

San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, THURSDAY, NOV. 14, 1867.

NO. 255.

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.

Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office. dly

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as Midwife in Germany, and having done business as such with good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.

My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's Bakery.

MARY KLAEBER, no49-1f
San Antonio, August 20, 1866.

MRS. EUKEL,

Graduate of "Marburg Institute Europe," offers her services to the people of San Antonio as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in this service renders her one of the best professions.

Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of Mr. William Elliot. 6-ly.

Law, etc.

M. H. BOWERS, A. S. WALKER

BOWERS & WALKER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
(no. 11-1) Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCEL,

Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.

Prompt Attention to Business. no34ly

M. B. LEIGH, N. DITTMAR

LEIGH & DITTMAR,

LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15, 147lawf.

G. NEWTON, O. V. PICQUE

NEWTON & PICQUE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
414-lawf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Law Notice.

Thomas M. Paschal will hereafter be associated with the undersigned in all new business entrusted to their care in Texas.

T. A. & G. W. PASCHAL,
Attorneys at Law.

August 9th 1867if

W. A. BENNETT,

Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
San Antonio.

Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas. lawf

PEYTON SMYTH,

Notary Public, keeps on hand Blank Deeds, Deeds of Trust, &c., for gratuitous distribution in Texas county.

Instruments of Writing drawn and acknowledged taken on liberal terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Will also prepare Proposals to the U. S. Quartermaster for Contracts; he keeps on hand printed forms, etc.

He can be found at the County Clerk's Office, Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOVER,

Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Nettie's Drug Store, sep18y SAN ANTONIO.

Hotels.

Klopper Hotel.

FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT

Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.

214f Commerce street, San Antonio.

INGRAM HOUSE,

VICTORIA, TEXAS.

WILLIAM J. NEWMY, Proprietor.

This House is refurnished and opened for the public. Good Stabling on the premises. sep24-lawf

WASHINGTON HOTEL,

Galveston, Texas.

M. F. THOMPSON, Proprietor.

126-ly

THE TARDE HOUSE,

CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.

The above named well known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State. V. TARDE, 121f

BOB. FEINBERG, HART. STEINBERG, GUY. FRANKEL

R. FEINBERG & CO.,

Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.

4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK.

August 28 (no48ly)

Business Cards.

THE HERTZBERG. F. SIMON.

HERTZBERG & SIMON,

Glassware, Mouldings,
Fancy Goods, Pictures, Pipes,
Stationery, Brushes, Music,

NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
at S. S. Sampson's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.

W. H. CHETELAR. JOE ANDERSON.

Chrysler & Anderson,

Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
CABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

CASH paid for WOOL and HIDES.
March 20th 1867. sep1f

DRESEL & BRIAN,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
in
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.

San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 115yf

PHILIP CONRAD,

Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite Zork & Griesenbeck,
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment
of Mattresses; and offers his services
for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain
hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. dly

J. S. Lockwood,

BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bro's Jewelry store,
San Antonio.

Current and Exchange bought and sold; Collections made on all accessible points. 20 if

WESTHOFF. L. FREUSS.

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.

Liberal advances made on consignments of Country Produce. sep18y

G. SCHMIDT, ROBERT VOIGT.

SCHMIT & VOIGT,

GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON. NEW YORK.

August 23. (no48-ly)

J. E. COWEN,

IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
4 & 6 HUTCHIN'S BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST
HOUSTON, Texas

Particular attention in filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce. 196yf

BURTIS & FRENCH,

Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
New York. sep28ly

FOCKE & WILKENS,

COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
OCTERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg. janly

WULFF & SHETELIG,

Importers
—AND—
General Commercial Agents,
CHICAGO, SAN ANTONIO,
Mexico, Texas,
cor. Alamo & North streets,
je23

BOGERT & OAKLEY,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Guns, &c.,
89 Pearl street, and 56 Stone street,
NEW YORK.

Orders promptly executed at lowest prices. No Travelers or Drummers employed. All goods bearing our stamp warranted extra quality. sep6-6m

Business Cards.

STOVESH!

Cooking, Parlor and Box
STOVES,

Just received, and for sale at

NORTON & DEUTZ'S.
no484d1f

L. J. Dresch,

COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Eagle Pass, Tex.,
—AND—
PEDRAS NEGRAS, MEXICO.
noy51f

ALBERT TÜRPE,

COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.

The highest Cash Price paid for Hides. sep17yf

G. W. WARE & CO.,

Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.

REFERENCES:
Frazier, Major & Co., New York.
Central Bank, New Orleans.
W. H. H. Witherall, Esq., New Orleans.
William Chrysler, San Antonio.
National Bank of Texas, Galveston.
Beyck & Heiferich, Lavaca.
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indianola.
See 10d15f

A. C. NEWELL. CHARLES MAHON.

late of Walker's Bldg. late of the Terry Bldg.

McNEENEY & HAIGNE,

Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.

We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage. 10

A. H. EDST. Galveston, Texas.

E. A. FLORIAN,

INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Capital Represented,
\$2,000,000

December 19, 1866. ds2m

CONKLIN & DAVIS,

RECOMMEND TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,

GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 84 Front street,
New York. sep28

A. L. CONKLIN, L. R. DAVIS.

NORTON & DEUTZ,

SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & CO.

Hardware,

LEATHER,

—AND—

Woodenware Dealers,

SAN ANTONIO

Sept. 5 TEXAS.

A. STAACKE,

AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.

Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 3, 1867.

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,

Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
New York. sep21w6m

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,

DRY GOODS,
350 Broadway,
NEW YORK.

Flannels, Hosiery,
Collars and Ties,
Ribbons, Laces,
Skirt Braces,
Lace Articles,
Dress Goods, Silks,
Whites Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroideries,
English Crapes,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Yakkee Notions, etc., etc., etc. 17 septf

WHAT AMERICAN GIRLS SAY ABOUT KISSING.

The varied emotions excited by young ladies in leading cities, along the line from Boston to St. Louis, as kisses are caught or stolen from their sweet lips, are expressed in something like the following manner:

A Boston girl says (with an assumption of indignation)—"Sir, I declare such a liberty as this is beyond all bounds of propriety and gentlemanly manners. I am stopped by another kiss which I've resisted very badly."

The New York girl says—"Indeed, Mr. Brown, your conduct is a little familiar, if not ardent. I've half a mind to ask what you take me for!" The reply of Brown is, that he takes her for something nice and sweet, and a sharp, rapid smacking ensues.

The Buffalo girl says, with marked positiveness of manner, but with equally marked insincerity—"Wretch, this, put that right back; I wouldn't lose it for the world." She not only don't lose it, but gets (as she wants) double principal and interest.

The Philadelphia girl says: "So you think that's dreadful smart; you wouldn't have done it if I had been looking; no, indeed;" but she makes it a point not to look.

The Baltimore girl says: "Repeat the insult if you dare, sir," and exposes her face that it may be done easily and often.

The Washington girl remarks: "You've been and gone and done it, have you? now cipher out how much better you feel, and calculate when you'll get another chance."

The Chicago girl says: "Confound your impudence; do you take me for a New Yorker? I'd have you know there is a spice of danger in that little matter. The only danger she apprehends is that you won't cut and come again."

The Cincinnati girl says: "Did you ever? no, I never—you men are perfect monsters." Affects tears and indignation, but is assuaged by a duplication of the old dose.

The Louisville girl says: "You've done it sure and well. If there are any more of the same sort, please help yourself. If you can stand it, I can."

The Detroit girl says: "Mien Jerusalem! what a naughty, flashy man. Better you look out how you take one, two, four more before mine goot mother comes."

The St. Louis girl says: "Oh, go along with your nonsense, you ought to be ashamed of yourself. You can't do it again." She exposes herself, and it is done again several times.

When the Frow Van Diemon, was put to death by the order of the ferocious Duke of Alva, at Utrecht, ascended the scaffold, she was more than eighty-four years of age. She said to the executioner: "I hope your sword is sharp as you will find my old neck rather tough." This seems like a grim parody of the words of Annie Bolyn: "I hear the executioner is very expert, and I have but a little neck."

In a jovial company, each one asked a question. It was answered he paid a forfeit; or, if he could not answer it himself he paid a forfeit. An Irishman's question was:

"How does the little ground hog make his hole without showing any dirt about the entrance?"

When they all gave it up, he said: "Sure, don't you see, he begins at the other end of the hole."

One of the rest exclaimed: "How does he get there?"

"Ah!" said Pat, "that's your question—can you answer it yourself?"

An American has invented a novel sort of programme for the French theaters. The paper of the playbill is represented by a light, agreeable crust of pastry, and the ink is chocolate and paste. The advantage of the invention is, that when the spectator has mastered the contents of his bill, he eats it.

When Feulou was almoner to Louis XIV., his Majesty was astonished to find, one Sunday, instead of the usual crowded congregation, only himself and the priest.

"What is the meaning of this?" said the king.

"I caused it to be given out," replied the priest, "that your Majesty did not attend chapel to-day, that you might see who came here to worship God, and who to flatter the king."

The laymen of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Philadelphia, have organized an association in that city for the purpose of promoting the cause of lay representation in the councils of that Church.

The Papal garrison, in the city of Rome, numbers 7,000 men.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

"Allow me," said a host in his most persuasive tones, to a friend dining with him, allow me to help you to a piece of Washington pie: "Sir," replied the gentleman, oratorically waving his napkin, "George Washington was first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen. I admire him for his purity, his piety and his patriotism, but I detest his pies."

The President will send to the Senate for confirmation on the meeting of Congress a large number of regular army appointments, which if favorably acted upon, will fill all existing vacancies.

Trains of emigrants are arriving from Colorado en route to Mexico with large droves of stock.

New Counterfeit.—A new counterfeit, of the denomination of ten dollars, on the Third National Bank of Philadelphia, is said to be in circulation. Its spurious character can be detected by the inferiority of the engraving on the back.

U. S. SOLDIERS NOT TO RECEIVE PENSIONS.—Major General Thomas, commanding the Department of Cumberland, has issued orders forbidding his soldiers from receiving pensions in which he says the United States Government compensates its soldiers for their services, and they have no right to expect or claim any further pecuniary reward from any source whatever.

Ten of the prisoners who took part in the revolt of the penitentiary at Santiago de Cuba, (Havana) were shot on the 23d ult. All the others implicated in the affair have been sentenced to long terms of imprisonment.

A bran new ghost has turned up in Milan, Ohio.

The Good Templars number 400,000 in America.

Two lines of telegraph connect Jerusalem with Europe.

Prize fights are every-day occurrences in and around New York.

Austria is contracting with American capitalists for breech-loading rifles.

The value of the Cape Cod cranberry crop this season is estimated at \$500,000.

Dejazet, the French actress, who talks of coming to this country, is 70 years old.

A bronze statue of George Peabody, the great philanthropist, is to be erected in Liverpool.

The Yale Courier talks of publishing the names of students expelled for "hazing" freshmen.

The Jewish synagogue in San Francisco is one of the most superb structures on this continent.

A fair for the benefit of the widows and orphans of soldiers is being organized in Chicago.

Napoleon set free 488 military prisoners and shortened the terms of 399 more on his birth-day, in August.

The unsettled war claims, of New Jersey amount to between eight and nine hundred thousand dollars.

Mr. Frank Dowling, editor of *Bell's Life in London*, died on the 10th of this month, in the 44th year of his age.

The arrest of Jem Mace, the English pugilist, is believed marks the decay of prize-fighting in England.

A man in St. Louis recently attempted to commit suicide by hanging, but was discovered and cut down by his wife just in-time to save his life.

From the 1st of January to October 30 of the present year 208,428 emigrants arrived in New York, being an increase over the preceding ten months of 6,258.

Colfax well says, "Every stamp you put upon a deed, a check or a mortgage is a Democratic sticking plaster to remind you of a Democratic rebellion."

All the American Bishops who attended the Pan-Anglican Conference have been rewarded by Cambridge with the honorary degree of LL. D.

Queen Victoria's journey to or from Scotland costs upward of \$10,000 in specie. The distance from Windsor Castle to Balmoral is 602 miles, which is usually performed in nineteen hours.

BROS.

Plated-ware
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Promptly
Main Plaza,
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Elegant, rare and suggestive Books. Libraries supplied on liberal terms.

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[Official]

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

[CONTINUED.]

CHAP. LXXXV.—An Act to amend an act entitled "An act making Appropriations for the Service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-three," approved April seventeenth eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the first section of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-three," approved April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, which appropriates the sum of eight thousand eight hundred dollars "for compensation of twenty-five additional clerks in the Post office Department, authorized by the 'Act to promote the efficiency of the dead letter office,' approved twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two," be and the same is hereby so amended, that the said sum of eight thousand eight hundred dollars shall be payable out of the appropriation made out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the revenue of the Post Office Department for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, contained in the third section of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two," approved March second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Approved, May 26, 1862.

CHAP. LXXXVI.—An Act to reduce the Expenses of the Survey and Sale of the Public Lands in the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That contracts for the survey of the public lands shall not become binding upon the United States until approved by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, except in such cases as said Commissioner shall otherwise specially order.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the printed annual of instructions relating to the public surveys, prepared at the General Land Office, and bearing date February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, the instructions of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the special instructions of the surveyor general, when not in conflict with said printed manual, or the instructions of said Commissioner, shall be taken and deemed to be a part of every contract for surveying the public lands of the United States.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall have power, and it shall be his duty, to fix the price per mile for public surveys, and he shall in no case exceed the maximum established by law; and that, under instructions to be prepared by said Commissioner, an accurate account shall be kept by an surveyor general of the cost of surveying and platting private land claims, to be reported to the General Land Office, with the map of such claim, and that patents shall not issue for any such private claim until the cost of survey and platting shall have been paid into the Treasury of the United States by the claimant.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July next and upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, approved by the Secretary of the Interior, the President may order that the Territories of Utah and Colorado shall constitute one surveying district, the duties of surveyor general in said district to be performed by the surveyor general of Colorado; and the surveying district of Nevada shall be united to that of California, the duties of the surveyor general of the former to be transferred to the surveyor general of California; and the transfer of the effects and archives of the offices to be made under the instructions of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, approved by the Secretary of the Interior, the President may order the discontinuance of any land office, and the transfer of its business and archives to any other land office within the same State or Territory.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July next the compensation of registers and receivers in all the land offices in the United States shall be an annual salary of five hundred dollars each, with the fees and commissions now prescribed by law, and to be paid by claimants, an additional fee in donation cases of five dollars for each final certificate of one hundred and sixty acres, ten dollars for three hundred and twenty acres, and fifteen dollars for six hundred and forty acres; and to be accounted for in the same manner as fees and commissions in warrant and pre-emption locations, with regulations as to maximum of salary prescribed by existing laws, and in accordance with such instructions as shall be given by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That in regard to settlements which by existing laws are authorized in certain States and Territories upon unsurveyed lands, which privilege is hereby extended to California, the pre-emption claimant shall be, and is hereby, in all cases, required, from and after the first day of September, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, to file his declaratory statement within three months from the date of the receipt at the district land office of the approved plat of the township embracing such pre-emption settlement: Provided, The provisions of this section shall not be held to authorize pre-emption and settlement of mineral lands, which are hereby exempted from the provisions of this act.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July next, the salary of the surveyor general of California shall not exceed three thousand dollars per annum, and the salaries of the surveyor general of Oregon and Washington shall not exceed two thousand dollars per annum, and should the surveying districts of Utah and Nevada be hereafter established by order of the President, such an independent district, the salaries of the surveyor general shall not exceed three thousand

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That when the settlers in any township or townships, not mineral or reserved by Government, shall desire a survey made of the same, and the authority of the surveyor general of the United States, and shall file an application therefor in writing, and deposit in a proper United States depository, to the credit of the United States, a sum sufficient to pay for such survey, together with all expenses incident thereto, without cost or claim for indemnity on the United States, it shall and may be lawful for said surveyor general, under such instructions as may be given him by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and in accordance with existing laws and instructions, to survey such township or townships, and make return thereof to the general and proper local land office: Provided, The township so proposed to be surveyed is within the range of the regular progress of the public surveys on or before existing standard lines or bases for the township and subdivision surveys.

Approved, May 20, 1862.

CHAP. XC.—An Act for the Survey of Credits or Claims of Land.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all claims or grants of land in any of the States or Territories of the United States, derived from any foreign country or Government, shall be surveyed under the direction of the general officers of the Government of the United States upon the application of the parties claiming, or assigns, the same, and at their expense, which shall be paid or secured to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Interior before the work shall be performed; but nothing in the law requiring the executive officers to survey land claimed or granted under any laws of the United States shall be construed to authorize such officers to pass upon the validity of the titles granted by or under such laws, or to give any greater effect to the surveys made by them than to make such surveys prima facie evidence of the true location of the land claimed or granted, nor shall any such grant be deemed incomplete for the want of a survey or patent when the land granted may be ascertained without a survey or patent.

Approved, June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCI.—An act to allow the State of California an additional Representative in the thirty-seventh Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That as the census has never been reliably taken in the State of California until the year eighteen hundred and sixty, and as it appears that the said State had sufficient population to entitle her three representatives in the thirty-seventh Congress, and as three representatives have been duly elected to the thirty-seventh Congress under the supposition that the said State was entitled to the same, as appears by the certificate of the Governor thereof, and as direct taxes have been apportioned to and paid by said State under the census of eighteen hundred and sixty, therefore the said State shall be allowed three representatives in the thirty-seventh Congress, and for that purpose the whole number of representatives is hereby increased one, until the beginning of the thirty-eighth Congress.

Approved, June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCII.—An act abolishing certain Collection Districts and reducing Compensation of Officers of Customs in California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the collection districts of Monterey, San Diego, Sacramento, Sonoma, San Joaquin, and San Pedro, heretofore established by law, are hereby abolished, and the same attached to the collection district of San Francisco; and there shall be appointed, in the usual manner, an inspector at each of the following places: Monterey, San Diego, Sacramento, Benicia, Stockton, San Pedro; and the salary of each of the said inspectors shall be one thousand dollars per annum.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, the annual compensation of the collector of the customs for the district of San Francisco shall be six thousand dollars; of the naval officer, four thousand five hundred dollars; of the surveyor, four thousand dollars; of the principal appraisers, twenty-five hundred dollars each; and of the assistant appraisers, two thousand dollars each; and the office of an additional appraiser general to be employed on the Pacific coast, created by the act of Congress entitled "An act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the Government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-four," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, and the same is hereby abolished.

Approved June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCIII.—An Act to prevent and punish Fraud on the Part of officers intrusted with making of Contracts for the Government.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, of the Secretary of the Navy, and of the Secretary of the Interior, immediately after the passage of this act, to cause and require every contract made by them, severally, on behalf of the Government, or by their officers under them appointed to make such contracts, to be reduced to writing, and signed by the contracting parties with their names at the end thereof, a copy of which shall be filed by the officer making and signing the said contract in the "Returns Office" of the Department of the Interior (hereinafter established for that purpose) as soon after the contract is made as possible, and within thirty days, together with all bids, offers, and proposals to him made by persons to obtain the same, as also a copy of any advertisement he may have published inviting bids, offers, or proposals for the same; all the said copies and papers in relation to each contract to be attached together by a ribbon and seal, and numbered in regular order numerically, according to the number of papers composing the whole return.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the further duty of the said officer, before making the return, according to the first section of this act, to file to the same his affidavit in the following form, sworn to before some magistrate having authority to administer oaths: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that the copy of contract hereto annexed is an exact copy of a contract made by me personally with _____, that I made the same fairly without any benefit or advantage to myself, or allowing any such benefit or advantage corruptly to the said _____, or any other person; and that the papers accompanying include all those relating to the said contract, as required by the statute in such case made and provided." And any officer convicted of falsely and corruptly swearing to such affidavit, shall be subject to all penalties and punishments now by law inflicted on willful and corrupt perjury.

any officer making contracts, as aforesaid, and failing or neglecting to make returns of the same, according to the provisions of this act, unless from unavoidable accident and not within his control, shall be deemed, in every case of such failure or neglect, to be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for not more than six months, at the discretion of the court trying the same.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Interior, immediately after the passage of this act, to provide a fit and proper apartment in his Department, to be called the "Returns Office," within which, to file the returns required by this act to be filed, and to appoint a clerk to attend to the same, who shall be entitled to an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars; and, while duty, it shall be to file all returns made to said office, so that the same may be of easy access, filing all returns made by the same officer in the same place, and numbering them as they are made in numerical order. He shall also provide and keep an index book, with the names of the contracting parties, and the number of each and every contract opposite to the said names; and he shall submit the said index book and returns to any person desiring to inspect the same; and he shall also furnish copies of said returns to any person paying for said copies to said clerk, at the rate of five cents for every one hundred words, to which said copies certificates shall be appended in every case by the clerk making the same, attesting their correctness; and that each copy so certified is a full and complete copy of said return; which return, so certified under the seal of the Department, shall be evidence in all prosecutions under this act.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, of the Secretary of the Navy, and of the Secretary of the Interior, immediately after the passage of this act, to furnish each and every officer severally appointed by them with authority to make contracts on behalf of the Government, with a printed letter of instructions setting forth the duties of such officer under this act, and also to furnish therewith forms, printed in blank, of contracts to be made, and the affidavit of returns required to be affixed thereto, so that all the instruments may be as nearly uniform as possible.

Approved, June 2, 1862.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the first session which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Thursday, the fourth day of July, A. D. 1861, and ended on Tuesday, the sixth day of August, A. D. 1861.

[This session was called by Proclamation of the President, dated April 15th, 1861.]

CHAP. XXIII.—An Act to provide for the payment of the Police organized by the United States for the City of Baltimore, and to enable the Mint to furnish small Gold Coins, and to provide for the Manufacture or Purchase of Field Signals.

when the said police are dismissed from service by the United States; And provided, That the disbursements of the amount hereby allowed shall be made only with the sanction and by the authority of the Commanding General of that Military Department.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That there be, and hereby is appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the following sums, to wit: To enable the mint to furnish each small gold coin, as long as required by the public service, forty thousand dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary.

Approved, July 27, 1861.

CHAP. XXIV.—An Act to increase the present Military Establishment of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be added to the regular army, as now authorized by law, six regiments of infantry, one regiment of cavalry, and one regiment of artillery; each regiment of infantry to consist of not less than two nor more than three battalions, as the exigencies of the public service may, in the opinion of the President of the United States, demand: each battalion to consist of eight companies; each company to consist of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, ten musicians, and as many privates, not exceeding eighty-two, as the President of the United States may, according to the requirements of military service, direct. The regiment of cavalry hereby authorized shall consist of not more than three battalions of not more than two squadrons each; and each squadron shall consist of two companies, each company to be composed of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quartermaster-sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, two ferrisers, and saddle, one wagoner, and as many privates, not exceeding seventy-two, as the President of the United States may, according to the requirements of the military service, direct. The regiment of artillery hereby authorized shall consist of not more than twelve batteries; and each battery shall consist of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quartermaster-sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, two ferrisers, one wagoner, and as many privates, not exceeding seventy-two, as the President of the United States may, according to the requirements of the military service, direct. And there may be added to the aforesaid battery organization, at the discretion of the President, having due regard to the public necessities and means, one first and one second lieutenant, two sergeants, and four corporals.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the field and staff commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the regiments aforesaid authorized shall be as follows: To each regiment of infantry, one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster, and commissary; one drum-major, or leader of the band, and two principal musicians; and to each battalion of infantry, one major, one battalion adjutant, one battalion quartermaster and commissary; one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one commissary-sergeant, and one hospital-steward; to each regiment of artillery, one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, and two chief buglers; and to each battalion of cavalry, one major, one battalion adjutant, one battalion quartermaster and commissary, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one commissary-sergeant, one hospital-steward, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, one veterinary surgeon, and one veterinary sergeant; the regimental adjutant and the regimental quartermaster and commissary to be taken from the lieutenants of the regiments and battalions, respectively. To the regiment of cavalry, one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one major, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one commissary-sergeant, one hospital-steward, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, one veterinary surgeon, and one veterinary sergeant; the regimental adjutant and the regimental quartermaster and commissary to be taken from the lieutenants of the regiments and battalions, respectively. To the regiment of artillery, one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one major, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one commissary-sergeant, one hospital-steward, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, one veterinary surgeon, and one veterinary sergeant; the regimental adjutant and the regimental quartermaster and commissary to be taken from the lieutenants of the regiments and battalions, respectively.

tal quartermaster and commissary, to be taken from the lieutenants of the regiment, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one commissary-sergeant, two principal musicians, and one hospital-steward; and the bands of the regular regiments shall consist of not more than twenty-four musicians for each regiment of infantry and artillery, and sixteen musicians for each regiment of mounted troops.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That there shall be added to the army of the United States the following general officers, namely: Four major-generals, with three aides-de-camp each, to be taken from captains or lieutenants of the army; and six brigadier-generals, with two aides-de-camp each, to be taken from the lieutenants of the army.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the officers and enlisted men raised in pursuance of the foregoing sections shall receive the same pay, emoluments, and allowances, and be on the same footing, in every respect, with those of corresponding grades and corps now in the regular service. The regimental bands will be paid as follows: one-fourth of each, the pay and allowances of sergeants of engineer, regular regiments; and one-third of each, the pay and allowances of corporals of engineer soldiers; and one-half, those of engineer soldiers of the first class. The drum-major, or leader of the band, the pay and emoluments of a second lieutenant of infantry. The saddle sergeants, veterinary sergeants, company quartermaster sergeants, and drum-majors, will receive the pay and allowances of sergeants of cavalry. The hospital adjutant and battalion quartermaster and commissary will receive the emoluments now provided by law for regimental adjutants.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the term of enlistments made and to be made in the years eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and eighteen hundred and sixty-two, in the regular army, including the force authorized by this act, shall be for the period of three years, and those to be made after January one, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, shall be for the term of five years, as at present authorized, and that the same shall be called in the regular force, after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, shall be entitled to the same bounties, in every respect, as those allowed or to be allowed to the men of the volunteer forces.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the increase of the military establishment created or authorized by this act, is declared to be for service during the existing insurrection and rebellion; and within one year after the cessation of the military service of the Government of the United States shall be re-established, and organized resistance to such authority shall no longer exist, the military establishment may be reduced to a number not exceeding twenty-five thousand men, unless otherwise ordered by Congress.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States shall cause regiments, battalions, and companies to be disbanded, and officers, non-commissioned officers, musicians, and privates to be discharged, so as to reduce the military establishment as is provided by the preceding section: Provided, That all of the officers of the regular army who have been or may be detached or assigned to duty for service in any other regiment or corps shall resume their positions in the regular army, and shall be entitled to the same rank, promotion, and emoluments as if they had continued to serve in their own regiments or corps.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That the emoluments for the regiments authorized by this act shall be in charge of the officers detailed for that purpose who are appointed to said regiments from civil life; and that in the mean time the officers appointed to the same from the regular army shall be detailed by the commanding general to such service in the volunteer regiments now in the field as will, in his judgment, give them the greatest military instruction and efficiency; and that the commanding general may, in his discretion, employ said officers in any other service.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

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San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, THURSDAY, NOV. 14, 1867.

NO. 285.

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office. dly

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HAVING been educated as Midwife in Germany, and having done business as such with good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Foldmann's Bakery.
MARY KLAEBE.
San Antonio, August 20, 1866. no49-1f

MRS. ECKEL,

Graduate of "Marburg Institute Europe," offers her services to the people of San Antonio as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in this service renders her one of the best professions.
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Law, etc.

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ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
(no. 11-1) Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCEL,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866. no34ly

LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.
147law1f

NEWTON & PICQUE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
414-law1f SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

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T. A. & G. W. PASCHAL,
Attorneys at Law.
August 9th 1867f

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Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
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Will also prepare Proposals to the U. S. Quartermaster for Contracts, or keep on hand printed forms, etc.
He can be found at the County Clerk's Office, Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
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Two doors east of Kettie's Drug Store.
copyly SAN ANTONIO.

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Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.
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H. F. THOMPSON,
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The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State.
V. TARDE.
1211f

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Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
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August 25 [no45ly.]

Business Cards.

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Glassware, Mouldings,
Fancy Goods, Pictures, Pipes,
Stationery, Brushes, Music,
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at S. S. Sampson's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.
WM. HERTZBERG. JOE ANDERSON.

Chrysler & Anderson,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
CABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
CASH paid for WOOL and HIDES.
March 28th 1867. 861f

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 1130f

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San Antonio, May 6th. dly

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sold; Collections made on all accessible
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And Dealers in Hardware.
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SCHMIT & VOIGT,
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Commission Merchants,
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August 23. [no48-1y.]

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CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
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FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
OSTERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg. 146-1y

WULFF & SHETELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
CHICAGO, SAN ANTONIO,
Mexico, Texas,
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BOGERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
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Cutlery,
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Hides. sep17tf

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General Commission Merchants,
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We cheerfully recommend this firm as being
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No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$2,000,000
December 19, 1866. 281f

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GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
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New York.
L. R. DAVIS.
je28

NORTON & DEUTZ,
SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & BRO.
Hardware,
LEATHER,
—AND—
Woodenware Dealers,
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Sept. 5 TEXAS.

A. STACKE,
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Wilson, Childs & Co.,
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Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 8, 1867.

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Dress Goods, Silks,
White Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroideries,
English Crapes,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Yakkee Notions, etc., etc., etc. 17 sept1f

WHAT AMERICAN GIRLS SAY ABOUT KISSING.

The varied emotions excited by young ladies in leading cities, along the line from Boston to St. Louis, as kisses are caught or stolen from their sweet lips, are expressed in something like the following manner:

A Boston girl says (with an assumption of indignation)—"Sir, I declare such a liberty as this is beyond all bounds of propriety and gentlemanly manners. I—she is stopped by another kiss which isn't resisted very badly.

The New York girl says—"Indeed, Mr. Brown, your conduct is a little familiar, if not ardent. I've half a mind to ask what you take me for?" The reply of Brown is, that he takes her for something nice and sweet, and a sharp, rapid smacking ensues.

The Buffalo girl says, with marked positiveness of manner, but with equally marked insincerity—"Wretch, thief, put that right back; I wouldn't lose it for the world." She not only don't lose it, but gets (as she wants) double principal and interest.

The Philadelphia girl says: "So you think that's dreadful smart; you wouldn't have done it if I had been looking; no, indeed;" but she makes it a point not to look.

The Baltimore girl says: "Repeat the insult if you dare, sir," and exposes her face that it may be done easily and often.

The Washington girl remarks: "You've been and gone and done it, have you? now cipher out how much better you feel, and calculate when you'll get another chance."

The Chicago girl says: "Confound your impudence; do you take me for a New Yorker? I'd have you know there is a spion of danger in that little matter." The only danger she apprehends is that you won't cut and come again.

The Cincinnati girl says: "Did you ever? no, I never—you men are perfect monsters." Affects tears and indignation, but is assuaged by a duplication of the old dose.

The Louisville girl says: "You've done it sure and well. If there are any more of the same sort, please help yourself. If you can stand it, I can."

The Detroit girl says: "Mien Jerusalem! what a naughty, flashy man. Better you look out how you take one, two, four more before mine good mother comes."

The St. Louis girl says: "Oh, go along with your nonsense; you ought to be ashamed of yourself. You can't do it again." She exposes herself, and it is done again several times.

When the Frow Van Diemon, was pulled down by the order of the forenoon Duke of Alva, at Utrecht, ascended the scaffold, she was more than eighty-four years of age. She said to the executioner: "I hope your sword is sharp as you will find my old neck rather tough." This seems like a grim parody of the words of Annie Boleyn: "I hear the executioner is very expert, and I have but a little neck."

In a jovial company, each one asked a question. If it was answered he paid a forfeit; or, if he could not answer it himself he paid a forfeit. An Irishman's question was:

"How does the little ground hog make his hole without showing any dirt about the entrance?"

When they all gave it up, he said: "Sure, don't you see, he begins at the other end of the hole."

One of the rest exclaimed: "How does he get there?"

"Ah!" said Pat, "that's your question—can you answer it yourself?"

An American has invented a novel sort of programme for the French theaters. The paper of the playbill is represented by a light, agreeable crust of pastry, and the ink is chocolate and paste. The advantage of the invention is, that when the spectator has mastered the contents of his bill, he eats it.

When Fenelon was almoner to Louis XIV., his Majesty was astonished to find, one Sunday, instead of the usual crowded congregation, only himself and the priest.

"What is the meaning of this?" said the king.

"I caused it to be given out," replied the priest, "that your Majesty did not attend chapel to-day, that you might see who came here to worship God, and who to flatter the king."

The laymen of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in Philadelphia, have organized an association in that city for the purpose of promoting the cause of lay representation in the councils of that Church.

The Papal garrison, in the city of Rome, numbers 7,000 men.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

"Allow me," said a host in his most persuasive tones, to a friend dining with him, allow me to help you to a piece of Washington pie. "Sir," replied the gentleman, oratorically waving his napkin, "George Washington was first in war, first in peace and first in the hearts of his countrymen. I admire him for his purity, his piety and his patriotism, but I detest his pies."

The President will send to the Senate for confirmation of the meeting of Congress a large number of regular army appointments, which if favorably acted upon, will fill all existing vacancies.

Trains of emigrants are arriving from Colorado en route to Mexico with large droves of stock.

New Counterfeit.—A new counterfeit, of the denomination of ten dollars, on the Third National Bank of Philadelphia, is said to be in circulation. Its spurious character can be detected by the inferiority of the engraving on the back.

U. S. SOLDIERS NOT TO RECEIVE PRESENTS.—Major General Thomas, commanding the Department of Cumberland, has issued orders forbidding his soldiers from receiving presents in which he says the United States Government compensates its soldiers for their services, and they have no right to expect or claim any further pecuniary reward from any source whatever.

Ten of the prisoners who took part in the revolt of the penitentiary at Santiago de Cuba, (Havana) were shot on the 23d ult. All the others implicated in the affair have been sentenced to long terms of imprisonment.

A bran new ghost has turned up in Milan, Ohio.

The Good Templars number 400,000 in America.

Two lines of telegraph connect Jerusalem with Europe.

Prize fights are every-day occurrences in and around New York.

Austria is contracting with American capitalists for breech-loading rifles.

The value of the Cape Cod cranberry crop this season is estimated at \$500,000.

Dejozet, the French actress, who talks of coming to this country, is 70 years old.

A bronze statue of George Peabody, the great philanthropist, is to be erected in Liverpool.

The Yale Coward talks of publishing the names of students expelled for "bazing" freshmen.

The Jewish synagogue in San Francisco is one of the most superb structures on this continent.

A fair for the benefit of the widows and orphans of soldiers is being organized in Chicago.

Napoleon set free 488 military prisoners and shortened the terms of 399 more on his birth-day, in August.

The unsettled war claims of New Jersey amount to between eight and nine hundred thousand dollars.

Mr. Frank Dowling, editor of *Bell's Life in London*, died on the 10th of this month, in the 44th year of his age.

The arrest of Jeff Mace, the English pugilist, it is believed marks the decay of prize fighting in England.

A man in St. Louis recently attempted to commit suicide by hanging, but was discovered and cut down by his wife just in-time to save his life.

From the 1st of January to October 30 of the present year 208,428 emigrants arrived in New York, being an increase over the preceding ten months of 6,258.

Colefax well says, "Every stamp you put upon a deed, a check or a mortgage is a Democratic sticking plaster to remind you of a Democratic rebellion."

All the American Bishops who attended the Pan-Anglican Conference have been rewarded by Cambridge with the honorary degree of LL. D.

Queen Victoria's journey to Scotland costs upward of \$10,000 in specie. The distance from Windsor Castle to Balmoral is 602 miles, which is usually performed in nineteen hours.

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Plated-ware
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FRESH

Novels by the most popular Authors.

Novels by the most popular Authors.

Novels by the most popular Authors.

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Official Journal of the United States. W. B. MOORE, A. SIMMONS, J. P. NEWCOMB, A. Steiner & Co., Publishers.

Special Dispatches to the Express.

THURSDAY, NOV. 14, 1867.

OUR RAILROAD MATTERS.

A short while since our railroad hopes were buoyed up by the intelligence that an English company was about to commence operations, having bought out the old concern of the San Antonio and Mexican Gulf Railroad.

In speaking of railroad matters we have done so solely with an eye to the best interests of our city and of Western Texas. We have not stopped to inquire if our reflections have encroached upon the tender feelings of friend or foe, and we would feel sorry if any of our friends think so meanly of us as to expect us to shape our opinions in regard to important public enterprises to suit their private interests and ideas.

For the real benefit of the people, for the advancement and prosperity of the country, we would be glad to hear that the entire old railroad concern had fallen through, abandoned the field and given up the work, and the whole matter was open to new enterprises.

We are plainly and emphatically in favor of an anti-monopoly cheap-freight railroad to the Gulf, at the same time we do not oppose the building of a monopoly road, knowing that a railroad on any plan would be a blessing, yet a cheap freight road on the anti-monopoly plan would put San Antonio in the position of a sea port town.

In discussing these matters of public interest we have no personal feeling to gratify, but simply desire to awaken our citizens to their importance and if possible bring about good results.

IMPORTANT REVENUE DECISION.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that the deposit tickets, or rather "advice tickets" used in sales of gold to notify the New York Gold Exchange Bank to make transfers from one party to another on its books, are not subject to stamp checks, as checks or contracts.

Charles Dickens will give readings on eight nights during his stay in the United States. His price is \$1.

Markets.

Sales 2500 bales; Middling Orleans 17 1/2 to 18 1/2; receipts 3,049. Gold 38 1/2 to 39. Sterling 40 to 52. New York Sight 1/2 premium.

New York, November 12.—Cotton sales 1,800 bales at 18 1/2 to 18 3/4. Gold 39 1/2.

London, November 12.—2 o'clock.—Consols 94 1/2. Bonds 71 to 71 1/2.

Liverpool, November 12.—Cotton dull; estimated sales 8,000 bales; Uplands 8 1/2 to 11; Orleans 9c.

Liverpool, November 11.—Cotton unchanged. At 2 o'clock dull, Orleans 9.

London, November 11.—3 o'clock.—Consols 94 3/8. Bonds 70 15-16.

Liverpool, November 9.—Cotton quiet, sales 10,000 bales; Uplands 8 1/2 to 11; Orleans 9 1-16.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, November 12.—The Republicans claim that negro suffrage has been carried in Minnesota by a small majority.

All present at Cabinet meeting except Wells, whose condition is critical.

Signor Morille, Minister from the Republic of Columbia, was presented to the President to-day.

WASHINGTON, November 12.—Prize fighting party over Long Bridge was captured this morning, by Schofield's soldiers.

Stevens' friends think he cannot survive the winter.

Impeachers say persistently that the President's determination to withhold reasons for Stanton's removal from War office, from Senate will be the greatest charge against him yet given.

Gen. Sherman is expected here.

Political.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., November 12.—The Reconstruction Convention consumed the whole day in considering the franchise question.

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Marine Disaster and Loss of Life.

WASHINGTON, November 11.—Vesels sunk in the harbor of St. Thomas on the 29th of October, during gale: Spanish war steamer Camaguey sunk and sixteen persons drowned; British steamer Columbia, six men lost, and cargo worth from one to two millions of dollars; British steamer Rhone lost at St. Peter's Island, and one hundred and sixty men lost; British steamer Wye, Capt. Taylor lost off the harbor and fifty nine men lost; British schooner Proctor; British brig Omachorus; British schooner Ocean, three men lost; American schooner Clinton, Capt. Holmes from New York; French bark Veloc; French tug boat; French bark Emma; French sloop Sloop; Spanish schooner Rapida, Capt. lost; Spanish schooner Ives, Capt. Herman lost; Spanish schooner Formalidad; Spanish schooner Alphonso; Venezuela schooner Johan Pallice; Venezuela schooner Oriental; Venezuela schooner Conception lost with five thousand dollars specie; Venezuela schooner Panchita; Danish schooner Maggie; Danish schooner West End packet; Danish schooner Nanette; Dutch schooner Amelia; Bremen brig Johana, two tug boats and all the crew were destroyed; German brig Bertha all lost but two men; Prussian brig Tuafra ashore and damaged; ship Sarah Newman, probably total loss; ship Charles Prague, total loss, thirteen men lost; bark Aborigine ashore and badly damaged; brig Marista; brig Nellie Gray; British brig Wild Pigeon; British brig Osceola; British schooner Empire, dismantled and immediately sinking; British brig Her Majesty; British bark Agnes Lamb; British schooner Water Witch; British schooner Elizabeth; British brig Ida Abbott; British brig Princess Alice; British steamer Rob't. Todd; British steamer Derwent; French bark Bruine; French bark Gen. De Jackie Louise; Danish brig Salkoyier; Danish bark North; Danish schooner Las Hermanas dismantled; French schooner Petrel; German brig Helios; German brig Edward; Moravian ship Veloc; British brig Maria, Anna and Anytie; Dutch schooner Juliet dismantled; Spanish schooner Yelavo; Spanish war steamer Yaquez; Nuncio de Bilbao dismantled; about all the coverings and roofs of houses were blown away, all the wharves were smashed and the port barracks are gone, the Custom house was destroyed and about three hundred persons been buried after having been picked up in the harbor, the loss both on shore and in the shipping is very

large; British brig Alpha anchored at Arregada dismantled; American bark Esther blown off from Sombrero Island was dismantled and was just coming into port.

Miscellaneous.

NEW ORLEANS, November 12.—General Mower to-day appointed R. King Cutler Judge of the Second District of Louisiana, in place of Judge A. Casaba resigned.

RICHMOND, Va., November 12.—The military authorities to-day arrested Lindsey, the colored delegate, for using language calculated to array the blacks against the whites. He is to be tried by military commission.

SAVANNAH, Ga., November 12.—The sanitary condition of the city is favorable.

RICHMOND, Va., November 12.—A prize-fighting party was turned over to the civil authorities and all released.

It is ascertained that the United States is in treaty for two islands in West India—St. Thomas and St. John—at prices from \$5,000,000 to \$6,000,000. The transfer of the islands to this country is dependent on the consent of the people of the islands, and the same is to be presented to them during the present month. It is thought that the majority will consent.

HAVANA, November 11.—Special says Maximilian's body would be delivered to Tegethoff on the 6th.

EUROPEAN NEWS.

Colliery in Wales exploded, and few of three hundred workmen escaped.

Garibaldi, his sons and chief officers it is said are coming to America. Great distrust is felt about the relations between France, Italy and Rome. The papals refuse to release captured insurgents at the request of France.

Sultan declines to advice great powers and accept responsibility to-day.

LIVERPOOL, November 9.—Bread riots in Devonshire were suppressed.

England, France, and Austria have agreed on Eastern question.

The Monteur says popular tumults in Italy were quited by the Italian Government, Italy asks France to withdraw troops on grounds that Italy had and will maintain peace and Garibaldi and his sons will leave Italy and go to United States.

LONDON, November 12.—A new railway law for £1,000,000 has been introduced.

Farragut's fleet will make a long stay at Lisbon.

PARIS, November 12.—The Monitor says that France, finding Italy resolved to do her duty, withdraws her troops from Rome to Civita Vecchia.

The Prussian Federal Council has approved the postal treaty with the United States.

LONDON, November 12.—A riot took place at Oxford; the troops were called out.

OUR GALVESTON LETTER.

The Elections—Our Mayor and Order No. 117—Comments of the Press—A Despatch to the Governor—Local Matters.

GALVESTON, Texas, Nov. 7, 1867.

Editor San Antonio Express:

Our telegraphic despatches this morning furnish us with meagre reports of the elections on Tuesday last. We glean: Massachusetts has polled a handsome Republican majority despite the prohibitory liquor license question. New York city, as usual, has gone Democratic, but the State is thought to be Republican; returns thus far indicate it. Wisconsin has gone Republican. Minnesota follows her sister State. New Jersey is doubtful. In Kansas it is understood female suffrage is defeated by a close vote; the Republicans carry the Legislature.

Our Mayor is a peculiarly weak and inoffensive old gentleman. Since Order No. 117 and the comments of the people thereon, his Honor has been approached by gentlemen who were desirous of finding who was the instigator of said order, as the Mayor had the credit therefor. His Honor replied: "I consulted my legal adviser, Mr. Motz, (a little rebel shyster, temporarily acting under the Mayor as Recorder), and he is responsible, not I." This uttered in a plaintive tone and with a deprecative air, was irresistibly droll; and our gentlemen came away convinced that the city government was in as poor hands as it could well be under the circumstances.

This Order No. 117 has met with severe comment from the press here and elsewhere.

Justice Mason telegraphed the Governor as follows under date of the 3rd instant:—

Hon. E. M. PRASE, Governor of Texas, Austin:

"Chief of Police before me yesterday, charged with aggravated assault and battery on a prisoner in Chief's office. Case aggravated; party dreadfully beaten. Evidence conclusive. Bound Chief over to keep the peace and answer. He resists process, refuses to give bail or be arrested. Lieutenant commanding sustains him.

"Have we any civil law?" (Signed) SANFORD MASON, Justice of the Peace, Galveston County."

We have the steamer Ruthven plying between the city and Virginia Point in connection with the G. R. & H. R. R., and thus open and speedy communication with the interior is insured. Several good steamers are also on the route between here and Houston.

We have an arrival of a Bremen bark with ninety-six emigrants aboard, destined for the interior. Arrivals of this kind are expected mostly during the winter and spring.

We will doubtless have in a few days an entire change of city officials.

Our City Fathers charge Collector Scudder with malfeasance in office. We await developments.

HUMPHREY.

New Advertisements.

PROPOSALS FOR HEAD STONES.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Nov. 5, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in triplicate, will be received at this office, until 12 o'clock, noon, on SATURDAY, the 23d instant,

for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department, at this place, with such number of Stone Head Blocks, for graves of United States soldiers, as may be called for from time to time. About two hundred and fifty will be required during the coming winter.

The Head Blocks are to be made of good durable hard stone, nicely cut, and lettered with the name, rank, company and regiment of the soldier, and numbered consecutively; all under directions from this office. The size of the blocks to be 12 inches high by 12 inches wide, and 9 inches thick. The price to be stated by the piece.

Delivery to be made as required by the Depot Quartermaster.

Conditions of proposal and contract to be the same as those of former advertisement which may be more definitely learned on application at this office.

Proposals to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Stone Head Blocks," and addressed to the undersigned.

J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt. Col. & A. Q. M., Nov 5 67 U. S. Army.

An Estray Horse Taken Up.

Taken up at Albert Stowe's Ranch, an AMERICAN GREY HORSE,

between fifteen and sixteen hands high, 10 or 11 years old, branded H on left shoulder, and a scar on right hip.

The owner will prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or the said horse will be disposed of according to law. nov13-4f ALBERT STOWE

SCHMITT & DUEBLER,

Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Wholesale Manufacturers

OF ALL KINDS OF

Crackers, Candies, Syrups,

AND

Confectioneries,

WEDDING AND BALL CAKES

Made to Order.

—ALSO—

A Select Assortment of

Fancy Groceries,

Such as

Can-Fruits, Jellies,

Preserves, Figs, &c.

Always on Hand.

San Antonio, Oct. 2, 1867. dt

STOVES!

COOKING, PARLOR, AND BOX STOVES! Just received by LEROUX & COSGROVE. oct31tf

NOTICE!!

Having received an order for 10,000 BUSHELS OF PECANS!!

I am prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for the same.

oct10d&w3m H. ORENET.

Proposals for Army Transportation.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 1, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in duplicate, will be received at this office until Saturday, the 30th day of November next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the transportation of military supplies for two years, from the 1st day of January next, on the following routes:

Route No. 2.—From San Antonio, Texas, to Forts Chadbourne and Belknap, Buffalo Springs, and each other Military Posts and Camps as are or may be established on the Texas Frontier, south of Red River, and north of 32° north latitude.

Route No. 4.—From Indianola, Texas, to San Antonio, Texas, and intervening points.

Route No. 5.—From Indianola, Texas, to Austin, Texas, and intervening points.

Bidders will state the rate per one hundred (100) pounds per one hundred (100) miles, at which they will transport said supplies, and must give their names in full, with residence and post office address, and if a firm, the name of each member will be separately signed.

Each bid must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record), that the bidder will, in case the contract is awarded to him, enter upon the fulfillment thereof, and furnish good and sufficient security that he will faithfully carry out the conditions therein set forth, and each security will state his place of residence.

Separate bids and bonds are required for each route.

The contractor on each route will be required to keep on his route good mule teams, of not less than six mules each, in numbers as follows:

On route No. 2, Twenty-Five Teams " " " 4, Seventy-Five " " " 5, Twenty-Five

Should, however, the transportation on any route be lessened from any cause, to such an extent as not to require the number of teams above named, it may be temporarily lessened by the officer in charge of the transportation lines.

The amount of bonds that will be required of the Contractor will be Fifty Thousand Dollars, (\$50,000) on each route.

The person or persons to whom any award is made, must be prepared to execute contracts and give the required bonds at once, and be in readiness for service on the first day of January next, as before mentioned.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder, and persons offered as security, will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour before named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening.

No proposal will be entertained that does not fully comply with the terms of this advertisement.

Any contract made under the advertisement will be subject to the approval of the Quartermaster General, and the right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Forms of contract may be seen at the office of the Chief Quartermaster, 5th Military District at New Orleans, the Chief Quartermaster's District of Texas, at Galveston, the Post Quartermaster, at Austin, and at this office.

Proposals must be plainly endorsed—Proposals for Army Transportation," and addressed to the undersigned at this place.

J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt. Col. and A. Q. M., oct1d U. S. Army.

SLOCUM'S BOOK STORE,

Commerce Street, Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store.

Keeps constantly on hand

School Books at Wholesale and Retail.

A fine assortment of

STATIONERY

of all kinds.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS, Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books, and other Books.

Suitable for Presents!

A large assortment of

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS,

Callot Articles, Pen Knives, and

Miscellaneous Articles.

—Also—

THE UNDELLIBLE PENCIL,

Wholesale and Retail.

The Latest Novels constantly on hand.

Cards of all kinds.

In fine full assortment of everything pertaining to this line of business.

All the Latest Newspapers, Magazines, etc.

Music! Music!! Music!!! A fine assortment on hand, and receiving NEW MUSIC every week. oct22tf

C. H. MOORE & COMPANY, Shippers and Dealers in Doors, Glazed Sash, and Painted Blinds. Having on hand a large assortment of CHOICE STOCK, We are enabled to fill all orders at Greatly Reduced Prices. Orders from the country solicited and promptly filled. MARKET STREET, oct18dly GALVESTON.

Local Intelligence.

Just In Time.—The incoming of the new administration was just in the nick of time. The half-month pay of the police and officers under Lyons will be due on the 15th, besides other expenses and several small judgments against the city; of course these must be paid. It is also timely because the Lyons dynasty has collected the quarterly taxes.

Now to meet these dues of officers, and a large outstanding debt, the City Treasurer turns over the magnificent amount of \$26 in specie and \$6 in currency. It will readily be seen that the new administration was most fortunate in its advent.

MONEY DUE AS INTEREST ON SCHOOL LANDS.—It is estimated that \$11,000 is due to the city as interest on lands sold for school purposes. There is also another matter in connection with this same land question which must be looked after, which is the payments made during the Confederacy in Confederate money at par when that money was at a terrific discount. The actual value of Confederate money could be allowed which would come near justice.

SMASH UP AND LEG BROKEN.—On Tuesday afternoon, a young gentleman named Mays, met with the sad accident of breaking his leg by jumping from his buggy. His horse became unmanageable and began to kick which caused him to jump out. The horse ran off breaking the buggy to pieces; Mr. Mays we are glad to learn is doing well, although his wound is severe.

A CITY MORTUARY RECORD.—Among other innovations it is proposed to establish a city mortuary record—a book containing the date of death, disease, age, nativity, cemetery and number of grave. This provision is made in all well regulated cities and is a most important one, particularly in the case of strangers.

\$1,000,000 IN WATCHES!

FOR SALE ON THE FOLLOWING

One Price Plan!
GIVING EVERY PATRON A
Handsome and Reliable Watch!
For the Low Price of \$10!

Without Regard to Value!!!

And not to be paid for unless

- 100 Gold Hunting Watches, \$200 to \$250
- 100 Magic Cased Gold Watches, \$200 to \$250
- 100 Ladies Watches, Enameled, \$100 to \$150
- 100 Gold Hunting Chronometer Watches, \$200 to \$250
- 100 Gold Hunting English Levers, \$200 to \$250
- 100 Gold Hunting Duplex Watches, \$150 to \$200
- 100 Gold Hunting American Watches, \$100 to \$150
- 100 Silver Hunting Levers, \$50 to \$75
- 100 Silver Hunting Duplexes, \$75 to \$125
- 100 Gold Ladies Watches, \$50 to \$75
- 1,000 Gold Hunting Levers, \$50 to \$75
- 1,000 Miscellaneous Silver Watches, \$50 to \$100
- 2,500 Hunting Silver Watches, \$25 to \$50
- 5,000 Assorted Watches, all kinds, \$10 to \$75

Every patron obtains a watch by this arrangement, costing but \$10, while it may be worth \$1,000. No partiality shown.

We wish to immediately dispose of the above magnificent stock. Certificates, naming the articles, are placed in sealed envelopes and well mixed. Holders are entitled to the articles named on their certificate upon payment of Ten Dollars, whether it be a watch worth \$1,000 or one worth less. The return of any of our certificates entitles you to the article named thereon upon payment, irrespective of its worth, and as no article valued less than \$10 is named on any certificate, it will at once be seen that this is

No Lottery, but a straightforward, legitimate transaction, which may be participated in even by the most fastidious!

A single certificate will be sent by mail, post paid, upon receipt of 25 cts., five for \$1, eleven for \$2, thirty three and elegant premium for \$5, sixty six and more valuable premium for \$10, one hundred and most superb Watch for \$15. To agents, or those wishing employment, this is a rare opportunity. It is a legitimately conducted business, duly authorized by the Government, and open to the most careful scrutiny.

Try Us!

WRIGHT BRO. & Co.,

Importers,

161 Broadway, New York.

Fine Residence to Rent.

Mrs. A. J. Dignowly offers for rent her large residence located on the prominent and delightful hills one-half mile east of San Antonio on the Seguin road.

The house has six rooms, two cellars, and one large kitchen, together with outhouses and enclosures.

For particulars inquire on the premises.

Special Notices.

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat.

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked.

If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

is often the result.

Brown's Bronchial Troches,

Having a direct influence on the parts, give immediate relief.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered.

Sold everywhere

nov111f

THE HEALING POOL

and House of Mercy,

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS,

for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the errors, abuses, and diseases which destroy the many powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DE J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 1843 & w 2 m

To Marry or not to Marry?

WHY NOT?

Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in a sealed letter envelope, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Card to Invalids.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, free of charge.

Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,

Station U, Bible House,

New York City

daily

To Music Teachers

AND

Dealers.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish Sheet Music, Strings, Musical Instruments, and Music Books of all kinds at the lowest prices, wholesale and retail, from the largest collections in this country.

Orders punctually and faithfully attended to. Address all orders

SIBERIA OTT,

783 Broadway, N. Y.

41

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,

42 Cedar Street New York.

nov21y

To Consumptives.

The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription, with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a Lung Affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON,

No. 165 South Second Street,

Williamsburg, N. Y.

sep21

Information

Guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face; also, a recipe for the removal of Freckles, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing

THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,

923 Broadway, N. Y.

sep21

STEVEN'S HOUSE,

21, 23, 25 & 27 Broadway, N. Y.

Opposite Bowling Green,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The Stevens House is well and widely known to the traveling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal railroad and steamboat depots.

The Stevens House has liberal accommodations for over 500 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates.

The rooms having been refurnished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our guests. GEO. K. CHASE & CO.,

June 15-1 Proprietors.

LEVENSTEIN & CO.,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,

&c., &c., &c.

Just received a large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods!

and will sell all at the very lowest prices

nov24f

THE ALAMO STEAM

Wagon Factory,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The undersigned having erected, in the City of San Antonio, an establishment of the above character, where all work is done by Machinery and Steam Power, would inform the public, and especially owners of Transportation Trains, that he is now fully prepared to execute all orders for the

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The subscriber, late a member of this well known firm has established a wholesale agency, 783 Broadway, New York City, where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and the public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior instruments to the trade Wholesale and Retail, at the very lowest prices. Made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have cresting notes, giving in connection with the patent iron rim and frame, full round powerful, and sweet mellow tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance, and easily and safely handled. Address all orders to

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It is adapted to any music from the quietest and most lively, to the heavy tone of the Church Organ. And almost universally they are preferred to the Piano, by persons who have them, yet costing less than half, and only taking a small amount of room.

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Successor to the old and well known house of Philip F. Werlein, and P. F. Werlein & Halvey, 3 & 5 Camp street, and 173 Canal street, at No. 82 Barronne street, New Orleans, La.

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Pianos, Organs, Melodians, Violas, Guitars, Fiddles, Zithers, Violoncellos, Double basses, Banjos, Flutes, Flageolets, Clarinettes, Piccolos, Fifes, Accordions, Concertinas, Drums, bass and tenor—Musical Boxes, and all other kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Instruction Books, Spring Binders, Piano Stools and Covers of all styles and patterns, Music Paper, Wires and Binding Material, etc., etc. Italian Strings of the best quality known for every instrument.

I beg to inform my friends and the public generally, that I have the agency for the States of Louisiana and Texas, of the celebrated new scale Marshall & Mittenner Piano Fortes, which are now the most perfect pianos in tone, touch, durability, workmanship and finish of any now made in Europe or America. I am daily receiving testimonials of the superiority of these pianos from the first artists, and even many of my most energetic competitors say they are the best pianos they have ever seen. While I express my acknowledgments for all past favors, and solicit a continuance of the same, I assure my patrons that their interest shall continue to be the object of my special devotion. Respectfully,

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Any piece of music or book sent post-paid on receipt of the marked price.

Circulars, Price Lists, Illustrated catalogues of Pianos and Organs, catalogues of music, price lists of strings (gut and Italian) and instruments furnished on application.

P. S.—I respectfully invite the trade, amateurs, and professors of music, to favor me with their orders, which will always be executed with care and promptness at the lowest cash prices.

Schools and Seminaries supplied on the most liberal terms.

Mr. F. F. WERLEIN, of the old house, will be in attendance, and will be happy to wait on his old friends and patrons, as formerly.

Agents wanted in every county in the State for the sale of the celebrated new scale Marshall & Mittenner Piano Fortes.

Prices from \$500 to \$700, according to external finish, etc. sep1y

THE KEROSENE GAS LAMP.

An invention by which a common Kerosene Lamp can at once be transformed into a Gas Lamp, of a most brilliant light, entirely safe against explosion; no chimney needed, and is not subject to be blown out by the strongest breeze or current of air; at the same time giving a better light than the combined light of two ordinary Kerosene Lamps, and saving fully one-third of the kerosene oil, by simply applying the gas generator.

The undersigned, having procured the patent right for Bexar County, will have a supply of the Generators on hand by the 15th of September, and offers to sell them at One Dollar, specie, each. He has also been authorized to sell County Rights and Generators to all counties where said patent has not been introduced. F. SIMON,

At the store of Hechtberg & Simon, ang102m San Antonio.

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Respectfully informs the public that he has combined the business formerly carried on by Mrs. W. Hartmann on Commerce street, near the Post office, with the business heretofore carried on by the firm of Rosay, Hartmann & Co., that both have established themselves under the above firm at the old stand of Rosay, Hartmann & Co. and will hereafter deal in American, French and German

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PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

CHAP. XXIV.—An Act to establish a Land Office in Colorado Territory, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the lands belonging to the United States to which the Indian title has been or shall be extinguished shall be subject to the operations of pre-emption act of the fourth of September, eighteen hundred and forty one, and under the conditions, restrictions, and stipulations therein mentioned: Provided, however, That when unsurveyed lands are claimed by pre-emption, notice of the specific tract claimed shall be filed within six months after the survey has been made in the field; and on failure to file such notice, or to pay for the tract claimed within twelve months from the filing of such notice, the pre-empting such lands shall forfeit all right therein, provided said notice may be filed with the Surveyor General, and to be noted by him on the township plat, until other arrangements have been made by law for that purpose.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the public lands within the Territory of Colorado to which the Indian title is or shall be extinguished shall constitute a new land district, to be called the Colorado district; and the President is hereby authorized to appoint, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a register and receiver of public moneys for said district, who shall be required to reside at the place at which said office shall be located, and they shall have the same powers, perform the same duties, and be entitled to the same compensation as are or may be prescribed by law in relation to land offices of the United States in the State of Kansas.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That an act entitled "An act to graduate and reduce the price of the price of public lands to actual settlers and cultivators," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved, June 7, 1862.

CHAP. XXV.—An act to establish certain Post Routes, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following be established as post roads: CALIFORNIA. From San Juan to New Idria. From San Diego, via Santa Isabel, to Buena Vista. From San Diego, via San Luis Rey, San Juan Capistrano, and Anaheim, to the city of Los Angeles. From Chico to Humboldt Valley. From Quincy to Richmond. From Orleans, Nevada Territory, to Aurora, California. From Laucha Plains, via Poverty Bar, Senny Lind, Brushville, Salt Spring Valley, Copperopolis, and Jeffersonville, to Sonora.

CONNECTICUT. From New Milford to Washington.

INDIANA. From Valparaiso, via Tassinong and Garris Bridge, to Kennesaw. From Livonia via Clayville, to Campbellburg. From Columbus, via Bethany, New Belleville, and Chestnutburg, to Houston. From Kennesaw, via Meadville and Brook, to Kent Station. From Kendallville, via Rome and Wolcottville, to La Grange Centre. From Outlook, Indiana, via West Creek, Sherburneville, and Yellow Head, to Maumee, Illinois. From Madison, via Middle Fork, Big Creek, Churchill's Mill, and Benville, to Butlerville. From Mount Carmel, Indiana, to Harrison, Ohio. From New Point, via Rosburg and Saint Maurice, to Clarkburg. From Madison, via North Madison, Middle Fork, Big Creek, Churchill's Mills, and Benville, to Butlerville. From Annapolis, via Wright's Mills, Sylvania, Harveysburg, and Van Dora's Mills, to Covington. From Paris, via Lancaster, to Dupont. From Clinton, via Jones, Indiana, to Logan, Illinois. From Cleardale to Spencer. From Washburn, via Miles and Mount Vernon, to Somerset. From Bremen, via Hepton and Milltown, to Etta Green. From Clark's Hill, via Jefferson, to Frankfort. From Attica, via Bob Roy, Coal Creek, Steam Corner, Harrisburg, Wright's Mills, and Sylvania, to Annapolis. From Kankakee, via Stanton and Ervin, to Poplar Grove.

ILLINOIS. From Cassin to Chilocho. From Fallow Head, Illinois, to Hanover, Indiana. From Bloomington to Brook's Grove. From Bloomington, via Cheney's Grove, Baxton, and Hill's Grove, to Danville. From Frederickville, via Centre, Newberystown, and Jasper, to Ripley. From Bath to Sumnum. From Cifton, via L'Evable and Marleton, to Middleport. From Rock City, via Rock Grove, Josephine, and Shivelyville, to Monroe. From Carrollton to New Bedford. From Mount Junction to Mound City. From Cambridge, via Lynn, to Centre Ridge. From Elmore, via West Jersey, to Jordan. From Columbus, via Bethany, to Liberty. From Moline, via Hadley, to Godding's Green. From Belleville, via Millstadt, to Columbia. From Smithton, via Florville, to Waterloo. From Marietta to Coulterville. From Pinkneyville to Duquoin. From Illinois town, via Coulterville Station, to Millstadt. From Florville to Hecker. From Greenville, via Cottonwood Grove, Pleasant Prairie, and Walshville, to Litchfield. From Ymans, via Aeton and Spring Garden, to Moore's Prairie. From Clatsmont, via Stringtown, Chaunay, and Hardinsville, to Robinson. From Toulon, via Elmira, Osceola, and Napoleon, to Sheffield. From Salem to MacCansboro.

IOWA. From Waterloo, via Buckingham, Crystal Spring Creek, and Green Mountain, to Marshalltown. From Decatur, via Burr Oak Springs and Spillville, to Fort Atkinson. From Ida, via Correctionville, to Sioux City. From Council Bluffs, via Crescent City, Fairview, Harris Grove, Judd City, Twelve Mile Grove, Olmstead, and Mantano, to Des Moines.

From Waukon, via Roseville, Volney, and Council Hill, to McGregor. From Fort Dodge, via Leeburg and Intermediate county seats, to Sioux City. From Fort Dodge, along the west bank of Des Moines River, via county seat of Palo Alto county, to Spirit Lake. From Eddyville, via Centerville, Gordon, Lewis Mount, Bedford, Clarinda, and Sidney, to McGregor City. From McGregor to Garnaville. From Des Moines City, via Adel, Panora, Guthrie Centre, Bear Grove, Escarpment, Buck Creek, Newtown, and Keg Creek, to Council Bluffs. From Corydon to Osceola. From the City of McGregor, via Elkader and Volga City, to Strawberry Point. From Dodgeville, via Morning Sun, Virginia Grove, and Cairo, to Columbus City. From Independence, via Brandon, to Vinton. From Clayton to McGregor. From Atrato, via Steacyville and Wentworth, to Saratoga. From Charles City, via Rockford, Mason City, Chapin, Goldfield, and Eagle Grove, to Fort Dodge. From Glenwood, Iowa, to Nebraska City, Nebraska Territory. From Waverly to Shell Rock. From Dalsmanutha to Guthrie Centre. From Hook's Point to Webster City. From Brooklys to Aakalus. From Cedar Falls to New Hampton. From Des Moines, Iowa, to Saint Joseph, Missouri. From Eddyville, Iowa, to Nebraska City, Nebraska Territory. From Eddyville to Des Moines. From Waukon, via French Creek, Union City, Winnebago, and Crooked Creek, to Brewerville, Minnesota.

KANSAS. From Topeka, via Auburn, Burlingame, Superior, Key West, Ottumwa, Burlington, Leroy, Deocha Falls, Geneva, and Iola, to Humboldt. From Topeka, via Mission Creek, to Council Grove. From Iowa Point to White Cloud. From White Cloud, via Hiawatha and Sabetha, to Seneca. From Lawrence, via Willow Springs, to the Sac and Fox Agency. From Emporia, via Eagle Creek, Madison Centre, Willow Creek, and Wolf Creek, to Eureka. From Seneca, via Centralia, Nottingham, Barrett's Mill, and Irving, to Manhattan. From Junction City, via Getsterville, to Washington, Washington county.

KENTUCKY. From Winchester, via Booneboro and Foxtown, to Bishmon. From Lancaster to Buckeye. From Mount Pleasant to Crank's Creek. From Bryansville to Harrodsburg. From Greensburg, via James Whitlock's, on Greasy Creek, to Edmeston. From Lancaster to Crab Orchard. MARTIN. From Saint Nicholas to Broad Creek Neck. From Queenston, via Wye Mills and Hillsborough, to Denton. From Beckleysville, via Grave Run Mills, to Hempstead. MAINE. From Skowhegan to Athens. From New Sharon to Farmington. From Jonesport, via Addison Point to Columbia.

MICHIGAN. From Muskegon, via Mead's and Pent Water, to Muskegon. From Bobbe's Station, via Memphis, Baker's Corners, West Berlin, and Gapac, to Merrillville. From Mount Clemens, via Waterbury, Macomb, Brookline, and Armada Corners, to Romeo. From Avery, on Michigan Central Railroad, via Troy, to Laketon. From Coopersville, via Lamount, to Eastmanville. From Nankin, via Perrinsville and Wallace, to Detroit. From Grand Rapids, through the township of Wyoming, Byron, Dorr, and Salem, to Allegan. From New Buffalo, via Laketon, to Saint Joseph's. From Newaygo, via Fremont, Pewama, Greenwood, Otto, Hart and Wera, to Pent Water. From Hillsdale, via North Adams Moscow, Baldwin Mills, and Somerset, to Jackson. From Sturgis, via Centerville, Mendot, and Brady, to Kalamazoo. From Leoniada, via Sherwood, Dry Prairie, Pine Creek, and Leroy, to Battle Creek. From Romeo, via Armada, to Bobbe's Station. From Saint John's, via Keystone, Poupell, and Ithaca, to Saint Louis. From Port Austin, via Pineop, Pigeon River, and Wild Fowl Bay, to Sibbawing. From Hillsdale, via Cambria, West Woodbridge, Morgansville, West Bridgewater, Lambertson Corners, and West Buffalo, to Bryan. From Manistee, via Rush Lake, Portage, Planting Ground, Bar Lake, Herring Creek, Frankport, Point Betsy, North Unity, and Leland, to North Port. From Ontonagon, Michigan, via Bayfield, Wisconsin, and La Point, to Superior, Wisconsin, and La Point, to Superior, Wisconsin, during the opening of navigation. From Shawano, Wisconsin, via Stations one, two, three and four, to Kewenaw Bay, Michigan. From Station four to Marquette. From Station four to National, (Minnesota Mine.) MISSOURI. From Rochester, via Empire Prairie, Douglas, Island City, Mount Pleasant, and Hugginsville, to Smithton. From Smithton, Missouri, to Mount Air, Iowa. From Hornum, via Smith's Prairie, Douglas Prairie, and Samuel Smith's to Rolls. From Cameron, via Plattburg and Liberty, to Kansas City. From Leavenworth to Farley. From Vienna to Rolla.

MINNESOTA. From Garden City, via Gray's, Fairmount, and Tattle's, to Spirit Lake. From Leavenworth, Minnesota, via Lake Shetek and Sioux Falls, to Sioux City, Iowa. From Mankato, Minnesota, via Leavenworth, Brown's Crossings, Lake Shetek, and Erda Crossings, to Vermillion, Dakota Territory. From La Crescent, via Troy, Chatfield, Frankford, Grand Meadow, Mower City, Lansing, Austin, and Albert Lea, to Winnebago City. From Winona, via Minnesota City, Elba, and Quincy, to Rochester. From Owatonna, via Wilson, Saint Mary's, and Winnebago Agency, to Mankato. From Lake City, via Rochester, High Forest, Root River, Mower City, and Lansing, to Austin. From La Crosse, Wisconsin, via Brownsville, Sheldon, Dehanna, Preston, Oshtemo, Forstville, Spring Valley, Grand Meadow, Mower City, Lansing, Frankfort, Austin, and

Sumner, Albert Lea, Fremont, Walnut Lake, and Winnebago City, to Sheberville, Minnesota. From Torah, via Lake George and Grove Lake, to Alexandria. From Detroit, Michigan to Dunsmith, Minnesota, by steamer. From Cook's Valley, via Watkins Mills and Lathrop's Store, to Rochester. From St. Paul, via West St. Paul, Eagartown, Rose Mount, Lakerville, Christiana, Highland, Sheldahl, Killbuck, Cordova, Starbuck, Kapota, to Mankato. From St. Paul, via Fort Snelling, Eden Prairie, and Chaska, to Corvair. From Watertown, via Winstead, Lake Byron, Lake Jenny, and Greenleaf, to Kandiyohi. From Green Lake, via Norway, Lake, to Longburg. NEW YORK. From Blair, via Farmersville and Lincoln, to Ellettsville. From Norwich, via South Plymouth and North Pharsalia and Pharsalia, to Cincinnati. From Middleport, via Jeddah and North Ridgeway, to County Line. From Bush, via Centre and Jackson Run, to Warren, Pennsylvania. From Balabrig, via Guilford Centre, and Guilford, to Norwich. From Rio to Bolivar. NEW JERSEY. From Simons Point to English creek. From Wertsville to Kingwood. From Mount Holly, via Lumberton, to Medford. NEW HAMPSHIRE. From Bowdoin, via Webster. From Blawston, via Hampstead and Danville, to Sandown. From Canaan, Vermont, to Connecticut Lake, New Hampshire.

[TO BE CONTINUED.] PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES. Passed at the first session which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in the District of Columbia, on Thursday, the fourth day of July, A. D. 1861, and ended on Tuesday, the sixth day of August, A. D. 1861. [This session was called by Proclamation of the President, dated April 15th, 1861.]

CHAP. XXIV.—An Act to increase the present Military Establishment of the United States. [CONTINUED.] cers with any part of the regular forces now in the field until the regiments authorized by this act shall have been fully recruited, and detail any of the officers now in the regular army to the service with the volunteer regiments now in the field, or which may hereafter be called out, with such rank as may be offered them in said volunteer regiments, for the purpose of imparting to their military instruction and efficiency. Approved, July 29, 1861.

CHAP. XXV.—An Act to provide for the Suppression of Rebellion against and Resistance to the Laws of the United States, and to amend the Act entitled "An Act to provide for calling forth the Militia to execute the laws of the Union," &c., passed February twenty-eight, seventeen hundred and sixty-five. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That whenever, by reason of unlawful insurrection, combination, or assemblage of persons, or rebellion against the authority of the Government of the United States, it shall become impracticable, in the judgment of the President of the United States, to enforce, by the ordinary course of judicial proceedings, the laws of the United States within any State or Territory of the United States, or to call forth the militia of any or all the States of the Union, and to employ such parts of the land and naval forces of the United States as he may deem necessary to enforce the faithful execution of the laws of the United States, or to suppress such rebellion in whatever State or Territory thereof the laws of the United States may be forcibly opposed, or the execution thereof forcibly obstructed.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That whenever, in the judgment of the President, it may be necessary to use the military force hereby directed to be employed and called forth by him, the President shall forthwith, by proclamation, command such insurgents to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes, within a limited time. Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That whenever, in the judgment of the President, it may be necessary to call into the service of the United States until discharged by proclamation of the President, he shall, and he is authorized to call into the service of the United States, and to employ such parts of the land and naval forces of the United States as he may deem necessary to enforce the faithful execution of the laws of the United States, or to suppress such rebellion in whatever State or Territory thereof the laws of the United States may be forcibly opposed, or the execution thereof forcibly obstructed.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That every officer, non-commissioned officer, or private of the militia, who shall fall to the orders of the President of the United States in any of the cases before recited, shall forfeit a sum not exceeding one year's pay, and not less than one month's pay, to be determined and adjudged by a court-martial; and such officer shall be liable to be cashiered by a sentence of court-martial, and be incapacitated from holding a commission in the militia for a term not exceeding twelve months, at the discretion of the court; and such non-commissioned officer and private shall be liable to imprisonment, by a like sentence, on failure of the payment of the fine adjudged against them, for one calendar month for every twenty-five dollars of such fine. Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That courts-martial for the trial of militia shall be composed of militia officers only. Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That all fines to be assessed as aforesaid shall be certified by the presiding officer of the court-martial, and shall be collected and paid over according to the provisions and in the manner prescribed by the seventh and eighth sections of the act of February twenty-eight, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, so which this is an amendment. Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That the marshals of the several districts of the United States and their deputies, shall have the same powers in executing the laws of the United States as sheriffs and their deputies in the several States, have by law, in executing the laws of the respective States.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That sections two, three, and four of the act entitled "An Act to provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the Union, suppress insurrections, and repel invasions, and to repeal the act now in force for those purposes," approved February twenty-eight, seventeen hundred and ninety-five, and so much of the residue of said act and of all other acts inconsistent with this act are hereby repealed. Approved, July 29, 1861.

CHAP. XXVII.—An Act authorizing the Appointment of an Assistant Secretary of the Navy, and being the only act of the same, and for other purposes. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the President shall appoint, in the department of the Secretary of the Navy, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, a competent person, who shall be called the Assistant Secretary of the Navy, whose salary shall be four thousand dollars, payable in the same manner as the salary of the Secretary of the Navy, who shall perform all such duties in the office of the Secretary of the Navy, belonging to that department, as shall be prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, or as may be required by law, and who shall act as Secretary of the Navy in the absence of that officer. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That there be added to the clerical force of the Navy Department eight additional clerks, with salary of twelve hundred dollars each per annum. Approved, July 31, 1861.

CHAP. XXVIII.—An Act making an Appropriation to pay the Expenses of transporting and delivering Arms and Munitions of War to the loyal Citizens of the States of which the Inhabitants now are or hereafter may be in Rebellion against the Government of the United States, and to provide for the Expenses of organizing them into Companies, Battalions, Regiments, or otherwise, for their own protection against domestic Violence, Insurrection, Invasion, or Rebellion. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the sum of two millions of dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States, in supplying and defraying the expenses of transporting and delivering such arms and munitions of war as in his judgment may be expedient and proper to place in the hands of any of the loyal citizens residing in any of the States of which the inhabitants are in rebellion against the Government of the United States, or in which rebellion is or may be threatened, and likewise for defraying such expenses as may be properly incurred in organizing and sustaining, while so organized, any of said citizens into companies, battalions, regiments, or otherwise, for their own protection against domestic violence, insurrection, invasion, or rebellion. Approved, July 31, 1861.

CHAP. XXIX.—An Act making an Appropriation for the purchase of Arms for the Volunteers and Regular Troops of the United States. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the sum of ten millions of dollars be, and the same is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be expended under the direction of the President of the United States, for the purchase of arms for the use of the volunteers and regular troops of the United States. Approved, July 31, 1861.

CHAP. XXX.—An Act providing a Commission to examine and report as to the Compensation of all Officers of the Government, and for other purposes. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That for the purpose of making equalizing, and reducing the compensation of the various officers of the Government, a Board of Commissioners be hereby organized, to be composed as follows: One of the members of the Senate, to be appointed by the presiding officer of the Senate; three members of the House of Representatives, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House; one officer of the navy, and one officer of the army, to be appointed by the President. That said Board shall examine and report, as soon as practicable: First, a fair and just compensation for each officer of the Government; second, such provisions of law as will regulate the expenditures of all individuals and contingent appropriations, including those for the courts of the United States; third, regulations for the more economical collection of the revenues; fourth, what officers or employments, if any, may be dispensed with without detriment to the public service. Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That said commission have leave to report by bill or bills, or otherwise, to each House at the next session of Congress, and have leave to employ a clerk, at a compensation not to exceed four dollars per day for the time actually needed. Approved, July 31, 1861.

CHAP. XXXI.—An Act to increase the Medical Corps of the Navy. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the medical corps of the navy shall consist of eighty surgeons, and one hundred and twenty paid and other assistant surgeons. Approved, July 31, 1861.

CHAP. XXXII.—An Act in addition to an Act entitled "An Act further to provide for the Collection of Duties on Imports, and for other purposes," approved July thirteenth, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-one. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the power of the President to declare the inhabitants of any State, or any part thereof, in a state of insurrection, as provided in the fifth section of the act to which this is an addition, shall extend to and include the inhabitants of any State, or part thereof, where such insurrection against the United States shall be found by the President at any time to exist. Approved, July 31, 1861.

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