court of Bexar county, on September 29th, 1868. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same within the time prescribed by law.

G. H. GIDDINGS,  
Administrator.  
dec 29 w 1

**THE STATE OF TEXAS.**

County of Bexar.

**In County Court for the Settlement of Estates, &c., November Term, A. D. 1868.**

**THE STATE OF TEXAS.**

To all persons interested in the Estate of Jose Maria Salinas, deceased.

Whereas Agustin Barrera and Antonio Salinas de Barrera, administrators of the estate of Jose Maria Salinas deceased, have filed their exhibit and final account as administrators, in the Honorable County Court for the settlement of estates, &c., it is ordered that said account, and applied for auditors and allowance and for leave to resign.

Therefore, you are hereby commanded and notified to be and appear at the next December Term of said court, to be holden on Monday the 25th day of said month, at the Court-house of said county, in the city of San Antonio, to show cause, if any you can, why said account and exhibit should not be audited and allowed, and said administrators have leave to resign as prayed for, and to do and suffer such things as the Court may then and there order, and decree in the premises.

Witness, Peyton Smythe, County Clerk of County Court and Seal of said Court at office in San Antonio, this 7th day of December, A. D. 1868.  
PEYTON SMYTHE, C. C. B. Co.  
By H. MacCombs, Dep. Secy. of said Court.  
dec 7 dtf

**MRS. SCHMIDT'S HOTEL,**

MAIN STREET,  
San Antonio, Texas.  
dec 10 '68 dtf.

**TUBE WELLS.**

Water Obtained in a few Hours.

The undersigned having purchased the patent-right for this county, to put down the "tube-well" are prepared to receive orders. These wells are cheaper and better than the old style in every way. Water guaranteed or no charge.

Parties wanting wells can apply to Capt. A. W. Kempton through the Post-office, or leave address with the Book Keeper at the San Antonio Express Office.

A sample of these wells can be seen on the Military Square of this city.

**WARNING.**

All persons are warned against infringing upon this patent.

dec. 5 '68. J. W. H. KEMPTON & CO.

**STEELE & WILLIAMS,**

(Late John Williams & Co.)  
Commission Merchants,  
Commerce Street,  
San Antonio, Texas.  
Dec 23 dtf.

**H. GREN ET,**

Importer

**WHOLESALE DEALER**

IN

**GENERAL MERCHANDISE,**

San Antonio, Texas.  
Jan 30 dtf

**SLOCUMB, BALDWIN & CO.,**

**HARDWARE,**

71 Canal & 93 Common Sts.,  
NEW ORLEANS.

Historical, Philosophical, Biographical and Miscellaneous Books.

**Books, Stationery,**

**AND NOTIONS,**

AT

**GAMBLE'S**

**BOOK STORE,**

Commerce Street.

JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

**STATIONERY**

for Commercial purposes.

Ladies' Bath Gilt Note,  
Octavo and Billet  
Paper;  
Lined Envelopes, &c., &c.;  
Photographic Albums;  
Portfolios;  
Toilet Articles;  
Perfumery, &c., &c.,  
Ladies' Dress Buttons,  
Visiting Cards, Spectacles,  
Cans, Umbrellas,  
and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

Also, an extensive assortment of NEW Novels by the most popular Authors.

Libraries supplied on liberal terms.

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Libraries supplied on liberal terms.

**Collector Cards.**

J. E. COVEN.

IMPORTER AND JOBBER

OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

**DRY GOODS,**

BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS.

Strand.

GALVESTON, Tex 28.

Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce.

12317

**EVANS & CO.**

(ESTABLISHED 1856)

**CASH**

**WHOLESALE GROCERS**

**GALVESTON.**

ESTABLISHED 1730.

**J. C. HULL'S SON,**

NEW YORK

**FAMILY & PALE**

**SOAP,**

AND ALL KINDS OF

**FANCY SOAPS.**

Sold By EVANS & Co

GALVESTON TEXAS

July 17 dtf

**VICTOR PESOU,**

Commission Merchant and

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

**Groceries, Wines & Liquors,**

Butter, Cheese, Lard, Oil, Soap, Candles, Tea, Pork, etc.

No. 32 Old Levee Street,  
NEW ORLEANS.

Country orders promptly attended to.

March 23 dtf

**Fredericksburg, Texas.**

**Wahrmund & Stucken,**

DEALERS IN

**DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND**

**HARDWARE.**

OWNERS OF THE

**Fredericksburg Steam Mill,**

street 1868

**SHEEP DIP.**

Shed Worm Ointment - Ocular Soaps and Sarcocolla compound. Another supply just received and for sale by

SAMPSON & TORREY.

dec 12 dtf

**Administrator's Notice.**

THE STATE OF TEXAS,  
County of Uvalde.

The undersigned having been appointed administrator upon the Estate of R. W. Black, deceased, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same within the time prescribed by law; also persons indebted to the same, are notified