

# The Cotulla Record

VOL 18 NO. 38

COTULLA, TEXAS, MARCH 1, 1919.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY

## DRAFT DESERTERS MUST SURRENDER WITHOUT DELAY.

Camp Travis, Tex., Feb 28th—Draft deserters must voluntarily surrender themselves to the nearest military authorities at once in order to avoid the humiliation of arrest. By order of the Secretary of War, General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff, has issued a circular setting forth the policy of the War Department to settle definitely the status of draft deserters.

The order of the President of November 11, 1918, directing suspension of mobilization and under the Selective Service Law, says the circular, provided specifically that it did not relieve from the consequence of his acts any registrant who had become delinquent or a deserter.

All department commanders camp commanders and other authorities competent to receive deserters, are instructed that they may accept all draft deserters who may be delivered to them in accordance with regulations.

In each case the authorities will make careful investigation, and where it is shown the man is not a willful deserter the charge of desertion will be set aside. But the charge of desertion will not be set aside unless such investigation by competent authority has been made and proper written recommendation has been made to the officer having court martial jurisdiction. All other draft deserters will be tried by general court martial. If proven guilty their separation from the service will not appear as honorable.

Physical examination shows such non-physically fit they may be discharged without trial provided in Army Regulations.

military authorities are preparing lists for publication of men considered as draft deserters. Until the lists are published the usual efforts toward apprehending and punishing draft deserters will be made. When these lists are published all draft deserters appearing thereon will be considered as any other deserters and action will be taken as prescribed in Army

## Deep Artesian Water Draw-back to Oil Development.

We have numerous inquiries asking about oil development in La Salle county. No drilling is now going on in the county nor have any drilling contracts been let so far. A number of drillers have looked over this county for contracts but the deep artesian water bluffs them off. Leases are being taken over the county by different concerns, the price being about 10 cents per acre, although most of the land leased was for \$20 per section bonus, by the Empire Gas & Oil Company. The cost of a well which would have to be at least 4000 feet deep would cost a great deal of money, and the structure through this part of the State, if there be one, will have to be more closely defined before any actual work will begin in the territory where it is known the artesian water is found at a depth of nearly 3000 feet. However, geologists believe that the oil belt to the Tampico field runs somewhere through this part of the state and some believe it comes through La Salle or McMullen county, and the general opinion is that at a depth of 4000 or 4500 feet plenty of oil will be found. Drilling is going on in some of the nearby counties. If oil is not found there it is likely that tests will be made in this county. Some of the best posted men believe that test holes will be put down in this county within the next year or two.

### Regulations.

The lists of deserters will serve not only to inform the police officials but to inform the deserter himself and his friends and acquaintances that a charge of desertion stands against him.

Pending further instructions all inquiries for information as to draft deserters will be referred to the adjutant general of the state concerned.

Commanding officers are allowed to use their own discretion as to whether draft deserters who voluntarily surrender shall be confined or merely retained within the limits of military jurisdiction pending the determination of their status.

## COMMITTEE WILL WORK TO KEEP TOWN CLEAN.

A meeting of the General Committee of the Cleanup Campaign was held Wednesday with the District Chairman, and reports received. The reports of the fifteen or twenty different chairmen showed that an immense lot of work had been done, and that the town was in a cleaner condition than it had been for a long time.

However, in several reports mention was made of property of non-residents which was in a dilapidated condition and an eyesore. One or more of these places exists in probably as many as ten of the districts of the town. The General Committee will take this matter up directly with the owners and endeavor to get the places cleaned up.

A report was made of the number of open cisterns in the town and it is expected that some plan will be devised to have all of the unused cisterns sealed up in some way so as to prevent the breeding of mosquitoes. Last year, way up in the winter months the town litterly swarmed with mosquitoes, which were a menace to the health of the people, and it is proposed this year to institute a systematic campaign to nip this nuisance and menace in the bud.

Mrs. F. I. Rock, Chairman of the campaign has notified all district chairmen that they were not yet discharged from their duties, because the damp weather has prevented much trash and brush from being burned, and they are urged to keep on the job until the job is finished. A movement is under way for the appointment of a permanent committee who will look after the sanitation and cleanliness of the town. The duties of such a committee which will likely be selected by the City Council and Parent Teachers Association to act in conjunction with the County Health Officer, will cover a wide scope, and would do much in preventing as well as the abatement of many nuisances.

Mrs. Rock is grateful for the whole-hearted co-operation of the people in this cleanup work and she asks that it not stop, until every unsanitary and unsightly place is cleaned out of the town.

## COMMENDED FOR COOLNESS IN BATTLE WITH SUB.

Roy Claunch Wins Honors For Second Time Since He Has Been in Navy.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 24.—Forty-one members of the gun crew and ammunition party of the American tanker Frank H. Buck have been commended by Secretary Daniels "for their coolness while on duty" during an engagement with an enemy submarine September 1 last. In making public today the names of those commended the Navy Department said that during the engagement, lasting half an hour, more than thirty shots were fired; that the twenty-eighth shot was a probable hit and the twenty-ninth a positive one, as the U-boat suddenly stopped firing and disappeared after her bow had risen in the air. Among those commended were Roy H. Claunch, Cotulla, Tex., and Walter W. Musgrave, Spofford, Tex.

At the time of the above submarine battle the Record published a letter from Roy Claunch giving a description of the fight. Claunch was sight-setter of the gun that did the work with the submarine.

This is the second instance in which young Claunch has been commended for bravery by Secretary Daniels since he has been in the Navy. Two years ago, while on a battleship on the West coast of Mexico, a man fell overboard and was rescued by young Claunch. It is a great honor to be commended for heroic deeds while in the country's service but to receive such commendation twice is an honor that few men get.

Cotulla takes her hat off to Roy!

## KEEP SIMPLE REMEDIES ON HAND

EVER had one of the family disturb you at night with violent cramps in the stomach, or sharp pains in the chest, or fainting spells and, suffering agony, keep awake? Most of us can be avoided by having on hand a few cheap medicines. We will gladly give you a list to procure and supply you with all the articles named. A simple cure in time may prevent the necessity of a serious one later on.



DO NOT NEGLECT THIS DUTY. Gaddis' Pharmacy.

### GUNTER HOTEL

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS

A PLACE TO STOP AT WORTH WHILE  
THE HOME OF ALL TEXAS.

PERCY TYRRELL, Manager

**Spinach Shipments.**  
A. J. Hanna shipped one car Spinach this week and Lacey, Marshall and McFarland 3. Phil Meyhirter shipped a mixed car of Spinach and Lettuce.

**Baptist Church**  
Regular services Sunday, Bro. King, our Missionary, will be with us at both services.  
W. L. Skinner.

**Called to Dilley Baptist Church.**  
Rev. M. L. Rone has been called by the Dilley Baptist Church and he and Mrs. Rone moved to that place this week. They take with them the best wishes of Cotulla people, and in their removal to Dilley that town gains two earnest workers for the spreading of the gospel of Christ.  
Good farm at Woodward for rent.—Manly Agency.

## An Extraordinary Opportunity

To buy Your Groceries and Dry Goods. All next week! Now is the time to lay in your month's supply. Some of these items we cannot buy at whole sale at the prices we are asking for them.

Flour, Extra Fancy Patent.....	\$ 1.65
Sugar, Extra Fine Granulated, per lb....	10 1-2
Coffee, 3 lb cans.....	1.00
Rice, Fancy Blue Rose, per lb.....	11
Matches, Searchlight, per box.....	05
Extracts, Pure Fruit, no alcohol.....	10
Soap, Swift White, per bar.....	05 1-2
" Crystal " " ".....	06 1 4
" Labor Saver, " " ".....	05
Syrup, Lassies, (corn syrup) per gal.....	80
" Koo Koo, (corn and cane) per gal....	95
Olives, Large size jar,.....	50
Olives, medium size,.....	20
Salad Oil, Mazola.....	40
Peaches, California, sliced.....	30
Vegetables for soup, per can.....	10
Milk Hominy, per can.....	15
Evaporated Milk, Carnation brand.....	08 1-3
Pancake Flour.....	15
Axle grease, per lb.....	10

Former Sale Prices on Dry Goods still in Effect.

**Simpson & Sons.**

# PRINCE ALBERT

the national joy smoke

**TALK** about smokes, Prince Albert is geared to a joyhandout standard that just lavishes smokehappiness on every man game enough to make a bee line for a tidy red tin and a jimmy pipe—old or new!

Get it straight that what you've hankered for in pipe or cigarette makin's smokes you'll find aplenty in P. A. *That's because P. A. has the quality!*

You can't any more make Prince Albert bite your tongue or parch your throat than you can make a horse drink when he's off the water! Bite and parch are cut out by our exclusive patented process!

You just lay back like a regular fellow and puff to beat the cards and wonder why in samhill you didn't nail a section in the P. A. smokepasture longer than you care to remember back!

Buy Prince Albert everywhere tobacco is sold. Tippy red bags, tidy red tins, handsome pound and half pound tin humidors—and—that clever, practical pound crystal glass humidor with sponge moistener top that keeps the tobacco in such perfect condition.

**R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N.C.**

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OLD AND NEW BATTLE NAMES

Hard to Bestow Appropriate Appellations Upon Conflicts Having Wide Fronts.

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But in the great war, where a battle extended over weeks of time over a forty-mile front, including many villages, and sometimes several objectives in the shape of big towns, the difficulty of naming a battle with a name that is universally recognized is extreme.

The names which have actually settled down completely and taken their places in history are the battle of the Marne, the two battles of Ypres, the battle of Verdun, the battle of the Somme, the battle of Jutland, the battle of the Somme, and that seems almost all.

The battles of the later phases of the war have hardly settled down to a name yet. Probably the battle in which the Vimy ridge was stormed will be known as Arras; but the battle of Messines will probably be a sticker, just as the Chemin des Dames will live in French annals for all times.

Perhaps the great battle which at the time seemed disastrous to British arms, commencing on March 21, 1918, will go down to history as the battle of Amiens, while the battle of Cambrai may stand for all that heroic recovery which brought the British to their final victory.

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When he was talking with this man, another man came in sneezing and coughing and inquired of Mr. Andrus whether he thought a Turkish bath would prevent a fellow from getting a bad case of the influenza.

By this time Andrus said to the attendant: "Get me out of here as quickly as possible. I have given about as much time as I care to presiding at the flu conference in Indianapolis."—Indianapolis News.

President to Get Rare Book.

An ancient book has been sent to President Wilson by Postmaster General Tordil of Florence who is a collector of rare manuscripts. The book is a rare edition of the life of Christopher Columbus and was written by Fernandez, a son of the discoverer of America, and was published at Venice in 1571. Plans had been made to have the book presented to President Wilson on Columbus day.

Wonder What Poe Got for It.

Quite a while ago an author, Edgar Allan Poe, contributed a story to Graham's Library of Fiction, No. 1. But it hardly occurred to him that some day a collector would pick up an old copy of that periodical for 25 cents and presently sell it to somebody else for \$1,000. Probably it is just as well that it did not, for the knowledge might have disconcerted him with his own modest emolument for writing a classic.

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The Lives of a Cat.

A mother had two sons, one in France, the other attending a university near home. The son in France was wounded and naturally the mother felt grieved over the incident, and being of an excitable nature, telephoned her other son: "John, come home at once. Ted is at the front being killed every minute."

NOW WE MAY KNOW BOSWELL

Description of Biographer, Written by Himself, Reveals Him as Very Human.

How pleasant it is to know that Boswell, who we have always thought was merely a kind of animated notebook, was a droll, vain, bibulous, warm-hearted creature, a good deal of a Popsy, in fact, says Collier's Weekly. A. Edward Newton's entertaining "Amenities of Book Collecting," a volume of essays which shows that a business man can write better literature than a hundred professors mulled into one, makes Boswell very human! How jolly to hear that Boswell wrote press notices about himself! Here is one of his own blurbs, which we quote from Mr. Newton's book:

"Boswell, the author, is a most excellent man; he is of an ancient family in the west of Scotland, upon which he values himself not a little. At his nativity there appeared omens of his future greatness. His parts are bright, and his education has been good. He has traveled in post chaises miles without number. He is fond of seeing much of the world. He eats of every good dish, especially apple pie. He drinks old hock. He has a very fine temper. He is somewhat of a humorist and a little tinged with pride. He has a good, manly self-contenance, and he owes himself to be amorous. He has infinite vivacity, yet is observed at times to have a melancholy cast. He is rather fat than lean, rather short than tall, rather young than old. His shoes are neatly made, and he never wears spectacles."

This brings the excellent Boswell very very close to us indeed; he might almost be a member of the Authors' league. Especially apple pie, bless his heart.

WORRY "CONDIMENT OF LIFE"

A Little of It Excellent, but It Must Not Be Enduring or Excessive.

Unless a man has a little worry apathy, indifference and the mechanical physical disinclination to do your utmost without stint will be lacking. Without this condiment of life, this salt of the human cosmos, "we see to what absurd yet tragic physical lengths he is driven by the whip of that still vigorous tyrant, his self-inclination to fight." This thrilling force, which one time had been used squarely and successfully against the real world enemy, is now absorbed in trivial and self-debasing skirmishes with the grotesque bolsheviki of his imagination.

In other words, if a man has a variety of anxious explosive outlets via his muscles and intellect, such as driving, tennis, swimming, dancing, competition, golf and the like, these act as safety valves for the multitude of impulses and reactions which habit and custom have compressed out of his external activities.

Worry, of course, if not enduring or excessive. For the average man set in society, in work and in his family circle it takes the place of larger and better outlets for his distressed initiative.

Chinese Woman Encoffined Alive.

An unusual case of filial ingratitude is reported from Huchow, China, in the Tokyo (Japan) Advertiser. A very aged woman lived with her son's family, who were so poor that they did not have necessary food. To reduce expenses, the son, forgetting his country's traditions regarding filial piety, conceived of disposing of his aged mother. He secured a coffin, placed his mother therein, without protest on her part, nailed on the cover and deposited the coffin in a vacant lot. Neighbors informed the police, and the coffin was taken to the station house, where it was opened. The woman was still breathing, and when removed asked: "Why did you disturb me? I am a burden to my son and do not want to live. Please put me back in the box and let me die." The request was refused, and officials are detaining both mother and son in the yamen awaiting a judicial disposition of the case.

Algerian Grain Production.

Methods of grain production used in Algeria are very similar to those used in Utah, Idaho and eastern Washington. Owing to the light rainfall much of the land is cropped only alternate years, a clean fallow being maintained during the summer preceding the sowing of the crop. In more favorable situations it is often customary to produce two or three grain crops in successive years, allowing the land to lie fallow one year in four or one year in five.

Speaking generally, the soils of the grain-growing regions are rather heavy and are very productive when the rainfall is adequate. Some of the lands are underlain by calcareous hardpan, which it is sometimes necessary to break up by an occasional deep plowing in order to secure maximum production.

Making Arrangements.

A stray but friendly cat wandered to the front door of a home where lived Charles, an only child. The little fellow was pleased with his new visitor, and was endeavoring to welcome him by bringing him into the house, when the mother appeared on the scene. She told the child that the cat was not allowed in the house. Immediately after the cautioning and while the cat was on the front porch Charles went to the door and said: "Say, kitty, you come around to the back door and I'll meet you there."

Is the Young Safe?—A Talk to Fathers and Young Men.

By Theo. M. Hull, M. D., San Antonio.

Editor's Note—Our Government has started a nation-wide fight against Social Diseases, and the curtain of secrecy surrounding these matters is being lifted as the best method of combating the menace. Our State officials have recently sent out a great deal of literature on the subject, and this article is published at the request of the County Health Officer. It is taken from the Medical Annals

The census report for 1910 gives for the registration area over 3,200 deaths from syphilis. Over one-half of these were infants under one year. This number represents those in which the direct cause of death is admitted to be syphilis. While syphilitic infection in man is followed by terrible consequences, and the same infection in woman by the same and other consequences, the most disastrous effects fall upon the offspring. The disease in this class of cases is often spoken of as hereditary syphilis. Morrow says that "no other disease is so susceptible of hereditary transmission, so pronounced in its influence, and so fatal to the offspring." There are probably very few people who realize the terrible influence of chronic disease on infant mortality and morbidity. When nearly twenty per cent of all infants born die during the first year of their existence, such a condition constitutes very nearly a national calamity. Just how much of this mortality is due to any one specific cause no one can estimate, but, directly or indirectly, syphilis is a potent factor. Fournier states that in 200 marriages where the man had latent syphilis and the woman remained uninfected (?) 403 pregnancies occurred. Of these 288 resulted in living children, and 115 resulted in abortions, stillbirths and infants dying in a few days after birth; 28 per cent died as a result of the paternal latent infection. In fourteen marriages of syphilitic men (active), 45 pregnancies occurred. There resulted 8 living children, 6 whom were syphilitic; 29 abortions, stillbirths etc.

When a gonorrhoea begins, but we know neither when nor how it will finish." It is not the simple harmless disease, even in man, it was once thought to be. Its systemic effects may compromise his health and even endanger his life. From a local urethritis, the inflammation may extend to the bladder and kidneys, with serious consequences. Even blindness and rheumatism may be the price exacted. Sterility, another result, is much more frequent in men than is commonly supposed. Kehren found in 96 childless marriages, the husband was sterile in 30 per cent of the cases. It is said by some authorities that in one-half of sterile marriages the cause may be traced to the husband's gonorrhoea.

Suppose this young man, thinking himself cured, marries. Noeggerath points out that 90 per cent of men with gonorrhoea marry uncured. What penalty must the woman pay for her blind faith in man? It is a sad tale of woe. Less terrible woes have been the cause of armed conflicts. The effects of gonorrhoea on the woman have not until recently received any serious study. Even from the beginning, the infection is a most serious matter. From its primary seat in the cervical mucosa, it may spread to the endometrium, later invading the fallopian tube, the ovaries and the peritoneum. With this begins the long train of woes to which the woman may be subject,—ill health, sterility, pelvic inflammation preceding surgical operations, and sometimes even death. Each menstrual epoch becomes a period of danger of spreading infection, and pregnancy a danger even to the gonorrhoeal woman's life.

nance of institutions for the care of such?

The second factor in the venereal peril to which I wish to call your attention is gonorrhoea. It is a contagious disease due to another micro-organism, and is contracted under much the same conditions of promiscuous sexual relations. Its origin, also in all probability like the origin of many other infectious diseases, is concealed in the mist that enshrouds the dawn of civilization. Today it is the most wide-spread of all the contagious diseases. Like syphilis, it has no respect for social position and ramifies through every class of society. Most of our actual knowledge of this disease dates from the discovery of the gonococcus in 1879 by Neisser. The result of modern studies shows it to be a much more serious disease than commonly thought to be, even by the profession itself.

Suppose now again, for the sake of the discussion, that your son, escaping the graver infection, syphilis, contracts gonorrhoea. Where did he get it? From a prostitute. Morrow says that 75 per cent of the adult male population have had this disease at one time or another. Noeggerath asserts that 800 in every 1,000 married men in New York have or have had gonorrhoea. Some contract the disease as early as the fifteenth year. At least 10 per cent is said to be contracted during the academic age. Among the poorer classes 13 per cent contract it before the twentieth year. From this grave condition serious consequences must flow. These fall upon the man, the woman and the child. An American says, "We know when a gonorrhoea begins, but we know neither when nor how it will finish." It is not the simple harmless disease, even in man, it was once thought to be. Its systemic effects may compromise his health and even endanger his life. From a local urethritis, the inflammation may extend to the bladder and kidneys, with serious consequences. Even blindness and rheumatism may be the price exacted. Sterility, another result, is much more frequent in men than is commonly supposed. Kehren found in 96 childless marriages, the husband was sterile in 30 per cent of the cases. It is said by some authorities that in one-half of sterile marriages the cause may be traced to the husband's gonorrhoea.

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[To be concluded next week.]

All Smoking Tobaccos are Flavored

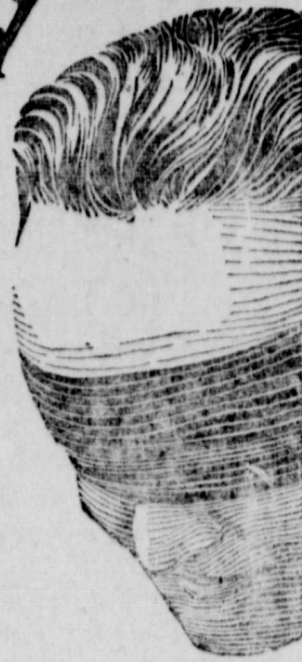
"Your Nose Knows"

The Encyclopaedia Britannica says about the manufacture of smoking tobacco, "... on the Continent and in America certain 'sauces' are employed... the use of the 'sauces' is to improve the flavour and burning qualities of the leaves."

Your smoke-enjoyment depends as much upon the Quality and kind of flavoring used as upon the Quality and aging of the tobacco.

Tuxedo tobacco uses the purest, most wholesome and delicious of all flavorings—chocolate! That flavoring, added to the finest of carefully aged and blended burley tobacco, produces Tuxedo—the perfect tobacco—

"Your Nose Knows."



Try This Test: Rub a little Tuxedo briskly in the palm of your hand to bring out its full aroma. Then smell it deep—its delicious, pure fragrance will convince you. Try this test with any other tobacco and we will let Tuxedo stand or fall on your judgment—"Your Nose Knows."

Tuxedo

The Perfect Tobacco for Pipe and Cigarettes

Guaranteed by The American Cigarette Co.



The Farmers and Stockmans BANK

(Incorporated) of Cotulla, La Salle County, Texas.

Wants Your Business for 1919.

J. H. ZACHRY, Manager

J. H. GALLMAN, Assistant Manager

MONEY TO LEND

On Farms and Ranches.

Unlimited Funds. No Delay.

E. B. CHANDLER,

102 East Crockett St. San Antonio, Texas.

THE AMERICAN BARBER SHOP

W. L. PEASE, Proprietor

Modern Hair Cuts, Shampoo, Massage, Hot and Cold Bath. A pleasure to shave here. Agency for White Star Laundry.

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COTULLA, TEXAS

We Sell for Cash

WE CAN SELL CHEAPER.

GROCERIES AND GRAIN

Bring the Money and Get More.

W. H. FULLERTON & SON

John W. Willson

Attorney at Law

Will practice in all Courts

REAL ESTATE AGENCY.

COTULLA, TEXAS.

DR. R. L. GRAHAM

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Office One Door North Gaddis Pharmacy

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NOW WE MAY KNOW BOSWELL

Description of Biographer, Written by Himself, Reveals Him as Very Human.

How pleasant it is to know that Boswell, who we have always thought was merely a kind of animated notebook, was a droll, vain, bibulous, warm-hearted creature, a good deal of a Peppys, in fact, says Collier's Weekly. A. Edward Newton's entertaining "Amelities of Book Collecting," a volume of essays which shows that a business man can write better literature than a hundred professors mullied into one, makes Boswell very human!

"Boswell, the author, is a most excellent man; he is of an ancient family in the west of Scotland, upon which he values himself not a little. At his nativity there appeared omens of his future greatness. His parts are bright, and his education has been good. He has traveled in post chaises miles without number. He is fond of seeing much of the world. He eats of every good dish, especially apple pie. He drinks old hock. He has a very fine temper. He is somewhat of a humorist and a little tinctured with pride. He has a good, manly countenance, and he owns himself to be amorous. He has infinite vivacity, yet is observed at times to have a melancholy cast. He is rather fat than lean, rather short than tall, rather young than old. His shoes are neatly made, and he never wears spectacles."

This brings the excellent Boswell very very close to us indeed; he might almost be a member of the Authors' league. Especially apple pie, bless his heart.

WORRY "CONDIMENT OF LIFE"

A Little of It Excellent, but It Must Not Be Enduring or Excessive.

Unless a man has a little worry apathy, indifference and the mechanical physical disinclination to do your utmost without stint will be lacking. Without this condiment of life, this salt of the human cosmos, "we see to what absurd yet tragic physical lengths he is driven by the whip of that still vigorous tyrant, his self-interest to fight." This thrilling force, which one time had been used squarely and successfully against the real world enemy, is now absorbed in trivial and self-debasing skirmishes with the grotesque bolsheviki of his imagination.

In other words, if a man has a variety of anxious explosive outlets in his muscles and intellect, such as driving, tennis, swimming, dancing, competition, golf and the like, these act as safety valves for the multitude of impulses and reactions which habit and custom have compressed out of his external activities.

Worry, none of these, if not enduring or excessive. For the average man set in society, in work and in his family circle it takes the place of larger and better outlets for his destroyed initiative.

Chinese Woman Encoffined Alive.

An unusual case of filial ingratitude is reported from Huchow, China, in the Tokyo (Japan) Advertiser. A very aged woman lived with her son's family, who were so poor that they did not have necessary food. To reduce expenses, the son, forgetting his country's traditions regarding filial piety, conceived of disposing of his aged mother. He secured a coffin, placed his mother therein, without protest on her part, nailed on the cover and deposited the coffin in a vacant lot. Neighbors informed the police, and the coffin was taken to the station house, where it was opened. The woman was still breathing and when removed asked: "Why did you disturb me? I am a burden to my son and do not want to live. Please put me back in the box and let me die." The request was refused, and officials are detaining both mother and son in the yamen awaiting a judicial disposition of the case.

Algerian Grain Production.

Methods of grain production used in Algeria are very similar to those used in Utah, Idaho and eastern Washington. Owing to the light rainfall much of the land is cropped only alternate years, a clean fallow being maintained during the summer preceding the sowing of the crop. In more favorable situations it is often customary to produce two or three grain crops in successive years, allowing the land to lie fallow one year in four or one year in five.

Speaking generally, the soils of the grain-growing regions are rather heavy and are very productive when the rainfall is adequate. Some of the lands are underlain by calcareous hardpan, which it is sometimes necessary to break up by an occasional deep plowing in order to secure maximum production.

Making Arrangements.

A stray but friendly cat wandered to the front door of a home where lived Charles, an only child. The little fellow was pleased with his new visitor, and was endeavoring to welcome him by bringing him into the house, when the mother appeared on the scene. She told the child that the cat was not allowed in the house. Immediately after the cautioning and while the cat was on the front porch Charles went to the door and said: "Say, kitty, you come around to the back door and I'll meet you there."

Is the Young Safe?--A Talk to Fathers and Young Men.

By Theo. M. Hull, M. D., San Antonio.

Editor's Note--Our Government has started a nation-wide fight against Social Diseases, and the curtain of secrecy surrounding these matters is being lifted as the best method of combating the menace. Our State officials have recently sent out a great deal of literature on the subject, and this article is published at the request of the County Health Officer. It is taken from the Medical Annals

The census report for 1910 gives for the registration area over 3,200 deaths from syphilis. Over one-half of these were infants under one year. This number represents those in which the direct cause of death is admitted to be syphilis. While syphilitic infection in man is followed by terrible consequences, and the same infection in woman by the same and other consequences, the most disastrous effects fall upon the offspring. The disease in this class of cases is often spoken of as hereditary syphilis. Morrow says that "no other disease is so susceptible of hereditary transmission, so pronounced in its influence, and so fatal to the offspring." There are probably very few people who realize the terrible influence of chronic disease on infant mortality and morbidity. When nearly twenty per cent of all infants born during the first year of their existence, such a condition constitutes very nearly a national calamity. Just how much of this mortality is due to any one specific cause no one can estimate, but, directly or indirectly, syphilis is a potent factor. Fourteen states that in 200 marriages where the man had latent syphilis and the woman remained uninfected (?) 403 pregnancies occurred. Of these 288 resulted in living children, and 115 resulted in abortions, stillbirths and infants dying in a few days after birth; 28 per cent died as a result of the paternal latent infection. In fourteen marriages of syphilitic men (active), 45 pregnancies occurred. There resulted 8 living children, 6 of whom were syphilitic; 29 abortions, stillbirths, etc.

When a gonorrhoea begins, but we know neither when nor how it will finish." It is not the simple harmless disease, even in man, it was once thought to be. Its systemic effects may compromise his health and even endanger his life. From a local urethritis, the inflammation may extend to the bladder and kidneys, with serious consequences. Even blindness and rheumatism may be the price exacted. Sterility, another result, is much more frequent in men than is commonly supposed. Kehren found in 96 childless marriages, the husband was sterile in 30 per cent of the cases. It is said by some authorities that in one-half of sterile marriages the cause may be traced to the husband's gonorrhoea.

Suppose this young man, thinking himself cured, marries. Noeggerath points out that 90 per cent of men with gonorrhoea marry uncured. What penalty must the woman pay for her blind faith in man? It is a sad tale of woe. Less terrible woes have been the cause of armed conflicts. The effects of gonorrhoea on the woman have not until recently received any serious study. Even from the beginning, the infection is a most serious matter. From its primary seat in the cervical mucosa, it may spread to the endometrium, later invading the fallopian tube, the ovaries and the peritoneum. With this begins the long train of woes to which the woman may be subject,—ill health, sterility, pelvic inflammation preceding surgical operations, and sometimes even death. Each menstrual epoch becomes a period of danger of spreading infection, and pregnancy a danger even to the gonorrhoeal woman's life.

Neither society nor the State escape paying a high penalty for its blindness and seeming unwillingness to treat the venereal peril openly. It is said that 10 to 12-1-2 per cent of all sickness directly or indirectly may be traced to syphilis. What per cent of the patrons of charity organizations, what per cent of the inmates of our poor houses, and what per cent of the insane are victims of syphilis? What is the public expense for the maintenance of institutions for the care of such?

The second factor in the venereal peril to which I wish to call your attention is gonorrhoea. It is a contagious disease due to another micro-organism, and is contracted under much the same conditions of promiscuous sexual relations. Its origin, also in all probability like the origin of many other infectious diseases, is concealed in the mist that enshrouds the dawn of civilization. Today it is the most wide-spread of all the contagious diseases. Like syphilis, it has no respect for social position and ramifies through every class of society. Most of our actual knowledge of this disease dates from the discovery of the gonococcus in 1879 by Neisser. The result of modern studies shows it to be a much more serious disease than commonly thought to be, even by the profession itself. Suppose now again, for the sake of the discussion, that your son, escaping the graver infection, syphilis, contracts gonorrhoea. Where did he get it? From a prostitute. Morrow says that 75 per cent of the adult male population have had this disease at one time or another. Noeggerath asserts that 800 in every 1,000 married men in New York have or have had gonorrhoea. Some contract the disease as early as the fifteenth year. At least 10 per cent is said to be contracted during the academic age. Among the poorer classes 13 per cent contract it before the twentieth year. From this grave condition serious consequences must flow. These fall upon the man, the woman and the child. An

All Smoking Tobaccos are Flavored

"Your Nose Knows"

The Encyclopaedia Britannica says about the manufacture of smoking tobacco, "... on the Continent and in America certain 'sauces' are employed... the use of the 'sauces' is to improve the flavour and burning qualities of the leaves."

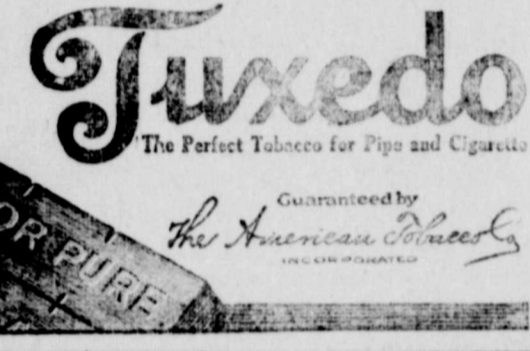
Your smoke-enjoyment depends as much upon the Quality and kind of flavoring used as upon the Quality and aging of the tobacco.

Tuxedo tobacco uses the purest, most wholesome and delicious of all flavorings—chocolate! That flavoring, added to the finest of carefully aged and blended burley tobacco, produces Tuxedo—the perfect tobacco—

"Your Nose Knows."



Try This Test: Rub a little Tuxedo briskly in the palm of your hand to bring out its full aroma. Then smell it deep—its delicious, pure fragrance will convince you. Try this test with any other tobacco and we will let Tuxedo stand or fall on your judgment—"Your Nose Knows."



The Farmers and Stockmans BANK (unincorporated) of Cotulla, La Salle County, Texas. Wants Your Business for 1919. J. H. ZACHRY, Manager J. H. GALLMAN, Assistant Manager. MONEY TO LEND On Farms and Ranches. Unlimited Funds. No Delay. E. B. CHANDLER, 102 East Crockett St. San Antonio, Texas.

THE AMERICAN BARBER SHOP W. L. PEASE, Proprietor Modern Hair Cuts, Shampoo, Massage, Hot and Cold Bath A pleasure to Shave here Agency for White Star Laundry. FRONT STREET. COTULLA, TEXAS

We Sell for Cash WE CAN SELL CHEAPER. GROCERIES AND GRAIN Bring the Money and Get More. W. H. FULLERTON & SON

John W. Willson Attorney at Law Will practice in all Courts REAL ESTATE AGENCY. COTULLA, TEXAS.

DR. R. L. GRAHAM Physician and Surgeon. Office One Door North Gaddis Pharmacy COTULLA, TEXAS.

[To be concluded next week.]

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION

Prohibiting the Manufacture and Sale of Intoxicating Liquors.

House Joint Resolution No. 1.

A resolution proposing to amend the Constitution of the State of Texas, by amending Article 16, Section 26 thereof by striking out and repealing said section and substituting in lieu thereof a new Section 29, prohibiting the manufacture, sale, barter or exchange in the State of Texas of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors or medicated bitters capable of producing intoxication, or any other intoxicant whatever, except for medicinal, mechanical, scientific or sacramental purposes, and providing that the Legislature shall enact laws to enforce this section; providing that, until the Legislature shall prescribe other or different regulations on the subject of the sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors or medicated bitters, capable of producing intoxication, or any other intoxicant whatever, for medicinal purposes shall be made only in cases of actual sickness, and then only upon prescription of a regular practicing physician, subject to certain regulations with reference to the same; providing that this amendment shall be self-operating, and until the Legislature shall provide other or different penalties, the violation of any part of this constitutional provision shall be deemed a felony punishable by confinement in the penitentiary for a term of years specified, without the benefit of any law providing for suspended sentence; conferring authority upon the District Courts and Judges thereof, under their equity powers, to issue upon suit of the Attorney General injunctions against infractions or threatened infractions of any part of this constitutional provision; providing that, without affecting the provisions herein, intoxicating liquors are declared to be subject to the general police power of this State; declaring that the Legislature shall have power to pass any additional prohibitory laws in aid thereof which it may deem advisable; fixing the time for the election for the adoption or rejection of said proposed constitutional amendment and prescribing certain rules and regulations with reference to the same; declaring that the provisions of the General Election Law shall govern in all respects as to qualification of electors and method of holding the election and in all other respects where applicable; directing proclamation for the election and making certain provisions for the election and ballots thereof and method of voting; prescribing certain duties for the Governor of the State; and making an appropriation to carry out this resolution.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Article 16 of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended by striking out and repealing Section 29 thereof and substituting in lieu of said Section 29 the following:

Sec. 29. (a) The manufacture, sale, barter and exchange in the State of Texas, of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors or medicated bitters capable of producing intoxication, or any other intoxicant whatever, except for medicinal, mechanical, scientific or sacramental purposes, are each and all hereby prohibited.

The Legislature shall enact laws to enforce this section.

(b) Until the Legislature shall prescribe other or different regulations on the subject of the sale of spirituous, vinous or malt liquors, or medicated bitters, capable of producing intoxication, or any other intoxicant whatever, for medicinal purposes shall be made only in cases of actual sickness, and then only upon prescription of a regular practicing physician, subject to the regulations applicable to sales under prescriptions in prohibited territory by virtue of Article 598, Chapter 7, Title 11, of the Penal Code of the State of Texas.

(c) This amendment is self-operating, and until the Legislature shall prescribe other or different penalties, any person, acting for himself or in behalf of another, or in behalf of any partnership, corporation or association of persons, who shall, after the adoption of this amendment, violate any part of this constitutional provision shall be deemed guilty of a felony, and shall, upon conviction in a prosecution commenced, carried on and concluded in the manner prescribed by law in cases of felonies, be punished by confinement in the penitentiary for a period of time not less than one year nor more than five years, without the benefit of any law providing for suspended sentence. And the district courts and the judges thereof, under their equity powers, shall have the authority to issue, upon suit of the Attorney General, injunctions against infractions or threatened infractions of any part of this constitutional provision.

(d) Without affecting the provisions herein, intoxicating liquors are declared to be subject to the general police power of the State; and the Legislature shall have the power to pass any additional prohibitory laws, or laws in aid thereof, which it may deem advisable.

(e) Liability for violating any liquor laws in force at the time of the adoption of this amendment shall not be affected by this amendment, and all remedies, civil and criminal, for such violations shall be preserved.

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors for members of the Legislature at an election to be held throughout the State of Texas on the fourth Saturday in May, being the twenty-fourth day thereof, A. D. 1919.

At said election, the vote shall be by official ballot, which shall have printed or written on the top thereof in plain letters the words, "Official Ballot." Said ballot shall have also written or printed thereon the words, "For Prohibition," and the words, "Against Prohibition."

All voters favoring said proposed amendment shall erase the words "Against Prohibition" by making a mark through the same, and those opposing it shall erase the words, "For Prohibition," by making a mark through the same.

If a majority of the votes cast at said election shall be "For Prohibition," said amendment shall be declared adopted. If a majority of the votes shall be "Against Prohibition," said amendment shall be lost, and so declared.

All the provisions of the General Election Laws as amended and in force at the time of said election shall hold shall govern in all respects as to the qualifications of the electors, the method of holding such election, and all other respects, so far as such election laws can be made applicable.

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State.

Sec. 4. The sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of such proclamation and election.

GEO. F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

(A true copy.)

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION.

Giving the Legislature Power to Give or Lend, or Authorize the Giving or Lending, of the Credit of the State for the Purpose of Assisting Citizens, Heads of Families, to Acquire or Improve Their Homes.

House Joint Resolution No. 19.

To amend Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, to provide that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend, or authorize the giving or lending, of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes; authorizing the State to acquire, improve, sell or lease real estate or assist such citizens to acquire or improve their homes upon terms and conditions prescribed by the Legislature; authorizing the Legislature to create such agencies as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of this section; providing that obligations created under this section shall never be taxed; and providing that the Legislature shall have authority to provide a method of securing any deferred payments for lands purchased hereunder, and that such obligations shall be secured in addition to the usual liens by an annual assessment collected as a tax against the land; and providing that the Legislature shall have no power to relieve any person from any obligation entered into under this provision or any statute enacted thereunder; and providing for the classification of lands acquired under this Act, and limiting acreage sold to any one person where lands are classed as agricultural.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 50, of Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, be so amended that the same will read and hereafter be as follows:

Sec. 50. The Legislature shall have no power to give or to lend, or to authorize the giving or lending, of the credit of the State in aid of or to any person, association, or corporation, whether municipal or otherwise, to pledge the credit of the State in any manner whatsoever, for the payment of the liabilities, present or prospective, of any individuals, association of individuals, municipal or other corporation, whatsoever, except that the Legislature shall have the power to give or to lend, or to authorize the giving or lending, of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families and who will become in good faith actual occupants to acquire or improve their homes; and for this purpose the State is authorized to acquire, improve, sell or lease real estate or assist such citizens to acquire or improve their homes upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and subject to such limitations as the Legislature may from time to time prescribe. Provided that no land shall be acquired by the State under the terms of this amendment to the Constitution until the said lands are examined, and the value of said lands is appraised and ascertained as to its actual value for agricultural purposes, by a commission hereinafter authorized, composed of the Governor, Attorney General, Land Commissioner, Comptroller of Public Accounts and the State Treasurer; and their report shall be available to all prospective land purchasers. The Legislature shall have authority to create by law such agencies as may be deemed necessary to effect the purposes of this Act. Obligations created under this section shall never be taxed, and the Legislature shall have authority to provide a method of securing deferred payments for lands purchased hereunder, and in addition to the usual liens may secure the same by an annual assessment collected as a tax against the land; provided, however, the Legislature shall have no power to relieve any person from any obligation entered into with the State under this provision or any statute enacted hereunder. The terms of this Act shall not apply, or be extended to any person who is not a bona fide resident citizen of the State of Texas and who has not been such citizen at least two years prior to the extension of such aid, nor shall the terms of this Act ever be applied to any lands outside of the State of Texas. Provided further that all land acquired by the State under the provisions of this section for which the State may lend its credit shall be classed as agricultural lands or otherwise, and if classed as agricultural lands, then no more than 200 acres shall be sold to any one person under the provisions herein.

Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors of the State of Texas at an election to be held throughout the State on the 24th day of May, A. D. 1919, at which election all voters favoring said proposed amendment shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "For the amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or

authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes," and all those opposed shall write or have printed on their ballots the words: "Against the amendment to Section 50, Article 3, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing that the Legislature shall have power to give or lend or authorize the giving or lending of the credit of the State for the purpose of assisting citizens who are heads of families to acquire or improve their homes."

Sec. 3. The Governor of the State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for said election and to have same published as required by the Constitution and existing laws of the State.

Sec. 4. That the sum of \$5000.00, or so much thereof as may be necessary, if hereby appropriated out of any funds in the Treasury of the State not otherwise appropriated to pay the expenses of such publication and election.

GEO. F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

(Attest: A true copy.)

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE STATE CONSTITUTION PROVIDING FOR AND RELATING TO EQUAL SUFFRAGE.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 7.

Proposing to amend Section 3, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas so that it shall hereafter, in substance, provide that every person male or female, subject to no constitutional disqualifications, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years, and who shall be a citizen of the United States, and who shall reside in this State one year next preceding an election and the last six months within the district or county in which he offers to vote shall be deemed a qualified elector; provided electors shall vote in the election precinct of their residence; and declaring that the electors living in any unorganized county may vote at any election precinct in the county to which such county is attached for judicial purposes; providing that any voter who is subject to pay a poll tax under the laws of the State of Texas shall have paid said tax before he or she shall offer to vote at any election in this State and hold a receipt showing that poll tax has been paid before the first day of February next preceding such election; declaring that if said voter shall have lost or misplaced such tax receipt, he or she shall be entitled to vote, upon making affidavit that such tax receipt has been lost which affidavit must be in writing and left with the judge of the election. And declaring that all laws now on the statutes relating to qualified voters and governing and regulating elections shall apply to male and female voters alike; and all laws relating to elections shall remain in full force and effect until changed or modified by the Legislature, and declaring that this amendment to the Constitution shall be self-enacting.

Be it resolved by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section 2, of Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas be amended so that hereafter said section shall read as follows, to wit:

Section 2. Every person, male or female, subject to none of the foregoing disqualifications, who shall have attained the age of twenty-one years and who shall be a citizen of the United States, and who shall have resided in this State one year next preceding an election and the last six months within the district or county in which he offers to vote, shall be deemed a qualified elector; and all electors shall vote in the election precinct of their residence; provided, that electors living in any unorganized county may vote at any election precinct in the county to which such county is attached for judicial purposes; and provided further, that any voter who is subject to pay a poll tax under the laws of the State of Texas shall have paid said tax before he or she offers to vote at any election in this State and hold a receipt showing such poll tax paid before the first day of February next preceding such election. Or if said voter shall have lost or misplaced said tax receipt, he or she shall be entitled to vote, upon making affidavit before an officer authorized to administer oaths that such tax receipt has been lost. Such affidavit shall be made in writing and left with the judge of the election. All laws now on the statutes of this State regulating and relating to qualified voters in both primary and general elections shall apply to male and female voters, and shall be in effect further, the statutes are changed or amended by the Legislature. And the amendment to the Constitution shall be self-enacting without the necessity of further legislation.

Sec. 3. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to the vote of the qualified electors for members of the Legislature at an election to be held for such purpose on the fourth Saturday in May, A. D. 1919, the same being the twenty-fourth day of said month; at said election, the votes shall be placed on an official ballot which shall have printed, or written, thereon the words, "For the amendment to Section 2, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters," and also the words, "Against the amendment to Section 2, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters." All voters favoring this proposed constitutional amendment shall erase the words "Against the amendment to Section 2, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas," and those opposing it shall erase the words, "For the amendment to Section 2, Article 6, of the Constitution of the State of Texas, providing qualifications for male and female voters," which said erasures shall be made by making a mark with a pencil, or pen through said words. All ballots cast, as above provided, shall be counted as cast for or against a proposed amendment, and if a majority shall be for the amendment it shall be declared adopted; if a majority of the votes cast shall be

against the amendment, said amendment shall be lost. All provisions of the general election laws, as amended and enforced at the time said election is held, shall govern in all respects as to the qualifications of the electors, the method of holding such elections, and in all other respects so far as such election laws can be made applicable.

Sec. 4. The Governor of this State is hereby directed to issue the necessary proclamation for such election and have same published as required by the Constitution and Laws of this State.

Sec. 5. The sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00) Dollars, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any funds in the State Treasury, not otherwise appropriated, to defray the expenses of such proclamation, publication and election.

GEO. F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

(A true copy.)

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT.

Senate Joint Resolution No. 13.

A resolution to amend Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas as follows: Strike out the words "Four Thousand," found in the third line of Section 5, and insert in lieu thereof the words "Ten Thousand," and adding after the word "furniture" the words, "and this clause shall be self-enacting," and making an appropriation to pay necessary expenses hereof.

Be it Resolved, by the Legislature of the State of Texas:

Section 1. That Section No. 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas be so amended as hereafter to read as follows:

Section 5. ARTICLE IV. GOVERNOR'S SALARY AND MANSION. He shall at stated times receive as compensation for his service an annual salary of ten thousand dollars, and no more, and shall have the use and occupation of the Governor's Mansion, fixtures and furniture, and this clause shall be self-enacting.

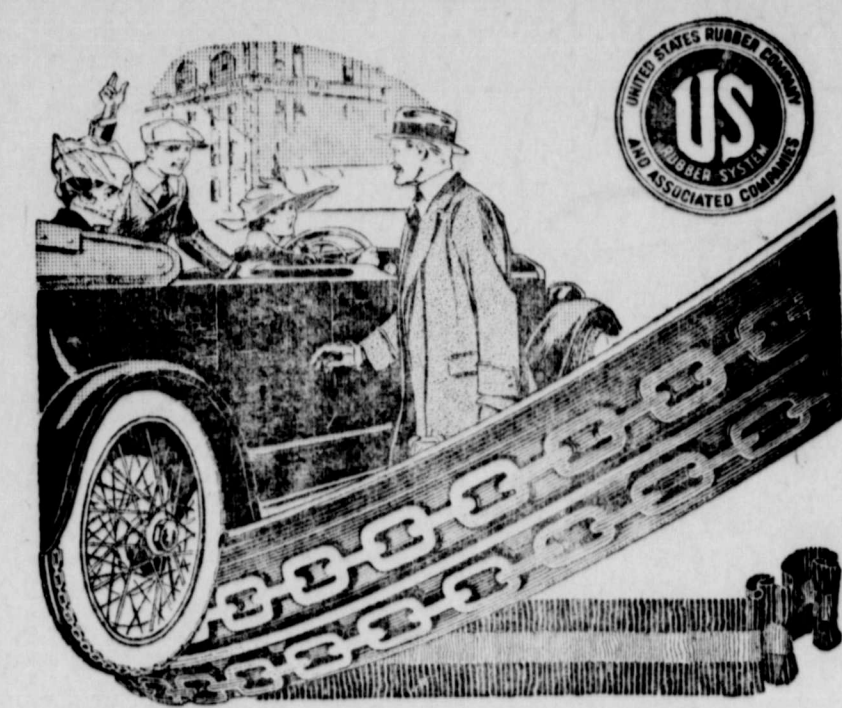
Sec. 2. The foregoing constitutional amendment shall be submitted to a vote of the qualified electors for members of the Legislature at an election to be held throughout the State of Texas on the fourth Saturday in May, A. D. 1919, same being the twenty-fourth day of May, A. D. 1919, and the Governor of this State is hereby directed to make the necessary proclamation for said election and to have the same duly published as required by the Constitution and laws of this State. Said election shall be held under and in accordance with the general election laws of the State and the official ballot shall have printed or written thereon in plain letters the words, "OFFICIAL BALLOT," and the words, "For the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas," and also the words, "Against the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas."

All voters favoring such amendment shall erase, by making a mark through the words "Against the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas," and all voters opposing such amendment shall erase by making a mark through the words "For the amendment to Section 5 of Article IV of the Constitution of the State of Texas in regard to the salary of the Governor of the State of Texas."

Sec. 3. There is hereby appropriated out of the funds in the State Treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of Five Thousand Dollars (\$5,000.00), or so much thereof as may be necessary to cover the necessary expenses attached to the proclamation and publication of this amendment, and the Governor shall issue the necessary proclamation and cause the same to be duly published.

GEO. F. HOWARD, Secretary of State.

(A true copy.)



'Chain' Tread

The Economy of Buying Good Tires

It's mighty poor economy to put cheap tires on your car.

If you can't depend on your tires, you can't depend on your car, —and you can't get the high grade of service it ought to give you.

It pays to buy good tires—United States Tires.

They represent the highest value it is possible to build into tires.

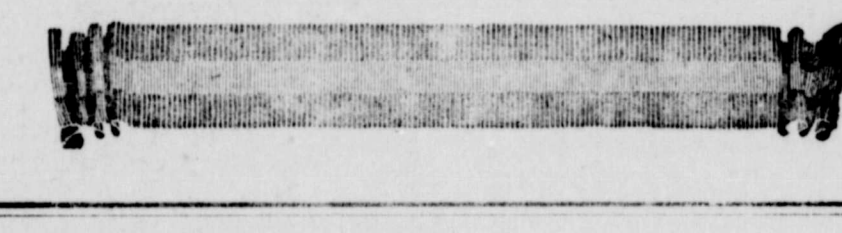
There are five different passenger car treads—the only complete line built by any tire manufacturer.

Each has the built-in strength that means your money back in extra miles.

Among them are exactly the tires you want for your car, and your driving conditions.

Our nearest Sales and Service Depot Dealer will gladly help you.

United States Tires are Good Tires

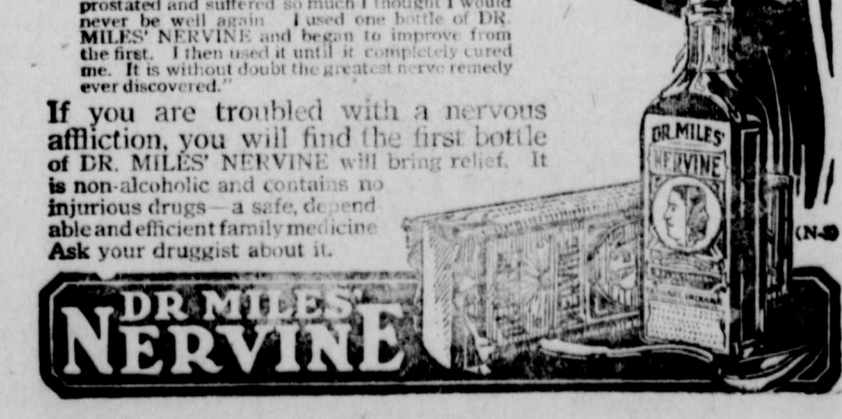


"The end of an Imperfect Day"



"Nervous Headache"

Nervous headache is the result of a run down weakened nervous system. You feel out of sorts—everything seems wrong—food disagrees with the tired stomach—you can't sleep and have a constant case of "the blues."



DR. MILES' NERVINE

Folks We All Know.



He views with Alarm, does the Croaker. The Gov'ment ain't bein' Run to Suit him, the Young Generation is Plum Wuthless, times ain't What they Wuz, and even the Weather hez Gone to the Bad. If he gets to Heaven, the Croaker will Kick because his Harp isn't a Self-Player.

Local & Personal

Mrs. B. J. Pate went San Antonio early in the week.

W. A. Tarver is recovering from a serious spell of the Flu.

E. T. Widener, Homer Widener and Mr. Zahl returned last night from Rockport.

The weather has been clear but exceptionally cold this week. There was frost on Wednesday and Thursday mornings.

Mrs. J. M. Baugh and daughter, Miss Eleanor, of San Antonio are in the city visiting Mrs. Baugh's father, Mr. Merrett, and Sister, Mrs. Smith at the Gilmer Hotel.

PREACHING at the Presbyterian Church, Sunday morning and evening by Rev. Hamilton. Be one of the seventy five at Sunday School at 9.45.

J. T. Maltzberger received a message Tuesday announcing the serious illness of his father in San Antonio. He left immediately for the Alamo City.

The precipitation during February was approximately two and a half inches. A fine season is in the ground, and the range is excellent. Cattle are fattening fast.

Simon Cotulla, butchered a range cow yesterday that dressed over six hundred pounds. Cattle on range are fattening fast and are in better shape than they have been for years.

On account of illness Rev. W. A. Manley did not fill his appointment last Sunday but will occupy the Methodist pulpit Sunday morning and evening. He will preach at Woodward at 3 p. m.

A cool wave swept over the state this week sending the frost line clear down to the Rio Grand. On Tuesday morning the thermometer was two degrees below freezing point here, ice being plentiful. There was also frost Wednesday.

If your husband has bow-legs have him CAMOUFLAGED with a ROYAL TAILORED SUIT- it is wonderful what a change it will make.

Sheriff T. H. Poole returned Thursday from Ft. Worth where he attended a stockholders and Directors meeting of the W. E. Rock Oil Association. Mr. Poole is one of the Directors of this Association, whose property is located at Ranger and is considered among the best in the oil field.

Deputy Sheriff G. O. Hill returned Thursday from a several sojourn in the Alamo City.

The Old Town is looking up so help yourself, the community and the scenery by Royal Tailored, Extra Specials in \$25.00 Suits. K. Burwell.



EVERYBODY KNOWS WHO SELLS THEM.  
4 Carloads Received During February.  
Carload of Trucks Coming.

Civil War Veteran Dead.

George W. Maltzberger, father of J. T. Maltzberger of this place died at San Antonio yesterday. He was an old Civil War veteran and for the last half century one of the foremost stockmen of Southwest Texas. At one time Mr. Maltzberger resided here for a short time, and has a number of old friends here. He was 86 years of age.

H. C. Lane, of Millett, was in Cotulla during the week.

Wilburn Haynie Gets Discharge.

Wilburn Haynie returned home Sunday from Pensacola, Fla., where he has been stationed for several months in the Naval Aerial Service. He has received his discharge from the service and is now a civilian once more. Wilburn says he liked the service fine but did not like his station. He was a mechanic and says he was "up in the air" considerable, the highest being 12,000 feet, which is as high as a seaplane can go. After visiting his mother here for a couple of days he went to San Antonio to take a position.

Grand Jury in Session 30 Minutes

District Court convened Monday morning with Judge Thomas on the bench. The Grand Jury was sworn in and after a session of thirty minutes adjourned, finding no bills.

The Petit Jury was dismissed until 2 p. m. at which time it was discharged for the week, as all cases in which Judge Thomas was qualified to sit, was continued. Judge Mullaly of Laredo is expected here next week to try several cases in which Judge Thomas is disqualified.

The "Flu" has gone -- but there's another epidemic coming

—its the "good clothes craze" —and we have the "sure shot" remedy for it.

Royal Tailoring does the work —does it with neatness and dispatch.

If you've never taken the "Royal" cure for your good clothes troubles, we urge you to come in for treatment.

It is painless—as to pocket book—and your perfect satisfaction must absolutely follow

purchase. We are showing this Spring 400 patterns—all weights es truly astonishing when realize what "home tailoring" you ready to wear clothes cost these days. A minute visit here will lead you into paths of other economy which you will st. to a very long time. \$16 to \$40—for made to measure suits or overcoats.

K. Burwell

**Why Don't You Get That Royal Tailored Look?**  
This store is the authorized resident dealer for The Royal Tailors - Chicago - New York. Royal Tailored-to-Measure Suits and Overcoats at \$25, \$28.50, \$31, \$35, \$40, \$45 and \$50

Rev. Wharton of Laredo Lectures Here Twice.

Rev. W. H. Wharton, accompanied by Mrs. Wharton, of Laredo, spent two days here this week, guests of Rev. and Mrs. H. W. Hamilton. Rev. Wharton gave two lectures on the European war while here, Thursday and Friday, and on both occasions he had a packed house. During the war he was a Chaplain in the Y. M. C. A. service, and went to France in the winter of 1917. He was on the front all during the summer and spring of 1918, and vividly described the second battle of the Marne, where the world's freedom was won. Rev. Wharton was gassed severely in the Argonne and was sent back to the States. He had recovered and had asked for passport to return when the war ended. Rev. Wharton has delivered a number of addresses in Cotulla, and Cotulla always gives him a glad and good hearing.

Stockholders Attend Meeting.

Messrs. W. A. Kerr, T. B. Poole, Jess Talbott, M. G. Talbott and Claude Rock returned Tuesday from Ft. Worth, where they attended a stockholders meeting of the W. E. Rock Oil Association. They all went out to the Ranger oil field while up there and saw the gushers, and were well pleased with the outlook. The Company is now receiving royalties from four wells and two others were expected to be brought in this week, and three others within the next month.

Mothers Club Meeting.

The Mother's Club had a most interesting meeting on Friday, 21st of February. A good program was carried out. Much praise was given the four boys from Miss Sunshine Lacy's room, Edwin Rock, Clarence Manly, Frank Jordan and Gerald Dyson, for the way they sang their song in honor of "Our Country's Father."

The Civic Committee reported the cleanup work was being done in a most satisfactory manner and was meeting the hearty cooperation of the citizens.

The Committee on Mexican work reported, through its chairman, Mrs. Maltzberger, the organizing of an Auxiliary Club among the Mexican Mothers with a membership of nearly fifty. The Mother's Club expects to make a special effort on behalf of this work. The Mexicans are going to make use of their school house as a Community Center and they are bidding fair to outdo the American patrons in this way. On Saturday afternoons the Mexican Mothers use the school building as a meeting place, where they have organized classes in sewing and other handwork. They will appreciate any help any of the American people can give them. This is an Americanization move and should

To My Friends in Cotulla That I Love So Well. Now to you I bid adieu, I feel sad to have to part with you. But the time has come for us to leave And I confess it grieves my heart. Mrs. M. L. Rone.

meet the hearty support of all loyal citizens. The next meeting of the Mother's Club will be on March 7th. Mesdames Masters and Rebeck will act as hostesses. The program for that meeting is as follows: Song—Selected, Fifth and Sixth grade girls. Answer roll call with a quotation from Riley. The School and the Community Round Table discussion led by Mrs. J. H. Gallman. Music—Selected, Miss Wildenthal.

Onion Price Outlook Good; Rock Contracts for \$1.60.

The outlook for the onion crop in regard to prices this year is gold. Numerous buyers are now in the field contracting, and it is said contracts have been made for as much as \$1.30 for yellows and \$1.60 for Crystal Wax. The crop has not been as expensive to grow this year as it usually is on account of the abundant rainfall which eliminated irrigation. This district has about only about 200 acres this season. W. E. Rock & Sons closed a deal yesterday with an onion buyer, contracting their entire crop for \$1.60 per crate, everything going in on the contract except culls. This is the best sale that has been made in this vicinity this year.

International Tailoring Company offers Quality, Fit, Price and Service. We will appreciate your order for that Spring Suit. Cotulla Mercantile Co.

Just Received!

CARLOAD OF ANGEL FOOD FLOUR.

48¢ Sacks Angel Food Flour	\$3.35
24¢ Sacks Angel Food Flour	1.65
48¢ Sacks Pioneer Flour	3.05
24¢ Sacks Pioneer Flour	1.55
Bran, 100¢ Sacks	2.25
Potatoes, Sweet and Irish, 4¢ for	25c
All 2¢ Pie Fruit, can	10
3¢ Hominy, can	10

COTULLA MERCANTILE CO.

CLASSIFIED.

FOR SALE—10 to 15 bushels Spanish Peanuts for planting; Pure bred Black Minorca Eggs for setting \$1.50 for lb, prices reduced for Incubator lots; 30 or 40 bushels corn in ear, \$1.75 bushel. R. O. WILLIAMS, Millett, Texas.

FOR SALE—One small team mules and chain harness. Can use good fresh Milch cow. J. W. Lacey.

WHOSE HOGS?—I have taken up three head of hogs, one Berkshire sow and two shoats. Owner can get them by paying expense of keep since I have had them and for this advertisement. W. H. Johns, Harris Valley Tex.

For Sale or Trade—Chattanooga Reversible Cisk Plow. First class class condition, 20 inch disc. D. B. Pierson, Artesia Wells, Texas.

STRAYED from my farm 3 miles West of Woodward, two mare mules 15 hands high; one mouse colored and other light bay. Peward. Notify J. A. West Woodward Texas.

WOOD—On account of having to pay more for labor, will have to raise price of wood. Effective Monday, Jan. 6th, price will be \$4.50 per cord for mesquite; \$5.50 for oak. Leave orders with H. B. Miller. —Andreas Sauseda.

P. G. Tailor Shop.

Telephone 90. Located South of Gilmer Hotel Near Buck's Place. Cleaning and Pressing Ladies Suits and Skirts a Specialty.

P. G. CORTEZ

NOTICE.

The State of Texas, County of La Salle. To Those indebted to, or holding claims against the estate of H N Samstag, deceased. The undersigned having been duly appointed administrator of the estate of H N Samstag, deceased, by G A Welhausen, Judge of the county court of said county on the 11th day of November, 1918, during a regular term thereof, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make settlement, and those having claims against said estate to present them to him within the time prescribed by law at his office in Cotulla, La Salle, County, Texas, where he receives his mail. Dated this 6th day of December.

John W Wilson Administrator of the estate of H N Samstag, deceased.

NOTICE.

The State of Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of La Salle County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause to be published once each week for a period of twenty days before the return day hereof, in a newspaper of general circulation, which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year in said La Salle County, a copy of the following notice:

The State of Texas: To all persons interested in the estate of H. N. Samstag, deceased, John W. Wilson, Administrator, has filed in County Court of La Salle Co., application for an order to sell the following property of said estate, situated in La Salle County, Texas, to wit: Lots Nos. 5 and 6 in Block No. 14, of the town of Cotulla in the County of La Salle and State of Texas, which will be heard at the next term of said Court, commencing on the 2nd Monday in April, A. D. 1919, the same being the 14th day of April A. D. 1919, at the Courthouse thereof in Cotulla, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said estate are required to appear and show cause why such sale should not be made, should they choose to do so.

Herein fail not, but have you before said Court on the said 1st day of the next term thereof this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court at office in Cotulla, Texas, this 6 day of Feby. A. D. 1919.

G. H. KNAGGS, Clerk of the County Court La Salle County, Texas. A true copy I hereby certify. T. H. Poole, Sheriff. G. O. Hill, Deputy.

NOTICE.

The State of Texas, County of La Salle. To those indebted to, or holding claims against the estate of John Heopner, deceased. The undersigned having been duly appointed administrator of the estate of John Heopner, deceased, by G. A. Welhausen, Judge of the county court of said county on the 11th day of November, 1918, during a regular term thereof, hereby notifies all persons indebted to said estate to come forward and make settlement, and those having claims against said estate to present them to him within the time prescribed by law at Cotulla, La Salle, County, Texas, where he receives his mail. Dated this 17th day of February.

M. L. Rone, Administrator of the estate of John Heopner, deceased.