

# Crockett Courier.

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NO. 34.

## A GAME OF HIDE AND SEEK

### LIVELY SCENES ATTENDING THE CLOSING OF THE SALOONS.

As Low Noon of Friday Drew Near Interest in the Event Increased.

### A Writ of Injunction and How It Was Not Served.

Midnight of Friday of last week was the time limit under the law for the open, legal sale of alcoholic liquors. At the election on July 29th there was a decided majority in favor of the prohibition side of the question. A few days following, the Commissioners' Court met in special session, counted the vote and announced the result. There were certain formalities of procedure prescribed by statute which had to be followed. A proclamation announcing the result, had to be issued and this published for a period of twenty-eight full legal days before the law could become effective and then prohibition in theory if not in fact of the sale of intoxicating liquors be of full force and effect. Although the majority for prohibition was a large and decisive one, there was yet in the minds of those who worked for it, an uneasy and apprehensive feeling that something might happen to delay, if not defeat, the coming of the "millennial period." They reasoned that the law was slow, cumbersome, formal and full of red-tape and that lawyers were a class of infinite resources and tireless in their efforts and remedies for defeating a thing they do not want. For nearly thirty days the pros were in this state of suspended animation so to speak, confident in their assurances of a majority but not quite so confident as to the time that the law would begin to be enforced. During all this time there had been rumors and rumors of injunctions and as a matter of fact there had been an earnest effort along this line for quite a while to secure a stay of this kind. Some of the antis were confident that that there were flaws in the order of the court providing for an election to say nothing of the principle of "vested right" to be found in the contract which the state and county make in granting a license and accepting remuneration for same for the period of twelve months. These were some of the points relied on by those antis who were making an effort for an estoppel to further proceedings. The pros knew or suspected what was going on and were tip-toe with excitement and apprehension. A hasty movement of a few antis or a casual gathering together of a few of them was cause for a caucus of some of the pros. Thus time passed or dragged along—both sides apprehensive, one that the injunction might be issued and the other that it might not.

The evening mail of Thursday, 27th, brought the desired injunction. It had been issued by Judge

Wilson of Houston we believe. It was in the hands of the attorneys representing those antis who were making the fight on Thursday night. Any time up to midnight of Friday would do for serving the papers. There was a great deal of writing to do before the papers were ready for service and the attorneys put in most of the day Friday getting them in shape. They were ready to be served Friday evening.

On Friday morning, however, the fact of an injunction had leaked out, the pros knew it and there was hurried caucusing and scurrying to and fro. They were discussing the most effective methods of dealing with a condition full of awkward features. The time-limit of publication was nearly up. Midnight would put the pros on the home-base, but an injunction would put them in the field to use a base-ball figure of speech. As the time was slipping away the excitement and anxiety grew greater. When night came the papers were ready for service. They had to go through the hands of District Clerk Stanton and through the sheriff be served on County Judge Winfree and a majority of the Commissioners' Court. But search for Clerk Stanton didn't result in finding him. He had gone to the country in the morning, on purpose as the antis allege and by accident as the pros state. Then an effort was made to get the papers issued through Clerk Stanton's deputy, Miss Mary Hill. Those who went to see her were told that she had gone to the country and it was not known where she had gone. The report was then in circulation that Clerk Stanton had come in in the evening on a load of cotton and was at home in hiding. Messengers made several hasty trips there but were told every time that he was not there and no one knew where he was. Thus it was at 11 o'clock Friday night. But sixty minutes more and the time would be up for restraining the enforcement of the law. Meanwhile the other side were at work. All was in readiness for the midnight stroke of the clock announcing the expiration of the twenty-eight days.

As soon as the time piece signalled the hour, the pros went to work. County Clerk Allbright was in his office to sign up the papers and they were taken to Judge Winfree's house to be signed. It was closed up fully and in detail before some of the pros turned in for the night. The antis abandoned all effort after failing to find Clerk Stanton or his deputy. Next day Clerk Stanton showed up, claiming that he had not gone off or been sent off for the purpose of defeating the injunction.

#### Raised From the Dead.

C. W. Landis, "Porter" for the Oriental Hotel, Chanute, Kan., says: "I know what it was to suffer with neuralgia deed I did, and I got a bottle of Ballard's Snow Liniment and I was 'raised from the dead.' I tried to get some more, but before I had 'deposed' of my bottle, I was cured entirely. I am tellin' de truth, too." 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at J. G. Haring's.

#### To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

### The Civil Docket.

The following suits for the fall term of district court have been filed with the district clerk in addition to those published in the COURIER week before last:

T. V. Goodrum vs. Texas Home Fire Insurance Co.—suit for damages.

Joe James vs. unknown heirs of John Breeding and John Griffin, deceased—suit to try title as well as for damages.

J. E. Douglass vs. Texas Home Fire Insurance Co.—suit for damages.

H. F. M. Warren vs. J. G. Menton et al.—suit to cancel deed.

J. W. Lucas vs. Texas Home Fire Insurance Co.—suit for damages.

Emma Smyrl vs. Arnett Smyrl—divorce.

G. Measels vs. Mittie Measels—divorce.

E. Winfree, Co. Judge, vs. N. S. Box et al.—suit on county convict bond.

E. Winfree, Co. Judge, vs. A. D. Oliphant et al.—same as above.

E. Winfree, Co. Judge, vs. Adam Lane et al.—suit on county convict bond.

Emma Lacy vs. Grandison Lacy—divorce.

G. K. Cessur vs. D. J. Jones—suit of trespass to try title as well as for damages.

J. W. Hayes vs. La. & Texas Lumber Co.—suit for damages.

M. G. Bowdoin vs. Ella Bowdoin—divorce.

Dora Jones vs. Andy Jones—divorce.

A. J. Blakey vs. Phyllis Blakey—divorce.

W. H. Denny vs. R. M. Atkinson—suit for specific performance, etc.

Richard Hodge vs. Joanna Hodge—divorce.

E. Winfree, Co. Judge, vs. Ben Cook et al.—suit on county convict bond.

E. Winfree, Co. Judge, vs. William Scott et al.—suit on county convict bond.

M. F. Sides and wife vs. Tom Cruse and G. B. Gibson—suit to try title as well as for damages, etc.

T. S. Hill vs. James A. Bean et al.—suit to try title as well as for damages.

Subscribers who would like to see their communities represented with a communication in the columns of the COURIER weekly will confer a favor on the paper and readers by sending in the news of their communities whenever possible.

John Westhafer, of Loogootee, Ind., is a poor man, but he says he would not be without Chamberlain's Pain Balm if it cost five dollars a bottle, for it saved him from being a cripple. No external application is equal to this liniment for stiff and swollen joints, contracted muscles, stiff neck, sprains and rheumatic and muscular pains. It has also cured numerous cases of partial paralysis. It is for sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

#### You Know What You Are Taking

When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. 50c.

The Best Prescription for Malaria chills and fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c.

### President Diaz a Hard Worker.

Among Mexicans the opinion is general that should President Diaz cease the routine of his work he would die. At 8:30 every morning Gen. Diaz goes to his office and works until about 1:30 p. m. At 4:30 he goes back again and scarcely ever leaves before 11, and often not until midnight. His time is spent in the hardest sort of labor and the president would be miserable if he could not carry out the daily program. A journey of any magnitude would seriously break into his personal habits and therefore it is not thought he will ever visit foreign countries. He never tastes intoxicating liquors and when at banquets never partakes of food.

### Qualified for Membership.

Congressman Lever of South Carolina, the "baby of the house," said the other day that as the labor question is a live one in his district he proposed to seek admission to some union. "Why, you are just out of college," said one of his hearers, "and never did a day's labor in your life." "Haven't, eh?" said the young member, indignantly. "Why, the way I've toiled to get Democratic legislation out of a Republican House makes me fit for membership in a score of labor unions."

### Lord Pauncefote Died Poor.

Although the late Lord Pauncefote received a salary of \$22,500 as British ambassador at Washington, and he had been in the service of the British government all his life, he left a very small estate to his family, and it is said that his unmarried daughters expect to have to find some way by which they may support themselves on their return to England. One of them contemplates becoming a trained nurse.

### Green and Black Tea.

The difference of color between green tea and black tea depends on the fact that the first is obtained from leaves dried as soon as they are gathered, while in the case of the black tea the leaves are allowed to ferment before drying. Black tea, therefore, contains much less tannin than green.

### Her Opinion.

A lady residing in Parkside avenue stopped to admire two kittens carried by a little girl who expressed a wish to get rid of them. "Are they male or female?" asked the lady, with a view to negotiating for their purchase. "Please ma'am," replied the child, "I think they is Maltese."

### The Lowest.

Tieserene de Bort, the French aeronaut, has secured the lowest temperature mark on record—72 deg. centigrade, or 97.6 deg. Fahrenheit. The reading was registered on a thermometer in a trial balloon sent up recently, which rose to a height of 38,000 feet.

### The Salmon Trust.

All of the salmon canneries of British Columbia have been "morganned." In other words, there is a salmon trust. The capital, however, is small, only \$3,000,000. The idea is to save the by-products, which hitherto have been wasted. The canned product will be, as usual, a portion of fish chucked into a tin of grease. From the scales and bones will be manufactured guano and glue. The "by-product" is the salvation of many a business these days.

### May Not See Their Brides.

Among certain African tribes husbands are not permitted to look upon their wives. They live in huts apart, and only during the night are they allowed to visit their brides. This custom, which prevails in the neighborhood of Timbuctoo, is equalled in singularity by that in vogue at Futa, where wives never permit their husbands to see them unveiled until three years have elapsed since their marriage.

### Reindeer Flesh for Food.

It is stated that a strenuous attempt is being made by some enterprising Norwegians to popularize reindeer flesh as an article of diet in Europe. The experiment of raising the animals in large numbers for slaughtering purposes will be fairly tried. They expect to find profitable markets in France and Belgium, and will even endeavor to induce beef-eating Britons to purchase the article.

### AMERICAN BRAINS IN EGYPT.

British Newspaper Pays a Tribute to Yankee Ingenuity.

Downey had taken out the boxed parts of twelve locomotives to Alexandria, shipped them up to Luxor on a broad-gauge road, from there to Shalal on the narrow-gauge, and thence to Wadi Halfa by felucca up the Nile. There he picked up workmen—chained gangs of convicts, most of them murderers, of whom their Egyptian guards stood in momentary terror—who by main strength hauled up the locomotive parts to the top of the bank. Then by the same kind of muscular effort each part was successively handled until the engines stood completed. American brains had guided every action. And when the first train ran out to a little desert station, and one of the Greeks with whom the Soudan towns are beginning to swarm, had poked his head into the train and asked: "Is this the Yankee express?" Downey, leaning out of the cab to hear what he said, caught the strains of a discordant Arab band across the desert playing Sousa's "Stars and Stripes."—The World's Work.

### WAS NOT EXPLICIT ENOUGH.

Lawyer Evidently a Trifle Uncertain Where the Truth Lay.

There are still people who do not know what is good and what is evil. Really strange is it, however, that a lawyer should be found among these innocents. Yet it may be so, as the following story proves:

A lawyer was prevented from representing a client in court, and therefore asked a colleague to do it for him. The latter readily assented.

But when the former returned he looked into the case to see how the business had gone, without, however, receiving much satisfaction; for he found that his friend, who was not only of a poetic turn of mind, but extremely precise, had merely written a short note:

"Truth triumphant, he succumbs."

The lawyer stared at the words helplessly, then sat down and wrote a letter:

"Will you please let me know the result of the case; have we won, or the other side?"—Stray Stories.

### Keeps American Clippings.

Emperor William directed, before Prince Henry went to the United States, the complete collection of newspaper clippings be preserved in the archives of the Hohenzollern family perpetuating the trip. Huge volumes are now growing up under the hands of his secretaries.

### Brain Bequests.

The Cornell Brain Association of which Professor Burt G. Wilder is president, has received more than 100 bequests of the brains of highly-educated people, as the result of the circulation of a unique form of "will and testament" which he drew up and asked them to sign.

### Swedish Emigration.

The total emigration of Sweden to America during the last fifty years has exceeded 350,000, while about 150,000 Swedes have gone to other countries. Of the emigrants to the United States only 5 per cent have returned to their native country.

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### CZAR'S TWO LUCKY RINGS.

Russian Ruler's Superstitious Regard for a Tailor.

Many royalties possess rings which they seem to regard with an almost superstitious reverence. Two such does the czar of Russia own. One contains a small piece of the Cross and has the power, so tradition asserts, of shielding its wearer from all physical harm.

Without it Russia's ruler will never set foot outside of the palace, bearing perchance in memory the fate of Alexander II, who on the day of his assassination had left this tailor behind him.

The other ring, which is of gothic design, was given to the Princess Charlotte of Prussia, daughter of Frederick William III., by her governess. Many years later the future Czar Nicholas, great grandfather of the present ruler, chanced to meet at dinner the young princess, fell forthwith in love with her, and asked her for the ring as a memento of their first meeting.

She consented, and until the day of his death Nicholas wore the gift, first on his finger and then, when it became too small, suspended round his neck.

### WANTED A GROWN-UP PERSON.

Child's Explanation a Doubtful Compliment to her Father.

A prominent real estate man in Los Angeles had an experience a few evenings ago that kept him guessing for a little bit as to whether he should feel complimented or otherwise, says the Los Angeles Herald. He was at home with one little daughter, while his wife and another of the children were downstairs. Darkness was coming on and the little girl was anxiously watching for her mother's return. Her nervousness grew apace, in spite of the father's attempts at reassurance. At length the little one burst into tears, saying:

"I just can't help it! I need mamma, and I must have her!"

"Do you do this way when your mamma is here and I'm away?" asked her father.

"No, of course not," replied the little one. "Cause then there's some grown-up person about the house."

### THE PRINCE JUST GRINNED.

Discouragement of an Exhibition of Jacobite Loyalty.

Prince Leopold of Bavaria is to represent his brother, the regent, at the coronation—an arrangement not very satisfactory to those harmless lunatics known as the Thames Valley Legitimist league, who had hoped that Prince Rupert would have been sent on this errand, and given them another opportunity of demonstrating their folly. The last-named prince is the son of Princess Ludwig, who, according to the Legitimist, is "Queen Mary of England and Scotland." When he came to London on the occasion of the diamond jubilee, he was met and presented with a bouquet of white roses by the Thames Valley Jacobites, who hailed him as "Prince of Wales." The young Prince, who had a fair sense of humor, received the grotesque salutation with a very broad grin, and the folly ended in farce.—Newcastle (England) Chronicle.

### Long Distance Heating.

There has been completed at Dresden, Germany, one of the largest long distance heating plants in Europe. This is used on many public buildings on the left bank of the River Elbe, including the theater, museum, castle, royal kitchen, the custom-house, etc. The greatest distance from the central station over which the heat is transmitted is three-quarters of a mile. The total heat consumption per hour is 5,200,000 heat units. The usual steam pressure is two atmospheres. Ten of a total of fourteen boilers are used and to guard against accidents two main lines of pipes have been provided. It is stated that the loss of heat in transmission is from 4 to 4½ per cent. The largest pipes have a diameter of eight and one-half inches. The pipes are protected by two layers of tin, the inner layer being perforated and the outer one covered with silk.

### The Skull of an Eaten Missionary.

The last Australian mail brings an interview with the Rev. A. E. Hunt, a New Guinea missionary, who had just arrived in Sydney. He brought with him the skull of the late Rev. John Chalmers, who, it will be remembered, was killed and eaten by Papuan cannibals. From inquiries he made on the spot, Mr. Hunt thinks that Mr. Chalmers and his companion, the Rev. Oliver Tompkins, met their horrible fate through arriving at a village where, in consequence of the erection of some sacred building, a tribal cannibal feast was in contemplation. The dispatch box of the veteran missionary was found to contain his diary, written up to the eve of the massacre, and his will.

# THE NEW YORK STORE

## Selling Out at Cost.

### We Are Going Out of Business.

Our entire stock, consisting of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, etc.—\$20,000.00 stock—will be sold

### At Actual Cost.

This is no advertising scheme. We mean that every piece of goods in our house will be

### Sold at Cost.

Our stock is complete in every respect. All new and up-to-date goods. We respectfully solicit country merchants and wholesale bills. All of stock is bought direct from manufactory in New York and we assure you they are bought right. My lease on business house in Beaumont begins soon. I desire to close out my Crockett business as soon as possible. Will not move goods.

### Everything Must be Sold

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

# The New York Store

## HENRY BLOCH, Proprietor.

### B. L. Farjeon's Early Days.

B. L. Farjeon, the English novelist, celebrated his 59th birthday a few days ago. He was a gold digger in Australia in the '50s, and did not discover his own ability as a writer of fiction until he went to work on the Dunedin Times. He wrote a serial story of an Australian waif and it met with such success that he immediately went to London. Mrs. Farjeon is a daughter of Joseph Jefferson, the actor. The author fell in love with Miss Jefferson's picture long before he saw the original.

### Season for Pineapples.

The pineapple season lasts about three months—May, June and July. Dealers and commission men expect that this season the receipts will be no less than 800,000 packages, or something like 20,000,000 pieces. They are coming in from Nassau and other points in the Bahamas in large quantities as the season advances. The barrels used are made in the United States.—New York Press.

### Rochambeau's Ill Fortune.

It was on the unhappy island of Martinique that the king's grandfather, the Duke of Kent, won his spurs as a soldier. Prince Edward, as he was then, was given the command of the Seventh Fusiliers at Gibraltar in 1791, but was soon afterward transferred to Canada. In 1794 he sailed from Halifax to take part in the expedition against the French islands in the Caribbean, and after many hard battles about the base of Mount Pelee captured Martinique from the valiant Gen. Rochambeau. Major General Princes Edward had the French colors struck and the British flag hoisted, and the gallant defenders were allowed the honors of war, marching out of the fort with their colors flying. They were shipped back to France, but the broken-hearted Rochambeau could not face home again, and went to America to die.—London Chronicle.

### Beauties of Red Tape.

Capt. Anderson, an acting assistant surgeon in the army, lost a trunk in the Galveston cyclone—not his own trunk, for it contained a lot of articles of feminine wear—the whole valued at \$444.10. He asks that congress reimburse him for the loss and there has been almost enough correspondence about the matter to fill the missing trunk. Twenty-three letters, with innumerable red-tape indorsements, figure in a congressional report on the subject, but there does not seem to be much chance of the captain getting relief from the public purse.

### Distrusted "Tim" Campbell.

Gen. Heywood, now commanding officer of the marine corps, was at one time stationed at the Brooklyn navy yard. One day he was surprised to see a sentry approach with Congressman "Tim" Campbell in custody. "I wouldn't let this man pass, general, till he told me who he was. He says he is a congressman, so I knew he's a liar, and I thought the best thing to do was to bring him to you."

### The Sacred Language.

Arabic is the language of 200,000,000 people who dwell in all quarters of the globe, and at least 2,000,000 are now under the care of the United States in the Philippine Islands.

### Swiss Railroad Passes.

Fifteen Swiss railway and seven lake steamship companies now issue joint tickets serving the purpose of a free pass for two weeks or longer over all lines.

### Origin of Stockings.

Stockings were unknown in Bible times. Literature first mentioned them as having been worn in Italy about the year 1190.

### Justice Gray's Little Joke.

The only time Justice Gray of the United States supreme court was ever known to make a joke while seated on the bench was one day when Judson Harmon, then attorney general, was arguing a case before him. Mr. Harmon had occasion to display a map, quite a small one, and he referred to it as a "bird's-eye-view." The judge could barely see it from the bench and after peering at it for a moment he said: "Mr. Attorney General, I regret to tell you that I am not a bird." As Mr. Harmon folded up the tiny map the grave and dignified justice was heard to chuckle audibly.

### The Czar's Principal Detest.

Robert Ledyard, an Englishman now traveling in this country, is well posted on Russian affairs. He says the czar is known to be a man of most extraordinary mental caliber, the worst defect in his character being a want of resolution. It is no secret in Europe that Nicholas is ruler in name only, his ministers actually governing the vast empire. How poorly they manage is shown in their treatment of Finland, the people of which country, though docile, good tempered and industrious, have been driven by oppression into immigrating to this country by thousands.

### Bible Text on Horse's Grave.

In the center of a field at Waverhill, Suffolk, England, is a large flat stone covering the grave of a mare which died in 1858, inscribed as follows: "Polka. She never made a false step. Ecclesiastes iii. 19th verse." A reference to chapter and verse shows the following: "For that which befalleth the sons of men befalleth beasts, even one thing befalleth them; as the one dieth, so dieth the other." This is probably the only instance of a text from the Scriptures appearing on a memorial stone to an animal.

### Stigma Removed From Soldier.

Michael Mullett, an honest citizen of Congressman Sulzer's district in New York city, has succeeded in having congress remove from his name the undesired stigma that he was a deserter from the army. He served in the civil war and while at home on a furlough was drugged and shipped, under another name, on board a naval receiving ship. In due course he was listed as a deserter, but did not learn of this until recently. Then he interested Sulzer in his case and the congressman has secured the passage of a bill correcting Mullett's military record. The old soldier's daughter is just about to be married, and her father knows of no better wedding present to give her than the gift secured through congress.

### Popularity of Amos Cummings.

An example of the estimation in which the late Congressman Amos Cummings was held in New York was given two members of the congressional delegation which went over from Washington to attend his funeral. A cabman demanded \$3 for a very short drive and the congressmen thought it was too much. They appealed to a policeman, who said that when people come to New York for a good time they must expect to pay for it. "But we didn't come for a good time," said one of the visitors. "We came here to help bury our old friend Amos Cummings." "What! Amos Cummings," said the officer. "Say, cabby, you take a dollar and get away quick as you know how."

### Guessed it at Once.

Small Tommy: "Say, Mr. Brown, what do you think sister said about you this evening?" Brown (sister's admirer): "Really, Tommy, I'll have to give it up." Small Tommy: "Yes, that's what she said. How did you guess it?"—Chicago News.



# Sure Cure

Any lack of iron in the blood shows in the face. Pallor is the sign. Pallor also means much more; it means a starved nervous system, a debilitated condition of the vital organs, poor circulation and impaired digestion. The nerves, the muscles, and all the organs of your body get their energy and all the materials for their repair from the blood. Pallor shows that all these are losing vitality. Not a day should be lost in restoring the richness and purity of the blood. Get iron—get it by taking the kind of iron your blood requires. The iron in Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic is the perfect kind. It goes from your stomach directly into the blood without any change. An hour after you take it, it has become part of your blood and is doing good.

# Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic

builds up the nerve and muscular tissue, aids your digestion, enables you to get the good of the food you eat, and makes you well from head to foot. It is a sure cure for all ailments resulting from impure blood, such as scrofula, pimples, blotches, kidney disorders, rheumatism, gout, dyspepsia, female weakness, etc. Endorsed by eminent physicians for nearly fifty years.

The following is one of thousands of similar testimonials we have received, convincing evidence that Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic does all that is claimed for it:

Montgomery, Ala., Dec. 12, 1902.  
"Our family has used Dr. Harter's Medicines for years, and I think Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic is the best medicine I have ever taken."  
Mrs. E. McQueen-Carter,  
603 South Hill Street.

(65,000 guarantee that above testimonial is genuine.)

Every bottle of Dr. Harter's Iron Tonic has our "Green" trade-mark on the label. Don't accept a substitute—insist on Dr. Harter's.  
Made only by  
THE DR. HARTER MEDICINE COMPANY  
DAYTON, OHIO  
Makers also of Dr. Harter's Wild Cherry Bites, and other well known Dr. Harter Medicines.  
FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

## I. & G. N. Excursion Rates and Arrangements.

Washington, D. C.—National Encampment, G. A. R.—Very low rates. Sell tickets Oct. 2, 3 and 4. Limit Oct. 17th. Privilege extension to Nov. 3rd.

Summer excursion rates to various points in Texas and to various points north and east. Low rates. Sell tickets daily. June 1st to Sept. 30th. Limit Oct. 31st.

Marlin, Texas—The great health resort. Low excursion rates. Tickets on sale daily the year round. Limit 60 days for return.

For complete information call on I. & G. N. ticket agents, or address,  
D. J. FRICE,  
General Passenger & Ticket Agent,  
Palestine, Texas.

**You Know What You Are Taking**  
When you take Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic because the formula is plainly printed on every bottle showing that it is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. 50c.



**Mrs. Laura S. Webb.**  
Vice-President Woman's Democratic Clubs of Northern Ohio.

"I dreaded the change of life which was fast approaching. I noticed Wine of Cardui, and decided to try a bottle. I experienced some relief the first month, so I kept on taking it for three months and now I menstruate with no pain and I shall take it off and on now until I have passed the climax."

Female weakness, disordered menses, falling of the womb and ovarian troubles do not wear off. They follow a woman to the change of life. Do not wait but take Wine of Cardui now and avoid the trouble. Wine of Cardui never fails to benefit a suffering woman of any age. Wine of Cardui relieved Mrs. Webb when she was in danger. When you come to the change of life Mrs. Webb's letter will mean more to you than it does now. But you may now avoid the suffering she endured. Druggists sell \$1 bottles of Wine of Cardui.

**WINE OF CARDUI**

## PLURALITY IN MAINE.

### Democrats Make Gains in Lower Branch of the Legislature.

Augusta, Me., Sept. 8.—Maine today went Republican in the biennial election by a majority of 25,000, electing all four Congressmen and carrying every county but one, Knox, the home of Congressman Littlefield. In four counties, however, the Democrats elected their candidates for Sheriff, the question being on the enforcement of the Prohibition law. The total vote is approximated at 115,000, divided as follows: For Governor, Jobn W. Hill, (Rep.) re-elected, 70,000; Samuel W. Gould, (Dem.) 40,000; James Ferrigo, (Pro.) 3,500; Charles L. Fox, (Socialist,) 1,500.

In 1898 the Republican plurality was 25,000, and in 1900 it was 83,000.

The hardest fight was in Cumberland county, which contains Portland, the largest city in the State, and which two years ago elected for the first time in the State's history, a Prohibition Sheriff, the Rev. Samuel F. Pearson, on the distinct platform that the Prohibition law should be enforced. Mr. Pearson was true to his duty and died in office, it is said, through the hard work that he put in his hunting down the liquor sellers. There were three candidates, Melville W. Trefethen (Rep.), William M. Pennell (Dem.) and Alfred S. Bisbee (Pro.) Pennell's majority was 200.

The Rev. C. S. Cummings, a preacher of the Methodist denomination, was endorsed by the Republicans and Prohibitionists in Androscoggin county for Sheriff, and was elected by 500 majority. Mr. Cummings is on a strict-enforcement platform, and was nominated by the Republicans in the longest convention ever held in Maine, over 200 ballots being taken.

The next Legislature will contain 30 Democrats and 131 Republicans in the lower branch and one Democrat in the Senate. This is a gain for the Democrats of eleven Representatives.

## English Railways and American.

New York Sun.

Something very nearly approaching a sensation has been created in England by the publication of a letter in the London Times analyzing and attacking the whole system of Great Britain's railway finance. The writer preserves his anonymity, but he is declared by the editor of the Times to be fully competent to deal with his subject, and the Times also avers that, in its opinion, its correspondent proved his assertion, namely, that, judged by American standards, very many of the railroads in Great Britain are insolvent.

The radical difference in the methods of railway bookkeeping and financial management prevailing between England and America is perhaps not fully appreciated by people here. The English railroads do not pay a fixed rate of dividend upon their shares, but distribute among their stockholders at the end of each year what has been earned in that year. Small reserve funds, if any, are maintained; and the yearly distribution of profits virtually includes the entire net earnings of the concern. All improvements and additions, however small, are provided for by an issue of stock, or, as the technical phrase is, charged to capital account; and this charge takes in very many expenditures that in America, even upon the most sloazily managed railroads,

would not be considered as for "betterments," but as ordinary running expenses. Thus the capitalization of the English roads has reached prodigious figures.

In this country, of course, the great railway systems aim to distribute only a portion of their earnings, placing perhaps the greater portion in cash surpluses or in expenditures for maintenance of way, structure and equipment. The effort is to pay a fixed rate of dividend on railroad shares, keeping the rate so low that it can be maintained in bad years as well as in good. The American principle has been to issue new stock only after a lapse of years in enforced representation of the increased value of the railway property, or as a means of providing money for a direct and immediate outlay, such as the purchase of another road.

The English people are just awaking to the evils of their peculiar method. The capital share issues of their roads have become so great that it is difficult to maintain dividends upon them, and in the effort to preserve these dividends money is spent with more and more reluctance for keeping the property in good condition. The railroads are unwilling to reduce freight and passenger rates when it would obviously be for the public interest and hence, in time, for the railroads' interest to do so; and these tariffs are, therefore, kept at heights which check the entire business development of the country. The roads have spent in dividends what they should have laid out upon their property; and the increased capitalization by means of which the dividends have been maintained now amounts, at least in some instances, to more than the roads are worth.

We are all happy that our own railroad managers have been wiser than their English brethren; but the plight of the English roads today carries, nevertheless, an impressive warning. It is a caution against too great an increase of railway capitalization. It is that our railroad managers ought to continue steadfastly in the old-fashioned way of doing business and not be led in the enthusiasm of boom times into reversing their maxims and paying increased dividends while borrowing money for improvements. The old-fashioned American policy has never been loved by speculators, however greatly it may have commended itself to investors; and it is in just such days as the present, when speculation has assumed such dimensions and power that the traditional ideas that are covered with ancient glory are most assailed. In nearly every great railroad corporation in this country to-day there is a minority—and, in some instances, we are sorry to say, a majority interested—which fervently urges that every dollar laid out upon the property ought to be "made up" to the stockholders in fresh issues of capital. There is a tendency, even, to provide for all such improvements by successive bond issues, distributing earnings galore meantime. These tendencies, if they prevail, will bring just as surely as they have in England a dark day of reckoning for railroad interests and will leave stockholders here, moreover, worse off than the English investors are to-day; for while English overcapitalization is in stock simply, ours will have assumed the form of mortgage liens whose prior demands in the final accounting will leave the poor holders of stock certificates with pieces of paper only in their hands.

**Foley's Kidney Cure**  
makes kidneys and bladder right.

## KISS MADE HIS FORTUNE.

Good Story of Poor Student and Accommodating Lady.

The story of Ingeborg Vinding and Poul Vendelbo Lovemorn is well known in Denmark. Poul Vendelbo, a poor student, went one day on the ramparts round Copenhagen and walked with two rich noblemen who, like himself had matriculated at the university. They happened to notice a singularly beautiful woman sitting at the window of one of the adjacent houses. One of the noblemen then said half-mockingly to Vendelbo: "Now, if you could get a kiss from that lady, Poul, we would defray the expenses of that tour abroad which you are so anxious to make." Vendelbo took him at his word, went up to the beautiful lady and told her how his whole future depended possibly on her. She then drew him toward the window, and, in the view of the noblemen, gave him the kiss he craved. He then went abroad, and, returning at last as Adjt.-Gen. Lovemorn, paid the fair lady a visit. She was Ingeborg Vinding, and she had made a clever man's fortune by a kiss.

## JAPANESE PEARL DIVERS.

Great Danger Attends Search for the Valuable Gems.

The Japanese are the best divers for pearls, but there are also many South Sea Islanders, Malays, Danos and Swedes engaged in the work of going under water and hunting for gems. Each boat has an air-pumping apparatus to supply the diver when under water. With leaden shoes on his feet and a glass front in his helmet, the diver walks about on the ocean floor, fills his bag with shells and signals to be drawn up. The business is dangerous, for there are sharks and poisonous fish. To the sharks the men throw chunks of salt beef. There is the squid or devil fish that has the unpleasant habit of clouding the water with an inky fluid so he can approach his victim unseen and crush him with his tentacles. The shells are all opened by white men in the presence of the managers, for no one knows which shell may contain a costly gem.

## Criticism of Dr. Hirsch.

A statement recently credited to Rabbi Hirsch of Chicago to the effect that the Jewish Sabbath is dead is strongly contradicted by Rev. Dr. H. Pereira Mendes of New York. In an address before a Boston audience a few days ago Dr. Mendes said that the reform rabbis of the New Orleans convention who advocated the transfer of the Jewish Sabbath to the Christian Sunday are disloyal, and to his mind the other rabbis present did wrong in allowing the discussion of the subject. Continuing, Dr. Mendes said: "It may seem strong language to use, but the rabbi who advocates or suggests a transfer of the Jewish Sabbath to Sunday is a traitor to his law and to his God. It is not the Jewish Sabbath that is dead. It is Judaism that is dead in Dr. Hirsch's heart. If he cannot preach the Jewish religion he should, if he be honest, resign from the Jewish pulpit."

## At the Court of Japan.

There is no barbaric splendor about the court of Japan, nor does the emperor insist on fantastic forms of homage. He is just a plain individual. His guests he receives standing, and he enters freely into conversation with all. There is scarcely a subject that does not interest him or one on which he is not well informed. A delightful host, it is his custom to surround himself with clever men—men who are the shining lights of their professions: Engineers, artists, musicians, writers, soldiers, scientists—every class of person who has won distinction is welcome at the royal table, for it is one of the characteristics of his majesty that in the distribution of his favors he is thoroughly impartial.

## Deacons Not Left Out.

During one of Bishop Potter's parochial visits there happened to be a number of young deacons in the vestry room before service. One of them, who was rather talkative, remarked, "See, Bishop, in the benediction there is mention of you," pointing to the words, "Oh, all ye priests of the Lord, bless ye the Lord," etc., "but there is nothing said about us deacons; I don't think it is quite fair!" "Oh, yes, there is," quietly replied the Bishop. "Here it is: 'Oh, all ye green things upon the earth, bless ye the Lord!'"—New York Times.

## Judge Believed in Cremation.

Judge George P. Andrews of the New York Supreme Court, who has just passed away, directed in his will that his body be cremated and his ashes deposited at such place as his widow may designate. He especially directed his executors to carry out this clause and in the event of their refusal or neglect to do so the provisions for their benefit were to be void. The incineration took place at Fresh Pond, L. I.

## HAD NO CAUSE FOR ALARM.

How Scotch Clergyman Comforted the Wife of a Sinner.

A Princeton alumnus retells the story that was a favorite with the well-beloved Dr. "Jimmy" McCosh, once president of the faculty of the great Jersey university. It had to do with a wicked old lowlander who traded horses with and sold horses to his fellow-Scots, following each big deal with a spree that laid him up for a week or more. At such times he became depressed, and took a gloomy view of life, seeking consolation in the Bible, and loudly bewailing the sins laid up against him for his queer horse-dealing. On one occasion, he became so blue that he feared death as never before, and so played upon his good wife's feelings that she went after the minister.

"O! Minister Wallace," she said to the divine, "do ye come wi' me an' sez Jamie! Ne'er afore was he in so bad a way, an' he be afeart to meet his Makker!"

"Hoot!" was the reply of the clergyman, who knew Jamie of old. "Tell 'm he needna be feart—he 'll never see his Makker!"

## DIDN'T HANDLE THAT KIND.

Milwaukee Man Asks for Marriage License in a Drug Store.

An individual, who from his clothes and the dinner pail which he carried appeared to be a laboring man, recently walked into a drug store on Eleventh avenue and requested to be given a marriage license.

"You'll have to go to the city hall to get that," said the druggist.

"I don't see why. Isn't my money good here. I'm in a hurry, too."

"We don't handle that kind of license," answered the drug store man.

"Well, I was told I could get one here sure, and that d—n justice won't marry me without a license," angrily snapped the fellow as he walked out.

The druggist said that people often come in with requests which would make a stone man smile, "and if you do laugh they get mad," he concluded.—Milwaukee Sentinel

## European Soil in America.

One of the London newspapers has made the discovery that not only is this country stealing their trade, but that millions of tons of British soil have been taken away and stored around New York. The exports from this country are sufficient to fill all ships on the outward-bound voyage, but frequently they have to come back in ballast. This ballast is usually dirt and stones. Not long ago 1,000 tons of Scottish soil was brought to New York for ballast, and scarcely a week passes without some vessel bringing in such ballast. It is usually unloaded in lighters and towed to some dumping ground, where it serves the useful purpose of contributing to make land. It is estimated that in recent years many millions of tons of European soil have been brought here and dumped around New York in this fashion.—New York Sun.

## Tillman's Colored Friend.

One day recently when Senator Tillman was especially interested in senate proceedings he declined to leave the chamber in response to cards sent in by friends, saying that he would be out in the lobby later. Then an old colored man from South Carolina wanted to see the senator. He could not write his name on the card handed to him, but the doorkeeper, at his dictation, wrote "Sam Jackson." The card was taken inside and in a minute Tillman came into the lobby, chatted with the colored man for a little while and then handed him a good-sized bill, saying: "Now, Sam, you go and enjoy yourself. I must go back inside." "Thank ye, Marse Tillman," said the old negro as he hobbled away.

## OLD CREMATORIUM FOUND.

Ancient British Burial Ground Discovered Near Reading.

What the absent-minded old lady called a creamery has just been discovered near Reading, says the Westminster Gazette. Twenty urns, containing calcined human bones, have been unearthed at Sunningdale, near Camberley. A mound was being removed in the construction of golf links, when three urns were discovered. Under the direction of Mr. A. C. Shrubsole, F. G. S., curator of the geological and anthropological department of the Reading museum, a further search was made, and seventeen more were brought to light. It is believed by competent authorities that the mound was the site of an ancient crematorium—probably a battle-ground—in pre-Roman days. Some of the urns are one foot four inches in diameter. They are of ancient British make, and may safely be ascribed to the time before Britain came under the Roman influence. It is estimated that the burials must have taken place between 2,000 and 6,000 years ago. Some of the urns have been sent to the British museum, the Reading museum, to Oxford and to the Louvre, Paris.



### List of Jurors.

To the sheriff or any constable of Houston county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the following named persons to serve as grand and petit jurors for the fall term of the honorable district court in and for Houston county, Texas:

Grand jury to appear at 10 o'clock A. M. Monday, Sept. 29th, A. D. 1902.

W. H. Holcomb, T. H. Phipps, M. M. Baker, A. B. Payne, Dick English, G. M. Thompson, H. F. Craddock, C. A. Turner, J. R. Richards, Gail Clinton, Chester Kennedy, J. H. McDougall, W. F. Murchison, J. M. Worthington, Dave Sheptrine, Gid Webb.

Petit jury, 2nd week, to appear Monday at 10 o'clock A. M., Oct. 16th, 1902:

J. A. Norton, J. B. Ashe, J. L. Heath, J. W. Manning, R. F. Herod, J. C. Estes, J. W. Caskey, Joe Calloway, W. H. Denny, J. H. Jones, Lovelady, Frank Grounds, Marion Gregg, J. S. Weesinger, Lee Brown, B. S. Gray, L. W. McKinney, K. L. Gossett, Willard Wills, Lee Frazier, S. T. Hester, G. R. Sewall, Silas Holcomb, Chas. Cook, Percilla, Jim Etheridge, Frank Minton, Dave Leaverton, J. H. Minter, John B. Reno, J. E. Monk, L. W. Driskill, Wilson Whittaker, R. F. Dickey, H. E. Hazar, Jno. S. Brown, J. W. Goodwin.

Petit jury, 3rd week, to appear Monday at 10 o'clock A. M. Oct. 13th, 1902:

J. T. Taylor, Lovelady, D. M. Gantt, Dave Walling, B. E. Gardner, Weldon, J. C. Millar, C. F. Stockbridge, J. F. Murray, G. W. Furlow, G. W. Harrison, J. A. Lassiter, E. H. Robinett, Phil Robinson, J. L. Ward, G. T. Lundy, R. O. Calvert, H. H. Anthoay, Geo. Emmerson, A. J. Griner, Ab Thomason, Tom Whitaker, E. O. Hurston, Ben Whitehead, C. B. Isbell, G. W. Connor, Mills Adams, J. B. McPhail, Thompson Lundy, Jim Stevens, Mart Howard, D. A. McDougald, F. M. Denton, A. N. Leediker, H. J. Arledge, Bud Etheridge, Dan Morgan.

Petit jury, 4th week, to appear Monday at 10 o'clock A. M. Oct. 20th, 1902:

J. D. Freeman, D. J. Cater, Z. D. Driskill, J. H. Mosses, J. D. McCall, Pat Clayton, J. S. Brunson, Asa Spear, J. S. Bitner, I. S. Mason, Jno. Killingsworth, W. A. Dunnam, S. C. Hiram, J. B. Lively, E. W. Davis, A. B. Burton, C. B. Hallmark, Floyd Rhoden, D. C. Francis, D. W. Martin, J. B. Ellis, H. W. Huff, W. M. Campbell, Coltharp, I. L. Jeffus, T. J. Herod, A. P. Hester, W. A. Sharer, Jim Tomine, Bob Morgan, J. C. Bynum, B. H. Logan, R. A. Hester, O. T. Ratcliff, W. M. Murchison, J. F. Bridges.

Petit jury, 5th week, to appear Monday at 10 o'clock A. M. Oct. 27, 1902:

G. M. McIntosh, J. D. Patrick, J. E. Monk, J. T. Harrison, G. W. Ferguson, R. E. Parker, J. H. Clanton, W. C. Minter, J. S. Long, W. M. Edwards, Avery Lovelady, John Pelham, Bert Guice, Wallace Goodnight, J. J. Brooks, Jack Dauphin, D. D. Montgomery, E. M. L. Shaw, S. N. Boykin, J. C. Drennon, George Caton, Sam Tigner, R. S. Rains, A. H. Holly, Jim McManus, J. I. Atkinson, Joe Grounds, J. N. Parker, A. B. Meriwether, J. L. Crow, J. A. Morris, J. T. Murray, Sam Patton, Sr., B. L. Dominy, R. T. Gee.

The state of Texas, county of Houston: J. B. Stanton, clerk of the district court, in and for the above state and county, do hereby certify that the above and

foregoing list contains a true and correct copy of the grand and petit jurors drawn by the jury commissioners at the spring term, A. D. 1902, to serve at the fall term, A. D. 1902, of the honorable district court of Houston county, Texas.

Given under my hand and seal of said court at office in Crockett, this the 1st day of Sept. 1902.

J. B. STANTON,  
Clerk Dist. Court, Houston Co., Texas.

### Citation.

The State of Texas:  
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon the unknown heirs of James McDaniel, deceased, and the unknown heirs of Isaac Parker, deceased, by making publication of this citation once in each week for eight successive weeks previous to the return day hereof in the Crockett COURIER, a newspaper published in Houston county, Texas, to be and appear before the Honorable District Court of Houston county, Texas, at the next regular term thereof, to be holden at the court house in Crockett, on the fourth Monday after the first Monday in September, 1902, the same being the 29th day of September, 1902, then and there to answer the Plaintiff's petition, filed in a suit in said Court on the 30th day of July, 1902, wherein E. L. Angier, W. H. Nichols, E. K. Nichols, P. G. Nichols, F. M. C. Nichols, T. P. Nichols, George B. Nichols, F. Nichols Stewart, John T. Dickenson, Ella D. Scott, G. R. Scott, Geo. A. Clark, Bessie T. Clark, Nannie Clark, and James A. Baker, Administrator, are Plaintiffs and the unknown heirs of James McDaniel, deceased, and the unknown heirs of Isaac Parker, deceased, are Defendants. File number of said suit being No. 4720.

The nature of the Plaintiff's demand is as follows, to-wit:

1. That plaintiffs are the lawful owners in fee simple and in right and lawfully seized and possessed of a certain tract of land situated in Houston county, Texas, being the tract of land originally granted to James McDaniel, by the State of Coahuila and Texas, by title dated Oct. 6, 1835, and commonly known as the James McDaniel one-fourth league grant in Houston county, Texas.
2. That the said James McDaniel, the original grantee of said land, is dead and his heirs are unknown to plaintiffs.
3. That during the lifetime of said James McDaniel, the title to said land was divested out of him and vested in Isaac Parker by a decree of the District Court of Houston county, Texas; that the records of the said District Court of Houston county have been burned and said decree in said case of Parker vs. McDaniel has been destroyed and no authenticated copy thereof is in existence.
4. That the said Isaac Parker is dead and his heirs are unknown to plaintiffs.
5. That during his lifetime, to-wit: About Jan. 1, 1850, the said Isaac Parker, for a valuable consideration, conveyed said land to his daughter, Lucy Ann Hale, wife of Sam C. Hale; that the said conveyance has been lost and destroyed and no authenticated copy is in existence.
6. That the title to said land passed out of the said Lucy Ann Hale, and by mesne conveyance, became vested in plaintiffs, and is now vested in plaintiffs.
7. That the loss and destruction of said decree of the District Court of Houston county, and

said conveyance from Isaac Parker to Lucy Ann Hale, renders plaintiffs' title to said land defective and imperfect and constitutes a cloud upon plaintiffs' title; that the said unknown heirs of James McDaniel and Isaac Parker are setting up some pretended claim or title to said land which casts a cloud upon plaintiffs' title.

Premises considered, plaintiffs pray that the said unknown heirs of James McDaniel and Isaac Parker, deceased, be cited by publication to answer this petition; that upon a hearing hereof they have judgment against said defendants for the title to said land; that the said clouds be removed from plaintiffs' title and that they be quieted in the possession of said land and for costs of suit and general relief.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court, on the first day of the next term thereof, this Citation, with your return, showing how you have executed the same.

Attest: J. B. STANTON,  
Clerk of the District Court of Houston county.

Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, in the county of Houston, in the State of Texas, this 30th day of July, 1902.

J. B. STANTON,  
Clerk District Court, Houston county, Texas.

### Citation.

The State of Texas:  
To the sheriff or any constable of Houston county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon F. M. Raines and Amos Raines by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the third judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said third judicial district, to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Houston county, to be holden at the court house thereof, in Crockett on the fourth Monday after the first Monday in September, A. D. 1902, the same being the 29th day of September, A. D. 1902, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1902, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 4727, wherein J. W. Hail is plaintiff and F. M. Raines and Amos Raines are defendants, and said petition alleging that plaintiff on or about the 22nd day of October, A. D. 1900, bargained to defendants certain tracts of land, for which defendants executed their five certain promissory notes each for five hundred dollars. That the vendor's lien was retained in both the deed and notes. That said land is described as follows: Lying and being situated in Houston county, State of Texas, on Trinity river about 14 miles N. W. from the town of Crockett. First tract a part of the B. de la Garza. Beginning on the east bank of Trinity river where the S. E. Bdy. line of the Roman de la Garza 11 league line crosses the river. Thence N. 55° E. with said line to where it crosses Hurricane Bayou, stake for corner. Thence in a westerly direction down Hurricane bayou with its meanders to Trinity river. Thence down Trinity river with its meanders to the place of beginning, containing 736 acres, more or less. The 2nd tract. Adjoining the above described tract and bounded as follows: Beginning at the N. E. corner of the A. P. Rice survey where the

**HARPER WHISKY**

Physicians Prescribe It for their most delicate patients.

Old and Pure.

FOR SALE BY

**A. LeGORY.**

same intersects the S. E. Bdy. line of the Roman de la Garza. Thence southwardly with the east Bdy. line of the R. D. Aprice survey a sufficient distance to include 150 acres by running a line parallel with the N. W. Bdy. line of said Aprice survey to the W. Bdy. line of same, the last tract or No. 2 is to contain 150 acres out of the R. D. Aprice survey; which two said described tracts of land are fully described in said deed which is duly recorded in volume 24, page 353, of the deed records for said Houston county.

That defendants are insolvent and have abandoned said land, and plaintiff now has possession of said land, and title to same. That the deed from plaintiff to defendants is a cloud on plaintiff's title.

That Amos Raines is a non-resident of the State of Texas, and that F. M. Raines' residence is unknown. That plaintiff has elected to rescind the bargain for the sale of said land, and has so notified Amos Raines in writing, but could not notify F. M. Raines, because his residence is unknown.

Plaintiff prays citation, that the deed from plaintiff to defendants for the land above described be cancelled, and all title by virtue of said deed in defendants be divested out of them and vested in plaintiff, and for costs and general and special relief.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness: J. B. STANTON,  
Clerk Dist. Court of Houston Co.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court at office in Crockett this the 25th day of August, A. D. 1902.

J. B. STANTON,  
Clerk Dist. Court Houston Co. Tex.

### After Drug Stores.

Colorado, Tex., Sept. 10.—Since Colorado became a prohibition town there has been more or less complaint of violation of the law. Officers are now conducting a rigid investigation of the situation with the view of finding out whether or not the law is actually being violated. The two drug stores have been notified by the sheriff that they cannot longer sell Peruna, Hostetter's stomach bitters or blackberry cordial without paying revenue license, and then only upon prescription, as in the case of the real article.

### Group

Usually begins with the symptoms of a common cold; there is chilliness, sneezing, sore throat, hot skin, quick pulse, hoarseness and impeded respiration. Give frequent small doses of Ballard's Horehound Syrup. (the child will cry for it) and at the first sign of a croupy cough, apply frequently Ballard's Snow Liniment externally to the throat. 50c at J. G. Haring's.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

A. A. ALDRICH. GEO. W. CROOK.

**A. ALDRICH & CROOK,**  
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Office over Smith & French's drug store.

**B. F. BROWN, M. D.,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Office over Haring's Drug Store.

**W. C. LIPSCOMB, M. D.,**  
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Office with B. F. Chamberlain.

**S. H. STOKES, M. D. J. S. WOOTTERS, M. D.**  
**STOKES & WOOTTERS,**

PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Office in the rear of Chamberlain's Drugstore.

**D. A. NUNN. D. A. NUNN, JR.**  
**NUNN & NUNN,**

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Will practice in all Courts, both State and Federal, in Texas.

**H. DURST, JR.,**  
Surveyor, Inspector

and General Agent,  
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Office over Chamberlain's drug store.

**James McDaines' Music House,**  
North-East Corner Square,  
Crockett, Texas.

Pianos, Organs, and all lines of Musical Instruments and supplies. Sheet Music and Instructors.

Phonographs and Graphophones a specialty.

Agent for Eclipse Marble Works.

We give our customers the benefit of our discounts.

### The Fancy Fruit House

of Crockett.

California Fruits of all kinds, fresh every week.

Wholesale and Retail.  
Canned Goods of all kinds. Tobacco. Candy, home-made and fancy.

**Joseph & Mike.**  
Staple and Fancy Groceries.

### SPECIAL Offer.

**GALVESTON SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS**  
—AND—  
**THE CROCKETT COURIER**

for one year for \$1.85

Payable in advance. Subscribe at once, while you have the opportunity to get the two papers for but little more than the price of one of them, and but a small proportion of their value to you. Send or mail your orders to the

COURIER OFFICE.

**E. W. Snow**

This signature is on every box of the genuine  
**Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets**  
the remedy that cures a cold in one day

Devoured by Worms.

Children often cry, not from pain, but from hunger, although fed abundantly. The entire trouble arises from inanition, their food is not assimilated, but devoured by worms. A few doses of White's Cream Vermifuge will cause them to cease crying and begin to thrive at once, very much to the surprise and joy of the mother. 25c at J. G. Haring's.



**FOR HARNESS** and Saddle Area Mexican Mustang Liniment is just what you need. It takes effect at once, and you will be astonished to see how quickly it heals sores.



**It's this way:**

You can burn yourself with Fire, with Powder, etc., or you can scald yourself with Steam or Hot Water, but there is only one proper way to cure a burn or scald and that is by using

## Mexican Mustang Liniment.

It gives immediate relief. Get a piece of soft old linen cloth, saturate it with this liniment and bind loosely upon the wound. You can have no adequate idea what an excellent remedy this is for a burn until you have tried it.

**A FOWL TIP.** If you have a bird afflicted with Roup or any other poultry disease use Mexican Mustang Liniment. It is called a STANDARD remedy by poultry breeders.

**HOLLOWAY & GREB,**  
**Meat Market.**  
OYSTERS AND FISH. BEST BEEF.  
East Side Public Square, Crockett, Texas.

## ANOTHER THRU TRAIN —TO— KOOL KOLORADO.

Beginning July 1st, we shall have two thru trains to Colorado each day.

One will leave Fort Worth at 9:45 a. m., the other at 11:10 p. m., after the arrival of all evening connections.

For guests who wish to retire early, a sleeping-car will be ready each evening at 9 o'clock.

Both trains will run thru to Denver. Each will carry thru coaches and sleeping-cars, and meals will be served, en route, in cafe dining-cars.

This doubles the thru train service to Colorado from this territory, there is still "ONLY ONE ROAD" which has any at all. We have also the only direct Colorado line; make the best time, and haul very nearly everybody who goes. And, using our line, "YOU DON'T HAVE TO APOLOGIZE," you know.

## "THE DENVER ROAD"

Passenger Department. Fort Worth, Texas.

N. B.—The rate, from all Texas points, is one fare plus two dollars for the round trip, good, returning, till October 31st, on sale all summer, every day. Tickets routed over our line have more stop-over privileges than any other road can offer, too.

THE TEXAS RAILROAD.

## The I. & G. N.

Texas' Greatest Railroad.

**Superior  
Passenger  
Service.**

**Magnificent Equipment.**

International & Great Northern.

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L. TRICE, 2nd Vice Pres. & Gen. Mgr. D. J. PRICE, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt.

## PROHIBITION PLANT.

### Hawley and McLemore Favor the Anti Side, But Others Oppose.

Fort Worth, Tex., Sept. 11.—The republican resolution committee spent a considerable length of time in a discussion of the prohibition question and its probable effect politically in Texas, this morning. The fact is that this plank was given more consideration than any other in the committee room and there was good reason for the argument on the question. The recent fights for the prohibition question have attracted the attention of the politician and some of the members of the committee realize the subject will be square in politics within the next two years. This is Mr. Hawley's idea and he does not want to see the Republican party on the pro side on the proposition. Mr. Hawley even goes so far as to say that it will be a live issue in the 1904 campaign. He thinks that the present law is a most objectional one and his opinion is concurred by Mr. McLemore of Galveston, who regards the law as vicious in its results. Mr. McLemore is of the opinion that there are many violations of the revenue law in the prohibition districts and like Mr. Hawley he wanted to place the Republican party this early on record as being opposed to the law on the subject.

The question was regarded from a political point of view and there was a division of sentiment on it. Dixon and Rogers, colored members of the committee, both thought that it would be bad policy for the Republicans to take the anti side of the question. In fact Dixon told the committee to let it alone and that if the committee persisted in raising the question that he would be forced to bring in a minority report and make the fight before the convention.

R. S. Houssels of Childress also advised the committee to drop the question and let it take care of itself. He said that while he would be willing to abide by the action of the committee on the question nevertheless he thought it would be bad policy to spring the prohibition question at this time.

Mr. McLemore insisted that it was the present law which the Democrats had put on the statute books which he thought the Republicans should condemn, as creating the trouble and being the cause of no little violations of law. Dixon of Gilmer said that his county is prohibition and that Smith county adjoining is also, and that he thought the law was all right. Rogers, the other colored member of the committee who agreed with him, said he was secretary of a Baptist organization that would be strong for prohibition.

Rev. David Abner, colored, of Seguin, was in the committee room at the time and said that as a minister of the gospel and as an educator he was for prohibition, but he advised the committee to be cautious in handling this plank of the platform. He said that while he favored prohibition personally and had never taken a drink, that he had never voted with the party and never expected to leave the Republican party to vote with the prohibitionists. He counselled, however, conservatism, saying that down in the Fifteenth District there was a hot Congressional race on and things looked very bright for the Republican nominee, Mr. Scott. A prohibition plank, he declared, would drive the German vote from the ticket and he

thought all these things should be considered. A member of the committee suggested that a man had been placed at the head of the prohibition ticket who was a good man and stood well and would get all of the prohibition votes in the Beaumont country.

Chairman Lyon was on the Hawley side of the question.

### Citation.

The State of Texas,  
To the sheriff or any constable of Houston county, greeting:

You are hereby commanded to summon T. E. Cowart and Jim Cowart by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 3rd judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 3rd judicial district, to appear at the next regular term of the district court of Houston county, to be holden at the court house thereof, in Crockett, on the last Monday in September, 1902, the same being the 29th day of September, 1902, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 29th day of August, 1902, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court No. 4731, wherein August Faltin is plaintiff, and T. E. Cowart and James Cowart are defendants, and said petition alleging that on the 9th day of March, 1896, T. E. Cowart made, executed and delivered to B. J. Jacobs his five several promissory notes for \$170.00 each, payable respectively on or before March 9th, 1897, March 9th, 1898, March 9th, 1899, March 9th, 1900, and March 9th, 1901, said notes bearing 6 per cent interest per annum from date until paid, and were given for the purchase price for two certain tracts of land situated in Houston county, Texas, containing in the aggregate 102 acres, and the same conveyed by deed by B. J. Jacobs and wife to T. E. Cowart, said notes as well as said deed expressly retaining the Vendor's lien on the said land, and thereafter at maturity of the first two notes maturing, to-wit: March 9th, 1897, and March 9th, 1898, the defendant, T. E. Cowart, paid and caused to be paid the said two notes and at same time paid the interest on the remaining three notes due at those dates respectively, but the said T. E. Cowart has wholly failed and refused and still doth fail and refuse to pay the same or any part thereof. That after the purchase aforesaid of said land said T. E. Cowart sold and conveyed the same to the defendant, James Cowart, he the said James Cowart promising and agreeing to pay and discharge the indebtedness aforesaid for the purchase money of the said lands, which he has also failed and refused to do. Your petitioner would further represent and show that B. J. Jacobs sold, transferred and conveyed and delivered said notes to petitioner, for a valuable consideration and in due course of trade and before the maturity thereof, by indorsing his name on the back thereof, and at or about the same time, and for the purpose of inducing your petitioner to purchase said notes, the said T. E. Cowart stipulated and agreed in writing that he would pay to petitioner 10 per cent attorney's fees additional on said notes, if same are not paid in full when due, and said notes have been placed in hands of attorneys for collection. Petitioner would further aver and show that the said two tracts of land for which

the said purchase money notes were given is situated about 10 miles N. W. from the town of Crockett, in the county of Houston and State of Texas, on the waters of Elkhart creek. The first tract of 95 acres being a part of 600 acre survey of W. H. L. Burton, patented to Patrick L. Hayes, assignee of the said W. H. L. Burton, and more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the N. E. corner of R. C. A. Sumppe 200 acre survey from which a hickory marked X brs. north 77 degs. east 7 yrs., another hickory marked X brs. south 55 degs. east 8 yrs. Thence east with Whitley's line at 580 yrs. to stake a post oak marked X brs. north 45 degs., east 9 yrs. a Black Jack marked X brs. south 10 degs. west 7 yrs. Thence south at 882 yrs. to stake on Spence north line a Black Jack marked X brs. west 3 yrs. a Post Oak marked X brs. north 7 yrs. Thence west with Spence's line at 585 yrs. to stake Thence with R. C. A. Sumppe east line at 882 yrs. to place of beginning, containing 95 acres more or less.

Second tract of land lying and being situated in Houston county, Texas, about 12 miles N. W. from the town of Crockett and being part of Wm. Watson survey, more particularly described as follows: Beginning at the S. W. corner of B. R. Eaves survey on the W. H. L. Burton north boundary line a stake for corner from which a Sand Jack marked X brs. north 19 degs. west 6½ yrs., another Sand Jack marked X brs. north 22 degs. west 10 yrs. Thence with said Burton's N. B. line 306½ yds. to the N. W. corner of B. J. Jacobs' 100 acre survey a stake for corner, a hickory marked X brs. N. E. 3 yards, another hickory marked X brs. S. E. 3 yards. Thence north 108 yards to a stake for corner from which a Post Oak marked X brs. south 3 degs. west 12 yrs., a hickory marked X brs. east 11 yards. Thence east 306½ yards to stake for corner on said Eaves west boundary line from which a Sand Jack marked X brs. north 2½ yards, another Sand Jack marked X brs. east 4 yards. Thence south 113 yards to the place of beginning, containing 7 acres of land.

Alleging further that the superior title to the said land is in petitioner and praying for a recovery of the same, and in the alternative prays judgment on said notes, for the interest and attorney's fees and foreclosure of his vendor's lien on said land and for writ of possession.

Herein fail not, but have you before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness: J. B. STANTON,  
Clerk, Dist. Court, Houston Co.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Crockett, this the 29th day of August, 1902.

J. B. STANTON,  
Clerk, Dist. Court, Houston Co.

"In dealing with man, remember that a spoonful of oil will go farther than a gallon of vinegar." The same may be said of children. There is nothing so good for children as the old-fashioned castor oil. However much they may abhor it, it is their best medicine for disorders of the bowels. In the more severe cases of diarrhoea and dysentery, however, Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera, and Diarrhoea Remedy should be given after the oil operates, and a quick cure is sure to follow. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Grove's Black Root Liver Pills  
Made from an active principle obtained from Black Root. They act on the liver equal to calomel and leave no bad after effects. No griping, no sick stomach. Will cure chronic constipation. Price 25 cents.



## A BRAVE YOUNG LADY.

Took Gun Away From a Negro Highwayman.

GOT AFTER HIM IN EARNEST.

Tried to Beat Him With It, But the Weapon Slipped from Her Grasp. The Fellow Escaped.

Beaumont, Texas, September 9.—Saturday evening between 6 and 7 o'clock Miss Linda Dugat, who resides at the home of Mr. Clofa Blanchette, was passing along Avenue C. As she approached the corner of Royal street she was suddenly approached from the rear by a negro apparently between 13 and 14 years of age. Miss Dugat was no sooner aware of the presence of the negro than he laid one hand on her left shoulder and thrust a pistol over her right shoulder, pointing the muzzle of the gun directly in the young lady's face. As he did this the boy commanded her to halt. Miss Dugat promptly reached for the gun with her right hand and for the negro with her left. She wrenched the revolver from his grasp and then ensued a hand to hand struggle between the young lady and the negro, during which Miss Dugat endeavored to strike him over the head with the gun. Her first impulse was to shoot him, but she held the gun by the barrel and was unable to shift it so that she could operate the trigger, and the best she could do was to strike at him. As she aimed a blow at the negro's head the gun slipped from her hand and fell to the ground. Miss Dugat was easily getting the best of the negro by choking him with a firm grip on the throat, when he turned and by some means managed to bite her. This caused her to lose her grip on him and as she did so he bolted, but not before she reached for him again and caught hold of his coat collar. Her grip on the collar was sure, but the negro quickly slipped out of the garment and escaped, leaving the young lady holding the coat.

Miss Dugat reported the thrilling episode immediately to the sheriff and officers are on the track of the boy with prospects of apprehending him. Miss Dugat and others familiar with the circumstances believe that the boy meant to scare her and force her to give him what money she had. He evidently thought she had been to the store and would have some money with her, and that with the pistol he would have easy sailing playing highwayman.

Miss Dugat is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alcead Dugat of Taylor's bayou. She is related to the Landrys, Blanchettes and a number of other well known Jefferson county families, her family being one of the oldest in the county. She was born and reared in Jefferson county, is a handsome young woman, athletic and strong in physical makeup, proud and independent in spirit.

### Suicides Among Negroes.

A correspondent wrote to us, a few days ago, that a recent attempt by a negro to kill himself by jumping from the Brooklyn Bridge was the first case of an attempt at suicide by a negro that he had ever heard of, and he quoted a Southern man, "of large experience among the negroes," to the same effect. Neither of them, however, had taken the pains to inform himself as to the

facts, though these are easily obtainable, or he would have heard of many negro suicides.

It is true that the suicide rate in this country is much less among the negroes than the whites; but that 104 negroes killed themselves in 1900 is proved by the census statistics quoted by Mr. F. S. Crum in the Sun of yesterday.

We have also received from a medical authority on the subject a list of 66 successful or unsuccessful attempts at suicide made by negroes in our New York boroughs of Manhattan and The Bronx during the period from Jan. 1, 1894, to Sept. 5, 1902. Of these, 36 were by women and 30 by men; but of the total number, only 21 were successful. That is, of the 66 negro men and women who essayed to commit suicide in these boroughs during that time, more than two-thirds, or 45, failed in the attempt. Of these unsuccessful ones, 28 were women and 17 men.

Desire for self-destruction among the negroes does not seem to be accompanied by sufficient resolution to carry the job through, except in a very few instances. Love, with its concomitant of jealousy, was the preponderating cause which induced the women to try suicide. The ages of the women averaged less than those of the men. Fourteen of the women made the attempt between the ages of 14 and 20 years, the girl of 14 years having been a school girl who made an unsuccessful attempt to kill herself with carbolic acid because of fear of punishment. A negro boy of 16 years tried, unsuccessfully, to commit suicide because he was not allowed to go in swimming. Purely sentimental causes rather than any sharp hardship of life induced all except a small minority of the suicides and attempts at suicide.

The inference from this list is that the tendency to suicide among our negro population is not alarming. Negroes are fortunate in that best of possessions, a happy temperament. A few negro girls who, for the moment, lose all joy in life when they are disappointed in love or are tortured by jealousy, may take poison, but they are not likely to take a dose large enough to kill them.

We observe, by the way, that none of the negroes who recovered from attempts at suicide was subjected to the penalty the law of this State provides for that offence. They were all discharged in court.—New York Sun.

### In Jail in Mexico.

Austin, Tex., Sept. 10.—H. W. Guthrie, formerly a contractor of this city, but who for the past several years has been employed in building railroads in Central America and Mexico, is in solitary confinement in a foul prison at San Juan del Rio, Mexico, charged with the murder of a Mexican. Letters from friends of Mr. Guthrie received here to-day say that he was engaged in railroad contracting work and had several hundred Mexicans in his employ. A mob of these men, because of some fancied grievance, made an attack upon him, and he would have been killed had he not drawn his pistol and shot and killed the leader. Guthrie was arrested and has been in jail for more than six weeks awaiting preliminary trial.

### 21 Years a Dyspeptic.

R. H. Foster, 318 S. 2d St., Salt Lake City, writes: "I have been bothered with dyspepsia or indigestion for 21 years; tried many doctors without relief; recently I got a bottle of Herbine. One bottle cured me, I am now tapering off on the second. I have recommended it to my friends; it is curing them, too. 50c at J. G. Haring's."

## MEXICAN BILLS PASSING.

They May Be Mistaken for \$5 Bills—An Arrest Made.

Sherman, Tex., Sept. 10.—A man is in the city jail on a complaint lodged before the county attorney at the instance of Thomas Smith, a grocer, who alleges that he was swindled. The nature of the case is rather out of common. It is alleged that a paper bill subsequently found to be issued for cinco pesos by El Banco Londres, y Mexico, had been passed by the prisoner at Smith's place for a \$5 bill. When shown the bill the accused man said he had never noticed it closely enough to discover that it was Mexican, if, in fact, he did pass it, which he does not affirm or deny, and that if he ever possessed it that it came into his possession as a \$5 bill and that he took it as such.

Later in the afternoon at Police headquarters Officer Smith said: "To-day the police office has been reliably informed that many such bills have been in circulation along the Oklahoma and Kansas line and much of it has been sent back to Mexico for redemption."

Later the prisoner was transferred to the county jail. At the police office this afternoon, a valise found in his possession was searched and in it was an envelope postmarked Eagle Pass, Texas, April 29, 1902, containing two papers, one of which is a slip of writing paper on which was scrawled:

"Address Border National Bank, Eagle Pass, Texas. Londres de Mexico five dollar notes."

The other is from a firm in Indiana, the name of the firm and postoffice being torn off, in which it quotes prices on ones, fives, twenties, fifties, hundreds and five hundreds and the wholesale offer of \$100 to the first man proving they are counterfeits.

This information, it is stated at the police office, will be laid before the United States authorities.

### An Opportunity and a Test.

Through the generosity of the Texas State Fair Association in designating Sept. 27, the opening day of its fair, as Texas World's Fair Commission and Texas Press Day, an opportunity is afforded to give impetus to the movement for a Texas exhibit at St. Louis in 1904 and to raise a considerable sum of money for the Texas World's Fair fund. The management of the Fair Association has agreed to donate its gate receipts on that day, less operating expenses, to the World's Fair fund, and has given assurances that the fair will then be in full blast. The exhibit space is larger than ever before, and every foot of it has been engaged. Added to the attractions of the fair itself will be the program to be observed on the part of the World's Fair organization, to participate in which Gov. Dockery of Missouri, President Francis of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, the National World's Fair Commissioners and other distinguished men have been invited. Hon. John M. Allen of Mississippi, a member of the National Commission, and an orator of renown, has already announced his determination to be present. With these attractions and inducements, with the promise of a day replete with interest and pleasure, with the way to come to Dallas made easy by reason of especially low railroad rates, and with the appearance of an almost unanimous desire on the part of Texans to have their State adequately represented at the World's Fair, it would seem certain that a vast con-

course of people will be assembled on the fair grounds at Dallas on Sept. 27 to hold a grand rally for Texas and the World's Fair.

In this gathering the Texas press will be largely represented, as it will be Texas Press Day also. The combination is proper. Wide awake to the opportunities of development in this State, the press of Texas is in the lead in every public enterprise. The future success of the Texas World's Fair movement is largely dependent upon the support of the newspapers of the State, as the progress thus far made is in great measure due to their sympathy and aid. Recognizing this fact, the newspaper men of Dallas, the headquarters of the Texas World's Fair Commission, have invited the members of the Texas press to come en masse on the opening day of the fair to participate in the World's Fair exercise, to have a good time, and to accept the hospitality of the newspaper makers of the metropolis of North Texas.

It will be a handsome thing to swell the Texas World's Fair fund by several thousand dollars as a result of this celebration. But it will be happier still, and more important in the long run, to convert the desire of Texans for a State exhibit at the World's Fair into a lively, burning, determined enthusiasm which will be carried to the various sections of the State to leave the entire citizenship thereof. It must be realized that the expenses of making a display of the State's resources at St. Louis must be borne by the people of Texas; they must assess themselves; they must go down in their pockets and put up. Their earnestness in this matter, the intensity of their desire, will soon be put to the test, for the World's Fair fund must be subscribed and available soon if it is to be effective. This celebration at Dallas on the opening day of the fair affords an opportunity to test the genuineness of the interest of the people of Texas in the project. If they really mean business, if they are severally and collectively determined that Texas shall be properly on exhibition at St. Louis in 1904 and are willing to pay the price, the opportunity is afforded to manifest their purpose. There should be on that day in Dallas a rallying of the forces, as the gathering of an army on the eve of battle, prepared to go hence determined to give speedy assurance to the world that Texas, the greatest of the States, will be splendidly in evidence at the greatest exposition in history.

Texas cannot afford to miss this opportunity; Texas cannot afford to be absent from the competition of the States; Texas cannot afford longer to hide her light under a bushel, and Texas cannot afford to procrastinate in this manner.

### Locked in Cold Storage.

Orange, Texas, Sept. 11.—Last night the night clerk at the ice, light and waterworks plant stepped into the cold storage room, and while he was in there a party came along, closed the door, barred it and proceeded to empty the till of about \$18. Later the night watchman came around and could not find the clerk, heard a rumbling inside, opened the door and the young man came out after an hour's detention, almost frozen. But the loss of the cash annoyed him more than did the chilly atmosphere that he had just escaped from. So far no arrest has been made.

The Best Prescription for Malaria chills and fever is a bottle of Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. No cure, no pay. Price, 50c.

## WHAT THE NEGROES GOT.

Expense Money and Chance to Offer Prayer.

Fort Worth, Tex., Sept. 11.—W. H. Noble, colored, editor of the Galveston City Times, is not pleased at the results of the Republican Convention as far as the interests of his people were affected.

"About all that the negroes got out of the convention was passage to and from Fort Worth and other aid coming under the head of 'expense money,' except that the distinguished honor was conferred on the race of permitting it to pray in the convention," he said. "The negro is being minimized by the white Republicans and he is gradually being shoved to the rear. If he is not very careful he will soon be out of sight. But as long as he goes about asking for his expenses to and from political conventions he can not expect to be any factor in the conventions other than that which those who furnish the expense money permit him to be. He is in about the most dangerous position today he has occupied since his freedom. He is fast losing influence and importance in Republican conventions, and when he loses it there he might as well surrender his right to vote. The white Republicans intend to eliminate him. As long as he is not independent and as long as he goes, remains and returns from conventions at the cost of some white Republican, the work of elimination will be easy. His only hope is in getting together and standing united as the only means of saving from utter annihilation his right of participation in public and political affairs."

### Newspaper Laws.

The following are the laws laid down by the higher courts of the United States for the protection of newspapers:

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary are considered as wishing to continue their subscriptions from year to year.
2. If subscribers order the discontinuance of their periodicals the publisher may continue to send them until all arrearages are paid up.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their periodicals from the office to which they are directed, they are responsible to the publisher until they settle their bills and order them discontinued in propria persona.
4. If subscribers move to another place without informing the publishers, and the papers are sent to the former direction, they are responsible.
5. The courts have decided that refusing to take periodicals from the office, or removing and leaving them uncalled for, is prima facie evidence of intentional fraud on the part of the subscriber.
6. Any person who receives a newspaper and makes use of it, whether he has ordered it or not, is held by law to be a bona fide subscriber.
7. If subscribers pay in advance they are bound to give notice to the publisher at the end of their time if they do not wish to continue taking it. Otherwise the publisher is authorized to send it on, and the subscriber will be responsible until express notice, with the payment of all accrued arrearages, is sent to the publisher.

To Cure a Cold in One Day  
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets.  
All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price, 25 cents.



## Social Items.

Douglas Collins of Waco is visiting his mother here.

School supplies, school supplies at the New Drug Store.

Miss Fannie Goolsby, we regret to learn, is again quite ill.

A complete line of gents' furnishings at the Big Store.

### Five Room Cottage

For rent by H. J. Cunyus.

Guns to kill your hogs and salt to save them at JIM BROWN'S.

Fount Kelley returned Tuesday from a week's visit to Greenville.

See that elegant fall and winter stock that's on display at the Big Store.

A lot of empty whisky barrels going at 50 cents at Hyman's Ex-Saloon.

Jas. S. Shivers & Co. have had the front of their building repainted.

J. R. Harston of Lovelady and L. C. Wall were recent callers at this office.

Pick Lacy, officer at the Kennard mill, was in Crockett Friday and Saturday.

The New Drug Store can furnish you anything in the way of school supplies.

The big gin began operations this week. The round bale plant hasn't started yet.

Just arrived at the New Drug Store a large and complete supply of school books, etc.

Go to the Big Store for everything you need. It's there at prices that are right.

Remember that Holloway & Grebb keep fresh fish and the best beef in Crockett.

Ernest Clark left Tuesday night for Nashville where he will enter Vanderbilt University.

The Bohemians are gradually getting a foothold in this county and increasing in numbers.

Capt. Miller of Kilgore is representing Crow & Hickey in the cotton market here this season.

Two shares of canning factory stock for sale.

HYMAN HARRISON.

Buy your drugs, medicines and school books from

SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.

Buy your syrup barrels, kegs and bagging and ties from

JIM BROWN.

The walls of W. A. Norris' brick building are going up rapidly. The building will be of two stories.

It is the time of year when our friends, subscribers of the COURIER, usually come round and settle.

Large crowds from Crockett attended the Palestine carnival and fruit show Wednesday and Thursday.

Jay Hail, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Hail, is attending Bingham School in North Carolina.

B. F. Pridgen of Grapeland, a subscriber from Vol. 1 No. 1 of the COURIER, was a caller last Saturday.

The city public schools opened Monday morning with an enrollment of 306 white pupils and 183 colored.

There is a large number of Mexicans in this county picking cotton, at work mainly on the river plantations.

The revival services at the Presbyterian church are attracting large audiences nightly and much interest is manifested.

## Soda Water

Is the national beverage. When properly made there is no drink so healthful and refreshing. The making of it is an art. There must be attention to details, experience, knowledge, skill and conscience exercised in its handling.

We make it as it should be made. Pure carbonated water, genuine fruit syrups and abundant ice are the essential materials, and absolute cleanliness is our hobby.

## B. F. CHAMBERLAIN DRUGGIST.

### A Big Shop

For rent by Dr. H. J. Cunyus.

When at leisure call and examine our stock of hats.

JIM BROWN.

Buy your drugs, medicines and school books from

SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.

The New Drug Store has all kinds of school books, tablets, paper, ink, etc.

Dr. J. Reid Compton, graduate of the Southern School of Osteopathy, is now located in Crockett for the practice of osteopathy.

J. L. Reynolds, a Weldon young man who has been attending the Dallas Business University, was in Crockett last week on his way home.

Miss Mittie Brown of Jacksonville and Miss Thekla Clark are expected to arrive this week and will be the guests of Miss Mittie Baker.

Weigh your cotton with Brashers, Lansford, Satterwhite & Wilson at the Wilson cotton yard. Good water and yard for our customers.

Miss Ada Haile cordially invites all her customer friends to see her complete and "up to date" line of millinery that she is now showing at the Big Store.

Cotton seed were worth \$30 per ton in Crockett this week. Cotton advanced an eighth Wednesday evening and was worth 8 cents Thursday morning.

If you need any letter heads, note heads, bill heads, envelopes, circular letters, statements, blanks, or printing of any kind, telephone No. 22, the COURIER office.

### Fine Pigs for Sale.

I have for sale at Lovelady some fine Poland China pigs. I have also a fine Poland China boar for service.

F. M. CUNYUS.

Mr. H. W. Moore will move into his new residence adjoining Judge A. A. Aldrich when it is completed. Mr. J. R. Sheridan will occupy the residence now occupied by Mr. Moore.

Mr. Jas. Christian has an exhibit of sugar cane at the Palestine industrial carnival and fruit show that will be hard to surpass. The cane measures 7 1/2 feet and was raised without irrigation.

### For Sale.

One Jersey cow 2 1/2 years old, and Jersey heifer calf 5 months old, for \$60.00.

One Jersey cow 1 1/2 years old, \$30.00.

One high grade cow about 8 years old, good milker and high grade heifer calf 2 months old, \$35.00.

One gentle buggy horse, \$45.00. 2t.

W. C. LARSON.

## Attention, Ginners and Farmers.

The Big Store withdraws all former prices on bagging and ties and makes the prices per wrapping in 10 bale lots \$6.50.

### Under \$1000 Bond.

Jack Sims, who killed Gus Kennedy Wednesday night of last week, an account of which appeared in the COURIER, was admitted to bail Friday by Justice of the Peace Callier. His bond was placed at \$1000 and was soon made.

### For Sale.

My entire crop of tobacco at ten cents a pound where a whole bale is taken. A bale weighs from 12 to 18 pounds. It is genuine Havana and there is nothing better for smoking. Call at COURIER office before it is all gone.

W. B. PAGE.

### The Big Store Gets Bigger.

The following will take pleasure in serving its patrons:

Jas. S. Shivers, J. D. Sims, Chas. Hassell, Ira Anderson, H. G. Borgmann, A. P. McCelvy, R. L. Shivers, Leigh Wagner, Miss Ada Haile, Miss M. Nichols, Steve Creath, W. C. Taylor, George Rhodes.

We regret very much to learn of the death of Mrs. Ada Leaverton, wife of T. H. Leaverton, which occurred at Grapeland Sunday evening. It is said by those who knew her that she was kind-hearted and a most estimable lady. Her death is deeply mourned. The sorrowing husband and relatives have the sympathy of all.

### Killed.

On Saturday last a man employed at the big saw mill east of Crockett was killed by a log rolling on him and crushing his skull. He was engaged with others in loading logs on the carrier when a chain broke or slipped and the log or logs began to roll down. His name we were not able to get.

The north-bound noon train Tuesday carried six extra coaches loaded with excursionists for the Palestine carnival. Quite a crowd got on at Crockett, among them being Mr. and Mrs. G. Q. King, Mrs. E. B. Stokes, Misses Sarah and Pauline Bromberg, Miss Lizzie Howard, Col. W. E. Mayes, Hyman Harrison and many others whose names we failed to get.

### For Sale.

A farm, about 7 1/2 miles north of Crockett on Rusk road, farm lying on both sides of road, 93 acres, 60 in cultivation, under good new plank and wire fence, good water, place in state of good improvement. \$900.00 cash. Bad health reason for selling.

T. P. VAUGHN,

4t Crockett.

### Notice.

Notwithstanding the pressing appeals of my many friends to remain in the saloon business in Crockett, I have decided to retire from business and have accordingly closed my doors last Friday night. I would be glad to have them come to see me and settle their accounts in order to get things even. Yours for new business,

HYMAN HARRISON.

While stopping over in Amarillo for a day during his trip to Colorado in August, the local editor of the COURIER saw the following words in large lettering across the front of a building: "Whiskers Died Here." He began to wonder who Whiskers was—if he was not some noted character and if he did not die with his boots on. A closer examination disclosed the fact that the sign was over a barber shop.

## REMEMBER WE HAVE THE BOIS D'ARC WAGONS.

Cheaper and better than any other.

Call and see them.

J. C. WOOTTERS & COMPANY.

### TWO NEW COACHES.

The Eastern Texas Railroad Buys New Equipment.

We take the following news item from the Lufkin Tribune:

The Eastern Texas railroad has recently added two new and strictly up-to-date coaches to its passenger equipment. Many short lines in Texas are satisfied with just any old thing for passengers to ride in, but the Eastern Texas is an exception and no road in the state can boast of prettier, better or more comfortable coaches than the ones now in the service of that road. In fact, everything connected with the line is strictly first-class and in keeping with the progress and development of the country through which it runs. The management of the road is now having a couple of miles of muchly needed switches built along its line and when these are completed it is understood that construction of the line from Kennard to Crockett will begin.

### For Sale.

Kiefer pears by the bushel or wagon load at my orchard two miles from depot. Persons in country who want a wagon load for use or traffic can get them at orchard from now on at 50 cents a bushel.

W. B. PAGE.

### Marriage Licenses.

J. H. Robbins and Lucy Wolf. R. L. Crow and Annie Brooks. Lee Hamilton and Lula Murchison.

Joe Cooper and Lizzie Johnson. James Hendricks and Joe Mitchell.

J. W. Price and Alice Harrell.

### Fine Cotton.

Charley Turner, one of our best farmers, brought in fine specimens of cotton for the County Exhibit at the Palestine Carnival. It was grown on land that had produced a crop of potatoes in the spring and wasn't planted till the 24th of May. It was full and the fruit was in all stages of development from the open boll to the bloom.

### Houston County Exhibit.

Houston county had a very creditable exhibit at the Palestine fair. The following articles were noted as some of the things on display: Corn, cotton, oats, alfalfa, peas, peanuts, tobacco, sweet potatoes, sugar cane, watermelons, pumpkins, pears, plums, wild plums, wild grapes, apples, Japanese persimmons, pomegranates, muscadines, figs, buckwheat, parsnip, pepper, popcorn, onions, egg plants, paper-shell pecans, wild pecans, walnuts, hickory nuts, chickens, coal, preserves, jellies, wines, catsup, canned fruits, honey and beeswax, butter, flowers and fancy work; also the medal that was given to Houston county in 1890 for the wood display. Houston county's exhibit compares favorably with other displays and much of the praise is due to Lovelady. Clem Valentine was in charge of the exhibit.

## Now is the Time

To prepare for cold weather by replacing those old backs and jams in your fireplaces with

## Blue English Fire Brick.

The cost is very little more than common brick and will last you a life-time.

You will also find it to your advantage to get prices on all kinds of rough and dressed Lumber, Lime, Cement, Sash and Doors, Pickets, Moulding, and both Pine and Cypress Shingles, before buying elsewhere.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

Houston Co. Lumber Company,  
T. R. DEUPREE, Manager.

## CROCKETT YOUNG LADY

Honored in Colorado—Complimented by the Newspapers.

While visiting in Colorado during the past summer, Miss Ethel Wootters of Crockett was invited to render a solo at the Congregational church at Manitou. She accepted, and her singing was so well liked that she was prevailed upon to assist in an entertainment for the benefit of the Manitou church. The entertainment was quite a success, as will be seen from the following clipping from the Manitou Springs Journal (weekly) of date September 6:

"A pleasing musical entertainment was given at the Barker House last Tuesday evening for the benefit of the Congregational church. It was under the direction of Miss Wootters, a visitor from Texas who has added much to the pleasure of the season by her fine musical talents. Vocal solos by Miss Wootters, Miss Coffin and Mr. Ross were finely rendered. Pianos solos by Miss Hunicke and Miss Grace Stringham, and a reading by Miss Hunicke were received with much favor. The irresistible selection from "Florodora," entitled "Tell Me, Pretty Maiden," captured the audience by graceful posturing, amusing situations and sprightly song. Miss Stringham presided admirably at the piano. The concert showed careful drill and thorough preparation on the part of the performers."

The following complimentary notice is taken from the Colorado Springs Gazette (daily) and was written by the Manitou correspondent of that paper:

"At the Barker—The entertainment given Tuesday evening at the Barker house under the direction of Miss Ethel Wootters of Crockett, Texas, was in every way a success. Miss Wootters possesses a beautiful mezzo-soprano voice, and her singing was enthusiastically received by the audience. Among other numbers were solos by Miss Coffin, Miss Grace Stringham and Mr. Ross, and reading by Miss Hunicke. The feature of the evening was the Florodora quintet, in which five young ladies took the part of gentlemen."

### Arrested in Missouri.

Sheriff Hale went to Bloomfield, Mo., this week after two men, named Bowman and Gullege, wanted in this county for assault to murder. Gullege shot a man named Kincaid in the shoulder and arm about the first or second week in July last. It is not charged that Bowman fired any shots, but he was with Gullege. The shooting took place nine miles east of Crockett on the Coltharp road. Gullege and Bowman left immediately and have been recently located, arrested and jailed.



## THE COURIER.

W. B. PAGE, Editor and Proprietor  
W. W. Aiken, Publisher & Local Editor

### DEMOCRATIC NOMINEES.

For County Judge:  
Porter Newman.  
For County Clerk:  
Nat. E. Allbright,  
For County Treasurer:  
Hardin Bayne.  
For Tax Collector:  
John W. Brightman.  
For Sheriff:  
E. B. Hale.  
For District Clerk:  
J. B. Stanton.  
For County Attorney:  
John Spence.  
For Tax Assessor:  
Tony Gossett.  
For Representative:  
Coll Stokes.  
For Commissioner, Prec. No. 4:  
H. W. McElvey.  
For Commissioner, Prec. No. 1:  
H. P. Aldman.  
For Commissioner, Prec. No. 3:  
Abb Thomason.  
For Commissioner, Prec. No. 2:  
W. E. Hall.  
For Justice Peace, Prec. No. 1:  
John W. Saxon.  
For Constable, Prec. No. 1:  
A. W. Phillips.  
For Constable Precinct No. 3:  
Horace Rodgers.

The kind words which our friend at Belott spoke in our behalf last week are very much appreciated. However, we have been accustomed to criticism for years and any one who has convictions of his own and dares to express them is sure to stir up opposition. The truth of the matter is that we have generally construed the "harsh things" said of us in the light of a compliment for they have as a rule come from those who are agitators and strife-breeders by nature and by habit. It is meat and milk to their natures to stand or go around and air themselves, criticising others. They worship the Ideal of Iconoclasm, deriving more pleasure from pulling down than building, more enjoyment from promoting strife than preaching the doctrine of peace and good will. They rarely contribute of their money or energy to public enterprise nor speak a good word for such a thing or for anybody. They count for little in the development of a country except to stand up and be counted every ten years when the census enumerator comes round to count the population. They count "one" then, after which they lapse into their accustomed habit of abusing and maligning those who are trying to do something. No, what they say of us evokes only a passing interest. Life is too short, time too valuable and the strenuous demands on our attention too exacting to bestow any of it on those thus engaged. Nevertheless, our friend at Belott has our thanks for the words which he has spoken in our behalf.

A petition strong in the number of signatures and representations of fact will be presented to the proper authorities of the I. & G. N. asking for a new passenger depot building at Crockett in keeping with the size of the place and the traffic. This petition is still in circulation for signatures and it is to be hoped that no one will refuse to sign it. After such signatures have been obtained, it will be taken to Palestine and placed before the executive officials of the road by a committee of our citizens.

The local option law has gone into effect here and so far as we know is being closely observed. We have not changed our views as

to the principle involved nor as to other aspects of the question. But it is the law and, as we have said before, it should be accepted by all and enforced. We do not propose to say or do anything to encourage the violation of this law, and if there be any who, presuming on the COURIER's position and views on the abstract question of prohibition, expect sympathy or encouragement from this paper in any violation or non-enforcement of this law, they may as well understand now as later, that he or they will not get it.

The Messenger man complimented us last week by dropping us from the list of his exchanges. After devoting so much of his space and time to us he paid us the distinguished consideration of not sending us a copy of his paper. So in the future we are to be spared the pain of seeing the English language tortured as it is tortured in no other paper. We are grateful for even so small a favor as this and it is a compensation in some degree for other losses.

If I were the Messenger man,  
The Messenger man,  
The Messenger man,  
If I were the Messenger man  
I'll tell you what I would do,  
I would crawl into a ground-hog's hole,  
A ground-hog's hole,  
A ground-hog's hole,  
I would crawl into a ground-hog's hole  
And pull the hole clear through.

Fifty-five dollars a month is the salary the Crockett school trustees pay the principal of the colored graded school in town. There are quite a number of colored teachers in the country who are drawing sixty-five dollars a month who have not one-half the responsibility, not near so many scholars to handle and who do not do near so much work as the Crockett principal of the colored school. There is something wrong somewhere when such inequalities exist. A county superintendent could possibly locate and correct it.

The COURIER's advice to all farmers who have cotton seed to sell is to let them go at present prices, 30 cents a bushel. The corn crop in the western and northwestern states is an immense one and inside of sixty days this corn will be on the market. When it reaches market the chances are that the products of cotton seed as feed-stuff for cattle will decline in value. Of course the price of cotton seed will follow. Since writing above seed have declined to 27½ cents a bushel.

When one Grapeland citizen meets another these days, the usual remark of one or the other, after exchanging the salutations of the day, is: "Have you met the Messenger man?"

The usual working, every-day motto with some newspaper people is: "I sucks the eggs but I hides the shells."

### I. & G. N. Excursion Rates and Arrangements.

Washington, D. C.—National Encampment, G. A. R.—Very low rate. Sell tickets Oct. 2, 3 and 4. Limit Oct. 17th. Privilege extension to Nov. 3rd.

Summer excursion rates to various points in Texas and to various points north and east. Low rates. Sell tickets daily. June 1st to Sept. 30th. Limit Oct. 31st.

Marlin, Texas—The great health resort. Low excursion rates. Tickets on sale daily the year round. Limit 60 days for return.

For complete information call on I. & G. N. ticket agents, or address,  
D. J. FRICK,  
General Passenger & Ticket Agent,  
Palestine, Texas.

## COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT

San Pedro Correspondent is Not in Favor of One.

EDITOR COURIER:—In regard to the county superintendent, I can't line up with you and "Prominent Grapeland Citizen" for these reasons:

1. I believe the county judge has plenty of time to attend to the business of his office and the school business too, and is willing to attend to said business for the compensation he receives for said work.

2. Our county is already deeply in debt and the appointing of a county superintendent would only increase this already large debt, for the salary of the superintendent must come out of the school funds and the amount taken from the county judge's fee must be augmented by taxation of the dear people.

3. The public school funds of the state have been encroached upon now until it seems as if it will take the large end of the prorate to pay the school officials. And I think it is time to call a halt and give this princely sum to the fast increasing scholastic children of the county and state.

4. I have lived and labored in several counties that had a county superintendent and they nearly, if not wholly, ignored the command to visit the schools; but they want their prorate all the same.

5. Every teacher is examined by a well educated board of examiners and when they grant them a certificate, that is good evidence that they are competent to teach, govern and manipulate a body of pupils. And if they prove incompetent to the task, we have a board of trustees at each school that have full power to dismiss such an one.

Now we as a body out here do not approve of having a county superintendent. We think it a useless expenditure of the children's money. We believe that the county judge has time to attend to the business and that he is more than willing to do the same for the pay that he receives for said work. FRIEND FARMER.

### Wreck on Colorado Line.

Denver, September 13.—Santa Fe passenger train No. 608, known as the Newspaper train, which left Denver this morning at 3:50 o'clock bound for Colorado Springs, Pueblo, St. Louis and Chicago, drawn by two engines, collided with a freight train at Struby, a small station several miles south of Littleton, and three members of the passenger train crew were killed and another perhaps fatally injured:

The dead:  
Mack Barnhardt, engineer.  
J. A. Pettingill, fireman.  
John Rogers, fireman.  
Seriously injured:  
Archie Stewart, engineer.  
Some of the passengers were badly shaken up and bruised, but so far as known none was killed or seriously injured.

In the crash both passenger engines were thrown into the ditch and eight cars were piled upon them. The engineers and firemen were buried under the wreckage.

### An Education in Everybody's Reach.

A few decades ago an education was in the reach of none but the wealthy, and the methods of teaching were so bad that only a few of them would stay long enough to finish. To-day young people without money, friends or political pulls are securing educations that would be the wonder of the nobility of the last century.

In this day of good schools and

## EAST TEXAS GINNING AND MILLING CO.,

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

Incorporated under the laws of Texas with paid

CAPITAL OF \$25,000.00.

We are prepared to gin 200 bales of cotton per day. No waiting. No stopping over night. We gin a bale in every eight minutes, and have ample storage with suction unloading apparatus. We guarantee to take out the sand and dust and pack your cotton in the standard uniform square bale. Have bought the latest improved huller gins which take out the sticks, trash and dirt, thereby making a high-grade sample which is sought by spinner buyers. We have the latest and best equipped gin outfit in East Texas and solicit patronage of the farmers, guaranteeing moderate charges. Courteous business-like fair treatment to all. Your cotton will bring from one-fourth to one-half cent per pound more if you will let us gin it.

I. A. DANIEL,  
A. H. WOOTTERS, } Directors.  
T. P. SELF,

THOS. SELF, President,  
D. M. CRADDOCK, Sec. and Treas.

## Asher's Blue Front Store

Continues in the lead.  
Stock is now complete.

Business is Good and getting Better  
all the time.

Trade with me once and you will always be a customer. Ask some one who trades with me, just for fun. They will tell you that this is the store where you can get good Goods at moderately low prices.

## H. ASHER.

## WHAT OSTEOPATHY IS.

The legal answer to this question, according to the statutes of various states, is, "A SYSTEM, METHOD OR SCIENCE OF HEALING."

Osteopathic practice is based upon anatomical order. It assumes that the body is a perfect machine; the active and harmonious operation of all the parts of this perfect mechanism constituting health—and any, even the slightest, deviation from which causes disease.

Technically, Osteopathy represents that branch of medicine—medicine in its broad sense as Webster defines it—"anything that cures or lessens pain or disease;" that branch of medicine in diagnosis and therapeutics, which is founded upon an exact and comprehensive knowledge of the anatomical structure and physiological functions of the human body; of its chemical basis and the chemical constitution of its secretions and fluids; of the principles that govern the activities of the body; of movement, locomotion, respiration, nutrition, vasculature,—muscle, nerve and glandular action in the elaborate, but perfect, synthesis within the body organism, and of the vital principles at the basis of organic life;—so that any deviation from the normal or healthy condition, in the form of misplacement, derangement or in-co-ordination may be readily detected and scientifically restored by mechanical manipulation.

### What Osteopathy is Not.

It is not mysticism; it is mechanism. It is not prayer; it is physics. It is not faith; it works. It is not Christian Science; it is common sense. It is not faith cure; it is fact cure. It is not magnetic; it is vivific. It is not massage; it is the mastery of the tissues and organs of the body. It is not pharmaceutical; it is physiological. It is not artificial; it is natural. It is not ideal; it is real. It is not hypnotic; it is dynamic. It is not destructive; it is constructive. It is not trance; it is truth. It is not spiritualism; it is animism. It is not hallucination; it is health.

### Consultation and Examination Free.

Office at residence of Thos. Self.

Dr. J. REID COMPTON.

rare opportunities, the young person who gets no education is a standing advertisement of the fact that he is too lazy to put forth the effort or too ignorant to know the needs of it.

No common sense person of modest means will select a school for the fashionable and wealthy.

It is not absolutely necessary for a person of push to have several hundred dollars to enter school on. Money may be a disadvantage.

One can attend Tyler College and complete the very best course of bookkeeping or shorthand obtainable for a total cost of much less than \$100—or the two together for \$132—less than half the usual cost of such a course. The school will then assist you to get paying employment with which you can make money to complete your literary course or get a start in business.

Many young people stay at a

DR. J. REID COMPTON,

OSTEOPATHIST.

Graduate Southern School of Osteopathy.

Consultation and examination free. Office at Thos. Self's residence.

CROCKETT, TEXAS.

clubbing hall, others work mornings and evenings and Saturday and finish the course in Tyler College with half the amount of money mentioned above.

If you wish to attend the largest and best commercial school in the entire South, write for our big illustrated catalogue free, and state what course you want.

TYLER COLLEGE,  
Tyler, Texas.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price, 25 cents.