

San Antonio Express.

VOL. I.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, TUESDAY, OCT. 8, 1867.

NO. 253.

Medicine.

MORTIMER SLOCUM, M. D.,
Tenders his services to those citizens of San Antonio who wish to have medicine administered according to the Homoeopathic Law of cure.
Office on Main street, two doors west of Post-Office.

NOTICE.

HAVING been educated as a Midwife in Germany, and having done business as such with good success for long years, I solicit the patronage of the public of San Antonio and its neighborhood, and promise to justify the confidence which the public may place in me.
My residence is Alamo street, near Feldmann's Bakery.

MARY KLAERE,
San Antonio, August 25, 1866. no40-17

MRS. ECKEL,
Graduate of "Marburg Institute, Europe," offers her services to the people of San Antonio as Midwife. Her long and varied experience in this service renders her one of the best professions.
Residence, Main Avenue, opposite house of Mr. William Elliot. 4-17.

Law, etc.

BOWERS & WALKER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office—Congress Avenue,
(no. 11-1) Austin, Texas.

JESSE STANCEL,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
GALVESTON, TEXAS.
Prompt Attention to Business.
May 17, 1866. no34ly

FOCKE & WILKENS,
COTTON FACTORS,
General Commission Merchants,
OTTENMAN'S BUILDING, GALVESTON.
Exchange on New Orleans, New York, London, and Hamburg. Jan 8ly

LEIGH & DITTMAR,
LAWYERS,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
OFFICE FRENCH'S BUILDING, ROOM NO. 15.
1474swf

NEWTON & PICQUE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
414-3rd swf SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Law Notice.
Thomas M. Paschal will hereafter be associated with the undersigned in all new business entrusted to their care in Texas.
I. A. & G. W. PASCHAL,
Attorneys at Law.
August 9th 1867

THEO. HERTZBERG & J. HOYER,
Notaries Public,
COMMERCIAL STREET,
Two doors east of Nette's Drug Store,
sep18y SAN ANTONIO.

Hotels.

INGRAM HOUSE,
VICTORIA, TEXAS.
WILLIAM J. NEELY, Proprietor.
This House is reformed and opened for the public. Good Stabling on the premises.
172d & w2m

WASHINGTON HOTEL,
Galveston, Texas.
M. F. THOMPSON,
Proprietor.
146-1y

CITY HOTEL,
G. STEVES, PROPRIETOR,
Indianola, - - - Texas,
Connected with the establishment is a superior Soda Water Fountain and Ice Cream Saloon. Ladies' patronage respectfully solicited.
176dswy

Klopper Hotel.
FIRST CLASS ENTERTAINMENT!
Mrs. KLOPPER calls the attention of her friends to the extra facilities for travelers with teams. Attached to her house is a spacious yard fronting on the river, where any quantity of stock can be secured.
d117 Commerce street, San Antonio.

THE TARDE HOUSE,
CASTROVILLE, TEXAS.
The above named well-known Hotel is open for the accommodation of the traveling or pleasure-seeking Public. The arrangements are complete throughout, and no pains are spared to make guests comfortable. To those who seek a quiet and elegant home in the country, this Hotel will suit them to a charm, and for comfort and cheapness it has no rival in the State. V. TARDE.
1211f

PEYTON SMYTHE,
County Clerk Bexar county, and ex officio Notary Public, keeps on hand Blank Deeds, Deeds of Trust, &c., for gratuitous distribution in Bexar county.
Instruments of Writing drawn and acknowledged taken on liberal terms. A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.
Will also prepare Proposals to the U. S. Quartermaster for Contracts to keep on hand printed forms, etc.
He can be found at the County Clerk's Office, Military Plaza, San Antonio, Texas.

Business Cards.

HERTZBERG & SIMON,
Glassware, Mouldings,
Fancy Goods, Pictures, Pipes,
Stationery, Brushes, Music,
NEWSPAPER AGENTS,
Commerce Street,
at S. S. Simpson's old stand,
SAN ANTONIO.
147

Chrysler & Anderson,
Manufacturers and Dealers in all kinds of
CABINET FURNITURE,
AND
House Furnishing Goods,
FRENCH'S BUILDING,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
CASH paid for WOOL and HIDES.
March 26th 1867. 1867

DRESEL & BRIAN,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALERS
IN
Dry-Goods and Groceries,
HATS,
SHOES,
CROCKERY,
NOTIONS.
San Antonio, April 24, 1867. 1184f

PHILIP CONRAD,
Dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE
and House Furnishing Goods, Mattress
Maker and Upholsterer,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite Zerk & Griesbeck.
Keeps constantly on hand a full assortment of Mattresses; and offers his services for repairing furniture, paper hanging, curtains hanging, and carpeting.
San Antonio, May 6th. dly

J. S. Lockwood,
BANKING AND EXCHANGE OFFICE,
on Commerce street,
opposite Bell & Bros. Jewelry store,
San Antonio.
Currency and Exchange bought and sold; Collections made on all accessible points. 80 1f

W. WESTHOFF & CO.,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS,
Wholesale Grocers,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants
And Dealers in Hardware.

SCHMIT & VOIGT,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,
Handley's Building, 41 Pine Street,
GALVESTON, NEW YORK.
August 23. [no48-1y.]

BOGERT & OAKLEY,
IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
American, English, German, & French
Hardware,
Cutlery,
Guns, &c.,
59 Pearl street, and 56 Stone street,
NEW YORK.
Orders promptly executed at lowest prices. No Travelers or Drummers employed. All goods bearing our stamp warranted extra quality. sep5-6m

HANCOCK & WALKER,
Commission & Forwarding Merchants,
No. 203, South Levee,
ST. LOUIS, MO.
36w

KRAUDELT & POSERT,
Confectionery
(on Commerce St. opposite Nette's Drug store.
Weddings, Balls, and Parties, furnished with the finest Cakes, on short notice.
Pyramids made to order.
They will also keep on hand a fine assortment of Confectionaries of every description together with FANCY GROCERIES, &c.
San Antonio, Tex. 2 d14dswy

R. FEINBERG & CO.,
Importers of
**French, English & German
FANCY GOODS.**
4 & 6 Warren Street, near Broadway,
NEW YORK.
August 23. [no48ly.]

WULF & SHETELIG,
Importers
General Commercial Agents,
SAN ANTONIO,
Mexico, Texas,
1223 cor. Alamo & North streets

Business Cards.

ALBERT TURPE,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
RAGLE PASS, TEXAS.
The highest Cash Price paid for Hides. sep17f

WM. SMITH BROWN & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in
Boots and Shoes,
No. 53 Chambers Street,
NEW YORK.
sep21w6m

J. E. COWEN,
IMPORTER AND JOBLER
OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS,
BOOTS, SHOES AND HATS,
446 HUTCHIN'S BUILDING, FRANKLIN ST
HOUSTON, TEXAS.
Particular attention to filling orders, accompanied by cash or produce. 1284f

G. W. WARE & CO.,
Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
Hides, Wool, &c.,
LAVACA, TEXAS.
References:
Frazier, Major & Co., New York,
Canal Bank, New Orleans,
W. H. H. Withersall, Esq., New Orleans,
William Chrysler, San Antonio,
National Bank of Texas, Galveston,
Heyck & Helfrich, Lavaca,
Charles Taylor, Esq., Indiana.
dec 10d17y

McNEENEY & HAIGNE,
Receiving, Forwarding
AND
General Commission Merchants,
ALLEYTON, TEXAS.
We cheerfully recommend this firm as being prompt, reliable, and worthy of patronage.
A. H. EBY, Galveston, Texas.

A. STACKE,
AGENT FOR THE MANUFACTORY OF
Wilson, Childs & Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.
Orders for any kind of their work solicited.
San Antonio, Texas, July 8, 1867.

J. H. KAMPMANN'S
New Door, Sash and Blind
FACTORY,
On Nacacoches street, Alamo City,
SAN ANTONIO.
The undersigned informs the citizens of San Antonio, and the public in general, that he is prepared to fill all orders for
DOORS, SASHES AND BLINDS,
to rip and plane Lumber, to make one and one and a quarter inch Flooring, and all other articles connected with the carpenter business.
Seasoned Lumber of best quality of white and yellow pine, constantly on hand.
All orders will be promptly executed.
aug6d6m J. H. KAMPMANN.

E. A. FLORIAN,
INSURANCE AGENT,
No. 3, French's Building,
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
Capital Represented,
\$9,000,000
December 19, 1866. d3m

NORTON & DEUTZ,
SUCCESSORS TO NORTON & BHO,
Hardware,
LEATHER,
AND
Woodenware Dealers,
SAN ANTONIO
Sept. 5 TEXAS.

CONKLIN & DAVIS,
SUCCESSORS TO
J. CONKLIN & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 94 Front street,
New York.
A. L. CONKLIN,
L. R. DAVIS. je28

W. A. BENNETT,
Banker,
Dealer in Exchange and Government Securities,
San Antonio.
Will pay particular attention to the collection of Claims at all accessible points in Texas. daw1f

FRANK NEWTON,
DEALER IN
STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES,
AND COUNTRY PRODUCE,
SOLELY IMPORTED
Keeps constantly on hand and receiving
FRESH FAMILY SUPPLIES,
of all kinds, and at reasonable prices.

WHERE THE LAZY SHOULD GO.

[From the London American.]

Ninety-nine years ago six hundred and eighty specimens of the *genus homo* were embarked on board one of Her Britannic Majesty's brigs at the island of St. Vincent, the seat of government for the English Windward islands, and transported across the whole width of the Caribbean sea to Ruatan, a small island then but little known except to the buccaners.

The main land, the north coast of Honduras, is from the island distant about twenty-five miles, and the Spanish planters soon learned of the suffering people upon Ruatan, and gave them employment upon their plantations, and this island, which was only a resting place and a final one to many of the 680, remained unoccupied for sixty years more, and now it has a population of about 1,000, but not a descendant of that cargo of Caribs brought from St. Vincent in the British brig. That race has expanded to near 15,000, and they are now found over about three hundred miles of coast from the Cape Gracias a Dios westward to the port of Omoa in the Gulf of Honduras. And it is here with these people that every hater of work and believer in the degradation of labor should immigrate.

These Caribs retain many of their old customs, and the Mohammedan-Mormon institution of polygamy is one. This peculiar institution carries with it the inferiority of woman as a necessary consequence, and the Caribs believe with Mr. Ruskin that labor is degrading, which naturally leads them to impose the greater burthen upon the already degraded portion of community, the females. When a young lord of creation becomes too large to yield to the control of his mother, he takes his canoe, and, hating up a good location for a home, proceeds to clear the trees from about an acre of ground, and, building a cabin, in his own estimation and in the opinion of the whole people deserving of a wife, which secured, he is relieved by her from further care. She attends to the garden, which produces them ample food, and also makes the scanty clothing they require, or else by fishing, or the gathering of sarsaparilla, which grows plentifully in the forest, and for which ready market is found in the United States—prepares the means of purchasing cloth, which, of course, the degraded half converts into garments.

The young lord of creation is thus relieved from all labor until such time as he again shall tire of his slave wife, when he again takes his canoe and hunts another situation, where he repeats the clearing and building, and when done he chooses another wife, who takes possession of this new home and divides the labor of entertaining the husband with the first wife. When his lordship is tired again of his inactivity, this same labor of clearing and home-building is repeated, sometimes till one man has five or six wives upon as many estates, usually so distant one from the other that the various wives never see each other.

When the number of wives is sufficient for the ambition of the husband, his days of labor are ended, and his life is spent in equal periods with ease, and he troubles himself not in the least with the cares of the family, or for his food, but his days can pass in that blissful state of indolence so lauded by many, but achieved by few.

It is to this paradise for the man enabled by a healthy disgust for degrading labor that we confidently recommend all the lazy to start, for the starting is easy, but the journeying will not be found so, as it is one of the peculiar results of this state of society that the great advantages of modern civilization do not extend to such people; if cheap and rapid communication extended to the Mohammedans, Mormons, or the Caribs of Honduras, it will be due to the efforts of other people, not to the energy and enterprise developed by that peculiar institution which condemns one-half of the race to a state worse than African slavery.

FASHIONABLE INVALIDISM.

I hope to live to see the time when it will be considered a disgrace to be sick. When people with flat chests and stooping shoulders will creep round the back way, like other violators of known laws. Those who *suffer* sickly constitutions have my sincerest pity. I only request one favor of them, that they cease perpetrating themselves till they are physically on a sound basis. But a woman who loses so tightly that she breathes only by a rare accident; who vibrates constantly between the confectioner's shop and the dentist's office; who has half-ropes and jewels in plenty, but who owns neither an umbrella nor a water-

proof cloak, nor a pair of thick boots; who lies in bed till noon, never exercises, and complains of "total want of appetite," save for pastry and pickles; she is simply a disgusting nuisance.

Sermon is all very nice; but, were I a man, I would beware of a woman who "couldn't eat." Why don't she take care of herself? Why don't she take a nice little piece of beefsteak with her breakfast, and a nice walk—not ride—after it? Why don't she stop munching sweet stuff between meals? Why don't she go to bed at a decent time, and lead a clean, healthy life? The doctors and confectioners have ridden in their carriages long enough; let the butchers and shoemakers take a turn at it. A man or woman who "can't eat" is never sound on any question. It is waste breath to converse with them. They take hold of everything by the wrong handle. Of course it makes them very mad to whisper playfully, "Stoppage," when they advance some distorted opinion; but I always do it. They are not going to muddle my brain with their theories, because their internal works are in a state of physical disorganization. Let them go into a Lunatic Asylum and be properly treated till they can learn how they are put together, and how to manage themselves sensibly.

How I rejoice in a man or woman with a chest; who can look the sun in the eye, and step off as if they had not wooden legs. It is a rare sight. If a woman now has an errand round the corner, she must have a carriage to go there; and the men, more dead than alive, so lethargic are they with constant smoking, creep into cars and omnibuses, and curl up in a corner, dreading nothing so much as a little wholesome exertion. The more "tired" they are, the more diligently they smoke, like the women who drink perpetual tea "to keep them up."

Keep them up! Heavens! I am fifty-five, and feel half the time as if I were just made. To be sure I was born in Maine, where the timber and the human race last; but I don't eat pastry, nor candy, nor ice-cream. I don't drink tea—bahl I walk, not ride. I own stout boots—pretty ones, too! I have a water-proof cloak, and no diamonds. I like a nice bit of beefsteak and a glass of ale, and anybody else who wants it may eat pap. I go to bed at ten, and get up at six. I dash out in the rain, because it feels good on my face. I don't care for my clothes, but I will be well; and after I am buried, I warn you, don't let any fresh air or sunlight down on my coffin, if you don't want me to get up. FANNY FEAR.

A GERMAN paper tells a story of Bismarck which illustrates his fondness for a practical joke. The anecdote is as follows: "One day while he was dining at Frankfort at the table of honor, he observed two young ladies sitting opposite to him who were talking and laughing in a very loud tone. He soon perceived that they were making fun of the company, and that their remarks were especially directed against himself, but he could not understand a word of what they were saying, as they spoke in the Lettish language, evidently making sure that no one at the table was acquainted with it. Although the Count was ignorant of the language, he had learned two or three Lettish words during a recent tour in Courland, and he determined to use his knowledge so as to disconcert his fair assailants. Turning to a friend who sat near him he whispered, "When you hear me speak in a foreign language give me your watch-key." Meanwhile the ladies went on talking more loudly than ever, and by the time the dessert was put on the table their hilarity had reached its climax. At length, during a pause, after a somewhat heartier burst of laughter than usual, Count Bismarck said quietly to his friend, "Dahd man to azich" (give me the key). The effect was instantaneous; the ladies started as if they were shot, and with faces covered with blushes rushed out of the room."

The closer home to Mr. Johnson's demoralized Administration the responsibility for the Revenue frauds is brought the louder are the Democrats in protesting that the President does not belong to their party. When a rascal falls into the hands of the police, his confederates are always careful not to know him.

Among the predictions that have failed of fulfillment are those which foretold, when railroads were introduced, the turning out to grass of all the horses. The noble animals still preserve their prominent position and not a little of that of their owners.

A rat hunt, lasting three days, was indulged in at Homer, Illinois, lately. One side produced 845 tails; the other brought in only 717, and paid for the snappers.

