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VOL. XV.

CROCKETT, TEXAS, JULY 28, 1904.

NO. 27.

Dan G. Kennedy Says:

This is the dull season of the year

From now till September we do not expect to "set the world on fire," or make any "head end collisions" in the rush of business, but will still "keep shop" and have plenty of summer goods yet to close out. Now, if you need any more goods this summer for your own use personally to wear—we were going to say, that as we needed the room and the money for them to use about our fall and winter stuff, that if you would come around we might make a trade that would be mutually beneficial to us both, and if not, "no harm done"—we will still be good friends—see? So don't forget us when you do need something.

Yours truly,

YELLOW FRONT & RACKET STORES,
DAN J. KENNEDY, Proprietor.

County Democratic Convention.

County Democratic Convention was called to order this July 23rd A. D. 1904, at 10 a. m., by J. W. Hail, Chairman.

Mr. Hail stated object of convention was to first select delegates to senatorial, judicial and congressional conventions, and then take a recess until 2 p. m. A committee consisting of E. Adams, Sr., G. M. Waller, J. M. Crook, A. A. Aldrich and J. N. Tyer was appointed to select delegates to said conventions, who, after retiring, returned with report which was adopted as follows: Delegates to congressional convention: J. E. Downes, J. W. Hail, A. E. Gossett, W. B. Wall, J. N. Tyer and Charley Turner.

Delegates to judicial convention of the third judicial district: A. A. Aldrich, D. A. Nunn, Jr., Joe Adams, Geo. W. Crook, Earle Adams, Jr., and Porter Newman.

Delegates to 1st supreme judicial convention: J. W. Hail, J. E. Downes and Earle Adams, Sr.

Delegates to senatorial convention: Earle Adams, Sr., J. W. Young, Geo. W. Crook, Dr. E. B. Stokes, H. J. Phillips, John LeGory, Ned Wellborn, G. M. Waller, J. M. Crook, T. P. Vaughn, Mose Bromberg.

On motion the convention took a recess until 2 o'clock p. m. At 2 p. m. the convention was called to order by the chairman, and the roll was called by precincts, which showed nearly all the precincts represented. A motion was made to adjourn for 30 minutes to give some of the delegates time to get in on train, at the end of said time convention was again called to order and on motion duly carried the chair appointed a committee on credentials and permanent organization, consisting of one delegate from each voting box, who after conferring made report giving the names of the delegates, and the report was duly adopted.

Motion made and carried that chair appoint a committee of one from each voting box to select delegates to the State convention and while said committee was out a motion was made and carried, instructing the delegates from this county to the State convention to cast the vote of Houston county for the following officers who carried Houston county by a majority

or plurality vote: For U. S. Senator, C. A. Culberson; Governor, S. W. T. Lanham; Lieut. Governor, Geo. D. Neal; Comptroller, J. W. Stephens; Treasurer, John W. Robbins; Com. Gen'l Land Office, J. J. Terrell; Attorney General, R. V. Davidson; Superintendent Public Instruction, R. B. Cousins; Railroad Commissioner, Allison Mayfield; Associate Justice Supreme Court, T. J. Brown; Judge Court Criminal Appeals, M. M. Brooks.

The county candidates receiving the majority or plurality vote of the county were declared nominated to the respective offices, and the chairman was instructed to have their names placed on the ticket at the general election.

Committee to select delegates to State convention made report which was adopted as follows:

We, your committee to select delegates to the State convention, recommend the following: H. H. Folk, C. C. Stokes, John LeGory, J. E. Downes, J. W. Madden, W. F. Murchison, J. E. Hollingsworth, Frank Faris, W. B. Collins, J. R. Mainer, F. C. Woodard, S. J. Collins, K. D. Lawrence, J. D. Freeman, W. T. Bruton, Porter Newman, D. A. Nunn, Jr., M. Bromberg, J. M. Crook, Geo. W. Crook, J. G. Matlock, J. F. Downes, C. W. Kennedy, James McLean, J. B. Alexander, J. M. Lovell, J. H. Beazley, H. W. Huff, Gail Clinton, R. S. Pridgen, I. A. Daniel, G. M. Waller, E. B. Hail, W. B. Wall, F. H. Bayne, J. E. Monk, A. A. Aldrich, G. R. Murchison, Frank Daniel, Earle Adams, Sr., D. A. Nunn, Sr., Earle Adams, Jr., H. J. Arledge, W. V. Berry, B. F. Chamberlain, J. W. Hail, A. H. Wootters, G. B. Lundy, T. H. Phipps, N. B. Barbee, W. A. Atterberry, A. McTavish, J. S. Newman, Lipscomb Sherman, E. E. Barlow, E. M. Callier, M. D. Murchison, W. B. Taylor, C. L. Edmiston, F. G. Edmiston, E. C. Parker, John Spence, S. S. Elliott, J. E. Bynum, A. W. Phillips, J. J. Cooper, H. J. Phillips, A. LeGory, A. B. Mulligan, I. V. Goodrum, Mike McCarty, T. A. Fuller, Jno. A. McConnell, P. P. Carter, Dr. S. T. Beasley, John I. Moore, Calvia Bay, Geo. E. Darsy, Pat Barry, Newt. Green, W. E. Drew, Jim Asa Smith, Geo.

W. Mobley, W. W. Davis, W. P. Kyle, R. S. Willis, J. R. Harston, H. A. Rice, Dr. J. B. Smith, J. S. Shivers, Dr. E. B. Stokes, Dr. J. S. Wootters, Henry Holcomb, B. H. Gardner, W. W. Gainey, J. W. Young, Jno. R. Sheridan, J. N. Tyer, H. F. Craddock, J. C. Lacy, Allen Newton, Jim Brown, Jno. F. Baker, Prof. L. G. Sumrall, G. H. Bayne, W. T. Pridgen, R. R. Harvin, G. M. T. Caton, H. M. Barbee, W. B. Page.

On motion J. W. Hail was elected permanent chairman and Geo. W. Crook secretary when the report of the committee on credentials was received, and J. W. Hail was elected chairman of the executive committee of the county for the next two years.

Resolution offered by Dr. Beasley was adopted as follows: Moved that this county convention request and urge every democrat in the county to go to the polls in November, thereby presenting a solid front to all opposition as well as swell the majority of Texas, the banner Democratic State of the Union, for Parker and Davis, the candidates of a united democracy.

A motion was made and duly carried that the delegates to the State convention be instructed to vote as a unit on all questions coming before the convention.

Nothing further appearing, the convention adjourned.

J. W. HAIL, Chairman.
GEO. W. CROOK, Sec'y.

Safeguard the Children.

Notwithstanding all that is done by boards of health and charitably inclined persons, the death rate among small children is very high during the hot weather of the summer months in the large cities. There is not probably one case of bowel complaint in a hundred, however, that could not be cured by the timely use of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Accept No Substitute.

There is nothing just as good for Malaria, Chills and Fever as Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure. Take it as a general tonic and at all times in place of quinine. If it fails to give satisfaction mail the front of the carton to J. C. Mendenhall, Evansville, Ind., and get your money back. Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.

A STRIKING CONTRAST

Presented by Two Cotton Stalks Exhibited at Cotton Exchange.

Two stalks of cotton, exhibited at the Houston Cotton Exchange yesterday, furnished a striking example of the good that may be accomplished by gathering and burning squares and forms which have fallen to the ground by reason of punctures received from the boll weevils.

The two stalks presented a contrast. Both were about the same size, standing over four feet from the ground. On one there were 237 bolls, while the other contained less than a dozen. This is the secret of the difference in the two. The well fruited stalk was grown in a field of the Southern Cotton Oil company. The field takes in something like four or five acres. Since the plants first began to "put on," all punctured forms and squares have been carefully gathered and burned. In this way the larvae have been destroyed before they hatched out and for every form destroyed one less weevil reached the age where he could puncture hundreds of bolls and forms. The result is as given above. The patch of over four acres is simply loaded down with bolls and is still putting on. True, there are boll weevils in this cotton, but their numbers are not large enough to cause any material damage. The new forms and squares are most to the weevils' liking and therefore during the remainder of the season it is believed that they will sting the forms now coming on and spare the grown bolls. The indications are that the cotton will make a bale and a half to the acre, or a bale at the very lowest.

The other stalk was raised by the Consumers' Cotton Oil company, and no effort was made to check the boll weevils in their ravages and the result is that there are very few bolls on the stalk, and most of them contain larvae, which will partially or totally ruin them. The yield in the latter field will be very small.—Houston Post.

A CAR BLOWN UP.

Three People Were Injured While Riding on a Houston Street Car.

Houston, Tex., July 23.—Shortly before 12 o'clock tonight a terrible explosion of dynamite occurred at the corner of Prairie avenue and Jackson street on the track of the Aransas Pass car. It damaged the street car badly and slightly wounded several persons aboard.

Luella Coleman, 1909 Lamar avenue, had a flesh wound in her right forearm and a slighter wound above the ankle. No bones were broken.

A. T. Smith of Hamilton and Bell Streets was stunned from the shock and complained of his head. Slaughter, a colored barber of Hamilton and Lamar, was bruised.

Luella Coleman was taken home in the patrol wagon.

A short section, four inches, of the street car rail was blown through a fence near, into the side and through the outer and inner walls of the residence of Mr. A. O. Gray on the corner and broke several of the windows in the house. The explosion was heard for several blocks and a big crowd of people were on the spot in a few minutes, including the police.

A stick of dynamite was found nearby and the mounted police found three sticks of dynamite tied together on the Preston avenue line in one block. It had not exploded. A man living in sight of the track saw the fuse burning, but it did not explode. Each stick was longer than a long pin. They would have wrecked the largest brick house in Texas. The man who saw the fuse did not see any one there prior to that time.

This evidently grows out of the strike now in progress here against the car company, and perhaps was done to check the rapidly growing travel on the cars.

This matter is taking very serious shape, and Night Chief of Police John Howard tonight denounced in unmeasured terms the villainous work and said it must be stopped, and would be if the people took hold of it right. The desperate stage is rapidly approaching.

Grapeland Public School,

GRAPELAND, TEXAS.

Opens Monday, September 5, 1904.

Complete graded course of study leading to graduation.

Within last two years our enrollment has increased 75 per cent, in spite of boll weevils and all other obstacles. Many boarding students, representing the best element in Houston and Anderson counties.

Faculty of four teachers. Three of the teachers are college graduates and normal trained, all have first grade state or permanent certificates, all are experienced, all are in the prime of life and the strength of the profession—being between the ages of 20 and 30.

Our school is already attracting considerable attention on account of its marvelous growth and the thoroughness of its work.

Small but well selected school library, excellent literary society privileges, moral atmosphere, healthful surroundings, a clean, quiet little town.

Eight students expected to graduate next commencement. Room for a few more good students. Get your transfers AT ONCE. Write for new catalogue.

A. W. CAIN, L. I., A. B., Principal.

FIRST BALE AT GIDDINGS.**It is a Month and a Day Ahead of Last Year.**

Giddings, Lee Co., Tex., July 23.—The first bale of cotton came to town yesterday evening and was ginned by Mr. E. A. Domaschk free of charge and sold to W. A. Knox this morning at 10c per pound. It weighed 590 pounds, classed middling, and was raised by Mr. E. E. Bryan, a prominent farmer, living near Dime Box. Mr. Bryan finished picking the second bale yesterday, but it has not been ginned yet. The cotton from which this was picked was planted the latter part of February and first of March. A purse of \$8 was raised here this morning for the first bale, and Mr. Bryan also received a handpainted picture from the Grange Store as a premium. The first bale was one month and one day earlier than the first bale last season.

The Next President.

From the Indianapolis Sentinel, edited by Thomas Taggart, the next democratic national chairman.

For some time the nomination of Judge Parker has been looked upon as a foregone conclusion.

It was generally understood that this year New York and Indiana were to be potential when it came to the choice of candidates, and they determined that the Chief Justice of the New York Court of Appeals was, all things considered, the best man to head the ticket.

Judge Parker is a splendid man and he receives his nomination at the hands of one of the greatest conventions ever held in the United States—a convention composed of earnest men actuated by earnest purposes. The people of this country are tired of the Roosevelt comedy. It is the sort of comedy which must not be given encouragement. There have been things of this kind which have led to dangerous results, and there is a general belief that if Mr. Roosevelt should be given a four years' commission as President, by the vote of the people, he would undertake a great many spectacular enterprises.

He has shown a propensity for that sort of thing—a readiness to yield to thoughtless impulse—in a manner which is entirely inconsistent with national safety and well being. Of course, it is understood that we do not mean that any other power, even if provoked by an act of his administration to resort to extreme measures, could overcome us. That is a thing which cannot occur. It is not the kind of danger to which persons who consider Mr. Roosevelt's unsafety refer. It is his tendency to get into unnecessary and expensive embroilments.

America is a peaceful country, but with a determination always to defend its rights, maintain its dignity and expand its commerce. But it has no disposition to be offensive or impudent or overbearing merely because it is strong. It is along these lines that Mr. Roosevelt is unsafe. He has not the presidential fibre—the poise and carefulness and conservatism which are demanded by the duties of the great office, which, through a distressing event, he came into.

Judge Parker is all that Roosevelt isn't. He has had in years gone a close connection with politics, through all of which he bore a most honorable part. But for many years his position as a Judge has prevented active participation in party affairs so far as management is concerned. That he has maintained an interest in his party's success at all times is beyond question. Some opposed his nomination because he was supported

by this man or that man, and not because he lacked any of the essential attributes of fitness. Indeed, even his opposers conceded his high character, his great ability and his possession of rugged, robust qualities which the people of this country appreciate.

He is not like Mr. Roosevelt. To begin with, he has a higher order of ability and is a man of calm judgment—is a man who thinks before he acts as well as afterward.

His conduct during the campaign waged for his nomination has been in all respects admirable. Knowing that there could be no reasonable doubt as to his views upon party issues he has not allowed himself to give out promiscuous interviews. From the time that he was first mentioned for the nomination to the time that the act of placing him at the head of the ticket was accomplished he has shown himself to be a self-respecting, modest American gentleman. He is the sort of man in whose hands the country's affairs will be carefully conserved.

There will be no international skyrocketing merely for the sake of attracting a sensational attention. The people are to be congratulated that such a splendid type of American citizen has been put before them for their suffrage and they can be doubly congratulated when they have brought about his election. Indiana will not be found lacking when the votes are counted. And so here's hail.

Texas, Houston County, Crockett.**EDITOR COURIER:**

Three names that will live for untold ages fall from our lips every day. Every letter we write has them in it. Almost every subject we (Texans) discuss seems to have more powerful effect if we can in some way illustrate by the use of these words. Still it seems that we do not fully realize our benefits. Of course all of us when asked our residence are proud that we can point to the "Lone Star Flag" and say, "That proudly waves over my home."

It is with pride we can say our county bears the name of the renowned Houston, who gained for us the liberty we now enjoy. We are also proud to say our county capital is named in honor of "David Crockett," who bore his musket for our freedom and whose cry for liberty was heard echoing from the "funeral pyre" of the Alamo. But is that the only reason we have to be proud of our dwelling place? It has other things besides historical renown. As yet it has not made much progress towards developing her natural advantages, for her wheels have been too long in the cotton and corn ruts. But now she is taking a new road, one that looks very rugged at the beginning but down at the end of which can be seen great factories, whose fires are fed by Houston county's fuel. Immense furnaces in which are smelted Houston county's iron ore can be seen in a distance. The shafts that go into her gold mines must not be left out of the picture, for they are there. A beautiful city is also seen, a city whose streets, though not paved with gold, are better paved than Crockett's now are. Can Crockett ever be thus? one may ask. It all depends on you, my dear citizens, as to that. You have the natural advantages and I am glad to see that you are fast taking hold of them. Houston county is destined to be the leading county of Texas and Crockett is its distributing point. Wake up from your slumber and you may yet see Crockett at the head of the list of southern cities. **RANCO.**

Kentucky News.

Lang Bros., Druggists, Paducah, Ky., write: "We sell more of Dr. Mendenhall's Chill and Fever Cure than all other remedies combined, having retailed over 700 bottles in one season. The physicians here prescribe it and persons who once use it will have no other." Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.

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OPTIMISTIC COCKTAIL.**What the Man Said Before and What He Said After.**

They stood, a man and a woman, in the gallery, looking down on the glittering throng of dancers on the floor below.

"What was I saying to you a moment ago?" asked the man.

"That is, before I went out?"

"You were saying," said the woman, "things that made me sad, even in the midst of all this gaiety. You called it a painted glare—you spoke of all those women down there, each hugging in the secret recesses of her heart some supreme sorrow, some cloying unrest. You were wondering to what depths of remorse, within the next year, each might reach. You spoke of the men; how haggard some of their faces were. You said the pace was too much for them; death and ruin and disaster hung over this throng like a grinning skeleton. Really it has given me the shivers. Don't you remember what you said?"

He turned and looked at her. There was a look of complacency on his face.

"Did I say all that," he replied, "before I went out? Well, well! You must forgive me. It isn't so. Why, see how they are all enjoying themselves! What a magnificent sight! What a grand thing is life! How this music thrills me! My friend, it is good to be alive!"

She looked at him in astonishment.

"What has changed you so in such a short time?" she exclaimed.

"Why, before you went out—"

He waved his hand.

"Things are different now," he said. "I've just had a cocktail."

—Town Topics.

From Indian Territory.

DURANT, IND. TER., July 19.

EDITOR COURIER:

I just received the last copy of the COURIER and have perused every part of it and must admit that I was a little surprised at the outcome of some of the boys who made the race for office and told the people how much they thought of their crops, schools and babies. This is the most pleasant task a man ever has and always when defeated leaves just a little sore spot somewhere, though most all of us state differently when the thing is renewed the next time.

Our part of the Territory is much elated over the nomination of Parker for president and feel that we now have some show of at least being under the rule of home-folks after March 4th, 1905.

Our oat crop is a bumper and the farmers are selling it right along at from 31 to 32¢ cents per bushel. This will add considerable money to the short summer-time finances and help make business better during the hard months.

While our town is not on a boom we are gradually growing all the time and capital is coming in right along to develop the latent industries that are here in abundance. We have natural asphalt within two miles of the town and when dug from the ground in its crude state it is a first-class material for grading the vehicles and horses. The gold mine near Canyon is being developed and promises big things for the promoters. Coal is fast but not least, and we have it in unlimited quantities quite close to the top of the ground within two miles of the town. Our new \$20,000 school building is nearing completion and things are beginning to hum in reality. Then comes the alienation of the Indian lands which is going on every day, by restrictions being removed or by the intermarried citizen selling all but his homestead, the biggest corn crop ever known and cotton far in advance of last year with the price looking up. This and many other things makes the In-

dian Territory a good place to live. I am glad to hear the report from old Houston county that things look better there and hope that she will outdo herself this year in the way of all good things. Best wishes to the COURIER, and with the hope that Parker will be our next president. I am yours, etc., S. H. KYLE.

Popular Dances in London.

From the London Express.

Good dancers view with dismay the change which has gradually crept over London dancing during the past few seasons.

American cake walks and "rag time" are said to have produced a demoralizing effect. At the same time, one American innovation—namely, the "two step"—which had taken root in the country, is hailed as a blessing.

In this dance the man and his partner are practically side by side, and even in waltzing there is a growing tendency to face one's partner as little as possible.

Consequently, there are no kicks, and fewer torn gowns.

Herr Kantt, director of the famous Austrian blue band, is of opinion that the "rag time" craze is altogether detrimental to dancing.

"It requires a very unmusical person to dance against the time," Herr Kantt said, "and yet I have seen couples dancing a sort of two step to a Strauss waltz."

"I have also seen dancers perform a cake walk under these conditions before a room full of people. The steps of the cake walk are often unlike any known dance, and the effect is frequently ridiculous.

"But there are many beautiful dancers still, and I find that the very best style is to be seen at hunt or at county balls.

"During the past few seasons the time for waltzes increased so greatly it became quite as fast as the continental pace. This season, however, there is a tendency to slow down a little.

"Square dances have gone out to a large extent, and I am often called on to play as many as twenty-five or thirty waltzes in one evening, with, perhaps, two or three two steps."

Cured of Chronic Diarrhoea After Ten Years of Suffering.

"I wish to say a few words in praise of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy," says Mrs. Matie Burge, of Martinsville, Va. "I suffered from chronic diarrhoea for ten years and during that time tried various medicines without obtaining any permanent relief. Last summer one of my children was taken with cholera morbus, and I procured a bottle of this remedy. Only two doses were required to give her entire relief. I then decided to try the medicine myself, and did not use all of one bottle before I was well and I have never since been troubled with that complaint. One cannot say too much in favor of that wonderful medicine." This remedy is for sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Croup

Is a violent inflammation of the mucous membrane of the wind pipe, which sometimes extends to the larynx and bronchial tubes; and is one of the most dangerous diseases of children. It almost always comes on in the night. Give frequent small doses of Ballard's Horehound Syrup and apply Ballard's Snow Liniment externally to the throat. 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.

Baseball Players and Foot Racers.

Louis J. Kruger, ex-champion long distance foot racer of Germany and Holland, writes, Oct. 27th, 1901: "During my training of eight weeks' foot races at Salt Lake City, in April last, I used Ballard's Snow Liniment to my greatest satisfaction. Therefore, I highly recommend Snow Liniment to all who are troubled with sprains, bruises or rheumatism." 25c, 50c, \$1.00 bottle. Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.

When bilious take Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded, that by making publication of this Citation in some newspaper published in the County of Houston, if there be a newspaper published in said County, but if not, then in the nearest County where a newspaper is published, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, you summon J. M. Long, Defendant, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Honorable County Court of Houston County, at the next regular term thereof, to be held in the county of Houston, at the Court House thereof, in Crockett, on the First Monday in August, A. D. 1904, the same being the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1904, File Number being 1062, then and there to answer the Petition of G. W. Mobley, Plaintiff, filed in said Court, on the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1904, against the said J. M. Long, Defendant, and alleging in substance as follows, to-wit: Suit on promissory note made, executed and delivered to Plaintiff by Defendant, dated Jan. 26, 1903, due Oct. 15, 1903, payable to the order of Plaintiff at Crockett, and bearing ten per cent per annum interest from maturity and providing for ten per cent additional on principal and interest as attorney fees if suit is brought on same. That said note is long past due and Defendant refuses to pay same or any part thereof, and said note is sued on, and Plaintiff alleges Defendant is a non resident of the State of Texas, and prays for writ of attachment and judgment for amount due on said note, principal, interest and attorney's fees, and costs of suit.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there before said Court this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, in Crockett, this 2nd day of July, A. D. 1904.

Attest: N. E. ALLBRIGHT, Clerk Co. Court, Houston Co., Texas. By J. L. JORDAN, Deputy.

Make a Living Anyhow.

Hallettsville, Tex., July 23.—The continued heavy showers which have occurred during the past ten days have shattered the prospect of a good cotton crop in this locality. The farmers feel very much discouraged over it, but avow that next year they will make Irish potatoes, onions and cantaloupes their main crops, with cotton as a side issue. The price of cattle is improving somewhat and quite a number of sales have been made.

The initial crop of cigar tobacco planted here by the Lavaca County Tobacco Company, which is composed of a number of local business men, promises substantial returns that they contemplate incorporating and starting a cigar factory. The company was formed to demonstrate what could be done in the way of making cigar tobacco from imported Cuban seed, a commercial crop, but they are thinking seriously of continuing the cultivation of the tobacco and to plant a largely increased acreage next year.

Roosevelt, Dictator.

Washington, July 25.—It leaked out here today that President Roosevelt not only is trying to make Elihu Root governor of New York this year, but wants to see Root his successor as president should he be elected to succeed himself this fall.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This remedy is certain to be needed in almost every home before the summer is over. It can always be depended upon even in the most severe and dangerous cases. It is especially valuable for summer disorders in children. It is pleasant to take and never fails to give prompt relief. Why not buy it now? It may save life. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Indigestion.

With its companions, heart burn, flatulence, torpidity of the liver, constipation, palpitation of the heart, poor blood, headache and other nervous symptoms, sallow skin, foul tongue, offensive breath and a legion of other ailments, is at once the most widespread and destructive malady among the American people. The Herbine treatment will cure all these troubles. 50c bottle. Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.

Cheerfully Recommended for Rheumatism.

O. G. Higbee, Danville, Ill., writes, Dec. 2, 1901: "About two years ago I was laid up for four months with rheumatism. I tried Ballard's Snow Liniment; one bottle cured me. I can cheerfully recommend it to all suffering from like affliction." 25c, 50c, \$1.00. Sold by Smith & French Drug Co.



Women who work, whether in the house, store, office or factory, very rarely have the ability to stand the strain. The case of Miss Frankie Orser, of Boston, Mass., is interesting to all women, and adds further proof that woman's great friend in need is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered misery for several years. My back ached and I had bearing down pains, and frequent headaches. I would often wake from a restful sleep in such pain and misery that it would be hours before I could close my eyes again. I dreaded the long nights and weary days. I could do no work. I consulted different physicians hoping to get relief, but, finding that their medicines did not cure me, I tried Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it was highly recommended to me. I am glad that I did so, for I soon found that it was the medicine for my case. Very soon I was rid of every ache and pain and restored to perfect health. I feel splendid, have a fine appetite, and have gained in weight a lot."—MISS FRANKIE ORSER, 14 Warrenton St., Boston, Mass.

Surely you cannot wish to remain weak, sick and discouraged, and exhausted with each day's work. Some derangement of the feminine organs is responsible for this exhaustion, following any kind of work or effort. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you just as it has thousands of other women.

The case of Mrs. Lennox, which follows, proves this.



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Last winter I broke down suddenly and had to seek the advice of a doctor. I felt sore all over, with a pounding in my head, and a dizziness which I had never experienced before. I had a miserable appetite, nothing tasted good, and gradually my health broke down completely. The doctor said I had female weakness, but, although I took his medicine faithfully, I found no relief.

"After two months I decided to try what a change would do for me, and as Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was strongly recommended to me I decided to try it. Within three days I felt better, my appetite returned, and I could sleep. In another week I was able to sit up part of the day, and in ten days more I was well. My strength had returned, I gained fourteen pounds, and felt better and stronger than I had for years. I gratefully acknowledge its merits. Very sincerely yours, Mrs. E. LENNOX, 120 East 4th St., Dixon, Ill."

\$5000 FORFEIT if we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their genuineness. Lydia E. Pinkham Med. Co., Lynn, Mass.

The Remington Typewriter

represents the result of more study, more effort, more labor and more practical experience in typewriter manufacture than all other makes of writing machines combined.

It ought to be the best and IT IS.

REMININGTON TYPEWRITER CO.
327 Broadway, New York.

218 MAIN STREET, HOUSTON, TEXAS.

The Southern states are producing half the lumber cut in America.

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.

W. N. U. HOUSTON—NO. 31, 1904

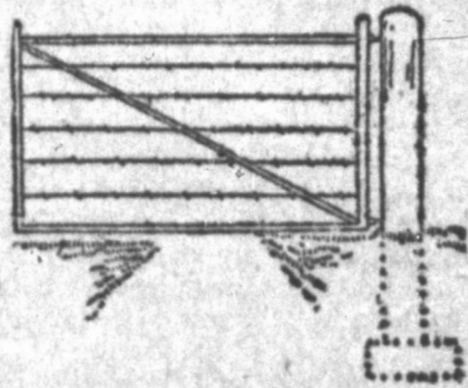
WATER CURE FOR

Best Lungs, Best Throat, Best Stomach, Best Blood, Best Skin, Best Nerves, Best Sleep, Best Appetite, Best Health, Best Happiness.

CHEAP GATE FOR FARM.

Easy to Make and Satisfactory in Every Way.

I send you a drawing of a cheap farm gate I find to be easily made and satisfactory in every way. I have several such gates on my farm and have used one for eight years. The frame is made of 2 by 4 inch scantlings, morticed together. The brace is of the same material. My gates are strung with barbed wire, but woven wire could be used equally well. I make my own gates. The usual length is 14 feet. A gate of this length costs \$1.50, including the hinges, besides the making. Gate posts will not heave or tip if set four feet in the ground



A Farm Gate.

and a piece of plank is spiked on each side as shown in the drawing. I always set gate posts and end fence posts in this way. J. H.

Ox-Eye Daisy.

F. C.—I have a pasture infested with Ox-Eye Daisy, and I am now mowing them all down before they ripen. Do you think this will eradicate the pest? The Ox-Eye Daisy is not a native here, but has come, I am informed, from manure from cattle fed upon imported hay.

Mowing the Ox-Eye Daisy before the seeds are ripened will prevent the crop of seedlings for that year, but the plant is a perennial and the roots will produce new plants and new flowers another year. However, it does not root deeply. The best plan for clearing infested land is to break it up and seed down to clover. In this way the old plants are destroyed and any young plants from seed which should flower the second year, will be cut with both the first and second crops of clover before the seeds are ripe. Then, when the clover sod is plowed down, the Ox-Eye Daisy plants will be killed and the land be clean.

Ants in a House.

M. L. A. would like to know what is good to prevent ants staying around the place.

When ants appear in a house, the first effort should be made to discover where their nest is generally inside a wall or beneath a floor or some object close outside the building. It is the most common thing that should be drenched with boiling water; out of doors bluish chloride of carbon has been used with success, a spoonful being thrown into the hole which is then plugged with a little clod of earth. If the nest cannot be located as many insects as possible should be destroyed. For this, small pieces of sponge are moistened with water containing some sugar and a little vinegar or borax and placed in the spots frequented by the ants. The ants will collect on the sponges, which should be collected several times a day and dropped into scalding water.

Coal Ashes for Grass Land.

J. V. B.—Are hard or soft coal ashes a proper fertilizer for grass lands? Wood ashes are frequently used by farmers, but no coal ashes are used.

Ashes from either hard or soft coal are of little or no value to grass land. Unleached wood ashes are highly useful on grass land and may be applied at the rate of from forty to eighty bushels per acre. Leached ashes contain very little fertilizing ingredients.

Galls on Plum Leaves.

A sufferer—The long red objects on your plum leaves are galls made by a very small kind of mite of the same genus, Phytomyza, as the insect which causes the Pear-leaf Blister-gall. The occurrence of this mite in large numbers naturally does a considerable amount of harm, and it is most probable that the failure of the fruit on your plum tree to develop promptly is indirectly due to it. I am afraid it is too late now for you to make any application which will save your fruit this season, but next winter and just at the time when the buds are bursting in spring, if the trees are sprayed thoroughly with the lime and sulphur mixture they will be free of these insects next year. A simple formula for making this wash in small quantities is one pound of lime and half a pound of sulphur, boiled for two hours in one and a half gallons of water. When all the sulphur is dissolved the liquid will be of a bright amber color, and the quantity above mentioned must be filled up to three gallons with hot water at the time of using. This will leave a deposit on the trees, which can be plainly seen and which will destroy many kinds of insects.

Hospital Flowers.

All the hospitals and almshouses in Berlin are regularly supplied with fresh flowers from the public gardens, while twice a week each of the national schools receives from 100 to 150 specimens of four different kinds of plants for use at botany lessons.

Bacteria Grow on Meat.

The gamey flavor of meat is gained by the bacteria feeding upon it. These develop within an hour after food is exposed on pantry shelves, and long before the flavor is appreciable to the senses the bacteria that produce them are abundant.

Sea Robin's Peculiarities.

The sea robin, so called because it has magnificent crimson fins as big as a bird's wings just behind his head, is a fish with a voice. He utters a deep, loud "quawk" when he is caught and repeats it every time he is touched.

Sleeping Disease.

It has been noticed by the Congo expedition dispatched by the Liverpool School of Tropical Medicine to study sleeping sickness, that in a large percentage of cases actual sleep is not a marked feature of the disease.

Thief Loses Novel Wager.

Having wagered \$40 that he would steal five medals from a policeman's chest, a young man in Paris secured two, says the Petit Parisien, but was caught at the third attempt and will be prosecuted.

Evil of Sugar Gluttony.

Prof. Ooston says that future scientists will place the evils of sugar gluttony on a pedestal as conspicuous as the drink question, as causing a deterioration of individuals and races.

Most Expensive Fur.

The most expensive fur is that of the black fox at Kamschatka, the skin of which, when dressed, becomes a very attractive blue. A single skin is worth as much as \$1,000.

Ruin Threatens Campanile.

A telegram from Ravenna says the campanile of that town is threatened with the same fate as the campanile of St. Mark's, Venice.

Reflection of Wise Meditation.

Congentiality, a sense of humor, and endless patience—these are the three "mustbe's" of wedded happiness.

Blue Light for Neuralgia.

Neuralgia is said to be successfully treated in Italy by the use of blue light.

Plans Trolley Parties.

A central office for the supplying of information about all the possible trips by trolley in the vicinity of Boston, has been opened up in that city by a man who also undertakes personally to conduct parties around the country near Boston. These trips cover from one to three days and take in all the interesting points within easy reach. The traveling is done exclusively by trolley.

RACE DONE?

Not a Bit of It.

A man who thought his race was run made a food find that brought him back to perfect health.

"One year ago I was unable to perform any labor and in fact I was told by my physicians that they could do nothing further for me. I was fast sinking away, for an attack of grip had left my stomach so weak it could not digest any food sufficient to keep me alive.

"There I was just wasting away, growing thinner every day and weaker, really being snuffed out simply because I could not get any nourishment from food.

"Then my sister got after me to try Grape-Nuts food which had done much good for her and she finally persuaded me and although no other food had done me the least bit of good my stomach handled the Grape-Nuts from the first and this food supplied the nourishment I had needed. In three months I was so strong I moved from Albany to San Francisco and now on my three meals of Grape-Nuts and cream every day I am strong and vigorous and do fifteen hours' work.

"I believe the sickest person in the world could do as I do, eat three meals of nothing but Grape-Nuts and cream and soon be on their feet again in the flush of best health like me.

"Not only am I in perfect physical health again but my brain is stronger and clearer than it ever was on the old diet. I hope you will write to the names I send you about Grape-Nuts for I want to see my friends well and strong.

"Just think that a year ago I was dying but to-day, although I am over 55 years of age most people take me to be less than 40, and I feel just as young as I look." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

A rosary which would be a treasure for the Thirteen club has been brought home recently by a traveler in Tibet. It comes from Lhasa, and is formed of 113 rings made from the skulls of 113 priests.

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KIRKMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75 cents per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A shabbily dressed man, wearing a pair of army trousers, was arrested and fined in Straford, England, for "bringing discredit on his majesty's uniform."

Women's White Canvas Oxfords—the most popular and stylish of summer footwear—all sizes and widths—sent postage paid for \$1.60. Satisfaction guaranteed. Ed. Kiam, Houston, Texas.

James has been the favorite Christian name for presidents. We have had five—Madison, Monroe, Polk, Buchanan and Garfield.

Won't Turn Loose.

"I insist on saying that Hunt's Lightning Oil takes hold quicker and lets go slower of aches, pains and sore places than any liniment I ever saw. It just won't turn loose till you're well."

"I never have a little ache but what I slosh it on. And ere I get the bottle corked that little ache is gone."

C. W. Jackson, Marble Hill, Mo. 25 and 50c per bottle.

Floating Fire Engines.

Propulsion of boats by fire engines is not uncommon, the jet of water being thrown into the air and acting precisely as a punt pole pressed against the bottom of a shallow stream. Some floating fire engines were recently sent out from London to Alexandria, Egypt, for work on very shallow canals and these craft depended entirely upon the handling and maneuvering of the jets of water for their propulsion.

Every housekeeper should know that if they will buy Defiance Cold Water Starch for laundry use they will save not only time, because it never sticks to the iron, but because each package contains 16 oz.—one full pound—while all other Cold Water Starches are put up in ½-pound packages, and the price is the same, 10 cents. Then again because Defiance Starch is free from all injurious chemicals. If your grocer tries to sell you a 12-oz. package it is because he has a stock on hand which he wishes to dispose of before he puts in Defiance. He knows that Defiance Starch has printed on every package in large letters and figures "16 ozs." Demand Defiance and save much time and money and the annoyance of the iron sticking. Defiance never sticks.

Black looks are generally due to something worse than smoked glasses.

Propagation of Tomatoes.

In the great majority of cases, new varieties of tomatoes, as of other fruits, are not "produced"; they are rather discovered, says a writer in Country Life in America. One finds a new form in his garden and propagates it. Some of the new forms will not propagate themselves readily from seed, whereas others will "come true" to a greater or less extent.

Simplifying Japanese.

The learning of Japanese will be greatly facilitated by the abandonment of their peculiar way of writing and printing their language. Ten years ago the universities inaugurated the reform; next year the use of English letters will be begun in the public schools, and this will soon lead to their general use.

Italians Find Papyrus.

A further find of papyrus has rewarded the excavations undertaken by the Italians at Hermopolis, in Egypt, under the direction of Breccia. In addition to a number of official documents, it includes a portion of an unknown epic, and one or two other literary fragments of interest.

Pincushion Swallowed Up Needles.

A lady in this city, reading that a pincushion that had been in use for some time, on being opened developed about 150 needles, had the curiosity to pull apart a pincushion that she had been using about twenty-five years. She found by actual count 410 needles.—Hartford Courant.

Municipality in Miniature.

The smallest commune in all France, and one which in point of smallness would be difficult to beat in Western Europe, is a tiny spot named Mortear, in the Upper Marne, not far from Amiens. It has thirteen inhabitants, and there are just five voters on the register.

THE CROCKETT COURIER.

W. W. AIKEN, Ed. and Proprietor.

CROCKETT, - - - TEXAS.

EVENTS OF EVERYWHERE.

John Thrasher was shot and killed at Woolsey, ten miles east of Comanche, I. T., Sunday.

J. Harburg Keery, a New York attorney, and former resident of Hagerstown, Md., has been appointed prosecuting attorney for the Panama Canal zone.

The roller skate is again becoming popular, and a Dallas amusement caterer will build a rink costing \$10,000. The rink will also be used as a dance hall.

Charley Scott, a young man, while putting a gun into a wagon at Anlicks, I. T., was accidentally fatally shot, his shoulder being nearly literally torn from his body.

It has been definitely settled that work will begin on the 1st of August on a new \$35,000 opera house and another \$100,000 hotel building in Muskogee, I. T.

A. W. Maxwell, former chairman of the Democratic State Committee of Iowa, has bolted the Democratic ticket, and will probably take the stump for the opposition.

The first bale of this season's Victoria County cotton has been ginned and was marketed at Victoria Tuesday. It was raised by Joe Hagel of Mission Valley.

Senator Vest is very low at his home at Sweet Springs, Mo., and it is thought that he will not live through the summer. He seems to grow weaker day by day.

A specimen of the sequoia tree has been found which measures 36 feet in diameter, and is estimated to be 400 feet high. It is thought to be the largest tree on earth.

W. C. Sanders, who is engaged at Eagle Lake with the Vimo ball team, was accidentally shot by Harbert Phillips, with a 22-caliber target rifle and is in a critical condition.

Ed Albright of Mill Creek, I. T., was thrown from his horse Saturday. His skull was fractured. He regained consciousness Wednesday morning, but the doctors say he cannot recover.

The house of Mrs. Watkins at Millwood was burglarized and \$250 taken during her absence from home. Mrs. Watkins had \$350 in gold, which she had saved for twenty-six years.

Jack Tolliver Cass, an old-time negro, dropped dead at his home at Weatherford Friday night. He had drawn a pension from the United States Government for many years.

By a vote of 1510 to 396 the textile workers of Fall Rivers decided to strike on July 25 in all of the so-called union cotton mills, where a 12 1/2 per cent reduction in wages has been announced to become operative next Monday. Thirty thousand employees are affected.

A boll weevil machine has just been tried on the Frazier farm near Terrell with fair success. The machine shakes the weevils off the cotton and then collects them so that they can be destroyed.

Claude Bell and John McDonald, two business men of Neches City, report that a genuine oil well has been brought in near there. The real value of the well will not be known until boring is finished.

F. M. Haines, general manager of the Stone & Webster interests, says that the Northern Texas Traction Company has no extensions under contemplation at this time, despite the rumors of a Mineral Wells branch.

Letter carriers of Texas are to have a meeting in Dallas Monday, Sept. 5, Labor Day, and a National holiday, and in anticipation of the event the Dallas carriers who are to be the hosts of the affair, already are making preparations.

W. M. Plaster, a well-to-do farmer and stockman, died at his ranch near Mayville, I. T., as a result of injuries received Tuesday afternoon when he was kicked in the breast by a mule.

A double killing occurred at a patch of Red Springs, I. T., Friday night. Moses Pettigrew, a Chickasaw Indian, and William Richardson, a negro, being shot and killed. The man who is thought to have done the shooting is

FALL RIVER COTTON MILLS IDLE.

Nearly Thirty Thousand Operatives Quit Work on Account of a Reduction in Pay.

Fall River, Mass., July 26.—The first day of the strike of 26,000 cotton mill operatives here passed quietly and so, in all probability, will pass the succeeding days, for the reason that the strike on the part of the operatives is so slight as to be hardly a feature.

The mill owners and their operatives are determined in their position and the outcome is hard to predict. With the strikers it is a question of how long they can do without their wages. On the part of the owners it is a matter of how long they can afford to have their mills closed down. At present the cotton and cloth markets are not at their best.

A portion of one mill was operated until noon yesterday, and at another mill some twenty men worked all day.

When the mill gates at Fall River were opened yesterday morning less than 300, conservatively estimated, out of an army of 26,000 operatives reported for work.

The Bourne and Narragansett mills opened at the usual hour, but when the operatives came out at noon a large force of strikers were on hand, and their arguments were so effective that not enough weavers returned to the Bourne works to operate the plant, and the attempt to keep the mill running was abandoned at 2:30 o'clock. Only a score of employes returned to the Narragansett mills. They continued at work during the afternoon. The strike leaders repeatedly warned their followers throughout the day that violence must be avoided, and with a single exception, unimportant in itself, their advice was heeded. The streets were quiet yesterday evening.

BRITAINS MAD AGAIN.

Sinking the Knight Commander Carrying Things a Little Too Far.

London: The news that a British ship had been sunk by the Russian Vladivostok squadron in the Pacific has caused a renewal of the excitement and an increase in the bitter feeling against Russia here, and as soon as the details have been received it is altogether probable that strong representations will be made to the Russian government about the matter. The people here are at a loss to understand why the Knight Commander was sunk. Even if she had contracted band of war aboard, and was subject to seizure, there are no conceivable circumstances which would have justified her being sunk after the Russians had taken possession of her as a prize, as appears to have been the case from the reports which have been received here up to this time.

The news from the seat of war is regarded as distinctly unfavorably to Russia and as verifying the plan of campaign of the Japanese commander which already has been outlined in these dispatches. The turning of the right flank of the Russian army to the west of Ta Schi Kiao, the consequent evacuation by the Russians of New Chwang and Yinkow, the closing in of Nodzu's columns on Hai Cheng, the completion of Kuroki's great flanking movement to the east, where he has driven Kuropatkin's left wing back on Liao Yang, will mean but one thing, according to British experts, and that is the forced concentration of Kuropatkin at Liao Yang and the annihilation of his army.

Davis Seeks a Rest.

Bedford Springs, Pa.: After breakfasting at 8 o'clock ex-Senator Davis joined his sister and daughter on the hotel porch and then looked over his mail. He then went to his room with his private secretary and stenographer and did not reappear until dinner time. When approached he again refused to talk politics, saying that this was his only chance for a rest, and he wanted one before he went into his campaign.

Prof. Meiners Drowned.

Belton, Texas: Word has been received here, saying that Prof. Carl A. Meiners had been drowned in Lake Michigan. Meiners was a member of the Baylor College musical faculty when he left here, some months ago, without leaving any word as to where he intended to go, or why he left. Since that time nothing has been heard of him.

and there was little in the mill sections to indicate that the breadwinners of thousands of families were engaged in a struggle certain to be accompanied with hardships and privations for many.

Neither the officers of the textile council nor the mill managers would make a formal statement last night, the situation in their opinion showing little or no change since morning.

Viewed in New Orleans.

New Orleans, La.: Yesterday morning's news from Fall River, Mass., that 30,000 cotton mill operatives had struck and that the spindles in thirty-six mills were idle, caused almost a paralysis of trade on the Cotton Exchange, behind whose massive granite walls the cotton market of the world is manipulated.

Very little trading was done all day. A bearish weather map helped the Fall River gloom and all conditions inspired a day of intense anxiety around the big ring.

The South's great cotton bulls, who have cornered the world's supply of cotton are said to be quaking over the Fall River situation.

The mills of that city are among the heaviest buyers of the Southern staple, and when this demand is cut off one of the best stimulants of prices and most substantial props of a bull campaign are knocked from under.

Shorts were anxious to recover on the floor yesterday, and in every direction the tendency was towards reinforcements, indicating beyond a doubt that Southern cotton interests fear serious interruption to business from the Fall River strike.

DESERTS OF HEROES.

Dewey and His Men Finally Receive Manilla Battle Prize Money.

Washington: After a legal battle of several years, Admiral Dewey and his men who fought the battle of Manilla are to receive their prize money on account of the capture of the Don Juan de Austria and other Spanish property.

In the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia Justice Gould has signed an order confirming the report of the auditor in the case overruling all exceptions found by either side to the report. The amount of property captured finally was fixed at \$1,657,355, a sum considerably in excess of what the government claimed to be due. One-half of the amount will be paid to the captors while the remainder, as provided by law, will be placed to the credit of the pension fund.

Payments of Boodle.

St. Louis: Three members of the grand jury, together with Circuit Attorney Folk, began an investigation of the books of the Merchants-La Cede National bank Monday. It is understood that the investigation is along the line of alleged payments in boodle transactions.

Volunteer Fleet Ordered Home.

St. Petersburg: The Associated Press is informed that the Russian volunteer fleet steamers Smolensk and St. Petersburg have already been ordered home, and that instructions for them to return have been cabled. The assurances given Great Britain on this point are declared to be satisfactory.

Batson Negro Killed.

Batson, Texas: Monday morning at daybreak Jim Stewart, alias Monk, a negro, was shot through the abdomen, and died in a few minutes. The coroner's jury rendered a verdict of "died from a gunshot wound at the hands of F. E. Weetle. Weetle was arrested and lies in jail.

Laredo Boys' Cases Continued.

Laredo, Texas: The case of the two 14-year-old boys, Hal Bronson and Pat Hickey, indicted for the murder of James Daniel two weeks ago with a baseball bat, was continued until next term of court. Young Hickey is still in jail in default of \$6,000 bail.

To Ship 20,000 Wethers.

Roswell, N. M.: W. T. White of Roswell left Monday for Leonard, Wood county, New Mexico, to ship out 20,000 wethers that have been sold to R. W. Prosser of Comstock, Texas. This was the first sale of the season.

JAMES DeDAINES,

Musical Instruments and Supplies.



I sell 7 different makes of Pianos ranging in price from \$1100 to \$2000—5 different makes of Organs. These goods are sold on installment plan. Purchasers will save from 25 to 30 per cent by buying organs from store. I keep a full stock of small instruments and supplies. Call and see us. N. W. Cor. square.

THREE FLYERS

NOW FLYING DAILY FROM TEXAS

To the Great World's Fair at St. Louis.

via I. & G. N. The "True St. Louis World's Fair Line—Just One Night Out

EXCURSION TICKETS NOW SELLING	"WORLD'S FAIR EXPRESS" Arrives St. Louis 7:15 MORNING	EXCURSION TICKETS NOW SELLING
	"WORLD'S FAIR SPECIAL" Arrives St. Louis 1:30 NOON	
	"WORLD'S FAIR HIGH FLYER" Arrives St. Louis 7:30 EVENING	
Your Choice—They are All Winners. MILES—MINUTES—MONEY SAVED Through Sleepers and Chair Cars. See I. & G. N. Agents for Rates and Complete Information or write L. TRICE, M. V. F. & G. M. "The Texas Road" PALESTINE, TEX. D. J. PRICE, G. F. & T. A.		

It May Interest You to Know

that during June, July and August, each season, sixty to eighty thousand summer visitors are entertained in "COOL COLORADO," for which there is ample reason.

GREAT COLORADO CHAUTAUQUA ASSEMBLY

AT BOULDER is suggested as a principal, affording at minimum expense, as it does for thousands annually, weeks of Musical, Intellectual and Miscellaneous Entertainment by the cream of the nation's talent.

Develop your curiosity enough to ask us for Complete Programme and other particulars, and you'll be surprised.

A. A. GLISSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

INQUIRE ABOUT THE NEW TRI-ANGLE TICKET VIA ST. LOUIS! "THE DENVER ROAD," Ft. Worth, Texas.

B. F. BROWN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
CROCKETT, TEXAS.
Office over Haring's Drug Store

W. C. LIPSCOMB, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,
CROCKETT, TEXAS.
Office with B. F. Chamberlain.

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ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
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Will practice in all Courts, both State and Federal, in Texas.

OZMANLIS ORIENTAL SEXUAL PILLS
Cure for Impotence, Loss of Manhood, Seminal Emission, Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Excessive Masturbation, Nervousness, Self-Debasement, Loss of Memory, etc. Will make you a STRONG, Vigorous Man. Price \$1.00, 50 Cents, 25 Cents.
Special Directions Method with each box. Address: Richard E. Ozmanlis Co., 609 N. Lamar St., ST. LOUIS, MO.

DR. MENDENHALL'S CHILL and FEVER CURE



(This Picture on Every Bottle)

Cures Chills, Fevers, Malaria, Biliousness. Take it as a General Tonic and at all times a place of Quinine. Breaks up Coughs, Colds and LaGrippe. NO CURE, NO PAY.
J. C. MENDENHALL,
Sole Owner Evansville, Indiana
Sold by C. L. Saunders

Marriages in United States.
Of the marriages in general in the United States it is discovered that out of the 1,000 considered 139 men will have been married at least once before the celebration under consideration, while the 861 will have made vows for the first time. Of the 1,000 women in the case only ninety-eight will have worn widow's weeds before the wedding. Thus, out of the 2,000 individuals, parties to the 1,000 marriage, 327 will have bought or have worn wedding rings before.

Teamsters Won't Join Packinghouse Strikers.

Chicago, Ill., July 25.—Totally unexpected action was taken last night by the joint teamsters' council, which may yet result in peace in the packers' strike. The council refused to ratify the strike ordered yesterday afternoon by the packing teamsters, and appointed a committee to wait upon the packers to-day and try to effect a compromise. The teamsters constitute the largest and most powerful labor body in Chicago, and it is said they consider the strike ill-advised as far as a general sympathetic movement is concerned.

"The opportunity is here for one of the greatest struggles in the history of labor troubles," said Chief of Police O'Neil last night, after making the rounds and seeing that all his men were properly placed. "Apparently there is no hope of averting the battle. No one knows what will happen. However, the police will be able to handle the situation without any assistance."

On the eve of what promises to be a battle to the death between the meat packers and the unions, the city is preparing for industrial war. Inside the yards there are about 400

police to handle 33,000 men. At each of the packing houses there is a sergeant of police with a detail of men, chiefly to keep the non-union men inside and the union men from entering. Other hundreds of police are scattered all around the yards. Heavy reserves are within speedy call. Vacations and nights off have been abolished in both the police and fire departments, pending the determination of the struggle. Inside the yards there are three fire companies. New reels of hose have been placed on all the stand pipes and water towers. Fire is the dread of the packers.

So far as killing stock is concerned the packers have been able to continue in business and are bringing in fresh assistance every day.

In anticipation of a long struggle the packers yesterday rushed long trains of coal into the yards and filled their bins to the limit. Commission men were busy all of the day advising their agents everywhere to suspend shipments to Chicago.

Mayor Harrison returned to the city yesterday morning. He is confident that the police will be able to handle the situation.

RUSSIA BACKS DOWN FROM ENGLAND.

St. Petersburg, July 25.—Grand Duke Alexis presided at yesterday's council, which Count Lamdorff, the Foreign Secretary, and Vice Admiral Aellan, Chief of the Admiralty Department, and other high naval authorities attended.

The result of the conferences removes all doubts concerning the present attitude of Russia with regard to the volunteer fleet. The validity of the view expressed in the British note regarding the irregularity of the position of the vessels was so far ad-

mitted that the council agreed to waive the right of search.

After a long discussion, in which Count Lamdorff took a leading part, it was decided that the present status of the volunteer fleet was not sufficiently well defined, according to international law, to render further searches and seizures advisable, and that therefore Russia, in the interests of friendly negotiations with the Powers, should withdraw the authority given the volunteer fleet in this respect.

STATE CONVENTIONS.

Democrats, Republicans, Populists and Pros to Meet.

Dallas: Democrats will meet in State convention at Houston on Tuesday, Aug. 2, and it is expected that there will be something doing when the hosts of the redeemed are congregated. Dallas people are interested in the race for State chairman of the executive committee and will make a strong pull to land their man. Other races are more or less undecided by the primary returns and it remains to be seen who are to be the successful candidates.

Republicans have been called to meet in convention at Fort Worth on Tuesday, Aug. 23, for the purpose of naming candidates for State offices and for reorganizing the State executive committee. It seems, so the wise ones say, that there is to be no contest for the chairmanship and that there is no scramble for the honors of the races. The prohibitionist State convention will gather at Waco on Tuesday, Aug. 23, to name the standard bearers for the November election.

The Populists will meet in Fort Worth August 10 to name a State ticket.

A reunion of old settlers of North Texas will be held Aug. 3 and 4 at Alleys Chapel, six miles northwest of Honey Grove. Addresses will be delivered by R. E. Smith of Sherman, Col., E. L. Dohoney of Paris, S. J. McGrady of Bonham and others.

There Was Some Trouble.

New York: "There's trouble at Fourteenth street and Second avenue," was a message which was telephoned to police headquarters. The information was conveyed to the police station, and squads of men hurried to stop the reported disturbance. They found a car of the Fourteenth street line in the possession of Mrs. Annie Steinmetz and her two baby boys, who had just been born. The trio was transferred to a hospital.

Most Foul Assassination.

Liberty: John White, a farmer, who resided within the town limits near the Trinity River, was shot dead Saturday morning at his door. Mr. White was about 40 years of age and unmarried. He lived with his aged mother. The assassin evidently was at close range, the weapon used being a shotgun, the shot entering the breast of the deceased. Deceased was not known to have an enemy.

A Rival to the Spud.

Washington: Rivaling the Irish potato in flavor, exceeding it in production and furnishing at the same time from its blossoms an exquisite perfume, a new white potato is being exploited in France. Thornwell Hayes, United States Consul at Rouen, has reported it to the State Department. Mr. Hayes says that this wild aquatic vegetable was introduced from the banks of the River Mercedes, Uruguay.

It was distributed in France by Prof. Heckel, director of the Colonial Institute of Marseilles. In its original state the tuber is ver bitter, but Dr. Heckel pronounces the results of four years of experiments with it marvelous. In the same soil the yield is greatly superior to that of the ordinary potato. The Early Rose, in one instance, gave 3000 pounds to the acre, the American Marvel 3000 pounds, and the new species 5300 pounds.

Sunday Saloon Killing.

Dallas: Bert Kirkpatrick, about 25 years of age, was shot and almost instantly killed Sunday in a saloon on the corner of Ross avenue and Griffin street. Immediately after the shooting Tom F. Hendricks, a bartender, aged 27 years, surrendered himself to Policemen Westover and Fanning.

Hendricks talked but little of the matter, but said that he felt justified in the action. Hendricks lives with his mother at 244 Caruth street. Kirkpatrick lived with his mother and sister at 131 Emma street.

There is no indication of a reduction in the World's Fair rate, since trade has picked up considerably of late.

One hundred thousand dollars is subscribed to build a four-story stone hotel at South McAllister, which will be the largest and finest hotel in either Oklahoma or Indian Territory. At the Alba coal mines, a spark dropped from Cleburne Hilburn's cap lamp into a keg of powder which exploded, killing him instantly.

Judge Davis paid Judge Parker a visit to his home at Esopus, arriving there Wednesday. He went to confer on matters concerning the campaign.

A midday fire at Waco Friday caused the following losses: Philo Club, \$5000; J. R. Woodward, \$3000, and Gray & Smith \$7000. The origin of the fire is unknown.

August 10 has been decided upon as the day to officially notify Judge Parker of his nomination.

BUTCHERS' STRIKE RENEWED.

Men Say Packers Discriminate in Putting on Help.

Chicago, Ill., July 23.—Under the definition of the word "discrimination" hangs the fate of peace or war in Chicago. A joint committee of five men each from the packers and the unions will meet to-day to define the term. Based on the charge of discrimination, the strike in the stock yards was renewed yesterday, just as the men were returning to work.

Although the packers are given forty-five days, under the peace contract, in which to take back all the strikers, a general strike was ordered because some were turned away.

All the trouble seemed to center at the Armour plant, where two foremen are accused of using uncomplimentary language to the strikers and turning them away without due ceremony. One grievous mistake was the rejection by the foremen of Nicholas Gier, president of all the stock yards unions. When he was turned away the foremen started trouble that speedily spread all over the yards. The foremen claim that his rejection was unintentional, and that all the strikers were supposed to take their chances of being re-employed within the time limit.

As soon as President Donnelly was informed that all the men were not being taken back he ordered the strike on again and notified all his agents in various cities to this effect.

The packers themselves had no knowledge of the trouble in the yards and as soon as they were notified requested a conference with the labor officials. This conference lasted all the afternoon and resulted in the appointment of a committee of ten to define "discrimination." It is generally believed that both sides will get together to-day and patch up the difference, although the union men are in ugly temper now and will be hard to manage.

At a mass meeting yesterday afternoon the radicals made fiery speeches, advising that the mob hasten to the yards and burn every vestige of the packing plants down, but the cooler heads were in the majority and counseled silence and order until the committee reports to-day.

Confusion, excitement and charges of bad faith characterized the new walkout. More rancor is being displayed than at any time heretofore and it is apparent that sooner or later the packers must either meet all the demands of their employes or fight it out to the bitter end—this meaning, of course, that they must also fight every other union which can in any way cripple their business. Even if temporary peace be patched up, the danger of a general strike will not be averted. The other unions are extremely anxious to strike and almost any excuse will serve to cause a walkout of some branch of labor, and hinging upon this, a general movement under the guise of a sympathetic strike. The strike last is upon Chicago and must be satisfied.

National Democratic Committee.

St. Louis: Hon. James K. Jones, chairman of the Democratic National Committee, has issued the following call: "Under the authority of the Democratic National convention I hereby call the Democratic National Committee to meet at the Hoffman House, New York City, on Tuesday, July 26, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of organizing and transacting such other business as may come before the committee."

"JAMES K. JONES."

Midland County Flourishing.

Midland: The Midland country on the southern plains of Texas is now in fine condition. With abundance of rain, the grass is from six to twelve inches high and green as a wheat field. Cattle are in fine condition and the cowmen anticipate no trouble in marketing their fat stuff at fair prices. Some nice sales in the way of steer yearlings have been made in the last few months, prices ranging from \$13 and \$14.

Mrs. Nation Knocked Down.

Elizabethtown, Ky.: A. R. Neighbors, a saloonkeeper, struck Carrie Nation twice with a chair, knocking her down and producing a scalp wound. The assault occurred at Neighbors' saloon after Mrs. Nation had delivered a lecture against whisky and tobacco. She had appeared at the saloon during the afternoon and berated Neighbors, and returned at night to resume her denunciation of him at a time when the place was crowded.

GENERAL KUROKI ADVANCES.

After a Two Days' Fight Kiao Tung Is Occupied.

Tokio, July 23.—Gen. Kuroki, after a severe fight, occupied Kiao Tung on July 19. The place had been fortified by the Russians, who defended it stoutly. In the fighting Gen. Kuroki's troops drove the Russians from their strongly fortified position on the Chi River, which is northwest of Mo Tien Pass and east of An Ping, inflicting upon the enemy more serious losses than they sustained last evening. The fight began on the 18th and ended on the 19th. The Japanese lost 424 men in killed and wounded. The Russian losses are estimated at 1,000.

Gen. Kuroki began his advance early in the morning of the 18th. He uncovered and followed the enemy along the Chi River. The Russians seemed to be retiring to the northward when suddenly two battalions with eight guns turned and attacked the Japanese advance guard vigorously. At this point the Japanese suffered before relief came, one company losing all its officers. At a late hour in the afternoon the Russian position was developed. They occupied an eminence on the banks of the Chi. The river guarded their left flank, and high precipices protected the Russians on the right. The only approach to their position was through a narrow defile. The fighting continued until dark, when the Japanese forces hivoacked. The Russians made two counter attacks, but were repulsed in each case.

The Japanese renewed the attack at midnight, posting their artillery in the valley below and on the high ground to the south of the Russian position. The main Japanese body was assigned to attack the Russian center; a small detachment was sent toward the right flank and another to watch the enemy's left flank. After these positions had been taken, the fighting ceased for a time, but it was resumed at dawn. The Russians had thirty-two guns in action, and they vigorously shelled the Japanese. To this the Japanese replied, the bombardment lasting for four hours.

During the time the Japanese infantry moved forward. The flanking had succeeded in scaling the heights on the Russian right by 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which hour the main force was ordered to storm the Russian center. The Japanese artillery protected this movement splendidly, but the infantry met with a severe fire and lost heavily in gaining the heights.

The final successful charge was delivered at 5:30 in the afternoon. The Japanese succeeded in partially cutting off the Russian retreat and this soon became a rout. The enemy went in two directions to the northward and to the eastward. The Russian forces engaged included in addition to the artillery seven battalions of infantry and a regiment of Cossacks.

The enemy left 131 dead and 300 rifles on the field. Prisoners taken estimated the Russian losses at 1,000. The Japanese lost one officer and fifty-four men killed and eighteen officers and 351 men wounded.

Big Blowout at Ardmore.

Ardmore, I. T.: Ardmore will celebrate her seventeenth anniversary on the 28th and 29th. A great program has been arranged and speakers from all over the Territory and some from Texas will occupy the speakers' stand during the two days. On the night of the 28th there will be given on the grounds one of the grandest Indian green corn dances ever seen in this country. At least 500 Indians will participate in this dance.

Construction Commenced.

Temple: The gold spike, which always signifies the first step in steel laying in the construction of a road, was driven July 21 on the Temple-Belton interurban electric railway by Mayor F. P. Hamill, of Temple, who had been selected for the honor. There was no attempt at a formal celebration, on account of a fear of interfering with the program of the Confederate Reunion which was in progress.

Old Indian Claim Settled.

Muskogee, I. T.: The Delaware Indians have just adjourned at Dewey, where they have been presided over by Indian Agent Shoeneft in a council to consider whether they should accept the \$150,000 offered them by the Government in payment of all the claim held against the Government by the tribe. After deliberating a day, the council concluded to accept the money, and asked the Indian Agent to make the payment to them.

Waiting Rooms for Passengers.

The Montreal Street Railway Company has recently erected a number of pretentious waiting rooms in different parts of the city. One of them is a two-story brick structure, where there is a ticket office and conveniences for passengers.

American "Partridges."

In the North, where the ruffed grouse is known as the partridge, the blue-white is called the quail; in the South, where the ruffed grouse is known as the pheasant, the quail is called the partridge.—Country Life in America.

India's Plants.

India has, perhaps, a greater variety of plants than any other country in the world, having 15,000 native species, while the flora of the entire continent of Europe only embraces about ten thousand.

Eager to Learn.

There is no compulsory attendance at schools in Japan for the reason that none is needed, both parents and children being eager for all the educational advantages they can get.

Vaccination for Drunkenness.

A new cure for inebriety is by means of vaccination. I know of one very bad case where the patient after treatment has continued sober to this day.—Leisure Hour.

Steel Replaces Hemp.

Steel is slowly but surely displacing hemp as the material of which all hawsers and ropes are made in the ships of the British fleet.

Low Prices for Relics.

Nelson's cocked hat fetched \$6.25 at a sale, and an umbrella, which belonged to the Duke of Wellington \$42.

British Domestic Servants.

Great Britain has 1,951,000 domestic servants, earning £42,500,000 per annum.

Conducting battles by telephone, as Japanese generals do, may be scientific, but it is going to play the mischief with the historic battle scene painters. How is a general to be made to look heroic when seated at a desk with a telephone at his ear?

In view of the wholesale destruction of the lobster crop by the dogfish along the Atlantic coast, Senator Dryden of New Jersey will introduce a bill in the next congress offering a bounty of 2 cents for every dogfish killed hereafter. New Jersey is not so busy exterminating mosquitoes that it forgets its other enemies.

The inflated suit may be the solution of the aerial navigation problem, but suppose a fellow gets a puncture while away from the earth and has left his repair kit at home, what then?

Superstition in Korea.

According to Rev. C. F. Collyer, an English missionary, the Korean "never cuts his hair or beard. To do so is considered a mark of dishonor to his parents, whom he strongly reverences. Any hairs that may happen to come out, and even the parings of his finger nails, are carefully saved and put into the coffin with him, in order that he may go back to mother earth intact."

Peripatetic Liars.

The number of men who suddenly disappear from home and then weeks or months afterward send word that they have traveled far, while their minds were blank, appear to be increasing. In many cases it is probably an excuse to keep from the knowledge of friends and relatives just what they have been doing.—Philadelphia Press.

Her Mission.

Mrs. Homer—"I suppose your daughter is attending cooking school so she will be able to do her own cooking after her marriage?"

Mrs. Uppson—"Oh, my, no! She is going to write a cook book."

EASTERN TEXAS RAILROAD CO.

TIME TABLE NO. 5.
Effective 1:00 a. m., Wednesday, December 16, 1903.

WEST BOUND	STATIONS	EAST BOUND
Train No. 1		Train No. 2
Leave a. m.		Arrive p. m.
7 00	Lufkin	4 15
7 23	Caruthers	3 57
7 40	Chancy	3 39
7 57	Pine Island	3 15
8 15	Druso	2 00
8 35	Hagerville	2 40
8 50	Kennard Mill	2 25
9 15	Kennard	2 00
Arrive a. m.		Leave a. m.

Trains run daily except Sunday.
K. W. MILLER,
Traffic Mgr.

Thibodaux, La.: Joseph Peres, who resided at Bowie, this parish, was accidentally killed Friday. He was watching some men top a tree, when a large branch fell on him and caused



To-morrow.
The sunset last night was a blending of light—
"Twas amethyst, golden and blue—
But midnight was jet and the cloud-banks were set.
"Gainst walls of Pisonian hue!
The Thunder God bowed ponderous spheres that rolled
Down stretches of firmament rent!
The lightning leaped high in the turbulent sky:
The woods, like the willows, were bent!
Our lives, like the eky, go in chaos awry.
Our calms with our tempests elope—
But morn's beacon comes to uplift from the slums
"Our hearts, to the sunlight of hope!
For midnight, so dim, cannot shadow the sun
Of morning, the blithsome and bright!
The bonny, blue sky with its haze drifting
by
Dispels all the clouds of the night!
Take heart, everyone, when your journey's begun
In light that is struggling and wan—
No matter the dark; there'll be sun with the morn!
Trudge onward and watch for the dawn!

The Grocery Paper.
The grocer subscribes to the home paper. He subscribes not because he cares anything about the news himself, but because the loafers must be entertained. As soon as the paper is issued, the dead-beats, the town idlers and occasionally a capitalist, drop in, surreptitiously to try a siver off the silvery codfish, to be sociable with the grocer—and to read the local newspaper. They watch each other like hawks, and when Bill Smithers gets through sponging the current events, Hank Stevens grabs the paper and squats behind the vinegar barrel to peruse the sheet from the northeast corner to the southeast corner.
While Hank reads the others sigh, and forage olives from the olive jar, crackers from the cracker barrel and smoking tobacco from the "poor box."
After a time Henry emerges from behind the barrel with the paper.
William Winters bustles up, his face full of crackers, an olive pit in his left hand, and requests the possession of the circulating library.
"Lemme have 'er about a minute, Hank. I don't s'pose there's nothin' in it, but it won't take long 'I read it, then! Will it? Ha, ha!"
Henry hands him the paper and William goes back of the stove and sitting on a soap box, takes his turn at the news.
One by one they read the newspaper, and along about sundown some one comes in and, getting the drop on the other belated spongers, sticks the paper in his pistol pocket and escapes!

When the grocer wants the return it is not to be found. No wonder he is not always friendly to the editor. Every issue of the local paper costs him a pound of codfish, thirty-seven crackers, two quarts of olives and a poor box full of smoking tobacco.
Cleanliness and Godliness.
Jim Lee was a lazy cuss
That unhandled, sneaked and swooled
James Brown was a pinching "guy"
That owed half the town, or more!
Jim Lee hadn't had a bath
Since he was a barefoot lad!
James Brown took a morning plunge
And rubbed till his heart was glad!
Thus one was aglow and neat;
The other was stale and rent!
They died! (Can you squeeze a tear?)
And both to St. Peter went!
To Jim old St. Peter said:
"Pass into the bath room there!"
To James—well, he turned James back
And scoffed as Brown tore his hair!
You see, this man Brown was rich,
But close as a tight-barked limb!
He heard not the beggar's cry,
But heaped up his gold with him!
While Jim was unclean and bad,
He shared with a dog his crust—
Lay up for yourselves kind deeds,
Or else you'll burn up—or bust!

Do you recall how, when a youth, you filled your old hat full of water at the spring and, standing with one toe in the sand and the other on a flagstone, threw back your head and imbibed your fill of the sweetest nectar in the world? Well, a knocker in a Wisconsin paper says: "It ruins the shape of a hat to wet it. Quit drinking from your hat and buy a dipper at the Famous!" The shape of your hat, indeed! Why, if we could go back to that period of bare feet and humble bee sting, we would drink from our Sunday tile if we had to break into society wearing a skull cap. We've tried 'em all ways, with the cherry and without, but never yet have we tasted beverage that delighted the palate and satisfied thirst as did that ambrosia beside the bubbling spring on the old farm back in—well, back in Iowa. A ha! the tin dipper at the Famous!

He Couldn't.
I can't couldn't do a thing!
I will could do anyone!
Out into the market place
They went when the day was done!
I will pick'd a pocket fat,
I can't couldn't run away!
I will be smother'd with kisses—
I can't is in jail to stay!

IN THE MIKADO'S EMPIRE.

Traveling is Not Altogether an Un-Mixed Delight.

A lady traveling in Japan gives the following sketch of an inn at which she stopped: "The landlord and his wife and the servants all come to talk to you and when you inform the company that you are sleepy and want your bed laid, everybody says at once, 'Honorable bed augustly is it' but nobody does anything, and when at last you have achieved your desire you have to force apart, in defiance of police regulations, the wooden shutters which hermetically seal the house, in order to avoid being smothered with the fumes of charcoal and humans. As soon as things are quiet enough rats chase over the rooms and generally over you as well, and sometimes bite you. One o'clock in the morning, in the old Japanese reckoning, was called 'the hour of the rat,' doubtless for this reason. And all night-long the watchman sounds his rattle to show that he is attending to his duties. You have to be up with the cock to get the first go at the bath, which is only filled once, and the wash hand basin, which is only as large as a cake tin, is always kept in the veranda."

Proved Beyond a Doubt.
Middlesex, N. Y., July 25.—(Special.)—That Rheumatism can be cured has been proved beyond a doubt by Mrs. Betsey A. Clawson, well known here. That Mrs. Clawson had Rheumatism and had it bad, all her acquaintances know. They also know she is now cured, Dodd's Kidney Pills did it. Mrs. Clawson tells the story of her cure as follows:
"I was an invalid for most five years caused by Inflammatory Rheumatism; helpless two-thirds of the time. The first year I could not do as much as a baby could do; then I rallied a little bit and then a relapse. Then a year ago the gout set in my hands and feet. I suffered untold agony and in August, 1903, when my husband died I could not ride to the grave.
"I only took two boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and in two weeks I could walk on myself and saw my own wood. I dug my own potatoes and gathered my own garden last fall. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me."
Rheumatism is caused by uric acid in the blood. Dodd's Kidney Pills put the kidneys in shape to take all the uric acid out of the blood.

The lion is the emblem of England and the unicorn of Scotland. On the union of Scotland and England in 1603, one of the lions was removed from the British coat of arms, and the unicorn substituted.

Important to Mothers.
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

We toast bread not merely to brown it, but to take out all the moisture possible, that it may be more easily moistened with the saliva and thus easily digested; then we brown it to give it a better flavor.

Do Your Feet Ache and Burn?
Shake into your shoes, Allen's Foot-Paste, a powder for the feet. It makes tight or New Shoes feel Easy. Cures Swollen, Hot, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

A successful singer says that one must have more than a fine voice in this age of the world in order to be heard.

Gentle but Great.
For inactive Liver, Biliousness and general depression of the system, I find Simmons' Liver Purifier (tin boxes) acts like a charm. You are well almost before you realize you have been doctoring, so gentle yet effective is its action.
Felix Zeigler,
Mountain View, O. T.
Tin boxes only; 25c.

Except the sun and the moon, only Venus, Jupiter and some of the brightest fixed stars give a sensible shadow.

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Emsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 16, 1900.

Among the monuments to great men erected, in Westminster abbey, says the London Daily Mail, "in the holy quiet of the edifiers, is a monument to—a 'knack-sifter'."

Miss Hobhouse of New York intends to take some Venetian lacemakers to South Africa and have them teach their art to the Boer women.

Two June Roses.

Two roses flushed with beauty rare Upon the same branch grew:
Each had the same benignant care From shade and rain and dew.
Each felt the same soul-cheering beams Of morning's glorious sun;
And 'twas but natural their dreams And hopes should be as one.
The same glad birds above each head Poured forth their songs in pride;
And, when the setting sun grew red, They slumbered side by side.
One day there came two maidens fair; "A rose for each," said they,
As, gathering them with tender care, Each went her separate way.
There was no time to say goodbye, Scarce time to feel the smart Of being borne away to die Somewhere, unknown, apart.
One lay upon a maiden's breast, That night to be a bride,
Who to her lips the flower pressed—Forgot it when it died.
The other found itself alone, Held in a dead child's hand;
But as the earth was on them thrown, The rose its future planned.
It said: "I will be strong and brave And pierce the cold earth through,
Now, each year o'er that poor child's grave A rose bush blooms anew."
—Thomas F. Porter.

Worship of the Successful.
While the world is generally convinced that it is only the already successful person who can be of any use, it must put up with having a very considerable amount of sham success foisted on it. "Why ever did you trust the defendant with all these goods?" a judge asked a plaintiff. "You should have seen how he was dressed, and the jewelry he wore, your honor!" replied the too-confiding merchant. "That was the very reason why he should not be able to pay you—if he had spent his money in those things," remarked the judge severely. But the world will not see it in that way."

Passed Limit of Patience.
A Chinese servant employed in a New York family who lived next door to a famous woman pianist left suddenly after only a few days' service. His knowledge of the English language was limited and the letter which he left behind notifying the family of his departure was written in Chinese. With the aid of an interpreter the gist of the communication was made out: "I do not mind your heathen parrot," said the letter; "I do not mind your barbarous customs of dressing and eating; but the lady next door who sits on the musical instrument every day is too much."

Voice from the Swamps.
"Traveling through a malarial district constantly I find Cheatham's Laxative Tablets invaluable—not only on account of their superior medicinal qualities, but their convenience to carry and to take. I do not believe any one who will use them occasionally will ever contract malaria and chills."
Chas. Lacond,
Port Allen, La.
25c per box.
An ordinary house fly will lay 120 eggs during its existence and 90 per cent of them will be hatched out. Twelve or thirteen generations of flies are produced in an ordinary summer.
To the housewife who has not yet become acquainted with the new things of everyday use in the market and who is reasonably satisfied with the old, we would suggest that a trial of Defiance Cold Water Starch be made at once. Not alone because it is guaranteed by the manufacturers to be superior to any other brand, but because each 10c package contains 16 oz., while all the other kinds contain but 12 oz. It is safe to say that the lady who once uses Defiance Starch will use no other. Quality and quantity must win.
Although American sewing machines cost twice as much in Constantinople as the European, more than two-thirds of the 10,000 sold there in 1903 were of American make.
This Will Interest Mothers.
Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children, used by Mother Gray, a nurse in Children's Home, New York, Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the bowels and destroy Worms. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. Address A. S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.
In the thirty years from 1870 to 1890 the population of the country doubled, while its wealth more than trebled, the increase being more than \$64,000,000,000, or enough to create nearly 100,000,000 new millionaires.
When Your Grocer Says
he does not have Defiance Starch, you may be sure he is afraid to keep it until his stock of 12 oz. packages are sold. Defiance Starch is not only better than any other Cold Water Starch, but contains 16 oz. to the package and sells for same money as 12 oz. brands.
The sense of smell is keener in fresh air than in stale or polluted air.
Good soap is made from the soap tree of Florida.
True labor unionism goes deeper than mere wages.

A Beautiful Young Society Woman's Letter.
St. Paul, Minn.
821 Wabasha St.
Dr. Hartman, Columbus, O.,
Dear Sir:
"I took Peruna last summer when I was all run down, and had a headache and backache, and no ambition for anything. I now feel as well as I ever did in all my life, and all thanks to due to your excellent Peruna."
—Bess F. Healy.
The symptoms of summer catarrh are quite unlike in different cases, but the most common ones are general lassitude, play-out, tired-out, used-up, run-down feelings, combined with more or less heavy, stupid, listless, mental condition. Relish for food and the ability to digest food seems to be lost.
Skin eruptions, sallow complexion, biliousness, coated tongue, fitful, irregular sleep, help to complete the picture which is so common at this season.
Peruna so exactly meets all these conditions that the demand is so great for this remedy at this season of the year that it is nearly impossible to supply it.
Peruna Contains No Narcotics.
One reason why Peruna has found permanent use in so many homes is that it contains no narcotics of any kind. Peruna is perfectly harmless. It can be used any length of time without acquiring the drug habit.

Thousands of women suffer from pelvic catarrh and catarrhal nervousness and don't know it. If you feel fagged out, begin at once taking Dr. Hartman's Peruna. It will relieve your catarrhal affliction and all your organs will be restored to health. Buy a bottle to-day, as it will immediately alleviate your case.

A striking contrast between Defiance Starch and any other brand will be found by comparison. Defiance Starch stiffens, whitens, beautifies without rotting. It gives clothes back their newness. It is absolutely pure. It will not injure the most delicate fabrics. For fine things and all things use the best there is. Defiance Starch 10 cents for 16 ounces. Other brands 10 cents for 12 ounces. A striking contrast. THE DEFIANCE STARCH CO., Omaha, Neb.

WE DEMAND YOUR ATTENTION.
If anyone offered you a good dollar for an imperfect one would you take it?
If anyone offered you one good dollar for 75 cents of bad money would you take it?
We offer you 16 ounces of the very best starch made for 10c. No other brand is so good, yet all others cost 10c for 12 ounces. Ours is a business proposition. DEFIANCE STARCH is the best and cheapest.
We guarantee it satisfactory. Ask your grocer.
The DEFIANCE STARCH CO., Omaha, Neb.

"Kings of Finance" are very often the "Knaves of Business." Watch the cards!
Dickey's Old Reliable Eye-water cures sore or weak eyes. Don't hurt. Feels good.
The heaven of laughter will lighten a heavy heart.
Try me just once and I am sure to come again. Defiance Starch.
An actor may be pretty bald and still have a good part.
One of the worst features about my good looks is my countenance.

EDUCATIONAL.
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.
TULANE UNIVERSITY OF LOUISIANA.
Its advantages for practical instruction, both in ample laboratories and abundant hospital materials are unequalled. Free access is given to the great Charity Hospital with 80 beds and 30,000 patients annually. Special instruction is given daily at the bedside of the sick. The next session begins October 20th, 1904. For catalogue and information, address
Prof. S. E. CHAILLE, M. D., Dean,
P. O. Drawer 264, New Orleans, La.
Eyes Tested Free.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Diseases Cured.
DR. E. S. HEISIG,
513 TEXAS AVE., HOUSTON.
Bottled with care and use Thompson's Eye Water

Plantation Gin Cure is Guaranteed
To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

Local Items.

Buy your tea from Billy Lewis & Co.

Miss Bettie Smith is visiting at Cold Springs.

Barbed and hog fencing wire at the Big Store.

Billy Lewis & Co. will sell you the best vinegar.

Where did you get them? King & Millar's, \$3.00.

Buy your cotton picking sacks from the Big Store.

Breakfast bacon and hams at Billy Lewis & Co's.

Shoes at the Big Store are cheaper and better.

If you want sox to match your shoes see King & Millar.

Fruit jars, extra rubbers and tops at Billy Lewis & Co's.

Osnaburgs and duck for cotton sacks cheaper at the Big Store.

Miss Dimple Sory of Palestine is the guest of Miss Clara Rice.

Mr. E. L. Phelps of Tennessee is a guest of friends in this city.

The Big Store is selling all low cut shoes at a greatly reduced price.

We have the finest line of men's hosiery ever shown in Crockett.

KING & MILLAR.

You can get fresh cheese at Billy Lewis & Co's. the year round.

Darling is the name of the best stove on earth. See them at the Big Store.

E. B. Hale returned Saturday from the sheriff's convention at Fort Worth.

Our \$4.50 and \$5.00 pants now \$3.00.

KING & MILLAR, Tailors.

Hubert Craig from Dallas has accepted an office position with Edmiston Bros.

We carry strictly a first class line of gents' furnishings.

KING & MILLAR.

Messrs. J. A. Smith, Cal Bay and Warren of Kennard spent Saturday and Sunday here.

You can save money on groceries, hardware and furniture by buying them at the Big Store.

\$5.00 made to measure pants at \$3.00. You will have to hurry.

KING & MILLAR.

The Big Store has a few pretty summer dress patterns left that they will sell you cheap.

We do cleaning, pressing and repairing. Satisfaction guaranteed.

KING & MILLAR.

For comfort, style and durability, those W. B. corsets at the Big Store can't be excelled.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Morrison of Kennard were visiting Mrs. Morrison's parents here this week.

The election is over and our big mid-summer reduction sale is on. Ask to see those \$3.00 pants.

KING & MILLAR.

Capt. Reese Fowler of Palestine represented Anderson county in the senatorial convention Saturday.

A wave for better streets has struck Crockett and what is next needed is a wave for a cleaner town.

Dr. C. W. Kline, dentist, successor to Dr. H. J. Cunyus, is here ready for business at Dr. Cunyus' office.

Messrs. Box and Guinn of Rusk and Jim Singleton of Lufkin were here Saturday as delegates to the senatorial convention.

Tuesday, August 2, is the day appointed for a general cleaning up of the city. On this day let all rubbish be burned and what can't be burned carted off.

The Soda Water Habit

THE delicious soda water drawn at our Fountain, its purity, richness of flavor, its perfection in palate pleasing qualities, are the reasons that so many people in this community are soda drinkers.

The Real Chocolate Taste

Our Chocolate Ice Cream Soda has it. A smooth, rich, creamy dream. It's worth coming here to know how good chocolate can be made.

B. J. Chamberlain,

THE DRUGGIST.

The old Farmers' and Merchants' bank building is being remodeled in front and will be occupied by the First National.

For Sale.

A few thoroughbred Poland-china guilts five months old, they are beauties. D. T. ADAIR.

Frank Drick, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Matthews, and who has been in college at Sewanee, Tenn., is spending his vacation at home.

Misses Bess Ferguson and Grace Gould of Palestine arrived Wednesday afternoon and are the guests of Mrs. C. C. Stokes for a few days.

The boll weevil is reported to be appearing in some sections of the county in alarming numbers. The only remedy now is to burn fallen squares.

Dr. C. W. Kline, recently of Abilene, has arrived with his family and is now permanently located here. He is occupying the office recently vacated by Dr. H. J. Cunyus.

Mrs. W. H. Denny rocked off of the porch backward Sunday night and badly sprained one of her arms. Mrs. H. S. Jopling broke one of her arms in the same way recently.

N. H. Phillips and Cal Kenley of Groveton attended the senatorial district convention here Saturday. Mr. Kenley was accompanied by Mrs. Kenley, and were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Bayne.

The Good Roads association at its meeting Monday afternoon set aside Tuesday, August 2, as a day for general cleaning up and request that every resident of the town have all weeds cut on that day and all trash raked up and piled for burning. What can't be burned should be hauled off.

The Good Roads association organized Monday with a membership of about fifty and names are still being added. Something over \$300 has been subscribed in cash and work for the improvement of the public roads and streets and work was begun Tuesday by unloading three cars of coal screenings.

Card of Thanks.

I wish to thank the good people of Houston county for the interest taken in my behalf during the last campaign, and also to express my appreciation of courteous treatment by saying that I haven't received anything but kindness and best wishes from my opponents or their friends. With best wishes for my opponents and the people at large of old Houston county, I am very respectfully,

NAT PATTON.

Reward for Train Robbers.

PALESTINE, July 19th, 1904. The International and Great Northern R. R. Co. offers a reward of one thousand (1000) dollars for the arrest and conviction of each of the robbers who held up its train No. 5 near Speer Friday night, July 15th, 1904.

L. TRICE.

The cross-tie industry in Houston county is a considerable source of revenue to the county. The railroad tie inspector stated last week that more of this kind of timber was shipped from Crockett, Paso and Lovelady than from all other points on the I. & G. N. Thousands of ties are piled up at these three stations and still they come.

The editor spent Friday afternoon at Lovelady. He heard nothing but the most favorable reports on the crop conditions. Corn is made and prospects for cotton were never better at this season. Lovelady was shipping a car of watermelons that day and several cars of lumber were being loaded. Lovelady is also a large shipper of cross-ties.

A reunion of the Dupuy family was had in Anderson county, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Dupuy, last week, with the following members present: Dr. Alton Dupuy, wife and child of San Antonio; M. C. Dupuy and family of Kennard; Mrs. J. E. Ledbetter of Quanah; Mrs. J. B. Harkins and Mrs. J. R. Sheridan and son of Crockett; Mrs. A. Burks and daughter and H. M. Dupuy of San Antonio.

Mrs. Lou Campbell died of heart failure at her home in this city Thursday night of last week and was buried in Glenwood cemetery Friday afternoon. Her death, as in cases of this kind, came very sudden and was a sad surprise to even those in the house with her. Mrs. Campbell had conducted a boarding house in Crockett for many years and was known to many of our people as a good woman of generous impulses. There are two sons left, John and Haden, one a young man and the other only a boy.

The Senatorial Race.

For the benefit of our readers we give below the majority of each county composing the senatorial district, as furnished us by Hon. John B. Peyton:

County	Majority
Houston County	168
Cherokee County	349
Angelina County	113
Trinity County	379
Anderson County	292
Stokes' majority	630
Peyton	601

Pick Up and Burn Squares.

It is estimated that the weevil will do Texas alone \$15,000,000 damage this year. It is also known that the progeny of one pair of weevils will in a single season amount to 134,000,000 individuals. At this time the weevil is depositing its egg in the square. Each weevil deposits from one to two hundred eggs. Each square punctured for the deposited egg dies and drops off. Within thirty days the fallen square produces its full fledged weevil.

Picking up these squares and burning them means simply the destroying of a thousand weevils for each square. It is conceded that this is the only effective step to take at this period. Many theorists believe in poisons, but the real scientific men are putting very little reliance indeed in them; in fact, they are less sanguine than others for any remedy whatever at present. However, they are begging everybody to pick up the squares and burn them, for that plan is so simple and effective any one can see the benefit.

Money to Loan.

We Buy and Sell Real Estate.
List Your Land With Us.
Fire Insurance Written in Best Companies.

WARFIELD BROTHERS,
Office Over J. E. Monk's Store.

FOR BETTER STREETS.

Meeting of Citizens at Court House Saturday Night.

CROCKETT, July 23.

At the citizens' meeting at the court house Saturday night, Judge Porter Newman was elected chairman and W. W. Aiken secretary.

The object of the meeting was explained by the chairman and G. Q. King, representing the Houston County Coal and Manufacturing company. It was explained that lignite screenings were offered the city for use on the streets free and that the railroad company had offered to haul same from the coal mine free of charge. What was wanted was for the meeting to consider the matter of placing the screenings on the streets, beginning at the depot and continuing through the city. It was motioned and carried that the work be taken up immediately and that a committee of six be appointed to solicit subscriptions and teams for hauling. Chair appointed committee as follows: C. C. Warfield, G. Q. King, J. V. Collins, W. V. Berry, M. Bromberg, Jr., and J. R. Foster.

Motioned and carried that the meeting dissolve itself into a good roads association. Officers were elected as follows: Judge Newman, president; A. H. Wootters, vice president; C. C. Warfield, treasurer; W. W. Aiken, secretary.

The following resolution carried and was offered by Joe Adams as a form to be used in soliciting subscriptions and teams for work:

"The undersigned do severally hereby agree to contribute in money and work the amount set opposite our names respectively, the same to be used in improving the streets and public roads in the corporate limits of the city of Crockett."

Between \$150 and \$200 was subscribed in cash and use of teams and drivers by the nineteen men present at the meeting.

Motioned and carried that a committee of five be appointed on rules and by-laws. Committee appointed as follows: M. Bromberg, Jr., chairman; J. W. Young, B. B. Warfield, G. Q. King and Joe Adams.

Adjourned to meet at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon and civic club invited to participate.

PORTER NEWMAN, Chmn.
W. W. AIKEN, Sec.

At the meeting of the Good Roads association at the court house Monday, July 25, 1904, at 4 o'clock p. m., the chairman, Judge Porter Newman, presided.

The report of the committee on rules and by-laws was called for, read and adopted.

Permanent organization was gone into and the following officers elected: Porter Newman, president; A. H. Wootters, vice president; C. C. Warfield, treasurer; W. W. Aiken, secretary; W. V. Berry, Joe Adams and G. Q. King were added to constitute the board of directors.

Motion made and carried that commissioners' court be asked to donate funds to be used on streets, board of directors to act.

Motion made and carried that

association act with commissioners in regard to county public roads.

Motion made and carried that Tuesday, August 2, be set aside as a day for general cleaning up in the city of Crockett and that the city papers be requested to give publicity to same.

There being no further business, the meeting adjourned.

PORTER NEWMAN, Chmn.
W. W. AIKEN, Sec.

Senatorial Convention.

Be it remembered that on this the 25th day of July, A. D. 1904, the Thirteenth senatorial convention was called to order by F. H. Bayne, chairman. A motion was made and duly carried that a committee on credentials and permanent organization be appointed consisting of one delegate from each county, and the chair appointed the committee, as suggested by the various delegations, as follows:

Angelina county, J. J. Singleton; Cherokee county, J. C. Box; Trinity county, N. H. Phillips; Anderson county, Reese Fowler; Houston county, J. M. Crook.

The committee reported the names of the delegates of each county, and representation of each county as follows: Anderson county, entitled to six votes; Angelina county, entitled to four votes; Cherokee county, entitled to six votes; Houston county, entitled to six votes and, Trinity county entitled to four votes, and also recommended A. A. Aldrich for permanent chairman and Geo. W. Crook for permanent secretary. The report of the committee was adopted.

Hon. C. H. Kenley of Trinity county then placed the name of Hon. C. C. Stokes in nomination for state senator, stating that he had received the majority of the votes of the district, and carried a majority of the counties, and therefore was entitled to the place. His nomination was seconded by delegates from Anderson, Cherokee and Angelina counties, and his nomination made unanimous.

A committee was appointed to notify Mr. Stokes of the action of the convention, and he appeared before same and in a few graceful words thanked the convention for the honor conferred.

Nothing further appearing the convention adjourned.

A. A. ALDRICH, Chairman.
GEO. W. CROOK, Sec.

Fine Artesian Wells.

The company organized to prospect for oil on land of Dr. W. B. Collins near Lovelady have finished their wells. They failed to get oil, but have two of the finest artesian wells in Texas. The wells are five or six miles southeast of Lovelady, too far away to be of any use to the town. About the only use they could be put to would be for irrigating. Parties irrigating at Laredo got rich raising onions and why could not the same be true from like cultivation in Houston county? No better soil exists for the growing of onions. Such a fine artesian flow as they have near Lovelady should be put to some use. We may yet see one of the greatest irrigated onion farms in the state near Lovelady. If not onions, then something else.

THE COURIER.

W. W. AIKEN, Editor and Proprietor

Democratic Nominees.

- For District Judge
B. F. Gardner
- For District Attorney
Jo A. McDonald
- For State Senator
C. C. Stokes
- For Representative
I. A. Daniel
- For County Judge
Porter Newman
- For Sheriff
A. W. Phillips
- For County Treasurer
D. J. Cater
- For County Clerk
Nat E. Allbright
- For Tax Collector
J. W. Brightman
- For District Clerk
J. B. Stanton
- For County Attorney
John Spence
- For Tax Assessor
John H. Ellis
- For Commissioner Prec. No. 2
Ross Murchison
- For Commissioner Prec. No. 3
Ab Thomasson
- For Commissioner Prec. No. 4
C. B. Isbell
- For Justice Peace Prec. No. 1
J. W. Saxon
- For Constable Prec. No. 1
O. B. (Deb) Hale

Reagan on Government Ownership.

Judge Reagan's comment upon Mr. Bryan's government ownership proposition is both wise and timely. No living statesman has given more thought to the great transportation problem than Judge Reagan, and his authority to speak on this subject is recognized throughout the country. Judge Reagan truly says it is not necessary for the government to embark upon the dangerous policy of public ownership in order to control the railroads. Texas has already demonstrated that a State can exercise all necessary control without ownership.

Judge Reagan says:

While State ownership would not centralize this vast power in the hands of the Federal government, it would create vast public debts, and would, for the reasons above stated, increase the cost of transportation to the people. There are over 11,000 miles of railroad in this State, which, at an average rate of \$25,000 to the mile, would create a debt of \$275,000,000. These railroads are operated by 54,080 officers and employes, and they controlled the transportation of 29,999,203 tons of freight during the year of 1903. The property of these roads can only be obtained by the State by contract and with the consent of the owners and upon terms which would meet their approval.

Of course what Judge Reagan says is true, and the force of his argument must appeal to every practical mind. Mr. Bryan has not really studied out his proposition at all, or he could not have seriously advocated such a plan as State ownership.

State ownership is not original with Mr. Bryan. Georgia and North Carolina both own railroads now, but with the exception of a single short line in North Carolina, these State lines have long since been leased to other corporations because it was to the interest of the State to do so. And in the case of the Atlantic and North Carolina, which is operated by the State, the result has been decidedly unsatisfactory. Not long ago, many abuses were discovered and almost a scandal was the result and the public demand that the road be leased will doubtless be acceded to very soon.

But even if State operation had not already failed, Judge Reagan's argument that the purchase of the roads would entail enormous debts upon the State and increase the cost of transportation can not be

answered. The State of Texas certainly does not want to abandon its present satisfactory methods of control to try the dangerous expedient of ownership. We could not buy the roads if we wanted to. We admit that we have some great financiers who think we could buy them—financiers who believe that money in unlimited quantities can be made by fiat and printing machinery; who believe that corporate property can be condemned and acquired on the State's terms; who believe that a bond issue of \$300,000,000 is feasible and all that, but the great majority of us who are not endowed with the intelligence of Mr. Bryan and those who agree with him can not see the matter in that light.

Of course, it might be argued that if the money sharks of the East should refuse to take a Texas bond issue of \$300,000,000 at par, the people of Texas could take the bonds. Possibly they could. But in a \$300,000,000 issue, how many farmers would be willing to give two bales of cotton for a \$100 bond?

Really the proposition is so absurd, it is unlikely that many Texas people will consider it seriously. We doubt if the populists will readily take to the State ownership plan. They might favor the Federal ownership plan on the theory that the government could print the money and compel the owners of the roads to accept it in exchange for their property. But this theory is just as unsound as that of State ownership.—Houston Post.

Another Glance at Campaign Possibilities.

It is claimed by those in a position to find out that the Republicans counted noses too early. They relied upon New York, Indiana, New Jersey and Connecticut as practically sure for their candidates, but the firm stand taken by Judge Parker on the monetary question has swept these five States into the extremely doubtful column. Before the Parker nomination Maryland and West Virginia, with their fifteen electoral votes, were placed in the doubtful column. Some Republicans now concede these States to Parker. New Jersey, three times carried by Grover Cleveland, is regarded as pretty safe for Parker, and the same opinion is held of Connecticut. The situation presents this apportionment of the States:

Democratic—Alabama 11, Arkansas 9, Florida 5, Georgia 13, Kentucky 13, Louisiana 9, Mississippi 10, Missouri 18, North Carolina 12, South Carolina 9, Tennessee 12, Texas 18, Virginia 12, Maryland 8, West Virginia 7, Colorado 5, Idaho 3, Nevada 3. Total 177.

Republican—California 10, Delaware 3, Iowa 13, Kansas 10, Maine 6, Massachusetts 16, Michigan 14, Minnesota 11, Montana 3, Nebraska 8, New Hampshire 4, Ohio 23, Oregon 4, Pennsylvania 34, Rhode Island 4, South Dakota 4, Utah 3, Vermont 4, Washington 5, Wyoming 3, North Dakota 4. Total 186.

In doubt—Connecticut 7, New York 39, Illinois 27, Indiana 15, Wisconsin 13, New Jersey 12. Total 113.

Of the 476 members of the Electoral College the winning candidate must have the votes of 239. On this basis it will be seen that the Democrats are in a magnificent position for victory. It is of interest in this connection to recall former votes. In 1880 Garfield had 214 electoral votes, against 155 for Hancock; in 1884 Cleveland received 219, Blaine 182; Cleveland in 1888 received

168 votes, Harrison 233; Cleveland in 1892 received 277 votes, against 145 for Harrison; McKinley received 271 in 1896, while Bryan had 176; in 1900 McKinley's vote was 292 and Bryan's 155. Tilden carried New York in 1876 and Cleveland carried it in 1884 and 1892. Wisconsin, Illinois and Indiana went Democratic in 1892. "But greatest of all signs is that which comes of Republican dissatisfaction with President Roosevelt and the enthusiasm which Judge Parker, by his own stalwartness, has aroused," adds the Boston Traveler. The Traveler is a Democratic journal, and we must make due allowances for that; but its tables and estimates are interesting and may assist other ardent table makers.—Galveston News.

Democrats and Their New Leader.

(From the New York Herald.)

Judge Parker's telegram declaring himself for sound money has made such an impression that he may save the democratic party in spite of itself.

The comments elicited from all quarters show that Judge Parker's action has won the confidence of the people, and that sort of confidence President Roosevelt has not inspired.

His imperialism and his dictatorial ways, together with the revival of the race issue in the South and other Rough Rider fads, have awakened among the people a distrust of Mr. Roosevelt and the republican party quite as great as the distrust which Bryanism, sixteen-to-one-ism, populism and other freakish isms had excited with respect to the democrats.

Mr. Roosevelt has the support of his intimate friends and his political proteges, but conservative people eye him with distrust. They acknowledge that he is irreplaceable as an individual—that he is a staunch patriot, a good husband, a loyal friend. But they doubt his capacity for self control, distrust his judgment and question his conception of presidential duties.

Like the German emperor, he wishes to meddle in every detail of the public service, to control every department, to rule every official, to be both the law-maker and the executive, to be the source of power and to apply it.

Between Mr. Roosevelt's views of the president's duties and the views of the American people on that subject there is a very wide difference. He evidently thinks the president of the United States is a sort of dictator, while the people rightly regard him merely as their chief magistrate, as the executive head of the administration. This domineering conception of his official duties has excited widespread resentment among republicans and has led him to make mistakes that would have prevented his nomination if the republican party had had any other available candidate.

As it was, however, he had virtually a walkover, and the democrats were entirely out of the running until Judge Parker's telegram to W. F. Sheehan at the St. Louis convention revealed to them that they had a candidate possessed of strong sense and statesmanship. Before his ultimatum was delivered it was said in the Herald that Judge Parker was the servant of the democratic party, not its master. His telegram on the gold question proved the contrary. It showed that the democrats who had nominated him, believing him to be King Log, had really chosen King Stork.

What the democrats needed was a master. They have found one in Judge Parker, and he may yet lead them out of the wilderness.

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Prop. Pickwick Hotel AND REAL ESTATE DEALER

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

List your lands with me, as I am in a position to find ready sale.

ONE MILLION AND A HALF

June budded Peach; full stock, Plum, Pear, Figs, Apples, Grapes, Persimmons, Cherries, Pecans, Strawberries, Dewberries, Blackberries and other fruits and ornamentals for the South. Car lots a specialty. Send list of wants.

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Citation by Publication.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County—Greeting:

You are hereby commanded, that by making publication of this Citation in some newspaper published in the County of Houston, if there be no newspaper published in said County, but if not, then in the nearest County where a newspaper is published, for four weeks previous to the return day hereof, you summon J. M. Long, A. O. Yates and M. I. Hulsey, defendants, whose residence is unknown, to be and appear before the Honorable County Court of Houston County, at the next regular term thereof, to be held in the County of Houston, at the Court house thereof, in Crockett, on the first Monday in August, A. D. 1904, the same being the 3rd day of August, A. D. 1904, File Number being 104, then and there to answer the Petition of H. F. Craddock, Plaintiff, filed in said Court, on the 1st day of July, A. D. 1904, against the said J. M. Long, A. O. Yates and M. I. Hulsey, and against R. B. Rich, and alleging in substance as follows, to-wit: That about January 28, 1903, defendants J. M. Long, A. O. Yates and M. I. Hulsey executed to defendant, R. B. Rich, their eight certain promissory notes for the sum of \$500 each, each bearing interest from date at 10 per cent per annum, and providing for 10 per cent additional as attorney's fees, and each payable to R. B. Rich, or order, and maturing three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine and ten months after date and each secured by mortgage of even date with said notes, executed by said J. M. Long, A. O. Yates and M. I. Hulsey to said R. B. Rich on all the tools of trade of whatsoever kind and description, and all materials at that time being in the blacksmith shop occupied by said R. B. Rich, and situated in said town of Crockett. That said R. B. Rich before the maturity of either of said notes, for a valuable consideration, paid by plaintiff, transferred said notes and mortgage to plaintiff, and thereupon the said notes and mortgage were in substance as follows, to-wit: That said notes are long past due and payment of same has been demanded from defendants and they refused to pay same or part thereof. That plaintiff placed said notes with his attorneys for suit, and prays for judgment against all the defendants for amount due on said notes, principal, interest and attorney's fees, for foreclosure of said mortgage, for costs of suit and general and special relief.

Herein full not, but have you then and there before said Court this Writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, in Crockett, this 2nd day of July, A. D. 1904.

Attest: N. E. ALLBRIGHT,
Clerk County Court, Houston Co., Texas.
By J. L. JORDAN, Deputy.

ARREST IT—\$50 REWARD.

A bottle of Ec-zine will be sent free to every reader of this paper who is suffering with any kind of skin disease or eruptions, any form of Eczema, Blind or Bleeding Piles, Scrofula, Itch, Tetter, Barbers Itch, Ringworm, Boils, Blood Poison, Fever Sores or any other Germ disease or sores of any name or nature.

\$50 reward will be paid for any case of Eczema that is not promptly cured with Ec-zine. Ec-zine will heal any sore or cure the worst skin and make it look like velvet. Heretofore there has been no Specific discovered that would cure Eczema and kindred diseases until Ec-zine was discovered and now thousands are cured daily. Never mind what you have tried; forget the failures made by other remedies and send for Free Sample of Ec-zine, which always gives relief and a permanent cure.

Ec-zine Skin Soap is the best antiseptic soap made. It will cleanse anything—will destroy microbes of dandruff, falling hair, sore head, hands and feet, pimples and blackheads on face and make the skin smooth. The only antiseptic shaving soap made, guaranteed to cure germ diseases—\$50 if it don't. 25 cents a cake. Write to day to

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