

The Cotulla Record

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PUBLISHED WEEKLY

HUNS MAKE COUNTER PROPOSALS.

Berlin, May 27.—The German counter-proposals to the peace treaty, as made public here today, refuse to surrender the Kaiser, and demand immediate admission of Germany to the League of Nations with a mandate over her former colonies.

The counter-proposals agree to the limitation of the German army to 100,000 men and offer to disarm the large German man naval vessels, though insisting on retaining some commercial vessels.

They further assert that no changes in German territorial limits should be made without plebiscites in the territories affected. Such plebiscites are asked, especially Upper Silesia, East Prussia, West Prussia, Memel and Danzig.

The German agree that Danzig shall be a free port with the River Vistula (on which Danzig is situated) internationalized.

It is asked that the entente withdraw from occupied territories within four months.

Willingness to reimburse, especially France and Belgium for damages obtained during the war, is expressed.

The counter-proposals state that Germany is willing to pay \$20,000,000,000 marks (approximately \$5,000,000,000), by 1926, and an annual sum thereafter, but that the total they will pay must not exceed 100,000,000 marks (approximately \$25,000,000,000).

With regard to the Kaiser and others held responsible by the allies the counter-proposals suggest reciprocal trials of persons accused on both sides.

A mutual reparations commission, with a neutral president, is proposed to decide specific cases and disputes.

The Germans ask the right to resume overseas trade, to possess a merchant marine, and that Germany be permitted to tax German fortunes which have been removed to other lands.

The introduction to the counter-proposals quotes speeches by President Wilson and others extensively, particularly seeking to show that Wilson's pledges have not been fulfilled in the treaty, which the Germans claim contains provisions contradictory to the principles of the League of Nations. Emphasis is laid on Wilson's statement that people should not be treated as pawns, and claim is made that the treaty does that in Danzig, and even in Alsace-Lorraine.

It is unjust, the counter-proposals set forth, to send a reparations commission into Germany without letting the Germans know what they must pay.

Stress is laid on Wilson's book, "The State," wherein, the communication says, it is pointed out that Nietzsche Valley and Posen are distinctly German, whereas the treaty makes them Polish.

SAVE GASOLINE.

Stransky Fuel Vaporizer will cut down your gasoline bills 25 to 50 per cent. Guaranteed to do it. You can be the judge and give it a fifteen days Free Trial. Automatic and self regulating. A majority of the carburators on the market today vaporize only about 50 to 75 percent of the fuel. Stransky's Vaporizer is guaranteed to vaporize close to 100 per cent of the gasoline. Weighs only four ounces, simple to install. Test it and be convinced. Dont run your car another day without one. Widener & Son, Cotulla Texas.

RAY STANNARD BAKER



Ray Stannard Baker, well-known magazine writer, who has been giving out to American correspondents the peace conference news in Paris.

PROHIBITION WINS BUT SUFFRAGE SUFFERS DEFEAT.

According to the latest figures from 209 counties the vote in last Saturday's election for prohibition was 119,821, against 107,178. For suffrage 109,352, against 123,839. For Salary Increase 888,694, against 136,755. For home loans 115,922, against 109,457.

It is indicated that there may be a contest on the suffrage vote because of a number of counties using a form of ballot not prescribed by the Legislature.

All amendments carried in La Salle county in last Saturday's election. A light vote was cast all over the county, only a total

of about 95 votes being cast. Prohibition carried strongly in every box in the county. Woodward returned majorities against suffrage, home ownership and Governors salary, while Millett voted against Governor's salary and Home ownership. A majority for all amendments were given in all other boxes. The Home ownership received the largest number of any of the amendments, leading prohibition by three votes and suffrage by 7 votes.

Following is the vote by precincts in La Salle County.

	Cotulla	Emmishal	Artesia Wells	Woodward	Millett	Fowlerton	Total
For Prohibition	45	1	13	8	6	9	92
Against	5	5	2	3	3	3	21
For Suffrage	45	13	13	4	4	9	88
Against	8	2	1	7	3	3	24
For Governor's Salary	43	13	11	3	1	9	80
Against	9	2	3	8	5	3	30
For Home Ownership	47	12	14	4	9	9	95
Against	5	3	1	7	0	3	19

In Memory of Mrs. Margaret Winslow, Wife of Thomas Winslow.

The all wise Father has seen fit in His Infinite Wisdom to call Home our much beloved friend, Mrs. Margret Winslow, aged 76 years and 7 months.

A precious one from them has gone, a voice they loved is still; a place is vacant in the home which never can be filled; God in His wisdom has recalled the boon His love had given, and though the body slumbers here, the soul is safe in Heaven. Only a little time and those who loved her dear, one by one shall follow her a pilgrim through this vale of tears. The memory of her faithfulness shall on the weary pathway smile a sweet and tender radiance. She is waiting for us, we are hastening on; each eventide brings us nearer to the home to which she has gone.

A FRIEND.

Notice.

The Womans Missionary Society of the Methodist Church meets in its regular business session next Tuesday afternoon at four o'clock, in the home of Mrs. T. R. Keek- every member is urged to be present as we have some important matters to discuss.

FOR SALE—One hundred fat steers, fours with a few long threes, 10c per lb. Delivery to be made June first to tenth. S. F. Moffett, Dilley, Tex.

WILLIAM A. AYERS



Representative William A. Ayers, the only Democrat elected to the Sixty-sixth congress from Kansas, has joined those who are dissatisfied with the selection of Champ Clark for minority leadership in the house. He wants a representative steering committee to elect a leader.

Norvell Graham, who has been attending the Medical Department of the University at Galveston, came home last night.

ALLEN SAYS GLOOM WILL GO

New York, May 29.—Governor Allen of Kansas today advised New York and other communities to cheer up and not be so gloomy over the prospect of prohibition.

"It won't be nearly so bad as expected," he said. "I hear in New York now the same gloomy predictions I heard in Kansas 25 years ago.

"In Kansas prohibition did not prove a blight. Business is healthier, working men own more homes and savings accounts have increased. We may not have been as merry there as Broadway, N. Y., but still there seems to be a great deal of happiness among us. The children wear good shoes and their mothers dress better. The police are not so busy either."

Baptist Church

Come to the meeting at the Baptist Church which begins tomorrow, Rev. W. D. Bowen will do the preaching. Doors open to all.

W. L. Skinner.

Palm Olive Soap.

Palm Olive Soap. You never had a chance to buy it so cheap before. Sale now on, and we are selling it at 3 cakes for 25 cents. Regular price 15c cake. Get in on this.

Gaddis Pharmacy

Will Soon Be Home.

Private C. E. Dilliard, son of John Dilliard, former ranchman of this county, but now of Webb county will soon be home from overseas. In letters to his parents, he tells of some of his experiences in France and Germany.

Ed was one of the drafted boys to leave Laredo for Camp Travis in September 1917. He was transferred to the 4th Division just before leaving for France in the following spring. He was in a number of battles and went over the top many times; was gassed and wounded in the left foot by shrapnel, but has fully recovered from both. About the time of the signing of the armistice he had a ten days furlough to Paris and writes that he saw all the sights there were to see.

He was moved into Germany with the army of occupation and stationed at Liemback, Germany, and has been there all this year up till a short time ago when the 90th division began to move out, when he was transferred to that organization and will come home with it according to recent advices. The 90th division is now enroute home, very likely all units being upon the high seas today. The first arrivals are expected in New York about June 6th.

LOST—Small Spanish black mare mule, small brand, left thigh. Reward. F. S. Stewart, Dilley, Texas.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT!



The Ford Motor Company has designed a self-starter for Ford cars and in the near future all cars turned out will be equipped with Starters.

We have up to this date received 50 per cent of cars on our 1918-19 contract, and will receive the other 50 per cent between now and August 1st. In all future shipments to us, cars will either be equipped with starter or motors will be assembled so as to receive starter, and it can be installed at any future time.

Many people have objected to a Ford simply because it had no self-starter. They know it is the best car in the world for the money; they know it is the best car on the market for this country—but the starter was missing. This objection will soon be eliminated.

Hold your orders for our shipments that will soon begin to arrive. Don't tie your money up in cars that try to compete with the Ford. You'll be sorry and in the junk pile when the Ford is still going without a bobble.

Come in and sign up. When Henry Ford puts a starter on his car you may rest assured that it's going to be a humdinger, because Ford always knows he's right before he tells the public.

Neal's Auto Sales Company.

The Cotulla Record

C. E. MANLY, Publisher.

Published Every Saturday.

Subscription: \$1.50 per annum

Mitchell Palmer may be Democratic Presidential candidate in the next election.

La Salle county came up in good shape on all the amendments, returning a good majority on each one of them.

It looks like the long fight in Texas for prohibition has been settled for all time. Now for the enactment of drastic laws to enforce it. We don't believe in any half way measures. Do the job right.

The Huns don't want to surrender the Kaiser for trial. Just as we expected. There has been no change in the conscience of the Hun. He is just as much kaiser-loving as he ever was.

Fredericksburg, Castroville, New Braunfels, Boernville and Phlugerville all returned the usual "wet" majorities in Saturday's election. These places were "agin" the women voting just as strong as they were against prohibition.

THE BLOCYADE.

The blame for the German blockade rests with the German Government that was in power at the beginning of the war. That is the statement of Maximilian Harden, free lance of Berlin.

Germany considered Britain, the industrial nation, more susceptible to famine than Germany, the well developed agricultural, and next door to the agricultural states of Russia and Roumania. Germany believed that the British blockade could have only passive effect on the Teutonic powers. Germany believed, on the other hand, that it would be a matter only of a short time before Great Britain, supposedly isolated because of its island position, could be brought to her knees because of food shortage.

Herr Harden blames the men who were in charge of the German foreign affairs at the time of the convention of the Hague in 1907. He argues that the blockade that caused and is causing, so much trouble in Germany would have been impossible if the men in charge of affairs at that time had accepted Englands proposal that the right of capture and prohibited zones in the sea be abolished.

The writer declares that Germany, because the troubles arose from her own fault, has no right to complain about the blockade imposed on them.

Harden appears to be the most clear thinking man in Germany today. He is a man who goes to the bottom of things, and who is not too Prussianized to withhold admission when it is clear that the government of his nation is in the wrong. — Quincy Journal.

Labor Placements

Incomplete returns on placements by the United States Employment Service through its 494 offices for the week show that 65,263 secured employment or 63.4 percent placed of those applying for jobs. During the week 103,047 registered with the Service seeking aid in securing employment, 94,909 were referred and 65,263 reported back as having actually been placed.

Of those placed 13,051 were females and 52,202 were males. Of the male placements, 10,793 were discharged soldiers, sailors and marines.

During the same period employers placed requisitions with the United States Employment Service for 110,446 workers.

DIDN'T MEAN IT LITERALLY

English Soldier's Expressed Wish That Death Might Come Was Followed by Hasty Revision.

Maj. Gen. John J. O'Ryan, who has just returned from France, has brought back a number of humorous stories of the battlefield. Here is one he tells about an English sentinel: "The Twenty-seventh division was in Flanders, where it rains almost continuously," began the general. "There were English troops billeted near by. One night, after a particularly hard rain, this English chap was on duty. When he thought no one was around he began to curse everything in general, the weather, the Germans and his own luck. 'Oh, I say, this is blawsted weather, dontcha know. I wish I was out of this heastly mud,' the English sentry muttered. A few minutes later he was cursing the rain which beat in his face. 'Gawd, but I wish I was out of this beastly water,' he mused again. Just then the Germans opened a heavy fire and made things uncomfortable for everyone. 'Oh, Gawd, but this is beastly,' said the sentry, raising his voice. 'Oh, I do hate those blawsted Germans. I wish I were dead.' Simultaneously with his last words a big 'Minnie' dropped almost at the sentry's feet. When he recovered he was lying in a hole covered with mud but uninjured. The sentry sat up, rubbed the mud from his eyes, and then gazing heavenward, said, 'Oh, I say, Gawd, cawn't you take a blawsted joke?'—New York Sun.

FAR BEYOND ALLOTTED SPAN

Instances of Remarkable Cases of Longevity Which Seem to Be Well Authenticated.

The death at Nenagh, County Tipperary, Ireland, of Mrs. Bourke, who was reported to have reached the age of 121 years, has led the London Daily Express to make a record of some of the other famous cases of longevity. In 1904 the regimental chaplain of the 18th Bengal Infantry was still conducting services in Calcutta at the age of 130. In 1908 Andrei Nikolaitvitch Schmidt, a Russian, produced papers which showed that he was 136 years old, and had enlisted in the Reval battalion in 1796. The same year Hadji Raouf was 138, and was still earning a living as a saddler in Constantinople, but he was a juvenile compared with Quo-Ka-Nam, an Indian chief who roamed the shores of Puget sound at the age of 160. He was generally conceded by Europeans more likely to be 200, and he claimed to remember the time when his tribe was known to his tribe. He was 2 feet 5 inches in height and did not weigh 50 pounds. A few years ago a Chinese woman reached Montreal. She had left her native land when 70, and had lived in Demerara for 100 years. In 1912 Europe had 7,000 living centenarians, of whom 3,888 were Bulgarians.

New Canadian Coat of Arms.

The Canadian government is considering adopting a new coat of arms for the dominion—one which shall represent all the provinces in the confederation. The present coat of arms is representative of Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and New Brunswick only, for those were the original provinces; and since it was adopted in 1858 Prince Edward Island and British Columbia have entered the federation, and finally Saskatchewan and Alberta have been carved out of what were the Northwest territories. When a design emblematic of these nine provinces has been chosen by the committee and approved by the government it will be submitted to the royal college of heralds in England to be registered. A royal warrant declaring it the official arms of Canada will then be issued.

Double Bottoms Put to Work.

For many years a few steamships from the far east have brought fuel oil back to Britain in the ballast space between their inner and outer hulls. The practice never became general, however, and "tankers" continued to handle the bulk of the trade. But in June, 1917, increased submarine activity and the expansion of the allied fleets made immediate additions to tank tonnage so imperative that not a few, but hundreds, of British and American "double bottoms" were fitted for this auxiliary cargo. Apart from its war-time results this new practice has taught marine engineers many lessons that will guide them in designing the oil-burning ships of tomorrow. — Popular Mechanics Magazine.

His First Visit.

Mr. Lloyd George would seem, says Liverpool Post, to have had a premonition of his future eminence when he paid a first visit to London as a lad of nineteen. "Went to the house of commons," he wrote home to his uncle. "Very disappointed. I will not say but that I eyed the assembly in a spirit similar to that in which William the Conqueror eyed England on his visit to Edward the Confessor as the region of his future domain. Oh, vanity!"

Injections of Cane Sugar.

Doctor Rosenthal reports to the Presse Medicale (Paris) that he has administered intravenous injections of a strong solution of saccharose in numerous cases of tuberculosis. The procedure exerts a manifest tonic action. It raises the blood pressure, augments the body weight, and indirectly produces a favorable effect on the tuberculous lesions. These results are ascribed by the author to an enhancement of the functions of the liver.

Large Producing and Refining Company will drill well on large block of acreage. No bonus paid. Address Manager Land Department, 308 Moore Bldg., Fort Worth, Texas.

ERNST T. GUNDLACH



Ernst T. Gundlach, chairman of the employers' industrial commission of the United States department of labor, has returned from Great Britain, where the commission investigated causes of labor unrest and collected material for a report on that country's labor conditions.

WANG CHANG WEI



Wang Chang Wei, who passed through the United States on his way to Paris to attend the peace conference, is one of China's leading statesmen, and is strongly in favor of the "open door" policy in China. He is a leader of the constitutional party and represents southern China.

DR. R. L. GRAHAM
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Attorney at Law
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Located South of Gilmer Hotel Near Back's Place.
Cleaning and Pressing
Ladies Suits and Skirts a Specialty.
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s and Administrators
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San Antonio, Texas.

GUNTER HOTEL
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.
A PLACE TO STOP AT WORTH WHILE
THE HOME OF ALL TEXAS.
PERCY TYRRELL, Manager

The Farmers and Stockmans BANK
(unincorporated)
of Cotulla, La Salle County, Texas.
Wants Your Business for 1919.
J. H. ZACHRY, Manager J. H. GALLMAN, Assistant Manager

We Sell for Cash
WE CAN SELL CHEAPER.
GROCERIES AND GRAIN
Bring the Money and Get More
W. H. FULLERTON & SON

Where the War Money Went

THE ORDER AND THE BILL



From our entry in the war to the end of 1919, Uncle Sam's outgo was more than 26 billion dollars. But of this nearly 8 billion were lent to other nations—and that was some of the best fighting finance, as you will see a little later.

By spending and lending 26 billion in nineteen months we saved six months' further warfare, and perhaps a year.

We also saved at least 100,000 American soldiers' lives and four times as many wounded.

Nor was this all. For had the war continued through 1919 our further expense this year would have been not less than 25 billion dollars, and more likely 30 billions. So that through the nineteen months of war spending, if we deduct money raised to lend Allied nations, we find that every dollar raised by Liberty Bonds and War Savings Stamps came pretty near saving the spending of two dollars during 1919—the year of fighting that never came.

Shipping was a big problem, and we were caught short of merchant ships. But our shipyards got busy and new ships were built, and old ones brought from the Great Lakes, taken from coast-wise service, chartered from neutral nations, and lent us by the Allies. So, in

November, 1918, we had a cargo fleet of 2,335,000 deadweight tons, which transported to France 5,979,000 short tons of cargo. Of the 2,048,008 American soldiers sent over, 898,449 were carried under the American flag.

Uncle Sam built in France 927 miles of standard gauge railroad and 538 miles of narrow gauge—a total of 1,475 miles nearly as much standard gauge railroad as there is in Connecticut—almost another Lackawanna system. Counting in the narrow gauge, there is more mileage than the railroads in Maryland, and nearly another Chicago, Great Western system. In locomotives, 1,333 standard gauge engines were shipped to France, and 1,055 erected; 406 narrow gauge locomotives shipped to France; 18,013 standard gauge cars shipped to France and 14,302 erected; 3,751 narrow gauge cars shipped over. In this country the Armistice found half as much railroad equipment again, ready for shipment or under construction; 599 standard gauge locomotives, 32,685 standard gauge cars, 217 narrow gauge locomotives, 4,872 narrow gauge cars.

When the war ended our army abroad was equal to the British Expeditionary Force—2,013,039 officers and men in Europe and Siberia. Back home we had 1,690,234 more in training, and were steadily turning them out of the training camps after 4 months' drilling.

Where the war money went? Our war money—if it went anywhere it was largely from one pocket to the other, and it has worked so well for us, and will work so much harder in the future, that it was not an expenditure, but a splendid national investment.

FOR SALE—A good Ford truck, express body. See me for record it made in hauling a crop of onions. Am leaving the farm and have no use for it. Phone 403 R14. C. H. Rock.

FOR SALE—Bargain. Maxwell ton one half truck, \$750.00. Two Ford ton trucks, \$350.00 and \$450.00. Cash or terms.—Texas Auto Sales Co., Laredo, Texas. L. V. Pender, Prop. Phone 874.

LEARNING TO BE A CIVILIAN

Discharged British Soldier Testifies That He Finds New Feeling Out of Uniform.

Is the glamor of uniform wearing off? After three years of service clothes I have just spent my first days in civilian attire. Surprising to tell, I believe I have met with more civility out of uniform than in it. "R. G." writes in the continental edition of the London Mail.

Two possible solutions of this remarkable attitude occur to me. The first is that most officers appear to be rather stern and stand-offish in uniform. The other solution, and perhaps an equally probable one, is that the public is getting tired of seeing so many officers going about aimlessly with apparently nothing much to do except to spend money and kill time.

Naturally, I suppose, when I first went out in "civvies" I had the ingrained inclination to salute all superior officers I met and to prepare to take salutes from the ranks. It took me the best part of a day to overcome this impulse.

The "sir" habit was very strong, too. On my first morning as a civilian I had to see a colonel at the war office on business—business in which our standing was at least equal—and I immediately "sirred" him, of course. Force of habit, pure and simple.

Again there is the matter of running after an omnibus or across the road—in uniform one tries to make a point of not doing these things. Now, however, when "example" has not longer to be considered, I find it practically impossible to chase an omnibus or flee from an oncoming taxicab. The instinct is against doing so.

Apparently it is just as necessary to relearn how to be a civilian as it once was to learn how to be a soldier.

SKILLFUL PIECE OF WORK

Novel Feat of Engineering Recently Put to the Credit of American Bridge Builders.

Not long ago it was discovered that the piers of the combined highway and railroad bridge across the Missouri river at St. Joseph, Mo., were in bad condition and it would be necessary to build new piers. At first it was proposed to build the new piers on the downstream side of the old bridge and shift the bridge laterally to the new position, in this way maintaining traffic over the old bridge while the new construction was going on. But the war department required the installation of a larger draw-span in the bridge and so it was decided to build the new piers between the old piers.

After they were built the spans of the bridge were moved shoreward, so that they rested on the new piers. A temporary span was constructed to fill the gap thus occasioned, so that traffic was closed over the bridge for less than ten hours. Then work was begun upon the new swing span, which was built as a cantilever in open position. To permit of this, a portion of the old draw-span had to be cut away and a temporary lift-span was put in to take care of river traffic. Thus the bridge was reconstructed without changing its alignment.—Scientific American.

Our Book of Doom.

A doomsday book of a new sort has been produced by the alien property custodian. It approximates 500 pages and sets out the names of the enemy concerns that have been found in the United States. The custodian thinks his efforts have been without real cost to the country, since he brought to light for the treasury to collect more than \$600,000 in income taxes which were being evaded. Besides the custodian turned some of the German concerns to war work and had them produce \$300,000,000 worth of supplies.

The custodian's new book, says Nation's Business, contains a deal of comfort for Americans who have claims against Germany and who have been wondering if they will have to wait for payment until Germany makes up her mind about the variety of government she likes best. The state department has hinted that American claimants may get immediate reimbursement from the funds the custodian has collected.

Hubby's Blunder.

He resided in the suburbs, and when he accidentally met an old friend in the city who persuaded him to remain in town for the evening he went to the telegraph office and wired his wife as follows:

"Missed the 5:30 train. Don't keep dinner waiting. Shall be home late."

It was very, very late when he did arrive home, and his wife met him at the door.

"Did you get my message?" he said, beaming down at her.

"Yes," she said, very quietly, "but I would like you to explain why you sent a message at 4:28 telling me you had missed the 5:30 train."—Rehoboth Sunday Herald.

Phonograph in the Hebrides.

Mrs. Kennedy-Fraser, who has done so much to create interest in Hebridean songs, took a phonograph to the islands, says a writer in Daily Chronicle. This was in order to secure the absolute accuracy of the weird music which is traditional in the Hebrides. The people were so excited by the novelty of singing into the phonograph that they could hardly wait for the record to be played, and then they were amazed at the fidelity with which it rendered the songs and all the trivial sounds of outlookers.

This is the package with the moisture-proof jacket



that keeps Chesterfield's original flavor and freshness intact. Your Chesterfields never become either soggy or dry. They always reach you in prime shape for smoking.

And, Chesterfields do something for your smoke-hunger that you've always wished a cigarette would do—they "touch the smoke-spot"—they let you know you're smoking—they satisfy right down to the ground!

It's the blend that does it, and the blend can't be copied.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Chesterfield CIGARETTES

—of Turkish and Domestic tobaccos—blended

They SATISFY!

DELCO-LIGHT

ELECTRICITY FOR ANYONE ANYWHERE



Making the Farm Produce

The most important factor in farm production this year is farm labor.

Delco-Light adds an extra hand to the farm working force—

And it is the busiest, most efficient workman about the place.

Delco-Light not only furnishes an abundance of clean, safe and economical electric light for house and barn but—

It furnishes power to pump the water, operate the separator and churn, wash the clothes and grind the tools—

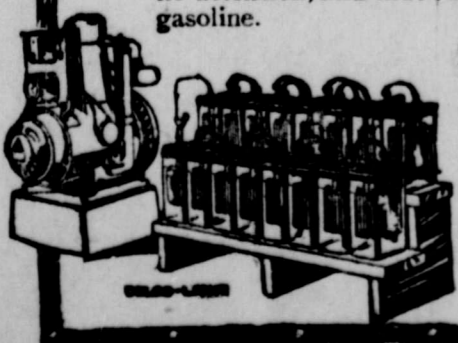
It lengthens the working day by making it possible to do the barn chores safely and easily after dark—

It pays for itself in time and labor saved—

And at the same time it adds greatly to the comfort and convenience of farm life.

Delco-Light is a simple, compact, highly-efficient electric plant that requires little or no attention, and that runs on kerosene, gas or gasoline.

Delco Light Products
Independent Electric Light and Power Co.
Distributors
205 Ave. C. San Antonio.



Start Tomorrow and Keep It Up Every Morning

Get in the habit of drinking a glass of hot water before breakfast.

We're not here long, so let's make our stay agreeable. Let us live well, eat well, digest well, work well, sleep well, and look well. What a glorious condition to attain, and yet, how very easy it is if one will only adopt the morning inside bath.

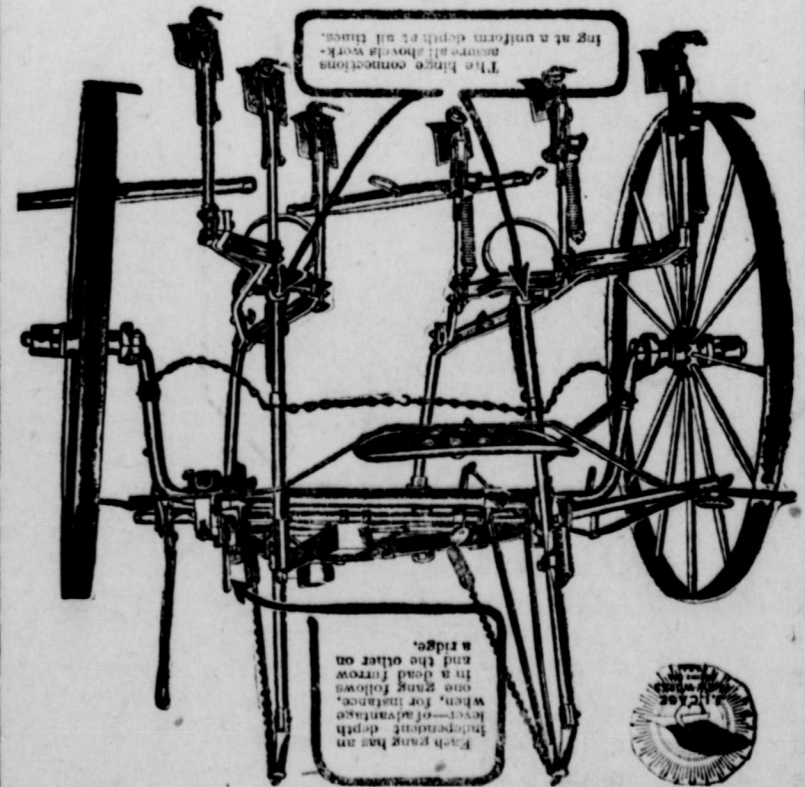
Folks who are accustomed to feel dull and heavy when they arise, splitting headache, stuffy from a cold, foul tongue, nasty breath, acid stomach, and, instead, feel as fresh as a daisy by opening the sluices of the system each morning and flushing out the whole of the internal poisonous stagnant matter.

Everyone, whether ailing, sick or well, should, each morning, before breakfast, drink a glass of real hot water with a teaspoonful of limestone phosphate in it to wash from the stomach, liver and bowels the previous day's indigestible waste, sour bile and poisonous toxins; thus cleansing, sweetening and purifying the entire alimentary canal before putting more food into the stomach. The action of hot water and limestone phosphate on an empty stomach is wonderfully invigorating. It cleans out all the sour fermentations, gases, waste and acidity and gives one a splendid appetite for breakfast. While you are enjoying your breakfast the water and phosphate is quietly erasing a large volume of water from the blood and getting ready for a thorough flushing of all the inside organs.

The millions of people who are bothered with constipation, bilious spells, stomach trouble; others who have sallow skins, blood disorders and sickly complexions are urged to get a quarter pound of limestone phosphate from the drug store. This will cost very little, but is sufficient to make anyone a pronounced crank on the subject of inside-bathing before breakfast.

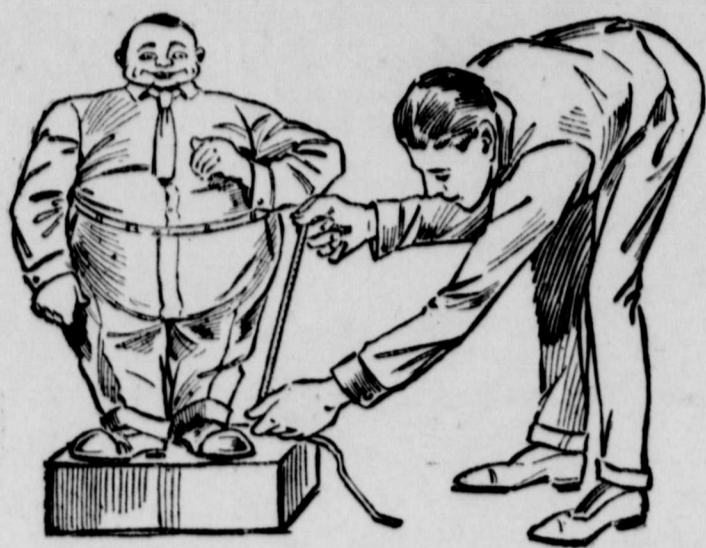
J. I. CASE

LINE OF IMPLEMENTS.



Cotulla Mercantile Company





Are You Short And Stout?

DON'T WORRY. WE CAN FIT YOU.

We play no favorites. There's not a man in the world we cannot fit—in ROYAL, made-to-order clothes.

Try us. If we fail—you don't pay.

We are wagering, at long odds, that we can satisfy you—at a saving of \$5 to \$15 to you.

K. BURWELL.



DETROIT VAPOR OIL STOVES

No Wicks—Light Instantly—Work like Gas
A Birthday isn't complete without a cake and Mother knows that her new Detroit Vapor Stove insures the rapid, thorough baking, necessary for a perfect result. The whole family appreciates the wonderful cooking and baking qualities of this oil stove without a wick. It's just the stove you want for the whole year round. No wicks of any kind—simply light the burner and immediately you have an intensely hot blue flame under the kettles. Bakes and cooks as fast as gas.

COTULLA MERCANTILE COMPANY

Beautiful Birthday Celebration.

Little Martha Gwyndolyn Guinn is credited with one of the prettiest juvenile parties of the season.

Her sparkling, vivacious manner has made her many friends, and these she invited to her birthday celebration, Wednesday afternoon.

The lawn of the Howard Guinn residence was thronged with tiny tots, all in party attire for this happy occasion. "After-

the-war-time" gaiety prevailed. "Froggie in the Middle" and "London Bridge" being among the many games indulged in.

A big birthday cake with five gleaming candles was the centre of attraction in the dining-room, while a wealth of beautiful roses and jasmine adorned the other rooms.

Many lovely gifts were left for the little honoree.

Of course among the good things to eat, ice cream which is always a delight to the child-

ren was featured prominently.

Mrs. Guinn was assisted in entertaining by Mrs. John Guinn and Mrs. John Gallman.

Bidden for this afternoon were: Baby Trice, Lorene Keck, Sue Irwin Dyson, Charles Ethel Neal Gwyndolyn Lann, Mary Elizabeth Knaggs, Mary Louise Widdenthal, Isabel Maltzberger, L. W. Gaddis, John Pollard Guinn, Jr., Ralph Burwell, David William Davis, Donald Gallman and Benjamin Trice Jr.

LOCAL & PERSONAL.

Lee Henrickson was in town from Artesia Wells during the week.

Mrs. J. T. Maltzberger and daughters visited San Antonio during the week.

Mrs. M. H. Patton of Fowlerton is visiting Mrs. R. C. Sutton at the Sutton ranch West of town.

Of course everybody that thinks much of themselves will want to consult Dr. Hopkins.

Make your plans to consult Dr. Hopkins, don't neglect this great privilege and opportunity.

Jack Maltzberger, who has been attending school in San Antonio is back at home for the summer.

Miss Florine Holman returned Thursday from Jacksonville where she taught the past school term.

Miss Paddy Mayes, former teacher in the Cotulla School, is here to spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. W. L. Skinner.

Mrs. T. B. Poole and Miss Ophelia Shaw have gone to Roswell N. M., to visit their sister, Mrs. W. E. Rock, jr.

Mrs. Taylor and Mrs. Cox of Crystal City are here visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Simon Cotulla.

Three or four officers and as many privates were here several days this week recruiting for any branch of the service except cavalry.

The steer market has been considerably off the past few days and good steers are not bringing within a good many dollars of what they were.

A revival meeting will begin at the Baptist church Sunday. W. Bowen will do the preaching. Prayermeeting has been held each night since Wednesday.

Soon it will be warm. You going to want one of those Kool-Suits—drop in and let's look them over, the prices are amazingly reasonable. Don't delay. Do it now. K. Burwell.

F. S. Moffett and son Ted were here from the Northern part of the county yesterday. They report flourishing conditions up that way and prospects never better for an immense cotton crop.

W. E. Rock and family and Claude Rock and family left this week to make San Antonio their home, having recently sold their farm on the Nueces. We regret to see these estimable people change their residence.

Philip Johnson left last week for North Texas. He was joined at Waco by Homer Widener. These boys intend to follow the wheat harvest from Texas to the Canadian border and will not be back home before sometime in the fall.

Misses Justice Graham, Ruth Tarver, Alice Kerr, Katherine Cohenour and Maurine Dyson attended the Commencement of the Devine High School this week.

Still left four patterns extraordinary values, in Royal Tailoring for \$25.00. Don't take a substitute, when you can get the real thing. It's just good judgment to be Royal Tailored, that's all K. Burwell.

A Troop of cavalry from Ft. Sam Houston came in Thursday evening and camped on the Nueces that night, returning to San Antonio yesterday. It is said the trip was made for the purpose of trying out some new pack saddles.

Summer is coming on. There are going to be lots of mosquitoes and flies because of so much rain, and in their wake usually follows sickness. Better be protected than sorry. See Manly Agency about a good Health and Accident policy.

Some farmers report cotton putting on young bolls and growing as fast as it could in the past ten days. The weather during all of April and the first of May was not favorable to cotton growing and as a rule the crop is backward.

W. B. Patton, banker of Fowlerton, accompanied by Mrs. Patton and little daughter, were here Wednesday on their way back from Laredo. Mr. Patton had been down to the border to get a lot of Mexican labor for the farms about Fowlerton.

The weather has been unusually warm for a week, but it is just the kind of weather that is needed for growing crops. Cotton has done better the past week than anytime heretofore, and farmers in most instances are getting their fields cleared of weeds. Every week increases the prospect for a bumper crop.

Roy and Louis Yaeger, sons of Henry Yaeger of Hebronville, were on Thursday's train enroute from overseas. Both were awarded Distinguished Service Crosses for extraordinary heroism in one of the big battles in France. Mrs. Jodie Earnest, their aunt, stated that the boys would visit her here in a few weeks.

T. B. Poole brought in a stalk of corn from his farm down the river this week that measured 12 feet and 10 inches high. Mr. Poole said this was not the largest stalk that he could find but simply a good average. He offered to wager that stalks could be found in the field that was two feet taller than this one. Every indication points to the best corn crop in this section that was ever raised.

KILL THE BLUE BUGS
And all blood sucking insects, by feeding Martin's Wonderful Blue Bug Killer to your chickens. Your money back if not absolutely satisfied. Ask Gaddis Pharmacy.

The editor was over at Fowlerton Thursday and crops are good over in that section of the county. Along the Frio river there are several hundred acres in alfalfa farms and the past two years the farmers have made good money out of this crop. This year an immense yield is being cut, and as the rainfall has been sufficient, the farmers have had no expense of irrigation.

OFFICIAL STATEMENT. of the Financial Condition of The First State Bank at Fowlerton, at the Close of Business May 12, 1919.

Loans and Discounts, personal or collateral	\$20,462.46
Overdrafts	1,063.66
Bonds and Stocks	100.00
Real estate (banking house)	2,500.00
Other Real Estate	1,240.00
Furniture and Fixtures	1,500.00
War Saving Stamps	13.36
Due from other Banks and Bankers, subject to check, net	4,179.42
Cash Items	165.00
Currency	372.00
Specie	738.31
Interest and Assess- ment Depositor's Guaranty Fund	942.83
Other Resources, Ex- penses	826.09
Total	\$34,103.13

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock paid in	\$10,000.00
Surplus Fund	1,731.58
Individual Deposits, subject to check	20,970.95
Time Certificates of Deposit	6.15
Cashier's Checks	394.45
Bills Payable and Re- discounts	1,000.00
Total	\$34,103.13

State of Texas, County of La-Salle:
We, Mary A. Patton, as President, and Eva Mae Shannon, as assistant cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.
Mary A. Patton, President.
Eva Mae Shannon, Asst. Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 19 day of May, A. D. 1919.

W. B. Patton,
Notary Public, La Salle County,
Texas.
Correct-Attest:
W. F. Sponseller,
M. H. Martin, Jr.,
W. B. Patton,
Directors.

CLASSIFIED.

FOR SALE—Second hand Johnson Row-binder, good running shape, and bargain at \$100. Would cost now \$250.00. S. F. Moffett, Dilley, Texas.

RANCH LOANS—Will make loans on first class ranch land on reasonable terms and an attractive rate. Large loans preferred. Before making your arrangements, write me.

Paul W. Jeffrey,
811-2 Scarbrough Bldg.,
Austin, Texas.

For Sale—Good single buggy, with top; one wagon and saddle. Apply Mrs. J. A. Copp.

FOR SALE—20 acres adjoining Gardendale, about five blocks from I. & G. N. R. R. Depot. Will accept Government Bonds in part payment, or make terms to suit. Make me an offer. Address, W. N. Coyner, St. Louis, Mo. 5090 Geraldine Ave.

Lost—One Brown horse mule, left hip knocked down, branded I C on neck. Notify R. O. Gouger or J. D. Ballard. Reward.

WANTED—Texas Agent for Texas Car and Truck. Good proposition in your territory. Write Sorrell & Evans, 217-219 Main avenue, San Antonio, Tex.

GET IT HERE

Anything you want in
**DRY GOODS AND
GROCERIES.**

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