

The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JUNE 25, 1919.

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PROVIDES FOR AN ARMY OF 400,000

Committee Amendment to Appropriation Measure Is Adopted.

Washington, June 24.—Without a record vote, the senate tonight adopted committee amendments to the army appropriation bill providing for an average army of 400,000 men for the year beginning July 1. The bill as passed by the house provided for an army of 300,000 and Secretary Baker had recommended that the total be placed at 509,000 officers and men.

The senate by a vote of 27 to 22 adopted an amendment offered by Senator France, republican, of Maryland, and modified by Senator Reed, democrat, of Missouri, limiting the salary of C. W. Hare, director of sales and in charge of disposal of surplus war materials, to \$12,000. Mr. Hare now is being paid at the rate of \$25,000 a year.

During the discussion Senators McKellar, democrat, of Tennessee, and Reed criticised the manner in which war materials were being disposed of by the government, and especially the surplus supply of meats, estimated to be worth \$65,000,000. Senator McKellar called attention to a newspaper item which said all bids for this meat were too low and charged that the packers were being especially favored in the disposal of this meat.

"Did Mr. Hare make the restriction that the meat can only be sold in carload lots?" asked Senator Lenroot.

Chairman Wadsworth said he did not know, but asserted that if this meat were sold in smaller quantities or if the government were compelled to open stores for the purpose of retailing it, that a much larger appropriation would be required. He said that applications for bids had been sent to 40,000 retail dealers and others by the war department.

"I can not see," he added, "that anybody is criminally negligent in this matter. I don't think that the secretary of war or the director of sales can be particularly blamed for the public's refusal to buy these goods."

Senator Reed criticised the sale of \$20,000,000 worth of airplanes for \$2,000,000 by the war department and said he thought some explanation of this matter should be made. While opposing any attempt to break the market he also favored the sale of surplus automobiles by the war department to relieve the present shortage in production.

The senate also accepted the committee amendment authorizing the war department to turn over to the Red Cross medical and hospital supplies not needed by the American expeditionary forces for relief work in Europe.

For the Bride-Elect.

Beginning with a luncheon given by Misses Grace Denny and Nell Beasley at the home of the former, for the popular June bride, Miss Julia Spence, whose marriage to Mr. W. A. Collins occurred June 18, there have followed several beautiful affairs.

On the afternoon of the tenth, Mrs. Thos. B. Collins complimented the bride-elect with a kitchen shower.

The hostess was assisted in receiving by Mesdames C. N.

Corry, J. W. Young and Hortense Sweet. Mrs. E. T. Ozier invited the guests to register. Here Mrs. Jas. S. Shivers and Mrs. D. O. Kiessling assisted.

Mrs. A. M. Decuir, Miss Wilcox of New York, who was a visitor in the city, and Misses Katie and Effie Mae Lacy, and Evelyn Francis Brown contributed musical numbers to the enjoyment of the guests. Mrs. T. J. Welch and Miss Mary McLean also assisted the hostess.

Mrs. T. E. Callier then invited them to the dining room where Mesdames E. C. Arledge, R. C. Stokes and Misses Inez Jones, Dorothy E. Shivers, Alta Stokes and Katherine Spence served dainty refreshments. Here pink and green, the bride's chosen colors, were in evidence. The table was decorated in small baskets of pink sweet peas and fern. As a centerpiece, a kewpie bridal party in pink and green on a plateau surrounded by sweet peas and fern was used.

The guests then gathered in the drawing room where toasts were drunk to the bride-elect.

Mrs. John LeGory, in her own gracious and charming manner, presided as toastmistress. After Miss Spence's response to all the pretty toasts and good wishes of her friends present, Mrs. I. A. Daniels offered a toast to the visitors of our city, to which Mrs. Morris Worthington of Houston responded.

Then into the room came two dainty little maidens, Misses Carolyn Collins and Eleanor Welch, dressed as butterflies, drawing an express wagon piled high with gifts everyone of which will be of service many times in the bride's new home.

Amid much advice to the bride, laughter and badinage, came to an end a most delightful afternoon. A Guest.

We Have Waited 49 Years for This Hour.

Paris, June 23.—"We have waited forty-nine years for this moment," exclaimed Premier Clemenceau as he opened the dispatch announcing that Germany would sign the treaty, at the meeting of the council of three this afternoon. "For forty-nine years," he continued, "the mailed fist of the reitre (German trooper) who has governed Germany has menaced the world. Whether the man's name was Bismarck or William II, it was still the same reitre of the middle ages surrounded by soldiery and drunk with pride.

"Be careful; keep your powder dry. Be careful. Remind the world that it is living on a barrel of that powder.

"This reitre's dogma is that might is right, that a state's only obligation is its own interest, that treaties do not exist when they clash with the interest of the state, and get rich by any means. We know from witnesses who were at the side of William II that when he learned of the Sarajevo tragedy, he who posed as a conspirator of the peace cried:

"The hour has struck. Now we shall see what an army is."

PEACE TREATY SIGNING FRIDAY

Bitterness of the Hun Leaders Is Still Evident in Speeches.

By Associated Press.—Friday afternoon probably will witness at Versailles the signing by Germany of the peace treaty of the allied and associated powers.

The German plenipotentiaries, armed with authority to affix their signature to the document which is, in a measure, to rehabilitate Germany in the eyes of the greater part of the world as no longer an enemy power, are due to arrive in Versailles Friday morning.

Herr Mueller, foreign minister in the new cabinet of Herr Bauer, is expected to be the chief German plenipotentiary. Dr. Haniel von Haimhausen, who was to have signed the treaty for Germany, having resigned from the peace delegation, not desiring to have the onus of sealing the compact to the terms of which he and other high members of the government object fall on his shoulders.

Even the new premier in Germany continues to express indignation over Germany being compelled to meet the allied terms. In his latest address before the national assembly at Weimar, Bauer is quoted as having said:

"Let us sign, but it is our hope that to the last breath this attempt against our honor may one day recoil against its authors."

The sinking of the German fleet in the Scapa Flow by the skeleton crews of Germans aboard them is being investigated by order of the council of three composed of Premiers Clemenceau, David Lloyd George and President Wilson; the idea of the investigation is to ascertain if the armistice terms were violated by the Germans. The French minister of marine says France will require complete reparation from Germany.

The council has resumed its work on the provisions of the Austrian treaty which were not included in that part of the document recently handed the Austrian delegation at St. Germain. It is expected that the treaty will be speedily concluded.

The Turkish delegation has sent to the council of ten a detailed memorandum of the requests made in behalf of Turkey. Turkey's willingness to recognize the independence of Armenia and a suggestion to grant a sort of autonomous government to Palestine and Arabia under Turkish governors were made known in the memorandum.

Thrift Message Week.

Dallas, Tex., June 25.—Banks, postoffices and authorized agents for the sale of govern-

ment war savings stamps are stocking up now for the heavy demand anticipated during Thrift Message week, June 29 to July 6. While thrift messengers are persuading more people to join the savings movement and enroll in savings societies, the members of the savings societies already organized will keep busy, talking thrift and taking orders for thrift and war savings stamps.

Thrift Message week is a district-wide affair. The governors of Texas, New Mexico, Louisiana and Oklahoma have all issued Thrift Message Week proclamations, calling upon the people of the respective states to join in its observance and pointing out the wisdom of investing in thrift and war savings stamps. Every mayor in the district will issue a thrift message to the inhabitants of his city and many of them will send thrift messages by Boy Scouts to the mayors of neighboring cities.

Every bell will ring and every whistle will blow at 10 o'clock morning and at 4 o'clock each afternoon during Thrift Message week, stores and banks will have thrift window displays, posters and chalked signs will be seen on every hand and thrift message slides will be shown in practically every motion picture theatre in the district.

The postmasters of the district already have new War Savings stamp signs up, and the vast majority of them have informed district headquarters that they are expecting to sell more Thrift and War Savings during Thrift Message week than in any previous week of the year.

Buy War savings stamps every day during Thrift Message week.

Theatre Party.

Of the many pretty affairs for Miss Julia Spence, none was prettier or more enjoyable than the theatre party given by Mrs. C. N. Corry and Mrs. Hortense Sweet, Tuesday evening, June 17.

After spending a while enjoying the pictures the guests were invited to Bishop Drug Co.'s where refreshments were served. The tables were prettily decorated for the occasion.

Those enjoying the hospitality were Misses Julia Spence, Louise Denny, Grace Collins, Nina Collins, Emma Craddock, Grace Denny, Nell Beasley, Leslie Vann Sams, Margaret Spence, Alice Wilcox, Bella Lipscomb, Lillie Belle Hail, Sue Denny, Anna Belle Collins, Katie Chamberlain; Beth Lundy, Mary Aldrich; Mesdames Jno. LeGory, Thos. B. Collins; Messrs. W. A. Collins and H. H. Arledge. M. L. C.

Dance Monday Night.

Complimenting the city's visitors, a dance was given in Bromberg Hall Monday evening by that part of Crockett's people who appreciate and enjoy the rhythm of music and dancing. Lovelady was well and ably represented, about five couples of young people coming from that town. The music was by Thayer's dance orchestra of five pieces, an orchestra brought from Houston. A program of sixteen numbers was enjoyed between the hours of 9 p. m. and 2 a. m. The hall was decorated in the national colors with an arch of electric lights encircling overhead. Fruit punch was served throughout the evening, which proved an acceptable and cooling refreshment between dances.

UPHOLDS THE RIGHT TO STORE BOOZE

Amendment Carrying Penalty For Possession of Liquor Voted Down.

Washington, June 24.—A man's right to store liquor in his home for the long dry period after July 1 stood up today against an attack on that provision of the prohibition enforcement bill before the house judiciary committee.

Near the end of an all-day session the committee voted down an amendment which would have made it unlawful for a citizen to have liquor in his possession, struck out a section which would have prevented "use" by a citizen of liquor in his private dwelling and decided that in the matter of general enforcement there would be no difference between wartime and constitutional prohibition.

Even with these and other changes the bill as it will be reported out to-morrow or Thursday is considered as all-embracing. So drastic are its provisions members of the committee said that while a man may put a keg of beer in his cellar, he may be convicted and fined if, for instance, he wears a watch fob on which there is a picture of the keg as an advertisement.

The principal fight before the committee was over the question of the right of home storage. Representative Morgan of Oklahoma, republican, endeavored to have stricken out the section reading that "it shall not be unlawful to possess liquor in one's private dwelling while the same is occupied and used by him only as his dwelling."

Ardent prohibitionists on the committee voted against the Morgan proposal for the reason, they said, that nothing was to be gained by enacting a law so drastic. Prohibition members supported an amendment eliminating the proviso that the liquor must be obtained and placed in storage prior to date the act would become effective. As amended, the section reads:

"That such liquor need not be reported, provided the burden of showing that possession is legal is upon the possessor."

Representative Gard of Ohio, democrat, led the fight to strike from the bill the word "use" as applied to the right of home consumption. His motion to amend also included the striking out of the words "give away," "receive" and "possess," but the committee insisted that these should stand.

Seventh to Ratify Suffrage.

Harrisburg, Pa., June 24.—Pennsylvania Tuesday became the seventh State to ratify the woman suffrage amendment.

Belgium is to have priority in reparation to be paid by Germany to the extent of 2,500,000,000 francs. Formal approval has been given this decision.

Some Postscripts.

Japan, which is rapidly advancing electrically, now has nearly 700 central station systems, 530 power and light systems, 42 railways and 43 combined railway and lighting systems.

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**AUTOMOBILE TOPS, BACKS
AND CUSHIONS**

Jno. R. Foster

Millions of Men

have used modern and sanitary methods of shaving for years. Other millions learned the lesson during service in the recent war. This advancement has been largely due to

The Safety Razor

You can't make a mistake in buying any of the well-known makes which have won an international reputation. Buy one now and join the ranks of clean-faced men, who start each day with a shave.

Everything else in Shaving Supplies may be had here at fair prices.

BISHOP DRUG COMPANY

Prompt Service Store—Two Phones: 47 and 140

We - Practice - Professional - Pharmacy

Home from Germany.

Arlidge Brashears of Grape-land, William Harrison of Kennard, Frank Shields of Belott and other Houston county boys have returned this week from Camp Travis, where they were demobilized. They were members of the 90th Division and served with the army of occupation in Germany.

Family Reunion.

Mrs. J. C. Lansford, son and daughter of Tyler; Mrs. J. B. Carothers and daughter of Dallas; Mrs. Claud Jones and daughter of Dallas; Miss Grace Moore of Tyler; G. L. Moore of Port Arthur; John I. Moore Jr., back from France and the army, were here last week, forming a family reunion at the home of the father, Mr. John I. Moore.

Coming Home.

The following Houston county boys of the 360th Infantry, 90th Division, have returned to their homes from Camp Travis, where they were discharged:

- Howard Dillon.
- Joe Graybill.
- John S. Roberts.
- Joe Frizzell.
- George T. Walker.
- T. R. Aldrich.
- Leon Hager.
- Walter C. Gainey.

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I will buy your vendor lien notes—loan you money on long time. No delay—fifteen years right here—you can talk it to me direct. Land for sale in large or small tracts, and I sell the best Life Insurance contract—The Aetna. Let me explain it to you.

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CROCKETT, TEXAS

Linen Shower.

The Jas. S. Shivers home was the scene of a charming hospitality, when Mrs. Shivers entertained with a reception and linen shower for Miss Julia Spence.

The guests were greeted by Mrs. T. J. Waller. Mrs. John LeGory and Mrs. C. H. Jones introduced them to the receiving line, which, beginning with Mrs. Shivers, was composed of the bridal party and visitors, among the latter being Mrs. Morris Worthington, who is a guest in the home.

The guests were treated to several musical numbers and recitations. Those assisting in this entertainment were Mesdames, Morris Worthington, John LeGory, A. M. Decuir, D. O. Kiesling, Misses Alice Wilcox, Jen-

nie McLean, Inez Jones, Dorothy E. Shivers, Alta Stokes, Katie King and Mary Frank Smith. Mrs. Thos. B. Collins and Mrs. E. C. Arledge had charge of the arrangement of the program.

Mrs. T. E. Callier and Mrs. B. F. Dent invited the guests to the dining room where the following young ladies served an ice course: Misses Dorothy E. Shivers, Inez Jones, Sarah Sue Denny, Mary Denny and Katherine Spence and Mesdames A. A. Aldrich, R. C. Stokes and Wess Shivers also assisted.

Miss Ruth Warfield presided over the register. In the library the many beautiful gifts of linen were on display.

Altogether it was a lovely affair, and the bride's friends were glad of the opportunity to once more show their love for her and for their hostess. A Guest.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Mrs. J. D. Driskill is visiting relatives in Hillsboro.

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

W. H. Denny Jr. of Houston was here Sunday and Monday.

Mrs. D. F. Arledge and son have returned from a visit to Dallas.

Robert Fredericks of Tennessee is visiting Mr. and Mrs. S. M. Monzingo.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable, money quick. See J. S. French, Crockett, Texas. tf.

Lost—Hub cap from Elgin car. Finder will be rewarded for his trouble by returning same to N. L. Asher. It.

Mrs. Bricker is leaving the store for remainder of the season Saturday. Hats going regardless of cost. It.

Mrs. W. N. Lipscomb, wife of Lieutenant Lipscomb, will sing the solo at the Methodist church Sunday morning.

Walter E. Hester has returned from Fort Ringgold, where he served on the border as a member of a U. S. army truck company.

Strayed.

Taken up on the 6th day of June, one black mare, 10 years old, branded L on left shoulder. Owner can have same by paying for this notice and other expenses. W. H. Holcomb Jr., St.* Augusta, Texas.

Home from France.

Hunter Warfield has returned from Camp Bowie, Fort Worth, where he received his discharge. Hunter was a member of the 36th Division, Texas and Oklahoma national guardsmen, recently demobilized at Camp Bowie.

Alton W. Jeffus passed thru Crockett Thursday en route home on a 30-day farm furlough. He is training as a sailor at the United States Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Illinois, and came home to help his father, I. L. Jeffus of Lovelady, with his crop.

My home in West Crockett, consisting of two acres of land and twelve lots, six room house, good barn, garden, orchard, etc., for sale cheap. Prefer not to give possession before August 1. If interested, call at Moore & Ellis' office. Terms if desired. St. C. M. Ellis.

The Knights of Pythias Lodge of Crockett banquetted its membership in Eichelberger Hall on Friday evening of last week. The affair was an event of no small importance in the life of this popular lodge in Crockett. Hon. B. F. Dent served as toast master, and the responses were brilliant, effusive and appropriate.

Beautiful Home Dance.

Honoring the house-party guests of her daughter, Mrs. Byrde E. Wooters entertained with a dance in her beautiful home on Church street Friday evening of last week. Engraved invitations announced in advance the coming of this most pleasurable event. Dancing began at 9 o'clock and continued until 2 in the morning. The dainty programs were embossed with the young hostess's initials and contained ten numbers with the usual run of extras. The young daughter of the house, Miss Delha Mildred Wooters, assisted her mother in her accustomed charming and graceful way. The evening was one of the most enjoyable of this season's social gayeties. Fruit punch was served throughout the evening and delightful ice cream and cake at intermission. The music was by Guberman's dance orchestra of Houston.

Try Courier advertisers.



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A nice stylish dining room reflects hospitality and good taste. Attractive furnishings make the meals more enjoyable.

Complete Suites or Separate Pieces

Sometimes a nice rich buffet or a fancy china closet or a handy serving table adds just the touch you need. We can also supply complete dining room sets in any finish desired.

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THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES IN EXTRA MILEAGE FROM GASOLINE.

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THEY PAY FOR THEMSELVES OVER AND OVER AGAIN IN THE COMFORT THEY GIVE YOU.

TOWERY MOTOR COMPANY
Agent for Houston County.

DAY LIGHT-SAVING COMES TO AN END ON OCTOBER 26

SENATE AND HOUSE REPEAL WAR TIME MEASURE AFTER SHORT DEBATES.

Washington, June 18.—Doom of the daylight saving, inaugurated as a war measure, was pronounced Wednesday by congress, both senate and house adopting by overwhelming vote measures to terminate operation of the law when the period of summer time ends, October 26.

The house, following three hours' debate by a vote of 233 to 132, passed a bill to repeal the law on the last Sunday in next October, but rejected an amendment to make the repeal effective at once.

The senate, by a vote of 56 to 6, after brief discussions, added a rider to the agricultural appropriation bill providing for repeal of the daylight measure on the same date fixed by the house bill.

The senate measure now goes to conference with the agricultural bill and the house bill is to be sent to the senate. It was considered likely that senate amendments will finally be submitted for the house measure.

Members of both senate and house, in advocating repeal of the law enacted March 19, 1918, said they were guided largely by wishes of farmers and laboring men who oppose the advanced working hours during the spring and summer. Opponents of the repeal legislation declared the extra hour of daylight was a boon to city dwellers, and asserted that others easily could adjust their affairs to conform to the advanced clock schedule.

Senate discussion was confined virtually to addresses by Senator LaFollette, republican, of Wisconsin, champion of the repeal rider; and Senator Calder, republican, of New York, author of the daylight law.

Attorney General Turns Sharply on Accusers at Committee Hearing.

Washington, June 20.—Attorney General Palmer, at the first public hearing in the fight to prevent confirmation by the senate of his appointment, turned sharply today upon his accusers and boldly charged that they were aligned with German interests in a concerted attempt to discredit his administration as alien property custodian.

During the year and a half he was in charge of the office, Mr. Palmer declared, he had been denounced by every enemy alien and every friend and attorney of every enemy alien in this country, and that in Berlin he was characterized "as the official American pickpocket." It would be shown, he told the committee, that the particular charges designated against him were not based on the ground that he had

sold enemy plants at too low a price, but that he had sold them to Americans who had turned them to profitable account.

Committee in Snarl.

For nearly five hours the senate judiciary subcommittee conducting an open inquiry at the request of the attorney general was in a continual snarl. For two hours a crowd that was kept on edge by the tense feeling breaking out at intervals witnessed the remarkable spectacle of an attorney general of the United States defending his record and slashing at his enemies before a senate committee meeting, sitting on his fitness for place in the cabinet.

The bitter feeling that broke at the beginning remained to the end, the meeting closing abruptly and in disorder, with the announcement by Chairman Dillingham that another session would be held tomorrow to determine further procedure and summon witnesses asked for by the complainants. There was a strong belief at the capitol tonight that no further hearings of consequence would be held and that the committee would recommend confirmation of Mr. Palmer's nomination.

Bitterness Displayed.

The first evidence of bitterness was displayed at the very outset when Senator Walsh, democrat, of Montana, charged Merton E. Lewis, former attorney general of New York, with deceiving the committee last week through failure to quote all of the sections of the law bearing on the right of the alien property custodian to seize enemy property. Mr. Lewis, who is counsel for Harvey T. Andrews, the principal complainant, frankly stated he had been in error and that he had come prepared to offer his apologies. Senator Walsh retorted that while he accepted the statement without reservation, Mr. Lewis should realize that the committee hereafter could not rely on anything he said.

Consequently during the presentation by Mr. Lewis of documentary evidence he clashed with Mr. Palmer, and no effort apparently was made by either to conceal his feeling of hostility. During his long and at times dramatic recital the attorney general stood with hair disheveled, while his voice, thrown to high pitch, reached far down the corridors.

Two Ellington Field Flyers Are Killed at Del Rio, Texas.

San Antonio, Texas, June 20.—Two army aviators whose names could not be learned were killed, and two planes of a squadron flying from Ellington Field, Houston, Texas, to the Texas border were wrecked today at Del Rio, Texas, according to a long distance message from there tonight.

The death of the two aviators occurred when they were starting a flight to El Paso. Spectators said the machine apparently caught fire in the air and the observer fell or jumped out, receiving injuries from which he died shortly afterward. The pilot, strapped in the machine, was burned beyond recognition. The second accident occurred when another plane, attempting to rise, overturned. A third plane, the message said, was wrecked while making a landing yesterday.

UNCLE SAM PLANS BARGAIN SALES IN SILKS FOR LADIES

HAS 17,000,000 YARDS OF CARTRIDGE CLOTH PREPARED FOR MILITARY USE.

Washington, June 20.—Silk which the war department had intended for cartridge packing to be used in fighting the Germans may soon adorn the women of America.

Plans of the department, through its sales organization, announced today, are to sell 17,000,000 yards of this cartridge cloth in the condition in which it was prepared for military use, but which can be processed and offered to the American public as silk fabric suitable for dress goods, suitings, tapestries and other uses requiring a silk texture of heavy warp. The cloth will be offered for sale under sealed proposals and bids will be asked for within a few days.

In the condition in which it was prepared for military use cartridge cloth is a gray, gummy material resembling burlap. Simple processes convert it to a smooth fabric of the color and texture of pongee or silk palm beach cloth, which will dye fast and print plainly.

Though being of heavy texture, it lacks the sheen of the silk gown, but it is as pure material. It was spun by the same mulberry-fed worm and unwound from the same cocoons from which the finer threads woven into lighter fabrics are obtained. This cartridge cloth was acquired by the war department as casing for the propellant charge for projectiles fired by heavy artillery. It was to be made into bags into which the powder and other high explosives used in guns of more than six-inch caliber were placed.

The ordnance program, based on the needs of the American expeditionary forces with a full compliment of artillery called for 6,000,000 yards of silk a month. Orders for large quantities of the ordnance silk were placed with the larger silk manufacturing companies of the United States, and silk in its raw state was brought from the groves of Japan, China and India. The singing of the armistice on November 11 last found the ordnance department with approximately a three months' supply of cartridge cloth on hand.

The silk experts of the ordnance department, under the general supervision of the director of sales office immediately turned their attention to the development of the methods for the conversion of the cartridge cloth to commercial uses. The bureau of standards was called upon to make an analysis of the cloth which proved that the fabric was silk of high tensile strength. A simple experiment demonstrated that the gum and oil could be completely removed by boiling the cloth a sufficient length of time. Dye tests proved the material could be placed on the market in all shades and colors demanded by the public taste, and print mills turned out samples stamped with clearly defined friezes and other figures popular in tapestries.

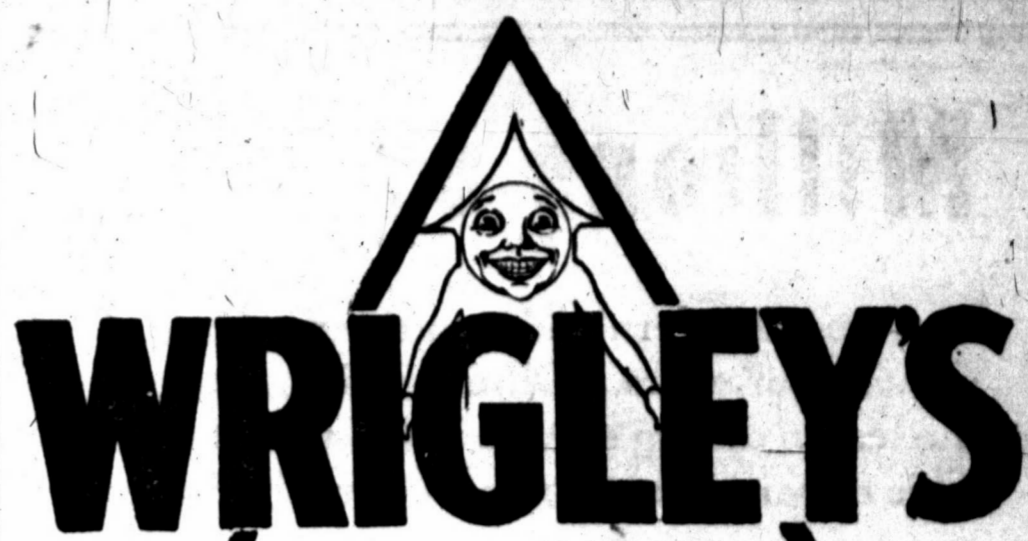
Commercial Club Was Organized Monday Night.

Colonel H. A. Fisher of Crockett came here Monday night, to present the Crockett plan of organization, which is as nearly perfect as can be made in the way of a commercial club. Colonel Fisher made a very forceful talk, and being fired by the inspiration of his success, he made the points that struck home with our people, and as a result much interest is shown and great things are to be undertaken in the near future.

It is well to state right here that Colonel Fisher perfected the plan of town and country co-operation all with his own ideas, and they were so nearly perfect that the state agricultural commissioner, Hon. F. W. Davis, asked Colonel Fisher to come to Austin and explain the plan to the department. After much discussion, Colonel Fisher was employed by the state to make visits to various towns and organize the people of the town and country into working order, on the Crockett plan, and Trinity was selected as the first place to test it. It is a fertile field for the experiment, as we have not been spoiled by any "force of habit" in any kind of commercial organization, for we have had none of long duration to form any such habits. It is not for lack of material, but we have needed just such a man as Colonel Fisher to make frequent trips here and keep us in working togs.

The Crockett plan, briefly stated is, first—to get the town and country people thoroughly organized; then make it the town people's business to remove obstacles that hinder the country people from coming to town; in other words, make facilities for them better, such as good roads, etc. Second, create or find a market for all surplus products, which the farmers have for sale, and look after their welfare in general, in so many details it would be impossible to enumerate here.

One of the greatest objections that has been found by country people coming to Trinity to do their trading, is the fact that no provision has ever been made for their comfort, in the way of a lady's rest room, but the



All three brands sealed in air-tight packages. Easy to find—

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The Flavor Lasts

newly organized commercial club has just about reached the point where it will be looked after. Mr. W. A. Bell (whom the Tribune considers one of the best business men in the city) has agreed, after much persuasion, to accept the office of temporary secretary, and he has already secured the I. N. Parker building for that purpose. The part of the building that will be used for a rest room is the portion formerly occupied by Mrs. Johnson's millinery store. The rest room will possibly be turned over to the care of the Civic League.

The rest room will be fixed up right away, lights and water will be put in, and the place equipped with seats, mirrors, basins, etc.

Of course, it would be impossible to secure the services of a man as secretary who has as many business interests to occupy his time, as that of Mr. W. A. Bell who, as we stated before, has agreed to take the place temporarily, but it would be indeed a fortunate thing for the city if Mr. Bell could be persuaded to do so. Possibly no man in this territory understands the soils of the country, or the agricultural strength of same and the various products to which it is adapted than does Mr. Bell, being naturally interested and well versed in agricultural matters, as well as business affairs, these connections equipping him well for the place.

Now, the thing which should be impressed very strongly upon the public—riveted in the minds of the people—is the fact that this organization

is not for business men only—it is for the men of Trinity, men of the country around Trinity; women of town and country alike.—Trinity Tribune.

Buys 40 Million Yards of Linen for Four Million Pounds.

London, June 20.—What is believed to be the largest one-man deal since signing the armistice was concluded Thursday when L. J. Martin purchased from the aircraft disposal department 40,000,000 yards of fine linen for £4,000,000.

The linen is of the very best quality, and was made to cover the wings of airplanes and can be used for clothing, household linen, handkerchiefs, etc. The deal represents three years normal supply. Martin intends to sell the linen to the British public at prices under those at which Belfast can manufacture it, and the surplus will be sold in allied and neutral countries.

Martin, who is 37 years old, is a Cornishman, and started in business as an engineer when he was 18 years old with £200 capital. One of his deals was the importation of 63,000 oil engines from America for the development of English agriculture.

After long experimenting an Italian scientist has succeeded in making felt and cloth from spun glass for use as insulating material in storage bat-

Drink **Coca-Cola** DELICIOUS and REFRESHING

The taste is the test of Coca-Cola quality. The flavor is the quality itself.

Nobody has ever been able to successfully imitate it, because its quality is indelibly registered in the taste of the American public.

Demand the genuine by full name—nicknames encourage substitution.



THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Sold Everywhere

Coolidge Druggist Recommends

Admirine "The Body Builder"

"In speaking a few words about Admirine tonic, I will say that it is in a class by itself. There is no one who knows more about the results received from it than I do. I have found it to be the best medicine in the world for what it is recommended."

"Several years ago my wife took a high fever, and her temperature ran up to 105 degrees. All the medicine the three doctors gave her failed to do her any good. I commenced giving her Admirine tonic. The first dose began running down the fever, and after taking it a few days she was completely cured. If it had not been for Admirine she would have died."

"When I was located in Marquez, Texas, after I had sold Admirine to a few of my customers, they would then do the selling, as the results were so satisfactory that they told their friends about it," writes B. P. Wallace, druggist, Coolidge, Texas.

If your system is all run down, take Admirine, "The Body Builder." Sold on a guarantee.

For Sale by **BAKER & CASTLEBERG** Manufactured by Eucaline Medicine Co., Dallas, Texas

BORDER COUNTRY SEES CONDITIONS OF GRAVE MENACE

Reports to the Adjutant General of Texas Indicate Bandits Are Ready for Forays.

Austin, Texas, June 21.—That conditions on the border are critical is amply evidenced by the reports which have been made to the adjutant general's department; some by the rangers and others by individuals.

It is true that there are 20,000 federal troops stationed along the border between Laredo and Yuma; but it is also true that they are all on the American side and that there are a lot of Americans on the Mexican side who are not within range of the rifles possessed by the 20,000 soldiers.

It was upon this situation as a whole that Governor Hobby recently tendered the Texas cavalry to the federal government; for if the federal troops are to be used as they have in the recent past it is quite probable that there will be occasion for a very greatly enlarged force within a short time to protect the border.

Because of diplomatic reasons, the names of those making the reports are held confidential. There might be serious consequences to some of them and this is not desired. But this correspondent has seen all of the originals of the reports and knows them to be fully authentic.

So far as Mexican politics is concerned, the fact that Angeles has joined with Villa has materially strengthened that rebel and is bringing to him a great number of recruits; for Angeles is said to have the confidence of the Mexicans of Northern Mexico and to be the strongest man by far in the public estimation.

Hobby's Action.

The refusal of Governor Hobby to permit the transportation of Mexican troops across Texas to be used against Villa was deemed by the rebels of the north to show that the American policy was to be one of permitting the Mexicans to fight out their own destiny; and the fact that later federal troops have been sent across the border is not substantiation of that theory.

In taking the action he did, Governor Hobby was guided by the opinion of men who had an intimate knowledge of the Mexican situation, plus the confidential reports made to the adjutant general's department and his own knowledge and opinion of the consequences of his action, whether in permitting or refusing the passage of the troops.

Along the border there are many wandering bands of bandits who have a loose adherence to one or another of the rebel chiefs; but whose methods do not contemplate any responsibility on the part of the chief. There are many satol distilleries; and when these wandering bands of peons get filled with ardent liquor they are not to be restrained by even the fear of death.

Are the Raiders.

These fellows are the raiders. Inspired with liquor, fired with hatred, they cross the border, murderous in intent, wanton in their destructive instinct and with small fear in their system; for they have lost, when they start, the cunning which usually keeps them out of danger.

It can never be forecast by even the greatest watchfulness as to where these bands will strike. They have carried terror into more than one settlement on the Texas side; and their victims have been numerous.

It is these fellows who keep the rangers on the jump. Many of them

know the border country well. They know where there are Mexicans on this side who either sympathize with or who, through fear and in the hope of saving their own skins, will give them both information and succor; and they don't care what the actuating impulse may be so they secure what they desire.

These distilleries also form a basis for much smuggling; and the liquor which is brought across adds to the crisis which impends, for there are those on this side of the river who only need a bit of encouragement like that to imagine that they came from the other side and to start something. Not a great many of these fellows are left, however, as they were pretty well cleaned out during 1915 and 1916, when scores of them were driven across the border by the people of the border counties.

Carranza Helpless.

So far as the northern counties are concerned, Carranza is helpless. The reports agree upon that statement. He has not the confidence of any one, not even the men in his army. Carranza makes no effort to save at Presidio and Juarez. The rest of the country is left open to Villa and his organized forces; and to the other forces which claim adherence to him, but which yield no direct fealty to him—that is, who are really bandits hiding under the banner of the rebel.

The chief trouble for Villa and Angeles is their lack of ammunition; and if they could solve that problem they would soon have a much larger force. But there has been an effectual blockade on cartridges—and that is why Juarez was of such considerable importance at this time.

Villa has plenty of friends on the Texas and New Mexico side of the line who would supply him with ammunition if they could; but it is a difficult matter. Some of these friends would do it for political reasons, some for pure friendship and some for mercenary motives; but all appear to be unable to get across any considerable quantity of ammunition—not nearly as much as the rebels figure they require.

One Reason for Peace.

That is one reason why there have not been more raids, in all probability. The rebels fear to tip off their points where they are getting ammunition through by smuggling. Cartidges being of prime necessity, they are sparing of them. Nor are the roaming bandits apparently very well supplied with ammunition.

Carranza is giving no credit for this to the American government; and is apparently doing all he can to inflame the Mexican mind against Americans. At least, he is given the discredit for it. In one report it is directly charged that he endeavors to bring about outrages toward Americans and their property and to have them charged against Villa, this being good Mexican politics. However, no specific instances of this sort are given.

The army officers are depending upon the co-operation of the rangers at times; and again are not. The rangers are making regular reports and are kept constantly on the alert to forestall raids. But there is reason to believe from the reports in hand that affairs on the border are in such shape that it is going to require very great diligence and real efficiency to preserve the people of that section from greater trouble—and right now they are having much more trouble than they should be required to bear.

They are not getting the protection to which they are entitled as citizens of the United States to seek happiness and to sleep in peace.

Interesting Piano Recital.

This appreciation from Austin of Mrs. Katherine B. Peebles, who was Miss Kittie Buford, will be of interest to her many friends, and those of her aunt, Mrs. John Stuart, from whom she received her early musical education.

The following criticism of the musical event of the week; Mrs. Peebles' recital is written by Professor Frank L. Reed, (director of music at the University of Texas.)

Mrs. Katherine Buford Peebles of the faculty of the East Texas Conservatory of Music at Tyler, was heard in a piano recital at Gregg House on Tuesday evening. Mrs. Peebles was engaged by some of the music teachers of Austin, to hold examinations in piano playing and pass on the high school students who have been working for music credits.

The piano recital was a complimentary to the teachers and their invited guests and was quite delightfully informal. Mrs. Peebles displayed a fully developed and ample technical equipment for the demands of her varied program, which comprised three groups of pieces, a dance group and a Liszt and a Chopin group.

From the standpoint of execution, they were all equally well played and in their totality covered a wide variety of keyboard technic and musical expression. From both points of view, the first two groups were perhaps, the most satisfactory. Out of the Liszt group Mrs. Peebles got all they contain. Musically they seem hardly worth the trouble when there are so many beautiful works by Liszt that are equally grateful to the pianist—every one of the old dance pieces was delightful from every point of view. Musical music, decisive rhythm, variety of tone color, light and shade and technical ingenuity and skill were all present, and Mrs. Peebles demonstrated the substantial qualities of her musicianship by her performance of this group. The Scharwenka Minuet

"Procrastination Is the Thief of Time"

AN ADAGE OLD AS THE HILLS AND STILL RINGS TRUE

Time saved is money made, provided you utilize the time toward well-directed effort. This can be applied to the work you have in hand and now—right now—in the opportunity offered to save you money in the purchase of good, high-class, standard Shoes at far below their market value. Don't delay—the big shipment of shoes heretofore announced are going fast and won't last long. Get busy, come and select you a pair or so and you will join the ever-growing number of satisfied customers of

The Bromberg Store

WHERE BUSINESS IS ALWAYS GOOD

AID FOR HIGHWAY BUILDING COMES TO PRESENT LIMIT

COMMISSION SAYS IT CAN'T ADVANCE ANY MORE FUNDS TO ANY COUNTY.

Austin, Texas, June 21.—The State highway commission has come to a standstill in the matter of granting counties more financial assistance in constructing State highways. According to R. N. Hubbard, chairman of the commission, it has granted both State and federal aid to the various counties even beyond the money available. "It has come to a point," said Mr. Hubbard, "where it is a physical

impossibility to grant any further aid to the counties until more money is available. We dislike to take this step, but find it absolutely necessary in view of the fact that the entire allotment of federal aid has been distributed. Also the State aid available from the federal government, including next year's money to the amount of \$16,091,245.04, and out of this sum there has been allotted by the commission \$15,991,169.68, leaving a balance of approximately \$100,000 for emergencies.

"In the case of State aid, the conditions are no more encouraging in view of the fact that there has been allotted to date \$2,586,766.86. In spite of the fact that there is only a balance in the State treasury to the credit of the highway department of \$1,579,696.64, it will be seen that there is a deficit this year of over \$1,000,000. It is presumed, however, that this money can not be spent this year and that next year's income from the registration of automobiles will take care of this allotment."

Calls Underestimated.

It was thought at one time by the commission that many of the grants of aid would not be called for by the counties, due to the fact that their bond issues would fail, or for some other unforeseen condition, so that they would be unable to avail themselves of the aid. This has not proven the case, however, except in a few instances. Almost without exception the counties have voted their bond issues, making it necessary that the commission assume no further obligations, as it is apparent that practically all of the money allotted will be called.

The aid which has been granted by the commission is divided among 160 counties. The amount which the various counties have received is based on the number of conditions, but in all cases it is necessary for the county to set aside sufficient funds together with the aid they receive to construct the road according to the plans and specifications. Due consideration is always given where the ratio of the bonds voted to the assessed valuation is high. Much of the work under these allotments is under way, as is shown by the vouchers paid monthly by the commission. These amounts have been rising gradually each month until at present they average approximately \$100,000 per month, depending upon the weather and labor conditions. It is expected that these monthly payments will continue to rise in amount as more contracts are let.

At End of Tether.

It is apparent that a strenuous effort will be made to have congress provide more money toward the construction of highways. This, however, is in a formative stage and could not be relied upon by the highway commission to extend more aid.

"Should a law be enacted by congress or by the State legislature to provide more funds for the construction of highways it will then be possible," said Mr. Hubbard, "for the highway commission to make further allotments, but as the matter now stands, this is an impossibility, much as we would like to do it."

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Nature's Gift to Suffering Humanity.

A natural mineral deposit and very effective antiseptic.

In powder form for cancers, piles, running sores, flesh cuts, burns, all skin diseases.

In liquid form for indigestion, chronic dyspepsia, impoverished blood, general debility, kidney trouble, rheumatism.

Should be kept in every household for emergencies.

READ WHAT OTHERS SAY ABOUT SAXA.

To Whom It May Concern:

This is to certify that I have been permanently cured of a case of bloody protruding piles of 12 years' standing by Rogers' mineral (now known as Saxa) within 10 days of first application.

(Signed) Louis Fries,
West Texas Division Mgr., Pierce
Fordyce Oil Assn.

I have used Rogers' mineral earth (now known as Saxa) in my family for sore feet, and know that it possesses curative properties. Personally, I know of numerous cures it has brought in this city and section, where parties were suffering with cancerous and other sores. Respectfully,
John Brooks.

For sale in Crockett by Crockett Drug Co., Bishop Drug Co.

SAXA PRODUCTS COMPANY
Houston, Texas.

FEELING BLUE? LIVER LAZY? TAKE A CALOTAB

Wonderful How Young and Energetic You Feel After Taking This Nauseless Calomel Tablets.

If you have not tried Calotabs you have a delightful surprise awaiting you. The wonderful liver-cleansing and system-purifying properties of calomel may now be enjoyed without the slightest unpleasantness. A Calotab at bedtime with a swallow of water—that's all. No taste, no salts, nor the slightest unpleasant effects. You wake up in the morning feeling so good that you want to laugh about it. Your liver is clean, your system is purified, your appetite hearty. Eat what you wish—no danger. The next time you feel lazy, mean, nervous, blue or discouraged give your liver a thorough cleansing with a Calotab. They are so perfect that your druggist is authorized to refund the price as a guarantee that you will be delighted.

Calotabs are sold only in original, sealed packages. Price thirty-five cents. At all drug stores. Advt.

CRAWFORD'S \$10,000 FEE HOLDS SPOTLIGHT

Legislative Committee Investigates Release of State's Option on Blue Ridge Farm.

Houston, Tex., June 20.—The fee of \$10,000 paid by Bassett Blakely of Houston to Walter Crawford of Beaumont for legal services in connection with the release of the state's option on the Blue Ridge farm was in the spotlight of the investigation being conducted here by a legislative committee today. The principal witness before the committee was S. R. Smith, law partner of Mr. Crawford. The committee completed its work this afternoon and will have its report ready for submission to the legislature at the session next week. Besides Mr. Smith, several witnesses were examined today as to the value of the Blue Ridge farm and of oil leases held in its vicinity.

When the committee met this morning, with Senator W. D. Suter as chairman, Mr. Smith was called as a witness. Answering questions from the members of the committee, he said that some time before oil was discovered on the Blue Ridge farm Mr. Crawford, his law partner and former campaign manager for Governor W. P. Hobby, came to him and told him he had been offered employment by Bassett Blakely in drawing up a release on the option held by the state on the Blue Ridge farm, and that it would mean a good fee. Mr. Smith said he understood that the contract had been agreed to verbally by Mr. Blakely, the governor and prison commissioners, and that Mr. Crawford was to simply draw up the papers.

"Don't you think that a fee of \$10,000 is rather large for the service that Mr. Crawford rendered?" asked Senator Paul Page, a member of the committee. "In other words, don't you think that Blakely paid Crawford for his influence rather than his legal services?"

"I don't feel that I can analyze Mr. Crawford's motive," replied the witness.

Explaining that he did not wish to embarrass the witness, the senator withdrew the question.

"I did not consider the acceptance of the fee as wrong," said Mr. Smith. "I understood that Mr. Crawford was simply to prepare some contracts to carry out an agreement that had been made already between the governor, the prison commissioners and Mr. Blakely. I did doubt the propriety

of the action, in that it might serve to throw suspicion around some public men. But I have been with Mr. Crawford for eighteen years and I consider him a highly honorable man. I feel certain that he had no knowledge that there was oil on the Blue Ridge farm when he asked the governor and the commissioners to sign the release contract."

"Mr. Smith, I have known Mr. Crawford for twenty-four years," said Senator Page. "He was a law classmate of mine. I mean nothing personal toward Mr. Crawford, but I want to set you right on the record. The facts in the evidence speak for themselves. The evidence is positive that on April 14 Mr. Crawford received information that oil had been struck at Blue Ridge and that he went by automobile to Huntsville. He tried for a long time to get the commissioners to sign the release. He persisted until Dick Winfrey showed him a telegram about the oil. I don't mind saying that I believe, on account of the relations existing between him and the governor, he should have told the governor at once there was oil at Blue Ridge."

"I am very much surprised to learn the facts as you state them," replied the witness. "I hadn't understood them that way."

Thomas Stone, an attorney representing Mr. Blakely, asked the witness if he thought it the duty of Mr. Blakely to act as guardian of the interests of the state when their interests were in direct conflict.

"As a matter of law I don't think it was his duty," replied Mr. Smith. "As a moral duty it is a close question."

Frightful Increase in Automobile Accidents at Railroad Crossings.

Statistics just issued by Regional Director B. F. Bush, in connection with recent activities of the railroads in the Southwestern Region, as concerning work of the Safety Section, United States Railroad Administration, show a most startling condition—one calculated to impress every thinking man with the urgent necessity for devising some effective means of stopping this unnecessary slaughter of human beings.

During the first 127 days of this year (January 1st to May 7th) on the twelve larger roads and eight of ten small or terminal lines comprising the Southwestern Region, there were 279 automobile accidents, the automobiles either striking or being struck by railroad trains—an average of over two a day, and in those 279 accidents, 30 people were killed and 180 injured—many of them seriously.

If this ratio is maintained for balance of the year (and as the number of automobiles in service is increasing every day, we have every reason to expect that the average for the year will be even higher) it means that there will have been in the year 1919, on this comparatively small group of Southwestern Railroads (which includes the Texas & Pacific, International & Great Northern Railroads, and other roads serving this immediate territory) 1100 automobile accidents, resulting in the killing of approximately 100 people, and the injuring of more than 500; and when it is borne in mind that a goodly portion of this slaughter could be avoided if automobile drivers would only exercise reasonable care in the matter of slowing down and making sure the way is clear before attempting to cross railroad tracks, the showing is all the more deplorable.

We understand that the railroads, thru their Safety organizations, and otherwise, are bending every energy towards the reduction of personal injuries, both among railroad employees and the public at large—at crossings, on trains, and everywhere else; and that wonderful results have been gotten, so far as railroad employees are concerned. During the month of May, just closed, there was conducted in this same Southwestern Region, a "No Accident Month" campaign, aimed especially at cutting down the injuries to rail employees—and the results, just compiled, show that the number of employees killed and injured was reduced from 1476 in May, 1918, to 621 in May this year—a reduction of 58 per cent, and while this is a greater reduction than in any other month so far, the records show that there has been a consistent and steady decrease in employees killed and injured each month; but the roads seem to be utterly helpless in this matter of killing and injuring outsiders in automobile accidents, for these are increasing steadily, and at a rate that is absolutely appalling.

The problem the railroads face is, first, to do all possible to guard against automobile accidents themselves, by training their employees to exercise extraordinary care in this respect (and a campaign along these lines is now being conducted) and then to devise some means of saving the public from themselves—from their own careless, reckless, thoughtless indifference to danger by inducing them to think, and to slow down and look before tackling grade crossings where they know trains are liable to be passing. And we are glad to co-operate with them in appealing to our people to take the above statistics to heart, pondering them and making sure there shall be no chance for their own automobile to be added to the already long list of cars colliding with trains in this territory.

WANTED—A representative salesman in every locality; men of sterling character; profitable employment assured. Get in immediate communication with Roy Brewer, 616 First National Bank Bldg., Houston, Texas. It.*



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Keep-Kool

The National Summer Suit for Men

"Keep-Kool" is our trademark; it is not a general trade term. Every "Keep-Kool" Suit has the label sewn under the collar.

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BAKER'S THEATRE

All High Class Photo Plays!

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Constance Talmadge, in "THE HONEY MOON"
Select Program
10 and 20 Cents.

FRIDAY

1st Episode of "Perils of Thunder Mountain"
Antonio Moreno and Carroll Holloway
"Misfits of Matrimony"—A big 2-reel V comedy.
Charlie Chaplin in a big laugh.
10 and 20 Cents.

SATURDAY

Matinee and Night
"HANDS UP" No. 11 with Ruth Roland, also a Mack Sennett Comedy
Nothing but fun and laughs.
War Review.
10 and 20 Cents.

MONDAY

Shirley Mason, in "GOOD-BYE BILL"
Its a Paramount Program
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TUESDAY

Special Program
Mary Pickford, in "LESS THAN DUST"
Don't miss this good feature!
No advance in price.
10 and 20 Cents.

WEDNESDAY

"DODGING A MILLION"
A real good comedy-drama.
Its a Goldwyn.
10 and 20 Cents.

Notice—The winner of the pass for the best best drawing of the diving bell will be announced at the theatre this Friday. See who's the winner of a pass for 15 weeks to see the great serial picture "Perils of Thunder Mountain."

Coming, July 7th—"When a Woman Strikes," featuring Rosemary Theby and Ben Wilson. Don't miss it.

NEW ATTITUDE OF UNITED STATES

War Department Prepares for an Invasion Should Rebels Attempt Vengeance for Defeat.

El Paso, June 21.—Interest in Mexican developments, which was beginning to wane after a week of excitement across the Rio Grande, was revived Saturday by the publication of an Associated Press dispatch from Washington outlining the new Mexican policy.

Carranza and Villa partisans were alarmed at the new attitude of the American government toward Mexico, and a courier was sent to Villa's camp as soon as the afternoon editions appeared containing the Washington dispatch. It was also sent to Juarez for the information of General Gonzales and his staff, and many mining companies having interests in Mexico telegraphed it to their representatives in the interior.

A prominent Mexican politician of the Carranza party, admitted that the change in attitude of the American state department toward Mexico was not a surprise and had been expected for some time. He denied, however, that Villa had the numerical strength credited him by the Washington government, adding that 5000 would probably be the total of his forces in the State of Chihuahua. Many of these men, he said, were unarmed and many more poorly armed and equipped. The federal army, he said, was rushing troops to the north. General Dieguez, commander of the northeastern military zone, was arranging for a campaign against Villa and had airplanes, motor trucks and American cavalry horses for his cavalry. Exploration trains were being operated out of Chihuahua City to the north, he said.

The Villa representative said the Washington dispatch contained the same information the Villa junta here had obtained, adding that President Carranza's family had been sent to the United States, and reports brought from the interior by Villa agents indicated a general feeling of unrest throughout the republic.

They Come High, But Women Must Have 'Em.

Washington, June 21.—Of course, it is unfair and rank discrimination, and if women had the vote or if Jean-

neatte Rankin hadn't been so busy running for United States senator out in Montana and had been attending to her duties in the house, it never would have happened.

Certainly everybody ought to know by this time that they are not a luxury and that all women have to wear them.

Some have to more than others, to be sure, and that is where the Indiana women are justified in charging that it is a "discrimination between small and slender persons and large or portly persons and, therefore, is a violation of the constitutional rights of citizens and a discrimination between citizens of an equal station in life based solely upon the physical size."

It is difficult to see how congress

could have made such a blunder. Any married man knows—especially if he pays the family bills—that his wife can't get them for \$5. Of course, if she happens to be very small or very slender, she might get them for that sum or even a trifle less, but for one with a tendency toward embonpoint, \$10 or \$12 is the lowest price on record. And when, too, as the women of Indiana point out, the slender reed of a woman does not really need them.

Senator "Jim" Watson of Indiana is a discreet man and model husband, and he may be counted upon to handle this matter without creating scandal. That is the reason why the 500 Hoosier women sent the petition to him.

Try Courier advertisers.

Which Is the Right Road?

That depends on where you are going. If you are in search of the freshest, cleanest and best line of groceries, the right road is the one that leads

STRAIGHT TO OUR STORE

You will find here just what you are looking for. It is our constant endeavor to supply our customers with the cream of the market in all lines. Don't be side-tracked. Come straight to us.

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Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

WHAT IS AN ADVERTISEMENT?

The word advertisement is derived from advert, which means "to turn the mind toward."

The purpose of advertising is usually to sell something—either service or merchandise. Advertising, therefore, is the art of selling through publicity.

The United States is the leading advertising nation of the world. The story of the success of its merchants and manufacturers through advertising reads "more like the tales of the Arabian Nights than the sober facts of the Twentieth Century."

Advertising helps to make a business successful. But advertising can not—will not, do it alone. The product must be right and the price must be right. These are first essentials.

Advertisement—noun—derived from the word advert—meaning "to turn the mind toward."

To turn the mind toward what? Trustworthy goods at trustworthy prices.

Don't miss the advertisements!

A newspaper in order to command a great influence must have a great individuality. That individuality may not always be at the front, but its force though latent must be where it can be called out on short notice. The Courier Journal is the best modern example. The Courier-Journal and its editor were one and the same thing. For nearly a half century Watterson's paper was the oracle of Kentucky. The dynamic force and unrivaled genius of the editor were daily things to reckon with, and in no paper since the Civil War was there displayed such marvelous evidence of the power of one man's pen. Does any one believe that the Courier-Journal with Watterson concealed and his individuality buried would have exercised the same influence, though its editorials had been the same? Certainly not. Individuality counts in every department of life, from the president of the United States down to the most obscure precinct official, and from the highest corporation manager to the retail merchant. What Christ said would have been just as true if the author had never been known, but without the life of Christ little attention would have been paid to what he said.—R. T. Milner.

German Arrogance Exaggerated, Says Lieut. E. B. Martin.

All that talk about the arrogance of the German people in Rhineland wearing out the patience of the American soldiers on duty there, is a grossly exaggerated view of the situation in the opinion of Lieutenant E. B. Martin, one of the officers of the 360th infantry, who paraded in Houston Monday. "The Germans that we came in contact with," said Lieutenant Martin, "were as meek and obedient as anyone could expect."

The German peasants, Lieutenant Martin said, eat, sleep, go to church, and raise a family and this constitutes their existence. "All of them have a limited amount of education," he continued, "but with everything considered, they are woefully ignorant. As a rule they know less about their own country than did the average American soldier. They are a generous, good natured people, with the

Spence-Collins Wedding.

A beautiful wedding was solemnized at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Spence, June 18, when their daughter, Julia, and Mr. William Atmar Collins of Groveton, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony.

The home was attractively decorated with large pink roses and ferns. Over a simulated altar was suspended a wedding bell formed of the favored flower. All decorations in the rooms, hall and on the stairway tastefully carried out the color scheme of pink and green.

Before the bridal party entered, Miss Clarite Elliott sang, "When You Are Near." A piano solo, "Confidence" by Mendelssohn, followed. It was beautifully rendered by Mrs. T. B. Collins, who furnished all the music for the wedding.

Lohengrin's Bridal Chorus was sung by Mesdames Hail, Dent, LeGory, Shivers and Decuir and Misses Craddock and Elliott, as they descended the stairs and took their places in the parlor to the right of the altar. Then, as the pianist changed to Mendelssohn's Wedding March, the bridesmaids, Misses Emma Craddock, Grace Collins, Nell Beasley, Margaret Spence, Leslie Vann Sams, Ninon Collins and Grace Denny, entered wearing dainty organdie dresses of pink and green and carrying lovely shower bouquets of Shasta daisies. Next came the maid-of-honor, Miss Louise Denny, in white organdie with a shower bouquet of white roses. Lin Porter Atmar, the little ring-bearer, entered carrying the golden circlet in a large white dahlia. The lovely little flower girls, Misses Emily Morris Shivers and Caroline Collins, scattered flowers before the beautiful bride who entered on the arm of her father. The groom, accompanied by his best man, Mr. Henry Arledge, met them at the altar and received his bride who presented a charming picture in her wedding dress of white crepe de chine and georgette, with a lovely veil worn low on her forehead. She carried a shower of bridal roses and lilies of the valley.

When the bridal party was in position, Miss Clarite Elliott rendered, in her sweetest manner, "For You." A beautiful ring ceremony was then performed by Dr. S. F. Tenny.

After congratulations had been received from the host of friends present, the bride ascended the stairs and called her bridesmaids to hear a word of advice she wished to give them. The advice proved to be a warning to the one lucky enough to catch her bouquet that "she must certainly hurry if she wished to get off before Miss Leslie Vann Sams who, on July 5, would be married to Mr. Theron J. Fouts."

The bride then cut the large wedding cake and the guests each tried to get one of the emblems hidden in its depths. The great number of beautiful gifts, including silver, cut glass and articles of value and beauty for home and personal use attested the love felt for the popular couple. The bride presented her bridesmaids with silver lingerie clasps.

Delicious punch was served to all by the bride's Sunday School class. The register was presided over by Miss Bella Lipscomb. Among the out-of-town guests registering were: Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Collins of Groveton, Dr. Will Collins of Lovelady, Messrs. Peyton and Tom Collins of Groveton, Miss Fannie Belle Ward of Kilgore and Misses Grace, Ninon and Anna Belle Collins of Groveton.

Mr. and Mrs. Collins will make their home in Groveton.

exception of some of the men. They had apparently never been accustomed to such kindly treatment as was accorded them by the Americans. The Germans did not understand the American regard for womanhood. Many of the women and children wept when we left."—Houston Post.

THE NEW RATES OF THE CROCKETT ICE, ELECTRIC LIGHT & POWER COMPANY, WHICH ARE TO BECOME EFFECTIVE JUNE 26TH, 1919, ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Rate for Electric Current

First 50 K. W. at.....	18 Cents Per K. W.
Next 100 K. W. at.....	15 Cents Per K. W.
Balance K. W. at.....	12 Cents Per K. W.

Fan Service

Ceiling fans with 10 hour service, per month.....	\$4.00
Ceiling fans with 14 hour service, per month.....	\$4.50
Buzz fans with 14 hour service, per month.....	\$3.00

Power Rates

\$1.00 per H. P. minimum, for all motors connected.
12 Cents per K. W. for first 100 K. W.
10 Cents per K. W. for balance used.

Minimum Charges

For residences of 2 lights or less.....	\$1.50
For residences of 2 to 4 lights.....	\$1.75
For residences of over four lights.....	\$2.25
All stores to take minimum charge of.....	\$2.25

☐ The above rates are based on an increase of 20 per cent over present rates for electric service. No increase in the price of ice.

Crockett Ice, Electric Light & Power Co.

The undersigned members of the City Council were appointed by the Mayor as a committee to examine the books and records of the Light Company to ascertain if an increase in rates was justified, and in compliance with this duty, we have gone over the books and records of this company, and after careful examination, have recommended to the Council the approval of said increased rates, and on our report, (a copy of which can be found on file in the City office), the Council unanimously approved said increased rates.

C. D. TOWERY,
J. M. ELLIS,
R. L. SHIVERS,

COMMITTEE.

Arrested at Palestine.

Tobe Washington, a Crockett negro who had jumped his bond, was arrested at Palestine Friday evening of last week by Constable C. R. McPhail of Crockett. The Crockett constable, hearing the negro was at Palestine, got an automobile and went after him. Tobe had been convicted

at the last term of the district court for burglary, but was out of jail under an appeal bond. He was convicted for burglarizing the ticket office of the Crockett railroad station.

The United States produced 477,235 tons of fuel briquets last year, an increase of about 17 per cent from the preceding year and the greatest amount since their manufacture was begun.

Why Not Eat the Best?

Whether we have peace, whether the bolsheviks get us—no matter what happens, we must eat.

That's where we come in—since you must eat, why not eat the best?

We don't carry the biggest line of groceries in Houston county, but we carry a complete line, and our quick turnover insures you getting fresh goods.

As soon as a reliable food product is put on the market we get it—and we consider it good service to have what you want when you want it.

Crockett Grocery & Baking COMPANY

DON'T SUFFER FROM MALARIA OR AGUE A MINUTE LONGER

SWAMP CHILL AND FEVER TONIC WILL BRING YOU QUICK, SURE RELIEF.

For twenty years this famous tonic has been the one effective remedy for malaria, chills, ague, fever, colds, grippe, etc. Thousands swear by it.

It seldom takes over three days to break up malaria chills with Swamp Chill and Fever Tonic. And no purgative has to be taken with it—the medicine itself acts gently and agreeably upon the liver and bowels. This is one great advantage it has over chill tonics.

Swamp Chill Tonic contains no calomel. It is tasteless, and pleasant to take. It is prescribed by leading physicians as the best chill and fever remedy there is. That's because it contains exactly the right ingredients for such ailments.

Swamp Chill and Fever Tonic has given such universal satisfaction and has grown so steadily in popular favor that it can now be purchased practically everywhere. The price is 60 cents a bottle. Go get one from your dealer today, and see for yourself what a really wonderful malaria remedy this tonic is. Advt.

The patriotic people are becoming tired of the political swashbucklers of the senate. The United States senate which ought to be the most respectable deliberative body in the world is little less than a political theater where envy, and craft, and cunning, and chicanery are indulged at the expense of patriotism and statesmanship.—Rusk County News.

The Doctor Prescribes

We follow his formula, but both he and his patient must depend upon our skill and knowledge if proper results are to be obtained.

QUALITY PLUS ACCURACY

is our watchword. You can accept, on our word of honor, the assurance that these two important elements are included in every prescription we fill. In addition nothing but the purest drugs are used. If you value these things and wish the added service of promptness, bring your prescriptions to us.

Crockett Drug Company
The House of Service.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

Miss Josephine Edmiston is visiting relatives in Marlin.

Miss Virginia Foster returned Friday from a visit to Houston.

Mike McCarty of Houston is visiting the home folks in Crockett.

Miss Susie Belle Hollon of Waco is visiting Mrs. A. N. Callaway.

Mrs. M. P. Jensen of Galveston is visiting relatives and friends in this city.

Downes Foster of Waco and Frank Foster of Houston were visitors here Sunday and Monday.

Mr. Frederick A. Holmes of New York will remain in Crockett as the guest of friends until next week.

Mrs. Bricker is trying to close out every hat in stock this week regardless of cost. Come see the wonderful bargains. It.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Minor of Jefferson have returned home following a visit to Dr. and Mrs. S. A. Miller in Crockett.

We buy hides, green or dry, and pay top price. See us before you sell. tf. Arnold Brothers.

Jim Ryan, who was a member of the 143rd Infantry medical corps, 36th Division, has returned to his home at Grapeland.

John R. Yarbrough and Miss Lillie Mae Yarbrough of Trinity were visitors in Crockett this week. John R. was a member of the 18th Division, which was in training at Camp Travis when the armistice was signed.

Strayed or stolen from my place near Weldon, Texas, one deep bay mare about 10 years old; 16½ hands high, branded F on one of her shoulders, roach mane; wire cut on right front foot. \$10.00 reward for her recovery. It. Tom Middleton.

Lieutenant and Mrs. W. N. Lipscomb arrived Monday afternoon from Fort Oglethorpe, Ga. After a few days visiting in Crockett, Lieutenant and Mrs. Lipscomb will proceed to Fort Bliss, El Paso, where they will be stationed with the U. S. army.

Nathan Asher has begun to remodel his store building, mention of which as contemplated was made in the Courier some time ago. He will install a modern plate-glass front with modern awning, lay a cement floor, put in new fixtures and make other improvements.

Home from France.

Anse McCarty, who has spent eleven months in France, has returned home. He says that he has been almost across China, the Philippines and Japan, and over most of France, but the prettiest and best place that he has seen is Texas. He has been serving in the navy.

Home from France.

Grady Monk, who has seen thirteen months of service with the American army in France, reached home this week from Camp Bowie, where he received his discharge. Grady began his training with the 90th Division at Camp Travis, San Antonio, but was transferred to the 82nd Division, a national army division which was sent overseas in advance of the 90th. His long service in France was with the 82nd Division, a division made up largely of Alabama, Georgia and Tennessee boys.

COMMERCIAL CLUB AND ITS ACTIVITIES

We would like to tell you farmers with wheat to thresh just the day that the threshing outfit will be in Crockett, but on account of this everlasting dampness it is impossible to do so.

As we have stated, the outfit is at the Mustang Prairie plantation, and as soon as it finishes that job it will come to Crockett. No one at this time can tell when it will be through, so we can not say when to come to Crockett with your wheat. Soon as the weather conditions permit, the information will be published.

Ever since the get-together banquet of a couple of weeks ago the merchants have been expecting a visit from the committee to arrange the finances of the club for another year. The unfavorable weather and other circumstances have prevented the work from being done, but this is to say that the visit has not been indefinitely postponed, and to assure you all that it will only be a few days before you will be called upon to not only renew for another year, but to substantially increase the amount. And to those who have not been regular subscribers an opportunity is going to be given them to join, as it is the intention to make the membership unanimous.

The ladies' auxiliary is going to add greatly to the club's activities, and many new features are going to be introduced that should benefit the town and county. In other words, great things are contemplated for the next twelve months, and it is going to require more working capital.

H. A. Fisher, Secretary.

Afternoon Entertainment.

On Monday afternoon Miss Louise Denny entertained at the home of Mrs. George Denny for Miss Julia Spence, whose approaching wedding has been the inspiration of many lovely affairs. The guests were each requested to bring a tea towel, the hemming of which formed a part of the afternoon's entertainment. These being finished, there followed a contest in which the guests were made to guess the various articles belonging in a bride's pantry. Each guest was asked to write in the delicate, hand-painted bride-book, which held at the end of the afternoon many warm and sincere wishes for this much loved bride. Delightful tea and sandwiches were served by Misses Sara Sue Denny, Dorothy Ellen Shivers, Fannie Pauline Kennedy, Mary Denny and Inez Jones. The out-of-town guests were Misses Grace, Nina and Annabel Collins of Groveton, members of the bridal party, and Miss Mabel Boykin of Grapeland.

We have in stock all sizes of the

DALLAS WHITE AUTO BOOTS

which will help you out on your trip if you have one under your seat.

A full line of Federal Tires in all sizes (the best tire made).

A full line of all auto accessories needed at the right prices.

We will appreciate at least a part of your trade both in the accessory and repair line.

A battery to fit your car at all times at the right price.

CROCKETT MOTOR CO.
Garage and Service Station.

NOTICE!

FOR THE NEXT TEN OR FIFTEEN DAYS WORK WILL BE GOING ON IN MY STORE BUILDING REPAIRING AND REMODELING, BUT DURING THIS TIME I WILL BE OPEN FOR BUSINESS AS USUAL. AFTER THIS WORK IS FINISHED I WILL BE BETTER PREPARED TO SERVE THE PEOPLE, AND WILL ALSO HAVE A MODERN SHOW FRONT TO DISPLAY MY MERCHANDISE

N. L. ASHER
SHOES AND CLOTHING

With Our Subscribers.

There is so much rain that people have stopped talking about it.

This is the last week in which "Our County's Roll of Honor" will appear in the Courier. So far as the Courier has been able to collect information, the honor roll is complete. If any names are omitted, it is because relatives and friends of the deceased did not think enough of the matter to supply us with the necessary data. The Courier desires to express a word of thanks to those of its readers who were thoughtful enough to send to us the names and such information as the honor roll contains. Without such assistance the list would be very incomplete. This being the last week in which the honor roll will appear, it would be a good plan to preserve this issue of the Courier or to clip out the honor roll for preservation, if such was not done last week. If you have last week's issue, it is the best to preserve, as it is a kind of special number. Whatever you do, do it now, or you may forget it.

Subscribers calling to renew or sending in their renewals and subscriptions since last issue are as follows:

Miss Corinne Patterson,

Huntsville.

Volney Streeter, Crockett.
J. N. Click, Lovelady.
J. C. Estes, Crockett Rt. 2.

Aged Negro Killed.

Amos Handy, said to be 70 years old, was killed by Chas. Arrington, a negro about 40 years of age, seven miles west of Crockett Monday morning at 9 o'clock. The killing was the result of a crosstie transaction in which both negroes were interested. The killer used a double-barreled shot gun, one barrel of which carried a shell loaded with buckshot and the other a shell loaded with smaller shot, but the shell of which was ringed, as it is commonly known. The load of buckshot struck Handy in the neck and the smaller shot made a hole in his side.

Following the killing Chas. Arrington came to town and surrendered to the local officers. He was immediately locked in jail. Sheriff Spence being out of town, Constable C. R. McPhail went to the theatre of action and made an investigation, County Earle P. Adams going with him. On their return a report was made to the justice of the peace and the negro's bond was fixed at \$1500. It was said that bail would be furnished Wednesday.

Specials for Next SATURDAY

- Headlight Matches, per box 5c
- Serve Us brand jar rings, extra heavy quality, per dozen 8c
- Half-gallon Ball Mason fruit jars, per dozen \$1.05
- Swift's Arrow Borax laundry soap, per bar 5c
- Star Naptha washing powder, 6 pkgs. 25c
- Krinkle's Corn Flakes, 2 packages for 25c
- Cooking Oil, per gallon \$1.95

CAPRIELIAN BROTHERS

The House of Satisfied Customers

Try Our Cold Drinks

We use only the very best of pure fruit juices and flavorings and serve them as you like them.

BAKER & CASTLEBERG
THE REXALL STORE

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

OUR COUNTY'S ROLL OF HONOR

WHITES.

Following are the names of the Houston county boys who have given their lives in the service of our country:

John B. Ellis, son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Ellis, died in the service November 29, 1917. Member of E Company, 143d Infantry, 36th Division.

Archie Poole, son of Mrs. V. V. Barclay, died in the service November 29, 1917. Member of E Company, 143rd Infantry, 36th Division.

Albert D. Sullivan, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Murray, died in the service December 1, 1917. Member of H Company, 143d Infantry, 36th Division.

Irvin Sims, son of "Dad" Sims, died of German submarine action February 5, 1918. Member of F Company, 6th Battalion, 20th Engineers.

Henry Johnson, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Johnson, died in the service March 26, 1918. Member of A Company, 345th Battalion, National Army. Lieutenant Thomas R. Brailsford, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Brailsford, fell in battle June 6, 1918. Member of 96th Company, 6th Regiment of Marines, 2nd Division.

Shade Carlton, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Carlton, fell in battle August 1, 1918. Member of D Company, 47th Infantry, 2nd Division.

James O. Ritchie, son of Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Ritchie, fell in battle September 12, 1918. Member of A Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

Barker T. LaRue, son of Mr. and Mrs. Babe LeRue, fell in battle September 13, 1918. Member of E Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

Joe Satcher, without parents, fell in battle September or October, 1918. Member of E Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

James A. Harrison, lived with parents near Grapeland, fell in battle October 3, 1918. Member of K Company, 9th Infantry, 2nd Division.

Isaiah D. Adams, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Adams, fell in battle October 4, 1918. Member of L Company, 23rd Infantry, regular army.

Edd V. Rosamond, son of Mr. and Mrs. B. H. Rosamond, fell in battle October 8, 1918. Member of medical detachment, 182nd Machine Gun Battalion.

Daniel M. Hester, step-son of J. D. Clark, fell in battle October 4, 1918. Member of F Company, 7th Infantry, regular army.

Jesse R. Rawls, son of Sam Rawls, fell in battle October 9, 1918. Member 313th Field Artillery; formerly of Company F, 142nd Infantry, 36th Division.

Lacy High, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. High, died in the service October 10, 1918. Member of training company, National Army, Camp Bowie.

Corporal Wyatt N. Creath, son of W. G. Creath, died in the service October 14, 1918. Member of C Company, 85th Infantry, 18th Division.

Clifford A. Dennis, son of Mr. John A. Dennis, died in France October 18, 1918. Member of G Company, 143rd Infantry, 36th Division.

William R. Matchett, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Matchett, died in the service October 21, 1918. Member of L Company, 123rd Infantry, 31st Division.

Norman Richards, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Richards, fell in battle November 4, 1918. Member of I Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

Corporal Thomas H. Sepmore, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Sepmore, died November 14 of wounds received in action. Member of E Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

Corporal Chesley Webb Hudson, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Hudson, died in France February 12, 1919. Member of E Company, 111th Supply Train, 36th Division.

COLORED.

Mose Fobbs, son of Joseph Fobbs, died in the service August 10, 1918. Member of First Company, Provisional Detachment, Labor Troops.

William Nelson, son of W. M. Nelson and wife, died in the service March 26, 1919. Member of Headquarters Company, 371st Infantry, 92nd Division.

BUY NOW, BUT BUY WISELY

Buy Now, but Buy Wisely. This is the slogan upon which the Information and Education Service of the Department of Labor, under the guidance of Roger W. Babson, is conducting a campaign to boost this country from a period of uncertainty in-

to a period of prosperity.

Mr. Babson says that the surest way to get the desired results is to tell the people what the trouble is and then to tell them how to remedy it.

Briefly, our difficulties are due to the necessary readjustment of our war-time activities into peace-time industries. During the war the government asked the people to refrain from buying anything they did not actually need. Every dollar, every ounce of strength, was needed for war purposes; there was nothing to spare for the production of things which could be done without.

Now the war has ended, and we find that our stocks of peace-time goods are depleted. There is a lack of almost everything that was not produced in quantity for the war. With the depletion of our supplies there has come since the signing of the armistice nervous relaxation and a feeling of uncertainty and loss of confidence throughout the country.

Labor and capital are muddled. Industry is marking time. The manufacturer has not been purchasing his raw materials except as he needs them from day to day. The merchant is operating with a skeleton stock upon his shelves. The public is refraining from purchasing except for its immediate necessities. Everyone is waiting for everyone else.

How can business be energized? How can confidence be restored throughout the country? How can labor be induced to get back its desire to produce and capital to speed up the remobilization of peace-time activities.

Mr. Babson believes that the desired results can be accomplished by administering the following stimulants to the country:

First, tell all progressive merchants and manufacturers—tell all who have anything to sell—to advertise now and take advantage of the great market which exists at this time.

Second, tell the public that now is the time to buy—that they, the people, in normal peace times are the controllers of all production and all distribution.

If the consumer buys the merchant sells and in turn is forced to buy. The manufacturer and the producer of raw materials are forced to buy and sell. Labor is put to work. The brakes put upon industry are thus removed. The machinery of production and distribution is set in motion.

To create the desired stimulus the public is being urged to buy, to buy wisely, but to buy now—to-day—what it wants.

Now is the time when a few additional purchases added to the daily necessity purchases increase the grand total of sales to such a magnitude that the merchant will be obliged to replenish his stock on a larger scale. The wholesaler, the manufacturer, and the producer of raw materials will be obliged to increase their production. A demand will be created for all the goods which the workingman produces. There will be a job for each jobless man. General confidence will be restored. Business will be booming. Reconstruction and remobilization of our war activities into peace industries will go on quietly, energetically, healthily, unconsciously. Prosperity will come again—a normal prosperity of peace with industries running at full time and the worker at his bench or his desk.

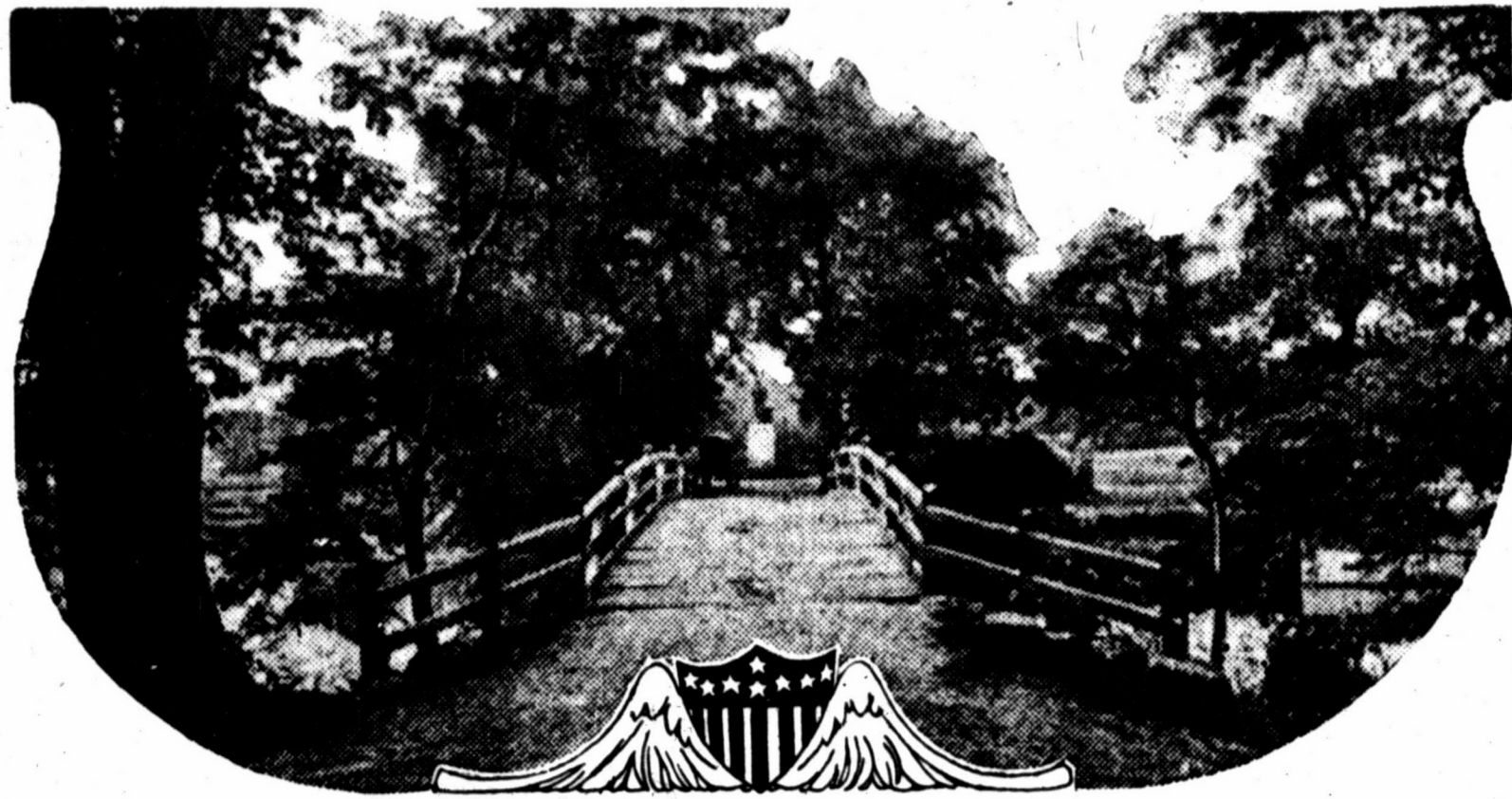
Now is the psychological time to begin this drive for prosperity. Let us take up the slack; let us do all that we can to allow the period of reconstruction to pass with the least possible hardships for labor and capital.

We, the people, must start the ball a-rolling—must do what we can, buy what we can, help all we can. So BUY NOW, buy wisely, buy intelligently, buy carefully, buy judiciously, but buy to-day.

Now is the psychological time. Let's go.

This is the message of the Department of Labor.

Scene of Battle of Concord



"By the rude bridge that arched the flood, their flag to April's breeze unfurled, here once the embattled farmers stood and fired the shot heard round the world."

FREEDOM OVER ALL THE EARTH

DUE RECOGNITION OF HUMAN RIGHTS NOW THE AIM OF MANKIND.

Independence hall is holy ground at the entrance to which, like Moses at the bush of fire, one should remove his shoes; but it pales into insignificance beside Interdependence hall which some day we must build across the street from the "birthplace of American liberty." One hundred, two score and three years ago, the federation of the thirteen colonies into a federal union was a political event of importance; today it is overshadowed by the thing of which Tennyson dreamed. "The Federation of the World." The Declaration of Independence is a state paper of such significance as to stand in a class by itself. It immortalized every man who signed it. "These united colonies are and of right ought to be free and independent states; absolved from all allegiance to the British crown; and all connection between them and Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved." So run the words of fire the idealism of which was to be made real if need be, by the lives, as well as the property and sacred honor of the signatories. But the Declaration of Interdependence of all free peoples will overtop that of July 4, 1776, as the oak overtops the daisy.

Great Patriotic Aim.

But at that time independence was the biggest and best thing the fathers could purchase in a war of seven years. They could not enjoy the unalienable rights of "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" while ruled by Great Britain, for to be subject to England meant to be robbed and exploited, jailed or hanged at the behest of a half-mad German, George III, who wore the British crown.

And so the patriots proposed to stand alone, to be independent. They proposed an equitable self-rule on lines more liberal than ever had been tried; there were to be neither kings nor kinglylets but rather a state of human equality.

Across the water it was a dark day for human rights. In all Europe liberty was eclipsed; there was not one free people. Monarchs were supreme and more or less tyrannical; and so, to stand alone and even aloof, as Washington counseled, was to be prudent. No alliance was possible save with that which they had just renounced—Kingcraft.

Old Order Abolished.

But "the old order changeth, giving place to new." Today, in 1919, the

Slumber Party.

On Friday, June 13, Miss Lesley Van Sams honored our June bride-to-be, Miss Julia Spence, with a slumber party. Miss Sams proved herself to be a most charming hostess and had carefully planned every detail for the pleasure of her honoree and other guests. Shortly after their arrival at her home, at the appointed hour, 8:30 p. m., she had two cars ready to convey the

But I was never surprised at any resemblance that appeared when your boys and our boys stood side by side in the trenches. The minuteman of Concord is the ideal of the young Englishman of today, who flung himself over the top, giving away his comforts and risking his life for every man in his company.

We long to see England rich in just such young men as your minuteman, and you make the same prayer for America, so that in this, as in all the things by which men live, you and we have the same aims—liberty and the service of our country and our God.

I saw a very beautiful expression of the feeling between us on Memorial day last year, says a writer in Scribner's. I went early in the morning to the Old North bridge with flowers for the minuteman; a Southern friend was with me, and the two lost causes, British and Confederate, were alone on the bridge. We laid flowers before the minuteman and on the grave of the two British soldiers whose fate so moved Hawthorne. His spirit may have joined us as we passed the Old Manse, but no one else was to be seen, when suddenly a ghostly procession came through the mist—six old veterans just risen from their graves; four tiny boy-scouts hardly yet born; and two young men of the present carrying a bugle and a flag.

They went first to the British grave, and for the first time in history they laid on it England's flag and a branch of New England apple blossoms; they saluted, blew a bugle call, and passed on to do the same for the minuteman and his flag.

Then they stood in line on the bridge—each of the 12 threw a flower in the river and saluted, while the leader said: "We salute all the sailors who died in the Civil war."

Then after a last ghostly bugle call they melted away into the mist. Was it the mist of past or future?—for they had saluted the three great facts of past, present and future history—the birth of democracy, the friendship of Anglo-Saxonism, and the future peace of the world which will surely spring from it.

proper social desire of the individual is to "live in a house by the side of the road and be a friend to man." And similarly, to live in the crossroads of the nations and show vital interest in all that pertains to humanity is the proper attitude for the nation. The setting for the next act on the world stage must be big enough for interdependence and internationalism. Interdependence is life and opportunity for both. "We must hang together or we will hang separately."

By maintaining independence and aloofness the fathers hoped to succeed; isolation spelled safety, and so they trusted that a deep, wide moat at their front door, the Atlantic ocean, would keep their foes at a distance of 3,000 miles while they should gain numbers and wealth and experience in governing themselves. They minted coins bearing the inscriptions, "Let Me Alone" and "Don't Step on Me," the latter beneath the figure of a coiled rattlesnake, and cutting themselves off from world politics and world interests they became a self-contained, self-sufficient people, enjoying free

assembly, free speech, free press and free religion, but making Americanism dangerously near a big provincialism. We helped no other people to gain our glorious liberty. All was well if we were let alone by the political and warring world.

Autocracy in Rout.

But a new world order has come in. The western hemisphere is all free. China has astonished the world by electing a president. "The bear that walks like a man" becomes human for a fortnight and is free—until his liberty, mistaken for license, enslaved him to the bolshevik. France and Portugal are free; Great Britain, our ancient oppressor, is free and is our friend. The British empire is free, a galaxy of great self-governing peoples—Canada, Australia, New Zealand, South Africa—all free, even though a figurehead king is its nominal head; but Lloyd George, democrat, not George V autocrat, is the real ruler of the British empire.

Now for "Peace on Earth."

Free peoples do not menace the tranquility of the world; they are not bent on conquest; they seek not to impose their will on their neighbors, even though the neighbor be weak and small. They covet nothing which is their neighbor's. They stand for peace on earth and good will among men. The considerations alike of safety and ethics demand the observation of the golden rule among nations.

On July 4, 1776, the old Liberty bell rang out in order to "proclaim liberty throughout all the land, unto all the inhabitants thereof." Suppose that on another July 4 it were permitted to raise its cracked and wheezy voice to do a bigger and far more noble thing: Proclaim liberty to all the oppressed of the world! Where is the man who would not wish to live in that good world? Surely not one would pray with Simeon, "Lord, lettest thou thy servant now depart in peace."

Let all the free peoples of the world send representatives to meet in Interdependence hall. Let them create and sign a nobler document than that which the fathers made and signed; nobler and larger for one reason only—the new document will be the Declaration of Interdependence.

That declaration will enable all free people to stand against the aggression of autocratic spoilers. It will assert the solidarity of all who stand for freedom and who love their fellow men. It will set forth the growing sense of human brotherhood. It will express in larger measure the high political ideals of our time. It may not ring in a thousand years of peace, but it will herald that dawn—When light shall spread, and man be liker man, Through all the circle of the golden year.

ny, Nell Beasley, Queenie V. Sams, Margaret Spence and Louise Denny. A Guest.

Strayed or Stolen.

Dark bay horse, about six years old, saddlegall on wethers and small wind on nose. Had on saddle and bridle. Information leading to his recovery will be rewarded. Address Beasley Johnson, Crockett, Texas, Route 5, Box 102. 1t.*