

# San Antonio Express.

VOL. II.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, TUESDAY, JAN. 28, 1868.

NO. 35.

### Doctors.

**DR. WEISSELBERG,**  
Physician and Surgeon,  
OFFICE, at Nettie's Drug Store,  
On Commerce street,  
San Antonio, Jan. 28, 1868. d2wif

**DR. F. HUNF,**  
Respectfully announces to his friends that  
he has resumed practice in the city.  
Office, at Nettie's Drug store, on Commerce  
street. (d2wif)

**DR. NOEL,**  
CITY PHYSICIAN,  
Residence: opposite Green's east side of the  
river.

Office hours before eight o'clock A. M.,  
and from 2 to 4 P. M. (dec. 5-dw if.)

**MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,**  
Tenders his services to those citizens of San  
Antonio who wish to have medicine adminis-  
tered according to the Homoeopathic Law of  
cure.  
Office on Main street, two doors west  
of Post-Office. dly

### NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as Midwife in Ger-  
many, and having done business as such with  
good success for long years, I solicit the patron-  
age of the public of San Antonio and its neigh-  
borhood, and promise to justify the confidence  
which the public may place in me.  
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's  
Bakery.

**MARY KLAEBE,**  
San Antonio, August 20, 1866. no49-1f

**MRS ECKEL,**  
Graduate of "Marburg Institute Europe,"  
offers her services to the people of San Antonio  
as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in  
this service renders her one of the best pro-  
fession.

Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of  
Mr. William Elliot. 6-ly.

### Lawyers.

**S. G. NEWTON,**  
ATTORNEY AT LAW,  
414-3rd Ave. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

**W. B. LEIGH,** A. DITTMAR  
LEIGH & DITTMAR,  
LAWYERS,  
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.  
OFFICE FREEMAN'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.  
147d-wif

**THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,**  
Notaries Public,  
COMMERCIAL STREET,  
Two doors east of Nettie's Drug Store,  
SAN ANTONIO.

**H. H. BOYERS,** A. F. WALKER  
**BOWERS & WALKER,**  
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,  
Office—Congress Avenue,  
(no. 11-ly) Austin, Texas.

**JESSE STANCEL,**  
Attorney & Counsellor at-law,  
GALVESTON, TEXAS.  
Prompt Attention to Business.  
May 17, 1866. no34-ly

### Hotels.

**Kloepfer Hotel.**  
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!  
Mrs. KLOEPFER calls the attention of her  
friends to the extra facilities for travelers with  
teams. Attached to her house is a spacious  
yard fronting on the river, where any quanti-  
ty of stock can be secured.  
111f Commerce street, San Antonio.

**WASHINGTON HOTEL,**  
Galveston, Texas.  
**H. F. THOMPSON,**  
Proprietor.  
146-ly

**THE TARDE HOUSE,**  
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.  
The above named well-known Hotel is  
open for the accommodation of the traveling  
or pleasure-seeking public. The arrange-  
ments are complete throughout, and no pains  
are spared to make guests comfortable. To  
those who seek a quiet and elegant home in  
the country, this Hotel will suit them to a  
charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has  
no rival in the State.  
1211f V. TARDE.

**STEVENS HOUSE.**  
21, 23, 25 & 27 Broadway, N. Y.  
Opposite Bowling Green,  
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.  
The Stevens House is well and widely known  
to the travelling public. The location is es-  
pecially suitable to merchants and business  
men; it is in close proximity to the business  
part of the city—is on the highway of South-  
ern and Western travel—and adjacent to all  
the principal railroad and steamboat depots.  
The Stevens House has liberal accommo-  
dation for over 300 guests—it is well furn-  
ished, and possesses every modern improve-  
ment for the comfort and entertainment of  
its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well  
ventilated—provided with gas and water—  
and the table is generously provided with  
every delicacy of the season—at moderate  
rates.

The rooms having been refurnished and  
remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra  
facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our  
guests.  
GEO. K. CHASE & CO.,  
June 15-4 Proprietors.

### Cards of City Merchants.

**THE HERTZBERG, J. SIMON,**  
**HERTZBERG & SIMON,**  
Glassware, Mouldings,  
Pictures, Pipes,  
Fancy Goods, Brushes, Music,  
Stationery, Stationery, Music,  
**NEWSPAPER AGENTS,**  
Commerce Street,  
at E. S. Sampson's old stand,  
SAN ANTONIO.

**DRESEL & BRIAM,**  
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS  
147  
**Dry-Goods and Groceries,**  
HATS,  
SHOES,  
CROCKERY,  
NOTIONS.  
San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 1131f

**PHILIP CONRAD,**  
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE  
and House-Furnishing Goods, Mattress  
Maker and Upholsterer,  
MAIN STREET,  
Opposite Lark & Griesenbeck,  
Keeps constantly on hand a full assort-  
ment of Mattresses; and offers his services  
for repairing furniture, paper-hanging, cur-  
tain hanging, and carpeting.  
San Antonio, May 6th. dly

**WULF & SHELIG,**  
Importers  
General Commercial Agents,  
CHICAGO, SAN ANTONIO,  
Mexico, Texas,  
je28 cor. Alamo & North streets

**A. STACKE,**  
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTURE OF  
Wilson, Childs & Co.,  
PHILADELPHIA.  
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.  
San Antonio, Texas, July 9, 1867.

**W. A. BENNETT,**  
Banker,  
Dealer in Exchange and Government  
Securities,  
San Antonio.  
Will pay particular attention to the collec-  
tion of Claims at all accessible points in Tex-  
as. d-wif

**J. S. LOCKWOOD,**  
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,  
on Commerce street,  
opposite Bell & Brod. Jewelry store,  
San Antonio.  
Currency and Exchange bought and  
sold; Collections made on all accessible  
points. so if

**E. A. FLORIAN,**  
INSURANCE AGENT,  
No. 3, French's Building,  
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.  
Capital Represented,  
\$9,000,000  
December 19, 1866. 38m

**FOCKE & WILKENS,**  
COTTON FACTORS,  
General Commission Merchants,  
OSTERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.  
Exchange on New Orleans New York,  
London, and Hamburg. JanStly

**ALBERT TURPE,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANT,  
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.  
The highest Cash Price paid for  
Hides. sep17-1f

**EMPIRE**  
Shuttle Sewing Machines.  
ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS  
Ranging from \$15 to \$24 per Dozen.  
Also, See German Wines, such as  
—CONSISTING OF—  
FOR FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING  
PURPOSES.  
Agents wanted. Address, EMPIRES, M. CO.  
616, Broadway, New York

**WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,**  
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in  
**Boots and Shoes,**  
No. 53 Chambers Street,  
sep21-6m NEW YORK.

**FRANK NEWTON,**  
DEALER IN  
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,  
AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,  
SOLEAD STREET,  
Keeps constantly on hand and receiving  
FRESH FAMILY SUPPLIES,  
of all kinds, and at reasonable rates. 12

### New York Cards.

**R. FEINBERG & CO.,**  
Importers of  
French, English & German  
FANCY GOODS.  
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway  
NEW YORK.  
August 2<sup>d</sup>. [no48ly.]

**E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,**  
**DRY GOODS,**  
350 Broadway,  
NEW YORK.  
Flannels, Hosiery,  
Gloves, Dress Shirts,  
Collars and Ties,  
Ribbons, Laces,  
Skirt Braids,  
Lace Articles,  
Dress Goods, Silks.

White Goods,  
Linen Goods,  
Embroideries,  
English Crapes,  
Shawls,  
Cloaks,  
Yankee Notions, etc., etc. 17sep1f

**CONKLIN & DAVIS,**  
SUCCESSORS TO  
J. CONKLIN & CO.,  
GROCERS,  
AND  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
No. 94 Front street,  
New York. je28

**G. SCHMIDT, ROBERT VOIGT,**  
**SCHMIT & VOIGT,**  
GENERAL  
Commission Merchants,  
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,  
GALVESTON, NEW YORK.  
August 23. [no48-ly.]

**BURTIS & FRENCH,**  
Importers and Jobbers of  
CROCKERY,  
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,  
No. 12 Barclay street,  
(Four doors below Astor House.)  
je28ly. New York.

**BOBERT & OAKLEY,**  
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN  
American, English, German, & French  
Hardware,  
Cutlery,  
GUNS, &c.,  
59 Pearl street, and 56 Stone street,  
NEW YORK.

Orders promptly executed at lowest  
prices. No Travelers or Drummers em-  
ployed. All goods bearing our stamp war-  
ranted extra-quality. sep6m

**Gustav Theisen & Co.,**  
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,  
62 Cedar Street, New York.  
Indiana, Java & Silesia.

**W. WESTHOFF, L. PERUS,**  
**W. WESTHOFF & CO.,**  
INDIANOLA, TEXAS,  
Wholesale Grocers,  
Forwarding and Commission Merchants  
And Dealers in Hardware.

Liberal advances made on consign-  
ments of Country Produce. 17f

**G. W. WARE & CO.,**  
Commission Merchants,  
AND DEALERS IN  
Hides, Wool, &c.,  
LAVACA, TEXAS.

REFERENCES:  
Frasier, Major & Co., New York,  
Canal Bank, New Orleans,  
W. H. H. Witherall, Esq., New Orleans,  
William Chrysler, San Antonio,  
National Bank of Texas, Galveston,  
Heyck & Helfrich, Lavaca,  
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indiana.  
dec 10dly

**McNEENEY & HAIGNE,**  
Receiving, Forwarding  
AND  
General Commission Merchants,  
ALLENTON, TEXAS.  
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being  
prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.  
A. H. EORT, Galveston, Texas.

**J. E. COWEN,**  
IMPORTER AND JOBBER  
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC  
DRY GOODS,  
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,  
Strand,  
GALVESTON, Texas.  
Particular attention to filling orders, accom-  
panied by cash or produce. 1291f

### AN OLD WIFE'S SONG.

BY JEAN BUCKLOW.

As what will ye hear, my daughters dear?  
O, what will ye hear this night?  
Shall I sing you a song of the Yuletide cheer,  
Or of lovers and ladies bright?

"Thou shalt sing," they say (for we dw'ld  
far away  
From the land where fain would we be),  
"Thou shalt sing us again some old world  
strain  
That's sung in our own countrie."

Thou shalt mind us so of the times long ago,  
When we walked on the upland lea,  
While the old harbor light waxed faint in  
the white  
Long rays shooting out from the sea.

While lambs were yet asleep, and the dew lay  
deep  
On the grass, and their fleeces clean and  
fair,  
Never grass was seen so thick nor so green  
As the grass that grew up there!

In the town was no smoke, for none there  
awoke  
As our feet it lay still as still could be,  
And we saw far below the long river flow,  
And the schollers a warping out to sea.

Sing us now a strain shall make us feel again  
As we felt in that sacred peace of morn,  
When we had the first view of the wet  
sparkling dew,  
In the skyiness of a day just born.

So I sang an old song—it was plain and not  
long—  
I had sang it very oft when they were  
small;  
And long ere it was done they wept every  
one;  
Yet this was all the song—this was all!

The snow lies white, and the moon gives  
light?  
I'll out to the freezing mere,  
And ease my heart with one little song,  
For none will be nigh to hear,  
And it's O my love, my love!  
And it's O my dear, my dear!  
It's of her that I'll sing, till the wild woods  
ring;  
When nobody's nigh to hear.

My love is young, she is young, is young;  
When she laughs the dimple dips,  
We walked in the wind, and her long locks  
blew  
Till sweetly they touched my lips,  
And 'till out to the freezing mere,  
Where the stiff reeds whine so low,  
And 'till my mind to the friendly wind,  
Because I have loved her so.

Ay—and she's true, my lady is true!  
And that's the best of it all,  
And when she blushes my heart so yearns  
That tears are ready to fall,  
And it's O my love, my love!  
And it's O my dear, my dear!  
It's of her that I'll sing till the wild woods  
ring,  
When nobody's nigh to hear.

—[Good Cheer.]

**The Right Rev. John Henry Hopkins, D. D.,**  
Episcopal Bishop of the Diocese of  
Vermont, and the oldest bishop of that  
church in the United States, died at his  
residence near Burlington, Vermont,  
after a short illness, on Thursday last,  
in the seventy-sixth year of his age.  
Bishop Hopkins was born in Dublin,  
Ireland, on the 30th of January 1792,  
and came to America with his parents  
when but eight years of age. His  
mother, a woman of fine culture, super-  
intended his early education at home.  
He received afterwards a classical edu-  
cation to fit him for the profession of the  
law; but turning aside from that pursuit  
of life, he entered a counting room in  
Philadelphia, where he continued a  
year or more, and was subsequently en-  
gaged in assisting Wilson, the celebrated  
ornithologist, in the preparation of the  
plates for the first four volumes of his  
great work. At about the age of nine-  
teen, young Hopkins engaged in the  
manufacture of iron in Pennsylvania,  
but the peace of 1815 destroyed the  
prospects of the iron trade, and bank-  
rupted him in 1817. In May, 1816, he  
married a daughter of Caspar Otto Mul-  
ler, of Baltimore. 1817 he was admit-  
ted to the bar in Pittsburg, but gave up  
the practice of the law in 1823 to enter  
the ministry. In May, 1824, Mr. Hop-  
kins was ordained a clergyman of the  
Protestant Episcopal Church, and be-  
came rector of Trinity church, Pittsburg.  
He was sent in 1826 as a clerical deputy  
to the first general convention after his  
ordination, and was again selected in  
1829. At these conventions he took a  
prominent part in the debates. In 1827  
he was a candidate for the office of as-  
sistant bishop of Pennsylvania, but elected  
his opponent, Rev. Dr. H. U. Under-  
dook, by his own vote. In 1831 he  
moved to Boston, and was soon after se-  
lected as professor of systematic divinity  
at the age of forty, in 1832, Mr. Hop-  
kins was elected first bishop of the separ-  
ate diocese of Vermont. He at once  
entered upon the discharge of the duties  
of his office, assuming, at the same time,  
the rectorship of St. Paul's church,  
Burlington. In 1856 he resigned his  
rectorship in order to devote himself  
exclusively to the work of his diocese,  
which he performed up to the time of

his death. Bishop Hopkins was a rig-  
orous and precise writer on a variety of  
topics. Among the principal works he  
published were "Christianity Vindicated,"  
"The Primitive Creed Examined  
and Explained," "An Essay on Gothic  
Architecture," "The Church of Rome  
in Her Primitive Purity, as Compared  
with the Church of Rome at the Present  
Day," twelve canzonets, words and  
music, "The Novelties which Disturb  
our Peace," "Causes, Principles and  
Result of British Reformation," "His-  
tory of the Confessional," "A Refuta-  
tion of Mitner's End of Controversy,"  
"The American Citizen, His Rights and  
Duties," and others of a political and  
religious character. Bishop Hopkins  
had a vigorous mind and was a clear  
and logical writer, and in his polemical  
disquisitions he displayed great ability.  
During the war his sympathies were de-  
cidedly Southern in their leanings, and  
for that reason, politically, he never en-  
joyed the good will of the people over  
whom he was placed. At his death he  
occupied the eminent position of Presid-  
ing Bishop of the Protestant Episcopal  
Church of the United States.

### NEWS ITEMS.

Basz, the London brewer, has \$8,500,  
000 income.  
Weston, the pedestrian, is in the show  
business at Cleveland.

Colonel Forney's son, John W., is sole  
editor of the Philadelphia Press.

Dr. Bellows describes Bismarck as a  
combination of Seward and Grant.  
Scandal says that the Princess Clotilde  
wants a separation from Prince Napoleon.

A despatch from Nashville to the  
Louisville Courier says that General  
Longstreet was arrested in that city on  
Friday, while on his way to Washington,  
on an old indictment for treason. On  
account of a flaw in the warrant, his  
name not having been written properly,  
the General got aboard the train and  
was off before the warrant could be  
amended.

The clear profits of the Paris Ex-  
position are estimated at \$600,000; this  
sum to be divided equally between the  
State, the city and the Guarantee So-  
ciety.

Victor Hugo, on learning that his play  
of Ray Blas was interdicted in Paris,  
revenge himself by addressing a note to  
"M. Louis Bonaparte," acknowledging  
the receipt of the intelligence.

A negro, known as "Old Father Rob-  
inson," is living in Detroit, at the age  
of 114 years. He fought in the Revolu-  
tionary war, and again at New Orleans,  
under Jackson, in 1815.

It is said that Whiteley Reid is to be  
editor-in-chief of the new evening paper  
to be started in Cincinnati, March 1.  
Mr. Reid is one of the best journalists in  
the West.—[Ohio State Journal.]

It is a literary curiosity that in our  
language no word beginning with the  
letter "sl" is more than merely respect-  
able, and that nearly all of them are de-  
cidedly mean. Instances—slink, slough,  
slump, slave, slope, sly, slogger, slit,  
slap, and many others.

There are not wanting circumstances  
confirmatory of the Obsequy report about  
plots against General Grant. For in-  
stance, a man made the following bold  
statements in Loring's Library, Boston,  
on Monday morning: "I'll take the  
"Life of General Grant!"

Semmes was dined at Louisville, and  
an "original poem" was got off at him.  
The cheekiest thing about it was a  
comparison of the ex-pirate to King Arthur,  
and the sword, which he lost when he  
was spilt overboard in his first en-  
counter with an armed vessel, to the fa-  
mous "Excalibur."—[Boston Post.]

The following officers are announced  
as on the staff of Major General Meade:  
Brevet Brigadier General R. C. Drum,  
Lieutenant Colonel United States army,  
Assistant Adjutant General; Brevet  
Lieutenant Colonel Campbell D. Emory,  
Captain 9th Infantry, Aide-de-camp;  
Lieutenant Colonel George Meade, Cap-  
tain 31st Infantry, Aide-de-camp.

The New Mexican Legislature lately  
adopted, almost or quite unanimously,  
a memorial asking Congress to modify the  
Governor's absolute veto power, from  
which there is now no appeal. But the  
Governor promptly vetoed the memorial!  
The act naturally excited great indigna-  
tion, as not only a tyrannical exercise of  
the "one man power," but an invasion  
of the sacred right of petition. A re-  
buke of the Governor by the Legislature  
was opposed by only four Senators. Says  
the New Mexican: "A greater insult—a  
more despotic act, was never perpetrated  
upon a whole people, than this conduct  
of the Governor exhibits toward the  
whole population of New Mexico through  
their representatives."



We are authorized to announce E. DEGENER as a candidate for Delegate to the Convention from this District.

Copies of the Weekly Express for sale at Gamble's and Sloman's Book store, containing as much reading matter as the N. Y. Ledger.

REPUBLICAN NOMINEES FOR THE CONVENTION.

E. DEGENER, JAMES P. NEWCOMB.

THE NECESSITY OF NORTHERN SNEAKS.

Even since treason against the American Union was first agitated, down to the present time of so-called conservative political assumption, Northern sneaks have been indispensable to the Southern traitors. When Southern gentlemen were twitted about having Yankees editing their newspapers and performing other services, the reply was, that they must have some one to do the dirty work, and no Southern gentleman could be found mean enough to do it. The northern sneaks among us to day are doing all the rebel dirty work. Some of these characters came with the army and though they may have apparently held official positions, they really belong to the class known as the "army bummers," the chicken and pig thieves, who followed in the wake of our victorious troops. These "army bummers" are quite useful to the confederate politicians as the Union record of the "bummer" is spotless and he makes a splendid political cat's paw or stool pigeon.

THE SUFFRAGE QUESTION.

An attempt is being made by the rebel party to make the coming election for Convention appear as a contest for the settlement of the question of suffrage. No such question is before the people, the only thing the people of Texas are called upon to present to decide is whether they will hold a Reconstruction Convention, and who they will send to that Convention. Congress has decided the question of suffrage, and prescribed in exact terms who shall and who shall not vote, and it is no choice with any position of the people of Texas who they shall vote with.

By rebellion all rights of citizenship were forfeited and it is with the Government of the United States to say who shall enjoy that privilege henceforth in the Southern States and to what extent. This agitation of the suffrage question is simply a political trick to blind the ignorant and uninformed, and to raise a prejudice against the newly enfranchised freedmen.

Nasby Wanted.

The services of Parson "Nasby P. M. wich is post master" are much needed in Texas at present, since the rebels announce themselves in favor of a white man's party, how white this party is to be has not been announced, how much Southern soul, held in solution will be allowed has not yet transpired. These men who announce so positively in favor of a white man's party are dreadfully afraid that their half brothers, cousins, and other near and distant relatives, who have been made free, will have a say in the distribution of office. Such family jealousy, to say the least of it, is mean and contemptible.

THE WHITE MAN'S PARTY.—The tail end of Southern treason has turned out to be a white man's party, what better thing could we expect of a proscriptive thieving set of confederates, to measure out human and political rights in accordance with the hue God has given to the skin is all that could remain among a set of men who had attempted to destroy the American Republic and tear down the temple of liberty. When a party in this free country can succeed upon a platform of color, whether white or black, then a long farewell to all the sacred rights of freedmen, law, liberty and justice.

A young girl at the University of Lyons, France, has received a degree of "bachelor" of letters.

By Telegraph.

SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXPRESS.

WASHINGTON, January 24.—The situation of the Dominican Republic is reported deplorable. Insurgents are moving onward and war vessels have been dispatched to neighboring ports for provisions, to prevent imminent starvation.

Abyssinian news are to the effect that Theodore is confronted by native rebels, and a fight is imminent.

Conventions are still discussing disfranchisement act of the constitution no definite action yet taken.

The bonded warehouse of J. A. Matterson & Co., was destroyed by fire last night; loss about \$200,000.

Senate.—No session.

House.—To-day's session devoted entirely to spread eagle speeches. Revenue receipts to-day \$569,000.

EUROPE.

LONDON, January 25.—Fecian excitement continues, authorities exceedingly alarmed, and daily arrests occur.

PARIS, January 24.—The Patrie in an editorial observes that Russia is the only power now not in harmony with the rest of Europe. The effects of statements of this character being made is to tranquillise the public mind. They are singularly antagonistic to the actual condition, as is evinced in the fact that every power in Europe is actively engaged as if for war. It further said that the new French loan amounting to 750,000,000 francs would surely be put upon the market soon.

LONDON, January 25.—Rumor is current that Prussia secured use of the United States Navy in case of war.

The Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, January 24.—Cotton active and advanced 1/4 cent; Middling 17 1/2; sales 3500; receipts 1100; exports 3121 bales.

Gold 38 1/2.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Cotton firm 18 1/2; sales 4000 bales.

LIVERPOOL, January 24.—Cotton fair; sales 15000 bales; Uplands 7 1/2; Orleans 8.

REPUBLICAN MEETING.

Editors of the San Antonio Express.

GENTLEMEN:

Below I hand you for publication the proceedings of a Union Republican meeting called in Guadalupe county for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the Convention ordered by the Commanding General of the 5th Military District.

The meeting being called to order, Mr. John Mackey, of Caldwell county, was elected Chairman, and Dr. D. C. Marsh of Seguin, Secretary.

Upon motion, Henry Massey Esq., explained the object of the meeting.

Nominations being then in order—Captain F. A. Vaughn was unanimously declared the choice of the Union Republican party as delegate to the Convention.

The Captain in a few pertinent remarks acknowledged gratefully the confidence reposed in him.

Speeches were made by Aaron Saffold, Charles Britton, Jerry Webster and Strother Woolrich—colored—full of wit, humor and sound logic, and carrying the conviction to the minds of all who heard them, that they fully appreciated the present political issues. All that was said by them breathed the spirit of peace and good will towards man.

Upon motion of Henry Massey Esq. the following resolutions were adopted, viz:

Resolved 1st. That we the members of the Union Republican party of the county of Guadalupe do fully endorse the platform adopted by our party at Houston, Texas, on the 4th day of July 1867.

Resolved 2nd. That having nominated Captain F. A. Vaughn, as our candidate for delegate to the Convention to form a Constitution, we do freely pledge him our party support.

Resolved 3rd. That we take this occasion, to express our unwavering confidence in the final and triumphant success of the principles of the Union Republican party.

The Secretary being called upon, read the Houston platform; whereupon the meeting adjourned.

D. C. MARSH, Secretary.

The officers of the New York and New Haven railroad have decided to use steel rails in relaying the track of their road, and the President has ordered two thousand tons from England.

TO THE COUNTRYMEN OF JUAREZ.—Is there a Mexican who is ashamed of the dark hue of his cheek? We ask the countrymen of the patriot Juarez if they are willing to help build up a political white man's party in Texas? And we ask them to remember that these men who now claim a superiority of color are the same men who fled to Mexico and sided with the white tyrant Maximilian, and who had the meanness to ridicule Juarez because he was a dark-skinned Indian. Let us put down this anti-Republican distinction—let us know men only and not the color of their skins.

Maximilian's Departure and Return.

He departed in holiday trim, with a prospering breeze, with aiken sails, with gold in plenty, and promise of furtherance and help as plenty as gold—with salutes of cannon, and shouts of people, and a soft susurrus of courtly farewells, and rain of roses and flutter of perfumed handkerchiefs, and the clapping of innumerable kids. Whoever wishes to know how he looked when he left his harbor on that eventful morning, has only to stop at the window of Fowler and Wells' shop, on Broadway, where, amid a nightmare of skulls, and plaster casts of wits and witless, madmen, poets and murderers, ghastly and grim, all huddled together as in a Day of Judgment, he may see, perched on the bandbox it came in from Paris, the waxen effigy of the gallant prince! Fair flaxen hair in a cloud on either side of his head parted in the middle, girlish-wise, wide blue eyes, as in a picture, open and confiding; rosy cheeks, speaking of health and youth, full red lips, too large and full, and the long whiskers that add the last touch of dandyism to a face that nowhere speaks of man. Such was poor Max., soft-hearted, soft-headed, small-footed, slim, but with a larger mind than the effeminate face and body betokened, when he left the gate of the cruel and cowardly tyrant, who bade him farewell with a face all smiles and a heart all stone.

To-day he comes again, and as the Navara sails into port, what a sight is here! How the face, livid and yellow, like old parchment, with dark circles about his hollow eyes, contrasts with the lawdry splendor of the military coat, in which his shrunken wasted cadaver is increased, its lines all injected with rutilation, and the dismal cavern, where once, in the golden days, the warm heart beat and throbb'd, and the lungs digested the sweet air now stifled with mummy. How the hair, still parted in the middle, and dressed with the old pomade, refuses to lie quiet, but shrinks with sensitive horror from the hole by which were drawn out the poor brains that played their part as ill, and which is now stopped—good God!—with a plug of wood, for lack of the bit of bone the thieving Mexican surgeon stole for a relic for his illustrious subject! How pitiful it is to see the end of the imperial nose, against which the blundering razor slipped as they shaved the corpse, now mended classily with a bit of wax! Could they not shave his mustache, but the bungling actors must jab those pointing lips, once cherry red, now blue and thin, and shrieking from the glittering teeth! Down with the coffin lid!

It is asserted that, with possibly one other exception, Mr. Trehelm is the only man in South Carolina who has what would pass for a respectable income from his property. He is very rich, and his wealth was acquired while he was Secretary of the Treasury in the Confederate government, and by means of the facilities afforded by that position. Governor Aiken, who before the war was one of the richest men in the State, has now barely enough to live upon; and the great body of the planters, traders and business men, who once had hand some properties, are now utterly destitute. Some have considerable tracts of land, but no money to buy the implements required for its cultivation.

General Daniel E. Sickles has been elected Grand Commander of the Grand Army of the Republic in New York.

Real Advertisements.

RESTAURANT.

R. McDONALD would respectfully notify the old patrons of

Whitehead's Restaurant,

that he has located that establishment and will keep constantly on hand the choicest viands to be found in this market. Don't forget Whitehead's stand on the Main Plaza. San Antonio, Jan. 25, 1868. (dtf)

SALE OF HORSES.

DEPOT QUARTERS OFFICE, } SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Jan. 25, 1868. } WILL be sold at Public Auction, at the Alamo yard in this city, on Tuesday the 12th of February, commencing at 11 o'clock, to-wit:

A Cavalry Horses,

condemned as unfit for public service. Delivery, immediately after sale. Terms—Cash in government funds. J. G. C. LEE, Auctioneer. Reg't Lt. Col. and A. Q. M., U. S. Army. Jan 25-31

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

In accordance with Special Order No. 213, issued by the command of Major Gen. Hancock, the Board of Registration will open to receive the registration lists, commencing the 27th of January, and continuing five days, at the Court-house in this city.

JULIUS BRESEL, Chairman of Board. J. P. NEWCOMB, Secretary.

NOTICE.

In order to close out the present stock of assorted goods now on hand belonging to the special partnership heretofore existing between us and C. MONOD, we offer the same

At Reduced Prices FOR CASH!!

This stock consists of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE including a large and general assortment of Iron, Farming Implements, Groceries, &c., &c.

WM. VANCE, JAMES VANCE, Special Partners.

A. H. WAGEN, MERCHANT TAILOR, has removed from A. Hancock's, to rooms newly fitted up under the Plaza House, where he will be happy to see his old patrons and make as many new ones as will be pleased to give him a call. (Jan 25dtf)

GEORGE HERNER'S BAR-ROOM.

Main Street, San Antonio, Texas. HAS the very best of Liquors, Wines, Claret, &c., &c., where those who derive pleasure from the use of the De Joyal will find comfort and consolation. (Dec 25dtf)

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Mr. C. F. Vireek is authorized to sign my name for me during my absence. A. HARTMANN. San Antonio, Jan. 16, 1868.

B. OPPENHEIMER & CO.

Importers and Dealers in STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS

and Shoes, Hats, Hosiery, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Notions, &c.

38 & 40 Commerce Street. (Opposite the Foot Bridge.) SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

MEYER, SAWYER & CO.

AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS, 225 Main Plaza and Solidad street, next to the Plaza House.

A good yard for stock in connection with the premises. Sale days—Monday's, Wednesday's and Saturday's. (Jan 7dtf)

Proposals for Erecting Public Buildings for Wilson Co.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the County Clerk of Wilson county, in the town of Lead, Wilson county, on or before the 15th day of February, 1868, for the erection of one Court House, to be built of stone, of the following dimensions, to-wit: one story high and forty-five feet square. Each proposal must be accompanied with plan and specifications. Payments to be made in County Bonds; at one, two, and three years, equal installments, with ten per cent interest from date of completion. The successful bidder will be required to furnish satisfactory security on or before September 1st, 1868, out of first class building material. Proposals will be required to be accompanied with the names of two responsible parties and directed to the undersigned, at Sutherland Springs, Wilson county, Texas. W. LONGWORTH, Chief Justice. J. C. COOK, Agents for the County. Jan 12 dwtf

TO LET.

The store on Flores street, known as P. Martin's store, lately occupied by F. C. Taylor. For particulars, inquire at P. Martin's, Main street, one door below Nette's Drug Store. (Jan 24dtf)

PROVER'S COTTAGE,

ABILENE, KANSAS. W. K. MCCOY & BROTHERS, Great Western Stock Yards, ABILENE, KANSAS.

J. G. MCCOY, Proprietor.

REFERENCES: Miller & Howard, Bankers, Junction City, Kansas. Hale & Rice, Bankers, Junction City, Kan. J. D. PARRY, President U. P. Ry., E. D. A. Anderson, Gen. Supt. J. M. Webster, Esq., Atty. Gen. Marsh, Coffey & Co., Kansas City, Mo. First National Bank. R. J. Oglesby, Governor of Illinois. Sharon Tyndale, Sec. of State, Illinois. O. H. Minor, Auditor of State, Illinois. G. W. Smith, Treasurer of State, Illinois. First National Bank, Springfield, Illinois. Jacob B. Baker, J. L. Lamb, Thos. Conell, Pres't Second National Bank, St. Louis, Mo. Third National Bank, New York City. J. O. Scammon & Son, Chicago, Ill. W. K. MCCOY, J. P. MCCOY, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill. J. P. MCCOY, Springfield, Ill. J. G. MCCOY, Abilene, Kansas. Open September 5th, 1867.

McCoy Brothers,

ABILENE, KANSAS. Buy and sell Exchange on CHICAGO, NEW YORK, AND

ST. LOUIS.

J. P. McCoy, Springfield, Ill. J. G. McCoy, Abilene, Kansas. W. K. McCoy, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, San Antonio, June 15-dwtf

Live Stock Dealers,

ABILENE, KANSAS. Buy, Ship, and Sell Live Stock on Commission. Business closely attended to, and Remittances promptly made. (dtf)

FOR SALE.

A good second hand Piano, apply at this office. (Jan 16dtf)

BELL & BROS.

DEALERS IN Silver-ware, Plated-ware Jewelry, Diamond Goods, American and European Watches and Clocks, Gold Pens and Pencils of every kind, Gold and Silver Trimbles, Gold, Silver, Steel and Tortoise-shell Spectacles and Eye Glasses, with Pebble and Glass Lenses, Suitable for the aged or near-sighted. Engravers and Manufacturers of ALL ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, repaired and warranted. Orders Filled Promptly. Main Street Five doors east of Main Plaza, Opposite their Old Stand. San Antonio, Texas. March 29, 1866.

DAVID FRIEDLANDER & Co.

G. P. DEVINE'S OLD STAND, East Side of Main Plaza, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

AUCTION HOUSE

Daily Sales of Goods, Ware, and Merchandise of every description. Consignments respectfully solicited from home and abroad. To Consignors from abroad we furnish worthy references in New York, New Orleans, and the principal cities of Texas. 1643m

DIRECT IMPORTATION.

ONLY ONE WORD! H. GRENET, Dry Goods Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Boots, &c.

Respectfully invites City and Country Merchants and the Public generally to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

BY DOING SO THEY WILL FIND GREAT INDUCEMENTS to their advantage.

EVERY ARTICLE IS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

A NETTE, Has just received a large stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERIES, and SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, in fact all the leading articles, such as PATENT MEDICINES, that are usually kept in a First Class Drug Store. The stock being selected by himself or his work. 41-tf

CONRAD HUBERICK,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Alamo Plaza, opposite Menger Hotel. IMPORTER AND DEALER IN Staple and Fancy Groceries, LIQUORS, TOBACCO AND SEGARS, BOOTS AND SHOES, HARD WARE AND PRESSED TIN WARE, EARTHEN AND WOODEN WARE, &c. &c. &c. 1837

J. MILLER & CO.,

KUMPS BUILDING, STAND, GALVESTON, DEALERS, WHOLESALE & RETAIL, of all kinds of FIRE-ARMS, viz: Rifles, shot guns, (Laminated steel and Damascus twist.) Gun Wads and Gun Material, Shot Powder and Caps, Powder Flasks and Shot Pouches, Gun Locks, Sear Springs, Main Springs, Tumblers, &c. RIFLES, Kentucky Rifles, Ball's Patented nine Bore, Palmer's single Breech-Loading CARBINES, (A splendid arm for Frontier Service.) Henry's Rifles, Ballard's Rifles, Maynard's Rifles, and Sharp's Rifles. SHOT GUNS, At \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$40, \$50, and up to \$175 in gold. In every variety. Orders from every part of the country filled with expedition. Sole Agents for Texas for REMINGTON'S FIRE-ARMS, Galveston, Texas. 141







OFFICIAL LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES, Passed at the Second Session of the Thirty-Seventh Congress.

CHAP. CXCVI.—An act to provide for the more prompt settlement of the Accounts of Disbursing Officers.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act any officer of the United States who shall receive public money which he is not authorized to retain as salary, pay or emolument, shall render his accounts monthly, instead of quarterly, as heretofore; and such accounts, with the vouchers necessary to the correct and prompt settlement thereof, shall be rendered direct to the proper accounting office of the treasury, and be mailed or otherwise forwarded to its proper address within ten days after the expiration of each successive month. And in case of the non receipt at the treasury of any accounts within a reasonable and proper time thereafter, the officer whose accounts are in default shall be required to furnish satisfactory evidence of having complied with the provisions of this act; and for any default on his part, the delinquent officer shall be deemed a defaulter, and be subject to all the penalties prescribed by the sixteenth section of the act of August sixth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, "to provide for the better organization of the treasury, and for the collection, safe-keeping, transfer and disbursement of the public revenues." Provided, That the Secretary of the Treasury may, in his opinion the circumstances of the case justify and require it, extend the time heretofore prescribed for the rendition of accounts: And provided, further, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to restrain the heads of any of the departments from requiring such other returns or reports from the officer or agent, subject to the control of such heads of departments, as the public interest may require.

Approved, July 17, 1862

CHAP. CC.—An act to define the Pay and Emoluments of certain Officers of the Army, and other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That officers of the army entitled to forage for horses, shall not be allowed to commute it, but may draw forage in kind for each horse actually kept by them when and at the place where they are on duty, not exceeding the number authorized by law: Provided, however, That when forage in kind cannot be furnished by the proper department, then, and in all such cases, officers entitled to forage may commute the same according to existing regulations: And provided, further, That officers of the army and of volunteers assigned to duty which requires them to be mounted, shall, during the time they are employed on such duty, receive the pay, emoluments, and allowances of cavalry officers of the same grade respectively.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That major generals shall be entitled to draw forage in kind for five horses; brigades generals for four horses; colonels, lieutenant colonels, and majors, for two horses each; captains and lieutenants of cavalry and artillery, of having the cavalry allowance, for two horses each; and chaplains, for one horse only.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever an officer of the army shall employ a soldier as his servant he shall, for each and every month during which said soldier shall be so employed, deduct from his own monthly pay the full amount paid to or expended by the government per month on account of said soldier, and every officer of the army who shall fail to make such deduction shall on conviction thereof before a general court-martial, be cashiered.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the first section of the act approved August six, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, entitled "An act to increase the pay of privates in the regular army and in the volunteers in the service of the United States, and for other purposes," shall not be so construed, after the passage of this act, as to increase the emoluments of the commissioned officers of the army. And the eighth section of the act of twenty-second July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, entitled "An act to authorize the employment of volunteers to aid in enforcing the laws and protecting public property," shall be so construed as to give to quartermaster sergeants the same compensation as to regimental commissary sergeants.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That so much of the aforesaid act approved twenty-second July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, as authorizes each regiment of volunteers in the United States services to have twenty-four musicians for a band, and fixes the compensation of the leader of the band, be, and the same is hereby, repealed; and the men composing such bands shall be mustered out of the service within thirty days after the passage of this act.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That each brigade in the volunteer service may have sixteen musicians as a band, who shall receive the pay and allowances now provided by law for regimental bands, except the leader of the band, who shall receive forty-five dollars per month with the emoluments and allowances of a quartermaster's sergeant.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That in lieu of the present rate of mileage allowed to officers of the army when traveling on public duty, when transportation in kind is not furnished to them by the government, not more than six cents per mile shall hereafter be allowed, unless where an officer is ordered from a station east of the Rocky Mountains to one west of the same mountains, or vice versa, when two cents per mile shall be allowed to him; and no officer of the army or navy of the United States shall be paid mileage except for travel actually performed at his own expense, and in obedience to orders.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That so much of section nine of the aforesaid act, approved July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and of section seven of the "Act providing for the better organization of the military establishment," approved August third, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, as defines the qualifications of chaplains in the army and volunteers, shall hereafter be construed to read as follows: That no person shall be appointed a chaplain in the United States army who is not a regularly ordained minister of some religious denomination, and who does not present good standing as such minister, with a recommendation for his appointment as an army chaplain from some authorized ecclesiastical body, or not less than five accredited ministers belonging to said religious denomination.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That hereafter the compensation of all chaplains in the regular or volunteer service or army hospitals shall be one hundred dollars per month and two rations a day when on duty; and

the chaplains of the permanent hospitals, appointed under the authority of the second section of the act approved May twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, shall be nominated to the Senate for its advice and consent, and they shall, in all respects, fill the requirements of the preceding section of this act relative to the appointment of chaplains in the army and volunteers, and the appointments of chaplains to army hospitals, heretofore made by the President, are hereby confirmed; and it is hereby made the duty of each officer commanding a district or post containing hospitals, or a brigade of troops, within thirty days after the reception of the order promulgating this act, to inquire into the fitness, efficiency, and qualification of the chaplains of hospitals, or regiments, and to muster out of service such chaplains as were not appointed in conformity with the requirements of this act, and who have not faithfully discharged the duties of chaplains during the time they have been engaged as such. Chaplains employed at the military posts called "chaplain posts" shall be required to reside at the post, and all chaplains in the United States service shall be subject to such rules in relation to leave of absence from duty as are prescribed for commissioned officers of the United States army stationed at such posts.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That so much of the fifth section of the act approved July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, as allows forty cents per day for the use and risk of the horses of company officers of cavalry, and the tenth section of the aforesaid act, approved August three, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That whenever an officer shall be put under arrest, except at remote military posts or stations, it shall be the duty of the officer by whom orders are issued to arrest him, to cause a copy of the charges on which he has been arrested, and is to be tried shall be served upon him within eight days thereafter, and that he shall be brought to trial within ten days thereafter, unless the necessities of the service prevent such trial; and then he shall be brought to trial within thirty days the expiration of the said ten days or the arrest shall cease: Provided, That if the copy of the charges be not served upon the arrested officer, as herein provided, the arrest shall cease; but officers released from arrest under the provisions of this section may be tried whenever the exigencies of the service will permit within twelve months after such release from arrest: And provided, further, That the provisions of this section shall apply to all persons now under arrest and awaiting trial.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That whenever the name of any officer of the army or marine corps, now in the service, or who may hereafter be in the service of the United States, shall have been borne on the army register or naval register, as the case may be, forty-five years, or he shall be in the act of sixty-two years, it shall be in the discretion of the President to retire him from active service and direct his name to be entered on the retired list of officers of the grade to which he belonged at the time of such retirement; and the President is hereby authorized to assign any officer retired under this section or the act of August third, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, to any appropriate duty; and such officer thus assigned shall receive the full pay and emoluments of his grade while so assigned and employed.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That all contracts made for, or orders given for the purchase of, good or supplies by any department of the government shall be promptly reported to Congress by the proper head of such department if Congress shall at the time be in session, and if not in session said reports shall be made at the commencement of the next ensuing session.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That no contract or order, or any interest therein, shall be transferred by the party or parties to whom such contract or order may be given to any other party or parties, and that any such transfer shall cause the annulment of the contract or order transferred, so far as the United States are concerned: Provided, That all rights of action are hereby reserved to the United States for any breach of such contract by the contracting party or parties.

Sec. 15. And be it further enacted, That every person who shall furnish supplies of any kind to the army or navy shall be required to mark and distinguish the same, with the name or names of the contractors so furnishing said supplies in such manner as the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy may respectively direct, and no supplies of any kind shall be received unless so marked and distinguished.

Sec. 16. And be it further enacted, That whenever any contractor for subsistence, clothing, arms, ammunition, munitions of war, and for every description of supplies for the army or navy of the United States, shall be found guilty by a court-martial of fraud or willful neglect of duty, he shall be punished by fine, imprisonment, or such other punishment as the court-martial shall adjudge; and any person who shall contract to furnish supplies of any kind or description for the army or navy he shall be deemed and taken as a part of the land or naval forces of the United States, for which he shall contract to furnish said supplies, and be subject to the rules and regulations for the government of the land and naval forces of the United States.

Sec. 17. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and hereby is, authorized and requested to dismiss and discharge from the military service either in the army, navy, marine corps, or volunteer force, in the United States service, any officer for any cause which, in his judgment, either renders such officer unsuitable for, or whose dismission would promote the public service.

Sec. 18. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States shall have power, whenever in his opinion it shall be expedient, to purchase cemetery ground, and cause them to be securely enclosed, to be used as a national cemetery for the soldiers who shall die in the service of the country.

Sec. 19. And be it further enacted, That so much of the act approved the fifth of August, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, entitled "An act supplementary to an act entitled 'An act to increase the present military establishment of the United States,'" approved the twenty-ninth of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, as authorizes the appointment of additional sides-de-camp, be, and the same is hereby, repealed. But this repeal shall not be construed so as to deprive those persons already appointed, in strict conformity with said act of the fifth August, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, from holding their offices in the same manner as if it had not been repealed.

Sec. 20. And be it further enacted, That the different regiments and independent companies heretofore mustered into the service of the United States as volunteer engineers, pioneers, or sappers and miners, under the orders of the President or Secretary of War, or by authority of the commanding general of any military department of United States, or which, having been mustered into the service as infantry, shall have been reorganized and employed as engineers, pioneers, or sappers and miners, shall be, and the same are hereby, recognized and accepted as volunteer engineers, on the same footing, in all res-

pects, in regard to their organization, pay, and emoluments, as the corps of engineers of the regular army of the United States, and they shall be paid for their services, already performed, as is now provided by law for the payment of officers and non-commissioned officers and privates of the engineer corps of the regular army.

Sec. 21. And be it further enacted, That any alien, of the age of twenty-one years and upwards, who has enlisted or shall enlist in the armies of the United States, either the regular or the volunteer forces, and has been or shall be hereafter honorably discharged, may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States, upon his petition, without any previous declaration of his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and that he shall not be required to prove more than one year's residence within the United States previous to his application to become such citizen; and that the court admitting such alien shall, in addition to such proof of residence and good moral character as is now provided by law, be satisfied by competent proof of such person having been honorably discharged from the service of the United States as aforesaid.

Sec. 22. And be it further enacted, That there shall be added to the Adjutant General's department, by regular promotion of its present officers, one colonel, two lieutenant colonels, and nine majors; and that the grade of captain in said department shall thereafter be abolished, and all vacancies occurring in the grade of major shall be filled by selection from among the captains of the army.

Approved, July 17, 1862.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Advertisement for Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, featuring a circular logo with the text 'DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE' and 'WATERBURY, MASS.' Below the logo, text describes the medicine as a 'wonderful remedial agent' for various ailments like neuralgia and nervous debility.

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT. Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements, of many years standing—affecting the entire system, fits for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

PERFECT SAFETY. It has long been in constant use by many of our MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval.

One package, \$1.00, Postage 6 cents. Six packages, 5.00, " 27 " Twelve packages, 9.00, " 38 "

M. S. PETTENGILL & CO., CITY AND COUNTRY NEWSPAPER Advertising Agents, 37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK.

N. 10 State Street, BOSTON.

We confidently refer to the following gentlemen who have extensively used our Agency: ROBERT BONNER, Esq., Proprietor of "New York Ledger," OBANGE JUDD, Esq., Proprietor of "American Agriculturist," Messrs. CURTIS & SON, ADOLPHO WOLFE, Esq., C. A. BACHELOR, Esq., Messrs. MORGAN & CO., DUNCANSON, Van Dusen & Co., FISK & HATCH.

A Teacher Wanted. An election of a teacher to teach in the Trustees of the New Branch Academy, on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1862. Salary, fifty dollars per month. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to said date.

HERMAN SEELE, Secretary of the Board, New Braunfels, Comal Co., Dec. 24th '67, Dec. 30-4th

To Rent or Sell. The well known land of the undersigned, lying near the San Pedro square, consisting of 15 acres of land, nearly all irrigable, in good fence, besides houses, stables, milk cows, plows, carts, tools, &c., &c., can be rented or bought for most liberal terms.

For further particulars enquire at the above named place. WILLIAM LANGE, Jan 6-2w

Assignee's Notice of Appointment. In the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Texas.

In Bankruptcy. In the matter of Robert Eggar, vs. Creditors—Bankrupt.

To whom it may concern: The undersigned, Tho. M. Paschal, residing in the city of San Antonio, Bexar county, Texas, hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of the Estate of Robert Eggar, of San Antonio, in the county of Bexar, in said District; and who was to wit, on the 12th day of December, A. D. 1867, adjudged bankrupt, upon petition filed by himself.

Dated at San Antonio the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1868. THOMAS M. PASCHAL, Official Assignee of the Bankrupt Estate of Robert Eggar. Jan 24 w3t

Important Notice. All petitions in voluntary bankruptcy must be filed previous to Feb. March, 1868. If filed after that time, no discharge will be granted unless the Bankrupt's Estate will pay fifty per cent. W. D. PRICE, Jan 17 w4t Register 3rd Con'g Dist.

THE ALAMO STEAM Wagon Factory, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The undersigned having erected, in the City of San Antonio, an establishment of the above character, where all work is done by Machinery and Steam Power, would inform the public, and especially owners of Transportation Trains, that he is now fully prepared to execute all orders for the

Making & repairing of Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Wheelbarrows, &c. Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings, made to order and of the best material. Sawing and Planing of all kinds done to order. All kinds of Blacksmithing done to order. Fellos, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts & Bows, kept for sale.

All Work executed upon the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Having had many years experience in the above business, he confidently relies upon giving entire satisfaction to his customers.

J. YATES BROWER, Proprietor.

SAN ANTONIO NATIONAL BANK.

Designated Depository Financial Agents of the United States

Capital \$125,000.

DIRECTORS: L. ZORK, I. A. PASCHAL, T. H. STRIBLING, A. NETTE, G. W. BRACKENRIDGE, E. DEGENER, D. BELL.

Collections made on all accessible points and remitted promptly.

G. W. BRACKENRIDGE, President. Jno. T. BRACKENRIDGE, Cashier.

E. Cramer,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c. &c.

CORNER OF MAIN PLAZA AND COMMERCE STREET.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES.

RHODIUS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS IN

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES.

LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS, TOBACCO,

Pipes, Cans, Fruits, Pickles, &c., &c.

COMMERCE STREET,

dec10tt SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,

ZORK & GRIESENBECK,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas,

Wholesale and Retail

MERCHANTS,

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Wines, Brandies

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Ladies' Fancy Goods,

&c., &c., &c.