

The Crockett Courier.

Entered as Second-Class Matter at Crockett Post-Office.

Subscription Price \$1.00 Per Annum, Payable at Crockett

MOTTO: "QUALITY, NOT QUANTITY."

CROCKETT, TEXAS, OCTOBER 15, 1914.

VOLUME XXV—NO. 37.

TOTAL ELIMINATION OF COTTON CROP IN 1915 ADVOCATED

E. B. Alford of Rusk County and Senator John L. Hebron of Mississippi Speak Here.

The total elimination of the cotton crop for 1915 by state legislative enactment was advocated by E. B. Alford of Henderson, Rusk county, and Senator John L. Hebron of Vicksburg, Miss., Thursday afternoon at the court house in Crockett. The court house was well filled with interested people and the closest attention was paid the speakers. It was evident that the audience was in sympathy with the sentiment and trend of the speakers. Mr. Alford, a business man and farmer with a pleasing address, spoke first. He is a member of the Texas Cotton Association and attended the meeting of the Southern Cotton Association at New Orleans as a delegate. He went to New Orleans opposed to a total elimination of the cotton crop in 1915, but came away convinced of its necessity. He believes the only way to make elimination effective is by state legislative enactment. Under the police power of the state to destroy the boll weevil and other pests a law could be passed that the best lawyers declare would be constitutional. The greatest benefit, he said, is the prompt value such a law would give to the cotton now seeking sale. The surplus supply has depressed the price until cotton has scarcely a loanable value. A simple reduction will not meet the emergency, because enough of this year's crop will have to be carried over to make up for a 50 per cent reduction in next year's crop. Total elimination for one year is the only remedy, he said, and immediate legislation to that effect will put the price up right away, because as soon as it is known that there will be no cotton grown next year, there will be a scramble for this year's crop, and this crop will bring more money than the combined crops of this and next year without such a law. Asked as to what the farmers could substitute for cotton, his answer was corn, oats, wheat, hay, hogs, cattle, horses, sheep and goats, potatoes, cane, peanuts and peas. He said the statistics of 1912 show that there was shipped in one year into Texas \$75,000,000 worth of these products—enough to take 2,500,000 bales of our cotton at prevailing prices.

Mr. Alford was followed by Senator Hebron of Mississippi, who said in effect:

I strongly advocate the abandonment of cotton production in the cotton states for 1915 for the following reasons:

This 1914 crop of 15,000,000 bales or more will bring to the farmers much more money than the crop of 1914-15 will bring if the world knows we will not plant cotton in 1915.

We can raise a large grain crop in 1915 and sell it to the warring nations at a remunerative price.

It will teach our people that we can produce things profitably other than cotton.

It will educate our people to farm scientifically.

It will totally eradicate the boll weevil.

It will save our farmers from

total bankruptcy.

It will largely increase the value of our lands.

It will make the south the most prosperous part of the United States.

It will start us in 1916 with small stocks of cotton at good prices and we will have a strong demand for cotton in 1916 and we can dictate prices.

It will reduce the rate of money to the farmer.

It will make us all prosperous.

It will make King Cotton bring its value.

I urge the growers of each cotton-growing state and our lawmakers to rescue us from total ruin.

If we fail to abandon production of cotton totally in 1915:

This crop will sell lower than any crop since the war between the states, and 1915 will bring still less.

To buy meat, corn, oats and mules at prevailing prices will bankrupt the southern country.

It will take the south 20 years of time to recover its present position.

It will make our lands blanketed with mortgages as it did in 1897. Do you remember this?

I say to you, gentlemen, that this is the most serious proposition that the south has ever faced. It means total ruin and wreck. We can rescue ourselves, yet, by not growing cotton in 1915.

Reduction of or abandonment of acreage by agreement or common consent is utterly useless and of no value.

I say to you, gentlemen, let us unite in one grand law to stop growing cotton in 1915. This is purely a business proposition and should be handled as such; all our interests are the same and the total abandonment of cotton production is the only safe and sane remedy.

I urge you to do this now while the farmer has his cotton, and let him have the benefit.

Convince the world that the crop of 1914 is the total supply until August, 1916, and we can name our price for the cotton on hand.

Senator Hebron was of the opinion, if a state prohibition enactment could be secured, that half of the crop now on hand could be sold this year for 15 cents and the other half held until next fall and sold at perhaps 20 cents.

Closing, he asked that his audience, if they favored their state legislature considering the enactment of a law prohibiting the growing of cotton in 1915, stand up. Every person in the court house, and the court house was three-fourths filled, rose to their feet.

The speaker then turned to D. A. Nunn, who occupied a seat near the speaker's table, and asked him to advise the governor, the state senator and the representative of the unanimous sentiment of the meeting.

The speakers were then taken in hand by citizens and driven about the city. They said that Crockett and Houston county reflected the general business depression less than those sections where only cotton could be grown and where renting was more numerous. This they attributed to our variety of soils, capable of producing so many things, and to the varied products of the forest as well as of the field.

Both Senator Hebron and Mr. Alford made it plain that such a law as they desired must contain a provision that if all other cotton growing states would not co-operate in similar laws this law would become null and void. We will add that a similar movement has been launched in every cotton growing state.

FOR PERSONS TO HOARD MONEY IS AS REPREHENSIBLE AS BANKS

Declares Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo—Has Evidence of Hoarding by Individuals and Corporations.

Washington, October 6.—"There is evidence in some quarters that individuals and corporations are hoarding money. It is just as reprehensible for them to do so as it is for the banks," declared Secretary McAdoo of the treasury department, in a statement issued tonight.

"There is no reason," he continued, "why people should not deposit their money in the banks in the usual way and with absolute confidence, and there is no reason why business should not be conducted in a normal way."

The statement says the following rates have been charged by banks, except in exceptional cases:

In New York 6 per cent; Chicago 7 per cent; St. Louis 6 and 7 per cent; Boston 6 per cent; Philadelphia 6 per cent.

The statement announces that no more lists of banks carrying excessive reserves will be made public for the present because there is evidence that a more liberal disposition is being manifested.

"I have a long list," it goes on, "which are holding excessive reserves, and I shall not hesitate to publish it."

"In a number of places which have been brought to my notice the interest rate has been put up arbitrarily by the concerted action of the banks. There is no justification for high interest rates. There is no real reason for tight money in this country."

Luncheon for Bride and Groom.

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Edmiston entertained with a luncheon party Thursday evening at 7 o'clock as a hospitality for the bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. Benton Roberts. The bride is a cousin of Mrs. Edmiston, and while a resident of Marlin was a frequent guest in the Edmiston home. The form of entertainment Thursday evening was unique and novel in that it represented a style show. The guests, forming along both sides of the library and music room, guessed at the models wearing dominoes and passing in front of them. A correct guess won a luncheon partner. The luncheon took the form of a cafeteria—guests procured plates, napkins, knives and forks, spoons, helped themselves to everything in sight and retired to some secluded nook to dine with the partner. But before retiring, their plates had to stand inspection and memorandums were made by a clerk. After dinner it was announced that Dan Craddock had gotten away with the largest amount on his plate and he was presented with a wagonload of pears. Downes Foster was caught with the smallest amount and he was presented with an appetite restorative.

Maurice a Gay Lothario.

The Courier told last week of the arrest and imprisonment of Maurice Bluman on a charge of passing a worthless check. A check for \$60 was drawn on a Waco bank, the name of Maurice's firm attached to it and the cash procured on it, all in this city. Maurice, overtaken by Sheriff Phillips in New Orleans, was

brought back to Crockett and jailed. Since reciting these facts last week, the Courier has learned something more of Maurice, who is a young man of only 25 years of age, well appearing, well dressed. The good looking young woman with him here at the time the forgery was said to have been committed was wife No. 2. The officers have information that Bluman was married in Cleburne June 27 and that he lived with wife No. 1 until August 1 when they separated in Dallas. Without regard to divorce proceedings he married wife No. 2 in Waco September 1 and left Crockett with wife No. 2 September 11. He was arrested in New Orleans and returned to Crockett October 1. He is wanted at Waco for bigamy and at Waco, Rusk and Crockett for forgery.

The officers say Maurice does not deny the forgery charges. He claims he had to have the money and it was the only way to get it. In regard to the bigamy charge, he says that he thought his first wife had gotten a divorce when he married the second wife.

Bankrupt Notice.

In the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Texas: In Bankruptcy No. 1778. In the matter of Sam Cohen, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Sam Cohen, Bankrupt, of Ratcliff, in the County of Houston and District aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of October, 1914, the said Sam Cohen was duly adjudged and declared a bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors in said bankruptcy will be held in my office in Tyler, Texas, on Wednesday, the 21st day of October, 1914, at one o'clock in the afternoon, when and where said creditors may attend, prove their claims, examine the bankrupt, elect a trustee and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Hampson Gary, Referee in Bankruptcy. Tyler, Texas, Oct. 10, 1914.

DALLAS' \$3,000,000 ALLOTMENT RAISED

First City in the United States to Subscribe in Full to St. Louis Plan for Relief of Cotton Distress.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 10.—Dallas is the first city in the United States to raise its allotment of the \$150,000,000 fund that is being raised to solve the tense cotton situation in the South. A telegram to this effect was received tonight by Henry B. Linsley, following his announcement that the full quota of \$3,000,000 allotted to Dallas had been oversubscribed.

The telegram was from Edward A. Faust of St. Louis, who subscribed \$100,000 to the Dallas citizens' fund Friday.

All the subscriptions made to the fund in Dallas were made conditional upon the full \$150,000,000 being raised. Subscriptions elsewhere have been and will be made under the same conditions.

Robbery Friday Night.

A German shoemaker, whose shop is on the south side of Public avenue, was robbed Friday night of \$45 in money and a pistol. The shoemaker slept in his shop at night, but happened to be out Friday night when the theft was committed, entrance being made through a window. Suspicion has been fastened on parties, and Sheriff Phillips and the shoemaker went to Palestine Saturday looking for them, but failed to find them. The German wanted to extend the search to Houston, and Sheriff Phillips gave him the warrants, with instructions, if he found the parties, to turn the warrants over to a police officer for execution. The German, when he got to Houston, got hold of a pistol in some way and, in showing some of his friends how to manipulate it, shot one of them in the center of the forehead, the bullet flattening out against the man's skull like a knife blade. The shoemaker is now under bond for carrying a pistol, but has returned to Crockett, and the robbers are uncaught. The German's name is Sam Croftic.



YOU can't afford to fool with medicine. When you are ill or any member of your family is ill you ought to go to a drug store where experience is at your service. That means come here. We are drug experts. We know the drug business from pills to poison. We are safer and cheaper, because we are more careful and more enterprising, than many back number druggists. We are up to date and keep abreast of the times.

Chamberlain & Woodall

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from the Courier Building.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

Talk at Weldon Farmers' Institute.

BY W. C. PAGE.

Mr. Chairman, Ladies and Gentlemen:

We have doubtless all boasted to each other regarding our great country, our own beautiful God-given America, and have said we could place a wall of masonry clear around our border a mile high, and cut out the entire outer world and live and flourish with no inconvenience; but yet, one morning just a month or two ago, when our commerce awoke from a night's refreshing sleep, so to speak, after an era of unprecedented prosperity, she was startled at the sound of artillery fire and the groans of dying men as they were wafted, so to speak, by the gentle breezes across the deep blue waters of the Atlantic, and the great American people were thrown into commercial convulsions at the news of the European war, and at this very moment every individual in America is affected, in a business way, even down to us who are seated in this building at this time; therefore we have proof that the world's commercial interests have been brought into such close proximity, we must needs adjust ourselves in each community so as to be more self-sustaining in times of these great calamities, and there is no better plan than to build up a strong Farmers' Institute system.

As I understand the proposition, the object of a Farmers' Institute should be to encourage and promote the up-building of all farming and live-stock pursuits, the up-lift of domestic and social conditions in the rural districts, and the betterment of all conditions looking to the happiness of the general citizenship of the community it represents.

The subject matter for a Farmers' Institute is absolutely unlimited, inexhaustible in other words, and every member of this institute should be a live wire, and, gentlemen, with such a membership I do not hesitate to make the statement that five years' existence of such an organization would turn this country into a beautiful flower garden compared to our present conditions. What we need, first, is better soil, better dwelling houses, better barns, better gardens, better live-stock, better roads, and last, but not least, a determination to allow our children a better average school attendance, and all of these should be looked after by the Farmer's Institute.

Let us give our children every day we can to attend school, because an education is a better asset to leave to them than dollars and cents without the education, and let me tell you that a farmer needs an education as bad as any other living man, and his wife needs an education as much as any other living woman of whatever standing. Educate your children for God's sake, for their sakes and for society's sake.

There is no doubt in my mind, my fellow countrymen, but that you farmers of Houston county have as good natural brains as any people in the world, and as good hearts in you as ever beat within the breast of a human being, but you need education, and the time to start is while our children are young, hence the importance of sending them to school.

To impress upon you the impor-

tance of the work ahead for the Farmers' Institute, it is but necessary to call your attention to the enormous value to the world of the cause you espouse.

The world's physical condition, so far as human beings have to do with things, is absolutely dependent upon the producing class, and the most important creatures among the producing class are necessarily those whose labor brings forth the foodstuffs for man and beast.

Perhaps some of you have never dwelled upon the thought that before any great feat can be performed, something must be planted, cultivated, harvested and put in a condition to be used as food for animal life.

Man is but an engine-run machine, so to speak, where the different parts must work in accord before he can think and act, and in order to furnish him fuel to cause this human engine to pulsate with proper working energy he must first have food for his body; therefore, when we look upon a masterpiece of work accomplished by man, we must not forget the fact that the farmer furnishes the power, through his foodstuffs, before the work can start.

The aim of your institute should be to make better farmers and more farmers. Our cities and towns are simply teeming with millions of people, living from hand to mouth, and having for their living-quarters little, old, damp, foul-smelling apartments, whose foul air is filled with disease germs until they are veritable human death traps, and these same people could come to Houston county, or some other good farming country, and establish nice little homes where they are free people and are privileged to breathe the pure, exhilarating air, which the great God causes to circulate in his beautiful world for their use.

And now, coming back to our real subject, the farmers' institute work, I would suggest as your motto to these words: "Less cotton and credit, and more grub and cash." These words sound like business, and every farmer in the country should stretch this banner across his front yard and study it every morning before going to his work. And such a rule lived up to properly would make us an independent community before many years.

Egypt in Same Boat With Cotton States.

Washington, Oct. 14.—Egypt, as well as the United States, is facing a serious crisis because of inability to market her cotton crop. Paul Knabenschue, United States vice consul general at Cairo, in a report to the state department, says Egyptian banks have been unable to obtain specie to finance the crop movement and the government has made notes of the National Bank of Egypt legal tender, with the same value as gold.

To ease the cotton situation it has been decided that the national banks advance money to cotton growers on all cotton offered, storing the lint as security, thus protecting small cultivators from forced sales at sacrifice prices. Large cultivators are expected to hold their product themselves.

To prevent a surplus next year the ministry of agriculture already has formulated plans for reducing the area to be planted by about 60 per cent. Cultivators will be instructed to grow corn, rice, beans and other grain and food crops instead of cotton.

Foley Cathartic Tablets.

You will like their positive action. They have a tonic effect on the bowels, and give a wholesome, thorough cleaning to the entire bowel tract. Stir the liver to healthy activity and keep stomach sweet. Constipation, headach, dull, tired feeling never afflict those who use Foley Cathartic Tablets. Only 25c.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that on the first Tuesday in November, A. D. 1914, being the third day of said month, within lawful hours, at the Court House door of Houston county, in Crockett, Texas, as sheriff of said county, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, those fifteen parcels of land situated in said Houston county, Texas, and described as follows:

(1) 95 2-10 acres of land out of the Stillwell Box League survey, situated about eight miles S 35 E from Crockett, Texas.

(2) 781 2-10 acres of land out of the John Forbes League survey, situated about a mile and a quarter southeast from the railroad depot at Lovelady, Texas.

(3) 100 acres of land out of the R. De la Garza eleven league grant, lying about nine miles northwest from Crockett, Texas.

(4) 206 1/4 acres of land out of the Harrison Greenwood league survey, situated about twelve miles northwest from Crockett, Texas.

(5) 103 45-100 acres of land out of the Ignacio Lopez league survey, situated about 17 miles S 33 W from Crockett, Texas.

(6) 60 acres of land out of the Jacob Masters, Jr. League survey, situated about 7 miles Northeast from Crockett, Texas.

(7) 229 40-100 acres of land out of the Jacob Masters, Jr. League survey, situated about 7 1/2 miles northeast from Crockett, Texas.

(8) 365 53-100 acres of land out of the Jacob Masters, Jr. League survey, situated about 8 1/4 miles Northeast from Crockett, Texas.

(9) 33 72-100 acres of land out of the J. J. Thomas League survey, situated about a mile S 80 E from the railroad depot at Lovelady, Texas.

(10) 98 61-100 acres of land out of the J. J. Thomas League survey, situated about a mile S 80 E from the railroad depot at Lovelady, Texas.

(11) 168 93-100 acres of land, part of the Stephen Box Labor survey, lying about 8 miles S 22 W from Crockett, Texas.

(12) 233 22-100 acres, part of the Wm. R. Bell survey, abstract No. 168, patent 476, Vol. 2, lying about 9 miles N 25 W from Crockett, Texas.

(13) 200 acres of land, part of the Boyd A. Foreman survey, abstract 404, certificate 1059, patent 507, Vol. 4, lying about 10 miles N 30 W from Crockett, Texas.

(14) 80 acres of land out of the LeRoy Hudnale survey of 270 acres, abstract 507, certificate 126, patent 128, Vol. 38, lying about 18 miles N 30 E from Crockett, Texas.

(15) 100 acres of land, part of the Joseph Walling survey 1056, lying about 12 miles N 30 W from Crockett, Texas.

Each of said tracts being particularly described by metes and bounds in that certain Lis Pendens notice dated April 18, 1914, and signed by White, Cartledge & Graves, attorneys for Thomas R. White, Jr., John J. Phelps and Chas. W. Cox, and duly recorded in Lis Pendens notice record of Houston county, Texas, Book No. 1 at page 32 et seqr, reference to which is here made.

The said sale will be made by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Travis county, Texas, 53rd Judicial District of Texas, upon a judgment in favor of Thomas R. White, Jr., John J. Phelps and Chas. W. Cox against J. D. Freeman on July 2, A. D. 1914, for the sum of Twelve Thousand and six hundred and forty-nine and 22-100 (\$12,649.22-100) dollars, with ten per cent interest thereon from said date and costs of suit, and foreclosing said White, Phelps and Cox's vendor's lien on the above described land as the same existed on the 17th day of April,

3 — Equals — 25

A startling statement but a true one in this case. One teaspoonful of medicine and two pounds of your own ground feed (cost about 3 cents) equal, —in what they do for your animals and fowls,—two pounds of any ready-made stock or poultry tonic (price 25 cents). There you are! If you don't believe it, try it out! Buy, today, a can of—

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You'll be interested in the samples we have to show you. When may we call?

The Crockett Courier

1911, and as it has at all times since existed against the said J. D. Freeman as well as against all other defendants in said suit, to-wit: Charles Erber, William J. Wilkers, George Daniels, William Daniels, Hayne Nelms, Miss Reppe Freeman, J. C. Wootters, J. B. Young, Henry Holcomb and Daniel Pennington, which said order of sale bears date September 26, A. D. 1914, and the same was levied by me upon the aforesaid land, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1914.

Witness my hand on this the 5th day of October, A. D. 1914.

A. W. Phillips,
Sheriff of Houston County, Texas.

Positively Masters Croup.

Foley's Honey and Tar Compound cuts the thick, choking mucus, and clears away the phlegm. Opens up the air passages and stops the hoarse cough. The gasping, strangling fight for breath gives way to quiet breathing and peaceful sleep. Harold Berg, Mass, Mich., writes: "We give Foley's Honey and Tar to our children for croup and it always acts quickly."—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

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The State of Texas
 To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:
 You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of John L. Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of Sarah J. Martin, dec'd, the unknown heirs of S. J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary F. H. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. M. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Caroline K. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jas. P. Langhorne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Evan J. Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of John L. Adams, deceased, by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the nearest county to your county, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston County, to be holden at the Court House of said Houston County, in the town of Crockett, on the fifth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1914, the same being the 12th day of October, A. D. 1914, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1914, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 5512, wherein T. L. Hall and J. F. Hall are plaintiffs, and the unknown heirs of John L. Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledger Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of J. Ledyard Hodge, deceased, the unknown heirs of Sarah J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of S. J. Martin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. H. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mary E. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. G. Logan, deceased, the unknown heirs of Wm. M. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Caroline K. Gwin, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jas. P. Langhorne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Evan J. Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lucy Coleman, deceased, the unknown heirs of John L. Adams, deceased, and Elliott W. Eaves are defendants, and said petition alleging that

plaintiffs are the owners in fee simple, being lawfully seized and possessed of the following described tract or parcel of land situated in the counties of Houston and Trinity, Texas, and more particularly described by field notes as follows, to-wit:
 Situated about 5 miles east of Lovelady and being a portion of the Francisco Martinez League, and beginning at the North East corner of said League, a stake from which a P. O. 24 in. dia. marked X brs N. 84 E. 2 9-10 vrs. Thence South with the East line of said league 1409 vrs. to stake from which a Pine 20 in. dia. marked X brs N. 4 E. 8 2-10 vrs. and a P. O. 6 in. dia. marked X brs N. 17 W. 3 vrs. Thence South 89-40 degrees West with the South line of a 64 acre tract on said league, 1087 vrs. to a stake at South West corner of said 64 acre tract from which a P. O. 13 in. dia. marked X brs N. 3 W. 4 2-10 vrs. and a R. O. 10 in. dia. marked X brs S. 39 E. 6-10 v. Thence North 326 3-10 vrs. to stake on the South line of the Gantt 200 acre tract from which a Hickory 8 in. dia. marked X brs N. 56 W. 2 2-10 vrs. Thence West 121 5-10 vrs. to a stake in a slough from which a Sweet Gum 18 in. dia. marked X brs S. 66 W. 2 7-10 vrs. and a Pecan 13 in. dia. marked X brs S. 33 1/2 E. 4 4-10 vrs. Thence North 20 West 1092 vrs. to a stake at the North West corner of said 200 acre tract from which a P. O. 22 in. dia. marked X brs S. 60 W. 6 4-10 vrs. Thence East 1212 vrs. to the place of beginning, containing 296 acres of land, more or less, as surveyed by J. C. Ford.
 Plaintiffs fully set out in their Original Petition the title under and by virtue of which they claim title to said land.
 Plaintiffs allege that they and those under whom they claim title to said land have been in the actual, useful, continuous and adverse possession thereof, cultivating, using and enjoying the same under deeds duly registered, paying all taxes due thereon for periods of three, five and ten years, and plaintiffs specially plead in their said Original Petition the three, five and ten years' Statutes of Limitation in bar of all claims asserted by the defendants in and to said property.
 Plaintiffs further allege and set out in their Original Petition that all of the claims of the defendants in and to said property are unknown, but specially allege various minor defects in and to said title by reason of various discrepancies which are fully set out in said Original Petition, and all of which cast a cloud on plaintiffs' title, which the plaintiffs sue to remove.
 Wherefore, plaintiffs pray judgment for said land, removing all clouds and quieting their title to same.
 Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
 Witness, John D. Morgan, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.
 Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, this the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1914.
 [Seal] John D. Morgan, Clerk.
 Adv. St. District Court, Houston County.

STOMACH TROUBLE FOR FIVE YEARS

Majority of Friends Thought Mr. Hughes Would Die, But One Helped Him to Recovery.

Pomeroyton, Ky.—In interesting advices from this place, Mr. A. J. Hughes writes as follows: "I was down with stomach trouble for five (5) years, and would have sick headache so bad, at times, that I thought surely I would die. I tried different treatments, but they did not seem to do me any good. I got so bad, I could not eat or sleep, and all my friends, except one, thought I would die. He advised me to try Thedford's Black-Draught, and quit

taking other medicines. I decided to take his advice, although I did not have any confidence in it. I have now been taking Black-Draught for three months, and it has cured me—haven't had those awful sick headaches since I began using it. I am so thankful for what Black-Draught has done for me." Thedford's Black-Draught has been found a very valuable medicine for derangements of the stomach and liver. It is composed of pure, vegetable herbs, contains no dangerous ingredients, and acts gently, yet surely. It can be freely used by young and old, and should be kept in every family chest. Get a package today. Only a quarter.

CROCKETT TRAIN SCHEDULE.

HOUSTON TRAIN.	
Arrives from Houston	11:28 AM
Leaves for Houston	12:38 PM
GALVESTON TRAIN.	
Arrives from Galveston	8:33 PM
Leaves for Galveston	12:50 AM
LONGVIEW TRAIN.	
Leaves for Longview	11:28 AM
Arrives from Longview	12:38 PM
ST. LOUIS TRAIN.	
Leaves for St. Louis	8:33 PM
Arrives from St. Louis	12:50 PM
PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS	
On day trains from Chicago to Houston.	
On night trains from Houston to Chicago, from Galveston to St. Louis and from St. Louis to Galveston.	

What Would You Do?

There are many times when one man questions another's actions and motives. Men act differently under different circumstances. The question is, what would you do right now if you had a severe cold? Could you do better than to take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy? It is highly recommended by people who have used it for years and know its value. Mrs. O. E. Sargent, Peru, Ind., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is worth its weight in gold and I take pleasure in recommending it." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
 FOR RHEUMATISM, KIDNEYS AND BLADDER

Don't Take It for Granted

that just because you are in business, everybody is aware of the fact. Your goods may be finest in the market but they will remain on your shelves unless the people are told about them.

ADVERTISE

if you want to move your merchandise. Reach the buyers in their homes through the columns of THIS PAPER, and on EVERY DOLLAR EXPENDED YOU'LL REAP A HANDSOME DIVIDEND.

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Do you know about our prices? We are anxious to have you find out about them. They will interest you when you're in need of PRINTING.

The Courier Office

Phone 22

TRAGIC COINCIDENCE.

And the Climax of a Woman's Return Trip to Her Home.

A New York woman had a curious and tragic experience, one that seems more like a gruesome page from French fiction than the plain recital of fact.

This woman started out with her husband to accompany him part way on a business trip he was taking to a southern city. It was arranged that she should stop to visit some friends at a point about halfway on the journey and after a two days' stay should proceed and rejoin her husband at his destination and return with him. She made her visit and when she reached the town where she had expected to meet her husband found that he was not at the hotel where he had been stopping, but had left hurriedly for New York the day before. She waited long enough to send telegrams to her husband's office and to their house in New York asking if he had arrived and to receive a negative answer from each place.

Concluding that he had been unable to reach her by telegraph while she was on the road, she decided to return home. She was disappointed, but not at all perturbed, as she journeyed northward. She had to change cars twice on the way. Each change involved a wait of ten or fifteen minutes at a small junction town. As she was pacing up and down the station platform at each of these places she saw a big, pine covered coffin box unloaded from the express car and put aboard the northbound train. At Jersey City the same box was being unloaded, and it crossed the ferry with her in a hearse. She noted idly that one of the hearse horses was white and the other black. She went first to her husband's office, but the hour was late in the afternoon, and it was closed. Then she went uptown to her home.

As she was about to enter the apartment house a hearse drawn by a white horse and a black one drove up, and the undertaker climbed down and pressed the button below her name on the row of call bells at the entrance. She asked him what it meant. Thinking she was some inquiring stranger, the undertaker told her he was bringing home the body of a man who had died on a train near the city whence she had had just come and that the undertaker who had taken charge of the body had forwarded it in compliance with the dying man's request. In a daze the woman asked the dead man's name. Then she fell fainting to the floor. It was her husband.—New York Press.

The Red Sea.

In the Red sea reefs of bright pink coral are clearly to be seen. Much of the rocky bed of this sea is the work of the coral insect. But probably the true reason for the name of the Red sea is because along its eastern shore lies ancient Edom. This word signifies "red." It was given to the region not from the color of its sandstone hills, but from its people. These are the descendants of him who came in faint and weary from hunting and said to his brother, "Feed me, I pray thee, with that same red pottage, for I am faint," therefore was his name called Edom.

Javelle Water.

Wherever water is used in preparing bleaches it should be soft. The alkali in hard water affects all chemical substances. Javelle water is a standard preparation for bleaching white things and removing spots and stains, but it must not touch colored surfaces. To make it, dissolve half a pound of washing soda in a pint of boiling water and mix it with a quarter pound of chloride of lime dissolved in a quart of boiling water. Stir well, let settle, pour off the clear liquid and keep closely corked in a dark place.

The Youngster Hushed.

When the great French chemist Chevreul attained his hundredth birthday he was entertained at a public dinner, at which his son, a high official in the department of justice, sixty-seven years old, was also present. The old man made a speech and in telling an anecdote made a slight slip, which his son corrected. Old Chevreul turned around quickly and said in a sharp tone, "Hush, youngster, when I am talking." And the "youngster" held his tongue.

FOILED THEIR PLOT.

Mme. Albani Cleverly Breaks Up a Mischiefing Conspiracy.

"Once upon a time, when Mme. Albani was at Trieste," writes Henry C. Lahee in "Famous Singers of Today," "she was informed of the existence of a plot to hiss her off the stage. Having ascertained the names of her detractors and where they were to be found, she donned male attire, to which her short hair and robust figure helped to complete her disguise, and went to the cafe at which the conspirators met. Here she found them in full consultation, and, taking a seat at a table, she listened to their conversation for a time. After awhile she addressed the leader, saying: 'I hear that you intend to play a trick upon some one. I am very fond of a little practical joke myself and should be glad if you would allow me to join you on this occasion.'"

"'With pleasure,' was the reply. 'We intend to hiss an opera singer off the stage this evening.'"

"'Indeed! And of what is she guilty?'"

"'Oh, nothing, except that, being an Italian, she has sung in Munich and Vienna to German audiences, and we think she ought to receive some castigation for her unpatriotic conduct.'"

"'I agree with you, and now please tell me what I am to do.'"

"'Take this whistle,' said the leader. 'At a signal to be given at the conclusion of the air sung by Rosina the noise will begin, and you will have to join in.'"

"'I shall be very glad to do so,' said the singer and put the whistle in her pocket.

"'In the evening the house was packed—every seat was occupied—and the audience warmly applauded the opening numbers of the opera. In due course Mme. Albani appeared, and at the point at which she was about to address her tutor a few of the conspirators began to make a disturbance, not waiting for the signal.

"'Without showing any concern Mme. Albani walked down to the footlights, and, holding up the whistle, which was hung to her neck by a ribbon, she exclaimed: 'Gentlemen, are you not a little before your time? I thought we were not to commence whistling until I had sung the air.'"

"'For a moment a deathly stillness prevailed; then suddenly the house broke into thunders of applause, which was led by the conspirators themselves.'"

Origin of Yarmouth Bloaters.

Yarmouth has been famous for its bloaters, and the origin of the "Yarmouth bloater" is as startlingly mythical as the better known origin of roast pig. Nash tells this story in his "Lenten Stuff." "At a time when chimneys were not and when coal was unknown, a fire of wood was placed in the center of the principal room of the house, and the smoke was allowed to escape through the roof, a fisherman who had hung up several rows of fresh herrings and forgotten to take them down for some time, found them when he did so of a golden color and the meat deliciously cured."—Liverpool Mercury.

Napoleon's Monument in Germany.

There exists in Germany a monument to Napoleon I. This curiosity is to be found about eleven miles from Alzeny, in the grand duchy of Hesse. The monument is situated near the Vorholz hunting lodge, at the summit of a wooded hill, and the spot is known as Napoleon's garden. It is a dwarfed pyramid of three sides, rather more than three feet in length. Upon it stands the inscription, in Latin, French and German, showing that it commemorates the marriage of Napoleon I. to Marie Louise, grand duchess of Austria, on April 1, 1810.—London Globe.

Sunshine and Long Life.

Some towns on the Italian side of the Swiss Alps are noted for the great number of sunny days. Carabietta and Pentilino, near Lugano, head the list with 327 and 331 sunny days respectively in one year. Possibly because of this liberal amount of sunshine the percentage of old people is exceptionally high in the canton of Tessin, forty-four per thousand being over seventy years old and ten per thousand over eighty.

FACES IN PHOTOGRAPHS.

The Camera Does Not Always Record a Truthful Story.

We face the camera to get a truthful record of what we look like, but the result in most cases is a picture not nearly so good looking as we really are. So persistently does the camera cheat us out of whatever claims we may have to beauty that there is serious danger of our descendants comparing our looks unfavorably with those of our own ancestors.

When our ancestors wanted their portraits made they went to artists who knew how to diminish the defects of their sitters. But we have to rely on the camera, which, instead of flattering us the least bit, does just the opposite.

In spite of all the wonders of modern photography and the fact that many photographers are not only masters of their trade, but artists in the true sense of the word, the cry, "I just can't get a good photograph," is frequently heard. The real reason is that the camera is too speedy—it registers too brief an expression. The portrait painter seldom took less than six sittings, lasting an hour each. This meant that the impression on his canvas was a co-ordination of six hours' observation. The photographer rarely gives as much as half a minute to a single negative.

The result of photography is therefore 180 times as incomplete. When, moreover, we remember that the six hours spent while sitting for a portrait, or the thirty seconds for a photograph, represents only a small fraction of our lives and that we may often have a hundred different moods an hour, it is no wonder that photographs so often fail to look like us.

To a very great extent the difficulty of getting a good photograph is a compliment. Those people who "take" good photographs are generally those in whom facial expression either changes very little or changes very much. The subtler and more delicate expressions do not appear in a photograph, and frequently it is those by which we are remembered rather than by some of the actual weaknesses of feature which the camera so faithfully records. The greatest of all virtues is charity, but the camera has no charity—and it is often a liar.—New York American.

Sorry She Spoke.

How some actresses love one another! Recently two of the best known comedy actresses in London have been engaged in plays which have failed to hit the public taste.

Meeting at supper the other night, the elder of the two ladies, taking the other tenderly in her arms, said, with forced cheerfulness, "Well, dear, I think we can congratulate one another on being engaged in the two greatest failures of the century."

"Yes, my love," was the reply, "but the public come to see my failure, whereas they do not go to see yours."

The elderly lady was sorry she spoke.—London Mail.

City of Snow White Domes.

The little city of El-Oued, with its population of 8,000 people, at the extreme south of the province of Constantine, in Algeria, is unique even for a Mohammedan city, because of the great number of its snow white domes or cupolas. So extraordinary is the great number of these cupolas that many writers have referred to El-Oued as "the city of a thousand cupolas." The homes of the residents of El-Oued are constructed of white plaster and were it not for the whiteness of the domes would be taken at a cursory glance to be a city of coke ovens.

Theodosia Burr.

Theodosia Burr perished at sea somewhere between Charleston, S. C., and Norfolk, Va., probably off Cape Hatteras, N. C. All sorts of legends have arisen about the last days of the beautiful woman, but beyond the fact that on or about Jan. 4, 1813, she left Charleston for New York, to meet her father, Aaron Burr, nothing is known of her. She disappeared, and of the place or manner of her death, beyond the fact that she was lost at sea, we know absolutely nothing.—New York American.

DEAF PERSONS CAN HEAR.

They Feel Sounds Through Vibrations That Reach the Brain.

That the deaf can really hear and do hear, but in a different way from ordinary people, is a fact that few persons who are not deaf understand. Stanley Robinson, who became deaf at the age of ten, tells how they do it.

Not only do the deaf hear sounds, but they are often greatly annoyed by them. They feel sounds through the concussion on the diaphragms of their ears and the vibrations reach the brain, according to Mr. Robinson, through the nerves of feeling rather than by way of the auditory nerves. A deaf man feels the motion of a passing truck through the vibrations it causes on the pavement. He does not feel the passing of a rubber tired vehicle on an asphalt paved street because this causes no vibrations. He feels the footsteps of a horse if near by and not on the soft earth. He does not hear a stamp upon stone pavement unless it is quite close to him.

"A deaf mute," says Mr. Robinson, "will be conscious of all the noise in the room which he occupies. He will feel the door slam, the fall of a ball, an apple, an orange, a key or any other weight; the footsteps of persons in the room if it is not carpeted or if they do not have on rubber shoes and slippers; also the noise which he makes with his own knife and fork when eating."

"A deaf person never feels the sound of a bell, as its vibrations are confined solely to the atmosphere. I think there is no way by which the sound of such an instrument can be imparted to our feelings."

Some of the devices employed by deaf persons to warn them of the ringing of the doorbell are most ingenious. One household has a rubber ball suspended from the ceiling of the living room, and the ringing of the bell causes this to swing back and forth. One man has a flag that drops when the bell rings. Another has the bell attached to an electric lamp so that it lights up when the bell push is pressed.

A New Yorker has an alarm clock attached to the foot bar of a brass bed. He feels the vibrations when the alarm goes off just as plainly as if he could hear them.—New York World.

Better Than London Bridge.

London children, whose playground is the street, have many games that rival "playing at horses" or "playing at motorcars." A popular one, obviously inspired by the picture palace, is "Indians and cowboys." If one is an Indian he has to crawl along the ground for some distance and then seize his victim by the hair preparatory to scalping him. At the critical moment, however, the cowboys come along firing their pistols (bought at the candy shop), there is a cry of "Hands up!" which the Indians obey, and then the game ends.—Chicago News.

Overdoing It.

Mr. B., who was dining out, had done lavish justice to the good things before him. By way of a graceful apology he remarked with a beaming smile directed toward his hostess, "I've always heard, ma'am, that the highest compliment one can pay the housekeeper is to eat heartily. You observe that I have been exceedingly polite."

"Thank you, Mr. B.," smiled back the hostess. "Indeed, I think that you have carried politeness to the point of flattery."—New York Post.

When We Get Old.

It's the struggle that the Lord wants, I reckon, and, anyhow, he makes it easier for us as the years go on. When we get past our fiftieth year we begin to understand that there are few things worth bothering about, and the sins of fellow mortals are not among them.—Ellen Glasgow.

Gets Monotonous.

The little girl was paying a call with her mother. The hostess, old fashioned and child loving, offered the youthful guest a slice of bread and butter, which was declined with thanks.

"Why don't you want the nice bread and butter, dear?" asked the woman, possessed of the belief that all children are hungry always.

"We have some at home just like it," said the child.—Exchange.

GRANT'S INITIALS.

The Transition From H. U. G. to U. H. G. and on to U. S. G.

General Grant's name is always written "U. S."—or "Ulysses Simpson"—Grant. That was not his real name. At least his first two names were not "Ulysses Simpson."

During his babyhood a name was chosen for the future general and president by the simple expedient of writing several names on slips of paper, placing them in a hat and drawing out two. The first slip drawn in this innocent lottery conducted by the honest tanner, his father, bore the name of "Hiram," the second "Ulysses."

Grant's name was to undergo other vicissitudes, however. When it was decided to send him to West Point to be educated for a soldier, his belongings were placed in a trunk which was marked boldly with his initials, "H. U. G." Young Grant, observing that his initials so glaringly displayed, called the word "hug" and realizing that this could not escape the attention of the West Point wits, took the liberty of reversing the order of his name. He painted out the offending letters, so runs the story, and substituted "U. H. G." And as Ulysses Hiram Grant he registered on the books of the Military academy.

Fate was to have still another "whack" at his name. He had secured the appointment to West Point through the influence of a congressman who was an old friend of the family. This legislative gentleman, knowing that Mrs. Grant's maiden name was Simpson, assumed that that was the middle name of her son, and as Ulysses Simpson Grant he appeared on the nomination papers. The youthful West Pointer had no objection to his new name and to save the trouble of having it changed accepted it as his own, "U. S. Grant."—New York World.

The Emu's Kick.

An emu can kick as hard as any donkey. The bird stands on one leg and with the other delivers at will a quick and generally very accurate blow. "I never would have believed that a bird had such power," says a recent Australian traveler, "had I not had ocular evidence of it during our trip. After two or three of our men suffered from the terrible kicks of these birds we did not venture near them, but, after running our horses until we got close enough, would bring them down with our rifles. We killed them for their feathers and also hunted for their eggs, but we took good care not to go within kicking distance."

Sympathy of the Flowers.

More or less credence is still given in England to the old belief in the sympathy of the vegetable kingdom for human suffering. "I prayed all night," writes a gardener whose employer was very sick, "and the flowers on my window sill drooped, and I said to myself they were dead. But toward morning they picked up, and I was sure enough the master was better. And the same thing had happened to the flowers I had sent to his bedroom. They were dying, and they came to life again. And I knew when those flowers picked up that the master was better."

The Nearest Star.

Sir Robert Ball said that if a row of telegraph posts 25,000 miles long were erected around the earth at the equator and a wire was stretched upon these posts for a circuit of 25,000 miles and that then a wire be wound no fewer than seven times completely about this great globe we should then find that an electric signal sent into the wire at one end would accomplish the seven circuits in one second of time. To telegraph, however, to the nearest star it would take four years before the electricity would reach its destination.

Throwing the Slipper.

The popular custom of throwing the slipper after a wedding is said to have originated in France. An old woman seeing the carriage of her young king—Louis XIII.—passing on the way from church, where he had just been married, took off her shoe and, flinging it at his coach, cried out:

"'Tis all I have, your majesty, but may the blessings of heaven go with it!"

O'BANNON'S BIG SALE

NOW IN FULL BLAST

Never did you have such an opportunity to buy dry goods, clothing, shoes, millinery and ladies' ready-to-wear as you have now, and, besides, you have a complete stock to select from. Look over our prices and bring this paper to my store and see that you get just what is advertised.

Visit Our Ready-to-Wear Department

during this sale. It will be time well spent and you will see just as good a collection as you do when you go to the large cities where, of course, their prices are much higher than mine.

Ladies' Suits

We have taken great pains this season in selecting the newest and nobbiest garments that the markets can afford and you will be astonished when you see the suits we are offering at \$9.98, **\$30** \$14.50 and up to

Ladies' Skirts

We have already sold more skirts this season than we expected to sell all fall, so of course that goes to show we have the right styles and prices in skirts. Prices start at \$2.48 and we have a special showing of skirts that are well worth up to \$7.00, for **\$4⁹⁸**

Ladies' Raincoats

We are overstocked on ladies' raincoats and will give 10 per cent discount on any raincoat in the house during this sale.

Ladies' Dresses

We have a great showing of ladies' dresses. These come in all the new cloths and all the new shades, and we have some excellent values for \$6.00, \$7.50 **\$20⁰⁰** and up to

One lot ladies' gingham dresses, worth up to \$2.00, in this sale for **98c**

Dress Goods

Never has this department been as complete as it is now, consisting of all the new weaves and a color that will suit any taste.



Millinery

This has been a busy season in the millinery department. We receive new hats every day, but have a special lot for this sale at **\$2⁹⁸**

Shoes

There is a reason why we sell so many shoes, and that is because we handle the best shoes on the market—shoes that make your feet look nice and at the same time will wear until you are tired of them.

One lot men's dress shoes, worth \$2.00, in this sale for **\$1⁴⁸**
 One lot men's dress shoes, worth \$2.50, in this sale for **\$1⁷³**
 One lot ladies' dress shoes, worth \$1.75, in this sale for **\$1⁴⁸**
 One lot ladies' dress shoes, worth \$2.00, in this sale for **\$1⁷³**
 Children's shoes from 25c up.

Staple Department

We are in a position to save you from 15 to 25% in this department.
 One lot colored outings, worth 6½ and 7c, 20 yards for **1⁰⁰**
 Cotton flannels, worth 6½ and 7c, in this sale 20 yards for **1⁰⁰**
 Brown domestic, in this sale 20 yards for **1⁰⁰**

Cotton checks, in this sale 20 yards for **\$1.00**
 All 6½ and 7c gingham, in this sale 20 yards for **\$1.00**

Notion Department

Special in this sale, 7 spools thread for **25c**
 Special in this sale, 2 bottles machine oil for **5c**
 Special in this sale, 1 bottle vaseline for **3c**
 Special in this sale, 3 cards safety pins for **5c**
 Special in this sale, 10c pearl buttons for **5c**
 Special in this sale, 2 cakes soap for **5c**
 Special in this sale, 1-pound can talcum powder for **10c**
 Special in this sale, 5 pencil tablets for **5c**
 Special in this sale, 5 papers pins for **5c**

Premiums to Be Given With All Purchases Amounting to \$5.00 and Over

C. P. O'BANNON

Millinery and Everything Else You Wear

The Crockett Courier

Issued weekly from the Courier Building.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

- For District Attorney
J. J. Bishop
of Henderson County
- For Representative
J. R. Hairston
- For County Judge
E. Winfree
- For County Attorney
B. F. Dent
- For District Clerk
John D. Morgan
- For County Clerk
A. S. Moore
- For Tax Assessor
John H. Ellis
- For Tax Collector
Geo. H. Denny
- For County Treasurer
Ney Sheridan
- For Sheriff
R. J. (Bob) Spence
- For County Superintendent
Jno. N. Snell
- For Commissioner, Prec't No. 2
G. R. Murchison
- For Commissioner, Prec't No. 3
J. A. Harrelson
- For Commissioner, Prec't No. 4
J. W. McHenry
- For Justice of Peace, Prec't No. 1
E. M. Callier
- For Justice of Peace, Prec't No. 6
T. R. Hester
- For Constable, Prec't No. 1
C. C. (Buck) Mortimer

The thrifty citizen will not undervalue the winter turnip patch. He will bank his sweet potatoes so that they may be available all through the winter and he will be careful to save plenty of seed sugarcane for next year's syrup crop. He will plant a winter pasture of oats or wheat and he will find plenty of other things that he can do with profit.

It is not only necessary that every democrat who reads must go to the polls and vote in the coming November election—the general election, but he must see that his more unfortunate fellow democrat, who perhaps does not read the newspapers, is gotten out to the polls on election day. Enemies of democracy are in the field and active, and the November election will be a good time to explode a political bombshell among them. Let every compatriot, holding to the principles of democracy, fly his colors on general election day.

Patronize Courier advertisers. There are no "hard times" wailers among them. They are optimists, believe in a policy of "live and let live," and, so believing, are offering their goods at a small margin of profit. The advertiser, as a rule, is an advocate of small profits and quick sales; whereas, the non-advertiser, as a rule, is content with slow sales, and must of necessity have larger profits. Patronize the advertiser and you help three persons—first, yourself; second, the live merchant; and, third, the newspaper. Patronize the non-advertiser and you help nobody but him.

The most effective relief cotton growers can get will be in cutting out cotton until the selling price offers a profit. The governments, national and state, have no money except what they take from the pockets of the people through a

system of taxation. If government aid for cotton growers may be expected this year, government aid for rice growers may be expected next year, for sugar growers the following year, then the grain growers and then the livestock growers and the lumber people until there must be government aid without end. Such a policy would bring about a system of burdensome taxation that our people would never be able to throw off. We do not want to flee from the evils that we know of to the evils that we know not of.

The Courier hopes and expects to have the renewal of every subscriber on its books before the winter is over. No one realizes more than the newspapers that money matters are close, but, the country newspaper at \$1.00 a year—such as is the Courier—is so cheap, less than 2 cents a week, that we do not see how any citizen can afford to be without it. One item a week of any interest is worth the price. The Courier deeply appreciates the substantial subscription patronage it has drawn in the past, and we must say that there is nothing in the present that should make us apprehensive of the future.

The war shows no sign of ending soon. The Germans are battling with the French, the Belgians and the British on their west and with the Russians on their east. They have the assistance of the Austrians in the east and are meeting with successes and reverses alike, but have succeeded in turning a wing of the Russians. On the west the Germans in Belgium have captured Brussels, Antwerp and Ghent, and are headed toward the British channel, having driven some of the British into Holland. The Germans are less successful against the French than against the British or Russians. It is a stupendous array of soldiery and no man can foresee the end.

The enduring of great hardships makes a strong people. It is the hard knocks that make the man. A life of ease and comfort does not make toward success. These things being true, the Courier is of the belief that when the present financial depression has blown over, our people will come out of it stronger by reason of its having existed. They will at least know that they cannot rely on a single crop. They will know that in numbers there is safety—in crops as in other things. They will have set their minds to thinking and their hands to working as they have never thought and worked before, and the result will be of lasting benefit not only to themselves but to their offspring.

The Courier editor has talked lately with many of the farmers of Houston county and we find that the majority of them are in good financial shape. Those who have plenty of cattle for their own uses and a few to sell, hogs to supply the meat for another year, a colt or two to take the place of the old work stock soon, a few goats or sheep to supply fresh meat next summer, and plenty of peavine hay for the cattle; corn and a winter oats pasture for the horses and mules; a field full of peanuts for the hogs; black-eyed peas for the table; lots of chickens around the house and the barn; a wood and water supply at the door, and innumerable other things that would cost money if they had to be bought, are not complaining much of the low price of cotton. They will be able to carry over for next year half of their crop and, if necessary, plant no cotton at all next year.

Old newspapers for sale at this office at 25 cents a hundred.

Cases Set in District Court.

The district court, convening in regular session Monday morning, has set cases for trial as follows:

Monday, October 19, P. E. Beard vs. T. W. Thompson.

Tuesday, October 20, W. T. Teney et al. vs. W. R. Turner et al.

Thursday, October 22, S. S. Campbell vs. Southern Pine Lumber Company.

Thursday, October 29, State vs. Robert Masters, murder.

Tuesday, November 3, State vs. Wade Mosely, murder.

Wednesday, November 4, State vs. Jim Smith, murder and 50 veniremen ordered.

Monday, November 9, State vs. Johnson Williams, murder.

Tuesday, November 10, State vs. Carr Durham, murder and 75 veniremen ordered.

Wednesday, November 11, State vs. Joe Williams, murder.

Monday, November 16, State vs. Will Willis, murder and 60 veniremen ordered.

Monday, November 16, State vs. Albert Barnett, murder.

Tuesday, November 17, State vs. Crawford Mosely, murder and 60 venireman ordered.

Tuesday, November 17, State vs. James Barnett, murder.

Tuesday, November 17, State vs. Jim Robinson, murder.

Monday, November 23, W. A. Bell vs. East Texas Development Co.

Monday, November 23, R. M. Hubbard vs. J. D. Freeman et al.

Tuesday, November 24, A. Farrar vs. J. P. A. Smith.

Continued by agreement—Thompson Bros. Lumber Co. vs. unknown heirs of J. Neville et al.

Cotton Crop and Movement.

The last ginners' report, issued at 10 a. m. on Friday, October 2, shows the number of bales ginned in each county prior to September 25 of the

crop of 1914 and of 1913. The report shows 5,006 bales for Houston county of the 1914 crop and 11,626 of the 1913 crop. In addition to the lateness of the crop, the report would indicate that much of this year's crop is being held in the seed.

Last year at this time Crockett alone had shipped 2800 bales of the Houston county crop. Shipments this year show, the figures being obtained from the railroad freight office, that only 1160 bales have been shipped to date. As Crockett usually ships half of the crop of the county,

it may be estimated that the county has shipped only 2320 bales of this year's crop, leaving approximately 2686 bales on hand, of the crop that has been ginned this year. Add to this the 8000 bales of un-ginned cotton, and we have an estimated total of 8000 or 9000 bales picked with only a little over 2000 shipped. A fraction over 1000 bales are in storage at Crockett, a fraction over 2000 have been shipped from Houston county, estimated, and these estimates leave about 2000 bales of the ginned crop in the hands of individuals and outside of warehouses.

Money Savers

Kin-Lax and Lax-Ana 50c Size Now 25c per Bottle

Kin-Lax—palatable, safe and effective for biliousness, sick headache, constipation, torpid liver, etc.

Lax-Ana—an anti-malarial tonic, laxative, anti-periodic, for constipation, bad colds, la grippe and malaria.

50c Size Now 25c.

Satisfaction or your money back. We have everything else carried by drug stores.

King's Drug Store

Phone 91—We Deliver

Crockett's New Store Now Ready for Business

Next Door to the First National Bank

Some of Our Many Specials for Saturday

10 Yards of Standard Calicoes for **35c**

Men's Blue Work Shirts, the 50c kind **37½c**

It is better to be safe than sorry, so visit us and get our prices before buying

Crockett's New Store

Next Door to First National Bank

Both Branches of the Drug Business Have Due Attention Here

THE DRUG business has two distinct branches—one professional, the other commercial. In our relations with the public we endeavor to draw a well-defined line between the two phases of the business.

In our prescription department or in the sale and dispensing of drugs we give careful, scientific attention. In the mercantile side—the sale of drug sundries, toilet articles, etc.—we also give the best service. We feel justified in pushing this branch of our business, for we believe it is impossible to give suitable service in either branch unless we do in both.

The McLean Drug Company
The Rexall Store
Everything in Drugs and Jewelry

Local News.

J. D. Freeman of Trinity was here last week.

C. H. Wickard has returned from a trip over the state.

Miss Brownie Collins has returned from visiting in Pecos.

Miss Merle Haring has returned from visiting in Bellville.

T. D. Craddock is making special inducements for business. tf.

E. T. Ozier returned Friday night from a trip to Fort Worth.

Matt Welch was a visitor to Palestine Friday and Saturday.

James Kennard is a colored subscriber renewing for the Courier.

Miss Aline Foster visited in Huntsville Saturday and Sunday.

A complete, up-to-date abstract. tf-adv Aldrich & Crook.

Residence for rent—conveniently located. Apply to J. D. Friend. tf.

Miss Louise Denny of Grapeland spent Saturday with relatives here.

J. F. Murray of Route 2 was among callers at this office Saturday.

R. P. Manson of Holly and Z. R. Gorbett were callers at this office Friday.

Mrs. Berta Wooters is visiting Mrs. Willis Higginbotham at Stephenville.

Twenty-five cents a hundred is the price of old newspapers at the Courier office.

Syd Smith of Route 5 and J. W. Woolley were among Saturday's callers at this office.

Miss Helen Phillips, teaching at Buffalo, was a recent visitor to her parents in this city.

Don't fail to visit Daniel & Burton's store on "Dollar Bargain Day," Saturday, October 17. It.

For Rent—Four-room house close to town—\$6.00 per month. Apply to John Horan, the Tailor. tf.

Walter Downes has returned from Louisiana, where he had employment with a lumber company.

Mrs. Hyman Harrison and Miss Fay Harrison of Palestine are visiting the family of M. Bromberg.

Next Saturday, October 17, will be "Dollar Bargain Day" at Daniel & Burton's. You'll be surprised at the number of bargains to be had for one dollar. Come in and see.

The Courier and the Galveston News for \$1.75 a year combined, otherwise they are \$1.00 each. tf.

Give T. D. Craddock your shoe business. Can supply you with all kinds of shoes and save you money.

J. C. Estes of Route 2 and J. O. Smith of Lovelady were among Courier subscription renewals Saturday.

Money is a very scarce article. If you trade with T. D. Craddock you get the best results for your money. tf.

O. T. Ratcliff of Ratcliff called at the Courier office Thursday. He is an advocate of more living at home and less cotton.

T. D. Craddock gives you premium tickets with every purchase, and five dollars cash trade entitles you to a premium. tf.

Ney Sheridan, county treasurer, sustained a fractured arm while attempting to crank his automobile Thursday afternoon.

For Sale—My typewriter, a Royal Standard, Model No. 3, and in good order. Will sell cheap. Telephone 54. 2t. D. H. Hotchkiss.

Wm. M. Patton has a full supply of carload stuff in stock. Bacon and lard, oil, flour, meal, feedstuff, sugar and syrups, bagging and ties.

Judge John S. Prince of Athens, E. A. Williams of Route 4 and S. E. Jensen are among the number renewing for the Courier since last issue.

For Sale Cheap. Horse, buggy and harness. On easy terms, or will take cotton at 10c. G. B. Wilson, 2t* Crockett State Bank.

S. M. Monzingo, who travels all over Texas, believes in patronizing his home town as much as possible. He had the Courier to put him up a fine supply of stationery last week.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. O'Quinn are here for the term of district court. Mr. O'Quinn is serving as official court reporter in the absence of L. W. Elliott, who is away for his health.

At 4 p. m., Friday, October 9, the remains of Archie Adams of Volga were laid to rest. Mr. Adams was 72 years old, and had resided in Houston county 42 years, the last 35 at Volga.

Three cars of beef cattle were recently shipped from Crockett to the Fort Worth stock yards. A shipment previous to this comprised six cars of stock cattle to a south Texas ranch.

You can buy more for a single dollar at Daniel & Burton's Saturday than you ever before bought in your lives. The dollar looks big to them and they want to see the goods moving. It.

Mr. E. H. Ivey, an old and respected citizen of the northern part of the county, died suddenly of heart failure last Tuesday. He was a Confederate soldier and a good and brave man.

Cavalry Horses Wanted.

We are buying horses for the British government. They must be 15.3 to 16.3 hands high and fat. See us at once.

Hail & McLean.

Wm. M. Patton sells 50 lb. can of lard for \$4.50; best cooking oil, 65c per gallon in bulk; hams, 19½c per pound; three \$1.00 buckets coffee, with premium in each, for \$2.00; Wine of Cardui, \$1.00 size, 75c; Chill Tonic, 50c size, 25c. It.

Ready for Your Cotton Seed.

Am now in the market for cotton seed and have the money to pay for all the seed I can get. Am representing the same firm as last season. Do not sell before seeing me. tf. J. R. Howard.

Esquire R. T. Payne of Lovelady renewed his subscription to the Courier Tuesday for the twenty-fifth time. We wish for Judge Payne that he may live to subscribe as many years more and that prosperity and happiness may be his reward.

Mrs. J. R. Foster and Mrs. Johnson Arledge were called Thursday to Lufkin by the serious illness of Mrs. John Robert Foster. On Friday Mrs. Foster's condition was sufficiently improved to permit their return home and Mrs. Foster and children were brought to Crockett with them.

Your dollars come hard and you are entitled to all you can get for them. We want to see how much we can give you for your dollar. You need the goods and we need the money more than we do the goods. Bring us a dollar Saturday and let us prove it to you. Daniel & Burton. It.

Revival Services.

The pastors and congregations of the Methodist and Christian churches will unite in a series of revival services to begin on Sunday, October 18, and to be held in the Methodist church. Services will be held daily at 3:30 and 7 p. m. and it is expected to continue them for ten days or more.

Card of Thanks.

To our many friends who were so sympathetic and attentive during the long illness and death of our father and husband, we wish to express our sincerest and deepest thanks. May the Angel of Mercy ever follow you and minister unto you in all your trials. It.

Mrs. Archie Adams and Children.

Mrs. Wilson Erls Madden and little daughter, Dorothy Sage, of Denver, Colorado, wife and daughter of Lieut. W. E. Madden, U. S. N., are visiting the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Madden. Mrs. Madden is on her way to see her mother, Mrs. A. S. Hays, of Newark, New Jersey, and will remain here several days. This is her first visit to Crockett and she is delighted.

Why Not Publish It?

When you want a fact to become generally known, the right way is to publish it. Mrs. Joseph Kallans, Peru, Ind., was troubled with belching, sour stomach and frequent headaches. She writes: "I feel it my duty to tell others what Chamberlain's Tablets have done for me. They have helped my digestion and regulated my bowels. Since using them I have been entirely well." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

Real Estate and Loans.

We have real estate for sale and we would like to examine any vendor lien notes you may have for sale.

CALL ON US AT OUR PLACE OF BUSINESS.

Warfield Bros.

Office North Side Public Square.

CROCKETT, TEXAS

Grand Jury Empanelled.

At the beginning of district court Monday morning, Judge John S. Prince presiding, the grand jury was empanelled as follows: H. J. Phillips, B. L. Satterwhite, J. W. Shivers, W. G. Creath, J. M. Sheridan, J. M. Lovell, E. C. Thompson, T. J. Woodbridge, J. E. Driskill, J. E. Hollingsworth, J. L. Childs and E. E. McLemore. Exhausting the list as drawn, the last three were accepted as talesmen. J. W. Shivers was appointed foreman.

Miss Alice Sexton, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Sexton of this city, died from an attack of appendicitis in a Palestine sanitarium, where she had gone for an operation, Thursday night. The remains were brought to Crockett and interred in Glenwood cemetery Friday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Sexton and other relatives were at Palestine and accompanied the remains to Crockett. Funeral services were held at the Methodist church preceding the interment in Glenwood. The bereaved have the sympathy of our people.

Artistic and Accurate.

The Courier job department has completed and delivered to W. A. Reese, principal of the Rockland Public High School, a catalogue of announcements and course of study—pronounced by all to be artistic and accurate in every detail from compilation to printing. We now have in press and about ready for delivery the minutes of the 28th annual session of the Bowen Baptist Sunday School Convention, another work of typographical art and accuracy. The Courier is well equipped for the artistic and accurate printing of any kind of a job.

Citrolax! Citrolax! Citrolax!

Best thing for constipation, sour stomach, lazy liver and sluggish bowels. Stops a sick headache almost at once. Gives a most thorough and satisfactory flushing—no pain, no nausea. Keeps your system cleansed, sweet and wholesome. Ask for Citrolax.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet.

Rally Day and Children's Service.

At the Methodist church a program is being prepared for a rally day and children's service for the Sunday school, to be observed Sunday, October 18. A large number of the children are being drilled in bright songs and interesting recitations, and it is intended to make the day one of special good to the work of the school. The church is to be nicely decorated, and as is indicated in the name—rally day—it is hoped to get in the pupils whose attendance has been interrupted by the vacation period and to enroll new ones. The service will begin with the regular exercises at 9:30 a. m. and continue into the preaching hour. The pastor and workers invite the public at large to attend.

27 Years Ago, October 13, 1887.

I commenced my mercantile career in a little city that King Solomon built in the wilderness, Tadmor, with \$600, and lost \$300 the first year. On August 30, 1899, I moved to Crockett, and was given five years by some of my special friends to be back in the country plowing a yoke of Jersey oxen, but I am still in Crockett, and am doing much harder work than plowing Jerseys—selling bacon, lard, sugar, flour, meal, all kinds of feedstuff, lime, cement and bagging and ties cheaper than any one else in the county. When you visit Crockett make my fifth and sixth brick stores your headquarters and you will find me the same old country boy that I was fifty years ago when we were boys together on the old bottom plantation. The old saying is: "When a country boy comes to town he gets too big for his pants," but in my case it is the reverse; three years ago mine got too big for me, and continue to be too big.

My business has been better for the past month than at any time during my twenty-seven years. Thanking you for past favors and soliciting your future ones, I am
Your old friend,
Wm. M. Patton.

BE A BOOSTER FOR YOUR HOME AND YOUR POCKET BOOK

Buy your paper from us and put the profit in your pocket book. For 30 days only we are selling the WALL PAPER we have in stock ABSOLUTELY AT COST. DON'T DELAY, for not many of us will have any more THIS TIME NEXT YEAR than we have now. A BARGAIN is a bargain at any time under any conditions, and we want you to take advantage of the one we are now offering you. It will have a triple meaning to you—a benefit to your EYES, your HOME and your POCKET BOOK.

Get in connection with us by letter, by telephone or, better, call and see us in person. We are HEADQUARTERS for EVERYTHING in the drug business, and the only SCHOOL BOOK DEPOSITORY IN HOUSTON COUNTY. We appreciate your business.

Decuir-Bishop Drug Company

Telephone 47 or 140

No Item Too Small for Our Free Delivery

Urged Farmers to Plant No Cotton.

Senator Jno. L. Hebron of Jackson, Miss., addressed an audience of about 150 or 200 farmers and business men of Anderson county at the city hall in Palestine, at 3 p. m. Tuesday, advocating the complete abandonment of cotton production in the cotton states for the year of 1915.

Senator Hebron is one of five men sent into Texas from the Southern Cotton Growers' convention which was held in New Orleans recently, to address the people of our state in an effort to get them to petition the legislature to pass a law prohibiting the planting and raising of cotton for 1915, and to urge the Texas people to plant more grain and food crops and to raise more cattle and hogs, taking the place of cotton.

He stated that about one-fifth of the cotton spindles of the world were in the United States and that it would be impossible for us, and the balance of the world that was not engaged in the war, to consume over one-half of the present cotton now in existence; hence, if we insisted on planting cotton next year the outlook was very promising for five and six cent cotton, whereas if the legislature of Texas would pass a law prohibiting the planting and raising of cotton for 1915, it would raise the price to at least 15 cents per pound for cotton.

He further stated that the grain crop in Europe is short, besides the warring nations were destroying vast quantities of grain and foodstuff, both harvested and unharvested, as they were riding down field after field of grain, and killing off all of the cattle and horses in their path, which would necessarily have to be supplied from the United States next year, and if the farmers would plant grain and foodstuff it would more than equal any cotton crop under the most favorable circumstances. It would further serve to eliminate the different cotton pests that were now destroying considerable cotton each year. Besides, the raising of grain would benefit the south greatly in the way of diversification.

Judge Morris asked for a rising vote from the assembly as to whether they were in favor of petitioning the governor of our state to ask the legislature to pass a law that would prohibit the planting and raising of cotton for 1915, or if they preferred to plant the usual cotton crop as they had the past. The assembly voted unanimously in favor of passing the law prohibiting the raising of cotton for 1915, and congratulated Senator Hebron upon his address, and declared it was their desire to see a measure of this kind placed before the legislature at once.—Palestine Herald.

Another Letter from Mr. Vaught.

Weches, Texas.

Why should the farmer be discouraged at this time? He is getting so much free advice, telling him how to diversify and raise more high priced stock and less low priced cotton, live at home and stay out of debt. There is no need of so much talk of hard times, you can get 6 cents for your cotton and \$14 a ton for cotton seed; the prospects are bright for the producer; there is no need of being anything but contented. The emergency currency has been placed in the national banks and the banks have locked it up for safe keeping, so you see you have no cause to complain; you don't lack for money, all you have to do is to place your cotton in one of these bonded warehouses and turn the receipt over to the bank and receive 4 1/2 cents per pound, if you will only pay warehouse charges, insurance and a high rate of interest in advance. The Underwood tariff bill admits foreign products into the United States in competition to

yours, which you were told would lower the price of the necessities of life, while the things you have to buy have been continually going higher and higher and what you produce goes lower. When some banker that claims to be a farmer runs for an office that pays \$4000 a year, and spends \$30,000 to get elected, just go wild and get mad at your neighbor if he doesn't vote for him. You know you can't pay your debts with 6-cent cotton, you know your children can go to school this winter cold and hungry, you know they can study and learn more when they are cold and hungry, you are plenty able to buy books for them, because you can't pay your debts. You have plenty to live upon and lots to spare. Just a few days ago there were 15,000 barrels of lard shipped out of Fort Worth, sent to the English soldiers, and your president had all the churches to meet and pray for peace, and you know God will answer their prayers when the United States is exporting provisions and other stuff to enable the nations at war to carry on the war.

Now, quit complaining of hard times, diversify, stay out of debt, raise high-priced stock, hump to it, and pay no attention to your lawmakers and they will have you fixed in a few more years.

W. L. Vaught.

Commandments of the Road.

The National Council of Industrial Safety has presented these rules for automobilists. They should be respected by every one who drives an automobile and every one who bestrides a motorcycle:

- First—Be considerate.
- Second—Go slow. (1) when passing children—they sometimes dash suddenly and unexpectedly; (2) when passing vehicles—the other fellow may be dull, reckless or drunk; (3) when approaching crossings, highway or railway; (4) when turning corners—a car or a person may be just around the turn.
- Third—Don't run on the wrong side of the road. When meeting a vehicle, pass to the right; when overtaking a vehicle, pass to the left; when signalled from behind, turn to the right; but it is a part of the first rule that you should sometimes give the other fellow (for instance, a heavily loaded wagon) the better place on the road.
- Fourth—Sound your horn. (1) when approaching a street crossing; (2) when taking a blind curve; (3) when approaching a person or vehicle seemingly not aware of your approach. More care than this is required of you, however, for the other fellow may not hear your signal.
- Fifth—Don't take chances. When in doubt, go slow or stop. There is very little consolation in laying the blame for an accident on the other fellow.

Why Not Publish It?

When you want a fact to become generally known, the right way is to publish it. Mrs. Joseph Kallans, Peru, Ind., was troubled with belching, sour stomach and frequent headaches. She writes: "I feel it my duty to tell others what Chamberlain's Tablets have done for me. They have helped my digestion and regulated my bowels. Since using them I have been entirely well." For sale by all dealers.

Stop Those Early Bronchial Coughs.

They hang on all winter if not checked, and pave the way for serious throat and lung diseases. Get a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar Compound, and take it freely. Stops coughs and colds, heals raw, inflamed throat, loosens the phlegm and is mildly laxative. Best for children and grown persons. No opiates.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE, RHEUMATISM AND BLADDER

Sheriff's Sale.

Notice is hereby given that on the first Tuesday in November, A. D. 1914, being the third day of said month, within lawful hours, at the Court House door of Houston county, in Crockett, Texas, as sheriff of said county, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash, those fifteen parcels of land situated in said Houston county, Texas, and described as follows:

(1) 95 2-10 acres of land out of the Stillwell Box League survey, situated about eight miles S 35 E from Crockett, Texas.

(2) 781 2-10 acres of land out of the John Forbes League survey, situated about a mile and a quarter southeast from the railroad depot at Lovelady, Texas.

(3) 100 acres of land out of the R. De la Garza eleven league grant, lying about nine miles northwest from Crockett, Texas.

(4) 206 1/2 acres of land out of the Harrison Greenwood league survey, situated about twelve miles northwest from Crockett, Texas.

(5) 103 45-100 acres of land out of the Ignacio Lopez league survey, situated about 17 miles S 33 W from Crockett, Texas.

(6) 60 acres of land out of the Jacob Masters, Jr. League survey, situated about 7 miles Northeast from Crockett, Texas.

(7) 229 40-100 acres of land out of the Jacob Masters, Jr. League survey, situated about 7 1/2 miles northeast from Crockett, Texas.

(8) 365 53-100 acres of land out of the Jacob Masters, Jr. League survey, situated about 8 1/4 miles Northeast from Crockett, Texas.

(9) 33 72-100 acres of land out of the J. J. Thomas League survey, situated about a mile S 80 E from the railroad depot at Lovelady, Texas.

(10) 98 61-100 acres of land out of the J. J. Thomas League survey, situated about a mile S 80 E from the railroad depot at Lovelady, Texas.

(11) 168 93-100 acres of land, part of the Stephen Box Labor survey, lying about 8 miles S 22 W from Crockett, Texas.

(12) 233 22-100 acres, part of the Wm. R. Bell survey, abstract No. 168, patent 476, Vol. 2, lying about 9 miles N 25 W from Crockett, Texas.

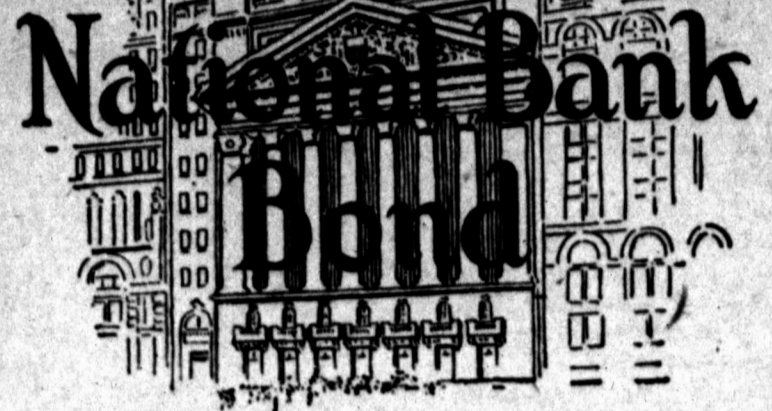
(13) 200 acres of land, part of the Boyd A. Foreman survey, abstract 404, certificate 1059, patent 507, Vol. 4, lying about 10 miles N 30 W from Crockett, Texas.

(14) 80 acres of land out of the LeRoy Hudnall survey of 270 acres, abstract 507, certificate 126, patent 128, Vol. 38, lying about 18 miles N 30 E from Crockett, Texas.

(15) 100 acres of land, part of the Joseph Walling survey 1056, lying about 12 miles N 30 W from Crockett, Texas.

Each of said tracts being particularly described by metes and bounds in that certain Lis Pendens notice dated April 18, 1914, and signed by White, Cartledge & Graves, attorneys for Thomas R. White, Jr., John J. Phelps and Chas. W. Cox, and duly recorded in Lis Pendens notice record of Houston county, Texas, Book No. 1 at page 32 et seqr. reference to which is here made.

The said sale will be made by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the District Court of Travis county, Texas, 53rd Judicial District of Texas, upon a judgment in favor of Thomas R. White, Jr., John J. Phelps and Chas. W. Cox against J. D. Freeman on July 2, A. D. 1914, for the sum of Twelve Thousand and six hundred and forty-nine and 22-100 (\$12,649.22-100) dollars, with ten per cent interest thereon from said date and costs of suit, and foreclosing said White, Phelps and Cox's vendor's lien on the above described land as the same existed on the 17th day of April,



A Writing Paper for Business Men Who Value Impressions

The letterhead is seen before your message is read; from it your correspondent gets his first impression. You know what it means to make a good impression from the outset.

Let Us Print Your Stationery

Your Letterheads, Envelopes, Billheads and Statements are as important as the advertising you do, hence you should entrust the printing to a firm that knows how to combine tasty composition, good press-work and ink with the right paper.

NATIONAL BANK BOND is a fine writing paper, such as is used by Banks, Manufacturers, Retailers, Wholesalers and Professional Men. In price it is within reach of all.

Why not let us figure with you on your next order and use **NATIONAL BANK BOND**, the paper that is recognized throughout the commercial world for its appropriateness to business uses. In this paper we offer you the choice of White and Five attractive tints. Envelopes to match if you wish them.

You'll be interested in the samples we have to show you. When may we call?

The Crockett Courier

Working Up Lumber



that is thoroughly dried and seasoned saves both time and money. That's why carpenters and builders prefer our planing, beams, sills, trim, etc. Place your next lumber order here and you'll get better results in less time and at little cost.

Crockett Lumber Co.

"The Planing Mill"

1911, and as it has at all times since existed against the said J. D. Freeman as well as against all other defendants in said suit, to-wit: Charles Erber, William J. Wilkers, George Daniels, William Daniels, Hayne Nelms, Miss Reppe Freeman, J. C. Wooters, J. B. Young, Henry Holcomb and Daniel Pennington, which said order of sale bears date September 26, A. D. 1914, and the same was levied by me upon the aforesaid land, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1914. Witness my hand on this the 5th day of October, A. D. 1914.

A. W. Phillips,
Sheriff of Houston County, Texas.

Foley Cathartic Tablets.

You will like their positive action. They have a tonic effect on the bowels, and give a wholesome, thorough cleaning to the entire bowel tract. Stir the liver to healthy activity and keep stomach sweet. Constipation, headach, dull, tired feeling never afflict those who use Foley Cathartic Tablets. Only 25c.—W. A. King, successor to I. W. Sweet. Adv.

Toned Up Whole System.

"Chamberlain's Tablets have done more for me than I ever dared hope for," writes Mrs. Esther Mae Baker, Spencerport, N. Y. "I used several bottles of these tablets a few months ago. They not only cured me of bilious attacks, sick headaches and that tired out feeling, but toned up my whole system." For sale by all dealers. Adv.

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