

San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, TUESDAY, NOV. 19, 1867.

NO. 283.

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office.

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as a Midwife in Germany, and having done business as such with good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's Bakery.

MARY KLAEBER,
San Antonio, August 20, 1866.

MRS. ECKEL,

Graduate of "Marburg Institute, Europe," offers her services to the people of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promises to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.
Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of Mr. W. H. Elliot.

Law, etc.

M. E. BOWERS, A. S. WALKER,
BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
(no. 11-1y) Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCOE,
Attorney & Counsellor at-Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866. no34ly

W. B. LEIGH, A. DITTMAR,
LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FERRIS'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.
1474ew1f

G. G. NEWTON, C. V. PICQUE,
NEWTON & PICQUE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
414-3adaw1f SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

L. W. FASCHAL,
Attorneys at Law.
August 9th 1867if

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas.

FRYTON SMYTHE,
Notary Public, keeps on hand Blank Deeds, Deeds of Trust, &c., for gratuitous distribution in Texas county.
Instruments of Writing drawn and all knowledges taken on liberal terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Will also prepare Proposals to the U. S. Quartermaster for Contracts; he keeps on hand printed forms, etc.
He can be found at the County Clerk's Office, Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Nette's Drug Store,
sept18y SAN ANTONIO.

Hotels.

Klopper Hotel.
FINE CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!
Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be accommodated.
111f Commercial street, San Antonio.

INGRAM HOUSE,
VICTORIA, TEXAS,
WILLIAM J. NEELY, Proprietor.
This House is refurnished and opened for the public. Good Stabling on the premises.
123d&w3m

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
H. F. THOMPSON,
Proprietor.
146.1y

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking Public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State.
V. TARDE.
1211f

R. FEINBERG & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK.
August 23. [no8ly.]

Business Cards.

TH. HERTZBERG, F. SIMON,
HERTZBERG & SIMON,
Glassware, Mouldings,
Pictures, Pipes,
Fancy Goods, Brushes,
Stationery, Music,
NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
at S. S. Sampson's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.

W. H. CHRYSLER, J. S. ANDERSON,
Chrysler & Anderson,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
CABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
CASH paid for WOOL and HIDES.
March 26th 1867. 96f

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
IN
Dry Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 26, 1867. 1136f

PHILIP CONRAD,
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite Zerk & Grimsbeck.
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. diy

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currency and Exchange bought and sold; Collections made on all accessible points. 96 if

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.
Liberal advances made on consignments of Country Produce. 119f

G. SCHMIDT, ROBERT VOIGHT,
SCHMIT & VOIGHT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON, NEW YORK.
August 23. [no48-ly.]

J. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
446 BUTCHER'S BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST
HOUSTON, TEXAS.
Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce. 1291f

BURTIS & FRENCH,
Importers and Jobbers of
CROCKERY,
CHINA AND GLASS WARE,
No. 12 Barclay street,
(Four doors below Astor House.)
je28ly,] New York.

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
OSTERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York,
London, and Hamburg. jan8ly

WULFF & SHELTELIG,
Importers
AND
General Commercial Agents,
CHICAGO, SAN ANTONIO,
MEXICO, TEXAS,
je28 cor. Alamo & North streets

BOGERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cultery,
Guns, &c.,
89 Pearl street, and 96 Stone street,
NEW YORK.
Orders promptly executed at lowest prices. No Travelers or Drummers employed. All goods bearing our stamp warranted extra quality. sep5 6m

Business Cards.

STOVES!!
Cooking, Parlor and Box
STOVES,
Just received, and for sale at
NORTON & DEUTZ'S.
oct24dtf

L. J. Dresch,
COMMISSION & FORWARDING
MERCHANT,
Eagle Pass, Tex.,
—AND—
PIEDRAS NEGRAS, MEXICO.
nov6tf

ALBERT TURPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
EAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash Price paid for Hides. sep17tf

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.

CHARLES MAHON,
late of Walker's Drv. late of the Terry Ran.
McNEENEY & HAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.
A. H. ENY, Galveston, Texas.
10

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$9,000,000
December 19, 1866. 35m

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 34 Front street,
New York.
L. R. DAVIS. sep28

NORTON & DEUTZ,
Successors to Norton & Co.,
Hardware,
LEATHER,
AND
Woodenware Dealers,
SAN ANTONIO
Sept. 5. TEXAS.

A. STACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 8, 1867.

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
sep21w6m NEW YORK.

E. S. JAFFRAY & CO.,
DRY GOODS,
250 Broadway,
NEW YORK.
Flannels, Hosiery,
Gloves, Dress Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Ribbons, Laces,
Skirt Brails,
Lace Articles,
Dress Goods, Silks,
White Goods,
Linen Goods,
Embroideries,
English Crapes,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Yankee Notions, etc., etc., etc. sep17tf

AMERICAN BEE PLANT.

This plant has been cultivated to some extent in this neighborhood for several years, and proves to be one of the best, and probably the very best honey-producing plant known. It was introduced by the writer about the year 1860, as a new annual flowering plant, from the Rocky Mountain region, but its great value was not known, and was not discovered till a year or two after, when the writer was surprised to see the flowers covered with bees, while others in the immediate neighborhood were quite neglected. The next year a much larger quantity of the plant was grown, and it was found that the honey stored in boxes at the time that the plant was in bloom, was of a much finer quality than any other. Every succeeding year of its cultivation confirms this, and I find that while this plant was in bloom, nearly all other flowers were discarded; even the buckwheat, which every one knows is a great favorite with the industrious little fellows, is quite deserted.—The honey stored from this plant is positively the finest, both to the eye and palate, of any that I ever saw.

The plant is of easy culture and looks well in the flower garden. It is a strong grower, and much branched like the common mustard plant, though its flowers are a bright purple, and are produced from mid-summer until frost destroys it in autumn.

It will grow on any soil, though a rich one suits it best, and may be sown in drills or broadcast if the ground is clean. Autumn is the best time for sowing it, as it comes into bloom sooner. It has already acquired the local name of "Bee Plant" in this vicinity (Chicago), and as it is indigenous, I propose we call it the Great American Bee plant.

H. A. TERRY.

VOLTAIRE ON MARRIAGE.

Voltaire said: "The more married men you have; the fewer crimes there will be. Marriage renders a man more virtuous and more wise. An unmarried man is but half of a perfect being, and it requires the other half to make things right; and it cannot be expected that in this imperfect state he can keep the straight path of rectitude any more than a boat with one oar or a bird with one wing can keep a straight course. In one case out of ten where married men become drunkards, or commit crimes against the peace of the community, the foundation of these acts was laid while in a single state, or where the wife is, as it sometimes happens, an unsuitable match. Marriage changes the current of a man's feelings, and gives him a center for his thoughts, his affections and his acts. Here is a home for the entire man, and the counsel, the affections, the example, and the interest of his 'better half,' keep him from erratic courses, and falling into a thousand temptations from which he would otherwise be exposed. Therefore, the friend to marriage is the friend to society and to his country."

ABYSSINIAN PRIVATEERS.

To the editors the Evening Post:
Will you kindly tell me where I can find an Abyssinian flag, and also, how you think an Abyssinian privateer would do presently?
I am out of business, and as the English are going to war with the Emperor Theodoros, I think I might turn an honest penny by sending out a few Abyssinian privateers.
If you have an Abyssinian scholar in your office, perhaps you would let him furnish me with a few names for ships. If he would translate Alabama, Florida and Shenandoah into Abyssinian, these names would answer excellently.
Please understand that I should order my captains carefully to avoid British men-of-war, but to chase up and burn British merchantmen.
My name is not
Sms.

They have got a new exhibition on the Champ de Mars, Paris. It is of a woman. She is styled "the finest woman in the world." On her breast is pinned the following invitation to handle: "I am the most beautiful woman in the world. No Empress, no Queen can compare with me. I am not stuffed, nor stuffed you. You are at liberty to lay your hands gently upon me messieurs. There is no cotton about me." The source from which we take the information, states—and to the truth of the statement we would like to take an affidavit—that "very few of the visitors avail themselves of the permission to feel for themselves what she is made of."

Doobs says the scarcity of eggs is not owing to a want of punctuality on the part of hens; they are prepared to lay as many eggs as ever, but have no shells to cover them. He; to remedy this defect, proposes feeding hens with Indian rubber bags for egg covers.

THE NEWS IN BRIEF.

Carlotta Patti is coming back to us in 1868.

Armies of caterpillars are devastating the woods of Mississippi.

Six hundred emigrants arrived in one steamer at New York a few days since.

Ohio boasts of nine women as editors and assistant editors of newspapers.

Fifty million dollars would hardly cover the cost of building now in progress in New York city.

The house in which General Zachary Taylor was born, near Orange Court House, Va., is now used as a barn.

The first Jewish synagogue ever erected in North Carolina was consecrated at Wilmington on the 20th ultimo.

Chicago lawyers talk of making a discount on divorce fees where a large number of bills are wanted in one family.

The Paris Rothschild made \$100,000 by the knowledge of Garibaldi's arrest an hour and a half in advance.

The soil of California is said to be superior to that of France for growing the best grapes and preparing the best wines.

All minors engaged in peddling, boot-blackening, selling newspapers, &c., in Boston, have been notified to take out licenses.

A salt spring has been discovered in Summit county, Colorado, which is said to yield one thousand barrels of saline water a day.

Kansas, it is estimated, has a population of 30,000. The number of cattle in the State is 1,000,000. The total value of live stock is \$40,500,000.

An extraordinary rascal named Decein died the other day in one of the prisons of Lille, France; at the age of nine-two years, of which he had spent forty-five in jail.

Raphael Semmes having failed as a journalist is about to turn to the more congenial employment of lecturing this winter in Mississippi and Alabama on his piratical exploits.

The near approach of the long session of Congress is a sore fact for the wicked plotters who know that the whole of their programme depends upon the one man in the Presidential office.

Longfellow's house, in Cambridge, was Washington's headquarters in Revolutionary times. It is a fine, rambling, roomy, old-fashioned mansion, overlooking a beautiful view across the Charles river.

A private letter from Helena, Montana, says that James Whitlatch, editor of the Herald, proprietor of the celebrated "Whitlatch Union" quartz lode, has disposed of a part of his interest in the lode for \$250,000, cash.

Seventy-five hundred volumes of Longfellow's "Dante" have already been sold, and the demand is increasing for it. This is altogether the largest sale ever made in this country of a book so expensive and of such a character.

The success of the Gulf submarine telegraph cable, from Key West, Florida, to Cuba, surpasses the anticipations of the projectors. Messages are delivered in Havana five minutes after they are despatched from New York.

It is stated that the crop of last year in Colorado, as estimated by careful persons, was: Of wheat, 500,000 bushels; barley and oats, 600,000 bushels; corn, 600,000 bushels—an increase of three-fold over the preceding year.

If twelve men were employed for twenty-four hours per day (allowing neither for sleep nor meals) in reading, at the rate of eight words per minute, they would barely keep up with the volumes published in London since.

The State of Massachusetts has now a very efficient system of aid to invalid soldiers and their families. Each disabled soldier receives six dollars a month, and the families of dead or disabled soldiers get not exceeding eight dollars a month.

The swarms of grasshoppers which visited Texas on the 3d ultimo are said to have made a clean sweep of vegetation in some parts of the State. The rapidity with which they destroyed the grass crops equalled that of an ordinary mowing machine.

Henry A. Wise, in a letter to the publisher of E. A. Pollard's work, entitled "Lee and his Lieutenants," denounces the work so far as relates to his own terrific exploits during the late war, as a mass of errors which he has neither time nor patience to correct. He also adds that if he is, as the author says, "afflicted in mind," he, the author, is crazed in the very heart and core of his moral nature. Likewise!

A MILITARY TELEGRAPH.

From time to time we have written upon the great importance, in a military point of view, of a telegraph connecting headquarters with the frontier posts and the imminent necessity of such a telegraph to the successful protection of the important highway to El Paso, and completing the efficiency of our cordon of frontier posts stretching from the Rio Grande to Fort Belknap.

We believe it is decided by our military commander to improve upon the method existing before the war, by scattering his troops along the lines of defense, which with the aid of a telegraph would put an end to the trouble on our frontier. A military telegraph would be an electric thermometer showing the perfect condition of the long lines of frontier defence at any moment to our commander at headquarters in this State.

This military telegraph would not interfere with the establishing of a line by any company for the use of the citizens and business men of Texas and New Mexico, and we imagine it will stimulate private enterprise to build a line to Eagle Pass and El Paso.

Congress will meet in a few days and if it needs congressional action we hope Gen. Reynolds, whom we know to be favorable to building a military telegraph will furnish a report asking for the necessary action and appropriation for that purpose.

No EXCITING NEWS.—The telegraph does not seem to let down as freely with election news as during the first day or two following the election. Since the great reaction has failed we can hardly expect to hear much from the returns until brought by mail.

The following dog notice was found lately posted in an English inn: "NOTICE TO DOG OWNERS.—The duty for each dog is five shillings, and the penalty for keeping a dog without licence is five pounds."

It is said that this law is rigidly enforced and gives but little dissatisfaction. Sheep are safe, and unless "ours" exceedingly scarce.

GALVESTON READING ROOM.—Langille and Frommer have opened a reading room in Galveston which are open to all strangers coming to that city.

The well-known London publisher, Mr. Macmillan, assured a company of American authors and publishers, a day or two before he sailed from New York, that if there had been an international copyright treaty in force between England and the United States during the last twenty years, Mr. Longfellow would have received £40,000 sterling, equivalent to more than \$250,000 of our present currency.

Queen Victoria's plate weighs nearly thirty tons, and is valued at \$3,000,000. Among the plate is a single dish of solid gold, made by order of George IV., and representing all the orders, both domestic and foreign, which that sovereign wore, or was entitled to wear, estimated at £8,000.

General Hancock, it is announced, will assume command of the Fifth Military District within a few days. The battle in Louisiana has been fought and won by the friends of Congressional Reconstruction, and it is now too late to reverse the verdict, even if General Hancock were so inclined, which we not believe is the case.—New York Herald.

As a special inducement, the manager of the Vienna Theatre, at which Ada Menken performed, stated on the play-bills that all gentlemen reserving orchestra chairs would be entitled to an introduction to Ada in her dressing-room. Only one old fool profited by the privi-

Latest Dispatches.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

WASHINGTON, November 10.—Capt. J. N. Moffett is here lawing for his confiscated property.

Minnesota negro suffrage was defeated by two thousand; Republican Governor elected by 3,000; Wisconsin Republican Governor elected by 4,500.

Memphis, November 10.—Two passenger trains collided near Granada Tenn., on Friday night the locomotives were smashed, one negro injured.

New York, November 10.—Hoffman was nominated for Mayor by the Tammany Hall.

The light house at Key West was destroyed by the late storm—no cable despatches received for three days.

St. Louis, November 10.—Committees of the army of Tennessee have completed arrangements for the annual meeting here on the 14th and 15th. The re-union will be unusually large. It is expected that Rawling President will probably deliver the annual address. Gen. Sherman speaks at the banquet. Gen. Howard telegraphs that he will be here positively. Grant is expected.

In the evening of Sunday the 20th ult., Mr. Beecher took his text from the 27th chapter of Matthew. Then answered all the people and said, His blood be on us and on our children. And from the 5th chapter of the Acts, "And behold ye have filled all Jerusalem with your doctrines, and intend to bring this man's blood upon us." The speaker said, that men before they do wrong are willing to risk being punished; yet, when they see that they are to be punished they cry out for mercy after it is too late. Men say that they cannot afford to put silks on their conscience when they first start in life, that they must wait until they make more money. They cannot be lawyers, merchants, or mechanics, and be Christians at the same time. It is said Mr. Beecher, with emphasis, a lie! It may take longer to rear 12 children than it does to rear one, but by and by and they will become a help. Men like the seed which they sow, but they don't like the crop. Men who make property dishonestly are sure to be punished before they die, or if they escape their children must suffer instead. If a man continues always to do wrong, God himself cannot save him.

There is very little charity or benevolence in a deed, if the doer thinks there is a great deal. A wife with a capital isn't always a capital wife. Memory is the treasurer of the mind. The bail of Jefferson Davis give out that he will certainly be produced at his forthcoming trial in Richmond. The President's chosen counsel in the impeachment trial is James Buchanan's Attorney General, J. S. Black. For waterfalls, the ladies of Alabama are reported to use cocoanuts fastened to the region of the cerebellum by ribbons. It is a beautiful arrangement, the nut being itself covered with a natural growth of brown hair, which makes artificial covering unnecessary; the size is exactly right for people who moderately obey the ruling fashion; and by having a little door in the nut, brushes, combs, scent bottles, and other little necessities of the toilet can be conveniently carried. Smiles is down on false teeth for old people. He thinks they eat much food that belong to the younger generation, and it keeps provision high. A cotemporary suggests that a lady, on on her corset, is like a man who drinks to drown his grief, because in so facing herself she is getting tight. "Isn't there an awfully strong smell of pigs in the air?" asked Smith of Jones. "Yes," replied Jones; that is because the winds is from the sow-west. A sharp talking lady was reproved by her husband, who requested her to keep her tongue in her mouth. "My dear," responded the wife, "it is against the law to carry concealed weapons." A friend says, in allusion to the practice of buying and selling wives in Egypt, that though his wife didn't cost him a cent, he was cheated in the bargain. When haddock's wife kicked him out of bed, said he, "look here now! you had better not do that again; if you do it will cause a coldness in this family."

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Three thousand women are said to earn a precarious living by lives of shame in New York city alone. Their average lives are four years. Seven thousand die every year in sickness, poverty and degradation.—Hall's Journal of Health.

Three prominent Pennsylvanians are named for the Vice-Presidency on the National Republican ticket—W. D. Kelley, Andrew Curtin, and Galusha A. Grow.

The creed of the Democratic party, says the Church Union, is to love run and hate progress, and yet they expect religious papers to be silent toward such

The number of bull fights in Spain has increased of late years. The losses in 1866 were 2,375 bulls and 2,561 horses, representing the total value of about 7,800,000 reals. The money paid for admission to the 475 bull fights which took place last year amounted to thirteen millions of reals, so that the total cost of this amusement to the country for the year was not less than a million dollars, to say nothing of the injury to the morals of the people caused by such brutal sports.

In Philadelphia, one pleasant Sunday evening, an old lady, whose failing eyes demanded an unusually large prayer-book started for church a little early. Stopping on the way to call on a friend, she layed her prayer-book on the table. When the bells began to chime she searched what she supposed to be her prayer-book, and started for church. Her seat was at the chancel end of the gallery. The organ ceased playing. The minister said: "The Lord is in his Holy temple, let all the earth keep silence before Him." In the effort to open her supposed prayer-book she started the spring of the music box which he had taken instead. It began to play—in her consternation she put it on the floor. It would not stop—she put it on her seat—it sounded louder than ever. Finally she carried it out while it played the "Washing Day," an Irish jig tune.

The Toledo Blade asserts, on good authority, that Hon. B. F. Wade will be a candidate for the House of Representatives from the Nineteenth (Garfield District of Ohio).

It is positively a poor practice to call "book learning" all bosh, to ignore news and agricultural papers, and attempt to keep an even yoke with your progressive neighbors by main strength and stupidity.

Mrs. Ella Merrick Thomas, wife of James Thomas, of Amherst, Mass., gave birth to a daughter on the 15th of September. Mrs. Thomas is only thirteen years of age, and is the youngest mother in Amherst.

Mrs. Partington, while looking at a picture of Washington in a window, saw the name of the artist, Mr. Green, in the corner of it. After admiring it for some time, she at length remarked: "Well, Mr. Green is not such a bad-looking chap, after all."

A mixture of gelatine and glycerine, liquid while hot, on cooling becomes solid, retaining considerable toughness. The neck of a bottle dipped into this melted compound is covered with an airtight cap.

New Advertisements.

Fine Residence to Rent.

Mrs. A. J. Dignowity offers for rent her large residence located on the prominent and delightful hills one-half mile east of San Antonio on the Segura road. The house has six rooms, two cellars, and one large cistern, together with outhouses and enclosures. For particulars inquire on the premises. nov12tf

PROPOSALS FOR HEAD STONES.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Nov. 6, 1867. SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in triplicate, will be received at this office, until 12 o'clock, noon, on SATURDAY, the 23d INSTANT,

for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department, at this place, with such number of Stone Head Blocks, for graves of United States soldiers, as may be called for from time to time. About two hundred and fifty will be required during the coming winter.

The Head Blocks are to be made of good durable hard stone, nicely cut, and lettered with the name, rank, company and regiment of the soldier, and numbered consecutively; all under directions from this office.

The size of the blocks to be 13 inches high by 12 inches wide, and 9 inches thick. The price to be stated by the piece. Delivery to be made as required by the Deputy Quartermaster.

Conditions of proposal and contract to be the same as those of former advertisements which may be more definitely learned of application at this office.

Proposals to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Stone Head Blocks," and addressed to the undersigned. J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. & A. Q. M., U. S. Army. nov8 6d

SCHMITT & DUERLER, Commerce Street, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. Wholesale Manufacturers OF ALL KINDS OF

Crackers, Candies, Syrups, AND Confectioneries, WEDDING AND BALL CAKES Made to Order.

—ALSO— A Select Assortment of Fancy Groceries, Such as

Can-Fruits, Jellies, Preserves, Figs, &c. Always on Hand.

Proposals for Corn.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 22, 1867. SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in triplicate, will be received at this office, at 12 o'clock, noon, until Thursday, the 5th of December next, for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department with Corn, of an equal number of pounds of Oats or Barley, in sacks, at places and in quantities as follows:

- San Antonio, Texas, 25,000 bushels. Austin, " 9,000 " Fort Inge, " 4,500 " Fort Clark, " 5,000 " Camp Hudson, " 5,000 " Fort Stockton, " 15,000 " Fort Davis, " 16,000 " Camp Verde, " 10,000 " Fort Mason, " 5,000 " Fort Belknap, " 15,000 " Buffalo Springs, " 16,000 " Ft. Chabourne, " 18,000 "

These amounts, however, may be somewhat modified before the day of letting the contracts.

All bids to furnish the above must be for good, sound, merchantable, shelled Corn, Oats or Barley, subject to the inspection of the receiving officer.

Delivery to commence by the 5th day of January, 1868, and to proceed at the rate of not less than one-sixth of the whole amount per month, and in such quantities as to keep the Post continuously supplied at such rate.

Separate offers will be made for each Post, and the price per bushel at each place must be clearly stated.

Bids will be received for any quantity and not less than one hundred bushels of Corn, or twenty-five bushels of Oats or Barley, and where the responsibility of the bidder is not otherwise satisfactorily made known at this office, each bid must be accompanied by a guarantee of at least two persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record,) that the bidder is competent to carry out the contract if awarded to him, and that he will give the required bonds therefor; and each bidder will state his place of residence.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty of each successful bidder, and the solvency of the persons offered as security will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour hereinbefore named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening.

The right is reserved to reject all bids if unsatisfactory, and no bid will be entertained that does not conform to the requirements of this advertisement.

Proposals to be plainly endorsed "Proposals for Corn"—and addressed to the undersigned at this place. J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. & A. Q. M., U. S. Army. nov5-6td

Proposals for Army Transportation.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 1, 1867. SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in duplicate, will be received at this office until Saturday, the 30th day of November next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the transportation of military supplies for two years, from the 1st day of January next, on the following routes:

Route No. 1.—From San Antonio, Texas, to Forts Chabourne and Belknap, Buffalo Springs, and such other Military Posts and Camps as are or may be established on the Texas Frontier, south of Red River, and north of 32° north latitude.

Route No. 4.—From Indianola, Texas, to San Antonio, Texas, and intervening points.

Route No. 5.—From Indianola, Texas, to Austin, Texas, and intervening points.

Bidders will state the rate per one hundred (100) pounds per one hundred (100) miles, at which they will transport said supplies, and must give their names in full, with residence and post office address, and if a firm, the name of each member will be separately signed.

Each bid must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of five thousand dollars, signed by two or more persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record,) that the bidder will, in case the contract is awarded to him, enter upon the fulfillment thereof, and furnish good and sufficient security that he will faithfully carry out the conditions therein set forth, and each bidder will state his place of residence.

Separate bids and bonds are required for each route.

The contractor on each route will be required to keep on his route good mule teams, of not less than six mules each, in numbers as follows:

On route No. 2, Twenty-Five Teams " " " 4, Seventy-Five " " " 5, Twenty-Five "

Should, however, the transportation on any route be lessened from any cause, to such an extent as not to require the number of teams above named, it may be temporarily lessened by the officer in charge of the transportation line.

The amount of bonds that will be required of the Contractor will be Fifty Thousand Dollars, (\$50,000) on each route.

The person or persons to whom any award is made, must be prepared to execute contracts and give the required bonds at once, and be in readiness for service on the first day of January next, as before mentioned.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder, and persons offered as security, will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour before named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening. No proposal will be entertained that does not fully comply with the terms of this advertisement. Any contract made under the advertisement will be subject to the approval of the Quartermaster General, and the right is reserved to reject any or all bids. Forms of contract may be seen at the office of the Chief Quartermaster, 5th Military District at New Orleans, the Chief Quartermaster District of Texas, at Galveston, the Post Quartermaster, at Austin, and at this office. Proposals must be plainly endorsed—"Proposals for Army Transportation," and addressed to the undersigned at this place. J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. & A. Q. M., U. S. Army. oct12d

\$25 Lots. BUILDING LOTS on Goliad street at \$25 This perfect. Apply to the undersigned at the Express business rooms.

NOTICE!!

Having received orders for 10,000 BUSHELS OF PECANS!!

I am prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for the same. oct10d&w3m M. GRENET.

Proposals for Wood for 1868.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Sept. 1, 1867. SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in triplicate, will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, on Monday, the 23d day of December next, for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department with such good merchantable Hard Wood, as may be required at the following places, during the year 1868, viz:

- San Antonio, Austin, Fort Inge, Fort Clark, Fort Davis, Fort Stockton, Camp Hudson, Seguin, Waco, Camp Verde, Fort Mason, Fort Belknap, Buffalo Springs, Sherman, Weatherford, Lampasas, Fort Chabourne or vicinity.

Delivery to be made at such time, and in such quantities during the year, as the officer of the Quartermaster Department on duty at the place of receipt may designate, the Wood to be subject to his inspection.

Separate bids are invited for each post and the price per cord for each place must be clearly stated; and each bid, unless the responsibility of the bidder is otherwise satisfactorily made known at this office, must be accompanied by a guarantee of at least two persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record,) that the bidder is competent to carry out the contract if awarded to him, and that he will give the required bonds therefor; and each bidder will state his place of residence.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty of each successful bidder, and the solvency of the persons offered as security will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour hereinbefore named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening.

The right is reserved to reject all bids if unsatisfactory, and no bid will be entertained that does not conform to the requirements of this advertisement.

Proposals to be plainly endorsed, "Proposals for Wood"—and addressed to the undersigned at this place. J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. & A. Q. M., U. S. Army. nov3

LEVENSTEIN & CO.,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas, WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

Fancy and Staple DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c., &c., &c.

Just received a large stock of Fall and Winter Goods!

and will sell all at the very lowest prices nov5tf

GENUINE Imported Liquors For Sale

AT PETER GALLAGHER'S, 30 Commerce Street, —CONTINUING ON—

French Brandies, Ranging from \$15 to \$24 per Dozen. Finest Irish Whiskey, 10 years old. Holland Gin, very old. Old Port Wine, for invalids.

Also, the German Wines, such as Hockheimer, Rudesheimer, and Johannisberger.

All of the above Liquors are of superior quality, and are Fully Guaranteed to be Genuine, as imported.

They are offered by the dozen (in original cases) at the lowest rates—in fact at the prices inferior and mixed liquors are usually sold at. The attention of Families and Physicians is requested to the above. oct10d1m P. GALLAGHER.

Gustav Theisen & Co., COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

62 Cedar Street, New York. FRANK NEWTON, DEALER IN

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, AND COUNTRY PRODUCE, SOLEAD STREET.

Keeps constantly on hand and receiving FRESH FAMILY SUPPLIES, of all kinds, and at reasonable rates. 35-wf

COLT'S PATENT FIRE ARMS, For Sale at 56 3m NORTON & DEUTZ

LIVERY STABLE. The undersigned gives notice to the public that he is prepared to board and livery horses at his stable on Market Street, formerly known as the "Texas" or "Braden's Stable." His stable is the best situated for the comfort and health of animals of any in the city, with plenty of lot room to turn them in and every accommodation. The public are respectfully invited to give him a call. S. W. BULLARD.

[Official.]
PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.

CHAP. LXXXI.—An Act supplementary to an act approved on the thirteenth July, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, entitled "An act to provide for the Collection of Duties on Imports, and for other purposes."

Sec. 1. And be it further enacted, That the proceedings for the granting and forfeiture of patents under this act may be pursued, and the same may be notified or remitted by the Secretary of the Treasury in the manner prescribed by the eighth and ninth sections of the act of July thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, to which this act is supplementary.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the proceeds of all penalties and forfeitures incurred under this act, or the act to which this is supplementary, shall be distributed in the manner provided by the ninety-first section of the act of March second, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine, entitled "An act to regulate the collection of Duties on imports and tonnage."

Approved, May 20, 1862.

CHAP. LXXXII.—An act to authorize the Corporation of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, to lay and collect a Water Tax, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Mayor, Recorder, and Common Council of Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, shall have full power and authority to lay and collect a tax not exceeding sixty cents per front foot on all lots and parts of lots within said corporate limits in front of or parallel to which water mains have been or may hereafter be laid, or in their discretion, to appropriate from the corporate funds generally so much money as may be necessary to supply the inhabitants of said town with Potomac water from the aqueduct mains or pipes now laid or to be laid in the streets of said town by the United States; and to make all laws and regulations for the proper distribution of the same, subject to the restrictions prescribed by this act, and the act approved March the third, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, and entitled "An act to provide for the care and preservation of the works constructed by the United States for bringing the Potomac water into the cities of Washington and Georgetown, for the supply of said water for all Government purposes, and for the uses and benefit of the inhabitants of said cities."

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That said Corporation shall have full power and authority to collect such taxes, when so fixed, in advance or otherwise, through such agents, collectors, or commissioners, as they may designate and appoint; and upon the failure of any owner of said lot or lots, or part thereof, to pay said taxes, to sell the same, or to stop the supply of water to the same, or to distrain and sell the personal effects of such owner, and in the case of any sale the same proceedings shall be observed as are adopted in enforcing the collection of the general tax of said town; and generally to enact such laws as may be necessary to furnish the inhabitants of said town with pure and wholesome water, and to carry into complete effect the powers herein granted. **Provided,** That the taxes levied by virtue of this act shall never be a source of revenue other than as a means of supplying said town with water.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That in levying said front foot tax, said Corporation shall, in all cases where a lot or lots, or part thereof, may be situated at the intersection of two streets and fronting on the same, so reduce and graduate the tax thereon as not to exceed in all a tax upon one hundred feet front, and shall, in all cases where said property may have a front on any one or more streets, of more than one hundred feet, so reduce and graduate the tax thereon as not to exceed a tax upon one hundred feet front.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all ordinances and resolutions or parts thereof relating to the distribution of Potomac water through said town, and the collection of a water tax, and the ordinances and resolutions heretofore passed by said Corporation particularly mentioned in this section, be and the same are hereby ratified and confirmed, said ordinances and resolutions being described and identified as follows, to-wit: A resolution approved April the twenty-third, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution authorizing the tapping of water mains;" a resolution approved May the seventh, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution authorizing the laying of a water main up High street;" an ordinance approved May the ninth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "An ordinance authorizing the distribution of the Potomac water through the city of Georgetown;" a resolution approved May the fourteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution repealing a part of a resolution for laying a water main up High street;" an ordinance approved July the second, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "An ordinance authorizing the distribution of the Potomac water through the city of Georgetown, approved May the ninth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine;" a resolution approved July the second, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution approving of certain contracts for distributing water through the town;" a resolution approved August the twentieth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution in relation to the water distribution;" a resolution approved September the seventeenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution in relation to water distribution;" a resolution approved September the twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution supplementary to a resolution, entitled "A resolution in relation to the water distribution, approved August the twentieth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine;" a resolution approved September the twenty-fourth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution in relation to the redemption of water stock;" a resolution approved October the twenty-ninth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution in relation to water mains;" a resolution approved November the fifth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution approving the contract for patent water-pipes for Road street;" a resolution approved November the nineteenth, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, entitled "A resolution repealing a portion of the resolution approved April the twenty-third, eighteen hundred and fifty-nine, in relation to tapping water-mains."

Sec. 5. And be it further enacted, That in case of a failure to pay any tax whatever laid by said Corporation by virtue of its vested powers, it shall be lawful to sell, in the discretion of the collector or other proper officer, either the real or personal estate, or personal estate, or both, of the delinquent

eighteen hundred and twenty-four, entitled "An act supplementary to the act to incorporate the inhabitants of the city of Washington," passed the fifteenth of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty, and for other purposes," as is in the following words, viz: **Provided,** That no sale of real estate shall be made but where the owner or tenant of the property has not sufficient personal estate out of which to enforce a collection of the debt due, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That the person or persons appointed to collect any taxes imposed by said Corporation in pursuance of its vested powers shall have authority to collect the same by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the person chargeable therewith, but no such sale shall be made unless ten days' previous notice thereof be given in some newspaper printed in the District of Columbia, aforesaid; and the provisions of the acts of Maryland now in force within said District relating to the right of replevying personal property taken in execution for public taxes shall apply to all cases of personal property taken by distress to satisfy taxes imposed by virtue of the corporate powers aforesaid.

Sec. 7. And be it further enacted, That said Corporation shall have power and authority to repair any of the footways of the streets in said town, and to impose and collect such tax or taxes on the lot or lots or parts thereof, adjoining the same, as may be necessary to pay the expense of such repairs.

Sec. 8. And be it further enacted, That so much of the first section of the act approved May, thirty-one, eighteen hundred and thirty, entitled "An act to amend the charter of Georgetown," as is in the following words, viz: "Provided, That nothing in this act shall change the manner of giving notice of the sale of property owned by persons not residing in the District of Columbia," be and the same is hereby repealed.

Approved May 21, 1862.

CHAP. LXXXIII.—An Act providing for the Education of Colored Children in the City of Washington and Georgetown, District of Columbia, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That from and after the passage of this act it shall be the duty of the municipal authorities of the cities of Washington and Georgetown, in the District of Columbia, to set apart ten per centum of the amount received from taxes levied on the real and personal property in said cities owned by persons of color; which sum received for taxes, as aforesaid, shall be appropriated for the purpose of initiating a system of primary schools for the education of colored children residing in said cities.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the boards of trustees of public schools in said cities, shall have sole control of the fund arising from the tax aforesaid, as well as from contributions by persons disposed to aid in the education of the colored race, or from any other source, which shall be kept as a fund distinct from the general school fund; and it is made their duty to provide suitable rooms and teachers for such a number of schools as, in their opinion, will best accommodate the colored children in the various portions of said cities.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That the board of trustees aforesaid shall possess all the powers, exercise the same functions, and have the same supervision over the schools provided for in this act as are now exercised by them over the public schools now existing in said cities by virtue of the laws and ordinances of the Corporation thereof.

Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons of color in the District of Columbia, or in the corporate limits of the cities of Washington and Georgetown, shall be subject and amenable to the same laws and ordinances in which from white persons are or may be subject to penalties, that they shall be tried for any offense against the laws in the same manner as free white persons are or may be tried for the same offenses; and that upon being legally convicted of any crime or offense against any law or ordinance, such persons of color shall be liable to the same penalty or punishment, and no other; as would be imposed or inflicted upon free white persons for the same crime or offense; and all acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

Approved, May 21, 1862.

CHAP. LXXXIV.—An Act to provide for Settlement of the Accounts of John A. Smith, Clerk of the Circuit Court and Criminal Court of the District of Columbia.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That in all settlements of accounts for fees, emoluments, and allowances by the clerk of the circuit and criminal courts of the District of Columbia, the accounting officers of the Treasury shall not hold said clerk responsible for any fees or charges not actually collected by him from the parties liable therefor, whenever the failure to make such collection shall be shown to result from the insolvency, non-residence, or other inability of the parties liable therefor; and the affidavit of said clerk that he has used due diligence to collect said fees, accompanied by a certificate of the district attorney that he believes that the money cannot, by due diligence, be collected shall be held and deemed a sufficient proof for the allowance to said clerk of all fees and charges not actually collected by him; and said clerk shall thereupon be entitled to a credit in all settlements of his accounts heretofore made, in which he is charged for said uncollected fees, and said former settlements are hereby opened for the purpose of giving him such credit upon his affidavit and the certificate of the district attorney being produced to the proper accounting officers, in support of the credit so claimed by him.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the clerk of said circuit and criminal courts of the District of Columbia shall be credited in all settlements of account (made heretofore or which may be made hereafter) of the fees collected by him, or due to him, a salary of twenty-five hundred dollars per annum for his services as clerk of said criminal courts during the period in which he has received no compensation for his said services; and in all settlements made, or to be made, he shall be allowed out of his said fees collected by or due to him, in either of said courts, his proper and legal allowances, and it shall be the duty of the proper accounting officers to restate all former settlements or said accounts and settle the same in conformity with the provisions of this act.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That all laws and parts of laws inconsistent with the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed.

Approved, May 26, 1862.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]
PUBLIC ACTS OF THE THIRTY-SEVENTH CONGRESS OF THE UNITED STATES.
Passed at the first session, which was begun and held at the City of Washington, in

the fourth day of July, A. D. 1861, and ended on Thursday, the sixth day of August, A. D. 1861.

This session was called by Proclamation of the President, dated April 15th, 1861.

CHAP. XXII.—An Act making Additional Appropriations for the Legislative Executive, and Judicial Departments of the Government for the Year ending the thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two, and Appropriations of Arrangements for the Year ending thirtieth of June, eighteen hundred and sixty-two.

[CONTINUED.]
In the office of the Secretary of War, one clerk of the first class, two of the second, two of the third, and one of the fourth, and two assistant messengers, at an annual salary of eight hundred and forty dollars each.

In the office of the Quartermaster-General, five clerks of the first class, two of the second, two of the third, and one of the fourth, and two assistant messengers, at an annual salary of eight hundred and forty dollars each.

In the office of the Commissary-General, three clerks of the first class and two of the second.

In the office of Surgeon-General, one clerk of the third class.

In the office of the Paymaster-General, three clerks of the second class and three of the third.

In the Bureau of Topographical Engineers, two clerks of the third class.

In the Ordnance Bureau, two clerks of the first class; forty-eight thousand seven hundred and sixty dollars.

And the Adjutant General is authorized to employ in his office any number, not exceeding ten, of non-commissioned officers, to be selected by him from the army, in addition to his present clerical force.

For blank books, stationery, binding, labor, and miscellaneous items, two thousand dollars.

Office of the Adjutant-General:
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

Office of the Paymaster-General:
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

Office of the Surgeon-General:
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items, five hundred dollars.

Office of the Colonel of Ordnance:
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items, one thousand five hundred dollars.

Office of the Colonel of Topographical Engineers:
For blank books, binding, stationery, and miscellaneous items, eight hundred dollars.

For the General Purposes of the Northwest Executive Building.—For fuel, light, and miscellaneous items, one thousand dollars.

Mint of the United States at Philadelphia.—For transportation of bullion from assay office to the mint for coinage, forty thousand four hundred and seventy-four dollars and eighty-one cents.

Independent Treasury.—For increased establishment of office of Assistant Treasurer of the United States at New York, seven thousand two hundred dollars; being for additional clerks and compensation to clerks in said office.

For additional compensation of clerk of Assistant Treasurer of the United States at Saint Louis, three hundred dollars.

GOVERNMENT OF THE TERRITORIES.
Territory of Dakota.—For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand seven hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twenty thousand dollars.

Territory of Nevada.—For salaries of governor, three judges, and secretary, nine thousand seven hundred dollars.

For contingent expenses of said Territory, one thousand dollars.

For compensation and mileage of the members of the legislative assembly, officers, clerks, and contingent expenses of the assembly, twenty thousand dollars.

For compensation of the district attorney for the Territory of Nevada, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the marshal for the Territory of Nevada, two hundred dollars.

For compensation of the marshal for the Territory of Nevada, two hundred dollars.

For compensation of the district attorney for the Territory of Nevada, two hundred and fifty dollars.

For compensation of the marshal for the Territory of Nevada, two hundred dollars.

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For compensation of the marshal for the Territory of Nevada, two hundred dollars.

For compensation of the marshal for the Territory of Nevada, two hundred dollars.

SLOCUM'S BOOK STORE,
Commerce Street,
Opposite Bell's Jewelry Store.
Keeps constantly on hand
School Books at Wholesale and Retail.

A fine assortment of
STATIONERY
of all kinds.
CHILDREN'S BOOKS,
Catholic & Episcopal Prayer Books,
And other Books
Suitable for Presents!

A large assortment of
PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS,
Toilet Articles, Pen Knives,
—AND—
Miscellaneous Articles.
—Also—
THE INDELEBIL PENCIL,
Wholesale and Retail.

The Latest Novels constantly
on hand.
Cards of all Kinds.
In fine a full assortment of everything pertaining to this line of business.

Music! Music! Music!!!
A fine assortment on hand, and receiving
NEW MUSIC every week. oct22/61

STAGE LINE
Two commodious Stages and one baggage wagon run regularly once a month by way of Peidras Negras (Eagle Pass) to Chihuahua. This line connects at Cienegas with the stage that runs to Monterey and thence to Matamoros or Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, Zacatecas or the City of Mexico. It also connects at Sta Rosalia, San Pablo and Chihuahua with the stage line to Paso del Norte. The Stages are well protected by a strong armed escort. For rates of passage, specie shipments and freights, apply to
FELIX MACEYRA,
Proprietor,
Chihuahua.
WULFF & SCHEDELIG,
Agents,
corner Alamo and North streets,
June 28-5m San Antonio, Texas.

C. H. MOORE & COMPANY,
Shippers and Dealers in
Doors, Glazed Sash, and Painted
Blinds.
Having on hand a large assortment of
CHOICE STOCK,
We are enabled to fill all orders at
Greatly Reduced Prices.
Orders from the country solicited and promptly filled.
MARKET STREET,
oct18/61 **GALVESTON**

CAR RIAGES,
Buggies and Harness,
Manufactured expressly for the
SOUTHERN MARKET,
Manufactory, MOUNT VERNON, N. York.
The Buggy known as "Tilden's style," is equal in durability, for the same weight, to the Abbot buggy.
Long experience in the Southern trade, and identified with their interest, I feel that I can give satisfaction to those who may favor me with their orders.
—WAREHOUSES:—
47 Broadway, New York.
B. W. TILTON, Ac't.
Respectfully refers to F. P. SAWYER, Esq., Newham. sep21/60m

EVANS & CO.
(ESTABLISHED 1856)
CASH
WHOLESALE GROCERS
GALVESTON,

ESTABLISHED 1780.
J. C. HULL'S SON,
NEW YORK.
FAMILY & PALE SOAP
AND ALL KINDS OF
FANCY SOAPS.
SOLD BY EVANS & CO
GALVESTON, TEXAS.

BELL & BROS.
Jewelry, Silver-ware, Plated-ware
Diamond Goods, American and
European Watches and Clocks,
Gold Pens and Pencils of
every kind, Gold and
Silver Thimbles,
Gold, Silver, Steel
and Tortoise-shell Spec-
tacles and Eye Glasses, with
Pebble and Glass Lenses, Suitable
for the aged or near-sighted.
Engravers and Manufacturers
OF ALL ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE.
Orders Filled Promptly.
Main Street
Five doors east of Main Plaza,
Opposite their Old Stand.
San Antonio, Texas.
March 29, 1860

Historical, Philosophical, Biographical
and Miscellaneous Books,
Books, Stationery,
AND
NOTIONS,
AT
GAMBLE'S
BOOK STORE,
Commerce Street,
JUST RECEIVED A FRESH
SUPPLY OF
STATIONERY—
for Commercial purposes,
Ladies' Bath Gilt Note,
Octavo and Billet
Paper;
Lined Envelops, &c., &c.;
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Perfumery, &c., &c.,
Ladies' Dress Buttons,
Visiting Cards, Spectacles,
Canes, Umbrellas,
and many other articles, too
numerous to mention.
Libraries supplied on liberal terms.
Also, an extensive assortment of NEW
Novels by the most popular Authors.
Publishers, Engravers,
Stationery, School Books, School Bibles, etc.

DIRECT
IMPORTATION.
ONLY ONE WORD!
H. GRENET,
Respectfully invites City
and Country Merchants
and the Public generally
to examine his stock before
purchasing elsewhere.
BY DOING SO
THEY WILL FIND
GREAT INDUCE-
MENTS to their ad-
vantage.
EVERY ARTICLE
IS WARRANTED
AS REPRESENTED.

J. MILLER & CO.,
Kuhn's Building,
STRAND, GALVESTON,
DEALERS, WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
of all kinds of
FIRE-ARMS, viz:
Rifles, shot guns, (Laminated steel and
Damascus twist.)
Gun Wads and
Gun Material, Shot,
Powder and Caps,
Powder Flasks and
Shot-Pouches,
Gun Locks, Seat Springs,
Main Springs,
Tumblers, &c.
RIFLES,
Kentucky Rifles,
Ball's Patented nine Repeater,
Palmer's single Breach-Loading
CARBINES,
(A splendid arm for Frontier Service)
Henry's Rifles,
Ballard's Rifles,
Maynard's Rifles,
and Sharp's Rifles.
SHOT GUNS,
At \$15, \$20, \$25, \$30, \$40, \$50, and up
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