

San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, FRIDAY, DEC. 6, 1867.

NO. 304.

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office. dly

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as Midwife in Germany, and having done business as such with good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldman's Bakery.

MARY KLABBE,
San Antonio, August 29, 1866. no49-1f

MRS. ECKEL,
Graduate of "Harburg Institute, Europe," offers her services to the people of San Antonio as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in this service renders her one of the best professions.
Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of Mr. William Elliot. 6-1y.

Law, etc.

BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
(no. 11-1) Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCEL,
Attorney & Counsellor at-Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866. no34ly

Law Notter.

Thomas M. Paschal will hereafter be associated with the undersigned in all new business intrusted to their care in Texas.
I. A. & G. W. PASCHAL,
Attorneys at Law.
August 9th 1867f

PEYTON SMYTHE,
County Clerk Bexar county, and ex officio Notary Public, keeps on hand Blank Deeds, Deeds of Trust, &c., for gratuitous distribution in Bexar county.
Instruments of Writing drawn and acknowledgments taken on liberal terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Will also prepare Proposals to the U. S. Quartermaster for Contracts; he keeps on hand printed forms, etc.
He can be found at the County Clerk's Office, Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15-7
147a-wtf

NEWTON & PICQUE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
414-3a-wtf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Nettie's Drug Store,
SAN ANTONIO,
seply

Hotels.

Klopper Hotel.
First Class Entertainment.
Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with friends. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.
Commerce street, San Antonio. 410f

INGRAM HOUSE,
VICTORIA, TEXAS.
WILLIAM J. NEELY, Proprietor.
This house is refurnished and opened for the public. Good Stabling on the premises.
729d-w2m

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
M. F. THOMPSON,
Proprietor.
146-17

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking Public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State.
V. TARDE.
1211f

R. FEINBERG & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK.
August 2f [no38ly.]

WULF & SHELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
CANTON, MEXICO.
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
no. Alamo & North streets
je28

Business Cards.

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas. 6-wtf

TIL. HERTZBERG, F. SIMON,
HERTZBERG & SIMON,
Glassware, Mouldings,
Fancy Goods, Pictures, Pipes,
Stationery, Brushes, Music,
NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
at S. S. Sampson's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.
147

WM. CHEYLER, JOS. ANDERSON,
Chrysler & Anderson,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
GABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING;
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
CASH paid for WOOL and HIDES.
March 26th 1867. 56tf

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
in
Dry-Goods and Groceries.
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 113tf

PHILIP CONRAD,
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite Lark & Grossenbeck.
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. dly

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currencies and Exchange bought and sold; Collections made on all accessible points. 56tf

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.
Liberal advances made on consignments of Country Produce. 139

G. SCHEMIDT, ROBERT VOIGT,
SCHMIT & VOIGT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON, NEW YORK.
August 2f. [no48-1y.]

W. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
446 HUTCHIN'S BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST
HOUSTON, Texas.
Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce. 120tf

BURTIS & FRENCH,
Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
New York. je28ly.]

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
General Commission Merchants,
OSTERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg. jan8ly

BOGERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Glass, &c.,
89 Pearl street, and 36 Stone street,
NEW YORK.
Orders promptly executed at lowest prices. No Travelers or Drummers employed. All goods bearing our stamp warranted extra quality. sep5 6m

Business Cards.

STOVES!!
Cooking, Parlor and Box
STOVES,
Just received, and for sale at
NORTON & DEUTZ'S.
oct24d1f

L. J. Dresch,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Eagle Pass, Tex.,
—AND—
PIEDRAS NEGRAS, MEXICO.
nov5tf

ALBERT TÜRPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash-Price paid for Hides.
sep17tf

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.
REFERENCES:
Frazier, Major & Co., New York.
Canal Bank, New Orleans.
W. H. H. Witherall, Esq., New Orleans.
William Chrysler, San Antonio.
National Bank of Texas, Galveston.
Heyck & Helfrich, Lavaca.
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indianola.
dec 10d1f

A. C. NEELY, QUARERS MAJOR,
late of Walker's Div. late of the Terry Regt.
McNEENY & MAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.
A. H. EDEY, Galveston, Texas.
10

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$9,000,000
December 19, 1866. d3m

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York.
A. L. CONKLIN,
L. B. DAVIS. jec28

NORTON & DEUTZ,
SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & CO.,
Hardware,
LEATHER,
—AND—
Woodenware Dealers,
SAN ANTONIO
Sept. 2 TEXAS

A. STACKEY,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 8, 1867.

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
sep21w6m NEW YORK.

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,
DRY GOODS,
350 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Flannels, Hosiery,
Gloves, Dress Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Ribbons, Laces,
Skirt Braids,
Lace Articles,
Dress Goods, Silks,
White Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroideries,
English Crapes,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Yankee Notions, etc., etc. 17septf

OUR GALVESTON LETTER

The Coming Convention—Removal of Headquarters—The Brenham Desperadoes—Violation of Orders—Freedmen's Schools—Personal—City Items—Erratum.
GALVESTON, TEXAS, Dec. 1, 1867.

Editor San Antonio Express:

Late intelligence from Austin gives us the gratifying information that probably ere this letter reaches you an order will have been issued by the commanding General for a Conventional election. In about sixty days from the issuance of said order—say the last week in January—I hope to chronicle the meeting of a Union legislative body who, representing the people of Texas, shall frame a Constitution, righteous, liberal and just in its provisions, in consonance with the principles of the enlightened Government under which we live. Thanks to the do-nothing policy of our rebel Conservatives, if Union men are active and vigilant, the coming Convention may wholly represent the loyal element of the State. The question of the removal of Headquarters from Austin hitherto, is now pending; while General Reynolds may personally wish the location of Headquarters personally at Austin, yet it is believed that the interests of the Commandant of the 5th Military District will require its location at this place. We will probably have the decision of this matter in a few days.

Reliable information of the murder of Mr. Culver, the Bureau Agent at Cotton Gin, places the matter in an altogether different light from that which was derived from rebel sources. Mr. Hall, a Union citizen of Cotton Gin, was, on the day of the murder, traveling in a carriage with his wife, from Freestone county to Springfield. He states that on his way, at a place where the roads forked, he was suddenly started at the appearance of three desperadoes, fully armed, who, emerging from the bushes, peered eagerly into the carriage; but, seeing a lady present, they suffered the vehicle to pass on. Mr. Hall remarked to his wife, on passing them: "Those men are up to some mischief—they intend to waylay some Union man." His wife, who was alarmed, replied that she was fearful they intended some harm to her husband, who was well known as a Unionist; being, in fact, employed as a clerk for the Bureau Agent. Mr. Hall, however, attributed to his wife's presence the fact of no assault being made on him. It did not occur to him at the time, though he knew of the absence of Mr. Culver and his orderly, that they were on the same road and would have to pass by this place. Later he heard of the murder of Captain Culver and his orderly, saw their bodies riddled with musket balls and buckshot, and the deep ax wound nearly severing the neck of the body of Culver; and, going back to the spot whence he had encountered the desperadoes, saw marks of blood and a struggle. The supposition is that at this place, Culver with his orderly were beset by the ruffians; that at the first fire Culver was brought to the ground, from his horse; that the orderly was unhorsed but able to limp off, as the blood marks on the ground plainly showed; but that, firing again, the orderly was killed; and, though the death of Culver was certain probably at the first fire of the party, yet to make sure, the inhuman monsters nearly severed by the blows of an ax, his head from his lifeless body. During the melee, it is presumed, Stewart got wounded, either from the fire of his own party or the waylaid men, and that therefore the bodies of Culver and his orderly were carried to the vicinity of Stewart's house and the story of killing in self-defense, etc., originated.

The military authorities will thoroughly investigate the murder, and it is hoped the dastardly perpetrators will be discovered. Stewart, who is wounded quite badly, (and he is the only one, so the story of his wife's wound, etc., being entirely untrue, and made up for the purpose stated), is in custody. About the time of Captain Culver's murder, another party of ruffians had surrounded the house of old gentleman Riekey, in Navarro county, and, taking him out, put a rope about his neck to hang him. One of the villains, with more humanity than the others, succeeded in rescuing the old man from his perilous situation. It is understood that an attempt was made on the life of Colonel Lippard, also, but the Union-men rallying turned out in such numbers and with such indignation that the rebel ruffians, frightened from their purpose, ignominiously fled. Captain Wins, who lives with old Mr. Riekey, was absent at the time of the assault. The personal courage of this gentleman is of so great a nature that every rebel ruffian in the country fears him, and General Reynolds could not do better than to appoint this ex-Union officer as the Sub-Assistant Commissioner of the deceased Captain Culver's District.

Two desperadoes, who had long been the scourge of law-abiding citizens of Washington county, were mortally shot recently while in the act of firing upon their military guard. The affair took place at Brenham.

There are complaints of the violation of Order No. 155, which forbids "all distinctions on account of color, race or previous condition, by railroads or other chartered companies that are common carriers." Our colored citizens allege that on the Houston steamboats they are made to go on deck among cattle and filth, whenever their necessity compels them to make the trip—and that the same is also true of the Morgan line of steamers plying between here and Brazhar City or New Orleans.

This Order No. 155, unless rescinded, should be obeyed and enforced. Another very important order, which forbade the imposing by railroad companies in their charges for fares a heavy discount on currency, but caused them to accept legal tender at its value, is now totally disregarded, and travelers without specie are invariably forced on leaving Galveston for the interior.

It is to be hoped that the Orders of the lamented General Griffin will either be revoked, or, if they stand, enforced. The freedmen's schools throughout the State are hereafter to be conducted on a self-supporting basis. Lieutenant Mass, Acting Assistant Adjutant-General of the District of Texas, passed through here yesterday en route for New Orleans, where he goes on business connected with his department. Major Moore, of your journal, arrived here Friday, looking fat and handsome—the result of his Rocky Mountain trip. He left yesterday for home.

Our cultivated Superintendent of Education, E. M. Wheelock, Esq., returned yesterday from Austin. We may expect ere long a paper on education, which will ably serve the Convention as a guide for its action in this regard.

Saxon, Flak's Bulletin correspondent at Austin, is said to be a clerk in the Civil Bureau. Business is becoming brisk. Cotton and country folks arrive daily, the embargo having been removed from the country towns, and our city wears a cheerful air.

Thanksgiving as a holiday was hardly observed here by our mercantile population outside of the few to whom the day is dear on account of its hallowed associations of love and friendship in by-gone days. Major Plimly wishes to head an enterprise for the rebuilding of the railroad bridge. If he gets to work the thing will be speedily accomplished. We are expecting a large number of German emigrants this month. In the announcement of Rev. G. W. Honey, as Clerk of the Supreme Court, you published it as "S. W. Noney," an error I desire to rectify.

HUMPHREY.
Mrs. A. J. Hamilton and family arrived in this city on Saturday evening. The Governor may be expected about the last of this week. Business engagements detained him a few days in New Orleans.—Austin Republic.

The Daily Express.

Official Journal of the United States... Official Journal of Bexar County and City of San Antonio.

FRIDAY, DEC. 6, 1867.

DIVISION OF THE STATE.

The question of the division of the State is beginning to loom up in consequence of the introduction of a bill to that effect into Congress.

That the measure is distasteful to the people of Texas, and contrary to the interests of the State, we would require no better evidence than that it had its origin with Stevens; for when has he uttered a word or proposed a measure which was not intended as an insult to the Southern people, and for the ruin of the Southern States?

Such nonsense is hardly worth noticing. That the measure originated with Mr. Stevens will be something new to the people of Texas, when everybody knows that the Constitution of our State provides for its division into several States; that this was one of the provisions in our admission into the Union.

As to the sentiment of the people in regard to a division of the State, we believe there is a universal desire in Western Texas to have a division, and this sentiment in favor of division is not confined to party limits, or to Union men or secessionists. The belief is prevalent that had we a State to ourselves, emigration would flow in upon us until our thousands of acres of waste lands would be settled up; every land-holder feels this.

We believe that with the Brazos for boundary, we would have a State compact in its interests. In fact, we are all favorable to a division of the State, and if the State is ever to be divided we believe the present as favorable a time as could be selected. One strong reason which existed formerly no longer exists; that was, our fear as a loyal people of being ruled by a disloyal section of our State. The hope is now that the whole State can be placed under loyal rule.

We are willing, however, to let this question go until it comes up as a separate issue; and we hope that the Republican party will keep it out of our reconstruction struggle. Let no question be agitated which will distract or lead the people away from the great question of loyal reconstruction. Let it be a question with Congress, and after Congressional action then let it be presented as an issue of itself.

A RUDICULOUS STORY ABOUT A NEGRO INSURRECTION.—Our gossiping telegraph gives us a long account of a negro insurrection which winds up with "order restored." It seems there was a negro church burnt and no doubt other outrages which the lightning hadn't time to wait for. Such is the stuff that is sent whizzing over the country for political effect, while important news matter is neglected.

THE GEORGETOWN MEETING.—We learn that the Barbecue near Georgetown, on Saturday last, was a perfect success in every particular. A large concourse of people was present; the tables were loaded with the best the country affords, and the audience was entertained with eloquent speeches from Judge Houghton, Mr. Talbot, and Scipio McKee. The utmost harmony and enthusiasm prevailed. The people of Williamson intend to vote, and, better still, they intend to vote the Republican ticket. Roll on the ball.—Austin Republican.

ARRIVAL OF GENERAL HANCOCK.—Gen. Hancock, the commander of the Fifth Military District, reached the city last evening. The General was received by the military authorities with so more ceremony than what is due to his rank as commander of the Fifth Military District, and this was in accordance with his own desire. General Hancock is accompanied by his family.—N. O. Tribune.

The Paris Extr'acts says: "The famous Ameri' an clown Agrest, called the Man-fly, committed suicide last week at Berlin, in presence of two thousand spectators, by firing a pistol in his mouth at the moment he was hanging by his feet to the ceiling of the theater."

The fashion now is at church weddings to stretch a broad with ribbon across the aisle up which the bridal party pass, above which none but invited guests are allowed to sit.

By Telegraph.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXPRESS.

Markets. New York, December 3.—Money closed easy at six per cent. Gold steady at 36 1/2. Sterling stronger; nominal at 9 1/2. Governments more active and better.

Stocks generally advanced sub-treasury balance \$12,500,000.

Markets. New Orleans, December 4.—Cotton stiff; sales 5,800 bales; Middling 15 1/2; receipts 2,000 bales; exports 3,044 bales.

Gold 137. New York, December 4.—Gold 137 1/2. Liverpool, December 4.—Cotton firmer; sales 10,000 bales; Uplands 7 1/2; Orleans 7 1/2.

London, December 4.—Consols 93. Bonds 70 1/2.

More About the President's Message.

WASHINGTON, December 3.—The message discussed the civil tenure bill, and denounced it as unconstitutional. Extra judicial and promotive fraud in preventing the removal of dishonest officers. The President elaborately discussed the financial question and invites the early consideration of Congress, in comparing the currency circulation of seven years ago with the present; he says standing facts make it so that the duty of the Government is to take such measures as will enable the holders of its notes and those of the National banks to convert them without loss into specie or its equivalent; a reduction of our circulation paper medium need not necessarily follow, this would depend on law of demand and supply, though it should be borne in mind that by making legal tender and bank notes convertible into coin or its equivalent, their present specie value would be enhanced one hundred per cent, the various issues of our bonds and the gold and paper interest of same was alluded to at length; the President declares that equal and exact justice requires that all of the creditors of the Government should be paid in currency of equal value not gold for one and paper for another, he favors the measure of retiring of our paper currency that gold and silver may cease to be an article of traffic and return to our avenue of trade, it is not reasonable to expect a return to sound currency as long as the Government continue to issue redeemable notes and fills every channel of circulation with depreciated paper; the attention of Congress is invited to the necessity of a thorough revision of the revenue system and a large relation of the number of articles taxed; the President also urges that peace be secured with Indians but has no official details from the commissioners.

The President says a treaty has been concluded with the King of Denmark for cession of the Islands of St. Thomas and St. John's to the United States.

New York City Election.—Complete returns gives Hoffman 60,000; Wood 52,000, and Darling 18,000.

Congressional. Cavanagh's bill allowing territorial delegation rights in Congress creates great stir; Cavanagh who is a delegate from Montana claims his represents 6500 persons, paying 124,000 revenue tax; he contends that his constituents are entitled to something more than a voiceless seat in the House.

WASHINGTON, December 4.—Ratification of 14th article of Constitution by Nebraska was presented.

A memorial from Kentucky soldiers relative to alleged disloyalty of Kentucky State officers was presented.

Senate. Drake offered a resolution that the President had transcended his constitutional powers in the language of his message referred to reconstruction; that the language used is derogatory to the dignity of Congress and a usurpation of their rights and privileges;—lies over.

Howard said it was a libel to every member who voted for reconstruction bills.

It was nothing less than an insidious invitation to rebel States to resist by violence the reconstruction acts; he would not vote money for distribution of such attacks upon peoples representatives.

Anthony said the question was whether they would depart from the President and hereafter only print matter advocating their own views.

Cameron thought message already sufficiently published.

bers of the Supreme Court a quorum.

House.

The Secretary of Treasury was called upon for a report of the amount of Government funds deposited with National banks.

A bill for better protection abroad referred.

A bill repealing cotton tax was received.

An amendment reducing tax to one cent per pound lost.

An amendment that court of claims shall have no jurisdiction over claims for cotton tax either collected. The bill as it came from committee was passed without argument, —ayes 20.

Bill simply abolishes tax commencing with next crop, but continues it on next crop.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, December 4.—General Crawford relieved; Burbank Commander of the District of Kentucky who is ordered to St. Louisburg.

A law is pending in the Canadian parliament making American silver coin legal tender at 80 cents on the dollar.

Military Orders.

New Orleans, Dec. 4.—General orders No. 202, Headquarters 5th Military District, to-day, is as follows: paragraph 3 of special orders No. 188, from these Headquarters, dated Nov. 16, issued by Gen. Mower, removing R. R. Cranke, Clerk of second District Court, Parish of Orleans, for malfeasance in office and appointing R. L. Shelley in his stead, is hereby revoked and R. R. Cranke is reinstated in said office. If any charges are set up against said Cranke the Judicial department of government is sufficient to take whatever action may be necessary in the premises: Paragraph 1 of same order suspending that portion of the order No. 201, ordering General Mower to join his regiment, says Mower will remain in the city awaiting further orders.

From Alabama.

MONTGOMERY, December 4.—Alarming excesses are recently committed by blacks in Bullock county; the colored loyal league organized and rescinded a procession by the civil authorities under instructions from colored emissaries they formed a code of laws to govern the negro population and opened a court officered and organized arresting by night all blacks who opposed their unlawful proceeding and they carried their punishment so far that their victims applied to civil authorities for protection the black sheriff and his deputies were finally arrested but other insurrectionary leaders organized negroes and made armed resistance; aid from other leagues was obtained, blacks flocked to Union Springs threatening a general rising and taking possession of the country. Black leaders want a plantation and forced laborers for vengeance, showing pretended orders from Gen. Swayne that they had a perfect right to kill all resisting their authority.

During the excitement a negro church at Perote was burned by unknown parties, alleged to be the black leaguers to inflame the negroes. The whites universally regret it.

The white citizens are organized for protection.

General Swayne was appealed to; he sent a detachment of soldiers to the scene of troubles to restore order.

Fifteen black insurrectionists have been arrested and lodged in jail to be tried by civil authorities.

At last accounts order was restored.

New Advertisements.

NOTICE. The Mayor will be in attendance at the Mayor's office every day from 8 o'clock A. M. till 12 o'clock M. and from 2 o'clock P. M. till sun down. On Sundays from 8 o'clock till 12 o'clock A. M.

Regular meetings of the City Council every 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month. THIELEFAPB, Mayor. ATTEST: MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, City Sec. San Antonio, Dec. 3rd, 1867. (dim.)

DISSOLUTION. The mercantile co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name, style and firm of R. Wulping & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The settlement of the business of said firm will be made by E. Cramer, and all debts due thereto, collected by him. R. WULPING. E. CRAMER. M. KRAUKAU.

Referring to above circular the undersigned will continue the business under his own name. C. CRAMER. San Antonio, Dec. 5, 1867. (tf.)

TEN CHIHUAHUA WAGONS for sale at LEROUX & CO'S GROVE. dec. 5-dim.

DR. NOHL, CITY PHYSICIAN. Office hours before eight o'clock A. M. and from 2 to 4 P. M. (dec. 5-dim.)

JUST RECEIVED, A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF FANCY GOODS AND TOYS, FOR CHRISTMAS. E. PENTENRIEDER, 31 Commerce Street.

Historical, Philosophical, Biographical and Miscellaneous Books, Stationery, AND NOTIONS, AT GAMBLE'S BOOK STORE, 31 Commerce Street. JUST RECEIVED A FRESH SUPPLY OF STATIONERY for Commercial purposes, Ladies' Bath Gilt Note, Octavo and Billet Paper; Lined Envelops, &c., &c.; Photographic Albums; Portfolios; Toilet Articles; Perfumery, &c., &c.; Ladies' Dress Buttons, Visiting Cards, Spectacles, Canes, Umbrellas, and many other articles, too numerous to mention.

DIRECT IMPORTATION. ONLY ONE WORD! H. GRENET, Respectfully invites City and Country Merchants and the Public generally to examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. BY DOING SO THEY WILL FIND GREAT INDUCEMENTS to their advantage.

EVERY ARTICLE IS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED. LAEVENSTEIN & CO., Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas. WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS. Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c., &c., &c. Just received a large stock of Fall and Winter Goods!

BELL & BROS. DEALERS IN Jewelry, Silver-ware, Plated-ware Diamond Goods, American and European Watches and Clocks, Gold Pens and Pencils of every kind, Gold and Silver Thimbles, Gold, Silver, Steel and Tortoise-shell Spectacles and Eye Glasses, with Pebble and Glass Lenses, Suitable for the aged or near-sighted. Engravers and Manufacturers OF ALL ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE. WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, repaired and warranted. Orders Filled Promptly. Main Street Five doors east of Main Plaza, Opposite their Old Stand, San Antonio, Texas. March 29; 1866.

NOTAY PUBLIC.—Over Lindmiller's Drug Store, Main Street. Office hours, 8 to 12 A. M.—2 to 3 P. M., or can be found at any time by making inquiry at the Express printing rooms on Market Street. JAS. P. NEWCOMB.

WANTED! 200 Bales of Cotton. 200 Bales of Cotton wanted by JEFFERSON & MURPHY. 8 n Antonio, Nov. 19, 1867.



COOKING, PARLOR, AND BOX STOVES! Just received by LEROUX & CO'S GROVE. oct31tf ELMENDORF & CO. Hardware Merchants. MAIN PLAZA.

Have constantly on hand, and offer for sale English and American Cutlery, Iron and Steel of all sizes, Carpenters Tools, Mill & Crosscut Saws of all sizes, Boring Machines, Nails of all sizes, Butts, Hinges, Screws, etc., Door, Cabinet & Trunk Locks of all kinds, Shoe Makers' Saddlers' Tools & Trimmings, Buckles Rings, etc., Bridle Bits & Webbing, Oil Cloth, Hames, Collars, etc., Tin, Rivets, & Kettle Eas, etc., etc., Steel Hoes and Agricultural Impliment, in general. Landreth's Garden Seeds always on hand. And a general assortment of Hardware Also: Paints, Oils, Turpentine & Glass; Paint, Shoe & Clothes Brushes, Petroleum & Lamps, Coll's Army & Navy-Size Pistols, Powder, Shot & Caps, And all other articles in their line of business at low prices. Sole Agents for Hettings' Safe's also for Planer & Kayser's Sewing Machines. May 24th 1866. no35tf.

STAGE LINE Two commodious Stages and one baggage wagon run regularly once a month by way of Pedro's Springs (Eagle Pass) to Chihuahua. This line connects at Chihuahua with the stage that runs to Monterey and thence to Matamoros or Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, Zacatecas or the City of Mexico. It also connects at San Antonio, Comstock and Chihuahua with the stage line to Paso del Norte. The Stages are well protected by a strong armed escort. For rates of passage, specie shipments and freights, apply to FELIX MACKYRA, Proprietor, Chihuahua. WULFF & SCHETTLIG, Agents, corner Alamo and North streets, July 25-40. San Antonio, Texas.

SLOCUM'S BOOK STORE, Commerce Street, Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store. Keeps constantly on hand School Books at Wholesale and Retail. A fine assortment of STATIONERY of all kinds, CHILDREN'S BOOKS, Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books, And other Books. Suitable for Presents! A large assortment of PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS, Toilet Articles, Pen Knives, AND Miscellaneous Articles. Also— THE INDELLIBLE PENCIL, Wholesale and Retail. The Latest Novels constantly on hand. Cards of all kinds. In fine a full assortment of everything pertaining to this line of business. All the Latest Newspapers, Magazines, etc. Music! Music!! Music!!! A fine assortment on hand, and receiving NEW MUSIC every week. oct31tf

Local Intelligence.

Entertainment

AT THE CASINO HALL

Saturday, December 7, 1867.

None but members and their guests admitted.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

COUNTY COURT.—The County Court of this county is now fairly under way. Two cases were heard and decided yesterday, in both the issues were submitted to the Judge, the parties waiving the jury.

MAYOR'S COURT, December 4.—The State vs. Albert Knox, aggravated assault, bound over in \$100 bond.

Frank Green, col. vulgar and indecent language, fined \$5 and costs.

Martha, (col. woman.) indecent language, fined \$3 and costs.

Mat. Woodliff, aggravated assault upon L. M. Hendricks, trial still pending.

City vs. Albert Knox, indecent and abusive language, not disposed of.

A STREET FIGHT—EXCITING SCENE ON MAIN STREET.—Yesterday, Thursday, the usual peace of Main street was broken by the occurrence of a street fight.

One Hendricks, was attacked by Mat Woodliff, who aspires to the position of a professional cardist. Hendricks had tried his luck at Mat's game and won several hundred dollars; he tried again and lost, he borrowed of Woodliff \$500, and afterwards refused to pay the borrowed sum, though frequently asked for it.

At last, yesterday, Woodliff again asked Hendricks, when Hendricks very contemptuously turned on his heel and remarked that he didn't talk to his, Woodliff's sort, which raised Woodliff's dander to such a degree that he gave Hendricks a good beating. The parties were both put under arrest. Judge Stribbling, who happened on the scene of action arrested Woodliff and turned him over to Sheriff Fisk, who released him on a bond of \$500, which Woodliff gave by depositing the amount in gold with the Sheriff. Every body's sympathies seemed in favor of Woodliff, though Hendricks got the worst of the "mill."

As we said the other day, gambling is a vice which eats into the good morals, honesty and prosperity of the community, it breeds dishonesty and bad blood.

N. B. We have since learned that the fight took place in Scheuing's war-room. Hendricks attempted to strike Woodliff with a bang-hammer and Woodliff got the hammer away and pecked Hendricks in the head. A sort of a free fight in which Hendricks got worsted.

Disruption of Partnership.—In our advertising columns will be found the dissolution of the firm of Wulffing & Co. The business to be hereafter conducted by E. Cramer. This establishment is situated on the corner of Commerce street and Main Plaza. The stock of goods is new and extensive and the public will find Mr. Cramer a liberal and creditable merchant.

REAL ESTATE, consisting of first class property in the city, (with three tracts.) Several Valuable Family Residences & Sundry City Lots.

Also: 250 Mules and 25 Horses—One train of ten Wagons and one hundred Miles, all complete. Also, all classes of Wagons, Carriages and other vehicles.

SAN ANTONIO, Dec. 3rd, 1867. (46d 11w)

SELLING AT COST AND BELOW.

Entire Stock of Toys, BY HERTZBERG & SIMON.

Cavalry Horses Wanted Immediately! Two Hundred and Seventy Seven Horses.

For which the highest prices in specie will be paid.

Said Horses must be sound in all particulars, well broken, in full flesh and good condition, from (15) fifteen to (16) sixteen hands high, from (5) five to (9) nine years old, and well adapted in every way to cavalry purposes.

For particulars apply at the Messrs Hotel, or Stock Yard near by.

R. W. PEAY, San Antonio, Nov. 19, 1867.

Hungarian Leeches. Just received and for sale by A. NETTE, Drugist and Apothecary, Commerce St., San Antonio, Texas.

NOTICE!!

Having received an order for

10,000 BUSHELS

OF

PECANS!!

I am prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for the same

oct10d4w3m H. GRENET.

THE

Gas Generators

Have Arrived!

An invention by which a common Kerosene Lamp can at once be transformed into a Gas Lamp, of a most brilliant light, entirely safe against explosion; no chimney needed, and is not subject to be blown out by the strongest breeze or current of air; at the same time giving a better light than the combined light of two ordinary Kerosene Lamps, and saving fully one-third of the kerosene oil, by simply applying the gas generator.

The undersigned having procured the patent right for Bezar County, has now a supply of the Generators on hand, and offers to sell them at One Dollar, specie, each.

To Dealers, they will be offered by the dozen at a very fair discount.

The undersigned has also been authorized to sell County Rights and Generators to all counties where said patent has not been introduced.

F. SIMON, At the store of Hertzberg & Simon, nov103m San Antonio.

C. H. MOORE & COMPANY, Shippers and Dealers in

Doors, Glazed Sash, and Painted Blinds.

Having on hand a large assortment of CHOICE STOCK,

We are enabled to fill all orders at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Orders from the country solicited and promptly filled. MARKET STREET, oct18dly GALVESTON.

J. MILLER & CO., KUHN'S BUILDING, STRAND, GALVESTON,

DEALERS, WHOLESALE & RETAIL, of all kinds of

FIRE-ARMS, viz: Rifles, shot guns, (Laminated steel and Damascus twist.)

Gun Wads and Gun Material, Shot, Powder and Caps, Powder Flasks and Shot Pouches, Gun Locks, Sear Springs, Main Springs, Tumblers, &c.

RIFLES, Kentucky Rifles, Ball's Patented nine Repeater, Palmer's single Breech-Loading, CARBINES, (A splendid arm for Frontier Service.)

Henry's Rifles, Ballard's Rifles, Maynard's Rifles, and Sharp's Rifles.

SHOT-GUNS, At \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$40, \$50, and up to \$175 in gold.

In every variety. Orders from every part of the country filled with expedition.

Sole Agents for Texas for REMINGTON'S FIRE-ARMS, Galveston, Texas, 141

Great Southern Mail Route, FROM TEXAS TO ALL PORTS NORTH AND EAST.

Via Steamship to New Orleans, thence via Canton, Grand Junction, Chatanooga, Lynchburg and WASHINGTON, THROUGH TO

Baltimore, Philadelphia, and New York.

Two through Express Trains leave New Orleans daily, carrying the great Northern through mail.

This is the only all-rail route from New Orleans to New York, without Ferry or Omnibus changes, and is 118 miles shorter than via Louisville, Cincinnati, and Pan Handle route; 237 miles shorter than via Atlantic and Great Western route; 244 miles shorter than via the Indianapolis and New York Central route; 284 miles shorter than via Cairo and Chicago routes.

BAGGAGE CHECKED THROUGH TO ALL PORTS.

ELEGANT SLEEPING COACHES ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

Passengers by this Route reach New York sixteen hours quicker than via Mobile and Great Northern Line.

Passengers by this Line make close connections at Decatur for Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, etc., and at Chattanooga with trains for Atlanta, Augusta, Savannah, and all points in Georgia and the Carolinas.

Fare as Low as the Lowest!

For through tickets and information, apply at the offices of the G. H. & H. R. R., and Hertzberg's House, Houston; Union Office N. G. J. & G. N. Railroad, Central Wharf, Galveston, and corner Camp and Common streets, under City Hotel, New Orleans.

JULIUS HAYDEN, 15-22 1/2 General Southern Agent.

HIDES Bought at the HIGHEST MARKET PRICE. H. MENLORF & Co.

House and Lot for Sale.

The house and lot situated on Goliad street, the property of E. Steppa, is for sale. The house has three rooms, each 20 by 19 feet; a warehouse is attached 40 by 16 feet. All in good order and title guaranteed.

Apply to the owner or at the office of the San Antonio Express.

If sale is not made before January 6th, 1868, the above will be sold on that day to the highest bidder. nov7d4w1f

Gov't. Advertisements.

Sale of Subsistence Stores and Commissary Property. OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY OF SUBSISTENCE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Nov. 29th 1867.

The following Subsistence Stores and articles of Commissary Property, will be sold at public Auction, at the Commissary buildings, San Antonio, Texas, on

TUESDAY, December 10th, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M. viz: 95 100-196 Barrels Flour, 4 Barrels containing 724 pounds Corn Meal, 1 " " 250 " Green Coffee, 1 " " 95 " Roasted " 2 " " 320 " R & G. " 142 Cans of Condensed Milk.

3 Counter Scales. J. N. ECKLES, 1st Lieut. 35th Inf., A. C. S. MAYNE, SAWYER & Co, Auctioneers, nov 28-16d

Proposals for Corn at Camp Verde. DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Nov. 30th, 1867

Sealed Proposals which must be made in triplicate, will be received at this Office, until Thursday the 6th of December next at 12 o'clock noon, for the delivery of 500 bushels of sound, merchantable shelled corn in good, stout sacks, at Camp Verde, Texas, on or before the 15th proximo. Conditions of Proposal and contract to be the same as those of former advertisements for Corn from this office, which can be more definitely learned on application.

Proposals to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Corn" and addressed to the undersigned at this place.

J. G. C. LEE, brevet Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., U. S. Army, Dec. 2, 67d

PROPOSALS For Fresh Beef!!

OFFICE CREEK C. S. DIST. OF TEXAS, GALVESTON, TEX., Nov. 18th, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in duplicate, with a copy of this advertisement attached to each, are invited until 12 M., on the

15th day of December, 1867, for supplying Fresh Beef to the U. S. Troops stationed at

Houston, Hemstead, Brenham, Round Top, Texas, and all Posts, Camps and Hospitals, that are or may be established in their vicinity. Bids may be offered for these Posts either collectively or separately. Address proposals to B. V. MAJ. W. H. NASH, C. S., Galveston, Texas.

For supplying Fresh Beef to the U. S. troops stationed at Indianola, Victoria, Texas, and all Posts, Camps and Hospitals that are or may be established in their vicinity. Bids may be offered for these Posts either collectively or separately. Address proposals to A. C. S. Indianola, Texas.

For supplying Fresh Beef to the U. S. troops stationed at San Antonio, Goliad, Seguin, Matlockville, Texas, and all Posts, Camps and Hospitals that are or may be established in their vicinity. Bids may be offered for these Posts either collectively or separately. Address proposals to A. C. S., San Antonio, Texas.

For supplying Fresh Beef to the U. S. Troops stationed at Austin, Waco, Texas.

For supplying Fresh Beef to the U. S. Troops stationed at Brownsville, White's Ranch, Brazos Santiago, Ringgold Barracks, Fort McIntosh, Texas, and all Posts, Camps, and Hospitals that are or may be established in their vicinity. Bids may be offered for these Posts either collectively or separately. Address proposals to A. C. S., Brownsville, Texas.

These contracts to be for twelve months, commencing January 1st, 1868, or such less time as the Commissary General of Subsistence may direct. The bids will state the price per lb. net, in currency. Proposals must be accompanied by a proper guarantee, in duplicate, signed by at least two persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record,) stating if the proposal is accepted, the bidder will enter into a contract, and that they will enter into bonds in the sum of five thousand dollars, for a faithful performance of the contract. The names of firms should be stated in full, with the address of each member of the firm. No bids will be received from parties who have failed to comply with their bids made heretofore. Bids will only be entertained from parties of known loyalty to the government, and those who, coming under the exceptions of the President's Amnesty Proclamation, can produce the pardon of the President: The beef furnished must be of good and marketable quality, in equal proportions of Fore and Hind Quarters, Necks, Shanks and Kidney Tallow to be excluded: Payments will be made monthly, or as early thereafter as funds may be received therefor, in funds furnished by the United States, for public disbursement. The Government reserves the right to reject any or all bids offered. Endorse Envelopes "Proposals for Fresh Beef."

W. H. NASH, Bvt Maj. and C. S. A., CHY C. S., Dec. 2 67d District of Texas.

RACES. \$150 Currency.

We will give a purse of one hundred and fifty Dollars to be run for in San Antonio the 20th of December. One hundred dollars to the first horse and fifty dollars to the second, ten per cent entrance.—Free for all—half mile and repeat, horses to carry one hundred pounds. Entry to be made by the fifteenth at Messrs Hotel.

PEAY & SPANOR

City Advertisements.

Sealed Proposals.

For Cleaning Public Streets &c. Bids will be received at this office until 12 o'clock M. on Tuesday, the 10th of this month, for a cleaning and polishing the public streets, plazas, alleys, bridges, &c. &c. of the City.

The requirements of the contractor or contractors can be seen at this office.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour before named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening. The contract to commence on and from the 15th of this month. No proposals will be entertained that does not comply with the terms of this advertisement, and the right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Proposals must be plainly endorsed "Proposals for cleaning the Streets," and addressed to the undersigned at this place. Mayor's Office, San Antonio, December 2d, 1867.

WILLIAM THIELEPAPE, Mayor, City S. A.

An Ordinance.

Regulating City Scrips and the payment of Taxes and dues coming to the City of San Antonio.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of San Antonio, that all persons holding any Scrips of this city, issued from the Mayor's office thereof, previous to the 1st day of April, A. D. 1861, and after the 9th day of October, A. D. 1865, are hereby required within 60 days from the date of the passage of this Ordinance, to bring the same to the Mayor's office and to deposit the same with the Mayor, who shall give a description and receipt therefor, countersigned by the City Secretary.

Sec. 2. That a committee of three of the Aldermen of this city shall be appointed by the Mayor, who shall take possession of said scrips as they are received, and shall examine into the date, nature and merits of the same, and shall make such recommendations as to the payment, amendment or rejection of said scrips as they may think proper.

Sec. 3. That at the expiration of sixty days hereafter or at such time as all of said scrips have been filed or sufficient time has been given for the presentation of the same, said committee shall make a final report to the City Council of their action upon said scrips and their report shall be subject to approval, modification or rejection by the city council.

Sec. 4. That upon the final action being taken by said Council, upon said report, the scrips therein referred to shall be paid in United States currency by the city treasurer or rejected, as therein recommended, in case of payment, the party holding said scrip shall receive the same in full; but in case of the rejection or reduction of said scrip to a sum less than its face value, if the persons owning said scrip shall be dissatisfied or unwilling to abide by the action of the City Council in reference thereto, the said scrip shall be rendered up by the Mayor to the party entitled to the same, upon his producing and giving up the Mayor's description and receipt therefor.

Sec. 5. That in case any person owning or holding any city scrips of said date, shall fail or refuse to present the same to the Mayor, or leave said scrip for the action of said committee, it will be considered by the City Council as evidence that said scrip has been wrongfully issued or has been paid and the payment of the same shall be refused whenever the same may be afterwards presented.

Sec. 6. That from and after the passage of this ordinance, all city dues and taxes shall be paid in United States currency to the City Collector.

W. C. A. THIELEPAPE, Mayor, City of San Antonio. Attest: MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, Secretary. Passed November 29th, 1867. dec. 2 4t

An Ordinance.

Concerning Gambling, &c. SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of San Antonio, That any person or persons owning, renting or occupying any house, room or property, within this city, who shall permit any gambling within the limits of his or their premises shall be subject to a fine of not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars and costs, for each offence, or in default of payment, shall be imprisoned not less than fifteen nor more than thirty days.

Sec. 2. That if any person or persons shall exhibit any gambling table or bank of any name or description whatever, or any table or bank used for gambling, which has no name, or shall be in any manner interested in keeping or exhibiting such table or bank at any place within the limits of this city, he shall be subject to a fine of not less than seventy-five nor more than one hundred dollars and costs for each offence, or in default of payment, shall be imprisoned not less than fifteen nor more than thirty days.

Sec. 3. That if any person shall be at any gambling table or bank or at any game of cards or dice, or be interested therein, he shall be fined not less than fifty nor more than one hundred dollars and costs for each offence, or in default of payment, shall be imprisoned not less than fifteen nor more than thirty days.

Sec. 4. That this ordinance shall take effect immediately.

W. C. A. THIELEPAPE, Mayor. Attest: MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, Secretary. San Antonio, Nov. 30th, 1867. Sec. 2-4t

An Ordinance.

Concerning Vagrants, &c. SECTION 1. Be it ordained by the City Council of the City of San Antonio, That all vagrants, idle or disorderly persons, all persons of evil life or ill fame, all such persons as have no visible means of support or are likely to become chargeable upon the city as paupers or professions or habitual gamblers, all persons who may be found begging or drunk in and about the streets or loitering in and around Bar rooms or drinking houses, and who can show no reasonable course of business in this city, all who make no exertions to obtain an honest living, all who have no fixed place of residence, but who are found strolling and wandering about this city, all who are grossly indecent in language or behaviour publicly in the streets, all public prostitutes, or such as lead a notorious or lewd course of life, shall be deemed and considered vagrants and offenders against the peace and good order of this city.

Sec. 2. That all persons belonging to any of the classes named in the preceding section, shall, upon conviction, be fined not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars and costs for each and every offence, or in default of payment, shall be imprisoned not less than five nor more than thirty days and made to work upon the streets.

Sec. 3. That this ordinance shall take effect immediately.

W. C. A. THIELEPAPE, Mayor. Attest: MARTIN H. CAMPBELL, Sec'l.

Special Notices.

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat,

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue, Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption, is often the result.

Brown's Bronchial Trochee,

Having a direct influence on the parts, give immediate relief.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Trochees are used with always good success.

SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Trochee," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold every where. nov11d

THE HEALING POOL and House of Mercy.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the errors, abuses, and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 1842 & w3m

To Marry or not to Marry? WHY NOT?

Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in a sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Card to Invalids.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it. Free of Charge.

Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. dally

To Music Teachers and Dealers.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish Sheet Music, Strings, Musical Instruments, and Music Books of all kinds at the lowest trade rates, wholesale and retail, from the largest collections in this country.

Orders punctually and faithfully attended to.— Address all orders SILERIA OTT, 41 788 Broadway, N. Y.

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN, w22ly 42 Cedar Street New York.

To Consumptives.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription, with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a Lung Affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 145 South Second Street, sep21 Williamsburgh, N. Y.

Information

Guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or hairless face! also, a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, sep21 225 Broadway, N. Y.

SCHMITT & DUERLER, Wholesale Manufacturers

OF ALL KINDS OF Crackers, Candles, Syrups,

Confectioneries, WEDDING AND BALL CAKES

Made to Order. ALSO— A Select Assortment of Fancy Groceries,

Such as Can-Fruits, Jellies, Preserves, Figs, &c.

Always on Hand. San Antonio, Oct. 2, 1867. d4t

N. L. MCCREADY & COMPANY, SHIPPING

Commission Merchants, 36 FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK.

AGENTS— For the old line of direct packets to Havana and Indianola, Texas. Receive and forward goods to both points free of commissions and

[Official.]

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

CHAP. CXIX.—An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government and to pay Interest on the Public Debt.

[CONTINUED.]

personal estate, or give the names and relationship of the persons entitled to beneficial interests therein, or shall not truly and correctly set forth and state therein the clear value of such beneficial interest, or when no administration upon such property or personal estate shall have been granted or allowed under existing laws, the proper officer of the United States shall commence such proceedings in law or equity before any court of the United States as may be proper and necessary to enforce and realize the lien or charge upon such property or personal estate, or any part thereof, for which such tax or duty has not been truly and justly paid. Under such proceedings the rate of duty or tax enforced shall be the highest rate imposed or assessed by this act, and shall be in the name of the United States against such person or persons as may have the actual or constructive custody or possession of such property or personal estate, or any part of, and such person or persons shall be liable for the same, and shall be subject to such property or personal estate, or any portion of the same, to be sold upon the judgment or decree of such court, and from the proceeds of such sale, the amount of such tax or duty, together with all costs and expenses of every description to be allowed by such court, shall be first paid, and the balance, if any, deposited according to the order of such court, to be paid under its direction to such person or persons as shall establish their lawful title to the same. The deed or deeds, or any proper conveyance of such property or personal estate, or any portion thereof, so sold under such judgment or decree, executed by the officer lawfully charged with carrying the same into effect, shall vest in the purchaser thereof all the title the delinquent to the property or personal estate sold under and by virtue of such judgment or decree, and shall release every other portion of such property or personal estate from the lien or charge thereon created by this act. And every person or persons who shall have in his possession, charge, or custody, any record, file, or paper, containing or supposed to contain any information concerning such property or personal estate, as aforesaid, passing from any person who may die, as aforesaid, shall exhibit the same at the request of the collector of the revenue, his deputy, or agent, and to any law officer of the United States, in the performance of his duty under this act, his deputy or agent, who may desire to examine the same; and if any such person, having in his possession, charge, or custody, any such records, files, or papers, shall refuse or neglect to exhibit the same on request, as aforesaid, he shall forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars; and in case of any delinquency in making the schedule, list, or statement, or in the payment of the duty or tax accruing, or which should accrue, or which should accrue thereon, the assessment and collection shall be made as provided for in the general provisions of this act. Provided, That all legal controversies which such deed or title shall be the subject of judicial investigation the recital in said deed shall be presumed to be true, and that the requirements of the law had been complied with by the officers of the government.

Sec. 113. And be it further enacted, That whenever by this act license, duty, or tax of any description has been imposed on any corporate body, or property of any incorporated company, it shall be lawful for the Commissioner of Internal Revenue to prescribe and determine in what district such tax shall be assessed and collected, and to what officer thereof the official notices required in that behalf shall be given, and of whom payment of such tax shall be demanded.

Sec. 114. And be it further enacted, That all articles upon which duties are imposed by the provisions of this act, which shall be found in the possession of any person or persons in fraud thereof and with the design to avoid payment of said duties, may be seized by any collector or deputy collector, who shall have cause to believe that the same are possessed for the purpose aforesaid, and the same shall be forfeited to the United States. And the proceedings to enforce said forfeiture shall be in the nature of a proceeding in rem in the circuit or district court of the United States for the district where such seizure is made, or in any other court of competent jurisdiction. And any person who shall have in his possession any such article for the purpose of selling the same with the design of avoiding payment of the duties imposed thereon by this act, shall be liable to a penalty of one hundred dollars, to be recovered as hereinafter provided.

APPROPRIATION.

Sec. 115. And be it further enacted, That the pay of the collectors, assistant collectors, and deputy collectors, shall be paid out of the proceeds of the duties or taxes before the same is paid into the treasury, according to such regulations as the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall prescribe; and for the purpose of paying the Commissioner of Internal Revenue and his clerks, procuring dies, stamps, adhesive stamps, paper, printing forms and regulations, advertising, and any other expenses of carrying this act into effect, the sum of five hundred thousand dollars be, and hereby is, appropriated, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

ALLOWANCE AND DRAWBACK.

Sec. 116. And be it further enacted, That from and after the date on which this act takes effect there shall be an allowance or drawback on all articles on which any internal duty or tax shall have been paid, except raw or unmanufactured cotton, equal in amount to the duty or tax paid thereon, and no more, when exported, the evidence that any such duty or tax has been paid, to be furnished to the satisfaction of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, by such person or persons as shall claim the allowance or drawback, and the amount to be ascertained under such regulations as shall, from time to time, be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury, and the same shall be paid by the Treasury of the United States, out of any money arising from internal duties not otherwise appropriated. Provided, That no allowance or drawback shall be made or had for any amount claimed or due less than twenty dollars, or for any amount less than the contrary duty thereon. And provided, further, That any certificate of drawback for goods exported, issued in pursuance of the provisions of this act, may, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary of the Treasury, be received by the collector or his deputy in payment of duties under this act. And the Secretary of the Treasury may make such regulations with regard to the form of said certificates and the issuing thereof as, in his judgment, may be necessary. And provided, further, That in computing the allowance or drawback upon articles manu-

ed, there shall be allowed, in addition to the three per centum duty which shall have been paid on such articles, a drawback of five mills per pound upon such articles, in all cases where the duty imposed by this act upon the cotton used in the manufacture thereof has been previously paid; the amount of said allowance to be ascertained in such manner as may be prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under the direction of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Sec. 117. And be it further enacted, That if any person or person shall fraudulently claim or seek to obtain an allowance or drawback on goods, wares, or merchandise, on which no internal duty shall have been paid, or shall fraudulently claim any greater allowance or drawback than the duty actually paid, as aforesaid, such person or persons shall forfeit triple the amount wrongfully or fraudulently claimed or sought to be obtained, or the sum of five hundred dollars, at the election of the Secretary of the Treasury, to be recovered as in other cases of forfeiture provided for in the general provisions of this act.

Sec. 118. And be it further enacted, That the sum of sixty thousand dollars, appropriated to complete the capitol in New Mexico, by the second section of an act of Congress approved June twenty-five, eighteen hundred and sixty, and the sum of fifty thousand dollars, appropriated for military roads in New Mexico, by act of Congress approved March two, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, be, and the same are hereby, credited to the Territory of New Mexico in payment of the direct annual tax of sixty-two thousand six hundred and forty-eight dollars levied upon said Territory under the eighth section of an act of Congress approved August five, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, to be taken on an account of said direct tax under said act, as the same may fall due to the United States from said Territory.

Sec. 119. And be it further enacted, That so much of an act entitled "An act to provide increased revenue from imports, to pay interest on the public debt, for other purposes," approved August fifth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, as imposes a direct tax of twenty millions of dollars on the United States, shall be held to authorize the levy and collection of one tax to that amount; and no other tax shall be levied under and by virtue thereof, until the first day of April, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, when the same shall be in full force and effect.

Approved, July 1, 1862.

CHAP. CXX.—An Act to aid in the Construction of a Railroad and Telegraph Line from the Missouri River to the Pacific Ocean, and to secure to the Government the Use of the same for Postal, Military, and Other Purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That Walter S. Ingers, William P. Blodgett, Benjamin H. Cheever, Charles F. Fitch, Fletcher, of Rhode Island; Augustus Brewster, Henry P. Haven, Cornelius S. Bushnell, Henry Hammond, of Connecticut; Isaac Sherman, Dea. N. Richmond, Royal Phelps, William H. Ferry, Henry A. Paddock, Lewis J. Stanciliff, Charles A. Secor, Samuel R. Campbell, Alfred E. Tilton, John Anderson, Azariah Boody, John S. Keimedy, H. Carver, Joseph Field, Benjamin F. Camp, Orville W. Childs, Alexander J. Bergen, Ben. Holliday, D. N. Barney, S. Du Witt Bloodgood, William H. Grant, Thomas W. Olcott, Samuel B. Buglicia, James B. Wilson, of New York; Ephraim Marsh, Charles M. Harker, of New Jersey; John Edgar Thompson, Benjamin Haywood, Joseph H. Scribner, Joseph Harrison, George W. Cass, John H. Bryant, Daniel J. Morrell, Thomas M. Howe, William F. Johnson, Robert Fitzroy, John A. Green, E. B. Myre, Charles F. Wells, junior, of Pennsylvania; Noah L. Wilson, Anna Stone, William H. Clement, S. S. L'Hommedieu, John Brough, William Dennison, Jacob Blicke-derfer, of Ohio; William M. McPherson, R. W. Wells, Willard P. Hall, Armstrong Beatty, John Co. by, of Missouri; S. J. Henley, Peter Donahue, C. P. Huntington, T. D. Judah, James Bailey, James I. Ryan, Charles Hosmer, Charles Marsh, D. O. Mills, Samuel Bell, Louis McLane, George W. Mowe, Charles McLaughlin, Timothy Dame, John K. Robinson, of California; John Atchison and John D. Winters, of the Territory of Nevada; John D. Campbell, R. N. Rice, Charles A. Trowbridge, and Ransom Gardner, Charles W. Penny, Charles T. Gorham, William McConnell, of Michigan; William F. Coolbaugh, Lecha H. Langworthy, Hugh T. Reid, Hoyt Sherman, Lyman Cook, Samuel E. Curtis, Lewis A. Thomas, Platt Smith, of Iowa; William B. Ogden, Charles G. Hammond, Henry Farran, Amos C. Babcock, W. Solon Gale, Nehemiah Bushnell and Love so Fall, of Illinois; William H. Swift, Samuel F. Damon, John Bursum, Franklin S. Byrnes, Edward R. Tucker, of Massachusetts; Francis Gorin, Leban J. Bradford, and John T. Lewis, of Kentucky; James Dunning, John M. Wood, Edwin Myers, Joseph Eaton, of Maine; Henry H. Baxter, George W. Collier, Henry Kayce, Thomas H. Canfield, of Vermont; William S. Ladd, A. M. Berry, Benjamin F. Harding, of Oregon; William Bunn, junior, John Collins, Levi Sterling, John Thompson, Eliza L. Phillips, Walter D. Melindor, T. H. Stoddard, E. H. Broadhead, A. H. Yergin, of Wisconsin; Charles Paine, Thomas A. Morris, David C. Ryanham, Samuel Hanna, Jonas Yates, Jesse L. Williams, Isaac C. Eleton, of Indiana; Thomas Swain, Chansey Brooks, Edward Wilkins, of Maryland; Francis R. E. Cornell, David Blakely, A. D. Seward, Henry A. Swift, Dwight Woodbury, John McKusick, John R. Jones, of Missouri; Joseph A. Gilmore, Charles W. Woodman, of New Hampshire; W. H. Orin, J. C. Stone, Chester Thomas, John Kerr, Walter B. Davis, Luther C. Challis, Josiah Miller, of Kansas; Gilbert C. Conwell and Augustus Kossin, T. M. Marquette, William H. Taylor, Alvin Sanderson, of Nebraska; John Evans, of Colorado; together with five commissioners to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, and all persons who shall or may be associated with them, and their successors, are hereby created and erected into a body corporate and politic in law and in fact, by the name, style, and title of "The Union Pacific Railroad Company;" and by that name shall have perpetual succession, and shall be able to sue and to be sued, plead, and be impleaded, defend, and be defended, in all courts of law and equity with the United States and may make and have a common seal; and the said corporation is hereby authorized and empowered to lay out, locate, construct, furnish, maintain, and enjoy a continuous railroad and telegraph, with the appurtenances, from a point on the one hundredth meridian of longitude west from Greenwich, between the north margin of the valley of the Republican River, in the Territory of Nebraska, to the western boundary of Nevada Territory, upon the route and terms hereinafter provided, and is hereby vested with all the powers, privileges, and immunities necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act as hereinafter set forth. The capital stock of said company shall consist of one hundred thousand shares of one thousand dollars each, which shall be subscribed for and held in not more than two hundred shares by any one person, and shall be transferable in such manner as the by-

persons hereinafter named, together with those to be appointed by the Secretary of the Interior, are hereby constituted and appointed commissioners, and such body shall be called the Board of Commissioners of the Union Pacific Railroad and Telegraph Company, and twenty five shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business. The first meeting of said board shall be held at Chicago at such time as the commissioners from Illinois herein named shall appoint, not more than three nor less than one month after the passage of this act, notice of which shall be given by them to the other commissioners by depositing a call therefor in the post office at Chicago, post paid, to their address at least forty days before said meeting, and also by publishing said notice in one daily newspaper in each of the cities of Chicago and Saint Louis. Said board shall organize by the choice from its number of a president, secretary, and treasurer, and they shall require from said treasurer such bonds as may be deemed proper, and may from time to time increase the amount thereof as they may deem proper. It shall be the duty of said board of commissioners to open books, or cause books to be opened, at such times and in such principal cities in the United States as they or a quorum of them shall determine, to receive subscriptions to the capital stock of said corporation, and a cash payment of ten per centum on all subscriptions, and to receipt therefor. So soon as two thousand shares shall be in good faith subscribed for, and ten dollars per share actually paid into the treasury of the company, the said president and the other commissioners.

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I beg to inform my friends and the public generally, that I have the agency for the States of Louisiana and Texas, of the celebrated new scale Marschall & Mitterer Piano Fortes, which are now the most perfect pianos, in tone, touch, durability, workmanship and finish of any now made in Europe or America. I am daily receiving testimonials of the superiority of these pianos from the first artists, and even many of my most energetic competitors say they are the best pianos they have ever seen. While I express my acknowledgments for all past favors, and solicit a continuance of the same, I assure my patrons that their interests shall continue to be the object of my special devotion. Respectfully, PHILIP WERLEIN. Any pieces of music or book sent post-paid on receipt of the marked price. Circulars, Price Lists, Illustrated catalogue of Pianos and Organs, catalogue of music, price lists of strings (gut and Italian) and instruments furnished on application. P. S.—I respectfully invite the trade, teachers, and professors of music, to favor us with their orders, which will always be executed with care and promptness at the lowest cash prices. Schools and Seminaries supplied on the most liberal terms. Mr. P. F. WERLEIN, of the old house, will be in attendance, and will be happy to wait on his old friends and patrons, as formerly. Agents wanted in every county in the State for the sale of the celebrated new scale Marschall & Mitterer Piano Fortes. Prices from \$500 to \$700, according to quality.

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