

San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, MONDAY, DEC. 16, 1867.

NO. 312

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.

Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office.

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated at Midwife in Germany, and having done business in such with good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.

My residence is Alamo street, near Feldman's Bakery.

Law, etc.

LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.

NEWTON & PICQUE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
414-1st St. SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
(No. 11-13) Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCEL,
Attorney & Counselor at Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866.

Law Notice.
Thomas M. Paschal will hereafter be associated with the undersigned in all new business entrusted to their care in Texas.

PEYTON SMYTHE,
County Clerk Bexar county, and ex officio Notary Public, keeps on hand Blank Deeds, Deeds of Trust, &c., for gratuitous distribution in Bexar county.

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Nette's Drug Store,
sep18y SAN ANTONIO.

Hotels.

Kloepfer Hotel.
FINEST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!
Mrs. KLOEPFER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
M. P. THOMPSON,
Proprietor.

INGRAM HOUSE,
VICTORIA, TEXAS.
WILLIAM J. NEELY, Proprietor.
This House is refurnished and opened for the public. Good Stabling on the premises.

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking Public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State.

E. FEINBERG & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK.
August 2 [no48ly.]

WULF & SHETELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
SAN ANTONIO,
Texas.
Oct. Alamo & North streets

Business Cards.

HERTZBERG & SIMON,
Glassware, Mouldings,
Pictures, Pipes,
Fancy Goods, Brushes,
Stationery, Music.

NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
SAN ANTONIO.

Chrysler & Anderson,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
CABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
IN
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 26, 1867.

PHILIP CONRAD,
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite York & Grimesbeck,
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th.

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.

J. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
446 HUTCHIN'S BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST.
HOUSTON, Texas.
Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce.

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,
DRY GOODS,
350 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
NEW YORK.

BOGERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Guns, &c.,
89 Pearl street, and 56 Stone street,
NEW YORK.

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas.

STOVESH
Cooking, Parlor and Box
STOVES,
Just received, and for sale at
NORTON & DEUTZ'S.

L. J. Dresch,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Eagle Pass, Tex.,
—AND—
PIEDRAS NEGRAS, MEXICO.

ALBERT TÜRPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash Price paid for Hides.

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.

McNEENEY & HAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$9,000,000
December 19, 1866.

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York.

NORTON & DEUTZ,
SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & BRO.,
Hardware,
LEATHER,
AND
Woodenware Dealers,
SAN ANTONIO
Sept. 5 TEXAS.

BURTIS & FRENCH,
Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
New York.

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
GUYERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg.
A. STAACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 8, 1867.

Business Cards.

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas.

STOVESH
Cooking, Parlor and Box
STOVES,
Just received, and for sale at
NORTON & DEUTZ'S.

L. J. Dresch,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Eagle Pass, Tex.,
—AND—
PIEDRAS NEGRAS, MEXICO.

ALBERT TÜRPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash Price paid for Hides.

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.

McNEENEY & HAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$9,000,000
December 19, 1866.

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York.

NORTON & DEUTZ,
SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & BRO.,
Hardware,
LEATHER,
AND
Woodenware Dealers,
SAN ANTONIO
Sept. 5 TEXAS.

BURTIS & FRENCH,
Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
New York.

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
GUYERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg.
A. STAACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 8, 1867.

By Telegraph.
[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXPRESS.]
Markets.
NEW ORLEANS, December 13.—Cotton steady; Orleans 14 1/2 to 15; sales today 8,800 bales; receipts 7,142; exports 2,694.
Gold 132 1/2 to 133.
NEW YORK, December 13.—Cotton firmer and advanced 1; sales 2,000 bales at 15 1/2.
Gold 133 1/2.

Congressional.
WASHINGTON, December 12.—The President's message to the Senate, giving his reasons for the suspension of Stanton, was considered masterly and wonderfully shrewd. The President quotes Stanton's reply to the President's request that Stanton resign, wherein Stanton says that considerations of a high public character lead him to withhold his resignation until the next meeting of Congress.

The President holds that it was not only a declaration, but defiantly and utterly wanting in respect due from Stanton to his superior officer the President. Stanton could not appeal to the law creating the War Department, because that law gives the President the right to remove Stanton. The Tenure of Office bill alone stands, but that law did not compel Stanton to retain his office.

The President argues the necessity of unity and harmony among his constitutional advisers; he also says that he has with one exception retained the Cabinet of his predecessor. He states incidentally that the Cabinet was unanimous on his policy of reconstruction, and upon the unconstitutionality of the Tenure of Office bill.

Stanton having been United States Attorney was specially consulted, and was emphatic and absolute in his condemnation of the bill as unconstitutional. The most pointed and specific charge refers to the New Orleans riots, according to the reports of General Baird, who reported to Stanton the danger of a riot and asked for orders; but Stanton not only withheld instructions to General Baird, but kept the despatch from the President and his Cabinet until the occurrence of the riot.

The President holds that had Stanton acted right, or had the message from Baird been known, this serious riot would have been prevented. He produces a letter from Sheridan to the effect that had Sheridan been advised of the danger of a riot, it could have been arrested.

The President concludes: The public cannot complain of the change, because the judicious measures of the new Secretary have already saved many millions to the public Treasury.

SENATE.—Sherman reported to the House a bill repealing the cotton tax; it was to be considered to-morrow. A bill conveying the proceeds of captured and abandoned property into the Treasury, was re-committed.

Fessenden said it amounted to thirty-five millions, but opposed the bill. There are claims now pending in court, claiming twenty millions worth of this property, to which the bill would work injustice. Postponed.

A joint resolution was introduced censuring the President, Reverdy Johnson having the floor. The Senate refused to concur.

The House resolution to adjourn until the bill striking out the word "white" from the District laws became a law in Executive session. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Committee on Committee were directed to inquire into the propriety of changing the Marine Hospital from Paducah to Cairo.

The committee on roads and canals were instructed to inquire into the expediency of appropriating money to canal around the falls of the Ohio on the Indiana side.

The Committee on Ways and Means were instructed to inquire into the expediency of taxing crests and seals of arms used on household furniture.

Mr. Shelby of Ohio offered a bill re-

By Telegraph.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXPRESS.]
Markets.
NEW ORLEANS, December 13.—Cotton steady; Orleans 14 1/2 to 15; sales today 8,800 bales; receipts 7,142; exports 2,694.
Gold 132 1/2 to 133.
NEW YORK, December 13.—Cotton firmer and advanced 1; sales 2,000 bales at 15 1/2.
Gold 133 1/2.

Congressional.
WASHINGTON, December 12.—The President's message to the Senate, giving his reasons for the suspension of Stanton, was considered masterly and wonderfully shrewd. The President quotes Stanton's reply to the President's request that Stanton resign, wherein Stanton says that considerations of a high public character lead him to withhold his resignation until the next meeting of Congress.

The President holds that it was not only a declaration, but defiantly and utterly wanting in respect due from Stanton to his superior officer the President. Stanton could not appeal to the law creating the War Department, because that law gives the President the right to remove Stanton. The Tenure of Office bill alone stands, but that law did not compel Stanton to retain his office.

The President argues the necessity of unity and harmony among his constitutional advisers; he also says that he has with one exception retained the Cabinet of his predecessor. He states incidentally that the Cabinet was unanimous on his policy of reconstruction, and upon the unconstitutionality of the Tenure of Office bill.

Stanton having been United States Attorney was specially consulted, and was emphatic and absolute in his condemnation of the bill as unconstitutional. The most pointed and specific charge refers to the New Orleans riots, according to the reports of General Baird, who reported to Stanton the danger of a riot and asked for orders; but Stanton not only withheld instructions to General Baird, but kept the despatch from the President and his Cabinet until the occurrence of the riot.

The President holds that had Stanton acted right, or had the message from Baird been known, this serious riot would have been prevented. He produces a letter from Sheridan to the effect that had Sheridan been advised of the danger of a riot, it could have been arrested.

The President concludes: The public cannot complain of the change, because the judicious measures of the new Secretary have already saved many millions to the public Treasury.

SENATE.—Sherman reported to the House a bill repealing the cotton tax; it was to be considered to-morrow. A bill conveying the proceeds of captured and abandoned property into the Treasury, was re-committed.

Fessenden said it amounted to thirty-five millions, but opposed the bill. There are claims now pending in court, claiming twenty millions worth of this property, to which the bill would work injustice. Postponed.

A joint resolution was introduced censuring the President, Reverdy Johnson having the floor. The Senate refused to concur.

The House resolution to adjourn until the bill striking out the word "white" from the District laws became a law in Executive session. Adjourned.

HOUSE.—The Committee on Committee were directed to inquire into the propriety of changing the Marine Hospital from Paducah to Cairo.

The committee on roads and canals were instructed to inquire into the expediency of appropriating money to canal around the falls of the Ohio on the Indiana side.

The Committee on Ways and Means were instructed to inquire into the expediency of taxing crests and seals of arms used on household furniture.

Mr. Shelby of Ohio offered a bill re-

taining the Freedmen's Bureau. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

Also a bill to facilitate the reconstruction of the States.

A resolution deferring the payment of bonds of forty-seven and eight, due in 1868, until the finances were equalized. Referred to the committee on Ways and Means.

Maynard offered a resolution providing that Diplomatic and Consular representatives to Hayti and other African Governments be selected from negroes. Schenck called for Hancock's order, and remarked that under the Constitution no distinction should be made.

The Speaker said the point was well taken.

The resolution was adopted urging the reduction of the army to the smallest possible limit.

The Ways and Means committee was instructed to inquire into the expediency of devising spirits from frauds, and removing the income tax from incomes not exceeding twenty-five hundred dollars.

Executive document being presented, the House went into Committee of the Whole.

Maynard defended the Tennessee government. Adjourned.

SENATE.—The committee reported the cotton tax bill without amendment; it will probably pass to-morrow.

WASHINGTON, December 13.—The Senate Finance committee will report unfavorably on Edmund Cooper's confirmation on the Assistant Secretary of the Treasury.

The Judiciary committee will report favorably on Senator Thomas from Maryland.

The Board of Aldermen of New York passed a resolution approving Leonard's Danish purchases.

Wilson presented a memorial from John Warran, an American citizen in a British jail, charged with Fenianism. The petition stated that Warran was in New York when the crimes charged were committed.

Sumner presented an unusual number of petitions; among them was one from thirty thousand Kentucky negro soldiers, praying for equal rights.

A bill to prevent polygamy and other abuses in Utah was presented.

A memorial from the New York Chamber of Commerce, relative to the resumption of specie payment; it was ordered printed.

A bill repealing the cotton tax came up. Morrell thought there was a mistake in the act on this bill, and now the whole tax question should come up at once.

The House, after some unimportant business, went into Committee on the Whole, and adjourned for to-day.

Louisiana Convention.
NEW ORLEANS, December 13.—The Convention adjourned last night until Monday to give the committee time to report.

General Pope Keeps on Removing Rebels.
MOXTOMERY, December 13.—General Pope's political ax is still swinging. Nine Judicial ministerial officers have recently been removed, and their places given to loyal Republicans. Five of General Pope's appointees are extreme Republicans—members of the late Reconstruction Convention.

European.
LONDON, December 11.—The soldiers who marched in the Fenian procession have been arrested, and are to be court-martialed.

THE LIVINGSTON REPUBLICAN.—The gallant little Union paper published at Livingston, Polk County has been removed to Hallettsville, Polk County, and its name changed to "The Union Republican." This change was made on account of a persistent attempt on the part of the rebels of Polk County to assassinate the editor. The Union Republican is a lively excellent paper and we hope it will flourish in its new home.

The Daily Express.

Official Journal of the United States.

Official Journal of Bexar County and City of San Antonio.

W. B. MOORE, A. SIMMERING, J. F. NEWCOMB.

A. Siemering & Co., Publishers.

MONDAY, DEC. 16, 1867.

THE EDITORIAL EXCURSION TO THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, October, 6, 1867.

DEAR EXPRESS:

After passing through the Eastern States where the rains have been almost incessant and the whole country saturated with floods, the Tourist finds relief in the North-West, where vegetation has been struggling for existence through a four months drought. At least this was the opinion of your correspondent, who on a delicious fall after noon in Oct., found himself in the wonderful city of the Lakes, after swinging the entire circle from the distant shores of Texas around the Atlantic seaboard via Montreal to this point. Mingling among friends whose history is interwoven with that of their city. I find my trunks have been captured and carted away to one of those hospitable spacious Western homes, on Indiana Avenue, and I am left no alternative but to follow, with great reluctance (!) you know! Singly accompanied with these friends my days are spent in examining the wonders of the city, visiting among other objects the great Tunnel under the Lake, Chamber of Commerce, Tunnel under the river, and the Artesian Well, and my evenings, in listening to the stories of the growth of the city and many of its individual citizens more wonderful than the Arabian night tales. Commencing with the celebrated "Long" John Wentworth who arrived in Chicago about thirty years ago a penniless Yankee adventurer, who through the vicissitudes of human affairs, had by strict adherence to his New England training, built up a national reputation, and accumulated over a million of money, and ending with the conscientious abolitionist who spent his manhood trying to alleviate the sufferings of his fellow men in the bonds of slavery, always ready to drop private affairs, and take charge of a fugitive and through rain and storm, and with the walls of the penitentiary ever before his eyes, guide him safely to the shores of a monarchy where alone he could raise his hands towards God and give blessings for his freedom, what a commentary, that a human being should steal, like a thief in the night, from the shores of our boasted Republic into the realms of a Queen, to obtain freedom, enough of this, it might stir up an "onpleasantness" but a fellow does feel kind o' easy when breathing the pure atmosphere of a city that has never been tainted with the pollution of Democracy. These incidents have all occurred previous to this date, and while enjoying their novelty. A note of invitation was given me to participate in an excursion to the termination of the great Union Pacific Rail Road, which almost reaches the Rocky Mountains, here was a dilemma, having already extended a summer trip far into the fall; conscience dictated an immediate return home, but as the epidemic was still raging along the Gulf coast with unabated fury, I was easily persuaded to accept the invitation and remain where safety was. Consequently on the date of this communication two hundred Knights of the Quill accompanied by a few distinguished guests embarked at the North Western Depot, on board the most magnificent train of cars ever coupled together, for the great trip to the West, known as THE EDITORIAL EXCURSION TO THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS.

(To be continued.)

dinner at the Sherman House at which speeches were made and final leave taking exchanged, we formed line in front of the Hotel, each man carrying on his shoulder the gun with which he expected to tame the wild man of the prairies, and to the tune of Yankee Doodle, marched amid the shouts of the populace, toward the Depot where the special train awaited us. The sight here was truly splendid, nine cars composed of a baggage car, kitchen do., two dining do., smoking do., parlor do., supplied with a splendid organ, drawing room do., supplied with center tables, ottomans, lounges, arm chairs &c., and two of Pullman's celebrated sleeping cars. The whole under the personal supervision of Mr. Pullman, and drawn by a spanking new engine named after one of the Generals of the National Army, and completely enveloped in beautiful flags and wreaths of flowers. In this splendid turnout we left for the Rocky Mountains. Among our guests were the celebrated George Francis Train, Lord Morley, the youngest member of the English House of Lords, Hon. Mr. Cowper of the House of Commons, Mr. White correspondent and Mr. Saxe the Consul from Belgium. These gentlemen had seen the outfit of Monarchs, and yet pronounced ours the finest ever seen. Now commences the incidents of the trip as noted from day to day.

The Latest Despatches.

Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, December 14.—Gold 132 to 132½. New York Sight ½ discount.

Texas cattle unchanged.

NEW YORK, December 14.—Cotton less active; sales 1,500 bales at 14½ to 15½.

NEW YORK, December 14.—Money plenty; demand less active at 6 to 7 per cent. Bank statements show a decrease in loans of \$1,122,391; specie \$918,406; increase in circulation \$267,000; deposits \$2,117,895; legal tenders \$2,858,858. Gold closed firmer at 134½. Government securities slightly lower. Stocks closed quiet and firmer.

The balance in the Sub-Treasury is \$105,652,808.

NEW ORLEANS, December 14.—Cotton quiet; sales 3,600 bales; Middling Orleans 14½; receipts 5,167 bales.

LONDON, December 14.—Consols 92½. Bonds 71½.

FRANKFORT, December 14.—Bonds 76½.

LIVERPOOL, December 14.—Cotton more doing; sales reached 10,000 bales; Uplands 6½ to 7½. Breadstuffs firm.

Corn 46-9d.

Important Interview Between Senator Stevens and a Southern Delegation.

WASHINGTON, December 14.—A mixed delegation from Virginia, and North and South Carolina visited Thad. Stevens yesterday. The following was elicited from Mr. Stevens in regard to the impeachment failure, the evidence being a sickness of public opinion:

The Virginia delegation said that the impeachment failure would work seriously against reconstruction. Stevens thought it could not be otherwise; and mutual congratulations were exchanged.

Harris, of the North Carolina delegation, said they would get along very well; the Northern whites were more frightened about negro suffrage than the Southern whites.

The Virginia delegation represented their condition as critical unless Congress came to the relief of the sufferings of the colored people.

Stevens favored the repeal of the clause requiring a majority of registered voters.

The delegation thought that would do, but suggested a law empowering the Conventions already called to establish Provisional Governments immediately; then if the constitutions were defeated, they would have at least loyal State officers.

Stevens said he had drawn up a bill with two or three beneficial provisions; one was to leave to a majority to affirm or reject the constitutions; another was that the present Conventions shall as independent bodies establish governments in lieu of District Commanders; as soon as the constitutions were ready for submission to Congress, a delegation would be approved.

Third, Stevens inquired whether all masters would be able to keep their negroes from voting by the property qualification?

Harris replied that the negroes were dependent on their old masters for their daily bread. There was the danger, but Harris hoped the negroes were capable of enduring great privations.

A Virginia delegate, Lark, (colored,) said, Harris' remarks applied to his dis-

trict as 80) in Richmond lost the r places.

Stevens hoped the whole vote of the South would be cast for Republican ticket, this would elect a Republican President and insure a triumphant reconstruction.

New Advertisements.

An Ordinance.

Regulating the cleaning of the public streets and prohibiting the throwing of dirt and slops, &c., therein, revised and amended.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of San Antonio, That all persons occupying any house or lot within the limits of the city, or when not occupied the owner or owners thereof, shall, in each and every week, before ten o'clock, A. M. (of the days hereinafter named,) sweep and clean or cause to be swept and cleaned, all the filth, dirt and rubbish from in front of his, her or their respective lots, enclosures and houses, into the middle of the street and there piled in heaps, and should the house lot or enclosure of any person or persons front on more than one street, the occupant or occupants, or when not occupied, the owner or owners thereof shall in the same manner and at the same time, sweep, clean and pile, or cause to be swept, cleaned or piled, the filth, dirt and rubbish on all of said streets.

SEC. 2. That all persons occupying any house, yard, enclosure or lot, or in case the same should be unoccupied, then the owner or owners shall constantly keep clean such premises and not be allowed to throw into the street any filth, dirt, rubbish, &c.

SEC. 3. The days fixed for cleaning the public streets, Plazas, &c., as contemplated in the foregoing sections, are as follows, to wit:

Monday for that part of the city lying in the first Ward.

Tuesday for that part lying in the second Ward.

Wednesday for that part lying in the third Ward.

Thursday for that part lying in the fourth Ward.

On Friday of every week the following streets have to be cleaned a second time, to wit: Nacogdoches, Alameda, Paseo, Soledad, Acquia and Flores street.

On Saturday of every week the following streets have to be cleaned a second time, to wit: Commerce, Market, Presidio, Paso, Galan, Trevino and Dolores street.

SEC. 4. That all persons occupying any house, lot or enclosure on either of the public squares or Plazas, or in case the same is unoccupied, the owner or owners thereof shall sweep and clean, or cause to be swept and cleaned, in front of such house, lot or enclosure to the distance of ten yards from the same, on the days named in the foregoing section, and once more on Saturday of every week, before ten o'clock, A. M. of said days, causing the dirt, &c., to be piled in a heap.

SEC. 5. That it shall be the duty of every owner or occupant of any lot or parcel of ground within this city, to keep the sidewalks and the space immediately in front thereof to the middle of the street, free from and clear of weeds and grass.

SEC. 6. That it shall be unlawful for any person to obstruct, throw or deposit in any street, sidewalk, gutter, ditch or drain, any hay, straw, dung, kitchen stuffs, broken glass paddings or bits of leather, shavings, pieces of paper or wood, chips, slops, or any other filth or dirt of whatever nature or kind.

SEC. 7. That it shall be the duty, and it is hereby required of every occupant or owner to keep their respective sidewalks clean and their gutters open and unobstructed to the depth of nine inches from the top of the curbstone, in front of their respective side walks.

SEC. 8. That any person or persons violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance, shall be fined not less than one nor more than ten dollars for each and every offence on day he, she or they may be so offending.

SEC. 9. That this ordinance shall be enforced from and after the 15th day of December, A. D. 1867.

W. C. A. THIELEPAPE, Mayor.

ALBERT J. MARTIN, Secretary.

DR. F. HERFF,

Respectfully announces to his friends that he has resumed practice in the city.

Office, at Netto's Drug store, on Commerce street.

DISSOLUTION.

The most amicable partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name, style and firm of H. Wulff & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The settlement of the business of said firm will be made by E. Cramer, and all debts due thereto, collected by him.

E. WULFF,
E. CRAMER,
M. KRAUKAU.

Referring to above circular the undersigned will continue the business under his own name.

C. CRAMER.

SAN ANTONIO, DEC. 5, 1867.

House and Lot for Sale.

The house and lot situated on Goliad street, the property of E. Reappa, is for sale. The house has three rooms, each 20 by 18 feet; a warehouse is attached 40 by 16 feet. All in good order and title guaranteed.

Apply to the owner or at the office of the San Antonio Express.

If not made before January 6th, 1868, the above will be sold on that day to the highest bidder.

For Rent.

The House and lots known as the Campbell place, on Flores street, adjoining the residence of Dr. Graves.

Enquire of C. Upton, Esq., P. DECORDOVA, Official Assignee of Bk.'s Estate of W. Chrysler.

dec 13-1td.

Steinway's Pianos.

The first Grand Gold Medal awarded at the Universal Exposition in Paris, 1867, for the three styles, viz: Grand, Square and Upright.

For particulars inquire at ZORK & GRIESEBECK, Agents.

dec 11-dtf

House to Rent.

One of the finest houses in the city, situated on the east side of the river, adjoining the residence of Mr. Pentenrieder. Apply at the business house of E. Pentenrieder, Main street.

JUST RECEIVED,

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY GOODS AND TOYS,

FOR CHRISTMAS.

E. PENTENRIEDER,

31 Commerce Street.

JUST RECEIVED,

THE MOST ELEGANT ASSORTMENT OF

FANCY GOODS & FINE TOYS,

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS PLACE.

HERTZBERG & SIMON,

31 Commerce Street.

Historical, Philosophical, Biographical and Miscellaneous Books.

Books, Stationery,

AND NOTIONS,

AT

GAMBLE'S

BOOK STORE,

37 Commerce Street,

JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF

STATIONERY—

for Commercial purposes.

Ladies' Bath Gilt Note,

Octavo and Billet

Paper;

Lined Envelopes, &c., &c.;

Photographic Albums;

Portfolios;

Toilet Articles;

Perfumery, &c., &c.,

Ladies' Dress Buttons,

Visiting Cards, Spectacles,

Canes, Umbrellas,

and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

Public Documents, Engravings, &c., &c.

DIRECT

IMPORTATION.

ONLY ONE WORD!

H. GRENET,

Respectfully invites City

and Country Merchants

and the Public generally

to examine his stock before

purchasing elsewhere.

BY DOING SO

THEY WILL FIND

GREAT INDUCEMENTS to their advantage.

EVERY ARTICLE IS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.

STOVES!

COOKING,

PARLOR,

AND BOX

STOVES!

Just received by

LEBOUX & COSGROVE.

ELMENDORF & CO.

Hardware Merchants.

MAIN PLAZA.

Have constantly on hand, and offer for sale

English and American Cutlery,

Iron and Steel of all sizes,

Carpenters Tools,

Mill & Crosscut Saws of all sizes

Boring Machines,

Nails of all sizes,

Butts, Hinges, Screws, etc.

Door, Cabinet & Trunk Locks of all kinds,

Shoe Makers & Saddlers Tools & Trimmings,

Buckles Rings, etc.,

Bridle Bits & Webbing,

Oil Cloth, Hammes, Collars, etc.,

Tin, Rivets, & Kettle Ears, etc., etc.

Steel Hoes and Agricultural Implements,

in general.

Landreth's Garden Seeds always on hand.

And a general assortment of Hardware.

Also: Paints, Oils, Turpentine & Glass.

Paint, Shoe & Clothes Brushes,

Petroleum & Lamps,

Colt's Army & Navy Size Pistols,

Powder, Shot & Caps,

And all other articles in their line of business at low prices.

Sole Agents for Herring's Safe's also for Planer & Kayser's Sewing Machines.

May 24th 1866.

LEVENSTEIN & CO.,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS

&c., &c., &c.

Just received a large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods!

and will sell all at the very lowest prices

nov 5th

STAGE LINE

Two commodious Stages and one baggage wagon run regularly once a month by way of Pedras Negras (Eagle Pass) to Chihuahua.

This line connects at Comienzo with the stage that runs to Monterey and thence to Matamoros or Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, Zacatecos or the City of Mexico.

It also connects at Sta Rosalia, San Pablo and Chihuahua with the stage line to Paso del Norte.

The Stages are well protected by a strong armed escort.

For rates of passage, specie shipments and freights, apply to

FELIX MACEYRA,

Proprietor,

Chihuahua.

WULFF & SCHETELIG,

Agents,

corner Alamo and North streets,

June 28-6m San Antonio, Texas.

WANTED!

200 Bales of Cotton.

200 Bales of Cotton wanted by

JEFFERSON & M'PHY.

San Antonio, Nov. 19, 1867.

San Antonio, Nov. 19, 1867.

Local Intelligence.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE CITY COUNCIL.

WEDNESDAY, December 11, 1867. Present—The Mayor. All the Aldermen except Captain Braubach.

The minutes of the last meeting were read and, after some trifling amendments, were adopted.

The following persons presented petitions for the office of Ditch Commissioner:

Wm. Rummel, Sr., M. R. Garcia, Antonio Menchaca, and F. Schreiner.

The matter was deferred till next Monday, the regular meeting.

On motion of Alderman Newcomb, which was carried, that a new pauper list be made, and every pauper shall produce the certificate of the Alderman of the ward in which the person resides.

Mr. Cadena, the newly appointed policeman, appeared before the Board, and was approved of.

The petition of A. E. Stevens, in regard to his pay, \$62.50, was read, and ordered by the Board that the Mayor settle with the petitioner.

It was also ordered that the Mayor settle with Mr. Wurzback, Ditch Commissioner.

The several accounts presented were referred to the Finance Committee.

The contract for cleaning the streets was awarded to Messrs. Metzberg & Muller, \$245 per month in currency.

An ordinance concerning sidewalks, gutters, streets, and the lots, yards, &c., was adopted, and to be in force from and after the 15th instant, and to be published in three languages.

Alderman Newcomb offered the following, which was adopted:

That the Mayor be authorized to employ an Assistant Attorney to act with the City Attorney in all cases of importance in which the city was interested. On motion, the Board adjourned till Monday next at 6 1/2 P. M.

POLICE COURT.—A called session of the Police Court of Bexar county was held on Thursday last, Hon. Wm. W. Gamble presiding. Present—P. Schreiner and Jos. Schmitt, County Commissioners, and P. Smythe, County Clerk.

The bond of Constable Kraitz, (appointed by military order, vice Barrera removed), in the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, was approved. Dr. Carothers, County Physician under the Rosenbauer administration, was removed, and Dr. Nohl appointed in the place.

Steps were taken to have the pauper list of the county investigated; a resolution was passed, notifying the County Physician to be in attendance to assist on the 10th of January. A committee was appointed, consisting of P. Schreiner and D. Bell, (as soon as the latter shall qualify, "on the condition of the county," with powers to confer with the city authorities upon such matters as would be for the mutual advantage of city and county to act in concert, and to investigate all matters pertaining to the administration of the county, having a view to the interests of the county, to report at the regular session of the Court, commencing on the first Monday in January.

License was granted to the following persons to sell liquors in quantities less than one gallon, viz: W. A. Menges, Prescott & Marmon, Gustav Peters, Pease & Spangler, Manuel Yturri & Castillo, J. Harris, Thomas Kennedy, H. A. Mitchell, D. Russ, Fritz Schreiner, G. Hoerner, Earl & Canfield, Thomas Whitehead, Lockwood & Johnson, Belton & Wolekes, P. M. Immieck, Charles Young, George Defentack, F. J. Meyer, M. D. Stumpky, Frank Newschild, Hawesson & Piper, Dascif, Riche, Schwaberg & Bergnar, A. Songweiler. Some action was taken pertaining to the stairs in process of erection to the District Court room, and in several other matters, when the Court adjourned.

CORRECTION.—The man recently arrested near Fort Clark proved not to be Taylor, the murderer, as was supposed. He was a young man from near Sutherland Springs, who had started to California to visit relatives there, and learning that the authorities were on the hunt of the murderers of Major Thompson, he feared he would be lynched, and in his embarrassment gave several names, which made his case look more suspicious. The Taylors are still at large.

COUNTY COURT.—The County Court of Bexar county adjourned on last Thursday until the next regular Term, commencing on the first Monday in Feb-

ACQUITTAL OF JAMES A. FINN.—A few months since our readers will remember an account of the killing of a man by the name of McCauly, by James A. Finn, at a Government camp near this city. Finn was arrested and put in jail in this city. On Thursday last he had an examination on a writ of habeas corpus before Judge Strubling. By the evidence of the witnesses it was proven that Finn killed McCauly out of self-defense, McCauly having rushed at him with a bowie knife three different times; on the last attack made Finn was compelled to shoot McCauly to preserve his own life. The District Attorney submitted the case without argument, and the Judge remarked that if ever there was a case of justifiable homicide, this was one. Finn leaves to-day, Monday, to visit his family in New Orleans. He has been most unfortunate, and we hope his friends will give him a helping hand.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.—THE ALAMO FIRE ENGINE NO. 2.—This engine was promptly on the grounds at the late fire on the premises of Mr. Elmendorf, but the machine was so poor that no services could be made with it. Our censures of the Fire Department is not intended to reflect upon the members of the Company; they are principally working men, who have paid money and given time to their profession as firemen, but all to no avail. The fault is with the engine, which years ago was condemned and sold for old iron. The administration of the city while James R. Sweet was Mayor, purchased the thing and paid about \$2,000 for it.

RELEASED.—Mr. Charles C. Lewis, the person recently turned over to the military authorities by Daniel Musgrave, Sheriff of Attascosa county, has been examined and released, there appearing no just cause for his arrest.

RESULT OF THE TABLEUX.—We learn that the tableaux given at Dryden's Hall on Friday night for the benefit of the Presbyterian church, was a most pleasant affair and very satisfactory in a financial way, bringing about \$150.

AFRICAN CHURCH BENEFIT.—The supper given for the benefit of the African church amounted to about \$100.

AMOUNT OF CITY SCRIP RETURNED.—Up to Saturday, the 14th instant, \$6,414.86 of city scrip had been returned to the Mayor's office.

Sale of Horses, &c. DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, DEC. 13, 1867. Will be sold at public auction, at the Alamo yard, in this city, on THURSDAY the 19th instant, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M.: 10 Cavalry Horses, 5 sets of Harness, and 2 Pack Saddles. Condemned as unfit for the public service. The articles must be received immediately after the sale. Terms—Cash in Government funds. J. G. LEE, Provost Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., dec 12-31 U. S. Army.

RACES. \$150 Currency.—We will give a purse of one hundred and fifty dollars to be run for in San Antonio the 20th of December. One hundred dollars to the first horse and fifty dollars to the second, ten per cent entrance.—Free for all Saddle Horses, half mile and repeat, horses to carry one hundred pounds. Entry to be made by the fifteenth at Messager's Hotel. PEAY & SPANGLER.

NOTICE.—The Mayor will be in attendance at the Mayor's office every day from 8 o'clock A. M. till 12 o'clock M. and from 2 o'clock P. M. till sun down. On Sundays from 8 o'clock till 10 o'clock, A. M. Regular meetings of the City Council every 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month. W. G. A. THIELEFAPF, Mayor. Attest: MARY H. CAMPBELL, City Sec. San Antonio, Dec. 3rd, 1867. (31m.)

DR. NOEL, CITY PHYSICIAN, Residence opposite Green's east side of the river. Office hours before eight o'clock A. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M. (dec. 5th w. tr.)

TEN CHIHUAHUA WAGONS for sale at LEROUX & COGROVE. dec. 5-41m.

NOTICE!! Having received an order for 10,000 BUSHELS OF PECANS!! I am prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for the same. H. GREEN. oct10d&w3m

COLT'S PATENT FIRE ARMS. For Sale at 563m NORTON & DEUTZ

Proposals for Fresh Beef.

CAMMISARY OFFICE 4th U. S. Cavalry, CAMP VERDE, TEXAS, D. C. 8th, '67. SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, are invited until 12 o'clock M. December 20th, 1867, for supplying Fresh Beef (either on the hoof or slaughtered, as may be required) to the troops at Camp Verde, Texas, and in all Parts, Camps and Headquarters, in the vicinity, drawing supplies therefrom, from January 1st, 1868, or as soon thereafter as may be required, to December 31st, 1868; or such less time as the Commissary General of Subsistence may direct.

The bids will state the price per pound net currency for the fresh beef furnished, on the hoof, and the price per pound net for that furnished slaughtered.

Proposals must be accompanied by a proper guarantee, signed by two responsible persons, stating that if the proposal is accepted, the bidder will enter into a contract, and that they will enter into bonds in the penal sum of Three Thousand Dollars, for the faithful performance of the contract.

The names of firms should be stated in full with the address of all the members of the firm. No bid will be entertained when put in by contractors who have previously failed to comply with their contracts, nor, when it may be discovered that the bidder has offered directly or indirectly more than one bid. Bidders, (if a firm, the members,) must be present to respond to their bids, and to sign and complete the contracts and bonds upon the above named day.

The beef cattle furnished must not be over five years old and weigh not less than (500) five hundred pounds net dressed.

The beef furnished must be of good marketable quality, in good proportions of fore and hind quarters neck, shank and kidney lallow excluded, and to be slaughtered at such time and in such quantities, as may be required.

Payments will be made monthly, or as soon thereafter as funds may be received therefor. The Government reserves the right to reject any and all bids offered. Endorse envelopes including bid "Proposal for Fresh Beef."

Address Proposals to the undersigned, D. A. IRWIN, 1st Lt. 4th U. S. Cavalry, A. R. C. S. dec 11-6d

THE Gas Generators Have Arrived!

An invention by which a common Kerosene Lamp can at once be transformed into a Gas Lamp, of a most brilliant light, entirely safe against explosion; no chimney needed, and is not subject to be blown out by the strongest breeze or current of air; at the same time giving a better light than the combined light of two ordinary Kerosene Lamps, and saving fully one-third of the kerosene oil, by simply applying the gas generator.

The undersigned having procured the patent right for Bexar County, has now a supply of the Generators on hand, and offers to sell them at One Dollar, specie, each.

To Dealers, they will be offered by the dozen at a very fair discount. The undersigned has also been authorized to sell County Rights and Generators to all counties where said patent has not been introduced.

F. SIMON, At the store of Hertberg & Simon, nov102m San Antonio.

BELL & BROS.

DEALERS IN Jewelry, Silver-ware, Plated-ware Diamond Goods, American and European Watches and Clocks, Gold Pens and Pencils of every kind, Gold and Silver Trimbles, Gold, Silver, Steel and Tortoise-shell Spec. Tactics and Eye Glasses, with Pebble and Glass Lenses, Suitable for the aged or near-sighted.

Engravers and Manufacturers OF ALL ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, repaired and warranted. Orders Filled Promptly.

Main Street Five doors east of Main Plaza, Opposite their Old Stand. San Antonio, Texas. March 29, 1866

SCHMITT & DUERLER, Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. Wholesale Manufacturers OF ALL KINDS OF Crackers, Candles, Syrups, AND

Confectioneries, WEDDING AND BALL-CAKES Made to Order.

ALSO—A Select Assortment of Fancy Groceries, Such as

Can-Fruits, Jellies, Preserves, Figs, &c. Always on Hand.

San Antonio, Oct. 2, 1867. C. H. MOORE & COMPANY, Shippers and Dealers in

Doors, Glazed Sash, and Painted Blinds. Having on hand a large assortment of CHOICE STOCK.

We are enabled to fill all orders at Greedily Reduced Prices. Orders from the country solicited and promptly filled. MARKET STREET, oct18dly GALVESTON.

HAIGHT & CHAMBER'S

New Orleans Colossal Circus & Menagerie.



Organized and equipped in the City of New Orleans, Nov. 16, 1867. Transportation purchased and fitted out in the Cities of Galveston and Houston, Texas.

The only Southern Equestrian or Zoological confederation on the American Continent; others, claiming a Southern origin or taking the name of "Southern Circus" are base imposters, who assume the name to win the patronage of a generous and magnanimous public.

THIS COMPANY WILL EXHIBIT On the Military Plaza

For a few days only, commencing Thursday, Dec. 19, 1867.

The Equestrian and Olympic combination, unites the elements of Skill and Graceful Horsemanship, Chases and Dating Gymnastics, Daring Panache performance, and an ensemble of Spectacular Excellence, presented by a select and unprecedentedly large Troupe of Artists, culled from the most brilliant Arena Schools of ENGLAND, FRANCE and AMERICA.



The Equine Department is represented by a Stud of highly-trained Steeds, of great beauty and wonderful sagacity, conspicuous among which stands

The War-worn Veteran "Stonewall."

The Musical Department is unsurpassed in the rendition of soul-inspiring melodies, executed by

Storey's Crescent City Band.

THE ZOOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT Is not claimed to be a full and complete display of the various species of the Animal Kingdom, but does embrace several features of a most novel and interesting character, among which are

A Den of Asiatic Lions



but recently captured, and imported for this Establishment. They are of immense size, and usually ferocious, yet at each exhibition the World-famed and indomitable Lion King.

Kerr Elijah Lingle Enters their cage, and actually feeds the savage creatures with raw beef from his naked hand

The intensely interesting and rare phenomenon

A Baby Elephant.



The youngest and smallest ever witnessed in America,—a perfect little pet, playful and harmless as a kitten; together with a tribe of

MONKIES, APES and BABBOONS All of which forming one grand and interesting combination, under one immense Marquee, will be exhibited for

One Price of Admission!! For particulars, see Posters and Programmes.

DOORS OPEN at 11 and 7 o'clock P. M. Performance will commence at 2 and 7. Admission, - - \$1 specie. Children, - - 50cts. dec 14-5d

Special Notices.

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat,

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue, Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption, is often the result.

Brown's Bronchial Troches,

Having a direct influence on the parts, give immediate relief. For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice. Obtain only "Brown's BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold every where nov11d

THE HEALING POOL and House of Mercy,

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the errors, abuses, and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 1844 & 33m

To Marry or not to Marry? WHY NOT?

Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by Ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in a sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Card to Invalids.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by dissipated and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City

To Music Teachers and Dealers.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish Sheet Music, Strings, Musical Instruments, and Music Books of all kinds at the lowest trade rates, wholesale and retail, from the largest collections in this country. Orders punctually and faithfully attended to. Address all orders 81 ERLA OTT, 783 Broadway, N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of offering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers will gain by profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, w33ly 43 Cedar Street New York.

To Consumptives.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription, with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a Lung Affection, and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he begs every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 165 South Second Street, sep21 Wilkesbarre, N. Y.

Information

Guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face; also, a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, sep21 823 Broadway, N. Y.

J. MILLER & CO.,

MUNN'S BUILDING, STRAND, GALVESTON, DEALERS WHOLESALE & RETAIL, of all kinds of FIRE-ARMS, viz: Rifles, shot guns, (Laminated steel and Damascus twist,) Gun Wads and Gun Material, Shot, Powder and Caps, Powder Flasks and Shot-Pouches, Gun Locks, Sear Springs, Main Springs, Tumblers, &c. RIFLES, Kentucky Rifles, Ball's Patented nine Repeater, Palmer's single Breech-Loading CARBINES, (A splendid arm for Frontier Service,) Henry's Rifles, Ballard's Rifles, Maynard's Rifles, and Sharp's Rifles. SHOT GUNS, At \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$40, \$50, and up to \$175 in gold. In every variety. Orders from every part of the country filled with expedition. Sole Agents for Texas for REMINGTON'S FIRE ARMS, Galveston, Texas. 141

[Official.]

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

CHAP. CXXXV.—An Act making Appropriations for the current and contingent Expenses of the Indian Department, and for fulfilling Treaty Stipulations with various Indian Tribes, for the Year ending June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-three.

[CONTINUED.]

For permanent provisions for miller, in lieu of gunsmith, per fifth article treaty sixth October, eighteen hundred and eighteen, fifth article treaty twenty-third October, eighteen hundred and thirty-four, and fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred dollars.

For interest on fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, for educational purposes, per third article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, two thousand five hundred dollars.

For thirty-two instalments upon two hundred thousand dollars, per third article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, seven thousand five hundred dollars.

Miamia of Indiana.—For interest on two hundred and twenty-one thousand two hundred and fifty-seven dollars and eighty-six cents, authorized, at five per centum, for Miami Indians of Indiana, per Senate's amendment to fourth article treaty fifth June, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, eleven thousand and sixty-two dollars and eighty-nine cents.

Miamia, Ed River.—For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per fourth article treaty third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third article treaty twenty-first August, eighteen hundred and five, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, three hundred and fifty dollars.

Niqually, Puyallup, and other Tribes and Bands of Indians.—For eighth instalment, in part payment for relinquishment of title to lands, to be applied to beneficial objects, per fourth article treaty twenty-sixth December, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, fifteen hundred dollars.

For eighth of twenty instalments for pay of instructor, smith, physician, carpenter, farmer, and assistant if necessary, per tenth article treaty twenty-sixth December, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six thousand seven hundred dollars.

Osage.—For the fifth of ten instalments of this amount, being second of the series, in money or otherwise, per fourth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, thirty thousand dollars.

For eight of ten instalments for support of a miller, per eighth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred dollars.

For eighth of ten instalments for support of blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per eighth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, nine hundred and forty dollars.

For eighth of ten instalments for support of farmer, per article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred dollars.

For keeping in repair the grist and saw mill provided for by the eighth article of the treaty of sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four three hundred dollars.

For supplying the smith's shop with tools, and keeping the same in repair, per eighth article of the treaty of sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three hundred dollars.

For an engine, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Osage.—For interest on sixty-nine thousand one hundred and twenty dollars, at five per centum, being the value of fifty-four sections of land set apart, second June, eighteen hundred and twenty-five, for educational purposes, per Senate resolution, nineteenth January, eighteen hundred and thirty-eight, three thousand four hundred and fifty-six dollars.

Ottawa and Missouria.—For fifth of ten instalments, being the second series, in money or otherwise, per fourth article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, thirteen thousand dollars.

For eighth of ten instalments for pay of miller, per seventh article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred dollars.

For eighth of ten instalments for blacksmith and assistant, and iron and steel for shop, per seventh article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, nine hundred and forty dollars.

For eighth of ten instalments for farmer, per seventh article treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, six hundred dollars.

For keeping in repair the grist and saw mill provided for by the seventh article of the treaty of sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three hundred dollars.

For supplying the smith's shop with tools, and keeping the same in repair, per seventh article of the treaty sixteenth March, eighteen hundred and fifty-four, three hundred dollars.

For an engine, one thousand two hundred dollars.

Ottawa and Chippewa of Michigan.—For seventh of ten equal annual instalments for educational purposes, to be expended under the direction of the President, according to the wishes of the Indians so far as may be reasonable and just, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, eight thousand dollars.

For seventh of ten instalments for the support of four blacksmith shops, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, four thousand two hundred and forty dollars.

For seventh of instalments of principal, payable annually for ten years, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on two hundred and thirty-six thousand dollars, unpaid part of the principal sum of three hundred and six thousand dollars, for one year, at five per centum per annum, to be distributed per capita, in the usual manner of paying annuities, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, eleven thousand eight hundred dollars.

For seventh of ten equal annual instalments on thirty-five thousand dollars, in lieu of former treaty stipulations, to be paid per capita to the Grand River Ottawa, per second article of the treaty of thirty-first July, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, three thousand five hundred dollars.

Ottawa of Kansas.—For their proportion of the permanent annuity in money, goods, or otherwise, payable under the fourth article of the treaty of third August, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, second article of the treaty of seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, fourth article of the treaty of seventh September, eighteen hundred and eighty, and fourth article of

the treaty of twenty-ninth August, eighteen hundred and twenty-one, two thousand six hundred dollars.

Ponca.—For last of five instalments in goods and such articles as may be necessary for them, per second article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, forty thousand dollars.

For support of two manual labor schools annually, during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For pay of two teachers, under the direction of the President, per third article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For purchase of iron and steel, and other necessities for the shop, during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For pay of two blacksmiths, one of whom to be a gunsmith and tin-smith, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation of two trappers or apprentices in shop, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, four hundred and eighty dollars.

For fifth of ten instalments for farming utensils and stock during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For fourth of ten instalments for pay of miller, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, six hundred dollars.

For fourth of ten instalments for pay of an engineer, at the discretion of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, one thousand two hundred dollars.

For compensation to six trappers, to assist in working their mill, per fourth article treaty twenty-fourth September, eighteen hundred and fifty-seven, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in silver, per third article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in silver, per third article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in silver, per third article treaty thirtieth September, eighteen hundred and nine, five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in silver, per second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For permanent annuity in specie, per second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, two thousand dollars.

For the annuity to which the third article treaty twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, two hundred dollars.

For life annuity to chiefs, per third article treaty twentieth October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, seven hundred dollars.

For education during the pleasure of Congress, per third article treaty sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and fourth article treaty twenty-seventh October, eighteen hundred and thirty-two, five thousand dollars.

For permanent provision for the payment of money in lieu of tobacco, iron, and steel, per second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and fourth article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, three hundred dollars.

For permanent provision for three blacksmiths and assistants, per third article treaty sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and second article treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two thousand one hundred and sixty dollars.

For permanent provisions for iron and steel for shops, per third article treaty sixteenth October, eighteen hundred and twenty-six, second article treaty twentieth September, eighteen hundred and twenty-eight, and second article treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, six hundred and sixty dollars.

For permanent provisions for fifty barrels of salt, per second article of treaty twenty-ninth July, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For interest on six hundred and forty-three thousand dollars, at five per centum, per sixth article of the treaty of the fifth and seventeenth June, eighteen hundred and forty-six, thirty-two thousand one hundred and fifty dollars.

Pottawatomia of Huron.—For permanent annuity in money or otherwise, per second article treaty seventeenth November, eighteen hundred and seven, four hundred dollars.

Quapaw.—For education during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, shop and tools, and iron and steel for shop, during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, one thousand and sixty dollars.

For farmer during the pleasure of the President, per third article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, six hundred dollars.

For six rivers.—For ninth of sixteen instalments in blankets, clothing, farming utensils, and stock, per third article treaty thirtieth May, eighteen hundred and thirty-three, two thousand five hundred dollars.

See and Senate of Mississippi.—For permanent annuity in goods or otherwise, per third article treaty third November, eighteen hundred and forty, one thousand dollars.

For interest on two hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, ten thousand dollars.

For interest on eight hundred thousand dollars, at five per centum, per second article treaty eleventh October, eighteen hundred and forty two, forty thousand dollars.

Done and Force of Missouri.—For interest on one hundred and fifty-seven thousand four hundred dollars, at five per centum, under the direction of the President, per second article treaty twenty-first October, eighteen hundred and thirty-seven, seven thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars.

Seminole.—For the sixth of ten instalments for the support of schools, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, three thousand dollars.

For the sixth of ten instalments for agricultural assistance, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, two thousand dollars.

For the sixth of ten instalments for the support of smiths and smiths' shops, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, two thousand two hundred dollars.

For five per centum interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, to be paid as annuity, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

For interest on two hundred and fifty thousand dollars, at five per centum, to be paid as annuity, they having joined their brethren west, per eighth article treaty seventh August, eighteen hundred and fifty-six, twelve thousand five hundred dollars.

Seneca.—For permanent annuity in specie, per fourth article treaty twenty-ninth September, eighteen hundred and seventeen five hundred dollars.

For permanent annuity in specie, per fourth article treaty seventeenth September, eighteen hundred and eighteen, five hundred dollars.

For blacksmith and assistant, shop and tools, and iron and steel, during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, one thousand and sixty dollars.

For miller during the pleasure of the President, per fourth article treaty twenty-eighth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six hundred dollars.

Seneca of New York.—For permanent annuity, in lieu of interest on stock, per act of nineteenth February, eighteen hundred and thirty-one, six thousand dollars.

[to be continued.]

SLOCUM'S BOOK STORE,

Commerce Street, Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store.

K e p s c o n s t a n t l y o n h a n d

School Books at Wholesale and Retail.

A fine assortment of STATIONERY

of all kinds, CHILDREN'S BOOKS, Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books,

And other Books. Suitable for Presents!

A large assortment of PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS

Toilet Articles, Pen Knives, Miscellaneous Articles.

—Also— THE INDELLIBLE PENNUL,

Wholesale and Retail. The Latest Novels constantly

on hand. Cards of all kinds.

In fine a full assortment of everything pertaining to this line of business.

All the Latest Newspapers, Magazines, etc.

Music! Music!! Music!!! A fine assortment on hand, and receiving NEW MUSIC every week.

F. KALTEYER, APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST,

Presidio St., near the Court-house, SAN ANTONIO.

Has just received direct from Europe, a well selected supply of

Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, etc.

Among others— English Colomel,

English Mustard, Citric Acid,

Acetic Acid, Oil of Bergamot,

Oil of Lemon, Lint, &c., &c.

Superior Steel Pens and Pen Holders, Trusses,

Syringes, of Block Tin,

G.A.A. and India Rubber,

Copping Glasses, Medicine Chests, Medics' Baggage,

Genuine Eau de Cologne, &c.

dec2066m.

EVANS & CO. (ESTABLISHED 1856)

CASH WHOLESALE GROCERS

GALVESTON, TEXAS.

ESTABLISHED 1780. J.C. HULL'S SON, NEW YORK.

FAMILY & PALE SOAP, AND ALL KINDS OF FANCY SOAPS.

Sold by EVANS & Co GALVESTON, TEXAS.

July 17th 1867. HIDES

HIGHEST MARKET PRICE, ELMENDORF & Co.

THE ALAMO STEAM Wagon Factory, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The undersigned having erected, in the City of San Antonio, an establishment of the above character, where all work is done by Machinery and Steam Power, would inform the public, and especially owners of Transportation Trains, that he is now fully prepared to execute all orders for the

Making & repairing of Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Wheelbarrows, &c. Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings, made to order and of the best material. Sawing and Planing of all kinds done to order. All kinds of Blacksmithing done to order. Fellos, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts & Bows, kept for sale.

All Work executed upon the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Having had many years experience in the above business, he confidently relies upon giving entire satisfaction to his customers.

J. YATES BROWER, Proprietor.

SAN ANTONIO NATIONAL BANK.

Designated Depository Financial Agents of the United States

Capital \$125,000.

DIRECTORS: L. ZORK, T. H. STRIBLING, E. DEGENER, I. A. PASCHAL, A. NETTE, D. BELL, G. W. BRACKENRIDGE.

Collections made on all accessible points and remitted promptly.

G. W. BRACKENRIDGE, President. JNO. T. BRACKENRIDGE, Cashier.

E. Cramer.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS.

Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c. &c.

CORNER OF MAIN PLAZA AND COMMERCE STREET.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES.

RHODIUS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS IN

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES

LIQUORS OF ALL KINDS, TOBACCO,

Pipes, Cans, Fruits, Pickles, &c., &c.

COMMERCE STREET,

dec1041 SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

ZORK & GRIESENBECK,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

Wholesale and Retail

MERCHANTS,

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Wines, Brands,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Ladies' Fancy Goods,

&c., &c., &c.