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LINES.

BY GEORGE D. PRENTICE.

Sweet moon, I love thee, yet I grieve
To gaze on thy pale orb to-night;
It tells me of that last dear eve
I passed with her, my soul's delight.

Hill, vale, and wood, and stream were dyed
In the pale glory of the beam,
As forth we wandered, side by side,
Once more to tell love's burning dream.

My fond arm was her living zone,
My head within her bosom pressed,
And love was in each stirless tone,
And rapture in each heaving breast.

And many a high and fervent vow
Was breath'd from her full heart and mine,
While thy calm light was on her brow,
Like pure religion's soul and sign.

We knew, alas! that we must part,
We knew that we must be severed long,
Yet joy was in each throbbing heart,
For love was deep, and faith was strong.

A thousand memories of the past
Were busy in each glowing breast,
And hope upon the future cast
Her rainbow hues—and we were blest.

I pressed a bow—oh! in that bow
There was a wild, delirious bliss—
Ah! didst thou ever gaze, sweet moon,
Upon a more impassioned kiss?

The parting scene—one moment brief
Her din and fading form I viewed—
'Twas gone—and there I stood in grief
Amid life's solitude.

Tell me, sweet moon, for thou canst tell,
If passion still unchanged is here—
Do thoughts of me her heart still swell
Among her many worshipers?

Say, does she sometimes wander now
At eve beneath the gentle flame,
To raise to Heaven her angel-brow,
And breath her absent lover's name?

Oh! when her gentle lids are wet,
I pray thee, mark each falling gem,
And tell me if my image yet
Is pictured tremblingly in them!

Ay, tell me, does her bosom thrill
As wildly as of yore for me—
Does her young heart adore me still,
Or is that young heart changed like thee!

Oh! let thy beams, that softest shine,
If still my love to her is dear,
Bear to her gentle heart from mine
A sigh, a blessing, and a tear.

COMING HOME.

Glad words! The waters dash upon the prow of the gallant vessel. She stands on the deck and the winds woo her ringlets, look anxiously for her head-lands of home. In thought there are warm kisses on her lips, soft hands on her temples. Many arms press her to a throbbing heart, and one voice sweeter than all the rest, whispers, "My child!" Coming home! Full to bursting is her young heart, and she seeks the cabin to fill her joy vent in blessed tears.

Coming home! The best room is set apart for his chamber. Again and again have loving hands folded away the curtains, and shook out the snowy drapery. The vases are filled every day with fresh flowers, and every evening tremulous, loving voices whisper, "He will be here to-morrow, perhaps." At each meal the table is set with scrupulous care. The newly embroidered slippers, the rich dressing gown, the study cap that he will like so well, are all paraded to meet his eye.

That student brother! He could leap the waters, and fly like a bird home. Though he has seen all the splendor of olden time, there is but one spot that fills his heart, and that spot he will soon reach. "Sweet home!"

Coming home! What sees the sun-browned sailor in the darkning waters! He smiles! There are pictures there of a blue-eyed babe and its mother. He knows that even now his young wife sings the sweet cradle-song:

"For I know that the angels will bring to me."

He sees her watching from her cottage door; he feels the beat of her heart in the pulse of his own, when a familiar foot-fall touches only the threshold of memory.

The bronzed sailor loves his home, as an eagle whose wings seek oftenest the tracks of the air, loves best his mountain eyry.—His treasures are there.

Coming home! Sadly the worn Californian folds his arms and sinks back upon his lowered pillow. What to him is his yellow gold! Oh, for one smile of kindred! But that may not be. Lightly they tread by his bedside, watch the dim eye, moisten the parched lips.

A pleasant face bends over him—a rough palm gently pushing back the moist hair, and a familiar voice whispers, "Cheer up, my friend, we are in port, you are going home."

The film falls from the sick man's eye.—Home! is it near! Can he be most there! A thrill sends the blood circling through his limbs—what! Shall he see those dear eyes before the night of darkness settles down forever! Will his babes fold their little arms about him and press their cherry lips to his! What wonder if new vigor gathers in that manly chest! He feels strength in every nerve, strength to reach home,—strength to bear the overwhelming joy of meeting those dear ones.

Coming home! The very words are rapturous. They bear import of every thing sweet and holy in the domestic life—nay more, they are stamped with the seal of heaven, for the angels say of the dying saint, "He is coming home!"

WROUGHT IRON DIRECT FROM THE ORE.—A new process of making wrought iron from the ore, without the usual introductory making into pigs, has been discovered by Mr James Renton, of Newark, N. J., who has taken measures to secure a patent for it. A company has been formed for carrying on the manufacture, and buildings have been erected on the Passaic river, at the foot of Parker street, Newark, where the process has been now in successful operation for several weeks. The results of these experiments show that a good quality of wrought iron can be made direct from the ore, by which an immense saving in the ordinary manner of using pigiron is effected.

TO THE PEOPLE OF TEXAS.

ADDRESS OF REV. W. R. SMITH, M. D., AGENT OF THE TEXAS MONUMENTAL COMMITTEE.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—The year eighteen hundred and thirty five will *long, long* be remembered as a momentous era in the history of Texas.

The Anglo-Saxon inhabitants of this land of *promise*, having been invited by the Mexican government, to *this* their adopted country, under the guarantees of *civil* and *political* liberty, as set forth in the constitution of 1824; and though their numbers did not extend some 20 or 25 thousand, scattered over a large area of country, *they* by one united action of *prowess* and *economy*, had vanquished the savage foes, and converted the rude wilderness into fruitful fields.

While consoling themselves with the pleasing reflection, of enjoying their humble homes in *tranquility; behold!* the Tyrant, Santa Anna, at the head of eight millions of the *motley inhabitants*, of Mexico, having prostrated the Republican constitution of '24, and in his own dominions, *coerced*, in its stead, a *central military despotism, meditates* a fatal blow against the infant province of Texas; and to heap the deepest disgrace upon her worthy citizens, sends forth his military sycophants to disarm them! Did the isolated Texians quietly submit to a degradation, *so deep* and *so humiliating!* *No.* The same blood that animated the hearts of their ancestors of '76, still *flowed warm* in their veins, commanded by those undaunted officers, Col. John H. Moore and Lt. Col. Wallace they met the invading foe in the fall of '35, near the town of Gonzales, on the Guadalupe River, and notwithstanding the Mexican force out numbered the little Texian band three to one; yet in the *contest*, the tyrants force was put *to* flight; and having fled to the city of San Antonio, he took *refuge* in his strong fortification *there*.

Gen. Stephen F. Austin, the Father of his country, having been called by the spontaneous voice of his fellow-citizens, to the supreme command of the Texian forces, while his attention was drawn to the paramount consideration of the financial concerns of the country, the command of the army devolved on those intrepid officers, Genl. Edward Burleson, Col. Benj. R. Milam and Col. F. W. Johnson. They moved on with their little Texian band, bid siege to the strong fortress, of the numerous Mexican force under the command of Genl. Cos; and with the *rifle*, the *pickaxe*, the *crowbar*, dislodged, humbled, disgraced the tyrant's forces. In this noble effort, the brave Col. Milam gloriously fell.

His name has long since been enrolled on the records of fame, while his memory is embalmed in the warmest affections of a grateful people.

After this brilliant victory, by the Texian arms, the sunshine of peace seemed to beam forth *for a season*.

While the Texians ardently desired to improve their *physical* and *moral* condition, in the *quietus* of the surrounding elements—the dark cloud of war again obscures our sky. In the spring of 1836, Santa Anna, appears, with some 10,000 troops, to wage a war of extermination. He lays siege to the Alamo, defended by the heroic Col. W. B. Travis and his little band of 180, composed of Texians, and volunteers from the United States. *Noble men!* You have fought, and fought bravely; but being overpowered by your Gothic foe—you have fallen—you have gloriously fallen under the wavings of the *lone star flag!* There rest the remains of the *brave Travis*—the *noble Crockett*, the *invincible Bowie*, with their little spartan band. Long, long, will their memories be dear to every Texian, to every American, to every lover of liberty!

The *Tyrant* then moved his exterminating force to Goliad. *There* he met the *intrepid* Col. Fannin with his 400 brave men, mostly volunteers from the United States. *They fought*, Col. Fannin sustained himself *admirably* in the action, with but a comparatively small loss; and what the insidious tyrant could not effect by *military prowess*, he effected by *treachery*. Hence, he hoisted the white flag, and proposed to Colonel Fannin, terms of capitulation. The terms were, that Col. Fannin and his command, should cease to fight (the Col. himself being wounded) and be safely shipped to New Orleans.

The articles of capitulation were drawn up, and signed by the contracting parties. Did the Mexican commander carry out in good faith these solemn stipulations! *No!* He perjured himself;—yes, he violated his sacred pledge! No fellow-citizens—contrary to the laws and usage of all civilized nations, and under the powers of indignant Heaven, he *murdered in cold blood* those 400 brave men; (except a few, who made good their escape in time of the general slaughter.)

Horrible deed! detestable crime—too schocking to be perpetrated by any, but the most blood thirsty, and malicious *tyrant!*

As the course of Santa Anna, from the time he had entered our dominion, had been marked by blood and devastation, he attempted with impunity to pursue the same course, even to the eastern extremity of Texas: but the Judge of the earth will do right. While the tyrant is on his victorious march—the 21st of April, is ushered in—the indignation of Heaven arrests his course—on the plains of San Jacinto, he meets the remaining little Texian band—though not half equal to his own in number—the battle ensues—the cannons and small arms roar. The Texians dash in the charge, with the reverberating sound of "Remember the Alamo—Remember Goliad." The swords and bayonets clash—the God of battles presides—the lone star flag waves—the Texian arms are victorious. The tyrant and his chief officers are made captives and his entire army either slain or made prisoners. Thus did the glorious battle of San Jacinto, commanded by Gens. Houston, Rusk and Lamar, aided by Cols. Burleson and Sherman, terminate the war, so far as a general invasion is concerned; but our western frontier, continued to be exceedingly annoyed by marauding parties, until the summer of 1842, when Gen. Woll, of the Mexican army, with a formidable force, advanced upon the defenceless town of San Antonio; and notwithstanding, his march was warmly opposed by the small commands of Col. Caldwell and Capt. Hays, after the massacre of the gallant and lamented Capt. Dawson and company. Woll, captured and marched off, into bondage of the most servile kind—the judge—the jury—the attornies of the District Court (which was then in session) with many private and unarmed citizens. That audacity, connected with other indignities, being heaped upon our countrymen, filled them with a spirit of retaliation; hence, they resolved, that the flight of 160 miles, should no longer prove a hiding place for a band of base marauders; therefore, it was determined, by that bold little band of 300 veterans under the command of Col. Wm. S. Fisher, to carry the war into the enemy's land.

This resolution being put into execution, Col. Fisher, encountered General Ampudia, at the city of Meir, on the 25th and 26th of December, 1842, with ten times his own number. The battle was sanguinary and warmly contested for nineteen hours. The Texian ranks only being thinned by a small loss, while the Mexican loss numbered one-third of their whole force; and at the interesting juncture when victory was hovering around the Lone Star flag, Ampudia, to effect by stratagem that which he could not by force of arms, hoisted the white flag, and succeeded in bringing about a parley, and with it some disorder in the Texian ranks, under which influence, even after one of the hardest fought battles by the Texian arms during the Revolution, this brave little band was decoyed into a surrender, on condition of being treated with all the consideration of prisoners of war. The sequel under the *iron thrist* of the Mexican despot, is shocking to every principle of humanity. Under the combined influences of treachery and barbarity, for which the Mexican nation is so ingloriously characterized.

The tyrant Santa Anna, ordered Gov. Medin to have the prisoners all shot; but this noble-hearted Mexican was too patriotic and humane to carry out such a barbarous edict. Then the tyrant issued a second order, that the prisoners should be decimated, and each tenth man shot.

He found a *heartless sycophant* with a pair of *epauletts* on his shoulders, in the person of Col. Domingo Huerta, who was base enough to put this bloody mandate into execution! *Thus*, fell seventeen of the noble sons of Texas: their lives were sacrificed in *freedom's cause*, and while we would drop the *sympathetic tear* over their *untimely graves*, we at the same time are well assured that their blood has been avenged on the Mexican nation an hundred fold. A portion of these *murdered men* was from Fayette county, and their dying requests were that if an opportunity ever offered, that their remains should be brought back to Fayette county. This patriotic service was performed in the time of the late war between the United States and Mexico, by a small band of noble-hearted and benevolent young men. The remains of sixteen of the decimated men, with those of the brave Dawson, and his command, were brought to the town of Lagrange. A day was appointed for their interment. Some two thousand gentlemen and ladies from the different counties of the State attended. After the delivery of an *appropriate* and *thrilling* address by Rev. John W. Kenney, those remains, with deep solemnity and military honors, were deposited in a rock vault, on Monument Hill, a beautiful and commanding eminence, overlooking the flourishing town of Lagrange, from the western margin of the majestic Colorado.

This assembly determined that a *monument* should be erected on that consecrated spot, in honor to the remains of *all* who had fallen in the sacred cause of Texian liberty.

Hence a committee of sixteen gentlemen was chosen, for the purpose of devising and putting into action a train of the best *ways* and *means*, by which a Monument might be erected, that would do like honor to our *martyred heroes*, and to the young but rising State in which we have the felicity to reside. To systematize this patriotic design, the Committee, by an act of the Honorable Legislature, became a corporate body.

Considering, *as they did*, that a printing establishment was a *sine qua non*, in facilitating the great object of their enterprise, they procured a printing press, from which issues that weekly newspaper published is the town of Lagrange, and known as the "Texas Monument."

No member of the Committee being a practical printer, and finding that the expenses of the establishment kept pace with its income at the close of the second volume, the committee sold the establishment to A. P. Posey, the present editor and proprietor; and as the paper is ably conducted, and still advocates the great principles of our enterprise, we very *cheerfully* recommend it to the cordial reception of an *intelligent community*. The Hon. Legislature has donated to the Committee $1,000, to aid in the consummation of this *patriotic object*. This money is put out at interest, and the amount is already greatly augmented by *private donations*, which have thus far occupied the general range from $100 to $200. Fayette county will alone, *directly* and *indirectly*, donate $5,000 towards this noble cause. And we hope that other populous counties will not be excelled by Fayette in patriotic liberality.

The Hon. Monumental Committee has chosen the humble individual who now addresses you, as their *General Agent*, to travel over the State, or elsewhere, to solicit donations in cash, *prompt or on time; lands, town lots*, or in *anything else* that may be available, in the *present* or the *future*, to aid in the erection of the contemplated Monument. No plan for the edifice has yet been devised; but as good building rock is in great abundance in the vicinity of Lagrange, we presume that *on hundred thousand dollars* will rear a Monument to the honor of our two thousand fallen heroes in the Texian Revolution, of which our State may be proud.

It is the intention of the Committee to keep a record, both of the *name* and *amount* of *each donor*, so that future generations that may visit the Monument, may read, in letters engraven on the solid marble, the generosity of their ancestors.

The remains of the fallen heroes in the cause of Texas, so far as they *can be procured, will be brought* to Monument Hill. The names even of those whose remains cannot be procured, will be inscribed conspicuously on the Monument, with the date and place of their fall, so that the corroding hand of future ages may not efface that inscription.

At a suitable time, each county in the State, with each organized body, will be solicited to furnish a rock or block of marble, with that inscription upon it which the citizens of the respective counties or organizations may designate, to be placed conspicuously in the Monument.

Fellow-citizens, now that the Lone Star has happily culminated under the umbrageous wings of the great American eagle, without the loss of a particle of her brilliancy. Now that the trump of the warrior, and the clangor of arms, no longer echo on our mountains or in our valleys.

Now, that the garments died in blood have passed away; now that the sanguinary but unequal struggle for independence is over, and we live to enjoy the rich boon of freedom and prosperity, achieved by the wisdom of our counsels, the valor of our arms, and the blood of our fallen heroes.—Let us, fellow-citizens, as a debt of gratitude for signal services and patriotic devotion, rear a Monument, that shall be alike honorable to the memories of departed worth, and to the rising glory of the young but prosperous State in which we have the honor and the happiness to reside.

☞ One hundred and seventy-five American whalers, with 11,400 barrels of sperm oil, 537,360 barrels whale oil, and 3,363,333 lbs. of bone, arrived at the ports of Honolulu, Lahaina and Hilo, in the Sandwich Islands, from August to November last. From eighty to a hundred vessels more were expected to arrive during the season. It was estimated that four-fifths of the oil and bone were taken during the last summer, the season having been eminently favorable. A large portion of the fleet being but a few months from home, did not wish to return, and there was a great want of vessels to ship oil and bone to the States, and freights ruled high.

☞ Mr. Amos Lawrence, of Boston, who died suddenly of discase of the stomach, on Thursday night, was a brother of Abbott Lawrence. The latter, when a young man, was clerk in his store, and subsequently became a partner. For thirty nine years he has been a leading merchant of Boston, but for twenty years past has been in infirm health. During his life he gave donations to Williams College amounting to $25,000, and to Bunker Hill Monument $10,000, while his private charities were numerous and liberal. Not long since he appropriated $5,000 to purchase wood for the poor. The wife of Mr. Lawrence is an aunt of Mrs. Gen. Pierce.

AREA AND POPULATION OF EUROPE AND THE U. STATES.—The area of the United States is but one-seventh less than that of Europe, including the two islands. Its population, however, is less than one-eleventh as large. The population of Europe averages seventy-one to the square mile, while that of the United States is but seven.—Russia has eight times as much European territory as any other nation, and twenty millions more of population. Her population, however, is but thirty to the square mile, while that of Belgium is 381. Of the United States, Massachusetts is the most densely populated, having 127 inhabitants to the square mile. Texas, the largest in area of the States, has 20,000 square miles more territory than the empire of France, and nearly twice as much as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. The population of the United States will surpass that of Great Britain within five years, and probably overtake that of France by the next national census.

SPOT ON THE SUN.—An unusually large spot on the sun is said to be visible. By rough measurement, its diameter has been found to be about 33,000 miles, occupying an area on the sun's surface of eight hundred millions of square miles, equal to four times the superficial contents of our mighty earth. It serves to give some idea of the stupendous bulk of our solar orb, when such a vast deduction may be made from its luminous surface, and yet any diminution of emitted light be imperceptible.

THE LADY FREE MASON.—Hon. Elizabeth St. Leger was the only female who was ever initiated into the ancient and honorable order of Free Masonry. How she obtained this honor we shall lay before our readers, promising that our information is derived from the best sources. Lord Donoraile, Miss St. Leger's father, a very zealous Mason, held a warrant and occasionally held lodge at Donoraile House, his sons and some intimate friends assisting, but it is said that never were masonic duties more rigidly performed than by the brethren of No. 150, the number of their warrant. It appears that previously to the initiation of a gentleman to the first steps of Masonry, Miss St. Leger, who was a young girl, happened to be in an apartment adjoining the room generally used as a lodge room, but whether the young lady was there by design or accident, we cannot confidently state. The room at the time was undergoing some alteration; among other things the wall was considerably reduced in one part for the purpose of making a saloon. The young lady heard the voices of the free masons, and being prompted by the curiosity natural to all to see the mystery so long and so secretly locked up from the public view, had the courage to pick a brick from the wall with her scissors, and thus witnessed the first steps of the ceremony.

Curiosity gratified, fear at once took possession of her mind, and those who understand this passage well know what the feelings of any must be who could unlawfully behold that ceremony; let them then judge what were the feelings of a young girl under such extraordinary circumstances. There was no mode of escape except through the very room where the concluding part of the second step was still being solemnized at the far end, and the room a very large one, Miss St. Leger had resolution sufficient to attempt her escape that way, and with light but trembling steps glided along unobserved, laid her hand unobserved on the handle of the door, and opening it, before her stood, to her dismay, a grim and surly *Tiler*, with his long sword unsheathed.

A shriek that pierced through the apartment alarmed the members of the lodge, who all rushing to the door and finding that Miss St. Leger had been in the room during the ceremony, resolved, it is said, in the paroxysm of their rage, to put the fair spectatress to death; but at the moving and earnest supplication of her youngest brother, her life was spared on condition of her going through the two remaining steps of the solemn ceremony she had unlawfully witnessed. This she consented to, and they conducted the beautiful and terrified young lady through those trials which are sometimes more than enough for masculine resolution, little thinking they were taking into the bosom of the craft a member that would afterwards reflect a lustre on the annals of Masonry.

Miss St. Leger was directly descended from Sir Richard de St. Leger, who accompanied William the Conqueror to England, and was of that high repute that he with his own hand supported the prince when he first went out of his ship to land in Sussex. Miss St. Leger was cousin to Gen. Anthony St. Leger, Governor of St. Louis, who instituted the interesting race and the celebrated Doncaster St. Leger stakes. Eventually she married Richard Aiworth, Esq., of Newmarket, a member of a highly honorable and ancient family. Whenever a benefit was given at any one of the theatres in Dublin or Cork for the Masonic Female Orphan Asylum, Mrs. Alworth walked at the head of the Free Masons, and sat in the front row of the stage box. The house was always crowded on these occasions. The portrait of this estimable woman is in the lodge room of almost every lodge in Ireland.

POPULATION OF AMERICA AND GREAT BRITAIN COMPARED.—In the recent census report, there is a comparison of the growth of population in the United States, with that of Great Britain. Here, for the last sixty years, the increase has been about three and a half per cent per annum, for the whole period. In the mother country, no enumeration of the population of Ireland was made until 1812, and that was quite imperfect; and the first censes of Great Britain was made in 1801, when it had only ten millions and a half. Now the population of Great Britain—England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, and the Islands, including persons in the army, navy, and the merchants service—amounts to 27,676,866, of whom 13,537,052 were males, and 14,092,814 were females. What an appalling comment on the state of things does the facts of the population of Ireland present! From 1821 to 1841 it increased at the rate of one per cent per annum; while from the 10 years from 1841 to 1851 the decrease was 1,659,000—a diminution of two per cent per annum, or twenty per cent for the entire ten years. The whole population of Great Britain and Ireland has increased in ten years about a half million—leaving out Ireland it has increased 1,2-16 per cent per annum. In the same time the United States have gone from 17,000,000 to 23,000,000—or 36 per cent.

MR. VANDERBILT AND THE NICARAGUA TRANSIT COMPANY.—Mr. Vanderbilt has sold to the Nicaragua Transit Company at New York his seven steamers engaged in the California trade. It will be seen from the following, from the Evening Post that he got upwards of $1,200,000 for them:

Mr. Vanderbilt has received, according to the terms of the agreement we published the other day, cash for the 40,000 shares of new issue by the Nicaragua Company. They were taken by leading men at $30 per share, and Mr. Vanderbilt received $1,200,000, besides a bond of $1200,000, payable in 12 months.

The 40,000 shares will be withheld for a time, as a matter of sound policy, so as not to depress prices on the buoyancy of the market; but the current prices afford a great profit to the takers of the new stock, and the market is likely to be fed quick to sell as to buy on the first favorable turn of the market, for in all these speculations it is "devil take the hindmost."

When the new holders shall have disposed of their stock, there is no security for a maintenance of price.

The capital is now nominally $7,806,000.

THE GRAND LODGE OF THE UNITED STATES.—It appears that the annual report of James L. Ridgely, Esq., Secretary of the Grand Lodge of the United States I. O. O. F. that the receipts of that body for the year ending the 1st inst. were $12,981 72 exclusive of $1,125 20, which is applicable to the "Widow Benolvlo Hall Fund." The balance in hand, at the time of the last report, was $16,682, making an aggregate of $29,853 92 in the hands of the Treasurer during the year; for mileage, per diem, expenses and appropriations, $14,174 56, leaving on hand on the 1st inst., the sum of $15,679 36.

The invested funds of the Grand Lodge consist of $2,600 in Maryland 6 per cent. stock, and $6,241 41 in the Widow fund.

There is, it appears, a lodge at the Honolulu, in the Sandwich Islands, with sixty-eight members. In Texas there are twenty-three lodges with over six hundred members. During the year, six new lodges were opened in Alabama. In Indiana there are 126 lodges, having a membership of 5,111; and in Wisconsin 58 lodges in active operation.

We understand that the reported condition of the Odd Fellowship in Texas embraces only the lodges existing in July last, since that time a number of others have been organized.

INTER-OCEANIC CIRCULATION.—Lt. M. F. Maury delivered a lecture in New York recently on the theory of the inter-oceanic circulation of water on the globe, and supported with much interesting information the hypothesis that the water which is found in one portion of the earth to-day may be found in another to-morrow. Every drop of water, he argued, is an obedient to great and general laws as are the planets of heaven. If it was not so, and if there was no channels of circulation by which the water could pass from ocean to ocean, the waters of the oceans, in the course of time, would be found completely different from each other. The waters of the Red Sea and those of the Dead Sea are nearly the same in quality—a thing which can only be accounted for on this hypothesis of circulation—and if they took a single drop of water from the Pacific Ocean and analyzed it, and another from the Atlantic Ocean and analyzed it, they would be found perfectly the same. The winds, currents, temperature of the waters, and the animalcule which inhabit them, were all described as having their agency in promoting this circulation.

☞ The late news from Sonora by the way of San Francisco, shows the supposition that the French expedition was authorized by the French government, with a view of obtaining a footing in Mexico, to have been unfounded. Rousset, the commander of the expedition, has obtained from the Sonorian authorities a grant of the rich mines of Arizona, in the Apache country. He was near the mines when Gen. Blanco, the Commandment of the State, with the view of securing a Senor Baron in possession of the mines, demanded of Rousset concessions were formed no part on the contract, and, if complied with, would have been a practical abandonment of the rights of his company. Gen. Blanco having sent to the Federal capital for additional forces to compel the submission of Rousset to his demands, the Frenchman gallantly prepared to resist, and report says, succeeded in routing the Commandment, then pushed on to the mines and expelled Baron and his company.

☞ Col. Colt's revolving pistols and other fire-arms have obtained so great a celebrity, and consequently are in such great demand in England, that the Colonel has found it necessary to establish a manufactory of them in London. The formidable weapons are in great request at the Cape of Good Hope, for their extraordinary range and precision and the rapidity of their discharges.

THE LOUISIANA SUGAR CROP.—The past season has been indi-putable the most productive for sugar cane ever known in this State. Unlike many of its predecessors, the crop is unusually prolific throughout the entire cane-growing country—accounts from all quarters are of the most cheering kind—not only as to the quantity, but the quality made, which as a general thing is of unusual excellence. We have heard of some very large yields in our parish, which is noted for its productiveness, but that of Mr. James Walford, of Baron Ramais, beats them all. We have been told that that gentleman made 190 hogsheads of very fair sugar. Several of our planters have made three hogsheads, and even more, to the acre, but this far exceeds any, being on an average of 4½ hogsheads to the acre.—*Franklin (La.) Banner 25th.*

STEAM POWER IN THE UNITED STATES.—The Mechanical Review, published in New York, gives a table of statistics of the number of steam engines and locomotives produced in a year at the different establishments in the United States, from which it appears that the steam power created in a single year in the United States is equal to 718,118 horses, which is equal to the physical labor, at the present time, of 7,154,390 men and is the fourteenth century of 857,626 780.

☞ The Caloric ship Ericsson returned to New York on the 15th inst., from her trial trip down the Bay, having exceeded the anticipation of those interested in her. She left Williamsburg between nine and ten o'clock on Tuesday morning, passed the flag-staff on Governor's Island at 9h. 45m., and passed abreast of Fort Richmond at 10h. 30m. 20s.; thus making a distance of 7½ miles in 24½ minutes.

DISEASE IN FEATHERS.—The following is worthy of attention: "It has been discovered that feathers, unskillfully dried and put in beds, are deadly to persons with weak lungs sleeping upon them. Old feather beds, of double age, on which fish and disease have long lingered are sought after and sold as new feather beds, causing sickness and death in families. Look at your feather beds. Straw and husks are far cheaper, healthier and therefore, far preferable to feathers."

☞ The manufacture of beet root sugar in France, is increasing beyond all precedent. Last year the manufactories numbered 125, and the last year amounted to about thirty millions pounds, while it was only ten millions the year before.—The best quality retails at fifteen cents per pound.

NEWSPAPER BOYS.—The New Hampshire Patriot, the leading democratic paper at Concord, says the printing office of that paper has been the graduating school of a Governor, a Senator of Congress, several Representatives to Congress, many editors, some ministers, and many other young men, who have filled at various times numerous responsible stations in the community.

☞ Patient self-raising flour is an article manufactured at the rate of a thousand barrels a month now in the Croton Mills at New York. Its peculiar properties are imparted by incorporating with the flour, during its manufacture, super-carbonate of soda and tartaric acid, in suitable proportions. By the new process, the usual way of raising bread by the partial decomposition of the dough which is said to cause a deterioration of the valuable qualities of the flour, and a loss equal to sixteen per cent, in weight, compared with bread raised without yeast, is avoided.

Three California steamers, with over one thousand passengers, left New York on the 5th instant.

It is stated that Mr. Fillmore, after the 4th of March, will visit Havana, New Orleans and the West.

The number of deaths in Boston during the year 1852 was 3750—less by 100 than those of 1851. The principal disease is consumption.

More than one million and a half of passengers it is said, pass Memphis, on the Mississippi river, every year, according to reliable data.

One of the dukedoms of Germany, containing an area of about ten miles, is held by the second son of the late duke. The eldest son and heir is said to be a farmer in Warren county, Missouri, and refuses to leave a farm for a ducal crown, with ten square miles, full of subjects to maintain its dignity.

The more we help others to bear their burdens, the lighter our own will be.

The Duke of Wellington's estates are worth about ten millions of dollars.

The Charleston Courier completed the fiftieth year of its existence on the 8th inst.

☞ The loans of the N. York city banks are estimated at one hundred millions of dollars, on a capital of $17,500,000, and a specie basis of $9,500,000.

☞ The statue of Thomas Jefferson—the second in Crawford's Washington monumental group—has just been cast in the Royal Foundry in Munich.

☞ Edwin Forrest, and Mrs. Sinclair, his late wife, by a singular coincidence, have effected engagements at the rival theatres of Buffalo, to come off at the same time.

☞ The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided that the Canal Commissioners represent the State, and have absolute power over the public works owned by the State.

☞ The Government stamped envelopes, it is said, cannot be got ready for distribution until the 1st of April next.

☞ The Hon. Edward Stanley, of North Carolina, it is said, designs removing to California, where he proposes to practice his profession—the law.

☞ Clat estimates the present population of Cincinnati, exclusive of the suburbs, at 165,000.

The Atlantic is nearly four miles deep off Cape Hatteras, say the U. S. Coast surveyors.

The number of new buildings erected in Washington during the past year, was 654.

Governor Price, of Missouri, was inaugurated on the 29th ult.

St. Nicholas Hotel at New York was thrown open to visitors on the 4th inst. It is a magnificent establishment, the furniture alone costing $125,000, and the silver ware $25,000.

Senator Davis of Massachusetts, whose term expires on the 4th of March next, has written to the Boston Atlas announcing his intention to retire from public life, his health being enfeebled.

The Legislature of Delaware, on the 22th inst., elected John M. Clayton United States Senator for six years, in place of Presley Spruance, whose term expires with the present Congress.

The funeral obsequies of Daniel Webster at New York cost the corporation $6,447.

The Legislature of Arkansas has established a new county called Columbia, composed of contiguous portions of Hempstead, Ouachita, Union and Lafayette, but principally of the latter.

Jokes to be appreciated should not be written but told. Catch the sparkling foam of the sea and bottle it, and what was a moment ago living pearls dressed in sunshine, is now a bad sample of pork pickle.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The Legislature of this State, at its late session, chartered no less than 27 plank road companies; and one company to build a railroad from Fayetville to the coal mines. Three new banks were also incorporated: at Yanceyville with a capital of $200,000; at Elizabeth City, with a branch at Greensborough, capital $500,000; at Charlotte, capital $300,000. The capital of the bank of Wadesborough was increased $200,000.

☞ It appears by a statement of the National Intelligencer that the population of Washington city is now very near 50,000.

☞ The Empire under Napoleon III. will cost France 20,000,000 francs annually more than it did under Louis Philippe. The Emperor is allowed one million sterling per annum, besides the royal palaces, parks, forests, &c.

☞ Mr. Webster, just before his death, called his son Fletcher to his bedside, and said: "My dear son, I wish you to procure a handsome and substantial piece of silver plate, and present to my valued friend, Peter Harvey, with a suitable inscription, as a testimonial of my deep love for him." This piece of plate has been manufactured in Boston, and the inscription a verbatim transcript of the dying words in which the great statesman made his request.

QUAKER IN CONGRESS.—Edward F. Little made his appearance in Congress on the 29th ult., and without taking off his broad-brimmed hat, advanced to the Speaker and affirmed to support the Constitution of the United States.

ALABAMA U. S. SENATOR.—The Mobile Tribune says a dispatch has been received announcing that Gov. Benjamin Fitzpatrick has been appointed by Gov. Collier, U. S. Senator in place of Col. King, resigned. The Tribune understands that Mr. Fitzpatrick has already left for Washington to take his seat.

☞ The vice president elect Mr. King is seventy-two years of age.

☞ The present debt of the State of Illinois, including interest due, is $16,724,177.

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BROWN & BRADY, INDIANOLA, TEXAS, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1853. PUBLISHERS.

LINES.

BY GEORGE D. PRENTICE.

Sweet moon, I love thee, yet I grieve
To gaze on thy pale ever-bright;
It tells me of that last dear eve
I passed with her, my soul's delight.

Hill, vale, and wood, and stream were dyed
In the pale glory of thy beams,
As forth we wandered, side by side,
Once more in all love's burning dreams.

My dark arm was her living zone,
My hand within her hand was pressed,
And love was in each earnest tone,
And rapture in each loving breast.

And many a high and fervent vow
Was breath'd from her full heart and mine,
While thy calm light was on her brow,
Like pure religion's soul and sign.

We knew, alas! that we must part,
We knew that we must be severed long,
Yet joy was in each throbbing heart,
For love was deep, and faith was strong.

A thousand memories of the past
Were busy busy in each glowing breast,
And hope upon the future cast
Her rainbow hues—and we were blest.

I loved a bow—oh! in that bosom
There was a wild, delicious bliss—
Ah! didst thou ever gaze, sweet moon,
Upon a more impassionate kiss?

The parting scene—the moment brief
Her dim and fading form I viewed—
'Twas gone—and there I stood in grief
Amid life's solitude.

Tell me, sweet moon, for thou canst tell,
If passion still unchanged is here—
Do thoughts of me her heart still swell
Among her many worshipers?

Say, does she sometimes wander now
At eve beneath the gentle flame,
To raise to Heaven her angel-brow,
And breath her absent lover's name?

Oh! when her gentle lids are wet,
I pray thee, mark each falling gem,
And tell me if my image yet
Is pictured tremblingly in them!

Ay, tell me, does her bosom thrill
As wildly as of yore for me—
Does her young heart adore me still,
Or is that young heart changed like thee?

Oh! let thy beams, chaste softest shine,
If still my love to her is dear,
Bear to her gentle heart from mine
A sigh, a blessing, and a tear.

COMING HOME.

Glad words! The waters dash upon the prow of the gallant vessel. She stands on the deck and the winds woo her ringlets, look anxiously for her head-lands of home. In thought there are warm kisses on her lips, soft hands on her temples. Many arms press her to a throbbing heart, and one voice sweeter than all the rest, whispers, "My child!" Coming home! Full to bursting is her young heart, and she seeks the cabin to fill her joy vent in blessed tears.

Coming home! The best room is set apart for his chamber. Again and again have loving hands folded away the curtains, and shook out the snowy drapery. The vases are filled every day with fresh flowers, and every evening tremulous, loving voices whisper, "He will be here to-morrow, perhaps." At each meal the table is set with scrupulous care. The newly embroidered slippers, the rich dressing gown, the study cap that he will like so well, are all paraded to meet his eye.

That student brother! He could leap the waters, and fly like a bird home. Though he has seen all the splendor of olden time, there is but one spot that fills his heart, and that spot he will soon reach. "Sweet home!"

Coming home! What sees the sun-browned sailor in the darkning waters! He smiles! There are pictures there of a blue-eyed babe and its mother. He knows that even now his young wife sings the sweet cradle-song:

"For I know that the angels will bring to me."

He sees her watching from her cottage door; he feels the beat of her heart in the pulse of his own, when a familiar foot-fall touches only the threshold of memory.

The bronzed sailor loves his home, as an eagle whose wings seek oftenest the tracks of the air, loves best his mountain eyry.—His treasures are there.

Coming home! Sadly the worn Californian folds his arms and sinks back upon his travel pillow. What to him is his yellow gold! Oh, for one smile of kindred! But that may not be. Lightly they tread by his bedside, watch the dim eye, moisten the parched lips.

A pleasant face bends over him—a rough palm gently pushing back the moist hair, and a familiar voice whispers, "Cheer up, my friend, we are in port, you are going home."

The film falls from the sick man's eye.—Home! is it near? Can he be most there! A thrill sends the blood circling through his limbs—what! Shall he see those dear eyes before the night of darkness settles down forever! Will his babes fold their little arms about him and press their cherry lips to his! What wonder if new vigor gathers in that manly chest! He feels strength in every nerve, strength to reach home,—strength to bear the overwhelming joy of meeting those dear ones.

Coming home! The very words are rapturous. They bear import of every thing sweet and holy in the domestic life—nay mark, they are stamped with the seal of heaven, for the angels say of the dying saint, "He is coming home!"

WROUGHT IRON DIRECT FROM THE ORE.—A new process of making wrought iron from the ore, without the usual introductory melting into pigs, has been discovered by Mr James Renton, of Newark, N. J., who has taken measures to secure a patent for it. A company has been formed for carrying on the manufacture, and buildings have been erected on the Passaic river, at the foot of Parker street, Newark, where the process has been now in successful operation for several weeks. The results of these experiments show that a good quality of wrought iron can be made direct from the ore, by which an immense saving in the ordinary manner of using pigiron is effected.

TO THE PEOPLE OF TEXAS.

ADDRESS OF REV. W. R. SMITH, M. D., AGENT OF THE TEXAS MONUMENTAL COMMITTEE.

FELLOW-CITIZENS—The year eighteen hundred and thirty five will *long, long* be remembered as a momentous era in the history of Texas.

The Anglo-Saxon inhabitants of this land *of promise*, having been invited by the Mexican government, to *this* their adopted country, under the guarantees of *civil* and *political* liberty, as set forth in the constitution of 1824; and though their numbers did not extend some 20 or 25 thousand, scattered over a large area of country, *they* by one united action of *prowess* and *economy*, had vanquished the savage foes, and converted the rude wilderness into fruitful fields.

While consoling themselves with the pleasing reflection, of enjoying their humble homes in *tranquility; behold!* the Tyrant, Santa Anna, at the head of eight millions of the *motley inhabitants*, of Mexico, having prostrated the Republican constitution of '24, and in his own dominions, *coerced*, in its stead, a *central military despotism*, *meditates* a fatal blow against the infant province of Texas; and to heap the deepest disgrace upon her worthy citizens, sends forth his military sycophants to disarm them! Did the isolated Texians quietly submit to a degradation, *so deep* and *so humiliating? No.* The same blood that animated the hearts of their ancestors of '76, still *flowed warm* in their veins, commanded by those undaunted officers, Col. John H. Moore and Lt. Col. Wallace they met the invading foe in the fall of '35, near the town of Gonzales, on the Guadalupe River, and notwithstanding the Mexican force out numbered the little Texian band three to one; yet in the *contest*, the tyrants force was put to flight; and having fled to the city of San Antonio, he took *refuge* in his strong fortification *there*.

Gen. Stephen F. Austin, the Father of his country, having been called by the spontaneous voice of his fellow-citizens, to the supreme command of the Texian forces, while his attention was drawn to the paramount consideration of the financial concerns of the country, the command of the army devolved on those intrepid officers, Genl. Edward Burleson, Col. Benj. R. Milam and Col. F. W. Johnson. They moved on with their little Texian band, laid siege to the strong fortress, of the numerous Mexican force under the command of Genl. Cos; and with the *rifle*, the *pickaxe*, the *crowbar*, dislodged, humbled, disgraced the tyrant's forces. In this noble effort, the brave Col. Milam gloriously fell.

His name has long since been enrolled on the records of fame, while his memory is embalmed in the warmest affections of a grateful people.

After this brilliant victory, by the Texian arms, the sunshine of peace seemed to beam forth *for a season*.

While the Texians ardently desired to improve their *physical* and *moral* condition, in the *quietus* of the surrounding elements—the dark cloud of war again obscures our sky. In the spring of 1836, Santa Anna, appears, with some 10,000 troops, to wage a war of extermination. He lays siege to the Alamo, defended by the heroic Col. W. B. Travis and his little band of 180, composed of Texians, and volunteers from the United States. *Noble men!* You have fought, and fought bravely; but being overpowered by your Gothic foe—you have fallen—you have gloriously fallen under the wavings of the *lone star flag! There* rest the remains of the *brave Travis*—the *noble Crockett*, the *inimitable Bowie*, with their little spartan band. Long, long, will their memories be dear to every Texian, to every American, to every lover of liberty!

The *Tyrant* then moved his exterminating force to Goliad. *There* he met the *intrepid* Col. Fannin with his 400 brave men, mostly volunteers from the United States. *They fought*, Col. Fannin sustained himself *admirably* in the action, with but a comparatively small loss; and what the insidious tyrant could not effect by *military prowess*, he effected by *treachery*. Hence, he hoisted the white flag, and proposed to Colonel Fannin, terms of capitulation. The terms were, that Col. Fannin and his command, should cease to fight (the Col. himself being wounded) and be safely shipped to New Orleans.

The articles of capitulation were drawn up, and signed by the contracting parties. Did the Mexican commander carry out in good faith these solemn stipulations! *No!* He perjured himself,—yes, he violated his sacred pledge! No fellow-citizens—contrary to the laws and usage of all civilized nations, and under the powers of indignant Heaven, he *murdered in cold blood* those 400 brave men; (except a few, who made good their escape in time of the general slaughter.)

Horrible deed! detestable crimes—too schocking to be perpetrated by any, but the most blood thirsty, and malicious *tyrant!*

As the course of Santa Anna, from the time he had entered our dominion, had been marked by blood and devastation, he attempted with impunity to pursue the same course, even to the eastern extremity of Texas: but the Judge of the earth will do right. While the tyrant is on his victorious march—the 21st of April, is ushered in—the indignation of Heaven arrests his course—on the plains of San Jacinto, he meets the remaining little Texian band—though not half equal to his own in number—the battle ensues—the cannons and small arms roar. The Texians dash in the charge, with the reverberating sound of "Remember the Alamo—Remember Goliad." The swords and bayonets clash—the God of battles presides—the lone star flag waves—the Texian arms are victorious. The tyrant and his chief officers are made captives and his entire army either slain or made prisoners. Thus did the glorious battle of San Jacinto, commanded by Genls. Houston, Rusk and Lamar, aided by Cols. Burleson and Sherman, terminate the war, so far as a general invasion is concerned; but our western frontier, continued to be exceedingly annoyed by marauding parties, until the summer of 1842, when Gen. Woll, of the Mexican army, with a formidable force, advanced upon the defenceless town of San Antonio; and notwithstanding, his march was warmly opposed by the small commands of Col. Caldwell and Capt. Hays, after the massacre of the gallant and lamented Capt. Dawson and company. Woll, captured and marched off, into bondage of the most servile kind—the judge—the jury—the attornies of the District Court (which was then in session) with many private and unarmed citizens. That audacity, connected with other indignities, being heaped upon our countrymen, filled them with a spirit of retaliation; hence, they resolved, that the flight of 100 miles, should no longer prove a hiding place for a band of base maraunders; therefore, it was determined, by that bold little band of 300 veterans under the command of Col. Wm. S. Fisher, to carry the war into the enemy's land.

This resolution being put into execution, Col. Fisher, encountered General Ampudia, at the city of Meir, on the 25th and 26th of December, 1842, with ten times his own number. The battle was sanguinary and warmly contested for nineteen hours. The Texian ranks only being thinned by a small loss, while the Mexican loss numbered one-third of their whole force; and at the interesting juncture when victory was hovering around the Lone Star flag, Ampudia, to effect by stratagem that which he could not by force of arms, hoisted the white flag, and succeeded in bringing about a parley, and with it some disorder in the Texian ranks, under which influence, even after one of the hardest fought battles by the Texian arms during the Revolution, this brave little band was decoyed into a surrender, on condition of being treated with all the consideration of prisoners of war. The sequel under the *ipse dixit* of the Mexican despot, is shocking to every principle of humanity. Under the combined influences of treachery and barbarity, for which the Mexican nation is so ingloriously characterized.

The tyrant Santa Anna, ordered Gov. Medin to have the prisoners all shot; but this noble-hearted Mexican was too patriotic and humane to carry out such a barbarous edict. Then the tyrant issued a second order, that the prisoners should be decimated, and each tenth man shot.

He found a *heartless sycophant* with a pair of *epaulets* on his shoulders, in the person of Col. Domingo Huerta, who was base enough to put this bloody mandate into execution! *Thus*, fell seventeen of the noble sons of Texas; their lives were sacrificed in *freedom's cause*, and while we would drop the *sympathetic tear* over their *untimely graves*, we at the same time are well assured that their blood has been avenged on the Mexican nation an hundred fold. A portion of these *murdered men* was from Fayette county, and their dying requests were that if an opportunity ever offered, that their remains should be brought back to Fayette county. This patriotic service was performed in the time of the late war between the United States and Mexico, by a small band of noble-hearted and benevolent young men. The remains of sixteen of the deceased men, with those of the brave Dawson, and his command, were brought to the town of Lagrange. A day was appointed for their interment. Some two thousand gentlemen and ladies from the different counties of the State attended. After the delivery of an *appropriate* and *thrilling* address by Rev. John W. Kinney, those remains, with deep solemnity and military honors, were deposited in a rock vault, on Monument Hill, a beautiful and commanding eminence, overlooking the flourishing town of Lagrange, from the western margin of the majestic Colorado.

This assembly determined that a monument should be erected on that consecrated spot, in honor to the remains of *all* who had fallen in the sacred cause of Texian liberty.

Hence a committee of sixteen gentlemen was chosen, for the purpose of devising and putting into action a train of the best ways and means, by which a Monument might be erected, that would do like honor to our *martyred heroes*, and to the young but rising State in which we have the felicity to reside. To systematize this patriotic design, the Committee, by an act of the Honorable Legislature, became a corporate body.

Considering, *as they did*, that a printing establishment was a *sine qua non*, in facilitating the great object of their enterprise, they procured a printing press, from which issues that weekly newspaper published in the town of Lagrange, and known as the "Texas Monument."

No member of the Committee being a practical printer, and finding that the expenses of the establishment kept pace with its income at the close of the second volume, the committee sold the establishment to A. P. Posey, the present editor and proprietor; and as the paper is ably conducted, and still advocates the great principles of our enterprise, we very *cheerfully* recommend it to the cordial reception of an *intelligent community*. The Hon. Legislature has donated to the Committee $1,000, to aid in the consummation of this *patriotic object*. This money is put out at interest, and the amount is already greatly augmented by *private donations*; which have thus far occupied the general range from $100 to $200. Fayette county will alone, *directly* and *indirectly*, donate $5,000 towards this noble cause. And we hope that other populous counties will not be excelled by Fayette in patriotic liberality.

The Hon. Monumental Committee has chosen the humble individual who now addresses you, as their *General Agent*, to travel over the State, or elsewhere, to solicit donations in cash, *prompt* or on *time*; *lands*, *town lots*, or in *anything else* that may be available, in the *present* or the *future*, to aid in the erection of the contemplated Monument. No plan for the edifice has yet been devised; but as good building rock is in great abundance in the vicinity of Lagrange, we presume that *one hundred thousand dollars* will rear a Monument to the honor of our two thousand fallen heroes in the Texian Revolution, of which our State may be proud.

It is the intention of the Committee to keep a record, both of the *name* and *amount of each donor*, so that future generations that may visit the Monument, may read, in letters engraven on the solid marble, the generosity of their ancestors.

The remains of the fallen heroes in the cause of Texas, so far as they *can be procured*, *will be brought* to Monument Hill. The names even of those whose remains cannot be procured, will be inscribed conspicuously on the Monument, with the date and place of their fall, so that the corroding hand of future ages may not efface that inscription.

At a suitable time, each county in the State, with each organized body, will be solicited to furnish a rock or block of marble, with that inscription upon it which the citizens of the respective counties or organizations may designate, to be placed conspicuously in the Monument.

Fellow-citizens, now that the Lone Star has happily culminated under the umbrageous wings of the great American eagle, without the loss of a particle of her brilliancy. Now that the trump of the warrior, and the clangor of arms, no longer echo on our mountains or in our valleys.

Now, that the garments died in blood have passed away; now that the sanguinary but unequal struggle for independence is over, and we live to enjoy the rich boon of freedom and prosperity, achieved by the wisdom of our counsels, the valor of our arms, and the blood of our fallen heroes.—Let us, fellow-citizens, as a debt of gratitude for signal services and patriotic devotion, rear a Monument, that shall be alike honorable to the memories of departed worth, and to the rising glory of the young but prosperous State in which we have the honor and the happiness to reside.

☞ One hundred and seventy-five American whalers, with 11,499 barrels of sperm oil, 537,360 barrels whale oil, and 3,363,333 lbs. of bone, arrived at the ports of Honolulu, Lahaina and Hilo, in the Sandwich Islands, from August to November last. From eighty to a hundred vessels more were expected to arrive during the season. It was estimated that four-fifths of the oil and bone were taken during the last summer, the season having been eminently favorable. A large portion of the fleet being but a few months from home, did not wish to return, and there was a great want of vessels to ship oil and bone to the States, and freights ruled high.

☞ Mr. Amos Lawrence, of Boston, who died suddenly of disease of the stomach, on Thursday night, was a brother of Abbott Lawrence. The latter, when a young man, was clerk in his store, and subsequently became a partner. For thirty nine years he has been a leading merchant of Boston, but for twenty years past has been in infirm health. During his life he gave donations to Williams College amounting to $25,000, and to Bunker Hill Monument $10,000, while his private charities were numerous and liberal. Not long since he appropriated $5,000 to purchase wood for the poor. The wife of Mr. Lawrence is an aunt of Mrs. Gen. Pierce.

AREA AND POPULATION OF EUROPE AND THE U. STATES.—The area of the United States is but one-seventh less than that of Europe, including the two islands. Its population, however, is less than one-eleventh as large. The population of Europe averages seventy-one to the square mile, while that of the United States is but seven.—Russia has eight times as much European territory as any other nation, and twenty millions more of population. Her population, however, is but thirty to the square mile, while that of Belgium is 381. Of the United States, Massachusetts is the most densely populated, having 127 inhabitants to the square mile. Texas, the largest in area of the States, has 30,000 square miles more territory than the empire of France, and nearly twice as much as the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. The population of the United States will surpass that of Great Britain within five years, and probably overtake that of France by the next national census.

SPOT ON THE SUN.—An unusually large spot on the sun is said to be visible. By rough measurement, its diameter has been found to be about 33,000 miles, occupying an area on the sun's surface of eight hundred millions of square miles, equal to four times the superficial contents of our mighty earth. It serves to give some idea of the stupendous bulk of our solar orb, when such a vast deduction may be made from its luminous surface, and yet any diminution of emitted light be imperceptible.

THE LADY FREE MASON.—Hon. Elizabeth St. Leger was the only female who was ever initiated into the ancient and honorable order of Free Masonry. How she obtained this honor we shall lay before our readers, promising that our information is derived from the best sources. Lord Doneraile, Miss St. Leger's father, a very zealous Mason, held a warrant and occasionally held lodge at Doneraile House, his sons and some intimate friends assisting; and it is said that never were masonic duties more rigidly performed than by the brethren of No. 150, the number of their warrant. It appears that previously to the initiation of a gentleman to the first steps of Masonry, Miss St. Leger, who was a young girl, happened to be in an apartment adjoining the room generally used as a lodge room, but whether the young lady was there by design or accident, we cannot confidently state. The room at the time was undergoing some alteration; among other things the wall was considerably reduced in one part for the purpose of making a saloon. The young lady heard the voices of the free masons, and being prompted by the curiosity natural to all to see the mystery so long and so secretly locked up from the public view, had the courage to pick a brick from the wall with her scissors, and thus witnessed the first steps of the ceremony.

Curiosity gratified, fear at once took possession of her mind, and those who understand this passage well know what the feelings of any must be who could unlawfully behold that ceremony; let them then judge what were the feelings of a young girl under such extraordinary circumstances. There was no mode of escape except through the very room where the concluding part of the second step was still being solemnized at the far end, and the room a very large one, Miss St. Leger had resolution sufficient to attempt her escape that way, and with light but trembling steps glided along unobserved, laid her hand unobserved on the handle of the door, and opening it, before her stood, to her dismay, a grim and surly *Tiler*, with his long sword unsheathed.

A shriek that pierced through the apartment alarmed the members of the lodge, who all rushing to the door and finding that Miss St. Leger had been in the room during the ceremony, resolved, it is said, in the paroxysm of their rage, to put the fair spectatress to death; but at the moving and earnest supplication of her youngest brother, her life was spared on condition of her going through the two remaining steps of the solemn ceremony she had unlawfully witnessed. This she consented to, and they conducted the beautiful and terrified young lady through those trials which are sometimes more than enough for masculine resolution, little thinking they were taking into the bosom of the craft a member that would afterwards reflect a lustre on the annals of Masonry.

Miss St. Leger was directly descended from Sir Richard de St. Leger, who accompanied William the Conqueror to England, and was of that high repute that he with his own hand supported the prince when he first went out of his ship to land in Sussex. Miss St. Leger was cousin to Gen. Anthony St. Leger, Governor of St. Louis, who instituted the interesting race and the celebrated Doncaster St. Leger stakes. Eventually she married Richard Alworth, Esq., of Newmarket, a member of a highly honorable and ancient family. Whenever a benefit was given at any one of the theatres in Dublin or Cork for the Masonic Female Orphan Asylum, Mrs. Alworth walked at the head of the Free Masons, and sat in the front row of the stage box. The house was always crowded on these occasions. The portrait of this estimable woman is in the lodge room of almost every lodge in Ireland.

POPULATION OF AMERICA AND GREAT BRITAIN COMPARED.—In the recent census report, there is a comparison of the growth of population in the United States, with that of Great Britain. Here, for the last sixty years, the increase has been about three and a half per cent per annum, for the whole period. In the mother country, no enumeration of the population of Ireland was made until 1813, and that was quite imperfect; and the first census of Great Britain was made in 1801, when it had only ten millions and a half. Now the population of Great Britain—England, Ireland, Scotland, Wales, and the Islands, including persons in the army, navy, and the merchants service—amounts to 27,816,000, of whom 13,537,052 were males, and 14,032,514 were females. What an appalling comment on the state of things does the facts of the population of Ireland present! From 1821 to 1841 it increased at the rate of one per cent per annum; while from the ten years from 1841 to 1851 *the decrease was* 1,659,020—a diminution of two per cent per annum, or twenty per cent for the entire ten years. The whole population of Great Britain and Ireland has increased in ten years about a half million—leaving out Ireland it has increased 1,3-16 per cent per annum. In the same time the United States have gone from 17,000,000 to 23,000,000—or 35 per cent.

MR. VANDERBILT AND THE NICARAGUA TRANSIT COMPANY.—Mr. Vanderbilt has sold to the Nicaragua Transit Company at New York his seven steamers engaged in the California trade. It will be seen from the following, from the Evening Post that he got upwards of $1,200,000 for them:

Mr. Vanderbilt has received, according to the terms of the agreement we published the other day, cash for the 40,000 shares of new issue by the Nicaragua Company. They were taken by leading men at $30 per share, and Mr. Vanderbilt received $1,200,000, besides a bond of $130,000, payable in 12 months.

The 40,000 shares will be withheld for a time, as a matter of sound policy, so as not to depress prices on the buoyancy of the market; but the current prices afford a great profit to the takers of the new stock, and the market is likely to be fed moderately. Outside speculators should be as quick to sell as to buy on the first favorable turn of the market, for in all these speculations it is "devil take the hindmost."

When the new holders shall have disposed of their stock, there is no security for a maintenance of price.

The capital is now nominally $3,800,000.

THE GRAND LODGE OF THE UNITED STATES.—It appears that the annual report of James L. Ridgely Esq. Secretary of the Grand Lodge of the United States I. O. O. F. that the receipts of that body for the year ending the 1st inst. were $12,991 73 exclusive of $1,150 80, which is applicable to the "Wildey Honorable Hall Fund." The balance in hand, at the time of the last report, was $16,882, making an aggregate of $29,855 53 in the hands of the Treasurer during the years for mileage, per diem, expenses and appropriations, $16,174 03, leaving on hand on the 1st inst. the sum of $13,681 50.

The invested funds of the Grand Lodge consist of $2,800 in Maryland 6 per cent. stock, and $6,281 41 in the Wildey bank.

There is, it appears, a lodge at the Honolulu, in the Sandwich Islands, with sixty-eight members. In Texas there are twenty-three lodges with over six hundred members. During the year, six new lodges were opened in Alabama. In Indiana there are 126 lodges, having a membership of 6,111; and in Wisconsin 56 lodges in active operation.

We understand that the reported condition of the Odd Fellowship in Texas embraces only the lodges existing in July last, since that time a number of others have been organized.

INTER-OCEANIC CIRCULATION.—Lt. M. F. Maury delivered a lecture in New York recently on the theory of the inter-oceanic circulation of water on the globe, and supporting with much interesting information the hypothesis that the water which is found in one portion of the earth to-day may be found in another to-morrow. Every drop of water, he argued, is an obedient to great and general laws as are the planets of heaven. If it was not so, and if there was no channels of circulation by which the water could pass from ocean to ocean, the waters of the oceans, in the course of time, would be found completely different from each other. The waters of the Red Sea and those of the Dead Sea are nearly the same in quality—a thing which can only be accounted for on this hypothesis of circulation—and if they took a single drop of water from the Pacific Ocean and analyzed it, and another from the Atlantic Ocean and analyzed it, they would be found perfectly the same. The winds, currents, temperature of the waters, and the animalcule which inhabit them, were all described as having their agency in promoting this circulation.

☞ The late news from Sonora by the way of San Francisco, shows the supposition that the French expedition was authorised by the French government, with a view of obtaining a foothold in Mexico, to have been unfounded. Rousset, the commander of the expedition, has obtained from the Sonorian authorities a grant of the rich mines of Arizona, in the Apache country. He was near the mines when Gen. Blanco, the Commandment of the State, with the view of securing a Senor Baron in possession of the mines, demanded of Rousset concessions were formed no part on the contract, and, if complied with, would have been a practical abandonment of the rights of his company. Gen. Blanco having sent to the Federal capital for additional forces to compel the submission of Rousset to his demands, the Frenchman gallantly prepared to resist, and report says, succeeded in routing the Commandment, then pushed on to the mines and expelled Baron and his company.

☞ Col. Colt's revolving pistols and other fire-arms have obtained so great a celebrity, and consequently are in such great demand in England, that the Colonel has found it necessary to establish a manufactory of them in London. The formidable weapons are in great request at the Cape of Good Hope, for their extraordinary range and precision and the rapidity of their discharges.

THE LOUISIANA SUGAR CROP.—The past season has been indisputable the most productive for sugar cane ever known in this State. Unlike many of its predecessors, the crop is unusually prolific throughout the entire cane-growing country.—accounts from all quarters are of the most cheering kind—not only as to the quantity, but the quality made, which as a general thing is of unusual excellence. We have heard of some very large yields in our parish, which is noted for its productiveness, but that of Mr. James Walford, of Bayon Ramais, beats them all. We have been told that that gentleman made 190 hogsheads of very fair sugar. Several of our planters have made three hogsheads, and even more, to the acre, but this far exceeds any, being on an average of 4¼ hogsheads to the acre.—*Franklin (La.) Banner 25th.*

STEAM POWER IN THE UNITED STATES.—The Mechanical Review, published in New York, gives a table of statistics of the number of steam engines and locomotives produced in a year at the different establishments in the United States, from which it appears that the steam power created in a single year in the United States is equal to 713,159 horses, which is equal to the physical labor, at the present time, of 7,154,590 men and is the fourteenth century of 237,626 780.

☞ The Caloric ship Ericsson returned to New York on the 15th inst., from her trial trip down the Bay, having exceeded the anticipation of those interested in her. She left Williamsburg between nine and ten o'clock on Tuesday morning, passed the flag-staff on Governor's Island at 9h. 46m., and passed abreast of Fort Diamond at 10h. 30m. 30s.; thus making a distance of 14 miles in 24½ minutes.

DISEASE IN FEATHERS.—The following is worthy of attention: "It has been discovered that feathers, unskillfully dried and put in beds, are deadly to persons with weak lungs sleeping upon them. Old feather beds, of double ages, on which filth and disease have long lingered are bought dried up, and sold as new feather, often causing sickness and death in families. Look at your feather beds. Straw and husks are far cheaper, healthier and therefore, far preferable to feathers."

☞ The manufacture of beet root sugar in France, is increasing beyond all precedent. Last year the manufactories numbered 325, and the year previous only 254. The sugar manufactured last year amounted to about thirty millions pounds, while it was only ten millions the year before.—The best quality retails at sixteen cents per pound.

NEWSPAPER BOYS.—The New Hampshire Patriot, the leading democratic paper at Concord, says the printing office of that paper has been the graduating school of a Governor, a Senator of Congress, several Representatives to Congress, many editors, some ministers, and many other young men, who have filled at various times numerous responsible stations in the community.

☞ Patient self-raising flour is an article manufactured at the rate of a thousand barrels a month in the Croton Mills at New York. Its peculiar properties are imparted by incorporating with the flour, during its manufacture, super-carbonate of soda and tartaric acid, in suitable proportions. By the new process, the usual way of raising bread by the partial decomposition of the dough, which is said to cause a deterioration of the valuable qualities of the flour, and a loss equal to sixteen per cent, in weight, compared with bread raised without yeast, is avoided.

Three California Steamers, with over one thousand passengers, left New York on the 5th instant.

It is stated that Mr. Fillmore, after the 4th of March, will visit Havana, New Orleans and the West.

The number of deaths in Boston during the year 1852 was 3750—less by 100 than those of 1851. The principal disease is consumption.

More than one million and a half of persons, it is said, pass Memphis, on the Mississippi river, every year, according to reliable data.

One of the dukedoms of Germany, containing an area of about ten miles, is held by the second son of the late duke. The eldest son and heir is said to be a farmer in Warren county, Missouri, and refuses to leave a farm for a ducal crown, with ten square miles, full of subjects to maintain its dignity.

The more we help others to bear their burdens, the lighter our own will be.

The Duke of Wellington's estates are worth about ten millions of dollars.

The Charleston Courier completed the fiftieth year of its existence on the 8th inst.

☞ The loans of the N. York city banks are estimated at one hundred millions of dollars, on a capital of $17,500,000, and a specie basis of $9,500,000.

☞ The statue of Thomas Jefferson—the second in Crawford's Washington monumental group—has just been cast in the Royal Foundry in Munich.

☞ Edwin Forrest, and Mrs. Sinclair, his late wife, by a singular coincidence, have effected engagements at the rival theatres of Buffalo, to come off at the same time.

☞ The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania has decided that the Canal Commissioners represent the State, and have absolute power over the public works owned by the State.

☞ The Government stamped envelopes, it is said, cannot be got ready for distribution until the 1st of April next.

☞ The Hon. Edward Stanley, of North Carolina, it is said, designs removing to California, where he proposes to practice his profession—the law.

☞ Clist estimates the present population of Cincinnati, exclusive of the suburbs, at 165,000.

The Atlantic is nearly four miles deep off Cape Hatteras, say the U. S. Coast surveyors.

The number of new buildings erected in Washington during the past year, was 654.

Governor Price, of Missouri, was inaugurated on the 29th ult.

St. Nicholas Hotel at New York was thrown open to visitors on the 4th inst. It is a magnificent establishment, the furniture alone costing $125,000, and the silver ware $25,000.

Senator Davis of Massachusetts, whose term expires on the 4th of March next, has written to the Boston Atlas announcing his intention to retire from public life, his health being enfeebled.

The Legislature of Delaware on the 12th inst., elected John M. Clayton United States Senator for six years, in place of Presley Spruance, whose term expires with the present Congress.

The funeral obsequies of Daniel Webster at New York cost the corporation $6,447.

The Legislature of Arkansas has established a new county called Columbia, composed of contiguous portions of Hempstead, Ouachita, Union and Lafayette, but principally of the latter.

Jokes to be appreciated should not be written but told. Catch the sparkling foam of the sea and bottle it, and what was a moment ago living pearls dressed in sunshine, is now a bad sample of pork pickle.

NORTH CAROLINA.—The Legislature of this State, at its late session, chartered no less than 29 plank road companies; and one company to build a railroad from Fayetteville to the coal mines. Three new banks were also incorporated; at Yanceyville with a capital of $200,000; at Elizabeth City, with a branch at Greensborough, capital $500,000; at Charlotte, capital $300,000. The capital of the bank of Wadesborough was increased $200,000.

☞ It appears by a statement of the National Intelligencer that the population of Washington city is now very near 50,000.

☞ The Empire under Napoleon III. will cost France 20,000,000 francs annually more than it did under Louis Philippe. The Emperor is allowed one million sterling per annum, besides the royal palaces, parks, forests, &c.

☞ Mr. Webster, just before his death, called his son Fletcher to his bedside, and said: "My dear son, I wish you to procure a handsome and substantial piece of silver plate, and present to my valued friend, Peter Harvey, with a suitable inscription, as a testimonial of my dying love for him." This piece of plate has been manufactured in Boston, and the inscription a verbatim transcript of the dying words in which the great statesman made his request.

QUAKER IN CONGRESS.—Edward P. Ellis made his appearance in Congress on the 20th ult., and without taking off his broad-brimmed hat, advanced to the Speaker, and affirmed to support the Constitution of the United States.

ALABAMA U. S. SENATOR.—The Mobile Tribune says a dispatch has been received announcing that Gov. Benjamin Fitzpatrick has been appointed by Gov. Collier, U. S. Senator in place of Col. King, resigned. The Tribune understands that Mr. Fitzpatrick has already left for Washington to take his seat.

☞ The vice president elect Mr. King is seventy-two years of age.

☞ The present debt of the State of Illinois, including interest due, is $16,724,177.

THE BULLETIN.

JOHN HENRY BROWN, EDITOR.

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 3, 1853.

☞ We invite the attention of our Seguin subscribers to the card of Mr. J. R. Wintz.

☞ The clerk of the steamship Mexico will please accept our thanks for late papers.

☞ We are indebted to the clerk of the steamship Louisiana for a file of New Orleans papers.

☞ We have no interesting news from the Legislature, or from Congress.

☞ The steamship Mexico, from New Orleans on the 25th, arrived on the 28th.

☞ The Louisiana sailed for New Orleans on the 31st inst.

☞ The steamship Louisiana arrived at this port from New Orleans on the 31st.

☞ The steamship Texas arrived from New Orleans this morning.

☞ We were this week favored with a visit from C. J. Mitchell, Esq., the new editor of the Victoria Advocate, looking the picture of good health.

☞ Mr. J. M. Conrad, formerly of Galveston, and lately employed in this office, has become connected with the Brownsville (Rio Grande) Flag, an excellent paper.

☞ Among the late arrivals, we notice some fine blooded horses and jacks. Many have been introduced this winter, both by land and water.

☞ The roads are again in good order from Indianola to the interior.

☞ Eggs are worth in Indianola 30 cts. per dozen.

Dr. Bigelow, of Ohio, who has been two and a half years absent as surgeon to the United States and Mexican Boundary Commission, arrived in Indianola this week, en route for home.

A number of young men of the commission passed through this place last week. Mr. Bartlett, the commissioner, is in Washington to make his final report. Maj. Bartlett, his brother, and former commissary to the expedition, is in San Antonio.

New Postoffices.—Valley, Guadalupe county, Thomas J. Perryman, p. m.; Cibolo, Bexar county, J. M. Hill, p. m., both on Cibolo creek.

☞ A beautiful monument, in memory of the heroes of the Alamo, built of stone taken from the ruins, in 1842, and sculptured by an American artist, arrived in Indianola this week, by the Louisiana, and goes by wagon to Austin, where the proprietor proposes selling it to the State to be placed in the new State House. A particular description of it will be given in our next. We have no doubt but the State will buy it.

☞ It is generally conceded that President Pierce will appoint the Hon. Senator R. M. T. Hunter, of Virginia, Secretary of State, a good selection, and one that will be well received by all parties.

A Bridge at last.—We are truly glad to say that a superior bridge has been erected over White's bayou, one mile above Indianola, which will be of great advantage to wagons, and a saving of distance. It has long been needed.

Expedition.—By the last mail from San Antonio we received the San Antonio Texan of the 11th November, and on the same day the Galveston News of the 9th December, containing the President's Message.

Accident.—A son of Mr. David Trainer, of Cibolo creek, Bexar county, was lately shot while hunting with his brother. The ball passed through the right chest, but he is doing well and will doubtless recover.

Seguin.—Two thousand dollars were promptly subscribed in Seguin to refinish and furnish the Seguin female High School, lately burned. The stone walls are uninjured. Three thousand dollars, it was said, would make it as good as before, and when we left a meeting was called to raise the whole amount, with every hope of success.

Supreme Court Decisions.—The Supreme Court, now in session at Galveston, have decided the following cases—

Heirs of Joseph McCoy, plaintiffs in error vs. Levi Jones et al defendants, from Gonzales county, involving title to the McCoy league, 10 miles below Gonzales, decided in favor of Jones.

Heirs of S. McCoy, by Eli Mitchell, vs. Crawford & Joshua Threadgell, to try title to one third league of land, appeal from Gonzales, decided in favor of the heirs.

Heirs of Yenda vs. J. O. Wheeler, involving a tax title on the Garcitas, appeal from Victoria. Decided in favor of Yenda and against the tax title—a very important case we learn.

Moody vs. Wheeler, from Victoria to try title to a lot in Victoria. Moody claimed under a title from the Mexican Government; Wheeler under a deed from the Corporation of Victoria. Decided in favor of Moody.

L. Virginia Smith.—This gifted poetess has taken leave of that name, rendered by her genius so dear to many, and merged it in that of French—having married Mr. John H. French, of McMinnville, Tenn. The happy pair are now spending their honey-moon at the St. Louis Hotel, New Orleans.

REMINISCENCES OF OUR LATE TOUR.

We found Austin greatly improved since our last visit, in 1846. They are making as beautiful brick there as we ever saw; being of a light cream color, very hard and perfect. Several fine houses have been built of it. The white marble in the vicinity is a beautiful building material, easily worked and, besides its immediate value, must become a permanent source of wealth, as an article of export, so soon as a railroad shall have been run into that region. Cedar is also abundant and of good quality. All the farms from Austin to San Antonio, 76 miles, are fenced with it.

Our visit to Austin called up many reflections, and induced a comparison of the present day with that of 13 years ago, when it was our privilege to reside there. Then Austin was just laid out and the seat of government removed there. Gen. Lamar was then President of the Republic—now he is a retired citizen, David G. Burnet was Vice President—now a retired farmer on the San Jacinto. Gen. A. Sidney Johnson was Secretary of War—now paymaster in the U. S. army. We had the pleasure of renewing his acquaintance while in Austin. A. S. Lipscomb was Secretary of State, now on the supreme bench. Dr. Jas. H. Starr was at the head of the Treasury, and is now retired in Nacogdoches. Louis P. Cook was Secretary of the Navy—afterwards engaged in a succession of bloody difficulties and died of cholera on the Rio Grande in 1849. Asa Brigham, then Treasurer of the Republic, is long since dead. John Hemphill, then a young Lawyer, has for eleven years been Chief Justice of the Supreme Court. Hugh McLeod, then Adjutant General, afterwards commanded the Santa Fe expedition, served in the Texian Congress, and now resides in Corpus Christi. Wm. G. Cook, was Quarter Master General, afterwards in the Santa Fe expedition, Texian Congress, Secretary of War, and died in 1847. P. H. Bell, then Inspector General, is now our popular Governor. Wm. L. Cazneau, was Paymaster General, afterwards member of Congress—now a Mexican trader. Edward Burleson was then at the head of the regular army, afterwards Vice President and Senator and died a year ago. General then ex-President Houston was a member of Congress, afterwards President for a second term, and now U. States Senator. Dr. B. T. Archer and many other distinguished men of that day, are now either in private life or dead. Of the latter we remember Col. Wm. S. Fisher, the invincible Col. Henry W. Karnes, Col. J. C. Neill, Wm. H. and Patrick C. Jack, David S. Kaufman, Geo. W. Terrell, Cornelius Van Ness, of San Antonio, Holmes, of Matagorda, Gant of Washington, Henry Smith of Brazoria, John W. Hansford of Shelby, the celebrated Robert Potter, Kerr and Usher of Jackson, and many others—of the former, are Gens. Chambers, Hunt, Green, Felix Huston, John Caldwell of Bastrop, Judge Wm. Menefee of Fayette. The two lamented brothers Wharton had lately deceased. Old Jesse Grimes, then regarded as one of the fathers of the Senate is still in his seat, having been in every legislative body in Texas since the revolution of 1835, excepting the State Convention of 1845.

The changes alluded to are but a few of the many that have occurred among our public men. The old pioneer statesmen are rapidly passing away and new men taking their places. While the old settler is pained at the reflection, in passing over our beautiful country, he is consoled, re-juvenated at the great evidences of progress and improvement every where meeting his view.

Austin is truly a beautiful place—a city on seven hills in view of many larger ones. It is already a large town and growing at a lively pace. With its unlimited marble, fine forests of cedar, fertile lands, abundant water power, undisputed healthiness and excellent population, it bids fair to become one of the largest, if not the largest inland city in Texas. The State House, now 18 feet high, promises to be a noble structure—an ornament to Austin, a credit to the State. It is being built of the native white marble, is 120 by 140 feet square, designed to be 84 feet high from the foundation and has the stone dressed with the plane. It stands on a commanding elevation known as Capitol Hill, at the head of Congress Avenue, about 1000 yards from the Colorado River and overlooking the whole city. The Land office immediately in its rear is built of the same material, one story high.

From Austin we went via Manchaca's springs to San Marcos. This new town stands on a mound at the head of the San Marcos valley and at the foot of the mountains. Here a number of bold springs burst out of the mountains, in crystal purity, and in such volume as at once to form the beautiful San Marcos river. The town is small, but in the midst of fertility, fine farms, and an increasing population. As an evidence of the intelligence of the people, we found nearly every one willing to take newspapers—they are a reading community and full of hospitality. The widow of Gen. Burleson resides here and owns some valuable water mills. Cedar is abundant in the suburbs and surrounding country, as well as marble. The country from Austin to this place is well improved, except one spot of a few miles.

In our next we shall speak of other places visited during the tour.

Growths of Texas.—We lately stated that crab apples were found in abundance in a wild state in the mountains above New Braunfels and San Marcos. We saw a lot of the fruit on our recent trip, and found them large, well formed and possessing the flavor of the best apples of the kind in the western States. Horticulturalists generally agree that wherever this fruit grows wild, good orchard apples can be produced. A gentleman at the falls of the Brazos, several years ago grafted choice apple sprouts into the wild haw, and now annually gathers good fruit from them.

There are many kinds of wild fruit and timber found in the mountains that we do not meet with below them. Among these we have been told of seven choice varieties of the grape, one of which is white, transparent and very delicious; also several kinds of plums not found in the lower country.—Slippery elm and sassafras are among the trees found there also; and a great amount of cedar. As the county settles new discoveries are made of its native wealth and prospects for future greatness.

The white marble extending from Austin to San Antonio along the mountain slopes, is inexhaustible: indeed there are whole mountains of it, of the most beautiful kind, which is quarried, then sawed as wood into any desired shape and planed off to a perfect polish. It is quite a soft rock when taken out, but hardens indefinitely on exposure to the air.

Just above Seguin an inexhaustible bed of hydraulic cement is found, and much of it has been ground in the neighboring mill and used in cisterns and for building purposes. The evidences of natural wealth are indeed abundant in that delightful portion of Texas. Within one mile of the town of San Marcos the extent of this white marble is beyond computation.

Small Pox and Bloody Flux.—The small pox has appeared at Austin, and up to the 19th instant, as we learn by the American, four cases had occurred. It was hoped the disease would not spread, as the cases were in the outskirts of the place.

By a letter from an esteemed friend, dated Georgetown, Williamson county, Jan. 20th, we also learn that the small pox was prevailing there to a considerable extent.—Three deaths had occurred in one family, three miles from the town, and no vaccine matter to be had. Much alarm was felt by the people.

The bloody flux has prevailed slightly at several points up the country. At Hallettsville a number of deaths have occurred, among whom we regret to mention Mr. James Brown, an old and worthy citizen, Mr. Mays, Mrs. Wm. Morrison, a young man whose name we did not learn and others. Mr. P. McDermott, merchant, was very low at our last accounts, but we trust has recovered.

New Road.—The road which was opened some 12 months ago, from Williams' place on Little Brushy, on the Victoria and Hallettsville road, to the Bay, is now travelled regularly and well beaten. It crosses the Chicolita, Arenoso, Garcitas, Casa Blanco, Placido and Chopolate creeks, affording plenty of water, and, saving some 14 miles in the distance from Indianola and Port Lavaca to Lavaca county. The road from Indianola crosses Chocolate at Ogden's bridge, leaving the Port 3 miles to the right, intersects the other near Placido, and passes 12 miles east of Victoria. There is no bog wallow on this route, but a number of wet weather slashes, difficult to pass when covered with water. In dry weather it is an excellent road.

Indians and Rumors of Indians.—We learn by Government express, which arrived in this city on the evening of the 25th inst., that Capt. Newton, of the Second Dragoons, and his command, while scouting on the North Fork of the Nueces river, about one hundred and seventy miles north-west from this place, on the 20th instant, about noon, came suddenly upon a party of Lipan Indians, numbering about 200, who were coming down the country. The troops were ordered to fire upon them, which they did, killing three and wounding several more.—The Indians returned the fire, but without effect, and then fled, leaving behind them one man and nineteen women and children, and about one hundred and fifty head of horses and mules, most of which were doubtless stolen. The party having the prisoners and stock in charge are now on their way to this place where they will probably arrive to-day. We also learn from a gentleman just in from Fort Ewell, that there are many evidences of Indians in that country, and that Col. Loring, of that Fort, has determined to keep five of the six companies belonging to that post continually on the scout. In fact from all we can learn we are inclined to the belief that we are on the eve of another general Indian outbreak along our whole frontier.—*San Antonio Ledger Jan. 2d.*

☞ The message of Governor Walker, of Louisiana, says that the banks of that State are in a sound condition, having specie in their vaults to the amount of $8,200,000 against a circulation of only $5,400,000. He recommends "Free Banking." He advises the repeal of the "Negro basis" of the new constitution, which he thinks unjust.

☞ The Hon. Wm. Conway B., died at the residence of his brother, Gov. Conway, in Little Rock, Arkansas, a few days since. He was formerly Judge of the Third Judicial Circuit, and more recently was one of the Judges of the Supreme Court of the State.

☞ Mr. Upham, United States Senator from Maine, died in Washington on the 14th inst.

We commend the following article to the consideration of the people interested. The idea suggested seems both just and feasible; but to carry it out, a convention should be held in order to promote concert in the premises. We clip the article from the Victoria Advocate.

To the Stock Raisers of Victoria and Adjoining Counties.—It has been suggested to the undersigned, that some concerted action should be had by the Stock Raisers of this region in order to the advancement of their mutual interests. It is an evil, well known and felt, that so much time should annually be taken up in the search for and collection of missing stock—an evil too, which involves much ungrateful labor as well as loss of time. Besides in this search there is involved another matter which has proved seriously detrimental to the Stock Raiser. It is this: that in going into different ranges collecting cattle, the hunter too frequently drives off not only his own stock, but parts of the herd to which they have estrayed. Now, it is proposed, that either a Convention of the Stock Raisers be had, or some other plan pursued by which a measure may be adopted similar to the one which has long obtained in Eastern Texas, and which in its practical workings, has been found one of great public convenience, while it obviates to a great extent both the evils to which we have alluded.—That plan is, that the surrounding country should agree upon some central point, and a suitable time, to which once a year at least, and oftener if needed, every Stock Raiser should drive all the estray stock "*using*" in his range, separated from his own cattle; so that all who have estrays can get them at this central point, and drive them home, thus obviating the necessity for hunting them through the whole country, and preventing them from driving away and scattering each other's cattle.

The undersigned would be pleased to hear from the Stock Raisers throughout the country in reference to this matter, preparatory to, and indicating some general action in regard thereto.

THOS. STERNE.

Victoria, January 29, 1853.

☞ Sheep growing in Texas, begins to receive some of that general attention, of which the subject is worthy. The "Wool Grower" and "De Bow's Review," make frequent mention of the matter, and the latter promises to continue to do so. The work first named goes into calculations of the profits of the business, showing that it may be prosecuted to great advantage. The Review says, "We are free to confess that we consider Texas without a rival for growing wool, unless there is something better in New Mexico, or California. The sheep now there can be improved at much less cost than we supposed before we saw the wool. By selecting only those of the best wool, a grade of wool will be produced that will bring, if properly washed, from 28c. 32c. per lb., averaging about 30c. in this market. The fleeces are clean and light, when washed, and make a desirable kind of wool, which is largely sought for by the manufacturers."

The expense of keeping sheep in Texas is not over fifteen cents a head per annum. The expense and profits of a flock of 1,000 are thus stated:

DR.

Cost of 1000 sheep, at an average of $1.25 per head,	$1,250 00
Cost of expenses of care and keep for the year, at 20c.	200 00
Interest on Capital, at 7 per cent.,	87 00
	$1,537 00

CR.

By 2000 lbs. of washed wool, at 25c per lb	$750 00
By increase—say 400 lambs, at 75c.,	300 00
Gross profits	$1,050 00
Deducted expense and interest	287 00
net profits on capital per year	$763 00

Mr. Gray, of San Antonio, shows that on a sheep farm with 500 ewes at the commencement, at the end of ten years the gross value of the wool sold will be $87,800; the expenses will be $15,900.—Possible loss, $10,800, leaving a net profit of $43,200, while the whole amount of capital at the commencement is put down at $890. The Review says—

The farmers may be assured that they can never glut the market, and they may depend upon a rich demand and good prices for all they can raise for the next ten or twenty years. We would rather take our chance in Texas with a flock of two thousand sheep for the ten years, than in the richest placers yet found in California for making money.

☞ We have received a sample of the clarified sugar made by the machinery of Col. Morgan L. Smith of Columbia. This sample has been examined by good judges, and it is pronounced equal to the best lump sugar, though not quite equal to the best loaf, from which however it cannot be easily distinguished, except that it has not perhaps, quite that perfect whiteness. Its chrystalization is excellent and presents all the brilliancy of good loaf sugar. We understand that it was made from the cane in a few hours, by a single process, first passing through the centrifugal machinery which, in a few minutes, makes it dryer than a year's dripping, when it immediately passes through the other machinery for clarifying, and is thence taken from the moulds in large beautiful loaves weighing some 75lbs each. Col. Smith, we are informed, will send some of these loaves to the World's Fair in New York, in May next.—*Galveston News.*

Sea Island Cotton.—The first seed of the Sea Island long staple cottan was sent from the Bahamas to Georgia in 1786, and the first experiments were made with it on the Sea Islands, near the mouth of the Savannah river. The plants did not bear the first year, but, the winter proving mild, the rattoons bore fruit the year following, and thus became acclimated. The original seed came from Persia. The successful growth of this world-wide famous kind of cotton is confined to as string of islands, stretching from Georgetown, in South Caroline, to St. Mary's river, in Georgia, a distance of nearly two hundred miles, including a belt of coast not over fifteen miles wide. Its culture is now being introduced into Florida.

☞ In the Senate, on the 6th inst., the bill to increase the efficiency of the army by a retired list for disabled officers was taken up; and having been amended by striking out the propisions respecting the navy and marine corps it was passed.

Arrest of a Murderer.—The Little Rock (Arkansas) Democrat gives the following facts with regard to the recent arrest of a murderer in that county.

"We understand thot John A. Vaughan, for the last twelve months a resident of this county, was arrested yesterday, about 18 miles north of this city, upon a requisition of the Governor of Texas. Vaughan was formerly a citizen of Conway county, and is represented as a man of bad character. The crime for which he was arrested is the murder of Stephen Townsend, of Fayette county, Texas, on the 30th of October, 1851.—He was heavily ironed and taken from here yesterday, in charge of a son of the deceased, John T. Townsend, Esq. Refugees from justice in the adjoining States will soon perceive the policy of traveling in some other direction if they wish to avoid the punishment of their crimes."

☞ Col. John Taylor who not long since became a citizen of Galveston, delivered an Address last night at the Lyceum Hall, by invitation from the society. We believe we but express the general sentiment of all who were present, when we pronounce this address one of the most thrilling eloquence. It was entirely extemporaneous and took about an hour and a half in its delivery; and yet, instead of being exhausted, the subject only seemed to expand and amplify under the new and ever changing views presented by the orator, whose illustrations were almost infinitively diversified. The subject chosen was the Christian Religion, and its influence in ameliorating the condition of men in this life, and the still far more important end assigned by its author, of opening to him another state of existence of endless duration. This theme is one that has been discussed by the ablest divines and philosophers for more than eighteen centuries, and it is not therefore to be expected that any original argument or new idea can now be advanced in support of the evidences of christianity, or of its transcendent importance of human family. But we must say that we have never before heard those great truths more beautifully illustrated or seen them clothed with richer or more diversified imagery.—*News.*

☞ The slave trade vessels in Cuba, about which some of the papers so much complain, are said to be built in Baltimore, New York or New England.

☞ The stock of cotton in Liverpool on the 17th December, 1852, was 433,970 bales; 1851, 584,661. Imports into Liverpool from 1st January to 17th December were 2,044,585; 1708,461. Consumption 1,829,190; 1,836,949. Though the stock has increased in comparison with last year, it has not done so in the same proportion as the consumption.

☞ The Leon Pioneer announces Co. Thomas W. Blake as a candidate for Congress from the Western District, subject, however, to the decision of the Democratic Convention.

ARRIVAL OF STEAMER ARCTIC.

New York, Jan. 26.—The U. S. Mail steamship Arctic, of the Collins line, has arrived. The reports brought by her state that the market was very much unsettled. The Liverpool cotton market was dull and prices ruled in favor of the buyer. The sales for the three days previous to the departure of the steamer amounted to twelve thousand bales. Fair Orleans was quoted at 6d., and Middling Orleans at 5½d. The flour market was dull. Indian corn was firm.

[The above despatch left New York at 39 minutes past 9, last evening, and was received here 45 minutes ahead of time.]

Baltimore, Jan. 26.—In the Senate today, a bill was passed indemnifying the owners of the brig Kate Boyd.

Cass's Monroe resolution was discussed. Seward opposed it strongly, and an excited debate, mingled with personalities, ensued between Cass and Seward.

Senator Mason said that the British colonies must be removed from Belize Honduras.

In the House, a motion to engross the New York Mint bill was lost by 86 yeas to 98 nays. The bill was finally laid on the table and killed.

The Deficiency Appropriation bill was considered.

The General Armstrong Case.

Washington, Jan. 24.—The Senate today was occupied in executive session on a message from the President of the United States, communicating the award of Louis Napoleon in the case of the destruction of the brig General Armstrong, in the port of Fayal.

Louis Napoleon has decided against the United States claims, on the ground that the officers of the brig did not make timely application for the protection of the Portugese authorities.

Congressional Proceedings.

Washington, Jan. 24.—In the Senate Mr. Stockton's bill for reorganizing the Navy was made the order of the day for Wednesday. A resolution was passed, inquiring into the keeping back of money due the seamen of certain ships of war.

Mr. Sebastian made a report relative to the Florida Indians, embracing a complete history of the whole matter, and urging prompt measures.

Nothing was done with regard to Badger's nomination.

Charleston Cotton Market.—*Charleston*, Jan 21.—The demand has been good in the cotton market here during the week ending this day, and the sales embrace 12,000 bales. Strict middling, 10c. The receipts at this port since the 1st September, compared with those of the corresponding period last year, show an increase of 32,000 bales.

Freight on cotton for Liverpool, ⅛a9-16d.

FURTHER FROM EUROPE.

France, Louis Napoleon and the Pope.

Louis Napoleon's reply to the Pope's Nuncio, upon the recognition by the latter of the Empire, contained the words—"I trust, under Divine Providence, to develope the prosperity of France and to secure peace."

Prince Murat.—Prince Murat demands the sum of twenty millions of francs, with compound interest for the King's property; but Louis Napoleon declines to pay the interest.

There has been more fighting in Algeria.

Turkey.—The recent defeat of the Turks by the Montegrins, the losses of the former included 600 men killed.

Austria.—The Austrian Government is erecting additional fortifications about Vienna.

England—Trade.—Trade in the manufacturing districts had slightly declined during the week ending on the 8th inst.

MARRIED,

On the 20th January, in Texana, at the residence of Dr. F. F. Wells, by the Rev. G. W. Cottingham, Mr. Jno. A. Rogers Jr., merchant, to Miss Claudia E. McNutt.

The young couple have our warmest congratulations and desires for a long, prosperous and happy career. As a mess mate in camp and a neighbor in the "white settlements," we have favorably known the lucky swain; and rejoice that in this season, remarkable for the abundance and quality of its *nuts*, he has secured one so worthy, and a *native* too.

DIED,

On Mustang creek, Lavaca county, January 8, 1853, Mrs. Nancy Foster, consort of Mr. —— Foster, and daughter of the late Mr. John Greenwood.

In Victoria, January 28, 1853, Mr. Barry F. Jones, aged 24 years, many years a citizen of that place.

NEW ORLEANS MARKETS.

Picayune Office,
Wednesday Evening, Jan. 26.

Cotton.—The demand was active and resulted in the sale of fully 12,500 bales, taken chiefly for Great Britain and France. Prices are easier for the better qualities, and our outside qualities apply to even running lots.

Ordinary	6 @8	Good Middling	9¾@10
Low Middling	8½@8¾	Middling Fair	10¼@10¾
Middling	8¾@9¼	Fair	11 @—

STATEMENT OF COTTON.

Stock on hand 1st Sept. 1851 bales.	10,009
Arrived thus	1,035,983
Arrived to-day	8,709
	1,044,800
Exported to date	713,682
Reported to day	9,634—723,316
Stock on hand and on ship-board not cleared	321,484

Tobacco—45 hhds. were sold on private terms.

STATEMENT OF TOBACCO.

Stock on hand 1st Sept. 1851 hhds.	18,830
Arrived since	22,090
Arrived to-day	
	40,910
Exported to date	14,257
Exported to-day	—14,297
Stock on hand and ship-board not cleared	26,653

Sugar.—The stock being light the sales were confined to 1000 hhds. at full prices. Fair to fully fair 4@4¼c. A crop of prime was sold at 4¼c. and 670 hhds. in several crops at 4@4¼c.

Molasses.—1000 bbls. were sold, including 350 bbls. choice at 24½c.

Flour.—Sales 2500 bbls., including 1430 Ohio, in flatboat, at $4,75, 250 at $4,60 and $4,65; 400 unbranded at $4,06 and 315 St. Louis and Illinois at $4,90@5.

Corn.—Sales 4000 sacks, of which 365 green, at 48c.; 300 white at 51c.; 250 mixed at 502c.; 1250 white in 3 lots at 54c.; and 1092 prime white at 56c.

Oats.—820 sacks St. Louis were sold at 45c.

Bran.—250 sacks were sold at 93½c. @100lb.

Whiskey.—500 bbls. Rectified were sold at 20c. and 150 bbls. Raw at 22c.

Pork.—1000 bbls. mixpacted Mess were sold yesterday at $16 51.

Bulk Meat.—60,000 lb hog-round were sold yesterday at 5½c. and 70,000 lb. at 7c.

Bacon.—45 cask Sides were sold in several lots at 9c.

Lard.—Sales 365 bbls. in 3 lots at 9½@10½c. 25 bbls at 10½c. and 50 kegs at 11c.

Rope.—70 coils were sold at 8½c.

Coffee.—Sales 11,794 bags Rio, including 7244 bags at 9c.; 2450 at 9½c.; 1300 at 9¼c. and 800 at 9½c.

Rice.—50 tierces were sold to arrive at 4½c.

MANIFEST.

Steamship Mexico, from New Orleans, Jan. 25th.

Passengers.—W. H. Merriweather, J. M. Jayne, W. J. Shaw, Hamilton, Hamilton Henshaw, C. L. Spencer, Capt. J. S. Thompson, Capt. Graham, W. G. Roark and lady, Mrs. Wyne, Mrs. Conrad, Denison, Williamson, J. D. Watkins, W. Green, Cabell, Seawell and lady, H. C. Berry, Mrs. Wilson—20 on deck.

Consignees—at *Indianola*: J. H. Dale, Major E. B. Babbitt U. S. Q. Mr., A. Fromme, Hubbell, C. Etter & Co., H. Runge & Co.;—at *Lavaca*: Fulton & Hensley, Wm. H. Kerr, Geo. W. Adams.; at *Matagorda*: S. G. Powell, Sheppard & Bulkhart.

Steamship Louisiana, fm. N. Orleans, Jan. 27th.

Passengers.—G. M. Wallace, Dr Porter, lady 4 children and 3 servants, 2 Misses Foster, Miss Skinner, Miss Boyde, W. Fisk and lady, Poles and son, J. Asgorde, F. W. Davis, Jos. Fry, Wallace, lady and children, Clark, Miss Greenwich, G. Clark and family, Husky and lady, Miss Husky, Hughes and lady, C. K. Baker, O. P. Bowless, Simpson, Brown, Williamson, A. Harrison, F. W. Grant, Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Obar, Mrs. Walter, Jno. Cavanaugh, Cook, Wringfield, H. H. Loomis, Nicholson, R. M. Bryant, Col. Tipt. Walker—15 on deck, 17 negroes, 2 horses, 1 jack.

Consignees—Maj. E. B. Babbitt, A. Fromme, Jno. A. Setde, S. A. White, Jas. Ashworth, S. N. Viers, H. B. Cleveland, D. B. Friar, J. H. Dale, J. Reis, T. D. Woodward, W. Robertson, P. Fleming, R. M. Forbes & Co., Fulton and Hensley, G. W. Adams, W. H. Kerr, Maj. Howard, R. Publis, R. J. Clow, S. T. Sewell, Powell & Coen, Wadsworth & Lilly, W. S. Phillips, Gordon, McCamly & Co., and orders. 17 boxes "Alamo Monument" to John Cavanaugh.

THE STATE OF TEXAS,
County of Calhoun.

County Court for settlement of Estates, &c.

Whereas, John McVay and Levenia McVay, heirs at law of the late John Speer, dec'd, has filed in said Court a petition praying for the distribution of said Estate and that notice be given to John and Thomas Campbell, administrators, Levena McVay, Robert Speer and Elizabeth Williams, heirs at law of the late John Speer, dec'd.

Now therefore all persons interested in the said Estate are hereby cited to be and appear before the Honorable County Court, while sitting as a Court of Probate, at the court-house in Indianola, in said County, the last Monday, the 24th day of February, A. D., 1853, and show cause if any they have, why such petition and distribution should not be made.

L. S. Witness, Wm. P. Milby, clerk of the Court of said county, and the seal thereof, this 24 day of February, 1853.

WM. P. MILBY,
50:4] Clerk of County Court, Calhoun Co.

S. A. WHITE. E. F. SOUTHERN.

WHITE & SOUTHERN,
Receiving, Forwarding,
and
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

Liberal advances made on shipments to our correspondents in New Orleans and N. York.

☞ Galveston News, San Antonio Texan and New Orleans Delta will please insert their card till forbid, and forward bills.

Feb. 3d, 1853.—50.

CRESCENT
STEAM MARBLE WORKS,
Monuments, Tombs, Grave Stones, Mantel Pieces, Table Tops, &c.

All orders addressed to this establishment will be well executed, carefully boxed, and shipped to any given point in Texas, at as reasonable rates as any Factory of the kind in the United States.

JOHN CAVANAUGH,
222 Camp street, New Orleans.
[50-1y.

GEO. N. WILLIAMSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Hallettsville, Lavaca co., Texas.

Will practise in the various Courts of the tenth Judicial District, and in the Supreme Court of the State of Texas. [50-1y.

STANTON & THOMSON,
Commission Merchants,
New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Packet Agents.
50,tf.] 114 Wall Street, New York.

Spice, dryed beef—Beef Tongues and Bologna Sausage, a fine assortment, in store and for sale by C. ETTER & CO.

Just Received.

Per steamship Mexico 100 bbls. Potatoes and 10 barrels onions, and for sale by
Indianola, Jan. 12. J. H. DALE.

L. H. WOODS,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN FINE
WATCHES, JEWELRY & FANCY GOODS,

Most respectfully announces to the citizens of Indianola, and his friends generally, that he has taken the store under the Masonic Hall, where every thing in his line will be found, as cheap as in any southern market. Not a single article will be sold without a full guarantee which will enable the purchaser to buy with confidence.

His assortment is complete, and he hopes to be encouraged sufficient to justify him in keeping a full supply to all seasons.

A WORD TO THE TRADE.

He has and will keep a general assortment of Watchmaker's tools and materials, all of the best quality.—Time pieces of all kinds repaired and warranted for twelve months, or no charge made.

ENGRAVING done neatly.

Indianola, Jan. 6th, 1853.

Sugar and Molasses.

15 bbls Choice and Prime Sugar
5 do. do. Molasses
for sale low, for cash, or produce.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Dec. 29th, 1852—45-tf.

Late Arrivals.

Just received per steamships "Mexico," "Louisiana" and "Perseverance"

- 200 bbls. Flour, St. Louis and Ohio,
- 50 bbls. Rectif. Whiskey,
- 10 half bbls. Monongahela Whiskey,
- 2 Qr. casks superior f. Brandy,
- 20 Qr. American & P. Brandy,
- 100 bbls. Irish Potatoes,
- 20 bags prime Rio Coffee,
- 2 tierces fresh Rice,
- 50 boxes Buckwheat Flour,
- 10,000 Regalia Cigars,

together with a general supply of Fancy Groceries, Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Woodenware, Queens ware, &c., &c., which I am selling at the very lowest figures for cash, at wholesale and retail. THO. D. WOODWARD.

Main street, Indianola.

Indianola, Jan. 6th, 1853.

New Orleans and Texas
UNITED STATES MAIL LINE
OF LOW-PRESSURE
STEAMSHIPS.

Texas, (1400 tons) Capt. *Jas. Lawless.*
Louisiana, (1200 tons) Capt. *J. Smith.*
Mexico, (1200 tons) Capt. *Place.*
Perseverance, (900 tons) Capt. *Tom. Forbes.*

The above new and magnificent Steamships have been built and fitted up with great care and cost especially for this trade; have splendid state-room accommodations for passengers, and for speed and safety are unsurpassed.

One of the above vessels will leave the Powder Horn Wharf at Indianola every Wednesday and Saturday, and Galveston every Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, and Sunday evening, at 4 o'clock.

For freight or passage apply on board, or to
H. E. BOEHNER, *Indianola.*
HARRIS & MORGAN, *New Orleans.*

Dec., 1852: 44.

Doors and window sash.—Just received per schooner Spafford, from New York, a lot of finished wine pine Doors and Window Sash.

Aug. 25. H. RUNGE & CO.

Groceries, Wines &c.

Just received per schooner Gazelle from N. Y

Old Otard Brandy in ¼ & ½ pipes
Burgundy and Sweet Port,
India Madeira,
Champagne Pts. & Qrts.,
Scotch and Irish Whiskey,
Old Mongl. Whiskey,
Mustard,
Tomatoe and Walnut Ketchup,
True Lemon Syrup,
Asst. Candy,
Pickles, in Boxes and Kegs,
Preserved Peaches and Quinces in cans,
Preserved Lobsters do.
Principes, La Favorita, La Rania,
Curiosidad Regalias, La Severita,
Julia Dean, Morris Baldwin,
Sugar Pear, Pierre Soule, &c.

} Duties paid at this port.

} Segars.

} Tobacco.

for sale low by [47:tf.] J. A. SETTLE.

Family Groceries.

The subscriber is now opening near the Government Wharf, Indianola, a fresh supply of Family Groceries, consisting of a complete assortment of every article in this line. Families would do well to call, as he will sell at the lowest cash rates.

47:tf.] JERRY SMITH Jr.

R. S. PARKER. S. F. FLY.

PARKER & FLY,
Attorneys,
47-1y GONZALES, TEXAS.

Shingles.

A superior lot of SHINGLES just received and for sale by (46:tf.) LEWIS & BALDRIDGE.

STAR LINE
WESTERN TEXAS PACKETS
BETWEEN
New York and Matagorda Bay.

The line is composed of the following splendid vessels, sailing punctually as advertised.

New Ship	Island City,	Capt. *P. Saunders.*
" Ship	Gulf Stream,	" *O'Saunders.*
" Brig	Lavaca,	" *Wyman.*
" Schr.	Telegraph,	" *Green.*
" Schr.	Anthem,	" *Burrows.*
" Schr.	Wm. H. Hazard,	" *Austin.*
" Schr.	Urbana,	" *Lincombe.*
" Schr.	Venice,	" *Fiet.*
" Bark	(now building)	" *Barber.*

The above vessels are all of the first class, built expressly for the trade, and being of extremely light draft water, will cross the bars without detention. They are commanded by Captains of experience in the trade, who will, with the Agents, exert themselves to accommodate shippers. All goods consigned to the Agents in New York will be forwarded by the Line free of commission.

Agents STANTON & THOMSON.
50:tf.] 114 Wall street, New York.

Received.

150 SACKS of Missouri Corn, just received and for sale by J. H. DALE.

Indianola, Feb. 3d, 1853.

FOUND.

A POCKET BOOK, containing a sum of money which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement.

Enquire of W. H. WOODWARD.

Indianola, Jan. 27, 1853-49.

NOTICE.

The subscriber hereby notifies his friends and the public, that he intends closing his business in this city.

Thankful for all marks of patronage hitherto enjoyed, he hopes all those who are indebted to him will call and settle up accounts or notes.

The remaining stock on hand will for sold low for cash, or on short terms for approved notes and acceptances. JACOB MAAS.

Indianola, Jan. 27, 1853-49.

Land for Sale.

The subscriber will sell low, for cash or negroes a valuable tract of land, situated on the East side of Navadad river, thirty miles above Texana, in the lower edge of Lavaca county, containing 536 acres, 25 acres being under good fence. On the premise there is a good Dwelling House with all the necessary out houses. Also a lot of hogs and corn which I will sell with the place, if desired. T. P. ROYSTER.

Texana, Jan. 8th, 1853. [48-tf.

250,000 feet lumber, just received per schooners Falcon, Hiram E. Bishop, and Rosalie; this with our previous stock on hand gives us a complete assortment of all kinds to select from, which we offer for sale.

H. RUNGE & CO.

Indianola, Jan. 18th, 1853. [48-tf.

Received.

150 SACKS of Missouri Corn, just received and for sale by J. H. DALE.

Indianola, Feb. 3d, 1853.

FOUND.

A POCKET BOOK, containing a sum of money which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement.

Enquire of W. H. WOODWARD.

Indianola, Jan. 27, 1853-49.

CUBAN OYSTER SALOON.

FRANCISCO E. BRAVO, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has recently refitted the above establishment in a style unsurpassed by none in town, and is now prepared to furnish Oysters in every style to those who may honor him with a call.

The best of Wines and liquors always on hand.

Indianola, Dec. 16, 1852-48-3m.

HENRY C. COOK. CHAS. A. HARPER.

Cook & Harper,

Attorneys at Law and General Land Agents,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

Dec. 23d, 1852. [44—1y

Land Agency.

JOHN S. MENEFEE,

Victoria, Jackson co., Texas,

Will attend to SELLING LANDS, PAYING TAXES, EXAMINING TITLES, &c., on reasonable terms.

REFERS TO—

Mr. H. Stuart, Galveston,
Mr. John Henry Brown, Indianola,
Hon. Guy M. Bryan, Brazoria,
Mr. R. M. Forbes, Lavaca,
Messrs. Logan & Sterne, Victoria.
" G. L. Owen & Co., Texana. [44: 6m

NOTICE!!! All persons indebted to us are earnestly requested to come forward and settle up; as the first of the new year is at hand, we wish to close our books.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Dec. 20th, 1852—45: tf.

GOSHEN BUTTER, English Dairy Cheese and Holl'd Buckwheat, just received from New York, and for sale, low, by

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Dec. 29th, 1852, 45: tf.

POTATOES and GREEN APPLES.

JUST received per schooner Gazelle, direct from New York

150 bbls. Potatoes,
75 bbls Green Apples,
5 firkins Butter, an extra article,
10 boxes Buckwheat,
5 boxes Cheese,
5 bbls Cider,

which we offer for sale low. H. RUNGE & CO.

Indianola, Jan. 4th, 1853.

W. B. BENNETT, M. D. T. H. HAWKS, M. D.

Drs. Bennett & Hawks.

HAVING associated themselves together in the practice of Medicine, offer their professional services to the citizens of Lavaca county. Where a consultation is necessary no extra charge will be made. Office in the Hallettsville Drug Store. Dec. 9, 1852-42

A. O. COOLEY, Attorney at Law and General Land Agent, Fredericksburg, Texas. *References;* Hon. William E. Jones and Major M. Erskine, Seguin; John Twohig and H. M. Lewis, San Antonio; E. D. Lane, Fredericksburg. 25-1y

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby forwarned from purchasing or trading for the schooner R. M. Forbes, of 35 89-95 tons burthen, without consulting me, as Capt. James Cummings is not the sole owner of said vessel.

Port Cavallo, Oct. 16, '52. W. NICHOLS.

Chocolate House.

THE subscriber having taken this stand, is now fitting up and opening it for the comfortable accommodation of the traveling public, and will most graciously receive all who may favor him with a call. The above house is situated on the San Antonio road, twelve miles from Indianola. He will also keep constantly on hand a supply of *Groceries and Provisions*, for the accommodation of teamsters. A. W. NORRIS.

August 10, 1852.

DR. JAYNE'S

CELEBRATED FAMILY MEDICINES, H. RUNGE & CO., *Agents in Indianola*, have constantly on hand an assortment of these well known Medicines, viz: Expectorant, Hair Tonic, Alterative Carminative Balsam, Vermifuge, Sanative and Ague Pills. The character of these Medicines is so well established to leave any doubt about their effect, if taken as directed in the Almanacs, which are furnished gratis to the public, and for which they are invited to call.

sep 9 ?

Garden Seed.

JUST received and for sale low (6000) six thousand papers Fresh Garden Seed, direct from New York per schooner Gazelle. LEWIS & HUGHES.

Indianola, Jan 1st, 1853—46: 3t.

Bagging and Rope.

We have in store and for sale low, for cash or produce, a superior lot of K'y Bagging and Rope.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Dec. 29th, 1852—45: tf.

To Stock Raisers and Shippers.

THE subscribers have the pleasure to announce that their new and magnificent Wharf, at Powder Horn Bayou, is now completed, so that the largest steamships and sail vessels entering Matagorda Bay can at all times receive and discharge freight upon it without the trouble, delay, expense, and damage of lightering. They have constructed in connection with it, a large and convenient pen for shipping live stock, with the railroad car running into it, by which cattle, horses, mules or sheep can be shipped on to the vessels at the wharf with safety, speed, and great convenience. Grass and water in abundant within one and two miles of the wharf.

BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

Indianola, Dec. 2d, 1852. [41]tf

Cash Notice!

I HAVE determined from this day forward not to sell a dime's worth of goods on credit. I am very desirous of closing my books and would earnestly request those indebted to me to come forward and either pay their bills or settle them by note.

Grateful for past favors, I hope by adhering strictly to the cash system to offer such inducements as will merit a continuance of the same. I keep a general assortment of Groceries and Western Produce, Dry Goods, Hats, Boots, Shoes, ready made Clothing, &c., Wholesale & Retail.

THOS. D. WOODWARD.

Indianola, Nov. 25, 1852.

500 Willow Baskets.

IMPOTED direct pr Bark Republic, from Hamburg, which we offer to dealers in the country at important prices. H. RUNGE & CO.

For Sale.

550 ACRES of Land on Rocky Creek, Lavaca county, about 4 miles from Petersburg, and well improved.

Apply to HENRY BEAUMONT.

Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. [1tf

Dr. John Bull's celebrated Sarsaparilla

FOR sale by BENNETT & SANFORD.

nov11 [38] Hallettsville, Texas.

WOODEN WARE—Painted Buckets, Painted and Cedar Tubs, Brass Bound Cedar Buckets, cedar and painted churns, milk piggins, clothes pins, axe handles, scrub brushes, iron and brass wire safes, &c. In store and for sale low by

C. ETTER & CO.

Indianola, April 28, 1852.

20 BBLS Oliver's extra Whiskey, for sale by sep HUCK & OGSBURY.

JERRY SMITH, JR.,

LUMBER AND SHIPPING AGENT

INDIANOLA, TEXAS. [26tf

Groceries.

50 bbls Flour,
30 bags Rio Coffee,
30 boxes Star Candles,
5 bbls. Sugar,
8 firkins fresh Goshen Butter,

Together with Potatoes, Onions, Mackrel, Codfish, Bacon sides, Molasses, Lard and Sperm Oil, fresh Hams and Pigs, &c., &c., received per J. D. Day and Perseverance, and for sale by

44: 2tf.] BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

RECEIVED per steamship James L. Day a new supply of heavy Pittsburgh Ox Wagons and Mule Wagons, which we offer for sale low.

H. RUNGE & CO.

Indianola, June 18th, 1852. [46tf

PEISER & BROTHER

Are in the Field, with the following

GOODS,

Which were purchased at such remarkable low prices that the closest buyers cannot help proclaiming

Cheap! Cheaper than the Cheapest!!!!!

Our Stock consists of the following which will be sold very low:

Dry Goods.

Bleached and brown sheetings and shirtings, cottonade; checks; hickory stripes; denims; kentucky jeans; linseys; kerseys; tweeds; satinets; cassimeres; blankets; flannels; prints; ginghams; delaines; alpacas; merinos; cashmeres; silks; laces; jaconet; mull; swiss and book muslins; thread and bobinet laces; veils; hosiery; diapers; toweling; table cloths; gloves; mitts; linen; curtains; handkerchiefs; lace; jaconet and swiss edgings and insertings; notions; bonnets; buttons; pins; needles; taper; genuine spool thread; sewing silks; bonnet ribbons; artificial flowers, with every article belonging to Dry Goods.

Clothing.

Cottonade, kentucky jeans, satinet and cassimere pants; coats; sacks; cloaks; vests; shirts; drawers; suspenders; flannels; gumarys; under shirts; &c.

Boots & Shoes.

Men's, women's youths' and misses' brogans; russetts; ladies' walking, busking, slippers, gaiters; mud, fishermen's and dress boots; rubbers; leggings, and all kinds of children's shoes.

Hats & Caps.

Beaver, moleskin, seal, angola, mexican brush, jenny lind, pearl, cassimere and wool hats; cloth, glazed, plush, military and navy caps.

Saddlery.

Men's and women's saddles; bridles; martingales; halters; heads and reins; girths; circingles; bridle bitts; stirups; stirup irons; hames; collars; webbing; whips; buckles; needles; tacks; thread; silks; leathers.

Hardware & Cutlery.

Knives and forks; pocket, pen and butcher knives; razors; scissors; spoons; locks; latches; bolts; hinges; files; screws; chisels; augers; planes; saws; brace and bitts; gimlets; trace and log chains; sad irons; andirons; pots; ovens; stew pans; shovel and tongs; feuders; anvils; vices; bellows; stoves; pipes; tin ware; &c., &c.

Crockery Ware.

In original assorted crates, suited to the country trade; plates; dishes; teas; coffees; tea and coffee pots; pitchers; bowls; basins; ewers; chambers; &c.

Glass Ware.

Tumblers; goblets; wines; lamps; sugars; creams; salts; molasses jugs; castors; candlesticks; decanters; lanterns; preserve dishes, &c., &c.

Groceries.

Flour; coffee, sugar; lard; molasses; butter; cheese; hams; bacon; soaps; oils; shot; powder; lead; apples; peaches; potatoes; onions; spices; starch; indigo; vinegar; candles; rice; sardines; mackerel; codfish, &c., &c.

Liquors.

Brandies, Otard & Dupuy's; champaigne; rum; whiskey; gin; st. julian; claret; hock; cordials; &c.

Teas.

Imperial, gunpowder, souchong, pouchong, oolong, young hyson, &c., &c.

Preserves.

Jellies; jams; prunes; peaches; fruits; apricots; pears; strawberries; raspberries; currants; gages; pickled and brandy fruits.

Cigars,

Imported from Havana, varying in price from $8 to $75 per thousand. American in abundance.

Fruits.

Raisins, figs, currants, nuts, candies.

Drugs & Medicines.

Castor oil; olive oil; quinine; Brandreth's and Moffat's pills; cream tartar; borax; rhubarb; nitre; magnesia; with a whole supply of plantation medicines.

Paints & Oils.

White lead, black lead, venetian red; spanish brown; chrome; green; &c. Oils, plain & boiled.

Stationery.

Foolscap; letter paper; post and all kinds of writing paper; steel pens; ink, sands; inkstands; blotters; pencils, slates; quills; blank books; hymns; bibles; novels; romances; visiting cards.

Clocks & Watches,

Of the most celebrated make, and warranted good time pieces.

Furniture.

Tables; chairs; rockers; wash stands; stools in a very great variety.

Jewelry & Fancy Goods.

Breastpins; ear rings; bracelets; cuff-pins; lockets; card cases; gold and silver spectacles; silver spoons and forks; napkin rings; finger rings; dressing cases; work boxes; perfumed cushions; lily white; perfume; cologne; hair oil; salts; powder; powder puffs; spy glasses; thermometers; fancy hair pins; fancy knitting needles; &c., &c.; together with such an endless variety of Fancy Goods that it would be too tedious to enumerate them.

☞ Cash Advances on cotton, sugar hides, skins, &c., &c., consigned to our friends in New Orleans, New York, or Europe.

PEISER & BROTHER,

[24] Indianola.

AT GOVERNMENT WHARF.

JUST RECEIVED, at the New Store, Government Wharf, Indianola, a SPLENDID STOCK OF GOODS, embracing, in part—

Negro Clothing.

Six bales ky jeans and linseys; 2 cases kerseys; 200 pair blankets.

Linsey, Calicoes etc.

50 pieces plaid and plain linsey; 100 pieces fancy prints, 4 bales brown domestics.

Shoes, Boots, Hats, Clothing, etc.

A very large stock of the above named articles, which are offered very low.

Sundries.

12 boxes assorted candy; 2 bbls almonds; 10 boxes soda crackers; 2 bbls crackers; 10 lbs nutmegs; ¼ bbl ginger; spice; pepper; cloves; indigo, &c.

Liquors! Liquors!!

2 casks cognac brandy; 2 ½ casks Dalman do; 3 ½ casks pale do do; 10 5 gallon kegs do; 1 bbl fine scotch whiskey; 10 5 gallon kegs fine holland gin; 1 bbl gin; ½ cask port wine; 10 5 gal kegs do do; 2 ½ casks south side madeira; 10 5 gal kegs fine do; ½ cask fine pale sherry; 10 kegs malaga wine; 10 bbls old manongahela whiskey; 5 do do bourbon do; 80 bbls rectified whiskey; 8 baskets champaigne wine; 20 boxes claret wine; 15 do santern do; 6 baskets anisette; 4 boxes brandy cherries; 2 boxes stoughton bitters; 2 do ess peppermint.

Cigars! Cigars!!

40,000 Havana cigars; 4,000 La Called do; 2,000 Panetellos; 1,000 fine pressed; 1,000 La Congoes.

Tobacco.

2 boxes Patterson's, 10 ½ do Bloomer's, 10 2-4 do Tell's; 8 ½ do Floyd's, 2 ½ do Marshall's; 1 case smoking; 6 doz Macaboy snuff; 6 doz Scotch do; 6 boxes Yellow Bank Tobacco.

Powder! Powder!!

5 kegs rifle powder; 10 ½ kegs do do; 20 ½ do do; 25 cans do.

Candles and Soap.

10 boxes star candles; 50 ½ do do; 20 ½ do do; 5 boxes sperm do; 10 do rosin soap; 2 do fancy do.

Sugar.

1 case loaf sugar; 3 bbls crushed do; 1 bbl powdered do; brown, &c.

Pickles, Sauces, etc.

12 boxes pickles, ¼ & ½ gallons; 2 kgs pepper sauce; 6 do catsup; 5 do olive oil; 100 do Sardines.

H. S. FULKERSON & CO.

Indianola, Oct. 14, 1852.

H. W. BATEMAN. J. F. SALLES.

New Fancy Store,

Corner of Fresnos & Main Streets—formerly occupied by Hunt & Oysbury.

BATEMAN & SALLES would respectfully invite the attention of the ladies and gentlemen of Indianola and the country generally to the opening of their stock of *FANCY GOODS*, which was selected with the utmost care. Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, and no pains will be spared in exhibiting the goods. Our stock consists of satin dechine, plaid and grost de rhin and black silks, fancy embroidered silk cicilia tissues, printed muslins, plain and figured muslin delaine, plain french and english merinos, plain, figured and fancy muslin robes, pink, white, blue and black crape, white, black & figured bobinets, and a general assortment of embroidery, such as sleeves, ruffs, collars; capes and chemisettes, berthes, and a complete assortment of laces and trimmings for ladies' dresses; also, bonnet and other ribbons, neck ties, light, dark and black kid gloves for ladies and gentlemen; also, beaver, cashmere and egyptian fillet mitts and gloves, ladies' fine cambric handkerchiefs, several fine watered silk mantillas, very richly trimmed, embroidered tippet and cashmere shawls, pearl & black silk & cotton hose, swiss, mull, book and figured muslins; swiss and cambric edgings and insertings, and a great many other articles, too tedious to mention; yet we have a good stock of staple and domestic goods, french, english and american prints, fine plaid and plain oil ginghams, linseys, fine blue and black cloths, cassimeres plain and gold mixed, and a good assortment of fashionable clothing, gentlemen's neck ties, aprons, stocks, silk and cotton half hose, also a small lot of choice bed blankets of best lambs' wool, and a complete assortment of the choicest perfumery for the ladies use. Please give us a call, even if you do not purchase—it will cost nothing.

☞ A complete assortment of ladies' gentlemen's and children's shoes.

P. S. Our terms are invariably cash, as we intend selling very low. Our prices can but induce every one to buy. BATEMAN & SALLES.

nov4[37 ☞ San Antonio & Victoria papers copy.

BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.,

Indianola, Texas,

HAVING established themselves at their new *POWDER HORN WHARF*, with a view of prosecuting a *Wholesale Business*, respectfully solicit the attention of Merchants and Planters of the interior to their LARGE STOCK OF GOODS, which they have recently selected in the Eastern markets with great care and at low rates. They flatter themselves that with the heavy supply they have on hand, the experience they have had in the Trade, and facilities they are enabled to afford, that they can make it to the interest of purchasers to patronise them instead of going to New Orleans, offering as they do, rates as low, and terms as accommodating. Their Stock consists, in part, as follows:

STAPLE & FANCY GOODS.

Plain and fancy silks and satin d'soi; berages; delanes; muslins; cashmeres; embroideries; tarletons; ginghams; lawns; cambrics; muslins; laces; edgings; trimmings; cords; velvets; etc., etc.—Cloths; cassimeres; vestings; satinets; tweeds; jeans; kerseys; linseys; 500 pcs prints; sheetings; shirtings; osnaburgs; bed and apron checks; ticking; denims; drills; stripes; flannels; table and curtain damask; toweling; diaper; 500 pair French & American blankets; ladies' silk and cotton hosiery; gentlemen's do; ladies' and gentlemen's kid, silk, buck and cotton gloves, mitts, &c.; collars; sleeves; chemizettes; linen cambric; French, works, handkerchiefs; cravats; shawls; etc.

CLOTHING.

The heaviest stock ever brought to the bay, of every cut and quality, adapted to the season.

HARDWARE.

Pocket, traveling and table cutlery; carpenters' and blacksmiths' tools of every kind; ox, log and trace chains; iron; steel; nails; butts, hinges; screws; castings; stoves; tea kettles, waffle irons; jack screws; and screw drivers.

GROCERIES.

50 hhds sugar; 100 sacks coffee; molasses; rice; teas; tobacco; dried fruits; pepper; ginger; spice; pickles; preserves; pie fruits; lobsters; sardines; clams; sauces; codfish & herrings; and a large stock

WESTERN PRODUCE.

Without enumerating farther, we simply say, that our stock of *Boots & Shoes, Hats & Caps, Glass & Queensware, Woodenware, Fancy Articles and Stationery*, is full and complete, and that we will take great pleasure in showing them.

We again invite the attention of purchasers before buying elsewhere. We will pay the highest price for Cotton, Peltries, and Pecans.

LUMBER.

In connection with our business, we have placed on two fine schooners, the "Arispe" and "Mary & Susan," and with them we hope to keep a fine supply of all kinds Building Materials, which we will afford lower than has ever been sold on the Bay at any previous time.

☞ CASH ADVANCES. ☜

We will make liberal cash advances on cotton and other produce consigned to our friends in New York and New Orleans.

BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.

Indianola, Oct. 21, 1852.

TOBACCO.

No. 59 Camp Street, New Orleans.

THE subscriber keeps on hand fine stocks of black *honey* Tobacco, selected with great care expressly for the Mexican trade, either in hhds. or bales of 100 lbs. each. Prices varying as in quality. Also a great variety suited for Cigars. 60 days will be given where satisfactory references is given in this city.

[37]1y THOS. K. PRICE.

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

THE safest and most effectual *Remedy for Worms* that has been discovered. The following is one of many voluntary testimonials of its efficacy and popularity, from Dr. J. R. Ellis, an eminent practitioner of Ripley, Tappah county, Miss., dated January 20, 1851:

Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.—Gentlemen: I have used your Vermifuge for seven or eight years, and am well pleased with its effects. I have frequently seen from fifty to four hundred and seventy-five long worms come from a child, from its use. I believe mine is superior to it.

Respectfully, J. R. ELLIS.

☞ Sold by Chambers Etter & Co., Indianola, and by druggists and merchants in Texas. 33:1y

NOTICE.

JUST received a lot of nonpareil cooking and parlor Stoves of assorted sizes, which we offer for sale low. H. RUNGE & CO.

October 7.

NEW STORE.

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

THE subscriber, having removed his stock of Goods from Lavaca to Indianola, respectfully informs his friends and the public that he has taken the eligible stand on the corner opposite the Post Office, where he will keep always on hand a full and complete assortment of

Dry Goods, Clothing, Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, and General Merchandise.

ALSO—

Flour, Bacon, Lard, and Western Produce generally, all of which he will sell at lowest market prices. He invites all to call and examine his stock. J. H. DAVIS.

Indianola, Sept. 30, 1852. 22tf

Dr. J. C. Lawrence,

(LATE OF NEW ORLEANS.)

HAVING located in Indianola offers his professional services to the citizens of this place. He has practised for several years in the South, during which time he has had ample opportunities to acquaint himself with the diseases peculiar to the Southern climate.

Office over T. D. Woodward's store.

References:

Dr. A. Hester, Sec. Board Health, } *New Orleans.*
Dr. R. S. Croom, }
Ed. Hall, Texas Commissioner, }
W. H. Woodward, *Indianola.* [34:1y

DRUG STORE.

BENNETT & SANFORD,

HALLETTSVILLE, TEXAS,

HAVE just received a new and fresh supply of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, &c., which they offer for sale at their Store. [38]tf

DR. WM. D. KELLEY,

RESPECTFULLY tenders his services to the citizens of Indianola and vicinity. Having had several years experience in the practice, he hopes to be able to give entire satisfaction.

Special attention given to Obstetrics and the diseases of females.

He can be found at the McCulloch House.

oct23-[42]-tf

GLOBE HOUSE,

VICTORIA, TEXAS.

THE public are respectfully informed that this well known and long established House is again open for the accommodation of *Travelers and Boarders*. The Proprietor has thoroughly repaired and renovated his House, and added additional rooms for the use of Families and Ladies. His

TABLE

will be supplied with all the necessaries of life, and as many of the luxuries as can be procured in the Victoria market.

There is conveniently attached to the House a good

STABLE AND HORSE LOT,

of extensive size, with a well of excellent water for the use of the stable. His stable is well stored with corn, fodder and hay, and will be faithfully attended by careful and experienced hostlers.

The Proprietor feels thankful to the public for past favors, and trusts by strict attention and industry in his business to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

He flatters himself that his charges are extremely moderate and liberal. J. L. NICKELSON.

Victoria, Sept. 23, 1852. 31:6m

Texana New Goods.

THE subscribers have just received a new and splendid assortment of *Summer Goods*, consisting of a general assortment in all the department of

DRY GOODS,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
HATS AND CLOTHING,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY.

Also, a full supply of

GROCERIES AND PRODUCE.

Consisting in St. Louis Flour, Bacon, Clear Sides, Hams, Salt, Sugar, Molasses, Lard, &c.,

Liberal advances made on Cotton or other produce, shipped to our friends at New Orleans or New York from this point.

CLARK L. OWEN & CO.

Texana, June 8, 1852. [18:tf

FISHING TACKLE.—We invite the Fishing community to call and examine our assortment of hooks and lines. Received and for sale by

LEWIS & HUGHES.

GEORGE S. MENEFEE & CO.,

RECEIVING AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

AT THE

New Powder Horn Wharf,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

Sept. 16, 1852-39

J. H. DAVIS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Saddlery, Crockery, Glassware, Tinware, Hardware, &c.

Opposite the Post Office, Indianola, Texas.

Sept. 20, 1852.

At Government Wharf.

JUST Received, 5 bales Kentucky Linsey,
" 3 " " Jeans, for sale by
sep 16 H. S. FULKERSON & CO.

BRICK! BRICK!—First quality of Brick constantly on hand at my Kiln in Victoria, at the current rates, or will be delivered in Indianola at $14 per one thousand.

C. M. BROWN.

Victoria, June 3, 1852. [17:tf.

GUNNY BAGS for sale by
sep16 H. RUNGE & CO.

FRENCH WINDOW GLASS 10 by 14, for sale by sep 9 *H. RUNGE & CO.*

NEW GOODS.

WE have just received, per schr. Reindeer, from New York, a new supply of HARDWARE, such as castings, chains, axes and nails; also, a large lot of Rope, of assorted sizes; for sale low, by [sep16] H. RUNGE & CO.

To Arrive.

DAILY expected to arrive by Brig Mary and Barque Trinity from New York and Boston and transhipped per schooner McNeel—

15 casks white and red wines, viz: Santerne, Port, Bordeaux, Malaga, and Madeira, &c.; 5 half pipes pale and dark Cognac 1812; 2 do do Vintage 1815, as good if not superior to any Cognac ever imported here; 9 Casks of Rye and Bourbon Whiskey; 10 bbls Yanar Cream Ale; 1 bbl Alcohol; 6 Cast Nets; 2500 lbs white and black Lead; 100 gals Linseed Oil; 50 kegs cut Nails and Spikes; 25 boxes of Soap; 20 bags superior Coffee; 15 Oporto Syrup; 2 doz Horse Radish; 15 boxes Raspberry Vinegar; 2 do real Cayenne pepper; 5 do Mustard; 10 do Olive or Salad oil; 5 bbls crushed sugar; 5 do Rice; 2 do Spts Turpentine; 1 do bright Varnish; 20 do smoking Tobacco; assortment of Window Glass, colored paints, Wall paper or Tapestry; Glass Tumblers, Copal Varnish, ship Duck, Matches, Spices, Saleratus, Indigo, Starch, Woodenware, Hardware, Anchors, Rope, Whale Oil, Boston Crackers, Spy Glasses, Compasses, Collins Axes, for sale at very acceptable terms.

sep 2 JACOB MAAS.

NEW STORE.

J. H. DAVIS has just opened in Indianola a large and valuable Stock of Goods, suitable for Fall and Winter—

Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware and Cutlery, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Queens & Woodware,

Comprising a very complete assortment of Merchandise, selected with care, expressly for this market, which he offers upon the most favorable terms. ☞ Cash advanced on cotton, wool, beef hides, deer skins and pecans, for shipment to New Orleans, New York or Philadelphia, or he will purchase at the highest cash price. n4[37

Ox Wagons.—New Pittsburgh Ox Wagon for sale by H. RUNGE & CO.

Indianola, June 10, 1852.

For Sale.

4428 ACRES Land, on west side of Caranchua Bay, in Calhoun county.
600 Acres on Sand Point, opposite Indianola.
640 Acres on east side Caranchua Bay.
4428 Acres in forks of Caranchua Creek, on tide water and well timbered, in Jackson county.
4428 Acres, survey No. 4, West side of Colorado River, in Matagorda county.

Apply to HENRY BEAUMONT.

Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. [1tf

150 BBLS. WHISKEY AND BRANDY. We have received on consignment a lot of Boyles' Rose Whiskey, Monongahela Whiskey, and Brandy, which we offer lower than they can be brought for from New Orleans. Apply to

Oct. 7. H. RUNGE & CO.

Lumber.

90,000 FEET OF LUMBER just received per Schr. Plummerfelt from Mobile, completing our already large stock.

sep 9. *H. RUNGE & CO.*

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS.—Three full sets, Bellows, Anvils, Vices, Tongs, Stock and Dies, Hammers, &c., just received direct from New York, and for sale low by C. ETTER & CO.

Indianola, April 22, 1852.

WM. H. DALLAM. H. E. HUGHES.

Drs. Dallam & Hughes,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

WILL give their undivided attention to the various branches of their profession in Indianola and its vicinity. [1:1y.

For Sale.

ONE Fourth of League No. 21, West of the Bernard, granted to Amos Rabb, on Caney in Matagorda county. Apply to

HENRY BEAUMONT, *Indianola.*
Or HENRY THORPE, *Matagorda.*

Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. [1tf

Green Lake FEMALE SEMINARY.

THE undersigned have secured the services of *Miss Harriet N. Simons*, late of Virginia, and of *Mr. Carl Reissner*, of Prussia. The former in the History, and the latter in the musical department of this institution; both of whom are eminently qualified for teaching what they profess.

The scholastic year will commence on the 1st of January, 1853, and will be divided into two sessions, of five months each.

TERMS OF TUITION PER SESSION.

For the lower English branches including Spelling, Reading, Writing, English Grammar, Geography, Arithmetic, History and Composition.....$15,00

For all the higher English branches: Logic, Botany, Evidences of Christianity, Composition, Natural, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Geography of the Heavens, Chemistry, Algebra, Geometry, Plane and Special Trigonometry.....$20,00

For the French and Latin languages, in connection with the English branches,....$25,00

Mr. Reissner will also give instruction in the German language and Drawing.

Music on the Piano.....$30,00
Use of the Piano.....$5,00
Board may be obtained in families at a convenient distance on reasonable terms.

The undersigned are satisfied that this school possesses extraordinary advantages for female education, on account of the healthiness of the location, and the religious and social influence that would be exerted over the pupils.

Tuition fees must be paid in advance.

Pupils will be charged from the time of entrance and no deduction made for absence unless occasioned by protracted illness.

Apply in person or by letter to the undersigned and direct to Lavaca, Texas.

STEPHEN F. COCKE.
WM. B. MILLER.

Indianola, Jan. 6th, 1853—46: 8t.

C. T. CHURCH,

House, Sign & Carriage Painter.
Indianola Texas.

ALL orders in the above business, will be executed with promptness, and in a style to give satisfaction. Dec. 9, '52. [42] 3m.

J. H. & J. SELKIRK,

Daguerreotype Operators

And Dealers in Daguerreotype Stock,

MATAGORDA, TEXAS.

Dec. 9, 1852. [42] 3y

ROGERS & WALKER,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law,

AND

GENERAL LAND AGENTS,

Hallettsville, Lavaca County, Texas.

WILL attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in the Courts of the Tenth Judicial District, and the Supreme Court at Austin. Especial attention will be given to buying and selling Land, and examining titles in Western Texas. Dec. 9, 1852-42

NEW FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

WE are just in receipt per schooners Hazard, Reindeer, Dauntonna, President, and brig Lavaca, of our extensive stock of Fall and Winter Goods, direct from Philadelphia, New York and Boston, comprising Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Bonnets, Saddlery, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware, Groceries, Iron, Steel, Stoves, &c., which we are now opening and offering to the trade at extreme low prices. We would advise our old customers and the public generally to call soon and make their purchases early. C. ETTER & CO.

Indianola, Sept. 30, 1852.

House and Lot for Sale.

THE late residence of George W. Palmer, on lot 10, block 4, in Indianola. Apply to

JOHN HENRY BROWN.

Oct. 2, 1852. 32:2m

AUCTIONEER

AND COLLECTOR OF ACCOUNTS.

WILLIS CHAMBERLIN, (Sheriff of Calhoun county,) offers his services to the public as *Collector of Accounts*. All notes, bills, &c., placed in his hands for collection will be attended to with promptness and energy, and returns made without delay.

He also solicits the patronage of the public as a *Licensed Auctioneer*, and will give particular attention to the sale of any consignments of goods or other property with which he may be favored.

References:

C. Etter & Co., J. A. Settle, Aug. Fromme, J. Ashworth, H. Runge & Co., Jacob Maas, S. A. White, J. H. Davis, Huck & Ogsbury, John H. Dale, Peiser & Bro., Wm. P. Milby. [31:tf

BALDRIDGE, SPARKS & CO.,

COMMISSION

AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS,

AND

WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, GROCERIES AND WESTERN PRODUCE,

Crockery, Glassware, Tin, Iron and Hardware, Boots, Shoes and Clothing, &c., &c.

At the new wharf, Powder Horn Bayou,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

WILLIAM P. MILBY. JAMES ASHWORTH.

WILLIAM P. MILBY & CO.,

Licensed Auctioneers,

33:1y INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS WANTED.

THE undersigned will purchase Hides, Skins, Cotton, Wool, Tallow, Wax, Horns, Moss or any other Texas produce at fair rates for cash, or will change against other merchandize.

sep 2 JACOB MAAS.

OLD BRANDY AND WINES.—For medical purposes—just received and for sale by

LEWIS & HUGHES.

Dr. J. H. Baldwin

OFFERS his Professional services to the inhabitants of Indianola and its vicinity.

☞ Office at his residence. [1:1y.

PRIVATE BOARDING, Mrs. Van Vleet, No 68 Barclay street, New York. Charges per day $1 25. [14:1y.

15 SACKS RIO COFFEE, for sale by
sep 2 *HUCK & OGSBURY.*

For Sale.

ONE League of Land No. 2, on highland Bayou in Galveston county, granted to Administrator of John Austin. Apply to

HENRY BEAUMONT, *Indianola.*

Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. [1tf

BAND Iron for Cisterns, for sale by
sep 2 H. RUNGE & Co.

H. RUNGE & CO.,

INDIANOLA.

HAVE constantly on hand, an assortment of groceries, liquors, dry goods, clothing, shoes, and boots, crockery, nails, iron, cooking stoves, hardware, carpenters tools, furniture, chairs, bedsteads, tables, bureaus, kitchen safes, etc. Ploughs and corn shellers, a general assortment of rough and dressed lumber, window sash, &c. Which have been imported direct from New York and New Orleans, and which are offered low for cash. Cotton, hides, and deer skins, always bought at market prices for goods or cash.

GOLDEN SYRUP.—Four half barrels, a superior article, just received and for sale by

C. ETTER & CO.

Indianola, April 22, 1852.

FLOUR.—I am in weekly receipt of the choicest brands: Extra St. Louis Flour, Crescent and Albian Mills, in half and whole barrels; also other good brands, which will be sold low for cash. JOHN H. DALE.

Indianola, Aug. 12, 1852.

Matagorda Male & Female INSTITUTE.

THE Principal, Professor J. J. CANOLAS, having purchased and fitted up the well known, commodious and beautifully located building, the MANSION HOUSE, situated in the most healthy and desirable portion of the town of Matagorda, and overlooking the Matagorda Bay, designs establishing an Institution (commencing on the *First Monday of January next,*) with the view of furnishing young LADIES AND GENTLEMEN the means of acquiring a thorough and finished education, which, invariably, must contemplate the harmonious development of the intellectual, moral and physical constitution.

For the attainment of this end, an important object of the Principal will be, to teach his pupils to reason logically, to speak and write correctly, as well as to exact strict conformity to the RULES.

Both departments, shall be under the superintendence of the Principal, who shall be aided by competent Assistants, as the wants of the school may demand.

The Female department will be under the immediate supervision of Mrs. CANOLAS, who will use every energy for the proper development of the mental and moral faculties of all those entrusted to her care.

RATES OF TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS.

For Spelling, Reading, Writing and First Lessons in Arithmetic.....$15 00
Arithmetic, Geography, English Grammar, History and Elocution.....$ 00
Logic, Rhetoric, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Natural Philosophy, Chemistry, Algebra, Geometry, Surveying, &c.....$ 00
Ancient Languages, Mathematics, Civil Engineering and Surveying, &c.....$ 00
Music, Piano, Vocal and Instrumental, with the use of the Instrument.....$ 00
Matriculation fee.....$ 00

The card "*non doctantibus*," has become so common that we have declined saying any thing further of our qualifications, &c., but would respectfully invite our patrons or others who may feel desirous, to examine honorary certificates and testimonials from some of the first Institutions in the United States.

P. S.—A large number of young ladies can be accommodated with board and washing, at this Institute. dec. 23, 1852-44-1y

Fresh Groceries.

JUST received per schooner Clinton, direct from New York,

22 bags prime green Rio Coffee,
3 do old Java do
25 boxes Soap,
6 boxes Lemon Syrup,
50 boxes and half boxes mr Raisins,
Tense Sardines,
40 bags ground Rock Salt,
8 boxes " Pepper, Ginger and ⅝ 61,
10 doz Scotch and Macaboy Snuff,
3 boxes Stoughton Bitters,
12 boxes and barrels Soda Biscuit,
6 bbls Water Crackers,
10 do Pilot and Navy Bread,
10 boxes Clarret Wine,
6 " Chocolate,
12 " assorted Brandy Fruits,
9 do " Lobsters,
10 " " assorted Pickles,
8 " " Pie Fruits,
1 case Canton Ginger,
24 packages choice Wines and Liquors.

The above fresh and seasonable goods are offered to the trade low for cash or produce.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

October 7, 1852. [32:tf

LEMONS & RAISINS.—25 boxes Lemons and 50 boxes Raisins just received per James L. Day, for sale low by H. RUNGE & CO.

Dec. 9, 1852-42

General Packet.

FOR Matagorda, Pass Cavallo, Indianola and Lavaca.—The splendid A No. 1, Sloop Fairy, Capt. Davis, will ply as a regular Packet between the above ports:—leaving Indianola for Matagorda on the arrival of the steamers from N. Orleans.

Apply at the Alhambra Hotel.

Dec. 9, 1852, [42] 3m.

INDIANOLA AND CORPUS CHRISTI PACKET.

THE fine Sloop *Wandering Willie*, Wm. McPherson, Master, will ply regularly between the above ports, leaving Indianola on the arrival of the New Orleans steamers. Freight and passage low.

Indianola, Aug. 12, 1852. [25:6ma

Lumber! Lumber!

WE have constantly on hand, a general assortment of rough and dressed lumber, such as scantling, inch boards, weatherboards, flooring, laths, dressed flooring, ceiling, and shingles. We receive regular supplies from Mobile, and always keep a stock of from one to two hundred thousand feet, enabling us to fill orders for the different kinds.

We also keep an assortment of nails, carpenters tools, paints and window sash, all of which we offer at the lowest price for cash. H. RUNGE & C

NEW ORLEANS CARDS.

JOSEPH H. PALMER.....JAMES H. MAGEE

Joseph H. Palmer & Co.,

Importers & Wholesale Dealers in

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

47 Camp street, above Gravier,

[27]1y NEW ORLEANS.

PHILADELPHIA
SADDLERY WAREHOUSE,
NO. 6 MAGAZINE STREET, NEW ORLEANS,
MANUFACTORY NO. 16 DECATUR STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

MAGEE & KNEASS,

RESPECTFULLY invite the attention of persons wishing to purchase articles in the Saddlery line to call and examine their stock of Goods, which for durability and neatness of finish, cannot be surpassed. Their prices are as low as any establishment in the country.

The stock is very large and well assorted, being mostly of our own manufacture, and comprises almost every article of

Saddlery, Saddlery Hardware, Trunks, Harness, Leather, Trimmings and Materials,

Masonic, I. O. O. F. and Sons of Temperance Regalia, in all its varieties.

☞ Agents for the Boston Belting Company. Principal agents for the Boston Belting Company. Principal agents for the sale of Belting for Gin and Mill Bands. ☞ On sale 500 dozen Joints, &c., Rear and all descriptions of Carriage Goods. [1:1y.

J. B. STEEL,

New Orleans Stationers' Warehouse,

60 CAMP STREET,

Between Gravier and Poydras Streets, nearly opposite Commercial Place.

BOOKS—Comprising the works of the best standard authors in the various departments of Literature.

CHEAP PUBLICATIONS—As publishers' prices, received as soon as issued from the press.

SCHOOL BOOKS—A large supply of all kinds in general use, selected with great care by the proprietor personally.

PICTURAL WORKS—Of the most beautiful description.

BIBLES—Plain, elegantly bound.

STATIONERY—Consisting of the most approved kinds, adapted to the use of counting rooms and public offices.

BLANK BOOKS—Of the most approved manufacture, with recent improvements.

PAPER AND CARDS—Letter, Foolscap, Folio Post and other Papers; Playing and Plain Cards, of all kinds

PRINTING AND BOOKBINDING—In all their various branches, promptly and neatly executed.

New Law Books,

JUST RECEIVED AND FOR SALE AT

60 J. B. STEEL'S, 60
NEW ORLEANS STATIONERS' WAREHOUSE,
CAMP STREET.

Rockwell's Spanish and Mexican Law in relation to Mines and Titles of Real Estate, in force in California, Texas and New Mexico, and the Territories acquired under the Louisiana and Florida Treaties, when annexed to the United States.

Schmidt's Laws of Spain and Mexico.

White's Land Laws of Spain, Mexico & California.

Dunlap's Civil Law—Translated by Cushing.

Cooper's Institutes of Justinian.

Code Napoleon.

Robinson's Louisiana Reports—12 vols.

Railroad Laws and Charters, by Gregg & Pond.

English Laws and Equity Digest—5 vols.

English Laws and Equity Reports—5 vols.

Robinson's Reports, complete in 2 vols. either in separate sets or any of the volumes separate.

Greiner's Code of Practice, new edition.

Benjamin & Slidell's Digest, new and improved edition, enlarged.

Dudley's Digest, being a continuation of Benjamin & Slidell's.

Dudley's Louisiana Supreme Court General Index.

American State Papers, relative to Public Lands—vols.

JOHN MORGAN HALL. JOHN KEMP.

HALL & KEMP,

GROCERS,

NOS. 1 & 2 TCHOUPITOULAS STREET,
(CORNER OF CANAL STREET,)
NEW ORLEANS.

☞ A general assortment of Groceries. [1:1y.

AUGUSTUS BLOCK. HENRY BLOCK

A. & H. BLOCK,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

NO. 3 FRONT STREET,

THREE DOORS BELOW THE CORNER OF CANAL STREET,
NEW ORLEANS.

KEEP CONSTANTLY ON HAND

A FULL SUPPLY OF GROCERIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

REFERENCES:
Messrs. Brander, Williams & Co. Messrs. J. Burnside & Co. Messrs. McMahon & Pearsall.
Mr. R. Richards. [1:1y.

JOSEPH LITTLEJOHN. SAMUEL HENDERSON

Littlejohn & Henderson,

Wholesale Grocers,

NO. 66 MAGAZINE STREET,
(CORNER OF NATCHEZ.)
NEW ORLEANS. [1:1y.

RICHARD M. ELLIS & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

67 GRAVIER STREET,
NEW ORLEANS. [1:1y

CHAS. A. KELLOGG & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

BUILDERS' MATERIALS AND MECHANICS' TOOLS,

For Carpenters' and Coopers' Tools of all kinds.

NO. 110 CAMP STREET,
NEW ORLEANS. [5:

J. B. BURGEN,

DEALER IN NEW AND SECOND-HAND

FURNITURE,

NO. 53 MAGAZINE STREET,

NEW ORLEANS. [1:1y.

CHARLES C. GAINES,

IMPORTER OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

78 MAGAZINE AND 69 GRAVIER STS.,
NEW ORLEANS.

S. ROBB & CO.,

(Late Robb & Fairbairn,)

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

SADDLERY AND TRUNK

Warehouse,

No. 69 Gravier St. between Camp & Magazine Sts,

NEW ORLEANS. [5:

Wills & Rawlins,

NO. 11 AND 13 GRAVIER STREET,

CORNER OF TCHOUPITOULAS.

NEW ORLEANS.

AGENTS for the sale of all qualities of *Virginia Manufactured Tobacco*, keep always on hand a large and desirable stock, which they invite country merchants to examine

JOSIAH WILLS [1:1y] ED. A. RAWLINS.

MARSHALL & JAMES,

No. 53 Camp Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

DRY GOODS. [5:

A. F. DUNBAR & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

BOOTS, SHOES AND BROGANS

NOS. 54 AND 56 COMMON STREET,

NEW ORLEANS. [5:

CONVERSE & CO.,

Grocers, & Dealers in Western Produce,

97 Tchoupitoulas, corner of Lafayette Street,

NEW ORLEANS.

CALL the attention of Dealers and Consumers to their very extensive Stock of Goods, consisting in part of the following, which they will sell cheap for cash or city acceptances:

Sugar—brown, loaf, crushed and powdered;
Coffee—Java, Rio, St. Jago, &c.
Bacon—hams, sides and shoulders;
Rice, flour, lard, candles, soap;
Mackerel, shad, salmon;
Tea—imperial, gunpowder, hyson and black;
Pickles and catsups, assorted;
Syrups, brandies, wines, rum, gin and whisky;
Scotch and East India Ale;
London and American Porter & Brown Stout;
Dried apples and peaches;
Cologne and bay water, pepper, spice, cloves;
Nutmegs, cassia, ginger, saleratus,
Nitrate soda, early rose;
Powder, shot and bar lead; 5,000 Peru tobacco.
100,000 segars, assorted;
Writing, letter and wrapping paper;
Envelopes, wafers, pens, pencils, pen-holders;
Plantation Medicines;
Buckets, tubs, brooms, brushes, washboards;
Blacking, nails, pipes;

Together with every article usually kept by grocers. Orders promptly executed. [26:y

John A. Mitchel,

Commission Merchant,

22 POYDRAS STREET,
NEW ORLEANS.

GIVES his personal attention to the sale of Cotton and the purchase of Merchandise.

He refers to Texas to

Messrs. Proctor & Metcalf, Lockhart.
Dr. C. S. Brown, Gonzales.
Russel Jones, China Grove.
E. Lester, Goliad.
Chambers Etter,
S. A. White & Co., } Indianola.
Brown & Brady.

PRIESTLEY & BEIN,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS

IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

HARDWARE,

Iron and Steel,

MILL AND GRIND STONES,

PAINTS, OILS, TURPENTINE, CORDAGE, &c.

NOS. 89 & 91 CAMP STREET,
NEW ORLEANS. [5:

F. F. FOLGER & CO.,

NO. 17 NEW LEVEE, 32 AND 34 TCHOUPITOULAS STS.
NEW ORLEANS.

HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON,

ST L, NAI L S, C STINGS,

Chains, Anchors, Cordage, Axes, Hoes, Mill Stones, Grind Stones,

Paints, Oils, Oakum, Tar, Pitch, Glass, &c. [12

Boarding House.

67 POYDRAS STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

MRS. A. STONE has superior accommodations for permanent and transient boarders.

PAYNE & HENDERSON,

No. 30 and 32 Gravier st.,

NEW ORLEANS.

Dealers in Sugar, Coffee, Tea, Candles, Soap, Rice, Starch, Spices, Segars, Tobacco, Wines, Brandies, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

[12] PLANTATION SUPPLIES.

HALL & RODD,

General Commission, Receiving and Forwarding Merchants,

No. 4, Front Levee, New Orleans,

GIVE their undivided attention to the Sale of Cotton, Sugar, and all other Produce, the Purchase of Plantation Supplies, Groceries, or other Merchandize. Refer to—

Cook & Harper,
Baldridge, Sparks & Co., } Indianola.
Chambers, Etter & Co.,
John Henry Brown, [39-y]

H. BONNABEL,

Corner of Natchez and Tchoupitoulas Streets,

NEW ORLEANS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

Drugs, Medicines, Foreign & American Chemicals,

Glassware for Drugs and Confectionery, Putty, Perfumery, Varnish and Brushes of all kinds.

AGENT for most of the approved Patent Medicines. Being an Importer, he can furnish the articles in his line at low prices, and guarantees them of the best quality.

☞ Sole Agent for the sale of the Products of the *Southern Chemical Works*, such as Oil Vitriol, Nitric and Muriatic Acid, Aqua Fortis, Copperas, Bisulphite of Lime, &c. This last article is now extensively used by the Planters of Louisiana in the sugar manufacturing, with magnificent results. Full directions given. Sold in barrels of 40 gallons. [38]y

R. Yeatman & Co.,

Cotton and Tobacco Factors,

And General Commission Merchants,

No. 85 Common street,

[27]1y NEW ORLEANS.

Merchants' Line of Packets,

BETWEEN

N. York & Matagorda Bay,

Composed of the following first class vessels:

Schr.	INDIANOLA,	I. Cathcart, Capt.,	4000 bbls.
"	REINDEER,	Cathcart,	2500 "
"	CLINTON,	T. Smith,	2500 "
"	DESDEMONA,	J. S. Chattin,	1600 "
"	W. A. STAFFORD,	Kent,	2000 "

The above having been built or selected expressly for this line, are all new vessels of light draft of water, well adapted to the trade, and being commanded by masters of experience in our coasting trade, shippers may rely upon their passage comparing favorably with any other vessels afloat. Freight will also be taken on the most accommodating terms, and every facility and attention extended to shippers for the prompt dispatch of their goods.

☞ All goods consigned to the agents will be forwarded free of commissions.

N. L. McCREADY & CO., Agents,
36 South street, New York.
Indianola, Dec. 2, 1852.—[41]

Linn, Smith & Co.,

WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,

NO. 8 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

PHILADELPHIA.

GLAUCUS B. LINN. HORACE P. SMITH.
A. J. OLMSTED.

Drugs and Medicines,

Paints, Oils, Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Varnishes.

Also, Patent Medicines, Medicine Chests, Surgical and Obstetrical Instruments, Chemical Tests, &c. [1:1y.

Augustus Fromme,

COMMISSION AND FORWARDING

MERCHANT,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS. [1:1y.

WM. SAVERY. ALEX. LAW

JOHN SAVERY & SONS,

Phenix Works Warehouse, No. 54 Cliff Street,

NEW YORK.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Light and Heavy Hollow Ware,

Tinned and enamelled ware, fry pans, ground vagon boxes, and irons, fancy dogs, air tight cooking, parlor and box stoves, cylinder boxes, &c., and castings in general. 21:tf.

HARDWARE.

R. RICHARDS, No. 11 Chartres street, Importer and Wholesale Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, has received a very large addition to his previously extensive stock of shelf Hardware, Iron, etc., which he offers to country merchants on the most favorable terms. The following comprises a part of the stock:

500 tons Scotch Iron, assorted;
100 tons Hoop, Band, Rod and Sheet Iron;
20 tons Cast, German and Blister Steel;
200 casks Trace, Log and Ox chains;
130 casks Hoes, assorted, Carolina, Louisiana, Grubbing, etc.;
3000 kegs Nails, assorted, Weymouth and Anchor brands;
1000 dozen Axes, assorted, Collins', Hunt's and other makes;
300 dozen Shovels and Spades, assorted, Ames', Rowland's, and other makes;
150 tons Savery & Co's. Castings, consisting of Pots, Ovens, Spiders, Firedogs, Cauldrons, etc.

Cologne Mill Stones, Mill Irons and Bolting cloths; together with a full assortment of a Hall Hardware, Cutlery, Guns, etc.

Dec. 9, 1852—49.

ARCADE HOTEL,

Magazine, between Natchez and Gravier Streets,

NEW ORLEANS.

R. S. MORSE, Proprietor.

☞ The above establishment having been entirely new furnished and repaired throughout, is now ready for the reception of visitors. [38]1y

ARCH'D H. LOWERY,

WHOLESALE GROCER,

121 Front street, New York.

A. M. GENTRY. 32:1y.

N. W. Burtis,

(Successor to R. C. Wetmore & Co.,)

Importer and Dealer in

CHINA, GLASS AND EARTHENWARE,

NO. 85 WATER STREET,

NEW YORK.

Has constantly on hand the largest stock of the above goods to be found in the Northern markets, selected expressly for the Southern trade, which he will sell on as favorable terms as any house in the city. Orders will receive prompt attention. [32:1y

NEW GOODS.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS,

KEEPS constantly receiving fresh and seasonable Goods, consisting of

Prints of the latest styles and paterns, Ginghams, Barages, Muslins, Delanes, Lawns, Linens, Swiss and Bard Muslins, Cambrics, bleached and brown Domestics, Checks, Ticks, Denims, Stripes, Tweeds, Cotton and Linen Drills, Table Cloths and Covers, Flannels, Blankets, Osnaburgs, Lowells, Cottonades, Jeans, Ladies' Hose assorted, Gentlemens' Half Hose, Gloves, Ribbons, Needles, Pins, Tapes, Braids, Cords, Laces, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Cravats, &c., &c.

Clothing,

Cloth, Dress, Frock and Sack Coats, Linen and Check Gingham do., Pantaloons of various kinds, Vests, Drawers, Suspenders, Shirts, &c.

Boots and Shoes,

Comprising a full assortment of Gentlemens', Ladies', Youths', Boys' and Misses' Fine Boots, Gaiters, Slippers, Ties, and, also, Heavy Boots and Brogans.

HATS AND CAPS.

Mens', Boys' and Childrens' Male, Silk, Kossuth, Mexican, Wool, Palmleaf, Leghorn and Panama Hats.

HARDWARE

AND CUTLERY—Axes, Hatches, Hammers, Spades, Shovels, Hoes, Augurs, Chisels, Steel, Coffee and Spice Mills, Log, Ox and Trace Chains, Shovels and Tongs, Hemp and Manilla Rope, Iron, Nails, Steel, Butts, Hinges, Screws, Knives and Forks, Pocket Knives, Razors, Sheep Shears, Saws, Files, Castings, Mouse Traps, &c., &c.

GLASS AND QUEENSWARE.

Tumblers, Lamps, Girodins, Plates, Tea and Coffee Turcens, Ewres and Basons, Bowls, &c.

STATIONERY.

Cap, Letter, Envelope, Note and Bill Paper, Ledgers, Journals, Day and Memoranda Books, Pass and Copy Books, Gold and Steel Pens, School and Miscellaneous Books, Gum Labels, Papeteries, Water Colors, Slates, Cas i Cases, Pen Makers, Motto Stamps, Wafers, Ink Stands, Wafer Stamps, Pencils, Blue, Black and Red Inks, Sand Boxes, Pearl and Ivory Paper Cutters, Card Racks, Post Office Pen Racks, Bill Files, Eyelet Machines, Pounce and Pounce Bottles, India Rubbers, Quills, Pen-Holders, Buff, Legal and Fancy Envelops, Red and Bronze Sealing Wax, Almanacs, &c.

GROCERIES

AND WESTERN PRODUCE.—Louisiana, Texas, Loaf and Crushed Sugar, Rio, Prime, Green and Old Java Coffee, Rice, Dryed Fruits, Pickles, Soaps, Flour, Potatoes, Preserves, Raisins, Bacon, Lard, Sugar Cured Hams, Candles, Starch, Saleratus, Pepper, Pimetto, Indigo, Ginger, Alspice, Pie Fruit, Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, Macaboy and Scotch Snuff, Cigars of various brands, Sardines, Lobsters, Mackerel, Codfish, Imperial, Young Hyson and Black Teas, &c.

All the above Goods, with many others, will be sold by the subscriber low for cash or produce.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Indianola, Sept. 20, 1852. [1:tf.

H. RUNGE & CO.,

Commission and Forwarding

MERCHANTS,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

HAVE a large and commodious warehouse, and are prepared to receive and forward goods, on terms agreed upon by the different forwarding merchants. Any orders or other business entrusted to them will be promptly attended to. They will make liberal advances on cotton and other produce, shipped or consigned to their friends in New Orleans or New York.

For references they refer to those they have done business for, during the six years they have been established at Indianola. [1:tf.

HENRY CARSTENS,

Architect and Builder.

Is prepared to take all contracts in his line, and execute them with neatness and despatch. All kinds of jobbing attended to, he will be ready to draw plans and specifications, and is also well acquainted with the arrangement of sugar house and saw mills; putting up sugar mills and engines, he will also give lessons at his house in drawing. Cisterns made to order and kept on hand for sale. [1:1y.

J. A. SETTLE,

RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

KEEPS constantly on hand a general assortment of Groceries, Liquors, Provisions, Ship Chandlery, Crockery, Saddlery, and Western Produce. [1:tf.

E. H. VONTRESS. T. P. HUGHES

Vontress & Hughes,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

GEORGETOWN,

WILLIAMSON COUNTY,

TEXAS.

FURNITURE WAREHOUSE.

WE have received, by late arrivals from New York, a new supply of *FURNITURE* viz: Cane and Wood Seat Chairs, and Rocking Chairs, Arm Chairs, Childrens' Chairs, Wood and Cane Seat Stools, Wash Stands, Toilet, Reading, Work and Card Tables, Cherry and Walnut Tables, Cradles, Bureaus, high and low post Bedsteads, and Kitchen Safes, making a complete assortment of the different kinds of Furniture, which we offer for sale low. H. RUNGE & CO.

Indianola, June 10, 1852.

ALHAMBRA HOUSE,

C. VILLENEUVE, Proprietor,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

RATES OF BOARD:

Board per Month, with Lodging,	$25 00
do do without Lodging,	20 00
Board per Week, with Lodging,	6 00
do Day, do	1 25
One Single Meal,	50
Lodging only,	50

☞ A good Bath-House attached to the establishment, for the enjoyment of the Boarders.

☞ Fish, Oysters and Game in abundance.

☞ His Bar is always supplied with the choicest Wines and Liquors, and a good Billiard Table.

[1:1y.

PLANTER'S HOUSE,

Indianola, Texas.

THE undersigned, having leased the above property heretofore so favorably known, and having given it a thorough renovating throughout, besides repapering, painting and furnishing with entire new furniture, is now ready to accommodate those who may favor him with a call. He also pledges himself to spare no pains or expense whatever to make those calling on him as comfortable as at any other hotel in Western Texas. Families or other persons visiting Indianola, will find the room at the Planter's House comfortable, and the table supplied with as good eating as the market and country will afford. But as it is much easier to make promises than to redeem them, please call and examine for yourselves.

WM. M. VARNELL.

Indianola, June 17, 1852. [19tf

☞ Western Texan, San Antonio Texas Advocate Victoria, and Galveston News will please copy the above three months, and forward accounts to this office.

M'CULLOCH HOUSE,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

HAVING taken the stand lately occupied by *Mrs. Eberly*, the subscriber designs opening the same on the 1st of June for the accommodation of the traveling community. The house will undergo thorough repairs, besides many alterations and additions will be made, with new furniture throughout. Every attention will be given to ladies and families to make them comfortable. *A Bath House* is also constructed for the benefit of boarders.

R. McCULLOCH.

Indianola, May 20, 1852. [15:tf

HUFF'S HOTEL,

DECROW'S POINT.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in informing his friends, the planters of the country, and the traveling public, that he has opened the above Hotel for their accommodation, and hopes by a close application to business to meet with a liberal share of public patronage.

Decrow's Point is the healthiest place on the Bay, and an excellent place for fishing and bathing; and persons wishing to spend a few months during the summer season on the coast could not select a better place.

The steamships running between New Orleans and Matagorda and Lavaca Bays touch at Decrow's Point.

☞ Terms moderate.

1:1y. JOHN HUFF.

TO INVALIDS AND THE SICK

THE CELEBRATED

COMSTOCK MEDICINES.

1st. The GREAT PAIN EXTRACTOR (COMSTOCK & DALLY'S) curing all Burns and all External Pains & Sores.

2d. BALM OF COLUMBIA for Staying or Restoring the Human Hair.

3d. HEWE'S NERVE AND BONE LINIMENT and INDIAN VEGETABLE ELIXIR, a cure for all cases of Rheumatism.

4th. MCNAIR'S ACOUSTIC OIL, a certain cure for deafness.

5th. HAY'S LINIMENT, a known cure for the piles

6th. SPOON'S SICK HEADACHE REMEDY.

7th. MOTHER'S RELIEF, for all women in the family way.

8th. LOSELEY'S GREAT WESTERN INDIAN PANACEA, for Colds and feverish feelings and preventing fevers; for Asthma, Liver Complaint and Bilious Affections; for Diarrhœa, Indigestion and Loss of Appetite for Costiveness in females and males, and nervous complaints; for Stomach Affections, Dyspepsia, Piles, Rheumatism, &c. The great point are it is not bad to take, never gives pain, and never leaves one costive.

9th. KOLMSTOCK'S VERMIFUGE (Worm Killer,) for Children, or grown persons.

10th. MRS. BROWN'S GREAT PAIN KILLER. No medicine has been discovered which is so happily adapted to use *internally* as drops to be taken, and yet perform such wonders when applied *externally* as a wash or bath, by friction.—In bottles from 12½ to 50 cents each.

11th. SAUNHOLTZ'S ROACH AND BED BUG BANE, for driving away Vermin in a short time.

12th. The celebrated *Lian's Life Pills* and *Temperance Bitters*.

13th. *Dr. Bartholomew's Pink Syrup*, the popular *Expectorant for Coughs, Colds, Influenza, &c.*

14th. *The East India & New York Hair Dyes* the only *sure* coloring for the hair.

15th. *Lin's Balm of China*, a Chinese remedy for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, &c.

16th. EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA. This article has outlived all other Sarsaparillas, and still gives as great satisfaction as ever.

17th. The celebrated spread *Strengthening Plaster*, made from *Dr. Lin's* recipe, and the most popular in the market.

18th. DR. KLINE'S TOOTH ACHE DROPS. A certain and easy cure for the Tooth Ache.

19th. DR. COMSTOCK has lately bought the right for the United States, of the celebrated *Concentrated* MINERAL WATER, found at the Salt Springs of Dr. Wm. C. Chase, at St. Catherines, C. W. This medicine has attained a notoriety and popularity never before equalled by any preparation at that place, and its sale has been commensurate with its merits, which are extraordinary.

All the remedies are fully described in *Almanacs*, to be given to all who call where the Medicines are kept.

NOTICE. All preparations heretofore known as "COMSTOCK'S" or COMSTOCK & CO'S, always belonged & now belong EXCLUSIVELY to Dr. Lucius S. Comstock; and though the signature of Comstock & Co. will be continued, this extra label with the fac simile signature of Dr. L. S. C. will in future designate the GENUINE.

ALL OTHERS MUST BE SPURIOUS.

Lucius S. Comstock

The above medicines can be had in this place by LEWIS & HUGHS, also of E. J. CLOW, Port Lavaca. HOLBROOK, Victoria, and S. E. POWEL, Matagorda.

Who are the only dealers in the genuine COMSTOCKS PREPARATIONS.

Indianola, May 13, 1852 1114y

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

From Dr. Robert A. Nelson, Salaira, Ky.

Having used this remedy for the last ten years in a large and extensive practice, I can confidently and unhesitatingly recommend it as the most safe and certain anthelmintic ever offered to the public.

January 27, 1851.

From Dr. E. O. Harris, Fayette county, Ala.

Messrs. B. A. Fahnestock & Co.—Dears Sirs: I am anxious to get some of your celebrated Vermifuge. It is without doubt one of the best medicines for expelling worms I ever saw.

May 18, 1851.

The above valuable Vermifuge is for sale, by bottle or package, by

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.,
Agents for the Proprietors.

Indianola, June 17, 1852. [19:tf

LOUDEN & CO.'S

Superior Medicines.

THE subscriber has on hand and offers for sale the following valuable Medicines:

Indian Expectorant,	Remedy for Piles,
Oriental Hair Tonic,	Com. Carminative Balsam
Alterative or Sarsaparilla,	Com. Tonic Vermifuge,
Circassian Hair Dye,	Cherokee Liniment,
Female Elixir,	Indian Sanative Pills,
Fever and Ague Pills,	All-Healing Salve.

Having been Agent for these Medicines for near two years, and seeing their good effects, takes pleasure in recommending them to the public.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.

Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. [1:tf.

LEWIS & HUGHES,

HAVE just received from the principal Atlantic cities a large and splendid assortment of

Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Oils, Paints, Perfumery, Glassware, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.

Among the many fancy articles may be found Colognes of superior quality, tooth detergifice, hair oils, fancy soaps, nyspidone for the hair, tooth brushes, hair brushes, cloth brushes, wall papers of different qualities, and a large and splendid assortment of Stationery of all kinds.

Country merchants and dealers are requested to call and examine their stock, as they will keep on hand, and genuine articles, and sell them as low as can be purchased elsewhere.

Indianola, Oct. 7, 1852.

THOS. D. WOODWARD,

AUCTION AND COMMISSION

MERCHANT,

DEALER IN GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS, WESTERN PRODUCE, ETC.

Will make liberal Advances on Consignments.

Indianola, April 8, 1852. [9:tf.

COTTHAM,

MAIN STREET, INDIANOLA,

KEEPS constantly on hand choice

LIQUORS, WINES, CORDIALS

and Cigars, direct from the importers at New Orleans. Thankful for past favors, he hopes by unremitting attention to his business to merit a share of public patronage.

☞ For sale, two patent water proof tents 25 feet by 15 feet each.

Indianola, Aug 12, 1852. 32:1y.

Rec. by the steamer Hexler; Dexter's celebrated brands of choice Tobacco, Pejeons, Ormond city, & Picayune, warranted by the manufacturers to be unsurpassed in quality; for sale, wholesale and retail, at COTTHAM'S

Indianola, Dec. 21st, 1852.-44

RICHARD M. SHINN,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law

LOCKHART,

CALDWELL COUNTY, TEXAS,

☞ Will attend *promptly* to all business entrusted to his care. [14:1y.

Allen's Line,

INDIANOLA AND SAN ANTONIO

Mail Stages,

VIA VICTORIA, CUERO, GONZALES,

SEGUIN AND NEW BRAUNFELS.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in returning his thanks to the citizens of Indianola and San Antonio for their liberal patronage of his Line during the last year, and he feels gratified in stating to the traveling public that he has now bought out the Mail Line from Indianola to Braunfels, and will run *Tri Weekly* from and to the above named points He has superior Coaches, fine horses, polite and skilful drivers.

With these inducements, together with a sincere desire to deal candidly and fairly with all those who may patronize his Line, he hopes to continue to receive a liberal share of public favor. These Stages will run in connection with the New Orleans boats.

RATES:

From San Antonio to Seguin,		$3 00
" "	Gonzales,	6 50
" "	Victoria,	10 00
" "	Indianola,	12 50
From Indianola to	Victoria,	4 00
" "	Gonzales,	8 00
" "	Seguin,	10 50
" "	New Braunfels,	12 50
" "	San Antonio,	12 50

JAMES L. ALLEN, *Proprietor.*

Indianola. [1:tf.

SALTMARSH'S

LINE OF UNITED STATES MAIL STAGES

D. A. SALTMARSH & Co., *Proprietors.*

From Indianola to San Antonio, via Lavaca, Victoria, Yorktown, Sulphur Springs and Belats.

THE subscriber takes pleasure in announcing that he has on this Line good Troy coaches, with good teams, and polite drivers—leaving Indianola on the arrival of the steamers from New Orleans, for San Antonio and touching at the above points. The country through which this route passes is one of much beauty and interest to the traveler, (including the Sulphur Springs,) and the roads are good.

For further particulars apply at the stage office, Alhambra Hotel, Indianola.

J. R. FRETWELL, Agent.

Indianola, Feb. 1852. [1:tf.

GEO. W. PASCHAL & J. A. PASCHAL

Attorneys and Counsellors

AT LAW,

GEO. W. PASCHAL will reside permanently at *Austin*, and J. A. PASCHAL at *San Antonio*. One of them will regularly attend the Supreme Court at Austin, and the U. S. District Court at Galveston.

Thomas H. Stribling,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR

AT LAW,

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS.

Refers to—

Col. John Henry Brown, Indianola.
Logan & Sterne, Victoria.
A. Neill, Esq., Seguin.
John A. Mitchel, 32 Poydras st., New Orleans.

A. S. CUNNINGHAM, *Victoria.* GEORGE M. REID, *Clinton.*

TEXAS.

CUNNINGHAM & REID,

Attorneys at Law,

WILL practice together in the counties of De Witt, Gonzales and Lavaca. [1:tf.

LYTLE & STOCKDALE,

Attorneys and Counsellors at Law

JAMES T. LYTLE, Lavaca, Texas. F. S. STOCKDALE, La Salle.

FOR SALE.—A House and Lot in the town of Indianola, suitable for residence or store, in an eligible part of the town. Apply to

[17:tf.] HENRY BEAUMONT.

DAVID LEWIS. F. E. HUGHES

Lewis & Hughes,

APOTHECARIES AND DRUGGISTS,

(At the old stand of David Lewis.)

INDIANOLA, TEXAS.

KEEP a large and well selected assortment of

DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Oils, Paints, Varnishes, Dye-Stuffs, &c.

Stationery, Books, Blank-Books, Paper, Pens, Ink, Drawing Paper, Drawing Pencils, Water Colors, &c., &c.,

Patent Medicines of all kinds, Perfumeries, Soaps, &c.

By ordering fresh supplies weekly, we have no old Medicines on hand; and the public may rely that none but pure and fresh Medicines will be sold at this establishment.

To Physicians we say, send in your orders, and they shall be filled to your satisfaction.

1:tf. LEWIS & HUGHES.

DR. ADOLPHUS MYLIUS,

Dr. Med. et Chirurg.

OFFERS his services to the citizens of Indianola and vicinity.

CHAMBERS ETTER & CO.,

INDIANOLA, TEXAS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Hardware, Cutlery, Crockery, &c.

GROCERIES AND WESTERN PRODUCE

WILL make liberal advances on Cotton or other produce shipped to his friends in New York, Philadelphia or New Orleans.

Indianola, Feb. 12, 1852. [1:tf.

A NEW EDITION OF

MARTIN'S REPORTS.

The undersigned has now in press a new edition of MARTIN'S REPORTS, including the new series with notes of reference to subsequent decisions of the Supreme Court, up to the Seventh Volume of the ANNUAL REPORTS; references to the Amendments to the Constitution, Statutes, and Civil Code and Code of Practice, since those decisions were rendered. Compiled by Thomas Gibbes Morgan, Esq., Counsellor at Law.

This work has been got up with great labor and research, and it is hoped will be found to merit the patronage of the profession. No alterations of the original have been made, except to correct typographical errors; and, in some instances, by adding marginal notes of points decided but not noticed by the reporter.

The high character of the Court during the time embraced in these volumes; the great number of cases involving the most important principles of the civil law, as it obtained prior to the acquisition of Louisiana, and subsequently which are passed upon by the learned and able briefs of the eminent counsel then at the bar—renders this work of the greatest importance, in all those States and Territories formerly under the jurisdiction of Spain; while at the same time, the notes afford a ready reference to the subsequent adjudications of the Supreme Court of this State.

The original twenty volumes, comprising all the cases of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, from 1809 to 1830, will be published in TEN VOLUMES—price to subscribers Five Dollars per volume, and to non-subscribers Six Dollars per volume—cash in all cases. Neither expense nor labor will be spared to make the work in every respect worthy of the patronage of the profession. It will be published complete and ready for delivery in this city by the 1st of November next, until which date subscriptions will be received.

It is the intention of the publisher to follow it up with a new edition of the LOUISIANA REPORTS, noted in the same manner; and also to publish new editions of the *CIVIL CODE* and *CODE OF PRACTICE*. In the latter works it is proposed to publish the original text entire; follow each article with the statutory amendments entire, and the decisions of the Supreme Court upon each, by references to the volume and page.

Such works will require great labor and care; and as they will be executed under the immediate superintendence of the annotator of Martin's Reports, I think they can be safely commended to the especial attention of the profession.—Some progress has already been made in these works, and they will be published as speedily as may be compatible with the utmost accuracy.

J. B. STEEL, Publisher,

[aug26-6m] 60 Camp street, N. Orleans.

To the Members of the Texas Bar.

THE undersigned has the following work relating to the laws of Louisiana, which he is prepared to sell for Cash, at a very great reduction upon the prices formerly demanded.

Martin's Reports of cases argued and determined in the Supreme Court of the Territory of Orleans, and in the Supreme Court of the State of Louisiana. By Francois Xavier Martin, one of the Judges of said Courts. With marginal references, by Thos. Gibbes Morgan, Counsellor at Law. New edition, 1852. The original 20 volumes comprised in 10 volumes, without abbreviation. Price $5 per volume to subscribers prior to November 1, 1852, and to non-subscribers, $6 cash.

Robinson's Reports, 12 volumes; embracing the decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana, from October, 1841, to March, 1846. This valuable work is now offered either by the volume or by the set, at a much lower price than heretofore. Nothing need be said in commendation of a work so well known to every Louisiana lawyer. Its possession is indispensable to secure the continuity of the decisions of the Supreme Court.

Greiner's Louisiana Code of Practice: New Edition.

Benjamin and Slidell's Digest, enlarged—A Digest of all the Decisions of the Supreme Court of Louisiana down to the 13th volume of Louisiana Reports.

Dudley's Digest—This is a continuation of Benjamin & Slidell's Digest, and is brought down to the 3rd volume of Robinson's Reports.

Dudley's General Index, from 1809 to 1845.—An alphabetically arranged table of all the cases decided during the above mentioned long period.

J. B. STEEL,

60 Camp street, New Orleans.

August 26th, 1852.

W. B. Leigh,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

SEGUIN, TEXAS.

—REFERENCES:—

W. H. Gordon, Esq., Austin.
Judge I. A. Paschal, San Antonio.
R. M. Potter, Esq., Port Lavaca.
Col. John Henry Brown, Indianola. [4
John A. Mitchel, 32 Poydras st., N. Orleans.

Blacksmithing.

A. C. ASHWORTH & J. H. FARISH

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that their shop is at present in full operation, and that they are prepared to execute all work pertaining to their line of business with neatness and despatch.

Engines repaired, and Boat Work done with despatch and warranted.

All orders from a distance promptly attended to.

Indianola, July 23, 1852. [24:tf

HUCK & OGSBURY,

AT their stand in Indianola, keep constantly on hand and for sale, low for cash or produce, a general assortment of

GROCERIES AND WESTERN PRODUCE

Flour, Bacon, Sugar, Coffee,
Rice, Cheese, Soap, Candles,
Tobacco of all