

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, MARCH 1, 1923.

Volume XXXIII—Number 6.

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Subscription Price \$1.50 Per Annum, Payable at Crockett.

GRAND JURORS FOR THE SPRING TERM

The following named persons are to appear at Crockett, Monday, March 26, 1923, at 10 o'clock a. m., to serve as grand jurors at the spring term of district court:

J. C. Kennedy, Grapeland.
J. M. Sheridan, Augusta.
J. R. Mainer, Lovelady.
W. H. Mangum, Weldon.
P. O. Graves, Ratcliff.
Bob McKinney, Ratcliff.
Jim Alexander, Crockett.
George Richards, Grapeland.
Harry Long, Grapeland.
C. L. Edmiston, Crockett.
James S. Shivers, Crockett.
J. E. Driskell, Holly.
W. E. Gainey, Creek.
Mattie Satterwhite, Crockett.
Lon Buffington, Pennington.
Babe Dickey, Percilla.

Petit Jurors Second Week.

The following named persons are to appear at Crockett, Monday, April 2, at 10 o'clock a. m., A. D. 1923, to serve as petit jurors at the spring term of district court:

Arthur Daniels, Crockett.
Jno. Lively, Grapeland.
R. L. Pridgen, Grapeland.
N. M. Long, Grapeland.
W. N. Blair, Crockett.
L. D. Ellis, Grapeland.
T. E. Walden, Crockett.
S. C. McKinney, Ratcliff.
B. B. Hollis, Lovelady.
H. A. Trube, Crockett.
W. H. Whatley, Weldon.
J. A. Hollingsworth, Weldon.
C. B. Long, Volga.
W. C. Green, Weldon.
H. F. Whitehead, Weldon.
T. J. Maples, Volga.
M. L. Brimberry, Grapeland.
N. O. Grounds, Crockett.
B. E. Goodrum, Weldon.
J. A. Maxey, Lovelady.
T. W. Crowson, Lovelady.
W. B. Huntsman, Shiloh.
Bert Lively, Augusta.
S. J. Powell, Crockett.
Sumner Rials, Grapeland.
O. Z. Bean, Grapeland.
L. D. Anderson, Grapeland.
J. R. Richards, Grapeland.
J. R. Beason, Grapeland.
E. L. Knox, Lovelady.
P. L. Fulgham, Dailey.
J. S. Morris, Grapeland.
T. S. Goodnight, Grapeland.
M. S. Pelham, Grapeland.
W. E. Gallant, Crockett.
J. E. Elliott, Percilla.

Petit Jurors Third Week.

To appear Monday, April 9, at 10 o'clock a. m., A. D. 1923:

Hal Lacey, Crockett.
J. T. McKelvey, Arbor.
C. C. Davis, Crockett.
P. L. Herrod, Grapeland.
John H. Ellis, Crockett.
H. F. Parker, Lovelady.
B. W. Warren, Ratcliff.
L. McManners, Lovelady.
Ed Frizzell, Crockett.
Harvey Douglass, Crockett.
Maize Berry, Crockett.
J. L. Murphy, Crockett.
Jno. T. Clark, Crockett.
J. W. Brumley, Percilla.
J. S. Brown, Crockett.
H. A. Hartly, Crockett.
M. L. Whitaker, Grapeland.
A. M. Beason, Crockett.
J. F. Fulmer, Augusta.
J. I. Steadman, Grapeland.
J. K. Shields, Belott.
Joe Collins, Grapeland.
J. W. Moore, Augusta.
L. R. Little, Volga.
W. S. Rushing, Crockett.
R. F. Kolb, Grapeland.
C. O. Murray, Lovelady.
R. A. Hale, Lovelady.
W. C. Bitner, Shiloh.
J. T. Banks, Percilla.
R. M. Thompson, Shiloh.

H. E. Bitner, Shiloh.
W. J. Parker, Lovelady.
J. H. Ryan, Grapeland.
W. J. Patton, Crockett.
Sid Bennett, Crockett.
W. M. Brimberry, Grapeland.
D. C. Kennedy, Grapeland.
J. H. Green, Crockett.
Jno. S. Arrington, Crockett.

Petit Jurors Fourth Week.

To appear Monday, April 16, at 10 o'clock a. m., A. D. 1923:

J. B. Cooper, Lovelady.
Sidney Boykin, Grapeland.
J. Harvey Allen, Crockett.
W. W. Spence, Grapeland.
Sam Arnold, Shiloh.
D. M. Jones, Percilla.
Cleon Goolsby, Crockett.
W. T. Tony, Volga.
Smith Harkins, Crockett.
P. E. Morgan, Shiloh.
C. E. Parker, Crockett.
Tom Moore, Crockett.
G. M. Griffin, Crockett.
G. B. Burton, Crockett.
T. J. Hartt, Lovelady.
Roy Bruton, Grapeland.
H. C. Hager, Ratcliff.
W. P. Petty, Crockett.
Lee Johnson, Crockett.
G. L. Cook, Crockett.
Nat Patton, Crockett.
J. T. Mills, Crockett.
John Rice, Crockett.
J. W. Howard, Grapeland.
J. D. Trimble, Augusta.
W. H. Allbright, Crockett.
J. A. Furgeson, Crockett.
J. W. Ellisor, Grapeland.
E. C. Lively, Grapeland.
R. C. Hill, Crockett.
J. G. Beasley, Crockett.
J. W. Marks, Shiloh.
E. S. Dawson, Crockett.
J. A. Brinkman, Crockett.
G. D. McClain, Crockett.
George Cecil, Shiloh.
T. M. Gossett, Crockett.
J. W. J. Rains, Crockett.
F. M. Murray, Crockett.
J. P. Hail, Crockett.

Take Crockett Out of the Mud.

The slogan we hear now is "Take Crockett out of the mud." The sun will take the mud out of Crockett, but bring the dust instead. What is needed is such paving as the town can afford—such paving as the people feel able to pay for. The paving question is still in the minds of our people and more so than ever since the streets are almost impassable. The roads and weather have been too bad for the committee from the city council to visit Lufkin as intended, and for that reason no further steps have been taken looking toward paving Crockett, or at least a part of Crockett. The Courier finds a good many taxpayers who favor the paving plan, provided it is economically and efficiently carried out.

JUST A WORD WITH OUR SUBSCRIBERS

The bad weather and muddy roads of the last week have cut the Courier's list of subscription renewals considerably, but the list is a good one, under the circumstances. The roads are reported almost impassable in some communities. The recent heavy rains have left plenty of moisture in the ground for a while.

Among the number calling to renew or subscribe or sending in their renewals and subscriptions since last issue are the following:

J. L. Smith, Longview.
John W. Shaw, Crockett Rt. 7.
W. H. Seay, Crockett Rt. 1.
W. J. Parten, Weldon.
George B. Wichlep, Galveston.
W. H. Denny Jr., Houston.
S. K. Boykin, Lone Oak.
Dan Baum, Houston.
J. D. Friend, Houston.
Mrs. J. D. Friend, Austin.
J. R. Turner, Crockett Rt. 5.
J. K. Aldrich, New Haven, Conn.
Mrs. Joanna Cox, Crockett.
W. A. R. French, Crockett.
Arnold French, Los Angeles.
Mrs. Julian Walling, Grapeland.
Lewis Davis (col.), Crockett.

Petit Jurors Fifth Week.

To appear Monday, April 23, at 10 o'clock a. m., A. D. 1923:

H. L. Morrison, Crockett.
Sam Marks, Shiloh.
W. E. Keelan, Grapeland.
J. L. Jordan, Crockett.
G. E. Ellis, Crockett.
R. C. Deaton, Crockett.
Houston Betts, Crockett.
G. C. Duran, Crockett.
B. A. Bradshaw, Augusta.
J. B. Morrow, Shiloh.
S. F. Thomas, Crockett.
B. L. Murchison, Crockett.
H. Linderman, Ratcliff.
E. S. Brasher, Lovelady.
W. L. Sheridan, Augusta.
Henry Young, Ratcliff.
J. D. Walker, Ratcliff.
J. D. Driskell, Crockett.
Hill Huff, Dailey.
G. W. Ashby, Ratcliff.
Earle Pennington, Grapeland.
George H. Denny, Crockett.
C. E. Fuller, Crockett.
T. F. Allbright, Shiloh.
W. A. Lockey, Belott.
George T. Walker, Belott.
R. G. Lundy, Crockett.
Jasper Stewar, Ratcliff.
Edgar Null, Crockett.
J. W. Knox, Shiloh.
E. C. Satterwhite, Crockett.
L. O. Goodrum, Weldon.
A. F. Dickey, Percilla.
T. J. Sorter, Belott.

Lee Knox, Shiloh.
R. A. Parker, Grapeland.
J. R. Kyle, Dailey.
D. F. Arledge, Crockett.
D. D. Gentry, Crockett.
J. L. Allbright, Lovelady.

Mrs. Frank Denton.

Mrs. Frank Denton died at the family home a few miles west of Crockett Tuesday of last week. The remains were laid to rest Wednesday afternoon, Rev. E. S. Allhands, pastor of the First Christian church of Crockett, conducting the funeral services. Mrs. Denton was a member of the Christian church and a daughter of a former pastor of that church. Her father was Rev. Harry H. Hamilton, whose home was in Lovelady and who was pastor of the Lovelady and Crockett churches. Mr. and Mrs. Denton were married at Lovelady, where they continued to reside for a number of years. Moving from Lovelady to Grapeland, they afterward moved to Crockett and finally to the farm west of Crockett, where Mrs. Denton preceded in death by the husband.

Mrs. Denton was 56 years old. She leaves a son, Harry Denton, and four daughters—Mrs. Frank Middleton, Mrs. Theodore Stevenson, Mrs. Leonard Allbright and Miss Gladys Denton, residents of Crockett. She also leaves a sister, Mrs. J. N. Click of Lovelady, and numerous friends and other relatives in Houston county.

Go to Denison.

Mr. M. P. Jensen, formerly connected as cashier with the First National Bank of Crockett, but more recently the cashier of the City National Bank of Galveston, has been elected vice president of the Citizens' Bank of Denison. Mr. Jensen will go to Denison and become actively associated with the Denison bank. For a number of years he was cashier of the Crockett bank, until leaving for Galveston five years ago. His friends here wish for his success in his new field.

Muddy Places Improved.

The Courier is glad to see all those brick bats and mortar debris being hauled out onto the public roads. It looks like that not a brick bat will be lost and we hope it will not be. City teams, road district teams and farm teams are cooperating in the effort to relieve as many muddy places as possible. Those who have interested themselves in the matter are to be commended by all other thoughtful citizens.

SOME NEWS OF THE CROCKETT OIL FIELD

On account of the bad weather very little progress has been made this week in the two wells drilling near Crockett. The Porter well, 3450 feet deep, has not yet extricated its stuck drill stem, but will make a renewed effort as soon as some tools that have been ordered arrive.

The Driskell well, 3300 feet deep, has been operating its machinery this week. Some casing has been pulled and reset in this well recently and this has slowed up drilling operations, but drilling is expected to progress from now on.

Missionary Social Meeting.

The ladies of the Methodist church enjoyed the afternoon of February 26 with Mrs. R. E. Dillard, who was assisted by Mesdames H. Callaway, Sid Bennett, H. Trube and Jesse Temple, and in their charming way made everything delightfully pleasant for us. Despite the inclemency of weather a large number attended.

Music was furnished by Mesdames T. L. Hairston and J. P. Hail. A very worth-while reading was given by Mrs. Chas. Sexton, in regard to who founded the Scarritt Mission Training School, to which our Scarritt loan fund goes. The juniors, too, came in for their own good times, and readings were given by Elizabeth Shivers and Homer Lacy Callaway.

The members are working together with a fine spirit and are steadily increasing the membership. The work is well handled under the leadership of our president, Mrs. G. H. Henderson, who is very efficient; and many plans are mapped out for future work. First Monday of each month is business meeting, second is Bible study, third is mission study, fourth is social meeting and something will be planned for every fifth Monday.

Delicious refreshments were served—salad, sandwiches, chipped potatoes, coffee and tea—which brought to a close too soon this enjoyable afternoon.

Reporter.

New Schedule.

The railroad schedule at Crockett was changed Sunday, as announced would be done in the Courier last week. A local passenger leaves Houston every morning, making all the stops and is followed by the fast train, which makes very few stops, overtaking the local at Palestine and running through to St. Louis. Another local passenger leaves Palestine every morning and makes all the stops to Houston. It is followed by the fast train which runs through to Galveston. All of these trains carry mail and baggage, but only the local passengers handle express. For time of arrival and departure of trains at Crockett, reference should be made to the time-card published in another place in this week's issue of the Courier.

Crockett Train Schedule.

South Bound.
No. 3, Local Passenger 9:55AM
No. 1, Sunshine Special 2:42PM
North Bound.
No. 4, Local Passenger 2:09PM
No. 2, Sunshine Special 3:13PM
Effective Feb. 25, 1923.

ANNOUNCEMENT

We take pleasure in issuing an invitation to our farmer friends of Houston County to visit our store during Avery Week which is now in progress. Come in, see this splendid line of agricultural implements and talk with experts from the Avery factory who are with us.

Herrin Hardware Co.

"PLAY BALL"

Will soon be heard throughout the land, and we have just what you want—a clean New Stock of the old Reliable Reach

BASE BALL GOODS.

Gloves of all kinds, Mitts, Masks, Bats and everything that goes with a Baseball team. Special prices made when equipment is bought for the whole team. They will interest you. Don't forget the place, for we have just what you want.

Quality—Dependability—Service

Goolsby-Sherman Drug Co.

WE NEVER SUBSTITUTE

Two Phones: 47 and 140

TWO LETTERS TO MRS. C. W. BUTLER

Austin, Texas,
Jan. 12, 1923.

Mrs. C. W. Butler,
Ex-Tax Collector,
Crockett, Texas.

Dear Mrs. Butler:
Find herewith enclosed statement of your account closing with January 1, 1923, at which time you went out of office.

According to our figures, this statement, as worked up, shows a balance of 85 cents in your favor, which we are covering by comptroller's draft number 272. You will please present the draft to your successor, who is authorized to pay the same out of any state funds on hand.

When the eighty-five cents has been paid to you, receipt Mr. Dean on the back of draft and deliver to him to be sent to this department as a credit on his account.

I wish to compliment you on the accuracy of your work and also as being the first of the outgoing collectors to make final settlement.

Yours very truly,
Lon A. Smith, Comptroller.

Austin, Texas,
Feb. 16, 1923.

Mrs. C. W. Butler Jr.,
Ex-Tax Collector,
44 South Dunlap St.,
Memphis, Tenn.

Dear Madam:

I am handing you herewith a copy of the audit recently made of the administration of the tax collector's office of your husband, Mr. C. W. Butler Jr. of Houston county, which audit shows that the accounts between your husband and the state for the year ending March 1, 1921, are in balance. I am enclosing you a copy of an audit made of your administration of the tax collector's office of Houston county for the year ending March 31, 1922, which audit shows you to be due the state in the sum of sixty dollars and fourteen cents (\$60.14), but referring to the auditor's letter, page 1, of said audit, shows that this item has been taken care of in your 1922 account.

Permit me to most sincerely congratulate you and your husband upon the splendid showing made of your administration of the tax collector's office of Houston county.

With my personal regards and best wishes, I am,
Very truly yours,
Lon A. Smith, Comptroller.

Minstrels Enjoyed.

The home-talent minstrels at the Crockett school auditorium Friday evening were very much enjoyed by a large audience. The program throughout was pleasing and especially so the musical numbers by the young ladies. The ukalale and guitar numbers between parts one and two of the minstrel program afforded a pleasing diversion. If any part was more enjoyable than any other, it must have been the negro sermon and

meeting as the closing number on the program. This part of the program would go strong on any vaudeville program and would bear repetition not only in Crockett, but in neighboring towns.

Frost Proof Cabbage.

The Courier acknowledges with pleasure the receipt of some frost-proof cabbage plants and cabbage grown in fall and winter season from the garden of Mr. Jesse Barnes of Trinity. Mr. Barnes writes that there is only seven weeks difference in the age of the cabbage and of the plants. Seed for the cabbage was sown the first week in September and for the plants the last week in October. Mr. Barnes is making a specialty of frost-proof cabbage plants and we are glad to note that he is meeting with success.

The Postmastership.

The Courier is informed that all applicants for the Crockett postoffice have been eliminated but three, and that these three are Chas. Moore, Cutler and Brinkman. From these three eligibles a postmaster for Crockett will be selected by the republican administration and its committeemen.

MONEY TO LOAN
BUY VENDOR LEIN NOTES.
AETNA LIFE INSURANCE.
B. B. WARFIELD
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Special Soap Sale.

For Saturday only we will sell 16 large bars of Crystal White soap, 2 bars of Seafoam and 4 bars of Cream Oil toilet soap, worth and selling for \$1.50—all in this special sale for \$1.00, a saving to you of 50 cents.

Crockett Grocery and Baking Co.

Quickly Regrow Your Bobbed Hair

Women who wish to stimulate the growth of their hair should try Van Ess Liquid Scalp Massage, which is so successfully growing hair. Strong, vigorous hair surely follows a healthy condition of the scalp and a good circulation of blood to the hair roots. Ask us for Van Ess, which comes in a patent applicator bottle. Easy to apply. If used as directed it will cause your hair to grow 8 to 10 inches each year.



W. P. BISHOP
Druggist

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Did it rain? We'll say so!

A full line of leather goods at R. L. Shivers'.

Buy Oliver implements from Jas. S. Shivers.

Visit R. L. Shivers for Dry Goods and Shoes.

Meridian Fertilizer is best by test. Sold by Jas. S. Shivers.

Miss Margie Lou Moore of Paris is the guest of Miss Hilda Burton.

Barbed wire, hog wire, lawn fence, staples and nails at Jas. S. Shivers'.

R. L. Shivers Feed Company has all kinds of feed, both sacked and bulk.

R. L. Shivers Feed Company handles the celebrated Virginia-Carolina Fertilizers.

We are unloading another car of Meridian Fertilizer this week.

Charles K. Harding of Huntsville was a guest in the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Woodward Sunday.

William H. Denny Jr. of Houston is spending the week with relatives and friends in Crockett.

Miss Janie Elizabeth Edmiston has returned from Houston, where she was a guest of Miss Berta Denman.

Mrs. A. M. Decuir is visiting her husband at Pearsall, near which town Mr. Decuir has a road-building contract.

Make your cotton and corn yield more by using Virginia-Carolina Fertilizer, for sale by R. L. Shivers Feed Co.

Come in and look over our samples before buying your spring suit.

Lost—Pair of gold-rimmed glasses, in spectacle case, about two weeks ago.

Ladies, go to Mrs. Bricker's and see her wonderful stock of new millinery on sale at new prices, beginning March first.

Miss Josephine Edmiston will return home this week from Nashville where she was a student in Ward-Belmont College.

R. L. Shivers will not be undersold on grain and feed.

Plenty of corn, maize and hay at R. L. Shivers Feed Co's.

Increase your yields this year by using Meridian Fertilizer. Sold by Jas. S. Shivers.

Plenty of turning plows, planters, section harrows and cultivators at R. L. Shivers'.

With every suit or coat and pants order I am going to give an extra pair of pants free.

Why experiment with an unknown brand of fertilizer? Use the kind you know will produce. Meridian sold by Jas. S. Shivers.

For Rent.

12 acres of good cotton land, inside city limits.

Frost-proof Cabbage Plants—One hundred 35c, over 200 25c hundred, post paid.

Jesse Barnes, Trinity, Texas.

Mrs. Bricker informs us that while in the market she found millinery more reasonably priced than ever before, therefore will give her many customers the benefit of lower prices.

I have the goods and the prices to suit everybody on spring suits. Prices \$28.50 to \$60.00 and give you an extra pair of pants free.

Ladies, I want to call your attention to Mrs. Bricker's new department recently added to her beautiful millinery store. This department carries nothing over \$5.00 and as low in price as can be bought and sold.

Bank Stock.

We offer for sale 10 shares First National Bank of Lovelady, Texas, stock at a bargain. Edwin McKellar, Austin, Texas.

At the Baptist Church.

Sunday school 9:45. B. L. Satterwhite, superintendent, D. O. Kiessling, assistant. Worship service 11:00 o'clock. Subject: "The Miracles of Our Lord."

Evening service 7:15. Subject: "A Deacon's Devotion to Duty," or "Shall Louisiana Be Ruled by the Pope?" Everybody cordially invited to these services. A. S. Lee, Pastor.

We Are Always Ready

To take care of our customers, both new and old, since we can furnish you with anything from a cigarette or soft drink to a bill of house paint.

Our Prescription Department is open, where your prescriptions are done right for less money.

We carry everything in the Patent Medicine line, where prices are always right.

We also stock a complete line of

Whitman's Famous Box Chocolates,
Baseball Goods,
Tennis Supplies,
Toilet Articles,
Razors and Blades,
Stationery,
Fountain Pens,
Rubber Goods,
Automobile Tires and Tubes,
Gasolene and Oils.

Our Fountain is a Fountain of Delight.

PAY US A VISIT.

Beasley Drug Co.

"GET IT HERE."
Phone 91

COOPER-POSEY CO.

THE
Bargain Center
OF
Crockett

Watch Your Child's Health



Inf. Amer. Med. Assn. says children's diseases prevalent now.

Recent tests conducted among school children disclosed an alarming percentage in deficient health. Physicians are warning their friends to watch child health carefully at this season. It is now definitely known that weak eyes, poor teeth, twisted bones and wasted frames are directly traceable to a deficiency disease. Not a deficiency of food, but lack of the vital elements the food should supply. Usually the first indication of approaching deficiency disease is loss of weight.

At the first sign of loss of weight, start your children on Ironized Yeast. It supplies the vitamins needed and will soon have the children in normal health. According to Dr. Atherton Seidell of the U. S. Public Health Service, Dr. W. H. Eddy of Columbia University and other eminent scientists, brewer's yeast is the richest source of vitamins. That is what Ironized Yeast is—a concentrated extract of brewer's yeast in union with the iron needed to enrich the blood.

A ten-day treatment of Ironized Yeast costs only a dollar. Its use will make a wonderful improvement in your child—it will bring back normal weight, rosy cheeks, bright, snappy eyes and the vim and vigor of happy childhood. Get Ironized Yeast from your druggist on the positive guarantee that if it fails to do those things, your money will be refunded. Ironized Yeast Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Recommended and guaranteed by Goolsby-Sherman Drug Co.

Free Flower Seeds

You will be glad to know that Hastings' "The South's Seedsman," will give away about 2,000,000 packets of seed of the South's most popular flowers this spring.

There is nothing in the home that can compare with rich colored flowers. They brighten us all up and make any house attractive. You can't plant too many flowers and this opportunity to get Shirley Poppies, Everlasting Flowers, Zinnias, Cosmos and Mexican Burning Bush absolutely free, is certainly to be welcomed by all readers of this paper.

You can get them! Just write to Hastings' for the new 1923 Catalog. It tells you how to get flower seeds free. It has 100 pages of beautiful photographic pictures and correct descriptions of garden flower and field seeds, bulbs and plants, and also is full of helpful information that is needed almost daily in every Southern home. It's the most valuable seed book ever published and you will be mighty glad you've got it. Just write and ask for the new Catalog.

H. G. HASTINGS CO., Atlanta, Ga.

"Feeling Fine!"

"I was pale and thin, hardly able to go," says Mrs. Bessie Bearden, of Central, S. C. "I would suffer when I stood on my feet, with bearing-down pains in my sides and the lower part of my body. I did not rest well and didn't want anything to eat. My color was bad and I felt miserable. A friend of mine told me of

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

and I then remembered my mother used to take it. After the first bottle I was better. I began to fatten up and I regained my strength and good, healthy color. I am feeling fine. I took twelve bottles (of Cardui) and haven't had a bit of trouble since."

Thousands of other women have had similar experiences in the use of Cardui, which has brought relief where other medicines had failed.

If you suffer from female ailments, take Cardui. It is a woman's medicine. It may be just what you need.

At your druggist's or dealer's.

The Road to Want.

He that oppresseth the poor to increase his riches, and he that giveth to the rich, shall surely come to want.—Proverbs 22:16.

HOUSE RESOLUTION PLEDGING ECONOMY

SAYS 16 PER CENT OF INCOMES ARE SPENT IN TEXAS.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 20.—Approximately 16 per cent of the normal income of the people is required to pay the taxes levied by the various branches of government, according to the terms of a resolution offered today for house consideration by Representative Rogers of Harris county, calling upon the legislature to pledge itself to a program of consolidation of necessary bureaus and departments and abolition of all unnecessary ones.

The resolution is preceded by a lengthy preamble setting forth, among other things, that bills are pending to increase revenue to support institutions and agencies already existing, and that other bills are pending to create new institutions and agencies, which in turn will require more revenue. The resolution puts the house on record as favoring "such consolidations, adjustments, readjustments and plans as will remove and dispose of all unnecessary departments of the state government, of county government and city government."

It also says that the house "goes on record as asserting that the salary and compensation paid to the governor of Texas, the attorney general, the superintendent of public instruction and other high officials of the state is so utterly inadequate as to seriously reflect on the efficiency and honesty of this distinguished body and the people of our state, and that this body records the opinion that a sensible, fair, business adjustment would result in the ability of the state and all its subdivisions to pay adequate salaries and compensation to all necessary officers and employes, without increasing the burden of taxation, and at the same time increase the efficiency of the public service."

"We do here and now pledge this house of representatives and each member to dedicate our efforts collectively and individually to the accomplishment of the purposes herein specified, and declare that we will proceed with an honest and faithful effort to the extent of our ability to promptly pass such measures as will inure to the general good and in every possible way lessen the burdens and increase the prosperity and happiness of our long suffering, forbearing and generous constituency," the resolution concludes.

On His Way to Herrin.

This story is now going the rounds:

Into a Texas town a stranger came riding on a lion, beating his ferocious charger with a live rattlesnake. He entered a drug store and demanded an ounce of carbolic acid mixed with an ounce of iodine.

When the draught was handed him he drank it down and called for another.

As he was leaving the store a native accosted him.

"Say, stranger, where you from?"

"I come from Mer Rouge, La., but it was too darned hot for me down there."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

Patronize our advertisers.

CONTEST MAYFIELD SEAT IN SENATE

Klan Influences and Illegal Methods Are Charges Brought Out.

Washington, Feb. 22.—A contest of the right of Earle B. Mayfield to a seat in the United States senate as the result of the general election held in Texas last November was filed with the presiding officer of the senate today by Luther Nickels, Dallas attorney, on behalf of George E. B. Peddy of Houston, claimant.

Senator Gooding of Idaho was in the midst of a speech on the ship subsidy bill when Senator McNary of Oregon, presiding in the absence of Vice President Coolidge, interrupted to announce the filing of the contest and directing that it be placed on file with the secretary of the senate.

There it will remain, unless ordered printed and referred to the committee on privileges and elections, until the meeting of the senate at the next congress. Mayfield's credentials, issued by the governor and secretary of state of Texas, are already on file with the senate.

The caption of the documents filed today read:

"In the United States Senate: 'En re contest of Earle B. Mayfield of Texas to seat as United States senator. Petition and protest of George E. B. Peddy, claimant.'"

The contest is based upon an alleged illegal expenditure of funds in the primary election, in that they exceed the legal limit in amount fixed by the Texas laws; denials of Peddy as the nominee of independent democrats and nominee of republicans to a place on the general election ballot; irregularities in the election and the counting of ballots; intimidation on the part of democratic state election officials, and a conspiracy alleged on the part of the Ku Klux Klan to control the election. Sweeping charges are made in regard to the operation of the Klan in Texas, all alleged to be in furtherance of a general conspiracy to control the election and the erection of a super-government responsible to the Ku Klux Klan and the subversion of the visible government, and to impair and defeat various provisions of the federal constitution. There are included copies of letters and documents alleged to bear upon the charges of conspiracy.

Lengthy Record.

The petition itself deals with the contest as to the conduct of the election. One of the exhibits is a transcript of the Corsicana trial.

The petition of contest is ninety typewritten pages, and the exhibits are about 500 typewritten pages additional.

The prayer of the petitioner states that notice of the contest has been served on Mayfield. It is declared in the prayer that a careful investigation of the matters and things alleged to have been made by reliable men to the extent that the means and powers available to that end justified, and that the subject-matter of exhibits filed in support of the charges is authentic. After formal declaration of the purposes of the contest, the prayer concludes:

"Petitioner hereby prays and requests the senate to entertain this, his contest and to provide for a recount of said ballots, and the records pertaining, such election for the purpose of such recount for evidential purposes in the contest, that a thorough investigation of said election hereinbefore set forth be made; that said Earle B. Mayfield be not permitted to have administered to him the oath of office or otherwise recognized as a member of this honorable body pending the investigation and determination of the matters herein involved, and that finally it be

declared and adjudged that said Earle B. Mayfield was not lawfully elected to and not entitled to said office or a seat in this honorable body."

A BOY SHOULD KNOW.

Recently a questionnaire was sent to nineteen men in mature life with varied business and professional experiences. The replies to questions concerning what these men wished they had known before they were twenty-one revealed the following points in the summary of what a young man ought to know.

1. What he wants to do for a living.
2. That his health after 30 depends on how he lived before he was thirty.
3. How to take care of his money.
4. The advantage of being neatly and sensibly dressed.
5. That habits are mighty hard to break after twenty-one.
6. That things most worth while require time, patience and hard work.
7. The harvest depends on the seed sown; wild oats and one is likely to reap tears of bitterness and unhappiness.
8. That a thorough education pays in the long run.
9. That education should not stop with the school years.
10. That father is not such an old fogey as he may at times seem.
11. That mother is generally the greatest practical idealist.
12. That the doors of opportunity in this country are still open.—The Educational Digest.

Delegates Elected to Confederate Veterans' Reunion.

Minutes of called meeting of Crockett Camp No. 141, United Confederate Veterans, held at the court house in the city of Crockett, February 22, 1923:

Meeting was called to order by Commander J. J. Brooks, who stated the purpose of the meeting to be to elect delegates and alternates to attend the United Confederate Veterans' Reunion to be held at New Orleans, April 11, 12 and 13, A. D. 1923.

G. W. Henderson, chaplain, pronounced the invocation.

W. H. Kent was duly elected adjutant pro tem.

Upon motion duly made and seconded, the following were elected delegates to attend said reunion:

S. H. Tignor of Lovelady, N. B. Barbee of Crockett and J. J. Brooks of Grapeland.

As alternate delegates D. W. Campbell, H. M. Brown and G. W. Henderson were duly and legally elected.

The adjutant was directed to remit camp dues to the adjutant of the United Confederate Veterans on the basis of sixteen active members of this camp.

There being no further business the camp adjourned.

(Signed) W. H. Kent, Correct—Attest: Adjutant. J. J. Brooks, Commander.

Jay Cooke, while a poor clerk in a Philadelphia bank, got his start to wealth and honor by investing his own savings and practicing thrift. During the civil war he raised one billion dollars for the federal government. Cooke was a great financier in his time. You will need an accumulator of money sooner or later. You may want to buy a home, or make a profitable investment, or go to college, or save the life of a loved one stricken with disease.

Coming to PALESTINE

DR. MELLENTHIN

Specialist in Internal Medicine for the past twelve years DOES NOT OPERATE Will be at Beatty Hotel Tuesday, March 20th Office Hours: 10 a. m. to 4 p. m. ONE DAY ONLY

No Charge for Consultation Dr. Mellenthin is a regular graduate in medicine and surgery and is licensed by the state of Texas.

He visits professionally the more important towns and cities and offers to all who call on this trip free consultation, except the expense of treatment when desired.

According to his method of treatment he does not operate for chronic appendicitis, gall stones, ulcers of stomach, tonsils or adenoids.

He has to his credit wonderful results in diseases of the stomach, liver, bowels, blood, skin, nerves, heart, kidney, bladder, bed wetting, catarrh, weak lungs, rheumatism, sciatica, leg ulcers and rectal ailments.

If you have been ailing for any length of time and do not get any better, do not fail to call, as improper measures rather than diseases are very often the cause of your long standing trouble.

Remember the date, that consultation on this trip will be free and that his treatment is different.

Married women must be accompanied by their husbands.

Address: 336 Boston Block, Minneapolis, Minn. St.*

Notice of Intention to Apply to the Legislature of the State of Texas for Special Legislation.

St. Louis, San Francisco and Texas Railway Company hereby gives notice in accordance with Section 57, Article III of the Constitution of the State of Texas that it will apply to the Thirty-eighth Legislature of the State of Texas for the passage of an act or law among other things authorizing it to purchase, own and operate as a part of its line the railroad of International-Great Northern Railroad Company; the railroad of Fort Worth and Rio Grande Railway Company; the railroad of Paris and Great Northern Railroad Company; the railroad of the Brownwood North and South Railway Company; the railroad of Quanah, Acme and Pacific Railway Company, or any one or more of said railroads, together with all the franchises, properties, rights and privileges of said companies or any of them, and authorizing said companies and each or any of them, to sell and convey all of its or their said railroads, constructed or to be constructed, and all other properties, rights, franchises and privileges to said St. Louis, San Francisco and Texas Railway Company, and authorizing said St. Louis, San Francisco and Texas Railway Company, in connection with the purchase of said properties, or any of them, to assume the payment in whole or in part of any or all bonds secured by mortgage or mortgages upon the properties so purchased, and—or to issue its stock and—or bonds in respect of the properties so purchased, and authorizing said St. Louis, San Francisco and Texas Railway Company to construct, own and operate as a part or parts of its line the unfinished portion or portions of said railroads or any of them between the termini as defined in their respective charters, and to construct, own and operate as a part or parts of its line all extensions and branches of said railroads, or any of them, under or as authorized in and by the charter of said St. Louis, San Francisco and Texas Railway Company, or any amendment thereof, made or to be made in pursuance of the General Laws of the State of Texas.

Dated Fort Worth, Texas, January 22, 1923.

St. Louis, San Francisco and Texas Railway Company, By J. M. KURN, President.

A Remedy for Piles

Ask your Druggist (whom you know) what he knows about PAZO OINTMENT as a Remedy for Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. 60c.

EDITORIALS BY COL. R. T. MILNER

What the Former A. & M. President Writes in the Rusk County News.

A CORRECTION.

It now turns up that in our account of Caney Creek bottom last week we inadvertently fell into a very flagrant error. We are informed by incontrovertible witnesses that cars are pulled through the bottom absolutely free of charge. It seems that the State government, or the Federal authorities maintain a team there for the purpose of pulling all local travelers through without price. It is also said upon the most reliable authority that empty wagons and light buggies can make it through without any additional help. It is said moreover that in the late spring and summer, except immediately after hard rains, an average car can pull through in its high state of locomotion, and that the old bridge is still in very good condition, and will last for several years with slight repairs. We are glad to make the correction, and to assure the public that the road on both north and south of Caney Creek bottom is fine. We should be very careful not by the slightest implication to charge the duly constituted authorities at Caney Creek of the least dereliction or negligence. Transportation over Caney Creek bottom is free, and the sensation one experiences after getting through the bottom, going either north or south, is not unlike the feeling, we imagine, that a man has who is being tried for his life with all the evidence against him, when the jury returns the verdict, "not guilty." But that which we desired to retract and make strong is the fact that no one charges a dollar to take a car over Caney Creek bottom, because to do so would be like charging a man for the privilege of seeing him take three drinks of bootleg liquor in the absence of a doctor, when thirty drops would kill a Mexican.

The whole State is becoming alarmed at the easy and reckless manner in which our Legislature and Governor are adding on the burdens of taxation. It surely doth appear that the way to destruction is being made clear by those who are entrusted with the management of our public affairs. That great jurist, Chief Justice Marshall, said a powerful truth when he declared that the power to tax is the power to destroy. If one will examine our tax rolls and there behold the thousands of delinquent taxes he will see evidence of destruction. The Legislature ought to know that the people cannot endure any increase in taxes. The Legislature ought to find ways of reducing tax burdens instead of piling them up higher and higher day by day and every way.

All these schemes on the part of Congress to loan the farmers money or anybody else money were never dreamed of by those who made this government. We are not able to see how it will benefit the people to tax them until the treasury is full of money, and then lend it back to them. But the jobs of collecting up and paying out will be many and fat.

CHARGE OF A GIGANTIC SWINDLE.

W. E. Stewart is on trial in the Federal court in Kansas City charged with swindling to the amount of \$60,000,000.

Stewart is the man who came to Henderson many years ago and organized the Farmers & Merchants National Bank.

For several years he has been a land dealer in the Rio Grande Valley, where, it is alleged, he conducted a swindling scheme that has not been equaled in the annals of high crimes.

He advertised his land through the United States mails, misrepresenting facts, ran a line of special tourist trains into the Valley, where he entertained the tourists and prospectors in Oriental style, showed them well irrigated crops, and convinced his buyers that water for irrigation purposes was abundant. It seems that one canal which he showed the prospectors contained an abundance of water, but it turned out that the land which he sold had no connection with this canal, and his customers were left high and dry when the test came.

He maintained for the benefit of his guests a club of vast proportions and elaborate equipment and furnishings.

He had livermen arrayed in stately fashion, and tropical plants vieing in beauty and luxuriant growth with the botanical gardens of the Montezumas, which almost hid from view his well appointed premises.

Stewart was leading a high life from reports, and his exemplary conduct and his pious demeanor and his circumspect walk and talk among the people were staged to take 'em in going and coming.

The story goes that farmers in the Northwest would sell their splendid farms, invest the last cent with Stewart, and lose it all. Widows, girls working for wages, would take their savings which had been slowly accumulated for years, and buy a few acres in the Valley, only to lose it all, while Stewart day by day and every scheming way grew richer and richer.

Well, when a man starts out to extract that from his fellowman which he does not intend to return or in some way remunerate for it is but a question of time when he will be brought face to face with those whom he has wronged. The reaping time will surely come, but all the punishment that can be meted out to a wrong doer such as Stewart is charged to be will not remunerate those he has injured.

That is the pity of it all. A man's sins will find him out, and condign punishment will finally overtake him, bringing shame and disgrace upon his name forever, and consigning his family to ostracism and the derision of the world as long as they shall live, but all that, as bad as it is, will not restore losses sustained by his victims.

There seems to be no remedy known to our jurisprudence to curb and hold in check the inordinate greed of man. Laws are provided to furnish modes of punishment when one openly violates the rights of individuals and overrides the orderly rules of society. But greed is so deeply entrenched in all the avenues of trade and traffic that it takes the advantage in a thousand ways of the credulity and helplessness of those who are honestly striving to earn a living.

Greed in big business is often the overpowering factor in its dealings with the public and the only regard it has for society is to filch it. It knows no mortal law, and has no respect for human law, and human laws are often made by it and for it. As an example the tariff laws which are made to protect industries of already swollen fortunes, against the interests of the toiling masses, and laws that permit profiteering.

Stewart came to Henderson a young man. He seemed to have been well and decently raised. His manners were of the genteel type, and his church relations were of the usual standard of a sober, industrious business man. If he had any desire to get rich quick he did not manifest it in coming to Henderson to go into the banking business. He gave no evidence while here of being endowed with superior ability of any kind. But evidently there was covered up in his nature the principle of greed which was to control his actions in a wider field. He found that field in the Rio Grande Valley, and he developed it to a monstrous passion.

Boys, beware of greed. Make your major aim in life to be useful and helpful to mankind.

PILING THEM UP.

A million and a half for a change in the text books; a million for a new college; six hundred thousand for a topographical survey; three million dollars in the hole to begin with and away they go right on piling up taxes so high and so ruinous that conservative and far-seeing men are appalled, alarmed, almost dumfounded at the conduct of our legislators. And since all the machinery for raising taxes seems to have been about exhausted, the Governor is leading a campaign for a new Constitution in order to create more and more machinery for making the tax mountain still higher. And this is the man who promised the voters solemnly that he would resign if he did not reduce the tax rate. We do not desire to say harsh things about the chief executive of this State. We, by far, had rather commend him, applaud him, eulogize him and write earnestly favoring things that he should have done, but he will not give us a chance. If he has ever done one single thing to reduce taxes we have not been informed of it. Let us hope and pray that he may yet turn away from the vain imaginations and visions of latter day dreamers and see the great problems of life as they confront the plain, every day man who is struggling to make an honest living for his family. We would rather have our ears delighted with the music of contented, satisfied, honest labor and its just rewards, a thousand times, than to be cajoled and sung to sleep by the song of the marble roads of ancient Babylon and the Appian Highway of the Caesars. If we cry for meat and bread do not tell us to satisfy our hunger by eating pie.

Forty millions of acres in cotton is the estimate. But we still claim that not every fence corner should be put in cotton. There should be one or two left for hen nests.

Tell him that you saw his ad in the Courier.

COURIER SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

Prepared by Rev. E. A. Maness.

Golden Text—"Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's, and unto God the things that are God's." Luke 20:25. Time—Tuesday, April 4, A. D. 30, three days before the crucifixion of Jesus. Place—In the temple at Jerusalem. Scriptural Lesson—Luke 20:26; 21:1-4. Subject—A very good subject for this lesson would be: "Jesus routing his enemies." A more general subject head would be: "Jesus teaching in the temple."

In the lesson today it is just three days until the crucifixion of Jesus and his enemies are maliciously plotting his ruin. The leaders had made up their minds that Jesus must be killed. He was interfering with their popularity and would in turn interfere with their incomes. The pocket book question will always reveal the real attitude of man towards Jesus. The pocket-book test gets a line on the real man. If God is first in a man's life, he will gladly submit to the will of God. If God is not first then man will oppose the sacrifices that are necessary to extend God's kingdom.

Wickedness combines itself in opposition to God. In the lesson today the Herodians, the Pharisees, and the Sadducees, practically all of Jerusalem officialdom, combine against Jesus. When a moral issue in politics is before the people, the bad element can always be depended upon to unite in opposition to the issue.

The chief priests and scribes wanted Jesus put out of the way, but they are afraid to stone Him for heresy, because Jesus is popular with the masses. There are two things to be done before Jesus can be killed with safety to the chief priests. The people must be incited against Jesus and the Roman governor must consent to his death. The first part of the lesson today deals with an effort to secure both of these things.

The enemies of Jesus came to Him with this question: "Is it right for us to pay tribute to Caesar?" If Jesus says it is wrong to pay tribute to Caesar, He will be charged with exciting rebellion against the Roman government, and Herod will sentence Him to die. If He says it is right to pay taxes to the Roman government, the masses of the Jews will oppose Him, for they denied the right of Rome to rule over them. But Jesus



is too sharp a logician to answer one question without answering both and He gives that most remarkable answer which is contained in the Golden Text: "Render unto Caesar the things that are Caesar's and unto God the things that are God's." Do your duty to your state and do your duty to your God. If the state is just, the duties will not conflict. Pay your taxes to the state, support your church and serve your God.

The Divine wisdom of Jesus is displayed in this answer, and in all His dealing with His temple enemies. His enemies never caught Him off of His guard. They were never able to find any fault with His answers. His teachings were above reproach; in every argument He came out victorious. If He had not been God He would not have had such wisdom.

Jesus also reveals to us in this lesson his standard of judging liberality. He said that the poor widow who cast the two small coins into the collection box gave more than the rich men with their great gifts. She did this because she gave all she had. The rich man had not given all. They had given more actual dollars than the woman, but the ratio of the woman's liberality was far ahead of the rich men. They had plenty more money at home—she gave the last two pennies she possessed. The spirit of liberality is measured by the extent of the sacrifice, and not by the amount of dollars contributed. This arrangement in the kingdom of God gives to each of us an equal opportunity for reward in the heavenly world. Questions to think about: 1. How does God measure liberality? 2. Do duties ever conflict? 3. Does religious controversy ever result in good?

No man, having put his hand to the plough, and looking back, is fit for the kingdom of God.—Luke 9:62.

Along Comes Spring

AND WITH SPRING COMES BASEBALL

Let the boys play ball. It's good for them. Let them come to our drugstore for their baseball goods. We have a full supply of

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RESERVE BANK RAISES RATES OF INTEREST

Washington, Feb. 22.—With the adoption of the Boston and New York Federal Reserve banks yesterday a rediscount rate of 4½ per cent, all of the reserve banks, with the exception of San Francisco, now will operate on that basis. The San Francisco bank has made no application to the federal reserve board to increase its rate from the present 4 per cent, the same charge which had been carried by the New York and Boston banks, and officials declared the western bank's position did not indicate that such an application would be made.

Announcement that the two eastern reserve banks had voted to increase their rediscount charge was accepted in government circles generally as indicating a thoroughly sound, prosperous industrial and commercial condition throughout the territory served by those banks.

High banks officials of the reserve board predicted that the period when "nobody wants money" or when the loan requirements are far below the average, had passed, and that the holdings of rediscounted paper by the reserve banks would increase rapidly. The quantities of such paper held by the banks always has served as a barometer of general business and reserve board officials regard the situation with satisfaction. The last statement of the total earning assets of the twelve reserve banks was \$653,000,000, which may be compared with total earning assets of \$38,000,000 last July 26.

Increase in the rates by the New York and Boston banks was not unexpected, since those two districts have been carrying lower rates for some time than the others, with the exception of San Francisco. The situation in New York particularly has been influenced peculiarly by world conditions, according to Acting Governor Platt of the reserve board, who said that vast quantities of money had been pouring in there from all corners of the world. The result has been that whenever loan requirements were to be met funds were available in plenty.

But Mr. Platt believed that the increase in the rediscount rate there—and similarly in Boston—reflects the added need for money by industry and commerce.

Car Exhaust Smothers Little Girl.

M. D. Underwood was in the city Saturday and related to us a circumstance that might have resulted in the death of his 6-year-old girl had it not been for the timely discovery of the serious condition of the child. He, with his family, was coming from Eastland county in a Ford car during the holidays. The little girl was asleep, covered with some wraps, on the floor of the car between the seats. They noticed when she began kicking violently and plunging about that something was the matter with her and when they took the wraps from her it seemed that life was gone. Mr. Underwood gave her fresh air and pumped her arms up and down until she began breathing. It proved that she was overcome by the escaping gas from the exhaust pipe of the car and had it not been for quick work on the part of Mr. Underwood the child could not have been brought back to life. Mr. Underwood said that he read of two children that were found dead in a car in the same way and they never came back to life and he firmly believes that his child would have been dead in a few moments more had he not noticed her just at the time and given her immediate attention.—Haskell Free Press.

Tell him that you saw his ad in the Courier.

PROGRESS HOBBOLED AND HAMSTRUNG

We need a new Constitution in order that we may gridiron Texas with good roads. The biggest question of this hour is a question of transportation. The building and maintenance of enduring highways constitute the only solution to this vexing question. Constitutional stumbling-blocks now seriously hamper the construction in Texas of road building in a big, broad, enduring way.

Our entire judiciary, civil and criminal, mapped out a half century ago to meet a condition when we had but little litigation, is now tardy, cumbersome, expensive, and inefficient. To illustrate, eight years ago, I tried a case in the district court at Waco. I won. The case was appealed. It is still somewhere in the higher courts. It is fifty-five years the case will be reversed. If it is, my client will probably be forced to watch the mill of justice grind another eight years. Learned attorneys declare that no efficient change can be made in the work of our courts under the provisions of our present Constitution. In an effort to improve our courts, seven amendments have been submitted, of which two were adopted, the last being more than thirty years ago.

We need a new Constitution in order to perfect our educational system. When the present Constitution was written Texas was spending annually less than a half million dollars, while last year this State spent for this purpose twenty-four million dollars. The year the Constitution was adopted we had in our public schools only one hundred sixty thousand students, while now a million and three hundred thousand boys and girls answer to the roll call of the school house. At that time we had no University of Texas, no A. and M. College, no State normals, no College of Industrial Arts, with twenty thousand students thronging their hall. No set of men in 1876 could possibly have written a constitution forecasting and providing for in the best and most efficient manner, this vast and varied educational growth. While we are feeding this educational child expensive food it is not growing as fast or becoming as strong as it ought to on account of a fossilized constitution that has been hung around its neck. In a vain effort to better our educational life, thirteen worthy amendments have, during recent years, been submitted, of which but seven were adopted.—From speech by Governor Pat M. Neff.

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Here is the place to buy it.

Paint your house now. Paint will add value as well as beauty. A coat of good paint is your best insurance policy against repair bills.

And in order to make sure of the best results use DuPont Prepared Paint. We have found that DuPont looks better, wears longer, and because of its covering capacity and long life is very economical.

Jno. F. Baker
THE REXALL STORE

RAILROAD PLANNED FROM PARIS, TEXAS

Paris, Feb. 22.—A delegation of fifteen business men of the city, headed by N. H. Ragland, secretary of the Paris Chamber of Commerce, left here yesterday for Sulphur Springs, via Cooper, where they were joined by another delegation from Mineola and Quitman, and a joint meeting was held to arouse interest in the project of the building from Paris to Mineola a line to connect with the I. & G. N. railroad.

The legislature will be petitioned to authorize the sale of the I. & G. N. to the Frisco, which road proposes to build from Paris to Mineola.

This would give Paris a trunk line between Kansas City and eastern points on one hand and the ports of Houston, Galveston and the republic of Mexico on the other. If the legislature will authorize the purchase by the Frisco of the I. & G. N. it is a practical certainty that the connecting line will be built.

Riches Have Wings.
Labor not to be rich: cease from thine own wisdom. For riches certainly make themselves wings; they fly away.—Proverbs 23:4, 5.

INCOME TAX MAN COMING MARCH 1

Crockett Courier:

This is to advise you that a deputy collector, W. E. Chancellor, from this office will be in your city on March 1, 2, 3, 1923, for the purpose of assisting taxpayers in that community in preparing their income tax returns for the year 1922.

You are requested to give this information publicity by publication.

MONEY TO LOAN BUY VENDOR LEIN NOTES. AETNA LIFE INSURANCE. B. B. WARFIELD CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Respectfully,
Geo. C. Hopkins,
Collector.

A Nation's Greatness.

Righteousness exalteth a nation; but sin is a reproach to any people.—Proverbs 14:34.

Try Courier advertisers.

March in This Month

And buy your Groceries from the firm that's trying at all times to give you the best money can buy.

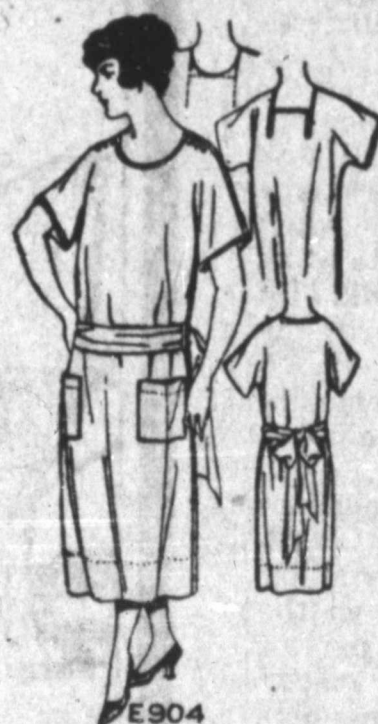
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You will find tempting bargains in every department.

We have searched the market over and have accumulated some wonderful values that will effect a saving on all your purchases.

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WHERE BUSINESS IS ALWAYS GOOD

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 10c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

PROGRESSIVE NORTH CAROLINA.

Bond issues for road improvement have frightened many people in recent years. Both in Harris county and in Texas good road bonds have been defeated in the not distant past.

North Carolina is taking a different view of the matter and is today in the forefront of the States constructing good roads. An interesting theory of how road improvement can be paid for out of the saving in gasoline is being advanced in that State, and apparently, the people are finding it sound, as they are standing by their road program.

According to a report from the highway commission, the average automobile owner in North Carolina last year saved forty-seven gallons of gasoline through the possession of the good roads now in existence. Figuring on a basis of 25 cents per gallon, the saving to the individual motorist was \$11.25. To all the motorists in the State, the combined sum was \$2,137,970.

"This sum," according to the report, "is sufficient to pay the interest at 4½ per cent on a \$50,000,000 loan."

If the saving in gasoline is practically enough to pay for good roads, it would seem that good road investments would be the most profitable the people in any state could make. Other savings to the individual motorist will perhaps amount to more than the saving in gasoline. The difference in breakage, in the wear and tear on a car on a good road as compared with that on a bad road will amount to more in money than the gasoline saving. A car on a city street or a paved road will last several times longer than a car in a country with unimproved roads. These things are always figured in when estimating the life of a car.

But even these are merely incidental savings. The great benefit in good roads, the great dividends from the investment, come from having a transportation system that affords quick and easy access to markets and which knits the people together into one great community.

If the economic were the only benefit to be derived from good roads the investment in them would be worthwhile. But the benefits to the social life of the people, which embraces the educational, the religious and the recreational phases, are yet to be added, and these perhaps, in the long run, are the greatest.

The citizenry of North Carolina is certainly setting the people of the other States some mighty examples in progress. In the development of industry to

absorb local products, in the ultra liberal support of education, both elementary and higher, and now in the construction of a network of good roads, the people of North Carolina are showing a high degree of intelligence and a wonderful spirit of progress.—Houston Post.

IF THE FARMER WORKS EIGHT HOURS.

The war put many industries on the eight-hour basis. What will happen if the farmer goes on an eight-hour schedule? This is the question which Arthur Richmond Marsh sets out to answer in a recent issue of the Economic World. In beginning Mr. Marsh holds it to be axiomatic that cutting down a day's work from ten hours to eight hours means cutting down the day's production from ten-tenths to a production of eight-tenths. In exceptional instances the nature of the work and of the surroundings may get a greater speed of work out of employees for eight hours than for ten hours. But in the main a reduction of 20 per cent in working means a reduction of 20 per cent reduction in output, he declares. In the case of some industries it has meant more than a 20 per cent reduction in production.

Starting from this assumption, he takes up the matter from the standpoint of the farmer. The farmer is still producing 100 per cent, and is now asked to exchange it for 80 per cent production in industrial lines. How long will the farmer be willing to do this? The advocates of the eight-hour day, Mr. Marsh imagines, haven't thought of this.

In truth, they have tacitly assumed throughout that the change they were seeking in the conditions of industrial production would be attended by no similar change in the conditions of agricultural production; though the total volume of industrial production was to be reduced by 20 per cent, the farmers of the world would of course go on producing the old 100 per cent of grain, meat, milk and butter, cotton and wool, etc., and would contentedly exchange this 100 per cent of their traditional production for 80 per cent of the traditional industrial production.

Mr. Marsh predicts that the farmers will not continue to accept the short end of this arrangement indefinitely, and that they can help themselves if they choose. In that he is undoubtedly right. The most practical means of helping themselves, and a means which many of them are adopting, is that of abandoning the farm for the city. In the city they become a part of the eight-hour industrial group to a considerable extent. But it is also true that the long hours which once prevailed on the farm have been subjected to change. It is probable that few farmers actually have adopted the eight-hour day, but it is probably true that the working day of the farmer—averaging seasons the year 'round—would surprise Mr. Marsh. Possibly it would surprise the farmer himself. "Hired help" which will submit to twelve and even fourteen hours of work a day is not to be found these days. Only in emergency is the modern farmer willing to stick it out that long for himself. The only fourteen-hour day on the farm nowadays is that of the farmer's wife. Even in her case the automobile and the washing machine and the windmill have shortened her

shift considerably.—Galveston News.

IMPOSSIBLE OPTIMISM.

Let us pay our income taxes with a broad and cheerful grin, looking not like battle-axes as we hand the money in. Let us be serene and sunny, chortling with a joyful sound; for our Uncle needs the money, he must make the wheels go round. Though the total has dismayed you, wear no frown upon your brow; being grouchy will not aid you—you must pay up, anyhow. It is hard to take the boodle that we need for gas and oil, paying it to Yankee Doodle, so he'll make the kettle boil. It is hard to hand the lucre that we need for pie and jam, and for games of bridge and euchre, to our worthy Uncle Sam. But our Uncle needs the plunder, he is holding out his hands, and we strip our rolls asunder to comply with his demands. He requires a sum that's regal, coin must reach him in a stream, that our celebrated eagle may not wilt and cease to scream. So the dead game sports are rising, with their bundles on their backs, and with fortitude surprising they pay up their income tax. And the pikers all are swearing as they near the captain's desk, they are angry and despairing, and their words are picturesque. Since we all must take our bitters let us take them with a grin, let us fill the air with twitters as we hand the kopecks in.—Walt Mason.

CHURCHES SAY IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE.

A committee of churchmen, studying the problem of how to increase interest in church work, adopted a report urging newspaper advertising.

Among other things, the report says:

"It pays in dollars to advertise. One metropolitan church increased its loose collections to \$22,000 in two years, certain other smaller churches showing a proportionate increase.

"Advertising lifts the standard of preaching and service in order to make good and come up to the advertising.

"Magazines spend large sums in taking advertisements in the newspapers. It pays or they would not do it.

"Advertising must be consecutive, persistent, prepared for, distinctive. If a minister does not know how to advertise, let him learn how or let him get the help of an advertising man."

Newspaper advertising is the easiest, least expensive and most effective way of reaching the people anywhere at any time.

Bill Would Declare Male Cedar Trees Nuisances.

Austin, Tex., Feb. 20.—A bill introduced in the legislature today by Senator I. E. Clark of Fayette county proposed to declare all male cedar trees a public nuisance and to prohibit planting such trees. The male cedar trees create pollen and are responsible for numerous epidemics of hay fever, according to Dr. Clark. For this reason he seeks to do away with the trees.

"Lining-up" for rations in the English army has been abolished.

N. H. PHILLIPS

LAWYER

Offices First National Bank Building

Telephone No. 392
CROCKETT, TEXAS

Don't Be Fooled

Low Price and High Quality
Don't Go Together, Stick to

CALUMET

The Economy BAKING POWDER

Never accept "Just as Good" Brands; it will only mean disappointments and failures on bake-day, which are expensive.

Calumet is a High Grade Baking Powder, Moderate in Price



BEST BY TEST

When you use it you never spoil any of the expensive ingredients used—such as flour, sugar, eggs and milk.

The sale of Calumet is 2½ times as much as that of any other brand.



THE WORLD'S GREATEST BAKING POWDER

SMOKING IN PUBLIC RESULTS IN ARREST OF SALT LAKE MEN

Salt Lake City, Utah, Feb. 20.—Three prominent Salt Lake citizens were placed under arrest by deputy sheriffs in a downtown restaurant during the noon hour today and a fourth man was later named in a warrant charging violation of the state anticigarette law which prohibits smoking in public places.

Ernest Bamberger, republican national committeeman for Utah and successful republican candidate for United States senator at the last November election; Edgar Newhouse, official of the American Smelting and Refining Company, and John C. Lynch, local capitalist, were the

men arrested in the cafe.

Later a warrant was issued for A. N. McKay, general manager of a Salt Lake newspaper.

Bamberger, Lunch and Newhouse were having their after-dinner smoke when the officers entered. Bamberger and Lynch were smoking cigars and Newhouse had a cigarette. McKay purchased a cigar at the restaurant counter and lit it before leaving the establishment.

Salt Lake residents term merchants who still sell cigarettes "cigarette bootleggers," but they are gradually becoming scarce. Cigarette prices have mounted accordingly.

Mrs. Sydney Small, the only woman alderman of Toronto, Canada, has been visiting New York, Washington and other cities to study problems of municipal government.

Advertise it in the Courier.

THE TEXAS STATE BOARD OF (The State of Texas) EXAMINERS IN OPTOMETRY

Under and by Virtue of the Provisions of Chapter 51, Laws of the Thirty Seventh Legislature, First Called Session, Defining and Regulating the Practice of Optometry,

J. A. BRICKER

of Crockett, Houston County, Texas, is granted this License entitling him to practice

OPTOMETRY

in the State of Texas by reason of having submitted satisfactory evidence and having successfully passed the examination required before The Texas State Board of Examiners in Optometry. The practice of Optometry is defined to be the employment of subjective or objective means, without the use of drugs, for the purpose of ascertaining and measuring the powers of vision of the human eye, and fitting lenses or prisms to correct or remedy any defect or abnormal conditions of vision.

THIS LICENSE MUST BE PROMINENTLY DISPLAYED AND IS REVOCABLE FOR CAUSE.

Given under our hands and the seal of The State Board of Examiners in Optometry this 30th day of December in the year 1922.

W. B. Georgia, President
Fred R. Baker, Vice-President
Fred Woolsey, Secretary-Treasurer
G. W. Aronsfeld
Edw. T. Jenison

No. 642 (Seal)

Being now authorized by the proper authorities to practice Optometry, I will appreciate your patronage. Satisfaction guaranteed. J. A. BRICKER.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

A full line of leather goods at R. L. Shivers'.

Visit R. L. Shivers for Dry Goods and Shoes.

Most any Oliver implement repair in stock at Jas. S. Shivers'.

Messrs. H. F. and Donald Moore have returned from Miami, Fla.

Miss Bertha Satterwhite of Port Arthur is visiting relatives in Crockett.

R. L. Shivers Feed Company has all kinds of feed, both sacked and bulk.

CROCKETT THEATRE

First Night Show Starts at 7:30 p. m. Promptly.

PROGRAM FOR WEEK OF MARCH 5th TO 10th

MONDAY, MARCH 5

"GOD'S COUNTRY AND THE LAW"

By James Oliver Curwood, that master-craftsman.

A wonderful story of the early settlers in the Northland and of law violators and a mounted police.

TUESDAY, MARCH 6

"Don't Miss Doris May in 'UP AND AT 'EM'"

Trade your grouch for a smile. Swap your troubles for joy. The funniest man on the screen is a girl!! Funniest picture that has ever played this city. Matinee at 3:30.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 7

"THE MAN WITH TWO MOTHERS"

With Mary Alden (the mother of "The Old Nest"), Cullen Landis and Sylvia Breamer.

Of course you remember "The Old Nest." Now we have Mary Alden in another of those wonderful mother roles. But it's a different sort of a story, full of real fun and action. "What is home without a mother?" What is it with two of them?

THURSDAY, MARCH 8

"THE POWER WITHIN"

A drama of a soul's awakening. Do you seek happiness? Job Armstrong had everything in the world; money, family, home, children, fame. But he was unhappy. Then he lost his gold. His home was broken. Misfortune visited him. Yet out of the wreckage he found the greatest secret of personal joy. And Job's secret is yours! See his drama! See his fall and rise! See a man reborn in the crucible of faith. A picture every one should see. Send the children. One day only, regular prices. Matinee 3:30.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9

Special—One Day Only

Ethel Clayton in **"IF I WERE QUEEN"**

The greatest picture of her entire career. They pledged undying love. Most gorgeous and magnificent of all screen romances—A dashing American beauty imprisoned in a great castle by a Prince who loved her. See how royalty makes love amid the regal grandeur of old world courts and castles. Admission 15c and 30c. Matinee 3:30.

SATURDAY, MARCH 10

"BUFFALO BILL" Chapter 8. Reginald Denny in "Plain Grit." Harvey Sweet in "Speed 'Em Up." Matinee 2:30.

R. L. Shivers will not be undersold on grain and feed. tf.

Plenty of corn, maize and hay at R. L. Shivers Feed Co's. tf.

Grady McConnell of New York spent a few days with his parents here last week.

R. L. Shivers Feed Company handles the celebrated Virginia-Carolina Fertilizers. tf.

Miss Beth Lundy, teaching at Jacksonville, spent Saturday and Sunday in Crockett.

Plenty of turning plows, planters, section harrows and cultivators at R. L. Shivers'. tf.

The lightest draft cultivator on the market today, the Oliver, sold in Crockett by Jas. S. Shivers. tf.

Dan P. Craddock of Kennard has returned from Houston, where he attended a meeting of bankers.

Come in and let us show you the latest improved Oliver riding or walking planter. Jas. S. Shivers. tf.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Page have moved from the Pickwick hotel to their home in southeast Crockett.

Messrs. J. W. Young and J. H. Smith have returned from a business trip to San Francisco and Los Angeles.

Make your cotton and corn yield more by using Virginia-Carolina Fertilizer, for sale by R. L. Shivers Feed Co. tf.

The largest stock of up-to-date millinery on sale at Mrs. Bricker's, beginning March first. Now is your opportunity. 1t.

You have just two more days to get an extra pair of pants free with your suit. 1t. B. R. Purcell.

Kodaks for rent, 10 cents per day. Studio open on Sundays from 1 till 2 p. m. 8t. The Warren Studio.

Mr. and Mrs. James S. Shivers have returned from a visit to Dallas and Houston, including a stopover with their daughter who is in school at Milford.

Wood for Sale.

I have several cords of good sawed wood for sale. Phone 32 or 358. Thos. Self. 2t.

Mayes Berry, one of Crockett's popular young men, has accepted a position with the Burroughs Adding Machine Company and will make his headquarters in Beaumont.

Spring Millinery Opening.

Mrs. Bricker will begin one of the biggest millinery sales ever offered in Crockett March the first, to last fifteen days. 1t.

Miss Eddie Downes, who was called to Crockett by the serious illness of her grandmother, Mrs. W. W. Lively, has returned to her home in Houston, her grandmother's health being sufficiently improved.

For Sale.

A Dodge touring car, used only a short time, in perfect condition, looks like new, has all extra equipment, a bargain for some one. J. C. Millar. tf.

For Sale at a Bargain.

The Hayslip place 1 1/4 miles south of Crockett, containing 135 acres—about 100 acres in cultivation, well improved in every way, and clear of oil lease with the exception of 25 acres held by the Porter Oil Co. This property adjoins their holdings. For price and terms call on C. W. Jones, Crockett, Texas. tf.

Try Courier advertisers.

DISTRIBUTION OF FARM LABORERS

Editor Courier:

The State Department of Labor has submitted to the Farm Bloc a plan to assist in bringing about a better distribution of laborers, especially during cotton chopping and picking time and grain harvest periods. This department proposes to act as a clearing house for such distribution, and it desires to get in immediate touch with some active person in every farming district, this person to take charge of the matter of registering with the State Department of Labor the approximate number of laborers that community will need to chop or pick cotton or harvest the grain crop.

I am requesting that especially the farm organizations of my district communicate with Joseph S. Myers, commissioner of labor, Austin, Texas, and learn from him further details of the proposed plan, and give his department full cooperation to the end that when farmers of my district need laborers same will be furnished them. This official would like to have selected a reliable and active person in as many farming communities as possible with whom he can carry into effect the plans he has in mind.

The Farm Bloc of the 38th Legislature has carefully investigated this matter and heartily endorses the plan.

Respectfully,
Chas. C. Rice.

Class Entertainment.

One of the pleasing hospitalities of the week was the charming manner in which Mrs. Brooke and her class in china painting entertained their friends February the twenty-second at the Brooke studio.

On arriving we were relieved of our wraps and conducted to the register where Mrs. Lovell presided in her gracious manner. Then we were invited to see the display. First, a table covered with beautiful hand-painted china among which was a wonderful panel, the work of one of the Crockett girls. Then we turned to the next table and again were confronted with marvelous things, a handsome fruit bowl in conventional design and a vase that was a work of art indeed. The next table was spread with an exquisite breakfast set, and so from table to table we saw amazing talent displayed; some, the work of a child of twelve, others the work of women of mature years. It is impossible to describe the 248 pieces of finished china, but each was a delight to the eye. Then hundreds of dollars worth of plain china started or waiting to be started—wood carving, brass work and oil painting were also on display. While fascinated with this we became conscious of sweet strains of music that irresistibly drew us to the cozy nook where the Hawaiian orchestra, composed of four attractive girls—Marjorie Morrison, Leona Slade, Elizabeth Arrington and Lizzie Younas—rendered several numbers in a manner that bespoke exceptional ability for the girls, also for their instructor, Mrs. Wells, whose pleasing personality and entrancing music have won for her a warm spot in the hearts of the people of this city. Another much appreciated contributor to the music was Mrs. Ben. Self. After the music ceased we realized two hours had slipped away, then we were invited into the dining room where seated at the table were Miss Mary McLean and Bernice Gongwer, pouring tea while Mrs. O'Bannon and Mrs. Waller served sandwiches and presented each guest with a miniature hand-painted hatchet as a reminder of Washington's birthday.

Mrs. Brooke seemed to be everywhere and proved herself a gracious hostess as well as a woman of rare gift.

Mrs. Fisher Arledge, Mrs.

AS A SPECIAL FOR

**Friday - Saturday - Sunday
March 2nd, 3rd and 4th**

We will give FREE
1 Quart Best Grade
Lubricating Oil

With each purchase of 5 gallons or more of gasolene.

Be sure to have your tank filled on one or more of these days and effect this saving.

Magnolia Filling Station

E. W. Null, Manager
On Street to Depot

Weldon Craddock, Mrs. John S. Cook, Mrs. R. J. Spence, Miss Jennie McLean, Miss Pauline Kennedy, Mrs. Wess Shivers and Mrs. John Brightman assisted in making the afternoon and evening pleasant for the one hundred and sixty-four guests who called.

At last we reluctantly took our departure, swelled with pride

over the wonderful talent that our own beloved Crockett holds. A Guest.

The Road to Want.

He that oppreseth the poor to increase his riches, and he that giveth to the rich, shall surely come to want.—Proverbs 22:16.

Friday Night, March 2nd.

8:00 P. M.

HIGH SCHOOL AUDITORIUM.

Local Talent

"HOME ACRES"

3 Act Melodrama

VAUDEVILLE BETWEEN ACTS

Y. W. A. BAPTIST CHURCH

**We are Ready
For the Farmers**

☞ We have stocked up to the limit in order that farmers may secure anything they desire in the grocery and feed line at a moment's notice. No delay of any kind, and no uncertainty as to what it will be after you get it.

☞ Remember this! You won't have to worry over the quality. We'll take care of that. You won't have an opportunity to complain of the price. Everything is marked down too low for that.

Try a Sack of that Good Special Flour

Arnold Bros.
Groceries, Feed and Hardware

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 10c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

THE OUTLOOK FOR COTTON IN 1923.

Of course, no one can raise the veil which obscures the future and paint a true picture of the cotton crop of 1923 as it will be finished at the end of the year. Far be it from our purpose to attempt to enter the field of prophecy regarding the acreage, production, consumption and prices of the cotton of the crop of 1923. But it is always well to take stock of present conditions and knowledge if they have a bearing on our future work and its results.

We have produced less cotton in the last two years than for any other two consecutive years since 1895 and 1896, or more than a quarter of a century; while during the last century the crop doubled about every twenty-five years. We have produced less cotton on the average during the last three years than the average for the last thirty-five years. In the cotton year 1921-1922 there was consumed of American cotton about 5,000,000 bales more than was produced in 1921. There was consumed in the cotton year 1921-1922 about 3,000,000 bales more of American cotton than was produced in 1922 and it is almost certain, if it can be had at a price not to exceed 25 to 30 cents a pound, that we will consume during the cotton year 1922-1923 at least 3,000,000 bales more of American cotton than was produced in 1922.

If these be facts, and they are, then it follows that about all the American cotton consumed in the cotton year 1923-1924 must be produced in 1923, for the carry-over July 31, 1923, is certain to be less than the carry-over for many years and not more than is absolutely necessary to fill in the time between July 31 and the arrival of the new crop of 1923 in the market.

It is also a fact that a large increase in price, such as we have had during the latter part of the season of marketing the 1922 crop, has always resulted in a large increase in acreage and it is not a fact, as some assert, that an increased acreage usually results in a decreased yield per acre. In fact, low prices have generally resulted in a decreased acreage and a decreased yield per acre; while high prices have resulted in an increased acreage and increased yields per acre. Every pertinent fact which we can find points to a large cotton acreage in 1923, probably the largest in the history of the South. Of course, areas recently infested with boll weevils, such as Carolina and Georgia, may not largely increase their already decreased acreage, but there will be a large increase in other sections, especially in those where a fair crop was made in 1922, and also in the northern quarter of the cotton growing area and the country immediately to the north of what has usually been the cotton growing territory.

We think there is no question but that the area planted to cotton in 1923 will be large. No fear of boll weevils, nor any scarcity of labor will prevent the

planting of a large acreage.

What the production will be we dare not even venture a guess. We do not take any stock in the oft repeated statement that we can't produce over 10,000,000 bales. With a planting of 37 to 38,000,000 acres and a season as favorable as 1920, we will make 13 or 14,000,000 bales. In 1920, fifteen years after the entire then cotton growing part of the State of Texas had been covered with boll weevils, that state produced 4,345,000 bales of cotton and in 1922 both Mississippi and Arkansas each produced over a million bales.

What the crop of 1923 will be will depend most largely on the weather, as it affects the start or the early growth of the plants, and as it affects the boll weevil during midsummer.

Of course, the amount of fertilizers used and the effectiveness of the fight made on the boll weevil will be factors, but rather minor factors. If we knew what the weather would be we would venture a prediction on the size of the 1923 crop, for a large acreage is practically assured; but since the weather is the most influential factor affecting both the cotton plant and the boll weevils, and what it will be is unknown, any estimate of the crop between 10 and 14,000,000 bales would be reckless guessing. A crop of not over 12,000,000 bales should not lower the price below 25 cents a pound, although with a crop of that size the price might go as low as 20 cents during the fall when more cotton is dumped on the market than the trade demands. If the crop is much over 12,000,000 bales there is no telling what effect it may have on prices, for a crop no larger than is required to meet the needs of consumption will sometimes break the market badly, because of the way cotton is marketed—75 per cent of it being dumped on the market in three or four months. If the crop is over 13,000,000 bales, which, however, seems improbable, although possible, the effect on the price may be disastrous.

With any crop like cotton which must be all sold, that is, cannot be fed on the farm, like corn, for instance, it is highly important that all supplies required be produced on the farm. This is the only insurance against the disaster of low prices for cotton and high prices for food and feed products.—The Progressive Farmer.

THRIFT.

Alexander Hamilton, first secretary of the treasury, when eleven years old, was put to work as an errand boy in a bank. By study, industry and thrift he learned the business, saved enough to make profitable investments, became prominent, fought in the Revolution, signed the Declaration of Independence and was the first secretary of the treasury. If you are ambitious to get ahead in the world, begin by saving a part of your regular earnings, for money paves the way to the desirable things of life.

GOFORTH RESIGNS AS I.-G. N. MANAGER

Palestine, Texas, Feb. 26.—E. G. Goforth, general manager of the International-Great Northern railroad, resigned today, effective March 1, it was announced here. He will leave Wednesday for San Antonio, where he will enter private business.

Mr. Goforth had been connected with the International-Great Northern for 19 years.

President T. A. Hamilton of the I.-G. N. admitted Monday that he had received Mr. Goforth's resignation, but said no successor had been chosen for him. Mr. Hamilton stated that the general manager's resignation is effective April 1, not March 1, as indicated in the Palestine dispatch.

LARGE DISPLAY OF FARM IMPLEMENTS

One of the most interesting agricultural displays ever held in Houston county is planned by the Herrin Hardware Company this week at which time they will exhibit for the benefit of their farmer customers, practically the complete line of the famous B. F. Avery & Sons Plow Company tillage implements and harvesting machinery.

During the exhibit Crockett farmers will be tendered special invitations to visit the Herrin store, where the latest tools of the most modern design and construction will be in charge of experts from the Avery factory, who intend getting their visitors' ideas on how the implements can possibly be improved and also will be glad to give such information and advice as they can to assist in the efficient operation of them.

According to Mr. J. R. Herrin of the local organization, the entire left wing of their store is to be cleared of the merchandise now on display and the latest additions to the Avery line tastefully and artistically decorated in such manner as to show them off to the utmost advantage.

B. F. Avery & Sons Plow Company, cooperating with its most progressive dealers, has already had several of these Avery Week displays throughout the State and according to G. W. Oxford, special factory representative, they have done much to foster a greater spirit of co-operation throughout the agricultural section and to bring the farmers into closer communication with manufacturer and distributor.

The special letters of invitation to the customers of the local organization are going to be sent out within the near future, but a general invitation is also extended to all farmers and those interested in better and more scientific farming to call at the Herrin store during the display.

In speaking of general condi-

tions with regards to farming throughout this territory, Mr. Oxford stated while in Crockett on a recent tour of inspection that Houston county farmers are not only to be congratulated upon the splendid results they have obtained during the last several months, but also said that in his opinion the modern methods and energetic efforts which are being made to overcome unfavorable circumstances, are going to certainly bring about a still more rapid improvement during the coming seasons.

"Nowhere throughout my territory do we find a more progressive type of farmers than in the Crockett district," said Mr. Oxford, "and I cannot help but believe that the efficient efforts

which he is making will bring about far better results than have been anticipated in some sections.

"Naturally, it is our desire and the desire of our dealers to extend the utmost cooperation to this end and that is the reason we are holding these 'Get Together' sessions. So far they have had splendid results and we feel that the farmers of this section will realize the motives behind the Herrin Hardware Company's Avery Week."

For getting those things which are behind, and reaching forth unto those things which are before, I press toward the mark for the prize of the high calling of God in Christ Jesus.—Philippians 3:13, 14.

IN SPITE

Of our efforts we are sorry to announce that we are forced to postpone another week our opening day event, due to our inability to complete our stock.

However

we are now ready to fill your wants in feed stuff and large portion of your grocery bill.

Watch this paper next week.

Caprielian Bros.

Groceries, Feed and Kitchen Utensils
Phone 104.

AVERY Improved Cultivators



Avery Cultivators The Standard of the South

SINCE 1825, when B. F. Avery built the first Avery implements in Virginia, Avery Cultivators and other tillage tools have been accepted as the standard of the South. Avery Cultivators are made in numerous models for walking or riding. They are fitted with every modern device and adjustment needed to guarantee the finest work and perfect satisfaction. There are Avery Cultivators made to suit every farmer in this locality. Each is supreme for the purpose for which it is built. The Avery factory at Louisville is one of the finest, most complete and most modern in the world. Scientific precision and the highest possible quality of materials have always been a feature of Avery products. For full information about the complete line of Avery Cultivators call at our store any day. We shall be glad to give you a demonstration.

AVERY
RED TAG TRADE MARK
Heat-Treated SWEEPS

Light, strong, wear-resisting. Can be sharpened cold with file or stone. Do better work with lighter draft. The Red Tag is the mark of the genuine. Watch for the Red Tag.

There is a full line of famous Avery walking, riding and tractor plows, tillage implements, and Champion harvesting and hay machines

HERRIN HARDWARE CO.
Crockett, Texas