

San Antonio Express.

VOL. III.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1869.

NO. 22.

The San Antonio Herald Abuse of Western Texas, refuted by a Washington paper.

The Tyler Index enables us to give the following:

We extract from the Washington Union of May 13, 1851, an interesting article upon the present condition and future prospects of Western Texas:

There are few portions of our country about which more has been said or less actually known than the western part of the State of Texas. In speaking of this region we incline to that section bounded by the river Colorado, New Mexico, the Rio Grande and the Gulf of Mexico. It is about equal in extent to both the great States of New York and Pennsylvania. It is an elevated, dry region, of fine equally climate, remarkably healthy and possessing many advantages of a local and geographical nature. Nearly the whole territory is covered with a rich and luxuriant growth of mesquite grass of several species, which is the most nutritious and substantial pasture in the world. All kinds of domestic animals—horses, cattle, sheep, &c., &c.—thrive beyond all comparison upon it. Such is the peculiar nature of the climate and herbage, that sheep, goats, &c., bring forth young twice or thrice, and of course increase with astonishing rapidity. The mildness of the seasons even in winter, is such as to render shelter, food, and care of all these animals quite unnecessary. They live and grow fat without any special attention throughout the whole year. Horses and cattle cost next to nothing to rear them—scarcely more than it costs to raise chickens. There is a considerable variety of soil and productions in different localities, but there is a general similarity. The dry nature of the country renders irrigation very essential; and when practicable, as it is to a great degree, the yield is absolutely astounding. Upon two thirds of this territory sugar and cotton grow in the utmost perfection. Corn and sweet potatoes abound in all parts; and wheat, rye, Irish potatoes, &c., flourish exceedingly well in the southern and western sections. Fruits of all kinds spring up spontaneously, or may be readily cultivated: Apples, oranges, lemons, melons, grapes, pear, plums, peaches, &c., &c., appear to be natives and favorites of the soil.

The wide region between the Nueces and the Rio Grande, and falsely characterized as a "vast desert," is known to have been, less than half a century ago, filled with happy and flourishing ranches, countless flocks and herds, and to have been the seat of comfort and plenty. The ruins of thousands of houses and plantations scattered over it, still attest its former flourishing condition. Between 1808 and 1816, the Indians swept it with fire and the scalping-knife, and reduced it to a waste and ghastly wilderness. Thus does it remain to this day; but it will speedily be re-peopled, and its former condition be restored and improved. Since the late war with Mexico attention has been called to this portion of the country, and its settlement is daily progressing. Brownsville then a mere suburb of Matamoros, containing a few cabins and poverty-stricken, is now a fine, flourishing town of nearly four thousand inhabitants. It has many large stores, workshops, and fashionable buildings, and during the last year has transacted a business amounting to little short of five millions of dollars. It is well known that the mines of the frontier States of Mexico, near and bordering on the Rio Grande, produce annually about twenty millions of dollars in silver. A very considerable portion of this money now flows or soon will find its way to the markets of the world, through Brownsville or some other point of our territory. Here is a vast outlet for our cotton goods and other productions, which is deserving the careful consideration of every business man in the Union.

It is a well authenticated historical fact, that in the mountainous region in which the rivers Colorado, San Geronimo, Guadalupe, &c., take their rise numerous silver and gold mines abound, from which about a century ago, the Spanish government derived large quantities of the precious metals. These mining operations were broken up by Indians, but remains of large and prosperous cities still stand in those distant quarters, which bear evidence of the truth we have stated. It is not improbable that the discoveries of a few years will show that this part of Texas may rival California in its mines and facilities in extracting the valuable deposits. Point Isabel nine miles from the mouth of the Rio Grande, is a place of no small importance, and will soon attract the notice of the country. The Rio Grande river itself, is navigable for steamboats nearly to Laredo, about a thousand miles from its entrance into the Gulf, and is destined to become a most valuable highway for the business of our country

in that quarter. There are many well-informed men who assert that the river must ultimately constitute an essential link in the great chain of improvements to the Pacific ocean. A number of thriving towns are gradually arising along its shore, and will rapidly swell the torrent of business that must flow between the interior and the ocean. The liberal and enlightened policy of Mexico has encouraged smuggling and all sorts of illicit trade along the border; but it is thought the eyes of their legislators will be opened, and these restrictions be altogether withdrawn. Then will most extensive commercial relations grow up, mutually beneficial to both nations. The chief articles of traffic in Western Texas will be sugar, cotton, wool, hides, horses, mules and cattle, besides the specie obtained from Mexico. This will pour into that fertile region a vast amount of capital, and will add tenfold to its peculiar advantages. Along that frontier it may be difficult to retain slaves, for they can easily escape into Mexico; but the labor of Mexican peons and other workmen, can be produced at very cheap rates, and indeed upon terms that are quite as favorable as slave labor can be had, however well secured.

About forty miles from Brownsville, in a northeast direction, lies the famous Salt Lake, called the *Sal del Rey*. It covers about four thousand acres; and such is the saline quality of the water, that there is a clear, pure bed of salt, about a foot deep, extending over the whole surface, and if any part be removed, in twenty-four hours it is completely replaced. In early times, this Salt Lake yielded a large revenue to the Spanish government, and it is believed to be capable of supplying the whole Union with a most excellent article of salt. This property, as well as most of the lands in Western Texas, is involved in law suits, and it will be a year or so before the title is settled. This is one of the most serious drawbacks on immediate improvement. But it is believed that two years at the furthest, will suffice to bring all these questions to the test of legal adjudication. In the mean time, if the government faithfully performs its duty of arresting the Indian depredations, this region of our country will fill up with unprecedented rapidity. The easy and cheap rates at which plantations can be opened and families subsisted, give it advantages for settlement with which few if any sections in any State can pretend to compete. For the purpose of sugar and cotton growing, the most striking inducements are presented. Both are more certain crops than in any other part of our country, and in quality, so far as respects sugar, especially, decidedly superior. Many planters from Louisiana are removing with all their slaves and capital to Texas, and find not only that the land is far cheaper, but preferable to that which they left. The most serious inconvenience is a scarcity of timber; but this can be easily supplied. A few years will exhibit a surprising increase in the population and products of that new State, and elevate it to a high rank in the Union. It is altogether likely that in a short time measures will be taken to divide Texas into at least two States, adopting probably the Colorado as the line of separation. The public debt being virtually paid, the war with Mexico ended, her boundary disputes all settled, and the Indian incursions committed to the defensive authority of the federal government—with a public domain unparalleled in extent, fertility, and variety of productions, and a climate genial and attractive as that of Italy—what a career of prosperity and glory must Texas be destined to run! The period of ten years has been to her an age.

It has seen her rescued from poverty and danger, and placed on a footing as high and as firm as the most stable and independent of the old Thirteen States. She came not alone, but was the happy precursor of our national advance to the shores of the Pacific—a land richer than the Orphir of the ancients, and to a position whence we can stretch forth our hands and seize the commerce of the East, now ten fold greater than it was when it built up Tyre and Sidon, Babylon and Venice, and made those nations which controlled it the masters of the world.

Referring to the recent numerous deaths of eminent persons, the Paris Charivari, in a family scene, gives an excellent caricature—Wife, fondly embracing her husband, "And all those great talents leaving us! What a blessing, my dear, that you were never more than a nullity."

A lady who had refused an awkward but wealthy suitor, said to a friend as he passed: "Look at him! Could you marry him, even if he had a carriage and horses?" "No, indeed," replied the other, "not if he kept a livery stable."

The Convention.

ONE HUNDRETH DAY.
CAPITOL, AUSTIN, TEXAS,
December 2, 1868.

The Convention met pursuant to adjournment. Roll called, quorum present. Prayer by the Chaplain. Journal of Saturday read and adopted.

Mr. Adams presented a petition from citizens of Henderson and Smith counties, and asked its reference to the committee on Internal Improvements.

It was so ordered.
Mr. Flaigau from the committee on Internal Improvements, reported as follows:

COMMITTEE ROOM,
AUSTIN, JAN. 6, 1869.

Hon. E. J. DAVIS, President of the Convention:

Sir—Your committee on Internal Improvements have had before them a declaration for the relief of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, and after a careful examination of the same, having by proof abundantly, learned that the road has lately been put in running order, and is carrying off daily from five to seven hundred bales of cotton, with a fine new locomotive and ample cars for all business purposes, which is well known to the Hon. N. V. Board, a resident of Marshall, as likewise to Hon. L. D. Evans, from the same city, and the other Honorable Delegates Wiley Johnson, and Mitchell Kendall, and from the well known facts as presented, the committee arrive at the conclusion that the debt due the School Fund could not be made nor secured by any possible investment, and at the same time aiding the said company to progress with their road towards Tyler and the Pacific.

The premises all considered, I am instructed to report back the declaration and to recommend the passage of the same.

Respectfully submitted,
J. W. FLAIGAU,
Chairman of committee.

Mr. Flaigau moved a suspension of the rules to put the declaration on its passage, upon which the yeas and nays were demanded, and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. Adams, Armstrong of Lamar, Bell, Board, Buffington, Caldwell, Carter, Evans of McLennan, Evans of Tarrant, Fyler, Flaigau, W. Flaigau, Fleming, Gaston, Goddin, Gray, Harris, Johnson of Harrison, Jordan, Kendall, Keachler, Kirk, Long, McCormick, McWashington, Norris, Monroe, Pettus, Pedigo, Ruby, Smith, Sorrel, Stockbridge, Vorell, Watrous, Wilson of Brazoria, Wilson of Milam, Wright—38.

Nays—Messrs. President, Armstrong of Jasper, Bellinger, Bledsoe, Bryant of Grayson, Bryant of Harris, Butler, Burnett, Carter, Curtis, Degeuse, Downing, Hamilton of Bastrop, Hamilton of Travis, Horne, Kealy, Lindsay, Lippard, Mackey, Mullens, Posey, Rogers, Schultz, Scott, Slaughter, Samner, Thomas, Vaughan, Whitmore, Williams—30.

So the convention refused to suspend.

Mr. Smith of Galveston moved a suspension of the rules to take up a declaration, incorporating the Galveston Canal company, reported from the committee on Internal Improvements.

Rules suspended.

Pending action upon the report of the committee, the President announced the hour had arrived agreed upon by the convention, to go into committee of the Whole, to consider the report of the Special Committee on the condition of the State.

Mr. Flaigau moved to postpone the business of the hour, to consider the declaration incorporating the Galveston Canal company.

The convention refused to postpone. Mr. Newcomb moved the convention resolve itself into committee of the Whole, upon the report of the committee on the condition of the State.

Carried.

Mr. Armstrong of Lamar in the chair.

THE GENUINE MRS. DICKENS.

The Times this morning, alluding to the suicide of Mrs. Dickens in Chicago, says:

"We believe the wife of Mr. Augustus Dickens is still living in England, and has been supported by Charles Dickens ever since her husband came to this country in company with the lady whose decease is now announced."

Brooks Bennet fell in a fit, the other day, while trading in a Rutland, Vermont store. When he revived, fifteen minutes after, his first words were, "What did you say that was a yard?"

PEPES.

Mechanics, Brick-Work, Pavement, Clay Indian Rubber pipe, Pipe stems, pipe cleaners, pipe covers, pipe joints, Decidway Sm.) B. PENTENBREDE.

City Cards.

BELL & BRO'S.

DEALERS IN

Jewelry Silver-Ware, Plated-Ware,

DIAMONDS GEMMES,

American and European Watches and Clocks

Gold Pens and Pencils of every kind.

GOLD AND SILVER TRIBLES.

Gold Silver Steel and Turbine-shell Spectacles and Eye Glasses, with Gold and Glass Lenses, suitable for the aged or near-sighted.

Engravers and Manufacturers

of all articles in their line.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

repaired and warranted.

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.

Commerce Street,

Five doors east of Main Plaza.

Opposite their Old Stand

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Nov. 13, 1868.

BLMENDORF & CO.,

Hardware Merchants,

MAIN PLAZA.

HAVE on hand, and offer for sale

English and American Cutlery,

Iron and Steel of all sizes.

Carpeting Tools,

Mill and Gun out flows of all sizes,

Paints, Brushes,

Doors, Cabinet and Trunk Locks of all kinds,

the Make of Sells, Park and Trimmings

Brushes, Hinges, &c.

Bedsteads and Washings

Oil Cloth, Canvas, Cotton, &c.

Tin Rivets and Rivets, &c.

Steel Hoe and Agricultural Implements,

And a general assortment of

HARDWARE.

Also: Paints, Oils,

Turpentine and Glass,

Paint, Stoves and Candles, Brushes,

Petroleum and Lamps.

Gold's Army and Navy Gun Patch,

Powder Shot and Caps, and all other articles in their line of business at low prices.

Landrover's Garden Seeds

always on hand.

Sole Agents for Hastings' Sewing Machine, for

Planer and Kuper's Sewing Machine.

May 24, 1868.

PHILIP CONRAD,

Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE

and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress

Maker and Upholsterer.

MAIN STREET,

Next to Nott's Drug Store.

Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtains hanging, and carpeting.

San Antonio, May 24.

A NETT,

Has just received a large stock of

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PERFUMERIES and

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS

to suit all the leading articles, such as

PATENT MEDICINES,

that are usually kept in a

First Class Drug Store.

The stock being selected by himself in

his travels.

Hungarian Location.

417

LEROUX & COSBOVE,

TIN, SHEET IRON

And Copper-Ware Manufacturers,

And Dealers in Cutlery and Hollow Ware

of all descriptions. Work and Repair work.

The Place, Main St. and Main St. with

one, Cutlery and Brass, and a general assortment of Tinware, including

cutlery, and constantly receiving a full assortment of Cutlery, Stoves, and other articles.

Cards of City Merchants.

A. NUHL,

IRON AND BRASS

WHEELWRIGHT SHOP.

All work done neatly and cheaply. All

repairs of Machinery promptly executed,

whether brass or iron.

Shop on Press Street, on the river

fronting

BRUNNELL & MERRIN,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

in

Dry-Goods and Groceries,

AND

IMPORTERS OF

California Wine.

Alamo Plaza, opposite Meador's

San Antonio, April 24, 1868.

THOMAS

Wilton G. Andrews, Thophtes G. Andrews

ANDERSON & BRO.,

ATTORNEYS AT-LAW,

San Antonio, Texas.

Office, up stairs West Building, on the

Military Plaza.

JACK COOK,

LAWYER.

Office, West side of Military Plaza,

near Court House.

JOHN

Dr. T. Tompman van der Booven

dentist new address.

212. 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2

maxillary.

DR. WEISSEBERG,

Physician and Surgeon,

OFFICE, at Nott's Drug Store,

On Commerce Street.

San Antonio, Jan. 2nd, 1869.

DR. F. HERFF,

Respectfully announces to his friends that

he has re-commenced in the city.

Office, at Nott's Drug Store, on Commerce

Street.

1868

MEOUN'S

BOOK STORE,

Commerce Street,

Opposite Bull's Jewelry Store.

Keeps constantly on hand

School Books at Wholesale and

Retail.

A full assortment of

STATIONERY

of all kinds.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS,

Catholic & Protestant Prayer Books,

And other Books

Available for Presents!

A large assortment of

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS

with Artistic Pen Kives,

and

Miscellaneous Articles.

Also—

THE INDELEIBLE PENCIL,

Wholesale and Retail.

The Latest Novels constantly

on hand.

Cards of all kinds.

To suit a full assortment of everything pertaining

to this line of business.

Opposite the Latest Newspaper, 212

Commerce St.

WAGNER & BUNDEL,

Commerce Street, San Antonio.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocers

Liquors, Teas, Coffee, Spices

Crackers, Wafers and Wafers, &c.

Oct. 21, 1868.

For Rent,

A comfortable residence near the Court

Irregular parties attended. For particulars

apply to

FRYTON SMITH,

County Clerk's Office.

For Rent.

A large irrigable garden on Flores street.

Apply at the Auction Room of

212-1/2-1/2-1/2-1/2-1/2-1/2-1/2-1/2-1/2-1/2

B. SAWYER & Co.

THE NEW BRAUNFELS

Woolen Manufacturing Company,

Is now prepared to fill orders for their Wool

in goods, which are of superior quality.

Colored and white blankets,

Shawls and Kerseys,

Shirts, &c. &c.

Wool and colored twinning yarn, and request

the patronage of the trade.

P. WOTTEBAU,

Proprietor.

Executive Committee of the Republican Party of Texas: MORGAN C. HAMILTON, of Travis, E. DEGENER, of Bexar, P. W. HALL, of Robertson, C. W. BRYANT, of Harris, A. BLEDSOE, of Dallas, G. W. WHITMORE, of Smith, J. W. TAYLOR, of Williamson, B. F. WILLIAMS, of Colorado, N. F. PATTON, of McLennan, G. T. RUBY, of Galveston, M. H. GODDIN, Polk county, DON CAMPBELL, Marion county.

DEBATES.—We commence in this number the speeches in the convention upon the condition of the State. They will be interesting, bearing as they do upon the division question.

ANOTHER ONE DEAD.—The LAVACA Commercial informs us that Charles Jones was recently killed at Sweet Home, Victoria. The "affair" was brought on by some little "unpleasantness."

COMPLIMENT (?).—The Austin Republican says Mr. Foster has made a good thing of the Georgetown Watchman. When a paper gets to be a "thing" good or bad—we thought it near its end.

THAT AUSTIN HOUSE.—When Gen. Canby was notified that a house was being elegantly fitted up for his use at Austin, that officer replied that they need not put themselves to the trouble, that he should be governed by the interests of the public service in locating headquarters of the 5th Military District.

FOUND ANOTHER FELLOW.—The Houston Telegraph found Gen. Grant and dubbed him "I am I"; that Journal has now found the man opposed to division, and calls him "I am a Texan."

We are like the Austin Republican on Gen. Davis' speech, "hav'n't the heart to do justice to the discovery."

WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH.—The net profits of this Association for 1868 are \$2,071,512.14, inclusive of amount placed to account of sinking fund. In addition to this, five thousand miles new wire have been erected and three thousand miles rebuilt. We hope this monopoly will be taken in hand by the Federal authorities as soon as the Denckers' bill shall have become a law.

WESTERN TEXAS.—We print a remarkable article upon this subject that appeared in a Washington paper some eighteen years ago.

With the exception of titles to land, there is, no better exist at present, the article is remarkably appropriate at this time.

RE-APPOINTED.—We are glad to announce to our readers that the Express is again commissioned as the official Journal of the United States for the 5th Military District.

The Express will contain as heretofore, all government advertisements, Laws of Congress, important orders, and publications, &c.

We hope all those interested in seeing Texas properly represented, as well as those who desire to keep posted in National affairs, will send in their names for subscription.

Our Taxes Doubled.

The prejudices of the people are appealed to by the theory of "increased taxes," to support additional State governments. Now we hope that the taxes will not only be increased by this, but that additional taxes will be levied to grant loans to railroads in the extreme East and extreme West, as well as at present in the center. This will probably double our taxes, but at the same time our lands will be increased in value five-fold, and our population increased three-fold, so that when our taxes are only doubled, our means for paying them will be increased eight-fold.

TEXAS CATTLE.—The reports about our drovers coming to grief in Kansas and Missouri, are undoubtedly fabricated out of whole cloth. The reports of robberies and

murderous assaults that we hear of, are for the purpose of defrauding creditors or stealing the proceeds of sales of other folks' cattle. Texans are not so easily swindled as these swindling reports would lead us to believe. We give an illustration in an article from the Dallas Herald, in today's paper.

TELEGRAPHIC

SPECIAL DESPATCHS TO THE EXPRESS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 9.—The announcement that the election committee had determined to report adversely to both Christy and Murphy, contestants from Georgia, is premature.

Mr. Cutterson, Clerk in Judge Bushe's Court, of Alabama, testifies to falsification of the Record.

The Virginia committee is sitting in secret session.

The managers of the Peabody Educational fund will meet in Baltimore on Wednesday-Grant will be present.

General Grant and his Chief of Staff, General Jos. A. Rawlins, dined with Evarts last night.

The reconstruction committee now have the case of Mississippi under consideration.

The condition of Georgia is to be considered by Joint Committee of both Houses on Monday.

Confederate General Geo. Gordon, of Mississippi, is here, applying for removal of his disabilities. He takes no part in the pending contest for the immediate admission of his State.

The Virginia committee have had several interviews with leading Congressmen, who manifest great desire to hear their views. They will have another private meeting to-night.

Creedy, Supervisor of Internal Revenue at New Orleans, says "the report that Tobacco and Cigars recently seized there and spirited away, is untrue."

NEW ORLEANS, Jan. 9.—The funeral of General Rousseau this afternoon was attended by a large concourse, notwithstanding the unpleasant weather. Services were conducted in Christ's Church by the Bishop of Louisiana.

The pall-bearers were Generals E. Hatch, Mower, Beckwith, Babcock, Porter (these two of Grant's staff), Tomkins and McLeane (Generals of the State Volunteer Army), Steadman, Heron, McMillin, Rogers, and Garry; also an equal number of the Masonic Fraternity.

Funeral services of the 1st Infantry, Battery M, First Artillery, Company E, 6th Cavalry, Masonic Fraternity, City officers and Council, State officers and Legislature; then citizens on foot and in carriages.

Resolutions of sympathy and regret were adopted by the Legislature and City Council. Messages of a similar character were transmitted by the Governor and Mayor to the Legislature and City Council.

The Courts adjourned; offices and nearly all the business houses were closed along the line of march.

FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON, Jan. 9.—Mail advices from Candia confirm the complete submission of the Cretans to the Turks.

Thirty-nine of the missing passengers and crew of the steamer Hyperion, are on the Ocean Spray, bound for New York.

HAMBURG, Jan. 9.—The passengers of the Borus, which was wrecked off Portland, England, with twelve hands, are all safely landed.

The Sultan's firm attitude excites alarm. Madrid, Jan. 9.—Despatches report all quiet throughout Spain.

An insurrection in Milan is reported.

MARKETS

London Market.

Cotton advanced after decline of a quarter.

600 bales of raw cotton exports 10 1/2.

New York Market.

Gold opened at 135.

Cotton opened one-half to one cent better.

Class closed, but the advanced partly lost. Sales 6,500 bales at 25 1/2 to 25 3/4—closing at 25 1/2.

Gold closed at 135 1/2.

Foreign Market.

Liverpool, Jan. 9.

Cotton active; Uplands 11 1/2 to 12.

Debate in the Convention upon the Division Question.

Mr. Newcomb, Mr. President, before this debate I desire to say a few words, if no other gentlemen claim the floor, I did not wish my substitute to the majority report of the committee on the condition of the State because I believed my position untenable, but to allow the gentleman from New York to introduce his substitute, which in my opinion goes directly to the point aimed at by myself. I have taken some notes of the debate so far, and feel called upon to review some of the positions assumed, and particularly as my report has been assailed by gentlemen who command the respect of this body.

The gentleman from Missouri, Mr. Evans, asserted that a fair election

be held over the State at large and loyal civil government established if only the Reconstruction acts are enforced; and further, that our present and past despotism is the result of a non-enforcement of the Reconstruction acts.

The gentleman from Texas, Mr. Hamilton, earnestly endorsed the entire speech of Mr. Evans, but during his speech asserted that General Reynolds had enforced the Reconstruction acts to the letter, and the man who denied it had better bring his proof. Now, sir, if the gentleman from Missouri is right, General Reynolds has not enforced the Reconstruction acts; if the gentleman from Texas is correct in his statement in regard to General Reynolds, then these Acts are a failure, and the gentleman from Missouri was wrong, and Mr. Hamilton was hasty in his endorsement.

My opinion is they are both wrong in a measure. The facts do not bear out the assertion that General Reynolds filled the full measure of the Reconstruction acts, nor do I believe experience warrants us in the belief that these Acts are equal to the emergencies now confronting us in this State.

The Reconstruction acts presume that there is loyalty enough in the State at large to establish a civil government which will secure to every man his rights as an American citizen—the right of free speech and free ballot. What are the facts set forth by the majority report of the committee, corroborated by General Reynolds and Governor Pease, and which no Republican, at least, will deny, who has any regard for the testimony before us? That over a large portion of this State a peaceable election could be held to start out with; that the rights of loyal men, black and white, are trampled on and disregarded. These Acts contemplate the establishment of a civil government resting on the consent of the people—a civil government in which every right of the citizen is secured; in which his life and property are protected, by the moral force of the community. Will any gentleman declare in the face of this convention that the restoration of civil State government in Texas to-morrow would so protect every citizen, black and white? Nothing short of a military force, with the will of a stern commander behind it, will reach the case. I will admit that the semblance of Reconstruction might be introduced; that even a constitution might be adopted; but, sir, remove the sentiment the military presence and the Southern Confederacy will be re-established; the Ku-Klux Klan would be revived; terror would prevail over the largest extent of this State; men opposed to the doctrine of political equality of all men would carry out their ideas; and practical Reconstruction, as in any Congress, would be unknown.

We are warned by gentlemen of our anxiety to secure this State to the Republican party; that, sir, I take it, is our plain duty as loyal men; to secure it to the Republican party does not mean the perpetuation of a mere party triumph, but it means the reaping of all the fruits of victory of the Union over treason; it means freedom to all; it means security to life, liberty and property; it means prosperity and greatness to the State. The gentleman from Texas would have us surrender, and he with a corps of orators would walk around the rebel Jericoes and blow down their walls with trumpets. The gentleman and his lieutenants would be laughed at; the men who would be reconciled have been reconciled long ago; the men who could be convinced have been convinced long ago—there is no hope for the rebellious whites of this State—time, new men, a new generation is the only hope of the country, and the enforcement of justice by a strong government is necessary to bring the people back to a sense of law and right, and in this rests the hope of all loyal men.

I claim that this convention is the living embodiment of Reconstruction in this State; we have reached the point from which we have a fair view of things; we have the experience of other States before us, and the facts of our true condition before us, and it is our duty to pause in our work and report progress—to suggest to the National power some effective, quick remedy for the evils which afflict our State. The majority of the committee suggest Legislative powers to be conferred on this convention. I am confident the committee do not intend to go as far as this report suggests, but it is a remedy. In my judgment, not equal to the emergency. If we are not to have a division of the State, as suggested by the substitute, then, sir, I say we will be false to the true interests of the State and the Nation if we do not demand that a strict Military Government, or a Territorial Government be enforced over Texas.

I will admit that the Reconstruction acts, if enforced, would secure a peaceable election; but what would a victory at the ballot-box be worth, obtained by the overawing presence of layabouts? It would be a mere defeat. Shall we have the military? There has been a day when Federal bayonets will no longer stand guard over the ballot-box

—when Federal authority will no longer interpose between the loyal men, black and white, and the rebellious portion of our community; and this is the day we must provide for—this is the day we must look forward to in our Reconstruction. What will be the condition of this State after the Reconstruction acts cease to exist? is the question we are called on to solve. Will we have the experience of Georgia and other reconstructed States repeated on us? For my part I would rather live under military government for ten years to come, or until it is certain we are ready for civil government in the fullest sense.

Now, to return to the substitute which suggests a division of the State. It is hardly worth while replying to all the nonsense which has originated in this little village over the question of a division of the State. The division of the States, with the Colorado for a boundary line, is the most horrible circumstance in the world to the denizen of Austin; it is to him the wiping out of all that is lovely; this ungainly Capital is to him a sacred temple which it will never do to desert; visions of past glory come before him, when legislators came from the far North, South, East and West, and remained here for months spending their per diem and enduring all the hardships and privations of poor hotels, etc.; and when we see the gentleman who represents this village rise in his place and become greatly agitated over this question, we have some idea of the feeling of the Austinites, but not, sir, of the people of this State. We propose a division of the State not because we consider it a solution of Reconstruction, but because we look to the future welfare of the State; and if we are to have a division, then all our plans and measures must change and take another shape; and it is wise to settle this question first; and if we are not to have a division of the State, then let us surrender our State into the hands of the Federal authority;—the present form of civil government is a failure.

We of the West came to this convention last summer to carry out Reconstruction, to do quick and effective work; we then believed a division of the State necessary, but did not propose our measure until it became evident nothing could be done for the State at large—we became convinced the State could not be reconstructed as a whole. And while acknowledging the correctness and justice of our position yet action was postponed, our delegation was sent to Washington, and the convention resumed its work, or rather, attempted to make a constitution. We quarrelled and fought over questions which all Republicans supposed had been fully settled before we met here; at least, all loyal men had thought decided. We partly completed a constitution—it is a still-born child—put universal suffrage to it or weigh it down with our legislation, and I tell you it will be defeated by the loyal people of this State. The most active makers of that instrument are now unwilling to touch it; they want some other plan; they want to delay the plan of Congress. Can we reconstruct this State as a whole? The facts are against such a proposition; the history of this convention is against it.

Again we have come up from the West—now convinced that division is our only hope for the restoration of civil government in our section as well as to secure its future prosperity. We are called "secessionists," "obstructionists," etc., but do we deserve such appellation? I think not. Have we been idle? To-day will be placed upon the desks of the members, a complete constitution for the West—a constitution which in my judgment will challenge the admiration of all loyal men, and bear favorable comparison with any of the constitutions of the other reconstructed States;—the best constitution in my mind produced under the Reconstruction acts. Have we been idle? Our task is done—our work is ready to be submitted to the people to-morrow. We only await your consent to erect a separate State west of the Colorado. We have a territory imperial in extent; we have population enough to support a State government; we claim to have loyalty enough to reconstruct a loyal State government. We only wait the consent of this convention to carry out our laudable object. If this convention refuses, then we must look elsewhere. I hope the substitute will be adopted.

A lady who has given to little son for her doctor and inquired him with a severe fever, "What work at my tongue, doctor?" "Yes—that needs re-ttoo."

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A lady who has given to little son for her doctor and inquired him with a severe fever, "What work at my tongue, doctor?" "Yes—that needs re-ttoo."

New Advertisements. Horses! Horses!! Horses!!! FOR CAVALRY. For Cavalry horses, delivered in San Antonio, on R. King's contract, subject to inspection, I will pay One Hundred Dollars. R. W. PEAY, Alamo Stables. Jan 12/1869.

AUCTION!!!

LARGE AND SPECIAL SALE OF ASSORTED MERCHANDISE.

By DAVID FRIEDLANDER & CO., On Saturday, January 16,

At 10 o'clock, at their AUCTION ROOMS, in lots to suit both city and country trade. Comprising 200 lots of

Boots and Shoes, Hats, Woolens, Satinets, Cottonades, Ready-made Clothing, and very full and complete lines of Men's Furnishing Goods.

ALSO, Dress Goods, Shawls, Ladies and Misses Hood-Skirts. A splendid line of Wool and Cotton Hosiery, Carpeting, Table Covers, and a full assortment of

FANCY GOODS, Including Ribbons, Trimmings, Albums, Ladies' Combinations, Satchels, Ritrucules, Carving Sets, Pocket Knives, Scissors, Pipes, Snuff Boxes, Mirrors, &c., &c.

ALSO, A special and attractive line of Ladies' Shoes. A full assortment line of Boy's Hats.

ALSO: 350 Pieces Hardware.

No postponement will occur in hour or date. This sale presents a Catalogue which, in complete and desirable assortment, is rarely excelled, and we confidently invite the attention of Dealers and Jobbers.

To arrive and for subsequent sale by Auction, 1400 choice grain sacks.

DAVID FRIEDLANDER & CO. Jan 12/1869-13-14-15-16.

Attention! Attention!!!

As we will wind up our business within two months, we

LOVENSTEIN & Co., offer our entire stock of

Staple and Fancy

DRY GOODS

CLOTHING,

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS, &c., &c.

At prices below New York cost. Special attention of dealers is called to this rare chance, they should examine our stock before purchasing.

MISSISSIPPI BLOOMBERG & FRANK'S

Corner of Main Plaza and Commerce Street.

Now offering their Stock of Dry-Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, at REDUCED PRICES, with a view of making room for their Spring Stock, and would respectfully advise all who have not supplied their wants to call and see them before purchasing elsewhere.

They have just received a large Stock of Blankets, Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c.

CALL AND SEE THEM

Corner of Main Plaza and Commerce Street.

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES OPENED AT GREAT BARGAINS!!!

MISSISSIPPI BLOOMBERG & FRANK'S

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STOLEN near the up with some of these hid upon the erty. Cost: the copy clia's Ha his schol scholars be rowar agize; been not set for th les; as the toe; g \$50 whel Hor C ownersh yesterda Mayor called evening killing place. Lawy now in e suited in wit: "I vacant January in ree Market. A. M. at Now a staffs ar right, as Finz C. Upso fire, a go by at th soldiers went to trou de was in had it n the sold ed us of ting the as there way of th alar. This alu Nall son fact a r rung at this ma... Al... D... Cloet upon th... Josy by fast street, f... The in the ment a... Editor A d walked this pla at the busine coming parado au n arise fr sequen nee ch polition of law an sta arm to State. I... OFF... Jus Stock t... Fancy... GEN... CLA... apr:2

Local Intelligence.

New Church.—Alexander Turner and others have license duly signed and attested to organize a Church of the Second Baptist denomination, in this city.

STOLEN HIDES.—A lot of hides found near the river, in the chapparel, covered up with brush, which had been stolen from some warehouse in the city.

COMPLIMENTARY PARTY.—Remember the complimentary party to-night at Dryden's Hall, giving to Professor Dellinger by his scholars.

HOT COFFEE.—The case in regard to the ownership of the Coffee Stall, was tried yesterday morning, before his Honor the Mayor.

Lawyers Teel and Berry argued the point now in contest, before the law, which resulted in the Mayor giving his decision to wit: "that the said coffee stall be declared vacant from and on Saturday, at 12 M., January 16th, next, and that the said stall be re-erected at public outcry, by the Market Master, to the highest bidder, by 9 A. M. at the market west of the river."

Five.—Yesterday morning, the house of C. Upson, Esq., was discovered to be on fire, a gentleman happened to be passing by at the time and gave the alarm to the soldiers at the barracks, who immediately went to the scene and arrested the flames from doing further damage.

Police Items.—MAYOR'S COURT, January 11, 1869. Drunk and Disorderly. Cloetas Willard, drunk and disorderly upon the public streets, fined \$3 and costs.

Furious Riding. Joseph Peter, violating city ordinance by fast and furious driving on Commerce street, fined \$3 and costs.

More Outrages.—The following letter is another epitome in the protection that our dual government affords in Texas:

MEXICO, Tex. Dec. 28, 1868. Editors San Antonio Express: A desperado named William Man walked into the store of J. P. Miles of this place and deliberately fired two shots at the proprietor while attending to his business, one taking effect in the head causing a very serious wound.

Koenigheim & Co. MAIN PLAZA, OPPOSITE CATHEDRAL, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. JUST RECEIVED a splendid Fall Stock of Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, CLOTHES, CASIMERE, &c., &c.

QUARTERLY REPORT

Table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. Resources include Loans and Discounts (\$178,253.98), United States Bonds (\$25,000.00), Due from Banks and Bankers (\$9,656.15), Cash Items (\$1,910), and Cash on hand (\$106,868.03). Total Resources: \$611,687.16.

I certify that the above is a correct transcript from the books of this Association.

NORTON & DEUTZ, Hides, Skins

NO WOODS

Proposals for Corn and Charcoal

Proposals for Corn. In duplicate will be received at this office until Friday, February 5th, 1869, at 12 M., for furnishing the Quartermasters Department at Fort Concho, Texas, with such quantity of Corn as may be required until May 31st, 1869.

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SAN ANTONIO STEAM

Cracker and Candy Factory, Schmitt & Duerler, Commerce and Market Streets,

Wholesale Manufacturers of CRACKERS

Of all kinds in quantities to suit purchasers. Candies

CONFECTIONERIES, WEDDING AND BALL CAKES, made to order. Soda, Mineral and Sarsaparilla waters in fountains and bottles.

Soda Water Apparatus constantly on hand.

Proposals for Corn. HEADQUARTERS FIFTH MILITARY DISTRICT, STATE OF TEXAS.

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Livery and Sale Stables.

East Side Alamo Plaza, San Antonio Texas. G. WILLIE PEAY & CO.,

Having purchased all the right title and interest of the firm heretofore existing under the style of Spangler & Peay, will continue the business at the old stand.

Returning thanks for former patronage, we hope to merit in future, the confidence of the public.

Mules and Horses bought and sold at reasonable rates. nov. 13/68 dtf.

A. SARTOR, JR., COMMERCE STREET, NEAR THE BRIDGE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

HARDWARE, Carpenters Tools, Ploughs, Agricultural Implements, Paints, Oils, Window Glass,

CLOCKS AND WATCHES, warranted for one year. STEEL AND PLATED SPECTACLES.

Landreth's Garden Seeds. GROCERIES.

October 23rd, 1868, dtf. WESTWARD, HO!!!

FAST EXPRESS MAIL FOR EL PASO.

THROUGH IN SIX AND A HALF DAYS. Passengers leave San Antonio on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, at 8 o'clock A. M., for EL PASO, via Bossan, Fredericksburg, Fort Mason, Fort McKavitt, Fort Couch, Camp Chastain, Fort Stockton and Fort Quitman.

FOR CHIHUAHUA. Passengers leaving on Wednesdays connect at Fort Stockton with the Stage for

PRESIDIO DEL NORTE. Passengers leave San Antonio on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 7 o'clock A. M., for

Eagle Pass and Fort Clark. Via Castroville, New Fountain, Dhanis and Uvalde.

Fare Reduced. These routes have been newly stocked and the FARE REDUCED to the unprecedented low price of 15 cents Currency, per mile.

T. G. WILLIAMS, Agent, at Steele & Williams, No. 100 Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas, October 16, 1868. dtf.

J. H. KAMPMANN, ARCHITECT & BUILDER.

Is prepared to contract for all kinds of Mason Work, Stone cutting, Carpenter Work, Plastering and Painting.

J. H. KAMPMANN'S NEW DOOR, SASH AND BLIND FACTORY.

The undersigned having completed his new Factory, in which all work is done by Machinery and Steam power, is prepared to make at the shortest notice:

Doors, Windows, Blinds and all kinds of heavy sashwork, Rippling and Planing Lumber, Making 1 inch and 2 inch Plastering, and all other articles connected with the Carpenter Business. Seasoned Lumber, White and Yellow Pine and Louisiana Swamp Cypress constantly on hand.

ALSO SAWING ROCK BY STEAM POWER. ALL ORDERS WILL BE PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

OFFICE—On Nacogdoches Street, near the Alamo. J. H. KAMPMANN.

SAN ANTONIO NATIONAL BANK

Designated Depository. Financial Agents of the United States. Capital \$125,000.

G. W. BRACKENRIDGE, President. T. H. STRIBLING, Vice President.

DIRECTORS: L. ZORK, J. J. W. BENTLEY, STRIBLING, E. DEGENER, E. PENTENRIEDER, A. NETTE, G. W. BRACKENRIDGE, D. BELL.

ZORK & GRIESENBECK, Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS. Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Wines, Brandies, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Ladies' Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, CLOTHES, CASIMERE, &c., &c.

OFFICIAL LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, Passed at the Second Session of the Fortieth Congress.

(Continued.) By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION. ARTICLE VIII.

In whatever relates to the police of the ports, the lading and unlading of ships, the safety of merchandise, goods, and effects, the successor to personal estates, by will or otherwise, and the disposal of personal property of every sort and denomination, by sale, donation, exchange, testament, or any other manner whatsoever...

The foregoing provisions shall be applicable to real estate situated within the States of the American Union, or within the Republic of Nicaragua, in which foreigners shall be entitled to hold or inherit real estate. But in case real estate situated within the territories of one of the contracting parties should fall to a citizen of the other party...

If any citizen of the two high contracting parties shall die without a will or testament in any of the territories of the other, the minister or consul, or other diplomatic agent of the nation to which the deceased belonged, (or the representative of such minister or consul, or diplomatic agent, in case of absence) shall have the right to nominate executors to take charge of the property of the deceased, under the laws of the country which will permit for the benefit of the lawful heirs and creditors of the deceased, giving proper notice of such nomination to the authorities of the country.

ARTICLE IX.

1. The citizens of the United States residing in Nicaragua, or the citizens of Nicaragua residing in the United States, may intermarry with the natives of the country; hold and possess, by purchase, marriage, or descent, any estate or real or personal, without being subject to the laws which now exist or may be enacted in this respect.

2. The citizens of the United States residing in the Republic of Nicaragua, and the citizens of Nicaragua residing in the United States, shall be exempted from all forced or compulsory military service whatsoever, by land or sea, from all contributions of war, military operations, forced loans in time of war, but they shall be obliged in the same manner as the citizens of each nation to pay lawful taxes, municipal and other modes of imposts, and ordinary charges, loans and contributions in time of peace, (as the citizens of the country are liable,) in just proportion to the property owned.

3. Not shall the property of either, of any kind, be taken for a public object without full and just compensation to be paid in advance.

4. The citizens of the two contracting parties shall have the unlimited right to go to any part of territories of the other, and in all cases enjoy the same security as the natives of the country where they reside, with the condition that they duly observe the laws and ordinances.

ARTICLE X.

It shall be free for each of the two high contracting parties to appoint consuls for the protection of trade, to reside in any of the territories of the other party. But before any consul shall take office as such, he shall, in the usual form, be approved and admitted by the government to which he is sent; and either of the high contracting parties may exempt from the residence of consuls any particular place as they judge it to be expedient.

(To be Continued.)

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

Table with columns for destination (ALLEYTON, VICTORIA, WACO, EL PASO, EAGLE PASS, COMPOS CHRISTI, LAREDO) and days of arrival/departure.

A durable well made, and pure water obtained in a few hours!!

The merits of this recent patent are gradually working their way into public favor. Wherever they have been tried, they have given perfect satisfaction, and are destined at an early day entirely to supersede the present cumbersome and inconvenient cistern wells.

The well consists of a wrought iron tube, galvanized or not, as the party may prefer, which is forced into the earth by driving or boring; the lower end is furnished with a strainer, and to the upper end is attached a pump. When water is found at any distance short of thirty-two feet, and some times at a greater depth, the pump is attached and put in operation. The action throws off the sand within a few hours and creates a reservoir, from which cool, pure and durable water is obtained.

These wells have now been in use in the North-West and South for three years; they were used with perfect success by General NAPLES, for watering his army in his recent Abyssinian expedition. Where ever they have been tried they have commended themselves to public favor. Among the advantages claimed for them may be enumerated the following: 1. They are less expensive by one-half, than the ordinary well.

2. They make no litter in boring, and exclude all filth, surface water, and impure air. 3. They descend below the surface, and tap the pure fountain. 4. Neither quicksand, clay, nor rock, offers any serious obstacle in boring, for with the pump is attached and put in operation. 5. They may be constructed in a few hours, in any part of the house, in the bath-room, or kitchen, or under the gallery.

6. The water not being exposed to the sun's rays, remains uniformly cool. A number of these wells are already in successful operation in Washington Territory.

The construction of the wells requires no mechanical ingenuity; the necessary tools can be made by any common blacksmith for twenty-five dollars; the cost of the pump, tube, and strainer is a mere trifle, and any man of energy can make a fortune in a very short time by the purchase of a County right.

Messrs. Wentz & Barris, of Brenham, have purchased the patent right for the State of Texas. Parties desiring to purchase County rights, can be accommodated with terms and information by applying to KEMPTON & CO., Express Office, Main Street, San Antonio, Oct. 1. d. 67.

A. HEUSINGER, Commission Merchant, 212 Commerce Street, S. A.

Has just received a splendid assortment of Fall and Winter Dry Goods, including: Delaines, Merinos, Alpaccas, Poplins, Stripes and Plaids, Flannels, Domestic Prints, White Goods, Shawls, Ribbons, &c. &c. Philadelphia Custom-made Shoes, &c., which we offer at the Lowest Prices.

For Rent.

The two-story Stone Building formerly occupied by Messrs. F. Gross & Co., opposite Messrs. Burt & Grissom's; also, One Store on the Alamo Plaza, joining Messrs. Vance's store, formerly occupied by Mr. C. Huberich. For particulars enquire at J. H. Kampman's. (Dec. 1. d. 67)

Administrators Notice.

The undersigned having been appointed administrator of the estate of Emma Giddings, deceased, by the County Court of Bexar County, on Sept. 10th, 1868. All persons having claims against said estate are notified to present the same within the time prescribed by law. G. H. GIDDINGS, Administrator. Dec. 13. d. 67

THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Bexar.

In County Court for the Settlement of Estates, &c., November Term, A. D. 1868.

THE STATE OF TEXAS.

To all persons interested in the Estate of Jose Maria Salinas, deceased. Whereas, Agustin Barrera and Antonio Belland de Barrera, administrators of the estate of Jose Maria Salinas, deceased, have filed their exhibit as an account of administrators, in the Honorable County Court for the settlement of estates, &c., in and for said county, and applied for addition and allowance and for leave to resign. Therefore, you are hereby commanded and notified to be and appear at the next December Term of said court, to be holden on Monday the 28th day of said month, at the Court-house of said county, in the city of San Antonio, to show cause, if any you can, why said account and exhibit should not be allowed and allowed, and said administrators have leave to resign as prayed for, and to do and suffer such things as the Court may then and there order and decree in the premises.

Witness, Peyton Smythe, County Clerk of County Court and Seal of said Court at office in San Antonio, this 7th day of December, A. D. 1868. PEYTON SMYTHE, C. C. B. Co. By H. Macomber, Dep't. Issued under my Seal. Dec. 10. d. 67

MRS. SCHMIDT'S HOTEL, MAIN STREET, San Antonio, Texas.

TUBE WELLS.

Water obtained in a few hours. The undersigned having purchased the patent right for this county, to get down the "tube-well" are prepared to receive orders. These wells are cheaper and better than the old style in every way. Water guaranteed or no charge. Parties wanting wells can apply to Capt. A. W. Kempton through the Post-Office, or have address with the Book Keeper at the San Antonio Express Office. A sample of these wells can be seen on the Military Square of this city.

WARNING.

All persons are warned against infringing upon this patent. KEMPTON & CO. Dec. 5. d. 67.

STEELE & WILLIAMS, (Late John Withers & Co.) Commission Merchants, Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas. Dec. 6. d. 67

Special Notice.

H. GRENET, Importer AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN GENERAL MERCHANDISE, San Antonio, Texas. June 30. d. 67

SLOCOMB, BALDWIN & CO., HARDWARE, 74 Canal & 95 Common Sts. NEW ORLEANS. March 17. d. 67

Historical, Philosophical, Biographical and Miscellaneous Books; Books, Stationery, AND NOTIONS, AT GAMBLE'S BOOK STORE, 13 Commerce Street. JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF STATIONERY—for Commercial purposes, Ladies' Bath Gilt Note, Octavo and Billet Paper; Lined Envelopes, &c. &c.; Photographic Albums; Portfolios; Toilet Articles; Perfumery, &c. &c.; Ladies' Dress Buttons, Visiting Cards, Spectacles, Cans, Umbrellas, and many other articles, too numerous to mention. Public Documents, Engravings, Maps, &c. &c. Noveles by the most popular Authors. Also, an extensive assortment of NEW and cheaply bound Books, School Books, &c. &c. Applied on liberal terms.

F. KALTEYER, APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST, Presidio St., Near the Court-house, SAN ANTONIO. Has just received direct from Europe, a well selected supply of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, &c., Among others—English Calomel, English Mustard, Citric Acid, Acetic Acid, Oil of Bergamot, Oil of Lemon, List, &c. &c. Superior Steel Pens and Pen Holders. Trusses, Syringes, Block Fin, Glass, and India Rubber, Copping Glasses, Medicine Chests, Medical Saddle bags, &c., Genuine Eau de Cologne. Nov. 1. d. 67

FRUITS! FRUITS!! New Dried Apples and Peaches, Raisins, Currants, Citron and Prunes. Oranges and Lemons. Just received and for sale by Nov. 27. d. 67 H. GRENET.

W. WESTHOFF & CO., INDIANOLA, TEXAS, Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants And Dealers in Hardware. Liberal advances made on consignments of Country Produce. 117

Notice to Stock-raisers. COOPER & BRO., located at Pleasanton, Alameda county, offer their services to the Stock-raisers of Western Texas, as Agents, to examine the records of herds sold, and collect the money thereon. For a desirable service will please forward written authority, with lists of marks and brands. Dec. 24. d. 67

NORTON & DEUTZ, AGENTS FOR Winchester Repeating Arms. GULLETT'S PATENT Improved SHELL BRUSH COTTON GIN. Buckeye Mowers, and combined Mowers and Reapers. The Washington Iron Works. Horse-Powers and Trunkers. Doty's Washing Machine & Wringer. Jan. 3. d. 67

COFFEE! COFFEE!! 100 Sacks RIO, strictly choice. For sale by H. GRENET. Nov. 17. d. 67

Galveston Cards.

J. E. COWEN, IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS, Standard, GALVESTON, TEXAS. Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce. 128 1/2

EVANS & CO. (ESTABLISHED 1856) CASH WHOLESALE GROCERS GALVESTON, TEXAS. ESTABLISHED 1750 J.C. HULL'S SON NEW YORK FAMILY & PALE SOAP FANCY SOAPS. Sold By EVANS & CO. GALVESTON, TEXAS. July 27. d. 67

VICTOR PESOU, Commission Merchant and Groceries, Wines & Liquors, Butter, Cheese, Lard, Lard Oil, Soap, Candles, Tea, Pork, &c. No. 21 Old Leeve Street, NEW ORLEANS. Country orders promptly attended to. March 23. d. 67

Fredericksburg, Texas. Wahrenmund & Stucken, DEALERS IN DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND HARDWARE OWNERS OF THE Fredericksburg Steam Mill. at. 1868

SHEEP DIP. New Worm Ointment—Creosote Soap and Saponaceous compounds. Another supply just received and for sale by SAMPSON & TORREY. Dec. 1. d. 67

Administrator's Notice. THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Uvalde. The undersigned having been appointed administrator upon the Estate of R. W. Black, deceased, hereby notifies all persons having claims against said estate, to present the same within the time prescribed by law; also persons indebted to the same, are notified to settle within the prescribed time. P. S. BLACK, N. L. STRATTON, Executors, &c. Dec. 10. d. 67

E. SAWYER & Co., AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Main Place and Solid Street, next to the Plaza House. A good yard for stock in connection with the premises. Sale days—Monday, Wednesday and Saturday. (April 24. d. 67)

GEORGE HERNER, BAR ROOM, WINE AND BEER SALOON, Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. Nov. 5. d. 67

SARDINES. French Peas, Preserved Plums, Peaches, Apples, Macaroni in tin boxes, Asparagus. Dec. 1. d. 67 E. PENTENRIEDER.

Mules Wanted!! One Hundred Mules wanted—broken or unbroken—four years old or upwards. The highest Cash prices will be paid by J. A. SPANGLER. At the Manger Hotel, San Antonio, Texas. Nov. 15. d. 67

EL PASO MAIL LINE BRAND REGISTERED. HORSE and MULE brand. On left side of the neck and on left Shoulder. On left hip. Address B. F. PICKLIN San Antonio, Texas. Nov. 24. d. 67

New York Cards.

R. FEINBERG & CO. Importers of French, English & German FANCY GOODS. 4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway, NEW YORK. August 2. d. 67

N. J. McCREADY & CO., SHIPPING Commission Merchants, 36 SOUTH STREET, NEW YORK. AGENTS—For the old line of direct packets to Havana and Louisiana, Texas. Receive and forward goods to both points free of commissions and insurance effected if desired. (Sep. 2. d. 67)

REEVES' AMBROSIA FOR THE HAIR, IMPROVED! It is an elegant Dressing for the Hair. It causes the Hair to curl beautifully. It keeps the Scalp Clean and Healthy. It invigorates the Roots of the Hair. It forces the Hair and Beard to grow luxuriantly. It immediately stops Hair Falling Out. It keeps the Hair from Changing Color from Age. It restores Grey Hair to its Original Color. It brings out Hair on heads that have been bald for years. It is composed entirely of simple and pure vegetable substances.

It has received over six thousand voluntary testimonials of its excellence, many of which are from physicians in high standing. It is sold in half pound bottles (the same blown in the glass) by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere, at One Dollar per Bottle. Wholesale by Deane, Barnes & Co.; F. C. Wells & Co.; Schieffelin & Co. New York. April 21. d. 67

Gustav Theisen & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 68 William Street, Corner of Cedar St. New York. To Marry or not to Marry WHY NOT? Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Reply of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuse and Dismissal incurred by Ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in a sealed letter envelope free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. April 21. d. 67

ERRORS OF YOUTH. A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. CGDEN, w. 32ly 43 Cedar Street New York.

To Consumptives. The Rev. Edward A. Wilson will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription, with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a Lung Affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 164 South Second Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sept. 21. d. 67

The Nuptial Altar. Essays for young Men, on the Errors, Abuses and Dismissal, which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with the humane view of treatment and cure, sent by mail in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. A. G. dress HOWARD ASSOCIATION, 143 P. Philadelphia, Pa. Sept. 20. d. 67

Klopper Hotel. FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT! Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured. Commerce Street, San Antonio. Jan. 1. d. 67

PAPEL. Letter, Foolcap, Note, Blotting, Oil, Silk, Glazed, Music, Hardware, Wrapping, Draget perforated, Copy, Gold and Silver and Sand paper, &c. Dec. 1. d. 67 E. PENTENRIEDER.

Liebig's Extract of Meat Company. On account of the delay of expected letters from Europe, the books of the above named Company will remain open until the 1st day of February, 1869. T. S. DISBROW, San Antonio, Dec. 30. '68. (d. 67)

Notice. There will be a meeting of the Agricultural, Stock Raising and Industrial Association of Western Texas, held at the Manger Hotel this evening, at 7 o'clock, on important business. All persons favorable to the cause will please attend and enroll themselves. THOS. H. STRIPLING, President. S. SAMMON, Secretary. (Jan. 5. d. 67)

HIDES. Bought at the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE, ELMENDORF & Co. Feb. 1. d. 67