

San Antonio Express.

VOL. II.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, MONDAY, MARCH 16, 1868.

NO. 76.

Doctors.

DR. WEISSELBERG,
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE, at Nette's Drug Store,
On Commerce street,
San Antonio, Jan. 2nd, 1868. d&w

DR. F. HERFF,
Respectfully announces to his friends that
he has resumed practice in the city.
Office, at Nette's Drug store, on Commerce
street. (d&w)

DR. NOHL,
CITY PHYSICIAN,
Residence: opposite Green's, east side of the
river.
Office hours before eight o'clock A. M.,
and from 2 to 4 P. M. (Dec. 5-dw if)

MORTIMER SLOUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San
Antonio who wish to have medicine adminis-
tered according to the Homoeopathic Law of
cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west
of Post-Office. dly

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as Midwife in Ger-
many, and having done business as such with
good success for long years, I solicit the patron-
age of the public of San Antonio and its neigh-
borhood, and promise to justify the confidence
which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldman's
Bakery. MARY ELAER, d&w

MRS. ECKEL,
Graduate of "Marburg Institute Europe,"
offers her services to the people of San Antonio
as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in
this service renders her one of the best pro-
fession. Residence, Main Avenue, opposite hotel of
Mr. William Hill. 6-ly.

Lawyers.

S. G. NEWTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
414 South St. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.
147d&w

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
Notaries Public,
COMMERCE STREET,
Two doors east of Nette's Drug Store,
San Antonio.

BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
(No. 11-1), SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

JESSE STANCO,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention in Business,
May 17, 1866. no34iv

Hotels.

Klopper Hotel,
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT
Mrs. Klopper calls the attention of her
friends to the extra facilities for travelers with
teams. Attached to her house is a spacious
yard fronting on the river, where any quan-
tity of stock can be secured.
215f Commerce street, San Antonio.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
M. F. THOMPSON,
Proprietor.
148.1y

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well known Hotel is
open for the accommodation of the traveling
or pleasure-seeking public. The arrange-
ments are complete throughout, and no pains
are spared to make guests comfortable. To
those who seek a quiet and elegant home in
the country, this Hotel will suit them to a
charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has
no rival in the State.
V. TARDE, Proprietor.
121f

STEVENS HOUSE,
1, 23, 25 & 27 Broadway, N. Y.
& Opposite Bowling Green,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
The Stevens House is well and widely known
to the traveling public. The location is es-
pecially suitable to merchants and business
men; it is in close proximity to the business
part of the city—is on the highway of South
and Western travel—and adjacent to all
the principal railroad and steamboat depots.
The Stevens House has liberal accommo-
dation for over 300 guests—it is well fur-
nished, and possesses every modern improve-
ment for the comfort and entertainment of
its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well
ventilated—provided with gas and water—
the attendance is prompt and respectful,
and the table is generously provided with
every delicacy of the season—at moderate
rates.
The rooms having been refurnished and
remodeled, were enabled to offer extra fa-
cilities for the comfort and pleasure of our
guests. GEO. K. H. USE, & CO.,
June 15-1 Proprietors.

Cards of City Merchants.

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
in
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 113f

PHILIP CONRAD,
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite Zerk & Griesbeck,
Keeps constantly on hand a full assort-
ment of Mattresses; and offers his services
for repairing furniture, paper hanging, cur-
tain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. dly

WULF & SHELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
SAN ANTONIO,
Texas,
1228 com. Alamo & North streets

At S. A. ACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 4, 1867.

Bankers.

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currency and Exchange bought and
sold; Collections made on all accessible
points. So if

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 2, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$9,000,000
December 19, 1866. 43m

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
DUKE'S BUILDING, GALVESTON,
Exchange on New Orleans, New York,
London, and Hamburg. dly

ALBERT TURPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash Price paid for
Hides. sep17f

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
sep21wsm NEW YORK.

CONRAD MUBERICK,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,
Alamo Plaza, opposite Monger Hotel
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
Staple and Fancy Groceries,
LIQUORS, TOBACCO AND SEGARS,
BOOTS AND SHOES, HARD
WARE AND PRESSED
TIN-WARE,
EARTHEN AND WOODEN WARE,
&c., &c., &c. 1w27

C. H. MOORE & COMPANY,
Shippers and Dealers in
Doors, Glazed Sash, and Painted
Blinds.
Having on hand a large assortment of
CHOICE STOCK,
We are enabled to fill all orders at
Greatly Reduced Prices. 21
Orders from the country solicited and
promptly filled.

**MARKET STREET,
GALVESTON.**
MEYER, SAWYER & CO.,
AUCTIONEER & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
225 Main Plaza and Solidi street, next
to the Plaza House.
A good yard for stock in connection with
the premises.
Sale days—Monday, Wednesday's and
Saturday's. Jan 7f

FOR SALE.
A good second hand Piano, apply at this
office. 16-1811

New York Cards.

R. FEINBERG, & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK. [no48ly.]
August 2^d

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,
DRY GOODS,
350 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Flannels, Hosiery,
Gloves, Dress Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Ribbons, Laces,
Skirt Braids,
Lace Articles,
Dress Goods, Silks,
White Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroideries,
English Crapes,
Shawls,
Gloves,
Yankee Notions etc., etc. etc. 17septf

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York.
A. L. CONKLIN,
L. S. DAVIS. j29f

G. SCHMIDT, ROBERT VOIGT,
SCHMIT & VOIGT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON, NEW YORK.
August 23. [no48-ly.]

BURTIS & FRENCH,
Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
j28ly.] New York.

BOBERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Guns, &c.,
89 Pearl street, and 36 S one street,
NEW YORK.
Orders promptly executed at lowest
prices. No Draylers or Drummers em-
ployed. All goods bearing out stamp war-
ranted extra quality. sep8 6m

Gustav Thelsen & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
62 Cedar Street, New York.
Judinets, Favas & Myrtles,
w. WESTHOFF. Y. PRUSE.

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.
Liberal advances made on consign-
ments of Country Produce. 17f

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.
Rev. Francis, Major & Co., New York.
Canal Bank, New Orleans.
W. H. H. Withall, Esq., New Orleans.
William Chrysler, San Antonio.
National Bank of Texas, Galveston.
Hoyck & Hellerich, Lavaca.
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indianola.
dec 10d17f

MENEENY & HAIGNE,
Receiving Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being
prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.
A. H. Eder, Galveston, Texas.

J. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
Strand,
GALVESTON, Texas
Particular attention to filling orders, accom-
panied by cash or produce. 125f

[Communicated.]

THE DIVISION QUESTION.

Editors of the San Antonio Express:
In an editorial of your Thursday issue,
you admit that the framing of a separate
State government would make our sec-
tion liable to an additional government
expense of \$13,000 per annum. You do
not state, however, two offsets, which
more than compensate for the above
amount.

Our present State Government (the
salaries being higher than your quota-
tions) costs from \$25,000 to \$28,000, of
which this section, which is proposed
to form a Western State, pays about one-
third—say \$7,000. This would reduce
your statement to \$6,000 additional ex-
pense.

The second offset consists in a saving
of legislative expenses.

It is not generally known, but will be
admitted by those gentlemen who have
served as members of our Legislatures,
that more than three-fourths of the time
in session is absorbed by local bills, and
one-fourth of the time hardly employed
for general legislation. Taking the aver-
age legislation to be 100 days every two
years, it is evident that of the 75 days
consumed for local legislation, only one-
third, say 25 days, fall to the share of
our western section, and of the general
legislation hardly 15 days are occupied
for such purposes, in which we have an
interest.

Our present legislative department
consists of 33 Senators and 90 Representa-
tives, to whom at the rate of \$8 per
diem is paid, amounting to \$98,400. Of
this sum one-third has to be footed by our
western section, with \$32,800.

Taking it for granted that the same
basis of representation will be continued
after a division of the State has taken
place, our section would be represented
by 41 members, whose per diem in 40
days would amount to \$13,120, thus
showing a difference of \$19,680 in favor
of the new arrangement, or of about \$10,
000 saving for every year. Experience,
however, teaches that our unwieldy, ex-
tended State almost continually requires
called sessions, which hitherto swelled
the legislative expenses to double what I
estimate to be the expenditure in future.
The surplus of expenses for our Execu-
tive officers is thus more than compensa-
ted by the reduction for the legislative
department.

In the same editorial you took as a
point, on which I believe is appropriate
to make a few remarks: "The horde
of scheming aspirants for office."
Never having held a lucrative office
myself, nor willing ever to offer my name
as a candidate for one, I nevertheless
have seen enough of elections to fully
appreciate the enormous influence the
office aspirants wield in election times.

As a merchant, I have the habit of
seeking an argument in figures, and it
may, perhaps, be interesting to some of
your readers to take the following state-
ment into consideration:

Our State and county officers number
about 2,500, from Governor down to
deputy constable; our municipal officers
cannot be less than 600. An aggregate
force of 3,000 actual officers who draw
their income from the public crib? Add
to this, one disappointed candidate for
each office, and you have the enormous
number of at least 6,000 electors who are
personally interested in a general elec-
tion.

The aggregate number of registered
white voters is 54,000, of whom alone
hitherto the officers were selected; these
figures show that "one out of every nine
adult males is an aspirant for office."
This amply accounts for the heavy polls
at general elections, and the want of in-
terest when only "representatives" are
to be elected.

Belonging, as I stated above, to "one
of the eight out of nine," I think perhaps
more of interest than of political value,
and thus try to prevent politics from
taking a front seat, where material in-
terest ought to occupy almost exclusively
all the seats.

The two questions—the Division of
the State and the Matagorda Railroad—

are of such a nature that those only as
have a personal material interest in the
success of either one or the other party,
can close their eyes to the advantages
which must result for the people at large
if both measures are successfully carried
out. Why, then, shall we "eight non-
office aspirants" allow ourselves to be
misled by one person whose entire exis-
tence depends upon "political capital"?

You have fought bravely for Republi-
can principles—I know that you are
willing to do the same for the material
interests of the country; and if I there-
fore suggest the idea of leaving politics
entirely to the opponents of said mea-
sures, I feel confident that you will take
my proposal into earnest consideration,
the more so as my views are shared by
many of your honest party associates
and subscribers.

**A Statement Respecting Dr.
Cunningham's Death, by his
Brother-in-law.**
BEXHORN, March 10, 1868.
HON. W. W. GAMBEL:
Dear Sir—Permit me to give you in
detail an account of the murder of Dr.
Cunningham, my brother-in-law, as it
came under my immediate notice. I
went down with him in his buggy on
Monday, 24th February, for the purpose
of holding a Probate Court in Gonzales,
he also having business of an important
nature to attend to.

On the following day (Tuesday) every-
thing passed off quietly. That evening
the soldiers were notified by Major
Whitmore that they had no further
authority over the town. About mid-
night a squad of them, seven in number,
under the command of Sergeant Dwyer,
came around to the hotel where the Doc-
tor and I were stopping, armed with
muskets and six shooters. They com-
menced breaking down doors, windows,
etc. The Doctor was aroused by the
noise, and got up and went out on the
porch of the second story of the build-
ing. They made a rush up stairs,
knocked open the door of the room we
occupied, and two soldiers came in with
their muskets presented, calling aloud,
"Who is here?" I jumped up in my
drawers, and gave my name. They
called the Sergeant to bring a candle,
which he did. After examining me
closely, the Sergeant remarked that I
was not the man he was hunting for, and
told me to go back to my bed. At the
same time three or four of them had Dr.
Cunningham. They accused him of hav-
ing a six shooter about his person. He
told them he had no weapons about him,
and to search him. They told him he
was a d—d liar, and with that the Ser-
geant struck him on the head, inflicting
a severe wound.

They then marched him to the head
of the stairs opposite to a room occupied
by some three ladies. The door being
closed, the soldiers turned the butt ends
of their muskets and broke the door all
to pieces. The ladies commenced scream-
ing. I went forward to the Sergeant
and told him Dr. Cunningham lived in
the country; that he was a stranger to
them, and that he had not been out of
his room; that he was unarmed, and that
if they shot him they would kill an inno-
cent man. The ladies begged for him,
all to no purpose. They then made him
kneel down, say the Lord's Prayer, and
give three cheers for the Union, which
he did. They then ordered him to get
up, and marched him down stairs. Out
at the door, 30 or 40 feet from the door,
along and on the pavement, the Ser-
geant gave the order to shoot, the dam-
ned fellow, which they did, the ball enter-
ing the back part of his head and coming
out just above the left eye, killing him
instantly. Thus ends the tragedy of one
of the most brutal murders ever perpe-
trated in a civilized country.

I see a published statement in the
Express, purporting to be from a passen-
ger and stage driver. As it is a misrep-
resentation of the facts in the case, call
and get them to make the correction for
me in their next issue. Let justice be
done, though the heavens should fall.
All that I wish is that they may have a
just and impartial trial.
To haste,
Your friend and servant,
M. H. BEATT.

Copies of the Weekly Express containing as much reading matter as the N. Y. Ledger, for sale at Gamble's and Slocum's Book Store.

THE OTHER VERSION OF THE GONZALES TRAGEDY—THE ENQUIRER STORY PROVEN FALSE.

The troops arriving in this city on Friday last, under Major Whittemore, brought with them the soldiers stationed at Gonzales during the time of the troubles there that resulted in the death of Doctor Cunningham.

The soldiers charged with the "crime" are in the military prison, under strong guard, their officers determining that no opportunity shall be given the prisoners to escape, and that justice shall have full sway.

The following is the statement of sergeant Dwyer, (who was in charge of the detachment at Gonzales,) given us in his own words yesterday:

I was placed in charge of the troops at Gonzales October 19th, 1867, and remained until we were relieved February 27, 1868.

Although the soldiers under me had frequently been insulted by desperadoes from the surrounding region, up to the 21st day of February last no actual collision occurred, although on one occasion a notorious character named "Ed. Glover" came in with a gang armed with revolvers and shot guns.

On their departure, as they passed camp, they shot off their arms in the air, shouting, "Come on you d—d blue bellied Yankee sons of b—n." On the aforementioned date, as one of my men was quietly passing along the street, two of the "Glover gang," standing in a store door, directed very insulting remarks to his uniform.

On reporting the fact to me, I arrested the two men, (Lemson and Priory), and made them carry each a leg around the square. Considering this sufficient punishment, I released them in an hour.

This treatment exasperated the citizens, they deeming it an infringement on their home laws; the excitement continuing through the following day, 23d. Towards evening I was notified to be on the alert, as it was reported my camp would be attacked that night.

Acting on this report I kept my men up through Saturday, Sunday and Monday nights, without sleep, but no demonstration was made. Tuesday morning, 26th, Major Whittemore's orders reached me, directing me to be prepared to join the company at Seguin as soon as the wagon arrived, also directing me to suspend the order prohibiting the carrying of firearms.

(which order had been issued at the request of the Mayor) further directing me to notify the Mayor that it was his duty to enforce the city ordinance. I notified the Mayor immediately by taking the order to him, which he read, and said "all right."

That evening I was notified that two of my men were in difficulty with citizens at the bar-room near the Keyser House. Proceeding to the place I found the parties at bay with drawn pistols. On my order the soldiers put up their arms, and started with me to camp.

"Bill Laird" walked a short distance with us, urging me to go to his house. One of my soldiers advised me not to go, saying "they are laying for you." Mr. Cavell came and told Laird the Sheriff wanted him. Laird then started towards the Keyser House; myself and men proceeded towards camp.

On reaching the center of the square we were fired upon from the direction of the Keyser House, at the same time shots were fired in our front. Boasting to camp, private Trafion stated he had been shot by mounted men from the rear of the camp, the shot passing through the calf of one leg and grazing the other.

I immediately ordered the men to fall in, when we fired a volley in the direction of the Keyser House, also towards the post office. After firing about six volleys, I took six men and proceeded to the Keyser House; found a crowd of men in the hall, who escaped to the rear; then went upstairs and found two persons in the hall, one with drawn revolver.

I rushed towards the man with the revolver, seized it, and took him prisoner, the other person escaping. On examination of the pistol at the moment I found two chambers empty; inserted

my finger in them and found fresh burnt powder, to which fact I called the attention of the soldiers. I placed the prisoner, who proved to be a Dr. Cunningham, under guard, telling him if he attempted to run he would be shot, and instructed the guard to that effect.

The guard started to camp with their prisoner. On reaching the sidewalk he broke and ran and was shot by the guard, and fell in front of Walker's drug store, 20 or 25 paces from the door of the hotel.

I went up to the body, finding Sheriff Walker, who remarked "he was a d—d fool to run; I heard you instruct the guard to shoot him." While I was examining the pistol, some of my men went in search of the person who had escaped, and in the search broke open a door of a room near the head of the stairs, and found only women and children.

On reaching the body of the deceased I found that a pack of cards had fallen from one of his pockets. I then turned the body over to the care of the Sheriff, proceeded to the court house with every man belonging to the command, and remained there until the detachment left for Seguin, on Thursday.

On the morning of the 26th, the day following the troubles, the Mayor of Gonzales (Mr. Branch) came to the court house and in the presence of witnesses said: "Sergeant, you did perfectly right last night. I cannot see how you could have done otherwise under the circumstances."

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I rushed towards the man with the revolver, seized it, and took him prisoner, the other person escaping. On examination of the pistol at the moment I found two chambers empty; inserted

The Court gave the accused authority and money to send for witnesses, and it was not demanded by the defense.

Coscoan, N. H., March 13.—Two hundred and twenty-three towns give Harrison 39,530, and Simlar 36,923.

WASHINGTON, March 13.—The following is the full text of the amendment passed to-day by both Houses:

Be it enacted, &c., That so much of the Act approved February 5, 1867, entitled "An Act to amend an Act to establish the Judicial Courts of the United States, approved September 26, 1796, and authorizes an appeal from the judgment of the Circuit Court to the Supreme Court of the United States, or the exercise of any such jurisdiction by said Supreme Court on appeals which have been or may hereafter be taken, be and the same is hereby repealed.

The above was introduced and passed through, when a single objection would have stopped it.

OFFICIAL LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES Passed at the Second Session of the Fortieth Congress.

[PUBLIC RESOLUTION—No. 12.] A Resolution directing that the Government of Great Britain be supplied with certain volumes of the Narrative of the Exploring Expedition.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Librarian of Congress be, and is hereby, directed to deliver to the Secretary of State a set of Dana's Cruisades, being volumes thirteen and fourteen of the Narrative of the Exploring Expedition under Captain Wilkes; and that the Secretary of the State is hereby directed to deliver them to the Government of Great Britain.

Approved February 28, 1868.

Proposals for Forge OFFICE CHIEF QUARTER MASTER, Fifth Military District, New Orleans, La., February 27, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the office of Captain W. A. Walwright, Supervising Quartermaster, Sub-District of the Rio Grande, at Brownsville, Texas, till 12 M. WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of April, 1868, for the delivery of such quantities of OATS, CORN and HAY as may be required for the use of Public Animals at LAREDO, RINGGOLD BARRIAGES and BROWNVILLE, Texas for the next (6) months ending October 31, 1868.

All the forage to be of the best quality, and subject to inspection before acceptance. Oats and Corn must be delivered in good grades or culled, but a preference will be given to better quality. Delivery to be commenced within thirty (30) days from date of acceptance of proposal.

Proposals must be accompanied by the guarantee of two good solvent men, for the faithful performance of the contract. The United States reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for Forage," and addressed to Captain W. A. Walwright, A. Q. M., U. S. Army, Brownsville, Texas.

CHARLES H. TOMPKINS, Brevet Brigadier General and Chief Quartermaster, Fifth Military District, (march1668)

Proposals for Transportation OFFICE CHIEF QUARTER MASTER, Fifth Military District, New Orleans, La., February 27, 1868.

SEALED PROPOSALS are invited and will be received at the office of Captain W. A. Walwright, A. Q. M., U. S. Army, Brownsville, Texas, until TUESDAY, the 31st day of March, 1868, at 12 o'clock P. M. for the Transportation of Troops and Military Supplies from 360 to 500 miles within the Sub-District of the Rio Grande, for the year ending May 1, 1868.

Proposals will be accepted at what rates bidders propose for transportation of Troops and Army Supplies from and to the following named points: ROUTE No. 1.—From Brownsville to Brownsville, by river and by Point Isabel.

ROUTE No. 2.—From Brownsville to Ringgold Barracks.

Proposals will distinctly specify at what rates the bidders will contract to transport troops and supplies, to be classified as follows:—Officers and Enlisted Men, Cabin or Deck Passengers each; and the following class of freight, viz: Horses, Mules, and Beef Cattle, per head; Sheep, per head; Iron, Machinery, Lead, Zinc, Tin, Copper, Nails, Rivets, Bolts, Paints, Shot, Blows, Wire, Heavy Hardware, Hollow Ware, Grindstones, Ordnance, Heavy Ordnance Stores, etc., per one hundred (100) lbs.

Coal per ton. Hay per bale. Lumber, Pine, per 1,000 feet. Oakum. Lumber, Oak, per 1,000 feet. Oats and Corn per sack.

Essential Goods, Clothing, Espionage, Cutlery, Crockery, Furniture, Doors, Blinds, Sashes, Wagon Tyres, Saddles, Harness, Light Cakes and Tires, Books, Stationery, etc., per cubic foot.

Dry Goods, Flour, Meal, Bread, Rice, Crackers, Dried Apples, Onions, Potatoes, Turkeys, White Sugar, etc., per barrel. Wet Goods, Pork, Beef, Lard, Lime, Cement, Plaster, Tar, Rosin, Molasses, Brown Sugar, Tallow, Grease, etc., per barrel. Vinegar and Pickles in kegs, per keg. Ambulances and Spring Wagons, each. Army Wagons, complete, each. Fruits, Jams, Jellies, Window Glass, Pickles, Extracts, etc., per box. Candles, Crackers, Hard Bread, Farina, Spices, Goldenrod Milk, Can Soda, Soap, etc., per box.

Hams per cask. Hams per tierce. Ice per hhd. Lard per cask. Lard per keg. Rice per tierce. Pails per dozen. Sugar per hhd. Sugar (Haynes) per box. Tea per chest. Salt per sack and barrel. Shovels and

spades per dozen. Wheelbarrows each. Laths per 1,000. Shingles per 1,000. Tobacco per box. Rope per coil. Brooms per dozen.

All freight to be delivered at such landing warehouses, or other places of unloading, at each of the above named points, as may be designated by the Deputy Quartermaster at Brownsville, or other authorized officer or agents of the Quartermaster's Department.

Contractors must be prepared to transport the troops and public freight at any of the above named points when required, and must take such troops and supplies to the full capacity of the vessel or other means of transportation provided, if required by the Quartermaster's Department, and the proposals must state the character and class of vessels proposed to be furnished for water transportation, and the kind of tonnage whether ox or mule tonnage, for land transportation.

All proposals must be in triplicate, with a copy of the advertisement attached to each, and must be accompanied by the names of at least two solvent men, who will signify by endorsement thereon, their willingness to become responsible for the performance of the Contract.

Proposals will be endorsed "Proposals for Transportation," and will be addressed to "The Supervising Quartermaster, (Sub-District of the Rio Grande, Brownsville, Texas.)"

All proposals received will be forwarded to the Chief Quartermaster of the District for approval and award; and the Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids, or any part of a bid.

CHARLES H. TOMPKINS, Brevet Brigadier General and Chief Quartermaster, Fifth Military District, (march1668)

SELLING OFF AT COST! FURNITURE, CROCKERY, GLASSWARE and House-Furnishing Goods generally.

The entire stock of the late firm of Chrysler and Anderson, now in liquidation, is offered at cost, and must be sold. The attention of house-keepers is most respectfully solicited.

All must be sold and ready to-day. Bargains can be had. JOSEPH ANDERSON, P. De Comova, Assignee Bankrupt Estate of Wm. Chrysler. (march1668)

ASSIGNEE'S SALE, OF REAL ESTATE.

Belonging to the Bankrupt Estate of E. Jones, deceased. Under an order issued by the Honorable the District Court of the United States, for the Western District of Texas, sitting at Austin as a Court of Bankruptcy, the undersigned will offer for sale in front of the Court-house of Bexar County, in the city of San Antonio, on the first

Tuesday in April, 1868, it being the 7th day of the month, at the hour of 10 A. M. the following described Real Estate:

Three-story house and lot in the city of San Antonio, situated on the corner of Main Plaza and Market streets, being the building and lot known as the E. Jones' store house.

31 city lots in the city of San Antonio, lying west of the San Pedro Creek, and known as town lots Nos. 174, 175, 177, 178, 179, 181, 182, 183, 185, 186 and 187.

An undivided tract of land, consisting of five acres of land situated in the upper labors of San Antonio, held in common with Joseph Ulrich and Wm. McLane.

Lot No. 1, in range 4, district 6, old city of San Antonio, containing 81 and 87-100 acres.

Lot No. 2, in range 4, district 6, old city of San Antonio, containing 58 and 21-100 acres.

2,329 and 4 acres of land, less 300 acres to which Mrs. C. T. Jones is entitled as a homestead, being her property and labor of land granted to George Jones and John W. Smith, as assignees of F. Babo, said lease and labor being known as survey No. 48, situated in Bexar County, on the Medina River.

1,174 acres of land, survey No. 175, on the western side of Bexar County, about 21 miles N. W. from San Antonio, in Brown County.

200 acres of land survey No. 28, on Leon Creek, about seven miles N. of San Antonio, in Bexar County.

2,542 and 1/2 acres of land, survey No. 31, situated on the S. W. bank of the Leona, in Zavalla County.

THE STATE OF TEXAS, COUNTY OF BEXAR.

In County Court for the Settlement of Estates, do, February Term, 1868.

THE STATE OF TEXAS. To all persons interested in the Estate of Johannes Ackerman, deceased.

John Ackerman, administrator of the estate of Johannes Ackerman, deceased, having filed his final account as such administrator, in the Hon. County Court for the settlement of estates, &c. of said county, and applied for addition and allowance of same and final discharge.

You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next March Term of said Court, to be holden on the last Monday of said month, and at the Court-house of said County, to show cause, if any you can, why said account should not be audited and allowed, and to do and to suffer such other things as the Court may then and there order and decree in the premises.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said County Court, at San Antonio, this February 27th, A. D. 1868.

PEYTON SMYTHE, C. C. B. Co. By H. MacCormack, Dep't. (march1668)

The State of Texas, County of Bexar.

In County Court for the Settlement of Estates, do, February Term, 1868. THE STATE OF TEXAS. To all persons interested in the Estate of Dan. H. Ragsdale, deceased.

A. M. Gilchrist, administrator of the Estate of Dan. H. Ragsdale, deceased, having filed his final account as such administrator, in the Hon. County Court for the settlement of estates, &c. of said county, and applied for addition and allowance and for leave to resign.

You are hereby notified to be and appear at the next March Term of said Court, to be holden on the last Monday of said month, and at the Court-house of said County, to show cause, if any you can, why said account should not be audited and allowed, and said administrator have leave to resign, and to do and to suffer such other things as the Court may then and there order and decree in the premises.

In testimony whereof, I hereunto set my hand and affix the seal of said County Court, at office in San Antonio, this February 27th, A. D. 1868.

PEYTON SMYTHE, C. C. B. Co. By H. MacCormack, Dep't. (march1668)

H. GRENZ, WHOLESALE & RETAIL GROCER AND Commission House.

Groceries, Dry Goods, Glassware, Boots & Shoes, Hats, &c., &c. (march1668)

THOS. H. FAIRBANKS, J. M. COOPERHALL, HENRY FAIRBANKS, W. BUCKHOFF.

Falle, Coggeshall & Co., Wholesale Dealers in READY MADE CLOTHING.

Expressly manufactured for the Southern market. 33 Chambers Street, New York.

WANTED! On and after the 20th March, 1868, 300 No. 1. Horses, broke and unbroken. Also, 50 No. 1. Horses.

Suitable for Cavalry purposes. Apply to J. W. WITHERS & CO. march1668

TH. SCHLEUNING, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Importer Wholesale and Retail Dealer in GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS and Crockery of every description.

Country produce bought, march1668

LAND FOR SALE. The undersigned offers for sale one or two leagues of land, in Bexar County, six miles from San Antonio, in possession of six purchasers, and a tract of land on the Guadalupe. For description of property and further particulars, apply to John M. Chavez of this city.

JUANA R. SAMBRANO, (march1668)

DRS. HENSBURY & HEYNDON, SURGEON DENTISTS.

Office at Dr. K's old stand near French's Building, San Antonio. (march1668)

Headquarters, District of Texas, BUREAU OF REVENUE, FREIGHT AND ABANDONED LAKES.

Office A. A. Q. M. and Disbursing Officer, Austin, Texas, February 15th, 1868.

In compliance with directions from the Commissioner Bureau B. F. and A. J. I. shall call at Public Auction, at the office of the Bureau B. F. and A. J. I., at Waco, Texas, on the 17th day of March, 1868, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the property held by the United States near the city of Waco, McLennan County, Texas, known as the Waco Factory, including all and singular the Buildings, Tenements, Lands or Hereditaments thereto pertaining; also one Steam Engine and Boiler, Wheel-rock, Rolling chutes, &c., and set of Corn rocks; two carding engines and one Picker.

Detailed description of the property can be obtained at the Office of the Bureau B. F. and A. J. I., at Austin and Waco, Texas. Terms—Cash.

C. S. ROBERTS, By Capt. U. S. A., A. A. Q. M. & D. O. Feb 21d. (march1668)

Austin, Texas, March 6th, 1868. The above advertisement of sale is withdrawn.

C. S. ROBERTS, By Capt. U. S. A. Dis. Officer.

Local Intelligence.

Loss by Policeman Marsch, one brass P.O. key, whose string attached. Can be had at this office.

QUARTERMASTER'S ADVERTISEMENTS.—See Chief Quartermaster's advertisements in this paper.

Summer.—The thermometer rose to 80° Saturday. This is unquestioned summer heat.

Grasshoppers gone! gone! gone! Vegetation is safe. Even very green young men have been several hundred yards from home, who returned safe.

New Card.—Mr. Schleming's card will be seen in another column. To our town people no comments are necessary. Our country readers should not fail to see his splendid stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Verzeisen.—Messrs. Cook and Anderson, of the San Antonio bar, on being informed that Sergeant Dwyer would be turned over to civil law, volunteered their services as counsel. Happily the sergeant will be tried by a military court.

CASINO BALL.—Saturday night's soiree at this temple of fun, was attended by an unusual large number. The Military Orchestra supplied the music, with full band, and the way fun was borrowed of "Lent" proved pleasure to be always in season.

Quadrangle.—One of our grocers complains that he has to pay three or four hundred dollars income tax. If business continues to loom up, this calamity may befall our entire community. Measures should be taken to guard against it. (U.S.—This is a goal.)

FISHING PARTY.—Friday a large party of gentlemen, including military men, went to the Medina on a fishing excursion, taking provisions and other necessities for several days camping. In times since before the fish of the Medina gave sport to such men as Sheridan. It is hoped the charm may tempt his successors to deeds of valor, resulting in "little Phil's" laurels.

Loose.—The Herald, always looking after the interest (f) principle, too, of "our people," recently gave a dismal whine over the exorbitant assessments on real estate proposed by the city. A merchant, wishing to purchase a lot for homestead, asked the price of a lot assessed at \$200. The owner would not listen to an offer under eleven hundred specie and was independent at that.

Taxes.—In a circuit of our business establishments, it was found that three-fourths of the houses were doing a fair trade. Those houses doing the most trade are invariably the liberal advertisers.

The houses that show a desire to mutually advance the community with themselves, should be selected and patronized, and the city will never be advanced until commerce is in the control of men who invest their profits among us.

Those who get our money to take care here, are no benefit whatever to the community.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY.—The property known as the Commercial Saleon, on the P.O. block, fronting 77 feet on Commerce street, by 110 feet deep, sold last week at eighteen thousand specie, or twenty-five thousand two hundred dollars currency, being \$277.27 1/3 per front foot. The purchasers are Mr. Bennett and Mr. Kampmann. These figures look more like Chicago operations, than, as the Houston Transcript asserts, "an unimportant inland town." The improvements on this property are one storied mad establishments of three feet walls, and a valueless incumbrance.

Southern Courts.—Our exchanges give general indications of a reformation in Southern courts. The judges are discouraging this pettifogging system of filibustering, and dismissing the cases prosecuted in a spirit of revenge. When attorneys understand that suits will be successful only on their merits, they will learn the necessity of studying authorities, and cease to depend upon bluster and intimidation, thereby elevating the standard of that high profession.

THE GONZALES TRAGEDY.

We give to-day a complete history of the tragedy recently enacted at Gonzales—one written by the brother-in-law of the deceased, and the other being a statement made by Sergeant Dwyer. It will be seen by the most prejudiced, that the story of the sergeant (which is authenticated by ample evidence) is simple, frank and convincing; while the story of the brother-in-law, although written in an undoubted sincere belief of the unfortunate man's innocence, is vague and contradictory.

The result is just as all such cowardly affairs turn out. Dr. Cunningham, sober, is a peaceable man; drunk, he is brave, reckless and crazy. An undaunted Union man for several months after the commencement of the war, he afterwards turned, and in his treason tried to out Herod Herod. In the attempt to assassinate the soldiers at Gonzales by the Glover gang of outlaws, in revenge for the "indignity" put upon the two men who carried the wood, this man was induced to join the attack. Instead of men who take off their uniforms to rebels, (no allusion is made to Headquarters 5th Military District,) they found brave soldiers, ready to defend their flag with their lives. In their defeat, the cowards originating the trouble, ignominiously fled, leaving the only brave man to his fate.

The contrast between the gallantry of Sergeant Dwyer's brave squad and officers who have shown a willingness to abandon Union men to the tender mercy of Southern rebels, proves that there yet remains an esprit de corps in the army, which should be rewarded, whether found in officer or soldier.

THE DIVISION QUESTION.

In the communication from a subscriber, which appears in this paper, we are treated to many facts and figures of interest, as showing what is to be gained by a division of the State.

The matter of politics, the writer, by implication, asserts is better entirely left out. While we are fighting for the same object, it is evident we disagree as to measures.

The events of the past have thrown into the hands of a few political tricksters the government of the Southern States. Up to within two years, a paper or person attacking these tricksters or exposing their villainy, went to its own certain death. With the assistance of the General Government, a bold policy is fast working these rascals out of place, while the masses of the land are asserting its rights and its strength. Already these villains are irreparably separated from the people in our own section; to magnify them into political importance is to delay the inauguration of an honest policy. Point out a man who earns his bread by honest labor, ten to one he is a Republican. Had a lay lover, with out exception he is a Conservative. Bring the honestly conducted Railroad, and we have the hundreds of working employees—their views are ours. We wish to advance labor and make it respectable, at the same time make laziness and rascality disresponsible.

It is placing us in a false position to accuse us of political agitation, and we hope the writer will join in getting out of the way these old political rulers, and with them the hungry horde of office-seekers, figured by him up to six thousand. A man who seeks office acknowledges his incapacity to make his own living; such men had better be sent to the poor-house; and the fact that he seeks it, should be sufficient grounds for his rejection. The time will never return when the party that can pay for the most "rot-gut whisky" will rule Texas; and that is the only party that will ever retard the material advancement of the State.

NOTICE.

San Antonio, March 2nd, 1868. In obedience to a resolution passed by the Hon. City Council, March 2nd, 1868, that notice be given to come forward and settle arrears of interest on city lands, on or before the expiration of sixty days, from date of this resolution, and that after this time the conditions of the contract of the city, with such holders of city lands will be enforced by the Council. Now, therefore, this is to notify all persons indebted to the city, on interest due for such lands, to come forward and pay their dues and receive receipts therefore. G. TWONSKI, City Collector.

NOTICE.

Mrs. C. T. Jones wishes to inform her friends that she will commence giving lessons on the Piano Forte and Singing, on the 1st of February, and desires a share of their patronage. To be found at the residence of A. W. Briggs, Col. Newton's house. (Jan 23/68)

ELMBORF & CO. Hardware Merchants. MAIN PLAZA.

Have constantly on hand, and offer for sale English and American Cutlery. Iron and Steel of all sizes. Carpenters Tools. Mill & Crosscut Saws of all sizes. Boring Machines. Nails of all sizes. Butts, Hinges, Screws, etc. Door, Cabinet & Trunk Locks of all kinds. Shoe Makers & Saddlers Tools & Trimmings. Buckles Rings, etc. Hiddle Bits & Webbing. Oil Cloth, Hammes, Collars, etc. Tin, Rivets, & Kettle Handles, etc. Steel Hoes and Agricultural Implement, in general. Landroth's Garden Seeds always on hand. And a general assortment of Hardware Also: Paints, Oils, Turpentine & Glass. Paint, Shoe & Clothes Brushes, Petroleum & Lamps. Colt's Army & Navy Size Pistols. Powder, Shot & Caps. And all other articles in their line of business at low prices. Sole Agents for Herring's Safe's also for Planer & Kayser's Sewing Machines. May 24th 1866. no35f

AUCTION AND COMMISSION, F. D. FAVILLE, having established himself in the city of New Braunfels, in the above named business, respectfully solicits consignments. (Feb. 27/67)

RESTAURANT.

R. McDONALD would respectfully notify the old patrons of Whitehead's Restaurant, that he has located that establishment and will keep constantly on hand the choicest viands to be found in this market. Don't forget Judge Whitehead's stand on the Main Plaza. San Antonio, Jan. 28, 1868. (dt)

NURSERY NOTICE.

R. Bonn, a practical gardener, has purchased a large and well selected stock of Fruit Trees, Strawberry, Roots and every variety of Garden plants adapted to this climate, which will arrive in a few days direct from France, when he will offer them to the public at a very slight advance on Paris prices. For further particulars apply at French Bakery, Commerce street, near Hertzberg & Simons. (March 6/68)

D. FRIEDLAENDER, J. HANSENSTEIN, G. F. FINE. New York. San Antonio.

AUCTION HOUSE

David Friedlander & Co., G. F. DEVINE'S OLD STAND, East Side of Main Plaza, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Daily Sales of Goods, Wares, and Merchandise of every description. Consignments respectfully solicited from home and abroad. To Consignors from abroad we furnish weekly references in New York, New Orleans, and the principal cities of Texas. (Jan 23/68)

BELL & BROS.

DEALERS IN Jewelry, Silver-ware, Plated-ware. Diamond Goods, American and European Watches and Clocks, Gold Pens and Pencils of every kind, Gold and Silver Trunklocks, Gold, Silver, Steel and Tortoise-shell Spectacles and Eye Glasses, with Pebble and Glass Lenses, Suitable for the aged or near-sighted. Engravers and Manufacturers of ALL ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, repaired and warranted. Orders Filled Promptly. Main Street, Five doors east of Main Plaza, Opposite their Old Stand. San Antonio, Texas. March 20, 1868.

NORTON & DEUTZ.

Main Plaza, San Antonio, DEALERS IN

Hardware, Stoves, Agricultural Implements,

Woodenware, Window Glass, Paints

Oils, Leather, Arms and

GARDEN SEEDS.

TO LET. The store on Flores street, known as F. Martin's store, lately occupied by F. G. Taylor. For particulars, inquire at F. Martin's, Main street, one door below Nolte's Drug Store. (Jan 3-4/68)

ADAM NACE Will please call at the undersigned in matters of his claim. A. SIEMERIN. San Antonio, Feb. 27, 1868.

A. H. WAGAR, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Plaza House, San Antonio, Texas. march30/67. Latest Paris Fashions.

W. SMITH, BROWN, & CO., WHOLESALE MANUFACTURERS

And Dealers in BOOTS AND SHOES.

No. 43 Chambers Street, N. Y. march31/67

J. H. KAMPMANN, ARCHITECT & BUILDER,

IS PREPARED to contract for all kinds of Mason Work, Stone Cutting, Carpenter Work, Plastering and Painting.

J. H. KAMPMANN'S NEW DOOR, SASH AND BLIND FACTORY.

The undersigned having completed his new Factory, in which all work is done by Machinery and Steam power, is prepared to make at the shortest notice:

DOORS, WINDOWS, BLINDS and MOULDINGS of every description, Rippling and Finishing Lumber, Making 1 inch and 1-2 inch Flooring, and all other articles connected with the Carpenter Business. SEASONED LUMBER, WHITE and YELLOW PINE and LOUISIANA SWAMP CYPRESS, constantly on hand.

ALSO SAWING ROCK BY STEAM POWER.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE PROMPTLY EXECUTED. OFFICE—On Nacogdoches Street, near the Alamo. March 12/67 J. H. KAMPMANN.

THE ALAMO STEAM Wagon Factory,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The undersigned having erected, in the City of San Antonio, an establishment of the above character, where all work is done by Machinery and Steam Power, would inform the public, and especially owners of Transportation Trains, that he is now fully prepared to execute all orders for the

Making & repairing of Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Wheelbarrows, &c. Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings, made to order and of the best material. Sawing and Planing of all kinds done to order. All kinds of Blacksmithing done to order. Fellocks, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts & Bows, kept for sale.

All Work executed upon the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Having had many years experience in the above business, he confidently relies upon giving entire satisfaction to his customers. J. YATES BROWER, Proprietor.

SAN ANTONIO NATIONAL BANK.

Designated Depository Financial Agents of the United States

Capital \$125,000.

G. W. BRACKENRIDGE, President. T. H. STRIBLING, Vice President.

DIRECTORS: L. ZORK, T. H. STRIBLING, E. DEGENER, E. PENTENRIEDER, A. NETTE, D. BELL.

G. W. BRACKENRIDGE, Cashier.

Collections made on all accessible points and remitted promptly.

JNO. T. BRACKENRIDGE, Cashier.

RHODIUS & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS IN

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES.

LIQUORS of ALL KINDS, TOBACCO,

Pipes, Cane Fruits, Pickles, &c., &c.

COMMERCE STREET,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

ZORK & GRIESENBECK,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas,

Wholesale and Retail

MERCHANTS,

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Wines, Brandies

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Ladies' Fancy Goods,

&c., &c., &c.

