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Crockett Courier.

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goes into the homes
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of Houston county.
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VOL. XII.

CROCKETT, TEXAS, AUGUST 16, 1901.

NO. 29.

After a Moment's Reflection.

EDITOR CROCKETT:

The undersigned have read with much interest the editorial in the last week's issue of your paper under the attractive title of "Reflect a Moment," as well as the squib in the same issue which exhibits the "Salt River" penalty you would visit upon the friends of the "local option" cause, and against whom you charge a fondness for "chasing meteors and running after rainbows." We are among the number of those who come within the scope of your STRICTURES, and after having followed your advice to "reflect a moment," we have decided that your comments upon the important question of local option, your references to the recent election on that question in this precinct, and your SIDE-THRUSTS at those who voted in the affirmative at that election, demand at least some notice at our hands. Since you have seen fit in your great wisdom, as the self-constituted advisee (?) of both sides, to attack the friends of local option in the way you have, we suppose you will not close your columns to a reply.

The beginning of your "reflect a moment" article was misleading, and was evidently designed to secure a careful reading of the whole. The commendable conservatism evinced at its commencement was all spoiled by the rank partisanship evidenced by its conclusion. The mask of "peace-maker" assumed at the beginning was cast aside at the closing. Reading "between the lines" one does not have to go far to see that, while you seek to place yourself in the role of trying to bring about "peace and harmony," you are really "spoiling for a fight." If so, all that we can ask of you is that you "contain yourself" for a while. The probability is, that, at the proper time, you will be accommodated, and then as the mighty Champion of the saloon, with all of its attendant evils, you will be given the opportunity to exhibit your conceded abilities as an anti general to your heart's content. But right here we want to say that we cannot believe that it is good policy to go to the "camp of the enemy" for advice, and we must beg (?) of you the privilege of fixing our own time for the conflict.

On the question of prohibition you say that "men have always differed, do now, and always will." We cannot subscribe to the whole of this statement. Men have differed on it, and do now, but whether they "always have" and "always will," we are not so sure. We have not so sufficiently ransacked the records of antiquity as to subscribe to the former, and cannot afford to do so upon your mere *ipse dixit*, and we very much doubt the correctness of the latter. The time may come when men will not differ upon this question. The march of prohibition is gradual, but steady and sure, and the battle-cry of its hosts of supporters is "Onward!" Reverses, now and then, or, even a "licking," or sound "drubbing," instead of crushing them, only nerve them for another and more determined effort. Conscious of the right-

eousness of their cause, and prompted only with the desire to benefit their fellow-men, and, if possible, save their souls from everlasting damnation, and looking to the God of the Universe for inspiration and support, they are marching on, and on, and on, and are gradually restricting the territorial limits of that terrible monster, the Liquor Traffic! Several states of this Union are already under either prohibition, or under some other form of effective regulation, and grand old Texas is slowly, but surely, falling into line. She may justly be styled the PIONEER in Constitutional prohibition. The RIGHT of the people, in their local capacity to the extent of a county, to adopt prohibition, is embodied in her constitution and laws, and the PRINCIPLE of prohibition, which you combat, has been upheld by her highest courts, as a proper and correct exercise of the "police powers" of the state. The same principle has been uniformly sustained by the Supreme Court of the United States, and the ablest text-writers and commentators recognize it as correct in both law and morals. No one should know this better than yourself, and if you do not, we can cite you to the authorities in support of our assertions, if you care to inform yourself on that feature of the question. With the RIGHT of prohibition, as contained and recognized in the State Constitution of 1876, the handi-work of a DEMOCRATIC constitutional convention, and in the laws passed in pursuance of that organic requirement, said laws, and all amendments thereto, also being the handi-work of DEMOCRATIC legislatures, whereby prohibition has been regularly strengthened and the more rigid enforcement of said laws amply provided for, and with perhaps no part of Texas, at that time, (1876), being under prohibition, the friends of local option began the fight for the extermination of the liquor traffic in Texas, and to-day they have the proud satisfaction to know that about ONE-HALF of the vast domain of the Lone Star State is under the banner of prohibition! They feel encouraged, the FIGHT IS ON, and will be kept up until ALL Texas shall be found safely launched under the same BANNER. Temporary defeat amounts to nothing, and even an occasional trip up the placid waters of "Salt River" has no terrors for them! And while we are on this "Salt River" question, and since you refer to the State contest of 1887, we beg to remind you that the friends of prohibition are not the only ones who are sometimes treated to a delightful (?) trip up that celebrated stream, as the result of a prohibition election. Let us "reflect a moment" upon this awful DRAMA in the politics of Texas. Where are the "leading spirits" who figured so prominently on the anti side in that contest? What about their crushed hopes and wrecked ambitions? Perhaps erstwhile the "sage of Corsicana," and OTHERS, could give you a whole lot of information on that question. The consequences that result are only the natural visitations of an insulted Providence,

and an outraged people. You may, by manipulating the ignorant and debased colored vote, be able to THROTTLE the wishes of the intelligence and morality of your county, but a day of reckoning will come, and when it does, it will come with compound interest. So, you will see that there is "Salt River," and "Salt River," and aspiring politicians should "take heed lest they fall."

Your "appeal" to the pros in the "local option precincts" not to sign petitions for a county election and not to join their friends in other parts of the county in such election is far-fetched, and by it you are convicted of simply BEGGING THE QUESTION. Unless we very much mistake the temper and the spirit of those who already have local option, your appeals will fall flat and will have no effect. There is a PRINCIPLE involved in the local option question, and if it is a good thing for one precinct to have, it is good for another, and if good for the precincts it is good for the county. It is not probable that the local option precincts will be disposed to be at all SELFISH in the enjoyment of the good effects of local option, and will be willing, no doubt, to do all in their power to help their brethren elsewhere to secure this very much coveted boon. Nor will the sophistry of your "local self-government" appeal, for the same reasons, be likely to avail anything. The law gives counties as well as precincts the right to vote on this question, and hence there is nothing in your "local self-government" wail. In fact, such an appeal implies that the people of the local option precincts have not adopted the law in GOOD FAITH, and that they have only done so to rid their own sections of the evils of the liquor traffic, and will be glad to retain these same evils in the precincts near by. It is believed that the people in the local option precincts are made of better stuff than that, and that they are not infected with the narrowness of the "me-and-my-wife-my-son-John-and-his-wife" policy which you seem to impute to them.

And furthermore, they have a special interest in the adoption of local option in the entire county, because the only trouble they have is from the liquor that is brought from non-local option precincts, and especially that of Crockett. It will be difficult, Mr. Editor, for you to conceal the real DESIGN of these appeals, which, properly interpreted, mean this: Other precincts will PLEASE not bother us. By means of the colored vote in Crockett precinct, which is not less than 600 strong, we have got whiskey WALLED IN, and can hold it there, but if other precincts join in a vote on that question, we do not know whether we can or not. Hands off, gentlemen, IF YOU PLEASE, and then we can keep whiskey in Crockett, and PLENTY OF IT, let the effects upon the peace and quiet and the law and order and good morals of the county be what they may.

You say that in the recent election in this precinct local option was "defeated by a DECISIVE majority," and that its friends should "abide the decision." In this you are correct, and the local option

people expect to "abide" by it, and no election in this precinct will be held for at least two more years. But this does not prevent the people of the county, or any other legal subdivision of the county, including Crockett precinct, from voting on the question at any time they see fit to do so.

There is no bad faith in this, and if the liquor business is wrong, and can be abolished in this way, then it ought to be done. We favor "peace and harmony" as much as you do, we are certain, but surely people can vote on questions of this kind without any hard feelings. There is no necessity for any, and if by "peace and harmony" is meant the perpetuation of the liquor business in Houston county, do you not think it is being purchased at a great sacrifice? The little crosses that might result from a county election on this question would be nothing to compare with the heart-aches, the suffering, the crime, the nakedness and destitution, and the wail of heart-broken wives and mothers and starving little children, that will result from the sale of intoxicating liquors. And the expense, which you put at \$1000.00, for holding an election, would not cost the county half as much as one murder trial resulting from the sale of intoxicating liquors. But in this estimate you are excessive. With 25 voting places in the county, and one manager, two judges and two clerks at each box, which is the usual number, making 125 in all, and \$2.00 each, would only be \$250.00, and there is no reason why it should exceed that. An election of this sort is very different from an ordinary general election, where it takes two or three days to count the votes, while one day is ample in a local option election. Undoubtedly, Mr. Editor, you have either not thought very seriously about this question, or else you are willing to pay a TERRIBLE PRICE for what you are pleased to term "peace and harmony." We "appeal" to you to "reflect a moment" and be sure that you are not going in the wrong direction.

As to the so-called "decisive majority." How was it obtained? Did it come from the intelligent white people, or from the ignorant and purchasable negro vote? In three of the boxes where the white vote predominated, the pros received a majority, while only at ONE box, where the negroes LARGELY predominated, the anti received a "decisive victory." No one knows better than yourself that, if this question had been left to the white vote of the precinct, it would have "CARRIED" by a "decisive majority." As a result of the vote as cast, the SALE of liquor liquor is prolonged in Crockett through the ignorant negro vote. This you will not and cannot deny and if there is any credit in any such "decisive majority," then you are welcome to it. It is no answer to say that we also sought to get this negro vote, which is a fact. But we sought to get the negroes to vote for "God and Home and Native Land," and in the interest of good government and good morals, while the anti's besought them to vote for the per-

petuation of one of the greatest evils that ever cursed any country! Is there CREDIT in this, and are you pleased with the COMPANY you are in? We do not deny that some good and intelligent men voted the anti ticket, for they did, but we do say that you got your victory through the ignorant and debased negro vote, and you will not deny it.

In conclusion, Mr. Editor, we want to say that we expect to have another election on this question at no very distant time, that the war against the SALE of liquors in Houston county is ON, that it is here to stay, and that there will be no LETTING UP until that monstrous evil is driven from the county. It may not be done in one year, two years, or even five years, but come it will, as sure as time rolls on, and mark the prediction!

ELLIS SMITH,
S. F. TENNY,
S. E. HOWARD,
F. H. BAYNE,
T. W. THOMPSON,
J. W. MADDEN,
W. H. KENT,
F. H. HILL,
R. E. KENT,
G. B. LUNDY,
B. M. HATCHER,
W. W. DAVIS.

They Struck it Rich

It was a grand thing for this community that such an enterprising firm as J. G. Haring secured the agency for Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the wonderful remedy that has startled the world by its marvelous cures. The furor of enthusiasm over it has boomed their business as the demand for it is immense. They give free trial bottles to sufferers, and positively guarantee it to cure Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Croup and all Throat and Lung troubles. A trial proves its merit. Price 50cts. and \$1.00.

We regret to hear of the death on Tuesday night of Bony Barbee. He had been sick but a very few days. He died of black jaundice. It is too late to make more than a mention of it in this issue.

Fate People Have Pale Blood.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic makes rich blood.

Still have plenty of double and single buggy harness at George Waller's.

S. M. Peck and A. P. McCulvey went to Coltharp and to the big saw mill Tuesday on business for the Big Store.

Jas. S. Shivers and J. D. Sims are now in New York purchasing a large stock of goods for the Big Store.

Malaria Causes Biliousness.

Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic removes the cause.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes kidneys and bladder right.

at J. G. Haring's.

Plump cheeks, flushed with the soft glow of health, and a pure complexion make all women beautiful. Herbine imparts strength and vitality to the system, and the rosy hue of health to the cheeks. Price, 50 cents at J. G. Haring's.

Piles are not only in and of themselves very painful and annoying, but often greatly aggravate and even cause other grave and painful affections, and should therefore not be neglected. Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment is a great boon to sufferers as it will cure them. Price, 50 cents in bottles, tubes 75 cents at J. G. Haring's drug store.

SEPTEMBER DELINEATOR
full of bright information
ON SALE.
Pattern section.

The Big Store.

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS
SEPTEMBER PATTERNS
ON SALE.

To make room for our immense fall stock which our buyers are now selecting in New York market, we will for next twenty days close out everything in summer wearables at half prices. You cannot afford to miss this sale.
Note our prices on a few articles:

SILKS
We carry the largest and best assorted lines of silk of any house in Crockett. See our low prices:
Best oiled Taffeta 27 inches wide guaranteed not to split, per yd \$1.
22 inch Taffeta per yd 75c
Peau De Soie Silk, best that's made, 24 in. wide, per yd \$1.25
Good quality Peau De Soie per yd \$1.
19 inch Peau De Soie per yd 75c.
China Silks, in pink, blue, red, black, green and white, best quality, per yard 50c.
Liberty Silks in all colors, per yard 75c.
Silk shirt waist patterns, 4 yds in each pattern, per pattern, \$2.75.
27 inch satin, silk back, good as there is made, per yd \$1.
19 inch satin, per yd 50c

DRESS GOODS.
Three patterns French lace Leno cheap at 50c yd, closing price 30c.
Beautiful line silk mulls in dam-

ty evening shades, something suitable for this hot weather per yard, 30c.
Several patterns of silk striped Silkotone De Chine, something very fashionable in dress goods, closing price 30c.
Six patterns silk gingham, price from 15c to \$30c per yard.
Four patterns satin striped Challie, sold at the first of season for 50c, closing price 20c.
Hindoo Cloth, something new in black goods, washable, per yd 25c.
The best quality of Foulard silk, good 50c quality, to close out 30c.
Heavy Seaisland domestic, yard wide, 20 yards for \$1.
100 yards pretty figured Challie, well worth 10c, to close out 4c.

WHITE GOODS.
Beautiful checked and striped Dimity, per yard, 8½c.
Satin stripe white dress goods, per yard 20c.
The prettiest and finest in the

town, stripe plaid and flowered, per yd 40c.
Twenty yards yard wide bleached domestic \$1.
Twenty yards best calico for \$1.
Twenty-five yards good quality lawn or dimity \$1.
Twenty yards best quality apron gingham \$1.
Twenty yards India linen \$1.
Dress linen, good quality, per yard 15c.
Twenty five yards plain lawn or checked musook \$1.
Good grade cottons per yd 10c.
20 yards mattress ticking \$1.
Best quality feather ticking per yard 12½c.
Pique, the very best quality, per yd 20c.
Pique, good quality, per yd 8½c
Organdies, best qualities in pink, blue and red, per yd 10c.
The best figured lawns, original price 15c to 20c yard, to close out per yard 10c.

EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
500 pieces embroidery, 6½ yards in each piece, in all widths, best quality, per bolt 35c to \$1.
Swiss and Hamburg embroidery, sold by the yard from 5c to 40c.
Valencine laces from 3½c to 20c per yard
Torchon laces from 3½c to 50c per yard
All over lace from 25c to \$1.50.

SOMETHING NEW IN HOSIERY.
Beautiful drop stitched hose in black and fancy colors, per pair 50 cents.
Good quality drop stitched hose in black, per pair 25c.

SHOES.
One lot 1369 ladies' ideal kid four strap sandals, French heel, worth \$3.25 They go in this sale at \$2.75.

One lot ideal kid Oxfords, No. 1028, a bargain for \$3.50, to close, price \$3.
One lot patent vici, velvet top, French heel Oxfords, a thing of beauty, cheap at \$3. Try a pair at \$2.50.
16 pairs No. A 6 Las. Oxfords coin toe and common sense heel, good value at \$1.25
A few pairs of the Fandango slippers left, we will close out per pair at 22½c.
Several pairs Mascot Oxford ties, worth \$1.50, will close out per pair at 82c.
One dozen pairs ladies' ties worth \$1.25, will close out per pair at 65c.
Men's e. amelled vici, the latest style, good wear, \$3.50.
Just in—Desnoyer's men's Ideal Kid, a handsome shoe, the latest style, per pair at \$5.
One lot patent leather Bals., shape and finish the very latest, another of the new styles, per pair \$3.25.

HERE ARE SIX OF OUR STRONG POINTS:

Price always the lowest. Quality always the best. Goods always exchanged. Money always refunded.
Truthful advertising. Courteous treatment to all.

JAS. S. SHIVERS & CO.

Rock-a-Bye Baby

These are sweet words, but how much pain and suffering they used to mean. It's different now. Since Mother's Friend has become known expectant mothers have been spared much of the anguish of childbirth. Mother's Friend is a liniment to be applied externally. It is rubbed thoroughly into the muscles of the abdomen. It gives elasticity and strength, and when the final great strain comes they respond quickly and easily without pain. Mother's Friend is never taken internally. Internal remedies at this time do more harm than good. If a



woman is supplied with this splendid liniment she need never fear rising or swelling breasts, morning sickness, or any of the discomforts which usually accompany pregnancy.
The proprietor of a large hotel in Tampa, Fla., writes: "My wife had an awful time with her first child. During her second pregnancy, Mother's Friend was used and the baby was born easily before the doctor arrived. It's certainly great."
Get Mother's Friend at the drug store. 51 per bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.,
Atlanta, Ga.
Write for our free illustrated book, "Before Baby is Born."
Moore's Pilules are a guaranteed cure for all forms of malaria, ague, chills, and fever, swamp fever, malarial fever, bilious fever, jaundice, biliousness, fetid breath and a tired listless feeling. They cure rheumatism and the lassitude following blood poison produced from malarial poisoning. No quinine. No arsenic, acid or iron. Do not ruin the stomach or teeth. Entirely tasteless. Price, 50c per box. Dr. C. C. Moore Co., No. 310 North Main Street, St. Louis, Mo. For sale by J. G. Haring.

Citation by Publication.
THE STATE OF TEXAS,
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Houston County, GREETING:
You are hereby commanded, that you summon, by making publication of this Citation in some newspaper published in the county of Houston if there be a newspaper publisher therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 3rd judicial district; but if there be no newspaper published in said judicial district, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 3rd judicial district, for eight weeks previous to the return day hereof, T. E. Tullis and Stewart whose given name or initials are not known, formerly as associated with said Tullis under firm name of Stewart & Tullis and engaged in the land business in the State of Texas, the unknown heirs of T. E. Tullis, the unknown heirs of said Stewart whose given name or initials are not known, Laura E. Tullis and Walter T. Tullis, all of whose residences are unknown, to be and appear before the Honorable District Court at the next regular term thereof, to be holden in the county of Houston, at the court house thereof in Crockett on the last Monday in September, A. D., 1901, the same being the 30th day of September, A. D., 1901, then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 19th day of February, A. D., 1901, in a suit numbered on the docket of said court, No. 4585, wherein Wm. B. Lynch et al. are plaintiffs and Stewart and Tullis et al. are defendants. The nature of Plaintiff's demand being as follows:
Suit of trespass to try title as well as for damages for the recovery of 1280 acres of land situated in Houston county, Texas, about 12 miles S. W. from the town of Crockett and described as follows: Beginning at a point N. 53 degrees 30 minutes E. 2500 vrs. from the N. E. corner of the Ignacio Lopez league in the N. W. boundary of a survey made for John G. Callison of the Burrell Morris certificate, and being also in the N. W. boundary of a survey patented in the

right of Nicholas Lynch to Stewart and Tullis. Thence N. 31 degrees 30 minutes at W. 920 vrs. Box road at 1146 vrs. stake whence a Pine bears N. 65 degrees E. Black Jack bears N. 44 degrees 30 minutes W. 16 8 10 vrs. Thence N. 58 degrees 30 minutes E. 1310 vrs. branch 2400 vrs. creek, 2904 vrs. corner a Black Jack bears N. 38 degree E. 6 2 10 vrs. a Black Jack bears S. 78 degrees W. 3 vrs. Thence S. 31 degrees 30 minutes E. 400 vrs. creek, 600 vrs. another creek, 1340 vrs. corner a Post Oak bears S. 75 degrees E. 13 4 10 vrs. another bears N. 26 degrees W. 11



MOTHERHOOD
The greatest ambition of American men and women is to have homes blessed with children. The woman afflicted with female disease is constantly menaced with becoming a childless wife. No medicine can restore dead organs, but Wine of Cardui does regulate derangements that prevent conception; does prevent miscarriage; does restore weak functions and shattered nerves and does bring babies to homes barren and desolate for years. Wine of Cardui gives women the health and strength to bear healthy children. You can get a dollar bottle of Wine of Cardui from your dealer.
WINE OF CARDUI
145 Market Street, Memphis, Tenn., April 14, 1901.
In February, 1901, I took one bottle of Wine of Cardui and one package of Theodor's Black-Druggist. I had been married fifteen years and had never given birth to a child until I took Wine of Cardui. Now I am mother of a fine baby girl which was born March 21, 1901. The baby weighs fourteen pounds and I feel as well as any person could feel. Now my home is happy and I never will be without Wine of Cardui in my house again.
Mrs. J. W. C. SMITH.
For advice and directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

vrs. Thence S. 58 1-2 degrees W. 1504 vrs. to stake in the N. E. line of the said Burrell Morris survey, also the N. E. line of another survey made for the said Nicholas Lynch a Post Oak bears N. 45 degrees W. 4 8-10 vrs Thence S. 31 1 2 degrees E. 1385 vrs with the S. E. boundary of J. E. Burrell survey to his S. W. corner in the N. W. boundary line of Omy Weir league. Thence S 45 degrees W. with Omy Weir's N. W. line 1831 vrs. to corner it being the E. corner of a survey made in the name of James Ashley and in the N. W. boundary line of the said Omy Weir league survey. The corner N. 45 degrees W. at 2060 vrs. the N. corner of the said James Ashley survey. Thence N. 31 1 2 degree E. to the place of beginning, and to cancel the patents embracing said lands issued by the State of Texas to Stewart & Tullis, December 10th, 1872, and December 30th, 1872 respectively, alleging that a certain deed purporting to have been executed by Nicholas Lynch bearing date Jan. 11th, 1853, to Ellis J. Winters to be a forgery, and another deed of date March 7th, 1872, purporting to have been made by Ellis J. Winters to the said Stewart & Tullis to be a forgery and for damages in the sum of three thousand dollars.
Hereto fail not, and have you before said Court, on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your endorsement thereon, showing how you have executed the same.
Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in Crockett, this the first day of August, A. D. 1901.
J. B. STANTON,
Clerk District Court, Houston County, Texas.
Would Have Cost Him His Life.
OSCAR BOWMAN, Lebanon, Ky., writes: "I have been using Foley's Kidney Cure and take great pleasure in stating it gave me permanent cure of kidney disease which certainly would have cost me my life." Take none but Foley's. For sale by J. G. Haring.
Better for the Blood than Sarsaparilla
For those living in the Malaria districts. Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

ASTONISHED THE EDITOR.
Editor S. A. Brown of Bennettsville, S. C., was once eminently surprised. "Through long suffering from Dyspepsia," he writes, "my wife was greatly run down. She had no strength or vigor and suffered great distress from her stomach, but she tried Electric Bitters which helped her at once, and, after using four bottles, she is entirely well, can eat anything. It's a grand tonic, and its gentle laxative qualities are especially for torpid liver." For Indigestion, Loss of Appetite, Stomach and Liver troubles it's a positive guaranteed cure. Only 50c at J. G. Haring's.

SORES AND ULCERS.

Sores and Ulcers never become chronic unless the blood is in poor condition—is sluggish, weak and unable to throw off the poisons that accumulate in it. The system must be relieved of the unhealthy matter through the sore, and great danger to life would follow should it heal before the blood has been made pure and healthy and all impurities eliminated from the system. S.S.S. begins the cure by first cleansing and invigorating the blood, building up the general health and removing from the system **A CONSTANT DRAIN** of all morbid, effete matter, **UPON THE SYSTEM.**
When this has been accomplished the discharge gradually ceases, and the sore or ulcer heals. It is the tendency of these old indolent sores to grow worse and worse, and eventually to destroy the bones. Local applications, while soothing and to some extent alleviate pain, cannot reach the seat of the trouble. S. S. S. does, and no matter how apparently hopeless your condition, even though your constitution has broken down, it will bring relief when nothing else can. It supplies the rich, pure blood necessary to heal the sore and nourish the debilitated, diseased body.
Mr. J. B. Talbert, Lock Box 245, Wilson, Miss., says: "Six years ago my leg from the knee to the foot was one solid sore. Several physicians treated me and I made two trips to Hot Springs, but found no relief. I was induced to try S. S. S., and it made a complete cure. I have been a perfectly well man ever since."
is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known—contains no poisonous minerals to ruin the digestion and add to, rather than relieve your sufferings. If your flesh does not heal readily when scratched, bruised or cut, your blood is in bad condition, and any ordinary sore is apt to become chronic.
Send for our free book and write our physicians about your case. We make no charge for this service.
THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

Life is but a brief sojourn on the shore of the boundless ocean of eternity.

Still More Counterfeiting.

The Secret Service has unearthed another band of counterfeiters and secured a large quantity of bogus bills, which are so cleverly executed that the average person would never suspect them of being spurious. Things of great value are always selected for imitation, notably Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which has many imitators but no equals for disorders like indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and general debility. Always go to reliable druggists who have the reputation of giving what you ask for.

Two billion passengers and 950,000,000 tons of goods are carried in a year on the world's railways.

A little better than the best:—OXIDINE for Malaria, Chills and Fever.

The oldest perfumes were those recovered from Egyptian tombs, 1,500 to 2,000 years before the Christian era.

Hamlin's Wizard Oil Co., Chicago, sends song book and testimonials for stamp. Get Wizard Oil from your druggist.

In certain London hotels wine left on the tables is the waiters' prerogative.

DICKEY'S OLD RELIABLE EYE-WATER cures sore eyes or granulated lids, strengthens weak eyes, does not burn or hurt when applied—feels good.

Overwork kills fewer men than excessive leisure.

I do not believe Pina's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYAN, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 8, 1900.

The world owes every man a living and every woman a loving.

"Faith is the substance of things hoped for." OXIDINE the realization.

Fundy bay, in Nova Scotia, has a tide of sixty-eight feet.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. Do a bottle.

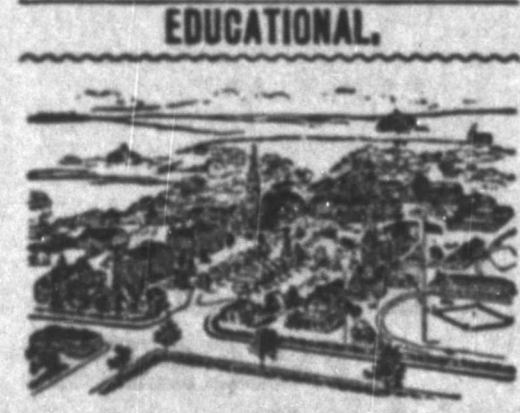
When a boy is proud of his jackknife, why, he pockets his pride.

A good habit; gettoting OXIDINE for Malaria, Chills and Fevers.

Don't forget to add salt water when you want to boil anything.



THE GENUINE TOWER'S FISH BRAND POMMEL SLICKER
BLACK OR YELLOW
WILL KEEP YOU DRY
NOTHING ELSE WILL
LOOK FOR ABOVE TRADE MARK, TAKE NO SUBSTITUTES.
CATALOGUE FREE
SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS
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Classes, Letters, Economics and History, Journalism, Art, Science, Pharmacy, Law, Civil, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering, Architecture.
Thorough Preparatory and Commercial Courses. Ecclesiastical students at special rates.
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St. Edward's Hall, for boys under 13.
The 58th Year will open September 10th, 1901.
Catalogue Free. Address
REV. A. MORRISSEY, C. S. C., President.

20,000 HARVEST HANDS

required to harvest the grain crop of Western Canada.

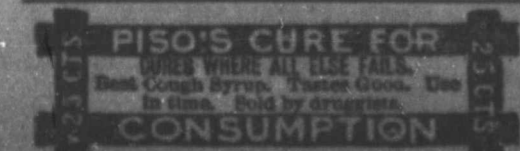
FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
The most abundant yield on the Continent. Reports are that the average yield of No. 1 Hard wheat in Western Canada will be over thirty bushels to the acre. Prices for farm help will be excellent. Splendid Ranching Lands adjoining the Wheat Belt.

Excursions will be run from all points in the United States to the Free Grant Lands. Secure a home at once, and if you wish to purchase at prevailing prices, and secure the advantage of the low rates, apply for literature, rates, etc., to F. PEDLEY, Superintendent Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or to the nearest one of the following Canadian Government Agents: J. S. Crawford, 214 W. 9th St., Kansas City, Mo., or Capt. E. Barrett, Houston, Tex.

When visiting Buffalo, do not fail to see the Canadian Exhibit at the Pan-American.

W. N. U. HOUSTON, NO. 33, 1901

When Answering Advertisements Kindly Mention This Paper.



PISCO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION
Cures all the ailments of the throat, chest, and lungs. It is a powerful and reliable remedy for all cases of consumption, cough, and asthma. It is sold by druggists.

The Weekly Panorama.

Col. Mosby Reappears.

The recent appointment, to please President McKinley, of Col. John S. Mosby as special agent of the General Land Office, with headquarters in the west, has brought into prominence one of the picturesque figures of the civil war—a man admired by the south for his dash and brilliancy and reviled by northern soldiers because his warfare was of the guerilla type. A Virginian by birth, he is now approaching his 29th birthday. While in the University of Virginia he shot and seriously wounded a fellow-student who had assaulted him and, during his confinement for this offense, he studied law so thoroughly that soon after his release he was admitted to the bar. At the beginning of the war he fought with Joseph E. Johnston and later with Stuart, but after two years he organized, in northern Virginia, a force of irregular cavalry and during the remainder of the war he harassed the Federal troops by cutting off communications between the armies and destroying supply trains. His partisan rangers, when not on a raid, scattered



COL. JOHN S. MOSBY

for safety and remained in concealment, with orders to assemble again at a given time and place. Various expeditions were sent out against him, but friendly neighbors always kept him informed of the enemy's approach. Mosby held rank in the Confederate army and reported to Gen. Stuart and, after his death, to Gen. Lee. His partisans received the same pay from the Confederate government as the regular cavalrymen.

At the close of the war he resumed the practice of law, supported Grant and Hayes and was for six years consul to Hong Kong. For many years he has made his home in San Francisco.

The Fool and His Money.

The Englishmen who put \$2,500,000 into a company which owned fourteen west Australian gold mines, ostensibly of great value but in reality worth nothing, have just been informed that the officers of the company have gambled away all the money in stock speculations. This news has angered the stockholders exceedingly. But they had no business to be in that company. They would not have been there if they had taken the precautions which the speculator need not. The latter does not object to taking chances. He knows he may lose his stake, but he can afford to lose it, and he may win back his stake many times over.

First on Record.

Ex-Congressman John Roy Lynch, who has just been appointed by President McKinley to office of captain and assistant paymaster in the regular army, is the first colored man ever commissioned for staff duty. The ex-congressman has proved his



JOHN ROY LYNCH.

capability to hold this responsible position, having served long and faithfully in various high public offices previous to his recent appointment.

During the Spanish-American war he was made a major and paymaster of the volunteers, and is now serving in that capacity in Santiago, Cuba.

RATES ARE REASONABLE.

A False Impression Corrected.—Pan-American Exposition Railroad Fares and Hotel Rates Low as Could be Expected.

Buffalo, N. Y., July 30.—A joint meeting of railway passenger agents, hotel and newspaper men was held this afternoon with the view of adopting some means for correcting so far as possible the impression that appears to prevail at distant points that railway rates to the Pan-American Exposition are high and that hotel rates in Buffalo are excessive. The conference revealed the fact that Buffalo can accommodate two hundred thousand visitors in its private houses and hotels at rates ranging from fifty cents to two dollars per night, and that no one need pay more than one dollar for a first-class lodging in a private house. It was also shown that the railroad rate is lower than for any former exposition for a five, ten or fifteen day ticket, according to distance, being at the rate of one fare plus one dollar for the round trip, from all parts of the country. The Niagara Falls cheap, one-day special excursions of former years, when trains were overcrowded and everyone subjected to great discomfort, are remembered only so far as the low rate is concerned, and this is quoted as showing what might be done. The passenger agents assert that the present half rates are as low as can reasonably be expected. An extension of the present limit has been looked for, as it gives too short a time for anyone to see the big exposition, but it has not yet been modified. Other points which the representatives of the publishers' association will lay stress upon are that the Exposition is completed in all details and that both Buffalo and the Exposition are well policed and as free from dangerous characters as any city in the country. A joint committee was appointed to deal with questions affecting the Exposition and the proper welcome and care of guests. The Exposition has had in operation for some time a free bureau of information for the convenience of intending visitors.

A lady writes, "I do not consider it safe to be without OXIDINE."

The directors of the Alexander III. Museum in St. Petersburg have defied the Holy Synod in its ban against two paintings by Repin. One is a portrait of Count Tolstol, barefooted in the dress of a peasant. The other is a symbolical picture called "Get Thee Behind Me, Satan." The exhibition of these paintings was prohibited in Moscow, yet they have been bought for a national art gallery.

I find that the Americans are more civil to brains than to titles. Mental achievement always finds favor with them, and this is the greatest compliment Americans can pay to themselves.—Duchess of Sutherland in a London interview.

Mystery and disappointment are not absolutely indispensable to the growth of love, but they are often, very often, its powerful auxiliaries.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.
FRANK J. CHENEY
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1899.
A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

In Lake Minnetonka, Minnesota, there is a picturesque island which takes its name from the fact that it is uninhabited by man and given over to the cranes. Generations back these birds decided upon this spot for a summer resort. As time went on and the surrounding islands populated no man had the heart to disturb them until now Crane Island is pointed out from passing boats as one of the curiosities of the Northwest.

OXIDINE is guaranteed to cure Malaria, Chills and Fever. Ask your druggist.

A most adorable trait in any girl, at any season, is enthusiasm. It belongs to girl life to be eager and spontaneous, to be vehement and inclined to the superlative.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Are You Using Allen's Foot-Paste?
It is the only cure for Swollen, Smarting, Burning, Sweating Feet, Corns and Bunions. Ask for Allen's Foot-Paste, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample sent FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

The factory hand who sings at his work lets up with the whistle.

Persistant to the brain; always effective and perfectly harmless; these are the qualities that make GANFIELD HEADACHE POWDERS the most valuable agency in the cure of headaches.

Pictures frames are frequently hung because of their gilt, Emerson.



Better than Quinine
Yucatan Chill Tonic cures Chills, Fever, Ague and all Malarial Diseases and does it quickly, permanently and pleasantly. Does not produce any bad after effects. Your dealer has it or can get it from his jobber in a day or two.
Insist on securing Yucatan Chill Tonic (Improved). Price 50cts. Made only by The American Pharmaceutical Co., (Incorporated), Evansville, Indiana.



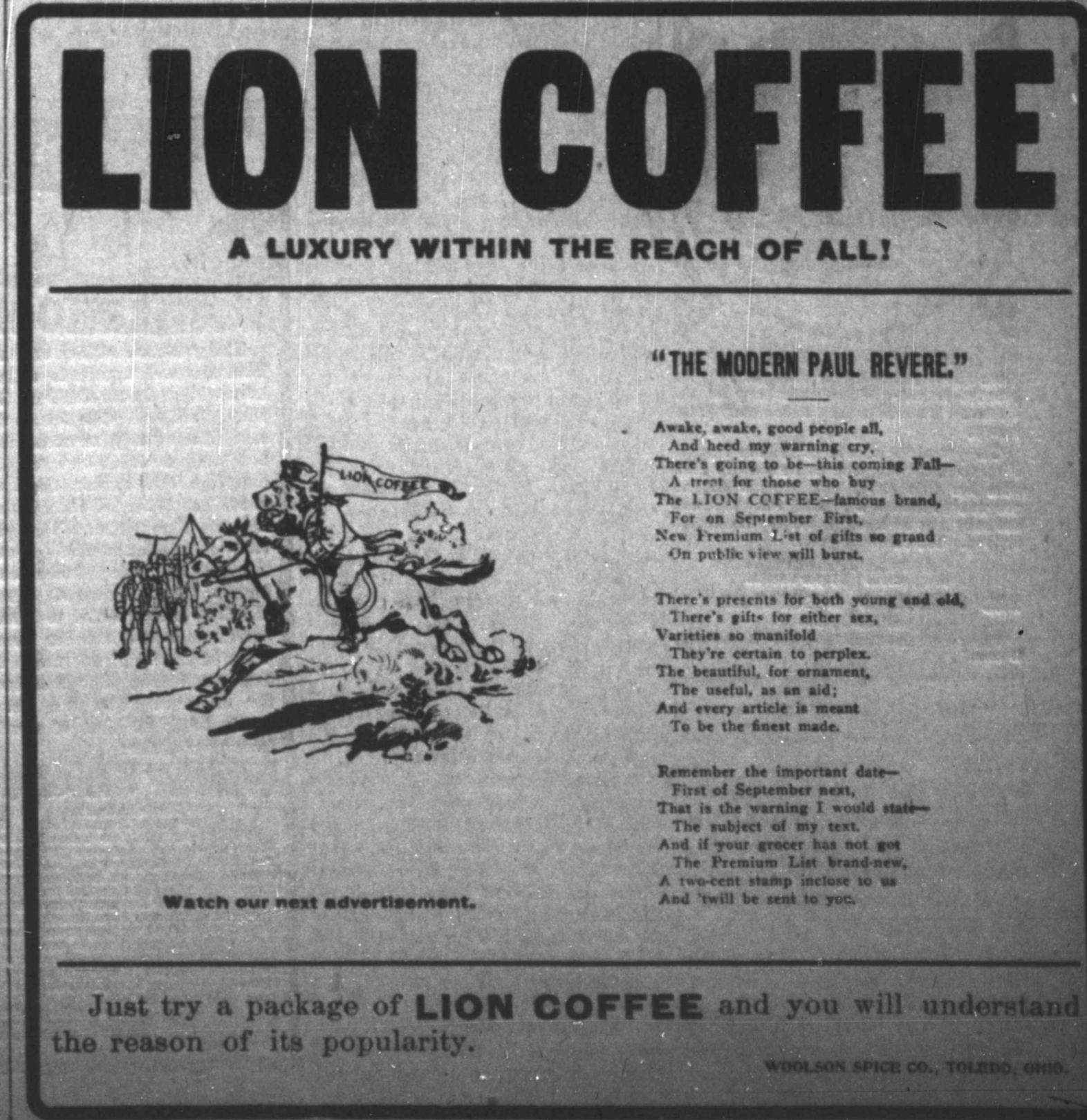
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FREE
A Full-Size \$1 Treatment of Dr. G. Phelps Brown's Great Remedy for Fits, Epilepsy and all Nervous Diseases. Address G. PHELPS BROWN, 96 Broadway, Newburgh, N. Y.
Use **CERTAIN CHILL CURE** Price, 50cts
Agents Wanted You can earn \$15 per mo. handling our Portraits and Frames. Write for terms. C. B. Anderson & Co., 572 Elm St., Dallas, Tex.
If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**



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CARTRIDGES IN ALL CALIBERS
from .22 to .50 loaded with either Black or Smokeless Powder always give entire satisfaction. They are made and loaded in a modern manner, by exact machinery operated by skilled experts.
THEY SHOOT WHERE YOU HOLD • ALWAYS ASK FOR THEM



Chew Wetmore's Best
Your Money Back if you don't like Wetmore's Best
The first and only chewing tobacco to be guaranteed.
No Premiums.
If your dealer has not Wetmore's Best, send us 10 cents for a pound pipe.
Remember the Umbrella Brand.
W. C. WETMORE TOBACCO CO., St. Louis, Mo.
The largest independent factory in America.



LION COFFEE
A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!
"THE MODERN PAUL REVERE."
Awake, awake, good people all,
And heed my warning cry,
There's going to be this coming Fall—
A treat for those who buy
The LION COFFEE—famous brand,
For on September First,
New Premium List of gifts so grand
On public view will burst.
There's presents for both young and old,
There's gifts for either sex,
Varieties so manifold
They're certain to perplex.
The beautiful, for ornament,
The useful, as an aid;
And every article is meant
To be the finest made.
Remember the important date—
First of September next,
That is the warning I would state—
The subject of my text,
And if your grocer has not got
The Premium List brand-new,
A two-cent stamp inclose to us
And 'twill be sent to you.
Just try a package of **LION COFFEE** and you will understand the reason of its popularity.
WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

The Crockett Courier.

W. B. PAGE, Editor and Proprietor
W. W. AIKEN, Publisher and Local Editor
CROCKETT, TEXAS.

ONE STAR LINES.

Victoria has a curfew ordinance.
Mad dog was killed at Corsicana.
Sherman city tax levy is \$1.45 on \$100.
Bank of Eddy, Tex., has been organized.
A. J. Batts, a prominent citizen of Bastrop, died suddenly.
Confederate veterans held a most enjoyable reunion at McGregor.
Burglars drilled into the safe of a Dallas store and secured \$30.
Reuben Dudley was killed at Henrietta by a horse falling on him.
Postmaster Morrison of Ennis and his chief clerk, Miss Alice Smith, were married.
Prof. R. E. Chapman of Allen was elected principal of the McKinney public schools.
Gen. G. S. Griffith, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Terrell, passed away in that city.
J. H. McIlrath, a horseman from Newport, Ky., died at the Denison race track from paralysis.
J. H. Welch, manager of the Westbrook plantation, near Hearne, was prostrated by heat and died.
The new city directory gives Abilene 4436 population, an increase of 1028 over the official census of 1900.
Robert Walker, for two terms clerk of the district court of Grayson county, was found dead in bed at Sherman.
Rev. Percy Fenn, rector of St. James' church, Texarkana, has declined the call extended him to the rectorship of Trinity church, Mobile, Ala.
W. H. Dinger of Klondike, Delta county, had two daughters married about a year ago. A few days ago both died and were buried at Klondike.
Lightning struck the cotton gin of Jesse Tiner, at Sutherland Springs, and it burned to the ground. Fourteen bales of cotton were also consumed.
Jim Henry, colored, died near Tyler. He was six and a half feet tall and weighed 400 pounds. It required a coffin seven feet long and three feet wide to bury him in.
Miguel Castro, a miner, while coming out of the shaft at the Cannon coal mines, near Laredo, fell out of the cage a distance of thirty feet, on his head, killing him instantly.
City council of Sherman has awarded the sewerage contract to a Kansas City firm for \$71,278.60. The firm filed a bond of \$20,000 to have the work completed in 200 working days.
The tax roll of Eastland county was received by the comptroller. The total valuation is \$4,394,246 for 1901, as compared with \$3,925,418 for 1900, which is an increase of \$468,828 for this year.
By the explosion of a soda water fountain at Corsicana, B. Racugno had the flesh nearly torn off the fingers of his right hand and his face and head were badly gashed by the flying metal.
The eighth biennial session of the grand lodge of the Texas Knights of Honor was held at Fort Worth. Thos. P. Steeles of Bonham was elected grand dictator. The next meeting will be held in 1903 at Dallas.
Parsons' brigade held its annual reunion at Ennis. In the parade 300 veterans marched, and a United States and a Confederate flag were both carried. The exercises were held at Quinn's park, and hundreds attended. Several speeches were delivered.
While on a train between Jacksonville and Palestine Mrs. A. C. Finnie, a recent resident of Alta Loma, died. The lady, who was traveling for the benefit of her health, was accompanied by her son and daughter. The body was buried at Jacksonville.
The national convention of Sons of Herrmann and the Krugerbund of North America will be held at San Antonio, commencing Sept. 16, and continuing until Oct. 1, inclusive. Thirty-eight states will be represented and 10,000 visitors are expected.
Capt. J. N. Daniel died at an advanced age at Cotulla, and was buried there. He had held the offices of county surveyor and county judge, and was one of Cotulla's oldest and most respected citizens. He leaves a wife and a large family.
Ruth Bryan, the 1-year-old daughter of Judge A. R. Bryan, died at Midland from the effects of diphtheria cough medicine the previous day. The mother was not aware the child had swallowed the medicine until some hours after she had.

THE BATTLE IS ON.

STRIKERS AND MAGNATES ARE NOW FACE TO FACE.

The Contest Is Being Waged With Vigor by the Leaders of Both Sides--Trust Has the Best of It--Importing Men Successfully--60,000 Out.

Pittsburg, August 13.—The action of the Amalgamated men at Chicago Joliet and Bay View in refusing to come out of the general strike order promulgated by President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association and their failure to secure any recruits in the Carnegie group throughout the Klunkingtas valley and the big plants at Youngtown and Columbus have been markedly disappointing to them. They are keeping up the fight, however, in a spirited manner and claim that they have strength in reserve which will surprise their opponents. They assert that they have gained a foothold in the Carnegie mills in this city and that at the time desired the men will come out. They are pressing their advantages at McKeesport and Wheeling and their organizers are still at work in those two cities.

President Shaffer has decided to visit Wheeling Wednesday to address a mass meeting of his followers. An appeal for financial aid has been made to organized labor and the general public, and it is expected that the responses to it will be liberal.

The Amalgamated leaders were not disposed to do much talking today. They would not discuss the desertion of their Western followers, although Mr. Shaffer made what was evidently intended for a brief reference to them in a short statement he gave out at noon. Another declaration in the same interview was regarded as highly significant here. It was to the effect that no effort would be made to call out members of the American Federation of Labor and that any action on their part must be voluntary.

President Shaffer said: "We have no official information about the situation in the west. I do not believe Vice President Davis of Chicago has accepted a superintendency from the trust as reported. My only regret is that some men working in the slave pens of the trust have not enough spirit to come out and join the strikers. I will not take any part in calling out the American Federation of Labor. Its action must be voluntary. The Amalgamated association has not lost anything, but has made gains."

Secretary Williams says: "I think the greatest surprise of the strike will come to the steel officials when they find we have invaded the Carnegie plant. We have reliable reports that the lower city mill is tied up and that but one mill in the upper mills is on. We have not made known our plans and will have some surprises for the manufacturers."

Trust Has the Best of It.
Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 13.—The struggle for mastery between manufacturers and men in the steel industry is now fairly launched and on the first show of strength advantage is with the former.

The general strike order issued by President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association has so far been obeyed by only about 14,000 men, according to the best figures obtainable. The first two preliminary calls were answered by about 45,000 men, so that the total number now is in the neighborhood of 60,000 men.

The strikers made gains here today over the showing of last night and their prospects for further accessions both at McKeesport and Wheeling during the week are very favorable.

Importing Men Successfully.
Cleveland, Ohio, August 13.—Sixteen imported men were successfully landed at the Crescent Tin Plate mills tonight. A crowd of 500 strike sympathizers jeered the newcomers, but there was no untoward action. District Manager Bamfield said tonight that four out of six mills would be running in the morning and that the entire plant may be in operation within a few days.

Killed by Light-
Orange, Texas, August 12.—During a thunder storm late yesterday afternoon Clarence Perry, a carpenter employed in the construction of the new residence of George Fortman, four miles west of Orange, was struck by lightning and instantly killed. Perry was a young man who stood well in the community and has a large family connection.

CLAIMING VICTORY.

CHICAGO, JOLIET AND BAY VIEW DECLINE TO QUIT WORK.

Iron Masters Are Jubilant--Strike Leaders Deny These Claims--Are Disappointed, but None of the Leaders Would Discuss the Western Defection.

Pittsburg, Pa., August 13.—The iron masters are claiming victory in the great steel strike. They base their claim upon the refusal of the Amalgamated men at South Chicago, Joliet and Bay View to obey the general strike order of President Shaffer and their success in maintaining operations in other plants where it was anticipated there would be serious trouble. The strike leaders meet the claims of victory with the assertion that their cause is making satisfactory progress, and that they will show themselves masters of the situation before the contest has progressed much further. They do not conceal their disappointment at the refusal of their Western brethren to strike, but none of the leaders would discuss the defection.

President Shaffer refused to meet the newspaper men who sought him, and kept within the seclusion of his home. The other leaders who were seen intimated that there would be developments today and throughout the week that would materially change the situation. It was said they were counting upon strong aid from the American Federation of Labor and other organizations of union labor, but those bodies have not yet given any public indication of what they will do. The Amalgamated association has developed great strength in the Wheeling district and has made gains in some of the Pennsylvania districts, but it will be this afternoon before the lines of cleavage will be marked with sufficient clearness for a count of the men.

The steel officials were in communication last night with their superintendents and district managers, and at 11 o'clock made public the results of their reports, which showed that South Chicago, Joliet and Bay View, at Milwaukee, had voted to stay in; that the Ohio works of the National Steel company at Youngtown and the King, Gilbert and Warner plants of the National Steel company at Columbus had resumed work without trouble; that the Homestead, Edgar Thompson, Dequesne, Upper and Lower Union and Howard Axle Works of the Carnegie group, employing more than 15,000 men, had resumed work without trouble; the converting and blooming mills of the National Tube company at McKeesport had started without difficulty and that Bellaire had been only partially crippled. They were also advised that the men of the Boston Rolling Mills at McKeesport had notified the National Tube company that they would go out tomorrow, and that, while the National Tube plant at McKeesport would be started, it was certain that many men would go out. They were also notified that their Wheeling plants were crippled, and that it was uncertain what would be done there. Their advice also said that the Clark mill here, which has been running non-union for several days, would be started up as usual tomorrow morning, and that there was no doubt about its operation. The steel officials were elated over the showing of the Carnegie plants in Illinois, Ohio and Wisconsin, and expressed confidence of speedy victory over the Amalgamated Association.

National Vice President Walter Larkin of the Amalgamated Association, discussing the situation in the Wheeling district, said:

"At the Riverside plant of the National Tube company the plate and tube mills be off Monday morning, and possibly the steel department. Already we have taken into membership in the Amalgamated 650 of the 800 skilled men of the Riverside, and the remaining 150 workers in the steel department have asked us to call a meeting, at which they may organize a lodge, which will be done. We have succeeded in tying up the Bellaire plant of the National Steel company. We organized 350 of the skilled men Saturday and at a hearing this afternoon there were more accessions.

The Labelle plant of the American Tin Plate company is closed, as are the Actua-Standard mills of the American Sheet Steel and American Steel Hoop companies. The Mingo Junction plants of the National Steel and American Steel Hoop companies are also closed.

The meeting of the Ohio Valley Trades and Labor Assembly this afternoon passed resolutions denouncing Andrew Carnegie and calling upon the

MEET AFTER FIFTEEN YEARS.

NEW YORK, AUGUST 13.—A special to the World from Atlantic City, N. J., says that Robert Wilson, a wealthy Texas oil operator, discovered at that resort his brother, Henry, from whom he had separated fifteen years before in Nashua, N. H., and of whom he had heard nothing during that time. Mr. Wilson and his bride of two weeks were passing a booth when the strains of the music reached their ears. Mr. Wilson induced his wife and a friend to go in and there found his brother and his wife. The recognition was mutual. Fifteen years ago the brothers were in the marble business in Nashua, N. H. As a result of a misunderstanding Robert Wilson left his home. He went to Reading, Pa., and from there to Galveston, where he became interested in ranches and oil properties in company with "Joe" Davis. Henry Wilson is now a business man in Boston.

IS THE MONROE DOCTRINE TO STAND?

New York, August 13.—A dispatch to the Journal and Advertiser from Paris says: Germany certainly, and probably France also, are striving to upset the Monroe doctrine by trying to purchase Cayo Romano and Cayo Cruz, two of the islands of the Greater Antilles, just off the northern coast of Cuba.

Both islands are very fruitful. They are the property of Prudencio Ebaney y Vega, a rich Spaniard living here. Neither country seeks to buy the islands directly. Germany seeks to gain control through a German syndicate, the chief of which is Baron Adolf Oppenheim of Paris.

Cayo Romano is the third largest Spanish island of the Greater Antilles and both islands, being the nearest to the United States coasts would give foreigners power, through their commanding position.

TERRITORY OIL BOOM.

Fort Sill, August 13.—Oil companies with fabulous sums announced for their capital stock are being organized hourly in the new town of Lawton near here. Twenty or more "promoters" and "oil experts" had bottles of oil in display today. No gushers have been brought in. The excitement is not confined to any particular district. Evidences of oil can be found in all directions, but what is known as the oil district is about eleven miles north of Lawton. Oil locators have plastered the entire company with mineral claims and an Ottumwa, Iowa, company has 2000 acres staked in one body. Another company claiming a capital of a quarter of a million dollars, has laid a large tract ninety miles north-east of Lawton, and a third company has been organized, on paper at least, and placed its capital stock at a million dollars.

DROWNED IN THE BATH.

New York, August 13.—Sterling Mullach of Edinburgh, Scotland, was drowned while in bathing with a party of friends at Point Pleasant, N. J., with Edward Childs Cronan, George Smith of the University of Pennsylvania, Mr. Houghton of the publishing firm of Houghton, Mifflin & Co., and Mr. C. C. Cook. The life guards warned them of the bad current, at which they laughed. Soon, however, several were beyond their depth, but apparently enjoying the swim. Finally all made for shore, but Mr. Mullach and Mr. Cronan were unequal to the task. A life guard swam with a line to Mr. Cronan and rescued him, but before anyone could reach Mr. Mullach he was lost. Mr. Mullach was an artist of some reputation.

TRAGEDY NEAR AUSTIN.

Austin, Texas, August 13.—A crowd of Mexicans tried to kill Co-stable Sellers at McNeill Saturday night. A big Mexican, accompanied by three or four pals, walked into a saloon and threw a six-shooter into the face of the constable, and told him to throw up his hands. Deputy Constable Brooks was also in the saloon, and when the Mexican made this demand both officers drew their guns and opened fire. The Mexican shot first, and it is a mystery how he failed to kill Sellers. Brooks fired just after the Mexican, and the leader of the gang fell to the floor mortally wounded. The other Mexicans fled.

BLOODY TRAGEDY NEAR ELGIN.

Austin, Texas, August 13.—A bloody tragedy in which two boys 15 years old, participated, occurred yesterday afternoon at Pleasant Grove, four miles from Elgin. The boys are the sons of William Owens and George Carter. The boys met in front of the church while services were in progress, when the Owens boy stabbed the Carter boy to death. Much excitement prevailed.

union labor people of Wheeling to vote against the acceptance of the \$75,000 offered Wheeling for a library building.

Secretary Williams gave out an interview last night, in which he placed the blame for the strike on the refusal of the officials of the United States Steel Corporation to arbitrate, and declared that before the strike was over thousands of men in other trades would be drawn into it to save the Amalgamated Association and the principles for which it stands.

FIGHT WITH DESPERADOS.

Jacksboro, Texas, August 12.—News reached here yesterday that there was two desperados in a house six miles north of town. Sheriff Maddox immediately took three men and went out to the house, reaching it about 6 o'clock in the afternoon, and surrounding it, when a voice came from the house commanding the posse to retreat or be killed, followed quickly by a volley, which was answered by the posse. Twenty or thirty shots were fired in all. The first shot killed G. M. Lettwich of the sheriff's posse, and the officers then fell back and kept guard around the house, but during the night the men got away and have not been seen since. There is a \$1000 reward for one of the men, and the other is wanted in several different places. The scene of the killing is a rocky, mountainous district, and offers every opportunity for the desperados to escape.

UNKNOWN WILD BEAST.

Pittsburg, Texas, August 12.—Considerable excitement has been occasioned in the eastern part of this county over the appearance of some wild beast. No one has ever seen such an animal before, and whether it is a cougar, a Mexican lion or some other vicious wild animal cannot be determined until it is killed. The beast inhabits thickets and jungle on Cypress bayou, and goes forth in the evening seeking what he may destroy. One farmer, it is reported, has lost twenty-five head of sheep; others have lost hogs and young calves. He has been seen by several reliable citizens, and from their description it is evidently an enormous cougar. Parties are organizing to hunt the animal. Abernathy Bros., of this place, have offered a reward of \$25 for the animal.

DROWNED WHILE BATHING.

Lometa, Texas, August 12.—Word over the frontier telephone came here yesterday that a Mr. Lindsey from De Leon, Texas, was drowned in San Saba river near the mouth of Brady creek. Mr. Lindsey was out with a party fishing and hunting. They all went bathing in San Saba river. Mr. Lindsey could not swim, but with a chunk of wood ventured out into deep water, lost his hold and drowned.

BRITISH PURCHASES.

Kansas City, Mo., August 12.—Colonel Skinner of the British army, one of the English officers who has been stationed in the United States since the outbreak of the Boer war buying horses and mules, returned to Kansas City from New Orleans yesterday. He said that approximately 100,000 animals have been shipped from this vicinity through the port of New Orleans during the past three years. The average paid for these animals was \$50 a head, making the total expenditure.

THE OUTLOOK FOR OIL.

Beaumont, Texas, August 12.—It is probable that the Alamo Oil company's well on block 38 will come in tomorrow, at any rate this will be the next gusher unless some one springs a surprise. The prospects for the next week seem as full of promise as the past week was of wells. Of course the majority of the new ones will be on the Hogg-Swayne tract, but there will also be others outside of this tract, yet on Spindle Top. One of them is

CHARGED WITH MOONSHINING.

Texarkana, Texas, August 12.—Ella and William Bagwell were arraigned before United States Commissioner Sommerville Saturday afternoon charged with moonshining whisky in Pike county, Arkansas. The bond of each was placed at \$500, and in default of which they were sent to jail at Fort Smith to await the action of the next Federal grand jury.

NEW COTTON.

Quinlan, Texas, August 12.—The first bale of new cotton was received here Saturday. The bale weighed 498 pounds and was raised by two boys, Rufus and Lucian Nelsms, living two miles north of Quinlan. It was ginned by C. A. Puckett and bought by Gibson & Teague. It was classed as strict middling and sold at 8 cents. A premium of \$20.75 was paid, thus making the bale bring \$90.55.

Mitchell's Eye Salve

You may use with perfect safety Mitchell's Eye Salve. That's not true of pungent drugs. "Mitchell's" is a standard and popular article. It actually does what it claims to do. Price, 25 cents.

By mail, 25c. Hall & Rocket, New York City.

Sawyer's Pommel Slickers

Warranted Waterproof. Sawyer's Excelsior Brand Pommel Slickers afford complete protection to both rider and outfit. Made extra long and wide in the skirt, insuring a dry seat and floor. Easily converted into a walking coat. Every garment warranted waterproof. Look for trade-mark. If your dealer does not have Excelsior Brand, write for catalogue.

H. N. SAWYER & SON, Sole Mfrs., East Cambridge, Mass.

10x90 GRAYON PORTRAIT, 55c. 18x90 PASTEL PORTRAIT, 85c. To the trade only, Swift Portrait & Frame Co., Dallas, Tex.

SCALE AUCTION
BIDS BY MAIL. YOUR OWN PRICE.
Money. No Pays the Freight, Birmingham, N. Y.

Torpedo tubes made of aluminum instead of steel have been placed on board of two destroyers at Portsmouth. The use of these tubes at present is experimental, but so considerable will be the saving in weight—an important matter in connection with light craft like destroyers—that if successful, aluminum tubes will be generally used in place of steel tubes.

For palms and other large leaved foliage plants in the house there is nothing more important than cleanliness and frequent sponging of their leaves.

Ladies Can Wear Shoes

One size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It makes tight or new shoes easy. Cures swollen, hot, sweating, aching feet, ingrowing nails, corns and bunions. All druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package FREE by mail. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

The Pan-American exhibits include a 123-pound potato.

Garfield Headache Powders

A preparation that is beyond criticism. Headaches and nervous conditions are cured and the system is in no way damaged by the use of this simple remedy.

The female who has money out at interest is not a poor loan woman.

Get taking OXIDINE; results guaranteed. Ask your druggist.

He who talks of the unalterable laws of man is an unalterable fool.

SHAFFER LABOR, COLOSSUS.

Should the steel workers' strike assume the worst form that it possibly could nearly one million men would quit earning wages. When one comes to a full realization of what such a condition might bring about the prospect is nothing less than appalling. Suppose that a million men should take it into their heads to reopen the mills on their own account, it might be a long time before they could be dispossessed. Or suppose they should organize into an army. As a Chicago paper says, the result "might stagger humanity." Thus a difference between capital and labor that is trivial in its intrinsic merits as related to the masses of the people in general, in the absence of compulsory arbitration machinery, might lead to conditions so far-reaching that all would suffer from its effects.

Muster of Men.

Men called out at first..... 70,000
Men called out by second order 350,000
Federation of Labor (may join)..... 2,000,000

The army of workers..... 2,400,000

Muster of Money.

Stock of steel trust..... \$1,100,000,000
Underwriting fund..... 25,000,000
Other available money..... 50,000,000

Total trust fund..... \$1,175,000,000

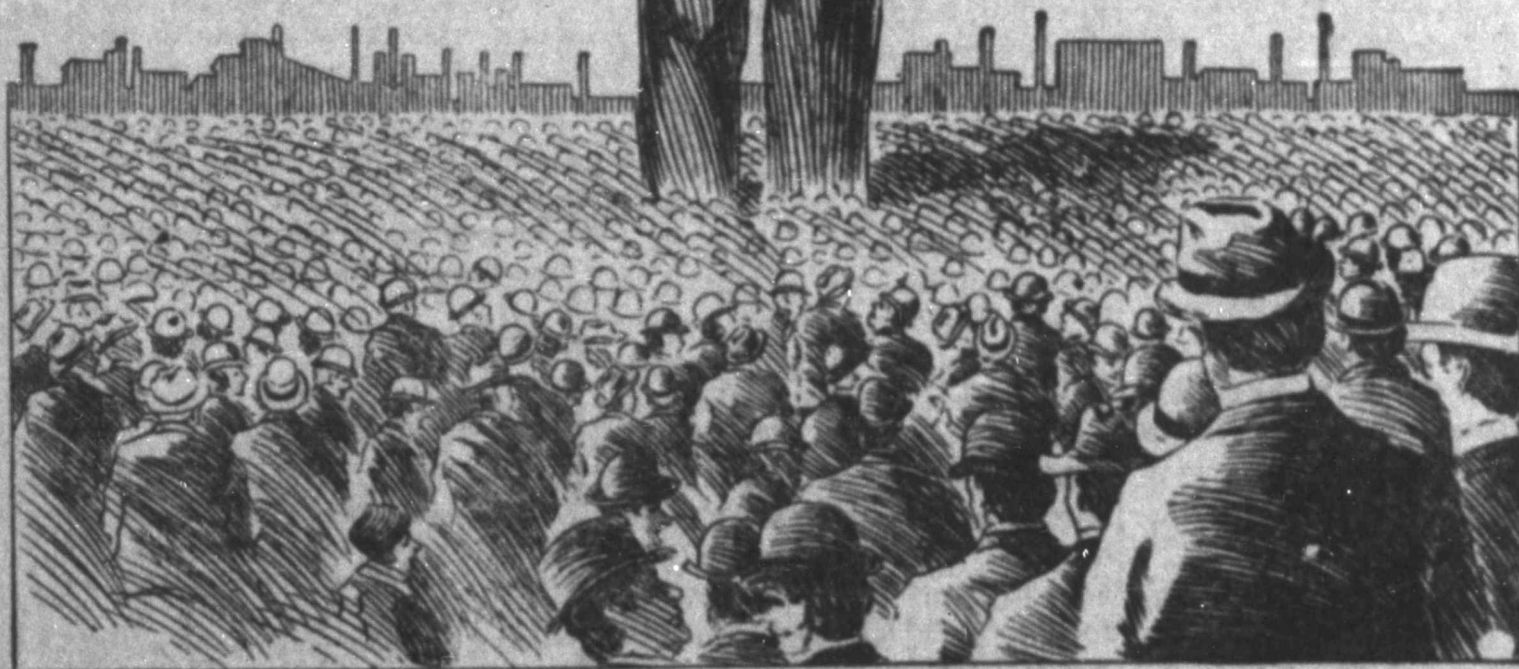


President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association says that the question to be settled is "whether unionism is to stand or fall." To the extent that that is the issue in the present contest it is one of his own making.

It is alleged by him and by other members of the organization at the head of which he is, that the men who control the great steel companies have long been determined to undermine and finally destroy the Amalgamated association, and that the demands made by that association were in the nature of self-defense. Those who make these statements presumably believe them to be true, but they have presented no evidence to show that they are true. They have called attention to the fact that in dull times union mills are closed while non-union mills are kept running. This has been complained of as discrimination. It so happens that the non-union mills were the better equipped ones and goods could be made more cheaply in them.—Chicago Tribune.

In Hongkong there are only 409 women, and in Hawaii 533 women, to every 1,000 men.

About 15,000,000 pounds of foreign macaroni are imported to this country yearly.

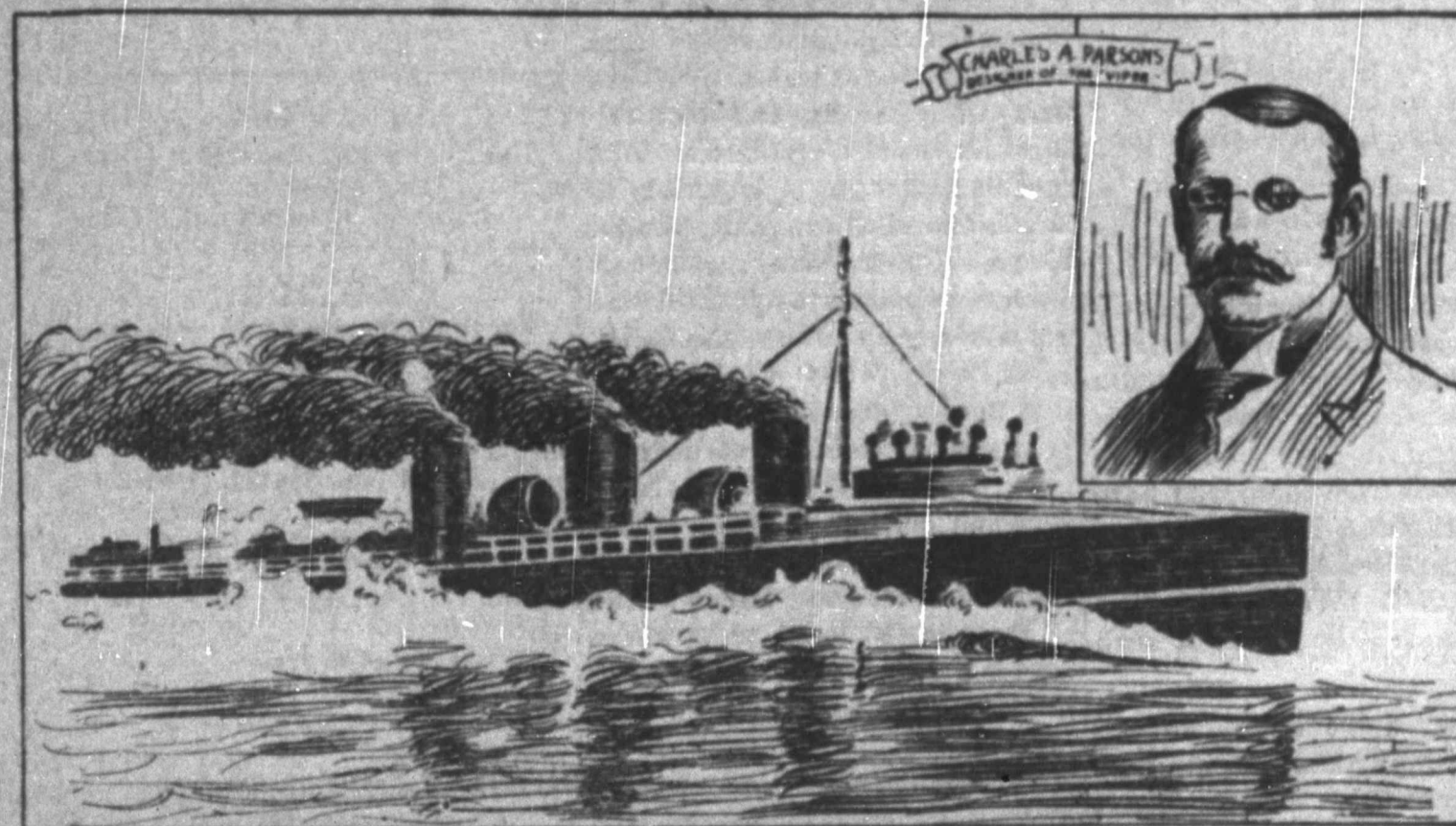


Destruction of the Destroyer "Viper."

The British torpedo boat destroyer Viper, which was wrecked on the rocks off Alderney Island, in many respects was the most remarkable boat afloat. She was the first vessel to be fitted with the famous steam turbine engines invented by C. A. Parsons, younger brother of the Earl of Rose and fellow of the Royal Society. She was also the fastest ship in the world. On her trial trip about one year ago she steamed at the rate of 43 miles an hour. Those who saw the trial said that the ship passed them with a roar indescribable, and a display of power grand to behold. The Viper was built for the British government. She was

hited with engines especially designed for speed by Mr. Parsons. Her length was 210 feet, her beam 21 feet and her displacement 350 tons. Her horsepower was 11,000. The hull was driven through the water at express-train speed by four screw shafts entirely independent of one another. Two shafts on one side were driven by one high and one low pressure turbine respectively. Her great speed and her compound engines made the Viper interesting as a suggestion of the possible ocean passenger ship of the future. In 1884 Mr. Parsons constructed the first compound steam turbine directly coupled to a dynamo. It ran at 18,000

revolutions per minute and its simplicity, speed of revolution and perfect steadiness made a great impression on the engineering world. The discussion which followed brought out the prediction that the time would soon come when ocean ships of the first class would travel at the rate of 50 to 60 miles an hour. The only drawback to the use of these peculiar engines is the difficulty of reversing their action. Since going into commission the Viper had been the object of great curiosity among naval architects generally. As a torpedo boat destroyer she was of course considered the most efficient vessel of that kind in the world.



A Wife's Privilege.

In New York city recently a husband had his wife arrested on the charge of going through his pockets while he slept and taking from them \$57 and a lot of valuable papers. The magistrate before whom the case was tried held that the wife was guilty of theft, and, although he dealt leniently with her, he permitted it to be understood that she could have been indicted, tried, and found guilty of larceny. For the defense, as was quite natural, it was held that a wife could not possibly pick her husband's pockets, because, man and wife being one, his pockets were to all intents and purposes her pockets, and their contents to all intents and purposes were as much her property as his. One cannot rob one's self, and how, therefore, could this woman be found guilty of

theft for taking what belonged to her husband—that is to say, what belonged to herself? For the prosecution it was held that the husband and wife are one in theory only, not in fact. The law recognizes this, it was contended, when it deals with husbands and wives as individuals. The law treats the wife as a separate person, it was held, when it grants her certain distinctive rights and protects her in the enjoyment of them, when she is permitted to hold property in her own name, and when she is privileged to do many things which her husband cannot legally prevent her from doing. The magistrate was influenced by the arguments for the prosecution to hold that, whatever a wife's privileges may be, she has no business to ransack her husband's pockets or to take anything from them without his consent. There

is little danger that the New York case will establish a precedent, or that husbands in general will have their wives arrested for going through their pockets. When the average man of good sense, good behavior, and small means considers how often and how painfully his wife is disappointed as she goes through his pockets he will not think of depriving her of the privilege.

Last year the markets of New York paid as revenue into the city treasury \$258,000 from rents, exclusive of \$45,000 collected from stalls and privileges in Wallabout market, Brooklyn, and \$3,000 from market cellar rents, a total of more than \$300,000.

Venice has a cafe which has been opened day and night for 150 years.

SKIN TORTURES

And every Distressing Irritation of the Skin and Scalp Instantly Relieved by a Bath with

Cuticura SOAP

And a single anointing with CUTICURA, the great skin cure and purest of emollients. This treatment, when followed in severe cases by mild doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood, is the most speedy, permanent, and economical cure for torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, bleeding, scaly, crusted, and pimply skin and scalp humours with loss of hair ever compounded.

Millions of Women

USE CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by Cuticura Ointment, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves to women and mothers, and for all the purposes of the toilet, bath, and nursery. No amount of persuasion can induce those who have once used these great skin purifiers and beautifiers to use any others. CUTICURA SOAP combines delicate emollient properties derived from CUTICURA, the great skin cure, with the purest of cleansing ingredients and the most refreshing of flower odours. It unites in ONE SOAP at ONE PRICE, the BEST skin and complexion soap, and the BEST toilet and baby soap in the world.

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humour, Consisting of CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle; CUTICURA OINTMENT, to instantly allay itching, inflammation, and irritation, and soothe and heal; and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood. A SINGLE SET is often sufficient to cure the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning, and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, with loss of hair, when all else fails, held throughout the world. British Depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, 37 and 39, Charterhouse Sq., London, E.C. POTTER'S DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston, U. S. A.

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THE COURIER.

W. B. PAGE, Editor and Proprietor
W. W. AIKEN, Publisher & Local Editor

REDISTRICTING.

The Legislature is making some progress with the matter of redistricting the State. Quite a number of bills have been introduced dividing the State into congressional districts. No two are alike in hardly a single respect. In all probability they are proposed mainly with the view of furthering the ambitions of candidates for Congress. But they have all been thrown into a kind of "general pot." The committee is working on them. The latest report at this writing is that a House Subcommittee has agreed on the basis of a bill for congressional districts. Under this bill Houston county is grouped in a district with Anderson, Cherokee, Angelina, Trinity, Polk, San Jacinto, Liberty, Chambers and Galveston. As Judge Aldrich, the representative from this county, said before a committee at Austin, "In organizing these districts, counties with an identity of interests should be grouped together." This is a sound principle to follow in this kind of work. This standard does not seem however to have availed much in the formation of the district just named. To have observed "the identity of interest" criterion would have put the coast and juxta-coast counties of Orange, Jefferson, Hardin, Liberty, Chambers, Galveston, Harris, Brazoria, Fort Bend, Matagorda and the like into districts. Their interests would all be substantially identical and their business and social affiliations intimate. We fail to see just where "the identity of interests" comes in between the strictly maritime counties of Galveston and Chambers on the one hand and the strictly agricultural counties of Anderson and Houston on the other. But then the idea that Houston and Anderson will be maritime counties after the "canalization of the Trinity" which Dud Wooten and his platform have pledged for the remote future may have impressed that sub-committee. It is an easy matter to criticize the work of the Legislature in this weather. But it is a very difficult one to go out there and get your county associated with such other counties in a district that will be acceptable to all interests and to all who have congressional aspirations. The district as proposed by the sub-committee is not a grouping of harmonious interests and yet is as much so as the one that Houston county is now in. We believe that Representative Aldrich will do the very best he can to protect his county in this matter but these things, nor any others, don't go out there just as an individual member may want. Each wants things his own way and it is rare that any two want the same thing. All wise legislation comes from the conflict and compromise of antagonizing views. And the old axiom of "give and take," and generally "give more than you get," holds there as it does in other affairs of life. As we said last week, the best way to proceed in this work of arranging districts is to go at it with an eye single to the highest interests of all the people of a county, ignoring the selfish suggestions and appeals of all who may want a district so cut out that they may slide into congress without a contest for the nomination.

We are told that the Senatorial district will likely remain as it is at present. This would certainly be an injustice. The number of Senatorial districts is fixed by the Constitution, can be neither in-

creased nor decreased. And when we consider the great increase in population in Texas since the last census, and especially in East Texas, the present Senatorial district would certainly contain very many more than the Senatorial unit of population would call for. It would seem that in view of this increase that the present Senatorial district should be reduced in the number of counties. Then again would not Houston county be entitled to a representative and a flatorial interest with Anderson in one more instead as it is now? It will be well for our representative to watch the county's interests in these matters too.

The COURIER's editorial of last week, "Reflect a Moment," prompted by the best of motives and written along the most conservative lines, seems to have worried not a few of our prohibition friends. We had a long letter from an old friend at Lovelady, honestly over-enthusiastic on the proposed county election. His pluck and perseverance are to be admired but his judgment is away off. When we think of the zeal and energy some of our prohibition friends are displaying in an effort to stir up a whirlwind of excitement in this county we can but regret that all this energy can not be applied along practical lines for practicable ends. Let us in our fancy consider for a moment what might be accomplished if all this overflowing zeal, vim and enthusiasm were diverted from such fruitless channels as our friends dream of and directed to such practicable ends as the building of cotton and other factories, compresses, etc. If our Lovelady friend would take a trip to Pike's Peak and cool off, he would be more conservative in his views and feel better every way.

The great steel strike is nothing more than a gigantic fight between two powerful corporations, one of money and the other of labor. They are both trusts. It is not a contest for an increase of wages. If it was and the demands were reasonable public sympathy would be with the strikers. It is not this, however. The fight is brought on by a powerful labor organization in an effort to say in effect that no man should be employed by the Great Steel Corporation unless he belongs to the Labor Union. It is a war on non-union laboring men. The steel corporation is opposing the demands of the labor organization on the theory that every employer has the right to choose his employees and that every man has a right to work for whom he pleases. It is a great contest, full of peril to all interested. The public generally has very little interest in it. Whichever way it may end, it will be a victory for a grinding monopoly.

The proposed new Judicial district bill by which it is proposed to bunch Houston county in a district with Walker, Brazos, Grimes, Leon and Madison will not suit our people at all. The experiences this county had thirty years ago and six years ago with Mongrel Judges is not entirely forgotten. This is not the only sound objection to this proposed district but this is enough. We hope our representatives will scotch this measure if it is knocked out in committees.

The rust is damaging cotton in all parts of the State, and especially in those sections which suffered from drouth. Reports from Nevill's Prairie and other parts of this county are that the crop has been seriously injured by this pest. The Trinity river bottoms so far seem to have escaped.

"AN APOSTOLIC TWELVE."

Elsewhere will be found what purports to be a reply to a COURIER editorial of last week. It is from a round dozen prohibition agitators. The document is remarkable for quite a number of things, some of which are, the length of it, the dullness of its style, its want of snap and spirit, its loose jointed construction, its illogical reasoning, its vindictive bitterness, its appeal to passion and prejudice, its wilful misrepresentations and the lofty spirit of Pharisaism and can't which runs through it. There breathes through it that same old spirit of bitterness which was born of the contest of '87. It clings to them like the rank vapor of the poisonous vine elings to the tree from which it has been torn. It warms and animates their being. With a smile, and a suavity of manner, that would make Uriah Heep blush they will protest that there is none of it, that they have long since forgotten it. But it still lives in the spirit and flesh and memories of this clattering, rub-a-dub dozen whose signatures are affixed to the article in question. There are dishonest, sinister insinuations and references cropping out all through it. Let the public contrast the article which we wrote last week with the article this rub-a-dub dozen of agitators publish this week. There is much said or rather there are many references to political and other matters in this article. We invite the public to look at the names of these agitators and self appointed reformers who sign this wail of disappointment. When they do so it will be seen that there are those there who have been in the reforming business of one kind or other for nearly fifteen years. Some of them have tried their talents at several different kinds of political reform; some at reforming the morals of the country, some at one kind and some at another. What a picturesque and highly illuminated chart it would be to see the different kinds of political and other reforms which the most if not all of these agitators have advocated in the past. It would be a wonderful study in colors.

The writer is an old campaigner. He has been through nearly as many campaigns as there are signatures to the article. And he has never been in a one that some one or more of the "Apostolic Twelve" was n't licked to a stupid standstill. And some have been licked so often that they don't expect anything else. They apply to the writer the epithet of "Champion of Saloons, etc." That is an old battle cry of '87. It doesn't frighten any one and comes with peculiarly appropriate grace from the champions of "blind-tigers," "Speak-easies" and the general and specific forms of hypocrisy which these "joints" breed.

They say "the writer is spoiling for a fight." Far from it. We sincerely hope never again to be engaged in another campaign. If we were really "spoiling" for one we certainly would not expect to be furnished such an entertainment by the crew of agitators who sign this article. With all the experience at being licked, and it is a broad, deep, and far-reaching one, they have not yet acquired the capacity to organize and conduct a campaign. But it is agitation and agitation. What care they for the evil consequences to follow all this agitation? Some of the agitators admit that they don't give a rap for business prostration nor for the bitterness and strife which will follow. They don't care. Storm and strife constitute their element. They feed on it. They love it. It is as normal to their

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE First National Bank AT CROCKETT,

In the State of Texas, at the close of business, July 15th, 1901.

RESOURCES:	
Loans and discounts	\$184,566.22
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	3,842.53
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50,000.00
Premiums on U. S. Bonds	1,400.00
Banking-house, furniture, and fixtures	5,000.00
Due from National Banks (not Reserve Agents)	12,562.11
Due from State Banks and Bankers	3,752.18
Due from approved reserve agents	37,532.46
Internal Revenue stamps	164.00
Checks and other cash items	1,186.54
Notes of other National Banks	870.00
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	80.00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:	
Specie	\$9,638.10
Legal-tender notes	5,000.00
	14,638.10
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasury (5 per cent of circulation)	2,500.00
Total	\$317,919.14
LIABILITIES:	
Capital stock paid in	\$50,000.00
Surplus fund	25,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	8,246.62
National bank notes outstanding	50,000.00
Individual deposits subject to check	154,294.32
Demand certificates of deposit	30,378.00
Total	\$317,919.14

State of Texas, County of Houston, I, H. F. Moore, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

H. F. MOORE, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 30th day of July, 1901.

C. W. MOORE, Notary Public, Houston County, Texas.

Correct—Attest:
JOHN B. SMITH, }
A. H. WOOLTERS. } Directors.

natures as the puddle is to the poly-wog. What an unhappy spectacle it is to see all this turmoil and turbulence stirred up. Ministers of the gospel leading the list of signatures! Men commissioned to preach the gospel of peace and to invoke the influences of the "Still small voice" for purposes of reforming and elevating mankind, abandon in part the divine instruments, and appeal to those of man. Instead of following the divine injunction of inculcating "peace on earth, good-will to men" they join in or lead a propaganda of hate and presume to show people the path of civic duty. Carlyle tells us that Old Frederick the Great, on one occasion rapped an officious parson across the back and told him to go and mind his flock. The officious parson was venturing suggestions as to how affairs of State should be conducted.

Cotton.

Crockett received a bale of new cotton last week. This is a little early. New cotton was received last week as far north as Red River, which is nearly a month ahead of the usual time. This would indicate that the crop in the great cotton belt of the State has been seriously damaged by the drouth. The staple of cotton being marketed is reported very inferior. Cotton seems to be advancing steadily as the period for determining the extent of the damage and the probable yield draws near. The indications are that cotton will, during September, rule in the local market somewhere between seven and eight cents with a tendency up or down as the season from now on is more or less unfavorable.

It would be hardly wise for farmers to accept with too much confidence the low estimates of the cotton crop. In a large majority of years these low estimates fall far behind the actual crop. Early fall deliveries will probably command good figures.

Fort Worth has just closed two contracts which mean a vast deal for that city and the State. The papers have been signed with both the great packing house concerns of Swift & Co. and Armour & Co., by which each offers to establish packing houses in that city on a scale of magnitude equal to any in the United States.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

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D. A. NUNN, D. A. KUNN, JR.,
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CROCKETT, TEXAS.

E. B. STOKES, M. D., J. S. WOOLTERS, M. D.,
STOKES & WOOLTERS,
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS,
CROCKETT, TEXAS.
Office in the rear of Chamberlain's Drugstore.

Chase's Barley Malt Whisky has been chemically analyzed by Herbert E. Smith, M.D., who is Dean of the Medical Faculty of Yale University and State Chemist of Connecticut. Here is an extract from his letter:

"In my opinion Chase's Barley Malt Whisky is, on account of its absolute purity, an excellent article for medicinal use."

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KIDNEY DISEASES
are the most fatal of all diseases.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY CURE is a Guaranteed Remedy
or money refunded. Contains remedies recognized by eminent physicians as the best for Kidney and Bladder troubles.
PRICE 50c. and \$1.00.
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Groves Tasteless Chill Tonic.