

THE BIG STORE.

This Store is a School for Buyers.

A Purchase To-day Means Content To-morrow.

A knowledge of the A B C's is the first step in the education of all mankind. Sometimes, it is a good idea to review that first lesson. Let's go over it now, and you'll find something interesting about each letter.

You are going to need patterns, in making up your new Goods. Come here, and get the reliable BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

A is for Applique, put some on your dress, Every one buys it—five yards more or less. Price, a yard 15c to \$2.50.

B for Broadcloth, the quality is right, So are the colors—dark, medium and light. A yard, 50c to \$1.50.

C for Cashmere, and Collarettes too, We have both, and the styles are all new. Cashmere, 10c to 35c, Collarettes, \$3.50 to \$7.50.

D for Dress Goods, in soft pastel and street shades, Quality the best, and none of it fades. From 10c a yard to \$2.25.

E for Everything, we have it right here, The store is brim-full, from the front to the rear. What can we offer you?

F for Flannel, for waists 'tis quite new, It comes in patterns, we have one for you. Each \$2 and \$2.75.

G for Golf Cloth—reversible—plaid back, All the right colors, and we have such a stack. A yard, 30c to \$1.

H for Henrietta—it is always in style, A dress of it lasts for quite a long while. A yard, 25c to \$1.

I for Imported Poplin, a goods you will like, If you buy it, a bargain you'll strike. A yard, 75c to \$1.

J for Jackets, all styles and all sizes, And prices so low, the jackets are prizes. They're silk lined, \$2.25 to \$10.

K for Knit Goods—caps, shawls and hoods, Winter is coming, and you'll want knit goods. Need we urge you?

L for Linings, the nicest you've ever seen—Percaline, Silesia, Nearsilk and Sateen. A yard, 5c to 35c.

M for Mousseline de Soie, so pretty and sheer, Every color, and the prices not a bit dear. A yard, 45c to 65c.

N for Notions, of them we have oceans, If you want little things, look at our notions. Bring your small change.

O for Organdies—pink, red, white and blue, Nice to wear to weddings, and to parties too. A yard, 25c to 50c.

P for Prunella, and Pebble Cloth too, Green, brown, castor, red, black and blue. A yard, 50c to \$1.50.

Q for Quality, we have the very best, Come, see for yourselves, that 'tis not a jest. "Quality" is the password.

R for Ready-to-wear, a line complete, We can fit you, and prices can't be beat. Make us prove it.

S for Silks, a wonderful array, 'Tis for Skirts too, from silk to "Rainy-day." Silks, 20c to \$1.50. Skirts, \$2 to \$10.

T for Turkish Silk, a new goods you should see, For waists and trimming, it's pretty as can be. A yard, 75c to \$1.

U for Underwear, any kind you want, For stout ones, and the ones that are gaunt. Made well, wear well.

V for Velvet, we bought it for this reason: Dame Fashion says, it's stylish this season. A yard, 25c to \$1.25.

W for Waists—tucked, corded, fancy and plain, Silk, wool, percale—the prices we've slain. Each 50c to \$10.

X for X-mas—it's coming mighty fast, Better get things now, don't wait till the last. Get your money busy.

Y for Yokings—just see our display, There are all kinds, from sober to gay. A yard, 35c to \$1.50.

Z for Zeal, with which we will try To convince you, that our goods you should buy. They're easy to buy.

Always visit the MILLINERY DEPARTMENT and take a look at the Hats. With such a big stock, we're sure we can please you.

&c.

Great Bargains in Capes.

A large lot of the celebrated L. Brenner stock of capes bought by our buyer while in New York. Offered for the next two weeks at prices ranging from 50c to \$5 each.

Shoes.

All sizes and styles in stock. We can fit any foot. Will tell you more about this department in a forthcoming ad.; or, if you will call at the Big Store, you can see for yourselves.

Dig Up a Dollar.

30 yds. Brown Domestic, yard-wide, for \$1

25 yds. better quality Brown Domestic, for 1

20 yds. Cotton Flannel, heavy goods, for 1

20 " Mattress Ticking, good quality, for 1

20 yds. Dress Gingham, all colors, for 1

20 yds. Flannelette, fast colors, for 1

22 " Best Apron Gingham, 27 inches wide, for 1

17 yds. Extra Heavy Cotton Flannel, for 1

25 yds. Best Calico, fast colors, pretty designs, for 1

20 yds. Bleached Domestic, free from starch, for 1



For good solid comfort, correct styles, and cheapness, there's no Corset but the R. W. Try one, and you will always insist upon getting this make.

For the Home.

Smyrna and Moquette Rugs, new and beautiful designs, \$1 to \$4.00

Jute Rugs very serviceable, at 50c and 1.00

Window Shades, pure Scotch Hollena, best made, 35c to75

Blankets, all wool, extra heavy, \$3.50 to 7.00

Blankets, cotton, splendid value 50c to 1.00

Bleached Table Damask, 54 to 72 in. wide, per yd. 18c to 1.00

Towels, linen, huck and cotton, a pair, 7c to 1.00

Towel Crash, a yard, 8c to10

Linen Napkins, extra large, a dozen \$1 to 1.50

Fringed Napkins, all linen, a dozen 25c to 1.00

Ask to see these goods.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

Social Items.

Fresh grits at Hail & Dunwoody's.

Residence for rent. Apply to Shivers Bros.

A lot of empty whiskey barrels at Hyman's saloon.

For Loss of Appetite. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Try the best four-bit and six-bit whiskey at Hyman's saloon.

For Nursing Mothers. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

The best alcohol the market produces at Hyman's saloon.

A General Strengthening Tonic. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Choicest teas, spices and extracts at Hail & Dunwoody's.

To Fertilize the Blood. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Paints, oils, varnishes at the New Drug Store. Prices right.

Cream of Wheat, the breakfast dainty, at Hail & Dunwoody's.

Matting at all prices at the Big Store. JAS. S. SHIVERS & Co.

Boots, shoes and clothing is our specialty. J. C. WOOTTERS & Co.

For Pale, Sticky Children. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

B. T. Satterwhite is a new subscriber to the COURIER at Broxson.

Try "Crushed Violets" toilet soap. It's the best. New Drug Store.

Ask for a free chance at the fine organ given away at Hyman's saloon.

Pale People Have Pale Blood. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic makes rich blood.

Call at the New Drug Store when in need of anything in the paint line.

Still selling the largest and coldest glass of beer in town at Hyman's saloon.

Malaria Makes You Weak. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic makes you strong.

Fancy California evaporated peaches and apples at Hail & Dunwoody's.

Malaria Makes Impure Blood. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic cures Malaria.

The town has been crowded with people this week and trade has been good.

Miss Evy Hail will leave Sunday for Sherman where she will re-enter school.

The best and most attractive lot of toilet soaps in the city at the New Drug Store.

Toilet soaps to suit everyone at the New Drug Store. Purest soaps and reasonable prices.

"Paul Jones" and "Joel B. Frazier" would like to see you privately at Hyman's saloon.

Better for the Lungs than Sarsaparilla. For those living in the Malaria districts. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Furniture of every description at the Big Store.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & Co.

Buy your drugs, medicines and school books from

SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.

Twenty Per Cent More Doses in Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic than in a Bitter Chill Tonic.

We sell the celebrated "W. B." Corset in all styles.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & Co.

Buy your drugs, medicines and school books from

SMITH & FRENCH DRUG CO.

We recommend the "Hunter's Rye" as the highest grade of whiskey made. Sold at Hyman's saloon.

Mr. and Mrs. Marshall of Whitewright are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Thos. Self, in Crockett.

Foley's Honey and Tar cures colds, prevents pneumonia. at J. C. Wootters's.

Many People

In every section of Houston county have found it to their advantage to do business with us. They have been pleased with the way we treat our customers, and have recommended us to their friends. We want your trade, and will extend to you every accommodation in our power. We see to it personally that every customer has

The Best

Attention, and our goods and prices are always right. We are headquarters for glass, paints and oils.

B. F. CHAMBERLAIN DRUGGIST.

In a short time the COURIER will revise its subscription list, leaving off all who are in arrears.

Z. S. Adams of Volga called Saturday and renewed his subscription to the COURIER.

Dr. J. S. Wootters has moved into his new residence on the lot adjoining Judge Wall in east Crockett.

Mr. Ab Thomasson, one of the COURIER's stand-byes at Antioch, was in Crockett Monday and called to see us.

Strength Enables You to Stand the Heat

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic gives strength.

Dr. McCarty of Porter Springs and H. C. Leaverton of Grapeland were pleasant callers at the COURIER office this week.

We can sell you furniture cheaper and a better grade than anybody in Crockett. Give us a call. J. C. WOOTTERS & Co.

Ladies, don't buy anything in fall dress goods till you see ours. The Big Store.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & Co.

Miss Mittie Brown of Jacksonville will arrive at Crockett this (Thursday) afternoon and will be the guest of Miss Mittie Baker.

The only place in Crockett to get the latest style dress goods and trimmings is at the Big Store.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & Co.

D. C. Appleton of Weidon, J. G. Webb of Porter Springs and M. P. Herod of Grapeland were callers at the COURIER office Tuesday.

Miss Lizzie McCord, who has been the guest of Miss Evy Hail for the past several weeks, will leave Sunday for her home at Cameron.

W. H. Wall, serving on the jury from Augusta, called at the COURIER office Friday and had his subscription figures moved up another year.

Our dress goods department is complete and we solicit your patronage. Call and see us before purchasing.

2t J. C. WOOTTERS & Co.

Rev. Mr. Sowell of Lovelady has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Crockett Baptist church. He entered upon his duties as pastor Wednesday night of last week.

The Houston County Lumber Co. is better prepared to fill orders for any kind of a bill than ever before. Give us a call and be convinced. Satisfaction guaranteed. T. R. DUEPREE, Mgr.

J. C. WOOTTERS & Co.

will sell you goods of all kinds as cheap as they can be bought elsewhere. We don't give premiums on purchases but we give you full value for your money. 2t

Go to the lumber yard for rough or dressed lumber. Our stock is complete and prices the lowest. T. R. DUEPREE, Mgr.

If you want something in the very latest style belts you can get them from 50c to \$1.00 at the Big Store. JAS. S. SHIVERS & Co.

The latest acquisition to Crockett clubdom is the Beethoven club, composed of some of the senior pupils of Miss Ethel Wootters' music class.

Large crowds were in Crockett Friday and Saturday and a great deal of shopping was done. People from far and near know where to come to buy cheap goods.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Painter have gone to house-keeping. They have moved into the house formerly occupied by W. L. DeuPree, which property they bought.

Rev. R. E. Morris has accepted a call to the pastorate of the Baptist church at Georgetown. He leaves this week to enter upon his duties and his family will follow soon.

Sash and Doors, Lime, Cement, Shingles, Pickets, Moulding and all kinds of building material at the lumber yard. Our prices defy competition.

T. R. DUEPREE, Mgr.

TELL-TALE TEETH.

If you neglect your teeth you know it; and everybody else knows it, because the teeth are so prominently located that any lack of care is quickly visible.

Good tooth brushes cost but little here. We have some that we guarantee never to shed a bristle. We also have the latest and best tooth preparations; those that polish, whiten and preserve the teeth and cannot harm them.

We can supply a tooth saving outfit for very little money.

J. G. HARING,
PHARMACIST.

It is as impossible to run a newspaper without funds as it is to run any other business. The COURIER needs all money due it on subscription and those in arrears will aid us very much by bearing this in mind.

J. C. WOOTTERS & CO.

are jobbers to the trade; they can sell the merchants heavy groceries, bagging and ties, etc., cheaper than they can buy them and have it shipped from a distance.

W. L. DeuPree left Crockett Thursday on a prospecting tour through West Texas and the Indian Territory. His family are at some point in West Texas.

Mr. DeuPree has been thinking of seeking a new location for some time, having closed out his business last spring with that intention.

The "Trip Around the World" Wednesday evening, gotten up to aid the Baptist church, was quite a success from every point of view. Unique and delightful entertainment was afforded in every "country" visited. We do not know the amount taken in, but the sum must have been large, for the entertainment was well patronized. As our forms are closed Thursday morning, space will not admit of an extensive and merited write-up.

We give 5 per cent on every purchase in premium tickets in the dry goods department at the Big Store.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & Co.

Notice.

Any one that will buy as much as \$50.00 in dry goods at our store during the month of October, we will give them free of charge one Singer or Domestic sewing machine. Our prices are as cheap as the cheapest. The Big Store.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & Co.

Another Killing.

News reached town Thursday morning that Jake Sheffer, a negro living below Creek, had been killed by another negro. Sheffer always bore a good reputation and was a large land owner. Particulars of the killing have not been learned.

\$100 Organ Free.

With each \$1.00 cash purchase at Hyman's saloon, you will get a chance, free of charge, at a fine Cable "Chicago Cottage" Organ, with book of music and stool. It will pay you to trade where you can get good goods, full measure, fair treatment and a chance at a fine organ without any additional cost to you.

Truck Growers' Association.

Crockett, Texas, Oct. 19, 1901. Truck Growers' association met and it was ordered that the association meet Saturday, 26th day of October, 1901, at 2 o'clock p. m. and all parties interested in truck growing are requested to be present and indicate what amount and what kind of seed they wish to plant. Those who have home grown potatoes that they wish to sell for seed are requested to be present. Onions should be planted by the first of November.

F. H. BAYNE, Sec.

Grand Jury.

The Grand Jury adjourned on Saturday last to meet on Thursday, Nov. 7. They were in session three weeks and returned over one hundred bills. A serious murder case is still under investigation by this body.

We are informed that the bills reported are for murder 18; carrying pistols 12; violating laws relating to sale of intoxicating liquors 34; gaming 10; aggravated assault 5; rape 2; burglary 9; theft 1; assault to murder 2; illegally marking hogs 1; perjury 1; unlawfully practicing medicine 2; disturbance of religious worship 6; others offenses 10.

The Past Week in District Court

The following disposition was made of cases coming up for trial:

State vs. Wiley Matillo—assault to murder; dismissed.

State vs. Menzy Rushing—assault to murder; jury and verdict of not guilty.

State vs. Hugh Lovejoy—perjury; continued.

State vs. Coleman Johnson—murder; jury and verdict of guilty and 25 years in penitentiary.

State vs. Albert Lewis—robbery; verdict of guilty and five years in penitentiary.

State vs. Albert Green—burglary; jury and verdict of guilty and five years in state reformatory.

State vs. Tom Bryant—theft of money; jury and verdict two years in penitentiary.

State vs. Alfred Davis—rape; jury and verdict of guilty and 20 years in penitentiary.

State vs. Jim McCoy—burglary; jury and verdict of guilty and five years in penitentiary.

State vs. Dora Robinson—burglary; dismissed.

State vs. Lee Blount—murder; acquitted.

King-Beasley Nuptials.

On this (Thursday) evening at seven o'clock Miss Lucile Beasley will be united in marriage to Mr. G. Q. King at the home of the bride's parents, Dr. and Mrs. S. T. Beasley. The wedding will be very quiet, only a few of the closest friends and the relatives of the contracting parties being present. Immediately after the marriage the happy couple will leave on the 7:40 train for San Antonio, where they will visit the fair and the many other places of interest which San Antonio affords. On their return to Crockett, they will occupy the Geo. W. Crook residence in the southern part of town.

The bride is one of Crockett's prettiest and most popular young ladies. Being the daughter of Dr. and Mrs. S. T. Beasley, she was born here, and here she has grown into beautiful young womanhood, admired by all with whom she has come in touch. The people of Crockett are truly glad to know that she is not going to another town to live, but that she will continue to be one of us.

The groom, Mr. King, has resided here for a number of years, being in business for himself the most of the time. He began in Crockett as a clerk, later established the business now conducted by King & Murchison, and is at present secretary and treasurer of the Houston County Coal and Manufacturing company. Upright and straight in his dealings, he is in the full enjoyment of the confidence of the people. By his gentlemanly bearings he has won an enviable place in the social circle as well as in the business world.

This happy couple have the best wishes of a large circle of friends for their future happiness and welfare.

Fine Whiskies and Wines.

The following brands of fine whiskies and wines are kept in stock by A. LeGory: Whiskies—L. W. Harper, Magale's, Joel B. Frazier, Sugar Valley, Marshall, Kentucky Turf, Bloom of Youth, Tennessee Corn, Dave Whitebeck, Athletic Club, Kidney Gin, Old Edgemont Whiskey, Rum, Irish Whiskey, Pineapple Rock and Rye, Peach and Honey, Peach and Apple Brandy, Cognac Brandy, Alcohol and all kinds of bitters, California Wines and Brandies, Claret, Port, Sherry, California Brandy. A. LEGERY.

USED A SHOT GUN.

H. C. Sessions Shoots John Reeves With Two Loads of Squirrel Shot.

Sheriff E. B. Hale received word Saturday morning that H. C. Sessions had shot John Reeves at the home of Sessions at Creek Friday evening. The sheriff left immediately for the scene and arrested Sessions, bringing him to Crockett, where he waived examination. His bond was fixed at \$300 by Justice Callier to await the action of the grand jury, which meets again on Thursday, November 7. Bond was readily furnished.

Sessions and Reeves are both farmers and neighbors and both live at or near Creek. There had been trouble between them before. Friday evening as Reeves was passing Sessions' house in a wagon the trouble was resumed which terminated in Sessions shooting Reeves with two loads of squirrel shot. Reeves was hit in the face and breast, and while his wounds are not considered dangerous, they are painful. It is thought that he will lose an eye, if nothing more serious should result.

THE COURIER.

W. U. PAGE, Editor and Proprietor
W. W. AIKEN, Jr. & Local Editor

"When then tot
When inces
the c

is stolen it is
ck the barn."
royed your busi-
sidence it will
say "the town
waterworks."

at all ginners
cotton ginned
informed that
ing this and our
was of opinion that failure
to do so was a violation of the
law.

A city of 3000 souls and no protection whatever from the ravages of fire! That is the awkward and perilous position of Crockett. The reduction in insurance rates would alone pay for a first-class system of waterworks.

The fruit and vegetable business has proved a wonderful thing for Jacksonville. There are two banks in the town and one of them alone had an deposit at close of fruit season this year \$154,261.58, 90 per cent of which belonged to the farmers.

We would not be surprised at any precedent Roosevelt should establish. It is the nature of the man to disregard formality and established customs. The South is now venting its spleen on his conduct of last week for which he cares nothing.

Steps are being taken to enjoin the collection of the tax levied by the commissioners' court in August. We refer to that 15 cents on the \$100.00. Tax payers had better take the COURIER'S advice and await developments before paying this tax.

The cashier of a Jacksonville bank, in talking with a citizen of Crockett, said 90 per cent of their deposits belonged to farmers. There are two banks in the town and we publish in another place the figures as given by one of them in its statement to the comptroller.

During the past season Jacksonville shipped 130 cars of peaches and 14 cars of tomatoes; Craft, 17 cars of peaches and 9 cars of tomatoes; Dialville, 59 cars of tomatoes; Rusk, 26 cars tomatoes. There is no good reason why the fruit and vegetable business should not be made as much of a success in Houston as in Cherokee.

A citizen of Crockett wrote the cashier of one of the banks at Jacksonville as to their deposits during the last fruit season and his reply was: "As to our deposits, the highest point reached was about \$175,500.00, an increase in about forty days of over \$100,000.00, all of which was fruit and tomato money. The majority of our deposits are derived from this source."

At the ending of the cotton money season this year, February 5, the First National bank at Jacksonville shows by its report to the comptroller to have had on deposit - \$80,104.42. At the closing of the fruit and vegetable season this year, Sept. 30, the same bank shows by its statement to have had an deposit \$154,261.58. This shows nearly double the amount in favor of the fruit and vegetable growers.

The Houston Chronicle is a new afternoon paper started at Houston by the Chronicle Publishing company. At its head are such able newspaper men as Marcellus E. Foster, formerly of the Houston Post; G. Herbert Brown, for-

merly of the Saturday Review of Galveston; E. R. Richardson and Chas. A. Myers. The paper has started out under the most favorable conditions, is ably edited and ranks with the foremost afternoon papers of the country. With its brilliant and able corps of editors and contributors, its success is assured. A splendid feature of the paper is its excellent afternoon news service.

A Hallowe'en Magazine.

Superstition Trail, a powerful tale of the West, by Owen Wiser, and illustrated by Remington, is the opening story in the Hallowe'en Number (October 26) of The Saturday Evening Post of Philadelphia. Other attractive features are a new episode in The Love Affairs of Patricia and a striking poem by Holman F. Day. Mr. Day's ballad, The Night of the White Review, tells a weird tale current among Gloucester fishermen. It has all the swing and movement of Mr. Kipling's Dipsy Chanteys, and a strength and originality all its own.

Coltharp Items.

ED. COURIER:
Coltharp was set back a while for a school, but people need not fret for Coltharp will have a good school yet. We will soon be on the boom for the railroad camps have moved in 3 miles of us now.

The big dam at the mill is finished. Some say it will break but you might as well try to break a mountain.

The well men are still punching away at the artesian well.

Several of the negroes around Coltharp went to the railroad, but didn't stay long.

Mr. S. L. Morrow, the civil engineer, who has been boarding at Mr. and Mrs. T. F. John's, is not at home very much now.

People who are working at the mill that live a mile or so off, have to rustle about now, for when the 7 o'clock whistle blows in the morning it is very early and when the 6 o'clock whistle blows in the evening, it is nearly dark.

Prof. Frank Webb, of Ratcliff, was in town last Saturday.

The box supper at Ratcliff was a success.

Mr. Lipscomb Sherman is in Galveston studying pharmacy.

Mr. Marion Murray, who has been in the railroad camps for a while, has had a bad hand from blood poison.

Will Arline is still in the railroad camps.

Will Morrow was in town on Sunday last.

We understand that Mr. A. McTavish, the land agent for the big mill, was called north by a telegram stating that his wife was very sick. We hope that he will find her very much better on his arrival and to have them back in our community again as they expected to be here about the last of this month. JIM JENKINS.

The White House Dinner Incident.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

The newspapers generally are discussing the president's entertainment of Washington, the negro educator, at his family table, and are wondering if it is insignificant as indicating a change of the policy it was thought the president proposed to establish for the South in his treatment of the race issue as affecting political appointments.

The Constitution is frank to say that with the latter it is more concerned than with the former, for if the president will adhere strictly to what was, apparently, his original intention, to make no appointment that is distasteful to the community directly affected,

the people of the South will be willing to exercise more than ordinary leniency in their criticism of the president's selection of his guests at his private social functions, though they totally disapprove of the taste that prompts him to invite a negro to his table.

The Constitution believes that the president made a serious mistake in running counter to a well nigh firmly established custom, which, view it as we may, is based upon the approval of the overwhelming sentiment of the country, North as well as South, and which in the very nature of things renders a negro guest at a white man's table an unusual and an unseemly spectacle. That this is true is demonstrated by the fact that so much has been, and is being, said of the president's invitation to Washington.

True, it can not be argued that the president's action is entirely without precedent, for only a few days ago a democratic predecessor entertained at an elaborate social function at the White House the dusky and deposed queen of Hawaii, and at about the same time Frederick Douglass figured rather more conspicuously than the sentiment of the South approved as a guest of honor at one of the White House entertainments.

Without regard, however, to precedent, it can not be denied that the Washington incident is received with a distinct shock in the South, which had set high hope upon what seemed to be the most encouraging assurances from the president that he would not become a precedent maker in the matter of extending unusual consideration in directions where it could not be regarded otherwise than offensive to a very large part of the people of the whole country.

Some of the president's apologists will say that he has the right to choose his own guests at his own table. Even this theory has its limitations, and his course is not to be justified. Nevertheless, while the people of the South—and of the North as well, for that matter—may not approve of any peculiarity that might manifest itself in his selection of those who are to cross his domestic threshold, they will be disposed to let him run his personal affairs to suit himself, provided that in his broader relation to the public they are not made the victims of any idiosyncrasy that would give negro office holders undue prominence in white communities, or that would make his personal example one to be followed elsewhere. Fortunately, the president has given practical assurance to the effect that in appointments to office in the South he would make no selection over the protests of the communities to be served. If the president was sincere in this, and we have no reason as yet to assume to the contrary, it means that there will be no more appointments of negroes to responsible administrative offices in communities overwhelmingly white, for no such communities would accept the appointment of negro office holders with indifference.

It is with this feature of the question that the South has most to deal. Let us hope that if the president must make negro appointments, he will award them to communities which are better prepared to receive them than are the people of the South. If negroes must be appointed, let the president keep this in view in naming postmasters for Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Illinois. It remains to be seen how the people of these states would accept

such appointments. Judging from past experiences in Ohio and Illinois, the protest would be scarcely less emphatic than in the South, for both in Ohio and Illinois negroes in search of honest employment in competition with white labor have been put to the bayonet under republican administrations, while there is not an instance on record of work having been withheld from an honest negro in the South.

The president has made a mistake. It is to be hoped that he made it thoughtlessly and without measuring the effect of his action. He acted perhaps under the impression that what he did was under his own "vine and fig tree." Let us hope that in the more important matter of appointments affecting vast communities he will not be controlled by similar motives, and that the South may yet have reason to commend him for his fairness in the matter of making only such appointments—even though they be of republicans—as will meet the approval of the people brought into direct contact with the officers so named.

The President's Last Move.

New Orleans Picayune.

President Roosevelt could not have committed any act, not actually unlawful, that would have excited as much popular feeling or aroused public attention as such as has the entertaining of Booker Washington at dinner in the White House.

The new President was received with extreme enthusiasm by many persons and newspapers in the Southern States as one who was pledged to continue President McKinley's policy of friendship and pacification for the Southern people, and when he appointed to a Federal District Judgeship in Alabama a well known and highly esteemed Democrat of that State, the delight thereat was unbounded and extravagant expressions of approval were heard on every hand.

The Picayune was in no wise moved to enthusiasm on the subject, as it is now in no way disposed to visit upon his later act denunciation and anathema. Believing that all the gush poured out in the first instance was premature and unwarranted, the Picayune discovers no good reasons for the heated and denunciatory terms with which the second act is characterized when the known peculiarities of the President are considered. He is a man of most active and energetic impulses, and acts from a generous enthusiasm, evidently without due consideration. There could be no more striking evidence of this than the signing of the "Round Robin" in the trenches in front of Santiago de Cuba, while the war with Spain was in progress.

The army had made an attack on Santiago, and while active hostilities had ceased at that point, the war was not over, and yet a Colonel of volunteer cavalry could so far forget and defy discipline as to address to the War Department an urgent demand to have himself and his men immediately moved away from the scene of action, assigning reasons that were by no means justifiable to his desires, and using terms that were discourteous and unjust to other officers and their commands.

Nobody believes that the then Colonel of the Rough Riders intended to violate discipline or outrage military etiquette, but he was so careless of them that he did not stop a moment to think.

The Booker Washington incident is of the same sort. The President doubtless did not deliberately set out to violate the social traditions of the White House, or to outrage the sensibili-

ties of the white people of the South; but in all probability he is entirely indifferent to the feelings with which the matter has been received. The fact is, President Roosevelt is not to be judged by the political and social acts of the previous occupants of the White House. He has not cared to regard the social ceremonies and official routine that have heretofore been the rule in the public residence of the Republic's Chief Magistrate; but, on the contrary, is a law to himself. Probably no national chief in the world is so indifferent to social conventions. Nobody knows what he will do next under any circumstances, and each act must be taken upon its own separate deserts or demerits. He can not be fairly judged in any other way.

Without doubt at the present moment the President has greatly weakened his political position in the whole country, and has most seriously fallen from popular favor in the Southern States, for it is impossible to forecast his intentions and policy from his past acts. Nobody knows what he will do next. The great commercial interests of the country fear radicalism of any sort in the administration of the Republic. They want quiet, consternation and peace. As matters now stand, the political and social atmosphere is seriously disturbed. "What next!" is on every tongue.

For Better English.

In an address recently delivered in London Mr. Asquith, the well known member of parliament, made felicitous use of English when pleading for better linguistic culture. He took occasion to condemn "the uncouth and pseudo-classical terminology of the men of science, the tortuous and nebulous phrases of philosophers, the pretentious conventionalities of the art critic and the alarid slapdash of the newest school of journalists."

BANNER SALVE

the most healing salve in the world.
at J. G. Haring's.

DON'T

Go Home to Dinner.

It is nearer to
Bird's Restaurant.

There you'll get, in short order, a meal that is cooked right and served right.

And you'll get just what you want.

But best of all, it will not cost you much.

Who?
What?
Where?

When you are wondering where you will get something for dinner, just think of the above questions.

Then think of the answers given below. There's the place to find anything you want for breakfast, dinner and supper.

Murchison & Monk
Groceries.
Telephone 27

Foley's Honey and Tar
for children, safe, sure. No opiates.
at J. G. Haring's.

Fresh
woody's.
Residence
Shivers Bro
A lot of e
at Hyman's
For J
Grove's Ta
Try the h
whiskey at
For F
Grove's Ta
The best
produces at
A General
Grove's Ta
Choicest
tracts at H
To F
Grove's Ta
Paints, c
New Drug
Cream of
dainty, at
Matting
Store. J
Boots, sh
specialty.
For F
Grove's Ta
B. T. Sa
scriber to t
son.
Try "C
soap. It's
Store.
Ask for
organ giv
saloon.
Fate Pe
Grove's T
rich blood.
Call at
when in ne
paint line.
Still sell
est glass of
man's salo
Malar
Grove's T
you strong.
Fancy
peaches at
Dunwoody
Malaria
Grove's T
Malaria.
The tow
with people
has been g
Miss Ev
day for Sh
re-enter sc
The best
of toilet so
New Drug
Toilet so
the New
soaps and
"Paul J
Frazier" w
privately a
Better for t
For those
tricts. Grov
Furnitur
at the Big
JAM
Buy you
school boo
SMITH
Twenty
In Grove's T
a Bitter Chil
We sell t
Corset in a
J.
Buy you
school boo
SMITH
We reco
Rye" as t
whiskey m
saloon.
Mr. and
Whitewrig
daughter,
Crockett.
Foley's
cures colds
at J

THE TALE OF A BOY AND A MAN.

Tenderloin Life With Boy, Girl, Cigarette and a Six-Footer On Broadway.

New York Sun.

A boy and a girl, neither of whom was more than 15 years old, were strolling down Broadway last evening arm in arm. The boy had a cigarette stuck in his mouth and seemed to think that he couldn't be improved upon. In front of Weber & Field's a big six-footer who had been drinking told the boy to drop the cigarette.

"You have got another guess coming," said the boy, flippantly. "Nuther nothin'," said the big man, making a "swipe" at the cigarette and knocking it out of the boy's mouth. It jarred the boy for a minute, but he grabbed the six-footer and yelled for the police. The boy's girl did likewise, and as it was at the time people were hurrying to the theatres, a crowd presently collected. Patrolman McGuire came along, too, and to him the boy said that he wanted the big man arrested.

"He insulted me," said the boy, in a shrill voice, "and as a gentleman, I won't stand for it."

Somewhat sobered, the six-footer went with the policeman to the Tenderloin station, with the boy and girl following. There the boy said that he wouldn't give his correct name, but for police purposes he was willing to be known as John Johnson of 663 Sixth avenue. In a very dramatic way he told how his feelings had been hurt, and he said that he didn't intend to have any one treat him in such a way.

"Why, he not only insulted me, but he frightened my lady friend," the boy said.

"Now, wouldn't that jar you?" said the six-footer, who declared that he was John Jones, a salesman, of 124 West Fourteenth street.

"If this man will apologize I'll withdraw my complaint," said the boy.

Jones apologized, and when he did so he remarked that the boy had nerve enough for a full-grown man. The boy went away holding the arm of the girl, who seemed to look upon him as a wonder.

Banker Rout a Robber.

J. R. Garrison, Cashier of the bank of Thornville, Ohio, had been robbed of health by a serious lung trouble until he tried Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Then he wrote: "It is the best medicine I ever used for a severe cold or a bad case of lung trouble. I always keep a bottle on hand." Don't suffer with coughs, colds, or any throat, chest or lung trouble when you can be cured so easily. Only 50c and \$1.00. Trial bottles free at Haring's Drug Store.

That Booker T. Washington Dinner.
Galveston News.

The sensation of the week has been the entertainment of Booker T. Washington by President Roosevelt at his own table. A portion of the press of the South has been heard from upon the subject in no unmeasured terms. The press of the North, East and West have not as yet generally spoken. It is hardly to be conceived that President Roosevelt had in his mind by this act an attempt to establish social equality between the races. It is not possible that he contemplated such a thing. Rather, The News conceives, the idea of the President was to show respect to the teachings of an eminent man of the colored race who was working for good among his own people. Yet, had President Roosevelt studied the logic of Booker T. Washington's own position upon the subject, he would have refrained from committing the indiscretion of inviting a colored man to a seat at his family table. Booker T. Washington is an able and conscientious man. He is entitled to all proper respect for the educational work which he is doing. A principal feature of this work has been the inculcation among his own race of the idea that they are not to aspire to social equality; that they are not to go contrary to nature; that they are to elevate themselves by industry, thrift, intelligence and honesty of purpose in all the walks of life. Beyond this Booker T. Washington has not gone, and he is to be credited with a full amount of common sense. Yet President Roosevelt, through his act, has gone contrary to the teachings of Booker T. Washington, has ignored the logic of Washington's position, and has committed a blunder that may last him a life time. Booker T. Washington, judged by his own writings and teachings, neither expected nor desired social equality. That the President meant to confer social equality in its broad sense is not at all likely, yet there stands out the indisputable fact. To get beyond the fact will be a different matter for any one in explanation of the President's position. In inviting Booker T. Washington to his own table, the President doubtless had little idea that this was to be regarded as a signal for the breaking down of all social relations between the races. The News inclines to the belief that in this act the President was guided by a sense of respect for the eminent teachings of an able man of color. In going beyond the executive function of conveying this respect through executive channels, the President blundered sadly. No matter the intent, the act stands out boldly,

and it is a question whether the act will be regarded with any more favor in the North and East than it is in the South. We have our special predilections in this section, but these predilections are not based on antipathy to any members of the human family. Nature has designed certain things, and no act of an individual, however great, can change the course of nature. It is sadly to be regretted that at this early period of his presidential career Mr. Roosevelt should have allowed a generous impulse to run away with what is due to social opinion throughout the entire country. This is the most generous view to take of the matter. It could not have been intended as a political stroke. It will gain him nothing with the colored race, and it will hardly benefit him within the ranks of his own party, no matter where located. In the language of the field sports, President Roosevelt has made a costly error. No good can come out of this display of regard, because it is not in keeping with established ideas upon the social relation. Roosevelt, the citizen, is in an entirely different attitude from Roosevelt, the President, and no man must be more cautious of his acts in all the relations of life than the President of this great Republic. The act was doubtless an error of judgment out of which no possible good can come, but quite a deal of harm. And Presidents can not afford to make errors of judgment.

The Grau Opera Company.

The Maurice Grau Metropolitan Opera company of New York, the largest operatic organization in America, on a tour from New York to San Francisco, will give a performance at Houston on Monday, November 4th, presenting the grand opera of "Lohengrin," with a chorus and ballet of 200, and the famous Damrosch orchestra with 50 instruments. Emma Eames and Schumann-Heink, prima donnas of international reputation, will appear in the cast. The International & Great Northern railway will put on an excursion rate from Crockett for the event, and it is likely that quite a number of the music loving people of Crockett will take advantage of the occasion to witness the most elaborate presentation of grand opera ever offered them. For all further information address D. D. Bryan, P. O. Box 756, Houston, Texas.

Backache should never be neglected. It means kidney disorder which, if allowed to run too long, may result in Bright's disease, diabetes or other serious and often fatal complaints. Foley's Kidney Cure makes the kidneys well. J. G. Haring.

Mexican Mustang Liniment
cures Lameness, Soreness, Stiffness and Spavin in horses.



The quickest way,
The cheapest way,
and
The surest way
to cure

**Fire Burns,
Powder Burns,
or
Scalds from
Steam or Water,**

no matter how severe the case may be, is to saturate a piece of soft, old linen cloth with

Mexican Mustang Liniment

and bind it loosely over the wound. It gives quick relief from the stinging, smarting agony, prevents inflammation from developing, heals the sore with a haste that is most gratifying, and so thoroughly that it seldom leaves a scar. Keep the cloth wet with the liniment.

Mexican Mustang Liniment
cures Rumblefoot, Frosted Combs, etc., in Poultry.

SPECIAL Offer.

Galveston Semi-Weekly News

—AND—

THE CROCKETT COURIER

for one year for \$1.85

Payable in advance. Subscribe at once, while you have the opportunity to get the two papers for but little more than the price of one of them, and but a small proportion of their value to you. Send or mail your orders to

THE COURIER OFFICE.

NOTICE.

SELLING OUT AT COST. AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

We are going to move and are willing to sacrifice Goods rather than to move them to Houston and pay freight on them. Are you in the market for any Goods? Are you after a good bargain? If you are, come at once and get your supply from us before the Stock is broken. Our stock is yet complete in every department. Come and get prices and you will surely buy from us.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

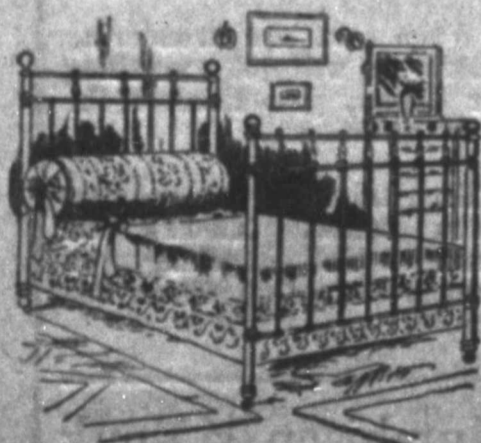
D. BUCK,

East Side Public Square, next door to B. F. Chamberlain's Drug Store, **CROCKETT, TEXAS.**

Aldrich & Newton's Furniture Store.

Have you room for these goods? We haven't.

We are daily expecting three cars of Furniture and Mattings. Now, we are bound to make room for these goods, and the only way is to sacrifice what we have on hand. If you want some tip-top furniture at rock-bottom prices, now is your chance. Come around to see us, and we will make you some prices that you cannot resist.



Enameled Iron Beds.

They are fast taking the place of wooden beds. We have them in white, green, pink, red, blue, bronze, etc., brass trimmed, all styles and sizes. We will make the prices please you.

Freight Paid.

We pay freight to any point on railroad. If you cannot come to our store and make your selections, just write us what you want, and we will send you descriptions and prices.

About the Packing.

Everyone knows that if furniture is not properly packed, it gets battered and bruised. When you buy from us you run no risk of having it ruined, for we pack every piece in a most careful way.

Picture Framing.

If you have any pictures you prize, and want to keep, bring them here and get them framed. We have a splendid assortment of the most up-to-date Moulding and Mats. Prices are low enough to suit the most economical.



Mattings from Japan.

We have imported and soon will receive, \$1000 worth of Mattings from Japan. Besides, we have a great variety in stock now, at lowest prices. We will tack the matting on your floor, free of charge.

Last Days of Davy Crockett.

Crockett, Texas, Oct. 10.

EDITOR COURIER:—Enclosed I send you a clipping from Tennessee, David Crockett's old home, thinking it might be of interest to many pupils in Texas now studying Texas History. Rev. Campbell is not dead. He visited Mrs. A. F. Arledge, a relative, of Winchester, Tenn., quite recently, is hale and strong, and though quite old is still superintendent of school for the blind, Norwood, London.

Respectfully,
THE CLIPPING.

In a recent letter I gave a short sketch of the earlier life of Davy Crockett, backwoodsman, soldier and politician, closing with a reference to his break with Gen. Jackson.

The political opponents of Crockett at various times in West Tennessee were Adam R. Alexander, William Fitzgerald and Adam Huntsman. The first and last were men of considerable ability, but they are indebted entirely to the fact that their careers were connected with Crockett that they are not entirely forgotten.

Alexander and Huntsman were delegates to the constitutional convention of 1834.

After the increasing influence of Jackson in Tennessee, Crockett saw that he was virtually "a statesman without a job," and resolved to go to Texas and assist the people of that province of Mexico to gain their independence.

AS AN AUTHOR.

We talk today of the strenuous life, the wonderful industry of President Roosevelt, but Davy Crockett was no laggard. He was not only in politics for years, but, uneducated though he was, he was a writer of books. Before he left the State he wrote an autobiography of wonderful interest, a "Life of Van Buren, Her Apparent to the Government," and "A Tour to the North and Down East." That last book has resulted in more good—more lasting blessing to humanity—than all of Roosevelt's can possibly do; for it set about a movement to aid the blind, which has grown and broadened and will continue to do so until charity dies. He gave in his work an account of a Massachusetts school for the blind. There was nothing of the kind in the South. Blind children were, indeed, a burden, with nothing before them but poverty, neglect and the poorhouse, where they had not inherited property.

WHAT CAME FROM HIS "TOUR."

One day in 1838, a blind boy of the name of James Champlin heard some one reading from "Tour to the North and Down East." He was then 17 years old. He had learned his letters by listening to his brothers and in time got so he could spell. When he heard the account of the blind school in Crockett's book, he was fired with ambition to attend it. After many difficulties he reached Boston, but being without money, he could not become a student. The kind superintendent, however, gave him some raised-print books, and after his return home he soon learned to read without a teacher. In 1842 he attended a blind school at Columbus, Ohio, where he made marvelous progress, and began to think of how to help those who were afflicted as he was.

When he once more sought his home in the mountain county of Overton, he decided to go to Nashville. There he got a half dozen or so blind children together and commenced teaching them to read by touch.

He gave an exhibition in one of

the Nashville churches of the method of reading with the fingers, for the purpose of enlisting interest in his work, for he was poor. It was instrumental in awakening considerable enthusiasm.

Some time later he gave an exhibition before the legislature. It caused that body to adopt his school as a State institution—and on January 29, 1844, made an appropriation for its support.

REV. F. J. CAMPBELL.

This was the beginning of the great Tennessee School for the Blind—directly traceable to Crockett's book! That school is one of the institutions of which Tennessee is justly proud. In 1898 it had a total of 150 pupils, 22 of them being colored. Here children deprived of their eyesight are educated, and taught some business which will make them independent of charity. Every graduate has contributed to his own support as a respectable member of society. The building is a very large brick structure, on the Fairfield street car line, crowded with children who are no longer very great burdens to themselves or their families.

Among the first half dozen pupils taught by Champlin was an uncouth little blind boy named F. J. Campbell, from Winchester, Tenn. He proved an "apt scholar," and soon became an assistant teacher. He afterward went to England, was given the queen, and soon became superintendent of the Royal Normal College and title of LL. D., was introduced to the Academy for the Blind, Upper Norwood, London—the greatest school for the blind in existence. I think he died a year or two ago, known at the time as the foremost blind man in the world.

Who can say Crockett lived in vain? If he had not given away his life, like Byron, in the cause of liberty, the book which set to work such an influence for good ought to make his name deathless!

BRAVE TEXAN SOLDIERS.

David Crockett and Sam Houston were the greatest patriots of the Texas revolution.

The life of the former ended in the famous defense of the Alamo March 6, 1836.

Gen. William B. Travis had preceded him to Texas by about four years, and was engaged in the struggle for independence. Crockett joined him, and with about 140 men they were besieged in the old mission station, San Antonio de Valerio, which had been named Fort Alamo.

Three of as brave men as ever joined to help the cause of freedom were to meet their doom in that siege.

First, there was Crockett. Then there was Travis, born in Alabama in 1811. He was admitted to the bar in 1830, and practiced in Claiborne. Becoming financially embarrassed, he went to Texas about 1832.

And then there was the celebrated James Bowie, the originator of the "Bowie knife." He was a Georgian, born about 1790. He first became notorious for participating in a severe contest that took place opposite Natchez, on the Mississippi in August 1827. A duel having been arranged between Dr. Maddox and Samuel Wells they met on a low sandbar near the city, outside of the State limits. The duel came off, two shots being fired without effect. The principals were soon joined by friends, and a general melee took place, in which fifteen of the number were wounded and six killed. Bowie had been shot early in the difficulty, but drew his knife, which had been made

from a large blacksmith's file, and killed Maj. Norris Wright with it. After the conflict, the weapon was sent to Philadelphia, where it was fashioned into a large, dangerous knife, known as the Bowie knife. He and his brother later emigrated to Texas.

THE MASSACRE.

The band of 140 men held out bravely, though Santa Anna, the Mexican general, had an army of 4,000 men. During the ten days of the siege frequent assaults were made, but were always repelled with great slaughter.

Those Texans were as accurate as the Boers are today.

Few bullets went amiss, but when a shot was fired, a "greaser" bit the dust.

Strange to relate, too, during that ten days' siege not a Texan was touched.

And above all the banner of Texas waved.

Many appeals had been sent out for reinforcements, but only 32 men could be got through the Mexican lines. Finally, on March 6, three assaults were made, and in the hand to hand fight that followed, Travis's men were overpowered. They fought desperately till only six were left, including Crockett, Travis and Bowie. They surrendered under a promise of protection, but when they were brought before Santa Anna he ordered them to be cut to pieces.

DUST TO DUST.

That was the end of one of the heroes of the early days of the State.

Somewhere near San Antonio his dust rests, though it should be brought back to his native soil.

The grass grows above him, rustled into undulations by the winds; the birds nearby come in summer to chant a poem of peace. The mesas, as Kipling says of the desert, draw the darkness more deeply around them and murmur their little "now I lay me down to sleep;" and under the stars of the Texas sky Davy Crockett slumbers on in endless calm and fadeless glory.

Does It Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the most severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes, if possible, if not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles. "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try one bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Get Green's Prize Almanac. For sale by Smith & French Drug Co.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy Saved His Boy's Life.

"I believe I saved my nine year old boy's life this winter with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says A. M. Hoppe, Rio Creek, Wis. "He was so choked up with croup that he could not speak. I gave it to him freely until he vomited and in a short time he was all right." For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

A report from Supt. J. C. Gluck, Reform School, Pruntytown, W. Va. Oct. 18th, 1900: "After trying all other advertised cough medicines we have decided to use Foley's Honey and Tar exclusively in the West Virginia Reform School. I find it the most effective, and absolutely harmless."

After exposure or when you feel a cold coming on, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. It never fails to stop a cold if taken in time. J. G. Haring.

GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY.

Don't be guilty of paying one dollar for something that you can get for nearly half the price at

The Blue Front Store.

Mr. Asher spent most of this summer in the market watching snaps, buying up bargains, bankrupt stocks, sheriff's sales, sample goods and all for the spot cash.

We now have a heavy stock of clothing, shoes and gent's furnishing goods and we offer it to the trade for at least 25 per cent. less than you have to pay for regular goods.

Come around, price our goods and convince yourself.

The Blue Front Store,

H. ASHER,

Proprietor.

TEXAS HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Officially Recognizes the Shirt Waist.

The one thing that is rare to stir up The American People is any radical departure from custom—anything that is not in style and lacks Dame Fashion's approval, no matter how sensible and full of service the new idea is—vide the shirt-waist man, for instance. In time, however, the merits of any worthy innovation impress themselves, and the distrusted theory becomes fact—as in the case of the shirt-waist, adopted at Austin, August 6th, by official vote, as the proper thing.

"THE DENVER ROAD" was the first to break away from the electro-sig method of display advertising, giving the people something to read, with frequent changes, and it worked well. This year in the interest of our "constant readers" we have put in a little time courting the Muse, also the Amuse, and—has it worked? Well, the shirt-waist man realized that he had been flaged and backed into a blind siding when he heard the talk. The "TALK" was what we were after—we thought the people a trifle slow in coming to a full understanding of what we were offering them for their money.

Within the last three years "THE DENVER ROAD" has made several quite radical departures in the matter of regular, daily equipment and service, viz.: Pullmans with comfortable large dressing-rooms for ladies, Cafe Cars, meals a la carte, Day Coaches—of the most modern variety—a handsome, box-vestibled train, run thru without change. These trains, as well as our individual advertising—both strictly "Poetry and Motion"—have attracted considerable attention, and we are doing a good business, which is a compliment to the intelligence of the people who are our guests.

W. F. STERLEY,
A. G. P. A.

A. A. GLISSON,
G. A. P. D.
FORT WORTH, TEXAS.

CHAS. L. HULL,
T. P. A.

P. S.—Unless you go via "THE DENVER ROAD," you'll not get quite all you should for your money. Two things to remember: "Only One Road!" and "No Apology Necessary!"

Commercial Printing

DONE AT THE COURIER
OFFICE IS ALRIGHT.

\$6.65

The cost of a 30-day round trip excursion ticket from

CROCKETT
TO
MARLIN,

World's famous hot wells, natural sanatorium and health resort. "The Mecca of the afflicted."

Take I. & G. G. train No. 12 leaving 11:33 a. m. daily for Marlin, Calvert and Bryan.

Between Texas and St. Louis ..THE.. Texas and Mexico
I. & G. N.

International and Great Northern Railroad Company

IS THE SHORT LINE Through Cars and Pullman Sleepers Daily

Superior Passenger Service.
Fast Trains and Modern Equipment.

IF YOU ARE GOING ANYWHERE, SEE

J. B. VALENTINE, Agent,
CROCKETT.

L. TRICE,
2nd Vice Pres. & Gen'l Supt.

D. J. PRICE,
Gen'l P. & T. A.
PALESTINE, TEXAS.

Between Texas and Kansas City ..THE.. Texas and North Texas and Southwest TEXAS
I. & G. N.



Every woman in the country ought to know about

Mother's Friend

Those who do know about it wonder how they ever got along without it. It has robbed childbirth of its terrors for many a young wife. It has preserved her girlish figure and saved her much suffering. It is an external liniment and carries with it therefore, absolutely no danger of upsetting the system as drugs taken internally are apt to do. It is to be rubbed into the abdomen to soften and strengthen the muscles which are to bear the strain. This means much less pain. It also prevents morning sickness and all of the other discomforts of pregnancy.

A druggist of Macon, Ga., says: "I have sold a large quantity of Mother's Friend and have never known an instance where it has failed to produce the good results claimed for it."

A prominent lady of Lambert, Ark., writes: "With my first six children I was in labor from 24 to 30 hours. After using Mother's Friend, my seventh was born in 4 hours."

Get Mother's Friend at the drug store, \$1.00 per bottle. THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO. ATLANTA, GA. Write for our free illustrated book, "BEFORE BIRTH IS SOON."

"A Man's Man."

Fort Worth Register.

The papers and politicians are having a good deal to say about the appointment by President Roosevelt of ex-Governor Jones of Arkansas to be federal judge of the Northern district of Alabama. Beyond the fact that Governor Jones is an ex-confederate soldier and has been a life-long democrat, there is nothing particularly startling in the appointment, for he has lately allied himself with the gold wing of the democratic party. But connected with it is a story that makes interesting reading.

Along with every intelligent citizen, President McKinley was deeply interested in Booker T. Washington's industrial school at Tuskegee, and upon his first visit South after his election he accepted an invitation to visit it. The citizens of Tuskegee were duly flattered at the prospective honor of entertaining the president, and set about making preparations. Before they were well started, however, they found themselves facing an embarrassing question. They did not know what to do with Washington in the program, which called for a procession of carriages containing the distinguished guest and prominent local citizens. Washington is a negro, and Southern men do not ride in parades with negroes. Washington heard of the perplexities of the committee and promptly suggested that as riding in a carriage, even with the president of the United States, he would not feel hurt if he were disregarded in the arrangement for the drive, and instead he would remain at the school and greet the visitors when they arrived there. But this plan did not make the committee any more comfortable. Washington was the particular citizen that the president was interested in. Moreover they themselves held him in high esteem and were not willing to put a slight upon him or appear lacking in respect and appreciation.

Mr. Jones, then governor of Alabama, was appealed to, and without ado he arrived at a common-sense solution. As governor of the state he had no objection to riding in the carriage with Washington, and he had no doubt President McKinley was without prejudice. When the day of the president's visit arrived, the chief

carriage that passed through the streets of Tuskegee contained the president of the United States, the governor of Alabama, and the president of Tuskegee Industrial School.

Three years later, President McKinley is dead, and his successor has to meet the practical political conditions of the South. To know what those conditions are, and to decide on their wisest solution, he has called to his council the ablest living negro, Booker T. Washington. As a result of this conference and on the advice of Washington, the office of Federal Judge with its five thousand a year for life or good behavior is bestowed unasked upon ex-Governor Jones of Alabama.

Which is a reminder that "a man's a man for a' that and a' that."

Education in Agriculture.

The very essence of the world's wealth is found in agriculture. No matter how capitalists may amass large fortunes; manufacturing institutions create conditions which involve great movements of money, or business concerns make it possible for the aggregation of millions, the primary source of it all is found in the interminable plow-rows which check and re-check, the black, red and yellow loams of fertile areas everywhere.

Agriculture is the base of all human existence. It is a noble occupation and the importance of intelligent attention has been recognized by the thinking people of all classes. All things are taught, and yet agriculture except in its higher branches, is a science "too simple for consideration." The application of scientific methods in the past few years, however, has worked material changes and elevated the standard of its labor. Chemistry, analysis and experiment have guided effort and taught how to grow two stalks where once but one appeared its crest. To its importance cannot be given this feature. The youth are too prone to abjure the farm in favor of other and more "elevating occupations," and the curriculum of every country or cross-roads school should include at least a single study devoted to the farm and farm products. The occupation should be garnered with every element of nobility and the cultivation of the earth's products made a definite study. Agriculture is worth every consideration that the schools can possibly give it.—Literary Bureau, Southern Pacific and Houston and Texas Central R. R.

Stepped Into Live Coals.

"When a child I burned my foot frightfully," writes W. H. Eads, of Jonesville, Va., "which caused horrible leg sores for 30 years, but Rucklen's Arnica Salve wholly cured me after everything else failed." Infallible for burns, scalds, cuts, sores, bruises and piles. Sold by Haring, 25 cents.

Mrs. T. Bridleman of Marshallville, Mich., was troubled with salt rheum for thirteen years and had tried a number of doctors without relief. After two applications of Banner Salve, her hands became better and in a short time she was entirely cured. Beware of substitutes. J. G. Haring.

Chas. R. Wessmar, Evanston, Ill., writes: "My boy 2 1/2 years old had a severe cold which refused to yield to any treatment until we tried Foley's Honey and Tar. He was completely cured before using one bottle." Take none but Foley's J. G. Haring.

J. Odgers of Frostburg, Md., writes: "I had a very bad attack of kidney complaints and tried Foley's Kidney Cure which gave me immediate relief, and I was perfectly cured after taking two bottles." Be sure you take Foley's, J. G. Haring.

Twain Was Prayed For.

Mark Twain once had an engagement to lecture in a small town and was met at the railway station by the minister as the leader of intellectual society in the place. The minister welcomed the distinguished visitor, and as they walked up to the parsonage where Twain was to be housed and fed during his stay, his host conversed on several topics and finally said: "Mr. Clemens, it has always been our custom in this little town to open every entertainment given here with prayer, and I should like to do so to-night if agreeable to you. Would you have any objection to my doing so?"

"Why, my dear sir," replied Twain, warmly, "on the contrary it will give me great pleasure. I should be very glad to know that the lecture was going to be started right, anyhow."

With this understanding they went to the lecture room that evening and the minister left the lecturer sitting in the corner of the platform, took the center of the stage himself and proceeded to offer a prayer about half an hour long, in the course of which he gave his views on all the current affairs of interest and concluded by saying: "And now, O Lord, we have with us to-night a man who is known throughout all the world as the great American humorist. Help us, O Lord—help us to understand what he is about to say to us and to be amused by it, and, if possible, grant that we may derive some real benefit from his lecture."

Malaria Causes Biliousness.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

POPULAR EXCURSIONS.

Dates shown are those on which tickets are on sale.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, October 18-29, San Antonio International Fair.

FORT WORTH, Texas, October — Baptist General Convention of Texas.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Cattle Show; from Palestine and points north, tickets on sale October 19-23 inclusive; from points south and west of Palestine, October 18-22 inclusive.

FORT WORTH, Texas, November 15-22, National Convention, W. C. T. U.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 1st to Nov. 1st, Pan-American Exposition.

MARLIN, all-year-round excursion tickets from I. & G. N. points at rate of one and one third (1 1/3) fares. World Famous hot well, natural sanitarium and health resort.

Remember that we now run our own trains into Bryan, Calvert, Marlin, Waco, and are rapidly pushing forward to Fort Worth.

Ask nearest ticket agent for particulars as to rates, dates of sale, etc., or write to D. J. PRICE, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agent, Palestine, Texas.

Notice to Road Overseers.

It is this day ordered by the court that the road overseers be, and they are requested by law, to make their reports on or before the 2nd Monday in November, as the court acting under the new road law will appoint new overseers. By order of commissioners court. N. E. ALLBRIGHT, Clerk, County Court, Houston Co. Texas. By J. L. JORDAN, Deputy.

S. A. Ingalls, Crown Point, N. Y., writes: My wife suffered from kidney trouble for years. She was induced, to try Foley's Kidney Cure and in less than a week after she began using it, she was greatly improved and three bottles cured her." J. G. Haring.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right at J. G. Haring's.



MOTHERHOOD

The greatest ambition of American men and women is to have homes blessed with children. The woman afflicted with female disease is constantly menaced with becoming a childless wife. No medicine can restore dead organs, but Wine of Cardui does regulate derangements that prevent conception; does prevent miscarriage; does restore weak functions and shattered nerves and does bring babies to homes barren and desolate for years. Wine of Cardui gives women the health and strength to bear healthy children. You can get a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your dealer.

WINE OF CARDUI

142 Market Street, Memphis, Tenn., April 14, 1901. In February, 1901, I took one bottle of Wine of Cardui and one package of Theodor's Black-Dragee. I had been married fifteen years and had never given birth to a child until I took Wine of Cardui. Now I am mother of a fine baby girl which was born March 21, 1901. The baby weighs fourteen pounds and I feel as well as any person could feel. Now my home is happy and I never will be without Wine of Cardui in my home again. Mrs. J. W. C. SMITH.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Medicine Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

Safest Place in a Storm.

An English periodical, the Autocrat says that the safest place for an automobile during a thunder storm is out in the open and upon the hardest road accessible. But the danger of being struck by lightning is too inconsiderable to warrant uneasiness.

One of the Charges Against Him.

The emperor of Japan is a poet. According to Baron Takasaki, scarcely an evening passes that he does not compose from twenty-seven to thirty of the thirty-one-syllabled couplets called "wa-ka." In nine years he has written 37,000.

We Built the Duke's Car.

Some of the Canadians are said because the car specially built for the trip of the Duke of Cornwall and York over the Canadian government's railway is to come from a United States car factory.

Crippled in a College Fight.

Ferris Fenton, the author of "The New Testament in Modern English," is a cripple for life, as the result of a "town and gown" fight when he was a student in Lincoln.

BAD BLOOD, BAD COMPLEXION.

The skin is the seat of an almost endless variety of diseases. They are known by various names, but are all due to the same cause, acids and other poisons in the blood that irritate and interfere with the proper action of the skin.

To have a smooth, soft skin, free from all eruptions, the blood must be kept pure and healthy. The many preparations of arsenic and potash and the large number of face powders and lotions generally used in this class of diseases cover up for a short time, but cannot remove permanently the ugly blotches and the red, disgusting pimples.

Eternal vigilance is the price of a beautiful complexion when such remedies are relied on.

Mr. H. T. Shobe, 704 Lucas Avenue, St. Louis, Mo., says: "My daughter was afflicted for years with a disgusting eruption on her face, which resisted all treatment. She was taken to two celebrated health springs, but received no benefit. Many medicines were prescribed, but without result, until we decided to try S. S. S., and by the time the first bottle was finished the eruption began to disappear. A dozen bottles cured her completely and left her skin perfectly smooth. She is now seventeen years old, and not a sign of the embarrassing disease has ever returned."

S. S. S. is a positive, unflinching cure for the worst forms of skin troubles. It is the greatest of all blood purifiers, and the only one guaranteed purely vegetable.

Bad blood makes bad complexions. SSS purifies and invigorates the old and makes new, rich blood that nourishes the body and keeps the skin active and healthy and in proper condition to perform its part towards carrying off the impurities from the body. If you have Eczema, Tetter, Acne, Salt Rheum, Psoriasis, or your skin is rough and pimply, send for our book on Blood and Skin Diseases and write our physicians about your case. No charge whatever for this service. SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

B. F. BROWN, M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, CROCKETT, TEXAS. Office over Haring's Drug Store.

H. DURST, JR., LAND SURVEYOR, CROCKETT, TEXAS. Office with E. A. Nichols & Co., over furniture store.

D. A. NUNN, D. A. NUNN, JR., R. W. NUNN, NUNN, NUNN & NUNN, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, CROCKETT, TEXAS. Will practice in all Courts, both State and Federal, in Texas.

W. C. LIPSCOMB, M. D., PHYSICIAN and SURGEON, CROCKETT, TEXAS. Office over Haring's Drugstore.

J. M. CROOK, G. W. CROOK, CROOK & CROOK, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, CROCKETT, TEXAS.

S. B. STOKES, M. D., J. E. WOOTTERS, M. D., STOKES & WOOTTERS, PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS, CROCKETT, TEXAS. Office in the rear of Chamberlain's Drugstore.

Crockett Music Store. Pianos, Organs, Violins, Guitars, sheet music and musical supplies of all kinds always on hand. Also Columbia Graphophone Records and supplies. We buy direct from factory. No second-class or job lot goods. We give our customers benefit of our discounts.

Jas. DeDaines & Daughter, CROCKETT, TEXAS.

The leading physicians and chemists, as well as Epicureans and progressive dealers, unite in recommending Chase's Barley Malt Whisky as the best and most nutritious stimulant and tonic. Bottled by the distillers—H. H. Chase & Co., Louisville, Ky.

Chase's Barley Malt Whisky FOR SALE BY W. J. MATHEWS, Crockett.

KIDNEY DISEASES are the most fatal of all diseases. FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a Guaranteed Remedy or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the best for Kidney and Bladder troubles. PRICE 50c. and \$1.00. AT J. G. HARING'S.

Situations Secured by a graduate or former student. Write at once for catalogue and special offers. Massey Business Colleges, Louisville, Ky., Montgomery, Ala., Houston, Tex., Columbus, Ga., Richmond, Va., Birmingham, Ala., Jacksonville, Fla.

A Ward to Travelers. The excitement incident to traveling and change of food and water often brings on diarrhoea, and for this reason no one should leave home without a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by B. F. Chamberlain.

Muddy Blood. Means a muddy complexion. The blood means a clear complexion. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic makes rich, clear blood.

THE COURIER.

W. B. PAGE, Editor and Proprietor
W. W. ALKES, Publisher & Local Editor

Is Crockett going to see the business of the east end of the county taken away without making any effort to hold it?

No small amount of business will go the other way that should come this way if the railroad from Lufkin is permitted to stop at Coltharp. Some action should be taken in regard to securing its immediate construction into Crockett.

What is going to be done in regard to securing the East Texas railroad? Now is the opportune time of doing something. The Louisiana and Texas lumber company has taken charge of the construction of this road and will have trains running into Coltharp by the middle of December.

It will soon be time of year for a certain class of farmers (I) to be looking around for some one to "run" them another year. The Lord help such people! But we are truly glad to note that the better class of Houston county farmers are able to "run" themselves and that they are in the majority.

The COURIER's attention has been called to the fact that some ginners are not putting their marks on cotton ginned by them. Our informant was of opinion that this was a violation of the law. It is to be hoped that the law will be complied with in this as in other matters and that there will be no cause for complaint among business men.

Houston county's cheap lands are attracting the attention of the whole country north and east of us. Not a week passes that inquiries are not made in regard to the soil, productiveness, price, etc. Several gentlemen in the north have expressed a desire of coming to Houston county this winter and investigating for themselves, the low price of land seeming incredulous and out of keeping with the amount of production.

Talk about your bad luck! There is not much in it. Some people substitute bad luck for laziness as an excuse for their shortcomings. We know of a man who has had much sickness in his family, one death, and was himself struck by lightning, but notwithstanding all this, he has bought and practically paid for a farm in three years. This was not away off somewhere, but right here in Houston county.

People who come from the old states and buy farming land in Houston county pay for it in a few years. A gentleman was in the COURIER office recently who is only in the county his third year. He bought a farm when coming here from Georgia and has it nearly paid for. And he has had bad luck, too. He has had a great deal of sickness in his family, lost a daughter by death and was himself struck by lightning. Yet he will come out ahead of the hounds this year.

Fools and cowards there are in every land, but those people of Cleveland, Ohio, who persecuted the relatives of Czolgosz, the president's assassin, to the extent of discharging them from their places of occupation and turning them out of their home, are entitled to head the list of fools. These poor people in every way possible tried to show that they had no sympathy nor connection with the diabolical crime, yet they were mercilessly persecuted. A queer old world this, and some of her queerest specimens live at Cleveland, Ohio. —Anderson County Herald.

There is one fellow in Anderson county sorter figuring on going to congress, who, if he only knew it, could not be elected dog pelter.

We are inclined to believe that Hon. W. M. Lacy will be in the field as a candidate for congress. We say now in advance that Anderson county will stick to him like a heel fly to a young heifer in fly time. There is still another Palestine citizen who would run in the entire district like the old gray horse came tearing through the wilderness and that gentleman is the Hon. A. W. Gregg. —Palestine Advocate.

Wonder who the first fellow is!

The following short editorial appeared in the COURIER of week before last, which we think is worthy of reproduction and the consideration of the business men of Crockett: "The railroad will reach Coltharp shortly and then the people of that section will have an outlet by rail east. They will get their mail by way of Lufkin and when they visit other points in the state they will leave and return by way of Lufkin. They can take the train at Coltharp and in an hour's time land at Lufkin and return as quickly. They will not spend six or seven hours driving to Crockett to do their trading when they can find other markets of such easy access. Then Crockett will have to "look a little out" for her interests in the east end of the county. Her trade should not be allowed to go the other way. But to keep it, the railroad will have to be built on to Crockett on its reaching Coltharp."

The Beauties of Colorado.

A Colorado summer is as enhancing in retrospect as it is alluring in anticipation. The exhilaration of the wonderful air remains as a new elixir of life; the joy and social interest linger and live in memory, for all that is most beautiful in life is not gone when it passes; it enters into experience and becomes transmuted into the very quality of life.

In 1858 the Pike's peak gold excitement caused a rush from the East to Colorado, and a camp was pitched at the junction of Cherry creek and the Platte, which shortly after was christened Auraria. From this small beginning sprang Denver, the "Queen City of the Plains." Beautiful for situation, with the great range of the Rocky Mountains towering in the west, and the illimitable plains stretching to the Missouri river on the east, Denver is worthy of the attention and admiration of all who behold it. In a word, Denver is one of the best business and most pleasant residence cities in the world.

Leadville first became known to fame in 1859, as California Gulch, one of the richest placer camps in Colorado. From 1859 to 1864 \$5,000,000 in gold dust were washed from the ground of this gulch. The camp was afterwards nearly abandoned, and it was not until 1878 that the carbonate beds of silver were discovered. Immediately after this discovery a great rush ensued to the carbonate camp, which was named Leadville, and the population rose from a nominal number to 30,000. It is the fourth city in size in Colorado, and the greatest and most unique carbonate mining camp in the world. The city is lighted by gas and electricity; has telephonic communication with surrounding points; has the usual conveniences and luxuries of cities of corresponding size, and in all respects ranks as one of the greatest cities of the state. Leadville is one of the most interesting cities in the world to the tourist. It abounds in scenes of a novel and characteristic nature and presents views of life entirely foreign to the conventional. Mining methods are here fully illustrated in every form, from lode mining to hydraulic and sluicing work. The scenery around Leadville is magnificent. It is walled in on all sides by towering mountains whose summits are crowned with eternal snow. Occupying so high an altitude, the effect is remarkable.

Colorado has nearly 1000 inland lakes; it has over 250 rivers, fed from the mountain chasms, canons and gorges; its crags and heights; its mountain systems that cover more than five times the area of

the Alps; its luminous crystal-clear air; its enchantment of color and necromancy of distances; its tonic and electrical atmosphere all combine to linger in one's memory as a dream of ecstatic experiences. One can hardly turn from all this splendor and color, vista and distance, without an intense longing for its free and starry spaces.

The vast plateaus of Colorado—the very plains—average a mile above the sea in height, and are thus about at the level of the summit of Mount Washington, and from these plateaus the mountains rise to a height of two miles or more.

Nature has been most generous in her gifts to Colorado. While the plains are decked with the verdure of spring or the blossoms of summer, the higher peaks of the mountains are covered with eternal snow and a cool breeze sweeps down from these lofty summits as grateful as a draught of cold spring water to the parched traveler in the deserts of Arabia.

A Fiendish Attack.

An attack was lately made on C.F. Collier of Cherokee, Iowa, that nearly proved fatal. It came through his kidneys. His back got so lame he could not stoop without great pain, nor sit in a chair except propped by cushions. No remedy helped him until he tried Electric Bitters which effected such a wonderful change that he writes he feels like a new man. This marvelous medicine cures backache and kidney trouble, purifies the blood and builds up your health. Only 50c at Haring's Drug Store.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Office of Comptroller of the Currency.

Washington, D. C., August 29, 1901.

Whereas, by satisfactory evidence presented to the undersigned, it has been made to appear that "The Farmers' and Merchants' National Bank of Crockett," in the town of Crockett, in the county of Houston and state of Texas, has complied with all the provisions of the Statutes of the United States, required to be complied with before an association shall be authorized to commence the business of banking;

Now, therefore, I, Charles G. Dawes, Comptroller of the Currency, do hereby certify that **The Farmers and Merchants National Bank of Crockett** in the town of Crockett, in the county of Houston and state of Texas, is authorized to commence the business of banking as provided in Section Fifty-one hundred and sixty-nine of the Revised Statutes of the United States.

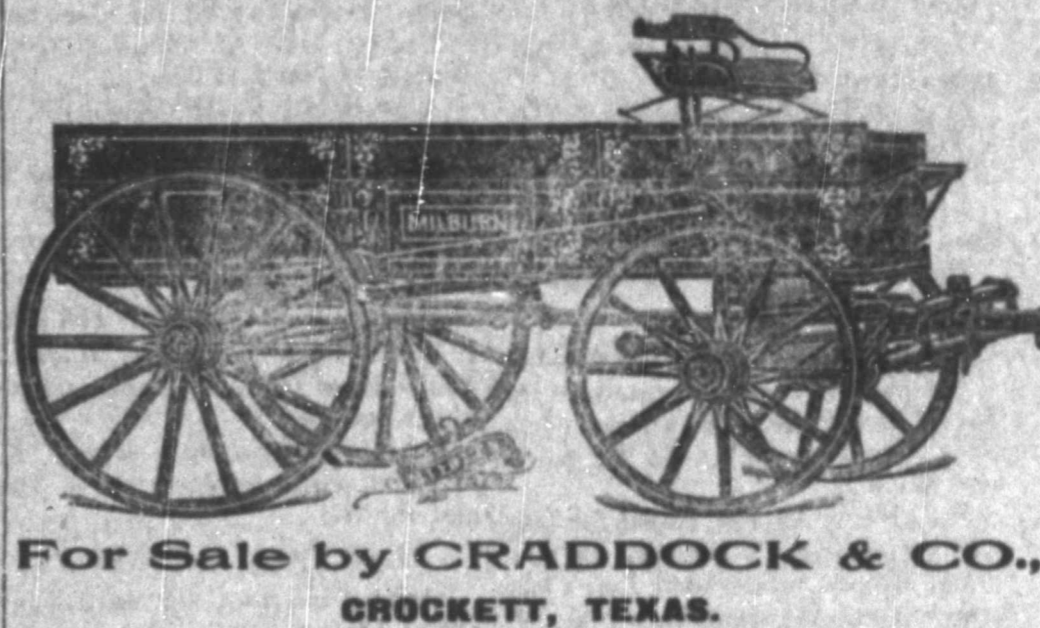
In testimony whereof, witness my hand and seal of office this 29th day of August, 1901.

(SEAL) CHARLES G. DAWES,
Comptroller of the Currency.
No. 5963.

What's Your Face Worth?
Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,—all signs of liver trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills give clear skin, rosy cheeks rich complexion. Only 25 cents at Haring's Drug Store.

When suffering from racking cough, take a dose of Foley's Honey and Tar. The soreness will be relieved and a warm, grateful feeling and healing of the parts affected will be experienced. J. G. Haring.

Lee Goolsby,
Candidate For
YOUR Patronage,
Subject to the Action of those
Inclined to Drink the Finest
WINES, WHISKIES, BEER, ETC.
Crockett, Texas.



And they trade at Brown's....

Dry Goods and Groceries.
We've got a complete stock of the newest and BEST FALL GOODS. Prices like you are willing to pay.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.
Most complete stock of guns and pistols. Fact is, you should buy from Jim Brown and get "your money's worth."

JIM BROWN.

Your Money Back if You are NOT SUITED.

JIM BROWN.

If We Please You
Please Tell Your Neighbors.

We hear that the commissioners' court were advised that the 15 cents additional tax could be made. If so, they are not to blame. Now let the one or ones who so advised come out and show authority for such tax or their ground for giving such advice.

The illegal tax of 15 cents on the \$100.00 will bring in, if it is paid, some five thousand dollars, the most, if not all, of which will go to those who have bought up county scrip. It will be a bonanza for them. But how about the tax payers? Are they going to pay it?

The columns of the COURIER are open to any lawyer who can show that the tax levy of 15 cents on the \$100.00 made by the commissioners' court at their last regular session is legal. The COURIER invites such a demonstration. The COURIER takes the position that such tax is illegal and void. If it is not, we shall be glad to be set right. Who can show us?

The COURIER sincerely hoped that Houston county would fall into Congressman Ball's district. We should then have been spared the unhappy event of a controversy over the nomination and a contest in our own county. Besides Houston county would have been represented by as strong and influential a man as is to be found from any district in Texas or the South.

When a law abiding citizen of Houston county goes abroad now he has to face the stigma which the criminal element of the county has placed on it. The record of crime in this county within the past twelve months outrages the sentiments of the good people of the county. It can not be defended or justified and the law-abiding, peace-loving citizens of the county are resolved that there shall come an end to this wild carnival. It can be suppressed and it will be. The best people of the county are profoundly stirred over the matter and are watching the course of events with absorbing interest.

The COURIER will furnish more interesting reading this week than any other paper published in the county. We reproduce on the second page a most interesting article from the pen of that thoughtful and brilliant writer, Mr. Henry Watterson, editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal. On the third page is the terms agreed to by the United States and Great Britain as regards the isthmian canal treaty. Other pages contain interesting happenings of the past week. The local pages are filled with all the happenings of Crockett and Houston county, district court news and personal mentionings to some extent. The COURIER at \$1 a year is the cheapest commodity on the market.

The lynching of men for crime is becoming more common every week. Hardly a day passes that one or more in some parts of the country are not strung up or burnt at the stake. It is ten to one more common than it was ten years ago and ten years hence at a similar ratio of increase execution by this method will be something terrible to contemplate. It doesn't call for a profound knowledge of men and public affairs to get at the reason of all this. People are losing confidence in the ability of the government to attain the supreme end for which it was or-

been made of cases in district court during the past week: State vs. Syd Neely—burglary; dismissed. State vs. John Mangum—swindling; dismissed. State vs. Wesley Brown—theft of hogs; guilty and two years in penitentiary. State vs. Richard Duckett—assault to rape; dismissed. State vs. H. F. Freeman—swindling; not guilty. State vs. J. Blalock—perjury; dismissed. State vs. J. F. Russell—perjury; dismissed. State vs. Shyler Brown—perjury; not guilty. State vs. Bob Singletery—perjury; not guilty. State vs. Will Robinson—burglary; guilty and five years in penitentiary.

If the commissioners' court can levy a tax of 15 cents on the \$100.00 without authority of law, they can increase the tax rate for county purposes to 65 cents on the \$100.00. With the same authority, for there is none, they can make the rate 80 cents.

Coal Oil Jimmy (James Stephen Hogg) is on a trip to New York. On his way he stopped over in St. Louis and was interviewed. He told how he and three others came into possession of some fifteen acres of land at Beaumont which probably commands a higher figure per acre than any similar amount of unimproved land in the world. It is very likely that coal-oil Jimmy is in New York for the purpose of associating other millionaires with himself in the organization of a combination of capitalists to handle the product of their wells. For the time being the one-timed much discussed "Hogg amendments" are forgotten. Next year, however, the distinguished grease magnate will take the stump and proceed to mail and pound the plutocrats and money magnates and the country will be full of blue-eyed idiots who will listen to and applaud every word he says.

A NEGRO KILLED.

The Supposition is That it Was Accidental.

Saturday evening late two young negroes were playing and "foolin'" with a shot gun—"foolin'" as young negroes will. They carried their fooling too far and one of them was killed. The accident happened near Lancaster's store, nine miles east of Crockett, on the Hall's Bluff road. The one killed was named Jonas Merritt and the one doing the killing was Joe Wagner. Joe rode by Jonas' house carrying a shot gun. Jonas ran out and grabbed hold of the gun and, in a playful way, was trying to take it away from Joe. They were both pulling at it when the one on the horse succeeded in jerking it away from the other. As he did so, the hammer struck the saddle, the gun was discharged and Jonas was no more.

Squire Callier and County Attorney Earl Adams went out Monday morning, and after gathering what information they could, gave it as their opinion that the killing was accidental.

Negro's House Wrecked.

A negro cabin situated near the electric light plant and occupied by Scott Sykes was wrecked Thursday night by an explosion. One end of the cabin was demolished—sills broken, window glass shattered and walls splintered. When the officers reached the scene, one of them followed and attempted to arrest Scott, but he led the officer a lively chase and finally escaped. He reported the next day, however, and said that he was sleeping in the house alone when the explosion occurred; that another had alienated the affections of his wife and she would no longer share his bed nor seek his protection; that his home had not only been wrecked by the gay and burlesque Lothario, but that it was doubly wrecked.

Another party was arrested and put under a \$300 bond, being charged with assault to murder, as an outcome of this explosion. It is said that dynamite was the explosive used. The grand jury has taken the matter under advisement.

There were four cases in all against Will Robinson for burglary and the penalty assessed in each case was five years, making a total of twenty years in the penitentiary. He is the negro who, it will be remembered, committed a number of burglaries in Crockett on the night of August 22. In attempting his arrest the next morning he fired on the officers who returned the fire and put a bullet in the chamber of the negro's revolver, thus preventing its further use. He was chased by a posse two miles from town and finally overhauled. It was feared for a while that short work would be made of him, but cool judgment prevailed and he was allowed to go to jail. The houses he entered were the residences of Dr. S. T. Beasley, Ike Murchison, Holleman and the boarding house of Mrs. Campbell.

Criminal cases have been set as follows: State vs. Coll Mitchell—thief; set for Wednesday, Oct. 16. State vs. Eugene Thomason—perjury; set for Wednesday, Oct. 16. State vs. Menzy Rushing—assault to murder; set for Thursday, Oct. 17. State vs. Hugh Lovejoy—perjury; set for Monday, Oct. 21. State vs. Peter Washington—murder; set for Thursday, Oct. 24, and venire of fifty jurymen ordered. State vs. Cressie Crowson—murder; set for Monday, Oct. 28, and venire of fifty jurymen ordered. State vs. Alma Crowson—murder; same as above. State vs. Henry Nelson—murder; same as above. State vs. Ellis Nelson—murder; same as above. State vs. Esau Nelson—murder; same as above.

There are two cases each against Cressie Crowson, Alma Crowson, Esau Nelson, Ellis Nelson and Henry Nelson and the other cases are set for Monday, Nov. 4. They are charged with the murder of Bob Alexander and wife and their bail has been fixed by the judge at \$1000 each.

State vs. T. B. Payne—murder; set for Thursday, Oct. 31, and venire of fifty men ordered. State vs. Chas. Walker—murder; set for Friday, Oct. 25, and venire of fifty men ordered. State vs. Joe Dyches—murder; set for Thursday, Oct. 24, and venire of fifty men ordered. State vs. Coleman Johnson—murder; set for Friday, Oct. 18, and venire of forty men ordered. State vs. Albert Lewis—robbery; set for Thursday, Oct. 17. State vs. Albert Green—burglary; set same as above case. State vs. Tom Bryant—theft of money; set same as above. State vs. Alfred Davis—rape; set for Monday, Oct. 21, and venire of forty men ordered.

The Insurance Co. Metropolitan Opera company of New York, the largest operatic organization in America, on a tour from New York to San Francisco, will give a performance at Houston on Monday, November 4th, presenting the grand opera of "Lohengrin," with a chorus and ballet of 200, and the famous Damrosch orchestra with 50 instruments. Emma Eames and Schumann-Heink, prima donnas of international reputation, will appear in the cast. The International & Great Northern railway will put on an excursion rate from Crockett for the event, and it is likely that quite a number of the music loving people of Crockett will take advantage of the occasion to witness the most elaborate presentation of grand opera ever offered them. For all further information address D. D. Bryan, P. O. Box 756, Houston, Texas.

A report from Supt. J. C. Gluck, Reform School, Pruntytown, W. Va. Oct. 18th, 1900: "After trying all other advertised cough medicines we have decided to use Foley's Honey and Tar exclusively in the West Virginia Reform School. I find it the most effective, and absolutely harmless."

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE Farmers & Merchants NATIONAL BANK, AT CROCKETT.

In the State of Texas, at the close of business, September 30th, 1901.

Table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. RESOURCES includes Loans and discounts (\$2,195.36), Overdrafts, secured and unsecured (\$4,069.82), U. S. Bonds to secure circulation (\$12,300.00), Premiums on U. S. Bonds (\$1,015.63), Banking house, furniture and fixtures (\$1,871.28), Due from National Banks (not reserve agents) (\$2,479.28), Due from State Banks and Bankers (\$7,750.83), Due from approved reserve agents (\$14,206.74), Checks and other cash items (\$28.00), Notes of other National Banks (\$200.00), Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents (\$0.25), Lawful money reserve in bank, viz: Specie (\$1,943), Legal-tender notes (\$2,400). Total RESOURCES: \$33,370.57. LIABILITIES includes Capital stock paid in (\$22,929.60), Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid (\$87.51), Individual deposits subject to check (\$10,250.46). Total LIABILITIES: \$33,370.57. State of Texas, County of Houston, I, Arch Baker, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. ARCH BAKER, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 10th day of October, 1901. D. M. CRADDOCK, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: R. F. CHAMBERLAIN, W. H. DENNY, A. B. BURTON, Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

First National Bank

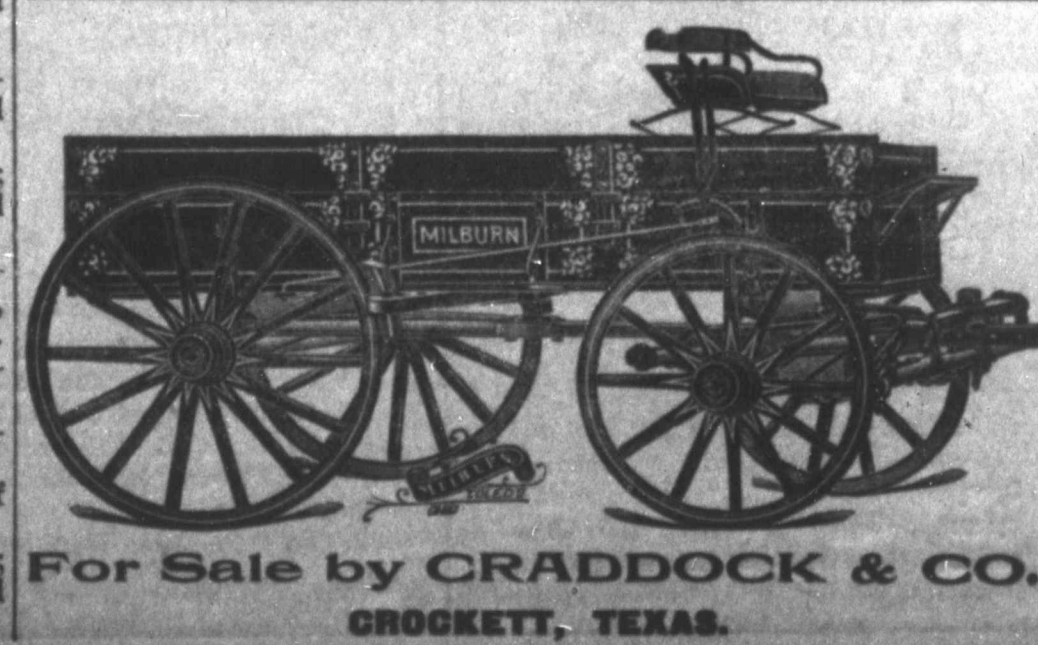
AT CROCKETT.

In the State of Texas, at the close of business, September 30th, 1901.

Table with columns for RESOURCES and LIABILITIES. RESOURCES includes Loans and discounts (\$196,992.82), Overdrafts, secured and unsecured (\$1,814.04), U. S. Bonds to secure circulation (\$60,000.00), Premiums on U. S. Bonds (\$1,400.00), Banking-house, furniture, and fixtures (\$5,000.00), Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents) (\$6,171.39), Due from State Banks and Bankers (\$3,512.37), Due from approved reserve agents (\$23,234.01), Checks and other cash items (\$715.13), Notes of other National Banks (\$650.00), Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents (\$120.00), Lawful money reserve in bank, viz: Specie (\$7,965.88), Legal-tender notes (\$2,000.00). Total RESOURCES: \$229,513.64. LIABILITIES includes Capital stock paid in (\$50,000.00), Surplus fund (\$25,000.00), Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid (\$9,183.71), National bank notes outstanding (\$60,000.00), Due to other National Banks (\$74.06), Individual deposits subject to check (\$126,655.87), Demand certificates of deposit (\$25,100.00), Notes and bills rediscounted (\$12,500.00), Bills payable, including certificates of deposit for money borrowed (\$30,000.00). Total LIABILITIES: \$229,513.64. State of Texas, County of Houston, I, H. F. Moore, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. F. MOORE, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of October, 1901. J. E. DOWNES, Notary Public. Correct—Attest: J. C. WOOTTERS, JAS. A. SHRYVER, JOHN B. SMITH, Directors.

An Emergency Shelf. EVERY housekeeper knows what it is to have company come in unexpectedly at meal times. Therefore it is well to have on hand a few things that can be prepared quickly. Put this list on your "Emergency Shelf": Campbell's Condensed Soup, Lunch Oysters, Tomatoes, Corn, Sliced Dried Beef, Pork and Beans, Libby's Veal Loaf, Potted Turkey, Chicken, Ham, Oak Leaf Salmon, Grape Nuts, Chow Chow, Pickles, Prepared Mustard, Dozier's Cakes and Biscuits, Pineapple Chunks, Shredded Coconut. All these, and more too, you can buy from MURCHISON & MONK.

Lee Goolsby, Candidate For **YOUR Patronage,** Subject to the Action of those Inclined to Drink the Finest **WINES, WHISKIES, BEER, ETC.** Crockett, Texas.



THE BIG STORE.

This Store is a School for Buyers.

A Purchase To-day Means Content To-morrow.

A knowledge of the A B C's is the first step in the education of all mankind. Sometimes, it is a good idea to review that first lesson. Let's go over it now, and you'll find something interesting about each letter.

You are going to need patterns, in making up your new Goods. Come here, and get the reliable BUTTERICK PATTERNS.

A is for Applique, put some on your dress, Every one buys it—five yards more or less. Price, a yard 15c to \$2.50.	N for Notions, of them we have oceans, If you want little things, look at our notions. Bring your small change.
B for Broadcloth, the quality is right, So are the colors—dark, medium and light. A yard, 50c to \$1.50.	O for Organdies—pink, red, white and blue, Nice to wear to weddings, and to parties too. A yard, 25c to 50c.
C for Cashmere, and Collarettes too, We have both, and the styles are all new. Cashmere, 10c to 35c, Collarettes, \$3.50 to \$7.50.	P for Prunella, and Pebble Cloth too, Green, brown, castor, red, black and blue. A yard, 50c to \$1.50.
D for Dress Goods, in soft pastel and street shades, Quality the best, and none of it fades. From 10c a yard to \$2.25.	Q for Quality, we have the very best, Come, see for yourselves, that 'tis not a jest. "Quality" is the password.
E for Everything, we have it right here, The store is brim-full, from the front to the rear. What can we offer you?	R for Ready-to-wear, a line complete, We can fit you, and prices can't be beat. Make us prove it.
F for Flannel, for waists 'tis quite new, It comes in patterns, we have one for you. Each \$2 and \$2.75.	S for Silks, a wonderful array, 'Tis for Skirts too, from silk to "Rainy-day." Silks, 20c to \$1.50. Skirts, \$2 to \$10.
G for Golf Cloth—reversible—plaid back, All the right colors, and we have such a stack. A yard, 30c to \$1.	T for Turkish Silk, a new goods you should see, For waists and trimming, it's pretty as can be. A yard, 75c to \$1.
H for Henrietta—it is always in style, A dress of it lasts for quite a long while. A yard, 25c to \$1.	U for Underwear, any kind you want, For stout ones, and the ones that are gaunt. Made well, wear well.
I for Imported Poplin, a goods you will like, If you buy it, a bargain you'll strike. A yard, 75c to \$1.	V for Velvet, we bought it for this reason: Dame Fashion says, it's stylish this season. A yard, 25c to \$1.25.
J for Jackets, all styles and all sizes, And prices so low, the jackets are prizes. They're silk lined, \$2.25 to \$10.	W for Waists—tucked, corded, fancy and plain, Silk, wool, percale—the prices we've slain. Each 50c to \$10.
K for Knit Goods—caps, shawls and hoods, Winter is coming, and you'll want knit goods. Need we urge you?	X for X-mas—it's coming mighty fast, Better get things now, don't wait till the last. Get your money busy.
L for Linings, the nicest you've ever seen—Percaline, Silesia, Nearsilk and Sateen. A yard, 5c to 35c.	Y for Yokings—just see our display, There are all kinds, from sober to gay. A yard, 35c to \$1.50.
M for Mousseline de Soie, so pretty and sheer, Every color, and the prices not a bit dear. A yard, 45c to 65c.	Z for Zeal, with which we will try To convince you, that our goods you should buy. They're easy to buy.

Always visit the MILLINERY DEPARTMENT and take a look at the Hats. With such a big stock, we're sure we can please you.

&c.

Great Bargains in Capes.

A large lot of the celebrated L. Brenner stock of capes bought by our buyer while in New York. Offered for the next two weeks at prices ranging from 50c to \$5 each.

Shoes.

All sizes and styles in stock. We can fit any foot. Will tell you more about this department in a forthcoming ad.; or, if you will call at the Big Store, you can see for yourselves.

Dig Up a Dollar.

30 yds. Brown Domestic, yard-wide, for	\$1
25 yds. better quality Brown Domestic, for	1
20 yds. Cotton Flannel, heavy goods, for 1	
20 " Mattress Ticking, good quality, for	1
20 yds. Dress Gingham, all colors, for	1
20 yds. Flannelatte, fast colors, for	1
22 " Best Apron Gingham, 27 inches wide, for	1
17 yds. Extra Heavy Cotton Flannel, for	1
25 yds. Best Calico, fast colors, pretty designs, for	1
20 yds. Bleached Domestic, free from starch, for	1



For good solid comfort, correct styles, and cheapness, there's no Corset but the R. W. Try one, and you will always insist upon getting this make.

For the Home.

Smyrna and Moquette Rugs, new and beautiful designs, \$1 to	\$4.00
Jute Rugs very serviceable, at 50c and 1.00	
Window Shades, pure Scotch Hollena, best made, 35c to75
Blankets, all wool, extra heavy, \$3.50 to	7.00
Blankets, cotton, splendid value 50c to 1.00	
Bleached Table Damask, 54 to 72 in. wide, per yd. 18c to	1.00
Towels, linen, huck and cotton, a pair, 7c to	1.00
Towel Crash, a yard, 3c to10
Linen Napkins, extra large, a dozen \$1 to	1.50
Fringed Napkins, all linen, a dozen 25c to	1.00

Ask to see these goods.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

The Future of the Negro.
Washington Times.

Probably no man, white or black, in the United States has done or is doing so much for the elevation of the negro race as Booker Washington. His life is an inspiration to his people, and his educational work is of inestimable value to them. If all of those who assume to be the friend of the negro showed the same liberality of spirit as Mr. Washington does, and labored along similar lines, the problem would be very much simplified. Inherently it is not so difficult as is generally believed. A large portion of the trouble has resulted from the injudicious and intemperate manner in which it has been treated. False elements have been injected into the question. Some well-meaning people have thought, and still think, that the negro can be put upon a plane of social equality with the whites by mere abstract moral reasoning, while others, not so well-meaning, have prejudiced the cause of the colored race by attempting selfishly to make it a partisan question.

Here we have a suggestion of the two main points in the negro problem. In the South, where the blacks are numerous, and even in the North, where they are not, they are regarded by the whites as being both socially and politically inferior. In the North there are so few of the blacks that the question is not a serious one; in the South it is, not merely because there are so many of the race there, but also by reason of the former existence of slavery in that section.

Closely analyzing the alleged wrongs of the negro, we find that they all connect with and are the immediate outgrowth of the fact that he is not recognized by the whites as an equal. Much is said about the lynchings in the South, but those unfortunate happenings are merely incidental to the main proposition. Negroes are not lynched because they are negroes. White men are treated in the same way, although the cases may not be quite so numerous. When a colored man is thus put to death without a trial it is because he is believed to have committed some heinous crime. It is not always a crime against womanhood, but there can be no doubt that the frequency with which such acts are committed intensifies the feelings of the whites and makes them readier to resort to lynchings in other cases where the crimes are of a serious character. No one can undertake to defend mob violence even against criminals, but, at the same time the fact should be kept in mind, when considering this question, that so far

as the lynchings are concerned, the negroes have the remedy largely in their own hands. Let the criminal classes, white or black, stop committing crime and lynchings will cease. If the blacks as a class will act upon the advice of Booker T. Washington, educate themselves and improve their morals, they will have little or nothing to complain of upon this score.

It will not, however, be so easy for them to attain the position of social equality with the whites. Nor can it be said that their inability to do so affords legitimate ground for complaint. The whites themselves divide up socially, and there are many exclusive sets. The same is true of the blacks. They also have their grades of society. There is no way of forcing the whites to accept the negro as a social equal. By the cultivation of his intellect and his morals the latter may overcome very much of the feeling which now exists, but it is scarcely possible that the black man can ever entirely bridge the gulf which separates him from the white. There is a race difference and antipathy which will exist in spite of intellectual or moral qualities. But this need not render the future of the race hopeless by any means. Its happiness does not depend upon an intermingling with whites as social equals. As a matter of fact, the negroes of the United States have even now more opportunities for advancement and the improvement of their condition than have fully three hundred millions of white people living in Europe.

Those who have constituted themselves the champions of the colored race have generally assumed that its future depends entirely upon the elective franchise, and that any limitation of its privileges in this respect makes its advancement impossible. A greater fallacy could scarcely be imagined. It is within bounds to say that nothing has retarded the progress of the negro more than his disfranchisement at a time when he was wholly unfitted for it, and when the feeling of the South was such as to make the action unwise in the highest degree. When the Fifteenth Amendment was adopted the average plantation negro, born in slavery, was no better qualified to cast a ballot intelligently than is the white child of 9 or 10 years.

The feeling among the Southern whites that the former slaves were inferior was a growth of centuries, handed down from generation to generation. Nothing but time and a gradual improvement of the intellectual and moral status of the negro could overcome such a feeling. But no time was given. The ballot was thrust into the

hands of a million adult negroes who had no more idea of the duties of American citizenship than they had of the mysteries of Brahmanism. As a mere abstraction, this would not have been so bad, but the practical effect in many cases was to make the negro the political master of his former owner. People may moralize about it as much as they please, but the cold fact is that it is not in the nature of the Caucasian race to stand it.

We may grant, arguendo, that the Fifteenth Amendment being the law of the land, no one has a right to set it at defiance. This, though, does not prove or tend to prove that the future of the negro depends upon his immediate enjoyment of the elective franchise. Considering the matter philosophically, it may be fairly urged that if his voting privilege is made to depend upon his educational attainments, it will stimulate his desire to obtain the necessary education, and thus inure to his advantage. If he is denied the ballot because he is ignorant and not by reason of his color, he has no mortal right to complain, and nobody else has a mortal right to complain for him. There is a vast amount of sickly and illogical sentimentality in the idea that the withdrawing of the voting privilege from the negro on the ground of illiteracy means the blasting of the future of the race. There is a great deal in life besides voting at elections and moving in what is termed "good society."

Does It Pay to Buy Cheap?

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the most severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate! Yes, if possible, if not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Boschee's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggists in the world. Get Green's Prize Almanac. For sale by Smith & French Drug Co.

To Cure a Cough.

Stop coughing, as it irritates the lungs, and gives them no chance to heal. Foley's Honey and Tar cures without causing a strain in throwing off the phlegm like common cough expectorants. J. G. Haring.

Don't Become Discouraged

But use Simmons' Liver Purifier (tin box). Many imitations of the original, so be careful and see that it's "Purifier" and manufactured by the A. C. Simmons Jr. Medicine Co.

The Crockett Courier

A Fearless Advocate

of good government, law and order, economy in the management of public funds and efficiency in the administration of public affairs.

It stands for sound government, the suppression of crime, the punishment of violators of law and the protection of society.

It is loyal to Houston County and devoted to every interest of its people.

It gives all the news worth printing and never fails to present all sides of a question of public interest.

The Courier's views on public questions are always known because they are always expressed in a frank and fearless manner.

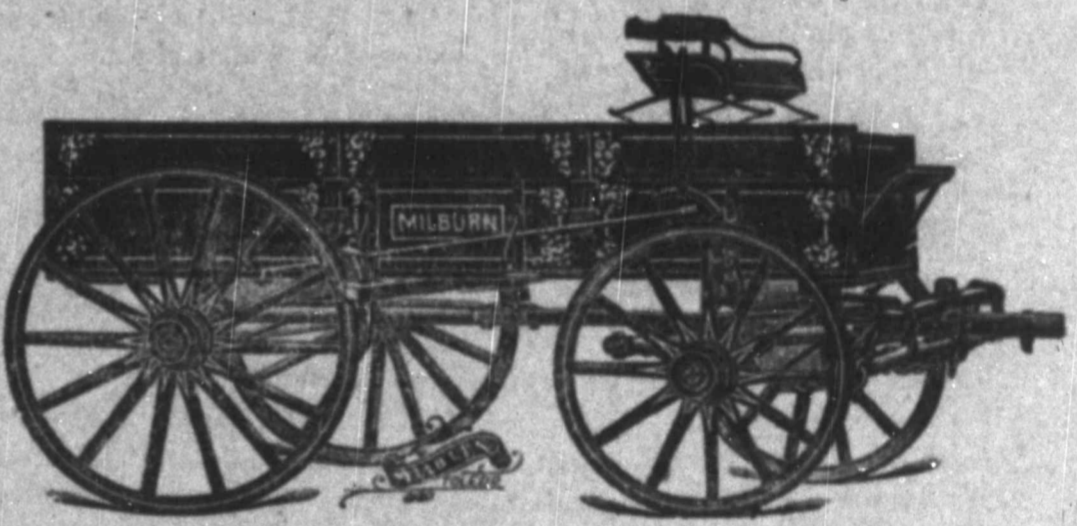
State, District and County Campaigns will be on in the next twelve-month and questions of absorbing interest will be before the people.

Subscribe for The Courier.

Cash subscriptions will be received by the following agents: Lovelady, D. J. Cater; Grapeland, B. F. Hill; Augusta, C. W. Kennedy; Rateliff, J. H. Rateliff; Coltharp, F. P. Hudson; Weches, T. J. Alexander; Porter Springs, Dr. McCarty; Weldon, W. D. Gimond.

Price, \$1.00 a Year.

Lee Goolsby,
Candidate For
YOUR Patronage,
Subject to the Action of those
inclined to Drink the Finest
WINES, WHISKIES, BEER, ETC.
Crockett, Texas.



For Sale by **CRADDOCK & CO.,**
CROCKETT, TEXAS.



And they
trade at
Brown's....

Dry Goods and Groceries.
We've got a complete stock of the newest and BEST
FALL GOODS. Prices like you are willing to pay.

GUNS AND PISTOLS.
Most complete stock of guns and pistols. Fact is, you
should buy from Jim Brown and get "your money's worth."

Your Money Back if You are
NOT SUITED.

JIM BROWN.

If We Please You
Please Tell Your Neighbors.