

The Moore County Pioneer

VOL. 3

DUMAS, MOORE COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, May 10 1912.

NO. 49

Work For good Roads and Streets

Pala Duro News

Farming is the order of the day in this vicinity.

Almost everybody attended the Singing Convention at Parksdale Saturday and Sunday.

The stockmen say that the "flats" look better to them green than so white, so much of the time.

Mr. W. J. Morton and son James, returned Saturday from Texhoma where they went last week to deliver steers.

The Palo Duro school will give a concert and box supper at the close of school next week.

Mr. R. L. Allen dipped cattle two or three days of past week, at J. S. Walker's place.

We understand he intends dipping again the last of this week.

The Phone line is completed into Dumas and this end is in operation except to Mr. O. E. McDowell's place, which will be finished at an early date.

"I M Nobody-much."

We welcome you, come again—Ed.

Our case of Meningitis and its progress

Reports from the Microscopical Examinations of the spinal fluid of the patient, by Specialist, Dr. Hugh H. Aldredge of Dalhart & Dr. Dawson

Following is report of findings from the first fluid taken from the patient:

Dalhart Apr. 19 '12

Microscopical Examination No. 1

This is to certify that I have made a Bacteriological examination of specimen of Spinal fluid, of Mr. Noel Cummins, extracted by Drs. Dawson and Fale, and find Meningococcus or the "Diplococi" in abundance.

Hugh H. Aldredge M. D.

Following is report from Microscopical Examination 3rd & 4th specimen of Spinal fluid after the 3rd & 4th doses of Anti Meningitis Serum were given the patient—which shows the efficiency of the Serum treatment for Cerebrospinal Meningitis.

This was about 9th day after patient was taken, when he was

pronounced cured of the Meningitis & had then a slight complication of Lagripp or Influenza which was soon subdued by prompt treatment.

Dalhart Texas Apr. 26 '12.

Dr. Hale.

Dumas Texas.

Dear Doctor:—

I received both specimens of Spinal fluid, also your report of progress of the case, which report is very gratifying and especially so is the Microscopical Ex. The fluid from the third puncture showed some Meningiococci but the last fluid shows no Meningiococci at all, but shows Grippal or Influenza Bacillus in large quantities, this would lead us to believe that he was now practically free from Meningitis but has the Influenza to contend with; for this would suggest that you give him the enclosed R. for two or three days then rest a day or so and repeat or any other remedy that you might deem proper for this trouble. He will likely need some stimulants such as Strychnia sulph in doses of Gr. 1—40 every four hrs. or Whiskey or Ammon. Arom. Spts also nourishment.

We wish to congratulate you again on your skilful management of this case and feel sure that you are going to save the man.

With best wishes for your continued success

We are your friends,

Dawson & Aldredge.

By G. W. Dawson.

We are glad to announce that the patient is now able to sit up & will be out soon, sound & well with no bad after effects from the Serum treatment.

Limestone Home Coming

The 24th Annual Re union Joe Johnston Camp Confederate Veterans convenes at Jack's Creek, Limestone County, July 22nd. It has been suggested that that occasion will be an appropriate one for all former Limestone county citizens to have a great home coming. I therefore request all former citizens of that splendid county who are interested in the matter to write

Announcements

We are authorized to make the following announcements for office subject a democratic primary.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector

A. L. Anderson

For Tax Assessor

Dr. S. W. Anthony

H. B. Phythian

me making such suggestions as to them seem best with reference to the proposed meeting.

A. M. Kennedy,
Waco, Texas.

Americans In Mexico

Special to the Pioneer

They are still warring over here, but I am away out here on a big cattle ranch & never see any one for three and four weeks at a time, except the Mex. boy I have helping me with the cattle & our old Mexican cook. We don't get more than half of our mail the Rebels destroy so much of it enroute. Fortunately I haven't seen any Rebels since about the first of the year when some came through these parts and relieved me of both my gun and saddle. I was loath to part with my saddle even under the circumstances, as it was a fine mexican saddle silver mounted. However I entertain hopes of its recovery at some future time.

Brother is at his post, though he is in a hot bed of danger. He's sent his family into El Paso for safety. The Rebels were encamped 1400 strong at the big mines, of which he is mgr., for two weeks; however, they proved themselves very peaceable neighbors. Just before they took their leave, they came into camp and asked to buy groceries, which our people sold them to the amt. of \$20.00 worth, deeming it unsafe to refuse, knowing they would take them all and their supplies were running so low the sale almost stripped the camp. Luckily, the Company had ordered supplies, which arrived in a few days."

Fred. McKee

YOUR TRADE

will be appreciated at the City Barber Shop in the S. W. Room of Court House.

J. V. MEls

Write Or Call

On W. J. Morton, for Real Estate & Live Stock Moore, Hutchinson, Hansford and Hartley County. Lands Especially.

W. J. Morton

DUMAS TEXAS.

Pala Duro School Closes

Concert Saturday Night Night May 18th

Miss. Vera York Prin.

The Palo Duro school will close Friday May 17th. This has been a very successful year in school work & Miss. Vera York is proud of her school and justly so. Pala Duro has one of the best graded country schools in the country. Miss. York has arranged a school concert for Saturday night following and, also, g box supper.

Every one is invite to be present and enjoy the treat.

The Pioneer offers a subscription to the best speller present at the concert from any part of the country. And six-months subscription to second best.

Rain Rain Rain

dumas and moore County had good rains Friday night and Thursday. Look out for Moore County's crops this year?

Heavier rains reported North of us.

A Big crop will

PAY you

EASY TO AVOID SMOKE

CARE IN FRYING WILL DO AWAY WITH NUISANCE.

Pan Should Not Be Hot Enough to Burn the Grease, Which Is the Usual Cause of the Disagreeable Smell—Use Cover.

To give "a remedy for the evil of smoke, dust, and smell arising from the frying of meats in a common frying pan on a hot stove" is by no means so simple a problem as might appear. Notwithstanding the fact that fried foods are pronounced by food experts to be more indigestible than foods cooked by other methods, the frying pan is too convenient an article to be abandoned by busy housewives. In the first place, it should be remembered that the same intensity of heat applied when the meat is first put on to cook should not be maintained throughout to obtain the best results. The pan for most fried meats should be really hot at first, but not so hot that the grease is burned at once from the bottom of the pan. This is usually what causes the disagreeable smoke.

The pan is made really hot at first that the outside surface of the meat may be at once seared to close the channels by which the inner juices of the meat would escape. Frying in a pan in this way is properly called sauteing, or frying in a small quantity of fat, where all parts of the meat are not exposed to the cooking medium at the same time. The meat should be first seared on the hot pan for about 10 seconds, turned, and seared on the other for the same time, then drawn toward a cooler spot on the range where a steady, even heat may be maintained, with occasional turning of the meat until well cooked on both sides. If properly cooked in this way there will be no smoke during this stage of the cooking, nor will there be much spattering of grease as where a fierce heat is used throughout. As for smell, the odor from meat cooked in this way is usually considered rather gratifying to one with appetite keen enough to relish the viands. Steak cut one inch thick will take five minutes if liked rare; six minutes, if well done.

In broiling steak over coals the remedy used to prevent smoke is to sprinkle a little salt over the fire and no blaze or smoke will annoy. Similarly, a little salt sprinkled under a hot pan on the stove or in the oven will slightly reduce the temperature and prevent burning. When it is desired to conserve the heat and produce a rich flavor in the meat the cover of the pan should be placed and this will very effectually remedy the triple annoyances, so deemed, of smoke, smell and spattering of grease.

Oysters With Leg of Mutton.

Make half a dozen deep incisions in the thick part of a well-kept leg of mutton and fill them with force meat made as follows: Boil a dozen oysters in their own liquor for two minutes; beard them and mince them finely with a shallot; a teaspoon of scalded and chopped parsley leaves and the yolks of two hard-boiled eggs; tie the mutton in a cloth, put it into boiling water, let it boil; then draw it to the side of the fire and simmer very gently until it is done enough; serve with oyster sauce. Time to simmer two and a half to three hours, according to size. Sufficient for eight or ten persons.

Rice Pudding.

Wash half a cupful of rice thoroughly and soak it in cold water for two hours; drain. Add then three tablespoonfuls of sugar, a little salt, grated nutmeg, four cupfuls of rich sweet milk and half a cupful of raisins. Bake for two hours, stirring occasionally; then put in another cupful of rich milk and bake for an hour longer. Serve in the baking dish.

Midnight Scare.

Knicker—Did your wife hear a burglar in the cellar?

Bocker—No, she heard a burglar-ette in the cellarette.

Pure blood is essential to Good Health, Garfield Tea dispels impurities, cleanses the system, and eradicates disease.

Poor Fellow!

"He has no control over his limbs."
"You wouldn't if you had had your leg pulled as often as he has."

Method With Disadvantages.

"Will you make any rear platform speeches next summer?"

"I don't know," replied the candidate. "It's kind of embarrassing to have an engineer blow the whistle, ring the bell and pull out just as you get to the grand climax on which you relied for applause."

Smelting the Matter, Anyhow.

Little Harold lives in Broad Ripple. His mother got him ready for bed one cold night, and to be sure he would be warm enough during the night she took extra precautions, relates the Indianapolis News. After she had put on his little fuzzy pajamas she tucked him carefully in between the wool blankets. Then, to make doubly sure she got a hot water bottle for him—and the youngster was apparently as snug as could be with only his little nose sticking out from beneath the covers.

When his mother had finished the tucking-in job she turned down the light. Soon the entire family was in bed. But Harold is like most youngsters. He loves his mother, and wishes lots of attention. So in his child mind he figured out a way to get her to his bed.

"Mamma," he wailed, "I'm cold!"
"Nonsense, son!" replied his mother, and she never made a move to go to his rescue.

The little boy tried the opposite.
"Well, I'm hot, then!" he yelled.

THEIR TROUBLES.



Smith—My wife can cook, but she insists on playing the piano.

Jones—Well, my wife can play the piano, but she insists on cooking.

In a Hurry.

Magistrate—What is the charge against this old man?

Officer—Stealing some brimstone, your honor. He was caught in the act.

Magistrate (to prisoner)—My aged friend, couldn't you have waited a few years longer?

Saving His Money.

Owens—Say, lend me a fiver, old man.

Bowens—If you'd save your own money you wouldn't have to borrow from your friends.

Owens—But it's because I want to save my own money that I borrow from my friends.

Shocked.

He—Well, my dear, what did the landscape gardener I sent out from town say about making the artificial lake where we wanted it?

She—He was most profane about it. He told me the site we wanted wasn't worth a dam.

The Idea!

Mother—When he went to kiss you, why didn't you call me?

Daughter—Why, ma, I never imagined that you wanted him to kiss you.

FILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Some Are So by Nature.

A certain young man, who prided himself on a brusqueness that he mistook for wit, met an eminent, but touchy, sculptor at a studio supper.

"So you're the chap," he said, on being introduced, "that makes mud heads?"

"Not all of them," the sculptor replied, quietly.—Youth's Companion.

Demand for New Alloy.

Although the early expectations of the wholesale substitution of aluminum for steel and iron have not materialized, the demand for the new alloy has grown enormously. From a production in the United States of less than 100,000 pounds in 1883, in 1903 the output had grown to 350,000 pounds, 1903 to 7,500,000 pounds, and today it is in excess of 50,000,000 pounds.

Convenient Code.

Frank I. Cobb used to be a reporter in Detroit and knew intimately a former governor of the state of Michigan, who was renowned among other things for his ability as a free-hand swearer.

One night Cobb was dining with the ex-governor and his family. A messenger came in to tell the host that one of his pet political schemes had just been defeated through the bungling of a lieutenant. The old man ripped out a string of dark blue ones.

"Now, pa," said his wife, "you promised me you would quit cursing."

"Marie," said the ex-governor, "I'm not cussing—this is just the way I talk!"—Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

Why Should a Chicken Lay a Soft-Shelled Egg?

Because, Willie, the chicken don't know how to create a hard-shelled egg unless it has some food with lime in it.

So chicken-raisers often provide limestone gravel, broken oyster shells or some other form of lime.

Let the chicken wander free and it finds its own food and behaves sensibly.

Shut it up and feed stuff lacking lime and the eggs are soft-shelled.

Let's step from chickens to human beings.

Why is a child "backward" and why does a man or woman have nervous prostration or brain-fag? There may be a variety of reasons but one thing is **certain**.

If the food is deficient in Phosphate of Potash the gray matter in the nerve centres and brain cannot be rebuilt each day to make good the cells broken down by the activities of yesterday.

Phosphate of Potash is the most important element Nature demands to unite albumin and water to make gray matter.

Grape-Nuts food is heavy in Phosphate of Potash in a digestible form.

A chicken can't always select its own food, but a thoughtful man can select suitable food for his children, wife and himself.

"There's a Reason" for

Grape-Nuts

Postum Cereal Company, Limited, Battle Creek, Michigan



Beginning a proper name with a small letter is a capital offense.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. B. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Better a strong prejudice than a weak conviction.

As we grow more sensible we refuse drug cathartics and take instead Nature's herb cure, Garfield Tea.

The more a trust magnate wants the less the other fellow gets.

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effectual form. For grown people and children. 50 cents.

Nothing disappoints some women more than to find that a scandal isn't after all.

Logical.

The car labored heavily over wet and deeply scarred roads.

"Have you any idea where we are?" asked Blinks.

"No," said Garraway, "though the roads suggest we are near either Waterville or Rutland—I don't know which."—Harper's Weekly.

Denied the Allegation.

"You are being trodden under foot," howled the campaign orator. "You are surrounded by neurotics—there is a paranoiac standing at your very elbow, an—" "Stop roight there," yelled Pat, "stop there. There's not a par—por—there's not one of them there fellers in the whole crowd. Me and Mike don't associate with such bloomin' furriners."

His Number.

He gazed tenderly into her eyes as she spoke.

"Life," she murmured dreamily, "is, after all, nothing but a romance in which we are characters, moving hither and yon as the supreme author of our being directs."

"And in the novel of your life," said he, tenderly, "where do I come in?"

"You?" she answered with a smile. "Oh, you are—let me see—one, two, three—you are Chap Seventeen."—Harper's Weekly.

A Tempting Treat— Post Toasties

with cream

Crisp, fluffy bits of white Indian Corn; cooked, rolled into flakes and toasted to a golden brown.

Ready to serve direct from the package.

Delightful flavour!

Thoroughly wholesome!

"The Memory Lingers"

Sold by Grocers

Postum Cereal Company, Limited
Battle Creek, Mich.

DYED RUG TO MATCH PAPER

Operation Cost Little and Resulted in What Was Practically a New Floor Covering.

A lady recently had her living room repapered and found to her dismay that the rug did not harmonize with the paper.

The rug was a dull, lifeless blue, while the walls were done in tones of brown and tan.

The rug was in a perfectly good condition, not a bit worn or soiled. The happy thought came that it could be dyed a plain brown to match a shade used in the paper.

She had no difficulty in securing the desired rich, burnished brown. After reading the directions giving the amount of water to be added to each package, she decided that 50 cents' worth of dye would be ample. After thoroughly cleaning the rug with a vacuum cleaner, she added boiling water to the dye.

While it was hot she applied it to the rug with a stiff brush.

This should have a long handle or the hands must be protected by rubber gloves. The dye stains unless this precaution is taken.

When the rug was saturated with the dye she closed the door, leaving the carpet to dry.

When two days had elapsed she viewed her rug and was delighted with her experiment.

It was as fresh as a new carpet and a lovely shade of brown. The room was beyond criticism now. She felt amply repaid for the little time trouble and expense it cost her.

Washing Flannels.

Flannels should always be washed by themselves. Shave a bar of good white soap into a tub half filled with warm water. Stir until dissolved. If flannels are badly soiled put two tablespoons borax in the water to soften and loosen the dirt. Put the badly soiled pieces into the bottom of the tub and the cleanest at the top. Soak fifteen minutes, then rub and squeeze between the hands until clean. Don't use a board and never rub soap on the garments.

When they look clean, put them in another tub of lukewarm water, a little less soapy than the other, and repeat process of rubbing and squeezing. Put through two rinse waters, then run through the wringer, pulling into shape and hanging to dry in the sunshine, if possible. Be careful that they do not freeze.

Cheese Fondue, With Rice.

Place in chafing dish one and one-half cups of cooked rice, one tablespoon butter and one cup of milk. When hot add one cup of cheese; cut up and stir occasionally until smooth. Add salt and little cayenne, add yolk of two well-beaten eggs, and last the beaten whites. Serve on toast.

HOUSEHOLD QUESTIONS

Salt on the fingers when cleaning fowls, meat or fish will prevent slipping.

When buying bacon choose that with a thin rind and with firm fat of a pinkish white.

A long handled buttonhook should be kept in the laundry to clean the lint from the tub outlets.

If milk is used instead of water when mixing mustard for the table, it will look fresh for several days.

A pinch of salt on the tongue followed ten minutes afterward by a drink of cold water, often cures a sick headache.

Always empty out any water left before filling the kettle. Very frequently the flat taste of tea is caused by using water that has already been boiled.

Colds, La Grippe

"I want to tell you what wonderful benefit I have received from the use of Thedford's Black-Draught," writes Mrs. Sylvania Woods, of Clifton Mills, Ky.

"It certainly has no equal for la grippe, bad colds, liver and stomach troubles. I firmly believe Black-Draught saved my little girl's life. When she had measles, they went in on her, but one good dose of Thedford's Black-Draught made them break out, and she had no more trouble.

"I shall never be without

THEDFORD'S BLACK-DRAUGHT

"You are at liberty to publish this letter if you wish, and I will gladly answer anybody that might write me, concerning your wonderful medicine."

Thedford's Black-Draught can be used freely, by young and old. It is non-mineral, harmless, without bad after-effects. It acts in a perfectly safe and natural way, on the liver, stomach, kidneys, and bowels, cleansing, strengthening, and stimulating them to do their work. In common use for over 70 years. Sold everywhere. Get a package to-day. Price 25 cents.

Reduce The Feed Bill—Improve The Animals

Horses and Mules do more work; Cows give more and better Milk and Butter; Sheep and Goats grow better fleeces; Hens lay more eggs, and all as well as Cattle and Hogs take on more flesh and fat, and develop more rapidly and keep in better health and condition when fed on

Cottonseed Meal and Cottonseed Hulls

For Breeding or Nursing Stock, Mares, Cows, Sows or Ewes, it is especially valuable. Much better than Hay, far cheaper than Corn.

Write for free Booklet containing much valuable information to Feeders and Stock Raisers to

THE BUREAU OF PUBLICITY

Interstate Cottonseed Crushers Association
808 Main Street, Dallas, Texas

GAL-VA-NITE

You will get full value for every penny you spend on Gal-va-nite Roofing. Although it is 15 pounds heavier than the ordinary roofing, every ounce of its weight serves to make it more durable and serviceable.

It Needs No Painting or Repairing
First Cost—Last Cost

Gal-va-nite is attractive in appearance, easy to lay, suitable for steep or flat roofs, adapted to any kind of a climate. It is excellent for lining silos. Put up in rolls of 108 sq. ft. with galvanized nails, cement and directions.

Buy Gal-va-nite from your local dealer or send for booklets, "Gal-va-nite Qualities" and "The Inside of an Outside Proposition."

FORD MANUFACTURING COMPANY
St. Paul Omaha Chicago Kansas City St. Louis

Grand Ma's Advice to Her Grandchild

"When I was a child my mother gave me

Grand Ma's Liver and Stomach Tea

instead of Calomel or other cathartics. I still take it and I attribute my perfect health to its perfect laxative effect. It is pleasant to take, gently yet thoroughly cleanses the system—begin now and take it into old age." At druggists 25c the package.



Insurance

House insured, March 6, 1912, burned April 7. Loss agreed upon April 15, and draft for money received by insured April 22. Quick work, considering the offices of Company are at Houston.

The same Company, St Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Company — not St Paul mutual, is ready to insure your farm buildings or growing crops at as reasonable rates as is consistent with liberal settlements.

Bob Powell, Agent
Dumas, Texas

Merchandise, Town Property and Lands For Sale & Exchange

for Panhandle Texas lands Farms in Ark. Mo. Okla. & other States to trade, 8 sections in El Paso Co. Texas to trade. Send us a good description of what you have for sale & trade & let us know what you want to trade for.

Arthur Nield Realty Co.,
Texhoma Okla.

Notice

FOR SALE OR Trade
48 young sheep,
1 full blood Rambouillet Ram.
Wm. H. Brown
Inman Texas.

Why Not Now

In as much as there has been organized a permanent Fair Association for Carson County, & this association expects to equip buildings and grounds for fair purposes later on, why not erect now a grand stand and lay off a ball ground? This would give the ball boys some place to play and a portion of their receipts by the time of the Fair this fall would almost pay for the grand stand. Why not now?

Panhandle Herald

Notice

Notice is here by given that the Commissioners Court of Carson County will receive sealed bids for grading the public roads in the county where needed, bids to be made per Yd. of dirt moved.

The court reserving the right to reject any and bids. Bids should be filed with the Co. Clerk not later than May 13th, 1912.

Fayette Ratliff,
County Judge
Panhandle Herald

Local News Items

We have first class cane & millet seed for sale. Dumas Drug Co. Mr. and Mrs. Edd Wells are the proud parents of a baby girl.

Saturday

E. S. Collins, Pres. of Channing Bank, was in Dumas on business.

A. L. Anderson, candidate for Sheriff and Tax collector, was mixing with the people here.

Chas. Jones and better half were trading with our merchants.

W. R. Harvey, a cattleman from White Deer, was in Dumas on business.

J. W. Danner was in trading. S. J. Board was up from his Hutchinson Co. ranch.

Percy Roberts of Childress, passed through Dumas enroute from his ranch near Alpha to Amarillo. Mr. Roberts will at an early date move 900 head of steers to his ranch.

Rufus Ritchie and wife were in from the Watkins ranch trading with our merchants.

John Geary was swapping jokes with Dumasites.

J. E. Barron and wife left for Alba, Texas, where they go to attend court.

They were accompanied by Little Miss. Cleo Eiland as far as Ft. Worth. She will go to Greenville, Texas, to visit relatives.

Misses Merle and Ladene Miller and Beatrice Weldon were pleasant callers at this office.

Miss. Effie Daugherty, Prin. of Middle Well school, was in shopping.

Jim Morton and Clarence Walker attended the Singing Convention at Alpha in Hutchinson County.

H. B. Phythian, candidate for Tax assessor, was shaking hands with the dead people.

Noel McDade and wife were in town.

Best Standard Marble Oil Cloth right from the Wholesale House only 20 Cts per Yd.—Dumas Drug & Dry Goods Co.

Keep your children in school till the close.

Bob Purvis was buying supplies from our merchants.

M. A. Peeples of Dalhart was in our city Monday on business.

Editor, H. L. Johnston spent several days on his farm in Hutchinson County.

A CLEAN CEMETERY

By suggestion of Juege Fox, Saturday, May 18th is appointed for cleaning up the Cemetery.

He asks you to meet him at the Cemetery at 2,30 o'clock and lend a hand. This is a right move and Ladies as well as men are expected to assist.

Miss Lucile Whitlow, who has just closed a successful term of school at Crumpdalo, left Wednesday for Cornsicana where she will visit her sister for a month, then, she return to Canyon City to attend Summer Normal.

Noel Cummings is able to be on the streets. No other cases of meningitis are expected.

Tidings Of Old Friends

Former residents of Dumas Since first of December Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Parker have been living in Clarksville, Red River Co. Mr. Parker has employment in one of the big Abstract offices.

Clarksville is a burg of 3000 population, and quite a deal of business is being done. They've found nice kind friends among the many strangers, but the old Dumas friends are not forgotten.

They have lived in the North and eastern and central parts of the state since leaving Dumas; & express themselves as, would freely give each and all in exchange for a home on the broad level Plains of the old "Pan"

Mrs. Parker visited her sister Mrs. L. T. Cook of Stawn, Palo Pinto Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Cook lived in our city at two different times. Prof. Cook was principal of our school for several years, and also a partner in the Dumas Drug Company.

Mrs. Parker's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Carter, who at one time made Dumas a long visit: still reside in Hillsboro, though Mrs. Carter is at present visiting Mrs. Cook.

Mr. S. A. Orem of McKinney, who recently visited his daughter Mrs. Arthur Perky, contemplates moving back to Moore Co.

W. P. McKenzie and family are to return to Dumas soon. We always welcome old friends back to this splendid county.

Miss Beaulna Orem has continued her study of Art, and is showing great skill and talent in this work.

BROOM CORN CULTIVATION

Discussions by Men Experienced in Growing This Valuable Crop



A field of Broom Corn on Coles County Seed Farm.

PREFERS BROOM CORN TO ANY OTHER CROP.

(By John Furnes, R. F. D. No. 1, Box 25, Sullivan, Illinois.)

My experience in broom corn dates back to 1886, when we used the old hand cylinder, round poles for slates, old fashioned racks, and had to bale the corn old fashioned hand balers.

I differ from most growers, as I would rather raise and take care of a crop of broom corn than any other crop raised on the farm. Money can be made raising broom corn if managed right, as I have cleared as much as \$100.00 to one acre, with the brush and seed.

Beginners should not plant too large a crop the first year.

Beginning with the seed, we raise our own, and for several years secured the best I could secure, and then used the seed on the very nicest and finest heads. This is given my personal attention, as broom corn runs out very easily. By using the best of care in the bad season, we are likely to have some inferior corn, but if we do not use care, it will all be inferior. Like raising stock, select the best sires, and you will have scrubs enough. The seed planted should all be subjected to treatment, and use one pound Formaldehyde to thirty gallons of water, wet thoroughly, stir until dry. This treatment kills the smut germ.

For nice color, broom corn should be cut as soon as the seed is well out of the dough, and when the stem is tough at the first joint and will not snap off. If the weather is settled, it should be seeded the next day.

The corn is carried from the seeder to the shelves, and shelved at once, about three inches deep, more or less according to the conditions, dry or wet, and should be left on the shelves until the sap is all out, which requires from one to two weeks.

Do not believe there is any variety of broom corn better than the Austrian. Have an improved Evergreen that is about three weeks earlier than the Austrian, but the quality, while better than the old Evergreen, is not as good as the Austrian.

BACKACHE IS DISCOURAGING

Until You Get After The Cause

Nothing more discouraging than a constant backache. Lame when you awake. Pains pierce you when you bend or lift. It's hard to work, or to rest.

You sleep poorly and next day is the same old story.

That backache indicates bad kidneys and calls for some good kidney remedy.

None so well recommended as Doan's Kidney Pills. Grateful testimony is convincing proof.



Here's Another Typical Case

Mrs. D. K. Jeffers, Colfax, Wash., says: "For two weeks I had to be propped up in bed and I lost 50 pounds in weight. I was in a terrible condition, in fact, I came very near dying. As a last resort I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. Since then I have gained back my lost weight and feel wonderfully improved."

AT ALL DEALERS 50c. a Box
DOAN'S Kidney Pills

The real cause of your catarrh

Impure blood—that is where catarrh has its beginning. And right there is the place to cure it.

Our purifying Botanic Blood Balm goes to the foundation of the trouble. It sweeps the foul catarrhal poisons entirely out of your system. That is the only real cure.

Remember our positive guarantee—your money back if "B.B.B." fails to help you.

Don't let yourself be handicapped with this disgusting affliction. You want a sweet breath that you are not ashamed of. You want comfortable breathing and a clean healthy system, all through.

Your druggist has "B.B.B." waiting for you. Or if not, write to us, and we'll see that you get it.

Don't put it off, catarrh leads to a good deal worse as you well know. Seek relief today.

The Blood Balm Co.
Philadelphia and St. Louis

Just "B.B.B." ask for

The Wretchedness of Constipation

Can quickly be overcome by CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Purely vegetable—act surely and gently on the liver. Cure Bilioussness, Headache, Dizziness, and Indigestion. They do their duty. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Wm. S. Carter

LEWIS'S SINGLE BINDER
THE BEST QUALITY STRAIGHT 5 CIGAR ALWAYS RELIABLE

PATENTS Watson E. Coleman, Wash.ington, D.C. Boonville, Ohio. High est references. Best results

ANCIENT JAP GARDEN

Famous Temple in Flowery Kingdom 500 Years Old.

Shrubby Surrounding Edifice Planted Ages Ago—In This Country Trees Are Regarded as Sacred Objects.

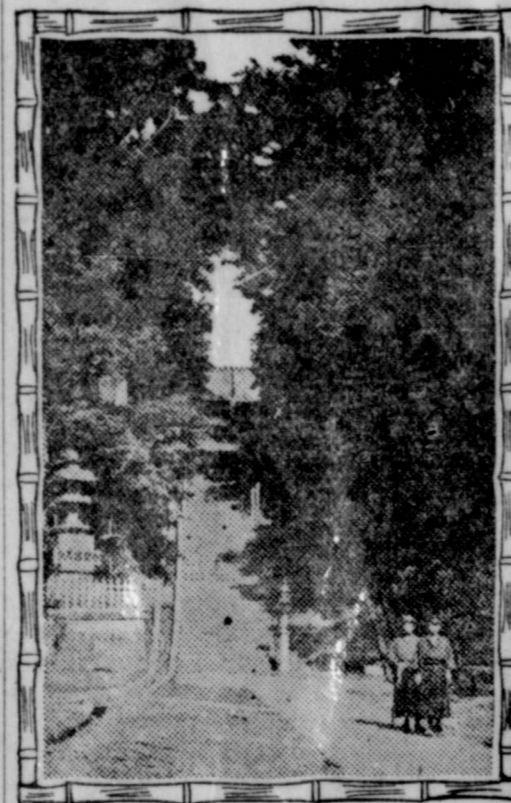
Tokio, Japan.—The Golden Temple, one of the most famous Japanese shrines, is not only 500 years old itself, but is surrounded by a garden which also has been growing for centuries. So carefully and artistically has the work been performed that the artifices of the gardener are not very pronounced, with the noticeable exception of the great old pine tree, which grows in a court surrounded on three sides by monastery buildings.

It is trained in the shape of a junk; hull, mast and sail being perfectly reproduced. For centuries the patient priests have bent, pruned, pruned, tied and propped up the limbs and twigs of this tree. And as in Japan a tree is considered chiefly for its age, form and tint, and not for use, this is venerated as a beautiful and sacred object.

In the center of the garden is a lake with pine clad shores and pine covered islets. Each tree in a Japanese garden has its special landscape name, according to its position and purpose in the combination. Pines are always used for a framework in working out a foliage design, says Country Life in America. It is symbolical of unflinching purpose, and its spiny leaves are supposed to be endowed with the power of driving demons away.

The pavilion is a three storied, unpainted wooden building, with projecting roofs and galleries. There are no nails visible, its beams and posts being jointed or fastened with wooden pegs.

It derives its name from the room in the third story whose walls and ceiling and floor in halcyon days were coated with gold; even the frames of the sliding screens, the railing of the balcony, and the small projecting rafters which form the roof of the bal-



In Golden Temple Garden.

cony, were, as careful examination showed, covered with a lacquer of the precious metal. On top of the roof stands a bronze phoenix, or Ho-wo bird, about three feet high, with uplifted wings, an attitude of great significance.

Jail in His Home.

Aurora, Ill.—Released from jail, John Smith, who served as a vagrant, still makes his home there. He has a job but sleeps in jail because he "can't find a good lodging house."

SECRETS OF PALACE BARED

Excavations Disclose Long Hidden Tunnels Under Residence of Louis XIII.

Paris. — Remarkable discoveries, throwing considerable light on the original architecture of the famous Palace of Versailles, have been made in the course of excavations now being made here by bullers to carry out repairs. A number of underground passages, dating from the time of Louis XIII., and carefully lined with slabs of stone, have been laid bare; these were at first thought to have



Copyright, Underwood & Underwood, N. Y.
Marie Antoinette's Bed.

been drains, but it is declared impossible that they should ever have held water, and it is considered probable that they served the purpose of secret communication between the different parts of the palace. In one of them a skeleton was found inclosed in a coffin, but both were unfortunately destroyed by the workmen before being seen by those in charge.

A fact which is astonishing French architects is that the foundations of this vast building are not only very shallow, without cellars, but are laid on a very light and unstable bed of sand, and it is asked how the builders of the time had the courage to erect such a magnificent fabric on such a subsoil. It has been discovered, however, that in order to avoid danger of collapse enormous underground walls were constructed, so thick and solid that the workmen have had a difficult task in piercing them. These walls did not sustain any weight, but served as links connecting various parts of the buildings and keeping them in position. To keep these walls themselves in place on the shifting sand the spaces between them were taken up by a network of smaller walls, forming small chambers, which were filled with gravel.

These excavations, at first undertaken solely for making repairs, have proved so important that they are shortly to be described in a book by a well-known architect, who declares that he is now able to reconstruct the plans of the original exterior of the palace, none of which now remains. It is stated that he will also prove that the architect who under Louis XIII. built the first palace was not, as is supposed, Lemercler or Debrosse, but Philbert Le Roy.

Always Makes Good



You'll be delighted with the results of Calumet Baking Powder. No disappointments—no flat, heavy, soggy biscuits, cakes, or pastry. Just the lightest, daintiest, most uniformly raised and most delicious food you ever ate.

Whittemore's Shoe Polishes



WHITTEMORE'S GILT EDGE SHOE POLISHING COMBINATION. FINEST QUALITY. LARGEST VARIETY. GILT EDGE the only ladies' shoe dressing that positively contains Oil. Blacks and Polishes ladies' and children's boots and shoes, shines without rubbing, 25c. FRENCH GLOSS, 15c. STAIN COMBINATION for cleaning and polishing all kinds of russet or tan shoes, 15c. "DANDY" size 25c. QUICK WHITE (in liquid form with sponge) quickly cleans and whitens dirty canvas shoes, 15c and 25c. BABY ELITE combination for gentlemen who take pride in having their shoes look Al. Restores color and lustre to all black shoes. Polish with a brush or cloth, 10 cents. "Elite" size 25 cents. If your dealer does not keep the kind you want, send us the price in stamps and we will send you a full size package charges paid.

WHITTEMORE BROS. & CO., 20-26 Albany St., Cambridge, Mass., The Oldest and Largest Manufacturers of Shoe Polishes in the World.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No. 1, No. 2, No. 3. THERAPION. Used in French Hospitals with GREAT SUCCESS. CURES KIDNEY, BLADDER DISEASES, PILES, CHRONIC FLEURS, SKIN ERUPTIONS—ETTERERSEL. Send address envelope for FREE booklet to DR. LE CLERE MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD., HAMPSHIRE, ENGLAND.

Pettit's Eye Salve. QUICK RELIEF EYE TROUBLES.

EARLY COTTON CROP

Absolutely Necessary for Maximum Yield of Staple.

Fertile Soil as Well as Thorough Preparation, Rapid Fruiting Seed and Intensive Shallow Cultivation Needed.

(By G. H. ALFORD, Special Agent of the Farmers' Co-operative Demonstration Work, Jackson, Miss.)

It is not only necessary to reduce the number of weevils to the minimum in order to grow maximum crops of cotton, but is also absolutely necessary to grow an early crop of cotton. A late crop of cotton is for the weevil—not for the farmer.

The production of an early crop of cotton is accomplished as follows:

First—Cut the cotton acreage to five or six acres to the mile so that cultural methods may be closely followed.

Second—Plant only well drained, warm, quick-making land in cotton.

Third—Where the soil responds to commercial fertilizers apply from 300 to 500 pounds per acre to hasten maturity and increase the yield.

Fourth—Thoroughly pulverize the soil before planting. Work the soil until it is like an ash heap for three or four inches deep. Little cotton cannot grow off well in a mass of clods.

Fifth—Plant early, rapid-fruited, prolific cotton seed.

Sixth—Plant as early as the seasons will allow in rows just about as wide apart as the cotton usually grows tall in average seasons.

Seventh—Commence to work the little cotton just as soon as possible and never permit a crust to form on the field to become grassy.

The majority of the over-wintered weevils are probably out of winter quarters before the time the cotton begins to set squares. A race that means much and a race that is watched by all the world then begins. The cotton runs the race of its life to set squares faster than the weevils can multiply and puncture the squares. The weevils take advantage of every opportunity to increase their numbers. If the land is well drained, warm and quick-making, thoroughly pulverized and fertilized with from 300 to 800 pounds per acre, the seed an early, rapid-fruited, prolific variety, the crop given intensive shallow cultivation until the cotton begins to open, the cotton will go out under the wire far in the lead with from one-half to a bale or more per acre. If the land is "late" and broken into clods, very little fertilizer applied, the seed a late, slow-making variety, the cultivation slow and deep, the weevils will soon destroy all the squares and then destroy all the bolls.

It takes fertile soil as well as thorough preparation, rapid-fruited seed and intensive shallow cultivation to make good crops of cotton. The soil should be well drained, full of humus and contain plenty of plant food in an available form. The soil should be deep for the following reasons: First, to increase the water holding capacity; second, to let the water escape from the surface without running over the ground and washing it off; third, to permit the air to circulate freely for a considerable depth in the soil; fourth, to secure crops against drouth by enabling the cotton roots to go down to perpetual moisture; fifth, to increase the area from which plant roots may obtain food.

The soil must be full of vegetable matter to prevent it from packing after heavy rains so that cultivators may be used to the best advantage. It must be full of vegetable matter to increase the storage capacity for water and thereby enable it to hold enough water to carry the cotton crop through the longest drouth in the summer through heavily fertilized. If

the soil is devoid of vegetable matter and as a result does not hold enough water the cotton crop will stop growing and putting on squares during a long drouth and shed the fruit already on the stalks.

The soil may be put in the proper condition for cotton by practicing a suitable rotation of crops, including leguminous crops, and by turning under the corn stalks, the oat and pea stubble, the grass and trash and the cotton stalks where the land is comparatively clear of roots and stumps and where large plows and strong teams can be had.

It is advisable to flat break the land in the fall and early winter and then bed it some time before planting time. The beds should be disked or harrowed just before planting the cotton seed, but it is seldom advisable to rebed the land just before planting. Cotton comes up quicker, grows off faster and begins bearing sooner on a well settled, firm seed bed, consequently, it is not wise to plant the cotton on freshly prepared land.

Where the soil responds to commercial fertilizers, it is advisable to make heavy applications to hasten maturity and increase the yield. It is best to use fertilizers that stimulate the fruit more than the stalk growth. High grade 16 per cent acid phosphate is the basis for increasing fruit and hastening maturity. Cottonseed meal is generally the basis for stimulating stalk growth. A mixture of two parts of 16 per cent acid phosphate and one part of 6 per cent cottonseed meal is a good mixture for cotton on soil of average fertility. It will also generally pay to mix from 10 to 20 pounds of nitrate of soda with every bushel of planting seed just before the seed is put into the planter. The nitrate has a tendency to cause the little cotton to be vigorous and resist the bad effects of the cool nights better. It will also generally pay to make a side application of nitrate just after the cotton has been thinned the first time.

The production of an early crop of cotton is now absolutely necessary. This being true, we must plant early, rapid-fruited, prolific cotton seed. We must either buy such seed every year or select seed from cotton plants with low fruit limbs and short joints on the main stems and fruit limbs. The necessity for early, rapid-fruited seed has not been so apparent, but with the coming of the weevil we can hardly over-estimate the value of the earliest and most prolific seed.

It is advisable for the average farmer to buy early, rapid-fruited cotton seed from some reputable breeder and then use every known scientific method of increasing the earliness and productiveness of the cotton. The variety tests at the experiment stations name the earliest and most prolific varieties of cotton. We act very foolish when we buy cotton seed that the experiment stations have not shown to be the earliest and most prolific by actual tests in the fields through a sufficient number of years to eliminate weather conditions. We should never buy seed because of high sounding names or on account of exaggerated statements.

The object of early planting is to hasten the maturity of the crop. The weevils do not multiply until the squares begin to form. The weevils seldom become numerous enough to destroy the entire crop before the last of July. While it is necessary to plant as early as the seasons will allow, do not forget that cotton is a tropical plant and will not grow until warm weather.

The use of the toothed harrow just before planting and just before the cotton plants are up to break the crust and frequently during the early stages of growth to keep the soil loose will cause the little cotton to take on rapid growth at once. The crop is surprisingly advanced by the early judicious use of the harrow.

The Common Cow.

The common cow is the cow for the man who is not a better dairyman than she is a dairy cow.

USE PAINT ON FARM

Probably No One Point More Neglected by Farmer.

Economic Importance of Painting Farm Buildings and Equipment is Not Fully Appreciated by All Agriculturists.

(By P. L. WALKER.)

There is probably no one point more neglected by the average farmer than the judicious use of paint, not only on his house and outbuildings, but also on machinery and various agricultural implements. It is perhaps the rule rather than the exception in some sections to see houses and agricultural implements on the farm sadly in need of paint. The idea seems to be prevalent that paint is used solely for ornamental purposes, and its use is regarded as a luxury rather than a necessity. While paint does, of course, serve the purpose of improving the appearance of property, it is far more useful for protection than for ornament. A small amount of money and work expended in keeping a valuable piece of machinery properly painted will add greatly to the length of its life. The same may be said of buildings. Another useful object which is accomplished by painting is the improved sanitary conditions of buildings and outhouses.

Any man can do an average job of painting, and can thereby not only improve the appearance of his place but can add greatly to the durability of all articles painted.

Do not use any paints containing compounds of lead about stables or outbuildings where the fumes from decaying organic matter occur, since these gases are likely to darken the lead paints. Do not use with lead compounds any pigments which may liberate compound of sulphur. For example, ultramarine blue, which contains sulphur in a form in which it may be set free, is a beautiful and very permanent blue and may be used with zinc white, but should not be used with white lead or any other lead pigments. Prussian blue, on the



Hand-Power Paint Mill.

contrary, does not contain sulphur and may be used with lead pigments.

Remember that turpentine and benzine are very inflammable, and especial precautions should be taken not to bring paint containing these substances near any light or open fire.

Many pigments are poisonous, and the workman should be particularly careful to remove all paint stains from the skin, and not under any circumstances allow any of it to get into his mouth. A man should not eat in the same clothes in which he has been painting, and before eating should not only change his clothes but wash all paint stains from his skin. It is not advisable to use turpentine or benzine in removing paint stains from the hands, but by oiling thoroughly with linseed oil, or, in fact, with any fatty oil, and then thoroughly washing with soap, the paint may be removed, provided it has not been allowed to dry too thoroughly on the hands.

IMMENSE DAMAGE BY BEETLE

Killing of Pine Trees in South During Past Few Years Subject of Special Investigations.

(By A. D. HOPKINS.)

During the past few years the dying of pine in the southern Atlantic and Gulf states, from Maryland to Texas, inclusive, has attracted attention and has been the subject of special investigation.

In the areas designated as the shortleaf pine and loblolly pine belts, as well as in parts of the longleaf pine belt, the death of the pine has been caused by the southern pine beetle, while in Florida and certain other sections it is apparently due to



Egg Galleries and Larval Mines of the Southern Pine Beetle.

a combination of other but similar bark-boring beetles.

The pine beetle is a small brownish or black beetle, somewhat smaller than a grain of rice. It flies in March to December in the more southern sections, and from May to November in its northern range. It attacks the middle to upper portions of the trunks of the healthy pine and spruce trees causing their death by excavating long, winding burrows or egg galleries which extend through the inner layers of the living bark and mark the surface of the wood.

The presence of this beetle in dangerous numbers is plainly indicated by patches of dying and dead pine which show no evidence of injury by fire or other destructive agencies.

Extended observations during the past 20 years lead the writer to conclude that if all of the pine that has been killed during this time by this beetle was living today its stumpage value would amount to from \$10,000,000 to \$20,000,000 or more. Recent studies of the depredations wrought by it in the South Atlantic and Gulf states during the past three years indicate that at least \$2,000,000 worth of pine has been killed. It is also evident that if active steps are not taken by the principal owners in the infected areas this loss will be increased by another million dollars within the next year.

GENERAL FARM NOTES

Have you planned the garden yet? Get busy.

The farmers' prospects were never better than they are today.

Scraping old apple trees is not so popular a practice as formerly.

Get the habit of hauling manure to the field every day as it is taken from the barn.

The cow that is a delicate eater will usually bear watching with the scales and the test.

Cleanliness is next to Godliness. This is just as true in the cow stables as in the parlor.

Beautiful plants and flowers naturally grouped are pleasing because they are restful.

The cow is an animal that delights in comfortable surroundings and she can do her best only when such surroundings are provided.

Ideal Fiction

Public Library
Should Contain
Good Novels

By SAM WALTER FOSS

THE IDEAL attitude of the public library toward fiction should be one of severity, tempered by toleration. A public library should buy all the good novels and buy them in large numbers. The bad novels it should not buy at all. All a public library, then, has to do in the matter, in reference to any novel, is to discover whether it is good or bad.

This is a very simple thing to state, but a well-nigh impossible thing to do. There are easy-going readers who think there is some good in all novels, and there are implacable haters of modern fiction who stiffly maintain that, at present, no good novels are written at all. From a committee made up of the implacables, the easy-goers and intermediate types of critics the public librarian should get varied estimates of all the novels published, and from these varied estimates draw his own conclusions.

These conclusions will frequently be wrong, but he will have lived up to the best light he has. He will probably find some good novels. To deny that good novels are written today is to make a too sweeping impeachment of our literary output. Let the librarian do his best to find these good novels and then duplicate and reduplicate them many times.

It is undoubtedly a misuse of one's time and a perversion of his intellectual faculties to read fiction, even of the best quality, exclusively. No one knows better than the librarian that there are a large number of readers who never do read anything but fiction. They have lost the power to wrestle with books that deal with realities. The fiction drunkard has lost the intellectual stamina needed to clutch and grip the great thinkers who write real books—science, philosophy, literature. Much fiction has made them mentally flabby—their mental muscles are paralyzed by intellectual dissipation. They are literary drunkards, and all good librarians have an interest in their reformation.

Good fiction presupposes a considerable degree of intelligence in its readers. If it deals with the eternal verities of human nature it must make its readers interested in many and varied domains of thought. A good novel by a real thinker should stimulate its reader to broad investigations, and, sometimes, to long-continued research. It is hard for a librarian, even with the co-operation of many helpers, to select the small percentage of good fiction from the large percentage of the bad. His action, whatever it may be in the matter, will not be without vociferous protest on the part of the public. But let him do his best and abide in complacent good nature.

Sam Walter Foss

Plan to Compel Criminals to Work

By SARAH BLUMENTHAL

Again, there are many instances where the family of the murdered man become the charges of the public at large because the only bread winner has been taken from them.

Where the convicted men are executed society is forever placed beyond the possibility of drawing upon the wrongdoers for the support of those who have suffered most keenly.

The public is put at a double expense, the expense of the prosecution and the support of the sufferers.

There should be indefinite imprisonment, first and foremost for the purpose of making good to society, to as high a degree as possible, for the harm done.

The work done by the prisoners should be at a living wage so that the very source of the privation caused by crime should have an opportunity to make restitution.

If once the principle is decided upon the method can easily be discovered.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

\$2.25 *2.50 *3.00 *3.50 *4.00 & *5.00

For MEN, WOMEN and BOYS

THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS

THE NEXT TIME YOU NEED SHOES give W. L. Douglas shoes a trial. W. L. Douglas name stamped on a shoe guarantees superior quality and more value for the money than other makes. His name and price stamped on the bottom protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes. Insist upon having the genuine W. L. Douglas shoes. Take

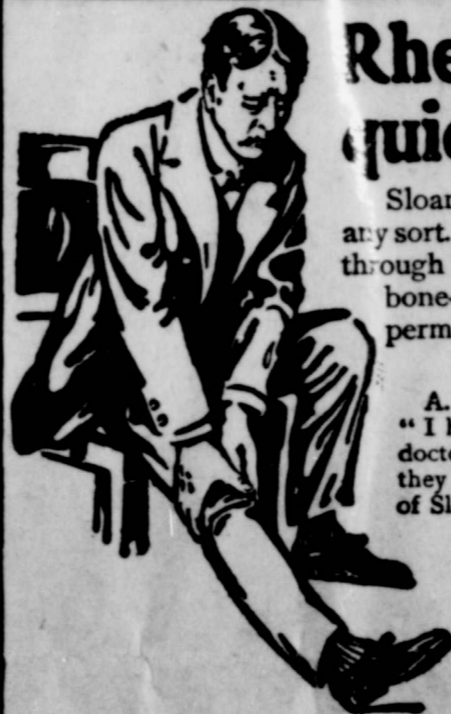
no substitute. If your dealer cannot supply W. L. Douglas shoes, write W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass., for catalog. Shoes sent everywhere delivery charges prepaid. *Fast Color Synthetic used.*



For DISTEMPER Pink Eye, Epizootic Shipping Fever & Catarrhal Fever

Sure cure and positive preventive, no matter how horses at any age are infected or "exposed." Liquid, given on the tongue, acts on the Blood and Glands, expels the poisonous germs from the body. Cures Distemper in Dogs and Sheep and Cholera in Poultry. Largest selling live stock remedy. Cures La Grippe among human beings and is a fine Kidney remedy. 50c and \$1 a bottle; \$5 and \$10 a dozen. Cut this out. Keep it. Show to your druggist, who will get it for you. Free Booklet, "Distemper Causes and Cures." Special Agents wanted.

SPORN MEDICAL CO., Chemists and Bacteriologists GOSHEN, IND., U. S. A.



Rheumatic Pains quickly relieved

Sloan's Liniment is good for pain of any sort. It penetrates, without rubbing, through the muscular tissue right to the bone—relieves the congestion and gives permanent as well as temporary relief.

Here's Proof.

A. W. LAY of Lafayette, Ala., writes:—"I had rheumatism for five years. I tried doctors and several different remedies but they did not help me. I obtained a bottle of Sloan's Liniment which did me so much good that I would not do without it for anything."

THOMAS L. RICE of Easton, Pa., writes:—"I have used Sloan's Liniment and find it first-class for rheumatic pains."

Mr. G. G. JONES of Baldwins, L. I., writes:—"I have found Sloan's Liniment par excellence. I have used it for broken sinews above the knee cap caused by a fall, and to my great satisfaction I was able to resume my duties in less than three weeks after the accident."

ment par excellence. I have used it for broken sinews above the knee cap caused by a fall, and to my great satisfaction I was able to resume my duties in less than three weeks after the accident."

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

is an excellent remedy for sprains, bruises, sore throat, asthma. No rubbing necessary—you can apply with a brush.

At all Dealers. Price, 25c., 50c. & \$1.00.

Sloan's Book on Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Poultry sent free. Address Dr. EARL S. SLOAN, BOSTON, MASS.

Special Offer to Printers

This paper is printed from ink made in Savannah, Ga. by the SOUTHERN OIL & INK CO., Savannah, Ga. Price 6 cents per pound, F. O. B. Savannah. Your patronage solicited.

For tea you can't beat
LIPTON'S TEA

OVER 2 MILLION PACKAGES SOLD WEEKLY

Residents of Tangier Island, in Chesapeake Bay, Dwell in Isolated Community.

There is a little island in Chesapeake bay, 125 miles south of Baltimore, where the world has stood still for more than 100 years. Tangier island is five miles long and much less than a mile wide, without sidewalks, and the houses are all built along this street with narrow canals of the deep water of the bay between each two houses. There is only one church, presided over by a Methodist minister, and only one doctor, and there is no cemetery, the dead of each family being buried in the yard. There is no newspaper, no jail, no lock-up and no lawyers, nor any need for them. Everybody is deeply religious, and profanity is punished with a fine imposed by the deacon of the church.

The men go fishing and crabbing in sailboats early on Monday mornings and do not come home until Saturdays, when they have marketed their sea harvests in towns on the mainland. There are no gardens, no horses or cows, but plenty of chickens are raised. Fuel is supplied to the islanders by sloops, which come every month or so loaded with wood and anchor off Tangier, sending small boats piled with cordwood and kindlings to every house by means of the little canals. The women wear sunbonnets and go barefooted, and there is an organ in nearly every home. Tangier was first settled by white people in 1666, and before that time was occupied by the Indians.

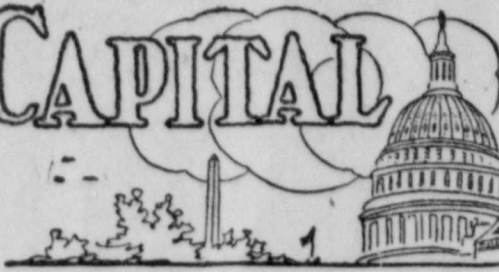
Eskimos Descended From Mongols?

It is suggested by Dr. S. K. Hutton, who spent five years in Labrador, that the progenitors of the Labrador Eskimos came from Siberia, and that they are physically related to the Mongols. So far as is known, they are the aboriginal owners of the Labrador coast, and their territory extends inland more than a hundred miles. Two hundred years ago they occupied the whole length of the coast from north to south, about 600 miles, and their numbers were greater. Now they are confined to that part which lies between Makkovik and Killinek, between latitude 55 degrees and 60 degrees 30 minutes north. In that area there are now fewer than 1,300 people, practically all that remain of the Labrador branch of the Innuite race. They are all professing Christians and live such orderly, quiet and regular lives that there is no policeman or even a resident justice of the peace in their country. At present there is little for the white man to covet in the country of the Innuite, and therein lies the principal safety of the Eskimos.

Unbarred Cells Successful.

John L. Whitman, superintendent of the bridewell, Chicago, addressed the commonwealth class of the First Congregational church of Wilmette on "Modern Methods of Dealing With the Criminal Classes." "Ten years ago," said Mr. Whitman, "it was the custom to make the prisoners submit to punishment in order to make them obey. Now this method is seldom used. Our practice is to bring about discipline by trusting the prisoners and letting them feel that we really do trust them. We have found this to work splendidly. One of the greatest aids in carrying out this method at the bridewell is the new cellhouse. In this cellhouse every cell has a window, which is not barred. I think there is no other prison in the United States where the windows to the cells are not barred. We have not had a single instance where a prisoner has tried to escape."

NATIONAL CAPITAL AFFAIRS



Hen Makes a Nest in Big Office Safe



WASHINGTON.—Charles M. Wrenn, foreman of the car barn at Fifteenth and H streets northwest, has reached the conclusion that office safes do not make the best incubators for hatching chickens. He tried it and it almost failed.

The hen quietly but firmly established herself in Mr. Wrenn's office a few weeks ago because it was much warmer than the icy outside. Mr. Wrenn tried to remonstrate, but the hen was obdurate. There was nothing to do but let the hen have her way, and Mr. Wrenn made room for her beside a lot of dusty files and railway records in his big wooden safe. The hen was perfectly contented with its lot and offered no resistance.

"Cluck, cluck," issued noisily from the office early in the morning when Mr. Wrenn went to work and found the hen strutting proudly about cackling vigorously as though she owned the entire office.

It didn't take Mr. Wrenn long to size

up the situation, and, opening the door of the safe, he found in the corner he had cleared for the bird a batch of eggs. "One, two, three," he counted them out, fifteen in all, and every one of them snowy white.

For three weeks the hen practically bossed the office, and, after deducting, it was discovered that the eggs ought to have been hatched on a recent Saturday, according to the office almanac.

Saturday morning Mr. Wrenn and the office force came to work a little ahead of time, and the door of the safe was thrown open, while every one expected to see 15 chicks run helter skelter. Instead, there was a series of cackles from the frightened hen, and not a single one of the 15 eggs had hatched. One of the men, who was something of a farmer, declared that the eggs would surely hatch the next day, but Sunday came, and they were as unhatched as china eggs. All that day there was a feeling of misapprehension, and Monday Mr. Wrenn went to the office to see if the expected had happened.

From the half-closed door of the safe there issued a half-hearted "cluck," and the silver hen, followed by two forlorn-looking chicks, hopped out upon the floor. Mr. Wrenn decided to throw the other 13 eggs away.

Strange Mammals Found in Canal Zone

IN the early part of the year 1911, while engaged in the Smithsonian biological survey of the canal zone and the adjacent parts of Panama, E. A. Goldman made a collection of 368 mammals. This collection, representing between 40 and 50 genera, includes 12 new species and subspecies, of which descriptions have just been published by Mr. Goldman (Smithsonian miscellaneous collection, No. 2073) in advance of the general report on mammals of this region.

Nine of the new forms are from the canal zone, and the others were collected by the author when he was on a trip to the mountains near the headwaters of the Chagres river, Panama, in March last.

The new animals include 2 opossums from near Gatun, 2 squirrels, of which 1 is known as a pigmy squirrel; 4 rice rats, a yoke-tooth rat, which was found to be one of the most abundant in the grassy clearings of the



canal zone; three spiny rats, including one known as an octodont, and named after Col. George W. Goethals, chairman and chief engineer of the isthmian canal commission.

Among interesting birds collected by Mr. Goldman, while engaged on this survey, there are two new species of nun birds.

The nun birds, or genus Monasa, are so called from the somber black or slaty plumage, which, however, is somewhat relieved by the bright red or yellow bill, and in some cases white feathers at the bend of the wing and about the bill.

Peary Tells How to Cook Dog Meat



"DOG meat is delicious—sometimes," said Admiral Robert E. Peary, the discoverer of the north pole, recently, discussing the food eaten by Amundsen's party in their dash for the south pole. "For flavor and bouquet it doesn't compare with a tenderloin steak, but dog meat is fine when you're cold and hungry—and have nothing else to eat.

"A bite from the hind leg of a sledge dog rivals a chunk of gutta-percha. There's nothing tougher on earth. No, dog meat is not fried, as a rule; it is boiled, and then boiled. But it can be compared in flavor to

bear meat or that of any carnivorous animal. Of course, it is nothing like the meat of grass eating animals.

"I've eaten dog meat repeatedly, on almost all my trips. And every other explorer has probably done the same thing. Meat can be carried on the hoof that way. The dogs are useful to draw the sledges until they are needed for food for the men and for the other dogs retained."

Peary ridiculed the idea that Amundsen's observations of the south pole were inaccurate because he used only a sextant and artificial horizon, and not a theodolite.

"The sextant and artificial horizon are the recognized instruments used by all explorers in such work," he said. "They are accurate enough. The theodolite is much heavier and too bulky for use except at a temporary base or headquarters. The lighter instruments were used by the British antarctic expedition. Nansen, myself and many other explorers."

A WONDERFUL HEALING INFLUENCE IN KIDNEY TROUBLES.

A year and a half ago I was taken with a severe attack of kidney trouble that pained me to such an extent that morphine had to be given me. Was attended by a doctor who pronounced it as stone in the bladder and prescribed Lithia Water. I took Lithia Water and tablets for some time and received no relief from them. I stopped taking medicines for some time and having some of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root in the house, I decided to try it and felt much relieved; while taking the second bottle commenced to pass gravel, in all at least a half dozen or more and have not suffered the slightest since and in all have taken one bottle and a half and feel very grateful to Swamp-Root. Yours very truly,

H. W. SPINKS,
Camp Hill, Ala.

Personally appeared before me this 16th of August, 1909, H. W. Spinks, who subscribed the above statement and made oath that same is true in substance and in fact.

A. B. LEE,
Notary Public.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Corner in Wealth.

"I am opposed to the concentration of wealth."

"I am with you. These parlor car porters ought to be made to give up some of their money."

RASH ALL OVER BABY'S BODY

Itched So He Could Not Sleep

"On July 27, 1909, we left Boston for a trip to England and Ireland, taking baby with us. After being in Ireland a few days a nasty rash came out all over his body. We took him to a doctor who gave us medicine for him. The trouble started in the form of a rash and was all over baby's body, head and face, at different times. It irritated, and he would scratch it with all his might. The consequence was it developed into sores, and we were afraid it would leave nasty scars on his face.

"When we reached England we took baby to another doctor, who said his condition was due to change of food and climate, and gave more medicine. The rash got no better, and it used to itch and burn at night so bad that the child could not sleep. He was completely covered with it at different times. It was at this time that my mother advised us to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. After using Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment for about nine months the places disappeared. There are not any scars, or other kind of disfigurement, and baby is completely cured by the Cuticura Soap and Ointment. We have no further trouble with baby's skin. Nothing stopped the itching, and allowed baby to sleep but Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment." (Signed) Mrs. Margaret Gunn, 29 Burrell St., Roxbury, Mass., March 12, 1911.

Although Cuticura Soap and Ointment are sold everywhere, a sample of each, with 32-page book, will be mailed free on application to Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston.

Quiet, as a Rule.

"What sort of town is Squidgeville?"

"The sort of town where a funeral is a social event."

Extreme Measures.

"I hand my husband the bills.

"Well?"

"Then he foots them."

YOUNG WIFE SAVED FROM HOSPITAL

Tells How Sick She Was And What Saved Her From An Operation.

Upper Sandusky, Ohio. — "Three years ago I was married and went to house-keeping. I was not feeling well and could hardly drag myself along. I had such tired feelings, my back ached, my sides ached, I had bladder trouble awfully bad, and I could not eat or sleep. I had headaches, too, and became almost a nervous wreck. My doctor told me to go to a hospital. I did not like that idea very well, so, when I saw your advertisement in a paper, I wrote to you for advice, and have done as you told me. I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, and now I have my health.

"If sick and ailing women would only know enough to take your medicine, they would get relief." — Mrs. BENJ. H. STANSBERY, Route 6, Box 18, Upper Sandusky, Ohio.

If you have mysterious pains, irregularity, backache, extreme nervousness, inflammation, ulceration or displacement, don't wait too long, but try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound now. For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, has been the standard remedy for female ills, and such unquestionable testimony as the above proves the value of this famous remedy and should give every one confidence.

Supply Cleaned Up.
"Goin' fishin' next summer?" asked the man who tells tall stories.
"No," replied Mr. Growcher. "If you caught all the fish you said you caught last summer, there won't be any use of going fishing next summer."

When Your Feet Ache
From Corns, Bunions, Sore or Callous Spots, Blisters, New or Tight Fitting Shoes, Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder to be shaken into the shoes, will give instant relief. Makes Walking a delight. It is the greatest Comfort discovery of the age. Over 30,000 testimonials. Sold everywhere, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. For free sample, address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N.Y.

Superficial Impression.
"A detective is a mysterious personage."
"Yes," replied Mrs. McGudley. "And one of the most mysterious things about detectives is that their arduous literary labors should leave them any time to detect."

A splendid and highly recommended remedy for tired, weak, inflamed eyes, and granulated eyelids, is Paxtine Antiseptic, at druggists, 25c a box or sent postpaid on receipt of price by The Paxton Toilet Co., Boston, Mass.

Fiat Hunters' Geography.
"Where is Van Dieman's Land?"
"The van demon's land? Gosh, it's anywhere in this country, on the first of May!"

To overcome constipation and resultant ills, take Garfield Tea, a pure herb laxative.

The most visionary thing about the average man is his estimate of himself.

FOR HUBBY TO PONDER OVER

Innocent Answer of Quiet Little Wife Got Him Started on Train of Thought.

The husband and wife were on their way to the theater when the husband began kicking because his wife took such a long time dressing.

"What delayed you this time?" he growled.

"Seeing the children to bed," she responded, quietly.

"What's the nurse for?" snapped the man.

"The nurse is for our convenience—yours and mine, especially mine," she answered. "But the boy certainly takes after you. He asked the same kind of a fool question just as I was kissing him good night."

"Fool question, eh? Well, what was it?"

"I asked him if he had said his prayers. And he said no. And I asked him if he didn't want God to take care of him during the night. He answered: 'What's the nurse for?'"

For the remainder of the way the man pondered on this answer.

Misunderstood 'Gator.

The winter afternoon was like June, and, taking tea under a palm on the lawn of the Royal Poinciana at Palm Beach, a sportsman said:

"This morning I photographed an alligator. My boy, to get him, stripped and waded into the water up to his chin. The boy felt about with his feet in the mud till he found a big 'gator. Then he ducked down, grabbed the 'gator by the nose and dragged him slowly ashore to his waiting lens."

"But," said a girl in white, "wasn't it dangerous?"

"Not a bit."

"But I thought alligators ate you!"

"No, no," said the sportsman. "You are confusing the alligator with the crocodile. The Indian crocodile eats men and women, but the Florida alligator is as harmless, literally as harmless, as a cow."

Talent in the kitchen and a balance in the bank should form a combination for generating domestic bliss.

Facts for Weak Women

Nine-tenths of all the sickness of women is due to some derangement or disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Such sickness can be cured—is cured every day by

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription

**It Makes Weak Women Strong,
Sick Women Well.**

It acts directly on the organs affected and is at the same time a general restorative tonic for the whole system. It cures female complaint right in the privacy of home. It makes unnecessary the disagreeable questioning, examinations and local treatment so universally insisted upon by doctors, and so abhorrent to every modest woman.

We shall not particularize here as to the symptoms of those peculiar affections incident to women, but those wanting full information as to their symptoms and means of positive cure are referred to the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser—1008 pages, newly revised and up-to-date Edition, sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only; or, in cloth binding for 31 stamps.

Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.



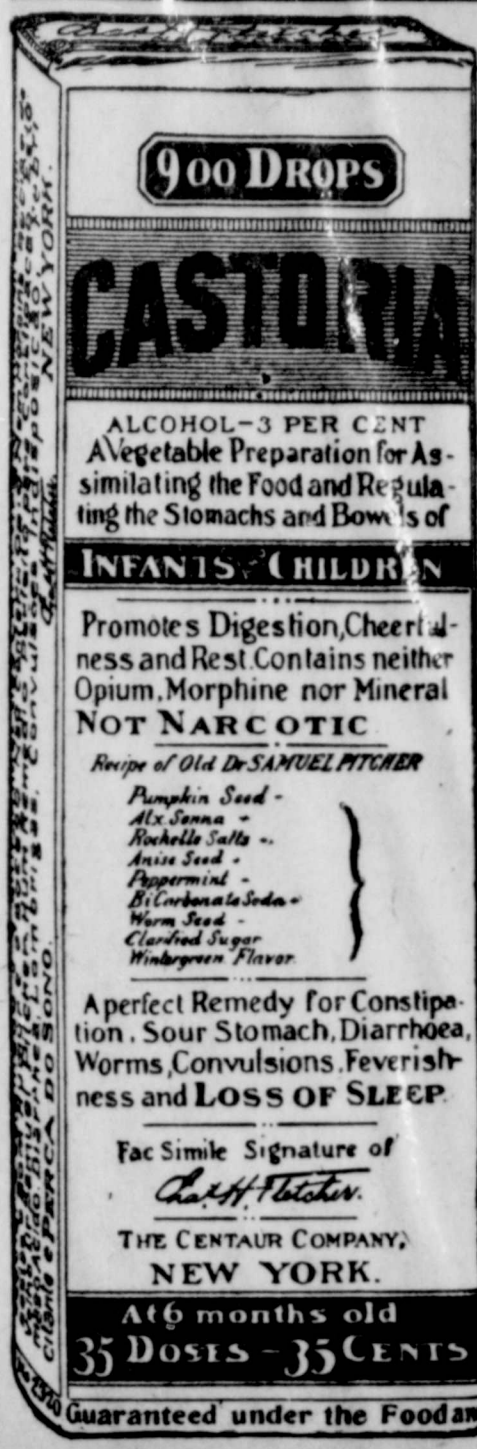
There are men who see that dignity may be disgraced, and who feel that disgrace may be dignified.—Boiling-broke.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle.

It must be some satisfaction to sailors to know that buoys will be buoys.

"Pink Eye" is Epidemic in the Spring. Try Murine Eye Remedy for Reliable Relief.

It takes a man of originality to pose as a successful liar.



CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the
Signature

of
Chas. H. Fletcher
In
Use
For Over
Thirty Years
CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

FOR SALE OR TRADE BY OWNER—1,000 acres of farm and ranch land on river in Jackson Co. In the rain belt of south Texas; \$22.00 an acre. Will take 1/4 in trade on unincumbered city property. Address Box 155, Edna, Tex.
650 A. IN LIPSCOMB CO., TEX., NEAR HIGGINS, 225 a. cult. Best of improvements; 8 r. h., etc. All con. Sac. WEIR, Box 319, Chicago.
W. N. U., DALLAS, NO. 15-1912.

Texas Directory FOOS OIL ENGINES FOR COTTON GINS

LET US SHOW YOU
SOUTHERN GAS & GASOLINE ENGINE CO.
HOUSTON, TEXAS

King's CANDIES for AMERICAN QUEENS
Best at any Price.
KING CANDY COMPANY, Fort Worth, Texas

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD TIRES

AUTOMOBILE
Automobile Supplies Vulcanizing Plant
APPEL & BURWELL RUBBER & TIRE CO.
Dallas, Texas Wholesale and Retail

C. E. HOFFMAN COMPANY

BARBERS' SUPPLIES & FURNITURE
WRITE FOR OUR 1912 CATALOGUE
1709 MAIN STREET DALLAS, TEXAS

SAVINGS BANK FREE

If you will write us and give the name and address of three neighbors or friends who are thinking of buying a piano, now or soon, we will send a SAVINGS BANK FREE, charges prepaid. Just the thing you need in the home. We will also send you another valuable present. LEYHE PIANO COMPANY, Dallas, Texas.

Lone Star Steel Road Drag

Price \$25.00
Indispensable for Leveling and Grading Roads. Manufactured by us in Dallas. Can be Shipped Immediately.



Write
AUSTIN BROTHERS Dallas Texas

Death Lurks In A Weak Heart

If Yours is fluttering or weak, use "RENOVINE." Made by Van Vleet-Mansfield Drug Co., Memphis, Tenn. Price \$1.00

THE PIONEER

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
THE PIONEER PRINTING CO.
AT DUMAS, TEXAS

E. Lytle Johnston, Editor

Entered at the Postoffice at Dumas, Texas, as Second-Class Mail Matter June 1, 1909.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:
ONE YEAR ONE DOLLAR
SIX MONTHS FIFTY CENT

ONLY PAPER PUBLISHED IN MOORE CO.

Citation By Publication

The State of Texas.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Moore County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon E. E. Kersey, W. O. Hanshaw, I. E. Kirby and wife, Nellie J. H. Bothwell, Trustee, Robert Burgess & Son, Robert Burgess and ——— Burgess composing the firm of Robert Burgess & Son, and A. V. Austin by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper in the 69th judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in the said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 69th district, to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Moore County, to be holden at the courthouse thereof in Dumas, on the 24th day of July, 1912, then and there to answer a petition filed in the said court on the 24th day of February, 1912, amended and amendment filed on the 13th day of April, 1912, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court No. 208, wherein V. E. Cammack and L. E. Gibbs are plaintiffs and E. E. Kersey, W. O. Hanshaw, I. E. Kirby and wife, Nellie, J. H. Bothwell, and the Sheriff of Moore County, Texas, Trustees of Robert Burgess & Son, Robert Burgess and ——— Burgess composing the firm of Robert Burgess & Son, and A. V. Austin, beneficiaries, are defendants, said petition alleging substantially as follows, to wit: plaintiffs sue and allege that on or about June 27th, 1910, defend-

ant E. E. Kersey executed and delivered to E. B. Queen and wife, E. A. Queen, three several notes in the sum of \$1173.33—1-3, each bearing interest at 7 per cent from date to maturity 10 per cent thereafter until paid, the usual 10 per cent stipulation for attorney's fees and with the usual maturity clause, said notes were given as part of the purchase money for land and premises sold by said E. B. Queen and wife, E. A. Queen, the defendant, E. E. Kersey, said land being Section Sixty Seven—67—, Block Forty Four—44—, H & T C Ry. Co., in Moore County, Texas; that vendor's lien upon the same was retained in deed to secure payment of said notes; that said notes together with all right, title and interest in said land owned by said E. B. Queen and wife, E. A. Queen by virtue of said Vendor's Lien, have been transferred to plaintiffs and that plaintiffs are the lawful holders of said notes and Lien; that the first of said notes is due and unpaid and that no interest has been paid upon any of said notes, though the first installment is due and unpaid; that payment of the first note and installment of interest has been demanded and was and still is refused; that defendants have and do exercise their option to declare all of said notes due, and do declare them due; that W. O. Hanshaw, I. E. Kirby and wife, Nellie, J. H. Bothwell and the Sheriff of Moore County, Texas, Trustees for Robert Burgess & Son, and Robert Burgess and Son, and A. V. Austin, by various and sundry deeds, transfers and liens, claim some right, title and interest in the said land, which right, title and interest is subordinate junior to that of plaintiffs, all of which parties are joined in this suit.

wherefore, premises considered, plaintiffs pray for citation to issue herein to defendants' judgement for their debt, interest, attorney's fees and cost of suit against defendant E. E. Kersey and foreclosure of lien on said land against all defendants and that the same be ordered sold according to law and the purchaser thereof be put in possession within 30 days after date of sale and for all further relief special, legal and equitable to which they may be entitled. Petition is signed by T. R. James, Jr., as attorney for plaintiffs V. E. Cammack and L. E. Gibbs. Herein fail not, but have before said court on the first said day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon

showing how you executed same. Witness F. S. MaKeig, Clerk of the District Court of Moore County. Given under my hand and seal of said court, in the city of Dumas, this the 20th day of April, A. D. 1912.

F. S. MaKeig
Clerk of the District Court of Moore County Texas.



BUD BENNETT

Dealer in Hereford Cattle

STRATFORD, TEXAS

BRAND DIRECTORY

Locust Grove

Louise Anthony spent Friday with her grandparents, Dr. and Mrs. Anthony, and visited the school in the afternoon.

Mr Miller & family, J. F. Ward & wife, A. E. Davis & family, M. Anthony & little daughter, Messrs Frank Dore & Frank Robertson, attended Sunday School and Church at Dumas Sunday and enjoyed a fine sermon by Rev. J. T. Howell.

Mr. Fox & wife, took dinner at the Ward ranch Wednesday.

Mrs. Henry and little son were Dumas callers Sunday.

Claire McKee was hauling coal from Hartley latter part of the week.

Mr. Harry Cummins wife, & daughter, of Kimbell Well, visited at the Ward ranch Thursday afternoon.

E. Mooberry is the first to plant maize in this locality.

Mr. Petty took dinner at the McKenney home Sunday.

F. S. MaKeig, County Clerk, & family, took dinner at the Ward ranch Thursday.

H. A. Beauchamp and family spent Sunday with their daughter Mrs. M. Anthony.

Assessor, Garrett of Middle Well was in our neighborhood

Wheat is looking fine. Oats have improved, and farmers are very busy preparing ground

FOR SALE

McDonald's Barred Plymouth Rock eggs \$2.00 per 15, 50 for \$5.00 Winners wherever shown. A few choice cockerels for sale, Satisfaction guaranteed.

Yours for business

Roy McDonald, Dalhart, Texas,
Box 228

Kill your Dogs

Very Serious

It is a very serious matter to ask for one medicine and have the wrong one given you. For this reason we urge you in buying to be careful to get the genuine—

THE FORD'S
BLACK-DRAUGHT
Liver Medicine

The reputation of this old, reliable medicine, for constipation, indigestion and liver trouble, is firmly established. It does not irritate other medicines. It is better than others, or it would not be the favorite liver powder, with a larger sale than all others combined.

SOLD IN TOWN F2

for maize, cane, & millet.

Iris Fox spent Sunday with Louise Anthony.

A. E. Davis & family and Mrs. Henry, visited at the Ward ranch Sunday.

Pug nose

Wanted—A correspondent from each community. Ed.

Bring your job work to this office.

T. H. McKee was in town today, Wed.

Col. Champ Traylor Candidate for Co. Judge of Hutchinson Co., was in Dumas Mon. on legal business. He is a prominent Real-estate & ranchman. He informs us something like 5000 acres of wheat has been planted in Hutchinson County this year, which will produce perhaps 100,000 bushels.

Uncle Jesse Walker of Paladuro was in on business.

Condy Burns of Channing, visited at the Crump home first of the week.

Mrs. Igo returned from an extended visit to Channing.

Mesdames McKinney, Weldon, Burnett, Crump, McDade, Divilbiss & Lena Jameson, were our visitors this week.



MY LADY OF DOUBT

BY RANDALL PARRISH

Author of 'Love Under Fire,' 'My Lady of the North,' etc.

Illustrations by HENRY THIEDE

COPYRIGHT, A.C.F. CLURG & CO., 1911

know not; where her escort had disappeared, and how she had become separated from her party, has never been made clear. But this I saw, even as I struggled with the hard-mouthed brute under me—a slender, girlish figure attired as a lady of the Blended Rose, a white, frightened face, arms outstretched, and dark blue eyes beseeching help. Already the front of the mob was upon her, unable to swerve aside because of the thousands pushing behind. In another moment she would be underfoot, or hurled into the air. Reckless of all else, I dug in my spurs, yelling to the Light Dragoon beside me, even as my horse leaped. I scarcely know what happened, or how it was accomplished—only I had the reins gripped in my teeth, both my hands free. That instant I caught her; the next she was on my arm, swung safely to the saddle, held to me with a grip of steel, the animal dashing forward beneath his double burden into the open field. Then the dragoon, riding madly, gripped the bit, and the affair was over, although we must have galloped a hundred yards before the trembling horse was brought to a stand. Leaving him to the control of the soldier, I sprang to the ground, bearing the lady with me. We were behind one of the pavilions, facing the house, and she reeled as her feet touched the earth, so that I held her from falling. Then her lashes lifted, and the dark blue eyes looked into my face.

"You must pardon my roughness," I apologized, "but there was no time for ceremony."

She smiled, a flood of color coming back into the clear cheeks, as she drew slightly away.

"I appreciate that, sir," frankly, shaking out her ruffled skirts, "and you have made knighthood real."

"Then," I ventured, "may I hope to receive the reward, fair lady?"

She laughed, a little tremor of nervousness in the sound, but her eyes full of challenge.

"And what is that?"

"Your name; the hope of better acquaintance."

Her eyes swept my uniform questioningly.

"You are not of the garrison?"

"No; a courier just arrived from New York."

"Yet an officer; surely then you will be present tonight?"

"The privilege is mine; if sufficiently tempted I may attend."

"Tempted! How, sir?"

"By your pledging me a dance."

She laughed again, one hand grasping the long silken skirt.

"You ask much—my name, a better acquaintance, a dance—all this for merely saving me from a mob. You are not a modest knight, I fear. Suppose I refuse?"

"Then am I soldier enough to come unasked, and win my welcome?"

"I thought as much," the long lashes opening up to me the depths of the blue eyes. "I promise nothing



Caught Her—the Animal Dashing Forward Beneath the Double Burden Into the Open Field.

then, nor forbid. But there is Captain Grant seeking me. If I do not speak of gratitude, it is nevertheless in my heart, sir," she swept me a curtsy, to which I bowed hat in hand, "and now au revoir."

I stood as she left me, staring while she crossed the lawn and joined a dark-faced officer of Rangers. Once she glanced back over her shoulder, and then disappeared in the crowd of revelers.

I had not intended to remain in Philadelphia through the night. Already I had secured the information sought, and now must consider the safest and quickest method of escape. It seemed to me this night, given up to revelry, afforded the best possible opportunity for my safely passing the British guard lines. Tomorrow discipline would be resumed, the soldiers would return to their posts and the citizens of the city would again appear on the streets. This would greatly intensify my danger, for, at any moment, I might encounter some one who knew me, who might denounce me to the authorities.

That this was the exact truth of the situation could not be denied, yet, now, every reckless impulse of my disposition urged me to remain; the invitation of those laughing blue eyes, the challenge I read in the lady's fair face, the unsolved mystery of her identity, all combined in a temptation I found it impossible to resist. For a dance with her, a possible understanding, I was willing to venture life itself.

It must have been nearly nine o'clock when, in company with a young cornet, I rode up to the house given up to festivities, and, turning over our horses to the care of cavalry grooms, climbed the wide steps to the door leading into the hall.

All was a riot of color, rich, bewildering, with smiling faces, and laughing lips everywhere. In such a spot, amid such surroundings, war seemed a dream, a far-off delirium.

My companion disappeared, and

to escape the pressure of those surging back and forth through the wide doorway, I found passage close to the wall, and half circled the room, finally discovering a halting place in the recesses of a window, where, partially concealed myself by flowing curtains, I could gaze out over the brilliant assemblage. Half ashamed of the plainness of my own attire, and feeling a stranger and an alien, I was yet consciously seeking the one face which had lured me there.

Enough conversation reached me to disclose a promised display of fireworks on the lawn, and almost immediately a magnificent bouquet of rockets shot up into the black sky, illuminating everything with a glare of fire. This was followed by the lighting up of the triumphal arch, and the bursting of balloons high overhead. Attracted by the spectacle, I was staring out at the dazzling scene, when a voice spoke at my shoulder.

"'Tis a relief to see even one soldier present ready for duty."

I turned to look into a pair of steady blue eyes, with a bit of mocking laughter in their depths, the face revealed clearly in the glare of the rockets.

"Necessity only," I managed to reply. "I can be as gorgeous as these others, had I brought a bag with me." "No doubt; every British regiment tries to outdo the others in ribbons and gold lace. Really they become tiresome with such foppery in war times. See how they play tonight, like children, the city practically unguarded from attack," she waved an ungloved hand toward the dark without. "I venture there are men out yonder, sir, who are not dancing and laughing away these hours."

My cheeks burned.

"You mean Washington's troops?"

"Aye! I saw them here in Philadelphia before Sir William came," her voice lowered, yet earnest, "and they are not playing at war; grim, silent, sober-faced men, dressed in odds and ends, not pretty to look at; some tattered and hungry, but they fight hard. Mr. Conway was telling us yesterday of how they suffered all winter long, while we danced and feasted here, Washington himself sleeping with the snow drifting over him. You do not know the Americans, for you are not long across the water, but they are not the kind to be conquered by such child's play as this."

"You are an American, then?"

"By birth, yes," unhesitatingly. "We are of those loyal to the king, but—I admire men."

It was with an effort I restrained my words, eager to proclaim my service, yet comprehending instantly that I dare not even trust this plain-spoken girl with the truth. She respected the men, sympathized with the sacrifices of Washington's little army, contracted all they endured with the profigacy of the English and Hessian troops, and yet remained loyal to the king's cause. Even as I hesitated she spoke again.

"What is your regiment?"

"The Forty-second Foot."

"You have not yet been in action in America?"

"No, but I have just crossed the Jerseys with dispatches."

She shook her head, her cheeks glowing.

"My home was there when the war began," she explained simply. "Now it is hate, pillage and plunder everywhere. We fled to Philadelphia for our lives, and have almost forgotten we ever had a home. We loyalists are paying a price almost equal to those men with Washington. 'Tis this memory which makes me so bitter toward those who play amid the ruins."

"Yet you have seemed to enter into the gay spirit of the occasion," and my eyes swept over her costume.

"Oh, I am girl enough to enjoy the glitter, even while the woman in me

condemns it all. You are a soldier—a fighting soldier, I hope—and still you are here also seeking pleasure."

"True; I yielded to temptation, but for which I should never have come."

"What?"

"The dare in your eyes this afternoon," I said boldly. "But for what I read there I should be out yonder riding through the night."

She laughed, yet not wholly at ease, the long lashes drooping over her eyes.

"Always the woman; what would you do without my sex to bear your mistakes?"

"But was this a mistake? Did I read altogether wrong?"

"Don't expect a confession from me, sir," demurely. "I have no memory of any promise."

"No, the barest suggestion was all your lips gave; it was the eyes that challenged."

"You must have dreamed; perhaps you recall the suggestion?"

"I took it to mean that you would not be altogether averse to meeting me again through the kindness of some mutual friend."

"No doubt you have found such a friend?"

"I have scarcely seen a face I know tonight," I pleaded. "I cannot even guess from what place of mystery you appeared so suddenly. So now I throw myself upon your mercy."

"I wonder is it quite safe!" hesitatingly. "But, perhaps, the risk is equally great on your part. Ah! the lights go on again."

"And the band plays a Hungarian waltz; how better could we cement friendship than to that measure?"

"You think so? I am not so sure, and there are many names already on my card—"

"Do not look," I interrupted swiftly, "for I claim first choice since this afternoon."

"You do?" and her eyes laughed into mine provokingly. "And I had forgotten it all; did I indeed promise you?"

"Only with your eyes."

"Oh, my eyes! always my eyes! Well, for once, at least, I will redeem even that visionary pledge," and her glance swept the room hastily. "But I advise that you accept my surrender quickly, sir—I am not sure but this was Captain Grant's dance, and he is coming now."

CHAPTER IV.

The Beginning of Trouble.

Her hand was in mine, my arm already around her waist, when the officer bowed before us. He had been



"If I Leave You Now as You Request I Must First Have Promise of Welcome Again."

but a dim figure in the afternoon, but now I saw him for a tall, slender man,

THEORY AND PRACTICE.

Delay has been encountered in establishing the school of journalism provided for in the will of the late Joseph Pulitzer, because of the inability of the executors and the Columbia university authorities to agree upon proper methods of instruction, says the Cincinnati Times-Star. The former favor severely practical training, while the latter would lay greater stress upon the teaching of underlying theories. It is known that Mr. Pulitzer wished to have theory and practice combined, but unfortunately he said nothing as to the proportion of each in the combination. He left that problem to be worked out by others. While it will have to be admitted that there would have been little real progress in this world of ours had it not been for the theorists, most persons will be inclined to the belief that an ounce of practice is worth a pound of theory in most of the activities of life. Especially would this be the case with a school of journalism. There it is proposed to educate young men for newspaper careers. That they should be taught something of the fundamental theories of journalism there can be no doubt, but unless they were also taught a great deal of the practical side of newspaper work no careers would be waiting for them. The average editor may admire fine theories immensely, but in practice he likes experienced men on his staff.

Women have pleaded divers reasons for divorce, some considered sufficient by the courts and others regarded as entirely too trivial to warrant the granting of a decree in this matter, which, above all others, is the most vital to society. Incompatibility is the favorite one urged where there is no specific grievance. Some women are so sensitive as to resent beatings by their lordly spouses, and others make a rather unpleasant family rumpus if their husbands merely starve them. Rarely does it happen, however, that the wife is given cause to seek a divorce due to being denied adequate, if not continually attractive and stylish, sartorial equipment. In Kansas City, Mo., though, a woman has petitioned for a divorce on the ground that her sterner half has not provided her with a change of dress for 17 years; indeed, she appeared in court in a gown which she made for herself before she was married, and which she has worn ever since.

What is needed by most men who have passed middle age is more physical exercise. Their younger days have as a rule constituted a period of physical activity. If their occupations have not supplied sufficient activity they have danced or rowed or ridden horseback or run races, or in some way found a method of providing a considerable amount of exercise, and this has developed a surplus of reserve energy which is maintained while continuing this activity; but after they have grown into middle life and through the press of business or an inclination to yield to the temptation to give more of their time to some other sort of pleasure, they neglect the physical exercise they have been accustomed to, and as a consequence this reserve force is drawn upon to meet the requirements of an active intellectual force, and in a few years this becomes exhausted and death is the natural result.

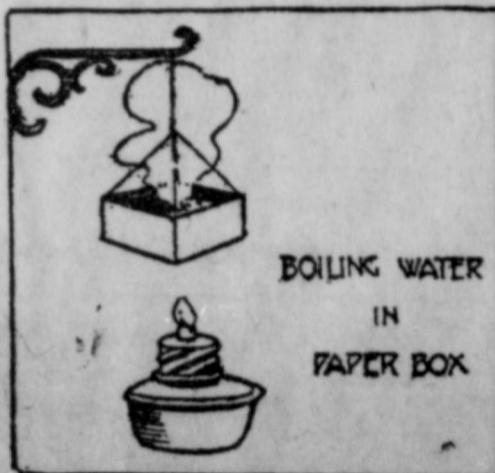
For the LITTLE ONES



WHY DOES NOT PAPER BURN?

Very Simple and Safe Experiment Will Afford Much Amusement and Set One to Thinking.

Take a piece of paper—ordinary writing paper will do—and fold it so as to make a box, and as you bring the corners round, fasten a piece of string in each corner securely. This will help to keep the corners in place and will serve to hang it with over the flame or the fire. When it is made, put some water in—the quality need only be governed by the strength of the box—hang it over a fire, and it will not be long before it will be boiling. An alcohol lamp is best because you can set it on the table and hold



Paper Will Not Burn.

the box above it, and all present may watch the proceeding. This is a very simple and safe experiment, and it will afford much amusement and set you thinking, too, how wonderful it is. What is the reason why the paper does not burn? The reason is that the heat of the flame is absorbed by the water so fast that it keeps the temperature of the paper below the point where it can take fire. Virtually the same principle is used in the biggest steam boilers. So long as there is plenty of water in the boiler the fire will not hurt it, but let the water get too low and the heat will be absorbed by the boiler and there will be an explosion.

HAND CANNOT BE HELD STILL

Amusing Little Experiment Will Entertain Company When Other Things Begin to Lag.

Next time you are called upon to amuse the company try this little experiment. Borrow a quarter from some one. If they will trust you with



Cannot Hold Hand Still.

it—or use one of your own if necessary. Then take a piece of thread about 18 inches long and fasten one end of it to the coin with a little sealing wax or a piece of somebody's gum. Then get a friend to rest her arm on a foot rule or other stick about that long with the other end on the table. Have her hold the thread as shown, so that the coin will just reach into a glass on the table—and then see if she can keep the coin from hitting the glass. She will be unable to do it, for the coin will soon begin to sway back and forth like a pendulum and tinkle on the glass.

TOP SPINNING BY JAPANESE

Toys Are of Great Variety, Both in Size and Construction and Are Cleverly Handled.

Those deft and clever people, the Japanese, do almost everything they attempt well, and some things they do better than any other people in the world. Of the latter sort top spinning is one. The tops are of great variety, both in size and construction. The largest is more than a foot in diameter and proportionately heavy. Some are solid; others contain a flock of little ones that fly out when the top is lifted, and spin away by themselves. Others pull in a spiral or ladder of successive tops. One draws up into a lantern, and spins cheerily in that form.

The methods of spinning are almost beyond description. Even a very large top is sometimes thrown as the Australian casts the boomerang, so that while it appears to be going straight toward the head of the spectator it returns to the thrower and is caught on his palm. When it arrives thus the performer takes it by the spindle, apparently stops it, sets it down and it recommences. Turn it upside down and it proceeds just as merrily on its iron-spiked head. The spinners balance it on any kind of surface, round or flat, on the edge of a fan, the sharpest Japanese sword, along a thin cord, and after some moments of unconcerned spinning there it is tossed on the table, with apparent carelessness, when it goes on working, unexhausted and inexhaustible.

One of the most delicate performances consists in spinning a top in the left hand, up the left arm, round the edge of the lobe at the back of the neck and down the other arm into the palm of the right hand. Another is to toss it spinning into the air and catch it on the hem of the sleeve, whence it runs down into the hand. A third is to fling it up and catch it on the bowl of a pipe, pass it behind the back, toss it to the front and there catch it again.

A large, heavy top is sometimes set in motion by rolling the peg in the bight of a cord, one end being held in each hand, then flung ten or twenty feet in air and caught with the same cord, spinning always. This can be done ten times in succession. But the most wonderful display consists in sending a top spinning up a rope to the head of a mast, and then recalling it.

HOW TO LIFT SMALL PLATE

Clever Little Trick May Be Performed by the Use of a Heavy Piece of Blotting Paper.

Fill a glass full to overflowing of water. Place over it a piece of heavy blotting paper, and then a small plate or a saucer about the size of the paper. Carefully invert the whole, holding plate and glass firmly together, so no air is admitted. In a few moments,



Lifting a Plate.

when the blotting paper has become damp, you can lift the glass and the plate will hang tightly to it.

Large Cash Family.

Those who have "shopped" in the large retail stores will appreciate the following:

Minnie, aged five, who was accompanying her mamma on a shopping expedition, remarked: "It seems to me that Mr. Cash has an awful big family of little girls."

THE PEEVISH CHILD NEEDS TREATMENT

When a child sulks drowsily, or is fretful, it is usually due to some slight disorder of the digestive organs, and a mild laxative is very often all that is necessary to restore cheerfulness and buoyancy of spirits.

In cases where the use of a gentle, effective laxative stimulant is indicated, many of the best physicians are now prescribing Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin. This preparation is admittedly the perfect laxative, being mild, yet positive in its action on the bowels, and far preferable to violent cathartics and purgative waters. It is very pleasant to the taste and is an ideal remedy to regulate and strengthen the stomach, liver and bowels. Its easy, natural action makes it especially desirable in the case of children, a dose at bed-time being sure to have the desired result next morning, with no attendant unpleasantness or discomfort.

Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin is sold by druggists everywhere in 50c and \$1.00 bottles. If you have never tried this splendid remedy, write to Dr. W. B. Caldwell, 201 Washington St., Monticello, Ill., for a sample. He will be very glad to send a trial bottle without any expense to you whatever.

Not only say the right thing in the right place, but, far more difficult still, leave unsaid the wrong thing at the tempting moment.—Sala.

PART OF FREE SAMPLE CURED TETTER

Everybody Surprised at Quick Results from Resinol.

Often you hear of the continued use of advertised preparations effecting a cure, but whoever heard of a free sample being so successful? Here is the proof in the mother's own words:—

"I am more than pleased with Resinol Ointment and Soap. Part of the sample of Resinol Ointment cured my baby's face of tetter.

"Mrs. Bertha Hodnett, Stovall, Va." Wonderful, isn't it? But you will find nothing which is such a successful remedy for all irritations, inflammations and itching of the skin, from piles, scalds and burns, to cuts, sores, felons, carbuncles, boils, eczema, tetter, barber's itch and other skin troubles. It can be instantly applied and as easily as cold cream and has the recommendation of thousands of physicians back of it. Resinol Soap contains the same medicinal qualities as the Ointment and should be used for all toilet purposes and in connection with the ointment. Dealers everywhere sell the Resinol preparations; the ointment in two sizes at fifty cents and a dollar; the soap at twenty-five cents a cake. Free sample of each sent on request. Address Dept. 4, Resinol Chemical Co., Baltimore, Md.

The more a man expects the more he will be surprised if he gets it.

Build Up The System

Is the stomach weak? } TRY
Are the bowels clogged? } THE
Is the blood impoverished? } BITTERS.

Hostetter's Stomach Bitters

will tone, strengthen and invigorate the entire system and make you well again.