

San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, WEDNESDAY, NOV. 13, 1867.

NO. 284.

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOOUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office. dly

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as Midwife in Germany, and having done business as such with good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's Bakery.
M. SLOOUM, August 20, 1867. no48-12

MRS ECKEL,

Graduate of "Marburg Institute, Europe," offers her services to the people of San Antonio as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in this service renders her one of the best professionals.
Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of Mr. William Elliot. 6-ly.

Law, etc.

M. E. BOWERS & A. F. WALKER
BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
(no. 11-ly) Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCEL,
Attorney & Counselor at-Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866. no34ly

W. B. LEIGH & A. DITTMAR
LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.
1474-wtf

S. G. NEWTON & C. V. FICQUE
NEWTON & PICQUE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
214-3nd-wtf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Law Notice.
Thomas M. Paschal will hereafter be associated with the undersigned in all new business entrusted to their care in Texas.
I. A. & G. W. PASCHAL, Attorneys at Law.
August 9th 1867if

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas. d-wtf

PEYTON SMYTHE,
County Clerk Bexar county, and as office County Public, keeps on hand Blank Deeds, Deeds of Trust, &c., for gratuitous distribution in Bexar county.
Instruments of Writing drawn and acknowledged taken on liberal terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Will also prepare Proposals to the U. S. Quartermaster for Contracts; he keeps on hand printed forms, etc.
He can be found at the County Clerk's Office, Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Nettie's Drug Store,
SAN ANTONIO.

Hotels.

Klopper Hotel.
FIRST CLASS-ENTERTAINMENT!
Mrs. Klopper calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.
d-wtf Commerce street, San Antonio.

INGRAM HOUSE,
VICTORIA, TEXAS,
WILLIAM J. NEELY, Proprietor.
This House is refurnished and opened for the public. Good Stabling on the premises.
j23d&w3m

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
M. F. THOMPSON,
Proprietor.
146-ly

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking Public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State. V. TARDE.
121if

R. FEINBERG & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK.
no48ly.

Business Cards.

TH. HERTZBERG & F. SIMON,
HERTZBERG & SIMON,
Glassware, Mouldings,
Fancy Goods, Pictures, Pipes,
Stationery, Brushes, Music,
NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
at S. S. Sampson's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.
147

W. H. CHRYSLER & JOE ANDERSON.
Chrysler & Anderson,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
CABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
CASH paid for WOOL and HIDES.
March 26th 1867. 26cf

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
in
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 28, 1867. 1124f

PHILIP CONRAD.
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite Zork & Grissenbeck,
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. dly

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currency and Exchange bought and sold; Collections made on all accessible points. 80 if

WESTHOFF & L. FROES.
W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.
Liberal advances made on consignments of Country Produce. 113f

G. SCHMIDT & ROBERT VOIGHT.
SCHMIT & VOIGHT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON. NEW YORK.
August 23. [no48-ly.]

J. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
4&6 HUTCHIN'S BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST
HOUSTON, TEXAS.
Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce. 129if

BURTIS & FRENCH,
Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
je28ly.] New York.

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
General Commission Merchants,
OSTERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg. Jan6ly

WULFF & SHETELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
CHIHUAHUA, SAN ANTONIO,
MEXICO, TEXAS,
cor. Alamo & North streets
je28

BOGERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Guns, &c.,
32 Postoffice and 26 Stone street,
NEW YORK.
Orders promptly executed at lowest prices. No Travelers or Drummers employed. All goods bearing our stamp warranted extra quality. no48ly.

Business Cards.

STOVES!!
Cooking, Parlor and Box
STOVES,
Just received, and for sale at
NORTON & DEUTZ'S.
oct24d1f

L. J. Dresch,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Eagle Pass, Tex.,
AND
PIEDRAS NEGRAS, MEXICO.
nov5tf

ALBERT TÜRPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash Price paid for Hides. sept17if

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.
REFERENCES:
Frazier, Major & Co., New York,
Citral Bank, New Orleans,
W. H. H. Witherall, Esq., New Orleans,
William Chrysler, San Antonio,
National Bank of Texas, Galveston,
Beyok & Helfrich, Lavaca,
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indiana.
dec 10d12f

A. G. McNEELY & CHAMBER NAIGNE,
late of Walker's Bldg. late of the Terry Bldg.
McNEENY & NAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.
A. H. EAST, Galveston, Texas.
10

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$5,000,000
December 19, 1866. 43m

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York.
A. L. CONKLIN,
E. R. DAVIS. je28

NORTON & DEUTZ,
SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & BRO.,
Hardware,
LEATHER,
AND
Woodenware Dealers,
SAN ANTONIO
Sept. 5 TEXAS.

A. STAACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, July 8, 1867.

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
sep21w6m NEW YORK.

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,
DRY GOODS,
250 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Flannels, Hosiery,
Gloves, Dress Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Ribbons, Laces,
Shirt Articles,
Lace Articles,
Dress Goods, Silks,
White Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroideries,
English
Hosiery and Notions, etc., etc.
Ys ikbe Notions etc., etc.

THE DILEMMA.

BY OLIVER WENDELL HOLMES.
Now, by the blessed Paphian queen,
Who heaves the breast of sweet sixteen;
By every name I cut on bark
Before my morning star-grew dark;
E/ Hymen's torch, by Cupid's dart,
By all that thrills the beating heart:
The bright black eye, the melting blue—
I cannot choose between the two.

I had a vision in my dreams;—
I saw a row of twenty beams;
From every beam a torch was hung,
In every torch a lover swung;
I asked the hue of every eye
That bade each luckless lover die;
Ten shadowy lips said heavenly blue,
And ten accused the darker hue.

I asked a maiden which she deemed
With fairest light of beauty beamed;
She answered, some thought both were
fair—
Give her blue eyes and golden hair,
I might have liked her judgment well,
But as she spoke she rang a bell,
And all her girls, nor small nor few,
Came marching in—their eyes were blue.

I asked a maiden: back she lung
The looks that round her forehead hung,
And turned her eye, a glorious one,
Bright as a diamond in the sun,
On me, until beneath its rays
I felt as if my hair would blaze;
She liked all eyes but eyes of green,
She looked at me; what could she mean?

Ah! many lids Love looks between—
Nor heeds the coloring of his screen;
But when his random arrows fly,
The victim falls, but knows not why.
Gaze not upon his shield of jet,
The shaft upon the string is set;
Look not beneath his azure veil,
Though every limb were cased in mail.

Well, both might make a martyr break
The chain that bound him to the stake;
And both, with but a single ray,
Can melt our very hearts away.
And both, when belianced, hardly seem
To stir the scales, or rock the beam;
But that is dearest all the while,
That wears for us the sweetest smile.

FARADAY'S THEORY OF LIFE.

Prof. Faraday adopts Flourin's physiological theory that the natural age of man is one hundred years. The duration of life he believes to be measured by the time of growth. When once the bones and epiphyses are united, the body grows no more; and it is at twenty years this union is effected in man. In the camel it takes place at eight; in the horse at five; in the lion at four; in the dog at two; in the rabbit one. The natural termination of life is five removes from these several points. Man, being twenty years in growing, lives five times twenty years, that is, one hundred; the camel is eight years in growing, and he lives five times eight years, that is to say, forty years; the horse is five years in growing, and he lives twenty-five years; and so with other animals. The man who does not die of sickness lives everywhere from eighty to a hundred years. Providence has given to a man a century of life; but he does not attain it, because he inherits disease, eats unwholesome food, gives license to passions and allows vexations to disturb his healthy equipoise; he does not die; he kills himself. He divides life into two equal halves—growth and decline; and these halves into infancy, youth, virility and age. Infancy extends to the twentieth year; youth to the fiftieth, because it is during this period that the tissues become firm; virility from fifty to seventy-five, during which the organism remains complete, and seventy-five old age commences, to last a longer or shorter time, as the diminution of reserved forces is hastened or retarded.

Two men recently died suddenly at a Canadian tavern after drinking a cup of coffee. The landlady called the police, who suspected her of poisoning the men. She protested she had not, and to prove the harmlessness of the coffee drank a cup herself, when she also fell down dead. An examination of the coffee-pot showed that a bunch of matches had been boiling with the coffee.

The catching of Leeches is quite a paying business in Australia. The trade is chiefly carried on by an incorporated company on the Murray river. From 150,000 to 200,000 leeches are sometimes collected on a single trip of one of the company's steamers. They are packed and conveyed to Melbourne, and thence exported abroad. These leeches are sent in large numbers to London and Paris, where it is said they are preferred to leeches brought from any other place. A large number also come to America, and some years the export from Melbourne amounts to 3,000,000.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Eleven churches in New York have boy choirs.

Boston is said to realize over \$150,000 a year from the Ledger.

The Prussian army is to be taught the use of the telegraph.

The experiment of raising tea in Georgia promises to be successful.

Why is a kiss like a lightning bolt? Because it is made of nothing and is very good.

One-third of the heat of a warming apparatus is wasted through a thin window.

Delmonico was to lease Jerome's new club house at Madison avenue for \$25,000 a year.

Apoplexy is a common disease with fowls. With them, as with human beings, it generally results from high feeding.

A party of Eastern capitalists have contracted to build a hotel at Cheyenne, the same size as the Cozzen House at Omaha.

The New York Firemen's Association has resolved to raise the \$5,000 needed by the Firemen's Charitable Association, of Houston, Texas.

It is stated that an attempt was made recently in Nicolaresf, to assassinate the Emperor of Russia, by six men disguised as females. The matter was hushed up.

During September last one hundred and fifty-four farms, comprising 9,244 acres, were added to the productive force of the State of Mississippi, under the Homestead act.

The Salt Lake Vidette says that the Book of Mormon expressly condemns polygamy, which is an innovation wholly due to Brigham Young's "special revelation."

The estimated expenses of the Pension Office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1869, are: Salaries and contingent expenses, \$413,340; payment of pensions, \$34,740,000; total, \$35,153,340.

A Russian Prince, of the tender age of fourteen, tries to run away from school for the love of a danseuse, and twice was brought back forlorn by the unympathizing police.

California ship-masters still discuss with some heat the question of the existence of the islands in the Pacific Ocean said to have been discovered some time ago and which an exploring expedition failed to find.

A volunteer rifeman of Canada recently fired 120 shots at a target at distances of 500 to 1,000 yards, and missed but five times, although no sighted shots were fired. He would be a dangerous man for the Fenians.

A Richmond paper speaks of a girl thirteen years old who committed 1,500 consecutive verses of the New Testament in one week, wearing out several teachers in reciting her lesson, and had brain fever the next day.

It is mentioned by a California paper as a merciful dispensation of Providence that several children named for Robert Lee, Jefferson Davis, and other rebels, have died lately. Their death is also considered a warning to parents.

After the Brenner Railway was opened, the diligence made its last trip with great ceremony. The oldest postillion in Innspruck drove the horses, wearing a cape on his hat, and the carriage, was trimmed with weeping willow.

Gossips say that the object of the royal meeting at Salzburg was to arrange a marriage between the Prince Imperial and the Princess Gisela of Austria, a charming little-miss of eleven years—in fact, a perfect little pearl of a Princess, a sort of good fairy to all around her, and full of simplicity and tenderness.

Mrs. Lander was presented with an elegant solid gold badge, the symbol of the 12th army corps, in which her husband served, by the citizens of Cincinnati on the evening of the 25th inst.

Our national motto—E Pluribus Unum—was that attached to a magazine published in the old country in 1690, and also of another magazine published in London for a hundred and forty years commencing about 1725.

Seven years ago a St. Louis merchant caught a burglar in his chamber, and let him go on promise of good behavior. That burglar made his pile during the war, whereas the merchant failed, and a few ago the former paid his debt of gratitude by loaning the latter \$10,000 with which to start in business again.

With the present clerical force in the office of the Second Auditor it will take two years more to settle the claims for additional bonds now on file.

BROS.
Plated-ware
American and
s and Clocks,
Pencils of
Gold and
nibles,
Steel
bell Spec-
Glasses, with
Lenses, Suitable
near-sighted.
Manufacturers
IN THEIR LINE,
Promptly.
treet
of Main Plaza, Old St. ad.
ouis, Texas.
Real, Biographical
one Books
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ONS,
LE'S
TORE,
Street, ED A FRESH
LY or
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of purposes,
Note,
Billet
&c., &c.;
Albums;
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&c., &c.;
atoms,
Spectacles,
reflexes,
articles, too
mention.
LECT
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IE WORD!
ENET,
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is stock before
elsewhere.
DING SO
ALL FIND
INDUCE-
e their ad-
ARTICLE
RANTED
PRESENTED.
LER & CO.,
BUILDING,
GALVESTON,
OLESALE & RETAIL.
If kinds of
ARMS, viz:
(Laminated steel and
wist.)
Shot,
md Caps,
Flasks and
Pouches,
on Locks, Bear Springs,
Main Springs,
Tumblers, &c.
RIFLES.
sted nine Repeater,
single Breach-Loading
RIFLES,
for Frontier Service.)
s Rifles,
yard's Rifles,
and Sharp's Rifles.
OT GUNS,
5, \$30, \$40, \$50, and up
175 in gold.
ty. Orders from every
country filled with
expedition.
Agents for Texas for
ON'S FIRE-ARMS,
JAN. B. WALKER
K & WALKER,
Forwarding Merchant
South Lewis,
T. LOUIS, MO.

Latest Dispatches.

SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE EXPRESS.]

Markets.

New York, November 11.—Gold 38; Sterling long 9 1/2; Cotton dull. Louisiana sugar and molasses active, supplies light, sells as soon as landed; sugar fair 14 1/2; Cotton firmer, middling Orleans 18 1/2, sales 1800 bales receipts since yesterday 1867, exports 507. Gold 38; Sterling commercial 47; New York eight per cent premium.

Jeff Davis' Trial.

Washington, November 11.—It is ascertained from a reliable source that the Government will be ready to proceed with the trial of Mr. Davis on the 25th both sides, however, desire for Chief Justice Chase to preside, with Judge Underwood and therefore it is possible that the trial may be postponed for a short time to enable Chase to make arrangements to preside. Legal considerations prompt the desire that the two Judges should sit on the case.

Washington Items.

Washington, November 11.—Frederick A. Packard, long prominently connected with the American Sunday School is dead.

The schooner Alanto, from Norfolk for Boston, sank off Montanka Point; the crew were saved.

There seems little doubt that General Grant told Montgomery Blair on Thursday that no one was authorized to speak for him; it is, however, equally well established that Grant was advised of the bearing of the Forney article previous to its publication, and that he made no objection to it.

New Orleans Items.

New Orleans, November 11.—No deaths from yellow fever reported to the Board of Health yesterday, and no new applications to the Howard Association for relief.

The Bremen ship Carl arrived yesterday, bringing another load of German emigrants to Texas as passengers.

Virginia News.

Richmond, Va., November 11.—General Schofield to-day ordered a Court Martial to convene on the 18th, in the case of Colonel Rose, U. S. Army, conductor of the election here, formally charged by the citizens with conduct unbecoming an officer and gentleman, and drunkenness, &c., on election day.

The Dispatch has an account of the mobbing of Major F. Betts, former Bureau Agent, in King Williams county by negroes. Their attempt made it necessary for the civil authorities to arrest the ring leaders; they were resisted and the military has been sent for.

The leading colored citizens will be out in a card to-morrow disavowing the incendiary sentiments uttered by Lindsay, a colored delegate to the Convention.

Political.

Washington, November 11.—The Democratic majority in New York is 46,000; in Maryland 41,000.

The Democrats have gained 7,800 in Minnesota, while negro suffrage, that was voted on last year as well as this, shows a gain of 8,000 votes.

Returns from the western counties of Kansas indicate that most of them have gone Democratic.

Tammany nominates Hoffman, Mozart nominates Fernando Wood, and John J. Anhall is nominated by the Democratic party for Mayor of New York.

Thad. Stevens has written a five-column letter opposing National Banks and urging that while interest is paid by them in coin, bonds can honestly be liquidated with legal tenders.

General Emory has disbanded unauthorized military organizations in the District of Columbia.

It is said Sheridan telegraphed to Grant advising that Mower's action in removing General Hayes from the New Orleans Sheriffalty, be disapproved.

The Vice Consul at Havana telegraphs the State Department to-day that the cholera is serious at that point; officially declared number of cases is increasing.

Alabama Reconstruction Convention. Montgomery, Ala., November 11.—The Reconstruction Convention to-day and the Elective Franchise Committee presented their majority and minority reports. The majority report disfranchises all who refused to vote for or against the Convention when submitted to the people, and is otherwise prescriptive. These reports are made the special order for to-morrow.

THE THIRTY CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Paris, Nov. 11.—The first session which began to-day at the City of Washington, in

Rattazzi was long warned of the insurgent plans and actions, by France.

Florence, November 8.—Garibaldi is to be tried.

Paris, November, 8.—Mariani asks the withdrawal of French troops from Rome.

London, November, 8.—A friend of Garibaldi says he had but 4000 men, also that Garibaldi's sons are hidden and have not been captured.

Consols 94 1/2. Bonds 70 15-16. Papers received by steamer Deutschland contains the following item:

While the Emperor of Austria was enjoying himself at the steple chase at Vincennes the Emperor Napoleon drove from St. Cloud and paid a short visit to the exhibition, it was long enough, however for comfort, but a scene occurred unlooked for so it was disgraceful during his visit, an egg was thrown at the large picture of him by Flaming and when he made his appearance on one of the galleries a loud and distinct hissing took place on the part of a collection of men in blouses, the impopularity of the Italian intervention and the general state of uneasiness and dissatisfaction which exists here among the lower classes were probably the causes of this demonstration.

"SOCIAL EQUALITY."

The Democrats, either in the simplicity of their souls, or weakness of their heads, we can't tell which, are continually declaring that, "If negroes vote they will become our social equals."

According to that stockholder of an argument, we are forced to believe that every person who votes, is the "social equal" of a Democrat—(Republicans don't admit any such stuff.) Burglars sometimes vote, and therefore Democrats must claim them as "social equals." Thieves often vote, and are in consequence "social equals" to Democrats.—Gamblers vote, and are to be claimed by Democrats as their "social equals"—Drunkards, beggars, libertines, jail birds, felons, convicts and criminals of all grades, often vote—some perhaps, at every election and according to Democratic logic, applied to the negro, are therefore their "social equals," and they should invite them to their homes and entertain them in their parlor and feed them at their tables, and associate with them on familiar terms, individually and in the family relation.

There is just as much truth, and argument, and good sense in the one conclusion as the other, and no more. But if the Democrats claim the necessity of social equality with a negro because he puts a ballot in the same box with him, he must admit the same for others. No man with an idea above an oyster, or as much brains as a musquito, would talk such nonsense in earnest, and call it reason.—Salem (O.) Republican.

Ex-Gov. Throckmorton of Texas, whose removal from office for disloyalty was one of the last public actions of brave Phil. Sheridan in the Department of the Gulf, has written, for publication, a private letter, in which, after lamenting that the recent registration orders of Gen. Griffin, instead of "filling the whole State with a howl of indignation," scarcely received a comment or a passing notice, he proceeds to raise a howl of his own, and to advise his fellow citizens in the most violent language against holding a Convention. If Texas is re-admitted to the Union, he urges, under the Congress plan of reconstruction, we shall have negroes at the polls, negroes in the jury-box, and what is worst of all, a Radical Government, with the certainty of a Radical electoral vote for the next Presidents. But if we hold out Andy Johnson will yet conquer. He will get us in again on our own terms, is proclamation of amnesty will enfranchise every one of us, and enable us to beat the infernal niggers as badly at the polls as we used to beat them in the cotton fields.

Now, who is it that keeps the Southern States out of the Union? Is it Congress, which offers them generous and liberal terms of restoration, or the rampant Rebels like Throckmorton, who counsel them to stay out until they can make their return in triumph with the Confederate colors flying, and the poor freedmen chained to their chariot-wheels.—N. Y. Tribune.

There lives at Detroit a cousin of Gen. Lafayette, by name Joseph Jean Lafayette. He is ninety-four years, old served in the war of 1812, was wounded at Plattsburg, and had two sons in the Union army during the rebellion, both of whom were also wounded. The old gentleman is hale and hearty still.

John B. Gough and Wendell Phillips confess that they have never overcome their first timidity in rising to address an audience.

There is an abundance of game in the woods of Virginia at present.

The London Telegraph styles Admiral Farragut the "Nelson of America."

Thirty thousand people have fallen time to time to the epidemic in New Orleans. The late Parisian journal has established a large sheet, which it calls its "Bulletin of the City of Washington, in

ALMSGIVING.—It is the will that gives worth to the oblation. The poorest giver, therefore, as to God's acceptance may be upon a level with the richest. Nor is this all; but, so perfectly does the value of all charitable acts take its measure and proportion from the will, and from the fullness of heart rather than the fullness of the hand, that a less supply may often be a greater charity. The widow's mite, in the balance of the sanctuary, outweighs the shekels and the talents of the opulent.

A successful balloon ascension took place at Providence, R. I., on the 25th inst.

There is one thing that will never get hurt from a fall, and that is flour—it falls as slow.

A post wanted to sing in praise of "Sheridan's ride" through New England.

New Advertisements.

An Estray Horse Taken Up.

Taken up at Albert Stowe's Ranch, an AMERICAN GREY HORSE.

between fifteen and sixteen hands high, 10 or 11 years old, breded R on left shoulder, and a spot on right hip.

The owner will prove property, pay charges, and take him away, or the said horse will be disposed of according to law. nov13-4f ALBERT STOWE.

PROPOSALS FOR HEAD STONES.

DEPT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Nov. 8, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in triplicate, will be received at this office, until 11 o'clock, noon, on SATURDAY, the 25d instant,

for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department, at this place, with such number of Stone Head Blocks, for graves of United States soldiers, as may be called for from time to time. About two hundred and fifty will be required during the coming winter.

The Head Blocks are to be made of good durable hard stone, nicely cut, and lettered with the name, rank, company and regiment of the soldier, and numbered consecutively; all under directions from this office. The size of the blocks to be 12 inches high by 12 inches wide, and 9 inches thick. The price to be stated by the bidder.

Delivery to be made as required by the Dept Quartermaster.

Conditions of proposal and contract to be the same as those of former advertisements which may be more definitely learned on application at this office.

Proposals to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Stone Head Blocks," and addressed to the undersigned.

J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. & A. Q. M., nov8-6d U. S. Army.

SCHMITT & DUELER,

Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Wholesale Manufacturers

OF ALL KINDS OF

Crackers, Candles, Syrups,

AND

Confectioneries,

WEDDING AND BALL CAKES—

Made to Order.

—ALSO—

A Select Assortment of

Fancy Groceries,

Such as

Can-Fruits, Jellies,

Preserves, Figs, &c.

Always on Hand.

San Antonio, Oct. 7, 1867. dtf

LEVENSTEIN & CO.,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas.

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

in

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,

&c., &c., &c.

Just received a large stock of

Fall and Winter Goods!

and will sell all at the very lowest prices.

nov5-4f

STOVES!

COOKING,

PARLOR,

AND BOX

STOVES!

Just received by

LEROUX & COGROVE.

oct31-4f

MARKET STREET,

GALVESTON.

NOTICE!!

Having received an order for

10,000 BUSHELS

OF

PECANS!!

I am prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH

PRICE for the same.

oct10d&w3m M. GRENET.

Proposals for Army Transportation.

DEPT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 1, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in duplicate, will be received at this office until Saturday, the 25th day of November next, at 11 o'clock, noon, for the transportation of military supplies for two years, from the 1st day of January next, on the following routes:

ROUTE No. 2.—From San Antonio, Texas, to Fort Chadbourne and Belknap, Buffalo Springs, and such other Military Posts and Camps as are or may be established on the Texas Frontier, south of Red River, and north of 32° north latitude.

ROUTE No. 4.—From Indianola, Texas, to San Antonio, Texas, and intervening points.

ROUTE No. 5.—From Indianola, Texas, to Austin, Texas, and intervening points.

Bidders will state the rate per one hundred (100) pounds per one hundred (100) miles, at which they will transport said supplies, and must give their names in full, with residence and post office address; and if a firm, the name of each member will be separately signed.

Each bid must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record), that the bidder will, in case the contract is awarded to him, enter upon the fulfillment thereof, and furnish good and sufficient security that he will faithfully carry out the conditions therein set forth, and such security will state his place of residence.

Separate bids and bonds are required for each route.

The contractor on each route will be required to keep on his route good mule teams, of not less than six miles each, in numbers as follows:

On route No. 2, Twenty-Five Teams

" " " 4, Seventy-Five "

" " " 5, Twenty-Five "

Should, however, the transportation on any route be lessened from any cause, to such an extent as not to require the number of teams above named, it may be temporarily lessened by the officer in charge of the transportation lines.

The amount of bonds that will be required of the Contractor will be Fifty Thousand Dollars, (\$50,000) on each route.

The person or persons to whom any award is made, must be prepared to execute contracts and give the required bonds at once, and be in readiness for service on the first day of January next, as before mentioned.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder, and persons offered as security, will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour before named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening.

No proposal will be entertained that does not fully comply with the terms of this advertisement.

Any contract made under the advertisement will be subject to the approval of the Quartermaster General, and the right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Forms of contract may be seen at the office of the Chief Quartermaster, 5th Military District at New Orleans, the Chief Quartermaster District of Texas, at Galveston, the Post Quartermaster, at Austin, and at this office.

Proposals must be plainly endorsed—"Proposals for Army Transportation," and addressed to the undersigned at this place.

J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., oct11d U. S. Army.

SLOCUM'S

BOOK STORE,

Commerce Street,

Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store.

Keeps constantly on hand

School Books at Wholesale and

Retail.

A fine assortment of

STATIONERY

of all kinds.

CHILDREN'S BOOKS,

Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books,

And other Books

Suitable for Presents!

A large assortment of

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS,

Toilet Articles, Pen Knives,

—AND—

Miscellaneous Articles.

—Also—

THE INDELLIBLE PENCIL,

Wholesale and Retail.

The Latest Novels constantly

on hand.

Cards of all Kinds.

In fine a full assortment of everything pertaining to this line of business.

Get All the Latest Newspapers, Magazines, &c.

Music! Music!! Music!!!

A fine assortment on hand, and receiving NEW MUSIC every week. oct22-4f

C. H. MOORE & COMPANY,

Shippers and Dealers in

Doors, Glazed Sash, and Painted

Blinds.

Having on hand a large assortment of

CHOICE STOCK,

We are enabled to fill all orders at

Greatly Reduced Prices.

Orders from the country solicited and promptly filled.

MARKET STREET,

oct18-4f GALVESTON.

THE CALM.

The few days now intervening before the meeting of Congress will be noted for their calmness and expectation. Schemes must cease because of the shortness of time to carry them through; all speculations are suspended because the reality will so soon be upon us. The rumbling political storms of November have died away and are almost forgotten; and all eyes are beginning to turn to the central power of the Government to watch the commencement of one of the most important meetings of Congress since its foundation. The untried power of impeachment is to be put to the test upon the chief officer of the Republic, and the finishing work of reconstructing the ten rebel States will be up before that meeting. No wonder all other things calm into insignificance before the fact of the near approach of so important an event.

THE SUFFRAGE QUESTION IN MINNESOTA.

It will be seen that instead of a reaction upon the subject of Negro suffrage in Minnesota there has been an increase of five hundred votes in its favor over the vote on the same question last year. The issue have not changed since that time and it is evident there has been no reaction in the minds of the people, unless it is in favor of suffrage.

A great effort has been made by the Democratic-Rebel party to get up a reaction, and, failing altogether, they seem determined to create the false impression that there has been a reaction in the minds of the Northern people on the leading issues of the day, and there are not a few pretending Unionists who are aiding this impression; in this State the most flagrant case is Flake's Bulletin, which paper assumes that there has been a reaction, and that the coming Congress will shape its course to suit that reaction. But let no Union man deceive himself in this respect; there has been no reaction and Congress will act wisely by adopting the most radical measures and taking hold of the vital issues of the day in a bold, decided manner. And we believe such will be its course—any other would only destroy the man who adopt it with the great Republican party of the country.

PERSONAL AND JUDICIAL.—Judge Noonan left our city yesterday, Tuesday, for Uvalde to attend to court matters. Before leaving the Judge communicated by telegraph with Governor Pease, asking that a Military Commission be ordered by the commanding General for the trial of criminals now under his charge, as he considers that such criminals can only be properly tried by Military Commission, and, besides, he despairs of bringing by civil process guilty parties to justice under the existing state of the frontier District over which he presides. In regard to the Indian troubles, a legal indictment has been found against the Kickapoo and Lipans who commit depredations and take refuge in Mexico. The Judge thinks that in this way the extradition treaty with Mexico can be carried out and the Mexican authorities compelled to aid in suppressing the depredations and outrages committed by persons seeking refuge within Mexican territory.

A novel exhibition fight between a bear and a Mexican bull was recently witnessed at Omaha, Nebraska, by a large concourse of people at the fair grounds. The bull punished the bear so vigorously that the latter jumped the high enclosure and got into a cornfield creating consternation among the spectators, frightening horses, and causing a general stampede. The bear was recaptured by a Mexican with a lasso.

Power of Integrity.—Reptiles have no power to afflict the man of unblemished integrity, or the abandoned peddler, it is the middle compound character which is slope miserable; the man who, without firmness enough to avoid a dishonorable action, has feeling enough to be ashamed of it.

Fort Lyon, on the Arkansas river is about to be rebuilt at a cost of \$700,000, and will be one of the finest forts in the West.

Man's inevitable lot—a lot in a graveyard.

Kirby Smith is teaching school in

Local Intelligence.

OUR JOB OFFICE.—We are prepared to do all kinds of job work, posters, blanks, cards, bill heads, etc., have also on hand, a splendid supply of cards, paper, etc. We will attend to all orders promptly and upon the most reasonable terms. Persons desiring work done will apply at the business office on Commerce street. We have also a Spanish interpreter to translate all work needing translation into Spanish.

CITY IMPROVEMENTS.—The new city administration comes into office with the city credit at about fifty per cent. discount. In order to undertake any improvements or even needed repairs of streets, bridges, etc., it is first necessary to have the money to pay for such work. The first thing is to provide for the outstanding debt and to regulate the finances as to be able to pay the current expenses of the city and carry on improvements upon a cash basis. This is the first work of the new city authorities. The revenue of this city and county is magnificent, and, under a strictly honest and economical administration, in five years we would be able to boast as fine public buildings and other improvements as any city of equal population in the United States. It may take a few months to straighten the city affairs out, but we promise our citizens a strictly honest and economical as well as enterprising administration.

RESIGNED.—Alderman Fisher has sent in his resignation. Mr. Fisher has been for many years an alderman. He was not removed in the recent removals; we suppose he felt that he belonged to the former administration, and not at home in the new.

ANOTHER RESIGNATION.—The Street Commissioner under Lyons, Mr. Duffie, has sent in his resignation, as he feels that having accepted office under Lyons subjects him to suspicion on the part of the new administration. We don't blame him.

CITY COUNCIL.—The Board of Aldermen is not quite complete—three more members are lacking—which vacancies we hope will soon be filled by citizens of the first standing as well as ability.

SEALING ON THE FRONTIER.—Serious complaints are daily made that the system of cattle stealing carried on on Rio Grande border is becoming perfectly alarming. We hope that something will be done to relieve our frontier stock men from this great source of outrage and loss.

BOOKS.—Mr. W. W. Gamble has just received the largest and finest invoice of school books ever ordered to Western Texas, embracing all branches of education as well as the most popular editions; also a splendid assortment of miscellaneous choice literature, not yet opened.

WHEAT.—A train of Mexican carts arrived yesterday, (Tuesday,) laden with wheat raised in the vicinity of Monclova, Mexico. If it pays to bring wheat over two hundred miles to this market would it pay to raise it on our prairies and valleys around us?

FROST.—We learn that the frost has browned the prairies thirty miles South of this city; as yet we have not had the slightest indication although the nights are quite cold.

FIFTEEN DOLLARS RENT.—A good dwelling on the east side of the river ten minutes walk from the main plaza, apply to Jas. P. Newcomb.

BUSINESS.—Our streets are lively but there has not been much increase in the shape of business since the fall trade began.

APPLES.—The aromatic fragrance of Arkansas apple wagons still perfumes our city. We believe the price has fallen to fifty cents per dozen.

QUIET.—Quiet reigns in our city. No disturbance of any kind occurring during the last twenty-four hours.

Fine Residence to Rent.

Mrs. A. J. Dignovity offers for rent her large residence located on the prominent and delightful hills one-half mile east of San Antonio on the Seguin road. The house has six rooms, two cellars, and one large porch, together with outhouses and enclosures. For particulars inquire on the premises. nov15if.

Special Notices.

A Cough, a Cold, or a Sore Throat.

Requires immediate attention, and should be checked.

If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption, is often the result.

Brown's Bronchial Troches.

Having a direct influence on the parts, give immediate relief.

For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases, Troches are used with always good success.

SINGERS and PUBLIC SPEAKERS use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the worthless imitations that may be offered. Sold everywhere. nov15if

THE HEALING POOL and House of Mercy.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION REPORTS, for young men on the crime of Solitude, and the errors, abuses, and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 1844 & w3m

To Marry or not to Marry? WHY NOT?

Serious Reflections for Young Men, in Essays of the Howard Association, on the Physiological Errors, Abuses and Diseases induced by ignorance of Nature's Laws, in the first age of man. Sent in a sealed letter envelope free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

A Card to Invalids.

A clergyman, while residing in South America as a missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and vicious habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, Free of Charge. Please inclose a post-paid envelope, addressed to yourself. Address, JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City. dawly

To Music Teachers and Dealers.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish Sheet Music, Strings, Musical Instruments, and Music Books of all kinds at the lowest trade rates, wholesale and retail, from the largest collection in this country. Orders punctually and faithfully attended to. Address all orders, SIBERIA OTT, 783 Broadway, N. Y. 41

ERRORS OF YOUTH.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence, JOHN B. OGDEN, 43 Cedar Street, New York.

To Consumptives.

The Rev. Edward A. Wilson will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription, with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a Lung Affection and that dread disease, Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted, and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address, Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON, No. 165 South Second Street, Williamsburgh, N. Y. sep21

Information

Guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face; also, a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blisters, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist, sep21 828 Broadway, N. Y.

STEVENS HOUSE.

21, 23, 25 & 27 Broadway, N. Y. Opposite Bowling Green.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

The Stevens House is well and widely known to the traveling public. The location is especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal railroad and steamboat depots. The Stevens House has liberal accommodations for over 300 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. The rooms having been refurbished and remodeled, we are enabled to offer extra facilities for the comfort and pleasure of our guests. GEO. K. CHASE & CO., June 15-4 Proprietors.

N. L. McCREADY & COMPANY,

SHIPPING

Commission Merchants,

36 FOURTH STREET, NEW YORK.

—AGENTS—

For the old line of direct packages to Havana and Indianapolis, Texas. Receive and forward goods to both points free of commissions, and insurance effected if desired. sep24ly

Hungarian Leeches.

Just received and for sale by A. NETTE, Druggist and Apothecary, Commerce St., San Antonio, Texas. nov15if.

THE ALAMO STEAM Wagon Factory, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

The undersigned having erected, in the City of San Antonio, an establishment of the above character, where all work is done by Machinery and Steam Power, would inform the public, and especially owners of Transportation Trains, that he is now fully prepared to execute all orders for the

Making & repairing of Wagons, Buggies, Carriages, Wheelbarrows, &c. Sash, Doors, Blinds, and Mouldings, made to order and of the best material. Sawing and Planing of all kinds done to order. All kinds of Blacksmithing done to order. Felloes, Hubs, Spokes, Shafts & Bows, kept for sale.

All Work executed upon the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

Having had many years experience in the above business, he confidently relies upon giving entire satisfaction to his customers.

J. YATES BROWER, Proprietor.

SAN ANTONIO NATIONAL BANK.

Designated Depository Financial Agents of the United States

Capital \$125,000.

DIRECTORS:

L. ZORK. T. H. STRIBLING. E. DEGENER. I. A. PASCHAL. A. NETTE. D. BELL. G. W. BRACKENRIDGE.

Collections made on all accessible points and remitted promptly.

G. W. BRACKENRIDGE President. JNO. T. BRACKENRIDGE, Cashier.

R. WULFING. E. CRAMER. M. CRAKAU.

R. WULFING & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

STAPLE AND FANCY

DRY GOODS,

Boots, Shoes, Hats, &c. &c.

CORNER OF MAIN PLAZA AND COMMERCE STREET.

CASH PAID FOR HIDES.

RHODIUS & CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL MERCHANTS IN

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES.

LIQUOR... ALL KINDS, TOBACCO,

Pipes, Cans, Fruits, Pickles, &c. &c.

COMMERCE STREET,

dec10tt SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

ZORK & GRIESENBECK,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas,

Wholesale and Retail

MERCHANTS,

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Wines, Brandies,

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

Ladies' Fancy Goods,

&c., &c., &c.

The Boardman Gray & Co. PIANO-FORTES,

WHOLESALE AGENCY

The subscriber, late a member of this well known firm has established a wholesale agency, 783 Broadway, New York City, where he will be pleased to receive the orders of his friends and the public, and especially to hear from those who have so liberally bestowed their patronage on the firm heretofore. He will supply these superior instruments to the trade Wholesale and Retail, at the very lowest prices. Made with the Insulated Iron Rim and Frame (cast in one solid plate). They excel all others in durability, superiority of tone, and elegance of external appearance.

All these Pianos have overstrung scales, giving in connection with the patent iron trim and frame, full round powerful, and sweet mellow tones. The Cases are elegant in appearance, and easily and safely handled. Address all orders to SIBERIA OTT, 783 Broadway, N. Y.

S. D. & H. W. SMITH'S American Organs.

The most perfect and beautiful MUSICAL INSTRUMENT

In the World, for the

AMERICAN HOME CIRCLE.

The American Organ makes home attractive, refines and elevates the minds of all, beautiful in appearance and effects. SIBERIA OTT, 783 Broadway, New York, WHOLESALE AGENT.

The immense popularity of these Organs, and their superior musical powers, is fast bringing them before the public, as the instrument so long desired in American homes. And although the cost price is but a trifle over the Melodians, yet the musical advantages, beauty of tone and quickness of touch and action are so far superior, that they are fast superseding the Melodians, and the call is now almost exclusively for the American Organ.

It is adapted to any music from the quickest and most lively, to the heavy tones of the Church Organ. And almost universally they are preferred to the Piano, by persons who have them, yet costing less than half, and only taking a small amount of room.

Send for descriptive circulars giving full particulars and price. Exclusive Agencies secured to Dealers, and large discounts to the trade and Teachers. Address all orders SIBERIA OTT, Wholesale Agent, 783 Broadway, New York

PHILIP WERLEIN,

82 BARONNE STREET,

Successor to the old and well known house of Philip F. Werlein, and P. F. Werlein & Halley, 5 & 6 Camp street, and 173 Canal street, at No. 82 Baronne street, New Orleans, La.

IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN

Pianos, Organs, Melodians, Violins, Guitars, Flutes, Zithers, Violoncellos, Double Bass, Banjos, Pianos, Fingertones, Clarinettes, Piccolos, Flies, Accordeons, Concertinas, Drum-bases and tenors, Musical Boxes, and all other kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Instruction Books, Spring Bladders, Piano Stools and Covers of all styles and patterns, Music Paper, Wire and Repairing Material, etc., etc. Italian Strings of the best quality known for every instrument.

I beg to inform my friends and the public generally, that I have the agency for the States of Louisiana and Texas, of the celebrated new scale Marchall & Mittauer Piano Fortes, in tone, touch, durability, workmanship and finish of any now made in Europe or America. I am daily receiving testimonials of the superiority of these pianos from the first artists, and even many of my most energetic competitors say they are the best pianos they have ever seen. While I express my acknowledgments for all past favors, and solicit a continuance of the same, I assure my patrons that their interests shall continue to be the object of my special devotion. Respectfully, PHILIP WERLEIN

Any piece of music or book sent post-paid on receipt of the marked price.

Circulars, Price Lists, Illustrated catalogue of Pianos and Organs, catalogues of music, price lists of strings (gut and Italian) and instruments furnished on application.

P. F. — I respectfully invite the trade, amateurs, and professors of music, to favor us with their orders, which will always be executed with care and promptness at the lowest cash price.

Schools and Seminars supplied on the most liberal terms.

Mr. P. F. Werlein, of the old house, will be in attendance, and will be happy to wait on his old friends and patrons, as formerly.

Agents wanted in every county in the State for the sale of the celebrated new scale Marchall & Mittauer Piano Fortes.

Prices from \$500 to \$700, according to external finish, etc. sep5ly

THE KEROSENE GAS LAMP.

An invention by which a common Kerosene Lamp can be transformed into a Gas Lamp, of a most brilliant light, entirely safe against explosion, the chimney needless, and is not subject to be blown out by the strongest breeze or current of air; at the same time giving a better light than the combined light of two ordinary Kerosene Lamps, and saving fully one-third of the kerosene oil, by simply applying the gas generator.

The undersigned having procured the patent right for Texas County, will have a supply of the Generators on hand by the 15th of September, and offers to sell them at One Dollar, specie, each. He has also been authorized to sell County Rights and Generators to all counties where said patent has not been introduced. F. SIMON, At the store of Herberg & Simon, aug10 3m San Antonio.

AUGUST HARTMANN,

SAN ANTONIO, 35, COMMERCE STREET,

Respectfully informs the public that he has combined the business formerly carried on by Mrs. W. Hartmann on Commerce street, near the Post office, with the business heretofore known under the firm of Rossy, Hartmann & Co., that both have established themselves under the above firm at the old stand of Rossy, Hartmann & Co. and will hereafter deal in American, French and German DRY GOODS AND FANCY ARTICLES. Sep Antonio, May 21, 1867. 125 w34if

Revenue Stamps.

Revenue Stamps of every denomination for sale at the Internal Revenue Office in French's building No. 14. sep 24,

[Official.]

PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

[CONTINUED.]

CHAP. LXXXV.—An Act to amend an act entitled "An act making Appropriations for the Service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-three," approved April seventeenth eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the provisions of the first section of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-three," approved April seventeenth, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, which appropriate the sum of eight thousand eight hundred dollars "for compensation of twenty-five additional clerks in the Post Office Department," authorized by the "Act to promote the efficiency of the dead letter office," approved twenty-first, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, from the date of its appointment to the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two," be and the same is hereby so amended, that the said sum of eight thousand eight hundred dollars shall be payable out of the appropriation made out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated, to supply deficiencies in the revenue of the Post Office Department for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, contained in the third section of the act entitled "An act making appropriations for the service of the Post Office Department during the fiscal year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two," approved March second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one.

Approved, May 26, 1862.

CHAP. LXXXVI.—An Act to reduce the Expenses of the Survey and Sale of the Public Lands in the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That contracts for the survey of the public lands shall not become binding upon the United States until approved by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, except in such cases as said Commissioner shall otherwise specially order.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the printed manual of instructions relating to the public surveys, prepared at the General Land Office, and bearing date February twenty-second, eighteen hundred and fifty-five, the instructions of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and the special instructions of the surveyor general, when not in conflict with said printed manual, or the instructions of said Commissioner, shall be taken and deemed to be a part of every contract for surveying the public lands of the United States.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office shall have power, and it shall be his duty, to fix the prices per mile for public surveys, which shall in no case exceed the maximum established by law; and that, under instructions to be prepared by said Commissioner, an accurate account shall be kept by a surveyor general of the cost of surveying and platting private land claims, to be reported to the General Land Office, with the map of such claim, and that patents shall not issue for any such private claim until the cost of survey and platting shall have been paid into the Treasury of the United States by the claimant.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July next, and upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, approved by the Secretary of the Interior, the President may order that the Territories of Utah and Colorado shall constitute one surveying district, the duties of surveyor general in said district to be performed by the surveyor general of Colorado; and the surveying district of Nevada shall be united to that of California, the duties of the surveyor general of the former to be transferred to the surveyor general of California; and the transfer of the effects and archives of the offices to be made under the instructions of the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That upon the recommendation of the Commissioner of the General Land Office, approved by the Secretary of the Interior, the President may order the discontinuance of any land office, and the transfer of its business and archives to any other land office within the same State or Territory.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July next the compensation of registers and receivers in all the land offices in the United States shall be an annual salary of five hundred dollars to each, with the fees and commissions now prescribed by law, and to be paid by claimants, an additional fee in donation cases of five dollars for each final certificate of one hundred and sixty acres, ten dollars for three hundred and twenty acres, and fifteen dollars for six hundred and forty acres; to be accounted for in the same manner as fees and commissions in warrant and pre-emption locations, with limitations as to maximum of salary prescribed by existing laws, and in accordance with such instructions as shall be given by the Commissioner of the General Land Office.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That in regard to settlements which by existing laws are authorized in certain States and Territories upon unsurveyed lands, which privilege is hereby extended to California, the pre-emption claimant shall be, and it is hereby, in all cases, required, from and after the first day of September, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, to file his declaratory statement within three months from the date of the receipt at the district land office of the approved plat of the township embracing such pre-emption settlement: Provided, The provisions of this section shall not be held to authorize pre-emption and settlement of mineral lands, which are hereby exempted from the provisions of this act.

Sec. 9. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July next the salary of the surveyor general of California shall not exceed three thousand dollars per annum, and the salaries of the surveyor general of Oregon and Nevada be hereafter established by order of the President, each as an independent district, the salaries of the surveyor general shall not exceed three thousand

any officer making contracts, as aforesaid, for failing or neglecting to make returns of the same, according to the provisions of this act, unless from unavoidable accident and not within his control, shall be deemed in every case of such failure or neglect, to be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for not more than six months, at the discretion of the court trying the case.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Interior, immediately after the passage of this act, to provide a fit and proper apartment in his Department, to be called the "Returns Office," within which to file the returns required by this act to be filed, and to appoint a clerk to attend to the same, who shall be entitled to an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars, and whose duty it shall be to file all returns made to said office, so that the same may be of easy access, filing all returns made by the same officer in the same place, and numbering them as they are made in numerical order.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and every contract, opposite to the said names; and he shall, submit the said index book and returns to any person desiring to inspect the same; and he shall also furnish copies of said returns to any person paying for said copies to said clerk, at the rate of five cents for every one hundred words, to which said copies certificates shall be appended in every case by the clerk making the same, attesting their correctness, and that each copy so certified is a full and complete copy of said return; which return, so certified under the seal of the Department, shall be evidence in all prosecutions under this act.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, of the Secretary of the Navy, and of the Secretary of the Interior, immediately after the passage of this act, to furnish each and every officer severally appointed by them with authority to make contracts on behalf of the Government, with a printed letter of instructions, setting forth the duties of such officer under this act, and also to furnish therewith forms, printed in blank, of contracts to be made, and the affidavits of returns required to be affixed thereto, so that all the instruments may be as nearly uniform as possible.

Approved, May 20, 1862.

CHAP. XC.—An Act for the Survey of Craters or Claims of Land.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That all claims or grants of land in any of the States or Territories of the United States, derived from any foreign country or Government, shall be surveyed under the direction of the proper officers of the Government of the United States upon the application of the parties claiming or owning the same, and at their expense, which shall be paid or secured to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Interior before the work shall be performed, but nothing in the law requiring the executive officers to survey land claimed or granted under any laws of the United States shall be construed to authorize such officers to pass upon the validity of the titles granted by or under such laws, or to give any greater effect to the surveys made by them than to make such surveys prima facie evidence of the true location of the land claimed or granted, nor shall any such grant be deemed incomplete for the want of a survey or patent when the land granted may be ascertained without a survey or patent.

Approved, June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCI.—An act to allow the State of California an additional Representative in the thirty-seventh Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That as the census has never been reliably taken in the State of California until the year eighteen hundred and sixty, and as it appears that the said State had sufficient population to entitle her three representatives in the thirty-seventh Congress, and as three representatives have been duly elected to the thirty-seventh Congress under the supposition that the said State was entitled to the same, as appears by the certificate of the Governor thereof, and as direct taxes have been apportioned to and paid by said State under the census of eighteen hundred and sixty, therefore the said State shall be allowed three representatives in the thirty-seventh Congress, and for that purpose the whole number of representatives is hereby increased one, until the beginning of the thirty-eighth Congress.

Approved, June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCII.—An act abolishing certain Collection Districts and reducing Compensation of Officers of Customs in California.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the collection districts of Monterey, San Diego, Sacramento, Suisun, and San Francisco, and the collector of the district of San Francisco, and there shall be appointed, in the usual manner, an inspector at each of the following places: Monterey, San Diego, Sacramento, Benicia, Stockton, San Pedro; and the salary of each of the said inspectors shall be one thousand dollars per annum.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That from and after the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, the annual compensation of the collector of the customs for the district of San Francisco shall be six thousand dollars; of the naval officer, four thousand five hundred dollars; of the principal appraiser, twenty-five hundred dollars each; and of the assistant appraisers, two thousand dollars each; and the office of an additional appraiser general to be employed on the Pacific coast, created by the act of Congress entitled "An act making appropriations for the civil and diplomatic expenses of the Government for the year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-four," approved March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, be and the same is hereby abolished.

Approved, June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCIII.—An Act to prevent and punish Fraud on the Part of officers intrusted with making of Contracts for the Government.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, of the Secretary of the Navy, and of the Secretary of the Interior, immediately after the passage of this act, to cause and require every contract made by them, severally, on behalf of the Government, or by their officers under them appointed to make such contracts, to be reduced to writing, and signed by the contracting parties with their names at the end thereof, a copy of which shall be filed by the officer making and signing the said contract in the "Returns Office" of the Department of the Interior (hereinafter established for that purpose) as soon after the contract is made as possible, and within thirty days, together with all bids, offers, and proposals to him made by persons to obtain the same, as also a copy of any advertisement he may have published inviting bids, offers, or proposals for the same; all the said copies and papers in relation to each contract to be attached together by a ribbon and seal, and numbered in regular order numerically, according to the number of papers composing the whole return.

Sec. 10. And be it further enacted, That when the settlers in any township or townships, not mineral or reserved by Government, shall desire a survey made of the same, and the authority of the surveyor general of the United States, and shall file an application therefor in writing, and deposit in a proper United States depository, to the credit of the United States, a sum sufficient to pay for such survey, together with all expenses incident thereto, without cost or claim for indemnity on the United States, it shall and may be lawful for said surveyor general, under such instructions as may be given him by the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and in accordance with existing laws and instructions, to survey such township or townships, and make return thereof to the general and proper local land office: Provided, The townships so proposed to be surveyed are within the range of the regular progress of the public surveys embraced by existing standard lines or bases for the township and subdivisional surveys.

Sec. 11. And be it further enacted, That any officer making contracts, as aforesaid, for failing or neglecting to make returns of the same, according to the provisions of this act, unless from unavoidable accident and not within his control, shall be deemed in every case of such failure or neglect, to be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for not more than six months, at the discretion of the court trying the case.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of the Interior, immediately after the passage of this act, to provide a fit and proper apartment in his Department, to be called the "Returns Office," within which to file the returns required by this act to be filed, and to appoint a clerk to attend to the same, who shall be entitled to an annual salary of twelve hundred dollars, and whose duty it shall be to file all returns made to said office, so that the same may be of easy access, filing all returns made by the same officer in the same place, and numbering them as they are made in numerical order.

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner of the General Land Office, and every contract, opposite to the said names; and he shall, submit the said index book and returns to any person desiring to inspect the same; and he shall also furnish copies of said returns to any person paying for said copies to said clerk, at the rate of five cents for every one hundred words, to which said copies certificates shall be appended in every case by the clerk making the same, attesting their correctness, and that each copy so certified is a full and complete copy of said return; which return, so certified under the seal of the Department, shall be evidence in all prosecutions under this act.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the Secretary of War, of the Secretary of the Navy, and of the Secretary of the Interior, immediately after the passage of this act, to furnish each and every officer severally appointed by them with authority to make contracts on behalf of the Government, with a printed letter of instructions, setting forth the duties of such officer under this act, and also to furnish therewith forms, printed in blank, of contracts to be made, and the affidavits of returns required to be affixed thereto, so that all the instruments may be as nearly uniform as possible.

Approved, June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCIII.—An act to allow the State of California an additional Representative in the thirty-seventh Congress.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That as the census has never been reliably taken in the State of California until the year eighteen hundred and sixty, and as it appears that the said State had sufficient population to entitle her three representatives in the thirty-seventh Congress, and as three representatives have been duly elected to the thirty-seventh Congress under the supposition that the said State was entitled to the same, as appears by the certificate of the Governor thereof, and as direct taxes have been apportioned to and paid by said State under the census of eighteen hundred and sixty, therefore the said State shall be allowed three representatives in the thirty-seventh Congress, and for that purpose the whole number of representatives is hereby increased one, until the beginning of the thirty-eighth Congress.

Approved, June 2, 1862.

CHAP. XCIV.—An Act to increase the present Military Establishment of the United States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That there shall be added to the regular army, as now authorized by law, six regiments of infantry, one regiment of cavalry, and one regiment of artillery; each regiment of infantry to consist of not less than two nor more than three battalions, as the exigencies of the public service may, in the opinion of the President of the United States; each battalion to consist of eight companies; each company to consist of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, and as many privates, not exceeding eighty-two, as the President of the United States may, according to the requirements of military service, direct. The regiment of cavalry hereby authorized shall consist of not more than three battalions of not more than two squadrons each, and each squadron shall consist of two companies, each company to be composed of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quartermaster-sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, two farriers, one saddler, one wagoner, and as many privates, not exceeding seventy-two, as the President of the United States may, according to the requirements of the military service, direct. The regiment of artillery hereby authorized shall consist of not more than twelve batteries; and each battery shall consist of one captain, one first and one second lieutenant, one first sergeant, one quartermaster-sergeant, four sergeants, eight corporals, two musicians, two artificers, one wagoner, and as many privates, not exceeding seventy-two, as the President of the United States may, according to the requirements of the military service, direct. And there may be added to the aforesaid battery organization, at the discretion of the President, having due regard to the public necessities and means, one first and one second lieutenant, two sergeants, and four corporals.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the field and staff commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the regiments hereinbefore authorized shall be as follows: In each regiment of infantry, one captain, one first lieutenant, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster, and commissary; one drum-major, or leader of the band, and two principal musicians; and to each battalion of infantry, one major, one battalion adjutant, one battalion quartermaster and commissary, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one commissary-sergeant, and one hospital-steward; the regimental and battalion adjutants, and quartermasters and commissaries, to be taken from the lieutenants of the regiments and battalions, respectively: To the regiment of cavalry, one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, and two chief buglers; and to each battalion of cavalry, one major, one battalion adjutant, one battalion quartermaster and commissary, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one commissary-sergeant, one hospital-steward, one saddler-sergeant, one veterinary sergeant, the regimental adjutant and the regimental and battalion quartermasters and commissaries to be taken from the lieutenants of the regiments and battalions, respectively: To the regiment of artillery, one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one major, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one commissary-sergeant, one hospital-steward, one saddler-sergeant, one veterinary sergeant, the regimental adjutant and the regimental and battalion quartermasters and commissaries to be taken from the lieutenants of the regiments and battalions, respectively: To the regiment of artillery, one colonel, one lieutenant-colonel, one major, one regimental adjutant, one regimental quartermaster and commissary, one sergeant-major, one quartermaster-sergeant, one 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