

San Antonio Express.

VOL. II.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, MONDAY, JAN. 27, 1868.

NO. 34.

Doctors.
DR. WEISSELBERG,
Physician and Surgeon,
OFFICE, at Nettie's Drug Store,
On Commerce street,
San Antonio, Jan. 27, 1868. 2xwif

DR. F. HERFF,
Respectfully announces to his friends that
he has resumed practice in the city.
Office, at Nettie's Drug store, on Commerce
street. 2xwif

DR. NOHL,
CITY PHYSICIAN,
Residence, opposite Grant's east side of the
river.

Office hours before eight o'clock A. M.,
and from 2 to 4 P. M. (dec. 5-dw if)

MORTIMER SLOOUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San
Antonio who wish to have medicine admin-
istered according to the Homoeopathic Law of
cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west
of Post-Office. 2xwif

NOTICE.
HAVING been educated as Midwife in Ger-
many, and having done business as such with
good success for long years, I solicit the patron-
age of the public of San Antonio and its neigh-
borhood, and promise to justify the confidence
which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's
Bakery.

MARY ELBER,
San Antonio, August 20, 1865. 2xwif

MRS. ECKEL,
Graduate of "Marburg Institute Europe,"
offers her services to the people of San Antonio
as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in
this service renders her one of the best profes-
sion.

Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of
Mr. William Hiltz. 2xwif

S. G. NEWTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
414-3rd St. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

LEIGH & DITMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRISBIE'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 10.
147dwif

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Nettie's Drug Store,
San Antonio.

BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
No. 11-13 Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCEL,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866. 2xwif

Klopper Hotel.
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!
Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her
friends to the extra facilities for travelers with
teams. Attached to her house is a spacious
yard fronting on the river, where any quanti-
ty of stock can be secured.
414f Commerce street, San Antonio.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
H. F. THOMPSON,
Proprietor.
146-17

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well-known Hotel is
open for the accommodation of the traveling
or pleasure-seeking public. The arrange-
ments are complete throughout, and no pains
are spared to make guests comfortable. To
those who seek a quiet and elegant home in
the country, this Hotel will suit them to a
charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has
no rival in the State. V. TARDE.
121f

STEVENS HOUSE,
21, 23, 25 & 27 Broadway, N. Y.
Opposite Bowling Green,
ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.
The Stevens House is well and widely known
to the traveling public. The location is es-
pecially suitable to merchants and business
men; it is in close proximity to the business
part of the city—is on the highway of South-
ern and Western travel—and adjacent to all
the principal railroad and steamboat depots.
The Stevens House has liberal accommo-
dation for over 300 guests—it is well fur-
nished, and possesses every modern improve-
ment for the comfort and entertainment of
its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well
ventilated—provided with gas and water—
the attendance is prompt and respectful,
and the table is generously provided with
every delicacy of the season—at moderate
rates.
The rooms having been refurnished and
renovated, we are enabled to offer extra for-
cilities for the comfort and pleasure of our
guests.
GEO. K. CHASE & CO.,
June 15-1 Proprietors.

Cards at City Merchants.
TH. HERTZBERG. **F. SIMON.**
HERTZBERG & SIMON,
Glassware, Mouldings,
Pictures, Pipes,
Fancy Goods, Brushes, Music,
Stationery, Stationery,
NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
at S. S. Baaspen's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.
147

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
IN
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS,
San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 1131f

PHILIP CONRAD.
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Matrose
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite York & Grisenbeck,
Keeps constantly on hand a full assort-
ment of Mattresses; and offers his services
for repairing furniture, paper hanging, cur-
tain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. 2xwif

WULF & SHETELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
CHICAGO, SAN ANTONIO,
Mexico, Texas,
je28 cor. Alamo & North streets

A. STACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 4, 1867.

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government
Securities,
123 1/2 N. San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the col-
lection of Claims at all accessible points in Tex-
as. 2xwif

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currency and Exchange bought and
sold; Collections made on all accessible
points. 2xwif

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 2, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$2,000,000
December 19, 1866. 2xwif

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
General Commission Merchants,
OVERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON,
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg. 2xwif

ALBERT TURPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash Price paid for
Hides. sep17f

EMPIRE
Shuttle Sewing Machines.
ARE SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS
Ranging from \$15 to \$24 per Dozen.
Also, fine German Wines, such as
—CONSISTING OF—
FOR FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING
PURPOSES.
Agents wanted. Address, EMPIRE M. CO.
615, Broadway, New York

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
sep21w6m New York.

FRANK NEWTON,
DEALER IN
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,
AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,
SOLEDAD STREET,
Keeps constantly on hand and receiving
FRESH FAMILY SUPPLIES,
of all kinds, and at reasonable rates. 12

New York Cards.
R. FEINBERG, & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK.
August 27. [2048ly.]

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,
DRY GOODS,
350 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Flannels, Hosiery,
Gloves, Dress Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Ribbons, Laces,
Shirt Braces,
Lace Articles,
Dress Goods, Silks,
White Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroideries,
English Crapes,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Yankee Notions etc., etc., etc. 17septf

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
LAWY,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York. je28

G. SCHMIDT, ROBERT VOIGT,
SCHMIT & VOIGT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON, NEW YORK.
August 23. [2048-ly.]

BURTIS & FRENCH,
Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
je28ly.] New York.

BOBERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Guns, &c.,
89 Pearl street, and 66 Stone street,
NEW YORK.
Orders promptly executed at lowest
prices. No Travelers or Drummers em-
ployed. All goods bearing our stamp war-
ranted extra quality. sep6 6m

Gustav Theisen & Co.,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
62 Cedar Street, New York.

Judaisia, Lavaca & Allentown.
W. WESTHOFF. L. FREISS.
W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.
Liberal advances made on consign-
ments of Country Produce. 11j28

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.
REFERENCES:
Fraser, Major & Co., New York,
Canal Bank, New Orleans,
W. H. H. Withersall, Esq., New Orleans,
William Chrysler, San Antonio,
National Bank of Texas, Galveston,
Heyck & Helfrich, Lavaca,
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indianola.
dec 10612f

McKENNEY & HAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLETTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being
prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.
A. H. EBY, Galveston, Texas.

J. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
Strand,
GALVESTON, Texas.
Particular attention to filling orders, accom-
panied by cash or produce. 1281f

United States Mail.
TEXAS.
POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT,
Washington, January 2nd, 1868.
PROPOSALS will be received at
the Contract Office of this Department until
5 P. M. of March 31, 1868, (to be decided
by April 10.) for conveying the mails of the
United States, from July 1, 1868, to June
30, 1871, in the State of

TEXAS,
on the routes and by the schedules of depart-
ures and arrivals herein specified.
(Contractors and Carriers are required to
take the oaths prescribed by acts of Congress
of July 2, 1862, and March 3, 1863.)

8630 From Orange, by Salem, Bilkert, Black
wood, and Newton C. H., to Burke-
ville, 80 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Orange Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Burkeville third day by 12 m;
Leave Burkeville Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Orange third day by 12 m.

8637 From Orange to Beaumont, 50 miles
and back, three times a week.
Leave Orange Monday, Wednesday,
and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Beaumont next days by 12 m;
Leave Beaumont Tuesday, Thursday,
and Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Orange next days by 7 p m.

8638 From Beaumont, by Bunn's Bluff,
Weiss Bluff, Eric, Cairo, and Magnolia
Springs, to Jasper, 14 miles and back,
once a week.
Leave Beaumont Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Jasper next day by 6 p m;
Leave Jasper Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Beaumont next days by 7 p m.

8639 From Eagle Lake, by Egypt, Wharton,
Watersville, and Hardeman, to Caney,
63 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Eagle Lake Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Caney next day by 6 p m;
Leave Caney Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Eagle Lake next day by 7 p m.

8640 From Texana, by Morales, Spookville,
and Petersburg, to Hallettsville, 55
miles and back, once a week.
Leave Texana Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Hallettsville next day by
12 m;
Leave Hallettsville Thursday at 12 m;
Arrive at Texana next day by 4 p m.

8641 From Victoria, by Hope, Antioch, and
Petersburg, to Hallettsville, 60 miles
and back, three times a week.
Leave Victoria Tuesday, Thursday and
Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Hallettsville next days by
4 p m;
Leave Hallettsville Tuesday, Thurs-
day, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Victoria next days by 4 p m.

8642 From La Grange, by High Hill and
Lyness, to Content, 26 miles and back
twice a week.
Leave La Grange Monday and Thurs-
day at 6 p m;
Arrive at Content next days by 10 a m;
Leave Content Tuesday and Friday
at 11 a m;
Arrive at La Grange next days by 9 a m.

8643 From La Grange, by Fayetteville, In-
dustry, New Elm, and Cat Spring, to
San Felipe, 62 miles and back, once
a week.
Leave La Grange Monday at 7 a m;
Arrive at San Felipe next day by 7 p m;
Leave San Felipe Wednesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at La Grange next day by 8 p m.

8644 From Helena to Yorktown, 20 miles
and back, three times a week.
Leave Helena Monday, Wednesday,
and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Yorktown by 12 m;
Leave Yorktown Monday, Wednesday
and Friday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Helena by 7 p m.

8645 From Gollid to Victoria, 30 miles and
back, three times a week.
Leave Gollid Monday, Wednesday,
and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Victoria by 5 p m;
Leave Victoria Tuesday, Thursday,
and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Gollid by 7 p m.

8646 From Brownsville, by Point Isabel, to
Brasos Santiago, 54 miles and back,
three times a week.
Leave Brownsville Monday, Wednes-
day, and Friday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Brasos Santiago by 6 p m;
Leave Brasos Santiago Tuesday,
Thursday, and Saturday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Brownsville by 6 p m.

8647 From San Antonio to Eagle Pass,
miles and back, once a week.
Bidders will state distance and pro-
pose schedule of departures and ar-
rivals.

8648 From Bandera to Borne, 20 miles and
back, once a week.
Leave Bandera Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Borne by 12 m;
Leave Borne Monday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Bandera by 7 p m.

8649 From New Braunfels, by Sattlers,
Crain's Mills, Smithson's Valley,
Spring Branch, and Twin Sisters, to
Blanco, 50 miles and back, once a
week.
Leave New Braunfels Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Blanco next day by 12 m;
Leave Blanco Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at New Braunfels next day by
7 p m.

8651 From Austin, by Fond Spring, Bagdad,
Liberty Hill, Mahomet, and Strick-
land, to Lampasas, 66 miles and back,
once a week.
Leave Austin Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Lampasas next day by 4 p m;
Leave Lampasas Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Austin next day by 4 p m.

8652 From Austin, by Young's Settlement,
Sand Fly, Blue Branch, Lexington,
and Prospect, to Caldwell, 66 miles
and back, once a week.
Leave Austin Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Caldwell next day by 7 p m;
Leave Caldwell Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Austin next day by 7 p m.

8653 From Bryan to Madisonville, 34 miles
and back, once a week.
Leave Bryan Tuesday at 7 a m;
Arrive at Madisonville by 6 p m;
Leave Madisonville Wednesday at 7
a m;
Arrive at Bryan by 6 p m.

8654 From Sherman, by Farmington and
Weston, to McKinney, 30 miles and
back, three times a week.
Leave Sherman Monday, Wednesday,
and Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at McKinney by 6 p m;
Leave McKinney Tuesday, Thursday,
and Saturday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Sherman by 6 p m.

8655 From Waco, by Rainey's Creek, to
Gatesville, 45 miles and back, once a
week.
Leave Waco Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Gatesville next day by 3 p m;
Leave Gatesville Tuesday at 12 m;
Arrive at Waco next day by 12 m.

8656 From Paris, by Frairie Mount, Ben
Franklin, Lodiola, and South Haybur,
to Greenville, 54 miles and back, once
a week.
Leave Paris Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Greenville next day by 12
m;
Leave Greenville Tuesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Paris next day by 2 p m.

8657 From Quitman, by Ferryville, Simpson-
ville, Lafayette, Coffeyville, and Nash's
Foundry, to Jefferson, 73 miles and back,
once a week.
Leave Quitman Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Jefferson next day by 7 p m;
Leave Jefferson Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Quitman next day by 7 p m.

8658 From Palestine, by Magnolia, Butler, Fair-
field, Cotton Gin, and Springfield, to
Waco, 95 miles and back, once a week.
Leave Palestine Monday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Waco third day by 12 m;
Leave Waco Wednesday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Palestine third day by 7 p m.

8659 From Henderson, by Alma, Sugar Hill,
and Beckerville, to Carthage, 114 miles
and back, once a week.
Leave Henderson Wednesday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Carthage by 6 p m;
Leave Carthage Thursday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Henderson by 6 p m.

8660 From Crockett, by Natchez, Ellis, Alto, and
Linwood, to Douglas, 81 miles and back,
three times a week.
Leave Crockett Monday, Wednesday, and
Friday at 6 a m;
Arrive at Douglas next days by 12 m;
Leave Douglas Tuesday, Thursday, and
Saturday at 1 p m;
Arrive at Crockett next days by 6 p m.

NOTES.
Proposals must be to carry the mail with
"celerity, certainty, and security," using the
terms of the law, and they must be guaranteed
by two responsible persons, certified to as such
by a postmaster or judge of a court of record.
No pay will be made for trips not performed,
and for each of such omissions not satisfactorily
explained three times the pay of the trip may
be deducted. For arrivals at far behind time as
to break connection with depending mails, and
not sufficiently returned, one-fourth of the com-
pensation for the trip is subject to forfeiture.
Fines will be imposed, unless the delinquency
be satisfactorily explained, for neglecting to
take the mail from or into a post office; for suf-
fering it to be injured, destroyed, robbed, or
lost; and for refusing, after demand, to convey
the mail as frequently as the contractor runs, or
to be concerned in running, vehicles on the route.
The Postmaster General may annul the con-
tract for disobeying the post office laws, or
the instructions of the Department. He may alter
the schedule of departures and arrivals, and
also order an increase of service by allowing
therefor a pro rata increase on the contract pay.
He may also curtail or discontinue the service
in whole or in part, at a pro rata decrease of
pay, allowing one month's extra compensation
on the amount of service discontinued with.
Bids should be addressed to the "Second As-
sistant Postmaster General," superscribed "Pro-
posals, State of Texas," and sent by mail.
For forms of proposals, &c., and other infor-
mation, see advertisements of this date, and of
October 21st, 1866, in pamphlet form, at the
principal post office.

ALEX. W. RANDALL,
Jan 15d-w68 Postmaster General.

A curious story is told of one of our
famous Generals, who was renowned
more for abilities than his successes. It
is said that he was induced to board at
a hotel in Switzerland by the very low
price the proprietor charged him. The
expectation of the latter was that the
great American officer would draw a
large crowd of his countrymen to the
house; but this expectation was destined
to disappointment, and the landlord was
much disgusted. The unfortunate Gen-
eral, after all his failures, absolutely
failed to draw an advertisement—or,
at least, so the story runs—N. Y. Citiz-
en.

George Alfred Townsend has been
lecturing "From Cape Race to Alaska."
One of the guarantees for its accuracy is
that he never has been there.

The Daily Express.

Official Journal of the United States.

Official Journal of Bexar County and City of San Antonio.

W. B. MOORE, A. SIEMERING, J. F. NEWCOMB.

A. Siemering & Co., Publishers.

MONDAY, JAN. 27, 1868.

We are authorized to announce E. DEGENER, as a candidate for Delegate to the Convention, from this District.

Copies of the Weekly Express for sale at Gamble's and Bloom's Book store's, containing as much reading matter as the N. Y. Ledger.

REBEL UTTERANCES.

We take the following extracts from the Brownsville Ranchero, a newspaper which comes nearer representing the true sentiments of the so-called Conservative party of Texas than any other rebel sheet in the State:

The first gun was fired at Sumter; the last one has not been fired; "the war is not over."

Let them have their own way now, for their time is brief.

The greatest curse that ever befell both the black and white races in the United States, was the abolition of slavery. Its fruits are, and are to be, "death and hell." Wait six months and see.

This is but a sample of the utterances which break from every quarter of the State—the drift wood of the swelling tide of treason which has already broken over its silent banks in the shape of a Rebel Convention speaking in the name of "the soldiers of the Confederate army."

Is it really true that the last gun of the civil war has not been fired, and that in six months we are to again feel the iron heel of the Confederacy grinding loyalty into the earth. Has the war ever ended in Texas, let the hundreds of murdered Union men and freedmen answer,—let the murdered form of Maj. Thompson come to the witness stand.

The so-called, Conservative Houston Convention has taken a bold step in the direction of another war; it only remains for the Confederate Generals to call around them their scattered bands, and the Devines and N. O. Greens to re-establish their confederate courts and hangman societies. While we believe that they will fail yet we would be lacking in common discernment if we did not take note of the ominous signs which portend another attempt on the part of the bad men who once dragged the State into rebellion to attempt to regain their "lost cause."

THE SUPREME COURT BILL.

Congress seems to be waking up to just and wholesome measures. The Reconstruction committee have reported a bill upon the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court in relation to the reconstruction acts, which takes away all jurisdiction over the reconstruction acts and dismisses the suits now pending involving the constitutionality of those acts. The Supreme Court became, in the hands of the slave-holders, an instrument to confirm and perpetuate slavery, which was exemplified in the infamous Taney decision, and now Johnson and his traitor backers hope to make the Supreme Court an instrument to legalize rebellion. Congress does well to place this reconstruction work beyond the interference of Judicial quibbling. The reconstruction laws will soon have finished their work and become obsolete, and the Supreme Court and all other Courts should be interdicted from interfering in this national movement to restore National Union upon a loyal basis. Interference by Courts can only be productive of food for hungry lawyers and harassment to the people.

DOOLITTLE ON ROMAN HISTORY.

Doolittle, the great "played-out," made a recent attempt to quote an incident of Roman history in favor of the Southern rebels. He quotes the words of the noble Camillus, who, when speaking of the people of Latium, who had revolted, said, "Senators, make them your fellow-citizens, and thus add to the power and glory of Rome." Doolittle has it that when the question arose what should be done with the conquered Latins, "some said, disfranchise them, and others said, confiscate their property."

The true history is that the Romans conquered the Latins, and kept them in subjection until the fall of the Tarquins.

when the Latins regained their independence and struggled long against the Republic to maintain it, but were finally overthrown by the great victory of the Romans near Mount Vesuvius (840, B. C.) Several of the towns received the Roman franchise, others were converted into allied towns under the general name of *Nomen Latinum*.

The people of Latium had never enjoyed the Roman franchise, and Mr. Doolittle's assertion about some of the Roman Senators being in favor of disfranchising them, is simply a Copperhead version of the Roman Senate proceedings. Like the freedmen of the South, they had never enjoyed Roman franchise, and the noble Camillus was in favor of universal suffrage; but it seems that there were some Copperheads after the Doolittle stripe in the Roman Senate and the enfranchising of Latium was only partial in the end.

What nonsense to quote Roman or any other history of the past when every step of our Republic is a new one in history. Would Rome have tolerated rebel Conventions to meet and deliberately announce their determination, in the name of their conquered soldiery—as, for instance, the Houston Conservative Convention—to resist the acts of the Roman Senate? What consummate nonsense and ridiculous ignorance for a man holding the high position of a United States Senator to attempt to torture history into Copperhead capital.

By Telegraph.

[SPECIAL DESPATCHES TO THE EXPRESS.]

Congressional.
WASHINGTON, January 24.—The House bill relative to additional bounties passed.

The death of Hamilton of Ohio announced.

The Senate Reconstruction bill read. Second time Doolittle spoke in opposition, when the morning hour expired Doolittle was allowed to proceed by a vote of 30 to 17.

Cotton tax conference committee reported agreeing to the house bill with the amendment exempting cotton from import duties after April 1st.

Senate concurred Doolittle, resumed during his speech he said that when Latium a Roman province revolted and after the revolt was suppressed a question rose in the Roman Senate, what shall we do with Latium and the people of Latium, there were some who said disfranchise them, others said confiscate their property, but there were none found who wished to subject them to vassalage to their slaves; but said Camillus in this speech which revealed his greatness and made his name immortal and said: "Senators make them your fellow citizens and thus add to the power and glory of Rome."

Doolittle added: In this high place in the Senate of the greatest Republic of the world and out of the growth of civilization of all ages, cannot we Senators rise to the height of that great argument? Trumbull followed, when Senate adjourned.

The Reconstruction Committee this morning agreed to report the following bill:

Be it enacted, etc., that the appellate jurisdiction of the Supreme Court of the United States shall not extend to any act done or which shall be done, or to any proceeding had or which shall be had under and by virtue of an act entitled "An Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," approved March 2nd, 1867, or of the several acts supplementary thereto; and all such cases now pending in said Courts, either by appeal or otherwise, from any proceeding had in the premises in any District or Circuit Court of the United States, shall be dismissed by said Supreme Court and no record of any proceeding had or which may be had under any of the District commanders, or under either of the acts, shall be removed to or renewed in any other tribunal, either upon habeas corpus, quo warrants, or in any other manner whatever.

The vote upon the bill is understood to be—

Yeas—Stevens, Bingham, Boutwell, Beaman and Payne, Republicans.

Nays—Harbord, Republican; Brooks and Beck, Democrats.

The President's message to the Senate declares the bill striking the word white from the District of Columbia ordinances as failed by reason of the adjournment of Congress.

Further from Washington.

WASHINGTON, January 24.—Revenue

The West Virginia Legislature passed a resolution ordering their Senators to vote for the House Supreme Court bill.

At a large meeting in Jersey City, resolutions were passed denouncing the Supreme Court and new reconstruction bills.

In the case of the Supreme Court of Texas vs. White and others, in which an injunction was heretofore granted restraining defendants from disposing of certain bonds. The defendants rest their case upon the argument that Texas is not a State in the Union; that therefore she is not entitled to appear here. This point must be reached, before the case proceeds.

The Reconstruction bill argument was resumed. Norton spoke first, and Nye will follow. The argument will probably last ten days. Adjourned.

The Markets.

New York, January 24.—Yesterday evening cotton was firm; sales 3,000 bales at 17 1/2 to 17 3/4.

Gold closed at 140.

LIVERPOOL, January 23.—Cotton closed 1/2 higher; Uplands 7 1/2; sales 15,000 bales.

LONDON, January 23.—Consols 92 1/2.

New York, January 24.—Cotton 1/2 to 1/4 better; sales 4,500 bales at 19 1/2. Gold 141 1/2.

NEW ORLEANS, January 24.—Cotton firmer; Middling 17; sales 4,750 bales; receipts 7,300 bales; exports 3,200 bales. Gold 139.

A CARD.

We gladly give place to the following card, which not only sets Mr. Morris right, but affords us additional evidence of the thieving Convention's mode of obtaining names:

HOUSTON, Texas, January 22, 1868.

Editor San Antonio Express:

SIR:—In a recent number of your paper I notice my name mentioned as a delegate to the Conservative Convention lately in session in this city. When the call for that Convention was published, I was sick in bed, and knew nothing of it until I saw my name appended thereto, unauthorised by me. It is almost needless to add that I have not attended any of the meetings of that Convention. Yours, &c.,

J. B. MORRIS.

TREASON.

An arch traitor—a notorious unreconstructed rebel—openly boasted in this city that another war was inevitable, and that Johnson has ten thousand armed men to back him. This we deem an outrageous slander against the army, most of whom fought through the late war against treason. These soldiers are too proud of their record to be altered, even by the brilliant record of Hancock, to array themselves beside him in opposition to the Government. Every traitor in the land whose hands are stained in Jovial blood, raises them aloft and unblushingly shouts the praise of Hancock.

Will ten thousand men in blue array themselves beside these murderers?

Judge Caldwell was driven from a house in which he had called together the loyal men of Marshall, Texas, to organize a Union party. The old song of "Down with the Traitor" had, but just commenced, when a mob, headed by the Sheriff, rushed in and fired shot after shot, breaking up the meeting, and clubbing the loyalists out of the room in the most brutal manner. This Sheriff insultingly shook Hancock's Civil Law proclamation in the face of the commander of the military, who was compelled to let said Sheriff execute the law against himself. Would an officer with a war record willingly submit to such degradation?

The murderers of Major Thompson gather hope from the order of Hancock. Wall, the murderer of Hon. G. W. Black, the brave champion of the Union in Western Texas, is specially given over to his associates by Hancock. An officer who has been the chief terror of rebels in Texas the past two years, twice tried, twice acquitted, and twice complimented by Sheridan, must now submit to run the gauntlet of perjured traitors, who are ready to swear to anything—and this by a special behest of Hancock. Who are Hancock's champions aside from traitors?

While Manning was Secretary of the rebel Treasury, the joke went round that he had said the debt amounted to \$800,000,000, or \$8,000,000,000—he forgot which.

"Old Father Lookart," supposed to be not far from one hundred and fifty years of age, died at Okaloosa, Iowa, on the 30th ultimo.

During the two months of March and April it (Jerusalem) is a dense mass of flowers of an incomparable freshness of colors. The animals are small, but extremely gentle. Lively and graceful turtle doves, blue-birds so slight that they slight upon a blade of grass without bending it, crested larks that come almost to the feet of the traveler, little brook turtles with quick, soft eyes, storks of grave and modest air, putting off all timidity, allow themselves to be approached very closely by man, and seem to call him. In no place in the world do the mountains spread out with more harmony or inspire loftier ideas.

The new steel rails on the Hudson River Railway are said to cost \$160 a ton in gold.

Augustus Caesar Dodge, of Iowa, still lives. He was last heard of at Okaloosa, talking the greenback dodge.

Jay Cooke has built the people of Girardville, Schuylkill county, Pennsylvania, a neat and capacious Episcopal church.

SLKINGING.—In Lamar County sleighing has become fashionable.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE.

In order to close out the present stock of assorted goods now on hand belonging to the special partnership heretofore existing between us and G. MONOD, we offer the same

At Reduced Prices

FOR CASH!!

This stock consists of DRY GOODS, HARDWARE including a large and general assortment of

Iron, Farming Implements, Groceries, &c., &c.

WM. VANCE, JAMES VANCE, Special Partners

(Jan 25 54st 3m)

REGISTRATION NOTICE.

In accordance with Special Order No. 215, issued by command of Major Gen. Hancock, the Board of Registration will open to receive the registration in this city, commencing the 27th of January, and continuing five days, at the Court-house in this city.

JULIUS DFESEL, Chairman of Board. J. F. NEWCOMB, Secretary.

A. H. WAGER, MERCHANT TAILOR, has removed from A. Farnham's, to room newly fitted up under the Plaza House, where he will be happy to see his old patrons and make as many new ones as will be pleased to give him a call. (Jan 17 68)

BUSINESS NOTICE.

Mr. C. F. Viereck is authorized to sign my name for me during my absence. A. HARTMANN. San Antonio, Jan. 16, 1868.

B. OPPENHEIMER & CO.

Importers and Dealers in

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS

and Shoes, Hats, Hosiery, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Notions, &c.

38 & 40 Commerce Street.

(Opposite the Foot Bridge).

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Jan 16 68

PROVER'S COTTAGE,

ABILENE, KANSAS.

W. K. MCCOY & BROTHERS,

Great Western Stock Yards,

ABILENE, KANSAS.

J. G. MCCOY, Proprietor.

REFERENCES:

Miller & Howard, Bankers, Junction City, Kansas.

Hale & Rice, Bankers, Junction City, Kan.

J. D. Ferry, President U. P. Ry., E. D. Anderson, Gen. Supt.

J. M. Webster, "Fr. Agt."

Marsh, Coffey & Co., Kansas City, Mo.

First National Bank.

R. J. Oglesby, Governor of Illinois.

Sharon Tyndale, Sec. of State, Illinois.

O. H. Miles, Auditor of State, Illinois.

G. W. Smith, Treasurer of State, Illinois.

First National Bank, Springfield, Illinois.

Jacob Berry, Banker.

J. L. Lamb.

Thos. Conwell, Pres't.

Second National Bank, St. Louis, Mo.

Ninth National Bank, New York City.

J. G. Seaman & Son, Chicago, Ill.

W. K. MCCOY, J. F. MCCOY,

Union Stock Yards, Springfield, Ill.

Chicago.

J. G. MCCOY, Abilene, Kansas.

Open September 5th, 1867.

McCoy Brothers,

ABILENE, KANSAS.

Buy and sell Exchange on

CHICAGO, NEW YORK,

—AND—

ST. LOUIS.

J. P. McCoy, Springfield, Ills.

J. G. McCoy, Abilene, Kansas.

W. K. McCoy, Union Stock Yards, Chicago.

San Antonio, June 15-1867

Live Stock Dealers,

ABILENE, KANSAS.

Buy, Ship, and Sell Live Stock on Commission.

Business closely attended to, and Remittances promptly made.

FOR SALE.

A good second hand Piano, apply at this office.

(Jan 16 68)

BELL & BROS.

DEALERS IN

Jewelry, Silver-ware, Plated-ware

Diamond Goods, American and

European Watches and Clocks,

Gold Pens and Pencils of

every kind, Gold and

Silver Trimbles,

Gold, Silver, Steel

and Tortoise-shell Spec-

tacles and Eye Glasses, with

Pebble and Glass Lenses, Suitable

for the aged or near-sighted.

Engravers and Manufacturers

OF ALL ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE.

Watches, Clocks, Jew-

elry, repaired and warranted.

Orders Filled Promptly.

Main Street

Five doors east of Main Plaza,

Opposite their Old Stand.

San Antonio, Texas.

March 29, 1866.

D. FRIEDLANDER, L. HANSEN, C. F. VINE.

New York, N. Y. and San Antonio.

AUCTION HOUSE

—OF—

David Friedlander & Co.,

G. F. DEWEY'S OLD STAND,

East Side of Main Plaza,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Daily Sales of Goods, Wares, and Mer-

chandise of every description.

Consignments respectfully solicited from

home and abroad.

To Consignments from abroad we furnish

worthy references in New York, New Orleans,

and the principal cities of Texas.

1623m

DIRECT

IMPORTATION.

ONLY ONE WORD!

H. GRENET,

Respectfully invites City

and Country Merchants

and the Public generally

to examine his stock before

purchasing elsewhere.

BY DOING SO

THEY WILL FIND

GREAT INDUCE-

MENTS to their ad-

vantage.

EVERY ARTICLE

IS WARRANTED

AS REPRESENTED.

A. NETTE,

Has just received a large stock of

DRUGS,

MEDICINES,

PERFUMERIES, and

SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS.

In fact all the leading articles, such as

PATENT MEDICINES,

that are usually kept in a

First Class Drug Store.

The stock being selected by himself of

the market.

41-42

CONRAD HUBERICK,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,

Alamo Plaza, opposite Menger Hotel

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries,

LIQUORS, TOBACCO AND SEGARS,

BOOTS AND SHOES, HARD

WARE AND PRESSED

TIN - W A R E,

EARTHEN AND WOODEN WARE,

&c., &c., &c. 1867

METZ, SAWYER & CO.,

AUCTION & COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

No. 124 First and Second Streets, next to

the Plaza House.

A good yard for stock in connection with

the premises.

Sale days—Monday, Wednesday and

Saturday. (Jan 27 68)

Proposals for Erecting Public

Buildings for Wilson Co.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be

received at the office of the County Clerk of

Wilson county, in the town of Lodi, Wilson

county, on or before the 15th day of Feb-

ruary, 1868, for the erection of one Court

House, to be built of stone, of the following

dimensions, to wit: one story high and forty

five feet square. Each proposal must be ac-

companied with plan and specifications.

Payments to be made in County Bonds; at

one, two, and three years, equal installments,

with ten per cent interest from date of com-

pletion. The successful bidder will be re-

quired to finish said structure on or before

September 1st, 1868, out of

Local Intelligence.

ONE DAILY PAPER.

The San Antonio Express is the only Daily paper published in Western Texas. We publish FIFTY-TWO PAPERS A YEAR MORE THAN THE HERALD. We give daily dispatches, while that concern only gives them three times a week.

Subscribe for the only daily paper in the city and support enterprise.

CLOTHING THIEVES.—The police authorities have arrested another of the clothing thieves, this time it is a soldier named J. Bradley a deserter in the 35th Infantry. Bradley is in jail and is thought to be the arch conspirator.

GRAND JURY.—This body closed their labors on the 24th inst, after a tedious session of several days.

SHOT BY MISTAKE.—Friday night some thieves stole two pair of scales from under the very nose of the Market Master; and Saturday night the watchman caught two thieves loaded down with meat. The Market is entirely open—all the doors having been stolen during Confederate times. The watchman was directed to observe extra caution that night, and about two hours after the soldiers were caught, Mr. Levi Koenigheim, a merchant, whose store runs back from the Main Plaza to the Market, went to his back door and rattled for his brother to open. Under the excitement the watchman thought the noise was the Market; rushing to that quarter and seeing, as he supposed, that the thief was making his escape, he fired, hitting Mr. K. in the fleshy part of the thigh, inflicting a severe but not dangerous wound. The act is of course an outrage, but can be attributed alone to over-zeal on the part of the watchman.

MORE THIEVES CAUGHT.—Saturday night, about 10 o'clock, 1st Sergeant O'Rourke and another soldier were patrolling around the Market house, until their strange manners aroused the suspicions of watchman Bessick, who kept his eye on them. Thinking him off his guard, they proceeded to take a half hog and a fine bunch of turkeys from one of the stalls, and make away with it. Hardly a dozen steps were taken before the heavy hand of the watchman rested on the shoulder of the sergeant, and the whistle brought help that secured the other thief. We learn that the sergeant would have been recommended for promotion shortly. No explanation can be offered for the foolish act except whisky.

CITY SCRIP.—The amount of city scrip received for the week ending Saturday, January 25th, is \$616.35; the amount previously received is \$17,030.31. The total amount received is \$17,646.66. Holders of city scrip will remember that the time for receiving it positively expires on the 29th instant.

STRAYERS.—Quite a number of persons are in town from the frontier posts, who are entirely too familiar with John Harley Corn, and are lying around loose, in consequence of which they are getting into the hands of the police. They are mechanics, discharged from Government employ.

PROBATE COURT.—The January term of the Probate Court of Bexar county, for the settlement of estates of deceased persons, &c., commences to-day.

THE OFFICE OF THE DEPT. is attempting to arrest a soldier, Saturday night, had to fire off his pistol to round him to. The shot had the desired effect.

Social Life in Prussia.

Dr. Bellows writes from Berlin to the Liberal Christian: The education to cleanliness, decent manners, good carriage, and respectful behavior, which this great camp called Prussia accords, is something most instructive to see. The soldiers do not look brutal, coarse, or sensual. There is some secret about their training which neither the French nor the English have caught. It must be a good deal in the German blood—which is not hot, but as if made of beer, not beef—a little cool and sluggish. The German military spirit is enforced and corrected by the universal education of the people. German soldiers and sailors are different from American or English or French. They are neither drunkards, nor quarrelsome, nor reckless. The union of a careful elementary education with a universal participation in the soldiers' calling, takes away the exceptional character of a licensed rudeness which belongs

to soldiers when they are only a special class of the population.

But, doubtless, this soldier-life, so favorable, to order and decorum, and even so chastening to youthful passions, has another and a most painful side to it. It drills the Prussian youth to mechanical habits, represses personal enterprise, delays the self-relying qualities in their character, habituates them to being taken care of, encourages them to lives of busy idleness, and sacrifices each to all, the people to the country. Accordingly, there is a general spirit of listlessness, occupation with immediate pleasures, or magnifying of eating and drinking as very serious occupations, a contentment with humble means, a patient waiting for slow advancement, which it is discouraging to see in so well educated, so respectable and so orderly a people.

Quick as Prussia is in arms—because her military life is all reduced to machinery, and the machinery is in the finest order and can be set in motion in an hour—there is no other quickness about her. She is a slow country. Every practical interest lags. Her workmen are slow, and do not effect in a day three-fourths of the work of an English or American workman. It drives one nearly crazy to see how many arms there are on the lavers by which the smallest object is reached. In the restaurant one man receives the orders, another carries it, a third transfers it, a fourth executes it, a fifth receives the thing executed, and a sixth makes it over to the original orderer. It takes twenty minutes in an American eating-house. There is a system of military subordination running through the whole social and economical life, and it narrows and limits everybody's sphere, and contracts and paralyzes energy and hope.

MADAME GARNIER BERNARD.

Has the honor to announce to the citizens of San Antonio, that she has opened a school to teach the French language. Also to instruct in dress making and embroidering. Persons who will favor her with their patronage, may convince themselves in advance, of good results. Residence, Alamo street, opposite Veltman's. Jan 15th

Notice to Holders of City Scrip.

MAYOR'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, January 6, 1865. NOTICE is hereby given, that the time for receiving City Scrip at this office expires on the 29th day of January, A. D. 1865. MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, City Secretary.

F. KALTEYER, APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST.

Has just received direct from Europe, a well selected supply of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, &c. Among others: English Calomel, English Mustard, Citric Acid, Acetic Acid, Oil of Bergamot, Oil of Sassafras, Linac, &c., &c. Superior Steel Pens and Pen Holders. Trusses, Syringes, of J Block Tin, Glass, and India Rubber, Gipping Glasses, Medicines, Chemicals, Medical Supplies, &c. &c. 204-1-2m.

Grovesteen & Co., Piano Forte Manufacturers.

406 Broadway, N. Y.

These Pianos received the Highest Award of Merit at the World's Fair, over the best makers from London, Paris, Germany, the cities of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Boston; also the Gold Medal at the American Institute, for Five Successive Years! Our Pianos contain the French Grand Action, Harp Pedal, Overstrung Bass, Self-acting Brakes, and all Modern Improvements. Every Instrument warranted Five Years. Made under the supervision of Mr. J. H. GROVSTEEN, who has a practical experience of over thirty-five years, and is the maker of some eleven thousand Pianos. Our facilities for manufacturing enable us to sell these instruments from \$100 to \$200 cheaper than any first class piano forte.

BLYMER, NORTON & CO., (Successors to Clark & Sarge Machine Comp'y.)

No. 116 MAIN STREET, Cincinnati, Ohio. SORGO MACHINERY, The Celebrated Cook Evaporator, Victor Case Mill, Eureka Fizzer & Straw Cutters, Eureka Cider Mills, Warner's Sulky Revolving Hay Rakes, Horse Power Forks, Lone Star Corn Shellers, Double Shovel Plows, Crawford's Garden Cultivators, Church, School, and Farm Bells, Add many other Implements, Tools & Machines. Manufactured by BLYMER, NORTON & CO. N. B.—Send for Circulars and Illustrated Catalogues.

Historical, Philosophical, Biographical and Miscellaneous Books.

Books, Stationery, AND NOTIONS.

GAMBLE'S BOOK STORE, 17 Commerce Street, JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

STATIONERY— for Commercial purposes. Ladies' Bath Gilt Note, Octavo and Billet Paper; Lined Envelopes, &c., &c.; Photographic Albums; Portfolios; Toilet Articles; Perfumery, &c., &c.; Ladies' Dress Buttons, Visiting Cards, Spectacles, Canes, Umbrellas, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

SCHMITT & DUERLER, Wholesale Manufacturers OF ALL KINDS OF Crackers, Candies, Syrups, Confectioneries, WEDDING AND BALL CAKES Made to Order.

A Select Assortment of Fancy Groceries, Such as Can-Fruits, Jellies, Preserves, Figs, &c. Always on Hand.

JEFFERSON & MURPHY AUCTIONEERS.

COMMERCIAL BROKERS, Main Plaza, San Antonio, Texas. Respectfully solicit consignments. Have abundant space for any quantity of goods for Auction, Private Sale or Storage. Also a large lot for Carriages, Wagons, &c. &c. Stock Auction every Saturday at 1 o'clock. Also and always on hand for sale. Cotton bought and sold. Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of land notes. Also to disposition of Bonded Ware Goods.

THE Gas Generators Have Arrived!

An invention by which a common Kerosene Lamp can be transformed into a Gas Lamp, of a most brilliant light, entirely safe against explosion; no chimney needed, and is not subject to be blown out by the strongest breeze or current of air, at the same time giving a better light than the combined light of two ordinary Kerosene Lamps, and saving fully one-third of the kerosene oil, by simply applying the gas generator. The undersigned having procured the patent right for Bexar County, has now a supply of the Generators on hand, and offers to sell them at One Dollar, specie, each. To Dealers, they will be offered by the dozen at a very fair discount. The undersigned has also been authorized to sell County Rights and Generators to all counties where said patent has not been introduced. P. SIMON, At the store of Herbig & Simon, No. 102m.

EVANS & CO. (ESTABLISHED 1856) CASH WHOLESALE GROCERS GALVESTON.

ESTABLISHED 1730. J. C. HULL'S SON, NEW YORK. FAMILY & PALE SOAP, AND ALL KINDS OF FANCY SOAPS. SOLD BY EVANS & CO GALVESTON, TEXAS.

STOVES!



COOKING, PARLOR, AND BOX STOVES! Just received by LEROUX & COSGROVE. oct31st

ELMENDORF & CO. Hardware Merchants. MAIN PLAZA.

Have constantly on hand, and offer for sale English and American Cutlery, Iron and Steel of all sizes, Carpenters Tools, Mill & Crosscut Saws of all sizes, Boring Machines, Nails of all sizes, Butts, Hinges, Screws, etc. Door, Cabinet & Trunk Locks of all kinds, Shoemakers Saddlers Tools & Trimmings, Buckles Rings, etc., Bridle Bits & Webbing, Oil Cloth, Hams, Collars, etc., Tin, Rivets, & Kettle Koss, etc., etc., Steel Hoop and Agricultural Implements, in general. Landreth's Garden Seeds always on hand. And a general assortment of Hardware Also: Paints, Oils, Turpentine & Glass Paint, Shoe & Clothes Brushes, Petroleum & Lamps, Col's Army & Navy Size Pistols, Powder, Shot & Caps, And all other articles in their line of business at low prices. Sole Agents for Herring's Safe's also for Plaster & Kayser's Sewing Machines. May 24th 1866. no35tf

NORTON & DEUTZ. Main Plaza, San Antonio, DEALERS IN Hardware, Stoves, Agricultural Implements, Woodenware, Window Glass, Paints, Oils, Leather, Arms and GARDEN SEEDS.

N. L. McCREADY & COMPANY SHIPPING Commission Merchants, 36 FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK. AGENTS— For the old line of direct packets to Havana and Indianapolis, Texas. Receive and forward goods to both points free of commission and assurance effected if desired. sep21-ly

C. H. MOORE & COMPANY, Shippers and Dealers in Doors, Glazed Sash, and Painted Blinds.

Having on hand a large assortment of CHOICE STOCK. We are enabled to fill all orders at Greatly Reduced Prices. Orders from the country solicited and promptly filled. MARKET STREET, GALVESTON. oct18-ly

Cavalry Horses Wanted Immediately!

Two Hundred and Seventy-Seven Horses, For which the highest prices in specie will be paid. Said Horses must be sound in all particulars, well broken, in full flesh and good condition, from (15) fifteen to (16) sixteen hands high, from (5) five to (9) nine years old old, and well adapted in every way to cavalry purposes. For particulars apply at the Menger Hotel, or Stock Yard near by. R. W. FEAY, San Antonio, Nov. 19, 1867. if

TO RENT, A comfortable house two minutes walk from Commerce street; also, a good stand for a Beer Saloon on Main Plaza. Apply to JOS. DWYER. dec 28-67

House to Rent. One of the finest houses in the city, situated on the east side of the river, adjoining the residence of Mr. Kenterbach. Apply at the business house of E. Pentecost, Main street. Dec. 6-67

Hungarian Leeches. Just received and for sale by A. WHITE, Druggist and Apothecary, Commerce St., San Antonio, Texas.

Special Notices.

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat, Requires immediate attention, and should be checked.

* If allowed to continue, Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption, is often the result.

Brown's Bronchial Troches,

Having a direct influence on the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success. SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice. Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold everywhere. nov11-67

THE HEALING POOL and House of Mercy, HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS

for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the errors, abuses, and diseases which destroy the many powers, and create impediments to marriage, with some means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN, HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Pa. 1844-45m

To Marry or not to Marry? WHY NOT?

Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by Ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in a sealed letter envelope free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia, Pa. 1844-45m

To Music Teachers and Dealers.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish Sheet Music, Strings, Musical Instruments, and Music Books of all kinds at the lowest rates, wholesale and retail, from the largest collections in this country. Orders punctually and faithfully attended to. Address all orders to: ELLIOTT, 788 Broadway, N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 47 Cedar Street, New York.

To Consumptives.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription, with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a Lung Affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address: Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 105 South Second Street, Philadelphia, Pa. sep21-ly

Information

Guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face; also, a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, &c., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, 823 Broad Way, N. Y. sep1-ly

SLOCUM'S BOOK STORE, Commerce Street, Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store.

Keeps constantly on hand School Books at Wholesale and Retail. A fine assortment of STATIONERY of all kinds. CHILDREN'S BOOKS, Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books, And other Books. Suitable for Pre-cents! A large assortment of PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS Toilet Articles, Pen Knives, &c. &c. Miscellaneous Articles. Also THE INDELLIBLE PENCIL, Wholesale and Retail. The Latest Novels constantly on hand. Cards of all kinds. In fine a full assortment of everything pertaining to this line of business. All the Latest Newspapers, Magazines, etc. Music!! Music!!! A fine assortment on hand, and receiving NEW MUSIC every week. oct21-67

Steinway's Pianos.

The first Grand Gold Medal awarded at the Universal Exposition in Paris, 1867, for the three styles, viz: Grand, Square and Upright. For particulars inquire at ZORK & GRIENBECK, Agents. Dec 11-67

HIDES

Bought at the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE, by ELMENDORF & Co.

OFFICIAL.
LAW
OF THE
UNITED STATES,
Passed at the Second Session of
the Thirty-Seventh Congress.

[CONTINUED.]

CHAP. CXC.—An act prohibiting the Continuance of Persons in the Military Service of the United States in the Penitentiary of the District of Columbia, except as a Punishment for certain Crimes, and to discharge therefrom certain Convicts by Sentence of Courts martial, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That hereafter no person in the military service of the United States, convicted and sentenced by a court-martial, shall be punished by confinement in the penitentiary of the District of Columbia, unless the offense of which such person may be convicted would by some statute of the United States or at common law, as the same exist in the said District, subject such convict to said punishment.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That all such persons in the military service, as aforesaid, who have heretofore been, or may hereafter be, convicted and sentenced by a court-martial for any offense which, if tried before the criminal court of said District, would not subject such person to imprisonment in said penitentiary, and who are now or may hereafter be confined therein, shall be discharged from said imprisonment, upon such terms and condition of further punishment as the President of the United States may, in his discretion, impose as a commutation of said sentence.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That upon the application of any citizen of the United States, supported by his oath, alleging that a person or persons in the military service, as aforesaid, are confined in said penitentiary under the sentence of a court-martial for any offense not punishable by imprisonment in the penitentiary by the authority of the criminal court aforesaid, it shall be the duty of the judge of said court, or, in case of his absence or inability, of one of the judges of the circuit court of said District, if upon an inspection of the record of proceedings of said court-martial, he shall find the facts to be as alleged in said application, immediately to issue the writ of habeas corpus to bring before him the said convict; and if, upon an investigation of the case, it shall be the opinion of such judge that the case of such convict is within the provisions of the previous sections of this act, he shall order such convict to be confined in the common jail of said District, until the decision of the President of the United States as to the commutation aforesaid shall be filed in said court, and then such convict shall be disposed of and suffer such punishment as by said commutation of his said sentence may be imposed.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That no person convicted upon the decision of a court-martial shall be confined in any penitentiary of the United States, except under the conditions of this act.

Approved, July 16, 1862.

CHAP. CXCIV.—An act to suppress Insurrection, to punish Treason and Rebellion, to seize and confiscate the Property of Rebels, and for other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every person who shall hereafter commit the crime of treason against the United States, and shall be adjudged guilty thereof, shall suffer death, and all his slaves, if any, shall be declared and made free; or, at the discretion of the court, he shall be imprisoned for not less than five years and fined not less than ten thousand dollars, and all his slaves, if any, shall be declared and made free; said fine shall be levied and collected on any or all of the property, real and personal, including slaves, of which the said person is convicted, and the owner at the time of committing the said crime, any sale or conveyance to the contrary notwithstanding.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That if any person shall hereafter incite, set on foot, assist, or engage in any rebellion or insurrection against the authority of the United States, or the laws thereof, or shall give aid or comfort thereon, or shall engage in, or give aid and comfort to, any such existing rebellion or insurrection, and be convicted thereof, such person shall be punished by imprisonment for a period not exceeding ten years, or by a fine not exceeding ten thousand dollars, and by the liberation of all his slaves, if any he have; or by both of said punishments, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That every person guilty of either of the offenses described in this act shall be forever incapable and disqualified to hold any office under the United States.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That this act shall not be construed in any way to affect or alter the prosecution, conviction, or punishment of any person or persons guilty of treason against the United States before the passage of this act, unless such person is convicted under this act.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That, to insure the speedy termination of the present rebellion, it shall be the duty of the President of the United States to cause the seizure of all the estate and property, money, stocks, credits, and effects of the persons hereinafter named in this section, and to apply and use the same and the proceeds thereof for the support of the army of the United States, that is to say:

First. Of any person hereafter acting as an officer of the army or navy of the rebels in arms against the government of the United States.

Secondly. Of any person hereafter acting as President, Vice-President, member of Congress, judge of any court, cabinet officer, foreign minister, commissioner or consul of the so-called confederate states of America.

Thirdly. Of any person acting as governor of a state, member of a convention or legislature, or judge of any court of any of the so-called confederate states of America.

Fifthly. Of any person hereafter holding any office or agency under the government of the so-called confederate states of America, or under any of the several states of the said confederacy, or the laws thereof, whether such office or agency be national, state, or municipal in its name or character: *Provided,* That the persons, thirdly, fourthly, and fifthly above described shall have accepted their appointment or election since the date of the pretended ordination or accession of the state, or shall have taken an oath of allegiance to, or to support the constitution of the so-called confederate states.

Sixthly. Of any person who, owning property in any loyal State or Territory of the United States, or in the District of Columbia, shall hereafter assist and give aid and comfort to such rebellion, and all sales, transfers, or conveyances of any such property shall be null and void, and it shall be a sufficient bar to any suit brought by such person for the redemption or the use of such prop-

erty, or any of it, to allege and prove that he is one of the persons described in this section.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That if any person within any State or Territory of the United States, other than those named as aforesaid, after the passage of this act, being engaged in armed rebellion against the government of the United States, or aiding or abetting such rebellion, shall not, within sixty days after public warning and proclamation duly given and made by the President of the United States, cease to aid, countenance, and assist such rebellion, and return to his allegiance to the United States, all the estate and property, money, stocks, and credits of such person shall be liable to seizure as aforesaid, and it shall be the duty of the President to seize and use them as aforesaid, or the proceeds thereof. And all sales, transfers, or conveyances of any such property after the expiration of the said sixty days from the date of such warning and proclamation shall be null and void; and it shall be a sufficient bar to any suit brought by such person for the possession of the land or such property, or any of it, to allege and prove that he is one of the persons described in this section.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That to the condemnation and sale of any such property, after the same shall have been seized, so that it may be made available for the purposes aforesaid, proceedings in rem shall be instituted in the name of the United States in any district court thereof, or in any territorial court, or in the United States district court for the District of Columbia, within which the property above described, or any part thereof, may be found, or into which the same, if movable, may first be brought, which proceedings shall conform as nearly as may be to proceedings in admiralty or revenue cases, and if said property, whether real or personal, shall be found to have belonged to a person engaged in rebellion, or who has given aid or comfort thereto, the same shall be condemned as enemies' property and become the property of the United States, and may be disposed of as the court shall decree, and the proceeds thereof paid into the treasury of the United States for the purposes aforesaid.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the several courts aforesaid shall have power to make such orders, establish such forms of decrees and sale, and direct such deeds and conveyances to be executed and delivered by the marshals thereof where real estate shall be the subject of sale, as shall fitly and efficiently effect the purposes of this act, and vest in the purchasers of such property good and valid titles thereto. And the said courts shall have power to allow such fees and charges of their officers as shall have power to allow such fees and charges of their officers as shall be reasonable and proper in the premises.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That all slaves of persons who shall hereafter be engaged in rebellion against the government of the United States, or who shall in any way give aid or comfort thereto, escaping from such persons and taking refuge within the lines of the army; and all slaves captured from such persons or deserted by them and coming under the control of the government of the United States; and all slaves of such persons found on, or being within any place occupied by rebel forces and afterwards captured by the forces of the United States, shall be deemed captives of war, and shall be forever free of their servitude, and not again held as slaves.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That no slave escaping into any State, Territory, or the District of Columbia, from any other State, shall be delivered up, or in any way impeded or hindered of his liberty, except for crime, or some offense against the laws, unless the person claiming said fugitive shall first make oath that the person to whom his labor or service of such fugitive is alleged to be due is his lawful owner, and has not borne arms against the United States in the present rebellion, nor in any way given aid and comfort thereto; and no person engaged in the military or naval service of the United States shall, under any pretence whatever, assume to decide on the validity of the claim of any person to the service or labor of any other person, or surrender up any such person to the claimant, on pain of being dismissed from the service.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States is authorized to employ as many persons of African descent as he may deem necessary and proper for the suppression of this rebellion, and for this purpose he may organize and use them in such manner as he may judge best for the public welfare.

Sec. 12. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States is hereby authorized to make provision for the transportation, colonization, and settlement, in some tropical country beyond the limits of the United States, of such persons of the African race, made free by the provisions of this act, as may be willing to emigrate, having first obtained the consent of the government of said country to their protection and settlement within the same, with all the rights and privileges of freemen.

Sec. 13. And be it further enacted, That the President is hereby authorized, at any time hereafter, by proclamation, to extend to persons who may have participated in the existing rebellion in any State or part thereof, pardon and amnesty, with such exceptions and at such time and on such conditions as he may deem expedient for the public welfare.

Sec. 14. And be it further enacted, That the courts of the United States shall have full power to institute proceedings, make orders and decrees, issue process, and do all other things necessary to carry this act into effect.

Approved July 17, 1862.

CHAP. CXCIV.—An Act to authorize Payments in Stamps, and to prohibit Circulation of Notes of less Denomination than One Dollar.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby directed to furnish to the Assistant Treasurers, and such designated depositories of the United States as may be by him selected, in such sums as he may deem expedient, the postage and other stamps of the United States, to be exchanged by them, on application, for United States notes; and from and after the first day of August next, such stamps shall be receivable in payment of all dues to the United States less than five dollars, and shall be received in exchange for United States notes when presented to any Assistant Treasurer or any designated depository selected as aforesaid in sums not less than five dollars.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of August, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, no private corporation, banking association, firm, or individual shall make, issue, circulate, or pay any note, check, memorandum, token or other obligation, for a less sum than one dollar, intended to circulate as money or to be received or used in lieu of lawful money of the United States; and every person so offending shall, on conviction thereof in any district or circuit court of the United States, be punished by fine not exceeding five hundred dollars,

or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both, at the option of the court.

Approved, July 17, 1862.

CHAP. CXCVII.—An Act to amend an Act entitled "An act to amend an act entitled 'An act in Addition to the Acts prohibiting the Slave Trade.'"

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall and may be lawful for the President of the United States to enter into arrangement, by contract or otherwise, with one or more foreign governments having possessions in the West Indies or other tropical regions, or with their duly constituted agent or agents, to receive from the United States, for a term not exceeding five years, at such place or places as shall be agreed upon, all negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color, delivered from on board vessels seized in the prosecution of the slave trade by commanders of United States armed vessels, and to provide them with suitable instruction, and with comfortable clothing and shelter, and to employ them, at wages, under such regulations as shall be agreed upon, for a period not exceeding five years from the date of their being landed at the place or places agreed upon: *Provided,* That the United States incur no expenses on account of said negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color, after having landed them at the place or places agreed upon: *And provided further,* That any arrangement so made as aforesaid may be renewed by the President of the United States from time to time, as may be found necessary or desirable, for periods not exceeding five years on each renewal.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized to issue instructions to the commanders of the armed vessels of the United States, directing them, whenever it shall be practicable, and under such rules and regulations as he shall prescribe, to proceed directly to such place or places as shall have been agreed upon with any foreign government, under its duly constituted agent or agents, under the provisions of the first section of this act, and there deliver to the duly constituted authorities, or agents of such foreign governments, all negroes, mulattoes, or persons of color, delivered from on board vessels seized in the prosecution of the slave trade, afterwards taking the vessel and persons engaged in prosecuting the slave trade to the proper place for trial and adjudication.

Approved, July 17, 1862.

CHAP. CXCVIII.—An Act authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to change the Name of the Steamship "Coastacoalco" to "America."

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of the Treasury be, and he is hereby authorized and directed to change the name of the steamship "Coastacoalco," now owned by Marshall O. Roberts, of New York city, to that of "America," and to issue a register in that name.

Approved, July 17, 1862.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

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August 23. [no481y.]

A Teacher Wanted.
An election of a teacher to teach in the English department will be held by the Trustees of the New Braunfels Academy, on the fourth day of March, A. D. 1863. Salary, fifty dollars per month. Applications will be received by the undersigned up to said date.

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Secretary of the Board.
New Braunfels, Comal Co., Dec. 24th, '62.
Dec. 30-4th

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