

The Crockett Courier.

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CROCKETT, TEXAS, AUGUST 13, 1908.

NO. 29.

ANTI-TRUST SUIT.

ATTORNEY GENERAL ALLEGES ICE COMBINE AT PALESTINE.

Charges That the People of Anderson County Are Charged an Exorbitant Price.

Palestine, Texas, August 10.—The absorbing subject in Palestine is the suits brought to-day in the district court by the State of Texas, by Attorney General Davidson, Jewell P. Lightfoot, assistant attorney general, and Tom J. Harris, district attorney, against the Palestine Ice and Gin company and the Palestine Electric and Ice company and George Pessoney, George W. Burkitt, Sr., George W. Burkitt, Jr., and W. H. Hayes.

The papers filed today contain a schedule setting forth the scale of prices agreed to and adopted by the defendants. The charge is that in this agreement competition has been eliminated in the manufacture and sale of ice, and that the citizens of Palestine and Anderson county are charged an exorbitant price. Defendants are further charged with having entered into and having maintained an unlawful agreement and understanding with divers other corporations and individuals engaged in the manufacture and sale of ice in Texas by which it is agreed and understood that no person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacture and sale of ice outside of Anderson county will sell ice and ship same into said Anderson county. Likewise defendants have bound themselves, it is further charged, not to ship ice outside of Anderson county. The case will be followed with the keenest interest, and, as stated, the people are discussing the matter pro and con.

News from Lovelady.

Mrs. C. G. Leffler has been on the sick list, but is up and improving.

Mrs. J. V. Durrenberger and little daughter have returned to their home in Houston after a visit to Mrs. J. E. Johnson.

Misses Lucile and Marion Collins have returned to their home at Lufkin, after spending the summer at Lovelady. They were accompanied home by their aunt, Miss Nell Turner.

Mrs. J. J. Edwards and children of Troupe were the guests of Dr. S. J. Collins and wife last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Snell and little daughter, Johnnie, have returned to their home in Fulshear, after spending two months with Mrs. J. Q. Snell.

Miss Ettie Howell was the guest of Miss Fannie Wills last week.

Mr. Neal has returned from a visit to relatives at Leonard.

Mrs. J. O. Smith spent two weeks with relatives at Fort Worth.

Miss Floy Green was a visitor at Groveton a few days last week.

Miss Reba Rich is the guest of her cousin, Miss Irene Gantt, at Fort Worth.

Rev. T. N. Mainer filled the

pulpit at the Baptist church Sunday for Bro. Harris, who was absent holding a meeting at Grapeland.

Miss Irene Harris was the guest of the Misses Woodard at Grapeland a few days this week.

Mrs. Henry Parker and children are visiting relatives at Fort Worth.

Misses Susie Cloud and Beecher Tunstall of Crockett visited Miss Ollie Wills Sunday.

Mr. Jim Worthington, father of Dr. Worthington, left Sunday for his home at Alpine, after a visit of several weeks at Lovelady.

Claud Alexander of Palestine spent Sunday with his homefolks.

Rev. B. Alfred Owen, formerly of this place but now of Greenville, was a pleasant visitor in our town this week.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Rich spent last week in Houston.

Miss Verne Monday is hostess of a jolly house party this week. Her guests are Misses Walker and Williamson of Marlin and Lucile Herring of Waco.

J. B. Oliphant of Grapeland spent Saturday at Lovelady.

Miss Lilah Smith returned to Huntsville Sunday, after a visit to relatives in town.

Mrs. Minnie Sumpf returned to Huntsville Sunday, after a visit to her sister, Mrs. F. W. Rains.

Rev. Robinson filled his regular appointment in the Presbyterian pulpit Sunday.

ACTIVITY FOLLOWS RAILROADS.

Rapid Completion of Railroad Causes Real Estate Activity.

Roby, Texas, Aug. 5.—Business lots fronting the courthouses are changing hands rapidly, while probably seventy-five residence lots have been sold during the past two weeks owing to the rapid completion of the Estacado & Gulf railroad to McCaulley. As soon as the road is completed and material can be shipped in many new stores and residences will be erected. Three twenty-five foot business lots were sold here last week for \$1,500 cash which were bought in March for \$25 each. Roby is not on a big boom but the town is rapidly filling up with settlers and high prices are being paid for business property.

Cured Hay Fever and Summer Cold

A. S. Nusbaum, Batesville, Indiana, writes: "Last year I suffered for three months with a summer cold so distressing that it interfered with my business. I had many of the symptoms of hay fever, and a doctor's prescription did not reach my case, and I took several medicines which seemed only to aggravate it. Fortunately I insisted upon having Foley's Honey and Tar. It quickly cured me. My wife has since used Foley's Honey and Tar with the same success." McLean's Drug Store.

Disagreeable at Home

Lots of men and women who are agreeable with others, get "cranky" at home. Its not disposition, its the liver. If you find in yourself that you feel cross around the house, little things worry you, just buy a bottle of Ballard's Herbine and put your liver in shape. You and everybody around you will feel better for it. Price 50 cents per bottle. Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

SENSATIONAL COTTON BREAK.

Staple Falls \$2.50 a Bale Below Friday's High Level.

New York, August 10.—There was a severe decline in the price of cotton to-day owing to recent buying and the pressure from local bears. While there has recently been no sensational advance in the market on any particular day, there has nevertheless been a strong bull party at work under active leadership. Since the middle of July there has been an advance of 80 points, which culminated last Friday, October selling at 9.85.

To-day's break carried October off to 9.33, more than 30 points below the closing figures of last Saturday and about \$2.50 a bale below Friday's high level. Continued good weather and favorable crops and poor trade demand were assigned as the cause of the decline.

Better Stay With Them.

Elmer, Okla., Aug. 3, 1908. Editor Courier:

After some six months' absence from my old home, I have decided to write to your valuable paper. I am now living in Jackson county, Okla., which is a part of the once famous Greer county. This is a beautiful country, with its undulating prairies thickly dotted with beautiful houses surrounded by nicely growing crops. Corn and cotton are the principal crops here. Small grain is grown some, but not so extensively as formerly. The yield this year was light and the heavy rains during harvest time made it almost an entire loss. Cotton, too, suffered much from the excessive rain, which made it very late, so an early frost would cut it off badly. But corn and other feed crops are very fine.

This country is developing very rapidly. New towns are springing up and new railroads are being built in every direction. But I do not think it is a poor man's country. Land is too high for the poor man. People here are on the move—some are coming in and some are going out—so the throb of discontent seems to be about the same here as elsewhere. I am convinced that a few crop failures here would turn the tide of immigration eastward and southward and East Texas would soon gain all she has lost in the last few years.

Therefore, I would say to those who are contemplating moving west: If you own your homes, better stay with them and content yourselves, for a contented mind is more valuable than a gold "mind." Again, it is poor policy to run from crop failures. It is like dodging from lightning—you are as apt to get in danger as to get out of it.

I might say more on this point, but this is getting lengthy so I will close with good wishes for the Courier and its many readers. A. M. Brewer.

No one is immune from kidney trouble, so just remember that Foley's Kidney Remedy will stop the irregularities and cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. McLean's Drug Store.

Expensive Junketings.

Washington, August 10.—If the Congressional Monetary Commission believes in and applies the doctrine of publicity in the matter of expenditures by officials who serve on committees, commissions and other bodies there will be some highly entertaining, not to say sensational, reading for the public in the course of a year or so.

The commission is now in England, ostensibly for the purpose of studying the financial system of Great Britain. About two weeks was spent at Narragansett Pier by the commission in July. The commission met there, ostensibly for the purpose of studying the currency question. Besides, Narragansett was about the coolest place on the map. The total cost to the government of the sessions of the commission at Narragansett is said to have been in the neighborhood of \$14,000. This may be exaggerated, but the statement that bills aggregating this amount were turned in at the treasury is made upon excellent authority.

The members of the commission did not allow themselves to suffer for anything while at Narragansett. Some of the senators who are members of the commission felt that they could not exist in comfort at the Pier unless they were shaved every morning by Louis, one of the negro barbers in the Senate barber shop here. So Louis was requisitioned and taken from Washington to Narragansett, where he operated upon senatorial faces until the commission adjourned to meet in Europe. The members of the commission, with stern regard for economy for public funds, denied themselves the luxury of taking a private barber along with them and they will submit themselves to the tender services of such tonsorial artists as are afforded by the Hotel Metropole and other English hostleries of the best class.

TO THE U. D. C.

The waters of life have been rippled
By a sweet and fragrant breeze;
With each it has played them as drift-wood,
Eddying through perfumed bowers of trees.

To the harbor so graciously waiting,
The white sails that come from afar,
Have sailed to these grand old portals,
And found "the beautiful gates ajar."

To welcome the strayed and the absent,
Who are launched where the reefs lie between;

The white wings that wait not the flagging,
Bear us emblems of living green.

While the work in our hearts like a life line,
Beats time with the fast dipping oar;
It binds the loose leaves of the Chapter,
And records them on life's other shore.
—Mrs. C. R. Stephenson.

Sure.

"Hello, old man, how do you find business?"
"By advertising for it."

Attention, Asthma Sufferers!

Foley's Honey and Tar will give immediate relief to asthma sufferers and has cured many cases that had refused to yield to other treatment. Foley's Honey and Tar is the best remedy for coughs, colds and all throat and lung trouble. Contains no harmful drugs. McLean's Drug Store.

Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Fixing the Compensation of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor.

JOINT RESOLUTION proposing an amendment to Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Texas by amending Sections 5 and 17 of said Article 4 so as to fix the compensation of the Governor at eight thousand (\$8000) dollars per annum in addition to the use of the Governor's mansion, fixtures and furniture, and the compensation of the Lieutenant Governor at twenty five hundred (\$2500) dollars per annum.

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:

SECTION 1. That Section 5 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so as to provide that the Governor of the State shall receive as compensation for his services, an annual salary of eight thousand (\$8000) dollars and with the use and occupation of the Governor's mansion, fixtures and furniture, said Section 5 as amended, to read as follows:

Section 5. He shall, at stated times, receive as compensation for his services an annual salary of eight thousand (\$8000) dollars, and no more and shall have the use and occupation of the Governor's mansion, fixtures and furniture.

That Section 17 be so amended as to read as follows:

SECTION 17. If, during the vacancy in the office of the Governor, the Lieutenant Governor should die, resign, refuse to serve or be removed from office or be unable to serve or if he shall be impeached or absent from the State, the president of the Senate, for the time being, shall in like manner administer the government until he shall be succeeded by a Governor or Lieutenant Governor. The Lieutenant Governor shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five hundred (\$2500) dollars per year and no more. During the time he administers the government as Governor, he shall receive in like manner the same compensation which the Governor would have received had he been employed in the duties of his office and no more. The President of the Senate, for the time being, shall, during the time he administers the government, receive in like manner the same compensation which the Governor would have received, had he been employed in the duties of his office.

Sec. 2. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue and have published the necessary proclamation for the submission of this resolution to the qualified voters for members of the Legislature of the State of Texas, as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Texas, to be voted upon on the day of the next general election of the State of Texas, which will be held on the day fixed by law therefor. All persons favoring said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots as follows: "For the amendment to the Constitution fixing the salary of the Governor at eight thousand (\$8,000) dollars per annum, and the Lieutenant Governor at twenty-five hundred (\$2,500) dollars per annum." And those opposed to said amendment shall have written or printed on their ballots as follows: "Against the amendment to the Constitution fixing the salary of the Governor at eight thousand (\$8,000) dollars per annum, and the Lieutenant Governor at twenty-five hundred (\$2,500) dollars per annum." And the sum of one thousand (\$1,000) dollars or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State of Texas not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of such publication, proclamation and election. [A true copy.]

W. R. Davis,
Secretary of State.

Taxation—Submitting Amendment to Constitution.

JOINT RESOLUTION amending Section 3, Article 7, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, increasing the amount of tax that may be voted on school districts and providing for a majority vote of the tax paying voters of such district to vote such tax.

SECTION 1. Be it Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas: That Section 3 of Article 7 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended as to hereafter read as follows:

Section 3. One-fourth of the revenue derived from the State occupation taxes and a poll tax of \$1 on every male inhabitant of this State between the ages of twenty-one and sixty years shall be set apart annually for the benefit of the public free schools, and in addition thereto there shall be levied and collected an annual ad valorem State tax of such an amount, not to exceed twenty cents on the \$100 valuation, as with the available school fund arising from all other sources, will be sufficient to maintain and support the public free schools of this State for a period of not less than six months in each year, and the Legislature may also provide for the formation of school districts within all or any of the counties of this State by general or special law, without the local notice required in other cases of special legislation, and may authorize an additional ad valorem tax to be levied and collected within such school districts for the further maintenance of public free schools, and the erection and equipment of school buildings therein, provided that a majority of the qualified property tax paying voters of the district, voting at an election to be held for that purpose shall vote such tax, not to exceed in any one year 50 cents on the \$100 valuation of the property subject to taxation in such district, but the limitation upon the amount of district tax herein authorized shall not apply to incorporated cities or towns constituting separate and independent school districts.

SEC. 2. The Governor of the State of Texas shall and he is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for the submission of this amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Texas at the next general election, or at a special election called by the governor and the sum of four thousand (\$4,000) dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money not otherwise appropriated to defray the expenses of publication of such proclamation. At such election the qualified electors voting and favoring said amendment shall have written or printed on the ballot as follows: "For amendment to Section 3, Article 7, of the Constitution of the State, relating to public free schools," and those opposed to said amendment shall have written or printed on the ballot as follows: "Against amendment to Section 3, Article 7, of the Constitution of the State, relating to public free schools."

[A true copy.]
W. R. Davie,
Secretary of State.

Proposed Amendment to the State Constitution Relating to Commissioners' Precincts.

JOINT RESOLUTION to amend Section 18, Article 5, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, so as to provide for subsequent redistricting of a county into commissioners' precincts, defining the manner thereof, for submitting same to the electors of the State, and making an appropriation therefor.

Be it Resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

SECTION 1. That Section 18, Article 5, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be amended so as to hereafter read as follows:

Each organized county in the State, now or hereafter existing, shall be divided from time to time, for the convenience of the people, into justice precincts, not less than four and not more than twelve. The present county courts shall make the first division. Subsequent divisions shall be made by the commissioners' court provided for by this Constitution. In each such precinct there shall be elected, at each biennial election, one justice of the peace and one constable, each of whom shall hold

his office for two years and until his successor shall be elected and qualified; provided, that in any precinct in which there may be a city of eight thousand or more inhabitants, there shall be elected two justices of the peace. Each county shall in like manner and in the first instance, be divided into four commissioners' precincts, in each of which there shall be elected by the qualified voters thereof one county commissioner, who shall hold his office for two years and until his successor shall be elected and qualified. SUBSEQUENT DIVISIONS OF A COUNTY INTO COMMISSIONERS' PRECINCTS SHALL BE MADE AS IS NOW OR HEREAFTER MAY BE PROVIDED BY LAW. The county commissioners so chosen, with the county judge as presiding officer, shall compose the county commissioners' court, which shall exercise such powers and jurisdiction over all county business as is conferred by this constitution and the laws of the State, or as may be hereafter prescribed.

SEC. 2. That the sum of one thousand (\$1,000) is hereby appropriated out of the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated for the purpose of defraying the necessary expense of submitting the above proposed amendment to the people of the State, at the next general or special election in the manner required by law, by the Governor of the State.

[A true copy.]
W. R. Davie,
Secretary of State.

Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas—To the sheriff or any constable of Houston county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the heirs of Fernando del Valle, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Lorenzo de Zavalla, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Emily de Zavalla, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Mirabeau B. Lamar, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of James G. Allen, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of John Fontaine, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Edward E. Powers, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of John Smith, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Anna M. Davis, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of A. B. Rogan, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of John Warren, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of W. M. Turner, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Jefferson Lamar, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of John Howard, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Lovick Witlock, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Joshua Willis, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of William L. Wynne, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Thomas Monis, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Jesse Boring, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Mat R. Evans, deceased, whose names are unknown, the heirs of Thomas Stanton, deceased, whose names are unknown, and James G. Allen, John Fontaine, Edward E. Powers, John Smith, Anna M. Davis, A. B. Rogan, John Warren, John H. Davis, W. M. Turner, Jefferson Lamar, John Howard, Lovick Witlock, Joshua Willis, William L. Wynne, Thomas Monis, Jesse Boring and Mat R. Evans, to be and appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Houston county, to be held at the court house thereof, in the town of Crockett, on the second Monday in October, 1908, being the 12th day of October, 1908, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 31st day of July, 1908, in a cause numbered 5117, wherein John Hetzel is plaintiff and the unknown heirs of Fernando del Valle, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lorenzo de Zavalla, deceased, the unknown heirs of Emily de Zavalla, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mirabeau B. Lamar, deceased, the unknown heirs of James G. Allen, deceased, the unknown heirs of John Fontaine, deceased, the unknown heirs of Edward E. Powers, deceased, the unknown heirs of John Smith, deceased, the unknown heirs of

Anna M. Davis, deceased, the unknown heirs of A. B. Rogan, deceased, the unknown heirs of John Warren, deceased, the unknown heirs of John H. Davis, deceased, the unknown heirs of W. M. Turner, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jefferson Lamar, deceased, the unknown heirs of John Howard, deceased, the unknown heirs of Lovick Witlock, deceased, the unknown heirs of Joshua Willis, deceased, the unknown heirs of William L. Wynne, deceased, the unknown heirs of Thomas Monis, deceased, the unknown heirs of Jesse Boring, deceased, the unknown heirs of Mat R. Evans, deceased, the unknown heirs of Thomas Stanton, deceased, James G. Allen, John Fontaine, Edward E. Powers, John Smith, Anna M. Davis, A. B. Rogan, John Warren, John H. Davis, W. M. Turner, Jefferson Lamar, John Howard, Lovick Witlock, Joshua Willis, William L. Wynne, Thomas Monis, Jesse Boring and Mat R. Evans are defendants, the cause of action being alleged as follows:

That plaintiff is the owner and is in the quiet and peaceable possession of the following described tract or parcel of land, holding the same in fee simple, to-wit: Situated in Houston county, Texas, about 14 miles west of Crockett, being a part of the Fernando del Valle 11 leagues grant, and being a part of the John T. Smith homestead tract out of said grant, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at John Murchison's N. E. corner on the north line of the John T. Smith 1000 acres survey, a pin oak 18 in. brs S 80 E 12 vrs, a R. O. 20 in. brs S 6 vrs. Thence S 55 E (variation 6-35 E) with the north line of said 1000 acres tract 950 vrs corner, a pin oak marked X. Thence N 35 E (variation 8 E) 94 1-2 vrs, corner a P. O. marked X brs N 50 E 2 2-10 vrs a P. O. mkd X. Thence S 55 E (variation 9-25 E) 1110 vrs corner in road a R. O. 16 in. dia. Thence S 55 E (variation 7-15 E) 968 vrs pass Solomon Ard's S. W. corner, a P. O. and hickory. 1230 vrs center of Cedar creek. Thence down said creek with its meanders as follows: (Variation 8 E) S 13 1-2 W 340 vrs, S 60 W 200 vrs, W 500 vrs, S 53 W 200 vrs, N. 67 3-4 W 100 vrs, S 42 1-2 W 400 vrs, N 50 1-2 W 100 vrs, N 33 W 140 vrs, N 65 1-4 W 140 vrs, S 75 1-4 W 400 vrs, N 48 W 300 vrs, N 75 3-4 W 130 vrs, N 1 1-2 E 240 vrs, N 23 W 200 vrs, N 23 E 140 vrs, N 54 W 300 vrs, S 42 W 220 vrs, N 76 1-4 W 160 vrs, S 35 W 200 vrs, N 86 3-4 W 200 vrs, N 62 1-4 W 150 vrs, N 10 3-4 E 200 vrs, N 28 1-4 W 400 vrs, N 55 W 80 vrs said Murchison's S E corner on Cedar creek. Thence N 35 E (variation 8 E) 1310 vrs to the place of beginning, containing 788 54-100 acres of land.

That plaintiff claims title to said land under a chain of title set out in his original petition and also under and by virtue of the three years statute of limitation, the five years statute of limitation and under the ten years statute of limitation and alleges that the defendants are setting up and asserting some kind of pretended claim of title to said land the nature of which is not known to plaintiff, which creates a cloud upon plaintiff's title thereto which plaintiff sues to remove and prays that he be quieted in his title and possession of said land, and he prays for general relief.

You are further commanded to serve this citation by publishing the same once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in a newspaper published in your county; but if no newspaper is published in said county, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness J. B. Stanton, Clerk of the District Court of Houston County.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court in the town of Crockett this 31st day of July, A. D. 1908. J. B. Stanton, Clerk District Court, Houston County, Texas.

Doctors Declare Dust Disseminates Disease.



Dust on store shelves and stock indicates disease.

It indicates a sluggish condition of the business blood.

Dust accumulates where trade decays. Dusting the shelves with a duster is like taking drugs—a dose now and then relieves, but it doesn't cure.

Build up the blood of your business and make the microbes migrate.

PRESCRIPTION:

Newspaper Advertising is the name of the best spring tonic, summer tonic, fall tonic and winter tonic for that tired feeling of trade depression. Take regularly.

A Very Dirty Collar.

Sue Moon, a Chinaman, was brought before the Melbourne magistrates the other day charged with having worked after 2 o'clock on a Saturday afternoon, contrary to the provisions of the local factories act. He pleaded that he had washed only one collar after the statutory closing time. "What! Only one collar from 2 to 8 o'clock?" exclaimed the chairman. "My welly dirty collar," rejoined Sue/Moon. This defense was deemed too thin, and Sue was fined \$2.50. After paying he remarked, "Fackly act make Chinaman welly lazy fellow."

Snakes With Toothache.

The snake tore about its cage in a frenzy. It lashed the glass viciously with its tail. "That's Joe's way o' swearin'," said the keeper. "He's got toothache." "Toothache?" "Sure. Snakes suffer turrible from toothache. They're so reckless, ye see, with their fangs. They jab 'em into anything—shoe leather, wood, iron bars. They take no care of their fangs at all. In fact, there had oughter be a snake dentist to give his mates lectures on fang hygiene. Monkeys suffer from consumption. Consumption, too, carries off lots of our deer and antelope. Camels in captivity are subject to the asthma, elephants to rheumatism, tigers to indigestion and eagles and vultures to melancholia."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

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THE UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS.

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Co-Educational. Tuition Free.

Annual Expenses, \$180 and Upwards.

Session opens Wednesday,
September 23rd, 1908.

COLLEGE OF ARTS: Courses leading to the Degrees of Bachelor and Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION: Professional courses for teachers, leading to elementary, advanced and permanent certificates.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT: Degree courses in civil, electrical and mining engineering.

LAW DEPARTMENT (in its new building): Three-year course, leading to Degree of Bachelor of Laws, with State license.

SUMMER SCHOOL: Regular University and Normal courses; seven weeks. Session 1909 begins June 12.

For catalogue, address
WILSON WILLIAMS, Registrar.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT: Session, eight months, opening September 28. Four-year course in medicine; two-year course in pharmacy; three-year course in nursing. Thorough laboratory training. Exceptional clinical facilities in John Sealy Hospital. University Hall, a dormitory for women students of medicine.

For catalogue, address
W. S. CARTER, Dean.

WHITE'S Cream Vermifuge



THE GUARANTEED
WORM REMEDY
THE CHILDREN'S FAVORITE TONIC.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
THE GENUINE PREPARED ONLY BY
Ballard-Snow Liniment Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

At Murchison & Beasley's

Diarrhoea Cured
"My father has for years been troubled with diarrhoea, and tried every means possible to effect a cure, without avail," writes John H. Zirkle of Philippi, W. Va. "He saw Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy advertised in the Philippi Republican and decided to try it. The result is one bottle cured him and he has not suffered with the disease for eighteen months. Before taking this remedy he was a constant sufferer. He is now sound and well, and although sixty years old, can do as much work as a young man." Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

REAR END COLLISION.

ONE MAN KILLED—FIFTEEN INJURED, TWO SERIOUSLY.

SPECIAL RAN INTO ANOTHER.

Both Were Excursion Trains—Engineer of International & Great Northern Dead—Katy Coach Wrecked.

Galveston, Tex.—As the result of a rear-end collision between special excursion trains of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas and the International and Great Northern Railways Sunday night at 8:20 o'clock on Galveston Island, just east of the bridge connecting the island with the mainland, one man was killed, one perhaps fatally injured and fifteen or twenty less seriously injured.

Dead: Harry Rothenberg, Houston, engineer. Injured: A partial list of the injured brought to Galveston Sunday night on the relief train is as follows: Henry Hobgood of Lamarque (colored) injured about head and knee, serious; J. L. Crain of Palestine, slightly injured about the head; C. L. Bailey of Palestine, fireman, slightly injured; S. M. Pollard, 1015 Cleveland street, Houston, passenger, slight injuries; Albert Smith, Palestine, slightly injured; Walter Ector, Mart, slightly injured; Frank Watkins, 1216 Franklin street, Houston.

Of this number only three were taken to St. Marys Hospital. These were Henry Hoggood, whose injuries, while serious, were not considered dangerous Sunday night; Conductor Crain, whose injuries consist of two or three cuts and bumps upon the head, and Walter Ector, who was discharged after his wounds were dressed.

The dead body of the engineer, Harry Rothenberg, which was brought on the relief train with the injured, was taken to Malloy's undertaking establishment and prepared for burial. No instructions had been received Sunday night from Palestine as to what disposal shall be made of the body.

Both Excursion Trains.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas special excursion train had almost reached the bay bridge and stopped to wait the passage of an incoming train that was crossing the bridge. While standing there the International & Great Northern excursion train, which left Galveston about five minutes after the Katy train, crashed into the Katy train and a serious wreck was the result. The only man killed was the engineer on the International & Great Northern train.

\$300,000,000 FOR BAY CITY MAN.

Forgotten 99-Year Lease to Long Island Property Just Expired.

Bay City, Tex.—Dr. B. Smith, an old citizen of this part of the state, is heir to something like \$300,000,000. This land was leased 100 years ago and the lease has just run out. The property is now held by Trinity Church Corporation, New York City. The son of Dr. Smith expects the return of his father Monday from Mobile. Lovejoy & Malevinski of Houston are the attorneys.

Killed by Flying Bolt.

Texarkana, Tex.—Ben. C. Vanderweghe, one of the oldest and best known citizens, was struck by a flying bolt from an electric motor with which he was working Friday afternoon and died of the injury Saturday evening. The bolt struck him in the side, breaking a rib and badly bruising the lower portion of the liver. He was for many years local agent for a St. Louis brewery, but retired, turning the business over to his son about five years ago.

Salado Baptist Association.

Temple, Tex.—The annual convention of the Salado Baptist Association, one of the largest and oldest organized religious bodies in Texas, will be held in this city commencing Tuesday, Aug. 11, and will continue for three days. From 150 to 200 delegates are expected to be in attendance upon the sessions of the convention from every portion of the district, which covers a wide territory.

Angleton, Tex.—A special over the Brownsville passed here Saturday morning on the way to Galveston with four well-loaded coaches bent on having a gala day in the city by the sea.

Taylor, Tex.—At a meeting of the City Council of Taylor, called to name a depository for the city's funds for the ensuing year, the First National Bank offered 6 per cent and was declared the city's depository.

First Bale at Lovelady.

Lovelady, Tex.—Lovelady received its first bale of new cotton Saturday. This cotton was grown by J. H. Driskell, one and one-half miles east of town, and was sold to C. R. Rich for 10 1-4c per pound.

SING, BIRDIE, DON'T!



Miss Yellem (about to sing)—What is your favorite air, professor?
Professor—Fresh air—and plenty of it! Good morning!

SHE COULD NOT WALK

For Months—Burning Humor on Ankles—Opiates Alone Brought Sleep—Eczema Yielded to Cuticura.

"I had eczema for over two years. I had two physicians, but they only gave me relief for a short time and I cannot enumerate the ointments and lotions I used to no purpose. My ankles were one mass of sores. The itching and burning were so intense that I could not sleep. I could not walk for nearly four months. One day my husband said I had better try the Cuticura Remedies. After using them three times I had the best night's rest in months unless I took an opiate. I used one set of Cuticura Soap, Ointment, and Pills, and my ankles healed in a short time. It is now a year since I used Cuticura, and there has been no return of the eczema. Mrs. David Brown, Locke, Ark., May 18 and July 13, 1907."

Mother's Accomplishment.

In the Bohemian set of New York two of the popular members are a well known writer and his wife, who also has written several books. They have a daughter about four years old. Recently the little girl was visiting at the home of a friend and her small playmate asked her: "Can your mamma sew?"

The daughter of the literary pair evidently was a bit chagrined. She could not remember that she had ever seen her mamma sew. She is a truthful child and would not claim any advantages she was not sure of, yet she felt that mamma's honor was at stake. "I don't know if mamma can sew," she replied, dubiously, "but she can smoke a cigarette."

Strictly Fresh Eggs.

There are summer resorts, remote from any agricultural communities, where fresh farm products are even harder to obtain than in the city. It was at such a place that the new boarder, who had eaten four or five breakfasts there, began to wonder why the eggs were invariably served fried.

"See here?" he inquired one morning of the genial colored man who waited upon him, "why do you always fry eggs here? Don't you ever boil them?"

"Oh-oh, yes, sah!" responded the waiter, pleasantly. "Of co'se, yo' kin have 'em boiled, if yo' wants 'em. But you know, sah, yo' takes de risk!"

ALMOST A SHADOW. Gained 20 lbs. on Grape-Nuts.

There's a wonderful difference between a food which merely tastes good and one which builds up strength and good healthy flesh.

It makes no difference how much we eat unless we can digest it. It is not really food to the system until it is absorbed. A Yorkstate woman says:

"I had been a sufferer for ten years with stomach and liver trouble, and had got so bad that the least bit of food such as I then knew, would give me untold misery for hours after eating.

"I lost flesh until I was almost a shadow of my original self and my friends were quite alarmed about me.

"First I dropped coffee and used Postum, then began to use Grape-Nuts although I had little faith it would do me any good.

"But I continued to use the food and have gained twenty pounds in weight and feel like another person in every way. I feel as if life had truly begun anew for me.

"I can eat anything I like now in moderation, suffer no ill effects, be on my feet from morning until night. Whereas a year ago they had to send me away from home for rest while others cleaned house for me, this spring I have been able to do it myself all alone.

"My breakfast is simply Grape-Nuts with cream and a cup of Postum, with sometimes an egg and a piece of toast, but generally only Grape-Nuts and Postum. And I can work until noon and not feel as tired as one hour's work would have made me a year ago."

"There's a Reason."

Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Read, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

The Plain Plucker.
If a burn or a bruise afflicts you rub it on, rub it on. Then before you scarcely know it the trouble will be gone.
For an aching joint or muscle do the same.
It extracts all pains and poisons, plucks the stings and heals the lame.
Hunt's Lightning Oil does it.

A Timely Objection.
"I am afraid we must part, Fred dear. My father gave me strict injunctions not to let you call on me."
"But, Ethel, I am unalterably opposed to submitting to government by injunction."

Hicks' Capudine Cures Nervousness.
Whether tired out, worried, sleepless or what not. It quiets and refreshes brain and nerves. It's liquid and pleasant to take. Trial bottle 10c—regular size 25c and 50c at druggists.

How we enjoy meeting a man who has no tale of woe to tell!

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup.
For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

Back pay is usually slow about coming to the front.

It Cures While You Walk.
Allen's Foot-Powder for corns and bunions, hot, sweaty, callous aching feet. 25c all druggists.

Nothing can atone for want of truth.—Ruskin.



A DAISY FLY KILLER

LASTS THE ENTIRE SEASON!
It kills every fly, house fly, stable fly, etc. in your house, barn, and outhouse. It is a clean and ornamental. Sold by all dealers or sent by mail postpaid for 50 cents. Name, 149 N. Main St., Houston, Tex.

W. N. U., HOUSTON, NO. 33, 1908.

USE THE BEST **FAULTLESS STARCH** FOR LAUNDRY WORK
FOR SHIRTS COLLARS CUFFS AND FINE LINEN

OLD VIRGINIA CHERROOTS



Are 5c cigars without the heads
Therefore
3 for 5 cents

Not only extra good—they are clean. Made of absolutely pure, clean tobacco by modern systematic methods in the biggest, airiest, best-equipped and cleanest cigar factory in the world.

No wonder they're so good. 5 cents buys 3.

Sold Everywhere

The General Demand

of the Well-Informed of the World has always been for a simple, pleasant and efficient liquid laxative remedy of known value; a laxative which physicians could sanction for family use because its component parts are known to them to be wholesome and truly beneficial in effect, acceptable to the system and gentle, yet prompt, in action.

In supplying that demand with its excellent combination of Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna, the California Fig Syrup Co. proceeds along ethical lines and relies on the merits of the laxative for its remarkable success.

That is one of many reasons why Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna is given the preference by the Well-Informed. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine—manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co., only, and for sale by all leading druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.

Paxtine TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.



Large Trial Sample WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK SENT FREE THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

McCANE'S DETECTIVE AGENCY.
Houston, Texas, operates the largest force of competent detectives in the South, they render written opinions in cases not handled by them. Reasonable rates.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY: gives quick relief and cures worst cases. DR. H. J. GREEN'S SONS, Box 11, ATLANTA, GA.

WIDOWS' PENSIONS under NEW LAW obtained by JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D. C.

STAR PLUG CHEWING TOBACCO

STAR has for years been the world's leading brand of plug chewing tobacco. Statistics show that about one-fifth of all the chewers of plug tobacco chew STAR.

There's a reason for this enormous and constantly increasing number of STAR chewers, and it's just this—

Star Plug has always been manufactured with one sole object in view—to give chewers the best chew of tobacco it is possible to produce, yet to sell this STAR chew at a moderate price.

More chewers are learning every day that STAR, considered from the standpoint of true merit, has no competitor, and is the one best chew.

For a long time there was a prejudice (which probably still exists) among certain chewers against the use of what is generally termed "Navy Tobacco," because of the impression that all tobacco of that character is too sweet.

It is true that some brands of tobacco, similar in appearance to STAR, are too sweet to please chewers accustomed to the use of tobacco manufactured in thin plugs, but we know that STAR is right in every way.

You use tobacco for the pleasure it gives—**Increase your pleasure by chewing STAR!**

In All Stores

THE CROCKETT COURIER

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THE GUARANTEED WORM REMEDY
THE CHILDREN'S FAVORITE TONIC.
Beware of Imitations.
THE REMEDY PREPARED ONLY BY
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ST. LOUIS, MO.
At Murchison & Beasley's

Where Are Your Interests

Are they in the community?
Are they among the people with whom you associate?
Are they with the neighbors and friends with whom you do business?

If you want to know what is happening in this community. You want to know the goings and comings of the people with whom you associate, the little news items of your neighbors and friends—now don't you?

That is what this paper gives you in every issue. It is printed for that purpose. It represents your interests and the interests of this town. Is your name on our subscription books? If not, you owe it to yourself to see that it is put there. To do so

Will Be To Your Interest

A Business Proposition



Did you ever stop to think, Mr. Business Man, that the news of your business is as much a part of the local events as a wedding or a church fair? The ladies are just as much interested in a new fabric you have on the shelves as they are in any home happening. Your store news and announcements in these columns will reach a large circle of eager buyers. This will enable you to sell your goods while they are new and fresh and you will not have to sacrifice later at remnant counter prices. Think it over.

IN ANOTHER WAY AMERICA LEADS ALL THE WORLD

United States Almost Alone in Freedom and Opportunity That Is Afforded to Gentler Sex



In America Women Are the Avowed Rulers of Society

IT IS in the United States that women revel in beds of clover and walk on velvet and roses, an ample reason, no doubt, for their celebrated wit, charm and beauty. For they are free to develop their mental faculties, free to enjoy social life and free to work.

In America women who want learning and Latin have fewest restrictions placed upon their place and manner of education. In America and in America alone they are the avowed leaders of society. And in America they have the largest liberty in choosing a profession.

Although in Russia clubs are only beginning to be lawful, and in France and Germany conditions are little better, in America 4,000,000 wives, mothers and spinsters are organized into clubs and societies; and of the 300 occupations recognized by the United States census women are represented in all but nine.

Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, declares that it is plain that "woman is in open rebellion against the traditional curse, against the doctrine of the Pauli estimate of women's sphere; that she has determined to assert her equality in many directions and that she has entered and occupied the great field of remunerative employment."

American Women Not Humble.
The woman of America is characterized as "independent, forceful, capable and far from humble. Obedience is furthest from her thoughts. Civil marriages rarely contain the word obey; some of the churches have dropped it; when it is uttered it is either regarded as a joke or explained as a desire to please, prompted by love—something which would be equally applicable to the husband.

"Self-sacrifice, formerly a cardinal womanly virtue, is no longer in high favor. Self-development is rapidly taking its place. The American woman has imbibed a new doctrine, that of freedom and happiness. She does not believe that she should be submissive, that her life should be hedged with limitations, or that she is foredoomed to suffer for the sins of others. Foreigners coming to this country never are known to comment upon the American woman as clinging, timid, humble, dependent, submissive self-sacrificing, without confidence in her abilities or inclination to protect her rights and convinced of the superiority of man."

On the contrary, as Mrs. Lydia Kingsmill Commander testifies in her scientific study of American woman, she is always remarked for her self-reliance, force, freedom, intelligence and capacity. She is intent upon being herself, not the pale reflection of some one else, and upon developing the possibilities of life to the utmost. She has great respect, and she commands the respect of others.

Sexes Stand on an Equality.
Naturally women sustaining such altered relations to society and se

changed in character hold a different relation to men. The sexes are more on a parity, says Mrs. Commander. Their lives are more closely associated, they have more in common, and they understand one another as never before. The women are not something apart from the national life, a sort of annex to the race, kept entirely for domestic service and reproduction; they are becoming people, half the nation, and growing to be considered and respected as such. Their opinions on public questions are not ignored. Their ideas in business, law, medicine or education are not despised, for their share of the national activities and responsibilities claims recognition and respect.

A natural accompaniment of woman's inferior share in the industrial and social institutions of a nation is her subordinate position in the home. She is not living in a world where her wishes are accorded much consideration. Religion, education, politics and business are in the hands of men, who give to the other sex such quantity and quality of each as seem to them fitting.

Old Idea of "Ownership" Gone.
In America, however, as is outlined by Mrs. Commander and is observed by all observers, the old relationship of owner and owned is giving place to one of equality and comradeship. Man



It Is in the United States that Women Walk in Beds of Clover.

does not marry with the idea of securing a patient chattel with enough intelligence to work for him, wait on him and minister to his physical desires. He seeks a friend, a companion, a comrade, a woman of independent personality, who will be congenial in her tastes and habits, but who will live a life of her own, not be absorbed in and lost by him.

American husbands are proud of wives who succeed in the business, professional, artistic, literary or dramatic world; who attain positions of prominence in philanthropic, educational, or reform organization, or who are possessed of any special ability or knowledge.

In the conservative countries marriage is all important to a woman and of secondary interest to a man. The stories end with the wedding of the heroine, for it settles her career. She is now merged in her husband and no more is expected or heard of her. Meanwhile the man pursues the even tenor of his way, his marriage being but a more or less important incident.

But the American woman's growth of interests outside of marriage has increased the importance of marriage to men. The more developed woman of the United States touches her husband's nature at many points and fills a larger place in his life. He discusses public affairs with her, confides in her the details of his business, asks her opinion, and frequently follows her advice. In matters of common interests her wishes carry equal weight with his. In brief, the American wife holds a position in the respect as well as the affection of her husband that makes the American man a proverbial matrimonial prize.

Of course, all American women are not free, respected and happy. There are wives in the United States who are bullied and bossed, treated with contempt, beaten and even murdered. But in these also are many instances where, so far from the wife obeying, the opposite extreme almost holds

true. There are many American husbands who, instead of exacting self-sacrifice of their wives, yield it to the fullest measure, men who make a fetish of their wives' wishes and work unceasingly and uncomplainingly to gratify even their whims. And the every day American husband recognizes his wife as a person with tastes, desires, ambitions and interests of her own, and acknowledges her right to their development and gratification. He considers her as a human being, analogous to himself.

Women for Clubs and Societies.

Even the most conservative of American husbands allow their women to join a W. C. T. U., a missionary society, or a woman's club. Nor is there objection to the wife turning an honest penny in her spare time. She may do dressmaking or give music lessons in the intervals of housework. It is even generally conceded that she may under stress of necessity enter the industrial world without prejudice of her femininity. The most domestic housewife incurs no disgrace if, having a sick husband or being left a widow, she work for bread.

Herbert Spencer wrote mournful and great words when he observed that in the history of humanity as written the saddest part concerns the treatment of women. "And if we had before us its unwritten history we should find this part still sadder. I say the saddest because though there have been many things more conspicuously dreadful—cannibalism, the torturing of prisoners, the sacrificings of victims to ghosts and gods—these have been but occasional; whereas the brutal treatment of women has been universal and constant.

"If, looking first at their state of subjection during the semi-civilized, we pass to the uncivilized, and observe the lives of hardship borne by nearly all of them, if we then think what must have gone on among those still under peoples, who for so many thousands of years roamed over the uncultured earth, we shall infer that the amount of suffering which has been and is borne by women is utterly beyond imagination.

"Utter absence of sympathy made it inevitable that women should suffer from the egotism of men, without any limit as to their ability to bear the entailed hardships. Passing this limit, the ill-treatment by rendering the women incapable of rearing a due number of children brought about disappearance of the tribe; and we may safely assume that multitudes of tribes disappeared from this cause, leaving behind those in which the ill treatment was less extreme."

Australian Does Not Love Wife.

In Australia Sir John Lubbock found little real affection exists between husbands and wives, and young men value a wife principally for her service as a slave; in fact, when asked why they are anxious to obtain wives, their usual reply is that they may get wood, water and food for them and



In the United States Man Bows Down to Woman.

carry whatever property they may possess.

The Australian women are treated with the utmost brutality, beaten and speared in the limbs on the most trivial provocation.

"Few women will be found upon examination to be free from frightful scars upon the head or the marks of spear wounds about the body," says he. "I have seen a young woman who, from the number of these marks, appeared to have been almost riddled with spear wounds. If at all good looking their position is, if possible, even worse than otherwise."

Faul du Challu during his adventures in central Africa found two distressing cases of apparently wanton

torture of women. Among the Kafirs, relates Herbert Spencer, besides her domestic duties the woman has to perform all the hard work; she is her husband's ox, a Kafir remarked to a traveler; she had been bought, he argued, and must therefore labor.

Chieftain's Wife a Complete Slave.

Prof. Ward observes that the complete slavery of woman to man is shown by the account of a Malagasy chief who had scarcely seated himself at his door when his wife came out, crawling on her hands and knees till she came to him, and then licked his feet. All the women in the town saluted their husbands in the same manner. Almost everywhere in Africa, reports Letourneau, woman is the property of her husband, who has the right to use her as a beast of burden, and almost always makes her work as he does his oxen.

In certain Himalayan regions the women are a veritable merchandise which is bought and sold. At the time of Fraser's visit a woman among the peasants cost from five to six dollars, a sum, "which it was pleasant to receive but painful to expend."

The daughters also are freely sold, and the brothers of each family bought a common wife whom they rented without hesitation to strangers. In New Zealand, according to Moerenhout and Ward, a father or brother, in giving his daughter or his sister to her future husband, would say: "If you are not satisfied with her, sell her, kill her, eat her; you are absolute master of her."

Women of Tahiti Half Starved.

Almost at the origin of society, writes Letourneau woman was subjugated by her companion; we have seen her become in succession beast of burden, slave, minor, subject, held aloof from a free, active life, often maltreated, oppressed, punished with fury for acts that her male owner would commit with impunity before her eyes.

In the Soudan, where the removal of clothes is a sign of obeisance, women may only come unclothed into the presence of the sultan of Meili, and even the sultan's daughters must conform to this custom. At the court of Uganda stark naked, full grown women are the valets. Indeed, throughout the primitive world women are beasts of burden, servants, slaves.

Not only the wife of the negro, the Hindu, and the Keighis, but also the wife of the present slave of the Balkan peninsula and of Russia, is the misused slave of her husband, and as the result of the effort to escape labor, we see the unwholesome interchange of wife and child labor in the factories which would make greater gains from the laborer at the expense of wife and child.

Indeed, in its origin the family is held to have been "simply an institution for the more complete subjugation and enslavement of women and children, for the subversion of nature's method in which the mother is the queen, dictates who shall be father, and guards her offspring by the instinct of maternal affection planted in her for that purpose."

Japanese Widows Blacken Teeth.

In India the subjection of women has had its headquarters. The suttee or the burning of widows on the funeral pyres of their husbands is not yet wholly extinct, although forbidden by law; and the remarriage of widows is only beginning to be permitted. The widow at best leads an isolated existence, cut off from her natural associates, condemned to base foods and a life of practical servitude.

In Japan the widow must blacken her teeth and shave her eyebrows. Throughout the orient women are taught to address their husbands as master or lord, whereas the men speak to their wives as slaves and servants. The oriental proverbs declare that "woman is like a slipper,



In India, Man Reigns Supreme.

made to order; wear it if it fits you, throw it away if it does not."

"Woman is like a snake, charming as well as venomous."

"Woman should always be in good humor and revere her husband, even though unfaithful, as a god."

For the Hostess

Glover Luncheon a Delightful Form of Entertainment for the Fortunate Dwellers in the Country.

A Clover Luncheon.

Would it were possible this morning to impart to the department the breath of new mown hay and fragrant aroma of red and white clover amid which Mme. Merri has been renewing her youth.

This is a wonderful season for clover, and so the inspiration came for this party, which anyone can carry out who is within reach of clover blooms.

For decorations use red and white clover in great masses on the porch, in the rooms and for a center piece. The latter would be lovely of the exquisite pink and white clovers. It is a beautiful variety, which if sold at so much a dozen hostesses would spend their last cent to get it. Then let the children weave clover chains (perhaps you'd like to make them yourself, as I did, sending your mind back to the time when a crown of clover was the height of elegance). Use these dainty chains as garlands over the table, or from the overhead lamp to the center. Of course, this affair is informal, with the guests in tub suits as best summer functions.

Serve everything cold as far as possible. Have cold thinly sliced ham, veal loaf, Saratoga potatoes, sliced tomatoes and cucumbers on water-cress sandwiches, individual moulds of gelatine topped with whipped cream, feed tea, and add clover honey with tiny hot biscuits to this repast and you have a menu fit for the gods. Make the place cards clover shaped. If there is a guest to be especially honored make a four-leaf clover for her place. We have all had "Do ye next thing" preached to us, but "use what you have" should also become a maxim. Let us all use Mother Nature's bountiful storehouse more freely. In this way become acquainted with the so-called common flowers.

The Linen Wedding.

When the twelfth year of wedded life has been achieved, it is time to celebrate the "linen" anniversary. This is an occasion much beloved by housewives, for was there ever a woman who did not glory in her linen closet? For the invitations use squares of linen written with indelible ink. The name cards may be done the same way. If possible, cover the floors with canvas, draple chairs and couches with white and hang white portieres. The host and hostess should don pure white for this occasion, and the dear little blue flax flower should be used as a table decoration. A miniature spinning wheel makes a pretty center piece.

The art of spinning has been revived, and if one is not numbered among the family treasures perhaps one may be borrowed for the evening, and then great amusement is afforded by arranging a spinning contest.

The prize is awarded to the guest who can spin the most perfect thread in five minutes' time. Each thread when finished to be tagged with the maker's name and fastened to a square of black cloth hung on the wall. Later

a committee examines the threads. To find partners for supper wind a spider web with a card marked on the end of each: "Your partner is the one who has the mate to your card." These cards are appropriately decorated with spiders in a web done in water-colors.

Floral Conundrums.

The following set of floral questions are usually good and are especially seasonable just now:

What herb is most injurious to beauty? Thyme.

Why is green grass like a mouse? Because the cattle eat it.

When is a note of hand like a rosebud? When it is mated by falling dew.

What did Jack Frost say when he kissed the rose? Wilt thou? And it wilted.

Why is a widow like a gardener? Because she tries to get rid of her weeds.

When is a man an herb? When long experience has made him sage.

Why is asparagus like a dry sermon? The most enjoyable part is the end.

Why is a young lady like a sheaf of wheat? She is first cradled, then thrashed, and finally becomes the flour (flower) of the family.

What is the sun's trade in the month of May? Mason.

Why is a woman's age like a floral bell? It is never told.

Why is the letter A like a honey-suckle? Because a B follows it.

Why is an Easter lily a poor marksman? It shoots before it has pistols.

MADAME MERRI.



White gauntlet gloves to be worn with street dresses are shown.

Beautiful white lingerie dresses worth twice the price are offered for \$9.50.

White curtain swiss in dotted or figured effects is on sale just now for seven cents a yard.

Early fall jacket suits have peeped out and show long coats with open fronts, cut to look like a small vest.

Little outing caps for boys, with a colored band setting close to the head and a flaring crown of white duck, are only 29 cents.

Some new French collars are of linen, very high and very white, with a narrow turnover strip at the top, daintily embroidered in dots.

A Pretty Hat.

A very individual hat was made of a warm mauvish straw, loosely woven, the crown and brim were entirely smothered in an artistic tangle of the most exquisitely shaded sweet peas.—Vogue.

HOW TO ARRANGE A CORNER OF THE LIVING ROOM

FURNISHING the corners of a room is not so simple a task as it seems. The important thing to bear in mind is that the four corners must harmonize with the rest of the room and with one another. If each is arranged in a different way, one general idea should be followed. The suggestion given in the accompanying illustration for arranging a corner is an excellent one to copy where simplicity and comfort are desired. There is no hint of stiffness in the arrangement and the corner seat is made to break up that abrupt finish so often seen in built-in seats.

Instead of the corner seats ending like a divan or veranda seat they are joined to tall pieces of furniture. On the left a high three-cornered cabinet is built into the wall at an angle of the room and at the other end another piece of furniture of different shape and height is placed against the ends of the corner bench. A window on that side breaks up the broad expanse of the walls. This window is almost square and is hung with stenciled curtains made of the same material as that covering the corner seat and cushions. A serviceable material in use now for country houses is a coarse Oriental grass cloth of rather uneven weave and in plain colors. Unless a room is quite large figured effects do not look well. Where the material is repeated in the hangings and the rest of the furnishings it should be chosen with the utmost care. One soon tires of striking col-



ors and designs used lavishly in a room.

This seat and the adjoining book-cases and cabinets are made of the same wood—in this instance a gray finished oak with upholstery of dark blue grass cloth. In the angle formed by the corner seat a small round table is placed conveniently near to use for books and magazines or for serving afternoon tea. A bowl of flowers on the corner of the triangular cabinet relieves the plainness of that wall and takes away the square, set look of the room.

REAR END COLLISION.

ONE MAN KILLED—FIFTEEN INJURED, TWO SERIOUSLY.

SPECIAL RAN INTO ANOTHER.

Both Were Excursion Trains—Engineer of International & Great Northern Dead—Katy Coach Wrecked.

Galveston, Tex.—As the result of a rear-end collision between special excursion trains of the Missouri, Kansas and Texas and the International and Great Northern Railways Sunday night at 8:20 o'clock on Galveston Island, just east of the bridge connecting the island with the mainland, one man was killed, one perhaps fatally injured and fifteen or twenty less seriously injured.

Dead: Harry Rothenberg, Houston, engineer. Injured: A partial list of the injured brought to Galveston Sunday night on the relief train is as follows: Henry Hobgood of Lamarque (colored) injured about head and knee, serious. J. L. Crain of Palestine, slightly injured about the head; C. L. Bailey of Palestine, fireman, slightly injured; S. M. Pollard, 1015 Cleveland street, Houston, passenger, slight injuries; Albert Smith, Palestine, slightly injured; Walter Ecter, Mart, slightly injured; Frank Watkins, 1216 Franklin street, Houston.

Of this number only three were taken to St. Marys Hospital. These were Henry Hobgood, whose injuries, while serious, were not considered dangerous Sunday night; Conductor Crain, whose injuries consist of two or three cuts and bumps upon the head, and Walter Ecter, who was discharged after his wounds were dressed.

The dead body of the engineer, Harry Rothenberg, which was brought on the relief train with the injured, was taken to Malloy's undertaking establishment and prepared for burial. No instructions had been received Sunday night from Palestine as to what disposal shall be made of the body.

Both Excursion Trains.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas special excursion train had almost reached the bay bridge and stopped to wait the passage of an incoming train that was crossing the bridge. While standing there the International & Great Northern excursion train, which left Galveston about five minutes after the Katy train, crashed into the Katy train and a serious wreck was the result. The only man killed was the engineer on the International & Great Northern train.

\$300,000,000 FOR BAY CITY MAN.

Forgotten 99-Year Lease to Long Island Property Just Expired.

Bay City, Tex.—Dr. B. Smith, an old citizen of this part of the state, is heir to something like \$300,000,000. This land was leased 100 years ago and the lease has just run out. The property is now held by Trinity Church Corporation, New York City. The son of Dr. Smith expects the return of his father Monday from Mobile. Lovejoy & Malevinski of Houston are the attorneys.

Killed by Flying Bolt.

Texarkana, Tex.—Ben. C. Vanderweghe, one of the oldest and best known citizens, was struck by a flying bolt from an electric motor with which he was working Friday afternoon and died of the injury Saturday evening. The bolt struck him in the side, breaking a rib and badly bruising the lower portion of the liver. He was for many years local agent for a St. Louis brewery, but retired, turning the business over to his son about five years ago.

Salado Baptist Association.

Temple, Tex.—The annual convention of the Salado Baptist Association, one of the largest and oldest organized religious bodies in Texas, will be held in this city commencing Tuesday, Aug. 11, and will continue for three days. From 150 to 200 delegates are expected to be in attendance upon the sessions of the convention from every portion of the district, which covers a wide territory.

Angleton, Tex.—A special over the Brownsville passed here Saturday morning on the way to Galveston with four well-loaded coaches bent on having a gala day in the city by the sea.

Taylor, Tex.—At a meeting of the City Council of Taylor, called to name a depository for the city's funds for the ensuing year, the First National Bank offered 6 per cent and was declared the city's depository.

First Bale at Lovelady.

Lovelady, Tex.—Lovelady received its first bale of new cotton Saturday. This cotton was grown by J. H. Driskell, one and one-half miles east of town, and was sold to C. R. Rich for 10 1-4c per pound.

REVENUE CUTTER AT HOUSTON.

DEMONSTRATES PRACTICABILITY OF SHIP CANNEL.

Proposed Now to Work for a Channel 25 or 30 Feet Deep—Steamship Line in Prospect.

Houston, Tex.—A great deal of interest was manifested Monday in Houston in the fact that the government revenue cutter Windom came up Buffalo Bayou and anchored in the turning basin a few miles down the bayou from the city. It has been reported before that the boat was coming up the bayou before going to Galveston from Seabrook, and various reports as to the time that she would come have been given out. But it was definitely stated Saturday that the boat would come up on Monday, and since that time great interest has been shown in the fact.

The mayor on Saturday issued a proclamation asking all the business houses to close at 12 o'clock and let the rest of the day be a kind of celebration over the fact that Port Houston had at last secured water deep enough to accommodate the Windom.

A number of the business houses, acting on the proclamation, closed their places of business and went down to the turning basin. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon a special train left the Grand Central Depot for the turning basin. It was literally loaded down with people, all anxious to get a glimpse of the wonderful ship channel and the Windom. A great many others went down in carriages and automobiles, so that in all there were perhaps several thousand people to see the boat which announces to the world that Houston has a deep water port.

The Windom is 170 feet in length and draws about 14 feet of water. There is now in the bayou about 18 feet of water, so the boat experienced no difficulty in ascending the channel.

LEGISLATURE TO DECIDE.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE PASSED IT UP TO STATE CONVENTION.

They Have Lots of Fight, and if Necessary They Will Carry the Warfare to the People.

San Antonio, Tex.—Whether or not the People of Texas will have an opportunity to vote upon the question of statewide prohibition will depend upon the legislature of Texas. That a demand for the submission of this question will be made by the Democratic party, no one doubts. Even the anti leaders admit this much. Their only hope is that they can modify the demand by some supplementary declaration which may relieve the party from the responsibility of whatever may occur thereafter. For example, it is understood that Col. Walter Gresham will offer a resolution declaring among other things that sumptuary legislation is against the genius of a free people. Just what the anti leaders expect to accomplish by such a resolution as this will hardly be apparent to the average man. This resolution of Mr. Gresham has not received the sanction of the anti caucus, and perhaps will not. Nevertheless it will be voted for by every delegate who is opposed to submission if he gets the opportunity.

Fatally Beaten With His Own Gun.

Bastrop, Tex.—Saturday night about 12 o'clock three negroes became involved in a difficulty, resulting in two being shot and one terribly beaten. The fight occurred about two miles below here on Mr. Billy Higgins' farm. Joe Gage, alias Joe Marbles, used a shotgun loaded with birdshot, shooting Cleve Rector and Otto Payne. The shot took effect in Rector's breast, and Payne was shot in the arm. These two, with the assistance of another negro, then disarmed Gage, and with his gun beat him into insensibility. He will probably die. The other negroes will get well.

Two Killed in Auto Accident.

Toledo, Ohio.—Father George Vanri and Charles V. Bohlmann, an importer, both of Cleveland, were instantly killed Saturday afternoon when a big touring car plunged down an embankment near Sylvania, five miles from Toledo.

Giant Pear.

La Marque, Tex.—Mr. H. J. Munson of La Marque brought in a pear grown by him on his farm at La Marque. The pear is of the Le Conte variety and measured 14 inches in circumference, 5 inches in diameter and weighs 1 1/2 pounds.

Rock Island, Tex.—Mr. D. B. Hayner, president of the Rock Island State Bank, was called to the bedside of his daughter in Des Moines, Iowa, who is very sick.

HARRINGTON RESIGNS.

PRESIDENCY OF A. AND M. COLLEGE CHANGED.

Milner is at Present Commissioner of Agriculture and Nominee to Succeed Himself.

Corpus Christi, Tex.—Col. R. T. Milner, at present secretary of agriculture, was Friday elected president of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, the directors all being present and having accepted the following resignation from President H. H. Harrington:

To the Honorable Board of Trustees of Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas: Gentlemen—Deeply sensible of the uniform courtesy and kindness with which you have treated me, I realize that my continuation as president of your college may serve in some degree as an embarrassment to you, I therefore tender to you my resignation, to take effect the 15th of September, or at such date as may suit your convenience. I desire to use this occasion to express my profound gratitude to those members of the faculty and other officers of the college who have given the institution their faithful support in the interest of discipline and justice. I wish particularly to express my lasting obligation to my friends among the alumni and ex-students who have so loyally stood by the college in support of its constituted authorities. Respectfully submitted, H. H. HARRINGTON.

In an interview Col. Milner wisely spoke of the weather and seemed content.

Prof. Harrington deeply regretted the conditions, but stated that out of his consideration for his friends, the directors, he resigned, realizing that it was an injustice to himself.

He will remain here until Sunday. Hatton W. Summers, attorney for the Agricultural and Mechanical alumni, who is here attending the Epworth encampment, when told by your representative of Col. Milner's appointment, said: "In my judgment there is not another man in Texas who is so well equipped for the presidency of this college as Col. Milner."

Harrington's Reason for Resigning.

San Antonio, Tex.—Dr. H. H. Harrington passed through San Antonio Saturday on his way home from Corpus Christi. Asked as to why he had resigned the presidency of the Agricultural and Mechanical College, he said: "I did not want the board to be embarrassed by the underhand secret fight which was being made upon me."

LOG TRAIN IN DEEP RAVINE.

Four Men Dead; Two Fatally Injured—Engine Struck Cow.

Livingston, Tex.—A terrible accident occurred on the logging road of the Livingston Lumber Company, near this place, Friday about noon. While the log train, consisting of an engine and caboose and eight cars of logs was running rapidly down a steep incline, a cow stepped on the track a short distance in front of the engine. In an instant the entire train plunged through a trestle into a deep ravine. Nine men, four white and five colored, were on the train, all riding on the engine and in the cab. Of this number four are now dead, two are fatally injured and two seriously, perhaps fatally, injured.

TOOK DRINK ON TRAIN.

Warren Bacon Arrested, Pleaded Guilty and Ignorance of the Law.

Houston, Tex.—Justice McDonald had the first case of his kind, so it is stated, of violation of the anti-drinking law on the train, before him Wednesday. The man was arrested by State Ranger White, pleaded guilty, also ignorance of the law, whereupon the minimum fine of \$10 was imposed. Being unable to pay, he was remanded to jail on account of default of payment. Warren Bacon was the man. He was arrested on the Houston East & West Texas Railway.

Hardy Well Engulfed Machinery.

Bay City, Tex.—One of the worst blowouts ever known in an oil field occurred at Hardy Friday. Well No. 9, when at a depth of 1,130 feet, encountered gas, which caused the derrick to topple, the earth sank and engulfed the derrick, engine and boiler, then blew them up into the air fifteen feet and then swallowed them up again completely. The well is still blowing oil, water, mud and rock into the air with a terrific roar.

Stabbed by a Woman.

Elgin, Tex.—Betty Morris, colored, became engaged in a difficulty with Napolian Barns, a colored man, yesterday evening. Barns was stabbed three times by the woman. The wounds are pronounced very painful, but not necessarily dangerous. The woman is still in jail.

BRYAN IS FORMALLY NOTIFIED

Democratic Leader Accepts Nomination.

PLEASED WITH PLATFORM

PROMISES IN THE FUTURE TO DEAL WITH THE PLANKS IN DETAIL.

Policies of the Republicans Come in for Bitter Criticism in the Speech of Acceptance—Declares Country Needs Change in Ruling Party—Publicity for Campaign Contributions, He Says, is Democratic Idea—Not a Foe to Wealth Honestly Acquired—If Elected, Promises Justice to All.

Lincoln, Neb.—William Jennings Bryan was formally notified of his nomination by the Democratic party for the presidency of the United States. Henry D. Clayton of Alabama was the spokesman of the notification committee. Mr. Bryan's speech of acceptance follows:

Mr. Clayton and Gentlemen of the Notification Committee: I can not accept the nomination which you officially tender, without first acknowledging my deep indebtedness to the Democratic party for the extraordinary honor which has been conferred upon me. Having twice before been a candidate for the presidency, in campaigns which ended in defeat, a third nomination, the result of the free and voluntary act of the voters of the party, can only be explained by a substantial and undisputed growth in the principles and policies for which I, with the assistance of others, have contended. As these principles and policies have given me whatever political strength I possess, the action of the convention not only renews my faith in them, but strengthens my attachment to them.

A Platform is Binding.
I shall, in the near future, prepare a more formal reply to your notification, and in that letter of acceptance, will deal with the platform in detail. It is sufficient, at this time, to assure you that I am in hearty accord with both the letter and the spirit of the platform. I intend it in whole and in part, and shall, I believe, regard its declarations as binding upon me. And, I may add, a platform is binding as to what it omits as well as to what it contains. According to the Democratic idea, the people think of themselves and elect officials to carry out their wishes. The voters are the masters; the officials are the servants. As the platform is binding, and as I have given my word, I shall, if elected, do my best to do it in the way the voters want it done. Platforms are made in harmony with this Democratic idea. A platform announces the party's position on questions which are at issue; and an official is not at liberty to use the authority vested in him to urge personal views which have not been submitted to the voters for their approval. If one is nominated upon a platform which is not satisfactory to him, he must, if candid, resign the nomination, or, in accepting it, propose an amended platform. The platform adopted by the convention, in the present situation, however, contains nothing which I disapprove, and I shall, if elected, do my best to carry out its provisions, and to the far-reaching purposes of our party, as that purpose is set forth in the platform.

Shall the People Rule?
The platform declares that the overwhelming issue which manifests itself in the questions now under discussion, "shall the people rule?" No matter what way we turn; no matter to what we address ourselves, the same question confronts us: Shall the people rule their own government, and use it for the protection of the people, and for the promotion of their welfare; or shall the representatives of predatory wealth prey upon a senseless public, while the offenders escape immunity from subversive officials whom they raise to power by unscrupulous methods? This is the issue which the "known abuses" to which I allude refers.

Mr. Taft indorses the indictment.
Mr. Taft says that these evils have been during the last ten years. He says that, during this time, some prominent and influential members of the community, spurred by financial success and in their hurry for greater wealth, became unmindful of the common rules of business honesty and fidelity; and that the limitations imposed by the nation's branches of trusts, the accumulation of vast fortunes by the violations of the anti-trust law, the accumulation of vast fortunes by a number of corporations, and the control of the railroads for the purpose of "under one management"—all these, he says, "quickened the conscience of the people and brought on a moral reformation."

Why No Railroad Legislation?
For ten years the Interstate Commerce Commission has been asking for an enlargement of its powers, that it might prevent rebates and discriminations, but a Republican senate and a Republican house of representatives were unmoved by its entreaties. In 1900 the Republican national convention was urged to endorse the demand for railway legislation, but its platform was silent on the subject. Even in 1904, the convention gave no pledge to remedy these abuses. When the president finally asked for legislation, he drew his inspiration from three Democratic national platforms and he received more cordial support from the Democrats than from the Republicans. The Republicans in the senate deliberately defeated several amendments offered by Senator LaFollette and supported by the Democrats—amendments embodying legislation asked by the Interstate Commerce Commission. One of these amendments authorized the ascertainment of the value of railroads. This amendment was not only defeated by the senate, but it was overwhelmingly rejected by the recent Republican national convention and the Republican candidate has sought to rescue his party from the disastrous results of this act by expressing himself, in a qualified way, in favor of ascertaining the value of the railroads.

have had intimation that Mr. Taft was ready to yield to the demands of the highly protected industries. And yet the voice of the manufacturers, who have for 25 years contributed to the Republican campaign fund, and who in return have framed the tariff schedules, has been sufficient to prevent tariff reform. As the present campaign approached, both the president and Mr. Taft declared in favor of tariff revision, but set the date of revision after the election. But the pressure brought to bear by the protected interests has been great enough to prevent any attempt at tariff reform before the election; and the reduction promised after the election is so hedged about with qualifying phrases, that no one can estimate with accuracy the sum total of tariff reform to be expected in case of Republican success. If the platform can be taken as a guide, the Republican party will be so obligated by campaign contributions from the beneficiaries of protection, as to make that party powerless to bring to the country any material relief from the present tariff burdens.

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Mr. Taft complains of the over-issue of stocks and bonds of railroads. "For the unlawful enriching of directors and for the purpose of concentrating the control of the railroads under one management," and the complaint is well founded. But, with a president bent upon the evil, and a Republican congress to correct it, we find nothing done for the protection of the public. Why? My honorable opponent has, by his confession, relieved me of the necessity of furnishing proof; he admits the condition and he can not avoid the logical conclusion that must be drawn from the admission.

Publicity as to Campaign Contributions.
An effort has been made to secure legislation requiring publicity as to campaign contributions and expenditures; but the Republican leaders, even in the face of an indignant public, refused to consent to a law which would compel honesty in elections. When the matter was brought up in the recent Republican national convention, the plank was repudiated by a vote of 320 to 94. Here, too, Mr. Taft has been driven to apologize for his convention and to declare himself in favor of a publicly law; and yet, if you will read what he says upon this subject, you will find that his promise falls far short of the requirements of the situation. He says:

"If I am elected president, I shall urge upon congress, with every hope of success, that a law be passed requiring the filing, in a federal office, of a statement of the contributions received by committees and candidates in elections for members of congress, and in such other elections as are constitutionally within the control of congress."
How can the people hope to rule, if they are not able to learn, under a stated election, what the predatory interests are doing? The Democratic party meets the issue honestly and courageously. It says:

"We pledge the Democratic party to the enactment of a law prohibiting any corporation from contributing to a campaign fund, and any individual from contributing an amount above a reasonable maximum, and providing for the publication, before election, of all such contributions above a reasonable minimum."
The Democratic national committee immediately proceeded to interpret and apply this plank, announcing that no contributions would be received from corporations, that no individual would be allowed to contribute more than \$10,000, and that all contributions above \$100 would be made public before the election—those received before October 15 to be made public on or before that day, those received afterward to be made public on the day when received, and no such contributions to be accepted within three days of the election. The expenditures are to be published after the election. Here is a plan which is complete and effective.

Popular Election of Senators.
Next to the corrupt use of money, the present method of electing United States senators is most responsible for the obstruction of reforms. For 100 years after the adoption of the constitution, the demand for the popular election of senators, while finding increased expression, did not become a dominant sentiment. A constitutional amendment had from time to time been suggested and the matter had been more or less discussed in a few of the states, but the movement had not reached a point where it manifested itself through congressional action. In the Fifty-second congress, however, a resolution was reported from a house committee proposing the necessary constitutional amendment, and this resolution passed the house of representatives by a vote which was practically unanimous. The subject was ignored by the Republican national convention in 1900; it was ignored in 1904 and the proposition was explicitly repudiated in 1908, for the recent Republican national convention, by a vote of 388 to 114, rejected the plank indorsing the popular election of senators—and this was done in the convention which nominated Mr. Taft, few delegates from his own state voting for the plank.

The Gateway to Other Reforms.
"Shall the people rule?" Every remedial measure of a national character must run the gauntlet of the senate. The president may personally incline toward a reform; the house may consent to it; but as long as the senate obstructs the reform, the people must wait. The president may head a popular demand; the house may yield to public opinion; but as long as the senate is defiant, the rule of the people is defeated. The Democratic platform very properly describes the popular election of senators as "the gateway to other national reforms."

way to other national reforms." Shall we open the gate, or shall we allow the exploiting interests to bar the way by the control of this branch of the federal legislature. Through a Democratic victory and through a Democratic victory only, can the people secure the popular election of senators. The smaller parties are unable to secure this reform; the Republican party, under its present leadership, is resolutely opposed to it; the Democratic party stands for it and has boldly demanded it. If I am elected to the presidency, those who are elected upon the ticket with me will be, like myself, pledged to this reform, and I shall convene congress in extraordinary session immediately after inauguration, and ask, among other things, for the fulfillment of this platform pledge.

House Rules Despotism.
The third instrumentality employed to defeat the will of the people is found in the rules of the house of representatives. Our platform points out that "the house of representatives was designed by the fathers of the constitution, to be the popular branch of our government, responsive to the public will," and adds:

"The house of representatives, as controlled in recent years by the Republican party, has ceased to be a deliberative and legislative body, responsive to the will of a majority of the members, but has come under the absolute domination of the speaker, who has entire control of its deliberations, and powers of legislation."
"We have observed with amazement the popular branch of our federal government helpless to obtain either the consideration or enactment of measures desired by a majority of its members."
This arraignment is fully justified.

Other Issues Will Be Discussed Later.
"Shall the people rule?" I repeat, is declared by our platform to be the overshadowing question, and as the campaign progresses, I shall take occasion to discuss this question as it manifests itself in other issues; for whether we consider the tariff question, the trust question, the railroad question, the banking question, the labor question, the question of imperialism, the development of our waterways, or any other of the numerous problems which press for solution, we shall find that the real question involved in each is, whether the government shall remain a mere business asset of favor seeking corporations or be an instrument in the hands of the people for the advancement of the common weal.

Democrats Have Earned Confidence.
If the voters are satisfied with the record of the Republican party and with its management of public affairs, we can not reasonably ask for a change in administration; if, however, the voters feel that the people, as a whole, have too little influence in shaping the policies of the government; if they feel that great combinations of capital have encroached upon the rights of the masses, and employed the instrumentalities of government to secure an unfair share of the total wealth produced, then we have a right to expect a verdict against the Republican party and in favor of the Democratic party; for our party has risked defeat—aye, suffered defeat—in its effort to arouse the conscience of the public and to bring about the very awakening to which Mr. Taft has referred.

Democratic Party Defends Honest Wealth.
We may expect those who have committed larceny by law and purchased immunity with their political influence, to attempt to raise false issues, and to employ "the liver of heaven" to conceal their evil purposes, but they can no longer do so. The Democratic party is not the enemy of any legitimate industry or of honest accumulations. It is, on the contrary, a friend of industry and the steadfast protector of that wealth which represents a service to society. The Democratic party does not seek to annihilate all corporations; it simply asserts that as the government creates corporations, it must retain the power to regulate and to control them, and that it should not permit any corporation to convert itself into a monopoly. Surely we should have the co-operation of all legitimate corporations in our effort to protect business and industry from the odium which lawless combinations of capital will undoubtedly cast upon them. Only by the separation of the good from the bad can the good be made secure.

Not Revolution But Reformation.
The Democratic party seeks not revolution but reformation, and I need hardly remind the student of history that the best reforms are mildest when applied at once; that remedies increase in severity as their application is postponed. Blood poisoning may be stopped by the loss of a finger to-day; it may cost an arm to-morrow or a life the next day. So poison in the body politic can not be removed too soon, for the evils produced by it increase with the lapse of time. That there are abuses which need to be remedied, even the Republican candidate admits; that his party is unable to remedy them, has been fully demonstrated during the last ten years. I have such confidence in the intelligence as well as the patriotism of the people, that I can not doubt their readiness to accept the reasonable reforms which our party proposes, rather than permit the continued growth of existing abuses to hurry the country on to remedies more radical and more drastic.

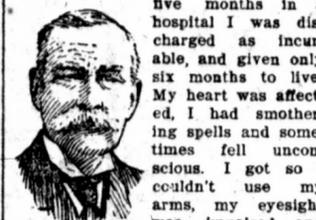
The Divine Law of Rewards.
There is a Divine law of rewards. When the Creator gave us the earth, with its fruitful soil, the sunshine, its warmth, and the rains with their moisture, he proclaimed, as clearly as if his voice had thundered from the clouds: "Go work, and according to your industry and your intelligence, so shall be your reward." Only where might has overthrown, cunning undermined, and government suspended this law, has a different law prevailed. To conform the government to this law ought to be the ambition of the statesman; and no party can have a higher mission than to make it a reality wherever governments can legitimately operate.

Justice to All.
Recognizing that I am indebted for my nomination to the rank and file of our party, and that my election must come, if it comes at all, from the unpurchased and unpurchasable suffrages of the American people, I promise, if intrusted with the responsibilities of this high office, to consecrate whatever ability I have to the one purpose of making this, in fact, a government in which the people rule—a government in which will do justice to all, and offer to every one the highest possible stimulus to great and persistent effort, by assuring to each the enjoyment of his just share of the proceeds of his toil, no matter in what part of the vineyard he labors, or to what occupation, profession or calling he devotes himself.

FIVE MONTHS IN HOSPITAL.

Discharged Because Doctors Could Not Cure.

Levi P. Brockway, S. Second Ave., Anoka, Minn., says: "After lying for five months in a hospital I was discharged as incurable, and given only six months to live. My heart was affected, I had smothering spells and sometimes fell unconscious. I got so I couldn't use my arms, my eyesight was impaired and the kidney secretions were badly disordered. I was completely worn out and discouraged when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills, but they went right to the cause of the trouble and did their work well. I have been feeling well ever since."



Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

BEGINNING EARLY.



"I have already promised ten cousins to marry them. I can see I shall never get through all my divorces."

Beyond Expression.
G. W. Farlowe, East Florence, Ala., writes: "For nearly seven years I was afflicted with a form of skin disease which caused an almost unbearable itching. I could neither work, rest or sleep in peace. Nothing gave me permanent relief until I tried Hunt's Cure. One application relieved me; one box cured me, and though a year has passed, I have stayed cured. I am grateful beyond expression."
Hunt's Cure is a guaranteed remedy for all itching diseases of the skin. Price 50c.

Astonished Great Pianist.
A collection of anecdotes of musical celebrities just published at Leipzig contains this one under the head of Anton Rubinstein. When the great pianist was making his tour of the United States he sat one day in a railroad train looking out upon the scenery. Suddenly a man sitting across the aisle spat over Rubinstein's head out of the open window. The master drew back and gazed in astonishment and anger at the vulgar American, who smiled and said, soothingly: "Don't worry; I know my distance."

Have You Chills?
It cured your Pa and also your Ma of chills in the long ago, and it will cure you now. It has been tested by time and its merits have been proven. We guarantee one bottle to cure any one case of Chills. If it fails your money is cheerfully refunded—and its name is Cheatham's Chill Tonic.

High Art in Ellenville.
"An' you say it took that artist two months to paint this little picture?"
"Shore did!"
"Well, all I've got to say is, he's too slow for this settlement. I could 'a' painted two houses an' four barns in that time, an' not half tried."—At Jasta Constitution.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Williams* in Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Hopeless.
"Mr. and Mrs. Splasher seem to get on very badly."
"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne. "It's one of those hopeless cases where a man thinks he knows all about horse races and a woman thinks she knows all about bridge."

The Manner of an Expert.
"I guess my father must have been a pretty bad boy," said one youngster.
"Why?" inquired the other.
"Because he knows exactly what questions to ask when he wants to know what I have been doing."

John R. Dickey's old reliable eye water cures sore eyes or granulated lids. Don't hurt, feels good; get the genuine in red box.

The most important of all is the education of the will.—F. W. Farrar.

Do You Itch?
If so, you know the sensation is not an agreeable one, and hard to cure unless the proper remedy is used. Hunt's Cure is the King of all Skin remedies. It cures promptly any itching trouble known. No matter the name or place. One application relieves—one box is absolutely guaranteed to cure.

An Applied Text.
"The wind bloweth where it listeth," remarked the spectator at the filling of a balloon on a breezy day.
"I know it does," responded the aeronaut gloomily, "and it generally bloweth where it listeth my balloon."

TO DRIVE OUT MALARIA AND BUILD UP THE SYSTEM.
Take the Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELINESS CHILL TONIC. You know what you are taking. The formula is plainly printed on every bottle, showing it is simply Quinine and Iron in a tasteless form, and the most effective form. For grown people and children, 50c.

Happy Man.
Mrs. Henpeck—Her husband simply won't listen to her!
Henpeck—How on earth does the lucky fellow manage it—Stray Stories.

Capudine Cures Indigestion Pains.
Sour stomach and heartburn no matter from what cause. Gives immediate relief. Prescribed by physicians because it is pure and effective. Trial bottle 10c. Regular size 25c and 50c at all druggists.

So therefore shalt thou flee envy if thou makest no show, if thou boast not of thy fortunes, if thou knowest how to enjoy thyself.—Seneca.

Your Druggist Will Tell You
That Murine Eye Remedy Cures Eyes, Makes Weak Eyes Strong, Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain and Sells for 50c.

A little learning and a little widow are dangerous things.

THE COME AND SEE SIGN



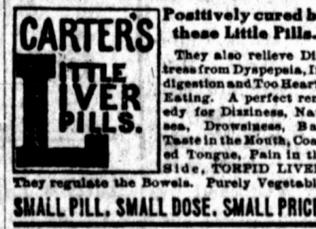
This sign is permanently attached to the front of the main building of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

What Does This Sign Mean?
It means that public inspection of the Laboratory and methods of doing business is honestly desired. It means that there is nothing about the business which is not "open and above-board."

It means that a permanent invitation is extended to anyone to come and verify any and all statements made in the advertisements of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Is it a purely vegetable compound made from roots and herbs—without drugs?
Come and See.
Do the women of America continually use as much of it as we are told?
Come and See.
Was there ever such a person as Lydia E. Pinkham, and is there any Mrs. Pinkham now to whom sick women are asked to write?
Come and See.
Is the vast private correspondence with sick women conducted by women only, and are the letters kept strictly confidential?
Come and See.
Have they really got letters from over one million, one hundred thousand women correspondents?
Come and See.
Have they proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured thousands of these women?
Come and See.

This advertisement is only for doubters. The great army of women who know from their own personal experience that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female ills will still go on using and being benefited by it; but the poor doubting, suffering woman must, for her own sake, be taught confidence, for she also might just as well regain her health.

SICK HEADACHE



CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.



TRYING TO CONCEAL THE MERIT
of our fine hats would be impossible, because there is too much merit to be concealed.

Moore & Smith

Local Items.

Get the habit of bathing.
Bathe at Friend's barber shop.
Fancy hosiery, 1000 dozen pairs, at John Millar's.
Take a bath at Friend's. It will help your feelings.
Crockett was well represented at the seashore Sunday.
Hot water at all times for bath or shave at Friend's.
Duck for cotton sacks—low prices—at the Big Store.
For gentlemen's fancy hosiery at a bargain see John Millar.
Old newspapers for sale at this office at 25 cents per hundred.
Jas. S. Shivers & Co. want beeswax. Highest prices paid.
The fine horse belonging to B. L. Satterwhite & Co. died Monday morning.
Eugene Saunders left Tuesday evening for his home in Richmond, Va.
A smiling face and a Shupak suit go hand in hand. Had you noticed it?
High grade hosiery, 50 and 75 cent quality, three pairs for \$1.00 at John Millar's.
Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Carter of Kennard Mills are guests of Mrs. W. C. Lipscomb.
Use a Brown wagon, the best to haul the crop off with. Jas. S. Shivers & Co. sell them.
Frank Shupak has returned from New York, where he took a special course in tailoring.
M. E. Barrier, living south of town, is among those remembering the Courier this week.
W. I. and D. C. Kennedy of Crockett and Jeff Kennedy of Lovelady are in St. Louis.
Mr. W. L. Driskill of Holly was in Crockett Monday and paid the Courier a pleasant visit.
James Asa Smith of Cravens, La., is spending the week with Crockett relatives and friends.
Mrs. Flora Pearson, whose home is in Arkansas, is visiting at the home of R. F. Hall, near Belott.
Jas. S. Shivers & Co. sell leather goods, harness, bridles, strap goods, at lowest prices for good goods.
Go into the thing to win or don't go in at all. Halfway methods can't accomplish even halfway results.
John LeGory returned Thursday from Mineral Wells. Mrs. LeGory will not return until cool weather.
Cook stoves, "Darling" and "Buck's," best cookers made. Low prices. Sold only in Crockett by Jas. S. Shivers & Co.
John Millar has all the latest styles in gentlemen's fancy hosiery—50 and 75 cent quality, three pairs for \$1.00.

Miss Essie Kennedy left last week for Doyle, Tennessee, where she will have charge of the music department of a college.

Low prices on balance of our summer stock, to make room for our immense fall stock.
Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

When you wear our clothes and go away from home you will not be ashamed of your dress. Were you?
Shupak Tailoring Co.

Farmers, our bagging and ties cost \$1.50 less than you get for them. How is that for a profit?
Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

If you have unsurpassed success, in making business grow; Don't hesitate to tell your trade; That's what they want to know.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. West of Reynard were in Crockett the latter part of last week and went on the excursion to Galveston Saturday.

Our clothes are correctly tailored after the manner adopted by the best and most conservative dressers. Is it not a fact?
Shupak Tailoring Co.

We keep in close touch with the latest styles in gentlemen's clothing and therefore keep in touch with the desires of all good dressers.
Shupak Tailoring Co.

Mrs. J. A. McConnell, Mrs. Dan McConnell, Mrs. A. A. Aldrich, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Madden and Tom and Miss Oryx Moore are a party of Crockett people at Mineral Wells.

Judge A. A. Aldrich, Hon. C. C. Stokes, J. H. Painter and J. W. Young attended the state democratic convention at San Antonio this week as delegates from Houston county.

Representative Wanted.

We want a representative to handle Ford automobiles in Crockett and vicinity. Live hustler, with or without previous experience, can easily clear \$2000.00 in season. Write with references at once. Ford Motor Company, Dept. H, Detroit, Michigan.

The Laziest Man in the World

would not be contented to be kept in the house and doing nothing by rheumatism. Neither are you, who are always busy and active. Then don't neglect the first twinge of an ache or pain that you might think is just a "crick." Rub well with Ballard's Snow Liniment, and no matter what the trouble is, it will disappear at once. Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

Jas. S. Shivers & Co.

The Brown Wagon is the Best Made

Runs Lighter Carries More Lasts Longer

Bring Your Next Prescription to Us

We have the most complete stock of pure drugs, toilet articles, etc., kept in the city.

AT
McLEAN'S Drug Store

In order to give my customers the best service I have employed a real, first-class barber. Be liberal with your patronage and thereby insure the retainment of a good barber.
J. D. Friend.

The telephone office was moved the first of the week into the upstairs of the J. S. Cook new building, specially arranged for that office. The operating force now have one of the best equipped and conveniently arranged apartments in the state.

Modern Pianoforte Lessons at Music Room on Public School Campus.

Thorough foundation and advanced work according to Wm. Mason's principles, finishing with artistic piano playing according to the principles of Rafael Joseffy.

Also thorough work in theory and harmony from the following authors: Morris, Killough, Skinner and Clarke.

Terms: Four lessons of one period each per week, \$1.00.

Mrs. Lewis Meriwether, Crockett, Texas.

Many Crockett people took advantage of the excursion rates to Galveston Saturday. Some went for bathing and others for sight-seeing. It is strange that some people will travel all the way to Galveston and back without going in the surf, but there are some who do. Surf bathing at Galveston is considered the finest in the world. The editor of the Courier went down Saturday and took his bath voluntarily and incidentally greeted his friends from over the state, of whom there are at least ten thousand, all of whom had no doubt journeyed all the way to Galveston to be present at this rare event.

Chronic Diarrhoea Relieved

Mr. Edward E. Henry, with the United States Express Co., Chicago, writes, "Our general superintendent, Mr. Quick, handed me a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy some time ago to check an attack of the old chronic diarrhoea. I have used it since that time and cured many on our trains who have been sick. I am an old soldier who served with Rutherford B. Hayes and William McKinley four years in the 23rd Ohio Regiment, and have no ailment except chronic diarrhoea, which this remedy stops at once." For sale by Murchison & Beasley.

A Faithful Friend

"I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy since it was first introduced to the public in 1872, and have never found one instance where a cure was not speedily effected by its use. I have been a commercial traveler for eighteen years, and never start out on a trip without this, my faithful friend," says S. H. Nichols of Oakland, Ind. Ter. When a man has used a remedy for thirty-five years he knows its value and is competent to speak for it. For sale by Murchison & Beasley.

Active at 87

This would not be unusual news if men and women would keep themselves free from rheumatism and all aches and pains as well as keeping their muscles and joints limber with Ballard's Snow Liniment. Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

Money to Loan.

We make a specialty of loans on land and to farmers. We buy vendors lien notes and any other good paper. If you want to borrow money you will DO WELL to call and get our terms before placing your loan. We buy and sell real estate.

WARFIELD BROTHERS,

Office North Side Public Square, Crockett, Texas

Senatorial Convention.

Lufkin, Texas, Aug. 10, 1908.
By authority vested in me as chairman of this the 13th senatorial district, I hereby call a meeting of the democratic senatorial convention, at Lufkin, on August 22, 1908, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for the state senate for this district, and to transact all such other business as may properly come before said convention.

W. J. Townsend, Jr.,
Democratic Executive Committeeman, 13th Senatorial District of Texas.

Letter to S. E. Jensen,

Crockett, Texas.

Dear Sir: Tell the owner: "I paint Devoe, nothing else, unless you want me to paint something else: I'll paint whatever you like; it's your house, not mine; your job, not mine: It's mine, if I do it my way; it's yours, if I do it your way."

"It will cost you less, Devoe; less gallons to buy and brush-on; less money for paint, less money for wages; a gallon put-on is about \$5; Devoe will cost less by a tenth to a half, according to what you compare it with; and wears better, how much better depends on what you compare it with—it may be a year, it may be ten."

"It's my business to know how to paint as well as to paint; and I do. You can see my jobs by the dozen."

That's straight talk. The man who can talk like that with a steady eye, will have plenty of business; good business too; and men will stand by him.

Yours truly

F. W. Devoe & Co
P. S. Murchison & Beasley sell our paint.

Summer Normal Closed.

The Houston County Summer Normal, after eight weeks of very successful work, was closed July 25th. The following week was taken up in examinations for teachers' certificates.

The attendance was exceptionally good, the enrollment seventy-six, and at roll call it was seldom that any considerable number was found absent or late. There was manifested unusual fidelity to the work in hand and we feel certain that much good will result to the teachers, and if so the schools must receive great benefit.

A report given by the teachers shows the average expense for the full term to be \$43.86, which will give a total expense of \$3000. If we had the expenses of other

Who's Your Druggist?

We would like to be. We promise you best service and best goods.

MURCHISON & BEASLEY.

teachers of Houston county who have gone to Huntsville, Austin, Denver and other places to more thoroughly equip themselves for their work in the schoolroom, the sum total of all the expenses would serve as a fairly good indication of what teachers will do toward self-improvement under proper stimuli.

The one week devoted to teachers' institute work is productive of good in many ways. School work in the various districts and communities is compared; conditions that tend towards failure, as well as such as make for success, are noted and commented on; model lessons in most of the subjects are given and the principles involved in true teaching are illustrated and discussed. All such work must make more efficient each teacher engaged in the exercises and their pupils become the final beneficiaries. But such work also tends to bring teachers together for mutual benefit in the summer school. If we go into any part of the state where schools are really efficient we will there find the patrons and school officials ready to encourage their teachers in every effort to promote institute and summer normal work. Contrast such schools with those in communities whose officials are narrow and parsimonious and you will see in the first, life and growth, in the other, stagnation and death.
R. R. Sebring.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Plenty of Them in Texas and Good Reason for It.

Wouldn't any woman be happy, After years of backache suffering, Days of misery, nights of unrest,

The distress of urinary troubles, She finds relief and cure! No reason why any Texas reader

Should suffer in the face of such evidence as this:

Mrs. J. A. Beck, of Austin, Texas, employed at the Asylum for the Blind, and living at 1605 Sabine Street, says: "In April, 1902, while living at 1709 East Avenue, I gave a testimonial concerning Doan's Kidney Pills, after I had secured a supply. The cure they performed has been permanent in every particular and I have told a great many sufferers from backache and kidney ailments to give them a trial if they wished to get permanent relief. You are at liberty to continue the use of my name as one who endorses all the claims made for Doan's Kidney Pills."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.
Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Eczema

For the good of those suffering with eczema or other such trouble, I wish to say, my wife had something of that kind and after using the doctor's remedies for some time concluded to try Chamberlain's Salve, and it proved to be better than anything she had tried. For sale by Murchison & Beasley.

Baby Morphine Feeds

are made by all soothing syrups and baby medicines that contain opium and narcotics. McGee's Baby Elixir contains no injurious or narcotic drugs of any kind. A sure and safe cure for disordered stomachs, bowels and fretfulness—splendid for teething infants. Sold by Murchison & Beasley.

The Crockett Courier

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

Obituaries, resolutions, cards of thanks and other matter not "news" will be charged for at the rate of 5c per line. Parties ordering advertising or printing for societies, churches, committees or organizations of any kind will, in all cases, be held personally responsible for the payment of the bill.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

The following are the nominees of the democratic primary held July 25th:

- For Governor
Thomas M. Campbell
- For Lieutenant Governor
A. B. Davidson
- For Attorney-General
R. V. Davidson
- For Comptroller
J. W. Stephens
- For Commissioner of the General Land Office
J. T. Robison
- For State Treasurer
Sam Sparks
- For Railroad Commissioner
O. B. Colquit
- For State Superintendent of Public Instruction
R. B. Cousins
- For Commissioner of Agriculture
E. T. Milner
- For Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals—Full Term
W. L. Davidson
- For Judge of the Court of Criminal Appeals—Unexpired Term
W. F. Ramsey
- For Associate Justice of the Supreme Court
F. A. Williams
- For Chief Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals, 1st District
R. A. Pleasant
- For Associate Justice of the Court of Civil Appeals, 1st District
S. A. McMeans
- For Congress, 7th District
A. W. Gregg
- For State Senator
C. C. Stokes
- For District Judge
B. H. Gardner
- For District Attorney
Tom J. Harris
- For Representative
J. R. Luce
- For District Clerk
Joe Brown Stanton
- For County Judge
E. Winfree
- For County Superintendent Public Instruction
J. E. Mangum
- For County Clerk
Nat E. Allbright
- For Sheriff
John C. Lacy
- For Tax Collector
A. L. (Gus) Goolsby
- For County Treasurer
William Bayne
- For County Attorney
Earl Adams, Jr.
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 2
G. R. Murchison
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 3
J. A. Harrelson
- For Commissioner Precinct No. 4
John M. Creasy
- For Justice Peace, Precinct No. 1
E. M. Callier
- For Constable, Precinct No. 1
R. J. (Bob) Spence

In the appointment of Hon. R. T. Milner to the presidency of the A. & M. college, the board of managers made a wise selection and one that will reflect credit on themselves and the institution. The editor of the Courier has had a personal acquaintance with Mr. Milner running back for twenty years and he feels no hesitancy in saying that a man better endowed and equipped for the position could not have been found throughout the broad state of Texas. He is a trained educator, an experienced journalist, a broad statesman and a polished gentleman. As teacher, journalist, as county and state official, he has always been in close touch with the needs of the great mass of our people, and his sympathies have especially been with the young

men and rising generation of the state. As a law-maker he stood without a peer in the state legislative halls. As commissioner of insurance and later as commissioner of agriculture his abilities met with such recognition that of all men in the state he was believed by the board to be the best man for the presidency of the great A. & M. college of Texas.

The Register trusts that the first bill the Hon. Wm. M. Schofield from this county will introduce will be one to the effect that no barbecue, church festival or any other species of hold up shall be imposed on candidates, and that the Terrell election law be further amended, so that the counties shall defray the expenses of holding primary and all other elections. There is no reason or sense why candidates should have to pay for holding primary elections. Only county officers are taxed for this purpose, and the higher officers go in free. To make the counties do this would equalize the expenses. This is about one of the first things the legislature should do when it convenes.—Lockhart Register.

The Courier hopes to see that Confederate memorial hall proposition inaugurated and put through to a successful termination by the United Daughters of the Confederacy of our city and county. Such a hall as they propose would be of incalculable good to Crockett and Houston county. There is no denying that Crockett stands in need of such a building as is proposed by these ladies and the Courier has long ago advocated a rest room for the ladies of the surrounding country who come to Crockett to do their shopping. A public library is one of the necessities of a town of Crockett's size and Crockett has outgrown its opera house, built many years ago. Let's have just such a building as is advocated by the Daughters of the Confederacy.

A HIGH TESTIMONIAL.

United States Senator Davis of Illinois has the following to say in regard to the local newspaper: "Every year every newspaper gives from 500 to 5000 lines free for the benefit of the community in which it is located. No other agency can or will do this. The editor, in proportion to his means, does more for his own town than any other man. He ought to be supported, not because you like him, or admire his writing, but because a local newspaper is the best investment a community can make. It may not be crowded with great thoughts, but financially it is of more benefit than both the teacher and preacher. Patronize your home paper not as a charity, but as an investment."

SURVEY WILL BE MADE.

Line for Texas Southeastern Will Be Run from Kennard to Crockett.

It is now almost an assured fact that Crockett will get the Texas Southeastern railroad. There is only a small amount lacking on the subscription donation and it is believed by those having the subscriptions in hand that the full amount will soon be raised. There are several who have not yet subscribed and several who have not subscribed as liberally as they should and it is believed that when these come through with their donations and other amounts that are in sight are secured that the \$25,000 will be forthcoming. The committee believes there will be no trouble in securing the right-of-way. Already there have

been many expressions of a willingness to donate the right-of-way by land-owners. It is conceded by all that land values increase with the building of railroads and especially is this so when the lands lie contiguous to the railroad. Lands lying contiguous to a railroad are much more sought after than lands lying in sections remote from a railroad. For these and other reasons no trouble is anticipated by the committee in securing the right-of-way.

Mr. J. A. Mitchell of Diboll, civil engineer for the Texas Southeastern railroad, was in Crockett this week. Mr. Mitchell said that he would begin the survey for the new railroad between the 1st and the 15th of September. After the survey is completed actual construction will begin. The road will be completed within eighteen months and trains in operation between Crockett and Lufkin via Kennard.

While the statement is not authoritative, it is believed that a passenger train will be operated out of Crockett every morning, taking dinner at Lufkin and returning to Crockett in the afternoon and spending the night here. This belief is based on the fact that the Eastern Texas now has a train leaving Lufkin every morning for Kennard and returning to Lufkin in the afternoon. The Texas Southeastern would likely leave Lufkin in the afternoon and return in the morning, thus running in the opposite direction to the Eastern Texas and giving Kennard two passenger trains a day. Such an arrangement would bring the train crews to Crockett to live and that in itself would be of some financial aid to the town. Let's all help push the new railroad.

AUTO GOES INTO BEACH HOLE.

Thomas Scott and Party Strike the Quicksands.

Galveston, Texas, August 10.—Late Sunday evening a large touring car owned and driven by Thomas Scott of this city, while driving on the beach near Fort Crockett, ran into and was sunk in a pool of quicksand caused by the overflow pipe of the North American Dredging company when it was filling the area around the government forts. The accident happened between 8 and 9 o'clock, and the machine as soon as it struck the hole, which proved to be about 10 feet deep, came to a sudden stop and rapidly began to disappear from view. The passengers were unable to get out, and after about fifteen minutes of waiting they were rescued from their predicament by a party of men in a buggy.

Throughout the night a force of men attempted to extricate the machine, but the effort was not successful until the services of a housemover, with the assistance of a 200-foot steel cable and a power winch, was secured, when it was dragged from the hole into which it had fallen.

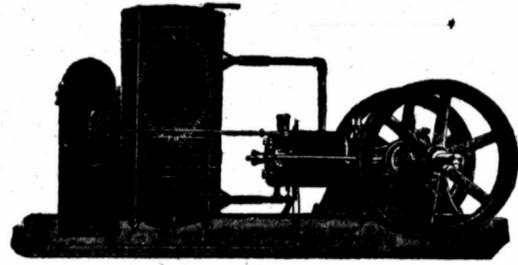
Since the filling of the government property this place where the overflow pipe was carried across the sea wall has been watched and guarded at night with red lights. The officials of the company claim that the men were on duty when the accident occurred, but that the driver of the auto disregarded the danger signals and ran around the red lights into the hole.

Foley's Kidney Remedy will cure any case of kidney or bladder trouble that is not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more. McLean's Drug Store.

THE POWER WE WANT

Always Ready
Always Reliable

Never Fails
No Repairs



The New Gasoline Engine

From 2 to 35 Horse Power.

Best and Cheapest Power for Gins, Sawmills, Grist and Feed Mills, Woodsaws, Family and Village Electric Light Plants.

JOHN B. SMITH, AGENT,
CROCKETT, TEXAS

Anti-Bailey Men Are Not Wanted.

San Antonio, Texas, August 10.—Notwithstanding Senator Bailey is supposed to be opposed to state prohibition the submissionists are so loyal to his cause that they are apparently unwilling to put any man in place of honor, although he be a prohibitionist, who was opposed to the senator. Tonight in their caucus, there was a storm of protest not to say indignation, when the advisory committee recommended that Hon. R. W. Hall of Vernon be suggested to the convention for the chairman of the state executive committee. Mr. Hall is a loyal prohibitionist. As to that there is no question, but in the recent campaign he was opposed to Senator Bailey, and that seemed to be sufficient reason in the opinion of a large number of prohibitionists who attended the caucus tonight why he should

not be chairman of the executive committee. All went smoothly until the name of Mr. Hall was read.

A Boon to Elderly People

Most elderly people have some kidney or bladder disorder that is both painful and dangerous. Foley's Kidney Remedy has proven a boon to many elderly people as it stimulates the urinary organs, corrects irregularities and tones up the whole system. Commence taking Foley's Kidney Remedy at once and be vigorous. McLean's Drug Store.

How to Avoid Appendicitis

Most victims of appendicitis are those who are habitually constipated. Foley's Orino Laxative cures chronic constipation by stimulating the liver and bowels and restores the natural action of the bowels. Foley's Orino Laxative does not nauseate or gripe and is mild and pleasant to take. Refuse substitutes. McLean's Drug Store.

Huntsville Pianoforte School

Thorough foundation work, and complete course for graduation.
Faeltzen System for beginners.
Church-Parsons Kindergarten course.
Special course for teachers and Normal department.
Expenses for the year, \$200 to \$250.

MISS HARRIET F. SMITH
HUNTSVILLE, TEXAS

Railroad Ties Wanted

I have secured the contract from Burkitt & Barnes to supply the railroad company with all its ties to be placed on the right-of-way from Elkhart to Paso. Will pay 34 cents for first-class ties and 15 cents for culls. Inspection every thirty days and payment soon after.

Lewis Davis

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