

San Antonio Express.

VOL. II.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1868.

NO. 187.

TELEGRAPHIC

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DESPATCHES.]

WASHINGTON, July 21 — Noon—Senate remained in session until midnight.

Military bill passed, reduces the army to 30,000. Three infantry and one cavalry regiment shall be colored. Muster out all except the West Point band.

Gives one thousand Springfield Rifles to each Congressional District, with the condition that the Secretary of War is satisfied the militia will be loyal.

Last provision excited short debate. Drake said he would, if he had his way, arm every loyal man in the Southern States with a Springfield and cartridges ad libitum, and so far as he was concerned, he was perfectly willing for it to be written on the bill, that these arms were intended for the protection of the loyal men at the polls.

WASHINGTON, July 21.

Senate resolution paying Southern Senators from the commencement of 49th Congress, meeting opposition, went over under rules.

Motion to adjourn Friday drew from Hendricks remarks that the President would probably avail himself of constitutional ten days to defeat Military bill which arms Southern militia at option of Secretary. Senatorial bitterness ensued in which alleged outrage of Southern loyalists were again brought up without definite action. Senate took recess.

House resolution paying members from the South from the day of election, passed.

Bill changing ports of entry from Plymouth to Edner and Beaumont to Port Royal, passed.

Resolution sending Alabama members, provoked long debate.

Bigly Collins, H. Tagly and Norris Price were seated.

Concurrent resolutions declaring 14th article duly adopted, passed.

House resumed funding bill. Recess.

Vote in Republican caucus to-day showed eighty favoring recess to September or October, against 28 favoring regular adjournment.

Full Cab net, including Havas.

For the first time both Houses are in session to-night.

Gillem's report regarding Mississippi shows both parties charge fraud, but he can find none that comes within military reach. Constitution defeated and military law will continue. Gillem recommends modification law, whereby all registered and qualified voters may fill vacancies which exist, or may occur in civil State or national offices.

CINCINNATI, July 21.—Three men implicated in recent express robbery near Seymour, Indiana, hung by a mob.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—House—Kellogg, Ala. Life, & C. seated.

Bill passed removing disabilities of Simon Carly, S. C., N. Hahn, La., and John Melledge, Ga.

Stevens made personal explanation denying remarks attributed to him about paying bonds in gold, and denouncing papers attacking him as papers of rebels, and all in bondholders' interest.

The Speaker made statement regarding the tax bill, in answer to questions, and had message from President read, in which approval of tax bill was announced.

The Secretary of the Treasury, and Commissioner of Internal Revenue however, had advised bill was not signed.

Speaker had no other information than that contained in President's message, announcing bill had been signed.

Amendment to Alaska appropriation disapproved.

Committee of Conference appointed bill extending time for completion of Southern Pacific Railroad, passed.

Senate—Robinson and Sawyer, Senators from South Carolina, seated.

Sawyer's seating will prolong discussion of affidavits of C. C. Bowen.

A statement from Thomas J. Mackey was read stating that he believed that Sawyer was ineligible, that he was share holder in blockading and a member of a military organization in Charleston in 1864.

Senator Conkling said he was free to say he did not believe one word of the charges against Sawyer.

Robinson who had been previously seated so he might speak and vote in Sawyer's case, heard none of these charges in the S. C. Legislature, he believed them unfounded and brought

Adjournment resumed.

Arming Southern State governments was again discussed, bill will undoubtedly become a law before Congress adjourns.

Concurrent resolution taking recess Monday, to third Monday in September, passed. Adjourned.

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 22.—A mysterious Congress of Fenian Senators from all parts of the Union, assembled here this morning, they are in secret session, approaches guarded by armed men.

The President nominated Ferguson Beach, Dist Attorney for Virginia, Alf. Hawkins Consul General of Havana, Wm. E. Wells, Collector of fourth District.

Meeting of Southern members and Union men, Whitmore, S. C., President, H. J. Fisher, Secretary. Committee of five appointed to draft resolutions. John C. Fremont introduced resolutions in view of the Presidents threatening attitude regarding reconstruction, Congress should remain in session till after the election.

Congress should immediately give Virginia, Mississippi and Texas loyal State Governments.

Congress should pass stringent laws for the enforcement of third section, 14th amendment, pending consideration of resolutions.

President should be impeached.

Pledging themselves to resist adjournment.

THE MARKETS.

New York Market.
New York, July 22.

Cotton opened quiet, lower sales 500 bales, at 31c; four, State 36c@39, Ohio 38c@41, Southern unchanged; lard kettle, 17c@18c; rights lower.

Money Market.
New York, July 22.

Gold 143; sterling unchanged; money easy, call 36c; government closed steady, 62 1/2; Tenn. 65 1/2; Virginia new 54, N. C. 73 1/2.

New York, July 23.—Gold 143; sterling 104; cotton drooping, 31; freight quiet.

New Orleans Market.
New Orleans, July 22, 1868.

Cotton dull, no sales, middling nominally 30c@30 1/2, receipts 210 bales, sterling 56c@58; York sight 1/2 premium; gold 124; four quiet, superior 37c, choice 11c; pork quiet, 7c@7 1/2; bacon dull; lard quiet, tierce 18, keg 20.

Foreign Market.
LIVERPOOL, July 22.—No. 1.

Cotton closed heavy, uplands 10 1/2, Orleans 10 1/2.

LONDON, July 23.—Noon.

Consols 94; bond 7 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, July 23.—Noon.

Cotton heavy, declined a fraction, sales 9000 bales, uplands 10 1/2, Orleans 10 1/2.

The person who reports for the Associated Press informs us that "the Southern representatives" (in Congress) yesterday "conducted themselves quietly." We are glad to hear it. Did the reporter suppose that they came, as of old, with bowie knife and pistol to crack their whips over the delegates "ma-t'illa" from the other half of the Union? Times are changed.

Cincinnati has 206 Brown families, 240 of the Jones, 200 Williams, 380 Millers, and 160 Schmids.

LEROUX & CO. GOSGROVE.



**TIN, SHEET IRON
And Copper-Ware Manufacturers,**

And Dealers in Castings and Hollow-Ware of all descriptions. Wood and Willow-ware, Tin Plate, Block Tin Lead, Wire, Mill bars, Copper and Brass, and a general assortment of Turner's Furnishing Goods.

Have just received and constantly receiving, a fine assortment of Cooking Stoves, comprising the celebrated

**Cotton Plant,
Queen of the South
Magnolia, Delta, Pica uno,
Texan and Mutual Bond.**

Also, a fine assortment of Wash and Cistern Pumps, with galvanized Iron and Lead Pipe, Coal Oil and Coal Oil Lamps, Sawyer's Union Washing Machine. Offers five minute Ice Cream Freezers.

And the Steel Spring Parlor Riding Chair. Particular attention paid to the manufacture of Tin-ware, Tin Roofing & Guttering.

Our ambition is quick sales and small profits.

LEROUX & CO. GOSGROVE,
may 19 Jawif ———
Commerce Street.

NORTON & DEUTZ.

Main Plaza, San Antonio,
Hardware & Cutlery.
Woodenware,
LEATHER,
Paints and Glass.
Agricultural Implements,
PUMPS, STOVES, ARMS, &c.
July 7dof

ELMENDORF & CO.,
Hardware Merchants,
MAIN PLAZA.
HAVE on hand, and offer for sale
English and American Cutlery,
Iron and Steel of all sizes,
Carpenter's Tools,
Mill and Cross-cut Saws of all sizes,
Boring Machines,
Nails of all sizes,
Saws, Hinges, Screws, etc.,
Door, Cabinet and Trunk Locks of all kinds,
Shoe Makers and Saddlers Tools and Trimmings,
Backs, Rings, &c.,
Brilliant Bits and Webbing,
Old Cloth, Hames, Collars, &c.,
Tin Bivets and Kettles, &c., &c.
Steel Hoes and Agricultural Implements,
And a general assortment of

HARDWARE.

Also: Paints, Oils,
Turpentine and Glass,
Paints, Soap and Clothes Brushes,
Petroleum and Lamps.

Colt's Army and Navy Size Pistols,
Powder, Shot and Caps, and all other articles in their line of business at low prices.

Landreth's Garden Seeds
always on hand.
Sole Agents for Herring's Safe's; also, for Planer and Kayser's Sewing Machines.
May 24, 1868. no351f

SOUTHERN
Real Estate Agency,
For the Purchase and sale of Cotton, Sugar and Tobacco Plantations.

**Farming, Gardening, Grazing,
Timber and Mineral Lands,
Dwellings, Mills, Building Lots, &c., &c.**

In every section of the Southern States:
Full particulars as to the location, means of access, character and value of lands in the South, given on application to

ROBERT BLOW & SON,
43 South William St., New York.
LOUIS DUVAL, Agent,
San Antonio, Texas, Corner of Commerce and Soledad Streets. (april 1868)

BELL & BRO'S.,
**DEALERS IN
Jewelry, Silver-Ware, Plated-Ware,
DIAMOND GOODS.**

American and European Watches and Clocks, Gold Pens and Pencils of every kind,
GOLD AND SILVER TRIMMELS.
Gold, Silver, Steel and Tortoise-shell Spectacles and Eye-Glasses, with Pebble and Glass Lenses, suitable for the aged or near-sighted.

Engravers and Manufacturers
of all articles in their line.
Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,
repaired and warranted.

ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY.
Commerce Street,
at Five doors east of Main Plaza,
Opposite their Old Stand.
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
March 29, 1866

To Consumptives.
The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription, with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a Lung Affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address
Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 165 South Second Street,
Williamsburgh, N. Y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.
Whereas, certain evil minded persons have circulated the rumor that some time since I had found a coal ferret, so of money, or appropriated a sum of money for my use, to which I had no right: Now I hereby declare that the reports of this are infamous slanders and lies, and I offer a reward of three hundred dollars to any person or persons who can prove that I at any time have found money which I did not restore to the owner, or that I ever have appropriated any amount of money to my own use or benefit, which I have not earned by honest labor and industry.
ANDRI CARLI,
Castroville, Texas,
July 9w 1m)

Hungarian Lecches.
Just received and for sale by
A. NETTE

Cards of City Merchants.

STEELE & WILLIAMS,
(Late John Withers & Co.),
Commission Merchants,
Commerce Street,
June 3d & w 3m. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

J. M. WAGAR,
MERCHANT TAILOR.
Plaza House, San Antonio, Texas.
march 20d of. Latest Paris Fashions.

NOTICE.
Mrs. C. T. Jones wishes to inform her friends that she will commence giving lessons on the Piano Forte and in Singing, on the 1st of February, and desires a share of their patronage.
To be found at the residence of A. W. Briggs, Col. Newton's house. (Jan 30d of)

TH. SCHLEUNING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,
IMPORTER.
**Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS**
and Crockery of every description.
Country produce bought.
march 14d wif

DRESEL & BRIAN,
**WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
IN
Dry-Goods and Groceries,**
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.

San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 113cf

WULFF & SHETELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
CHICAGO, SAN ANTONIO,
MEXICO, TEXAS,
J28 cor. Alamo & North streets

B. OPPENHEIMER & CO.
Importers and Dealers in
**STAPLE AND FANCY
DRY-GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS
and Shoes, Hats, Hosiery, Gents'
Furnishing Goods Notions, &c.**
38 & 40 Commerce Street.
(Opposite the Foot Bridge.)
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Jan 16 of

**GEORGE HERNER'S
BAR-ROOM,**
Main Street, San Antonio, Texas.
HAS the very best of Liquors, Wines, Cigars, &c. &c. where those who derive pleasure from the "O Be Joyful," will find comfort and consolation. dec 25cf

HERTZBERG & SIMON,
DEALERS IN
**PIPES, CIGARS, TOBACCO,
GLASWARE, FANCY GOODS,
TOYS, MOLDINGS, PICTURES
AND STATIONERY.**
NEWSPAPER AGENTS.
Gas Burners for Kerocine Lamps.
feb 17d of

RESTAURANT.
R. McDONALD would respectfully notify the old patrons of
Whitehead's Restaurant,
that he has located that establishment and will keep constantly on hand the choicest viands to be found in this market.
Don't forget Judge Whitehead's stand on the Main Plaza.
San Antonio, Jan. 28, 1868. (dtf)

Klopper Hotel.
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!
Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.
Commerce street, San Antonio.

**THE FARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.**
The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking Public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State. V. FARDE.
1311f

NAIIS
500 Kept in store and in prime. Price 7c per lb.

City Cards.

SCHMITT & DUERLER,
Commerce Street,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
**Wholesale Manufacturers
OF ALL KINDS OF
Crackers, Candles, Syrups,
AND
Confectioneries,
WEDDING AND BALL CAKES**
Made to Order.

—ALSO—
**A Select Assortment of
Fancy Groceries,**
Such as
**Can-Fruits, Jellies,
Preserves, Figs, &c.**
Always on Hand.
San Antonio, Oct. 2, 1867. dtf

PHILIP CONRAD.
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer.
MAIN STREET,
Opposite York & Greenback,
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. dtf

**Malcom G. Anderson, Theophilus G. Anderson
ANDERSON & BRO.,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.**
San Antonio, Texas.
Office, up stairs Rossi Building, on the Military Plaza. (July 7d of)

**JACK COCKE,
LAWYER.**
Office, west side of Military Plaza,
near Courthouse. (April 7d of)

**S. G. NEWTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,**
414-3rd wif SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Doctors.

Dr. T. Templeman van der Hoeven
OPPOSITE NEW ARSENAL,
FLORES STREET.
may 12d of.

**DR. WEISSELBERG,
Physician and Surgeon,**
OFFICE, at Nette's Drug Store,
On Commerce street,
San Antonio, Jan. 3rd, 1868. dtwif

DR. F. HERFF,
Respectfully announces to his friends that he has resumed practice in the city.
Office, at Nette's Drug store, on Commerce street. (d&wif)

A. NETTE,
Has just received a large stock of
DRUGS,
MEDICINES,
PERFUMERIES, and
SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS
In fact all the leading articles, such as
PATENT MEDICINES,
that are usually kept in a
First Class Drug Store.
The stock being selected by himself for his mark. 41-1f

MADAME GARNIER BERNARD.
Has the honor to announce to the citizens of San Antonio, that she has opened a school to teach the French language, also to instruct in dress making and embroidering. Persons who will favor her with their patronage, may convince themselves in advance, of good results.
Residence, Alamo street, opposite Veltmay's. (Jan 15d of)

**J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currency and Exchange bought and sold. Collections made on all accessible points. 80 cf**

Indianola, Taraca & Allentown.
W. WESTHOFF. L. FRENCH.
**W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants**
And Dealers in Hardware.
Liberal advances made on consignments of Country Produce. (jy 9)

**ALBERT TURPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.**
The highest Cash Price paid for Hides. (ap 17d of)

HIDES
Right at the

The Daily Express.

Official Journal of the United States.

Official Journal of Brazos County and City of San Antonio.

W. H. MOORE, A. SIMMERING, J. P. NEWCOMB,
A. Siemering & Co., Publishers.

FRIDAY, JULY 24, 1868.

Nominations of the National Republican Convention at Chicago, May 21, '68.

For President,
U. S. GRANT.
For Vice-President,
Schuyler Colfax.

Remarks by Mr. Newcomb in the Convention on the 18th Instant.

The question being upon the granting of certain privileges to the Brazos-Branch and the Henderson, Marshall and Jefferson Railroad Companies, to be consolidated into one Company, to make a junction with the International Pacific Railroad Company, Mr. Newcomb said:

Mr. President:—I did not intend to speak upon this question, and only do so now to enter my protest against this bold attempt to thrust aside the legitimate work of this convention to give place to purely legislative matters. I believe it is no part of our duty to grant Railroad charters, or to aid in the construction of paper railroads.

I would call the attention of the members of this convention to the fact that two days since we passed a resolution to the effect that we would not take action upon this division of the State until Congress had authorized us to do so, because the reconstruction acts did not authorize us to divide the State. Now, I ask gentlemen, if there is anything in the reconstruction acts that gives us the right to grant railroad charters, or in any way to give our sanction or support to railroad schemes. The division of the State was, in my opinion, a vital question in the reconstruction of our State; but it was set aside to be superseded by a railroad scheme.

I would ask members to glance back over the history of this convention for the last six weeks, and it will be seen that more than half the time has been spent in legislation—in considering matters entirely outside our duties.

At the opening of the convention, a gentleman of great experience and honesty of purpose, who foresaw the danger of being overwhelmed by the great mass of legislation which would naturally spring up after so many years of anarchy and misrule, proposed to appoint a committee of fifteen to chalk out the scope of the powers of the convention. That proposition was voted down, and the reason I met with bitter opposition has since become apparent as measure after measure of a purely legislative character has been pushed upon the consideration of this body.

The Stay law, after several days' discussion, was finally voted down—the good sense of the convention triumphing over eloquence and personal influence. Other measures of a purely legislative character followed on the heels of the Stay law, and now a gigantic railroad scheme is proposed. Unless this system of special legislation is checked, our convention will not only sit here for months, but it will fail of its object and become a curse instead of a blessing to the State.

Ever since the assembling of this convention this railroad scheme has been looming up in the lobby until the countenances of gentlemen who have been forcing it forward have become as familiar as the door-posts of the Capitol. Our convention has been treated as a legislative machine, and while great principles are choked down, special legislation, like Jonah's gourd, has grown to such proportions in the night as to overshadow us.

of the plain-reading of our commission to frame a constitution.

It is all very fine to talk about the advantages of railroads—we all acknowledge their great need—but I do not believe this to be the way to build them. I shall vote against this and all kindred measures introduced into this convention. It will be time enough for Texas to take stock in railroads after the assembling of a Legislature under our new constitution; and if these gentlemen had less impatience and more patriotism they would wait. Such an enterprise, which will take years to complete, will not suffer for a few months' consideration and development.

I hope this convention will set its face sternly against all legislation, and let us settle the enduring principles upon which our State government is to rest for all time to come.

The Capture of the Assassin of Mr. Cooley.

Sheriff Junge and Capt. Hunter of Gillespie county, arrived in Austin on the 21st inst., with the would-be assassin of Mr. Cooley, and delivered their prisoner over to Gen. Reynolds. It seems that Sheriff Junge and Capt. Hunter telegraphed to Gen. Reynolds from New Braunfels that they knew where the assassin was, and that he could be captured if the General would send some troops to their assistance. The soldiers were sent and accompanied Messrs. Junge and Hunter to La Grange, where their provisions gave out; the soldiers returned, but the Sheriff and his aid kept on; reaching the house of the assassin, whose name we believe is Nixon, they ascertained that he was at home and waited until early dawn when they dashed into his house. Nixon attempted to resist, but the pistol of the Sheriff brought him to terms.

The assassin is a mere boy and has certainly been put up to the hellish deed by others, no doubt by the Ku-Klux. It is a lamentable example of what may be looked for from all that class of unfortunate young men who have grown up in the laps of civil war and during a period of uncertain government, in which the worst passions of man are cultivated to murder without even a real idea of its great enormity.

The Millikan War.

A correspondent writes us that a regular pitched battle had been fought at Millikan, between the loyal colored people and the rebel whites. A man by the name of Hollaway had killed a colored man, and the colored people demanded the matter should be investigated; this the authorities refused to do, the colored people then organized and proceeded to Hollaway's house with the intention of arresting him and turning him over to military authority; they were met by the Sheriff and a posse, who fired into the colored men, killing one of them. The two parties remained on the ground; the Sheriff sent for reinforcements, which arrived rapidly by railroad; picket lines were put out on either side, and in the skirmishing fifteen colored men were killed and one white man wounded. Troops have been dispatched to the scene of war. The whites engaged in this affair are all rebels. All over the State the spirit of murder which has been awakened by "my policy" and the Bryan convention, is terrible.

Division.—The evening after the passage of the resolution in the convention to the effect that the convention would take no further action upon the question of division until authorized to do so by Congress, the friends of division met together at the office of Mr. Morgan Hamilton and consulted over the matter. Gen. Davis was called to the chair and several sterling speeches made. The meeting concluded to send a telegram to Congress asking that body to divide the State. A committee of five was appointed to draft a telegram expressive of the sense of the meeting and on Friday the telegram was sent with forty-three signatures to it. Division is not dead yet.

Voted Against It.—Among the names of those who voted against the resolution requesting General Reynolds to arrest Gillespie for advising the assassination of Hamilton and Caldwell, we notice the following Republicans: The two Flanigan's, Gray, Harris, McCormick, Morse, Pedigo, Varrell, and Wilson of Milam.

THE CONVENTION.

THIRTY-EIGHTH DAY.

CAPITOL, AUSTIN, TEXAS.
July 15, 1868.

Convention met pursuant to adjournment roll called: quorum present. Prayer by the chaplain. Journal of yesterday read and adopted.

Yarborough presented a petition from citizens of Wood, Hopkins, Hunt, and Van Zandt counties, asking the formation of a new county out of portions of said counties, and asked its reference to committee on counties and county boundaries.

It was so referred.

Evans of McLennan, from committee on federal relations, made the following report:

COMMITTEE ROOM,
July —, 1868.

Hon. E. J. Davis, President of the Convention:

Sir—Your committee on federal relations have had under consideration a declaration of Evans of McLennan county, and instruct us to report back to this body the following substitute and ask its passage.

A. J. EVANS,
Chairman.

A DECLARATION.

Be it declared, by this Convention of the people of Texas,

1st. That the Governor of the State of Texas be and he is hereby authorized and requested to open negotiations with the Government of the United States for cession by sale on the part of the State of Texas to the United States all that part of the territory of Texas, north and west of a line from the northwest corner of Hardeman county to the mouth of the Pecos River; provided that no cession or sale of said territory shall have effect until submitted to and approved by the Legislature of Texas; and, provided further, that the proceeds arising from any sale of said territory shall be applied to school purposes and no other.

Sec. 2d. That the sum of five thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary be, and the same is, hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury of the State of Texas, not otherwise appropriated, and placed subject to the warrant of the Governor, to enable him to carry out the provisions of this declaration.

Sec. 3d. That the Governor shall have the authority to appoint a commissioner or agent to assist him in the negotiations specified in section first of this declaration.

Evans of McLennan offered the following additional report from the committee on federal relations, with the accompanying resolution:

Hon. E. J. Davis, President of the Convention:

Sir—The committee on federal relations, to whom was referred the resolution of Mr. Carter, asking the Congress of the United States to relieve persons living upon the frontiers of Texas, for losses sustained by Indian depredations, since the 25th of April 1865, have had the same under consideration, and beg leave to make the following report:

The committee consider that the persons for whom relief is asked have a double claim upon the consideration of Congress.

At the close of the war they returned to their homes upon the outside frontier, having full faith in the strength and power of the Government to protect them. They stood, in a manner, as a wall between the fierce and barbarous savage and the inside settlers, giving protection to them at the expense of their own lives and property.

As is implied in the resolution, numbers of these families have been again broken up, in some cases with loss of life, being their all, turned again upon the world, homeless and helpless, without even a horse left upon which to get away from their desolate homes.

Pages might be taken up in reciting the wrongs, inflicted by the Indians upon these defenseless people, their calamities and sufferings. But we think that the knowledge that the members have of the sufferings of these unfortunate people, with the few facts stated here, will be sufficient to induce them to give a favorable consideration to their claims.

We know of no demands for relief that can equal the claims of these homeless people. We think that the encouragement given to these hardy settlers by a favorable consideration of this resolution, would tend very much to hasten the settlement of our extensive frontier, and while it would give relief to the distressed frontiersmen, would strengthen the arms of the Government, in so much as it would have the assistance of the settlers, who know the habits of the savages, to successfully protect the inside settlers.

To entirely ignore the claims of these citizens for relief, would show a degree of indifference to their sufferings, which we are unwilling to believe is felt by the members of this convention.

Upon these considerations, we return the resolution and recommend that it be adopted.

A. J. EVANS,
Chairman.

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States, if not inconsistent with the relations existing between the Federal Government and the citizens of Texas, be respectfully petitioned to appropriate a sum sufficient to remunerate in whole, or in part, the citizens of the frontier of Texas for their losses incurred by Indian depredations since the 25th of April, 1865.

Monroe, chairman of the committee on negroes, reported provisions numbered respectively 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, corrected and approved.

The sergeant at arms reported to the Convention that he had arrested Mr. Scott and held him in custody, subject to the disposal of the House.

Harris offered the following declaration, and asked its reference to the committee on general provisions:

Sec. 1. Be it resolved by the people of Texas in convention assembled, that whenever on the trial of any case it shall appear that the consideration of any contract, deed, or conveyance, was what was known as Confederate treasury notes, the said contract, deed, or other conveyance, is hereby declared to be null and void, and the court or judge trying any such case shall so adjudge.

Sec. 2. Be it further ordained, that the plaintiff or defendant, or both, may testify as a witness on the trial of any case contemplated in the first section of this declaration and that this declaration be in force from and after its passage.

Referred to the committee on general provisions.

Hamilton of Travis, asked leave for one hour for Mr. Poxey, of Lavaca.

Leave granted.

Mr. Patten offered the following resolution:

Be it declared, by this Convention of the people of Texas,

1st. That a new county is hereby formed and established out of the counties of Fannin and Lamar, and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning its point in the south boundary line of Lamar county, seven miles east of west boundary line, thence north to Red river, thence west with the meanders of said river to the mouth of Bois d'Arc creek, and with the meanders of said creek to a point ten miles west of the east boundary line of Fannin county; thence east with the south boundary lines of Fannin and Lamar counties to the place of beginning.

Sec. 2. Be it further declared, that it is hereby made the duty of the people of said county of Webster to proceed to organize said county in strict conformity to an act "entitled an act," approved March 20, 1848, for the organization of new counties.

Sec. 3. Be it further declared, that it shall be the duty of the county court of Fannin county as soon as convenient after the passage of this declaration to organize the said county of Webster by holding elections for the purpose of electing all county officers or recommending suitable persons to the commander of the 5th Military District to fill said offices.

Sec. 4. Be it further declared, that it shall be the duty of the people of said county after this organization is completed, to hold an election for the purpose of locating the county site, and a majority voting in said election shall determine the location of said county site.

Sec. 5. And be it further declared, that in all general elections the people shall vote with the counties from which they were taken until said county of Webster shall be entitled to separate representation.

On motion the declaration was referred to the committee on counties and county boundaries.

Mr. Monroe offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the convention be, and he is hereby directed to issue certificates to H. G. McDaniel, postmaster of the convention, for pay for his services at the same per diem pay as the other officers of the convention.

A motion, the resolution was referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

Armstrong of Lamar offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the convention adjourn sine die on Friday, the 1st day of August next.

East of Galveston offered the following resolution:

Wages, Several members of this convention were induced to travel circuitous routes, incurring unusual expense and labor in reaching this capital, to save themselves from threatened assassination.

Resolved, therefore, that the committee on contingent expenses take the case of those members into consideration, and report what additional traveling expenses, if any, shall be allowed.

Newcomb asked that the communication

Resolved, That a committee of three be appointed by the President to investigate the unaccountable absence from the Convention of Mr. J. R. Scott, on yesterday.

That said committee have power to send for witnesses, and that they report by resolution or otherwise.

Patten moved a suspension of the rules for the consideration of the resolution, upon which the yeas and nays were demanded and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. President, Adams, Armstrong, Jasper, Bell, Board, Brown, Bryant, Degener, Downing, Evans of McLennan, Flanigan, Foster, Grigsby, Harris, Hunt, Johnson of Calhoun, Kendall, Keuchler, Leib, Lippard, McWashington, Muckleroy, Mullins, Monroe, Newcomb, Oaks, Patten, Pedigo, Phillips of Wharton, Ruby, Schutze, Slaughter, Smith of Galveston, Smith of Marion, Talbot, Whitmore, Williams, Wilson of Milam, Wright, Yarborough—47.

Nays—Messrs. Armstrong of Lamar, Bellingher, Bledsoe, Buffington, Constant, Fleming, Gaston, Glenn, Gray, Hamilton of Travis, Harri, Johnson of Harrison, Kealy, Keigwin, Lindsay, Long, Mackey, McCormick, Mills, Morse, Mundine, Phillips of San Augustine, Rogers, Stockbridge, Sumner, Thomas, Varrell, Watrous, Wilson of Brazoria—29.

Two thirds not voting in the affirmative, the convention refused to suspend its rules.

Sumner offered the following resolution, and asked its reference to the committee on education:

Be it resolved, That the following shall be a section of the Constitution.

Section — Article — All the public university lands in the State of Texas that have not heretofore been disposed of, shall be and the same are hereby turned over to the Common School fund, and it shall be the duty of the Legislature to pass such laws as shall provide for free schools in every neighborhood of each county of the State; provided, there shall no neighborhood be entitled to a free school with less than twenty pupils.

Referred to the committee on education.

Lindsay asked leave of the convention to take up resolution granting to Dr. R. K. Smith of Galveston the use of the House for a lecture on Friday night next, upon which the yeas and nays were demanded and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. Armstrong of Lamar, Bellingher, Bledsoe, Board, Brown, Bryant of Harris, Burnett, Carter, Coleman, Curtis, Degener, Downing, Evans of McLennan, Evans of Titus, Fayle, Flanigan, Grigsby, Hunt, Johnson of Harrison, Johnson of Calhoun, Jordan, Kealy, Kendall, Keuchler, Leib, Lindsay, Mackey, McCormick, McWashington, Morse, Mundine, Monroe, Newcomb, Oaks, Patten, Pedigo, Phillips of Wharton, Rogers, Ruby, Schutze, Slaughter, Smith of Marion, Stockbridge, Talbot, Thomas, Watrous, Whitmore, Williams, Wilson of Brazoria, Wilson of Milam—53.

Nays—Messrs. Armstrong of Jasper, Bell, Buffington, Constant, Flanigan, W. Flanigan, Fleming, Gaston, Glenn, Gray, Hamilton of Travis, Harris, Harri, Keigwin, Long, Mills, Muckleroy, Mullins, Phillips of San Augustine, Scott, Sumner, Varrell, Wright, Yarborough—24.

Leave granted.

Upon the question, "Shall the hall be granted to Dr. Smith on next Friday night," the resolution was agreed to.

Armstrong of Lamar presented a petition from citizens of Fannin and Lamar counties, asking the formation of a new county and asked its reference to the committee on counties and county boundaries.

Armstrong of Lamar offered the following declaration:

A DECLARATION.

Establishing the county of Webster.

Be it declared by the people of Texas in convention assembled,

1st. That a new county is hereby formed and established out of the counties of Fannin and Lamar, and bounded as follows, to-wit:

Beginning its point in the south boundary line of Lamar county, seven miles east of west boundary line, thence north to Red river, thence west with the meanders of said river to the mouth of Bois d'Arc creek, and with the meanders of said creek to a point ten miles west of the east boundary line of Fannin county; thence east with the south boundary lines of Fannin and Lamar counties to the place of beginning.

Sec. 2. Be it further declared, that it is hereby made the duty of the people of said county of Webster to proceed to organize said county in strict conformity to an act "entitled an act," approved March 20, 1848, for the organization of new counties.

Sec. 3. Be it further declared, that it shall be the duty of the county court of Fannin county as soon as convenient after the passage of this declaration to organize the said county of Webster by holding elections for the purpose of electing all county officers or recommending suitable persons to the commander of the 5th Military District to fill said offices.

Sec. 4. Be it further declared, that it shall be the duty of the people of said county after this organization is completed, to hold an election for the purpose of locating the county site, and a majority voting in said election shall determine the location of said county site.

Sec. 5. And be it further declared, that in all general elections the people shall vote with the counties from which they were taken until said county of Webster shall be entitled to separate representation.

On motion the declaration was referred to the committee on counties and county boundaries.

Mr. Monroe offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the Secretary of the convention be, and he is hereby directed to issue certificates to H. G. McDaniel, postmaster of the convention, for pay for his services at the same per diem pay as the other officers of the convention.

A motion, the resolution was referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

Armstrong of Lamar offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the convention adjourn sine die on Friday, the 1st day of August next.

East of Galveston offered the following resolution:

Wages, Several members of this convention were induced to travel circuitous routes, incurring unusual expense and labor in reaching this capital, to save themselves from threatened assassination.

Resolved, therefore, that the committee on contingent expenses take the case of those members into consideration, and report what additional traveling expenses, if any, shall be allowed.

Newcomb asked that the communication

from Messrs. Siemering & Co., proprietors of the San Antonio Express be referred to the committee on finance.

It was so referred.

Evans of McLennan asked that the communication of Governor Pease respecting the framing of the portrait of Gen. Sam Houston be referred to the committee on finance.

It was so referred.

Evans of McLennan moved the communication of Maj. Gen. J. J. Reynolds be referred to the committee on finance.

It was so referred.

W. Flanigan offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the convention provide that apothecaries and druggists shall by act of the Legislature be required to give evidence that they are skilled and educated in the profession before any license shall be issued for any such business.

On motion the resolution was referred to the committee on general provisions.

Lindsay moved that the special order of the day at 10 o'clock, be postponed, to allow Mills to speak to a question of privilege.

Agreed to.

The President decided that the reading of letters not relevant to Mills' vindication, and not personally addressed to him cannot be read by him to the convention.

Hamilton of Travis appealed from the decision of the chair, and upon the question "shall the decision of the chair be the decision of the house," the yeas and nays were demanded and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. President, Adams, Armstrong of Jasper, Bell, Bellingher, Bledsoe, Board, Bryant of Harris, Buffington, Burnett, Carter, Coleman, Curtis, Downing, Degener, Evans of McLennan, Evans of Titus, Fayle, Flanigan, W. Flanigan, Foster, Gaston, Harris, Hunt, Johnson of Harrison, Jordan, Kendall, Keuchler, Leib, Lippard, Mackey, McWashington, Muckleroy, Monroe, Oaks, Patten, Phillips of San Augustine, Phillips of Wharton, Rogers, Ruby, Schutze, Slaughter, Smith of Galveston, Smith of Marion, Sumner, Thomas, Watrous, Whitmore, Williams, Wilson of Milam—51.

Nays—Messrs. Fleming, Gray, Grigsby, Hamilton of Travis, Harri, Kealy, Keigwin, Lindsay, Long, McCormick, Mills, Morse, Mullins, Mundine, Newcomb, Pedigo, Stockbridge, Vaughan, Wilson of Brazoria, Wright—21.

So the decision of the chair was sustained.

The President announced the business in order as upon the resolution offered by Davis of Nueces, relating to the rules of the house.

McCormick moved to lay the resolution on the table, upon which the yeas and nays were demanded and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. Constant, Evans of Titus, Fleming, Gaston, Glenn, Gray, Grigsby, Hamilton of Travis, Harris, Harri, Johnson of Harrison, Keigwin, Lindsay, Long, Mackey, McCormick, Mills, Morse, Mullins, Mundine, Monroe, Pedigo, Phillips of San Augustine, Rogers, Smith of Marion, Stockbridge, Sumner, Thomas, Vaughan, Watrous—81.

Nays—Messrs. President, Adams, Armstrong of Jasper, Armstrong of Lamar, Bell, Bellingher, Bledsoe, Board, Brown, Bryant of Harris, Buffington, Burnett, Carter, Coleman, Curtis, Degener, Downing, Evans of McLennan, Fayle, Flanigan, W. Flanigan, Foster, Hunt, Jordan, Kealy, Kendall, Keuchler, Leib, Lippard, McWashington, Muckleroy, Newcomb, Oaks, Patten, Phillips of Wharton, Ruby, Schutze, Slaughter, Smith of Galveston, Whitmore, Williams, Wilson of Brazoria, Wright, Yarborough—44.

So the convention refused to lay the resolution offered by Mr. Davis on the table.

McCormick offered the following amendment:

Strike out "further," and add "that follows of the resolution."

Flanigan moved to lay the amendment on the table.

The question recurring upon the motion to lay the amendment on the table, the yeas and nays were demanded and resulted thus:

Yeas—Messrs. President, Adams, Armstrong of Lamar, Bell, Bellingher, Bledsoe, Board, Brown, Bryant of Harris, Buffington, Burnett, Carter, Coleman, Curtis, Degener, Downing, Evans of McLennan, Fayle, Flanigan, W. Flanigan, Foster, Hunt, Jordan, Kealy, Kendall, Keuchler, Leib, Lippard, McWashington, Muckleroy, Newcomb, Oaks, Patten, Phillips of Wharton, Ruby, Schutze, Slaughter, Smith of Galveston, Whitmore, Williams, Wilson of Brazoria, Wright, Yarborough—44.

Nays—Messrs. Armstrong of Jasper, Carter, Constant, Evans of Titus, Fleming, Gaston, Glenn, Gray, Grigsby, Hamilton of Travis, Harris, Harri, Keigwin, Lindsay, Long, Mackey, McCormick, Mills, Morse, Mundine, Monroe, Pedigo, Phillips of San Augustine, Rogers, Sumner, Thomas, Vaughan, Wilson of Brazoria, Wright—29.

So the amendment was laid upon the table.

New Advertisements.

TO EXCHANGE FOR BEEF In Lots to suit Parties.

900 Head of well improved (Merino) sheep, perfectly healthy.

100 Head of Horse Stock, consisting of Stallions, Jacks, Mares and young stock.

Apply to
E. SAWYER & Co.,
San Antonio.
Or
W. M. KEARNY,
14 miles West of San Antonio, at Culebra Springs.
(July 23rd 1868)

AUCTION! AUCTION!!

A LARGE TRADE SALE,

On Tuesday and Wednesday, 28th and 29th of July, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

E. SAWYER & CO.,

Will sell at their Auction Rooms, on Main Plaza, a large and varied stock of Dry-Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Broad-cloths, Casimeres, Sattins, Demos, Ready made clothing, Ladies Dress Goods, Scotch Plaids, Mohair, Poplins, Jacobins, Muslins, Flannels, Bobinetts, Macintoshes, Cottonades, &c., &c.

A rare chance is offered to the trade, as the entire stock will be closed out without reserve.

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July 21st/68

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CONSOLIDATING THE SPOKES DEMOCRACY
DURING THIS WARM WEATHER.—The New York World, the great light of Democracy, says:

The form of choosing Presidential Electors will certainly be gone through with under the supervision of the best State governments, and the result of no other voting will be recognized. Southern Democrats might as well get their tickets printed and then use them to light their tobacco pipes as to deposit them anywhere else than in the Republican ballot-boxes. We know who the President of the Senate is, and who his backers are; we therefore know it to be perfectly certain that he will open no sealed list from those States, which is not transmitted by the new State authorities. The Southern Democrats are brought face to face with a very ugly state of facts. They are either disfranchised for this Presidential election, which is of such vital importance to them, or else they must temporarily recognize the bastard State authorities as governments de facto, and vote under them. There is no way out of this dilemma except by the sword, and the land has already been drenched with too much fraternal blood.

Georgia may be set down reliably for Grant and Colfax by a roaring, old-fashioned majority. Ex-Governor Brown is planning the campaign with excellent judgment and tact. The fact that he was four times elected executive of the State, in the face of fiction in his own party, superadded to the weight of the opposite organization, is sufficient evidence of his sagacity and force.

OFFICIAL LAWS
UNITED STATES,
Passed at the Second Session of the Fortieth Congress.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 34.]
Joint Resolution to authorize the Secretary of War to place at the disposal of the Lincoln Monument Association damaged and captured ordnance.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of War be, and he is hereby, authorized, at his discretion, to place at the disposal of the "Lincoln Monument Association," incorporated by an act of Congress entitled "An act to incorporate the Lincoln Monument Association," approved March thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, such damaged and captured bronze and brass guns and ordnance, out of which to cast the statues of the principal figures surmounting and to be incorporated in said structure: *Provided*, That no metal as aforesaid shall be thus appropriated until the voluntary contributions for said purpose, actually in the hands of the treasurer, shall amount to one hundred thousand dollars; and no more metal shall be thus appropriated than shall be a duly used for the purpose of casting the figures as here mentioned.

Approved, June 25, 1865.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION No. 35.]
Joint Resolution donating to the Washington City Orphan Asylum the iron railing taken from the old hall of the House of Representatives.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there be donated to the Washington City Orphan Asylum the iron railing taken from the old hall of the House of Representatives, now in the Capitol grounds: *Provided*, That the same shall be taken away in ten days after the passage of this joint resolution.

Approved, June 25, 1865.

Great Southern Mail Route,
FROM TEXAS TO ALL PORTS NORTH AND EAST.

Via Steamship to New Orleans, thence via Canton, Grand Junction, Chattanooga, Lynchburg and WASHINGTON.

Through to Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York.

Two through Express Trains leave New Orleans daily, carrying the great Northern through mail.

This is the only all-rail route from New Orleans to New York, without Ferry or Omnibus crossings, and is 118 miles shorter than via Louisville, Cincinnati, and Pan Handle route; 137 miles shorter than via Atlantic and Gt. at Western route; 244 miles shorter than via the Indianapolis and New York Central route; 354 miles shorter than via Cairo and Chicago route.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH TO ALL PORTS.

ELEGANT SLEEPING COACHES ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

Passengers by this Route reach New York sixteen hours quicker than via Mobile and Great Northern Lines.

Passengers by this Line make close connections at Decatur for Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, etc., and at Chattanooga with trains for Atlanta, Augusta, Savannah and all points in Georgia and the Carolinas.

Fare as Low as the Lowest!

For through tickets and information apply at the offices of the G. H. & B. R. R., and Hutchins' House, Houston; Union Office N. O., J. & G. N. Railroad, Central

San Antonio Business Cards.
E. SAWYER & Co.,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Main Plaza and Solid Front, next to the Plaza House. A good yard for stock in connection with the premises.
Sale days—Monday's, Wednesday's and Saturday's.

LOVENSTEIN & Co.,
Commerce Street,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL

Dealers in
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
Also, a large Assortment of
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS, &c., &c.

SLOCUM'S BOOK STORE,
Commerce Street,
Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store.
Keeps constantly on hand
School Books at Wholesale and Retail.

A fine assortment of
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Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books,
And other Books
Suitable for Presents!

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In fine a full assortment of everything pertaining to this line of business.
All the Latest Newspapers, Magazines, &c.

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JUST RECEIVED, a splendid Spring Stock of
Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS,
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MACHINE SHOP
All work done neatly and cheaply. All repairs of Machinery promptly executed, whether Brass or Iron.
Shop on Plaza Street, on the river bank.

ORGANS, CHURCH ORGANS AND ROSEWOOD PIANOS.
Three American Organs
FIVE PIANOS.

These instruments are of the best manufacture in the country, and will be sold at cost. Apply to
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ECKENROTH & LANGE
BLACK SMITHS
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All kinds of repairing done in Iron or Wood work.

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Grocers
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A large assortment of lumber at
Reduced Prices.

NOTICE.
The undersigned are now receiving an entirely new, large and well assorted stock which they offer at reduced prices.
NORTON & DEUTZ,
Pay the highest price for
Hides, Skins
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PAINTING MATERIALS
Large assortment for sale by
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David Friedlander & Co.,
G. P. DEVINE'S OLD STAND,
East Side of Main Plaza,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Daily Sales of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of every description. Consignments respectfully solicited from home and abroad.

To Consignors from abroad we furnish worthy references in New York, New Orleans, and the principal cities of Texas.
New York Cards.
R. FEINBERG, & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway,
NEW YORK.
August 2^d [1865]

Fair, Coggshall & Co.,
Wholesale Dealers in
READY MADE CLOTHING.
Expressly manufactured for the Southern market.
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NEWSPAPER
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For the old line of direct packets to Havana and Indianola, Texas. Receive and forward goods to both ports free of commission, and insurance a contract desired.

REEVES' AMBROSIA
FOR THE HAIR,
IMPROVED!

- It is an elegant Dressing for the Hair.
- It causes the Hair to Curl beautifully.
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- It is composed entirely of simple and purely vegetable substances.
- It has received over six thousand voluntary testimonials of its excellence, many of which are from physicians of high standing.
- It is sold in half pound bottles (the name blown in the glass), by Druggists and Dealers in Fancy Goods everywhere, at One Dol-

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Office, Banking House of J. S. Lockwood, Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas. Highest cash prices paid for all kinds of Hides and peltries. (March 1864)

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NOTIONS
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JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF
STATIONERY—
for Commercial purposes,
Ladies' Bath Gilt Note, Octavo and Billet Paper;
Lined Envelopes, &c., &c.;
Photographic Albums;
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and many other articles, too numerous to mention.
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All kinds of Dress Goods, Silks, White Goods, Linen Goods, Cloaks, Shawls,
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Laces, Embroideries, Boots and Shoes for Ladies and Gentlemen, Hats, and a great many other articles too numerous to mention, which I offer for sale at the lowest prices.

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Florida and Mobile Lumber,
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WOLFE, WOOL! WOOL!
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Notice to Tax Payers.
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Particular attention to filling orders, secured by cash or produce.
C. H. MOORE & COMPANY,
Shippers and Dealers in
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Having on hand a large assortment of
CHOICE STOCK.
We are enabled to fill all orders at
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Orders from the country solicited and promptly filled.
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FAMILY & PALE SOAP,
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SOLD BY EVANS & CO.
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Groceries, Wines & Liquors,
Butter, Cheese, Lard, Lard Oil, Soap, Candles, Tea, Pork, &c., &c.
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Country orders promptly attended to.

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August 25, [1865]

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Flannels, Hosiery,
Gloves, Dress Shirts, &c., &c.,
Collars and Ties,
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Yankee Notions, &c., &c., &c. [1865]

WM. SMITH, BROWN, & CO.,
WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS
And Dealers in
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No. 53 Chambers Street, N. Y.
To Marry or not to Marry, WHY NOT?
Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuse and Diseases incurred by ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in a sealed letter envelope free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

EL PASO MAIL LINE BRAND REGISTERED.
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