

The Crockett Courier.

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MOTTO: "QUALITY, NOT QUANTITY."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JULY 29, 1915.

VOLUME XXVI—NO. 27.

ALL AMENDMENTS DEFEATED IN SATURDAY'S ELECTION.

Amendment for Separation of University and A. & M. College Only One Close in the State.

In Saturday's election all of the six constitutional amendments were defeated. In the state vote only one of them came close to carrying and that was the one relating to the separation of the State University and the A. & M. College.

A synopsis of that part of the Houston county vote which has been gathered by the Courier is as follows:

North Crockett cast 169 votes, defeating all amendments except the one relating to suffrage and the students' loan fund.

South Crockett cast 117 votes with majority against all amendments.

Lovelady 131 votes with majority against all amendments.

Grapeland 140 votes, suffrage and separation amendments carrying, the other four being defeated.

Ratcliff 83 votes with majority against all amendments.

Kennard 68 votes with majority against all amendments.

Creek 25 votes with majority against all amendments.

Shiloh 31 votes, all cast against the amendments.

Arbor 36 votes, all amendments defeated.

Belott 42 votes, all amendments defeated.

Daniel 19 votes, solid against all amendments.

Daly 23 votes, all amendments defeated.

Tyer's Store 26 votes, all against except one for the suffrage amendment.

Augusta 58 votes, all amendments defeated.

Percilla 28 votes, majority against all amendments.

Freeman 14 votes, all amendments defeated.

Ash 14 votes, all against except one for the suffrage amendment.

Tadmor 8 votes, four for suffrage and separation amendments, all others defeated.

Holly 21 votes, all against except one for the suffrage amendment.

Porter Springs 24 votes, all the amendments defeated.

Antioch 32 votes, majority against all amendments.

Elections and Democracy.

Kaufman Post: It won't be long until Texas will be shaken up again with another political campaign. No sooner than our officers get well established in their offices; they are put to the necessity of getting out and making another campaign.

To be sure. That is one of the main aspects of a democratic form of government. Should we lament the condition? Well, in some countries the people are not bothered with elections, because there aren't any. The boss up at headquarters fills the offices with his friends or kinfolks, giving the harmless and unostentatious citizens no chance to grumble over the frequency of political campaigns. The harassed people of impoverished Poland, for

instance, have never been oppressed by biennial elections. They have not been called out every two years to hear the candidates for the governorship and congress and district attorney specify their claims upon the electorate—partly because there isn't any electorate and partly because the offices are filled from on high. It was only recently that the czar permitted the Russians to elect a duma—and even now he doesn't permit the duma to do much. When we tire of elections—as is our habit—let us reflect on the condition of those who are not allowed to hold elections, and how they would glory in the privilege of governing themselves.—Galveston News.

NEW YORK AND CHICAGO MARKETS TO BE VISITED.

Crockett Dry Goods Company Will Send Representative to Eastern Markets to Select Fall Stock.

With the interest of their customers in mind and always watchful for the best the markets afford, the Crockett Dry Goods Company will have a representative in New York, Chicago and other eastern markets for coming fall purchases.

Mr. W. G. Cartwright of the Crockett Dry Goods Company will leave Tuesday night for St. Louis, Chicago and New York for the purpose of buying his fall and winter stock of ladies' and children's ready-to-wear. With the belief that "nothing is too good for their customers," and never unmindful that while styles change quality must not be overlooked, Mr. Cartwright will visit the eastern market centers with the double purpose of getting nothing but the latest in styles and in getting only the best money values for the people of Houston county.

The Crockett Dry Goods Company makes a specialty of ladies' and children's ready-to-wear. The desires of their customers in this respect is a special study with them. They believe they know their business and they believe they know the wants of their customers. With this belief strongly entrenched, the greatest wholesale centers of the country will be visited and style and quality searched out.

The Crockett Dry Goods Company has had a prosperous year. Mr. Cartwright early anticipated the desires and necessities of the people of Houston county in the ladies' and children's ready-to-wear line, and he did not let them suffer for want of quality and style. The people have been appreciative of his efforts and have rewarded him with a most liberal patronage. It is now his turn to reward them with the most complete and up-to-the-minute stock of ladies' and children's ready-to-wear ever shown in this city, and the people of Houston county will not be disappointed when this fall and winter stock is opened for their inspection.

Pea Market Open.

Messrs. W. G. Darsey, T. H. Leaverton and M. D. Murchison spent a few days in Athens last week looking over the black-eye pea proposition. They went for the purpose of inspecting the dry kiln plant and to investigate the market. There are two plants in Athens, one operated by the dry-kiln process, the other treating the peas with carbon as recommended by the U. S. Department of Agriculture. This latter plan will be adopted by Messrs. Darsey and Leaverton to handle the crop for Grapeland this year. The U. S. Department of Agriculture recommends this way over the dry kiln process, and the peas thus treated will be sold under a guarantee to hold up. It was first thought that a dry kiln would be put in here, and the machinery had been bought for same, but as the carbon process is so much cheaper, it was decided to handle this crop that way, and if the price for peas held up satisfactorily to put in the dry kiln later on. If we can handle successfully the crop this year, there

is no question but what the black-eye pea industry will be established permanently in the Grapeland country. Mr. Leaverton stated that so far as his observation goes, we have a much better pea country than Athens, and that is saying something, because that country produces an enormous amount of peas every year.

A thresher has been put up in Grapeland to thresh the peas of those who cannot thresh them on their farms, and will be operated three days in the week. It is advisable to have them threshed and processed as early as possible to avoid the ravages of the weevils. There is a market here for all the black-eye peas grown in this community, and the market has opened around \$1.75 per bushel.—Grapeland Messenger.

Took Two from Rusk.

The Rusk baseball boys came last week and lost two games to Crockett, getting away with one. The first game stood 3 for Rusk and 4 for Crockett. Bailey for Crockett and Angell for Rusk pitched good games with Waddell for Crockett and Harris for Rusk behind the batters. On Tuesday rain prevented the game and on Wednesday a double-header was played. The first game of seven innings was won by Rusk, Rusk scoring 4 runs and Crockett 0. Carter for Crockett and Swenson for Rusk pitched good games and were caught by Waddell and Harris. Carter struck out 5 and Swenson 3. Four hits were gotten off of Carter and 2 off of Swenson. The second game of ten innings was won by Crockett, Crockett scoring 4 runs and Rusk 3. Olsen for Crockett and Thornton for Rusk pitched eight innings when Bailey for Crockett and McLarty for Rusk replaced them, Waddell and Harris catching. In the tenth inning Crockett scored a run and broke the tie, the game ending 4 for Crockett and 3 for Rusk.

CROCKETT TRAIN SCHEDULE.

HOUSTON TRAIN.		
Arrives from Houston		11:35 AM
Leaves for Houston		9:55 AM
GALVESTON TRAIN.		
Arrives from Galveston		8:36 PM
Leaves for Galveston		11:05 PM
LONGVIEW TRAIN.		
Leaves for Longview		11:35 AM
Arrives from Longview		9:55 AM
ST. LOUIS TRAIN.		
Leaves for St. Louis		8:36 PM
Arrives from St. Louis		11:05 PM

EASTERN MARKETS WILL BE VISITED BY DAN McLEAN.

Buyer for This Progressive Store Will Go to New York, Chicago and St. Louis for Fall Stock.

That the high standard of progress that has always marked the management of this store may be maintained, Dan McLean will leave Tuesday night for New York, Chicago and St. Louis to buy in person his fall and winter stock of clothing, dry goods and shoes. Quality has always led at this store and it must continue to lead.

The people of Houston county have been blessed this year with wonderful crops. The harvest is near at hand and their wants and necessities must be supplied. They must have clothing for the winter and they are entitled to the best the markets afford. The people of Houston county must have nothing but the best for their money. With these ends in view, the eastern wholesale centers will be visited in person by Dan McLean, who knows the people of Houston county and who knows their desires and necessities. While quality and cost will be uppermost in this fall's buying, style will not be overlooked, and the people of Houston county may rest assured that style, quality and price will not only combine, but predominate, in the new fall and winter stock that is to be selected from the stores of the eastern wholesalers by Dan McLean.

In the clothing, dry goods and shoes line the long-established reputation of Dan McLean is to be maintained. Nothing is to be overlooked. That high standard of excellence that has preeminently marked this store's dealings in the past is not only to be duplicated during the coming fall and winter, but it is to be expanded. This store is to be filled to overflowing with the best the eastern markets afford. And in this store the people are not only going to find what they want, but they are going to find it at the price they want it and when they want it.

Headache and Nervousness Cured.

"Chamberlain's Tablets are entitled to all the praise I can give them," writes Mrs. Richard Olp, Spencerport, N. Y. "They have cured me of my headache and nervousness and have restored me to my normal health." For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

Lumber for Flooring



should be even, smooth and perfectly matched. It should also be thoroughly seasoned to avoid shrinking, warping or cracking. That is the kind of lumber we sell exclusively. You'll be wise to use it when next you build or repair. See us about it, anyway.

Crockett Lumber Co.

"The Planing Mill"

Please Notice!

W. V. Berry's big gin will open August 15, 1915, with all new saws and new brushes, which will make a first-class sample. I will comply with the law in every respect and will charge the same for ginning as last year—no extra charges for farmers to pay.

Hope to have your patronage this year, as it will be a bumper crop and it will take the big gin to cut it. Thanking you for past ginning and hoping you continue your ginning with me this season.

W. V. BERRY

Manager and Proprietor

WELSH COAL KING



Any American who in the course of the next year wishes to sell war munitions to the allies should get in communication with David Lloyd-George, for he is the man Lloyd-George has sent over here to attend to that business.

In England they call David Lloyd-George the "Welsh Coal King." Within the past eight years he has become the active head of collieries in South Wales at which 50,000 men find employment and whose output exceeds more than one-quarter the production of the entire field.

Partly because he is Welsh, but chiefly because of his liking for matters that have a mass of detail about them, David Lloyd-George at once thought himself of "D. A." when he began to organize the cabinet with which he is surrounding himself as minister of munitions, so he chose "D. A." for the hardest job of the lot—business agent of the British government in the United States—and sent him over to attend to it.

David Lloyd-George was born in Monmouthshire, Wales, where he still lives, in March, 1863. He was educated at Marlborough, Clifton, and at Caius college, Cambridge, where he was graduated with honors in mathematics in 1880, and where he took his master's degree in 1882. He has been a member of parliament and twice, it is said, has been offered a peerage.

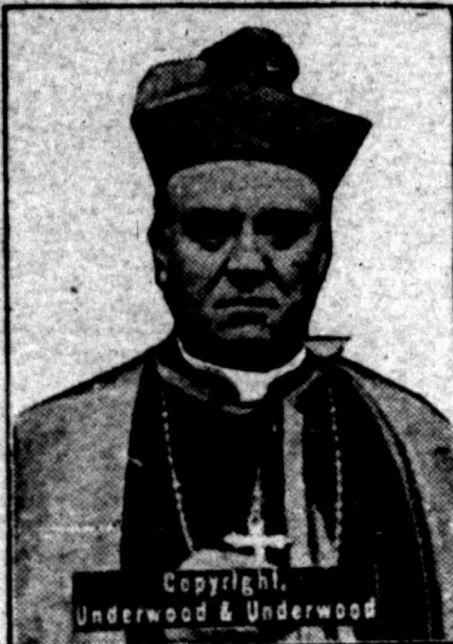
Agriculture is "D. A.'s" recreation. Newport Park, his home in Monmouthshire, is kept always in the pink of development. Awards of a hundred different sorts have come to him from his "farm," and some of them have been taken in competition with the king. One daughter, the wife of Sir Humphrey Mackworth, makes up "D. A.'s" family.

MAY GET RED HAT

Three pontiffs have honored Most Rev. Thomas F. Kennedy, rector of the American college in Rome. Pope Leo XIII made him a domestic prelate with the title of monsignor and subsequently raised him to the titular bishopric of Adrianopolis; Pope Pius X made him an assistant at the throne in 1912 on the occasion of the celebration of his twenty-fifth anniversary to the priesthood; recently Pope Benedict XV elevated him to be titular archbishop of Seleucia. This is, possibly, but a step from the red hat and the right to sit in the College of Cardinals.

Archbishop Kennedy was born in Marble Hill, Pa., the son of an iron ore miner. He was sent to the American college at Rome in 1882, and was ordained a priest a year before he completed his course. In 1901 he was appointed rector of the college. A friend says of him:

"His piety is very great, but the thing that impresses me most is his common sense, good business ability and executive capacity. His ability to keep on the main track of any work he has in hand and his power to make people work with him constitute big factors in his ability. He draws people to him and works with them whether they want to work with him or not."



YOUNG'S INDIAN STORY



Representative G. M. Young of North Dakota, who is now serving his first term in congress, belongs to the state of boundless prairies and blizzards. The state also has under its wing several tribes of Indians. It is of an Indian named Storm Cloud that Young tells a good story.

In the northern part of the state was a tough character known to fame—or ill fame—as a horse thief. This bandit one day, when pursued by the sheriff, overtook an Indian who had two fresh horses, and at the point of his gun obliged poor Lo not only to give him one of the animals, but also to accompany him in his flight. They came upon a lake on whose placid bosom floated a covey of ducks. The Indian pointed at the fowl, then at the gun in the thief's hands.

"Duck, me shoot; give me gun," he grunted. Without thinking, the white man handed over the weapon.

"Now you my prisoner, go right grunted the redskin, leveling the gun back town! Me get reward!" again grunted the redskin, leveling the gun at the man's head.

And in this wise one of the worst desperadoes of North Dakota was brought into the clutches of the law.

LEADER OF ITALY'S ARMY

When Lieut. Gen. Luigi Cadorna, chief of the Italian general staff, was ten years old he entered the military college of Milan. His distinguished father, Gen. Count Raffaele Cadorna, thought it none too young, but the son often recalls that one of the cells set apart for young offenders was so cold that in the winter months the soup which was the only sustenance of the punished sometimes froze.

At the age of eighteen he was transferred to the military academy of Turin, which he left three years later, passing out at the top of the class.

When his father, as commander of the Florence division, began the historical expedition on Rome, he was attached to his staff. In 1875 he was promoted captain, and from that year dates the special work with which he has since been identified. He published a series of monographs on the geographical features of the Italian frontier which are still the standard works for military officers working for staff appointments.



BETTER HIGHWAYS FOR TEXAS URGED BY AUTOMOBILE MEN

A Plan to Cleave State From Red River to Gulf, From Sabine to Rio Grande, With Crossroads.

Galveston, Tex.—The Texas Automobile Association at its midsummer meeting at Galveston Friday, took an important step in the effort to better the highways of Texas by appointing the president and secretary of each automobile club a local committee to urge upon the governor the plan to cleave the State from the Red River to the gulf, from the Sabine to the Rio Grande with a cross of improved roads built by convict labor with material furnished by the counties. The idea is that this cross shall represent the basic highways of an extensive system of good roads and shall be laid out without the view of immediately serving any particular city or locality. To these main streams of traffic later would come numberless tributaries, and out of the nucleus eventually would grow a comprehensive and complete web of good roads.

The use of convict labor is a consideration of paramount importance, and in calling upon the governor to put into effect this scheme of two roads, running "as the crow flies" from the north to the south and east to west, the motorists are seeking the fulfillment of a plank of the democratic party's platform. The State's 4,000 convicts would be given beneficial employment and the State would be served in many ways, the motorists say. Their plan embraces the maintenance of the convicts by the respective counties the highways traverse, the building of the smaller bridges and furnishing of material by the counties also, the State to undertake the construction of the larger bridges.

The conditions of the Texas roads and plans for their betterment were the principal topics before the convention. Maco Stewart, who presided, called attention to the need of automobile insurance by the State organization, which could furnish more effective protection than the individual members could obtain.

Road regulation was another leading matter. To seek suitable legislation the chair appointed a committee consisting of Ira F. Sproule of Denison, G. L. Cade of Dallas and C. H. Earnest of Colorado, Texas. Mr. Stewart declared the speed limit was excessively low, and it was described by C. J. Michaelis as a survival of the days when machines couldn't go faster than eighteen miles and the roads did not permit a livelier pace. Mr. Stewart spoke also of the "hold-up" evil, and assured the members that no officer had a right to arrest them for speeding without a warrant. The statute, he said, permits the making of arrests without warrants in certain cases, specifying and defining these cases.

One member thought the government could be induced to divert to road construction the funds being spent on out-of-the-way streams and another offered the suggestion that the State, owning gravel beds and quarries, might well furnish material for road making. The creation of a highway commission was regarded as useless, if it operated with the present road laws.

Train Takes 200-Foot Plunge.

Dalhart, Tex.—A 200-foot plunge into a gulch at Indianola, near Dalhart, Tuesday killed three men and smashed an engine and ten loaded freight cars to bits. The freight was on the El Paso and Southwestern railroad.

Asserts Turks Seek Peace.

Geneva.—Nedjemken Effendi, the Turkish minister of justice, and Fasan Effendi are expected this week from Vienna for the purpose. It is reported, of opening separate peace negotiations with the triple entente.

Daughter of Gen. Sherman is Dead.

Paris, France.—Mrs. Eleanor Sherman Thackara, wife of Alexander M. Thackara, American consul general at Paris, died Sunday. Mrs. Thackara was a daughter of General Sherman of civil war fame.

Precincts Vote on Road Bonds.

Cold Springs, Tex.—Cold Springs Thursday voted, 94 to 0, against a bond issue of \$48,000 in road precinct No. 1, San Jacinto county. Camilla and Shepherd voted 190 for and 18 against a bond issue of \$75,000 in road precinct No. 2, San Jacinto county.

New Rotary Club's Head.

Oakland, Cal.—Allen D. Albert of Minneapolis, Minn., was elected president of the International Association of Rotary Clubs Friday.

CZARINA ESCAPED THE CROWD

Unwelcome Popularity Forced Wife of Monarch to Climb Ladder When Recognized.

The czarina's popularity in Russia has been enormously increased since the war on account of the work that she has been doing for the Russian Red Cross.

It is interesting to recall that her majesty once had an extraordinary experience for a royal personage while on a visit to Germany. She was out shopping one day, attended only by one lady companion, and she had hoped to remain unrecognized by the people. While she was making some purchases in a jeweler's shop, however, the news of her identity got abroad, and in a very few moments there was a large crowd outside the premises.

Exit through the front door was out of the question, so the czarina asked the jeweler to let herself and her companion out of the back of the shop.

The jeweler replied that that was impossible, as the back yard was inclosed by a very high boarding which would effectually cut off their retreat.

"That does not matter," said the empress. "Get a ladder and we will climb over it."

A ladder was brought and the czarina and her companion rushed up it, climbed over the boarding, jumped into a quiet street, and made their escape as quickly as they could.

A minute later the jeweler's shop window was smashed to atoms by the surging and excitable crowd.—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

Not Much.

"Is that Grogan in there pitching for the home team?" inquired the belated fan who arrived just after the visitors had made seven runs in one inning.

"That's Grogan in the pitcher's box," admitted his neighbor, "but I haven't noticed that he's been doing any pitching."

Nine-tenths of a man's talk is of no earthly importance.

BROUGHT HOME TROPHIES

Aunt Mary Had Gathered Many "Curiosities" During Her Morning Stroll on Golf Links.

It was at St. Andrews in Scotland, the home of golf, where the links stretch along over the moors by the sea, and dear, quiet Aunt Mary had gone up from London to visit a golfing family of nephews and nieces. At tea the first afternoon someone managed to stop talking golf long enough to ask, "Well, Aunt Mary, how did you pass the morning?"

"Oh, I enjoyed myself immensely, my dear. I went for a walk on the moor."

"A good many people seemed to be about, and some of them called out to me in a most energetic manner. But I didn't take any notice of them. And, oh, my dear, I found such a number of curious little round things. I brought them home to ask you what they are."

Hereupon Aunt Mary opened her work bag and produced 24 golf balls.—Youth's Companion.

Companions in Misfortune.

Two men sat at the same table in a restaurant of the cheaper sort in Berlin. They were strangers to each other, but not too proud to talk.

"Hard times," said one, putting down regretfully his empty beer glass. "Very hard times," said the other as he speared with his fork the last morsel of sausage.

"I have seen better days."

"And I."

"Only a year ago, too."

"Just about that."

"I mean in my business."

"Precisely. My business is gone clean to the devil."

"The same with mine."

"And what is your business, may I ask?"

"I am a dancing master—a professor of the fox trot and allied arts—and you?"

"I am a professor of international law."

A wife is very dear to the ex-bachelor who formerly saved his money.

Good for Boys



Camping time is a time of joy for the youngsters. Very few things are needed for a cracking good time—a tent, blankets, plain, stout clothing, and plenty of good, wholesome food.

A splendid food to take along is

Grape-Nuts

It's an ideal camping food—nourishing, appetizing and always ready to eat.

This delicious wheat and barley food contains great nutrition with little bulk. It is made from the natural, whole grains, retaining all of their vital mineral salts, particularly necessary for building health and strength in growing boys and girls.

Grape-Nuts is ready to serve direct from the package—just add good milk or cream. Summer rains won't hurt the supply—packages are wax-wrapped and moisture-proof.

"There's a Reason" for Grape-Nuts

—sold by Grocers everywhere.

RUSSIAN HORDS STILL HOLD POLISH CAPITAL

DEFENDERS OF WARSAW HAVE STOPPED AUSTRO-GERMAN ADVANCE AGAINST CAPITAL.

GAINS FOR FRENCH IN FRANCE

Russians Threaten Mackenzien's Flank Along Bug River—Italians Report Some Success, But Slow Progress—German Subs Busy.

Latest From European War Fronts.

From the nature of the operations around Warsaw it would seem that the Russians have no immediate intention of withdrawing from the Polish capital, if at all. The pressure of the Austro-German forces from the north is making itself felt, and the Germans have crossed the Narew river on a front of nearly thirty miles, extending from Ostrolenka to Pul-tusk.

Only the northern tip of the pinchers the Austro-Germans for more than a week have been trying to close around Warsaw and the Russian armies in the Polish salient has moved during the last few days. This point has forced its way across the Narew river between the fortresses of Pul-tusk and Roseau and is advancing toward the Bug river, which stands for the greater part of the way between it and the Warsaw-Vilna railway, its objective.

The other points which Field Marshal von Mackenzien is directing at the Chelm-Lublin railway has gained hardly a yard since it reached the village of Relovetz, just south of the railway.

In stubbornly resisting the German advance the Russians are making a continual threat at Von Mackenzien's flank along the Bug river from east of Chelm to east of Lemberg. Between Krylow and Sokal their attacks have been especially severe, compelling the Germans to send reinforcements.

The fighting to the east of the Vistula river in Southeastern Poland has lost for the moment much of its vicious character. Both the Berlin and Vienna official statements say that comparative calm prevails in the Lublin-Chelm region, near Ivangorod, and in the region of the Bug river where it flows across the border of Russian Poland in Galicia. At these points the Russian opposition to an Austro-German advance has been well sustained and the Russians have made several attempts to break the Austro-German line, with what result is not definitely known.

In addition to having moved heavy forces over the Narew, the Teutonic allies have made an advance in the direction of the Bug, with an important railway as their objective. Some progress also is recorded to the south, with the capture of two villages, which were taken by storm, lying about ten miles south of Warsaw.

The French report another success in the Vosges at Ban-de-Sapt, where they claim to have taken more than eight hundred unarmored prisoners. The Germans admit the loss of trenches there.

There is no diminution of the Italian offensive along the Isonzo river, which the Italians say is proceeding favorably for them, but which the Austrians claim is meeting with no success.

The latest official communication issued at Rome lays no claim to the capture of Gorizia or the evacuation of that town by the Austrian general staff, both of which reports have been current, merely asserting that all Austrian attacks along the Isonzo front have been put down.

Small gains have been made by the Italians in various other sectors, but the attempts by the Italian commander in chief to force the evacuation of Gorizia, and with it important strategic positions guarding Trieste.

The Germans have resumed their submarine campaign after a period of inactivity, and four British trawlers have been sent to the bottom by underwater boats. Four men of the crew of the British steamer Firth were killed. Ten men of the crew of a Grimby trawler, which was destroyed by a mine, lost their lives.

The Austro-German armies continue to press the Russian forces defending Warsaw, and while they have made progress at some points, they have not yet made any serious breach in the well fortified inner line defending that city.

The Russians, it is true, have been pressed back to the bridgehead positions directly west of Warsaw and into the fortress of Ivangorod, further to the southeast on the Vistula. But at these points they probably are in a better position to offer stubborn resistance to their opponents.

SHEER NECESSITY



(Copyright)

TAX RATE TO BE HIGHEST IN THE HISTORY OF STATE

Ad Valorem Rate 30c on the \$100 Valuation, 20c for Schools and 5c for Confederate Pensions.

Austin, Tex.—The state automatic tax board, according to figures just compiled by the state controller's department, will fix the ad valorem rate at 30c on the \$100 valuation. Added to this will be 20c for schools and 5c for Confederate pensions, making a total of 55c on the \$100 valuation for 1915-16. It will be the highest tax rate ever levied in Texas.

The ad valorem rate for revenue purposes has reached 25c during three years, 1885, 1886 and 1887, but at that time there was no Confederate pension tax and the school tax rate was only 12.5c. From 1871 to 1889 the tax rate for the states as a total was 50c for all purposes, but during the past twenty-seven years in only two instances has the ad valorem rate for revenue purposes passed the 20c mark. These were in 1895, when the rate was 25c, and in 1913, when a 25c rate was levied. It has dropped as low as 4c in 1910.

Tax rate for revenue purposes is based on an estimated 'ax valuation of the state of \$2,739,459,589, or an increase of more than \$27,000,000 over 1914. Nine counties failed to submit figures and for these counties estimates were taken of last year's actual valuation amounting to \$61,148,657. Those counties failing to make returns were Burleson, Crockett, Crosby, Harrison, Rusk, Starr, Upshur, Upton and Ward counties. The tax valuation for 1914 for the entire state amounted to \$2,716,000,000.

The total amount appropriated for the fiscal year ending Aug. 31, 1916, amounted to \$9,761,943.40. Revenue collected from other sources than ad valorem amounted to \$2,952,679.81, making a total of \$6,779,263.59 to be collected from taxes. The law provides that to this amount 20 per cent be added for delinquents, cost of collection, etc. This percentage amounts to \$1,355,852.70, making a total of \$8,135,116.29 to be collected.

Collection from all sources other than ad valorem tax for twelve months prior to July 1, 1915, shows the following collections: Insolvents, \$3,484.87; redemptions, \$116,147.85; polls, \$322,108.88; three-fourths occupation, \$735,078.25; general land office, \$16,737.27; state department, \$636,022.10; attorney general, \$101,054.02; controller, \$12,197.54; treasurer, \$711,742.95; insurance and banking, \$66,462.80; public buildings and grounds, \$7,963.54; state health department, \$28,158.60; interest from depositaries, \$32,506.34; sundry asylums, \$23,470.80; inheritance tax, \$34,247.82; miscellaneous, \$21,370.24; penalty, \$8,694.06; assessment of insurance companies, \$104,830.79.

American Minister Resigns.
Washington.—James M. Sullivan, American minister to the Dominican Republic, has tendered his resignation to President Wilson and it has been accepted. Mr. Sullivan's resignation is the consequence of an investigation conducted for the state department by Senator Phelan of California into the minister's fitness for his office. The findings were unfavorable to Mr. Sullivan.

Strike at Remington Arms Plant.
Bridgeport, Conn.—The strike call issued for the machinists working in the plants of the Remington Arms and Ammunition Company and four subcontractors brought out Tuesday, according to the estimates of the labor leaders, in the neighborhood of 175 men.

MISS ROSALIE JONES



Miss Rosalie Jones, noted suffragist, inherited a large fortune recently, but insists on earning her own living by selling automobiles.

Throngs Cheer the Liberty Bell.
San Francisco, Cal.—The liberty bell, America's chief relic of the war of independence, was installed Saturday in the Pennsylvania pavilion of the Panama-Pacific Exposition. Crowds broke into uncontrolled demonstration when the bell, banked in crimson rambler roses, reached a great plaza at the exposition, where Speaker Champ Clark, Governor Hiram W. Johnson of California and other speakers were gathered. Forty-eight little girls, representing the states of the union, placed wreaths on the bell.

Forgotten Currency Found.
Austin, Tex.—Tucked away in a dark corner, covered with dust and mold of years, an envelope containing \$204.40 in currency and another containing \$2.75 in mutilated currency of 10c, 15c and 25c denominations, were found in the basement of the Texas capitol Saturday by former State Controller Stephens, now an employe of Controller Terrell, who is engaged in classifying and filing records of the State that have long lain in piles and bundles in the capitol basement, making an excellent playground for rats, insects and bugs.

Terrible Loss of Life in China.
Washington.—From 80,000 to 100,000 lives have been lost in the floods near Canton, China, according to a cablegram to the state department Wednesday. A telegram from the American legation at Peking says the American consul general at Canton telegraphed that 80,000 to 100,000 lives are estimated lost there on account of the unprecedented floods. The Wilmington and Callao (United States gunboats) are rendering assistance, but Consul General Cheshire asks all the assistance the navy can afford.

Salazar is Caught Long After Escape.
El Paso, Tex.—Jose Inez Salazar, the Mexican general who escaped from jail at Albuquerque last fall, was arrested by United States customs inspectors on the American boundary west of Palomas Tuesday.

Orange Bond Issue Carries.
Orange, Tex.—The \$325,000 bond issue embodying three items, for schools, wharves and docks and streets, carried by a majority averaging seven to one Tuesday.

Men Fall 100 Feet to Safety.
Pensacola, Fla.—While making a flight in a new navy aeroplane Friday, Lieutenant Kenneth Whiting and Walter Brooks, a civilian aviator, fell 100 feet into the bay. The machine was wrecked, but neither aviator was hurt.

UNITED STATES NOTE TO GERMANY DISPATCHED

FURTHER LOSS OF AMERICAN LIVES WILL BE REGARDED AS "UNFRIENDLY ACT."

IN NATURE OF FINALITY

Note Informs Germany That Submarine Warfare in Contravention of International Law Will Be Followed by Finality of Action.

Washington.—President Wilson and Secretary Lansing completed the new note to Germany Wednesday warning her that the repetition of a disaster such as that visited upon the Lusitania or any violation of American rights on the high seas resulting in loss of American lives will be regarded as "unfriendly."

The note is in the nature of a final statement by the United States. Among the points in the note are:

1. The assumption by the United States that Germany by declaring her submarine warfare to be a retaliatory measure against the alleged unlawful acts of her enemies has admitted that the destruction of unresisting merchantment without warning is illegal.

2. German submarine commanders already have proved that they can save the passengers and crews of vessels and can act in conformity with the laws of humanity in making war on enemy ships.

3. The United States can not allow the relations between the belligerents to operate in any way as an abbreviation of the rights of neutrals.

4. The representations which the American government has made in previous notes for disavowal of the intention to sink the Lusitania with Americans aboard and the request for reparation are reiterated with renewed insistence.

5. The American government realizes the unusual and abnormal conditions which the present conflict has created in the conduct of maritime war and is willing to act as an intermediary as between the belligerents to arrange a modus vivendi or any other temporary arrangements which do not involve a surrender by the United States of its rights.

6. The proposals by Germany to give immunity to American ships not carrying contraband and to four belligerent ships under the American flag are rejected with the emphatic assertion that to accept such suggestion would be to admit Germany's right to set aside the American contention based on fundamental principles in international law—that neutrals may travel anywhere on the high seas on unresisting ships of any nationality even if carrying contraband.

The note is about twelve hundred words long. While nowhere in it is there any direct intimation of the course which the United States will pursue in the event of another disaster similar to the Lusitania tragedy, there are emphatic statements throughout the communication pointing out that the discussion of the principles involved has been virtually concluded and that future conduct of German submarine commanders will determine the responsibility for the friendly relations between the two countries.

The statement that future transgressions will be regarded as "unfriendly" is taken in diplomatic usage to preface a break of friendly relations unless reparation and disavowal is forthcoming. President Wilson, it is understood, has considered fully and at length the construction which may be placed on the implications of the note and is prepared to deal with any new situation that may arise. He is hopeful and confident, it is said, that Germany, having already modified to a great extent the practice of her submarine commanders, will now take such precautions as seem necessary to avoid endangering friendly relations with the United States.

The note went forward Thursday.

Life Sentence for Mrs. Wilganowski.
Marlin, Tex.—Apparently unaffected and without a visible tremor, Mrs. Kate Wilganowski heard the reading of the jury's verdict by the clerk of the district court Wednesday assessing her punishment at ninety-nine years in the penitentiary on the charge of the murder of her husband.

Japan Won't Meet Request.
Tokyo.—Japan has informed Great Britain that she is unable, because Japanese laws do not permit such action, to accede to Great Britain's request to announce a prohibition of trading in the Far East with citizens of hostile nations.

CARRANZA DRAWS LINE ON FOREIGN RELATIONS

TO TREAT ONLY WITH NATIONS WHO HAVE AGENTS ACCREDITED TO HIS GOVERNMENT.

NACO INCIDENT PROTESTED

Occupation of Naco, on the Sonora-Arizona Border by Carranza Forces is Protested Against by the United States Government.

Washington.—With the Washington government completely cut off from communication with the City of Mexico since the reoccupation by Zapata forces and with local agents of the Mexican factions in complete ignorance of military operations near the capital, the Mexican situation again assumes an air of tension.

Somewhere in the neighborhood of Pachuca, fifty miles northwest of the capital, General Pablo Gonzales with his Carranza army is believed to be battling with the Villa flying column whose swoop down from the north last week caused Gonzales hurriedly to abandon the City of Mexico. Cutting of cables and telegraph wires has drawn a veil over this whole section.

In diplomatic as well as government circles there is much uneasiness. It is assumed that the diplomatic corps in the City of Mexico has taken steps to insure the safety of foreigners, but no one knows just what force Zapata has sent in to preserve order. The food supplies delivered during the brief Carranza occupation probably were insufficient to check famine riots long.

President Wilson, with the note to Germany dispatched, turned his attention particularly to the City of Mexico. He conferred with officials of the American Red Cross and listened with interest to reports that the Red Cross had been seriously hampered in its efforts to extend relief to the needy civilian population of the country. He told Red Cross workers not to be discouraged by handicaps and to keep up the relief work, getting into the City of Mexico wherever they could.

Washington.—Diplomatic advices from Mexico Friday said General Carranza had given notice he would not receive communications from or transact business with foreign governments which have no diplomatic agents accredited to his government at Vera Cruz.

Enforcement of such an order practically would cut off the Carranza government from further communication with all foreign nations which have ministers resident in the City of Mexico. It would not, according to the information received, sever his informal relations with the United States government, as Carranza is understood to regard Consul Silliman at Vera Cruz as properly accredited.

The report created surprise in official and diplomatic circles, particularly in view of the general understanding that foreign governments were awaiting action by the United States toward Mexico before recognizing any government in the republic.

Although present conditions in Mexico are being given very serious consideration by the Washington government, it became known Friday that no decisive action is in contemplation by the administration in the immediate future.

The City of Mexico remains cut off from communication and there have been no advices concerning the whereabouts of General Gonzales, who is believed to be seeking battle with a column of Villa troops in the vicinity of Pachuca. Neither has the state department been able to get any news as to the exact conditions in the capital.

The state department took notice of protests against the occupation of Naco on the Sonora-Arizona border by Carranza forces. A message was sent to Carranza at Vera Cruz asking him to abide by the Scott agreement negotiated with his generals and those of General Villa, providing that no military operations should be conducted along the border where lives of Americans would be endangered. Notice was given that the American government regarded the attack upon Naco a violation of the agreement.

A message to San Antonio, Texas, Friday from Piedras Negras says that a mob of starving men, women and children, aided by a number of soldiers, attacked a storage of corn located about thirty-five miles from Monclova and carried off 5,000 bushels of corn. The grain, said to have been held for Villa troops in a warehouse and to have aggregated about 50,000 bushels, was discovered last week and the mob marched on the place Saturday evening.

Many of the troops had been called to other points to prevent attacks from the Carrancistas, leaving only a small guard to protect the warehouse containing the corn.

MID-SUMMER SPECIALS

That You Can Use Every Day
Prices Are Cut in All Departments

We Must Make Room for New Fall Goods That Are Coming In Every Day

All 10 and 12½c colored lawns, special, per yard 7½c	Boys' 50c rompers and play suits, special in this sale 35c	Men's straw hats half price	Men's pants, worth up to \$1.50, special in this sale 89c	Ladies' white slippers, worth up to \$1.75, special in this sale 75c
Cotton checks in all colors, worth up to 7½c per yard, special, 25 yards for \$1.00	Men's blue work shirts, special in this sale 23c		B. V. D. Underwear, shirts and drawers, worth 50c per garment, special, this sale 35c	Men's blue overalls and jumpers, regularly priced \$1.00, special 73c

Just received a shipment of the famous Duttonhofer shoes for ladies, also lots of new collars, belts, purses, pins and auto caps. Fall gingham and percal are here for your inspection.

C. P. O'BANNON

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from the Courier Building.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bills.

Buffalo Threatened by a Religious War.

Buffalo seems to be on the verge of a religious war, if the "appeals" and "warnings" appearing in the papers of that city are really necessary. One of the appeals appearing in all the papers under conspicuous headlines on the first pages, after several high sounding introductory paragraphs, reads as follows:

We appeal, therefore, to our fellow citizens, irrespective of creed:

First—To deplore and to discourage the printing, circulating and reading of all publications containing any misrepresentation or villification of another's religion.

Second—To deplore all secret and public meetings or utterances the primary purpose of which is to foment religious antagonism.

Third—To condemn as un-American and unjust the application of any religious test to a candidate for public office, and any business or social boycott on account of religious belief.

Fourth—To urge upon all ministers and priests the importance of giving public and emphatic utterance to the need of religious tolerance and the cultivation of good will among our people.

In presenting this appeal to the public we regret any and all causes that have led up to the present conditions, and we express our hope

that out of the experience of the past we may learn wisdom for the future," say the signers, whose names fill almost two columns. It is evidently a pretty kettle of fish they have up at Buffalo.—Galveston News.

The Law As to Voting.

Certain newspapers unwittingly have handed out misinformation to voters. They have been told that any voter who has moved his residence since paying his poll tax, and had not had the change noted by the tax collector, can vote if he shall make affidavit that he has so moved.

A citizen who has changed his residence to a precinct in a city of more than 10,000 before the poll tax lists were turned over to the precinct election judges cannot vote unless he has secured a correction of his receipt five days in advance of the election.

A citizen who has so moved before the poll tax lists were turned over to the election judges may vote merely upon presenting his poll tax receipt. No affidavit concerning his removal is required.

A citizen who resides outside of a city of over 10,000 and who has moved from one precinct to another need not have his poll tax receipt corrected.

A citizen who has lost or misplaced his poll tax receipt may vote upon making affidavit that he has paid his poll tax, and that the receipt is lost or misplaced. If he knows where his poll tax receipt is, but has failed to bring it with him, he is not justified in making such affidavit, nor is he entitled to vote.

All of these matters are covered in article 2951 of the revised civil statutes.—Galveston News.

Buy Courier advertised goods.

Social Affairs for Visitors.

Beginning last Tuesday many social affairs have been given for Miss Alice Foster's guests, Miss Ola Mae Hamilton of Palestine, Miss Libby Johnson of Richmond and Miss Clarence Stuckert of Brenham, and for other visitors in the city.

For the visitors Misses Kathleen and Lily Hail entertained with a Japanese luncheon on Tuesday at noon. This was pronounced one of the prettiest affairs of the season.

Following this social event Miss Florence Kennedy entertained on Tuesday evening with a theatre party for some of the visiting girls, including Miss Alice Foster's guest.

On Wednesday evening Misses Sue and Bee Denny complimented Misses Hamilton, Johnson and Stuckert with a theatre party, to which seven couples were invited. As a theatre aftermath, watermelons and peaches were served at the home of the hostesses.

Thursday evening Misses Virginia and Katie Chamberlain gave a lawn party in honor of Misses Hamilton, Johnson and Stuckert. Besides the honorees, other visitors included Miss Nona Queen of Kerens, Miss Hillie Hart Johnson of Marlin, Miss Marian Bell of Trinity, Miss Elizabeth McMurrey of Camilla and Miss Marian Mallard of Rusk. This was one of the largest affairs of the week. Chairs and settees covered the lawn, with here and there an electric light swinging from shade tree or shrubbery. It was a "stunt" party, each guest doing in turn some special "stunt" for the general amusement. Pimento sandwiches and fruit punch were served at 11 o'clock.

Mrs. C. L. Edmiston entertained with an early morning affair Friday. This was also a "stunt" party and unique in its nature. Programs were devised by the hostess and

distributed among the guests, telling what each would have to do. Being a morning affair, only young ladies were present.

Friday evening Miss Delha Mildred Wooters gave an automobile party for Miss Hillie Hart Johnson and Misses Stuckert, Johnson and Hamilton, in which seven couples participated and two seven-passenger cars were utilized. After a drive over the various streets and roads, the party returned to the home of the hostess and ice cold watermelon was served.

On Saturday evening, for Miss Hillie Hart Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. D. P. Craddock entertained with a moonlight picnic at Hurricane bayou, three miles north of town. This

was one of the largest and most enjoyable affairs of its kind ever given in Crockett, the list of guests, including chaperones, being unusually large.

Mrs. J. D. Woodson has taken Misses Johnson, Stuckert and Hamilton to Foster's lake house for the first half of the week and is keeping open house for visitors from town. Fishing, boating and similar amusements furnish sport and entertainment and a big time is reported.

PHONE STAR R3401
ENGRAVING COMPANY
 HOUSTON PRESTON
 1206½

Take Advantage Right Now



All Manhattan and Wilson Brothers
\$2.50 Shirts for\$1.95
\$2.00 Shirts for\$1.65
\$1.50 Shirts for\$1.15
\$5.00 Washable Silk Shirts...\$3.50
 Howard & Foster's \$5.00 low cut
 Shoes for**\$3.50**
\$4.50 Shoes for\$3.50
\$4.00 Shoes for\$3.00
 Genuine Bangkok, feather-weight,
\$5.00 straw Hats for.....\$3.50

W. V. McConnell

Free Delivery Service

Our free delivery service was started for your convenience and we want you to use it freely. You should find this an unusual convenience during the hot summer months.

Phone for drugs. Phone for toilet goods. Phone for some of our delicious ice cream—the ideal dessert. Phone us to call for your prescriptions.

In other words, let your phone do all errands for you. Remember the number—47 or 140.

Bishop Drug Company
"The Prompt Service Store"

Local News.

Drugs and jewelry at the Rexall Store.

Miss Della Moore is visiting in Dallas.

Mrs. J. A. McConnell is visiting in Galveston.

Mrs. Thomas Self is visiting at Whitewright.

Robert Reed Nunn has returned from Corsicana.

Miss Sue Smith is visiting Miss Marian Mallard at Rusk.

A complete, up-to-date abstract. tf—adv Aldrich & Crook.

Dr. and Mrs. H. P. V. Bogue have gone to the California expositions.

Miss Corinne Cofer of Austin is visiting Misses Sue and Bee Denny.

King's candies, always fresh and on ice, at Chamberlain & Woodall's.

Mrs. O. M. Bryan of Sour Lake is visiting her sister, Mrs. J. E. Towery.

W. H. Lahey of Kennard was among Saturday's callers at this office.

Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Sims are attending the Galveston cotton carnival.

D. J. Cater sends from San Antonio his subscription renewal to the Courier.

Let us fill your prescriptions the next time. McLean Drug Co., tf. The Rexall Store.

License was issued Wednesday for the marriage of A. M. Elliott and Mrs. T. M. Fritwell.

Just received—a fresh supply of photographic supplies. tf. McLean Drug Co.

A new silo is going up on the Bowman farm north of town and we hear of more silos in contemplation.

Mr. and Mrs. G. L. Moore and children, lately of Belton, have returned to Crockett to make their home.

J. C. Estes of Route 2 was among our friends in town Saturday, renewing subscription and reporting good crops.

A \$10 Colonial China dinner set, 42 pieces, for \$2.98 and freight. Ask us about it. tf. Chamberlain & Woodall.

You will need a good wagon to move that big crop. Buy the Brown—the best by test. tf. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

Thomas L. Hairston and family will return by automobile this week from Timpson, where they have been visiting.

Mr. W. N. Sheridan of Sheridan, 89 years old and in Houston county 89 years, is visiting the family of J. R. Sheridan.

Mrs. C. N. Corry, who is visiting in Galveston, will have Miss Rosamond Williams of Galveston as her guest when she returns.

STOP, READ, REMEMBER—We want your drug business TO-DAY, TO-MORROW and ALL THE TIME. tf. McLean Drug Co.

A visiting degree team of 16 from the Odd Fellows' lodge of Ratcliff were guests of the Crockett Odd Fellows' lodge Wednesday evening of last week.

Mass Meeting.
The socialists and sympathizers of Houston county will meet in Crockett at 10 o'clock a. m., August 7, 1915.—Adv.

Just received—a line of ladies', misses' and children's dresses and middie blouses to be sold at a bargain while they last, at the Big Store. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

Special for Saturday.
Five pounds good roasted coffee for only 50 cents. This is a rare bargain—don't miss it. 1t. J. D. Sims, Phone 19.

* We serve Mansfield's ice cream—"made in Crockett." Patronize home industry and keep Crockett money in Crockett. McLean Drug Co., tf. The Rexall Store.

Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Decuir and son, Zenon, have gone to New York and Baltimore, where specialists will be consulted in regard to the treatment of the son's eyes.

Just a few broken sizes of those Keep-Kool Palm Beach suits left that must be closed out. Suits at \$5.50; pants, \$2.45; coats, \$3.75. tf. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

For Sale.
One of two good Jersey milk cows with young calves. Also one Duroc Jersey sow with eight pigs. 1t. W. A. King.

Highest aim is quality. It Relieves, Purifies and Strengthens. Take **Admirine Tonic Sarsaparilla** when your blood is out of order and your system needs strengthening. Take **Admirine Tonic Sarsaparilla** when you are troubled with Malaria and are having Chills and Fever. **Admirine Tonic Sarsaparilla** stops Chills and Fever promptly, relieves the system of Malaria, Purifies the Blood and restores Vitality to the weakened body. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Ask for it. For sale by Crockett Drug Co.

Mrs. A. H. Wootters and Miss Delha Mildred Wootters have returned from the California expositions and a tour of the Pacific coast and Rocky Mountain sections.

For Sale.

A pretty, bay mare colt, 28 months old, broke to gig, prize winner at the last Houston County fair. 2t. John D. Friend.

Remember at the Big Store all low cut shoes, men's, ladies', misses' and children's, are to be sold regardless of cost to clean up. tf. Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

Stell Sharp left at this office Saturday seven Elberta peaches that weighed four pounds. Who can beat it? If you have no peaches, you might beat it with a big watermelon.

"Safety first"—let us fill your prescriptions. We have the drugs and the experience and fill all prescriptions just as the doctor intends them to be. tf. Chamberlain & Woodall.

H. P. English and Miss Maud Dykes were recently married at Kennard. Mr. and Mrs. English were in Crockett Monday, returning from their honeymoon trip and receiving the felicitations of their friends.

Normanna Brand.

Kipperd herring, Baby Boneless mackerel in pure olive oil and tomato sauce, and sardines in pure olive oil. Try them—they are delicious. J. D. Sims, 1t. Telephone No. 19.

F. F. Dearing, vice president of the National Exchange Bank of Houston; Walter Hilliard of the Metals and Mechanics Bank of New York, and Mr. Saint of Houston were guests of H. F. Moore Wednesday of last week.

Strayed or Stolen.

Gray horse, 8 or 9 years old, branded B on left hip; brown colt, year old, left hind foot white, no brand. Reward of \$5.00. 2t. T. S. Brown, Kennard, Texas.

Banquet Wrapped Bacon.

Cheaper than breakfast bacon and just as good. It has a different taste from any bacon you have ever used. You will like it. Try it. Priced at 22 cents per pound. 1t. J. D. Sims, Phone 19.

New automobile licenses have been issued as follows: No. 112, Dr. Talley, Bluff City, Ford 5-passenger touring car; No. 113, Mrs. A. H. Wootters, Hudson Six 7-passenger touring car; No. 114, W. E. Kerr, Grapeland, Ford 5-passenger touring car.

Now that the people of Houston county have the best feed crop in the history of the county, no pains should be spared in taking care of it. It has cost money and labor to make this crop and none of it should be permitted to go to waste.

Popular Excursions.

Cotton Carnival, Galveston, July 22 to August 1. Three popular excursions via I. & G. N. Railway.

Season tickets on sale daily July 21 to 31, inclusive; limit, August 2. For rates and full particulars see ticket agent I. & G. N. Railway. 3t.

Best Diarrhoea Remedy.

If you have ever used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea remedy you know that it is a success. Sam F. Guinn, Whatley, Ala., writes: "I had measles and got caught out in the rain, and it settled in my stomach and bowels. I had an awful time, and had it not been for Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy I could not possibly have lived but a few hours longer, but thanks to this remedy, I am now well and strong." For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

Buy Courier advertised goods.

Real Estate and Loans.

We have real estate for sale and we would like to examine any vendor lien notes you may have for sale.

CALL ON US AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS.

Warfield Bros.

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Madden are entertaining a bevy of young ladies this week, consisting of Misses Estelle and Cordie Holcomb and Katie Young of Augusta and Miss Tommie Holcomb of Alto, their nieces. All will return to their homes in about a week except Miss Estelle, who will remain for the summer.

For Sale.

One fine Jersey bull, full blood milk Jersey, 3 years old, will bear registration. I bought him at 2 months old in Fort Worth. Reason for selling—I am too old to bother with him. Any one wanting to raise graded stock will do well to get him. This ad. will not appear but once. W. H. Dean, 1t.* R. D. 2, Crockett, Texas.

Reward, \$5.00.

One sorrel roan mare six years old, with blaze face, stocking hind feet; one three months old dark brown horse colt with stocking hind feet. Strayed or stolen. I will pay \$5.00 reward for information leading to their recovery. Address 4t. Ben Tillis, Care of Geo. E. Darsey, Grapeland, Texas.

See This.

We have arranged with our accommodating barber, Mr. Friend, to handle our up-town agency, and all persons wanting to leave their laundry with him will be treated with unequalled courtesy. Assuring you that we have always appreciated your patronage, and will continue to do so too, we promise that our work will be as good as the best and better than the rest. tf. Crockett Steam Laundry.

Trinity River Killing.

For shooting Johnson McGruder, a negro, through the neck with a pistol and killing him, Hattie Mae Ellis, a negress, is in the Houston county jail. These negroes lived on the farm of John Mathews, near Trinity river and west of Grapeland, the man working as a farm hand and the woman as the cook. On Thursday at noon, as McGruder lay on a wash bench under the shade and slept, the Ellis woman approached and fired, breaking his neck. They had previously had a racket and she claims that he had threatened her life.

On October 8, 1914, The Cranford Drug Company, of Alba, Texas, phoned to The Eucaline Medicine Company at Dallas, the following:

"Express us One Dozen Admirine Tonic Sarsaparilla, and ship us by freight Five Dozen more." Alba people have been using Admirine Tonic Sarsaparilla for ten years. They know that it stops Chills and Fever promptly, relieves the system of Malaria and purifies the blood when it is disordered from Malaria Poison. Price \$1.00 per bottle. Ask for it. For sale by Crockett Drug Co.



Will be at LOVELADY August 9 for 10 days. Office at Tremont Hotel. **Dr. A. H. Rosenthal** OPTICIAN

Warehouse Company Organized.

Organization of the Houston County Warehouse Company was perfected Friday when officers and directors were elected as follows: Officers—C. L. Edmiston, president, and J. S. Shivers, secretary and treasurer. Directors—C. L. Edmiston, J. S. Shivers, W. H. Denny, H. F. Moore and J. H. Smith. The company is capitalized at \$5000.

Grading for the building has already begun and construction will begin soon. The name selected was the Houston County Warehouse Company.

Arrested for Denson Killing.

Two men have been arrested and jailed by Sheriff Spence on suspicion of having killed O. C. Denson at Grapeland, mention of which was made in the Courier last week. The men under suspicion are Will McMahan and his stepson, Leonard Coulter, neighbors of Denson. It is said that an enmity existed between the men under arrest and the murdered man. It will be recalled that Denson was shot on his front porch, taken into his house and placed on the bed, and a shotgun placed by his side to create an impression of suicide. Denson lived alone.

Crockett at Palestine.

Crockett went to Palestine Monday for three games of ball. The first game was lost by a score of 2 and 3 in Palestine's favor. The batteries were Carter and Waddell for Crockett and Countryman and Holt for Palestine.

Tuesday's game turned in Crockett's favor by a score of 9 against 4. Battery for Crockett, Bailey and Waddell; for Palestine, Thomas and Holt.

Wednesday's game resulted in 5 for Crockett and 6 for Palestine.

Crockett will play the remaining three days of this week at Nacogdoches and at Lufkin the first half of next week.

Better Than Life Insurance.

Twenty-five cents invested in a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy will enable you to protect your family from any serious consequences resulting from an attack of colic or diarrhoea during the summer months. Is that not better than life insurance? Buy it now. It may save life. For sale by all dealers.—Adv.

Canning and Pickling

Season now for both. Are you ready? You need spices for such work. We sell the strongest and best spices made. The best costs no more than a poor article. Try our line.

CROCKETT DRUG COMPANY

Confessions of a Mail Order Man

By Mr. M. O. X.

Revelations by One Whose Experience in the Business Covers a Range From Office Boy to General Manager

KEEP YOUR MONEY IN YOUR OWN COMMUNITY.

I have endeavored to arouse in your minds a feeling of dismay at the thought of what you have been doing in sending your money to the mail order houses instead of spending your dollars at home and thereby helping your local communities to prosper.

In unrestricted terms I have characterized the folly of helping big corporations to profit at the expense of your local merchants. I have tried to show you the criminality, against yourself, your townspeople and your descendants, of scorning the prosperity of your own communities and deliberately working against the interests of your own towns by sending your funds to the city.

I have depicted the foolishness of buying from mail order houses when you can obtain just as good or better merchandise from your own local merchants and I have exposed the methods in vogue in at least one mail order concern.

These articles have been addressed to those of you who live in the smaller communities and in the country—where you are compelled to rely on individual honesty among yourselves rather than on the pledges of men who do business with brass bands and pages of newspaper advertising.

Experience is the greatest and the best teacher and my experience has taught me that it is preferable to transact business with a man personally known, rather than with an undefinable concern without identity except as a corporation. In the big cities we are compelled to deal wholly with the latter, while in the smaller cities and towns you can meet the former face to face and do your business direct.

In buying and selling there is no dealer or merchant that does not know that the crooked deals come home to roost—therefore it is the better part of discretion, as well as simple honesty, to give full value to a customer. The dealer in the small town cannot hide behind a corporate name or conceal himself in a private office from the customer who has been fooled. He must face the music in case he transgresses, and he realizes that he must satisfy his customers or he will lose them.

Honesty is bred in small communities and is fostered, while in large cities it is only too often lost sight of because of the immunity that comes with not meeting the customer in person. Clerks and other employees must bear the burden of reproach and censure while the "man higher up" never hears of such things. Excuses are all readymade and framed to meet all contingencies in the heads of mail order houses and in case of a complaint from a customer the correspondent as a rule merely indicates a certain form letter.

But in your own home town your merchant meets you face to face and he is always on the job. He can always be found at his place of business and in case of a complaint he is right there to see that you are satisfied before you leave his store. He wants to please you and he will try, sincerely, to please you. He wants to hold your custom.

Now isn't this a much better way to deal than to send your money away to the city? Isn't it much better to deal with a man in your own community, and pay him your money, rather than to send it away to the big mail order house in the city, where it is treated exactly like so many thousands of other orders? Isn't it better to deal at home and keep the cash in circulation in your own community, than to send the dollars away where you or your neighbors will never see them again?

Dollars will breed dollars. Money in your community will create prosperity for yourself and your friends. Keep the cash at home and business will be better all round.

Some of you will say: "There are so many things that I must send away for."

In such a case, why not let your own dealer send for them for you? He is in business. He can get wholesale prices where you must pay retail. That is why he is in business. He must make a profit in order to pay his rent and support his family. He must make a profit in order to be able to carry the things you require on his shelves and counters.

If you need something that he does not carry in stock, just ask him to send to the city for it. He will do so gladly. He will obtain a discount off the retail price and this will afford him a small profit for his labor. You pay to him the same price that you would pay to the city merchant or

manufacturer.

Why not let him do this for you? He is responsible. He will do the business in a satisfactory manner and probably give better service and more satisfactory treatment—probably a better value for you.

Live and let live is the motto that makes the world go around smoothly and peacefully in so far as we mortals are concerned. Let your local merchant live, by giving him the opportunity to make a dollar now and then, and you will be much better pleased with yourself as well as much more satisfied with some of your purchases.

Your local merchant is loyal—he and your local newspaper. Both occupy places that you cannot fill by any service through a mail order house.

Think how you will miss them if you lose them. Of course they are so patient and so apparent that you forget about them. You accept them as a matter of course, but, my goodness, how you will miss them if you find that you must do without them.

But it is such advantages as these that we are, all of us, inclined to fail to appreciate without having our attention called especially to them.

But we must remember, the mail order houses have the merchants in the small towns by the throat. They are waging a fierce battle for the supremacy. If the mail order houses win out it will mean the elimination of practically all of the country dealers and small town merchants.

And when this happens you will find conditions much different. You will then, when it is too late, discover the great value to you and the inestimable convenience of having a merchant near by who can supply your wants without delay.

But the mail order house sweeps on and on. It is grabbing up the dollars with increasing voracity. It is grinding the country merchant down and down until he can hardly make a vigorous struggle for existence.

I believe that these conditions can be helped, even if not wholly removed and done away with.

I believe that there is a remedy for these conditions—a remedy that can be applied in every community, with success.

It would mean a fight—a struggle that would cost some time and some work, but it would bring back the dollars to the country store.

That it would be a success I am confident. That it would win the battle for the country merchants, against the mail order houses, I feel sure.

The fact is, right now, that the big city is growing bigger and bigger year by year, while the small town is growing less prosperous.

It's the work of the mail order concerns. They are milking the dollars away from home all the time.

Stop it—that's the only way. Keep your money at home.

That's the only remedy. Think it over.

FRUIT A HEALTHFUL FOOD

Fact is, Mankind Does Not Eat Enough of It, Is Opinion of Expert.

Food can be conveniently divided into seven classes—fruits, nuts, vegetables, grains, legumes, miscellaneous and meat. Fruits, the least known, says an article in Health Culture, are the most important. They include tree products, berries and melons. Only 4.4 per cent of the food we consume in this country is fruit. Man "is anatomically, physically, historically, deductively, traditionally and morally a fruit eater." Yet we not only eat little of it, but are restrained from it by superstition that it causes ailments. When ripened fruit is dropped by the plant it is a mass of living cells that form a society of individuals, each independent of the other. When eaten they give life to the consumer. In animal foods putrefaction begins its work immediately on the death of the animal. There is fermentation in fruits, but no "rottenness" until the organized ferments enter through a break in the skin. The subject is a large one and runs to technical analysis that is of little help for everyday use. But, generally speaking, one can stand by the axiom that fruit is a healthful food, one that is fresh and clean should be beneficial and not harmful. Waste products which cause the peristaltic action of the digestive tract form an important part of the diet and one that is usually overlooked. Crude fiber is the best waste product. Fruits produce an ideal crude fiber.

Umbrella Morals.

"Not long ago at a tea," said a man who frequents such decadent diversions, "somebody walked off with a new umbrella of mine. What I got in return was not fit for publication."

"I spoke to the host about it—the tea was at a bachelor apartment—and he gave me a list of all those present with their addresses, about twenty-five persons, suggesting that I write and ask who had a new umbrella in place of an old one."

"I took it with some degree of hope

which he at once crushed by telling me that on one occasion he had lost a new silk hat at a social function and the hostess had given him a list of sixty-four men who had been among those present. He wrote to the entire lot and received four replies in the negative. The others simply ignored his notes of inquiry."

"Thereupon I concluded to let somebody have my new umbrella. But stealing's stealing just the same, in my opinion."

Ontario.

As an exhibit of what ingenious man may do the achievement of an odorless onion is all right. But no onion lover would part with that one distinct and appetizing fragrance for any price offered.

From early spring through the year its penetrating, unmistakable pungent smell appeals to the soul of man. Children revel in them. Poets have written of them, at least one has. Sydney Smith begs that in his favorite salad "onion atoms lurk within the bowl, and half suspected animate the whole."—Oil City (Pa.) Blizzard.

The State of Texas.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of Young G. Walker, deceased, Y. G. Walker, deceased, F. H. Blain, deceased, whose residences are unknown, by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published there, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the nearest county to your county, to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Houston county, to be held at the court house of said Houston county, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1915, the same being the 11th day of October, A. D. 1915, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1915, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 5578, wherein John E. Campbell is plaintiff, and the unknown heirs of Young G. Walker, deceased, Y. G. Walker, deceased, F. H. Blain, deceased, whose residences are unknown, and J. B. Best, who resides in Houston county, Texas, are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiff is the lawful owner in fee simple, being seized and possessed of the following described tracts of land or parcels of land, same being the part of the Young G. Walker 160 acre survey land lying and being situated on the waters of a tributary of the Neches river, about 25 miles N. 70 E. of Crockett in Houston county, Texas, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at S. 30 W. 200 vrs. from the S. E. corner of the B. Easley 320 Acre Survey, a stake from which a pine 10 in. in dia. brs. S. 13 W. 3 5-10 vrs. and another pine brs. S. 89 E. 7 3-10 vrs. Thence S. 60 E. at 950 4-10 vrs. a corner from which a pine 12 in. brs. S. 48 E. 8 vrs. and another pine brs. S. 41 W. 13 3-10 vrs. Thence S. 30 W. 880 vrs. a branch C. N. E. at 950 4-10 vrs. and a corner from which a pine 10 in. brs. S. 45 W. 2 6-10 vrs. and another pine brs. N. 11 W. 2 4-10 vrs. Thence N. 60 W. at 950 4-10 vrs. a corner from which a pine 24 in. in dia. brs. N. 47 E. 11 vrs. and another pine brs. N. 65 E. 12 5-10 vrs. Thence N. 30 E. 950 4-10 vrs. to the place of beginning, bearings marked W, less the hereinafter described tract, beginning at the S. W. corner of the said Y. G. Walker Survey a pine and sweet gum marked X. Thence N. 30 E. with said Walker's S. W. B. line at 540 vrs. to corner in Crockett, Gregg's Ferry Road a Red Oak 12 in. mkd. X brs. S. 4 West 10 vrs. Thence S. 80 E. with said road at 240 vrs. corner in the old Sumpter Road a pine 10 in. mkd. X brs. N. 72 W. 5 vrs. Thence South with said old Sumpter and Bates' Ferry Road at 719 vrs. corner on the S. B. line of said Y. G. Walker Survey a pine 18 in. mkd. X brs. N. 74 W. 2 vrs. Thence N. 60 W. with said Walker's line at 585 vrs. to the place of beginning, and containing 117 acres of land more or less.

Plaintiff further alleges that he and those under whom he claims title to said land have had and held peaceable, continuous, and adverse possession of said land, cultivating, using and enjoying the same, paying all taxes due thereon, under deeds duly recorded for periods of three, five, and ten years, immediately preceding the filing of this suit, and

plaintiff specially pleads the three, five and ten years' Statutes of Limitation in bar of any claim asserted by the defendants in and to said land or any part thereof.

Plaintiff alleges that the defendants herein are asserting some claim to said land, which is unknown, and that the deeds out of Young G. Walker and the other defendants herein on account of the records of Houston county, and the court house of said county being twice destroyed by fire are irregular, all of which casts a cloud on plaintiff's title, and on which cloud plaintiff sues to remove from said title. Plaintiff is claiming title to said land by and through the following instruments and muniments of titles: Patent from the State of Texas to Young G. Walker, deed from Mary A. Walker, et al, to James Wells, deed from W. C. Walker, et al, to J. W. Wells, deed from J. W. Wells and wife to F. H. Blain, deed from John N. Wells and wife to James Best, deed from J. W. Wells to J. E. Campbell, timber deed from J. E. Campbell to Southern Pine Lumber Company, deed from S. E. Gardner to John Campbell, extension of time for timber deed from J. E. Campbell to Southern Pine Lumber Company, deed from Joseph E. Minton and wife to J. W. Wells, deed from John Campbell to J. B. Best, affidavit as to occupancy signed by M. W. Wells, affidavits as to heirs of Young G. Walker, deed from Susan Carnegay, et al, to John Campbell, right of way for tram by J. B. Best and wife, deed from Jane Roberts to James Wells.

Plaintiff prays judgment for said land against all said defendants.

Herein fail not, but have before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, this 15th day of June, A. D. 1915. John D. Morgan, Clerk, 8t. District Court, Houston County.

The State of Texas.

To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of Jacob Cutler, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. C. Cutler, deceased, the unknown heirs of L. N. Cutler, deceased, the unknown heirs of John Kennedy Sr., deceased, the unknown heirs of James Brimberry, deceased, by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston county, to be held at the Court House of said Houston county, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1915, the same being the 11th day of October, A. D. 1915, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1915, in a suit numbered on the docket of said Court No. 5578, wherein Charles Ursprung is plaintiff, and the unknown heirs of Jacob Cutler, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. C. Cutler, deceased, the unknown heirs of L. N. Cutler, deceased, the unknown heirs of John Kennedy Sr., deceased, the unknown heirs of James Brimberry, deceased, and G. W. Hutcherson are defendants, and said petition alleging: That the plaintiff is the owner in fee simple, being lawfully seized and possessed of the following described tract of land lying and being situated in Houston county, Texas, the same being part of the Jacob Cutler 320 acre survey, and containing 135 acres of land, less one acre, heretofore sold off by plaintiff's vendors for church purposes; said 135 acre tract, beginning at the S. E. corner of a 25 acre tract made for H. S. Murdock in the N. end of the said Jacob Cutler 320 acre survey, a set stake from which a red oak 18 in. dia. brs. S. 4 E. 19 7-10 vrs. Thence west with south boundary line of the said 25 acre tract at 950 vrs. the S. W. corner of same on the west boundary line of the said Jacob Cutler survey, a pine marked X brs. S. 13 1/2 E. 3 5-10 vrs., a B. J. marked X brs. S. 37 E. 2 5-10 vrs. Thence south with west boundary line of said survey at 801 1/2 vrs. a corner from which a pine marked X brs. S. 49 E. 4 2-10 vrs. Thence east with division line between the Murdock heirs and James Leaverton at 950 vrs. set

stake for corner on the west boundary of the William Carmichael 320 acre survey from which a hickory marked X brs. N. 32 1/2 W. 8 vrs. Thence north with said Carmichael west boundary line at 801 1/2 vrs. to the place of beginning, by instruments executed which are fully set forth in plaintiff's petition. Plaintiff further alleges that he claims title to said land under the statutes of three, five and ten years' limitation, under deed from Jacob Cutler to James Brimberry, which he has specially pleaded in statutory form in his petition in said cause, as a bar to any adverse claim of any of the said defendants to said land. That said deed from Jacob Cutler to James Brimberry as well as the record thereof has been destroyed by fire. That the records of Houston county show a deed from L. N. Cutler to J. C. Cutler and a deed from J. C. Cutler to John Kennedy Sr., but that said deeds are void for want of description and for other reasons as shown in said petition. That the record of said deeds, and the destruction by fire of the said deed from Jacob Cutler to James Brimberry, casts a cloud upon plaintiff's title. Plaintiff prays for citation, and that on hearing he have judgment for the title and possession of said land, and removing all clouds therefrom, and for general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Crockett, this 7th day of June, A. D. 1915. John D. Morgan, Clerk, District Court, Houston County.

By J. H. Sharp, Deputy. 8t.

Sluggish Liver Causes Trouble.

The discomfort and dangers of hot weather are doubled if the liver is sluggish and the bowels inactive. Foley Cathartic Tablets are prompt, wholesome and effective in action without griping or pain. If you feel lazy or languid, bloated or overfull, a Foley Cathartic Tablet will help you. Stout persons welcome the light and free feeling they bring. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

The Peacock Throne. Of all the Persian crown jewels the peacock throne is the most magnificent. It is entirely of silver, a great camp bed structure, but modeled in lovely designs. It is incrust-ed from end to end and from top to bottom with diamonds. At the back is a star of brilliants that makes you blink. The rug on which the shah sits is edged with precious stones, and the pillow on which he reclines is covered with pearls.

CROCKETT TRAIN SCHEDULE.

HOUSTON TRAIN.	
Arrives from Houston	11:35 AM
Leaves for Houston	9:55 AM
GALVESTON TRAIN.	
Arrives from Galveston	8:36 PM
Leaves for Galveston	11:05 PM
LONGVIEW TRAIN.	
Leaves for Longview	11:35 AM
Arrives from Longview	9:55 AM
ST. LOUIS TRAIN.	
Leaves for St. Louis	8:36 PM
Arrives from St. Louis	11:05 PM

Children's Summer Colds.

It is wrong to neglect a cold at any time because it weakens the system and lays the sufferer open to attack from other diseases. Wet feet, sudden changes in temperature and sleeping uncovered at night cause many children's colds in the summer. Foley's Honey and Tar Compound gives sure and prompt relief. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

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