

# THE LUBBOCK AVALANCHE

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LUBBOCK, LUBBOCK COUNTY, TEXAS, TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1922.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK

## IDALOU COMMUNITY SEETHING WITH ACTIVITY—CROPS GROWING

### DIVERSIFIED FARMING MIXED WITH POULTRY AND LIVESTOCK RAISING PROVEN SPLENDID METHOD

### NEW METHOD CULTIVATION SUCCESSFUL

Persistent Work and Sound Judgment Everywhere Evident, With Gradual Tendency Toward Poultry and Hog Raising and Dairy Farming Adding Its Lot to General Prosperity.

A complete survey of the country adjacent to Lubbock will convince one that all the things that have been said by real estate men and the newspapers about the Lubbock trade territory have not completely covered the situation as it is, and instead of realtors and ink spreaders carrying on the work of their reputations, being the champion exaggerators of the entire state, one will soon see that they could have expanded their view considerably without giving utterance to more than one half the really big possibilities of the Plains. Not mere theoretical or speculative possibilities, as they were less than one quarter of a century ago, but practical possibilities that are now so nearly finished that the material objective of the pioneer plainman is recognizable, as we see it.

It has not been our good fortune to have visited all the farm lands of the Lubbock vicinity since the spring crops are under way, but a visit to Idalou and the farm lands surrounding that busy little city, which we made Sunday evening, convinces us that the really big farming country of the State begins in Lubbock county.

On every acre of farm or pasture land in that section the enterprising owners have devised some practical means of making the land pay just as much per acre as possible, cattle, horses, mules or good crops occupy almost every acre, and the prosperous look of the people is indeed gratifying to note. The farmers of that section are especially well along with their work. Cotton, corn and grain sorghum crops are well up, ready for the cultivator in a good many places, and the fact that some of the farms have been worked so well that weeds are not to be seen anywhere proves that the owners have learned a few things about their work, for a few years ago it was believed impossible to keep the cotton crops clean throughout the growing season without much and expensive use of kerosene, and evidently the new way of cultivation is far ahead of the old system, inasmuch as it does not call for half so much man-power, and the growing crop is not hacked to pieces by untrained hands.

The Idalou farmers are further along with their crops than it seemed possible. One field of cotton is up so well that in spite of the deep seed-bed, the plants can be seen through the rows, and all the feed crops are, with few exceptions, well enough along that immediate rain is not necessary to its growth.

The writer visited the same section in 1918, this being our first visit over the same lands since that time, and what was then large pasture lands is now cut up into small farms, seething with that progressive appearance that only a Plains farm knows.

It is especially noticeable that the farmers are turning their attention more and more to poultry and hog raising. Large flocks, from newly hatched chicks, to stalwart fowls, including turkeys, guineas, some ducks and geese, and all other egg producing varieties, are seen on every farm, and it did us good to see that one farmer had made grazing much for his fowls, fenced and cross fenced, allowing them to eat of one patch of green feed, while the adjoining patch is getting proper growth, to where the fowls will be shifted as soon as the first patch is well down, there being four of the pastures, admitting the chickens to green pasturage at all times, while the growth of the feed is not harmed by their getting to it too soon.

A view of the hog raising possibilities of this section will make one want to follow the business, large thoroughbreds feeding on scientifically grown crops that offer rare fattening qualities at small cost to the producer makes one wonder why all the Plains is not devoted to that one line of business, until a view of a dairy herd, transposes the thoughts back to the idea that butter fat is the most profitable, and a great deal easier to market, when, possibly per chance, a chicken ranch is brought under the scope of view, and one fancies himself marketing the poultry and eggs in quantity lots, until a final analysis of the possibilities of Lubbock county will convince one that all there is to do to get rich here is to get down to work in some of these industries and stay on the job.

Come to Lubbock County.

The reply to the Bolshevik government to the Allies is, in substance, that it has the right to confiscate right and left as it may see fit and still ought to be entitled to large credits. It is pretty safe to predict that Bolshevik Russia will be able to borrow mighty little money on that basis.

A. A. Slaughter and wife, of Dallas, were registered at the Cova Friday.

## Head of Cotton Manufacturers Says That the South Must Make Its Own Cotton Goods—Texas to Lead

Washington, May 26.—President L. D. Tyson, of Knoxville, Tenn., told the American Cotton Manufacturers Association convention here today that the textile industry of the south could never attain prosperity or independence until the majority of the mills decided to diversify and finish their products so that they could go direct to the consumer with them.

"It is an economic crime," President Tyson said, "for the south to continue to produce goods and send them hundreds and even thousands of miles elsewhere to be advanced to manufacture, to be completed and distributed and then returned to us at an increased cost, due to public transportation charges, double and even triple overhead expenses, double selling expense and double distribution cost and more."

"What we need in the south," he continued, "is more finished fabrics ready for the trade, more bleacheries more dyeing establishments and more converters, more printing plants and mercerizing plants, more knit goods establishments, hosiery units and the like."

## Judge Moore Has Returned From Hot Springs Conference

Judge J. H. Moore returned Wednesday from Hot Springs, Arkansas, where he attended the General Conference of the 19th Quadrennial Session Methodist Episcopal Church South, which convened there May 23rd and adjourned May 22nd.

The conference was composed of three hundred and eighty-eight delegates, one hundred and ninety-seven clerical and one hundred and ninety-one lay members, representing fifty conferences of the United States, Mexico, Brazil, China, Japan, Korea, Manchuria, Siberia and Cuba, and in the conference which these men represent are five thousand local preachers, seven thousand five hundred traveling preachers and two million two hundred thousand church members, nineteen bishops, three of whom are non-effective by reason of age and sickness. Five new bishops were elected on this occasion, namely: W. B. Beauchamp, of Virginia, who is assigned to Europe; J. E. Dickey, of Georgia, who is assigned to Texas and New Mexico; S. R. Hay, of Houston, Texas, assigned to China; H. W. Dobbs, of Alabama, assigned to Brazil; H. A. Boaz, of Dallas, assigned to Korea, Manchuria and Japan.

The North-West Texas Conference was represented by Judge Moore, and four other laymen and five preachers.

All Texas conferences combined were represented by six hundred delegates, the best represented single conference being the North Alabama, having eighteen delegates at Hot Springs.

According to Judge Moore the Hot Springs meeting is reported to be the most conservative and best held for many years.

The most important change in reference to lay representatives and their activities was the fact that this conference recognized the laymen, they being recognized by the creation of a board, with a general secretary, the new board being placed on the same basis as other boards in the church.

The Mission Board was reorganized and placed upon a different basis, the general secretary office having been displaced by the appointment of two secretaries for foreign work and two for home work. This, according to Judge Moore, is an important change, and created much interest in the conference.

Fraternal messengers from all Methodist bodies in the world were present and addressed the conference.

Church Union with the Northern Methodist Church remains in about the same status as before, the commission being continued. There is very strong probability that the Southern Methodist Church and the Church of the United Brethren will be united. Bishop Fouts of that church addressed the conference and urged church union of the two bodies. A commission was appointed which will meet with a commission from the United Brethren Church, with power to formulate plans looking to a union, and to report to proper authorities, in which event a special session of the general conference may be called, to effect the union. The United Brethren have a church membership of about seven hundred and fifty thousand, and this will give us a membership of about three million.

Judge Moore is very enthusiastic about the great work being launched by Methodism, and it is certainly fortunate that he went as a representative of the North-West Texas Conference. He was made a member of the General Board of Lay Activities, which is made up of one member from each conference.

## CROSBYTON BOY ATTENDING COLLEGE AT ABILENE

T. A. Warters, of Crosbyton, passed through Lubbock Saturday en route home from Abilene, where he has been attending the National Business College for the past five months. After visiting with home-folk for a few days young Warters will return to Abilene and resume his studies.

He is a live, energetic young man and we are indeed glad to notice the enthusiasm with which he is taking his studies, and are sure that when the days of business schooling are past he will take an active part in the development and maintenance of some worthy enterprise in his home town.

G. M. Schafer was here Friday from his home at Dallas.

## REDPATH-HORNER CHAUTAUQUA IS SUCCESS FROM EVERY ANGLE

### LARGE CROWDS RUSHED TO THE NEW AUDITORIUM FOR OPENING NUMBER—MUCH INTEREST SHOWN

### SCOTISH HIGHLANDERS IN OPENING NUMBER

Out of Town Cars on Streets Every Day Filled With Enthusiastic Visitors Who are Drawn Here by Fascinating Program, and Who Spend Considerable Money With Our Merchants.

## Enlistment is Now Opened For the U. S. Navy

First enlistments in the U. S. Navy have been authorized by the Navy Department in the rating of Apprentice Seaman only. All enlistments will be for four years. Minimum age for first enlistment will be 18 years. Men on first enlistment will be sent to the Naval Training Station, San Francisco, California, for training.

Men, except those under continuous service, who are married or have dependents will not be enlisted unless it is clearly shown that they will not request to be discharged on account of such dependency during their four year enlistment.

Ex-Navy men and ex-members of the Naval Reserve Force who were discharged with honorable or good discharges will be eligible for re-enlistment. Men who received special order, under age or inaptitude discharge, must obtain special authority from the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, D. C., before they can be re-enlisted.

Re-enlistments in the following ratings only are authorized: Torpedomen, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Signalmen, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Seamen, 1st and 2nd class; Apprentice Seamen; Radiomen, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Carpenter's Mates, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Shipfitters, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Patternmakers, 1st and 2nd class; Painters, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Lacksmiths, 2nd class; Boilermakers, 1st and 2nd class; Coppersmiths, 1st and 2nd class; Moulders 1st and 2nd class; Yeomen, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Storekeepers, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Aviation Mechanics, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class; Aviation Carpenter's Mates, 1st, 2nd and 3rd class.

Re-enlisted men will be sent to the receiving ship Charleston, S. C. Men eligible for re-enlistment who have been out of the Navy more than four months and less than a year may be re-enlisted in the rating in which discharged, provided this rating is one of those mentioned in the foregoing paragraph. Men who have been discharged from the Naval Service more than a year and whose rating does not appear in the foregoing paragraph must take their cases up with the Bureau of Navigation.

Ex-members of the Army and Marine Corps may be enlisted as seamen, seamen second class, or in higher ratings if qualified and will not be required to take the preliminary training.

Further information will be furnished on request.

Yours very truly,  
S. G. MOORE,  
Lieutenant, U. S. Navy.

## "CAREFUL CROSSING CAMPAIGN" PLANNED

A "Careful Crossing Campaign" is to be waged by the railroad companies over the United States during the four months period between June 1 and September 30, it was announced here Friday morning. The campaign is to be waged under the direction of the Safety Section of the American Railway Association.

It is the plan of the railroads to do extensive advertising in putting the campaign before the public, mostly by posters. It is planned to place posters in auto supply stores, chambers of commerce, taxicab stations, public schools, banks, post offices, hotels, and in the meeting places of Rotary, Lions and Kiwanis Clubs, asking the assistance of the general public lowering the number of railroad crossing casualties.

A total of 1907 persons lost their lives at railroad crossings during 1921; it is pointed out, and 4,891 were injured in crossing accidents. The campaign is for the purpose of educating the public to be more careful in crossing railroads.—Amarillo Tribune.

## EASTLAND BOY DROWNED LAST FRIDAY IN RIVER

Eastland, Texas, May 26.—Donald Mitchell, 16 year old son of R. E. Mitchell, was drowned here today when he fell into a small stream which he attempted to cross by walking a pipe line. The boy could not swim.

Mrs. C. L. Goodnight, of Lubbock is in a local sanitarium under care of specialists.

H. M. Williams, of Trinidad, Colorado, transacted business here Friday.

## Lieutenant V. D. Mudge, of Fort Bliss, Visited Lubbock Last Friday In Interest of the Training Camp

Lieutenant V. D. Mudge, 7th Cavalry, with two non-commissioned officers, spent Thursday and Friday in Lubbock, in the interest of the Citizens' Military Training Camps to be held this year during the month of August.

The Lieutenant states that these camps are open to all able-bodied men, of good moral character, between the ages of 17 and 27. Ex-service men are eligible up to 35. Transportation to and from the encampment is paid by the government, and food, quarters, uniforms, medical attention and so forth are furnished free while in attendance.

"In other words," as one of the party remarked, "from the time a man leaves Lubbock until his return one month later, he will not have spent a cent of his own money because of having attended the Camp, with the possible exception of his laundry bill."

The training there will be of the greatest benefit, not only from the physical standpoint, but also from the mental and moral point of view. It is the government's policy, the Lieutenant stated, to give one month of clean, wholesome, American life free to any young man who cares to avail himself of the opportunity.

## TENNESSEE MAN SPENDING SOME TIME HERE PROSPECTING

W. L. Forkner, of Sweetwater, Tenn., who has been visiting the Plains section, and Roswell N. M., for the past several months, was in Lubbock Saturday.

Mr. Forkner is a great believer in the Plains country, and while he is not yet convinced that we have the best paying farming country anywhere, the writer is of the opinion that as soon as he reaches the soil of his native state, and compares opportunities there with those offered the enthusiastic plainman, he will be convinced of the superiority of our soil, exceeding broadness of our people, and the great advantage of living in a country where the opportunity to grow is not impinged by pessimistic controllers of all that is worth while.

It is better by far to live in a country where there are a few things to be accomplished, and where the work of an individual can stand out in bold emphasis of the kind of character he is, than to exist in a section that has been a "moderately good place to live for the past hundred years," as is told on the many settlements of the forest clad tomlands of the Mississippi Valley.

## Memorial and Decoration Day Services Will Be Conducted at Auditorium and Cemetery Today Beginning at 9 A. M.

The Memorial and Decoration Day services sponsored by the local American Legion will begin this morning from the Courthouse at 9:15. The Legion, assisted by the Confederate Veterans, The G. A. B., and the Spanish American War Veterans, and headed by the band, will begin the parade from the south side of the Courthouse, around the West side of the square to the Auditorium, where a patriotic program will be held.

Immediately following this program, the Veterans and others desiring will proceed to the cemetery, where a decoration service will be held, and the grave of each veteran of each of the above wars will be decorated with flowers. It is requested by the local committee that all flowers sent in for this purpose, reach the chapel of the Rix Furniture and Undertaking Co. not later than 9 o'clock this morning. Also, please do not send wreaths, crosses, or any large formation of bouquets,

## PIONEER OF LUBBOCK DIED AT HIS HOME HERE FRIDAY

One of the largest funeral processions that has made its way to the local cemetery in many years was seen Saturday when many friends and relatives of R. H. Lowery, accompanied the remains to the cemetery.

Mr. Lowery was a pioneer on the Plains, one of the landmarks who made his way to Lubbock county many years ago, and through persistent, conscientious efforts gained much of this world's goods which were always at the services of his fellow man.

Funeral services were conducted at the Methodist Church by Rev. W. A. Bowen, pastor of the First Baptist Church, attended by a large hearing.

A complete account of the good man's life will be given in our next issue.

Mrs. Geo. Carter, of Roswellville, is at a local sanitarium under the care of specialists. Several days ago Mr. Carter had several jaw teeth removed, and complications of the torn tissues in the jaw immediately set in, and serious damage done.

but just a small bouquet or spray is all that will be accepted for use. Please see that flowers are in on time.

Through courtesy of Mr. Saddler, of the Brunk's Comedians, their band and orchestra will be used for the services both at the auditorium and the cemetery. He having learned that such a program was to be held in the city immediately volunteered his services and the services of his company to be used in any way in which to help carry out the program. The local committee in charge of arrangements wish to express thanks to Mr. Saddler for this generous offer.

At 5 o'clock in the afternoon to finish up the program and fill out the day for the Legion, a baseball game will be staged at the Fair Park between the local American Legion team and Lamesa. A good game is assured.

Come out and help enjoy the day.

## MAY LOCATE NEW DRY GOODS STORE HERE SOON

Mr. Hearne, of the Hearne Dry Goods Company, of Higgins, Texas, is here in the latter part of last week prospecting, with a view to putting in a general line dry goods store. The Hearne Dry Goods Company has been in Higgins quite a number of years, and has built up a large business there, but are looking for a larger town. One with a bigger future, and they have decided that Lubbock is about the place for them. Mr. Hearne is well pleased with the prospects in Lubbock, and if the proper arrangements can be made will in all probability locate here, with a large dry goods stock.



# LYRIC

Admission 10c  
and 25c

## The South Plains Playhouse

MONDAY AND TUESDAY  
"JUST OUT OF COLLEGE"

WEDNESDAY  
Conway Tearle in—  
"A WIDE OPEN TOWN"

An action picture full of adventure, thrills and romance. The story of a gentleman gambler entertainingly told, beautifully staged and realistically acted.

THURSDAY  
"RED HOT ROMANCE"

May Collins, the winsome little ingenue whose fame has grown with astonishing rapidity within the last few months, plays the leading feminine role in "Red Hot Romance", a John Emerson-Anita Loos production, released through Associated First National Pictures. This is a picture well worth seeing.

Coming! Watch for Announcement: NORMA TALMADGE in "PASSION FLOWER"



John Emerson  
and  
Anita Loos  
present  
their own production  
"Red Hot Romance"



### BOY'S SPEECH ON WHAT A SON THINKS OF FATHER.

When boys chose me to speak to you fathers tonight it was with reluctance that I consented to do so because I had no idea what was proper to say, how much to say, or how to say it. Bearing this in mind I beg of you to be lenient with me and think only of what I am saying, to accept it as the crude but sincere tribute to fathers by a boy who loves his own with all his heart.

It has often been said that motherhood is one of the purest and best institutions that God ever created. Except for that, there is nothing in the world so splendid and so fine as fatherhood, and the strong love of a strong man for his child, be it a boy or girl.

How often do we stop to think of the great sacrificial love our fathers have for us. We are too young to understand the love that causes a father to work day after day in order to support his children, that makes him willing to go without a great many things so that his son may be made happy, that makes his hair turn gray, and that makes him willing to give up even life itself, if need be, for us. We are too young to understand it, yet we feel its presence daily in every new gift or encouraging word, in each dear good-night upon going to bed, and especially when Christmas when it seems as if his love is inexhaustible.

Our fathers do really love us as these facts go to show, and tonight I wish to tell you fathers that we boys really love you although we may not be so free to show our emotions as are our sisters who often make a great fuss over our dads and yet love them no better than we.

The very word FATHER is symbolic of what my father is to me and in giving the following tribute to my own dad, I am giving it to all you fathers. The letter F in the words stands for faithful, for my dad is faithful to his job and to his family. The letter A stands for affectionate, for my dad is very affectionate in his quiet way. The letter T stands for tireless, for my dad is tireless in his deeds of love and in giving the following tribute to my own dad, I am giving it to all you fathers. The letter H stands for honest, because my dad is honest, and that is one of the finest recommendations to be given a person. The letter E stands for earnest, for in whatever good advice my father gives me, he is earnest. The letter R stands for righteous, for my dad is striving day by day to lead a righteous life and to have his son follow in his footsteps. That is the way I regard my dad and that is the way, fathers, your sons regard you.

In closing, I wish to offer this suggestion: That you fathers cannot afford to let pass the opportunities daily presented to become more intimate with, and a better comrade to your boys. One of the best ways to do this is to take frequent and long trips into the country, for there is nothing in the world so productive of comradeship as hikes in the great out-of-doors. If you succeed in becoming a real comrade to your boy, he will regard you not only with the love and affection with which he does now, but by a greater love: the love of a boy for his "pal."

### OWNER OF NEW BUILDING BELIEVES IN WORKING

W. E. Bush, owner of the new brick building now under construction at the corner of Broadway and J is proving that he is a builder in more than one way.

He is having that nice building erected at an enormous cost, and that the plumbing work was to be done and he had nothing else to occupy his time until the structure is completed, he immediately set to work on that part of the building, and when an Avalanche reporter called on him Friday morning he had the work almost completed.

Mr. Bush is a hard worker, and his kind are adding their lot to the development of this section, which is making great showing.

Mr. Bush is well and favorably known in the Panhandle, and his many friends are wondering if he learned the working habit while a resident of Fort Worth, from where he came to erect this building, or whether he has always been effected with the energy bug.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Adams, of Colorado City, were here last week visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Rix. Mr. Adams is one of the business men of Colorado City, having for many years been actively engaged in ranching, farming and banking, and since the oil business is becoming a main issue in that section he is taking a leading role in that drama. Rix is a hard hitting booster for Lubbock and we are in hopes he may some day induce the friend from Colorado City to settle with him in Lubbock.

### To Organize a Junior Band To Boost Lubbock

With leading members of the Junior Chamber of Commerce thoroughly convinced that Lubbock needs their assistance in every way, that a real boosting campaign can be waged, they had decided to organize a band, to be made up of men in the Junior age, and hire an instructor to teach them how to make the very best music possible. Raleigh Brown, local musician, whose abilities are well known, and whose music has added more to the liveliness of Lubbock than any other musician, has been selected to teach this new band, which assures us that they will be given the experience and training of an expert.

Judge C. W. Beene is now working out the plans for the completion of the organization which will be accomplished in a few days, and turned over to the president at the next Board of Directors meeting.

Judge Beene has had considerable experience in band work, and his assistance is to prove a great asset to the organization.

There are many talented and learned bandmen in Lubbock who will receive knowledge of these plans with enthusiasm, and who will join hands with their fellow members in making that band just as effective for boosting Lubbock as it is possible.

In joining the band the members submit to the following rules, as the plan is now outlined: First—They are to play in all concerts for either branch of the Chamber of Commerce without charge. Second—They will be under the direction of paid instructor and must follow his instructions as nearly as possible. Third—They must be members of the Junior Chamber of Commerce, and lend their aid in every possible way to the development of that organization.

Lubbock must take her place among the leading cities of West Texas in more than a business way if we meet with the ambitions of the progressive element of Lubbock, and in no wise could do anything that would go farther toward making Lubbock known as a town of talented, as well as energetic people than to train and maintain the biggest, best, noisiest and most conspicuous band in West Texas.

Let's go.

Scratch pads for sale at this office.

### PROFESSIONAL COLUMN

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I have several choice building locations on which I will build residences for sale. See me if you want a home.  
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3-31-22

### Ask Those Who Buy Here

—and there are many—if our meats are not always up to an expected high quality. While we don't claim perfection, we strive to excel. Your business always, of course, is appreciated.

Sanitary Market  
Sim's Place  
PHONE 52

The new German Ambassador who is here for business—not, of course, the kind of "business" the last German Ambassador, one Bernstorff, engaged in so extensively.

### "MAKE A TERRITORY INSTEAD OF TAKING ONE," SAYS RIX

The scope of a trade territory is no larger or smaller than the business men make it, as was proven Tuesday when two members of the Rix Furniture and Undertaking Company, A. C. Sanders and H. H. Griffith, undertakers, made a trip into King County to attend the body of R. H. Ford, a prominent ranchman of that section.

The call came at 2 a. m. Tuesday for the men to go to the home of the deceased, and in their high powered car the trip was made in time that they reached the home at about sun up.

It is beyond question that Lubbock is the hub of the plains, and with such reputation as some of our business men have made for trade territory development, it will soon be known as the hub of commerce. Keep an eye on Lubbock and Lubbock county, keep both eyes on the development of the country, then you will see only about half of the really big things accomplished for this section.

It is quite one thing to step into a business that is already developed, and has a set trade territory, and quite another to make the business and the territory also, as some of our men are doing.

### Science of Flying May Make Traveling By Air Safer

A report made recently by the secretary of commerce by the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce of America, having its headquarters in New York, notes that three million miles in cross-country flight without a fatality was recorded in 1921. The report is based on signed statements of 125 operators in all parts of the United States, with equipment numbering 600 planes, or approximately one-half the total now in commercial use throughout the country. Officials interpret it as an effective reply to the query as to the hazard of flight invited by recent spectacular accidents.

The report says that flying in the United States may be placed in two general classifications—operating by established organizations which endeavor to maintain regulations, and demonstrations by the itinerant pilot or gypsy flier. "Experience has taught," says the Aeronautical Chamber of Commerce report, "that in safe flying there are the following requisites: (1) A machine sound, aerodynamically and structurally; (2) An engine of sufficient power and proved liability; (3) A competent conservation pilot and navigator; (4) Airports and emergency landing fields, sufficiently close together to insure gliding to safety; (5) Nation-wide weather forecasts specialized or adapted to the need of flyers; (6) Nation-wide chart of air routes.

The report adds that the establishment of operators, having a fixed point of responsibility, approximately the twenty-four accidents. These mishaps were due to causes which could have been removed by federal regulation or supervision or had landing fields, air routes and weather reports been fully available; had the field help been more disciplined; had the pilots been more alert through consciousness of licensed responsibility and had there been general inspection of aircraft, engines, accessories and supplies. Even so, the record shows that 6,701 flights or 138,440 miles were flown for every injury sustained.

Day by day the science of flying is being further developed. In the United States and other leading countries of the world efforts are being made to provide ships of the air with safety devices so that the failure of a motor may not be attended with serious consequence, as is the case now; to devise ways and means of averting nose and tail spins which the navigator is unable to control, and to find a method by which airships may be lifted directly to the ground and safe landings made by a reversal of the procedure. Flying is not so very hazardous at this time, but it seems quite possible the time is not far distant when travel by air will be considered safer than travel on the sea or land.

### HEADED THE LARGEST DELEGATION TO MEET.

Supt. M. M. Dupre, of Lubbock, brought delegates and contestants from the Plains country to the state meet in special train consisting of twenty-nine people. Supt. Dupre is a veteran school man and has been superintendent at Lubbock for the past eight years. He has been an enthusiastic worker in the interscholastic league ever since it was organized. The Plains delegation arrived before noon Thursday and left Sunday morning. In the meantime they captured their share of the honors.—Interscholastic News.

C. M. Evans, of A. & M. College was in Lubbock last week on business.

Come to Lubbock.

YOU CAN  
DEPEND ON  
Rexall  
GOODS



Find one of the good things made trading at this drug store. Our stock is complete, fresh and kept clean. Here your business is appreciated and you are given prompt, courteous service.

THE CITY DRUG STORE  
The Rexall Store E. L. Robertson, Prop.



### C. H. Walker Is Re-Elected President of the C-To-G Highway—Alvarado Will Be Their Next Meeting Place

C. H. Walker of Dalhart was re-elected president of the Colorado-to-the-Gulf Highway Association for the coming year, at the closing session of the Association convention at the First Christian Church here Wednesday afternoon, and Alvarado was chosen as the meeting place for the 1923 convention.

J. A. Walker of Clayton, N. M., Walter C. Irvin, Amarillo, and E. E. Jackson of Colorado Springs, were named vice presidents; T. Paul Barron of Childress, secretary and A. R. Davis of Rotan, treasurer.

Only two towns were in the competition for the 1923 convention, Alvarado and Iowa Park, and the supporters of each declared that if it would be better for the convention to be held at the other place they would be glad for it to be held there. Each town extended a strong invitation, however, and promised the best entertainment possible. When the vote revealed that it was the wishes of the majority that the next convention take place at Alvarado, a delegate from Iowa Park made a motion that it be made unanimous. The motion was seconded by another delegate from Iowa Park, it was carried unanimously.

### At What Temperature Should Milk Be Kept?

Contaminated milk, or milk handled under unsanitary conditions is hard to keep sweet at any temperature. The opposite applies to milk handled with scientific care.

### MEDLOCK'S DAIRY

The home of pure milk products.

### Now Miller's Grocery---

Isn't turning the world upside down—just going ahead and attending to the people's grocery wants and too busy to make promises that appear extravagant. You can just ask Lubbock housewives about us; they'll tell you all there is about the service we give.

**THE H. E. MILLER GROCERY**  
PHONE 86 and 140

associations to get their highways before the public.

The reports of the various committees preceded the selection of the next meeting place of the convention.

The naming of the time for the 1923 convention was left to the Board of Directors, although it was thought it will be held in the early part of June, at the suggestion of the Alvarado representatives.—Amarillo Tribune.

### CANYON NORMAL CLOSING PROGRAM

Canyon, Randall Co. Texas, May 24.—According to announcements made by President J. A. Hill, the students of West Texas State Normal College will enjoy a holiday Saturday, May 27.

The final examinations begin Tuesday, May 30, and continue through Thursday, June 1, and Mr. Hill believes that the students can do better work on the finals if they have one day for recreation.

Some of the students who are expected to attend the summer normal which begins June 7 will probably go home over Saturday and Sunday but the majority of the student body will spend the days on picnics or fishing trips.

The twelfth commencement of West Texas Normal College will be June Sunday, May 28, and will close June 3, when the degrees and diplomas are issued. The summer normal will begin June 7. Below is the program in full for the commencement exercises:

### Full Program

Saturday evening, May 27, 8:00 o'clock, intersociety debate, auditorium.

Sunday morning, May 28, 10:30 o'clock, baccalaureate address by the Rev. J. W. Story, Amarillo, Texas, auditorium.

Sunday evening, May 28, 8 o'clock address under auspices of Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. by the Rev. J. W. Story, Amarillo, Texas, auditorium.

Wednesday evening, May 31, 8:30 o'clock, program by the department of physical education, auditorium.

Thursday afternoon, June 1, 2:30 o'clock, program by training school and granting training school diplomas, auditorium.

Thursday evening, June 1, 8:30 o'clock, commencement concert by department of music, auditorium.

Friday morning, June 2, 9 o'clock class exercises, auditorium.

Friday afternoon, June 2, at 3 o'clock, baseball game, W. T. S. N. C. vs. Ex-Students, athletic field.

Friday evening, June 2, 7:30 o'clock, commencement play by department of expression, auditorium.

Saturday morning, June 3, 9:30 o'clock, address by Charles G. Thomas of Lewisville, Texas. Graduating of degrees, and diplomas by President J. A. Hill, auditorium.

Saturday evening, June 3, 8 o'clock, alumni banquet, Cousins' Hall.

### CANYON TO GIVE BARBECUE TO AGRICULTURAL AGENTS


Canyon, Texas, May 24.—The Randall County Commercial League of Canyon will serve a barbecue dinner to the county agents and their stock judging teams Friday, May 26, according to W. A. Warren, president of the league. Plans are being made to entertain a large number of the contestants, as this meeting is expected to be the biggest stock judging meet that has ever been held in West Texas.

Letters are coming in daily to the agricultural department from county agents, over the Panhandle. More interest is being shown in this meet than ever before.

The Commercial League of Canyon will endeavor to make all the visitors and contestants feel at home during their stay in Canyon.

The weekly luncheon of the league, which was scheduled for Tuesday, was postponed on account of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce meeting at Plainview.

The German heel was too long on its neck for Belgium to forget as promptly as some of the rest of us. Announcement is made of extensive reinforcements for the Belgian army on the Rhine.



**HARCOURT & CO.**  
INCORPORATED  
LOUISVILLE, KY. U. S. A.

*Manufacturing Engravers and Stationers.*  
*School and College Stationery, Christmas Cards,*  
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*Business Stationery.*

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THE AVALANCHE IS—  
**Exclusive Representative in Lubbock**  
Phone 14 and We Will Call With Our  
Samples and Prices

### Notes Change of Texas Plains From Grazing to Farming

C. L. Seagraves, general colonization agent of the Atchison, Topeka, & Santa Fe Railway, called attention to the speedy change from a purely grazing industry to general farming on the Plains of Northwest Texas.

"Few people even ten years ago," Mr. Seagraves said, "believed that profitable farming was permanently possible here. This transformation was brought about by moving people onto our lands—farmers, community builders, producers and consumers."

Mr. Seagraves noted that hogs a few years back were unknown. There were no people to raise them. Last year the Santa Fe lines on the Plains moved 1629 cars, 912 cars going west to California and Arizona. This year promises a fifty per cent increase.

## Jackson Brothers

Phone 505

### COAL GRAIN AND HAY

**Our Specialties:—Milk Feeds, Cooking, Heating and Furnace Coals, also Tankage and Chicken Feeds.—We buy and sell grain and hay in car lots or less.**

The grain shipments last year from the Plains lines of the Santa Fe totaled 14,251 cars or fully 18,000,000 bushels. One branch moved 2,642 cars, more than a million bushels of wheat alone being handled from one station.

The Santa Fe had faith in the future of this country. Mr. Seagraves stated and built lines that at first were operated at a loss. The road is proud of the results both in population and products of the farms and related industries.

"In my opinion," Mr. Seagraves said, "we are just at the beginning of real constructive land settlement. In the past it has been largely a matter of selling lands. The mere selling of land without development is of no value to your community or the railroad. In fact such transactions are usually speculative."

Land business has been at a standstill for some time. But indications are that immigration will again move westward. But former methods of selling land must be discarded. The prospective homeseeker of today is usually well informed about a wide range of territory in the west and will seek a location where well balanced farming is practiced. In seeking new settlers said Mr. Seagraves the people here must be ready to meet the competition of other localities.

They will not come; it is necessary to go after them.

Mr. Seagraves made a strong plea for giving the new settler all the possible assistance that he may get a right start and be converted into an asset to attract other settlers from the same locality.

In discussing the question of where to find homeseekers, Mr. Seagraves called attention to the fact that few foreign immigrants can be counted on now. Settlers must be found in America. Tenants in sections of high priced lands are looking to the west for new homes. Many have some capital and farm equipment. They can be made into prosperous farm owners out here and reliable producers. Attractive land prices and terms must be made to reach this class of homeseekers.

"The necessity for a liberal land settlement policy is apparent in all our western states," said Mr. Seagraves, "as the competition for settlers is becoming very intense. Your proposition must be attractive if you expect to make progress and build up your agricultural sections; you must think in terms of development, and not merely the selling of land."

In conclusion Mr. Seagraves said: "Ways and means must be devised to get more people into your territory; business does not move of its own accord, you must go after it, your inducements must be exceptionally good. The old time methods

### STOP THAT ITCHING

Use the reliable Blue Star Remedy for all skin diseases such as: Itch, Eczema, Tetter, Ringworms, Cracked hands, Old Sores or Sores on Children. Sold on a guarantee by Lubbock Drug Co. (6-10-22)

### GOV. NEFF SCORES TENDANCY TOWARD MOBS

AUSTIN, TEXAS, May 24.—In a statement made late today Governor Neff came out unreservedly in condemnation of mob law and suggested that the statutes should be amended so as to try members of mobs in counties other than where the mobbing occurred.

This declaration follows nine lynchings of negroes in Texas within the last three weeks. The Governor authorized the following:

"The growing tendency of mob law is indeed a sad commentary on our civilization.

"Each person accused of crime has a right to his day in court. To deny him this right is contrary to Anglo-Saxon civilization.

"However, those participating in mobs can not be successfully and effectively prosecuted until a law is enacted providing for their prosecution in some other county other than the county in which the mob occurred.

"I know of nothing that will be so effective in breaking up mobocracy as the passage of a law providing for the trial of mobs outside the county where the offense was perpetrated.

"The mob spirit that has so frequently of late evidenced itself in Texas is indeed regrettable.

"All our laws should be enforced through the organized channels of the court."

## YOU ARE COMING---

# JUNE 1st 2nd and 3rd

WE WILL MAKE A PRIZE OFFER AND YOU MAY WIN---AT THE

# 'DEVOE' PAINT DEMONSTRATION

Do you appreciate Color Harmony?

**R. A. RANKIN & SONS** Lubbock's Finest Hardware Store  
Lubbock, Texas.

### TEXAS ROADS GET PERMISSION TO FINANCE CONSTRUCTION

Washington, May 25.—Proposals of the Illinois Central Railroad to embark upon electrification and enlargement of their Chicago terminal facilities at an estimated cost of \$78,057,000 were advanced today by the Interstate Commerce Commission in granting the railroad authority to issue and sell \$10,929,600 in preferred stock.

The Commission in another finance order authorized the Wichita Falls and Southern Railroad to issue \$668,000 in 6 per cent bonds, \$644,000 in preferred stock and \$161,000 in common stocks. These securities, the order said, will be sold for \$1,299,000 and the receipts used to reimburse stockholders and others who advanced money for the construction of the line.

### NOTICE

Strayed or stolen Bird dog, has brown head. Had on collar with W. E. Lawler, Canton, Texas. Reward \$10. Will be paid for delivery at Canyon School. W. D. Lawler.



THE LUBBOCK AVALANCHE

Published Every Tuesday and Friday by THE AVALANCHE PUBLISHING CO. (Incorporated)

JAS. L. DOW, Editor and General Manager; Neal Douglass, Jr., City Editor; J. E. Griffith, Advertising Manager

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THINGS TO REMEMBER

Advertisers, contributors and all parties interested in the Avalanche please remember these things: We print the Tuesday Avalanche on Monday, press hour, 3:30 p. m. Friday Avalanche on Thursday, press hour 3:30 p. m. Please have copy for local notices in not later than noon Mondays and Thursdays. Ad changes and copy should not be later than 8:00 a. m. Mondays and Thursdays. It takes a schedule like this to get your ads in the paper in good shape, and helps us give our readers better service, which means that the paper will be of better service to you, which we earnestly desire it to be. We do not want to be exacting but we must demand some things of you, if you expect us to come up to the notch.

THAT RAILROAD WEST FROM LUBBOCK

Well, let's do it! There isn't a man in Lubbock who is acquainted with conditions on the Plains and with Lubbock's ambitions who isn't aware of the absolute NECESSITY of a railroad west. Most every person acquainted with these facts has secretly hoped that the Santa Fe Railroad would build it. For the past four years we have all hoped that within the next two years there would be some action taken upon such a project. There is no visible evidence of the Santa Fe building such a road in the immediate future, however, there are many reasons for expecting such action.

Now is the psychological time to build that road! Millions of acres of the finest lands in the State of Texas is idle because of this needed facility. There is not one foot of land for fifty or sixty miles west of Lubbock is of poor enough quality to be used for grazing purposes. Every foot of these lands, literally speaking, is ready to raise, at the least expense, the best crops grown in the State. To look upon these thousands and thousands of idle acres this spring is to instantly recognize the absurdity of such idleness.

Lubbock can better spend \$1,000 on this project than it can \$1.00 on a rail connection anywhere else! Lubbock is, logically, the center of the finest agricultural section in the State. It claims to be the industrial and commercial center of this section. By necessity, Lubbock is forced to take the lead in securing facilities for distribution to its tributary trade sections. Therefore, without hesitation, Lubbock should immediately begin active, concerted effort for providing and helping provide rail connections with its western, undeveloped trade empire.

"The Santa Fe will build this road"—you say. Maybe so, but Lubbock cannot afford to play indifferent. Lubbock must be aggressive—if not aggressive it cannot be ambitious—and Lubbock is AMBITIOUS!—Let's Go!

TODAY IS MEMORIAL DAY

Today, May 30th is Memorial Day, and our hearts turn to the heroes of American history. Most of us think first of the brave fellows who faced death and thousands sacrificed their lives for the protection of their homes, and for civilization, in the World War, not so long since ended. The actions of these brave boys will naturally stand out prominently in the memories of American people. Lubbock is paying tribute to not only the boys who fought in the recent war, but they are going back through the Spanish American War, to pay tribute to those who died on the battlefields in that war, and then back to the war between the States, and will spread flowers upon the graves of every deceased soldier who participated in that struggle.

Lubbock should stand with bared heads—this entire country should cease the daily grind, and take time to turn back, review the memories of dear ones, and friends who have paid the highest price possible for the safety of home and country.

Attend the memorial services today. Hang out the flag and let Old Glory wave your appreciation and loyalty to the land that is protected under its colors. The land where bravery is unexcelled, where patriotism is bubbling over, and our soldiers know not defeat.

THE RENT PROFFITEER

In all probability this is one of the worst enemies to a town's progress that can possibly be found. There is a tendency in Lubbock, we fear, of putting too much rent on buildings. This will likely run people away from Lubbock and that is always against any town, when people are dissatisfied, restless and feel like they are paying too much rent. In business houses, this not only makes it hard for the fellow who is renting the property, but he is bound to pass it on, and the consumer gets a touch of it every time he makes a purchase. Don't be a rent proffiteer. Keep the rents down to a reasonable profit on the investment. Live and let live is a very good rule to follow.

The people of this section of the State will miss very much the good editorial writings of Mr. Pope, of the Amarillo News, who has resigned his position and will move to Oklahoma, where he will take up Chamber of Commerce work again. Mr. Pope is one of the best editorial writers in the State, and has wielded a good influence through the columns of the News.

Lubbock roads are giving this county some mighty bad advertising. People are really surprised that such awful roads could be possible in this beautiful, level, smooth country. They are here just the same and one is sometimes lucky indeed to be able to drive a car over them and not be bumped off, or tear the "boat" up.

Build a lot more side walks—they are needed in Lubbock.

SETTLING UP THE PLAINS

Lubbock is almost on a boom, so far as building is concerned. With half a dozen good brick business houses going up, and with the large number of residence buildings also under the hammer, there is certainly something doing, and still the demand has not been supplied. Prospectors are here every day looking for locations for various business lines, and people are here wanting houses in which to live. This is mighty fine, and things are going to be lively in Lubbock this summer and fall. With the disasters that have come in other sections of the State and in other states there will be a lot of folks who will want to leave those sections and come west, and there will be a great demand for farms, and rent houses in this section the latter part of this year. We hope those who have large land holdings will get them under the plow right away, and have land and homes for those who want to come to this country to live. They can make your land pay you a good dividend and in the raw state it will not. The days of grazing land at a profit have passed. It must be farmed or stock farmed to make money out of the investment now. Let's locate about a thousand farmers in this section this year. We will be getting that railroad extension from Paducah over this way by that time, and the Fort Worth Plains road will also be nosing out this way; and there will be big things doing on the Plains. Just watch this South Plains country settle up!

PASTORS WHAM EVILS OF THE DAY

The pastors of the various churches took a wham at the prevailing evils of the community, and we might say the entire country, last Sunday, and the way some of them handled the subject would indicate that they are "on," and they know a blame lot more about what the members of their church are doing than some of us thought for. The moral conditions are not what they should be, and if the parents of the country do not step in and exercise some of their parental authority, there will be some very undesirable publicity come to some parents and their children in days to come. One preacher referring to certain things that happened to some Lubbock county young people a few days ago, said: "This is not the only case by a whole lot, but they were just caught while the others have not been." But "they never get away," is the language that the lecturer at the Chautauqua used Sunday night, and some time or other they will get caught, and then—The card parties caught it. The modern dance was arraigned. The public swimming pool came in for a conspicuous drubbing, and other things that tend to attract the people from the church, and make them "ungodly."

The Lubbock Chamber of Commerce was host to all the farmers of this section who would call at the Secretary's office and procure tickets for the first day's program in the Chautauqua. This opportunity was seized by a quite a number of farmers of this section. We are glad to see this community spirit existing between the farmers and the Chamber of Commerce, and we believe that by each of them co-operating more closely in the future than they have in the past that it will result in a lot of good for the town and the rural sections as well. Fact of the business, we are of the opinion that the Chamber of Commerce should be busy every day and every way possible to help the farmer to solve the many problems that they have to contend with, and likewise the farmer should become an active member of the Chamber of Commerce. The dividing line between the people living in the country and the fellow in the city is too marked in most cases, and it should be wiped out. It takes all the people to make things go just like they should, and we certainly should be up and putting everything over possible for the development of the South Plains, and the growth of Lubbock.

The Chautauqua is being well attended. The large auditorium is accommodating the crowds nicely, and it is a wonderful improvement over the former-day tents. Lubbock saved a lot of money on the Chautauqua expense account by having this new community auditorium, and we will find that this investment of a few thousand dollars will be a good one, and that the savings will show up all along through the years. Of course we realize that this auditorium is not what one could well term high class, and there is nothing fancy about it except that it seats many more people than any other auditorium in Lubbock, and the acoustic are extra ordinarily good, which is a fine feature, and not such as can be boasted of by many places where fifty to a hundred times as much money has been spent.

Lubbock is getting a lot of very favorable publicity now. It is that kind of publicity that counts for much, too. In the last issue of the Commercial News, published at Sugar Lake, Texas, the entire front page was devoted to Lubbock, giving a group of splendid pictures of this city and county. This is advertising that cannot be bought with money, but at the same time it is of the very highest class and will mean a great deal to this town and the South Plains in general. Mr. Martin, Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce is certainly on the job, and people are hearing about "Lubbock, the Hub of the Plains."

The Armory fund is now all raised except \$1,070, and as we asked for \$1300 to begin with you can readily see that we are getting along—but awfully, terribly, measly slow. It is not Lubbock's way, and we want you fellows whose names do not appear in the printed list, to kick in, and do it now, what's the use of waiting. It must be done, and there is no good reason why you folks have not contributed the total amount before now. We want 107 men to send a check for \$10 each before our Friday issue of the paper. We would like to report it all paid.

The Chamber of Commerce at Shiner in their enthusiasm to make that place the banner egg section of that part of the State has adopted a slogan "Say it with eggs." This slogan is effective as has been proven many times before, when some folks express their appreciation of a perfectly good political speech by saying it with eggs. Shiner has not started anything new, but has probably started it in a different way.

"OVER THE TOP" WITH A TAG, SAYS LOCAL LEGIONAIRES

"Got a tag?" was about the most asked question in town Saturday, when the Allen Bros. Post American Legion went out for a little real money to assist in carrying on the good work they are doing.

On every street corner a husky ex-dough boy stood facing the crowds, armed to the teeth with the cards on which was printed: "I am for American Legion," for which a great demand was soon created, and as a result everybody took one.

Our ex-soldiers are to be remembered, and it is indeed gratifying to note that the use they make of these funds is always to better conditions for some unfortunate buddy, or to put over something in which everybody is interested, and glad to see accomplished.

One of the purposes for which the recent funds were collected is for buying flowers, and other equipment to make memorial day services at the cemetery May 30th just as successful as it is at all possible.

Lubbock's American Legion is a live organization, and the work the young men are doing is certainly to be appreciated. That they are still there with the goods, as in the days of '18 was shown when their quota for the Auditorium which now stands a monument to the progressiveness of our people was the first to be subscribed. They literally went "over the top" with that proposition while other organizations were taking time to consider the best possible route to take to achieve their end, a method of doing things while the time is on that not only characterized the war-time army of America, but also a system of civilian life conduct that characterizes every individual legionaire.

We are in hopes the American Legion will continue to grow in Lubbock, as we are sure it will under the leadership of present officials.

KIWANIANS GET CHALLENGE FROM PLAINVIEW FOR GAME

Even if the Lubbock Rotarians did give the Kiwanians a ten to eight trimming on the local diamond last week, the Kiwanians are on the "map" as a fast team, and were recognized Monday when the baseball manager received a letter from the Plainview club challenging them for a game to be played sometime after June 20th.

We have been hanging around this section of West Texas long enough to know that the Plainview bunch are a little hard to cope with, and hear they have the fastest amateur team in the state, but with Lefty Stubbs getting the unmatchable pitching "stuff" worked down to accuracy and long lastingness, and Louie Moore spending all his spare time playing "Ante-Over" with the neighbors school boys in frantic attempts to know about how to judge the high-flung ones, our team will be hard to beat, and the letter will be discussed at the Thursday luncheon, and no doubt the challenge will be accepted.

Lubbock is a busy town, but its people have plenty of time for play, as is seen from their being about it so much, but after all we attribute the willingness of our people to take a few of the enlightening games into their weekly routine as one of the leading factors in making them the happiest, most prosperous and congenial people on the globe.

WHAT OTHERS SAY AND HOW THEY SAY IT

Eight or ten passenger trains a day leave Lubbock. If you don't like the way things go here, it would certainly be a great blessing to the town for you to hike it away from here. The space you occupy is begrudged by every citizen, and you are like a wart on the fair face of progress as long as you stay here. We want all the people to remain in Lubbock that can conscientiously do so, but there is no room for grouches, moss-backs or knockers in a progressive town like Lubbock. Wonder how many people will recognize themselves in this article and how "not fair! not fair!" We have called no names, but your picture may be so plainly seen that you will recognize yourself. If so we hope you will quietly slip out of the way so that no one will stumble over your carcass, and retard their progress in worthy things to the upbuilding of the town. Lubbock is going to become such a beehive of building and progress that a drone will have a time existing, and will certainly be uncomfortable.—Lubbock Avalanche.

Pour it on, Brother Dow. Give them 50 quarters, and see if you can't yid your town of the knockers. All towns have their knockers. What is a knocker anyway? Why, he is the fellow that is soured on every body, including himself.—He is a chronic belly-acher, and resembles a carbuncle on the back of progress. The fact of the business is, a knocker won't thrive in a wide-awake town. They soon get up and drift to a dead town where they can find conditions suited to their systems.—Lockney Beacon.

STATE PRINTING PLANT

Some wise guy has conceived the idea of establishing a State Printing Plant to be used in the printing of the free text books for the schools. It is an established fact that printing of this kind can be done, and is done by contract much cheaper than maintaining a printing office.—Lubbock Avalanche.

It would seem that since there has been so much trouble and stir created around the Government printing office, those advocates of the State office would be content to let well enough alone and give up their fight. It is a fact that private printing concerns can do the work much cheaper than a state concern could do it. And too, without the state printing office there is no chance for such a large amount of alleged graft creeping in.

R & R LINDSEY YOUR THEATRE

Has Another Wonderful Program for This Week—Every One a Knockout. Personally Guaranteed FOR MONDAY AND TUESDAY You Have CECIL B. DeMILLE'S "FOOL'S PARADISE"

A picture that sweeps from Texas to Siam, and gathers into a hundred lavish scenes, the love and beauty of the world. EXTRA!!! TOPICS OF THE DAY and "AESOPS FABLES" A Wonderful Program! And Admission Only Adults 35c Child 10c

WILLIAM S. HART in "WHITE OAK" A story of men who loved and fought when the old-time West was new. SEE IT—TINGLE!! Judge for yourself—Also A GOOD COMEDY ADULTS 25c CHILD 10c

THEN LOOK!—THURSDAY "The Ace of Hearts" Joy and Hate, Triumph and Defeat, Life and Death—in a pack of cards!! Don't fail to see this one. It will leave you with an inspired message—the supremacy of Love over Hate, the ascendancy of Good over Evil!

"The Battle of Jutland" No Extra Charge will be made—Regular Prices Adults 25c Child 10c DON'T FORGET—The Formal Opening OF THE R. & R. Lindsey NEXT MONDAY, 7:30 P. M. — JUNE 5th WHEN YOU ARE UP TOWN THIS WEEK DON'T FAIL TO LOOK IN RIX'S SHOW WINDOW

Of course, private concerns are anxious to get pay for their work, but they charge only enough to make a living on. And the establishment of a State printing office would entail a great expense on the State; as the purchase of the equipment would run into thousands of dollars, to say the least. The government printing office however has been a boon to congressmen as it has afforded them a means of getting their speeches before the public, which they might otherwise not been able to do.—Abilene Reporter. "We are enjoying comparative internal peace, and if we could be sure of its continuance we might safely reduce our army below the minimum of 150,000 proposed in congress, but all experience teaches that we may expect other outbreaks of strife and insurrection beyond the power of states to control"—Clarence Qualey, candidate for the United States senate. The more Conan Doyle writes about spiritualism the more regret that he stop writing detective stories.—Nashville Southern Lumberman.



# THE LUBBOCK AVALANCHE

VOLUME XXIII. No. 27.

LUBBOCK, LUBBOCK COUNTY, TEXAS, TUESDAY, MAY 30, 1922.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK

## HARVESTING OF SMALL GRAIN CROP WORTH \$35,000,000 TO START IN TEXAS AT ONCE

Harvesting and moving of the 1922 Texas small grain crop will be started in the southern counties during the next week and the threshing of the wheat in the Panhandle will not be completed before July 1. It is estimated that this year's crop will bring about \$35,000,000 and will furnish approximately 35,000 men employment for more than a month.

The oat crop, in matter of average yield, has prospects of being the best in several years, but due to an exceptionally dry fall, the acreage was cut heavily and as a result it is estimated that 15,000,000 bushels, valued at \$18,000,000 will be gathered from 1,500,000 acres.

**Wheat Under Normal**  
The wheat reports are not encouraging. The general condition of winter wheat is estimated to be about 60 per cent of normal, and reflects the severe fall condition

which prevailed over the western half of the State from seeding time until March. A great deal of this territory was extremely dry, with many sections in need of rain from August, 1921. As a result planting was made in dry ground, some of the seed sprouted and died, some never sprouted and was entirely lost, and some remained in the ground without sprouting until February and March rains. It is doubtful if the later has filled or stooled properly to make much of a crop. In all cases stands were injured even where growth was started last Fall, and considerable abandonment was necessary.

However, the present condition shows a marked improvement over the earlier conditions, and the improvement is due largely to the Spring rains, since throughout moisture has been the limiting factor.

**Good in North Part**  
The betterment was felt for the

most part in the central and northern sections and prospects point to a good crop in this area. Due to the lack of moisture, wheat was more than ever before planted in the bottom lands, and the late April and early May rises in all parts of the State destroyed great areas of the wheat lands.

All sections show that heavy reduction has been made in the acreage and it is estimated that 1,390,000 acres will produce wheat in 1922, and a total of 17,000,000 bushels valued at \$4,000,000 is estimated. Reports from districts show that the poorest crops will be made in the South Plains, where a condition of 30 to 35 per cent is shown on only 30 per cent acreage. The North Plains with approximately 30 per cent acreage shows about 60 per cent condition, while North Texas, with 40 per cent acreage shows an average condition of about 78 per cent.

It is thought that Texas will have ample labor to move her crop and that it will not be necessary to send a call to other States for help. Reports from the Houston office of the United States Department of Agriculture show that the supply of Texas farm labor has been considerably larger than the demand for the last few months, and it is believed that the 35,000 men can easily be drawn from this surplus.

### SHALLOWATER SCHOOL CLOSING IS PRAISED

Will you please allow me just a tiny space in your paper, as I wish to mention the splendid program that was rendered at the close of the Shallowater school to a crowded house, every student went through with his or her part so well that it showed the careful training each one had received, it must have taken hours and hours of patience to bring those children up so near to perfection in their plays, any one who has witnessed the closing of this school couldn't have any doubt in their minds but what each teacher has done their full duty. So right here let me exclaim: "three cheers for Prof. Rotes and his assistants."

Written by a spectator.—Contributed.

### LAMESA NEWS FROM THE LAMESA NEWSPAPERS

The First National Bank of Lamesa is purchasing some nice registered heifers for the club boys of Dawson County. These wide-awake boys will make prosperous farmers and valuable citizens. They appreciate the courtesy the Bank is extending them.

J. M. Peterson is furnishing some of the heifers going to the Dairy Club. These are heifers from cows he purchased three years ago. The Dams of the heifers are producing from 30 to 36 pounds of milk per day. These heifers will be bred to Mr. Peterson's young A. & M. College bull.

As the result of a difficulty between Austin Campbell and his brother-in-law, C. P. Shrum, who lives in the Plainview community, the latter is struggling between life and death and Campbell is confined in jail. We do not know what is back of the affair. The preliminary trial will be held perhaps today or tomorrow. Shrum was shot, the bullet passing through his body.

At the Baptist parsonage, last Sunday, Chas. E. Smith and Miss Winnie Davis were united in marriage, Rev. M. O. Grant officiating. The bride is a charming young lady whose friends here are legion; and all join in wishing her a long life of happiness. The young couple will make their home in New Mexico.

The Reporter: The examining trial of W. A. Medders and son, set for last week at Andrews, was postponed and they were taken east passing through Big Spring. Public sentiment has become such that the safety of the prisoners was feared. Some have conjectured that the case possibly might be on change of venue brought to Lamesa. The people of this county have pretty well on the streets expressed themselves on the matter. We hope for the sake of all parties concerned and the good name of Dawson County, this will not be done. Unless there is a decided change in the views of our people, we fear the very worst may come of it. The liberation of Carter is yet fresh in the memory of the public and with the present state of feeling it would be bad to attempt this trial here.

Mrs. O. K. Jones received a message Saturday evening stating her father, at Comanche, was seriously ill and they left that night by auto. We deeply sympathize with them and hope it will not be as serious as first thought for.

Mrs. Ragsdale Rawls, whose husband was killed at the Medders ranch last week, was able to be in Lamesa Saturday and several people viewed her. The left eye was black and other bruises showed some heavy blows. One hand was badly injured.

### LOCAL NEWS ITEMS FROM THE SLATON SLATONITE

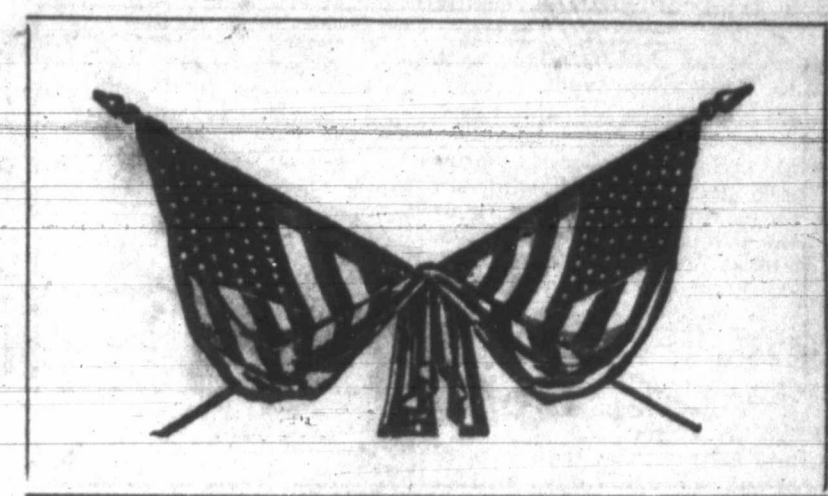
The meeting announced to begin at the Baptist church on next Sunday will be held in the Methodist church building. Bro. Hendricks came to us with the suggestion for a cooperative meeting which has been accepted on the following terms of agreement between the committees from the Baptist and Methodist congregations: The Baptist pastor to do the preaching; Bro. Watson to direct the choir, and the services to be held in the Methodist church. At the close of the meeting an offering will be taken to be divided equally between the Baptist and Methodist congregations, and each congregation to be left free to use their share of the offering in such manner as they desire. The division as indicated is to be made after all incidental expenses of the meeting have been paid out of the offerings made.

Slaton mopped up on Post at the Slaton ball park last Sunday afternoon by a score of 13 to 1. Slaton has a better team this season than ever before. Next Sunday afternoon they will play Tahoka here, and the newspaper man of that city had just as well get ready to acknowledge defeat for his pet team.

Beryl, little daughter of Rev. and Mrs. Jno. P. Hardesty returned Wednesday from Lubbock, where she underwent an operation in a sanitarium, having her tonsils and adenoids removed.

Commissioner W. E. Olive states that the water and sewer system will be in operation the first week in June, which is not very far off. Those desiring connections should have their plumbers get busy and have everything ready.

Mrs. G. M. Ayres of Jones Dry Goods, Inc., this city, received a message announcing the death of her sister, Mrs. Viola Haynes, near Navajo, Arizona, on last Friday. The remains were shipped to Silverton, this state, for burial. Funeral services were conducted by the Methodist pastor of Silverton. Deceased is survived by her husband and three small sons, father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. Whitely, two brothers and four sisters. Mr. and Mrs.



## We Remember—

Strong is the nation that pauses in its material tasks to turn its thoughts to the lofty and the spiritual.

Our heroes of the wars died for an ideal; and that ideal must burn in all our minds, find entrance to all our hearts.

The blossoms of a grateful people are spread in proof that we remember the boys of '76, of '61, of '98 and '17.

## BARRIER BROS.

"Dependable Merchandise"  
Save Gold Bond Saving Stamps.



## How's Your Appetite?

Have you lost your appetite? Do you get so tired with the day's duties that you're unable to enjoy an evening with friends or at the movies once in a while? Are you losing your rosy cheeks and your springy step?

**Dr. Miles' Tonic**  
was made to restore health to people in your condition. It has been of permanent benefit to thousands who were afflicted just as you are. Why don't you try a bottle? Get in line for better health—beginning today. Every Drug Store carries Dr. Miles' Medicines.

Ayres have returned from Silverton where they attended the funeral and burial.

Marvin Bradley, while cranking a "flivver" at the Slaton Coal & Grain Company's place of business yesterday, suffered a broken wrist when the engine back fired. Alliston Cashon, a young man living near town, suffered a broken arm yesterday as the result of a runaway team.

About noon Saturday a small residence belonging to Alf Keith, together with its contents, were destroyed by fire. Mr. Keith's family were away from home, and his niece, Miss Jimmie Keith, who was keeping house for him, was visiting with a neighbor, and it is not known how the fire originated. Both the building and contents were insured.

### ITEMS FROM THE POST CITY POST LAST WEEK

Thursday night closed the term of a most successful year work in school. With the graduating exercises of our splendid class of boys and girls, some 13 in number, the exercises were well rendered to an overflowing house. Dr. E. E. Robinson of Amarillo delivering a splendid and appropriate address to the class.

Mrs. Mary Miller has returned from Lubbock, where she has been visiting the past week. Friends missed her the days she was away and are glad to have her home again.

Sunday was a busy day for Post in the way of amusement. On the noon train, Smith's Jazz Band, a colored band, from Fort Worth, came in, and treated us to a few

### SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS COMING TO THE LYRIC THEATER SOON

According to E. McElroy, manager of the Lyric Theater, Associated First National Attractions and Special Vitagraph features will be shown at the Lyric in the near future. Mr. McElroy was highly elated over his successful trip and promises the public worth-while entertainment as a direct result of it.


**Money to Loan**  
ON FARMS AND RANCHES  
Five, Seven and Ten Years at Eight per cent interest.  
—We offer good service and immediate action on all loans.  
**Cosby & Posey**  
In Russell Bldg., Above Texas Variety Store.

**A Personal Word to Car Owners**  
You drive the cars and we are in the business of selling tires. Our interests are mutual—yours to secure tires that give the most satisfactory service obtainable—ours to provide tires that can be depended upon to deliver such service.

Mason Cords meet these requirements. We want you to know how The Mason Tire & Rubber Co. produce such tires with their own cotton mills, which give control of quality and uniformity and make possible the low prices we are quoting.

All this is backed up by the Mason Unlimited Guarantee and our own service, both of them the best ever.

Let's talk it over together.



**MASON CORDS**  
LUB-TEX MOTOR COMPANY  
LUBBOCK, TEXAS  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DISTRIBUTORS

Here to Stay  
**BRIGGS**  
&  
**DENMAN**  
ALWAYS ON THE JOB

**TRADE WITH MEN YOU KNOW--THEY'LL TELL YOU WHAT YOU NEED**

The right kind of an insurance man, knows your needs in the way of fire insurance protection. And he is glad to help. If you want your insurance written in a way to really protect you, come to us. **WE KNOW HOW.**

It costs no more to buy Fire Insurance with a full understanding of how you are covered, and what your rates are, and to get your insurance interests well taken care of. This firm is constantly working for you.

**BY THE WAY, WE HAVE A BUICK FOR SALE ON GOOD TERMS.**







### The Only Way Out Is Via Diversification, Says Blailock, A Successful Nolan County Farmer

The lopsided cotton crank must go. Thousands of people would be willing to diversify and plant an acre of some other crop to match every acre of cotton planted, if they had some assurance that all other cotton farmers would do the same thing. But it is hard for an individual to understand how his own little piece of soil, with every acre planted to cotton, is going to influence the market very much in any way when he argues that "the other fellow is planting all he can and if I get any money at the end of the year I'll have to plant a big crop." Many men plant a big cotton crop upon that theory, and others plant only cotton because they think the other fellow will not, or can not, do the same thing. But such ways of thinking have generally led the "thinker" to trouble.

The South can produce a greater variety of crops than any other part of the United States, but at present she is a specialist, and her specialty is cotton, regardless of the fact that her people wear more shoddy clothes and have as little to eat as any people in any part of the country. Politicians are eternally "at work" boiling down some sort of brew, that will make the farmers smack and lick their chops, but when we swallow, we find it to be just an imaginary morsel, as usual, which leaves the same old feeling of sickness in the stomach, and an open port, free-trade door to our anatomy for all the northerners that come sizzling through the land.

A general, systematic reduction of the cotton acreage is the only thing that will put the farmers on their feet, but they needn't wait for the politicians to make the first move in that direction. A majority have the intelligence to see that a little underproduction brings us more money than an overproduction, and since that is the case, beyond a doubt, a majority of us surely are in favor of some sort of law which will force every man to do his part

in reducing acreage. While a majority of us are in favor of acreage reduction, a very few of us practice it, for the reason that it is a matter of guesswork as it stands today; and a man feels embarrassed to go to town and tell his banker that he is planting only about half as much as his neighbors. But when we force our lawmakers to pass a law that will make a man feel embarrassed to tell his banker, or anyone else, that he is planting more cotton than all other crops combined, we'll sound the keynote to a high state of normalcy that the South has never heard before; and every farmer, with few exceptions, will fall in line with the assurance that the other fellow will have to, whether he wants to or not.

The advantages of a general diversified system of farming are too numerous to mention, but that it will build up wornout soils, and give our bodies, that are wornout from dragging a cotton sack, a chance to recuperate, are important advantages that should not be overlooked. It will give our children a chance to attend school earlier in the fall, and to wear better clothes, and eat better food while they're going. It will save freight on a big part of our groceries that come from all over the country and save the profits we pay the merchants on same. There would be less cotton to ship, which might disappoint the railroad companies, but since they are changing as much for hauling one bale now as they charged for two a few years ago it will not hurt them very much. Some renters may object to being forced to plant a big feed crop for the reason that it will add so much to their moving expenses, but a small cotton crop is finished earlier, handled with less expense, and is worth more money than a big crop; so they will have more time to do their moving in and more money to start another crop on.

Some landlords seem to think that about the only thing a tenant can be trusted to raise and divide honestly is cotton, which goes to prove that the selfish bonthead is not confined to any particular class. Diversification will benefit the landowner more than the tenant, because it serves the double purpose of limiting production to demand and improving the land every year it is practiced. A one-crop system reduces the fertility of the land every year it is practiced, and while our politicians are appropriating money to conserve mineral and timber resources of our national reserve let's ask them to help us appropriate a little brains to conserve the plant food of the South.

—J. L. Blailock.

#### SLATON PHONE SYSTEM UNDER MANAGEMENT OF LOCAL MAN

Responsibilities of finance and business are always placed upon the man who is on the job, willing to sacrifice himself and his social pleasures that the business which he is directing might go forward, and this time we have sure proof of the substantiality of the statement. The S. W. Bell Telephone people have in their local manager, H. D. Phillips, one of the type that always makes good, and the fact that he has recently taken over the management of the Slaton system is indeed a credit to his energy and good business judgment.

To become acquainted with Mr. Phillips is to know one of the most worthy citizens of which any town might boast, a man whose abilities lay not only in his willingness to work and energy, but in his keen business judgment and winning personality. We are all proud of "Tel" Phillips, as he is better known to local people, and it is a pleasure to note that the good people of our sister city will be given the advantages of his knowledge of the business, and to have him solve their problems in that line.

The fact that a man can walk upon the streets and have it said of him that every man he meets is a friend is complimentary of his character, but in our opinion the man who can go farther than that is far ahead, the man of whom it can be truthfully said that every individual in his office is not only a friend, but a close co-operator, and willing at all times to do anything for his advancement, or to the end that his work might be enlightened. This is all true of Mr. Phillips, as a few visits to the telephone operating room in Lubbock will prove. Mr. Phillips re-

spects the characteristic of every employee in his business, and has a keen appreciation of the work which they are about.

Mr. Phillips will be a great asset to Slaton, and we are indeed glad that his relations with the system at that place in no wise hinders his activities in Lubbock.

Friendly rivalry is alright between any organizations, towns or communities, and we admit we like to, so long as it can be done without saying things unkind or that reflect ignorance, kindle the little flame of municipal rivalry between our sister cities that spurs every individual in either place to a keener realization of the responsibilities of accomplishing things for his home town, that it may lead, but then a thing like this is involved we rejoice that Slaton, a thriving plains town that will grow as the days pass by, is given the efforts of a local business genius in the management of the telephone business in that city.

All we have to say in regard to Mr. Phillips' associations with those people is that all they have to do to learn to like him is to get well acquainted with him and the principles he applies to every day business.

B. A. Daniel, business man of Fort Worth, transacted business here Friday and Saturday of last week.

#### COTTON GRADING SCHOOL TO BE CONDUCTED IN LUBBOCK

We were glad to learn from J. B. Hearrell, local Government cotton grader, that he and H. O. Waters, the largest bulk buyer on the Plains, will conduct a cotton grading school in Lubbock, beginning about June 5th. It is complimentary to Mr. Waters to note that he wishes the men from whom he buys cotton to know about the kind of cotton they are selling, as is indicated in his willingness to assist in conducting this school.

The Plains are coming to the front as a cotton producing section. We have and still do contend that more dollars per acre can be made off cotton here in a series of five years, than in any other cotton-producing section of the state in that period of time, and have substantial figures to prove the fact, and with this in view it is certainly well that the farmers take every opportunity to learn the cotton business, the kind most adapted to the soil, and the kind of staple they are selling.

We believe it true that if any man has as much as five bales of cotton to sell that a complete knowledge of the business would be a good investment of time, as a better price can be received for same in many instances.

As it now is a farmer who does not know cotton grading does not know what kind of cotton he is

**FEEDS, FEEDS, FEEDS!**

For the Cow, Horse, Chickens and Chicks

We sell everything that is good for an animal to eat, and the very best of everything.—COME IN AND TALK YOUR FEED PROBLEMS OVER WITH US

**THOMAS GRAIN & FUEL COMPANY**

shipping, other than what someone else tells him, and when it reaches the market it is graded according to the buyers standpoint, and there is a possibility of loss to the producer.

Get on the ground floor of the cotton business by knowing what you are selling when you sell it, Mr. Farmer.

L. S. Conn, representing the Armour Plate Hosiery Manufacturers, was in Lubbock Friday transacting business. His headquarters are at Des Moines, Iowa.

A man is not eligible for the hall of fame until ten years after his death. That's another thing to worry the college seniors.—Newspaper Enterprise Association.

#### INFECTED GUMS

And teeth sockets can cause the following diseases: Acute rheumatism, chronic rheumatism, Ucler of stomach, functional and organic heart disease—acute and chronic kidney disease. The above statement was recently sent out by Texas Board of Health.

We know INFECTED GUMS (Pyorrhoea) causes the loss of more teeth than all troubles combined. Pyorrhoea is a curable disease. Before-the-war-prices at my office, Dr. Ferguson, Phone 535, Security State Bank Bldg. 27-11

They are arguing over why most wars started in April. Perhaps hours cleaning had something to do with it.—Newspaper Enterprise Association.

# A few Cans left!

You can still take advantage of the

## Big 5c Sale

### DR. PRICE'S PHOSPHATE BAKING POWDER

SOME grocers still have a small supply of the large 12 oz. cans of Dr. Price's at the special price of two cans for 30 cents.

If you have not taken advantage of this big money-saving opportunity *do so at once*

The cans bear this special sales sticker on the label:

#### SPECIAL ADVERTISING SALE

One 12 oz. can at regular price	25 cents
One 12 oz. can at special price	05 cents
Two 12 oz. cans for	30 cents

Perfect Satisfaction Guaranteed or Money Refunded

Remember this baking powder is new stock just from the Price Baking Powder Factory, and every ounce is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded.

### See your grocer at once!

Go to your own grocer first and if he is unable to supply you try some other grocer at once.

Don't miss this wonderful opportunity to get your two cans of this famous baking powder while the limited supply lasts. Positively no more cans of Dr. Price's will be shipped into Texas for sale at this special advertising price.

## MONEY

at

# 8%

## NET

on  
Farms  
and  
Ranches

Satisfactory  
Options

**Duncan-Perry  
Land Co.**

LUBBOCK, TEXAS

### DR. D. D. HOWE

#### OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

Graduate of the American School of Osteopathy of Kirksville, Mo. Only Drugless healing recognized by the Texas State Medical Board. Here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday. 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Telephone No. 799.

For the months of May and June Treatments will be \$1.00 at office.

Room 207 SECURITY BANK BLDG. Lubbock, Texas

## Quality Groceries Kept Sanitary

You get more than just good groceries here; you get groceries that are kept under clean, sanitary conditions; you get personal, courteous service and the best prices sound business justifies.

...The...

## Palace Grocery Co.

Jas. A. Hughes, Prop.  
PHONE 261



# IN MILADY'S REALM

BY MRS. CURTIS A. KEEN  
Residence 1119 Fourteenth St.

A thought for today:  
An hour of solitude, passed in  
sere and earnest prayer, or con-  
fessing with, and conquest over a sin-  
gle passion, will teach us more of  
the faculty, and form the habit of  
reflection, than a years study in  
the schools without them.—Coleridge  
Oh Heart of God that pities all!  
Oh Love that gives and takes away!  
Oh grief and faint on thee we call,  
Yet know not how we ought to pray.  
Save this, that in our doubt and  
fear,  
We wait as loving children should;

We cannot see nor far nor near,  
But trust that somehow all is good.—  
Tennyson.

## Bridal Shower

A social item of interest that was  
omitted last week was the delight-  
ful party given in honor of Miss  
Bernice Wolfarth when Mrs. Floyd  
Beal, Elmer Conley and Miss Mary  
Meador, entertained.

A number of Miss Bernice's  
friends and the ladies who had  
been hostesses to Miss Bernice at  
preceding showers in her honor,  
met at Mrs. Beal's home Thursday

afternoon, May 18th.

The party took the form of a  
Bridal party and Honeymoon show-  
er. After an hour of bridge little  
Miss Dorothy Wolfarth entertained  
until she arrived at Miss Bernice's  
side where she knelt while the  
dainty gifts which were pinned to  
her fairy dress were received by the  
guest of honor.

A dainty salad course was served  
during the afternoon which afforded  
a delightful opportunity to enjoy  
a last old time visit among the  
girls, as did Miss Bernice.

## County Federation Meets

On Saturday, May 27, the Coun-  
ty Federation met in morning busi-  
ness session and for noon luncheon,  
as guests of the City Federation.

A good number of rural women  
were present and while the repre-  
sentation was not as large as we  
wished, there is a spirit of interest  
and a wholehearted enthusiasm that  
promises to do much in the work  
that is necessary for the revival of  
the County Federation. If the rural  
women, who have not attended these  
meetings would but attend once and  
get into the spirit of the work, in  
a very short time the county women  
would be more than equal to be a  
part of the mighty Federation of  
women who are doing work that is  
constructive in the broadest sense  
of the word, and who are making  
their voice count among the voices  
of the nation, who stand for pro-  
gress and democracy.

About sixty were present, each  
club in the City Federation being  
represented by one delegate, the  
president and a visitor, opened at  
ten o'clock, Mrs. Ed Schrader in  
the chair, and the morning session  
was devoted to a discussion of the  
work of the Home Demonstration  
Agent, who is to be here in June,  
and the revision of the constitu-  
tion of the County Federation. Mrs.  
Tabbs read the constitution, as sub-  
mitted to the committee for revis-  
ion, and then as suggested by the  
committee, Mrs. Roscoe Wilson, Mrs.  
H. T. Kimbro, and Mrs. Curtis A.  
Keen.

A motion was made to adjourn  
and lunch was served at twelve  
o'clock in the basement of the  
Methodist church where Mrs. Charles  
Meadgen, Mrs. S. P. Robbin and  
Mrs. Roscoe Wilson were in charge  
of the arrangements.

Mrs. Carl Goodman, president of  
the Seventh District was a welcome  
guest and in speaking during the  
luncheon hour, she left a message  
with each one present, urging every  
one to do her part as an individual  
in the work that was before us as  
a County Federation. The import-  
ance of the Home Demonstration  
Agent was emphasized, as a medium  
through which the rural and town  
women could be brought in closer  
touch with each other.

On behalf of the City Federation  
Mrs. Dr. Wagner welcomed the  
rural women present. Mrs. Schrader  
president of the County Federation  
responded, assuring the women that  
as president she would do all in her  
power to create an interest among  
the rural women in the work.

Shortly after two o'clock the  
meeting adjourned, the rural wom-  
en present being the guests of the  
Civic League for the Chautau-  
qua afternoon performance.

## BEAUTIFUL DOUBLE WEDDING

Moore-Foster and Carter-Foster

One of the prettiest home wed-  
dings of the season was solemnized  
last Wednesday at high noon at  
the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. W.  
Foster when Mr. Earl Moore and  
Lois Foster and Mr. T. H. Carter  
and Ruth Foster were united in  
marriage by Rev. W. A. Bowen.

The house was beautifully dec-  
orated with pot plants and ferns and  
a color scheme of pink and white  
roses was carried out with a dainty  
charm and appropriateness.

Miss Maggie Brashers sang a  
quaint love ballad, "I Love You."  
At the starting of the Wedding  
March the bridal party came in.



## A Kitchen and Bath Room that's Always "Spick-and-Span"

YOUR kitchen and bath-room floors kept perpetually  
"clean as a whistle," without scrubbing or laborious  
mopping—with no musty rugs to shake or beat—with  
nothing to launder or "send to the cleaners"—nothing to  
tack down or rip up when housecleaning time comes  
round! That's the luxury of Texoleum, the up-to-date,  
the sanitary, the ultra-convenient floor covering specialty!

Tidy, Immaculate, Sanitary Floors that are all but Self-cleaning  
in their Remarkable Resistance to Household Smudgings!

Floors that reflect a permanently-immaculate condition,  
investing your home with a perpetually "tidied-up"  
atmosphere! Floors kept constantly spick-and-span  
by a mere occasional light mop-  
ping—no scrubbing or drudgery  
of any kind! Floors that are  
proof against the dropping of  
matches, the spilling of acids or  
stains, the leaking of pipes or ra-  
diators, the encroachment of  
moths and vermin—the romping  
and buffeting of the little ones!  
Texoleum! The peerless, up-to-

date floor covering that opens up  
to you a new era of floor beauty,  
floor efficiency, floor service! Lays  
flat and stays flat without tack-  
ing or fastening. Comes in a  
wealth of distinctive designs, in-  
suring a pattern for every taste  
and every decorative setting. Costs  
far less than carpets or rugs and  
is practically unwearoutable!

## Simmons Furniture and Undertaking Company

"The House of a Square Deal"



# America's Foremost Floor Covering TEXOLEUM

Mr. Carter and Mr. Moore from the  
left and Misses Ruth and Lois from  
the right doors of the living room,  
preceded by little Miss Olive Vir-  
ginia Waldrop as ring bearer, with  
each ring on a large pink rose.

Mrs. Saunders and Miss Rushing  
presided at the punch bowl. Miss  
Coxsack had the honor of presiding  
over the wedding cake.

The gowns of Miss Ruth and  
Miss Lois were dainty creations of  
gray canton crepe with a corsage  
bouquet of white rose buds and  
lilies of the Valley. Picturesque  
Leighorn hats added a final touch  
of charm to the beauty of the cos-  
tumes.

Mr. and Mrs. Moore and Mr. and  
Mrs. Carter left on the 3:40 train.  
Mr. and Mrs. Moore for a short trip  
to Amarillo and Fort Worth and  
Mr. and Mrs. Carter to Amarillo,  
from whence they will return to  
their home in Plainview.

The good wishes of their many  
friends follow the happy couples,  
and may their lives be full of hap-  
piness and usefulness.

## T. E. L. Class Social

The T. E. L. Class of the Baptist  
Sunday school enjoyed an open so-  
cial with their husbands and pro-  
spective members as guests on Tues-  
day evening, May 23rd, at the home  
of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Bryan.

The evening was spent playing  
progressive forty-two and listening  
to music on the Edison until a late  
hour, when a delicious course of ice  
cream and angel food cake was  
served to the following: Mr. and  
Mrs. Haynes, Mr. and Mrs. Minor,  
Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Alexander, Mr.  
and Mrs. McCrummin, Mr. and Mrs.  
Bryan, Mr. and Mrs. Twitty, Mr.  
and Mrs. Paulger, Mr. and Mrs.  
Rayborn, Mr. and Mrs. Harris, Mr.  
and Mrs. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Mor-  
ris, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Gunn, Mr.  
and Mrs. Hawkins, Madames Bark-  
ham, Mill, Moore, Whittaker, Mitch-  
ell, Heim, Lee Smith, Hall, Geo.  
Arnett, Osborne, and Cannon.

After a late hour they departed,  
each hoping that the members of  
the class will see fit to have an-  
other open meeting soon.

## Chautauqua Programmes Instead of Society This Week

With the wonderful programs be-  
ing offered thru Chautauqua week  
the social activities of the city have  
been extremely limited, there hav-  
ing been but few major parties dur-  
ing the past week and almost not  
one scheduled for the first half  
of this week.

Every number of the Chautau-  
qua has been well attended, interesting  
and enjoyed by everyone. Tuesday  
and Wednesday closes this year's  
program and some exceptional num-  
bers are booked for these two days.

Editor Butler, of the Progressive  
Farmer, with offices at Dalmas, was  
here last week transacting business,  
and incidentally looking over the  
greatest farming section in which  
his publication could possibly have  
circulation.



## Time to stop eating Kellogg's heavy food! wonderful for the whole family

Nature rebels against heavy foods in warm weather.  
Much illness in summer is caused by overtaxing the  
stomach. Change your diet—and keep snappy in mind  
and muscle!

Kellogg's Corn Flakes with cold milk and fresh fruit  
are wonderful for the hot days—for breakfast, for lunch,  
for supper or for "snacks." They digest without taxing  
the stomach and supply the nourishment the body needs.



For children, for the workers and  
for the aged there is no more delicious,  
sustaining summer food than Kellogg's  
Corn Flakes.

Insist upon Kellogg's Corn Flakes in the  
RED and GREEN package bearing the signature  
of W. K. Kellogg, originator of Corn  
Flakes. None are genuine without it!

# Kellogg's CORN FLAKES

Also makers of KELLOGG'S KRUMBLES and KELLOGG'S BRAN, cooked and krumbled

## ELK BARBECUE AND DANCE LAST WEEK A BIG AFFAIR

The barbecue and dance which was held at the hall Wednes-  
day night of last week, when they  
entertained many friends and out-  
of-town Elks with a barbecue-dance.  
The Colored Jazz Band, that had  
been employed by Lamesa to arouse  
the delegates at Plainview Monday  
and Tuesday was engaged, and need-  
less to say made things hum all  
throughout the meeting.  
Lubbock Elks are a live bunch,

and know how to put over an en-  
tertainment of that kind, and to  
their alertness may be accredited  
the wonderful success that meeting  
was.

Anna Chinnley, daughter of the  
well known Crosbyton Realtor, of  
the firm of Chippley & Smith, un-  
derwent an operation for tonsillitis,  
which we are glad to report was a  
success, and the young lady is now  
at home enjoying good health.

Mrs. E. J. Kuhn, of Dallas, visi-  
ted here Friday and Saturday.

# RADIO



We are Head-  
quarters for This  
Section of Texas  
and New Mexico

We carry everything from the smallest part that you need  
to put into the set you construct in your own home to catch  
the music from the air, to the most complete installations of  
the finest equipment produced by the manufacturers of Radio  
goods..

We have with us, men who are thoroughly competent to  
handle the Radio work and whose services may be obtained  
at any time for a reasonable consideration.

We invite you to bring your Radio needs and troubles to us.

We believe that honest  
stuff can be sold to hon-  
est men by honest meth-  
ods.



R. H. MARTIN RADIO EQUIPMENT CO.  
LUBBOCK, TEXAS

# RADIO

## Lubbock Mutual Aid Association

### READ THIS:

About six o'clock last Friday Mr. Chas. Cobble-dick, who lived about four miles southwest of Lubbock died very suddenly, and had previously said he desired burial in his father's burial ground in the state of Michigan.

We were notified of the death about 10 o'clock and by eleven the claim was paid, and Mrs. Cobble-dick took the 1:40 train with the corpse for the distant state. (All the same day).

This trip and funeral expense will be a good little amount, but it will be very easily paid and leave a balance from the POLICY Mr. Cobble-dick carried with us, which had cost him in all, only \$6.00.

This was considerable help to the family and was a small matter to each member of the Association No. 3 to which he belonged.

## MORAL

We should all reflect on the matter of providing for such an unexpected demand for a goodly amount of cash, which is easily and cheaply provided by the Lubbock Mutual Aid Association.

No. 4 is practically one-fourth full and growing fast.—Don't you want to join us?

ELMO WALL, Secretary







ORDINANCE NO. 204.

An Ordinance for the prevention of Fires, establishing Fire Limits, a standard of construction, maintenance, repair and removal of buildings, providing for a Building Inspector, permits for buildings and fees, for same, with respect to all construction, removal and repairs within the City of Lubbock, Texas, providing penalties for violations, declaring an emergency account of danger of fires and faulty construction: Be it Ordained by the City Council of the City of Lubbock, Texas:

Section 1. Fire Limits. The provisions of this ordinance shall apply to and be co-extensive with the territory with the boundaries now, or hereafter established, as the fire limits of this City, except such as are made with reference to the whole of the City by omission to make directly applicable to such fire limits, which fire limits are hereby declared to include the following territory: Blocks 87, 88; south half 101; all 102, 103, 104, 105; west half and southeast one-fourth 106; south half 107; all 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122; north half 131; all 132, 133, 134, 135; north half of the following blocks, 136, 137, 138; north-west one-fourth 139; east half 149, and west half 150—all in the original plat of the City of Lubbock.

Section 2. New Buildings and Buildings to be Altered. No wall, structure, building, or part thereof, shall hereafter be constructed within this City except such as are in conformity herewith. No building already erected, or hereafter to be erected, shall be raised, altered, removed, or built upon in any manner that would be a violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance, or of the permit issued thereunder.

Section 3. Permits. Before the erection, construction, or alteration, or raising, of any building, structure or wall, or any part thereof, or any platform, staging or flooring to be used for standing or seating purposes, is commenced the owner or lessee, or agent of either, or the architect or builder thereof, shall apply to the person exercising the duties of Building Inspector for a permit to do such work, such application shall be in writing giving a general outline thereof with the contract price, or estimated cost, and shall be accompanied by a fee of \$2.50, and 50c additional for each room over five, with such application, and the Building Inspector shall issue a permit for such improvement, if the application for such is in conformity herewith.

Structures erected without having secured such permit shall be immediately removed.

No building shall be removed from one place to another, or moved into the City without application in writing for the permit, and paying the fee above prescribed.

No permit shall be issued which does not give the legal description of the property upon which the building or structure is to be erected, repaired or moved onto; nor which does not conform in description to such permitted under this ordinance. The City Engineer shall be the Building Inspector, and if there be no such official, the duties thereof shall be performed under the direction of the City Manager.

Section 4. Structures within the Fire Limits. Every building hereafter erected or enlarged within the fire limits shall be enclosed on all sides with walls constructed wholly of stone, well burned brick, terra cotta, concrete or equivalent incombustible materials, and shall have the roof, including the roof, top and sides of all roof-structures inclusive of dormer windows, covered with incombustible material, and all cornices shall be of incombustible material.

Section 5. Permissible Wooden Structures within Fire Limits. No frame or wooden structure shall be built within the fire limits as given herein, or afterwards established, except:

- a. Temporary one story frame buildings for use of builders.
b. One story sheds open on the long side, not over 15 feet in height, and having a ground area not to exceed 500 square feet;
c. Wooden fences not exceeding 10 feet in height;
d. Piazzas or balconies not wider than 10 feet, and not extending more than 3 feet above the second story floor beams; same shall not extend beyond the lot line, nor be joined to a similar structure on another building, providing that all awnings shall be ceiled and covered with incombustible material, not exceed 10 feet in width, and have the supports at the street side anchored around an iron pipe not less than one and one-half inches in diameter, the supports shall not be further apart than 8 feet, and they shall be tied on the inside of the building to an anchor having not less than 144 square inches contact with the inner surface of the exterior wall, and all opening through the awning and wall for supports shall be well cemented and tarred. No awning posts shall be permitted;
e. Bay windows, when covered with incombustible materials;
f. Small outhouses not exceeding 150 square feet floor area, and 8 feet in height, they shall not be within 5 feet of an inside property line, nor less than 30 feet of a building more than one story in height;
g. All structures mentioned in (a), (b), and (f) of this Section shall have roofs of incombustible materials.
No frame building shall be moved from one point to another, within the fire limits, and no such building shall be moved to such limits within the fire limits.

Section 6. Repairing Frames Buildings within the Fire Limits. No frame building within such limits shall be repaired, whether damaged by time or casualty or other reason, if the repairs exceed in cost 50 per centum of the value of such building immediately before the repair, all repairs to be made within 12 months shall be considered as one cost item and one repair. The value of the

foundation shall not be included in determining the value of the building; if such building be not repaired within 60 days from injury, it shall not be repaired, but removed within 30 days, if the injury renders the building unfit for occupancy. All buildings damaged more than 50 per centum of the value of the building, excluding the foundation, shall be removed within 30 days from the fire limits.

Section 7. New Buildings housing certain Occupancies within fire limits, and changes required in existing Buildings with such Occupancies: No building hereafter erected within the fire limits shall be used as a public garage, automobile repair shop, or dry cleaning establishment unless it be of fire proof construction; provided, that buildings now used as public garages, automobile repair shops, or dry cleaning establishments and situated within the fire limits designated in this ordinance, or hereafter placed therein, shall, within 12 months from the taking effect hereof, or 12 months from the inclusions within said fire limits of the said property if now without such limits, have each every floor used as a public garage, or for automobile repairs, or for dry cleaning purposes, constructed of concrete or other good fire resisting material, and all buildings so occupied and all floors therein shall be kept thoroughly clean, and accumulations of rubbish, greasy waste or rags, or other inflammable refuse, shall not be permitted.

Section 8. Limits of Height and Area. No building hereafter erected or altered shall exceed four stories or 55 feet in height, unless it be of fireproof construction, then it shall not exceed ten stories or 125 feet; except as specified in Section 22, no building hereafter erected having walls of hollow terra cotta blocks, or concrete blocks shall exceed three stories or 40 feet in height.

The floor area between the fire walls of non-fireproof buildings shall not exceed the following: When the building fronts on one street, 5000 square feet; fronting on two streets, 6000 square feet; when fronting on three streets, 7500 square feet; these areas may be increased under the following conditions:

Non-fireproof buildings, fully equipped with approved automatic sprinklers, 50 per centum.
For fire proof buildings, not exceeding 125 feet in height, 50 per centum.
For fire proof buildings, not exceeding 125 feet in height fully equipped with approved automatic sprinklers, 100 per centum.

Section 9. Walls. All exterior or division walls of buildings hereafter erected shall be of sufficient thickness to support the load to be carried, but in no event shall a brick, stone, concrete or hollow brick wall be less than 12 inches in thickness.

Walls, excepting party and fire walls, for all buildings of other than the dwelling house class not exceeding five stories or 65 feet in height, shall have the upper two stories not less than 12 inches thick increasing 4 inches in thickness for each two stories or fraction thereof below; for such buildings in excess of 5 stories, but not exceeding ten stories or 125 feet in height, the top story shall not be less than 12 inches in thickness, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each two stories or fraction thereof below. No two story increment shall exceed 30 feet in height.

For all walls of buildings of the dwelling house class the upper three stories shall not be less than 12 inches thick, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each 3 stories or fraction thereof below. No 3 story increment shall exceed 45 feet in height.

Walls in skeleton construction shall be of brick, stone, or concrete, they shall be supported by girders at each story, shall be laid in Portland cement mortar and not less than 12 inches thick.

In all buildings except dwellings, frame buildings and skeleton construction, party walls and fire walls which serve as bearing walls on both sides, shall be not less than 16 inches thick in the upper two stories or upper 30 feet, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each 2 stories or fraction thereof below; all other fire walls shall be not less than 16 inches thick in the upper 4 stories or upper 50 feet, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each 2 stories or fraction thereof below. No 2 story increment shall exceed 30 feet in height. Portland cement mortar only shall be used in such walls.

Re-inforced stone or gravel concrete walls with the steel reinforcement running horizontally and vertically and weighing not less than one half pound per square foot of wall, may have a thickness of 4 inches less than that prescribed for brick walls. Stone walls shall be 4 inches thicker than required for brick walls.

The foundation walls for all buildings over two stories in height shall be 4 inches thicker from footing to grade than required for the remainder of the wall. All exterior and division or party walls over one story high shall extend in full thickness of the top story at least two feet above the roof surfacing of the building as a parapet and be properly coped, excepting walls which face on a street and are finished with incombustible cornices, gutter, or crown mouldings, excepting also the walls of detached private dwellings with peaked or hipped roofs; the parapet walls of warehouses and all manufacturing or commercial buildings shall be extended at least 2 feet above the roof; fire walls must be continuous from the ground to the roof level, and be coped at roof level.

Hollow blocks or terra cotta, or concrete when used for bearing walls, shall have not more than 50 per centum of cellular space. Portland cement only shall be used in the manufacture of concrete blocks, the coarse aggregates shall be suitable material graded in size, but in no case shall the maximum dimension exceed one half the width of any solid section of the finished block; concrete

blocks shall not be used in construction until they are 28 days made, and have developed the strength required herein; all building blocks shall be laid in Portland cement mortar. The compressive strength of building blocks shall be calculated upon the gross area of the bedding surfaces; the average ultimate compressive strength for terra cotta blocks laid with cells vertical shall not be less than 1200 pounds per square inch; the average for concrete blocks with cells vertical shall not be less than 800 pounds per square inch; concrete blocks shall not be more than 36 days old at the time of the test, and the average strength shall be based on ten blocks of average quality. The allowable working stress of hollow building blocks shall not exceed 100 pounds per square inch of gross area for terra cotta, or 75 pounds per square inch for concrete in gross area; if the cells be laid horizontal, the allowable working stress shall not exceed 30 pounds per square inch of gross area.

All walls and partitions in schools, hospitals and places of public assembly over one story high, and all walls and partitions in theaters shall be built of brick, stone, hollow or solid blocks, or metal lath and Portland cement plaster or metal stud and equivalent as to incombustibility.

Section 10. Concrete Construction: Concrete for reinforced construction shall consist of a wet mixture of one part Portland cement to not more than 6 parts of aggregate, fine and coarse, in such proportion to produce the greatest density. The quality of the material, design and construction shall be in accordance with best engineering practice.

Section 11. Protection of ends of wooden beams: The ends of all floor, ceiling or roof beams, entering a party or fire wall from opposite sides shall be separated by at least 8 inches of solid masonry; such separation may be obtained by corbeling the walls or staggering the beams; or the beams may be supported by steel wall hangers; no wall shall be corbelled more than two inches for this purpose; the ends of all wooden beams entering walls shall be so cut to make them self releasing.

Section 12. Protection of wall openings: No opening in an interior masonry wall shall exceed 8 feet by 10 feet; if the opening be in a party wall or a fire wall it shall have an approved automatic fire door on each side of the wall; if an opening in a fire wall is made to serve as an emergency exit, it shall not exceed 48 square feet in area, and an approved self-closing fire door shall be substituted for one of the automatic fire doors; the total openings in a fire wall shall not exceed 25 per centum in linear feet of the length of the wall.

Every building within the fire limits except churches, dwellings, tenement houses, dormitories and lodging houses shall have approved fire doors, shutters or wired glass in incombustible frames and sash on every exterior opening above the first story, except when fronting a street not less than 40 feet wide, or where there is no other building within 40 feet; all openings in the side and rear walls of the first story, except show windows, shall be protected in like manner; all exterior windows more than 75 feet above the curb shall have incombustible frames and sashes and be glazed with wired glass; occupants of buildings shall close all interior and exterior fire doors, shutters and windows at the close of each business day.

Section 13. Stairway and Elevator Shafts: In all buildings hereafter erected, except private dwellings, all shafts shall be enclosed in a fire proof enclosure for use as a public assemblage, or for any purpose whatever if over three stories high, the stair shaft shall be separately and continuously enclosed by incombustible partitions. Elevator shafts in all buildings hereafter erected shall be enclosed in the same manner. The partitions shall be constructed of brick or other fire-resistive material approved by the Building Inspector, and all mortar used in the construction shall be cement mortar. No less than 3 inch thick, set in Portland cement mortar; or by 4-inch stud partitions, covered on each side with not less than 3-4 inch of Portland cement plaster on metal lath; or by 2-inch solid metal lath and Portland cement plaster partitions. The metal frame work of such partitions shall be securely fastened to both floor and ceiling. All lath used for such partitions shall be of galvanized steel weighing not less than 54 ounces per square yard. Wire lath shall be not less than No. 20 gauge, and sheet metal lath not less than No. 24 gauge. All such partitions erected in existing buildings shall be fire-stopped with incombustible material the full depth of the floor beams at each floor level.

All door openings in stair and elevator enclosures shall be protected by approved fire doors mounted with wrought iron or steel hardware, and shall be securely attached to the wall or partition, or to substantial incombustible frames anchored thereto. If glass panels be used in such partitions, they shall be wired glass not exceeding 720 square inches in area; interior shaft windows shall not be permitted.

Doors opening into stairway shall swing in the direction of the exit travel; shall be self-closing, and shall be at least 36 inches wide.

The enclosure walls for all elevator shafts shall extend at least 3 feet above the roof, and at least three-fourths of the area shall be covered with a skylight constructed as specified in Section 14.

If, in the opinion of the Building Inspector, it is necessary to preserve an open elevator or hoistway in an existing building, the floor openings through which it passes shall be equipped with automatically closing trap doors not less than 1-2 inches thick, made of two thicknesses of matched boards, covered on the underside with tin. The trap doors when closed shall extend beyond the opening on all sides. Such trap doors shall be protected by a substantial guard or gate, which shall be kept closed at all times except when in actual use.

Section 14. Skylights over Stairway and Elevator Shafts: Where a stairway, elevator, or dumb waiter shaft extends through the roof and is covered by a skylight, the skylight shall be constructed with incombustible frame and sash, glazed with ordinary thin glass, and shall be protected by a galvanized steel wire screen with a mesh not exceeding one inch, and the wire not smaller than No. 12 gauge. The screen shall have metal supports and shall be placed not less than 6 inches above the skylight. Instead of a skylight, a window may be placed in the side of the shaft above the roof which is furthest removed from a property line. The window shall have incombustible frame and sash, and be glazed with thin glass.

Section 15. Floor Lights: Except in dwellings, all openings hereafter made in floors for the transmission of light or shafts shall be built in accordance with glass set in metal frames and bars. The glass shall be not less than 3-4 inch in thickness, and if any glass measures more than 16 square inches there shall be a rigid wire mesh either in the glass or under it.

Section 16. Light, Vent, and Dumb Waiter Shafts: In every building hereafter erected or altered, except frame buildings, all walls or partitions forming interior light or vent shafts shall be built in accordance with the requirements for stair and elevator shafts in new buildings as specified in Section 13. The walls of dumb waiter shafts, except those in dwellings which extend only one story above the basement or cellar shall be of fire-resistive construction, and shall not be less than 3 inches thick if constructed of brick, hollow or solid partition blocks, or of steel studding and metal lath with 3-inch of Portland cement plaster on each side; or 2-inch solid metal lath and Portland cement plaster wall may be permitted, if securely anchored at each floor, the material and method of construction to be as specified for stair and elevator shafts in existing buildings in Section 13.

In frame buildings outside the fire limits the enclosure partition of all such shafts may be constructed as provided in Section 13, for stair and elevator shafts in existing buildings.

Where a dumb waiter shaft does not extend through the roof the top of the shaft shall be of fire-resistive construction of the same thickness as the walls of the shaft.

All openings in dumb waiter shafts shall be protected by fire doors mounted in incombustible frames securely anchored to the walls. The walls of all light and vent shafts hereafter erected shall extend not less than 3 feet above the roof level, except that when a shaft is covered by an incombustible ventilating skylight, the walls need not extend more than 2 feet above the roof. Masonry walls shall be properly coped.

Section 17. Roof Openings: All openings in roofs for the admission of light or air, other than those provided for in Sections 14 and 16, shall have incombustible frames and sash glazed with wire glass; or ordinary glass may be used, if protected above and below by galvanized steel wire screen with a mesh not exceeding one inch, and the wire not smaller than No. 12 gauge. The top screen shall be installed as specified in Section 14.

Section 18. Exits Required: The term "floor area" as used in this section shall mean the entire floor space between exterior walls and fire walls. In every building hereafter erected, except in private dwellings, each floor area above the first story shall be provided with at least two means of egress remote from each other.

All exit doors in schools, hospitals, theaters and other places of public assemblage shall open outward. The means of egress to all buildings three or more stories in height and so occupied as to bring them within the purview of the State Fire Escape Law, shall conform to said State Law and the specifications promulgated thereunder, and the Building Inspector shall not grant a permit for the installation and operation of said motion picture theater, or for the exhibition of motion pictures shall have the booth lined with 1-8 inch sheet asbestos, on which shall be sheet metal not less than 26 gauge, and the door thereof shall remain closed during operation of the machine.

current shall not be restored by anyone until all of said rules and regulations for safety against fire and panic are complied with.

Section 20. Fire Stops: At each floor level, in all buildings hereafter erected, all stud walls, partitions, furrings and spaces between joists where they rest on division walls or partitions shall be fire-stopped with incombustible material in a manner to completely cut off communication by fire through concealed spaces. Such fire-stopping shall extend the full depth of the joists and at least 4 inches above each floor level. Stair carriages shall be fire-stopped at least once in the middle portion of each run.

Section 21. Aareways: All areaways shall be guarded with suitable railing, or be protected by incombustible covers or gratings. If gratings be used they shall have a wire screen of not more than 1-2 inch mesh securely attached to the underside.

Areaways shall not project beyond the building line.

Section 22. Frame Buildings: No frame building hereafter erected or altered, in corporate limits, shall exceed two stories or 30 feet in height, except that private dwellings may be three stories or 40 feet high.

No frame building hereafter erected for any occupancy other than grain elevators, coal elevators and pockets, ice houses, and exhibition buildings, shall cover a ground area exceeding the following: One story building 7500 square feet, two-story building 5000 square feet.

In no case shall a frame building be erected within 3 feet of inside lot line, nor within 3 feet of another building, unless the space between the studs on such side be filled solidly with not less than 2-1/2 inches of brick work or other equivalent incombustible material.

In rows of frame houses the dividing walls or partitions between houses shall be built of brick, terra cotta, concrete, or other incombustible material, or they may be built with 4-inch studs, filled solidly with brick work laid in mortar, or with other incombustible material. If lath be used on such partitions, it shall be metal lath. Such dividing partitions shall rest on masonry walls and shall extend to underside of roof boards. A flush mortar joint shall be made between the roof boards and the wall or partition. In rows of more than three houses, every alternate division wall or partition shall be constructed of solid brick work not less than 8 inches in thickness.

Buildings with wooden frame work clad with sheet metal, or veneered with brick, shall be classed as frame buildings.

Outside the fire limits, when any building is to be erected of brick, stone, hollow block, or concrete, and could under this ordinance be constructed of wood, the Building Inspector is hereby authorized and directed to allow reasonable modifications of this ordinance relating to brick buildings, in consideration of the use of incombustible material instead of wood. Such modifications however shall not permit variations from the requirements of Sections 13, 18 and 25, of this ordinance.

Section 23. Electrical Installations: All electrical installations shall be in accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated by the State Fire Marshal, and no installation of electrical equipment shall be made, except in conformity thereto. Copy of said rules and regulations and all additions thereto, and revisions thereof, shall be kept on file in the office of the city secretary and be subject to inspection as other public documents of the city.

Section 24. Chimneys and Fireplaces: Except as herein provided, all chimneys in every building hereafter erected, and all fireplaces hereafter erected or rebuilt shall be constructed of brick, stone, or reinforced concrete. No masonry chimney shall have walls less than 8 inches thick or it is to be lined in the inside with well burned terra cotta or fire-clay chimney tile set in Portland cement mortar. All such chimneys shall be capped with terra cotta, stone, concrete, or cast iron.

The smoke flue of every high-pressure steam boiler, and every appliance producing a corresponding temperature in a flue, if built of brick, stone, reinforced concrete, or other approved masonry, shall have walls not less than 12 inches thick, and the inside 4 inches of such walls shall be fire-brick, laid in fire mortar, for a distance of at least 25 feet from the point where the smoke connection of the boiler enters the flue. All chimneys shall project at least 3 feet above the point of contact with a flat roof, or 2 feet above the ridge of a pitched roof. Portland cement mortar only shall be used in the construction of chimneys.

metal shields, in which case the distance shall not be less than 12 inches. Where such a stack passes through a roof, it shall be guarded by a galvanized iron ventilating thimble extending from at least 9 inches below the underside of the ceiling or roof beams to at least 9 inches above the roof, and the diameter of the ventilating thimble shall not be less than 36 inches greater than that of the smokestack. Metal smoke stacks shall not be permitted to pass through floors.

The fireback of every fireplace hereafter erected shall be not less than 8 inches in thickness of solid brick work, not less than 12 inches of stone lined with fire brick. When a grate is set in a fire place, the lining of fire brick at least 2 inches in thickness shall be added to the fire-back; or soapstone, tile or cast iron may be used, if solidly backed with brick or concrete.

All flue holes when not in use shall be closed with tight-fitting metal covers.

Section 25. Wooden Beams Separated from Masonry Chimneys: No wooden beams or joists shall be placed within 2 inches of the outside face of a chimney or flue, whether the same be for smoke, air, or any other purpose.

No woodwork shall be within 4 inches of the back wall of any fireplace.

All spaces between the chimney and the wooden beams shall be solidly filled with mortar, mineral wool, or other incombustible material.

The header beam, carrying the tail beams of a floor and supporting the trimmer arch in front of a fireplace, shall be not less than 20 inches from the chimney breast.

No wooden furring or studding shall be placed against any chimney, the plastering shall be directly on the masonry, or on metal lathing.

Woodwork fastened to plaster which is against the masonry of a chimney shall have a layer of asbestos board at least 1-8 inch thick placed between the woodwork and the plaster.

Section 26. Smoke Pipes: No smoke pipe shall be within 9 inches of any woodwork or any wooden lath and plaster partition or ceiling. Where smoke pipes pass through a wooden lath and plaster partition floor or roof, they shall be guarded by galvanized iron ventilating thimbles at least 12 inches larger in diameter than the pipes, or by galvanized iron thimbles built in at least 8 inches of brick work or other incombustible material.

Section 27. Hot Air Pipes and Registers: All heater pipes from hot air furnaces where passing through combustible partitions, or floors, must be doubled tin pipes with at least 1-inch air space between them. Horizontal hot air pipes leading from furnace shall be not less than 6 inches from any woodwork, unless the woodwork be covered with loose-fitting tin, or the pipe covered with at least 1-2 inch corrugated asbestos, in which latter cases the distance from the woodwork may be reduced to not less than 3 inches.

No hot air pipe shall be placed in a wooden stud partition or any wooden enclosure unless it be at least 8 feet horizontal distance from the furnace. Hot air pipes contained in combustible partitions shall be placed inside asbestos pipe arranged to maintain 1-2 inch air space between the two on all sides, and securely covered with 1-2 inch of corrugated asbestos. Neither the outer pipe nor the covering shall be within one inch of wooden studding, and no wooden lath shall be used to cover the portion of the partition in which the hot air pipe is located. Hot air pipes in closets shall be double, with a space of at least one inch between them on all sides.

Every hot air furnace shall have at least one register without valves or louvers.

A register located over a brick furnace shall be supported by a brick shaft built up from the cover of the hot-air chamber; said shaft shall be lined with a metal pipe; and no woodwork shall be within 3 inches of the outer face of the shaft.

A register box placed in the floor over a portable furnace shall have an open space around it of not less than 4 inches on all sides, and be supported by an incombustible border.

feet from lath and woodwork protected, in which case the distance shall not be less than 12 inches. Where such a stack passes through a roof, it shall be guarded by a galvanized iron ventilating thimble extending from at least 9 inches below the underside of the ceiling or roof beams to at least 9 inches above the roof, and the diameter of the ventilating thimble shall not be less than 36 inches greater than that of the smokestack. Metal smoke stacks shall not be permitted to pass through floors.

Hotel be provided with wooden lath and ceiling, a quiet corner, or its own Combustion ranges, out legs, tin, tinned, sheet metal,bestos by be covered of masonry. Such a course of or of two cotta at hollow, as circulation whole covered if desired be covered than No. not to of sages be extend at 12 inches the range plan. All ceiling, shall terial, wh inches in Section Appliance lath and within 4 six feet ing boiler, fee roast laundry, s plance, 3 to a height the floor, the full or heating 5 feet in shall be l serving a. In no ca constructic feet of the ing appin same.

No furn heating a against a. No open on sides a protective 1-2 inches Section Devices: 2 charcoal-b devices. stands at bustible s are at least with metal low the bu No open device shall where gas flammable died.

Section 1 connections heating de rigid metal gas heating rubber tub there is no the device. Section All recepta bags, and 12 zinc iron or terial.

Section 2 Every boiler or furnace shall be surrounded with borders of incombustible material, not less than 2 inches wide, securely set in place.

The register boxes shall be of metal, and be double; the distance between the two shall be not less than one inch; or they may be single if covered with asbestos not less than 1-8 inch in thickness, and if all woodwork within 2 inches be covered with tin.

Cold air ducts for hot air furnaces shall be made of incombustible material.

Section 28. Steam and Hot Water Pipes in Heating Systems: No steam or hot water pipe shall be within 1 inch of any woodwork. Every steam or hot water pipe passing through combustible floors, or ceilings, or wooden lath and plaster partitions shall be protected by a metal tube 1 inch large in diameter than the pipe and be provided with a metal cap. All wooden boxes or casings enclosing steam or hot water heating pipes, or wooden covers to recesses in walls in which steam or hot water heating pipes are placed shall be lined with metal.

Section 29. Dry rooms: No combustible material shall be permitted in the construction of any dry room hereafter erected, in which a temperature of 125 degrees Fhr. or over may exist. If a temperature under 125 degrees Fhr. is to be used, the dry room may be constructed of wood, but it shall be lined throughout with 1-8 inch asbestos, covered with sheet metal.

If windows are placed in walls or ceilings of dry rooms they shall be of wired glass set in fixed incombustible sash and frames.

Section 30. Stoves and Ranges: No kitchen range or stove in any building shall be placed less than 2



feet from any woodwork or wooden lath and plaster partition, unless the woodwork or partition is properly protected by metal shields or asbestos, in which case the distance shall be not less than 18 inches. Metal shields shall be loosely attached, thus preserving an air space behind them.

Hotel and restaurant ranges shall be provided with a metal hood, placed at least 9 inches below any wooden lath and plaster or wooden ceiling, and have an individual pipe outlet connected with a good brick flue. The pipe shall be protected by at least 1 inch of asbestos covering, or its equivalent.

Combustible floors under coal ranges and similar appliances without legs, such as mentioned in Section 31, in which hot fires are maintained, shall be protected by a sheet of metal, or a 1/8 inch arrangement of asbestos building lumber, which shall be covered with not less than 4 inches of masonry set in cement mortar. Such masonry shall consist of one course of 4-inch hollow terra cotta or of two courses of brick or terra cotta, at least one of which shall be hollow, and be laid to preserve a free circulation of air throughout the whole course. Concrete may be substituted for a course of solid brick if desired. The masonry work shall be covered by sheet metal of not less than No. 26 gauge, so arranged as not to obstruct the ventilating passages beneath. Such hearths shall extend at least 24 inches in front and 12 inches on the sides and back of the range or similar heating appliance.

All coal stoves or ranges, with legs, shall set on incombustible material, which shall extend at least 12 inches in front.

Section 31. Heating Furnaces and Appliances: Any woodwork, wooden lath and plaster partition or ceiling within 3 feet of the sides or back, or six feet from the front of any heating boiler, furnace, bakery oven, coffee roaster, fire-heated candy kettle, laundry stove or other similar appliance, shall be covered with metal to a height of at least 4 feet above the floor. This covering shall extend the full length of the boiler, furnace, or heating appliance, and to at least 5 feet in front of it. Metal shields shall be loosely attached thus preserving an air space behind them. In no case shall such combustible construction be permitted within 2 feet of the sides or back of the heating appliance, or 5 feet in front of same.

No furnace, boiler, range, or other heating appliance shall be placed against a wall furrowed with wood.

Heating boilers shall be encased on sides and top by an incombustible protective covering not less than 1 1/2 inches thick.

Section 32. Open-Flame Heating Devices: All gas, gasoline, oil, or charcoal-burning stoves or heating devices, shall be placed on iron stands at least 6 inches above combustible supports, unless the burners are at least 5 inches above the base, with metal guard plates 4 inches below the burners.

No open-flame heating or lighting device shall be used in any room where gasoline or other volatile inflammable fluids are stored or handled.

Section 33. Gas Connections: Gas connections to stoves and similar heating devices shall be made of rigid metal pipes. For small portable gas heating devices flexible metal or rubber tubing may be used when there is no valve or other shut-off on the device.

Section 34. Trash Receptacles: All receptacles for ashes, trash, garbage, and refuse shall be of galvanized iron or other incombustible material.

Section 35. Vent Flues: Vent flues or ducts, for the removal of foul or vitiated air, in which the temperature of the air cannot exceed that of the rooms, shall be constructed of metal or shall not be placed nearer than 1 inch to any woodwork, and no such flue shall be used for any other purpose.

Section 36. Safety of Design: All parts of every building shall be designed to safely carry the loads to be imposed thereon, and shall in all respects conform to good engineering practice.

Section 37. Unsafe Buildings: Every building, structure, or part thereof, which shall appear to the Building Inspector to be dangerous, by reason of bad condition of walls, defective construction, overloaded floors, lack of guards against fire, or other causes, shall be held to be unsafe. The Building Inspector shall immediately notify the owner or lessee to cause the same to be made safe, and shall also affix a notice of the dangerous character of the structure in a conspicuous place on the exterior wall of such building, and no person shall remove or deface such notice so affixed. The owner or party having an interest in such unsafe building or structure, being notified thereof in writing by the Building Inspector, shall immediately cause the same to be made safe and secure, and if any purpose requiring a license therefor, the mayor may revoke said license on neglect of the owner to comply with the notice served as herein provided. Where the public safety requires immediate action, the Building Inspector may enter upon the premises, with such assistance as may be necessary, and cause the said structure to be made secure or torn down, and removed without delay, at the expense of such owner or party interested. The Building Inspector is hereby given full power to order the fire department to assist in such work.

Section 38. Duties of Enforcing Officer: The Building Inspector is hereby authorized and empowered: First: To enforce all ordinances relating to the construction, equipment, management, and condition of all property within said City of Lubbock; and it is hereby made the duty of the departments of police, health and fire to assist in the enforcement of this ordinance, and each of these departments shall, so far as possible, act in connection with the Building Inspector in such enforcement.

Second: To supervise the construction or reconstruction of all buildings. Third: To report monthly to the mayor or city council regarding the condition of the City on all matters pertaining to fire prevention. Section 39. Penalty for Violations: Any and all persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance or fail to comply therewith, or who shall violate or fail to comply with any order or regulation made thereunder, or who shall build in violation of any detailed statement or specifications or plans submitted and approved thereunder, or any certificate or permit issued thereunder, shall severally for each and every such violation and non-compliance, respectively, upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars. The imposition of one penalty for any violation of this ordinance shall not excuse the violation, or permit it to continue; and all such persons shall be required to correct or remedy such violations or defects within a reasonable time; and when not otherwise specified each ten days that prohibited conditions are maintained shall constitute a separate offense.

The application of the above penalty shall not be held to prevent the enforced removal of prohibited conditions as provided in Section 3, of this ordinance.

Section 40. Conflicting Ordinances Repealed: All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 41. Date of Effect: This ordinance shall take legal effect and be in force from and after its passage and legal publication.

Section 42. Emergency Clause: This fact that there is no adequate protection of buildings within the City of Lubbock, to prevent the origin and spread of fires, creates a public necessity and emergency that this ordinance be passed on the meeting of its introduction, and that the provision of the Charter requiring it to be read at two several meetings before adoption, is hereby suspended, and this ordinance shall be in effect from and after its passage and publication.

Passed, adopted and approved this 11th day of April, A. D. 1922. (Seal) Percy Spencer, Mayor, City of Lubbock, Texas. Attest: J. R. Germany, City Sec. 23-3T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon Mrs. Kate L. Rose, nee Kate L. Crump, and A. H. Rose, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 6th day of May, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1577, wherein Jno. P. Crump is Plaintiff, and Mrs. Kate L. Rose, nee Kate L. Crump, and A. H. Rose, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the lawful and absolute owner in fee simple of Lot No. Thirteen (13) in Block No. One Hundred Fifty-five (155), and Lot No. Nineteen (19), in Block No. Two Hundred Twenty-seven (227), in the Original Town of Lubbock, in Lubbock County, Texas, and is an action of trespass to try title.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk, District Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF ELECTION THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Lubbock. Notice is hereby given that an election will be held on the 17th day of June, 1922, at the School House, in Common School District No. 4 of this county as established by order of the County Board of Trustees of this county on the 28th day of May, 1917, which is recorded in Book 1, page 107, of the Record of School Districts of Lubbock County, to determine whether a majority of the legally qualified property taxpayers voters of that district desire to tax themselves by a tax of and at the rate of not to exceed \$1.00 on the \$100.00 valuation of taxable property in said district for the purpose of supplementing the State school fund apportioned to said district, and to determine whether the Commissioners' Court of this county is authorized to levy, assess and collect annually a tax of and at the rate of not to exceed \$1.00 on the \$100.00 valuation of taxable property in said district for said purpose.

W. G. Arnold is hereby appointed presiding officer for said election, and he shall select two judges and two clerks to assist him in holding the same, and he shall, within five days after said election has been held, make due return thereof to the Commissioner's Court of this county as is required by law for holding a general election.

All persons who are legally qualified voters of this State and of this county and who are resident property taxpayers in said district shall be entitled to vote at said election.

Said election was ordered by the county judge of this county by order made on the 4th day of May, 1922, and this notice is given in pursuance of said order.

Dated the 5th day of May, 1922. C. A. HOLCOMB, Sheriff, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon J. N. Rice, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1566, wherein Morton J. Smith, is Plaintiff, and J. N. Rice, W. E. McClendon, Ura Embury, J. A. Blackwell, W. B. Thorp, and Mrs. T. L. Moody and husband, E. A. Moody, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the holder of two notes, Nos. 3 and 4, in the sum of \$850.00 each, dated Lubbock, Texas, November 30, 1915, payable on or before three and four years after January 1, 1916, to Plaintiff with eight per cent per annum interest from January 1, 1916, and providing that past due interest shall bear interest at the rate of ten per cent and also providing for ten per cent penalty for attorney's fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; and that failure to pay either of said notes shall at the option of the holder mature both of said notes, which notes were secured by a vendor's lien on the Northeast Quarter of Survey No. Twenty-two (22), Block "D", Certificate 29, issued to L. S. V. R. Co., containing 160 acres of land in Lubbock County, Texas, and were made by defendant, J. N. Rice. That because of default in the payment thereof, Plaintiff has elected to foreclose his vendor's lien. That the other defendants named are claiming some interest or lien in said land, and Plaintiff asks for foreclosure as to said defendants, as well as defendant, J. N. Rice. That the two notes sued on are an inferior lien to a lien held by the Federal Land Bank of Houston, Texas, but are the legal holder and owner of said notes, and has had to employ attorneys to represent him in this suit, and also asks for judgment for said attorney's fees.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk, District Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon J. N. Rice, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1566, wherein Morton J. Smith, is Plaintiff, and J. N. Rice, W. E. McClendon, Ura Embury, J. A. Blackwell, W. B. Thorp, and Mrs. T. L. Moody and husband, E. A. Moody, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the holder of two notes, Nos. 3 and 4, in the sum of \$850.00 each, dated Lubbock, Texas, November 30, 1915, payable on or before three and four years after January 1, 1916, to Plaintiff with eight per cent per annum interest from January 1, 1916, and providing that past due interest shall bear interest at the rate of ten per cent and also providing for ten per cent penalty for attorney's fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; and that failure to pay either of said notes shall at the option of the holder mature both of said notes, which notes were secured by a vendor's lien on the Northeast Quarter of Survey No. Twenty-two (22), Block "D", Certificate 29, issued to L. S. V. R. Co., containing 160 acres of land in Lubbock County, Texas, and were made by defendant, J. N. Rice. That because of default in the payment thereof, Plaintiff has elected to foreclose his vendor's lien. That the other defendants named are claiming some interest or lien in said land, and Plaintiff asks for foreclosure as to said defendants, as well as defendant, J. N. Rice. That the two notes sued on are an inferior lien to a lien held by the Federal Land Bank of Houston, Texas, but are the legal holder and owner of said notes, and has had to employ attorneys to represent him in this suit, and also asks for judgment for said attorney's fees.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk, District Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon J. N. Rice, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1566, wherein Morton J. Smith, is Plaintiff, and J. N. Rice, W. E. McClendon, Ura Embury, J. A. Blackwell, W. B. Thorp, and Mrs. T. L. Moody and husband, E. A. Moody, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the holder of two notes, Nos. 3 and 4, in the sum of \$850.00 each, dated Lubbock, Texas, November 30, 1915, payable on or before three and four years after January 1, 1916, to Plaintiff with eight per cent per annum interest from January 1, 1916, and providing that past due interest shall bear interest at the rate of ten per cent and also providing for ten per cent penalty for attorney's fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; and that failure to pay either of said notes shall at the option of the holder mature both of said notes, which notes were secured by a vendor's lien on the Northeast Quarter of Survey No. Twenty-two (22), Block "D", Certificate 29, issued to L. S. V. R. Co., containing 160 acres of land in Lubbock County, Texas, and were made by defendant, J. N. Rice. That because of default in the payment thereof, Plaintiff has elected to foreclose his vendor's lien. That the other defendants named are claiming some interest or lien in said land, and Plaintiff asks for foreclosure as to said defendants, as well as defendant, J. N. Rice. That the two notes sued on are an inferior lien to a lien held by the Federal Land Bank of Houston, Texas, but are the legal holder and owner of said notes, and has had to employ attorneys to represent him in this suit, and also asks for judgment for said attorney's fees.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk, District Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon E. J. Darst, and the unknown heirs of E. J. Darst, and C. L. Darst, executor of the estate of E. J. Darst, and the unknown heirs of C. L. Darst, if deceased, by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Lubbock County, Texas, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest court where a newspaper is published, once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the District Court of Lubbock County, Texas, at the court house of said county, in the town of Lubbock, on the second Monday in June, A. D. 1922, same being the 12th day of June, 1922, to answer the suit of Joe B. Hoard, plaintiff, against the unknown heirs of E. J. Darst, if deceased, E. J. Darst, C. L. Darst, Executor of the estate of E. J. Darst, and the unknown heirs of C. L. Darst, if deceased, filed in said court on May 8th, 1922, and being No. 1579 on the docket of said court, said suit being brought to remove the cloud from the plaintiff's title to Lot No. Fourteen (14) in Block No. One Hundred and Six (106) in the town of Lubbock, in Lubbock County, Texas, by reason of a vendor's Lien retained in a deed from E. J. Darst to Frank Bowles, securing a note for \$750.00, and by reason of a notice of its retention filed in the office of the County Clerk of Lubbock County, Texas, recorded in Vol. 1 page 74 of its penders records of Lubbock County, Texas, and a judgment of foreclosure in the District Court of Hale County, Texas, in cause No. 911, brought by E. J. Darst, executor, against the said Frank Bowles. The said Frank Bowles having paid off said note and judgment, but not having been released therefrom.

Herein fail not, but have you then and there this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and seal of office this the 8th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk, Dist. Court, Lubbock Co., Texas. 21-4T.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF ELECTION THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Lubbock. Notice is hereby given that an election will be held on the 17th day of June, 1922, at the School House, in Common School District No. 4 of this county as established by order of the County Board of Trustees of this county on the 28th day of May, 1917, which is recorded in Book 1, page 107, of the Record of School Districts of Lubbock County, to determine whether a majority of the legally qualified property taxpayers voters of that district desire to tax themselves by a tax of and at the rate of not to exceed \$1.00 on the \$100.00 valuation of taxable property in said district for the purpose of supplementing the State school fund apportioned to said district, and to determine whether the Commissioners' Court of this county is authorized to levy, assess and collect annually a tax of and at the rate of not to exceed \$1.00 on the \$100.00 valuation of taxable property in said district for said purpose.

W. G. Arnold is hereby appointed presiding officer for said election, and he shall select two judges and two clerks to assist him in holding the same, and he shall, within five days after said election has been held, make due return thereof to the Commissioner's Court of this county as is required by law for holding a general election.

All persons who are legally qualified voters of this State and of this county and who are resident property taxpayers in said district shall be entitled to vote at said election.

Said election was ordered by the county judge of this county by order made on the 4th day of May, 1922, and this notice is given in pursuance of said order.

Dated the 5th day of May, 1922. C. A. HOLCOMB, Sheriff, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon J. N. Rice, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1566, wherein Morton J. Smith, is Plaintiff, and J. N. Rice, W. E. McClendon, Ura Embury, J. A. Blackwell, W. B. Thorp, and Mrs. T. L. Moody and husband, E. A. Moody, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the holder of two notes, Nos. 3 and 4, in the sum of \$850.00 each, dated Lubbock, Texas, November 30, 1915, payable on or before three and four years after January 1, 1916, to Plaintiff with eight per cent per annum interest from January 1, 1916, and providing that past due interest shall bear interest at the rate of ten per cent and also providing for ten per cent penalty for attorney's fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; and that failure to pay either of said notes shall at the option of the holder mature both of said notes, which notes were secured by a vendor's lien on the Northeast Quarter of Survey No. Twenty-two (22), Block "D", Certificate 29, issued to L. S. V. R. Co., containing 160 acres of land in Lubbock County, Texas, and were made by defendant, J. N. Rice. That because of default in the payment thereof, Plaintiff has elected to foreclose his vendor's lien. That the other defendants named are claiming some interest or lien in said land, and Plaintiff asks for foreclosure as to said defendants, as well as defendant, J. N. Rice. That the two notes sued on are an inferior lien to a lien held by the Federal Land Bank of Houston, Texas, but are the legal holder and owner of said notes, and has had to employ attorneys to represent him in this suit, and also asks for judgment for said attorney's fees.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk, District Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon J. N. Rice, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1566, wherein Morton J. Smith, is Plaintiff, and J. N. Rice, W. E. McClendon, Ura Embury, J. A. Blackwell, W. B. Thorp, and Mrs. T. L. Moody and husband, E. A. Moody, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the holder of two notes, Nos. 3 and 4, in the sum of \$850.00 each, dated Lubbock, Texas, November 30, 1915, payable on or before three and four years after January 1, 1916, to Plaintiff with eight per cent per annum interest from January 1, 1916, and providing that past due interest shall bear interest at the rate of ten per cent and also providing for ten per cent penalty for attorney's fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; and that failure to pay either of said notes shall at the option of the holder mature both of said notes, which notes were secured by a vendor's lien on the Northeast Quarter of Survey No. Twenty-two (22), Block "D", Certificate 29, issued to L. S. V. R. Co., containing 160 acres of land in Lubbock County, Texas, and were made by defendant, J. N. Rice. That because of default in the payment thereof, Plaintiff has elected to foreclose his vendor's lien. That the other defendants named are claiming some interest or lien in said land, and Plaintiff asks for foreclosure as to said defendants, as well as defendant, J. N. Rice. That the two notes sued on are an inferior lien to a lien held by the Federal Land Bank of Houston, Texas, but are the legal holder and owner of said notes, and has had to employ attorneys to represent him in this suit, and also asks for judgment for said attorney's fees.

Herein Fail Not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk, District Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon J. N. Rice, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 15th day of April, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1566, wherein Morton J. Smith, is Plaintiff, and J. N. Rice, W. E. McClendon, Ura Embury, J. A. Blackwell, W. B. Thorp, and Mrs. T. L. Moody and husband, E. A. Moody, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the holder of two notes, Nos. 3 and 4, in the sum of \$850.00 each, dated Lubbock, Texas, November 30, 1915, payable on or before three and four years after January 1, 1916, to Plaintiff with eight per cent per annum interest from January 1, 1916, and providing that past due interest shall bear interest at the rate of ten per cent and also providing for ten per cent penalty for attorney's fees, if placed in the hands of an attorney for collection; and that failure to pay either of said notes shall at the option of the holder mature both of said notes, which notes were secured by a vendor's lien on the Northeast Quarter of Survey No. Twenty-two (22), Block "D", Certificate 29, issued to L. S. V. R. Co., containing 160 acres of land in Lubbock County, Texas, and were made by defendant, J. N. Rice. That because of default in the payment thereof, Plaintiff has elected to foreclose his vendor's lien. That the other defendants named are claiming some interest or lien in said land, and Plaintiff asks for foreclosure as to said defendants, as well as defendant, J. N. Rice. That the two notes sued on are an inferior lien to a lien held by the Federal Land Bank of Houston, Texas, but are the legal holder and owner of said notes, and has had to employ attorneys to represent him in this suit, and also asks for judgment for said attorney's fees.

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## HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT

Helps, Recipes, Contributed Articles and Recipes Solicited for This Column.

### Prune Betty.

One cupful of bread-crumbs, 1-2 cupful brown sugar, 1-2 pound of prunes, 1 1-2 tablespoons butter, 1 teaspoon cinnamon, 1-2 teaspoon nutmeg, 1-2 cupful of hot milk. Soak the prunes overnight and cook in the same water until soft enough to remove the pits. Grease a pudding dish well and sprinkle a thick layer of bread-crumbs over the bottom. Whole wheat or Graham bread-crumbs are excellent for children. Place a layer of prunes on top of the bread-crumbs. Sprinkle some of the sugar over the prunes. Brown sugar is the best if you have it. Cut the butter into small bits and place a few on the sugar and sprinkle with part of the spices. Continue making layers like this until the dish is full, but be sure to have the top layer of crumbs sprinkled with butter. Then pour the milk over the top and set aside until the crumbs have absorbed it. Bake in quick oven until the top is crisp and brown. Serve with rich milk or cream to pour over.

### Cereal Pudding.

One-half cupful milk, 2 cupfuls of molasses, 1 cupful cooked cereal, 2 eggs, 1-2 cupful of raisins. Any kind of cooked cereal, well cooked oatmeal, cream of wheat, etc., can be used for this. Mix cereal smooth with milk, add molasses, raisins, and eggs slightly beaten last of all. Add half teaspoonful of vanilla or ground cinnamon. Pour into a well-greased pudding dish and bake until the top is brown. Serve cold with cream or milk to pour over.

### Junket.

2 cupfuls of milk, 1 salt spoonful of salt, 1 tablespoonful of sugar; sprinkle with grated nutmeg or cinnamon; 1 junket tablet. Warm the milk with sugar in it until is only lukewarm, crush the tablet, dissolve in a very little water (one teaspoonful), add tablet to milk, stir slightly. Pour into dish in which it is to be served and don't disturb the dish until junket has hardened like baked custard. When hardened, grate nutmeg or sprinkle cinnamon on top and put in a cold place until ready to serve. Don't shake or move around the dish very much, or the junket will turn water. Just before serving, pile sliced bananas on top, canned or fresh berries, or any fruit that goes well with milk.

### Toast Fingers.

2 slices of white or wholewheat bread, 1 square of butter. Cut each slice of bread in three or four strips according to size, toast to light brown on both sides and butter and serve with soup or a glass of milk. Toast or zwieback is much better for young children than fresh bread. Little folks like these toast-fingers much better than a large slice of toast.

### Scotch Broth.

3 pounds of mutton, 1-4 cupful of celery, 1-2 quart of water, 1-4 cupful of onions, 1-2 cupful of barley, 1 1-2 teaspoonfuls of salt, 2 1-2 teaspoonfuls of butter, 1-4 teaspoonful pepper, 1-4 cupful of carrots, 2 tablespoonfuls flour, 1-4 cupful of turnips, 1-2 tablespoonful of chopped parsley.

This is the best made of meat cut from the forequarter. Cut lean meat in one-inch strips and place in the soup kettle or large saucepan. Pour on it a quart and a pint of cold water and let it boil up, then skim and add the barley which has been soaked overnight to soften it. Be careful to drain it before adding to the broth. Now let this simmer for an hour and a half or three-quarters, or until the meat is tender enough to separate easily from the bones. Take the bones from broth and put them in a second saucepan with water enough to just cover them. Heat slowly to the boiling point, skim and boil this for about an hour and a half. Then skim off bones and add stock to meat and broth in first kettle. Chop the vegetables into small pieces, or cut in cubes, except the onion, which should be sliced. Put the butter into frying-pan and cook all vegetables in this for five minutes, stirring constantly. Add vegetables to broth, season with salt and pepper. Stir two tablespoonfuls of flour in a little cold water until it is like cream, dip out a little of the hot broth and add, and then put all into the kettle and bring again to boiling-point. Just before serving add one half tablespoonful of finely chopped parsley. This can be omitted if preferred.

### Sunshine Cake.

Take one cupful of butter, two cupfuls of sugar; cream the butter, adding the sugar a spoonful at a time until all is used. Beat the yolks of eleven eggs until very light and creamy. Beat with them the sugar and butter, adding the egg a spoonful at a time. Sift two and one-half cupfuls flour with two and one-half teaspoonfuls of baking powder, and the flour a little at a time, alternating it with one cupful of milk, flavor with one teaspoonful of vanilla. Bake in a loaf.

### Apple Snow.

Steam three large tart apples and rub them through a sieve. Beat the whites of three eggs until stiff, add one-half cupful of sugar and beat again. To this meringue add the apple pulp and beat lightly. Dot with jelly and serve.

### Apple-and-Prune Fancy.

3 large apples, 3-4 cupful of sugar, 1-4 ounce of green ginger, 1-2 saltspoonful of salt, 1-4 pound of prunes, 1 cupful whipped cream, 2 cupfuls of water.

This is a "company" dish for children and grown people as well, as it is very decorative and delicious and healthful. Pare and core the apples and cut them into halves. Put the sugar and water and well washed ginger root in a saucepan and boil ten minutes; put in the apples, add salt, and cook slowly until soft when pierced with a fork, but don't let them fall to pieces. If necessary add a little more water. Remove apples from pan, arrange on dish. Take ginger-root from syrup and pour syrup over apples. If they are not well flavored with ginger let the root remain overnight with the apples before taking it out. This ginger can be washed in warm water and dried in the sun or over the heater and used several times before the flavor is all extracted. Soak the prunes overnight, cook until soft, adding enough sugar to sweeten. When cool cut each prune with the scissors into four petals and slip out the stones. Place a prune upright on each apple half. Put a mound of whipped cream in center of dish and serve.

### Rice Croquettes.

Add grated cheese to boiled rice. Shape, roll in cracker-crumbs, beaten eggs, then again in crumbs. Fry in deep fat and drain on brown paper to absorb grease. Serve hot. Omit cheese and add grated nutmeg if preferred.

### Devil's Food Cake.

Part 1—Cream. One cup or one-half cake chocolate, cut up and melt-over teakettle; one-half cup sweet milk, two-thirds cup brown sugar, yolk of one egg. Beat all together, cook a little and let it cool. Part 2—Cake. One-half cup of brown sugar, one-half cup butter, one-half cup sweet milk, two and one-half cups flour (sift measure before sifting), two eggs. After cake is mixed add the above cream. One teaspoon soda dissolved in a little hot water. Flavor with vanilla. Put together with white frosting.

### Baked Salmon.

One can of salmon—picked to

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Place will appeal to you if you like to trade where cleanliness predominates

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Has been the practical place for you to trade ever since

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pieces and bones removed. Put in baking dish with layers of bread crumbs, butter, salt and pepper and salmon alternately. Add one-half pint of milk. Bake thirty minutes.

**Fruit Bliss.**  
Arrange fresh fruit in a dish. One cup sugar, one-half cup water, three egg yolks, juice two lemons. Boil sugar and water five minutes, pour in a fine stream into the egg yolks which should be beaten until thick. Cook over hot water, stirring constantly until it thickens. Cool, add lemon juice and pour over fruit. Chill thoroughly before serving.

**Rhubarb Pie.**  
One and one-half cups stewed rhubarb, yolks of two eggs, one tablespoonful flour, mixed with one cup of sugar. Mix thoroughly and make with whites and three-tablespoons powdered sugar. Brown in oven.

**Egg Gems.**  
Two cups bread crumbs 1-2 teaspoon salt, 7-8 teaspoon pepper, 5 eggs, hot milk, butter. Moisten bread crumbs with the milk. Add one egg and salt and pepper and mix thoroughly. Heat gem irons and butter well. Put a spoonful of the mixture in each ring, add an egg, dot with bits of butter and bake ten minutes in a hot oven.

**Egg on Cocquille.**  
Cut slices of bread about one and one-half inches thick. With a large biscuit cutter cut rounds of bread and with a smaller cutter cut half through each slice in the center. Cut out this smaller round, making a sort of patty shell. Dip in melted butter and brown in a hot oven. Arrange these on a fire proof platter. Drop in each cavity an egg, being careful not to break the yolk. Pour over and around the following sauce. The proportions are for four servings:  
Four tablespoon butter, 2 table-spoons flour, 1-2 teaspoon salt, 1-8 teaspoon pepper, 2 cups milk, 1 egg yolk, 1 tablespoon grated cheese. Melt butter, stir in flour and slowly add milk, stirring constantly. Season with salt and pepper and cook five minutes. Add cheese and cook over hot water until cheese is melted.

**Graham Bread.**  
To one cup of sour yeast add a pint of sweet milk, an egg, two table-spoonsful of lard or drippings, a half cup of sugar or molasses, a teaspoonful of soda, and graham flour enough to make a stiff batter. Beat it for ten minutes, and pour into a well-greased bread-pan. Set in a warm place to rise, and as soon as it has doubled its bulk bake in a moderate oven.

**Graham Gems.**  
Beat two eggs, add one-half cup full of sugar, one of milk, two of graham flour, one of wheat flour, two table-spoons butter, and three table-spoons baking powder; stir all thoroughly and bake from twenty to twenty-five minutes.

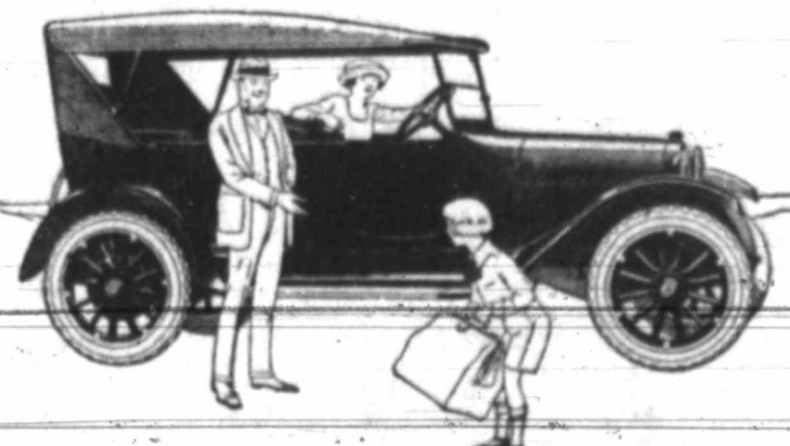
**Quick Muffins.**  
Beat three eggs, add one pint of sour cream, one pint of flour, a pinch of salt, and one teaspoonful of soda, dissolve in a little warm water; beat until very light and bake in muffin rings or gem pans.

**White Muffins.**  
Take one teacupful of milk, add two beaten eggs, one-half cupful of sugar, and two table-spoons of melted butter, then sift in three teacupfuls of flour, to which has been added three teacupfuls of baking powder. Stir all together, beat for three minutes, and bake in a quick oven in muffin rings or gem pans.

**Sally Luns.**  
Beat two eggs, and add a lump of soft butter the size of an egg, put in three teacupfuls of sugar, one-half pint of milk, one pint of flour, and sift in three teacupfuls of baking powder; stir all together, and bake in shallow tins for twenty minutes.

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Hundreds of thousands of people all over the country are now taking IRONIZED YEAST tablets for health with results which in many cases are actually astonishing. For thin folks to gain five pounds or more on the very first package is not unusual. Complexions blotched with pimples, etc., are very often entirely cleared up within 10 to 14 days. As for increasing "pep" and energy, "miracles" are reported by folks who were formerly run-down, weak, and lacking in physical and mental vigor.

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Here is The Secret! Nature intended that you should have a well developed figure, with the clear skin, sparkling eyes, strong nerves and rugged strength that goes with it. And if you are not thin and weak, it is because certain of Nature's laws have been disobeyed. Nature requires that you get a proper amount of vitamins and iron in your system. But these two essential elements are lacking in the modern diet. That is why so many of us are thin and run-down.

**Yeast Best When Ironized**  
The thing to do is to supply this lack by taking with each meal two tiny IRONIZED YEAST tablets which contain in highly concentrated form, a specially cultured yeast grown under the strictest supervision for medicinal purposes—a yeast unequalled for its richness in the essential Water Soluble B vitamins. In addition it contains the correct amount of the two other vitamins—Fat Soluble A and Water Soluble C—which are equally important to health. These three vitamins bring excellent results even if taken alone—but when taken with a proper amount of easily assimilated organic iron, as in IRONIZED YEAST, these results are secured often in just half the usual time!

**Watch The Results!**  
Note how IRONIZED YEAST immediately increases your appetite—how it enables you to get real joy out of every morsel of food you eat. See how quickly it drives away pimples, blackheads, etc., and how your newly acquired "pep" makes hard work or play a pleasure instead of a task. TRY IRONIZED YEAST today! Pleasant to take—will not cause gas or in any way upset the stomach. Each IRONIZED YEAST tablet wrapped air-tight in waxed cellophane, thus assuring 100% purity and strength. Special directions for children. Go to your druggist or mail coupon today—NOW!

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Dr. R. B. Hutchinson will move into his new office in the Bush Building, Corner Broadway and Avenue J, one half block west of his present location, and will be in his new location by July 1, and his offices will be furnished with the most modern equipment. 26-1f

Burley Wright, of Littlefield, was in Lubbock Tuesday transacting business.

**BUSINESS CONDITIONS IMPROVE, SAYS DAVIS**

Washington, May 25.—A picture of steady reviving business activity throughout the country is drawn by Secretary Davis in a statement today based on reports of employment conditions to the Department of Labor. The reports indicate that unemployment has been practically eliminated in New York state.

The Secretary said that it has been reduced more than 50 per

cent in the past three months in Pennsylvania, while the "swan song" of business depression has given way to a cheerful note of improved industrial activity in Minnesota, Wisconsin, Iowa, Michigan, Illinois, Kansas and Missouri.

There is "unmistakable evidence" of improved industrial conditions prevailing on the Pacific coast, Mr. Davis said while in the South the reports show steady improvement in Georgia, Tennessee and Alabama and that practically no unemployment now exists in North Carolina.

Mid pleasures and palaces though I may wend, I find the home merchant a much valued friend.—The mail-order catalog wrogs me in vain, for to pay without seeing may bring me a pain.—The home merchant credits till pay-day arrives—he knows all the whims of his friends and their wives. His overalls wear like buckskin of old—his buttons ain't brass, if he tell you they're gold! Of every community he is a part and even the kids know the path to his heart. He boosts for the chapel, the lodge and the school—"Community uplift" is ever his rule.—And even the football and basket ball teams look kindly on him in their athletic dreams—I'd rather have him at my elbow each day, than to deal with a shark many furlongs away—Let's make the thing mutual, and stand by our friend—there's no place like home, for the money we spent!—Bryan Daily Eagle.

Work, of course, is the cure for unrest, but there are lots of people who think the remedy is worse than the disease.—Columbia Record.

We need a nation full of tender consciences and calloused hands. The thing seems to be reversed at present.—Richmond News-Leader.

Opt Are But  
Seve an old the qu ing ca appear future as mo human chara always necessa  
This human terized bock i thirtee the loc tillery, deposit, one el until t when t



### Optimism and Effort Are a Good Team— But Don't Go Alone

Several years ago we heard of an old lady who wished to go into the quail raising business, and having captured one of the fleet fowls, appeared very optimistic about her future success, which impressed us as more or less as a story of a human being and our peculiar characteristics, inasmuch as we are always underestimating the effort necessary to accomplish our tasks. This story and its application to human nature is very well characterized in the spirit with which Lubbock is going about building that thirteen hundred dollar armory for the local battery of light field artillery. A few dollars have been deposited on the fund, and every one else is standing back to wait until the balance is subscribed, and when the matter is spoken of they

are "sure it will be accomplished." Now, believing a thing will be done and getting out and doing it are two separate and distinct things. To do anything it is very necessary to believe that you can do it, but you've got to back your confidence up with a little effort. Lubbock just must put a little effort back of this thing and put it over. Lubbock must have this Armory to secure the battery equipment, and we must have that equipment to have the battery, we must have the battery to keep Lubbock ahead, and we just must keep Lubbock ahead. Now Mister, don't wait until your neighbor has set a pace for you. Make a pace setter of yourself and he will follow suit; We are not going to have a town without paying for it, and it is unnecessary for a few men to kick in to pay for us all. We can all kick in with a ten spot on this matter and over-subscribe it without worrying. Put a ten spot in the depository at the Avalanche and your name on the list. Here is the list of contributors

- to date:
- Col. Clark M. Mullican.....\$10
  - J. A. Medlock.....\$10
  - E. L. Klett.....\$10
  - Avalanche Pub. Co.....\$10
  - Sam C. Arnett.....\$10
  - C. E. Muedgen.....\$10
  - John P. Lewis.....\$ 5
  - Lubbock Grain & Coal Co.....\$10
  - Lubbock Produce Co.....\$10
  - W. K. Dickinson.....\$10
  - W. E. Cravens.....\$10
  - Rix Furniture Company.....\$10
  - Chris Harwell.....\$10
  - T. B. Duggan.....\$10
  - Barrier Bros.....\$10
  - W. M. Mullican.....\$10
  - E. R. Vaughn.....\$10
  - Lubbock State Bank.....\$25
  - Wm. McKinley.....\$10
  - Moore Bros.....\$10
  - E. M. Jones.....\$15
  - Lubbock Monument Co.....\$ 5

#### PEOPLE OF LITTLEFIELD REMEMBER ILL NEIGHBOR

C. Warhurst, of Littlefield, who is confined in a local sanitarium, under care of specialists, is about the happiest sick man in town, as the people of his community, in due respect to the good man, surprised him Friday morning with two large boxes of beautiful and serviceable gifts. Mr. Warhurst has been an active church worker in that little city for the past several years, and with boyish enthusiasm told an Avalanche reporter who arrived on the scene shortly after the packages were received that he is convinced that the people of the Plains are the best neighbors anywhere, which reminded us of the truth of the statement that to have a friend one must be a friend, and from all observations we must say that it is only perfectly natural that the people of Littlefield would be friendly toward Mr. Warhurst. He is a friend to the entire community, and always expresses his willingness to do anything possible for his neighbor in better than verbal messages, which accounts for his being so well remembered.

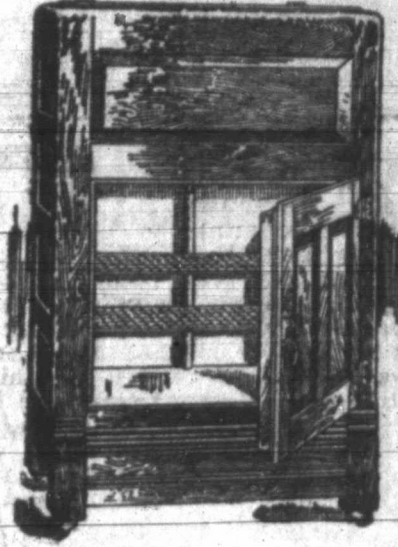
#### NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the South Plains and Santa Fe Railway, will be held at the General Offices of said Company in Lubbock, Texas, on Wednesday, June 7, 1922, at the hour of 10:00 a. m., for the purpose of selecting a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for such other business as may come before the meeting. The Annual Meeting of the Directors of said Company will be held on the same date and place, immediately after the meeting of the Stockholders. W. S. Posey, Secretary. 19-10

J. W. Reid, teacher of mathematics in Lubbock High School, has returned home. We understand he has been re-elected to the same position for next year.—Clyde Enterprise.

## Buy a Gurney Refrigerator and Get an ICE SAVER

We have sold GURNEYS FOR EIGHTEEN YEARS and know there is no better refrigerator made. We have just the size you want. Sold on terms.



WE FRAME PICTURES

**RIX FURNITURE  
AND UNDERTAKING CO.**  
"THE HOUSE OF SATISFACTION"  
BIG SPRING LUBBOCK

# 6%

### MONEY TO LOAN

Don't be misled by other agents.  
Come direct and investigate  
Our Plan.

PROMPT SERVICE  
GOOD OPTIONS

**F. M. MADDOX**  
Lubbock State Bank Building

#### LUBBOCK TRADE TERRITORY A HUMMER, SAYS SALESMAN

Herbert Hale, of Wilson Bros., manufacturers of Men's Furnishing Goods, of Chicago, was here last week and called on our merchants. Mr. Hale has been known to the Jones Bros. of this city for many years, and while discussing business conditions with them said it was his opinion that Lubbock is the liveliest town in West Texas, or any other section of the country, as a review of the demand for goods here as compared with other principal towns on his route will show.

Geographically Lubbock is properly located, and not only in the proper place for railroad transportation, but it is evident that it is right in the center of the greatest producing section in the state, allowing a constant income from farm goods throughout the summer month and constant shipping of finished porkers and cattle throughout the winter months, and it is a boon to our sense of appreciation to note that our merchants are, even at this time, realizing the advantages

#### of these conditions.

It doesn't take a hundred years to notice the wonderful advantages of Lubbock county, as is proven by little traveling men think of our little city after a short visit.

#### 100 PER CENT DENTISTRY

At pre-war prices. I clean children's teeth for \$1.00, extract an ordinary tooth for \$1.00, fill simple, small cavity in Molars with Amalgam for \$1.00. I make an extra good fitting plate, upper or lower, for \$15.00. I took special course under Dr. Hartzella of Minneapolis, President of National Dental Association, and considered the best authority on Pyorrhea—its causes and treatment—to be found in the United States. If I can serve you, call at Rooms 205, over Security Bank. Very truly, W. S. Ferguson. Phone 535. Dentist. 23-1f

Mrs. A. E. Conley, Jr., and daughter, Miss Virginia, and A. B. Jr., left Sunday for Bridgeport, Dallas and other points on an extended visit.

#### SHALLOWATER SCHOOL INSURED LAST FRIDAY

Henry Mahaney, of Shallowater, was in Lubbock Friday transacting business, principal of which was to have an insurance policy made on the Shallowater school building making a check to Briggs & Denman, for the neat sum of three hundred dollars which will keep the building adequately insured for a few months.

It is indeed gratifying to note that the people's property will be cared for in this manner, and the patrons of the Shallowater school are to be congratulated for having been represented in the board by such men as Mr. Mahaney. It is very progressive indeed to build such splendid school buildings as there are in Lubbock county, but it is also progressive to be prepared to build another in case the first should be lost by fire or storm.

Mrs. C. C. Costin, of Lamesa, was operated on in a local sanitarium Sunday.

# BANKRUPT SALE STILL ON

Response to our low prices and the public's universal appreciation of our efforts to reduce the H. C. L. prompts us to continue THE BANKRUPT SALE Until SATURDAY NIGHT, JUNE 3rd.

There are a few items of the old stock still on hand and we reiterate our statement of our first ad: "They must and will be sold." Below we list a few items many of which we are giving reductions below the sale price of last week:

- 2 PAIR LEATHER PALM GLOVES 35c**  
Think of buying 2 pair of leather palm gloves for 35c and then think of what the probable cost will be 60 days hence.
- ONE LOT BOYS PALM BEACH SUITS**  
Last Week .....\$2.50  
This Week .....\$1.50

- FURTHER REDUCTION IN LADIES UNDERWEAR**  
Ladies Underwear reduced 10 percent off last week's prices.
- ONE LOT BOYS WOOL SUITS**  
Last Week .....\$4.75  
This Week .....\$3.75

New goods arriving daily and offered to you at a profit that will only take care of transportation charges and running expenses. When did you ever have such an opportunity to buy fresh, seasonable merchandise at such prices?—SALE CLOSES SATURDAY NIGHT, JUNE 3rd.

The Store of  
the Plains

# THE LEADER

LUBBOCK,  
TEXAS



# What You Can Buy on 11th Street

## and Where to Buy It

<p><b>YES SIREE! ON 11TH ST.</b></p> <p>Ladies Ready-to-Wear, Piece Goods, Millinery, Shoes for men, women and children—and the best of prices.</p> <p><b>CASH DRY GOODS CO.</b></p>	<p>YOU CAN BUY GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, HARDWARE, FURNITURE, MEN'S CLOTHING, JEWELRY, INSURANCE, CANDIES, COLD DRINKS, LEATHER GOODS, HARNESS, AUTO TOPS, ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES AND VARIETY GOODS.</p> <p>You can find fine restaurants, a theatre, hotels, etc., on 11th Street. Your favorite filling and service stations are located on 11th Street. Two of your good banks are on 11th Street. Two of your large automobile distributors, battery stations, etc., are on 11th Street. One of your fine sanitariums is on 11th Street.</p> <p><b>11TH STREET MERCHANTS BELIEVE YOU CAN GET ANYTHING YOU NEED ON 11TH STREET IN LESS TIME THAN ON ANY STREET IN LUBBOCK.</b></p> <p>Here are well known substantial houses that do business on 11th Street. "Better service than others"—the creed of these 11th Street merchants. We invite you to shop on 11th Street. We offer you better goods and better service at lower cost on 11th Street.</p>		<p><b>ON ALL STREETS</b></p> <p>The Overland 4 is the one marvelous car. On 11th Street you will find us with accessories, oils and gas—and don't forget—MASON Tires.</p> <p><b>LUB-TEX MOTOR CO.</b></p>
<p><b>ON YOUR STREET</b></p> <p>I will be glad to come and install electrical apparatus. I do housewiring and have a neat stock of electrical supplies in my shop, and</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p><b>OWENS ELECTRICAL SHOP,</b> Fred A. Owens, Prop.</p>	<p>Eat on 11th Street at the famous</p> <p><b>ELK CAFE</b></p> <p>Your business appreciated.</p> <p>I. W. Gill, Prop.</p>	<p><b>IT'S ON 11TH STREET</b></p> <p>GROCERIES FRUITS VEGETABLES TOBACCOS CIGARS</p> <p><b>DARBY &amp; WILLEFORD</b></p>	<p>Best Meal in Town for 25c</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p>Cigarettes and Cold Drinks</p> <p><b>CRYSTAL CAFE</b></p> <p>S. M. Delaney, Prop.</p>
<p><b>SAVE MONEY!</b></p> <p>Walk a block and save a dollar on a small amount of groceries. Yes, "It's on 11th Street."</p> <p><b>SOWELL GROCERY</b></p>	<p><b>ALLEN'S</b></p> <p>The New Filling Station</p> <p>"It's on 11th Street" too!</p> <p>Gas and oils—Ladies rest room.</p>	<p><b>HAVE YOUR BATTERY CHARGED ON 11TH STREET</b></p> <p>I will appreciate your business. I have customers on all streets, but my shop</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p><b>C. A. PAULGER BATTERY COMPANY.</b></p>	<p><b>BROCK'S SECOND-HAND FURNITURE STORE</b></p> <p>Bargains in Slightly Used Furniture of all kinds. We do furniture repairing. We want your business and will try to save you money.</p> <p>P. S. We have one incubator to sell at a low price.</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p>Between Montgomery's and Jackson House.</p>
<p>Montgomery's Transfer</p> <p><b>Quick, Reliable Hauling</b></p> <p>Call Us Over Phone No. 453</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p>	<p><b>COZY CORNER CAFE</b></p> <p>A dandy, good place to get a well cooked meal quickly. Remember we're on the same street and close to the depot and that</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p><b>COZY CORNER CAFE.</b></p>	<p>We Specialize in Alteration Work and do Good Cleaning and Pressing</p> <p><b>IDEAL TAILORS &amp; SHIRT MAKERS.</b></p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p>	<p><b>WE LOAN MONEY</b></p> <p>Upstairs, Russell Building.</p> <p>We sell the best lands (Southplains) to be found.</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p><b>COSBY &amp; POSEY</b></p>
<p>Thirst-quenching drinks, fine Candies, Cigars and Tobaccos.</p> <p><b>THEATRE CONFECTIONERY</b></p> <p>T. E. Buckner, Prop.</p> <p>"The friendly little place"</p> <p>P. S. We're in the Lindsey Building—and</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p>	<p>SERVICE AT</p> <p><b>RIDDLE'S GARAGE</b></p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p>Auto repairing, tires, tubes and accessories.</p> <p><b>RIDDLE'S GARAGE</b></p>	<p><b>YES!</b></p> <p>The only Depot in Lubbock.</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p>Build a home on 11th Street.</p>	<p><b>SCHILLINGS COFFEE, TEAS AND SPICES.</b></p> <p>As well as the best Vegetables and Groceries</p> <p><b>INMON GROCERY COMPANY</b></p>
<p><b>YOU GET ON 11TH</b></p> <p>When you first reach Lubbock. When you leave you step off of 11th Street on to the train.</p>	<p><b>AJAX TIRES AND TUBES</b></p> <p>Best Gas and Oil</p> <p><b>HOME SERVICE STATION</b></p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p>	<p><b>WILLARD BATTERIES</b></p> <p>and service.</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p><b>LUBBOCK BATTERY &amp; ELECTRIC CO.</b></p>	<p>The kind of goods most people want at prices that are not extravagant.</p> <p><b>TEXAS VARIETY CO.</b></p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p>
<p><b>MOORE BROTHERS</b></p> <p>FURNITURE HARDWARE HARNESS LEATHER GOODS AUTO TOPS, ETC.</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p>	<p><b>CITY TAILOR SHOP</b></p> <p>Cleaning and Pressing done right. Hats reblocked in any style.</p> <p>Phone 233.</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p><b>A. L. HAWKINS, PROP.</b></p>	<p>Call at 1622, 11th Street for a Policy in</p> <p><b>Southland Life Insurance Co.</b></p> <p>If you don't find me in my office in Citizens National Bank Building.</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p>	<p><b>DEL MONTE</b></p> <p>The cleanest little eating place, and</p> <p>"IT'S ON 11TH STREET."</p> <p>That's going some!</p> <p><b>L. O. GRIGGS, PROP.</b></p>

**"IF IT IS IN LUBBOCK--LOOK ON 11TH STREET"**



**MICKIE, THE PRINTER'S DEVIL**

By Charles Sughroe  
© Western Newspaper Union

So That's That!



**Care and Feed of Growing Chicks**

(By F. W. Kazmeier, Poultry Husbandman, A. & M. College)

Chicks that are eight to ten weeks old demand somewhat different care and feeding to baby chicks. The house should be cleaned and disinfected regularly. We are using sand as litter for the growing chicks, renewing it once a week. We also paint inside of house and all fixtures once a week with common kerosene or Beaumont Oil to keep down mites and blue bugs. It is very important to do this if it is desired to raise strong and vigorous chicks.

- 30 pounds Wheat Bran.
  - 30 pounds Corn Meal.
  - 30 pounds Ground Milo.
  - 15 pounds Meat Scraps.
  - 5 pounds Ground Bone Meal.
- The following grain mixture is fed:
- 40 pounds cracked corn.
  - 40 pounds wheat milo.
  - 20 pounds whole wheat.

**Hopper Feed.**  
One of the best ways of feeding growing chicks is to hopper feed them both grain and dry mash. These hoppers are constructed so they will shed rain and can be placed outside in the shade. Our hoppers are large enough to hold week's supply of feed. We are feeding the following dry mash mixture:

In addition to the above we are feeding large quantities of milk. We are buying all the surplus milk from a nearby dairy at 6 1-2 c per gallon. We allow this to clabber before feeding. We are also beginning to feed semi-solid buttermilk, which is a commercial product. Milk in some form appears almost necessary to get a profitable and rapid development. We have about 5000 chicks of various ages on our yards, S. C. White Leghorns, Barred Rocks and

a few Reds, all are doing fine on the above feed. Later we intend to increase the feeding of semi-solid buttermilk.

Fresh water is placed before them twice a day and three times a day would be still better. Few people realize the importance of plenty of fresh water, especially in hot weather. If they could only see how eagerly they drink of this fresh water when it is provided. Provide a sufficient number of drinking vessels so they never have to crowd.

**Colonizing.**  
When the chicks are 8 to 10 weeks old, we separate the sexes. Most of the cockerels go into fattening coops for ten or fourteen days, and then are sold as broilers. Up to present time we have sold our surplus cockerels, locally at the price of 60c each. A few of the real early ones brought 75c each. The latter ones we are going to have to sell at 50c each.

The pullets are placed in movable 5'x10' coops and colonized out over the farm in the corn lot, cotton patch or pasture. The first few days in their new location we confine the pullets to the house and a small covered yard. In about a week this yard is removed and they are allowed free range. We scatter these small coops all over the farm giving each flock of 125 pullets a nice place to range over. Pullets grown colonized out like this gain one great advantage, outside of developing rapidly, and that is they are so healthy and strong they seldom contract such contagious diseases as croup and sorehead.

It is indeed a beautiful view to see several thousand snow white pullets, ranging over a ten acre pasture, all enjoying themselves. Plenty of green food, grit, fresh water, shade and feed in special feed boxes. These pullets are much superior to ordinary pullets raised in the ordinary way.

**Shade.**  
It is beginning to get warm, and already we are busy building artificial shade for those not fortunate enough to have natural shade. Natural shade is much preferred. We have peach, plum, mulberry, fig, China berry, and several varieties of shade trees for the use of the growing chicks, but not enough for our large flock; so this year we are using the shutters from off the dwelling. We place four stakes in the ground about four feet above the ground, framed together on top. We place the wooden shutters on this frame, and find this to make an excellent shade for the chickens. The drinking vessels and feed hoppers should always be placed in the shade. We use wooden shutters hinged at the top to swing out, one in each side of the building, these are opened all day and night. We do not use glass windows.

The houses are blocked about a foot above the ground, the place beneath the house furnishing a cool and shady place for the growing chicks during the hot part of the day.

All houses have one inch mesh poultry netting over the opening. Good padlocks are used to lock the doors. It pays to add these safe guards.

**Green Food.**  
At the present we are feeding rape and turnips for green food, in addition to the green food they can pick up on a pasture. Rape is a very excellent green food.

We have sown some sudan grass seed, and hope it will provide green food later in the summer. (Copyright by F. W. Kazmeier 1922)

**MANAGER UTILITIES COMPANY PAINFULLY INJURED**  
H. L. Allen, manager of the local branch of the Texas Utilities Company, was painfully injured Tuesday when he fell from an ice machine at the company's plant, and broke a rib as he was thrown against the side of the machine by the fall.

He is now able to be about, but is all dolled up in bandages, and doesn't move about with that ease and swiftness so characteristic of his energetic movements.

We are in hopes he will be able to resume work again before many days.

Try Avalanche classified ads. They get results.

**JUST FOR YOU---**

You want to keep getting the good meats that I have always sold to you and it is for that reason as well as others that my market goes on a cash basis June the first.

**SID CARAWAY (HIMSELF)**

**Thos. B. Love Sees Triumph For Democrats**

Thomas B. Love, Texas member of the Democratic National Committee, who on Saturday returned to his home in Dallas after a stay of five weeks in the North and East, proclaimed as his unqualified opinion that the next house of representatives will be Democratic, and that the triumph to be won by the party of which he is a member will be as signal as that which characterized the off elections of 1910, following the election of President Taft two years before.

"During my stay in the North and East," said Mr. Love, "I made it part of my business to make inquiries regarding political conditions in at least a dozen of the important states of the union. I am convinced the present overwhelming republican majority in the house will be overturned after the general election in the fall. That means, of course, that a Democratic speaker, a Democratic majority leader and all other house officers will be our faith. I do not think I am carried away by enthusiasm. The conclusions reached by me are mature and based on actual observations and careful investigations.

"Reverting to Texas conditions, the most interesting matter in this state is the redemption of the Fourteenth (San Antonio) congressional district, now represented by Harry M. Wurzbach, a political accident, who was elected in the landslide of 1920.

"It is my understanding there are at least four Democratic aspirants for the Democratic nomination against Wurzbach, whose nomination is generally conceded. It is my further understanding that whoever is named by the Democrats of the district will be successful at the fall election.

"Speaking as a plain Democrat and citizen, I do not believe any man who has blundered as Wurzbach has, can win, especially when it is considered that he is a Republican running in a Democratic district. Furthermore, I know enough about the Democratic National Committee to realize that whatever help is required to insure the defeat of Wurzbach in the matter of speakers and literature will be given.

"I am tired of having it thrown up to me that Texas in 1920 sent a Republican representative to congress and that one of our districts went for Harding. We are going to change that not only in the state, but in the Nation.

"As evidence that the Democrats of Texas are awake to the situation it was pleasing to learn before I returned home of the splendid victory of Guinn Williams in the Thirteenth district to succeed the lamented Lucian W. Parrish for the term. The Republican, I have learned, used their very best tricks and injected into the situation an out and out Republican running as an independent. It is gratifying to know that he trailed, in that special election, a field of two democratic men and a Democratic woman and that his total vote was negligible.

**CECIL PEOPLES TOURS WITH C. C. QUARTETTE**

Cecil Peoples, of Idalou, a member of the Clarendon College quartette leaves about June first to make a summer tour of a number of towns of Texas, Oklahoma, and New Mexico. Other members of the quartette are P. W. Walker, of Breckenridge; William Craig, of Friendship, Tenn.; and John Thompson of Manitou, Okla.

**The Manhattan Parlor & Cafe**

- DELICIOUS CANDIES
- DRINKS
- FOOD.

"A Good Place to Meet Your Friends"

**WHEAT LOOKING FAIRLY GOOD**

A Banner man, with his body guard, Raymond Miller, was called to Crosbyton Saturday. This is the first time we have been over this section of the county since the first big general rain, and we must say that we found it looking fine. After emerging from the town we saw on every side fields, either growing in wheat, or in high state of cultivation, being planted to maize, kaffir corn and cotton. Wheat, that part of it that weathered the dry season, is the best that we have ever seen, and while for a time it was thought that the wheat crop would be a complete failure, it is coming to the front, and from present indications, will be one of our mainstays this year—will be the means of bringing much surplus money into the country, which is going to be badly needed about this time.

It was Saturday, but when we reached our sister town, Crosbyton, we found very few people on the streets, due to the fact that all of the farmers were engaged in planting—they were making hay while the sun shines—for when it commences to rain on the plains it is hard to tell just when it will stop, and our people, from previous experience, know that it is highly essential that they put in every available day. From indications that met our eyes it is very probable that the plains will harvest one of the largest crops in its history this year. And due to the fact, that we are practically on a cash basis, there will be much prosperity here this fall. Watch us grow, and the growth will be substantial, not the boom day kind.

**Preparations For The New Crop Are Well Under Way.**  
Reports come from all portions of our territory that the planting of the crop is now well under way, and if the rain God will only assist for a short time, the crop will be in the ground.

While the spring rains set in rather late to help wheat much, and a great deal of it has been plowed under to make room for feed or cotton, there are thousands of acres that are well on the way to maturity, and we are informed from good authority that wheat in some sections will make from twenty to thirty bushels per acre, regardless of the drought that prevailed just after it was put in the ground.

The Plains is a great country—one of the best to be found—and even though at times it may seem that we are up against it for moisture, it never fails to deliver the goods, and rains always come in time to make crops. Come to the Ralls country, where you may bask in the

?

—The Question is: Why should I be careful where I buy groceries.

!

—The surprising answer is: Because you can save money!

\$

—Money is what you strive for; and the helpful wife will help her mate by getting good groceries at moderate prices.

JUST PHONE 594

**INMON Grocery Co.**

sunshine of prosperity and be rocked in the lap of luxury.—Ralls Banner.

**Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR**  
**Attention FORD Owners**

Ford parts, like almost everything else worth while, are counterfeited. Imitation parts are manufactured to SELL at the highest possible rate of profit and the grades of steel used are consequently not the same high quality, specially heat-treated alloy steels specified in Ford formulas for the manufacture of GENUINE FORD PARTS.

Don't be misled—insist upon GENUINE FORD PARTS made by the Ford Motor Company. By so doing you will get from 35 to 100 per cent more wear from them, and you will pay the lowest possible cost—the same everywhere.

When your Ford car or Fordson tractor needs attention, call on us. For remember we are properly equipped, employ competent mechanics, and use Genuine Ford Parts and Fordson parts in all repair work.

**50 PER CENT OF GENUINE FORD PARTS RETAIL FOR LESS THAN 10c EACH**  
Ask for Parts Price List

**Lubbock Auto Co.**  
Lubbock, Texas

**C. D. SHAMBURGER LUMBER**

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS  
We Sell Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes.  
L. H. McLarty, Manager  
710 Thirteenth Street, Phone 419  
1614 Sixteenth Street, Phone 604



**RATES PER LINE  
OR FRACTION  
THEREOF 10c**

# Avalanche Classified Ads

**GET QUICK RESULTS PHONE 14**  
You can get quick sales or purchase by placing an ad in this department

**NO AD TAKEN  
FOR LESS THAN  
30 CENTS**

**FOR SALE**

**FOR SALE**—Two 1920 Model Buicks in good shape, reasonable terms to responsible parties. Phone 796, Lubbock Buick Co. 11-1f

**FOR SALE**—Registered Hampshire Rams. H. O. Pettit, 10 miles West of Abernathy, Texas. 17-18p

**FOR SALE**—2 choice located residence lots on 13th St., 1-2 blocks from new High School location. Phone 29. 24-4

**FOR SALE**—Good, fresh Jersey milk cows. S. P. Eoff. Phone 9041-F21. 27-2p

**FOR SALE**—Canary Birds. Phone 121. 27-1p

**Nancy Hall, Bradly Yam and Porto Rico** potato plants, 35c per hundred. J. R. Shackelford. Phone 9032. 24-1p

**FOR SALE OR TRADE**—One Oakland Six Touring Car in fair condition. Good Tires, Lubbock Buick Company. 26-1f

**FOR SALE**—Hail Insurance. If you are thinking of taking out Hail insurance on your crop, be sure to come in and see us. Cheap Rates, Reliable Company and Fair Adjustments. Texas Land Exchange. 22-1f

**FOR SALE**—Jersey cow, fresh. See T. S. Rucker. 23-5

**FOR SALE**—A good second hand Ford—also automobiles for trade. J. M. Bradley. 27-1

**FOR SALE**—100 chicks today and next week from White Leghorn Winners. Phone-Pevchouse, 9031-F6 27-1p

**FOR SALE**—2 1-2 acres on Broadway, at a bargain. Texas Land Exchange. 22-1f

**FOR SALE**—Residences in all parts of the City, also lots and business houses. Buy now for they are going UP. Texas Land Exchange. 22-1f

**FOR SALE**—Potato slips, now ready, one mile North Bowles Dairy. Call fill 8000 order. Phone 9020-F11 W. N. Haynie. 26-1f

**FOR SALE**—Potato plants, now ready. Get them fresh from the beds, they will live and grow. I grow my own plants. Near Grammar School. Call 618. F. D. Blake. 25-1f

**FOR SALE**—One McCray Four can milk Ice Box. A bargain. See S. L. Darby. 26-1f

**FOR SALE OR TRADE**—Cleveland six car, good as new, for cash or will trade on well located, desirable home, or lots. F. R. King, at Lubbock Laundry. 26-2p

**FOR SALE**—One draft team and set Government Harness, also some cheap lots, 400 acres of land at Littlefield. A. F. McDonald. 26-1f

**FOR RENT**

**FOR RENT**—Nicely furnished five room house, close in. 1614 Avenue K. Phone 435-M. 22-1f

**FOR RENT**—Rooms for lights housekeeping, either furnished or unfurnished. 704 Ave. L. Phone 727. 27-2

**FOR RENT**—4 room house, also plenty of storage room. A. F. McDonald. 25-1f

**FOR RENT**—Nice bedroom. phone 687. 26-1f

**FOR RENT**—Offices in the Leader Building. No rooming apartments, strictly for office purposes. Place being thoroughly renovated. Apply to Mrs. Mollie D. Abernathy. Phone 346. 24-1f

**FOR RENT**—2 furnished light housekeeping rooms on South side of house. Phone 685. 27-1f

**FOR RENT**—2 nicely furnished light housekeeping rooms, close in. Mrs. H. O. Waters. Phone 684. 27-1f

**FOR RENT**—Nicely furnished bedroom, close in on walk. Mrs. J. B. Pryor. Phone 372. 27-1f

**FOR RENT**—3 unfurnished, new, modern, clean, downstairs rooms for summer months. Phone 250, 1507 Avenue K. 27-1p

**FOR RENT**—Four unfurnished rooms and bath, June 1. T. S. Rucker. 23-5

**FOR RENT**—Store room with four living rooms in connection. Corner of 1 and 14th. Street. See M. Fulton. 26-1f

**FOR RENT**—One, two or three room apartment furnished or unfurnished, close in. Phone 293. 26-2

**FOR RENT**—Brick building on Square, Lubbock. Price right and 5 year contract. Texas Land Exchange. 22-1f

**MISCELLANEOUS**

**Notice**—A thoroughbred Jersey bull will make the season at Atkin's Wagon Yard. Phone 269. 21-1f

White Leghorn eggs to put out on shares, divided at hatching time. Phone 9018. Frank Bowles. 12-1f

**WANTED**  
WANTED—To rent four or five room furnished house for a few months. James C. Teague, Architect. P. O. Box 115, or Room 8, Conley Building. 27-1p

**WANTED**—Plowing, hauling, and general job work. Phone 533-M. C. McDonald, 1806 Avenue C. 25-2p

**WANTED**—To trade, a good farm for stock of merchandise. Texas Land Exchange. 26-1f

**WANTED**—To trade, some farms for residence property in Lubbock. Texas Land Exchange. 26-1f

**LOST AND FOUND**

**LOST**—Friday on North Canyon road set of chain harness. Reward. W. K. Ames. 27-1p

**LOST**—Wednesday between Lubbock and Ropesville, one long gray, heavy overcoat. Return to Lubbock State Bank and receive reward. Jno. H. Doyle. 27-2

## R. and R. Lindsey Gave Theatre Party to the Children of Lubbock Saturday Afternoon—Large Crowd

And just to prove that he was willing to show his little friends a good time the doors of his Lindsey Theater were thrown wide open to them Saturday at 1:30 p. m., while more than we could possibly count filed through. Little sisters with little brothers, running, dancing, crawling and in every other method of childish travel made their way through the crowd to see the big picture.

One with any appreciation of childish characteristics certainly could have a lot of pleasure at seeing the little ones so elated over the theater party, their merriment being expressed in more ways than any grown-up could possibly think of.

It being well advertised that the little ones from fourteen years down would be admitted free, they were all there, and when finally the "rush" was over and the nice picture had been partly run, one could hear from all corners and direction

of the building the expressions of opinions as to what would finally happen to the villain, but none of them, however, seemed satisfied to take their own judgment for the matter, but stayed on the job waiting until "the end" came, at which time another rush was staged.

Ed Rowley, new manager of the theater, and owner with Mr. Robb of the R. & R. theaters throughout Texas and Oklahoma, is sparing neither cost nor effort in making the Lindsey the very place for the ladies and children to spend their spare time. He is a great lover of children, and from all appearances we believe the little tots will soon become acquainted enough with his generosity to be real admirers of him, and will no doubt have occasion to form real friendship with the entire Lindsey force, as Mr. Rowley plans for their every wish and comfort to be supplied while in the theater, and everyone associated

with the show is at the services of the patrons. While the little fellows were enjoying the show Saturday Mr. Rowley told an Avalanche reporter that he believed he would succeed in making his theater the most pleasant place in town for the little tots, their mothers and sisters, and concluded the conversation by stating that "if we make this theater ladies and children's headquarters, that will prove to the men that we have something worth coming to, and the fact that we place emphasis upon pleasing the ladies and children does not mean anyone is overlooked in our attempts to make the Lindsey everybody's theater."

Mr. Rowley's long experience in the show business is proving great asset to Lubbock, as he has done considerable work on improving the building and is planning on more extensive improvements as the days pass. The large pipe organ recently installed is a great asset to the show, the expert organist renders such numbers as are best suited to the pictures, which adds greatly to the program. "The thing I am after is getting people back to some interest in picture shows," Mr. Rowley said, and further stated that he was going to offer every inducement possible to his patrons that

they may be pleased with every performance.

Our observation is that if all the other patrons are just one tenth as elated over the entertainments as were the little tots Saturday afternoon Mr. Rowley will realize his every ambition.

### AT THE CHURCHES

**Cumberland Presbyterian Church**  
Sunday School real interesting from all points of view, with 96 present, 26 absent and a goodly number of daily bible readers.

Morning service was well attended. The clean-up campaign of our city by the pastors-association gave Bro. Baker some real thoughts of the danger you and I are bringing our children up under, and we only hope that the Lubbock congregations stand by our pastors in their stand they have taken for God and the right.

Night service. We missed you but Bro. Baker did not fail to deliver a real gospel sermon.

**Church of Christ**  
John T. Smith, pastor of the Church of Christ, was absent Sunday, being in Amarillo, where he is conducting a revival meeting, and the services were conducted by Hugh Clark, son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Clark, of Lubbock.

Young Clark proved himself an able preacher, and his many friends in Lubbock were glad to hear him talk.

He is now pastor of the Winters church, having recently finished work at the Christian College at Abilene.

Needless to say the many friends of the young preacher were glad to welcome him to Lubbock, and he will find a hearty welcome waiting him here in the future.

Evening services were conducted by popular request from members who wished to hear young Clark preach.

Sunday school was well attended, the beautiful day seemed to inspire everyone to a complete realization of their opportunities to participate in the school, and receive instructions from the able teachers.

**Methodist Church**  
Sunday school was well attended. Sunday being the last day of the contest between the Plainview and the Lubbock schools, and considerable enthusiasm was made manifest throughout the hour. 620 were present.

The Junior and Senior departments seem to be gaining in numbers all the time, while the older members are leading the little folks a close second in class enrollment and attendance.

The Ladies Class, taught by W. C. Rylander, had a nice run-up in attendance and there were sixty-seven present. This is the most enthusiastic bunch of workers in the school, and are doing a great deal of good work outside the class work.

Mrs. Stanton's class of young ladies will hold a food sale at the Rix Furniture Store Saturday. These young ladies are graduates of the L. H. S. Domestic Science classes, and know something about the culinary art that makes these food sales something worth while. If one has dined upon a selection of food purchased at one of these sales they know something about the quality of the foods they offer, and unless this has been your good fortune take it from us you have missed something.

Another good sermon was preached in the morning hour by Rev. Ferguson to an attentive audience. Rev. Ferguson is an able speaker and his talks are always short, instructive and worth while.

The Senior Epworth League has on a Ford vs. Buick attendance and membership contest, the losers to banquet the winners at the climax of the race, and the young people are showing considerable interest in the work.

N. K. Dupre and wife, of Crosbyton, were in Lubbock the first of the week, visiting at the home of Mr. Dupre's parents, Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Dupre.

Mrs. John M. Hettler, from north of Lubbock, is in a local sanitarium under care of specialists.

## NOTICE

THE FIRST FIVE BOYS, to register at the Pool after 1 o'clock every day of this week will be given a free swim. THE HEATING PLANT IS FINISHED and water will be heated after TUESDAY.

## TUMBLE "N"

### \$365 IN PRIZES FOR BEST RHYMES

A new contest is just being started which will interest everyone who reads this paper. Anyone can enter this Contest—anyone can win! All it is necessary to do is to write a 4-line rhyme on Dr. Price's Phosphate Baking Powder, using only the words which appear on the label of the Dr. Price can (front and back). Isn't that easy? Everyone likes to make rhymes and here is a chance to spend a fascinating hour or two writing rhymes on this popular Baking Powder and perhaps winning a substantial prize for your efforts.

27 CASH PRIZES  
For the rhyme selected as best a prize of \$100 will be given; for the second, third and fourth best rhymes prizes of \$75, \$50, and \$25, respectively will be given. And besides these prizes there will be 23 prizes of \$5 each for the next 23 best rhymes. With such a long list of prizes as these, it would be a pity not to try your hand.

Here's a 4-line rhyme example: Biscuits, muffins, pie or cake, With Dr. Price's Powder bake. The Price's Co. guarantee No alum in the cans to be.

As Dr. Price's Phosphate Baking Powder sells for only 25 cents a 12 oz. can, some rhymes could play up the great economy of this pure and wholesome baking powder.

All rhymes must be received by July 1, 1922. Only words appearing on the label of the Dr. Price can (front and back) may be used. These words may be used as often as desired, but no other words will be allowed. If you haven't a can of Dr. Price's, you can see one free at almost any grocer's. It is not a requirement that you purchase a can in order to be eligible in this Contest.

Anyone may enter the Contest, but only one rhyme from each person will be considered. In case of ties, the full amount of the prize will be given to each tying contestant. Write plainly on only one side of a sheet of paper and be sure to give your name and address. Send your rhyme before July 1st to Price Baking Powder Factory, 1005 Independence Blvd., Chicago, Ill. 27-3t

### BROTHERS OF WORLD WAR HEROES HERE FOR SERVICES

Harry Allen, ranchman of Jayton, arrived in Lubbock last week and made arrangements to stay over until after the Decoration day exercises at the Lubbock cemetery tomorrow.

Phillip and Terrell Allen, for whom the local post American Legion is named, were brothers of Harry, and he is here commemorating the memories of the great service they rendered the American government.

It is indeed a pleasure to the people of Lubbock to have Mr. Allen here for this occasion, and every heart and home bids him welcome to our city.

Mrs. J. M. Denman and two children, accompanied by Miss Pearl Denman, left Saturday evening for Fort Worth, where they will spend a few days with relatives and friends.

Mrs. J. C. Green, of Clayton, N. M., is in a local sanitarium for an operation.

John Bednarz, of Slaton, was in the Lubbock Sanitarium last week where he underwent an operation.

John D. says in an interview that the financial outlook is very bright. What does the guy on the park bench say?—New York American.

### POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

The following parties authorize the placing of their names in this column for the various offices, subject to the Democratic Primary, in July, and ask a favorable consideration of their claims:

**For County Judge:**  
P. F. BROWN, Lubbock, (Re-election)  
D. W. PUCKETT, Lubbock  
GEORGE W. FOSTER

**For County Attorney:**  
JOHN R. MCGEE, Lubbock, (Re-election.)  
OWEN W. McWHORTER  
C. W. BEENE, Lubbock

**For Clerk of The District Court:**  
LOUIE F. MOORE

**For County Clerk:**  
HERBERT STUBBS,  
G. T. CRAWFORD

**For County Treasurer:**  
J. S. SLOVER,  
WILL MCKINLEY,  
CHRIS HARWELL,  
LESTER L. MILLER

**For Sheriff:**  
C. A. HOLCOMB, Lubbock, (Re-election)  
JOE W. PERKINS, Lubbock  
B. I. TUBBS, Lubbock  
I. J. OSBORNE,  
H. L. (BUD) JOHNSTON.

**For Tax Collector:**  
SAM SPIKES, Lubbock (Re-election)  
TONY Q. DYESS, Lubbock,  
A. J. CLARK, Lubbock,  
ANSEL HINES Lubbock.

**For Tax Assessor:**  
E. C. BURNS, Lubbock, (Re-election.)  
A. B. JONES, Lubbock.

**For County Superintendent:**  
E. R. HAYNES, Re-election (Lubbock)

**For County Commissioner, Prec. 1**  
M. M. CRAWFORD, Lubbock Re-election.  
J. H. BURROUGHS  
MARVIN T. WARLICK.

**County Commissioner, Prec. No. 3:**  
B. N. WHEELER, Idalou, Re-election.

**For Commissioner, Prec. No. 4:**  
J. C. SHAW,  
L. C. DENTON.

**For Justice of the Peace, Prec. No. 1:**  
J. WESLEY SMITH (Re-election)  
J. H. RICHARDSON,  
GEO. B. MULLINS,  
COL. W. E. JOHNSON, (Auctioneer)

**For Public Weigher, Prec. No. 1:**  
C. T. JACKSON, Lubbock (Re-election).  
J. F. BUMPASS, Lubbock,  
T. W. McNEELY, Lubbock  
J. P. NELSON,  
JIM SCOTT, Lubbock

**For Public Weigher, Prec. 3:**  
(Idalou)  
J. D. FUGITT.

### HOCKLEY AND COCHRAN COUNTIES:

**For Tax Assessor:**  
W. G. FRAZIER,  
LEONARD C. TOW.

**For Sheriff and Tax Collector:**  
J. A. STROUD, (re-election)

It took 22 days to reach a vote in the Senate on the first item of the tariff bill—and there are said to be several thousands of items.

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