

# The Crockett Courier.

"Quality, Not Quantity."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, MARCH 13, 1919.

Volume XXX—No. 8.

Entered as Second Class Matter at Crockett Post-Office.

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## RADICAL ELEMENTS PLOTTING AGAINST U. S. GOVERNMENT

Postoffice Official Reveals Evidence of Conspiracy to Set Up Bolshevik Republic.

Washington, March 10.—Mail matter seized since the signing of the armistice has disclosed that the I. W. W. anarchists, radical socialists and others are "perfecting an amalgamation" which has for its object the overthrow of the American government through a "bloody revolution" and the establishment of a bolshevik republic, according to a memorandum sent to the senate propaganda committee by Solicitor Lamar of the post office department. The memorandum was made public Monday by the committee and Chairman Overman said it would be read into the record Tuesday.

Declaring that in bolshevism the radical elements of the country had, for the first time, "found a common cause upon which they can unite," Mr. Lamar said his information showed that propaganda against the government was being conducted with great regularity and that its magnitude could be measured by the "bold and outspoken statements" found in the literature. Accompanying his memorandum were several hundred excerpts from mail matter showing the trend of the propaganda.

### I. W. W. Most Active.

Particular reference was made by the solicitor to the activity of the dissatisfied foreign element in the country, but he said the I. W. W. was the most active in the dissemination of the propaganda because "it has at its command a large field force known as recruiting agents, subscription agents, etc., who work unceasingly in the furtherance of the 'cause.'" Mr. Lamar's memorandum, to which was attached a list of newspapers printed in English and foreign languages, alleged to be regularly conducted and published by the I. W. W., said in part:

"This propaganda is being conducted with such regularity that its magnitude can be measured by the bold and outspoken statements contained in these publications and the efforts made therein to inaugurate a nationwide reign of terror and overthrow the government.

"In classifying these statements they are submitted in a major or general class as follows: I. W. W., anarchistic, radical-socialistic and socialist. It will be seen from these excerpts, and it is indeed significant, that this is the first time in the history of the so-called radical movement in the United States that the radical elements have found a common cause (bolshevism) in which they can all unite. The I. W. W., anarchists, socialists, radical and otherwise; in fact, all dissatisfied elements, particularly the foreign element, are perfecting amalgamation with one object, and with one object only in view, namely, the overthrow of the government of the United States by the means of a bloody revolution and the establishment of a bolshevik republic.

"The I. W. W. is perhaps most actively engaged in spreading this propaganda and has at its command a large field force

known as recruiting agents, subscription agents, etc., who work unceasingly in the furtherance of 'the cause.'

"This organization publishes at least five newspapers in the English language and nine in foreign languages, as showing in the list given below. This list comprises only official papers of the organization and does not take into account the large number of free lance papers published in the interest of the above organization."

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Vice President Marshall disclaimed any intention to campaign for the league, but asserted that America was faced with the choice of either joining in some plan to prevent further wars or preparing immediately for the next outbreak.

"I believe with Washington," said the vice president, "that we should have no entangling alliance if we can get out of it, but times have changed, and whether you wish it or not, today you are hooked up with the world, and whatever touches any portion of the civilized world, for weal or woe, touches you. Do you think 10,000,000 suffered and died on the fields of Flanders and France in order that things might be as they were before? If you do, I do not."

"While I would be forever against anything which would besmirch the honor of our flag or lessen the grandeur and glory of the American people, yet I am convinced that we are facing a new era and that things must be different in the future.

"We have piled up an enormous debt; spent billions on useless engines of war to kill our fellow men, and for myself, I have seen so many of our boys come back shattered and know of so many others who will not come back, that I would rather eat a little dirt than have another war.

"There are certain great questions for which it would be better to fight, and if I thought there was anything in this league of nations to lower the self respect of the United States, then I would rather fight."

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Exposure to ozone for five minutes increases the fermenting power of brewers' yeast.

An English inventor has mounted a tiny electric lamp in the handle of a safety razor.

The temperature of a new electric flat iron can be regulated to four different degrees.

Small pockets for valuables, intended to be fastened to linings of shoes, have been patented.

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"There is a lesson on crop production and marketing in the story of the development of the sweet potato growing industry in the Longview section of East Texas, as told in the March number of Farm and Ranch. Longview has become the sweet potato center of the state, and a prosperous industry has been built up in the country round about by the adoption of marketing methods which give the farmer the advantage in fixing the price of his product.

"The chief factor in revolutionizing the sweet potato industry in East Texas is a new method of curing in a warehouse. This method not only gives the advantage of preserving the potatoes in good condition for a period of nine months, but it also gives the farmer a chance to market his crop gradually, as the demand develops. A stable market is thus maintained, and the farmer receives remunerative prices for his sweet potatoes throughout the season. The sweet potatoes cured in the warehouses this season have been bringing the farmers three or four times as much as he received for his crop in 1914.

"In four years the production of sweet potatoes in the Longview country, according to Farm and Ranch, has increased from 30,000 bushels to 200,000 bushels, and land has gone up in value beyond any other East Texas lands, good potato land being valued at from \$100. to \$150. per acre."

Let us stop a moment and consider what such a development would do for Crockett and contiguous territory. We have plenty of just as good land adapted to the growing of sweet potatoes as the Longview section, and all we need is to build the warehouses and let the farmers

know that we are ready to take care of their product and a like experience will surely follow.

The evidence supporting the profitableness of the business for the men who invest their money in the plants, is just as abundant and reliable as that supporting the farmers' side of the industry, and the capital required to give the project a substantial start is so very small compared to the benefits that are sure to follow, this community would be very shortsighted if it failed to put the wheels in motion.

We predict, and our prediction is based on what has already taken place in other localities in East Texas, that if Crockett builds a warehouse of ten thousand bushel capacity this spring one or two more of greater capacity will be built next spring and plants will be put in operation in Grapeland, Lovelady and other sections of the county, and that five years from this time the profits to the farmers and citizens generally, in the money made from the industry direct, supplemented by the increased value of the land, will amount to millions of dollars for Houston county.

Let me make another prediction: One of these plants is going to be built right here in Crockett this spring and the parties who furnish the money to do it are going to be the lucky investors of the season. From fifty to one hundred percent on the money thus invested the first year, is the history of other localities. Why shouldn't we do as well? H. A. Fisher, Secretary.

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A clip has been invented for holding a spoon on the edge of a cooking utensil or medicine glass.

## BURLESON'S POWER TO FIX TELEPHONE RATES QUESTIONED

STATE OF KANSAS TAKES ISSUE TO UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Washington, March 10.—Steps to have the supreme court determine whether Postmaster General Burleson has authority to fix telephone rates within the states were taken Monday with the filing of a motion by the State of Kansas asking permission to institute original proceedings in the court against the postmaster general.

The proceedings grew out of the order issued by the postmaster general on December 13 last, establishing new classifications and schedules as well as increasing telephone toll rates, which the State of Kansas claims are "arbitrary, unlawful, unreasonable and discriminatory."

In their brief the Kansas authorities claim that the rates were put into effect by the Southwestern Bell Telephone company "without authority of law." State officials claim that the joint resolutions under which the government took over control of the telephone and telegraph lines did not confer upon the postmaster general any such powers and that if either the resolution or the president's proclamation did confer such powers that it is unconstitutional.

The court is asked to construe the powers conferred by the resolution and to declare the postmaster general's order of December 13 "unlawful, unreasonable, arbitrary, unjust and oppressive." It is asked also that Postmaster General Burleson be temporarily enjoined while the proceedings are pending from carrying out the provision of the order and that a permanent restraining order be granted enjoining him from enforcing or attempting to enforce the order in the State of Kansas.

### First Memorial to American Dead in France.

Paris, March 10.—Overlooking the 15,000 roofless houses of Rheims and overshadowed by its battered cathedrals will stand the first great memorial to the American dead in France. This seems assured by the official advice that have reached the Paris headquarters of the American fund for French wounded to the effect that the French government will deed to the fund ground in the environs of Rheims on which a great American hospital will be erected.

The sum of \$100,000 for the purpose has already been guaranteed by the American fund organization in the United States. What remains to be accomplished is the raising of an endowment fund for the hospital. This will be achieved by perpetual endowments of memorial beds by individuals. Offers of money for such beds are already reaching the headquarters of the fund from Americans at home and in France.

Electrical apparatus for sorting leaves of tobacco by length is the idea of a New York inventor.

## A Success Built On Superior Prescription Service

If you will observe successful drug stores in any community, you will find that most of them owe their success to the development of some special department of their business.

Some of the modern drug stores give more attention to side lines than they do to the dispensing of drugs or the compounding or prescriptions.

Our principal success has come through our Prescription Department. This is true because we have a reputation for providing the best and purest drugs and unexcelled service. We have never permitted side lines to detract from our original policy and most important business—Pharmacy.

Let us fill your prescription and supply your other drug needs.

## BISHOP DRUG COMPANY

Prompt Service Store—Two Phones: 47 and 140  
We - Practice - Professional - Pharmacy

### \*\*\*\*\* \* LOCAL NEWS ITEMS \* \*\*\*\*\*

See Arnold Brothers for V.-C. fertilizers. tf.

Ross Ellis of Lubbock is visiting his parents here.

For Rent—A 6-room residence. Apply to W. C. Shivers. tf.

Mrs. J. C. Millar returned Saturday from a visit to Houston.

Geo. W. Crook returned Saturday from a trip through central Texas.

Miss Ruby Evans of San Antonio is here for the Jones-Foster wedding.

Save money on your plow tools by buying them from R. L. Shivers, Crockett, Texas. tf.

C. E. McLemore of Dallas is visiting relatives and friends at Crockett and Kennard.

Top prices for chickens and eggs. See me. tf. Johnson Arledge.

We pay top price for eggs and poultry. It. Caprielian Bros.

Mrs. Chas. J. Dewitt and little son of New Orleans are visiting relatives and friends in Crockett.

For genuine Ford service, see or telephone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Remember you can get those good ribbon cane lasses in barrels, kegs and cans at C. L. Manning & Co's. It.

Don't forget that R. L. Shivers is headquarters for good shoes. Drop in and let us fit you up next time. tf.

The best general line of implements to be found anywhere, at live and let live prices, at R. L. Shivers', Crockett, Texas. tf.

Ribbon can syrup in 5 gallon cans, 10 gallon kegs and 30 gallon barrels. See me. tf. Johnson Arledge.

Mebane cotton seed for sale at \$1.50 per bushel. Dave Long, 4t.\* Crockett, Texas, Rt. 3.

### Are You Washing Your Own Car?

If so, come to see us. We can supply you with the Rubber Hose in any lengths and the connections to equip it. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

We can make you money on your eggs and chickens. It. Caprielian Bros.

For genuine Ford service, see or telephone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

We can make it interesting for you on groceries and dry goods, if you will give us a chance. tf. R. L. Shivers.

### Mower Wanted.

I want to buy a second-hand hay mower. Address or see W. B. Bagwell, Pennington, Texas. 2t.\*

Get prices on Mebane cotton seed from Moore & Shivers before buying elsewhere, and you will save money and get quality at the same time. tf.

### Maize, Maize.

I have just unloaded two cars of bright maize and one of alfalfa hay—and more coming. 2t.. J. R. Howard.

### Seed Cane for Sale.

Price, 75 cents a hundred. At the farm of C. H. Hayslip, 2 miles south of Crockett. Address, Crockett Rt. 4, box 114. It.\*

The Crockett Dry Goods Company announces the arrival of its hemstitching and picot edging machine, and its readiness to do hemstitching and edging for its customers. It.

### Plants for Sale.

Tomato plants for sale at 35 cents a hundred f. o. b. Latexo, by parcel post if postage is added. R. E. Robert, 2t.\* Latexo, Texas.

### Gardening.

Are you? We can help you out by showing you some improved garden tools. Come to see us. No trouble to show you. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

### For Sale.

One dozen thoroughbred S. C. White Leghorn hens. From the famous Tom Barron or English strain. Mrs. James Hicks, 1t.\* Telephone No. 241.

We have a large stock of Virginia-Carolina fertilizer, and can supply you with the special kind you need. Consult us before you buy. Our prices are right. tf. Arnold Brothers.

Most of the negroes will continue to die with the black leg, and many of the successful farmers will continue to buy the best implements made—the J. I. Case line, from Moore & Shivers. tf.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Burton, who have been seriously ill for several weeks, have gone to St. Mary's Hospital, Galveston, for special treatment. Houston county friends hope for their speedy recovery.

### Buy Now.

Farmers, buy your fertilizers now. We can save you \$5.00 to \$10.00 per ton and give you better goods. Houston County Oil Mill & Manufacturing Co. 2t.

### Grass Is Growing.

Plenty of rain so far and more to come. A lawn mower will be the thing this year. We handle the best and can supply you with necessary repairs for same. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

### To the Public.

After this publication, on account of the advanced cost of material, no water tap will be made for less than Twenty Dollars. It. By order of the City Council.

### Majestic and Bridge Beach Stoves.

You don't have to apologize when you use one of them. They are the best to be had. Our broad guarantee back of every one we sell. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

### Strayed or Stolen.

One bald-face, roach-mane bay horse, shod all around with caulk shoes, dim brand on left side, four front teeth black, white hind feet. \$10 reward for recovery of horse. H. B. Bennett, 2t.\* Kennard Route 1.

### Notice of Election.

By order of the Board of Trustees of the Crockett Independent School District, an election will be held at the Court House in the City of Crockett on Saturday, April 5, 1919, for the purpose of electing four school trustees for said district; three to serve for a term of two years and one to serve for one year. Earle Adams, Jr., 2t. Pres. School Board.

## Money to Loan

We buy vendor lien notes—Loan Money on long time. Have been doing it for fourteen years with Houston county farmers. We can refer you to a host of farmers we have helped and they now own their farms clear. See us before placing a loan with anybody.

The Firm that Gives Personal Service to Farmers.

## WARFIELD BROTHERS

Office North Side Public Square. CROCKETT, TEXAS.

The best is the cheapest in the long run, so when you go to select your planter, cultivator or plow goods of any kind go to B. L. Shivers. You can do better work and more of it easier than with any other line. tf.

John Wilson, Earle Cortes, Dr. John Lister, Sam Bertrom, George Doscher, Edward Newton and M. S. Murray, all of Houston, came up Wednesday to attend the wedding of Chas. P. Jones and Miss Alline Foster. The home of Mr. Jones is also in Houston.

### Mebane.

That means a great deal to the farmer; less seed, but more lint; better price for your cotton. Ours are pure, grown on land that did not suffer for rain. Come to see us. It. A. M. Decuir, Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

The order of the Eastern Star announces that a school of instruction for the officers and members will be held here Wednesday and Thursday, March 19 and 20, by the grand officers of the state. All members of the local chapter will be required to attend and all chapters of the East Texas district are invited to attend the school.

### Hot Days

Are ahead of us. Prepare for it and for the wood shortage by buying one of our oil cook stoves. We handle both kinds—the oil or vapor stoves. Farmers will soon be too busy to cut and haul wood to town. Be independent and use one of our cook stoves. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

## WHY BE A SLAVE TO YOUR CAR?

Why bother with the dirt and drudgery of keeping it clean when you haven't the conveniences for doing it?

You can escape all the dirty, tedious jobs of keeping your car clean and in good running order by arranging with us to look after it.

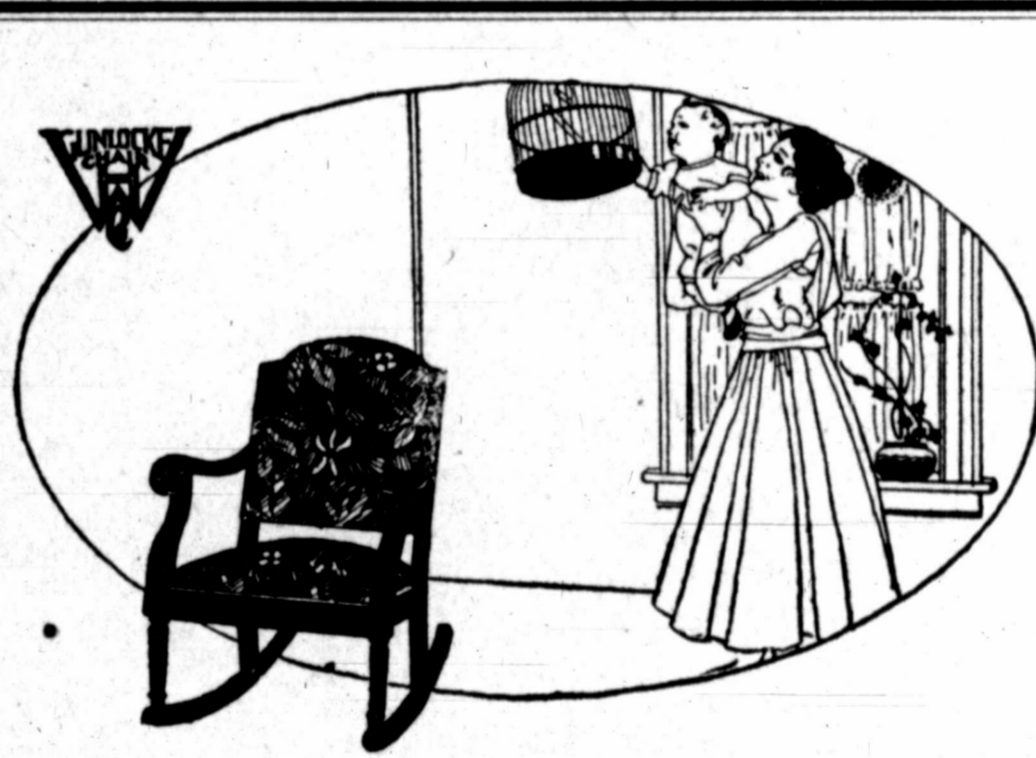
We have an experienced washer who knows how to take care of the finish and can keep your car as clean as you want it at a price you can easily afford.

## CROCKETT MOTOR COMPANY

### Lost Mule.

One mouse-colored horse mule, 6 years old, about 15 hands high, no brand. Shoes on front feet. One bay mare, with white spot in face, past two years old, no brand.

Parties finding them please deliver to E. B. Goodrum, Lovelady, Texas, or Jas. S. Shivers, Crockett, Texas, and receive \$10.00 reward. Notify R. M. Berry, Fodice, Texas. 2t.



### OUR BUSINESS POLICY IS THAT WHAT IS BEST FOR YOU IS BEST FOR US

—We prefer to sell you furniture which will not make you complain and which will not compel us to explain.

—We believe in giving you store-service and purchase-service.

—When you buy from us you have the advantage of our experience and knowledge of the furniture business, and the goods you buy give you continuous satisfaction.

—Come and convince yourself. Inspect the quality and compare our prices.

**Callaway**  
FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING

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Washington, March 10.—Steps to have the supreme court determine whether Postmaster General Burleson has authority to fix telephone rates within the states were taken Monday with the filing of a motion by the State of Kansas asking permission to institute original proceedings in the court against the postmaster general.

The proceedings grew out of the order issued by the postmaster general on December 13 last, establishing new classifications and schedules as well as increasing telephone toll rates, which the State of Kansas claims are "arbitrary, unlawful, unreasonable and discriminatory."

In their brief the Kansas authorities claim that the rates were put into effect by the Southwestern Bell Telephone company "without authority of law." State officials claim that the joint resolutions under which the government took over control of the telephone and telegraph lines did not confer upon the postmaster general any such powers and that if either the resolution or the president's proclamation did confer such powers that it is unconstitutional.

The court is asked to construe the powers conferred by the resolution and to declare the postmaster general's order of December 13 "unlawful, unreasonable, arbitrary, unjust and oppressive." It is asked also that Postmaster General Burleson be temporarily enjoined while the proceedings are pending from carrying out the provision of the order and that a permanent restraining order be granted enjoining him from enforcing or attempting to enforce the order in the State of Kansas.

### First Memorial to American Dead in France.

Paris, March 10.—Overlooking the 15,000 roofless houses of Rheims and overshadowed by its battered cathedrals will stand the first great memorial to the American dead in France. This seems assured by the official advice that have reached the Paris headquarters of the American fund for French wounded to the effect that the French government will deed to the fund ground in the environs of Rheims on which a great American hospital will be erected.

The sum of \$100,000 for the purpose has already been guaranteed by the American fund organization in the United States. What remains to be accomplished is the raising of an endowment fund for the hospital. This will be achieved by perpetual endowments of memorial beds by individuals. Offers of money for such beds are already reaching the headquarters of the fund from Americans at home and in France.

Electrical apparatus for sorting leaves of tobacco by length is the idea of a New York inventor.

## A Success Built On Superior Prescription Service

If you will observe successful drug stores in any community, you will find that most of them owe their success to the development of some special department of their business.

Some of the modern drug stores give more attention to side lines than they do to the dispensing of drugs or the compounding or prescriptions.

Our principal success has come through our Prescription Department. This is true because we have a reputation for providing the best and purest drugs and unexcelled service. We have never permitted side lines to detract from our original policy and most important business—Pharmacy.

Let us fill your prescription and supply your other drug needs.

## BISHOP DRUG COMPANY

Prompt Service Store—Two Phones: 47 and 140

We - Practice - Professional - Pharmacy

### LOCAL NEWS ITEMS

See Arnold Brothers for V.-C. fertilizers. tf.

Ross Ellis of Lubbock is visiting his parents here.

For Rent—A 6-room residence. Apply to W. C. Shivers. tf.

Mrs. J. C. Millar returned Saturday from a visit to Houston.

Geo. W. Crook returned Saturday from a trip through central Texas.

Miss Ruby Evans of San Antonio is here for the Jones-Foster wedding.

Save money on your plow tools by buying them from R. L. Shivers, Crockett, Texas. tf.

C. E. McLemore of Dallas is visiting relatives and friends at Crockett and Kennard.

Top prices for chickens and eggs. See me. Johnson Arledge. tf.

We pay top price for eggs and poultry. Caprielian Bros. It.

Mrs. Chas. J. Dewitt and little son of New Orleans are visiting relatives and friends in Crockett.

For genuine Ford service, see or telephone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

Remember you can get those good ribbon cane lasses in barrels, kegs and cans at C. L. Manning & Co's. It.

Don't forget that R. L. Shivers is headquarters for good shoes. Drop in and let us fit you up next time. tf.

The best general line of implements to be found anywhere, at live and let live prices, at R. L. Shivers', Crockett, Texas. tf.

Ribbon can syrup in 5 gallon cans, 10 gallon kegs and 30 gallon barrels. See me. Johnson Arledge. tf.

Mebane cotton seed for sale at \$1.50 per bushel. Dave Long, 4t.\* Crockett, Texas, Rt. 3.

#### Are You Washing Your Own Car?

If so, come to see us. We can supply you with the Rubber Hose in any lengths and the connections to equip it. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

We can make you money on your eggs and chickens. It. Caprielian Bros.

For genuine Ford service, see or telephone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

We can make it interesting for you on groceries and dry goods, if you will give us a chance. R. L. Shivers. tf.

**Mower Wanted.**  
I want to buy a second-hand hay mower. Address or see W. B. Bagwell, Pennington, Texas. 2t.\*

Get prices on Mebane cotton seed from Moore & Shivers before buying elsewhere, and you will save money and get quality at the same time. tf.

**Maize, Maize.**  
I have just unloaded two cars of bright maize and one of alfalfa hay—and more coming. 2t.. J. R. Howard.

**Seed Cane for Sale.**  
Price, 75 cents a hundred. At the farm of C. H. Hayslip, 2 miles south of Crockett. Address, Crockett Rt. 4, box 114. It.\*

The Crockett Dry Goods Company announces the arrival of its hemstitching and picot edging machine, and its readiness to do hemstitching and edging for its customers. It.

**Plants for Sale.**  
Tomato plants for sale at 35 cents a hundred f. o. b. Latexo, by parcel post if postage is added. R. E. Robert, 2t.\* Latexo, Texas.

**Gardening.**  
Are you? We can help you out by showing you some improved garden tools. Come to see us. No trouble to show you. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

**For Sale.**  
One dozen thoroughbred S. C. White Leghorn hens. From the famous Tom Barron or English strain. Mrs. James Hicks, It.\* Telephone No. 241.

We have a large stock of Virginia-Carolina fertilizer, and can supply you with the special kind you need. Consult us before you buy. Our prices are right. tf. Arnold Brothers.

Most of the negroes will continue to die with the black leg, and many of the successful farmers will continue to buy the best implements made—the J. I. Case line, from Moore & Shivers. tf.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Burton, who have been seriously ill for several weeks, have gone to St. Mary's Hospital, Galveston, for special treatment. Houston county friends hope for their speedy recovery.

#### Buy Now.

Farmers, buy your fertilizers now. We can save you \$5.00 to \$10.00 per ton and give you better goods.

Houston County Oil Mill & Manufacturing Co. 2t.

#### Grass Is Growing.

Plenty of rain so far and more to come. A lawn mower will be the thing this year. We handle the best and can supply you with necessary repairs for same. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

#### To the Public.

After this publication, on account of the advanced cost of material, no water tap will be made for less than Twenty Dollars. It. By order of the City Council.

#### Majestic and Bridge Beach Stoves.

You don't have to apologize when you use one of them. They are the best to be had. Our broad guarantee back of every one we sell. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

#### Strayed or Stolen.

One bald-face, roach-mane bay horse, shod all around with caulk shoes, dim brand on left side, four front teeth black, white hind feet. \$10 reward for recovery of horse. H. B. Bennett, Kennard Route 1. 2t.\*

#### Notice of Election.

By order of the Board of Trustees of the Crockett Independent School District, an election will be held at the Court House in the City of Crockett on Saturday, April 5, 1919, for the purpose of electing four school trustees for said district; three to serve for a term of two years and one to serve for one year. Earle Adams, Jr., Pres. School Board. 2t.

## Money to Loan

We buy vendor lier. notes—Loan Money on long time. Have been doing it for fourteen years with Houston county farmers. We can refer you to a host of farmers we have helped and they now own their farms clear. See us before placing a loan with anybody.

The Firm that Gives Personal Service to Farmers.

### WARFIELD BROTHERS

Office North Side Public Square. CROCKETT, TEXAS.

The best is the cheapest in the long run, so when you go to select your planter, cultivator or plow goods of any kind go to R. L. Shivers. You can do better work and more of it easier than with any other line. tf.

John Wilson, Earle Cortes, Dr. John Lister, Sam Bertram, George Doscher, Edward Newton and M. S. Murray, all of Houston, came up Wednesday to attend the wedding of Chas. P. Jones and Miss Alline Foster. The home of Mr. Jones is also in Houston.

#### Mebane.

That means a great deal to the farmer; less seed, but more lint; better price for your cotton. Ours are pure, grown on land that did not suffer for rain. Come to see us. It. A. M. Decuir, Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

The order of the Eastern Star announces that a school of instruction for the officers and members will be held here Wednesday and Thursday, March 19 and 20, by the grand officers of the state. All members of the local chapter will be required to attend and all chapters of the East Texas district are invited to attend the school.

#### Hot Days

Are ahead of us. Prepare for it and for the wood shortage by buying one of our oil cook stoves. We handle both kinds—the oil or vapor stoves. Farmers will soon be too busy to cut and haul wood to town. Be independent and use one of our cook stoves. It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

## WHY BE A SLAVE TO YOUR CAR?

Why bother with the dirt and drudgery of keeping it clean when you haven't the conveniences for doing it?

You can escape all the dirty, tedious jobs of keeping your car clean and in good running order by arranging with us to look after it.

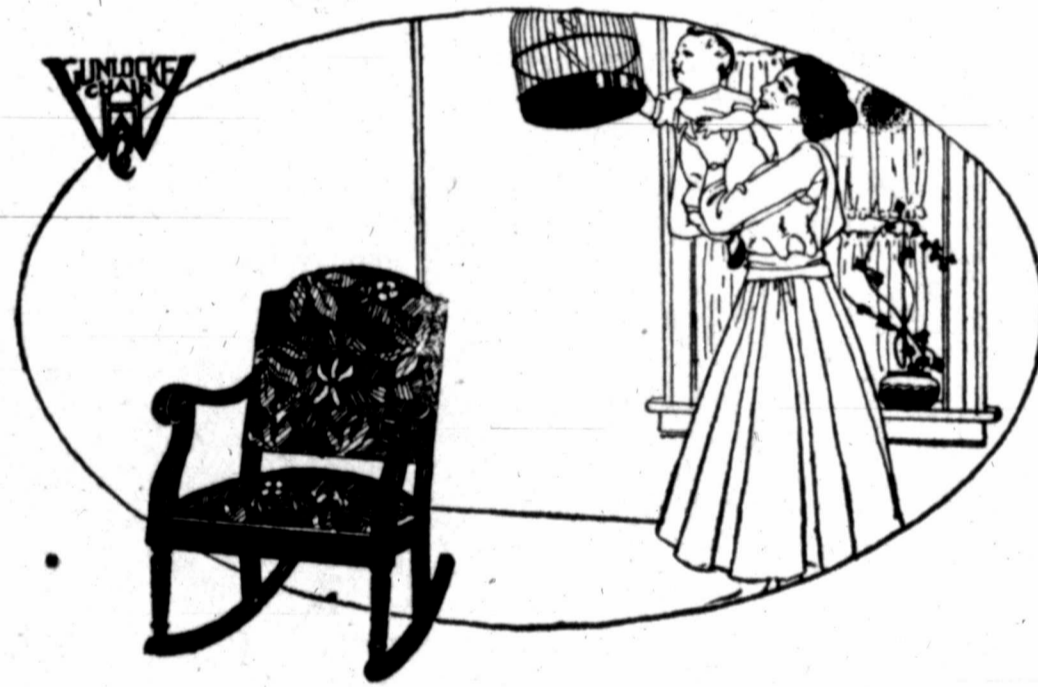
We have an experienced washer who knows how to take care of the finish and can keep your car as clean as you want it at a price you can easily afford.

## CROCKETT MOTOR COMPANY

#### Lost Mule.

One mouse-colored horse mule, 6 years old, about 15 hands high, no brand. Shoes on front feet. One bay mare, with white spot in face, past two years old, no brand.

Parties finding them please deliver to E. B. Goodrum, Lovelady, Texas, or Jas. S. Shivers, Crockett, Texas, and receive \$10.00 reward. Notify R. M. Berry, Fodice, Texas. 2t.



### OUR BUSINESS POLICY IS THAT WHAT IS BEST FOR YOU IS BEST FOR US

—We prefer to sell you furniture which will not make you complain and which will not compel us to explain.

—We believe in giving you store-service and purchase-service.

—When you buy from us you have the advantage of our experience and knowledge of the furniture business, and the goods you buy give you continuous satisfaction.

—Come and convince yourself. Inspect the quality and compare our prices.

**Callaway**  
FURNITURE & UNDERTAKING



COL. A. D. BAKER.

The above is a likeness of Col. A. D. Baker, who comes to give Crockett a first-class moving picture show.

Col. Baker is from Lockhart, where he owns a picture theater and from where he operates a string of picture shows. Crockett is the most recent addition to his string.

Mr. Baker, let the contract Monday for remodeling the building adjoining the law office of D. A. Nunn. The remodeled building will be used as a moving picture theatre, and Mr. Baker says he has some pleasing surprises in store for the amusement-loving people of Crockett and Houston county.

Only white people will be ad-

mitted into this building. Another location will be secured for the colored people, and the same pictures that are shown the white people will be shown the colored people afterward.

Col. Baker is an experienced showman, having operated moving picture shows in Mexico City, San Antonio and other cities. He says he has found better drinking water in Crockett than in any other city he has visited; that he likes the town already and that he thinks he will like it still better after he stays here awhile.

Mr. Baker will issue complimentary tickets good for six nights to all soldiers returning from overseas service.

## ALL MUST SHARE IN READJUSTMENT

### WAGE AND PRICE MATTERS ARE TO ACCEPT SHARE IN RESULTS.

Washington, March 8.—The federal reserve board in its forthcoming monthly bulletin says that all classes must share in the results of readjustment, including wage and price matters, soon to be expected. Without mentioning specifically the attitude of either labor or employers, the bulletin, according to a review issued today, says: "It would be unreasonable for any factor in production to assert that it would not bear its share in the general process of readjustment. Such readjustment is designed for the common benefit of all participants in industry and the public at large. If it be equitably carried out, its effects will not tend to favor any particular class or group in the community, but will operate to increase the general volume of business and the regularity and smoothness with which the industrial mechanism moves and functions."

Discussing foreign trade, the bulletin says:

"It is now becoming more and more evident that an important phase of readjustment must be sought in connection with foreign trade. Up to the opening of February it had still been hoped by many that there would be a swift revival of activity and that our manufactured products would be exported in something approaching the volume developed during the war. Several influences have intervened to prevent such a development. Important among these is the unsatisfactory position of the exchange.

The bulletin calls attention to a probable early falling off in foreign trade, due to decrease in advances by the treasury to allied governments. As the advances decrease, the bulletin asserts, some change in the activ-

ity of those branches of export trade which were dependent upon assistance of this kind is unavoidable.

### European Wheat-Needs Larger and Surplus Is Unlikely.

Paris, March 9.—That Herbert Hoover, the American food administrator and lately appointed director general of the inter-allied relief organization, is to cease his relief work in the summer was indicated in a statement issued today by Mr. Hoover concerning the wheat situation. He intimated that majority of his co-workers also would return to private life. When asked whether the United States government would lose the billion dollars appropriated to support the guarantee for next year's wheat crop, Mr. Hoover said:

"The question of government loss, if any, will revolve around several different factors. First, whether we or the world will have any surplus from the 1918 crop to carry over into next year; second, what the supply and demand will be for the 1919 crop; and third, whether the government should deliberately decide to take a loss in order to lower the price of bread.

"As to supply and demand for the 1918 crop, changes in the world demand during the last month, shown by widespread investigation of the food needs of Europe, indicate that there will be no surplus to carry over into the 1919 crop. The Indian famine has proved so serious that a large part of the Australian wheat must go there at once. In addition, a considerable proportion of the Australian supply, which has been piling up for years, has spoiled.

### Europe's Needs Larger.

"The needs of Europe are larger than our previous estimates. Altogether, the balance of supply and demand for our present stock now looks as though we might see wheat at \$3.50 a bushel, as it was in the spring of 1917, if there is a free market in wheat and uncontrolled prices. So much for the 1918 crop. There can be no free market of 90 per cent of world's ex-

ports. Wheat is controlled by the wheat executive in London. "As to the 1919 crop, it is too early to come to any precise conclusion. Our crop looks anything from 10 to 20 per cent greater next year than last year."

Here Mr. Hoover discussed the world wheat crop prospect and added:

"Altogether, it would appear now that there will be no bread to waste in any quarter of the world for the next year, even if the world had the money to pay for it.

"Therefore, to all present appearances, it should be possible to market the whole of next year's crop without loss to the government.

"As to whether the government will deliberately take a loss below the price of \$2.26 a bushel in order to lower the price of bread is a matter that will have to be determined by the officials of the day. It appears to me that the world price of wheat, if there is a free market, may be above \$2.26, and in any event such a loss would be a direct subtraction from bread prices, just as it is paid now in European countries. There are very great technical difficulties in the way of such procedure in the United States. Furthermore, it would, I believe, be proved upon investigation that to lower the price of flour by 50 per cent would only reduce the price of a one-pound loaf from 9c or 10c, as at present, to 7c or 8c, because too large a proportion of the increased cost of a loaf since the war is due to higher wages, manufacturing costs and the cost of other supplies.

### Must Earn Living.

"These problems will, moreover, need to be solved by someone else, because neither myself nor most of the men in the food administration will be able to continue in the service of the government after next July. We, also, must earn a living."

Asked concerning certain criticisms arising from the government having fixed the price of wheat, Mr. Hoover said he originally opposed the fixing of the price and afterward on every occasion when congress endeavored to raise the price. He added that he considered then, and also did now, that the world situation required a stimulation to production by guarantees to farmers, but that he was anxious to have the matter left to the administration. He recommended that the guarantee should be placed on the basis of so much per acre of wheat planted, he said.

"Had this course been followed," Mr. Hoover continued, "the government would have known precisely its liability at all times and could have released wheat at prices to be determined by the law of supply and demand if it were at any time considered advisable. I have always believed that a stimulation could be secured with a subsidy of from \$2 to \$5 per acre, and that such a subsidy on 60,000,000 acres of wheat planted in the United States would have, at the outside, cost \$300,000,000, and I believe this would have been equally just and satisfactory to the farmer.

"I do not dispute the greater wisdom of congress and it is quite possible that the government may escape without any loss. Even if it does not, I would be prepared to defend the necessity of a guarantee as having been the means by which the bread of the world has been saved. The courage which the large American production gave to Europe was one of the contributing factors which won the war. If the present outlook continues, the world may be as grateful for a billion-bushel wheat crop of next year as it has been for our 900,000,000-bushel crop this last year."

Denmark is experimenting with a meal made from blue mussels, found in unlimited number along its coast, as a poultry food.

Recently invented stuffed animals for children have skins that can be removed and washed.



There are some straw hats that may be washed with safety. A shape which does not contain glue or shellac may be cleaned in this way. First dust the hat thoroughly, using brush and cloth, and by shaking out the freed particles of dirt. Then make a warm suds of soap and water and scrub the hat with a nail brush. When it is dry rub over it the white of an egg beaten to a froth.

Chiffon is washed in warm suds, for which a bland soap is used. The washing will be successful if the chiffon is handled gently. After rinsing fold in a towel and run through a wringer. When partially dry it should be ironed on the right side with a moderately hot iron. Chiffon veils are laundered in the same way.

### To Freshen Ribbons and Silks.

Black ribbons may be renovated by first brushing them free of dust and then sponging them with a mixture of water and alcohol, using one part of alcohol to two parts of water. When partly dry iron under a piece of thin muslin, or black crinoline, with a moderately warm iron.

Colored ribbons of good quality will wash if care is taken in the process, which is the same as that for chiffon, except that they are ironed on the wrong side. A very fine way for freshening ribbons is to pull them across escaping steam from the teakettle. A contrivance of tin is used for this purpose, which fits over the spout and spreads into a flat fan with a slit in the top. Bows that do not need cleaning, but have become mussed may be cleverly pressed with a curling iron. Try this with little silk bows or velvet bows. Make the iron quite hot, and wrap about it a wet cloth. Then

insert the iron in the loops, opening the curler to stretch the loop to smoothness. When the bow is quite dry brush it, if of velvet. A trimmed hat which looks mussed may be held over steam and bows or folds stretched and smoothed with the fingers.

*Julia Bottinelli*

### Ribbon Workbag.

A good workbag can be made from two yards of Dresden ribbon six and one-half inches wide and one embroidery hoop. Cut two rounds of cardboard, the size of the hoop for the bottoms of the "double-decker" bag, pad with sheet cotton and cover with the ribbon. Divide the remaining ribbon in halves and seam up both pieces. Then sew one to a cardboard round and fasten at the top of the outside rim of the embroidery hoop. Make the top part of the bag in the same way, save that the cardboard bottom is to be sewed to the inside of the embroidery ring, which has been covered by the silk ribbon.

### New Form of Trimming.

Enormous braided buttonholes with buttons at one end form the trimming of some of the new dresses put out by Premet. On one there are three of these, forming the trimming of the bodice, the topmost one being at least six inches long, the center one perhaps five inches and the one nearest the waistline possibly four inches. Four graded buttonholes of similar construction trim the upper part of the front panel of the skirt.

## COST OF LIVING FIRST TO BE PARED

### To Get Things Back on Law of Supply and Demand Basis Chief Purpose.

Washington, March 9.—Completion of the personnel of the industrial board of the department of commerce together with the plans of the board has hastening the return of prices of food and wages to normal, was announced Sunday through the council of national defense.

Associated with George N. Peek of Moline, Ill., a former member of the war industries board as chairman of the new organization, are Samuel P. Bush of Columbus, O.; Anthony Caminetti, commissioner of immigration; Thomas K. Glenn of Atlanta, Ga.; George R. James of Memphis, Tenn.; T. C. Powell of Cincinnati and William M. Ritter of West Virginia.

The purpose of the new board, it was announced, is to bring about the operation of the laws of supply and demand, interfered with by the process of war. To this end conferences will be held with representatives of the chief industries "to decide on the prices to be offered to the nation as the governmentally approved judgment on a price scale low enough to encourage buying and the resumption of normal activities."

"As soon as a stable and wholesome scale of prices is achieved," said the announcement, "the cost of living will have so far been reduced as to create automatically reductions in the price of labor without interfering with American standards and ideals for the treatment and living conditions of labor and thus the last inflating element will have been withdrawn from prices. It is believed that industry will agree that the cost of living must be

substantially reduced before labor should be asked to accept lower wages and thus industry should stand the first shock of readjustment.

"Basic commodities such as steel, building materials, textiles and food will be considered first and brought to a stable basis. The government policy, as expressed by the bill to authorize purchase by the government of wheat at the guaranteed price and resale of it at the world price, is to assist in bringing prices of basic commodities to normality by bringing down the cost of living. It is hoped that these steps alone will automatically operate to reduce the price of a fabricated articles. If they do not do so, in any particular case, the industry affected will be invited into conference.

"The assurance to the country of a market stabilized at the lowest reasonably expected level will loosen such a flood of buying for the refilling of stocks, the making up of arrears in the building program, the feeding of needs long starved by economy and the invasion of world markets, as may stand unprecedented in this country. From the stable level thus reached by co-operation we may expect a healthy and normal condition created by the complete and unhampered operation of the law of supply and demand."

In reply to the objection that a general reduction in selling prices now will force industry and commerce to take a loss on products purchased at war prices, the board's announcement said the losses under the proposed plan would be less than if industry were required to await a natural readjustment with its consequent long period of stagnation.

"The normal operation of the law of supply and demand," said the statement, "can not cure what it did not cause, first because it can not operate until buying begins, and second, because buying can not begin until we have a more normal, stable and homogenous market."

## FROM THE HOUSTON COUNTY COMPANY

Company E, 143rd Infantry, American Expeditionary Forces, February 6, 1919.  
To the Homefolks and Friends of the Houston County Boys Now in the A. E. F.:  
In view of the fact that there are daily inquiries coming into this organization, from anxious mothers concerning the welfare of their boys over here, I find it a pleasure to submit below a list of the men who are at present members of this organization, all of whom are in fair state of health, and are awaiting their turn at the transportation back home. Before each Houston county boy's name appears a star (\*), and he is fully entitled to this much distinction, for he is a real survivor of the real world war. In this connection, let me add that dozens of the Houston county boys who came overseas in this organization have since been transferred to other organizations, so that in case your boy's name is not seen here, he is perhaps in another organization at this time. The list follows:

- Captain (U. S. A.)**  
Nicheson, Alexander A.
- First Lieutenants (U. S. A.)**  
Terry, Charles L.  
Walter, Martin E.  
Rollins, John W.
- Second Lieutenants (U. S. A.)**  
Klein, Albert S.  
Rice, Chas. L.
- First Sergeants**  
Fallis, Lloyd D.  
Bachtel, Elisha K. (Extra).
- Supply Sergeant.**  
\*Poster, Lee H.
- Mess Sergeant.**  
Wright, Gerald A.
- Sergeants.**  
Lynch, Virgil C.  
Lively, Lonnie L.  
\*Wills, Willie F.  
Evans, Atlas K.  
\*Hearn, John O.  
\*Murchison, Morgan D.  
\*Lawson, Hayne B.  
Page, Walter N.  
\*Vickers, Andrew J.  
\*Wakefield, John H.  
Lees, George W.  
Crim, George R.  
Canard, Charles B.  
\*Griffin, Samuel L.  
Hicks, Edgar.  
\*Moore, Jno. I. Jr.
- Corporals.**  
\*Hanks, Willis E.  
\*Brewton, Emmett T.  
\*Streetman, Charles R.  
Wain, Melvin J.  
Spence, Tom C.  
\*Baucom, Willie E.  
Bell, Mack.  
Becker, Willie R.  
Libbatt, Albert.  
Killingsworth, Samuel C.  
Cavances, Jesse A.  
Jackson, James H.

- Johnson, Herbert R.  
Johnson, Elbert L.  
Laney, Carl.  
Wright, Robert L.  
Kendrick, Alson G.  
Fenimore, Edward.  
Young, Robert A.  
\*Conley, Robert P.  
Sherrell, Fred O.  
Hughes, Manuel.  
Benzino, Louis J.  
Fisco, Julius C.  
Block, Robert.  
Aanes, Ole O.  
Trigg, Carl J.  
Anderson, Charles A.  
King, Bela D.  
Kirkland, Jay D.  
Lacy, Ivy D.  
Thomas, Lawrence J.
- Cooks.**  
Doughty, Jesse J.  
\*McCann, Sam.  
\*Sanders, Willard H.
- Mechanics.**  
\*Brown, John C.  
Gauntt, Asburey M.  
Herst, Stéphen.  
\*Lawrence, Roy M.  
Schwarz, John J.

- Bugler.**  
Bice, Asberry.
- Privates, 1st Class.**  
\*Alston, Henry.  
Askew, Will L.  
Boleman, Roy D.  
\*Brasher, Joe.  
\*Brock, Ross J.  
Bruggeman, Louis T.  
Brygidyr, Stif.  
Bryson, Grover C.  
Cant, Joseph C.  
\*Carr, Marvin H.  
Cavances, Archie B.  
\*Conley, Lonnie E.  
\*Cook, Charles W.  
\*English, Frank T.  
Fields, James A.  
\*Grounds, William S.  
Hall, Braxton C.  
Hallstrom, Ans A.  
Hanks, Jesse L.  
Hardin, William.  
\*Hobson, Hance.  
Jester, Frank J.  
Johnson, Albert F.  
\*Johnson, Grover C.  
Joplin, George R.  
Lacey, Robert S.  
Lambright, James C.  
\*Laseter, Edgar W.  
\*Lively, Harry R.  
\*Lundy, Richard L.  
\*Mainer, Roy B.  
\*McComb, Lee.  
McHughes, Thomas R.  
\*McLean, Dan H.  
\*McManners, Venton.  
Mitchell, William H.  
\*Moore, John E.  
\*Murdock, Lewis N.  
Murrell, Ray.  
Nicholson, John.  
\*Patterson, Charles B.  
Peeler, Grady.  
Perry, Harry T.  
Prewitt, Robert C.  
Quante, Corie B.  
Scherhart, Raymond.  
Solie, Agrelie.  
Tucci, Dionisio.  
\*Turner, Jobie.  
\*Turner, Louis.  
\*Turner, John F.  
\*Turner, Tom.  
Webb, Jim H.  
\*Wells, Hersel A.

- Whatley, Travis S.  
Wilson, Guy W.  
Wood, Robert H.
- Privates.**  
Bailey, Hans E.  
\*Barnes, Lane B.  
Becton, Carl E.  
Boehme, Rudolph C.  
Bray, Fred O.  
Brown, Lonnie L.  
Buczinsko, Pietro.  
Bussta, Ingacy.  
Butterfield, Raymond.  
Campbell, Thamos A.  
Carey, Lee.  
Carson, Julius K.  
Cassanta, Jim.  
Chelnick, Herman.  
Chowning, John.  
Clark, Phlegn.  
Combast, Frank.  
Donnell, Rex W.  
Dye, Amos.  
Enrace, Charles.  
Farris, Roy S.  
Faubion, James W.  
Fountain, Alger J.  
Fusco, Guisepe.  
Gaertner, Frank.  
Gant, Abner A.  
Garvin, Lawrence J.  
Garza, Matiss.  
Goffin, Charles E.  
Granado, Porfirio.  
Griego, Jose M.  
Groundness, Peairs.  
Graybowski, Stanley.  
Guess, Joseph W.  
Hanes, Kearby S.  
Hans, John H.  
Harper, Orrie.  
Haynes, James D.  
Haynes, Nathaniel W.  
Heath, Alfred R.  
Heras, Eugenie.  
Higginbotham, William T.  
Hines, Urban E.  
Hodges, August L.  
Hogan, George M.  
Holcomb, Hugh C.  
Huffer, John W.  
James, Elonzo.  
Johnson, James B.  
Johnson, M. T.  
Jones, Robert C.  
Juan, Charles.  
Karinski, John J.  
Karbowski, Peter.  
Kelly, Clarence W.  
Killian, Birl J.  
King, Jim.  
King, Sam W.  
Kluge, Thasiore.  
Kohlieffel, Charles E.  
Krause, Ben.  
Lopez, Thomas.  
Martin, Gerome.  
McLemore, Richard C.  
Mitrovich, Tullius.  
Montgomery, George.  
Negier, Joe J.  
O'Brien, Jerry.  
Orsancoski, John.  
Pace, Herbert.  
Paddleford, Floyd M.  
Peters, Gustav E.  
Pike, Willis.  
Plummer, George N.  
Riddles, Bernard A.  
Riojas, Antonio.  
Roberson, Walter.  
Rodeck, Irwin A.  
Rogers, Jackson M.  
Rogers, Joseph.  
\*Rush, Charles H.  
Russell, David A.  
Saddler, August B.  
Salazar, John.  
Santocusse, Louis.  
\*Smith, Walter N.  
Sparks, Leonard M.  
Spears, Haughton W.  
Steen, Hugh L.  
Stringer, Ewel E.  
Sutton, Lee T.  
Tellez, Juan A.  
Thomas, Bill.  
Thompson, Henry.  
Thompson, Jefferson.  
Theme, Alfred B.  
Tuttle, Alvin E.  
Vela, Elurado.  
Wall, Eldridge M.  
Webber, Reinhold E.  
Wasse, Charley O.  
Wells, Jake.  
Welsh, Robert E.  
Westbrook, Virgil J.  
Williams, George J.  
Wills, John J.  
Wilson, Oscar.  
Wood, Charlie B.  
Wokito, William.  
Yarbrough, William A.

This list is submitted with the hope that some mother who heretofore could not get in touch with her boy may learn his correct address. In the near future, I shall very likely submit an outlined history of the proceedings of the organization, since its arrival overseas.

Cpl. Chas. R. Streetman,  
Clerk, Company E, 143rd Infantry,  
American Expeditionary Forces.

**World Needs Cotton, French Premier Tells American Representative.**  
Paris, March 5.—Charles Barrett of Chicago, head of the delegation of the national board of farm organizations, was granted an interview with Premier Clemenceau this afternoon. He discussed the restriction of cotton importation with the premier. Mr. Barrett said later:  
"M. Clemenceau seemed extremely attentive and agreeable and said 'the world needs cotton. The world should have cotton and it should go everywhere.'"

An endless chain passing around two pulleys operates a mechanical chimney sweep that has been patented for cleaning flues.  
A new plane is provided with a shield for the hand to prevent its being bruised.



**YOUR NEW SPRING HAT IS HERE!  
COME! TRY IT ON.**

Our assortment of new Spring Hats is so large that we are sure your particular needs can be filled here.

Never before have we shown such wonderful styles—and so many different kinds.

Straw Hats, Braid Hats, Hand-made Hats of Straw and Georgette Combinations.

Large Hats—Small Hats—of every style and description awaits your arrival.

Especially noteworthy is our unusual showing of smart

**Gold Medal Hats**

**From \$4.00 to \$20.00**

**HAIL'S MILLINERY PARLORS**

## MUST CHOOSE SIDES ON TREATY

### BRITISH AND FRENCH IN CONFLICT OVER REPARATION.

Paris, March 8.—The American peace commission, in pursuance of their efforts to hasten the conclusion of the preliminary treaty of peace, have found themselves in a position where they must take sides on the conflicting views of the British and the French regarding the reparation to be exacted from Germany, upon which the whole settlement hinges.

The British feel that in order to secure the great sum of money to be demanded of the Germans, the latter must be enabled to receive at the earliest possible moment food and raw materials, and even credits with which to start business again, so that out of the proceeds of that business they might pay their debts.

The French do not believe that the German business interests should be permitted to get back into their prewar activity until the stricken business interests of France and Belgium have at least caught up with them. They fear that otherwise Germany will be able to regain possession of the world's markets in her old lines.

The Americans, it is understood, have decided finally to adhere to the British position, which appears likely to be the one to be adopted.

The supreme economic commission now is trying to decide what shall be the relations between the United States and the allies and the recent enemy states after the war. In this connection the American delegation is pointing to the pledge given in the acceptance of President Wilson's fourteen points by

the allies when the armistice was concluded, that there would be no discrimination in tariffs or other trade arrangements as between any of the nations. At the same-time it is urged in the allotment of raw materials preference should be given to Belgium and France.

### Gunners With British Were Ordered to Hold Positions.

New York, March 6.—Machine gunners of the 27th division, while serving with the British, operated under orders which required that their positions be held at all costs, staff officers declared today. They made public a series of orders as follows:

"1. This position will be held and the section will remain here until relieved.

"2. The enemy can not be allowed to interfere with this program.

"3. If the gun team can not remain here alive it will remain here dead, but in any case it will remain here.

"4. Should any man, through shell shock or other cause, attempt to surrender he will remain here—dead.

"5. Should the gun be put out of action the team will use rifles, revolvers, mills, grenades and other novelties.

"6. Finally, the position, as stated, will be held."

### German Officers Must Wear Their Uniforms and Salute Americans.

Coblentz, March 6.—All German officers and men on duty in the zone occupied by American troops must wear uniforms when they appear in the street, according to an order effective Thursday, issued by General Dickman today. The order is the result of a tendency on the part of certain German senior officers to wear civilian clothes because of their dislike to being compelled by a general order issued some time ago to salute all American officers.

## DR. R. E. DILLARD

Physician and Surgeon

Crockett, Texas

Office over First National Bank

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Residence 143. Office 340.

## Bring Us Your Repair Work

We guarantee every job we do to be first-class. We have an experienced Ford mechanic, and can save you money on your repair work. Get our prices on any job.

We handle genuine Ford parts from the Ford company, and have new radiators in stock. Also re-cover Ford tops.

**WE ALSO HANDLE THE DIAMOND TIRES AND TUBES—GUARANTEED FOR 5000 MILES—AND PUT THEM ON FREE OF CHARGE.**

We wash and polish cars, also handle the best grade of gasoline and oil. We will appreciate a part of your business.

## Day and Night Garage

# SPRING OPENING



WE ANNOUNCE for this week our complete readiness to show all that Fashion has decreed as correct in apparel for Spring. The result of the creative thought of the entire apparel world is admirably represented here.

The result of the weeks of study and selection on the part of our buyers in the East is manifest in present displays.

For weeks we have been showing a creditable, comprehensive collection of Spring styles, but not until every representative type had reached us—not until every minute detail had been arranged; not until stocks had reached the very height of completion would we say "ready."

We can now safely declare this to be an exhibition, which for extensiveness, beauty and authority, can not be excelled anywhere.

### Spring Suits.

New colors, new shades, new designs constitute our present stock. Large variety and all sizes can now be seen in our ready-to-wear department. The new box coats with fancy vests are here in Tri-cotteen, Poirer Twill and Men's Wear Serge at \$20.00 and up.

### Spring Coats.

Totally different new models in Dalman and Cape styles from the best makers in New York come in by express, in all prices, ranging from \$20.00 up.

### The First Blooming of the New Weaves of Spring

#### The Silks the Cottons and the Trimmings to Make Them Beautiful

With the touch of spring in the air our great Piece Goods Department blossoms forth with the spirit of the new, aglow with the first bloomings of the new wide weaves of springtime.

There are sheer Cotton Weaves, superlative, glorious, new patterns, in Gingham, Voiles, Tussah Crepes, Organdies, Percales and sheer dainty solid colors that will meet your fondest desires.

### Spring Suits for Boys.

The new Spring Suits for boys are arriving, and they are awfully good looking, now that the ban on styles is lifted by the government, which permits the makers to go the limit for looks. You know our reputation for showing the things that are different for boys.

These new Suits are mannish in type and just the right weight for early Spring and Fall wear. An early selection is advisable, and you'll find prices reasonable, too.



### New Spring Oxfords of the Better Grade Reasonably Priced.

Models that radiate beauty and present a true conception of the correct in Fashion. No ideal in shoemaking is too lofty for us to strive to attain.

Our ambition has been to make our models the best, the most stylish and the most perfect fitting Footwear offered in this section, sold at a price that is fair to you. We have succeeded, as shown by the liberal patronage given us since the wonderful styles have been shown. We are proud of our reputation, because we know our policy of giving value and doing a large volume of business is appreciated by people who know good values.

Selecting your Spring Oxfords, Colonials and Pumps is a pleasure in this store. With such a variety of styles—with such a smart newness and such sureness of fit—you will appreciate all the benefits of our efficient salesmen.

### Spring Dresses.

We are ready with the prettiest gowns you have ever seen. Every model represents the modes not of yesterday, nor of last season, but of today—Foulards, Georgettes and Taffetas are among the new cloths. We especially call your attention to the ones we are showing at \$17.50 and up.

### Spring Skirts.

As you are shopping around we want you to drop in and take a look at our new skirts. Styles seem to be better than ever and our stock represents a large variety of styles and sizes in Bar-onette Satin, Crepe de Chine combinations and other materials—\$5.00 to 15.00.

### Voile Blouses for Spring Dainty Fashions

The new Voile Blouses for spring and summer wear are now making their appearance, and never before have they been more attractive or such a great variation of novel conceptions.

Most exquisitely hand embroidered and trimmed in dainty Filet and Val. Laces—many finished in tiny pin tucks.

Those who visit the Blouse Section any day this week will see a very representative advance collection.

### Spring Hosiery.

#### Any Style Any Color

Every kind of Spring Hosiery—pure silk, silk lisle and cotton. Your spring suit or dress would be incomplete without new hose to match. Our stocks are excellent—excellent as to quality and coloring. No matter what you need, it will be our pleasure to supply you.

CROCKETT'S  
BIG STORE

JAMES S. SHIVERS

CROCKETT,  
TEXAS





## PRESIDENT SAILS ON RETURN TRIP TO PEACE CONGRESS

TRANSPORT GEORGE WASHINGTON GETS UNDER WAY EARLY WEDNESDAY.

New York, March 5.—President Wilson sailed Wednesday on his second voyage to France, determined, as he said in his Metropolitan opera house speech here Tuesday night, not to "come back 'till it's over, over there."

The transport George Washington bearing the presidential party left the Hoboken, N. J., pier at 8:15 a. m. The chief executive's departure was marked by a simplicity which contrasted with the noisy demonstration given him when the George Washington carried Mr. Wilson from American waters on his first journey to Paris last December.

Today there was only a small crowd of persons assembled at the pier. To these the president, hat in hand, and Mrs. Wilson waved farewell greetings as the George Washington swung out into the lower Hudson river while the band on the transport Great Northern, berthed nearby, played "The Star Spangled Banner." Standing on the bridge, the president and his wife saw the American flag raised on the staff at the stern and heard the booming of the presidential salute of 21 guns. As the transport turned her nose toward the Statue of Liberty an escort of destroyers got under way ahead. The harbor was nearly deserted because of the strike of marine workers.

The president and Mrs. Wilson had ascended to the bridge soon after 8 o'clock. Mr. Wilson had been up and about the decks for nearly two hours, having been the first of the presidential party to appear. Most of the others were asleep when the transport sailed.

Just as the George Washington was about to sail it was discovered that some one had neglected to bring aboard the morning newspapers. The

lines had been made fast to the gang-plank which was about to be drawn in, when the president's orderly, clutching a dollar bill in his hand, rushed across the plank onto the pier and hurried through the flag-decorated archway to a news stand, where he purchased the papers and came running back to the ship. This incident delayed for a few minutes the vessel's departure.

The George Washington passed Quarantine at 9:10 a. m., and was saluted by 21 guns by the U. S. S. Amphitrite and by whistles blown by all steam craft in the lower bay.

Owing to the harbor strike there were no private tugs available to tow the George Washington out into the river. Two army transport tugs were present, but the ship was got under way without their aid. The ship sailed in command of Captain Edward McCauley Jr.

### Thirsty Farmers Must Not Tap the Silo to Get Alcohol.

Springfield, Ill., March 5.—Woe be unto the farmer who steals out behind the barn and taps the silo before the sun is up. He is going to be a marked man if he resorts to such method to get his alcohol after the "great drought."

The prairies of the State abound in silos wherein the fodder is fermented that cattle may have food. Illinois has farsighted statesmen in its halls of legislation and they are on the job. They know that after July 1 when the country goes dry there will be a mad rush for anything that smacks of alcohol.

Representative William P. Holaday is fearful that the tapping of a silo may bring dire consequences in the farming communities and he put in a bill that is going to forestall any such catastrophe. The farmer caught tapping his silo may go to the penitentiary and the bill stipulates not even civil service law would save him. Such are the stipulations of the freak bill of the session.

A patent has been granted for a carpenter's saw so shaped and marked that it also serves as a straight edge, measuring rule and square.

Iron ore is found in almost every Chinese province but it is mined extensively in only a few.

## AVOID THE FLU BY KEEPING LIVER ACTIVE

Doctors Find Calotabs, the New Nauseless Calomel, Best Laxative for Colds and Preventive for Influenza and Pneumonia.

To cut short a cold over night, to stop a sore throat, and to put the system in the best possible condition to avoid influenza and pneumonia, doctors are advising the new nausealess calomel, called Calotabs, which are free from the sickening and salivating effects of the old style calomel. At the first sign of a cold or sore throat, it is best to take a Calotab at once, before the inflammation has gone too far. You may thus save yourself a spell of sickness.

One Calotab at bed time with a swallow of water—that's all. No salts, no nausea, nor the slightest interference with eating, work or pleasure. Next morning your cold has vanished, your liver is active, your system is purified and refreshed and you are feeling fine with a hearty appetite for breakfast. Perhaps you can congratulate yourself that a "stitch in time" has saved you serious illness. Calotabs are sold only in original sealed packages, price thirty-five cents. Your druggist recommends and guarantees Calotabs and will cheerfully give back your money if you are not delighted. (Adv.)

### Fifth Sunday Meeting.

Programme of Fifth Sunday meet- of Neches River Association, to be held with the Arbor Baptist church, eight miles east of Crockett, commencing Friday night, March 28:

Friday night, 7:30—Introductory sermon by Brother B. F. Wright.

Saturday 9 a. m.—Devotional service by Brother A. F. Thomas.

Saturday 9:30 a. m.—Board meeting.

Saturday 10:30 a. m.—Song service led by Gus Thomas.

Saturday 11 a. m.—Who Is Responsible for Lack of Interest in Our Mission Work?—Led by Brother J. W. Caldwell.

Saturday 12:00 m.—Dinner on the ground.

Saturday 1:30 p. m.—Song service.

Saturday 2 p. m.—What Is the Duty of God's People in the Support of the Gospel?—Led by Brother J. C. Sullivan.

Saturday 2:30 p. m.—What Relationship Exists Between the Church and Sunday School?—Led by Brother J. M. Carlton.

Saturday 3:00 p. m.—What Law Did Paul Have Reference to in Rom. 7-9 and What Effect Did it Have Upon Him?—Led by G. W. Rice.

Saturday 3:30 p. m.—What Is the Benefit of Woman's Work to the Church and Who Should Engage in it?

Saturday 7:30 p. m.—Preaching by J. V. Vermillion.

Sunday 9:30 a. m.—Prayer and song service by Geo. M. Jeffus.

10:00 a. m.—Sunday School mass meeting led by Brother J. J. Lowe.

10:30.—Song service.

11:00 a. m.—Preaching by J. F. McClung.

Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution, Giving the Legislature Power to Give or Lend, or Authorize the Giving or Lending, of the Credit of the State for the Purpose of Assisting Citizens, Heads of Families, to Acquire or Improve Their Homes.

House Joint Resolution No. 19.

To amend Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, to provide that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend, or authorize the giving or lending, of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes; authorizing the State to acquire, improve, sell or lease real estate or assist such citizens to acquire or improve their homes upon terms and conditions prescribed by the Legislature; authorizing the Legislature to create such agencies as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section; providing that obligations created under this section shall never be taxed; and providing that the Legislature shall have authority to provide a method of securing any deferred payments for lands purchased hereunder, and that such obligations shall be secured in addition to the usual liens by an annual assessment collected as a tax against the land; and providing that the Legislature shall have no power to relieve any person from any obligation entered into under this provision or any statute enacted thereunder; and providing for the classification of lands acquired under this Act, and limiting acreage sold to any one person where lands are classed as agricultural.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 50 of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of

## LONG LASTING



Satisfaction for the sweet tooth.

Aid to appetite and digestion — benefit and enjoyment in LASTING form.

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WRAPPED IN UNITED STATES COUPONS

The Flavor Lasts 107



Texas, be so amended that the same will read and hereafter be as follows:

Sec. 50. The Legislature shall have no power to give or to lend, or to authorize the giving or lending, of the credit of the State in aid of or to any person, association, or corporation, whether municipal or other, or to pledge the credit of the State in any manner whatsoever, for the payment of the liabilities, present or prospective, of any individual, association of individuals, municipal or other corporation, whatsoever, except that the Legislature shall have the power to give or to lend, or to authorize the giving or lending, of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting native born or naturalized citizens who are heads of families and who will become in good faith actual occupants, to acquire or improve their homes; and for this purpose the State is authorized to acquire, improve, sell or lease real estate or assist such citizens to acquire or improve their homes upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and subject to such limitations as the Legislature may from time to time prescribe. Provided that no land shall be acquired by the State under the terms of this amendment to the Constitution until the said lands are examined, and the value of said lands is appraised and ascertained as to its actual value for agricultural purposes, by a commission hereby authorized, composed of the Governor, Attorney General, Land Commissioner, Comptroller of Public Accounts and the State Treasurer; and their report shall be available to all prospective land purchasers. The Legislature shall have authority to create by law such agencies as may be deemed necessary to effect the purposes of the Act. Obligations created under this section shall never be taxed, and the Legislature shall have authority to provide a method of securing deferred payments for lands purchased hereunder, and in addition to the usual liens may secure the same by an annual assessment collected as a tax against the land; provided, however, the Legislature shall have no power to relieve any person from any obligation entered into with the State enacted hereunder. The terms of this Act shall not apply, or be extended to any person who is not a bona fide resident citizen of the State of Texas and who has not been such citizen at least two years prior to the extension of such aid, nor shall the terms of this Act ever be applied to any lands outside of the State of Texas. Provided further that all land acquired by the State under the provisions of this section for which the State may lend its credit shall be classified as agricultural lands or otherwise, and if

classified as agricultural lands, then no more than 200 acres shall be sold to any one person under the provisions herein.

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the State of Texas at an election to be held throughout the State on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1919, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes," and all those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes."

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have same published as required by the Constitution and existing laws of the State.

Sec. 4. That the sum of \$5000.00, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

George F. Howard, Secretary of State. (Attest: A true copy.) 4t.

## THE ACID TEST

The Acid Test of Paint Is Time.

Masury Paint Lasts

WE SELL IT

B. F. Chamberlain CROCKETT, TEXAS

**Always Welcome**  
"You little rascal—played along the way, didn't you? Kept grandma waiting! Oh well, it's all right. Because

**CALUMET BAKING POWDER**

is always right. It's worth waiting for. Always welcome. Never shirks its work. Never fails. Never wastes minutes or materials and I know it's pure and wholesome, as Calumet contains only such ingredients as have been approved officially by the U. S. Food Authorities."

You save when you buy it—you save when you use it.

**HIGHEST Quality Awards**

## PRISONER FEEDING BILL PASSES WITH DATE SET IN 1920

MEASURE BY HALL OF HARRIS AMENDED TO COVER TERMS OF PRESENT SHERIFFS.

Austin, Texas, March 5.—After a filibuster lasting more than a week the bill by Hall of Harris, providing that the counties shall feed prisoners, was finally passed by the house this morning, but it was amended to provide that it shall not become effective until December 1, 1920, thus rendering it ineffective so far as the sheriffs now holding office are concerned. This was exactly what Barry Miller and Brown and Curtis of Tarrant had been contending for and all they desired. They were not opposed to the principle of the bill, but they did oppose, and successfully, the application of the terms to the sheriffs now in office.

Hall vigorously contested every point and made a game fight for his bill, but time is short and rather than see it sacrificed he accepted the Miller-Curtis proposition.

The house Wednesday adopted a resolution providing for sine die adjournment March 14, which is the legal limit of the \$5 per diem. In the senate the resolution was referred to a committee instead of being acted upon from the floor. There is a very strong sentiment in favor of adoption, but there is equally as strong pressure to get some of the senate bills finally acted on. The senate is ahead of the house and has pretty well cleaned up all the bills which have finally passed the house. But the house is far behind in its calendar and there are many senate bills lying there without action other than favorable committee reports.

## AMERICA IS FIRST TO FILE CLAIMS

Paris, March 5.—America is the first nation to complete her bill of claims against Germany. Tonight experts had completed a tabulation of the damages for which reparation will be asked, the amount reaching in round numbers about \$750,000,000.

The total claims are divided into losses due to the destruction of ships by illegal submarine warfare, the consequent losses of cargoes, the seizure of American property in Germany and finally the loss of life due to the sinking of American ships. Compensation is asked for at least a score at the rate of about \$10,000 for each individual, that sum being arrived at by averaging allowances made under the compensation laws of various American states, and the awards of courts in damage cases.

Against the total American claims, she has something like \$800,000,000 in the hands of the alien property custodian, taken from German and central allied sources. These sums will be used to discharge the substantial items against the Teutonic nations. Although practically all the property seized in America is privately owned by German subjects, and therefore in theory not available for national debts, this difficulty will be met, it is

expected, through German action in confiscating private property and applying it to meet the debts of the government.

No other nation has yet placed her claims on the table of the reparation committee. In fact, certain nations were inclined to sidestep and suggested that the total amounts be left in blank. This method was objected to by America, which pointed out that in making judgment against Germany, it was necessary to present a detailed bill, so that the defeated nation might know for what they were paying. America's refusal to handle the matter in any other way than by submitting a clear and unstandable statement to Germany has had the effect of causing the other countries to concentrate upon the question of precisely how much and for what their claims will be. The committees are proceeding along two lines, as I have indicated before, the first being a computation of the claims based on actual damages and the second being claims of damages plus war costs. And later when the principle of reparation has been defined by the council of ten, these two amounts will be composed according to such ruling and in the light of the amount that Germany is able to pay, which is, after all, the controlling factor.

The present outlook is that the Germans will have assessed against them sums which will require a full generation to wipe out, and which with interest will finally aggregate twice as much as the original sum. In other words, if Germany is compelled to pay the principal of \$25,000,000,000 which there is reason to believe will be the amount set, by the time she has completed the last installment she will have totaled something like \$50,000,000,000.

While progress is being made on the reparation question, the situation concerning food for Germany is muddled and the outlook is gloomy. The meeting at Spa which began tonight and will continue tomorrow and possibly for a day or two longer may bring about a solution. The obstacle in the path arises through the French position. France is still unwilling to commit herself to any plan that will require money which she feels should be used for the discharge of the claims of her people who suffered through German invasion.

### Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of H. W. Bozeman, unknown heirs of Mary Hall, unknown heirs of Agnes Ballard, unknown heirs of M. F. Bozeman, unknown heirs of Harmon Bozeman, unknown heirs of J. H. Bozeman, unknown heirs of Thos. Bozeman, unknown heirs of Edward Bozeman, unknown heirs of Katie Q. or Catherine I. Bozeman, and Mrs. Mary Hall, Mrs. Agnes Ballard, M. F. Bozeman, Harmon Bozeman, J. H. Bozeman, Thos. Bozeman, Edward Bozeman, Katie Q. or Catherine I. Bozeman, J. M. Jordan and wife, M. L. Jordan, by making publication of this citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the Third Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest District to said Third Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House thereof, in Crockett, Texas, on the fourth Monday in March, A. D. 1919, the same being the 24th day of March, A. D. 1919, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1919, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court as No. 5775, wherein J. H. Borchers is plaintiff, and the unknown heirs of H. W. Bozeman, unknown heirs of Mary Hall, unknown heirs of Agnes Ballard, unknown heirs of M. F. Bozeman, unknown heirs of Harmon Bozeman, unknown heirs of J. H. Bozeman, unknown heirs of Thos. Bozeman, unknown heirs of Edward Bozeman, unknown heirs of Katie Q. or Catherine I. Bozeman, and Mrs. Mary Hall, Mrs. Agnes Ballard, M. F. Bozeman, Harmon Bozeman, J. H. Bozeman, Thos. Bozeman, Edward Bozeman, Katie Q. or Catherine I. Bozeman, J. M. Jordan and wife, M. L. Jordan, are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiff is the owner in fee simple of the following described tract of land situated in Houston county, Texas, same being a part of the H. W. Bozeman survey, and described as follows: Beginning at the North West corner of a 50 4-10 acre tract on the Bozeman and Chamar line a Hickory 8 in mkd X hrs N 84 1-2 E 1-2 varas, a R O hrs N 20 E 5 vrs. Thence South 35 1-2 East 400 varas pass corner at 846 varas to a Pine mkd X for corner. Thence South 54 West 170 varas to North West corner of a 12 7-10 acre tract. Thence South 88 1-4 East with said tract 452 varas to stake for corner. Thence North 54 East 90 varas pass corner at 924 varas to stake for corner a Hickory mkd X for witness tree. Thence North 35 West 410 varas to P O mkd X for corner. Thence South 54 West 224 varas rock for corner. Thence North 35 1-2 West 846 varas to corner on the Chamar and Bozeman league line R O 16 in mkd X hrs N 8 1-2 E 4 1-5 vrs Do S 10 E 1 4-5 vrs. Thence south 54 West 712 varas to place of beginning; plaintiff's

original petition sets out in detail all of the deeds and other instruments under and by virtue of which plaintiff claims title to said land.

Plaintiff alleges that he and those under whom he claims title to said land have been in the actual, continuous, peaceable and adverse possession thereof, cultivating, using and enjoying the same under deeds duly registered, paying all taxes due thereon for periods of five and ten years, respectively, next before the filing of this suit, and plaintiff specially pleads the five and ten years Statutes of Limitation in bar of any claims asserted by the defendants to said land; plaintiff alleges that there is no title on record out of H. W. Bozeman, the original grantee, of said property, and that plaintiff does not know that the parties purporting to convey same are either the heirs of H. W. Bozeman or the sole and only heirs of H. W. Bozeman, which casts a cloud on plaintiff's title; plaintiff alleges that the deed from J. M. Jordan and wife to W. J. Barteo conveying a part of said land does not specifically name the wife in either the body of the deed or certificate of acknowledgment, although the wife signs the same, which casts a cloud on plaintiff's title, and that the other and further claims of the defendants in and to said property are unknown to plaintiff.

Plaintiff prays judgment for said land, removing all clouds therefrom, and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, and have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, Texas, this 14th day of February, A. D. 1919. V. B. Tunstall, Clerk, District Court, Houston County. By J. B. Stanton, Deputy. 4t.

### Notice by Publication.

The State of Texas, County of Houston. In Probate Court.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause to be published in the Crockett Courier, a newspaper of general circulation published in said county, at least once a week for twenty consecutive days before the return day hereof, the following notice:

The State of Texas, To All Persons Interested in the Estate of W. L. Barbee, deceased:

Whereas, Guy Cater, administrator of the estate of W. L. Barbee, deceased, has filed with this court an exhibit showing the condition of said

estate, and with said exhibit has filed application to sell a part of the real property belonging to said estate, which real property is described as follows, to-wit:

All that certain tract or parcel of land, lying and being situated in the county of Houston, State of Texas, and described as follows, to-wit: Beginning at Robert Parker's N. W. corner on the Moses Gregg league on branch a pin oak 12 in. dia. mkd. X. Thence N. 1495 vrs. to Bussell's N. E. corner a red oak 20 in. dia. hrs. S. 6 W. 9 2-5 vrs. a post oak 16 in. dia. hrs. S. 25 E. 9 2-5 vrs. Thence S. 62 1-2 E. 1085 vrs. to stake a post oak 30 in. dia. hrs. S. 82 W. 6 vrs., another 14 in. dia. hrs. S. 29 E. 4 3-5 vrs. Thence S. 1 1-2 E. 1210 vrs. to the creek a red oak 24 in. dia. hrs. N. 29 E 5 2-5 vrs., another 30 in. dia. hrs. N. 62 W. 5 2-5 vrs. Thence up said creek to mouth of branch. Thence up said branch with meanders of each on general course of N. 78 1-4 W. 1014 vrs. to the beginning, containing 232 acres of land out of the Moses Gregg survey, abstract No. 36, which said proceeding will be heard by said Court on the 5th day of May, 1919, at the Court House of said County, in Crockett, at which time all persons interested in said estate are required to appear and answer said proceeding, should they desire to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, on the first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness my hand and official seal at Crockett, Texas, this 17th day of February, 1919. A. E. Owens, Clerk, County Court, Houston County, Texas. 3t.

### Senate Joint Resolution No. 13.

A resolution to amend Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas, as follows: Strike out the words "Four Thousands," found in the third line of Section 5, and insert in lieu thereof the words "Ten Thousand," and adding after the word "furniture" the words, "and this clause shall be self-enacting," and making an appropriation to pay necessary expenses hereof.

Be it Resolved, by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section No. 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended as hereafter to read as follows:

Section 5. Article IV. Governor's Salary and Mansion.—He shall at stated times receive as compensation for his service an annual salary of ten thousand dollars, and no more, and shall have the use and occupation

of the Governor's Mansion, fixtures and furniture, and this clause shall be self-enacting.

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors for members of the Legislature at an election to be held throughout the State of Texas on the fourth Saturday in May, A. D. 1919, same being the twenty-fourth day of May, A. D. 1919, and the Governor of this State is hereby directed to make the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same duly published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. Said election shall be held under and in accordance with the general election laws of the State and the official ballot shall have printed or written thereon in plain letters the words, "Official Ballot," and also the words, "For the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas," and also the words, "Against the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas."

All voters favoring such amendment shall erase, by making a mark through the words "Against the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas," and all voters opposing such amendment shall erase by making a mark through the words "For the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas." If a majority of the votes cast shall be "For the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas," said amendment shall be declared adopted. If a majority of the votes cast shall be "Against the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas," said amendment shall be lost and shall be so declared.

Sec. 3. There is hereby appropriated out of the funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, the sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary to cover the necessary expenses attached to the proclamation and publication of this amendment, and the Governor shall issue the necessary proclamation and cause the same to be duly published.

George F. Howard, Secretary of State.

(A true copy.) 4t.

# Farmers, Figure! FERTILIZE!

¶ Owing to high prices, we are making farmers closest figures on fertilizer we have ever made and it will pay you to see us before buying, or compare others' analysis and prices with the following, which we offer as long as our supply lasts:

	Phosphoric Acid Percent	Nitrogen Percent	Potash Percent	Price
Crockett Phosphate Meal Mixture	11	1.65	0	\$40.00
Crockett Compound	9	3.50	1	\$55.00
Crockett 16 percent Acid Phosphate, 200-lb. sacks	16	0	0	\$30.00
Crockett 16 percent Acid Phosphate, 100-lb. sacks	16	0	0	\$31.00

¶ The above will save you from \$3.00 to \$6.00 per ton and give you better goods.

We have a few sacks of peanut meal for sale.

## Houston County Oil Mill and Manufacturing Company

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## Women!

Here is a message to suffering women, from Mrs. W. T. Price, of Public, Ky.: "I suffered with painful... she writes: "I got down with a weakness in my back and limbs... I felt helpless and discouraged... I had about given up hopes of ever being well again, when a friend insisted I

Take

# CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

I began Cardui. In a short while I saw a marked difference... I grew stronger right along, and it cured me. I am stouter than I have been in years. If you suffer, you can appreciate what it means to be strong and well. Thousands of women give Cardui the credit for their good health. It should help you. Try Cardui. At all druggists. E-73

## SENATOR REED IN BITTER ATTACK ON LEAGUE PROJECT

RIDICULES CONTENTION THAT IT WOULD NOT DESTROY MONROE DOCTRINE.

New York, March 6.—Senator Reed of Missouri, democrat, speaking before the Arts and Sciences association here Thursday night, declared the American people had been either intentionally or ignorantly misled regarding the league of nations and urged that the proposed constitution be given careful study before its acceptance by the country.

"The scheme is revolutionary and dangerous to the last degree," said Senator Reed. "The powers granted to the executive council and which may be exercised by five men, are stupendous, dangerous and appalling. Their misuse might result in destruction of the liberty of the world—in the crushing of the American republic—in the creation of an international despotism worse than has ever cursed the earth or any single nation thereof."

Senator Reed said any claim that the league would not destroy the Monroe Doctrine was either "made in ignorance or is dishonestly made."

### Would Arouse Patriots.

He declared the world court as planned would embroil America in all world wars and political intrigues, destroy its sovereignty and compel service of its armed force in all parts of the world.

"The acceptance by the United States of the proposed constitution of the league of nations may involve the very life of the republic," said Mr. Reed. "It is high time patriots should arouse themselves."

"An attempt is being made to drive it through to a conclusion before the American people have any opportunity to read its provisions or dig out of them the hidden and sinister purposes of the undertaking."

"The people have been taught that the league is merely an amicable agreement that the world shall remain at peace. They have been told that unless the league is consummated the world will be immediately involved in a chaos of war that will destroy the very foundations of society and civilization. People are taught that they can receive the benefits of this league without involving our country in any serious obligations."

### World Government.

"I affirm that it in fact proposes to set up a world government which will have control over all international matters as completely as the federal government now has jurisdiction over questions affecting the states of the union."

"Moreover, it will have jurisdiction of domestic matters which in the opinion of the majority of the league, may tend to produce difficulties out of which war may spring."

"The seat of this league will become in fact, the capital of the world."

"The construction of the league is essentially autocratic. The powers are so highly centralized and so utterly without balances, checks, or safeguards, as to be repugnant to all forms of democracy."

## ARMY OF HALF MILLION MEN TO BE MAINTAINED

Reduction Below This Figure, Chief of Staff Says, Will Not Be Permitted.

Washington, March 8.—Retention within the army of about 200,000 men obtained originally through the drafts and by transfer from the National Guard, is planned by the war department in building up the temporary military establishment of the nation. This was definitely made known Saturday by General March, chief of staff, who announced the decision of the war department that the army would "not be reduced under any circumstances" below 509,909, until some law was passed fixing the permanent force.

"All the military problems that confront us have been carefully considered, determining the number of men necessary," General March said, "and we can not get along without that number—509,909—and they will be held."

Under existing legislation the maximum war strength of the permanent army is around 298,000. The exact figure, officers explained, can not be stated since some of the staff corps are permitted wide latitude in their expansion. Voluntary enlistment to fill the regular army has been re-inaugurated both in this country and in France, General Pershing having been authorized to transfer recruits obtained from the expeditionary forces to the regular organizations and to release an equivalent number of drafted men. There will remain, however, a deficiency of 200,000 from the total declared by the military authorities to be the minimum consistent with the responsibilities of the United States. These men therefore will have to come from the forces which the war department had planned to demobilize.

Secretary Baker several days ago in explaining the position of the war department as a result of the failure of the 65th congress to pass the army re-organization and appropriation bill, said that his greatest regret was that "a large number of men will now have to be retained in the service."

The selective service act under which any of the men to be retained were inducted fixed four months after the presidential proclamation of peace as the maximum for the retention of

members of the temporary forces.

Military authorities foresee no complication as a result of this limitation, however, feeling certain that the final peace treaty can not be agreed upon before May at the earliest. This will extend the enlistment period of the draft contingents to September before which, they feel certain congress will have acted to relieve the situation.

### Revised Casualty Lists Show Loss of 240,197.

Washington, March 8.—Battle casualties of the American army in France as shown by revised divisional records, announced Saturday by General March, totaled 240,197. These include killed in action, wounded, missing in action and prisoners. There probably will be some slight further revision as final reports are received.

The second regular division showed the greatest loss in the revised list, with 24,429. The first division came next with 23,973. The 28th (Pennsylvania) led National Guard and National Army divisions, being fourth in the list with 14,417. The 32nd (Michigan and Wisconsin) was fifth with 14,268.

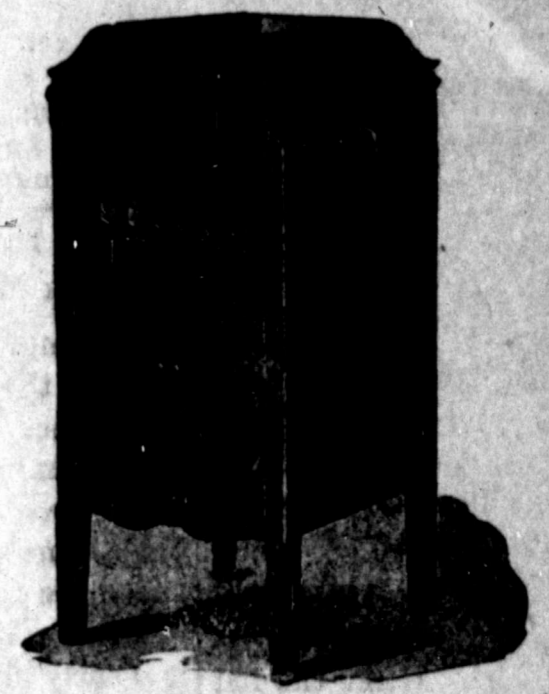
In the new list the 42nd division (Rainbow) reported a total of battle casualties of 12,252, the 77th (New York Metropolitan National Army), 9423; the 26th (New England), 8955; the 27th (New York), 7940; the 30th (Tennessee, North Carolina, South Carolina), 6893.

The battle casualty figures now announced include the totals wounded which were not included in the tables of major casualties recently made public by the war department. The new list includes: 90th (Texas and Oklahoma), 9710; 82nd (Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee), 8300; 35th (Missouri, Kansas), 7745; 89th (Kansas, Missouri, South Dakota, Nebraska, Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona), 7093;

36th (Texas, Oklahoma), 2397; 92nd (negro National Army), 1399; 3rd (Regular), 16,355; 4th (Regular), 12,948; 5th (Regular), 8280; 78th (Western New York, New Jersey, Delaware), 8133; 33rd (Illinois), 7860; 29th (New Jersey, Delaware, Virginia, Maryland, District of Columbia), 5972; 91st (Alaska, Washington, Oregon, California, Idaho, Nevada, Montana, Wyoming, Utah), 5838; 80th (Virginia, West Virginia, West Pennsylvania), 5133; 37th (Ohio), 4303; 79th (Pennsylvania, Eastern Maryland, District of Columbia), 3333; 7th (Regular), 1546; 81st (North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Porto Rico), 1062; 6th (Regular), 285; 88th (North Dakota, Minnesota, Iowa, West Illinois), 63.

The New Zealand government is planning to drain two areas of swamp land, containing 600,000 and 65,000 acres, respectively, and convert them into grazing land.

It costs Holland about \$3,000,000 annually to maintain its sea dykes.



# The Columbia Grafonola

An American Achievement

¶ No single enterprise has done more to elevate an American industry to acknowledged world leadership than the Columbia Graphophone Company, no single achievement holds higher rank in any field than the position of the Columbia Grafonola as an instrument of sound-reproduction.

¶ Practically every mechanical improvement of permanent worth—every advance in musical value—every extension of the usefulness of sound-reproducing instruments has originated with the Columbia Graphophone Company, owners of the fundamental patents; pioneers, leaders and creators of the talking machine industry.

¶ When in town call on us. We have installed a nice booth as near home-like as possible, where there will be no interruption while you make your selection.

## DEUPREE & WALLER, INC.

FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING  
Auto Hearse

## Thrifty Housewives

realize the vital importance of well-bought foods. Every day of the year foods must be bought. If the quality is inferior at times, or if the price is too high at times, the food is not well bought.

¶ Our stock of pure foods is complete and comprises the best known brands and purest quality obtainable, the prices we charge are as low as quality will permit and we are sure you will be pleased with the quality and the results.

IF YOU BUY IT HERE  
IT IS WELL BOUGHT

**Crockett Grocery & Baking  
COMPANY**

## A Little Decline In Prices On the Following Items:

NAVY BEANS, 2 pounds for ..... 25c  
LIMA BEANS, 2 pounds for ..... 25c  
PINK BEANS, 2 pounds for ..... 25c

Give us your next order.

Our prices are right on everything.

**Kent & Trube**

Phone 155.

Phone 155.

### Boy Scouts of America.

I have been a scout for about a year. A lot of boys have been joining the scouts lately. We would be glad to have all the boys who can do so to join the scouts. Enroll at the Methodist church Tuesday night at 7:45 o'clock. The boy scouts is a good organization to belong to.

L. N. H.

### Some Postscripts.

With lead deposits numerous in Guatemala, the metal is mined only by the Indians.

Within the lid of a new pancake dish are contained a syrup cup and a butter plate.

More than 80 native woods have been stated for the manufacture of lead pencils in India.

An English inventor's cigarette holder is equipped with a porous disk to filter the smoke.

A Russian naval officer is the inventor of an electrical machine for writing messages in cipher and translating such messages.

Small rubber covered wheels have been invented to be clamped to the rockers of a rocking chair to convert it into a rolling chair.

**The Crockett Courier**

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

**PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.**

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line.

Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

In case of errors or omissions in legal or other advertisements, the publishers do not hold themselves liable for damage further than the amount received by them for such advertisement.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Courier will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the management.

**OUR COUNTY'S ROLL OF HONOR**

**WHITES.**

Following are the names of the Houston county boys who have given their lives in the service of our country:

John B. Ellis, son of Mr. and Mrs. John H. Ellis, died in the service November 29, 1917. Member of E Company, 143d Infantry, 36th Division.

Archie Poole, son of Mrs. V. V. Barclay, died in the service November 29, 1917. Member of E Company, 143rd Infantry, 36th Division.

Albert D. Sullivan, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Murray, died in the service December 1, 1917. Member of H Company, 143d Infantry, 36th Division.

Irvin Sims, son of "Dad" Sims, died of German submarine action February 5, 1918. Member of F Company, 6th Battalion, 20th Engineers.

Henry Johnson, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Johnson, died in the service March 26, 1918. Member of A Company, 345th Battalion, National Army.

Lieutenant Thomas R. Brailsford, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Brailsford, fell in battle June 6, 1918. Member of 96th Company, 6th Regiment of Marines, 2nd Division.

Shade Carlton, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Carlton, fell in battle August 1, 1918. Member of D Company, 47th Infantry (regular army.)

James O. Ritchie, son of Mr. and Mrs. N. W. Ritchie, fell in battle September 12, 1918. Member of A Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

Barker T. LaRue, son of Mr. and Mrs. Babe LeRue, fell in battle September 13, 1918. Member of E Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

Isaiah D. Adams, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Adams, fell in battle October 4, 1918. Member of L Company, 23rd Infantry, regular army.

Lacy High, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. A. High, died in the service October 10, 1918. Member of training company, National Army, Camp Bowie.

Corporal Wyatt N. Creath, son of W. G. Creath, died in the service October 14, 1918. Member of C Company, 85th Infantry, 18th Division.

Clifford A. Dennis, son of Mr. John A. Dennis, died in France October 18, 1918. Member of G Company, 143rd Infantry, 36th Division.

William R. Matchett, son of Mr. and Mrs. M. B. Matchett, died in the service October 21, 1918. Member of L Company, 123rd Infantry, 31st Division.

Norman Richards, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Richards, fell in battle November 4, 1918. Member of I Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

Corporal Thomas H. Sepmore, son of Mr. and Mrs. T. S. Sepmore, died November 14 of wounds received in action. Member of E Company, 360th Infantry, 90th Division.

**COLORED.**

Mose Fobbs, son of Joseph Fobbs, died in the service August 10, 1918. Member of First Company, Provisional Detachment, Labor Troops.

**NEWSPAPER VS. POSTER.**

Clell Collier, the auctioneer, considered the best authority on the public sale business in Clarke county, or you might say any other county, told a Democrat representative the other day he would rather all his clients would cut out the sale bill and sale card advertising and spend the money judiciously in buying nice big display advertising space in the county papers. He asks: How in the dickens is a

fellow going to read a public sale bill stuck up on the four corners when he goes by in his "lizzie" at a 30-mile-per-hour clip, and who is going to stop said "lizzie" just to read a sale bill? Another thing he asks is: What farmer has got the time to throw away driving around the country or running around town tacking up bills, when he can get his advertisements right up to the family hearth in the family paper in the evening, to be read at leisure hours, where it does some good? It gives the farmer and buyer a chance to look the advertisement over carefully and pick out the stock and other things he wants before he attends the sale. It makes things at a sale speed up, it brings larger crowds and they come from a greater distance, consequently it brings in more money. Newspaper publicity and a lot of it is what gets the people, Mr. Collier says, and never worry, he will do the rest.—Democrat, Osceola, Ia.

**RAILROADS UNDER PRIVATE AND FEDERAL CONTROL.**

The early return of the railroads to operation by the companies which own them and the passage of constructive legislation to enable private operation to be made successful, were advocated by Howard Elliott, chairman and president of the Northern Pacific Railway, in an address before the Commercial Club of Chicago.

Mr. Elliott presented some data which brought out contrasts between the situation of the railways under private and under government operation.

"The Pennsylvania system," he said, "furnishes 12.2 per cent of the total ton mileage and 14½ per cent of the total passenger mileage of the steam roads of this country. Dec. 31, 1917, that system had 233,600 employes, and Dec. 31, 1918, it had 273,101 employes. Although the ton mileage handled in 1918 was less than in 1917 (the railways being in the year 1917 under private control), nearly 40,000 more employes were required to handle the smaller volume of business.

"I can not believe that human nature and the art of government have developed sufficiently to make government ownership and operation successful today. I do believe that embarking on the sea of government ownership and operation involves a risk of shipwreck, not only to the railroad system of the United States, but to some of the fundamental theories of American life and effort which have made us a great nation.

"The railway executives do not believe in the so-called regional plan under which all of the railroads in a given territory are to be merged into one system. They believe that our geographical, economical and social conditions are so different from those existing in foreign countries that we must work out our problems in our own way and not adopt a plan because some other nation may have experimented with it. The present great systems are co-ordinated to themselves, to the communities they serve; to their connections and competitors as tracks, terminals, equipment and other physical facilities, and their financial structure is very complicated; and they should be allowed to preserve their identity and in-

tegrity, physically and financially.

"Small, unsuccessful and so-called 'weak lines' that are dependent upon their connections with the great trunk lines, must be gradually absorbed and become a part of the larger system, just as has been done in the past.

"All good citizens desire to see wages and living conditions improve, but there is a limit to what industry can pay and survive. It is surely better to have reasonable wages and continuous employment, rather than to force wages so high that industry languishes, for then the wage-earners themselves will suffer most of all.

"Some have suggested that the government guarantee a fixed return upon railroad property. The railway executives believe that guarantee would tend to reduce initiative and retard efficient management, and they do not ask for it. They believe with adequate rates, reasonable liberty to act and good management, roads that have been wisely planned, honestly financed and well managed can sustain themselves."

**ADVERTISEMENT WRITING.**

"An advertisement is a salesman. It has one object—to sell goods and sustain good will and friendliness for the store.

"As you have to pay good money for the space your ad occupies, and not for what you say in it, it would be foolish to waste the space by writing something that you would not ordinarily tell a customer if he entered your store. Take pains in writing your ad. Make it simple and direct. Write it as carefully as you would write your will—leave nothing to be guessed at, but make it brief, yet complete. A great railroad magnate died a few years ago leaving millions. His will contained less than a hundred words, and no lawyers or court could find a flaw in it, yet he made bequests to many individuals and charities.

"In your ads tell the people in the simplest and most direct way what you are going to do, and then do it. Be careful what you say, but never break a promise in an ad, even if you stand to lose by reason of a mistake.

"Describe your goods just as they are. If you misrepresent, you will be surely found out, and then your ad will do you more harm than no ad at all.

"Common business sense and the ability to write brief sentences in everyday language will enable you to write your own ads. And they will probably strike home when the elaborate, wordy ad of the expert will be glanced at unnoticed. Advertising is not literature, but business, and has more gray matter in it usually than much of the recent so-called literature that you read. Don't worry if you are shaky in your grammar. When bad grammar will sell goods better than university English, use your own kind every time."

**HIT THIS SLACKER.**

There is one famous old slacker who must have little to do in the campaign that is to put over the Victory Liberty loan. This is General Apathy. This old duffer, who has been accustomed to do parade work in peace times, must not infect real fighting men

**RAILWAY OFFICIAL WARNS FARMERS TO ORDER FERTILIZERS AT ONCE**

Regional Director Winchell Finds Situation Is Becoming Precarious and Urges Farmers Not to Delay Till Last Moment.

The following statement has been issued to the press by the United States Regional Director of Railways, about the fertilizer movement:

"Please let me say a word to our farmer patrons. The normal yearly movement of fertilizers in this region runs from three million to five million tons. This means, in round figures, 160,000 carloads to be handled.

"Ordinarily most of this very large item of traffic is thrown on the railroads in the months of January, February and March. Great activity on their part is necessary to handle the same well.

"By February 10 at least 40 per cent of the whole fertilizer tonnage has usually been shipped, but this year less than 15 per cent has moved so far; that is to say, the movement up to date is about 50,000 cars short of what it should have been.

"It is easy for you to see what I fear. A flood of business at the last moment cannot be moved to the satisfaction of our patrons and complaints will surely follow. We are anxious to avoid complaints, but it is obvious that we cannot move all of this tonnage at one time. In order to do the job right it is necessary that it be well distributed throughout the whole three months.

"During the past four or five weeks car conditions and weather have been favorable, but the fertilizers have not moved freely and immediate activity is now necessary to avoid a condition which will be serious alike to the farmers and the railroads."

**SHOULD FERTILIZERS FOR COTTON BE REDUCED?**

C. A. Whittle, Soil Improvement Committee, Atlanta, Ga.

Fertilizers should be applied in kind and quantity that experience has taught will bring the largest profits to the farmer. No more, no less.

Profits in cotton production largely depend upon two factors, labor and fertilizers. Both are now high in price.

Cotton requires a large amount of labor, more labor than any other general field crop. Therefore, when the cost of labor increases, the profits of cotton production decrease rapidly and are easily wiped out.

Because cotton is so burdened with labor cost, it follows that profits in producing it depend upon increasing the yield per acre; it depends upon it more than most other crops. As a matter of fact, a great deal of the cotton lands of the South are hardly fertile enough to pay the labor cost of producing a crop of cotton. Therefore, fertilizers have been depended upon to give the farmer the only profit he could expect to get out of producing the crop. It is plain, then, that to cut down fertilizer applications would mean simply cutting down the farmers' profits. It also seems to be clear that any farmer having any kind of land can not afford to let high labor cost sweep away his profits through a failure to use the necessary amount of fertilizers.

Fertilizers are high priced, it is true. But, after all, it is not so much the price as the profit-producing power of the fertilizers that should be a guide. Fertilizers increase yields at the lowest possible labor cost. In other words, they save labor, and since labor is the biggest and most expensive factor in making a crop of cotton, then fertilizers save expense and make profits more certain.

with his indifference. He must not get into the presence of a single bond salesman who has shared in previous campaigns, nor should he even be seen by a potential bond buyer.

We Americans did our essential and illustrious part in winning the war, and we must now pay for the war and there is no possible way to escape from this duty even if we were seeking one. Every man who sold bonds to the music of shell and bugle, to the reports of disheartening retreats and glorious advances, must be on this new job. It is now quite another piece of work, a task not so stirring, one calling for that dogged something in the British nature which takes hold with deliberation and lets go only when the job is completely done.

The authorities report that the government is cleaning up the war bills, and expenditures are running very heavy, and that for current payment heavy borrowing has been done at the banks. Temporary loans against March taxes much be taken up if business is to have its usual credit to promote spring business. The people must support the Victory Liberty loan, and its distribution must be wide. Honor, stability and prosperity are involved in this obligation. No former Liberty loan worker must now ask for his discharge. He must stick as never before. Bonds or notes, the form of the Victory loan makes little difference, because the government has promised to pay, and the investment will be the best in the world. The loan must be sold and it will take a lot of resolute fighting men and patriotic investors to put it through.—Chicago Association of Commerce Bulletin.

**AMERICAN WORK INTERFERED WITH**

United States Threatens to Stop Flow of Food to the Italians Unless Blockade Is Lifted.

Washington, March 6.—Italy has been warned by the American government that unless she puts an end to delays in movements of relief supplies to the newly established Jugo-Slavic and Czecho-Slavic states, steps will be taken to cut off the flow of American foodstuffs to Italy.

It was stated Wednesday in an authoritative quarter that the Italian government had caused intolerable conditions by the blockade against the Jugo-Slavic countries, which operates also against the Czecho-Slovaks. It has not been wholly effective because the United States has been able to deliver much food where it was needed, but many delays have been caused, resulting often in holding up supplies desperately needed.

News from Paris that representatives of Great Britain and France openly condemned the attitude of Italy had been cabled to the United States, but the action of the American government in sending its warning to Italy was taken before that news came.

No reply has yet been made by the Italian government.

**Some Postscripts.**

The spout of a new container for a can of condensed milk punctures the can and allows the milk to be poured as from a tea pot.

Brewers in Bohemia have developed a process for maturing beer in from eight to twelve weeks instead of the usual three months.

To force fuel from a tank at a lower level to aeroplane motors a Frenchman has invented a pump operated by an air driven propeller.

An English inventor has patented a process for so treating the edges of paper money that, when placed in a phonograph of his invention, they produce words attesting their genuineness.

To prevent waste of fuel in smoke an inventor has developed an attachment for furnaces which introduces heated air to mingle with the coal gases and effect complete combustion.

To save amateur photographers from making double exposures a camera attachment has been invented which prevents a shutter being opened until an exposed portion of film has been moved along.

# Paints and Varnishes

☐ No matter what you are going to paint—whether its a big job or a small one—we believe we can save you money.

☐ We have an unusually large and fresh stock of paints for all purposes, varnishes, floor stains, furniture polish, brushes and supplies of all kinds.

☐ If you intend to brighten up your home this spring, get our estimates first.

**Crockett Drug Company**  
The House of Service.

\*\*\*\*\*  
**LOCAL NEWS ITEMS**  
\*\*\*\*\*

Burke Lockey has returned from the navy.

Mrs. G. H. Henderson is visiting relatives in Tyler.

A complete and up-to-date abstract. tf. Aldrich & Crook.

Mrs. C. L. Edmiston returned Tuesday afternoon from a visit to Houston.

C. L. Manning & Co. want your chickens and eggs. See us before you sell. \* It.

Gus Porter of Angleton was here this week to visit with relatives and friends.

—NO. 163—  
Official Statement of the Financial Condition of the  
**Crockett State Bank**  
at Crockett,

State of Texas, at the close of business on the 4th day of March, 1919, published in the Crockett Courier, a newspaper printed and published at Crockett, State of Texas, on the 13th day of March, 1919:

RESOURCES	
Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	\$175,971.30
Loans, real estate	22,693.83
Overdrafts	208.78
Bonds and Stocks	12,300.00
Real estate (banking house)	7,000.00
Due from Approved Reserve Agents, net	36,076.20
Cash Items	341.70
Currency	16,305.00
Specie	5,248.15
Interest and Assessment Depositors' Guaranty Fund	4,298.12
Other Resources: Bills of Exchange, Collections	150,883.74
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$431,326.82</b>
LIABILITIES	
Capital Stock paid in	\$ 50,000.00
Surplus Fund	35,000.00
Undivided Profits, net	5,105.85
Due to Banks and Bankers, subject to check, net	15,191.53
Individual Deposits, subject to check	239,759.69
Time Certificates of Deposit	29,077.46
Demand Certificates of Deposit	15,000.00
Bills Payable and Rediscunts	40,000.00
Other liabilities: Reserved for taxes	2,192.29
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$431,326.82</b>

State of Texas, County of Houston. We, W. H. Denny, as president, and D. O. Kiessling, as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

W. H. DENNY, President.  
D. O. KIESSLING, Cashier.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 12th day of March, A. D. 1919. (seal)  
A. A. ALDRICH,  
Notary Public, Houston County, Tex.  
Correct-Attest: GEO. W. CROOK,  
H. J. ARLEDGE,  
W. A. NORRIS,  
Directors.

One Poland China sow and six pigs for sale. See E. C. Satterwhite, Crockett, Texas. tf.

Money to lend on farms. Terms reasonable, money quick. See J. S. French, Crockett, Texas. tf.

Bring us your poultry and eggs. We pay top prices. It. Caprielian Bros.

Mrs. E. W. Dorris and Frank Foster of Houston are here to attend the Jones-Foster wedding.

**For Rent.**  
A house well located for a small family. S. F. Tenney. tf.

For genuine Ford service, see or telephone Towery Motor Co., authorized Ford Sales and Service. tf.

You will have to hurry if you get your share of those good imported Mebane cotton seed at R. L. Shivers'. tf.

C. L. Manning & Co. will sell you your feed bill cheaper than you can buy elsewhere. See us before you buy. It.

**For Rent.**  
Three nicely furnished rooms. All modern conveniences. Apply to Mrs. J. W. Madden. It.

John Ponder has returned from Detroit, where he was enlisted in an automobile truck corps of the U. S. army.

I want to buy your produce. Top price paid for chickens, eggs and hides. tf. Johnson Arledge.

We buy hides, green or dry, and pay top price. See us before you sell. tf. Arnold Brothers.

If you want the top price for your poultry and eggs bring them to us. It. Caprielian Bros.

Miss Alice Foster has come from Mt. Pleasant to be present at the marriage of her sister, Miss Alline Foster, to Mr. Chas. P. Jones.

Seed corn, cane, millet, rape, Sudan grass, Bermuda, pop corn, soy beans and all kinds of garden seeds and seed potatoes at Johnson Arledge's. tf.

**Very Necessary.**  
To change your cotton seed this year, because most of the seed are not fully developed on account of the drouth. Our seed are the best Mebane obtainable, raised on land that produced a bale to the acre. It. A. M. Decuir, Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Buchanan from Jewett have moved to Crockett to make their home. Mr. Buchanan will be associated in business with C. H. Callaway.

**Car for Sale or Exchange.**  
Spring time is when you will enjoy riding most. Come to see my 5-passenger Dodge if interested. A. M. Decuir, It. Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

**For Rent.**  
A house well located for a small family. And also a house with five rooms, including kitchen and bath room. tf. S. F. Tenney.

**Cotton Seed.**  
It's nearly planting time. Get busy. Buy the pure Mebane seed from me. It. A. M. Decuir, Smith-Murchison Hdw. Co.

**Twins This Time, But No Relation.**  
A car of Pelican Fertilizer, and a car of nails and wire, just arrived for Moore & Shivers. Total weight 135,000, both moving nicely. tf.

**Buy Now.**  
Farmers, buy your fertilizers now. We can save you \$5.00 to \$10.00 per ton and give you better goods. Houston County Oil Mill & Manufacturing Co. 2t.

**To the Public.**  
After this publication, on account of the advanced cost of material, no water tap will be made for less than Twenty Dollars. It. By order of the City Council.

Attention is called to the page advertisement, announcing the spring opening of James S. Shivers, in this issue of the Courier; also to the other interesting advertisements in this paper. There is a chance to save money in reading these dependable advertisements.

Our hemstitching and picot edging machine has arrived. This machine is electrically equipped and modern in every way, and we especially invite the ladies to come in and see it and bring us their hemstitching and edging work. It. Crockett Dry Goods Co.

W. H. Fisher, general passenger agent of the Hocking Valley Railway, Columbus, Ohio, and F. E. Fisher, general superintendent of the Chicago, Ottawa and Peoria Railway, Joliet, Illinois, both accompanied by their wives, are here on their annual visit to the family of their brother, Mr. H. A. Fisher.

**Notice in Probate.**  
The State of Texas, To the Sheriff of any Constable of Houston County—Greeting:  
You are hereby commanded to cause the following notice to be published in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year preceding the date of the notice in the County of Houston, State of Texas, and you shall cause said notice to be printed at least once each week for the period of ten days exclusive of the first day of publication before the return day hereof:  
**NOTICE.**

The State of Texas, To all persons interested in the estate of Stephen T. Beasley, deceased, notice is hereby given that Mrs. M. Kate Beasley, of said County and State, has filed in the County Court of said Houston County, an application for the probate of the last will and testament of the said Stephen T. Beasley, deceased, and for letters of administration on the estate of said Stephen T. Beasley, deceased, which will be heard by said County Court at the next regular term thereof to be begun and holden on the first Monday in May A. D. 1919, the same being the 5th day of May, A. D. 1919, at the Court House of said County, in the City of Crockett, at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear and contest said application, if they see proper.

Here fail not, under penalty of the law, and of this writ make due return. Given under my hand and seal of office, in the City of Crockett, Texas, the 12th day of March, A. D. 1919. Attest: A. E. Owens, Clerk County Court, Houston County, Texas. 2t.

**Caprielian Bros.** THE ECONOMY STORE



P. Caprielian  
E. K. Caprielian  
J. C. Allee

Do you know these men? They are the service squad at Caprielian Brothers'. They give you up-to-date service and courteous treatment.

And, haven't you found out yet that their prices can't be beat? It is up to you. If you want to save on your bills, have them filled at

## CAPRIELIAN BROTHERS'

**Election Notice.**

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held in the city of Crockett, Texas, on Tuesday, April 1, the same being the first Tuesday in April, at which the following officers for the city of Crockett will be elected: Three aldermen, a city marshal, a city attorney and a city secretary. John C. Lacy is hereby appointed manager of said election. 3t. J. H. Painter, Mayor. Chas. Hassell, City Secretary.

**Trustee Elections.**

Each school principal is required by the Free Text Book Law to make a report showing the number of the several texts for all the grades that will be taught in their respective schools next year. The report will be based on the maximum attendance at the present session of school. I am mailing copies of the new law to all the principals, and later on will supply them with the blanks necessary for the reports. It is the duty of the trustees to see that these reports are passed in by the first of April, as this is the method to be pursued to secure the books for the next school term. Saturday, April 5, is trustee election day. I do not know how many trustees are to be elected

in the districts, but I presume the managers of the elections know and that they will conduct the election in such manner as will secure three legally chosen members for each board. Election supplies are ready to be sent out and will reach the places in due time through the mail. I should be glad to hand the supplies to those who will call at the office for them, thus insuring their safe delivery.

At the same election you will elect three County Board members. All voters in the county will vote for a member for the county at large. Voters in commissioners' precinct No. 2 and No. 4 will elect County Board members for their respective precincts, one for each precinct. Voters in commissioners' precinct No. 1 and precinct No. 3 will not vote for County Board members for their respective precincts, but will vote for a man for the county at large the same as will the voters in other precincts. J. H. Rosser, County Superintendent.

A watering trough has been so connected with a hinged platform that when a horse steps on the latter it raises a pail of clean water within reach, the pail being emptied when the horse steps away.

Friction of small steel balls polishes silverware in a new machine.

## Specials for One Day Only Saturday, March 15

- No. 2 cans tomatoes, 2 for ..... 25c
- Twenty bars Clean-Easy soap ..... \$1.00
- Twenty bars White Laundry soap ..... \$1.00
- Seed potatoes, by the sack, a bushel \$2.10
- Seed potatoes, single bushel ..... \$2.25

☐ We carry a complete stock of staple and fancy groceries, feed and farm hardware, and can save you money. Come to see us when in town.

## ARNOLD BROTHERS

Groceries, Feed and Hardware

**The Crockett Courier**

Issued weekly from Courier Building

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

**With Our Subscribers.**

The number of subscription renewals is smaller this week than for a long time. We attribute this falling off to the unfavorable weather and bad roads.

Subscribers calling at this office since last issue report bad roads and slow progress in farm work. Very little progress toward farming has been made.

The Courier wants to assure the few who have brought or sent in their renewals that our appreciation is no less because of the small list. What the list lacks in quantity it makes up in quality. Those renewing or subscribing are as follows:

Mrs. G. D. Julian, Kennard Route 1.

G. W. Dickerson, Latexo.

L. J. Smith, Crockett Rt. 5.

S. K. Boykin, Augusta Rt. 1.

G. H. Robinson, Crockett Rt. 5.

W. E. Ellisor, Crockett Rt. 5.

**Drowned in Cistern.**

Mr. Mose Brazier, one of Lovelady's oldest and best known citizens, was found in a cistern at the rear of a business house in Lovelady Monday morning. From the condition of his body, it was evident that he had been in the water for some time.

Mr. Brazier lived on his farm near Lovelady. He was last seen alive about two weeks ago, when he returned from Crockett to Lovelady, and was then on his way home. Passing through one of Lovelady's stores, he disappeared and was thought to go to his farm. At the farm he was believed to have returned to Crockett on account of a land transaction he had been engaged with.

Nothing was seen or heard of him until the remains were found Monday morning. It is believed that Mr. Brazier went to the cistern to take some medicine and, losing his balance, fell into the water. The cistern was locked every night and there was no chance for his falling in at night. It is said there were no signs of foul play. The belief is general that he fell into the cistern on the day he was last seen in Lovelady. It is known that he was taking medicine and had

medicine with him. There seems to be no reason for believing other than the theory of accidental death.

It is said that Mr. Brazier has three sons in the army. He leaves relatives and friends in Houston county who will learn with deep regret of his death. He had been a citizen of this county many years.

**Turning Point Reached and the Work Nearly Completed.**

London, March 10.—"We have reached the turning point in the conference," says the Paris correspondent of the Daily News. "Not even when the Germans have come will there be a weekend more important than the past one. The preparatory work is nearly finished and the preliminary convention of peace will be ready in a few days."

"By the time President Wilson reaches Paris the naval and military conditions will have been settled."

"It is an open secret that Premier Lloyd George considers disarmament the touchstone of conference success and that his insistence on disarmament for Germany is merely the first step in a general policy of pacification intended to lead to disarmament in all countries."

**Amendments to League of Nations by Taft.**

Paris, March 10.—The amendments to the draft of the league of nations plan which have been proposed by William Howard Taft are receiving the close study of the various delegations to the peace conference.

The understanding prevails that the suggestions made by Mr. Taft might be adopted if assurance could be had that the reopening of the whole subject would not be involved, and that further amendments would not be offered by other nations. It is generally admitted in well-informed circles, however, that some of the French and Italian proposals are to be expected.

The ground is being canvassed quietly in an effort to secure further information of the points

**STATEMENT FROM THE COMMITTEE**

All will remember during the influenza epidemic during the last fall a public meeting was held in the court house, and the undersigned together with Dr. C. U. McLarty, pastor of the Methodist church, were appointed as a Relief Committee to look after the needs and necessities of the sick of our community; there was subscribed by various individuals and deposited in the bank to the credit of F. G. Edmiston, chairman, five hundred seventy-nine and 50-100 dollars to be used in paying the expenses incurred in looking after such needs of the community; the members of the Relief Committee not only contributed individually to this cause of their own funds, but each gave freely of his own time in looking after the needs of those families in which illness occurred, and in providing for the necessities of the sick during said epidemic all of the said money has been expended except the sum of three and 80-100 dollars, which is now in the bank to the credit of our said chairman, and we find that there is now due on account of necessary expenses incurred by your committee in supplying the necessities for those during the said epidemic unable to provide for themselves to C. H. Callaway the sum of thirty-eight and 75-100 dollars and to the Crockett Drug Company the sum of twelve dollars, and there is on hand only the said sum of three and 80-100 dollars balance. It may be there are some other claims of which the undersigned members of your committee are not advised.

As your committee have not only contributed their part of the cash which went to the said fund, but have also given their time freely in helping those sick and in distress during the period we do not feel that it is just for us now to be required to pay the balance due to said balance due to said Callaway and Crockett Drug Company, but it is a fact that both of the said debts ought to be paid, and if the public will not contribute the amounts necessary to pay same this committee feels that they ought to personally pay the said accounts, and we now ask those disposed to do so to hand to either of the undersigned a contribution to liquidate the above debts as they may feel disposed to contribute.

We desire to thank the many citizens of Crockett for the courtesy shown your committee during said period of distress and disease.  
F. G. Edmiston,  
Joe Adams,  
B. B. Warfield.

Please note following statement of receipts and disbursements:

- Cash deposited in First National Bank of Crockett, \$579.50.
- Cash paid nurses in sundry cases, \$337.15.
- Cash paid doctors in sundry cases, \$114.00.
- Cash paid for groceries, \$81.70.
- Cash paid for drugs, \$16.70.
- Cash paid for circulars, etc., \$15.65.
- Cash paid for automobiles, \$10.50.
- Total, \$575.70.
- Balance in bank, \$3.80.

We hold cancelled checks covering all items, and will gladly show them to any person who may wish to see them.

Many cars were furnished without charge; but in few instances it was necessary to send to country for nurses, an item of \$10.50 covers such trips.

F. G. Edmiston, Chairman.

raised by Mr. Taft anticipatory to the arrival of President Wilson, who must render final judgment on any American amendments to the draft.

Italy is enforcing a series of regulations governing the width of wheel rims allowed on highways.

**DENTAL TREATMENT**

There is complete dental treatment in every tube of **Our Klenzo Tooth Paste**. It is scientifically correct in its ability to provide true mouth prophylaxis, to destroy germs, to protect the delicate enamel, to prevent putrefaction of food particles and to also exercise the best degree of teeth beautification. What a desirable thing to use. It costs the same as any other but is so much better to use.—A REXALL PRODUCT.

**BAKER & CASTLEBERG**

THE REXALL STORE

**Miscellaneous Shower.**

On Friday afternoon, March 7th, one of our most popular women of Crockett, Mrs. Hal Lacy, entertained a large crowd showering our dainty and charming little bride-to-be, Miss Alline Foster, who is soon to marry Mr. Charles Peyton Jones, distinguished architect of Houston. Mrs. Lacy in her gracious manner greeted her guests at the door, and were then received by Miss Lois Miller who presided over the register painted in artistic design of violets by Miss Fannie Goolsby. Quantities of violets in cut glass baskets and vases tied with purple maline bows were everywhere adorning the lovely and attractive home. Guests were ushered to the "shower" room where one could feast for long at the sight of

many pretty and elegant gifts bespeaking love and friendship for "our own" Alline. An informal reception followed—every one giving the glad hand of greeting and fellowship, making merry, and extending all good wishes to the bride in her happiness.

Miss Gladys Harrison invited guests to the dining room where high school girls, Misses Effie Mae and Katy Lacy, Marian Foster, Katy King, Clara Taylor and Euda Castleberg served hot coffee and delicious salad course. Tiny maline bags of rice tied with purple ribbon were given as souvenirs.

At a late hour we bid farewell to our royal hostess and fair honoree. A Guest.

Try Courier advertisers.

**Distinctly Youthful in Design**



Here is a sprightly dress of wool, which may be made of any of the soft and substantial weaves that hang gracefully. It is cut on the simplest lines, plain as to skirt and waist, with a meagerness of trimmings that amounts to severity, but is popular with young people. It boasts a small turn-over collar, bordered with a narrow braid and the sleeves are indulged in a band of the same braid and four small buttons at the wrist. It will be noticed that the skirt is longer than for some seasons, almost covering the ankles. This is a characteristic of spring styles in frocks.

The special pride and glory of this unpretentious but smart bit of designing for youthful wearers, is the apron at the front. This is made of one of those new fabrics that are giving manufacturers of staple goods a bad quarter-hour. It looks like jersey and might be successfully made of that favored fabric, but it is more likely to be tricolette, or a knitted weave of some sort. Just a straight piece of one of these supple materials is bordered with a wide band of georgette at the bottom and outlined with a simple braided pattern. A wide girde of the same material across the back and two narrow bands of folded georgette across the front, with a button on the ends of each, complete a decoration

that makes the frock. The body of the dress is in navy blue and the apron in beige with blue trimming.

An irreproachable spring hat of navy blue liseere is gay with a wreath of blossoms and a rose-colored facing. The bosom of the young person so faultlessly dressed is entitled to swell with pride and joy.

*Julia Bottomley*

**In Wrapped Effects.**

Skirts grow scainter and longer as the season advances. A wrapped effect around the ankles is particularly smart, and some of the satin and velvet afternoon frocks have these graceful, wrapped skirts, the material clinging about the ankles and falling in soft draperies below the hips. The daintiest sort of footwear is required with a wrapped and draped skirt of rich material—stout walking boots would utterly spoil the effect; and winter boots for dress occasions are high of heel and light of sole; dancing boots they might well be called though they trip over the pavements even on inclement days. The tailored hack-about suit usually accompanies sturdier footwear of dark tan calf with sensible heels.



**HAVE** just opened up a large shipment of remarkably clever new hats, and they are now on display, ready for your inspection.

**INCLUDED** are many snappy little hats for the miss who insists upon individuality; also very becoming patterns for equally discriminating matrons.

Come in today and see them!

**The Vogue Millinery**