

San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, FRIDAY, OCT. 11, 1867.

NO. 256.

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office.

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as a Midwife in Germany, and having done business as such with good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's Bakery.

MARY KLARBE,
San Antonio, August 29, 1866.

MRS. ECKEL,

Graduate of "Marburg Institute, Europe," offers her services to the people of San Antonio as a Midwife. Her long and varied experience in this service renders her one of the best professions.
Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of Mr. Williams Elliot.

Law, etc.

BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
Austin, Texas.
(No. 11-1y)

JESSE STANCOE,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866. no34ly

LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.
147d-wif

NEWTON & PICQUE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
414-3m-wif SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Law Notice.

Thomas M. Paschal will hereafter be associated with the undersigned in all new business entrusted to their care in Texas.
I. A. & G. W. PASCHAL,
Attorneys at Law.
August 9th 1867

PEYTON SMYTHE,

County Clerk Bexar county, and ex officio Notary Public, keeps on hand Blank Deeds, Deeds of Trust, &c., for gratuitous distribution in Bexar county.
Instruments of Writing drawn and acknowledged—taken on liberal terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Will also prepare Proposals to the U. S. Quartermaster for Contracts; he keeps on hand printed forms, etc.
He can be found at the County Clerk's Office, Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,

Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Netto's Drug Store,
Sep18y SAN ANTONIO.

Hotels.

Klopper Hotel.
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!
Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.
Commerce street, San Antonio.
d11f

INGRAM HOUSE,
VICTORIA, TEXAS.
WILLIAM J. NEELY, Proprietor.
This House is refurnished and opened for the public. Good Stabling on the premises.
jy23d&w3m

KRAUDEL & POSERT,
Have just opened a first class
Confectionery
On Commerce St. opposite Netto's Drug Store.
Weddings, Balls, and Parties, furnished with the finest Cakes, on short notice.
Pyramids made to order.
They will also keep on hand a fine assortment of Confectioneries of every description together with FANCY GROCERIES, &c.
San Antonio, Dec. 27 d14&w3m

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
M. F. THOMPSON,
Proprietor.
146-ly

CITY HOTEL,
Indiana, . . . Texas,
Connected with the establishment is a superior Soda Water Fountain and Ice Cream Saloon.
Ladies' patronage respectfully solicited.
jy24d-w1y

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking Public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State.
V. TARDE.
121tf

Business Cards.

HERTZBERG & SIMON,
Glassware, Pictures, Mouldings,
Fancy Goods, Brushes, Pipes,
Stationery, Music,
NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
at S. S. Sampson's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.
147

WM. CHRETLER, **JOS. ANDERSON.**
Chrysler & Anderson,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
CABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

CASH paid for WOOL and HIDES.
March 26th 1867. 26tf

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
IN
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 24, 1867. 112tf

PHILIP CONRAD,
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer.
MAIN STREET,
Opposite York & Griesenbeck.
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtain hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. d1y

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currency and Exchange bought and sold; Collections made on all accessible points. 89 tf

WESTHOFF, **L. FRESCH.**
W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.
Liberal advances made on consignments of Country Produce. 6m jly2

G. SCHMIDT, **ROBERT VOIGHT,**
SCHMIT & VOIGHT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON. NEW YORK.
August 23. [no48-ly.]

J. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBBER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
4&6 HUTCHIN'S BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST
HOUSTON, Texas.
Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce. 128tf

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas. daw1f

WM. F. HANCOCK, **JAS. R. WALKER.**
HANCOCK & WALKER,
Commission & Forwarding Merchants,
No. 208 South Lavaca,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
26w

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
AND
General Commission Merchants,
OFFERMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans New York, London, and Hamburg. Jan8ly

WULF & SHETELIG,
Importers.
General Commercial Agents,
CHIHUAHUA, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS,
Mexico. cor. Alamo & North streets
je26

A. STAACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 8, 1867. 2

Business Cards.

ALBERT TÜRBE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
WAGLER PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash Price paid for Hides. sep17tf

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.

REPRESENTING:
Frazier, Major & Co., New York,
Canal Bank, New Orleans,
W. H. H. Withersall, Esq., New Orleans,
William Chrysler, San Antonio,
National Bank of Texas, Galveston,
Heyck & Hoffreich, Lavaca,
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indianola.
4ee-16d19f

A. C. HENRY, **CHESTER MAHON,**
late of Walker Div. late of the Terry Regt.

McNEENY & HAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.
A. H. EDY, Galveston, Texas. 10

J. H. KAMPMANN'S
New Door, Sash and Blind
FACTORY,
On Neandoches street, Alamo City,
SAN ANTONIO.

The undersigned informs the citizens of San Antonio, and the public in general, that he is prepared to fill all orders for
DOORS, SASHES AND BLINDS,
to rip and plane Lumber, to make one and one and a quarter inch Flooring, and all other articles connected with the carpenter business.
Seasoned Lumber of best quality of white and yellow pine, constantly on hand.
All orders will be promptly executed.
aug6d6m J. H. KAMPMANN.

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$9,000,000
December 19, 1866. 63m

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York. jess

NORTON & DEUTZ,
SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & BRO.

Hardware,
LEATHER,
— AND —
Woodenware Dealers,
SAN ANTONIO
Sept. 5 TEXAS.

R. FEINBERG & CO.,
Importers of
French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway
NEW YORK.
August 23. [no48-ly.]

FRANK NEWTON,
DEALER IN
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,
AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,
BOLEDAD STREET,
Keeps constantly on hand and receiving
FRESH FAMILY SUPPLIES
of all kinds, and at reasonable rates. 26-wtf

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
sep21w6m NEW YORK.

BOBERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Guns, &c.,
89 Pearl street, and 56 Stone street,
NEW YORK.
Orders promptly executed at lowest prices. No Travelers or Drummers employed. All goods bearing our stamp warranted extra quality. sep5 6m

THE STORM WEDNESDAY NIGHT AND THURSDAY AT GALVESTON.

We take the following account from *Flake's Bulletin*:

Wednesday night a storm set in from the east, increasing in violence Thursday morning. The waters of the bay rose and overflowed the lower part of the city as high up as Church street, and in the Third Ward the waters of the bay and of Uford's Bayou united, making a continuous stream of water from gulf to bay across the Island. Strand and Mechanic streets were from two to four feet under water. That part of the Island east of the hospital was one sheet of water from gulf to bay.

At half past six o'clock the third and fourth stories of the new brick hotel in course of construction on Mechanic street near Flake's Bulletin office, was blown down, crushing the new Odd Fellows' Hall and seriously injuring one of the barkeepers of Mr. Stauffacher. Mr. Stauffacher, who had just opened a new and elegant saloon on the ground floor of Odd Fellows Hall, suffers severely; he lost all.

The Freedmen's Hall, or as it is called, Mechanic's Hotel, fell down at about 11 o'clock Thursday morning, burying in its ruins an elderly negro woman, the wife of a freedman named John Crosier. Two cottage houses in the same block, south, also occupied by freedmen, were blown down.

All the records, regalia, jewels in the rooms of Odd Fellows' Hall were saved. Some of the U. S. barracks south of the College were blown down. Some small buildings east of Kuhn's wharf were blown down.

A new two story wood building of Mr. Ballman, near Labadie's wharf, was blown down. The southwest wall and two sheds of Planters' Cotton Press fell in.

The wooden cornice on the top of Sauter's office warehouse on Tremont street came down with a tremendous crash. Many other buildings were blown or washed from their foundations, innumerable roofs were blown off and damaged, trees were uprooted, fences and signboards blown down all over the city.

Among those whose storehouses were invaded, and suffered more or less damage, are Messrs. A. Seassum & Co., Stubbs & Co., Westcott & Co., Dargan & Tobyn, G. Frosh, Pipkin & Woodward, Drange & Co., Bolling, Spooner & Co., Kaufman & Co., and others. The amount of their losses we omit, because the estimates vary so much that no correct statement can be furnished.

The damage in the city is variously estimated at from one-half to one million dollars. After 12 M., the wind moved round to the north, at first increasing the height of water in the city, but towards night the storm subsided, and at 12 midnight, the water had fallen to the usual level.

The storm was the most violent that has been experienced here since 1842. It is most singular that the storm was not much felt at Indianola, while the steamer Era No. 3, which left Houston at 4 P. M. yesterday, reports knowing nothing of the gale until after her arrival here.

THE SHIPPING AND WHARVES.
The brig Ocean Wave dragged her anchors and brought up on the beach near the Prince Albert House, two miles west of the city, and must now be high and dry. She was now from New York, and had on board a general cargo of merchandise, which will be saved, though the vessel will no doubt prove a total loss. The three-masted schooner Mary McKee, from Philadelphia, was also anchored outside and was driven out about seven miles south-west of the bar, where she was spoken by the steamship Harlan, and is reported having lost all her masts, though otherwise uninjured. In the harbor we find the British brig Josca on her beam ends, near the railroad depot, with masts and bowsprit gone; she is about half-way between the channel and the shore. The British bark Palaoe is also ashore near the same place—is up on her keel, but lost foremast and bowsprit. In her company is the brig Isola, ashore, but masts and rigging evidently all right. The schooner Annie E. Glover, with a cargo of merchandise from New York—none unloaded—as well as the steam tug Elizabeth, are ashore near by. These vessels can all be gotten off, though of course considerable expense will be incurred. We found the schooner Van Dyke high and dry, about a mile west of the railroad depot. The schooner Cor. Price is high and dry about a mile west of the Van Dyke. She lies south of the railroad track. The schooner N. J. is ashore west of the new wharf. The vessels in Bolivar Roads the schooner R. Townsend is the only one on the flats between Pellico Island—can easily be got-

ten off. The pilot boat Edna brought up at Campbell's Bayou, where she lays on her beam ends—she will be all right. The schooners Mary and Oliver are on the Strand, high and dry—the latter almost a total wreck. One street further south we find the schooner San Carlos, though "right side up with care." The Turpan schooner Witch of the Wave rode out of the storm in safety, losing only one anchor. The brig Egarsata broke through a portion of Williams' wharf, but is uninjured. The lighters have suffered very severely, as all have been either sunk or destroyed. Of these we notice the schooner Sam Williams, Mariposa, Susan and Albert Paul, sunk at the new wharf, as well as many other small craft. The revenue cutter Delaware was off Kuhn's wharf, where she remained during the storm.

The steamer Alice M. is a total loss. She was partially loaded with cargo for Liberty.

The waves suffered terribly, all being more or less injured.

LOSS OF THE RAILWAY BRIDGE.
Mr. G. proceeded to the bridge with a flat-boat loaded with cedar logs for the bridge, on Monday last, and had to remain until the storm set in. On Wednesday night the storm did no damage, but on Thursday at daybreak, the barge tore loose and went adrift. At this time Captain Brown, the keeper of the draw, Mr. Gutheridge and 8 men, were on the draw-bridge; two of the number became frightened and crossed over to Virginia Point, barely succeeding in reaching the Point. At 9 a. m., the keeper's house on the draw was blown in the bay, and the only inmate, Captain Brown, the keeper, drowned. The water rising rapidly, the seven men on the draw-bridge secured themselves to the top of the bridge by ropes. At 10 a. m., the breakers went clear over the top truss of the bridge, and at the same time the bridge commenced to break up at both the Galveston and Virginia Point terminus. At 4 p. m., the bridge was entirely swept away; only the draw and the piles were left. At 10 last night the water had receded sufficiently to permit those persons who had secured themselves to the draw, by means of ropes, to obtain a footing on the floor of the draw. At 7 o'clock this morning Mr. Nelson and a freedman arrived in a row-boat from Virginia Point and rescued Mr. G. and his six companions from their perilous position on the draw, and landed them on Galveston island. Of the railroad bridge nothing is left but the piles and the draw; the latter broke in three places. Mr. Gutheridge, and all those on the bridge during the storm, lost all they possessed; one of them, a Mr. Dobson, lost \$1,100 in money.

MURDER.—A man by the name of John Netherland, living some five or six miles above this place, was found dead in the woods near his home, pierced through the body by two pistol balls. He left home in the morning for the purpose of getting up his horse, and not returning, and his wife having heard the report of fire arms during the day, she very naturally became alarmed, whereupon a search was instituted with the above results.

Suspicion attaches itself to some parties, and many rumors are in vogue, any of which we forbear mentioning at this time, as the case will undergo a full investigation.—Georgetown Watchman.

When A. J. Smith was ordered, in 1864, to take charge of the loose ends of Sherman's troops along the Mississippi, and go to Canby's aid, he telegraphed on reaching Cairo to General Halleck as follows:
"I am here in command of the wandering tribes of Israel, without number and without name. My corps badge is a comet."

Halleck answered:
"Continue in your exodus until you reach the land of Canby, where you will be given both a name and a number."

"Smith's Guerrillas" was the name, and the "Sixteenth Corps" was the number which they eventually got.

General Canby has instructed his officers not to interfere with any process issued from United States Courts; and the Marshal for North Carolina is, in consequence, proceeding to issue the writs about which the Sickles trouble arose. Some property already sold by him brought only a tenth of its appraised value. The people are petitioning General Canby to interpose and stay the distress which must result from such ruinous sacrifice of property.

The process of registration of voters in Alabama has developed some very singular things in human nature. Among the first registered in the St. Stephens Precinct, in Washington county, is to be found the name of Thos. Honeyblue, a native of Africa, and naturalized by a residence of one hundred and twenty-five years in America

GREETING FROM THE GREAT EDITORIAL EXCURSION.

We have received the following dispatch from Maj. Moore, dated Omaha Oct. 9th.

"The far West to the far South, greeting: The undersigned has the honor to represent the largest State in the Union in the great editorial excursion to the Rocky Mountains. God speed the completion of the Kansas and Texas Railroad that is to unite the two Unions."

OUR ELECTION NEWS.

The despatches which we are compelled to furnish our readers are most unsatisfactory. The election news is all gross work and terribly mixed. The election in Pennsylvania is only for Supreme Judge and members of the Legislature and entirely unimportant. The election in Ohio has been hotly contested and if the Republican candidates have failed to carry the party we must look to some cause outside of A. Johnson's policy or any question effecting the position of the rebellious States.

"THE HELP THE SOUTH NEEDS."

It has been some time since we have noticed that miserable excessiveness of treason; the San Antonio Herald. Thursday morning's issue comes to us with a leader in it with the above heading, being the first editorial which has appeared in that sheet for some time, the medical and legal supply having ceased from some reason unknown to us.

In speaking of the people of Texas, meaning the rebels, the writer says: "They are a kind, hospitable, law-abiding people, animated by a quick sense of right and wrong, they are a little prone to take the law in their own hands, rather than to trust to the delays and uncertainties of laws and lawyers. Even these cases are rare and the criminal notoriously guilty. The stories circulated by the radical papers in the State with regard to the murder of Union men and the oppression of free negroes, are wholly false. These slanders are gotten up, as they themselves acknowledge privately, for political purposes."

Much more of the same kind of reckless lying occurs on to the close of the article, showing the writer to be a confirmed traitor, one who practiced the favorite employment of a traitor, murder and theft, during the rebellion. The above is the manner in which is answered the fact that one thousand murders have been committed in Texas since Kirby Smith's surrender, and not one conviction had. As an answer to the assertion that "the stories circulated by the radical papers in the State with regard to the murder of Union men" being false we quote from the same paper during the rebellion. In speaking of Union men it said:

"Their numbers were small at first, and are becoming every day less. In the mountains near Fort Clark, and along the Rio Grande, their bones are bleaching in the sun, and in the counties of Wise and Denton, their bodies are suspended by scores from black jacks. They were warned in time to leave the country; and choosing to remain and rely for protection upon the enemy with

whom their government is at war, they must expect to take the consequences of their choice."

We have innumerable gems of the same description proving how false are the assertions made by Union papers of the murder of Union men.

What Texas needs is a loyal government, and then murder will be checked, and emigration will venture to come to us.

OUR MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

For many months our citizens have been the victims of a most outrageous failure on the part of our mail contractors from Houston to this city. It is a well-known fact that previous to the letting of the contracts our mails came to hand like clock-work, and even up to the letting of the last contract the mails came with some regularity; but now one mail a week is about the average, and sometimes that is a very small one. The mail matter must be left along the route. Our last dates from Galveston, which came on Wednesday the 9th instant, were dated the 5th. This failure to make schedule time has not happened once, but constantly; this failure to bring the mail matter has not occurred in rare instances, but is the continual custom.

There is no reason why the stages should not arrive regularly from Alleyton and bring full mails. If Peach Creek is too high to ford, a small boat would take over the mails and the company could have a stage to take it on. Our mails have frequently come to hand a perfect mass of wet paper, for which there is no excuse and for which the stage company should be heavily fined, and then they would make some provision to protect the mail from the weather. What is the reason that this outrage is permitted. The special mail agent must either be in the pay of the company or be unfit for his place. It has been said that the Government does not pay enough for the service; whose fault is this? The Government took these contractors at their own bid and they should be made to perform the service properly or it should be taken from them and these parties never allowed to bid again for a mail contract.

A line of ox-teams would do the service more promptly, more certainly and with more satisfaction than the present concern. Our citizens should join in a petition to the Postoffice Department for a remedy for the present outrageous conduct of our eastern mail matter from the coast up.

THE GALLOWS.

If society is ever to be improved by the hanging of such of its members as are fit neither to live nor die, they must be dismissed from the world in a manner different from that which is at present in vogue. Executions, as at present managed and reported, convey no moral lesson. They are sensational melodramas, and are so regarded by the public. From the "beginning of the end" in the condemned cell, to the drop scene on the gallows, the whole affair is theatrical. The tragedy opens with occasional glimpses of the prisoner in duress. The newspapers favor us with outline sketches of the culprit's personal appearance, accompanied by suggestions as to the probable light in which he or she regards the approaching denouement. Much interesting dialogue between intruding penny-a-liners and the harassed felon appears in print, and words of thrilling import are freely used by these mouthing gentry, whose delight it is to make the public flesh creep. Then come revelations of the spiritual condition of the miserable wretch, which in most cases is represented to be that of a saint triumphant. Upon the grand finale the "word-planters" of the press especially lay themselves out. The multitude cannot assist at the grand catastrophe; but next to the pleasure of seeing the cap drawn over the face of law's victim, hearing the thud of the axe that cuts him or her off from among the living, and watching the last contortions, is the pleasure of reading the post-mortem dramatic sketches, in which these points of interest are brought out in strong relief. Happening as at present managed, is a stage-play on the scaffold; and the newspaper descriptions of the spectacle excite the multitude almost as much as the details of a prize-fight, and in the same way.

The trustees of the New York House of Industry announce that they will open on the 1st of October a home for working women, capable of accommodating five hundred persons. The charge for board and washing is three dollars and twenty-five cents per week, and any woman of good character may obtain admission.

"Moses' Turned Pharaoh.—Governor Geary, of Pennsylvania, has written to a Republican at Washington: "President Johnson must not be impeached; he is necessary to our radical success, as Pharaoh was to the delivery of Egyptians."

Latest Dispatches.

The Markets.

WASHINGTON ITEMS.

Mixed Election Returns.

Special Dispatches to the Express.]

Markets.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 9.—Cotton sales 250 bales; market weaker but not quotably lower; Low Middling 17 1/2 to 18; receipts 2178; exports 966. Tobacco firm, ranging from 7 to 22c for common leaf to heavy choice selections. Sugar dull; Louisiana fully fair 16 to 27 1/2; Cuba 12 to 13c. Molasses, La. at 70; Cuba 55. Flour weaker, XX 11 50 to 13 50. Corn dull, white 40c.; oats 75 to 76 1/2. Pork, holders asking 26 75; bacon firm, tending upwards, shoulders at 15 1/2; clear sides 19 1/2; lard steady, tierces 14 1/2; keg 16. Whisky, Western 2 45, bond—Bourbon 2 25.

Gold 44; sterling 55 1/2 to 58; New York sight 1/2 to 1/2 premium. Commercial 1/2 to par.

Interments from yellow fever to six o'clock this evening 64.

New York, Oct. 9.—Gold 143 1/2; cotton quiet, at 20c.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 9.—2 P.M.—Cotton declined one-sixteenth; sales 12,000.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The Secretary of the Treasury has official information of the removal of export duty to the amount of five dollars to the pipe on Madeira from Portugal to compensate small tax which has been paid on retail of salt, beef, pork, rice, fish and petroleum oil.

Sherman and Gov. Parsons, of Alabama, had an interview with the President to-day.

J. M. Godfrey appointed collector of customs at St. Marys.

Customs authorities of Cuba have issued orders that goods must not be manifested to order when shipped to that Island.

Mixed Election News.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Thirty-five counties in Pennsylvania heard from and give a democratic majority of 6586.

Half the State yet to be heard from.

Pennsylvania corrected returns Republican majorities.—Chester, 2,000; Susquehanna, 1,200; Lebanon, 1,098.

Democratic majorities.—Carbon 425, Luzerne 1,800, York 3,000, Bucks 650.

Woodward, democratic, probably elected, he ran 700 behind the ticket in Luzerne.

The republicans claim Ohio by 5,000. We have received nothing decisive here. Ohio.—22 counties, not including Hamilton, lack 790 of average gain necessary to carry the State for the democratic ticket.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 9.—Hamilton county republican ticket elected by 1500. Majority against the amendment, 5,000.

This morning's Commercial says, late dispatches show such large democratic gains as to leave the State ticket in doubt, and make the legislature very doubtful.

NEW YORK, Oct. 9.—The Cleveland Leader concedes Thurman's election by 5,000 majority. The Columbus Journal on the other hand maintains the election of Hays by a small majority, and says the republicans have a small majority in the House but concedes the Senate to be democratic by considerable majority.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—Woodward, democrat, is elected from the 12th Pennsylvania district. Democratic majority in the State about 9,000.

The Gazette and Commercial have both telegraphed here that negro suffrage was defeated by 50,000 majority. The legislature is democratic; they claim the election of Hays by 2,500.

Private dispatches make Thurman's election highly probable.

No figures from Iowa yet.

City election in Newark resulted in the election of republican mayor by 35 votes, radical loss of 12,00.

Gen. Sheridan met with an enthusiastic reception in Pittsburg, Thursday night, ten thousand people being at the depot to greet him. In his conversation with citizens he expressed the highest regard for, and utmost confidence in, Gen. Grant, saying that he was the right man in the right place. He also said that the policy of Congress is the only one that can protect loyal Southerners and keep the spirit of rebellion subdued.

Notice.

Having received an order for 10,000 Bushels of Pecans,

I am prepared to pay the HIGHEST CASH PRICE for the same.

oct10d1m H. GRENET.

New Advertisements.

GENUINE Imported Liquors.

For Sale AT PETER GALLAGHER'S.

30 Commerce Street, consisting of—

French Brandies, Ranging from \$15 to \$24 per Dozen.

Finest Irish Whiskey, 10 years old. Holland Gin, very old. Old Port Wine, for invalids.

Also, See German Wines, such as Hockheimer, Rudesheimer, and Johannisberger.

All of the above Liquors are of superior quality, and are Fully Guaranteed to be Genuine, as imported.

They are offered by the dozen (in original cases) at the lowest rates—in fact at the prices inferior and mixed liquors are usually sold at.

The attention of Families and Physicians is requested to the above.

oct10d1m P. GALLAGHER.

Proposals for Lumber.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 9, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS, which must be made in duplicate, will be received at this office until Saturday, the 19th instant, at 12 o'clock, noon, for furnishing the Quartermaster's Department, at this Depot, with the following Lumber, viz:

25,000 feet Common Culls, cypress or pine.

1,000 feet Clear White Pine.

The lumber to be good, merchantable lumber, of the kind specified, and the shingles to be of first quality.

Delivery to commence on the awarding of the contract, and to proceed as required by the Depot Quartermaster.

Bids will be received for the whole amount or a part thereof, and for one or all of the articles, but each article must be bid for separately and will be considered by itself.

Each bid, unless the responsibility of the bidder is otherwise satisfactorily made known at this office, must be accompanied by a guarantee of at least two persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record), that the bidder is competent to carry out the contract if awarded to him, and that he will give the required bonds therefor; and each bidder will state his place of residence.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty of each successful bidder, and the solvency of the persons offered as security will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour hereinafter named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening.

The right is reserved to reject all bids if unsatisfactory, and no bid will be entertained that does not conform to the requirements of this advertisement.

Proposals to be plainly endorsed, "Proposals for Lumber"—and addressed to the undersigned at this place.

J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., oct10d1m U. S. Army.

QUARTERLY REPORT

Of the San Antonio National Bank, For the Quarter ending Oct. 7, 1867.

Loans and Discounts.....\$ 90,125 00

Furniture and Fixtures..... 1,000 00

Cash Items..... 3,785 14

Due from Banks and Bankers..... 184,650 40

U. S. 5-20 Bonds at par..... 175,350 00

Cash in National Bank Notes..... 18,420 00

Specie and Legal Tender..... 78,996 28

\$599,337 19

Capital Stock.....\$125,000 00

Circulation Outstanding..... 116,000 00

Deposits..... 196,989 10

Due Banks and Bankers..... 70,574 34

Profit and Loss..... 11,492 52

Premium Account..... 16,281 23

\$599,337 19

JOHN T. BRACKENRIDGE, Cashier.

SANDRETH'S

Fresh Garden Seeds

For 1867,

Just received and for sale by

NORTON & DEUTZ,

oct10d1m East side Main Plaza.

Notice.

The Law Firm of TEEL & COCKE is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All legal business entrusted to the firm to date will receive our undivided attention until finally disposed of.

T. T. TEEL, JACK COCKE, San Antonio, Sept. 28, 1867. Today

Sale of Horses.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 5, 1867.

Will be sold at Public Auction, at this Depot, under the direction of Capt. D. W. Porter, A. Q. M., U. S. A., On SATURDAY, the 12th instant, At 10 o'clock, A. M., Ten (10) Cavalry Horses, condemned as unfit for the public service. For road and farm animals, good bargains may be had. Terms.—Cash in Government funds. J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., oct4d1m Depot Quartermaster.

Gentlemen's Dining Room.

The undersigned having taken the building on the northwest corner of Main and Alamo streets, formerly occupied by Mr. Frank Unsheld, has repaired the premises, and will open a Gentlemen's Dining Room, and will receive Day Boarders, after Saturday, the 7th of September.

sept6d1m Mrs. L. E. ECKEL.

Proposals for Army Transportation.

DEPOT QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Oct. 1, 1867.

SEALED PROPOSALS,

which must be made in duplicate, will be received at this office until Saturday, the 20th day of November next, at 12 o'clock, noon, for the transportation of military supplies for two years, from the 1st day of January next, on the following routes:

ROUTE No. 2.—From San Antonio, Texas, to Forts Chadbourne and Belknap, Buffalo Springs, and such other Military Posts and Camps as are or may be established on the Texas Frontier, south of Red River, and north of 32° north latitude.

ROUTE No. 4.—From Indianola, Texas, to San Antonio, Texas, and intervening points.

ROUTE No. 5.—From Indianola, Texas, to Austin, Texas, and intervening points.

Bidders will state the rate per one hundred (100) pounds per one hundred (100) miles, at which they will transport said supplies, and must give their names in full, with residence and post office address, and if a firm, the name of each member will be separately signed.

Each bid must be accompanied by a bond in the sum of ten thousand dollars, signed by two or more persons, (whose responsibility must be certified to by a Clerk of a Court of Record), that the bidder will, in case the contract is awarded to him, enter upon the fulfillment thereof, and furnish good and sufficient security that he will faithfully carry out the conditions therein set forth, and each security will state his place of residence.

Separate bids and bonds are required for each route.

The contractor on each route will be required to keep on his route good mule teams, of not less than six miles each, in numbers as follows:

On route No. 2, Twenty-Five Teams " " " 4, Twenty-Five " " " 5, Twenty-Five "

Should, however, the transportation on any route be lessened from any cause, to such an extent as not to require the number of teams above named, it may be temporarily lessened by the officer in charge of the transportation line.

The amount of bonds that will be required of the Contractor will be Fifty Thousand Dollars, (\$50,000) on each route.

The person or persons to whom any award is made, must be prepared to execute contracts and give the required bonds at once, and be in readiness to start on service on the first day of January next, or before mentioned.

Satisfactory evidence of the loyalty and solvency of each bidder, and persons offered as security, will be required.

The bids will be opened on the day and hour before named, and bidders have the privilege of being present at the opening.

No proposal will be entertained that does not fully comply with the terms of this advertisement.

Any contract made under the advertisement will be subject to the approval of the Quartermaster General, and the right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

Forms of contract may be seen at the offices of the Chief Quartermaster, 5th Military District at New Orleans, the Chief Quartermaster District of Texas, at Galveston, the Post Quartermaster, at Austin, and at this office.

Proposals must be plainly endorsed—"Proposals for Army Transportation," and addressed to the undersigned at this place.

J. G. C. LEE, Brevet Lt.-Col. and A. Q. M., oct11d U. S. Army.

STAGE LINE

Two commodious Stages and one baggage wagon run regularly once a month by way of Peidras Negras (Eagle Pass) to Chihuahua.

This line connects at Clewings with the stage that runs to Monterey and thence to Matamoros or Saltillo, San Luis Potosi, Zacatecas or the City of Mexico.

It also connects at Sta Rosalia, San Pablo and Chihuahua with the stage line to Paso del Norte.

The Stages are well protected by a strong armed escort.

For rates of passage, specie shipments and freights, apply to

FELIX MACERA, Proprietor, Chihuahua;

WULF & SCHTEBERG, Agents, corner Alamo and Nuech streets, June 28-6m San Antonio, Texas.

LEVENSTEIN & CO.,

Commerce Street, San Antonio, Texas, WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS

Fancy and Staple

DRY GOODS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, &c., &c., &c.

Just received a large stock of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, and will sell all at the very lowest prices

San Antonio, April 11th. 3m

Farm-to-Sell-or-to-Rent.

The Farm on the Cibola, at the Seguin crossing, opposite Ferryman's, belonging to Mrs. Madaras, is for sale or rent upon a term of several years. It contains 240 acres, 20 of it under perfect culture, with a comfortable brick dwelling house of five rooms, and a separate kitchen. Continual running water.

Terms to be ascertained at Messrs. UHARBY'S on the Olmos creek, four miles from San Antonio. aug20d1m

For Rent.

The Store lately occupied by Messrs. Field, Eagar & Co., on Scildad street, near north-east corner Main Plaza. Possession given 1st of October.

Apply to W. A. BENEH, J. H. KAMPMANN, or S. G. NEWTON, Trustees. sept5d1m

LOST.

A County Warrant, No. 805, claim 652, for \$50 00, payable to Wm. Drummond's order, issued Sept. 4, 1867.

All persons are warned against buying the same, as the undersigned intends to apply for a rescission of the same.

J. A. NAVARRO, San Antonio Sep. 27, 1867. 11

Revenue Stamps.

Revenue Stamps of every denomination for sale at the Internal Revenue Office in French's building, No. 14. sept9d1m

AT Satur None but Our J to do al blank, s on hand, per, etc. promptly terms. At tr licence, the Heri strength miserabl commen Ball Rai close of, by its ac and 'Lis The elec in Texas question which w DEATH We learn old resid killed on the Leon the horse was run Fuller w hearted leaves a friends t WELL some co communi "Member ing is ou in not p deem it s such pari Imron tion to Gallaghe genuine! THE G of these ment of come to. FRENCH Grenet. PROPRIETOR SCIENCE Who Crack Cor WED) A Fan Can P San An V CITY A Lar Also, Two tags for W property s esp26 S BU CHINA N (Fou je28ly N. L. M S. COMM A kets to La ceive and of commis sion.

