

THE LUBBOCK AVA LANCHE

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LUBBOCK, LUBBOCK COUNTY, TEXAS, TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1922.

PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK

SCHOOL CLOSES MOST SUCCESSFUL TERM IN THE HISTORY OF LUBBOCK

FORTY-TWO IN GRADUATING CLASS—ALL PASS AND MAKE GOOD GRADES—PRAISED BY THE SUPT.

SEVENTY GRAMMAR SCHOOL GRADUATES

Methodist Church Was Crowded Thursday and Friday Evenings As the Grammar School Graduates and Seniors Hold Their Exercises and Receive Diplomas.

Lubbock schools closed a most successful term last week. According to Prof. M. M. Dupre, Superintendent of the Schools, it has been the best year in the history of the school. They have been handicapped too, as the rooms have all been crowded, and the teachers have all had too many pupils, but they have waded through the term, and brought it to a most excellent close.

Thursday evening, the Grammar school put on a very fine Commencement program. The First Methodist church was filled to overflowing, and the program entertainingly rendered by the large class, composed of seventy members, as follows:

S. C. Arnett, James Ater, Stancel Bagwell, Claude Barton, Harold Bowen, Lemuel Box, Theolon Burns, Orland Cary, Darrel Casey, Charles Coleman, Homer Crawford, Sam T. Davis, Jr., Percy Denton, Orvie L. Green, Stockton Henry, Melton Hill, Homer Hunt, Lois Ingram, Kinsey Miller, Ameral Payne, Gillford Scott, Wesley Smith, Willie B. Waldrop, A. V. Weaver, Eugene Wilson, Bylem Moore, Herbert Walker, Vera Bales, Margaret Baskin, Dorris Baugh, Mary Lou Bayless, Alice Bean, Jeanette Blakely, Doyle Blankenship, Deema Brdley, Mary Parker Brown, Eula Mae Brown, Bona Brown, Pearl Brown, Kate Burns, Saram Maud Chauncey, Ora Voe Conway, Rena Crawford, Lottie Belle Daniel, Irma Grice, Gladys Harkey, Lois Haynie, Maurine Henderson, Mabelle Hutson, Rotan Judd, Vivian Keaster, Helen Law, Ruby Levy, Hazel Martin, Norma Mathis, Adelle Melton, Ruth Miller, Ruth Noah, Velma Osborne, Ethel Ider, Claudine Smalley, Kate Walker, Ethel May Whipp, Hazel White, Etta Wilkinson, Josephine Witt.

The program follows: Processional. Chorus—The May Pole Class. Invocation—Mrs. J. N. Julien. Salutation—Maurine Henderson. Class Sketch—James Ater. Trio: Leona Davis, Dorris Baugh, Mary Lou Bayless, Claudine Smalley. Reading: "Sandy McDonald's Signal"—Kate Sowder. Cartoonist—Kinsey Miller, assisted by S. C. Arnett and Orvie Green. Reading: "Star Spangled Banner"—Mary Lois Thompson. Chorus—Class. Valedictorian—Vivian Keaster. Presentation of Diplomas—Dr. J. T. Hutchinson.

Friday evening the Senior class, numbering forty-two, had their Commencement program at the church and the following program was greatly enjoyed by a large crowd of parents, relatives and friends of the graduates:

March—Chorus: "June Song"—The Class. Invocation—Rev. W. A. Bowen. Girls Chorus: (a) "A Garden Lullaby" (Barcarole); (b) "Star Lullaby".

Salutatorian—Ala B. Burns. Class Poem—Claudine Phillips. Chorus: "The Gypsy Trail"—The Class. President's Address—J. R. Dow. Class History—Carlisle Tubbs. Male Quartette—Jolly Fellows. Class Prophecy—Chardo Pierce. Presentation of Key—J. R. Dow. Chorus—"Pond Lilies". Valedictorian—Lela D. Puryear. Presentation of Diplomas—Dr. J. T. Hutchinson. Chorus—Selected—The Class. Every member of the class acquitted themselves well, in this service, and showed they had been studious, and under good training. They were in tip-top condition and the renditions were fine. Ala Burns as salutatorian delivered the message in striking words, and was followed by Claudine Phillips, who gave the class poem to the pleasure of the audience. The president's address by Rankin Dow, was well received, while the class history by Carlisle Tubbs, was very interesting indeed. It took us back to the days when the present senior class entered school, and brought us up through the years grad by grad, year by year naming many of the teachers who had been instrumental in training them up for this event, and Chardo Pierce, with the Class prophecy entertained the audience for ten or fifteen minutes with an interesting paper on what the class members would come to in the future. Valedictorian Lela Puryear brought a message to the audience that was well received, and enjoyed, while the choruses were entertaining and brought out much talent among the class members. Dr. J. T. Hutchinson, who has been president of the school board for many years, delivered a short address to the class and presented them with their diploma, after which Prof. Dupre addressed the class. He was quite complimentary to them. He said he believed it was the best class that Lubbock school had ever turned out. They had been good, obedient and had given scarcely any trouble,

and that every member of the class passed with a creditable grade.

Mr. Dupre then told the audience of the crowded conditions of the school. He said he did not know what they were going to do with the children during the first half of the next term, as it would be the first of January before the new High School building could be finished, and some way would have to be provided for taking care of them until the new building was available. He stated further that the school could not be operated on the same tax money that it has in the past, and that the people should get in behind the proposition to raise the tax rate from fifty cents to ninety, so that more teachers can be employed, and additional rooms provided. This election will be held the latter part of next month, and it is equally as important as the bond election. Keep this in mind, and be sure to take care of the school interests in Lubbock, as this is of very great importance.

Five Nurses Are Graduated From Local Sanitarium

The fourth Annual commencement exercises of the graduates from the training school for Nurses, from the Lubbock Sanitarium will be given in the First Methodist church Tuesday evening, May the 3rd. This class participated in the commencement services of the high school graduates at the Methodist church last Sunday, Rev. Bowen, pastor of the First Baptist church, preaching the sermon. The following program will be rendered tonight by this class:

Invocation—Rev. C. N. N. Ferguson. Selection—Choir. Vocal Solo—Mrs. F. E. Wheelock. Selection—Orchestra. Address to Graduates—Col. Clark Mullican. Violin Solo—J. W. E. Brown. Selection—Choir. Florence Nightingale Pledge—By Class. Selection—Orchestra. Presentation of Diplomas—Dr. J. T. Hutchinson. Presentation of Pins—Miss E. DeMink, Supt. of Nurses. Words of Gratitude—Johnelle Spencer. Benediction—Rev. W. A. Bowen. Those composing the class of 1922 are: Dixie Spencer, Johnelle Spencer, Lydia Spencer, Ethel Carlson and Lillie May Price. This class invites the public to be present at these exercises, and a good crowd should be present to honor them on this occasion. Our sanitariums are great assets to the community, and the work of the graduate nurse is such that anyone should appreciate them and do honor to them and their profession by being present at these exercises.

THORNTON HOME BURNED SATURDAY AFTERNOON

The home of R. T. Thornton, in the northeast part of town, north of the railroad, was totally destroyed by fire Saturday afternoon at about one thirty.

Mr. Thornton was in Post City at the time, and did not know of the fire for several hours after the place had been destroyed.

Mrs. Thornton had been ironing, using an oil stove with which to heat the irons, and had walked out into the yard and did not discover the fire until the place was well under flames, it looked as though the tank on the stove had exploded, scattering the flames all over the room.

All that was saved of the furnishings was a baby chair and Mrs. Thornton's trunk.

The place had been insured several months ago, but how long the policy was in force was not known.

Many friends of the family regret very much the loss of the home. Mr. Thornton is employed by the Waples-Platter Grocery Company, and was in Post to bring back a salesman's car that had been left there.

LAMESA BANKER INTERESTED IN AUTOMOBILE AGENCY

The Lub-Tax Motor Company, distributors of Overland Automobiles has made a slight change recently. Mr. John L. Vaughn, formerly cashier of the First National Bank, of Lamesa, having purchased an interest in the business, and is now actively engaged in helping to conduct the business policy of that firm. Mr. Vaughn comes to Lubbock highly recommended as a booster and builder, and we are indeed glad to have him locate here.

Assistant Postmaster General Says Great Changes Should Be Made In the United States Postal System

Every postoffice building in the country should be owned by the Government and the old system of leasing buildings should be "scrapped," declared First Assistant Postmaster General Bartlett in voicing disapproval of a system which made it necessary for the Postoffice Department recently to lease at an annual rental of more than \$2,000,000 a large structure for mail purposes in New York City. Mr. Bartlett said that the Government could save millions if a common sense business program could be laid before Congress with a fair chance of inducing that body to appropriate a sufficient sum each year for purchasing instead of leasing buildings.

The Postoffice Department has sufficient funds to lease any building to be necessary to the proper conduct of the postal system, it was explained, but no appropriation is available for the purchase of a structure. Plans recently were completed providing that the department should lease a building in New York City for twenty years at a rental of \$25,000,000. Had the department been permitted by Congress to purchase land and erect its own building the whole transaction could have been handled for about \$8,000,000. Mr. Bartlett explained, adding that at the end of the twenty-year period the Government will be out \$25,000,000 and have nothing to show for it at the expiration of the lease.

"Radically Wrong" "The whole system is radically wrong and should be changed at once," the Assistant Postmaster General said. "Each year Congress should set aside a certain sum to

be used in the construction of buildings and gradually as leases expire all over the country the department would find itself the possessor of a system of splendid structures. This method would result in the saving of millions of dollars to the public. In many instances the Government is made to pay exorbitant rent. For instance, the department will lease a building in a small community for ten years and because of the postoffice site property in its vicinity will increase in value, the population of the town may increase tenfold and when the lease expires the owner of the property very frequently demands about three or four times the original rental and we are obliged to pay it or look for some other property."

Mr. Bartlett said he opposed the action of the Joint Postal Commission in recommending the lease of the New York building. The commission felt, however, it was said, that Congress would likely oppose such a move at this time and suggested that in view of congested conditions in the metropolis a lease be negotiated.

"In this instance," Mr. Bartlett said, "the owners of the land and those who will erect the new building which is to be used as an annex to the postoffice building will be obliged to pay taxes, borrow money at the rate possibly of 7 per cent and meet other conditions which, of course, would not have to be observed by the Government. The same condition prevails throughout the United States and the sooner Congress and the people realize what it is costing in dollars and cents the sooner corrective measures will be taken."

F. V. Neil Died Last Monday P. M. At Plainview, Tex.

F. V. Neil, of this city died in Plainview last week, at the home of his brother, D. M. Neil, of heart failure. Mr. Neil was one of Lubbock's best citizens, and his sudden demise caused no little amount of surprise, as he was in apparently good health when he left here only a few days prior to his death. He had gone to Plainview for a few days visit with his brother, and was taken suddenly ill with what was reported to be heart failure.

Mr. Neil had been a citizen of Lubbock for a number of years, and had been on the Plains several years. He was coming to take his place in the Plains. During his sojourn in Lubbock he had accumulated considerable property, and was progressive and a good business man. He was a member of the Methodist church, and was faithful to that denomination. He spent much of his money in the support of the church and for charitable purposes, and he no doubt has laid up treasures in Heaven, where neither moth nor rust doth corrupt, nor thieves do break through and steal. Rev. C. N. N. Ferguson, pastor of the First Methodist church of this city was called to Plainview to conduct the services, he being pastor of the deceased. Services were conducted in the First Methodist church at Plainview, and the remains were laid to rest in the Plainview cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. Neil was 64 years of age. He had never married, but leaves a number of relatives in this section to mourn his departure.

ANOTHER BRICK BUILDING TO BE CONSTRUCTED SOON

G. C. Morrow, of the Western Windmill Company, has made a contract with Abilene parties to erect a brick building on Broadway, but at this time we do not know what business the Abilene men will conduct.

Lubbock is growing by leaps and bounds, new brick buildings are dotting up on every corner, and the thing that looks good to us is that these buildings are of the very most substantial type, and the building contractors are kept busy, for no sooner than one is completed another is started, and rushed to completion.

We congratulate the Abilene parties on their good business judgment in selecting Lubbock as a place for their activities, and hope that they will become active factors in helping achieve great things for Lubbock.

GASOLINE WENT TO 28 CENTS LAST WEEK

According to government figures, or estimates furnished the government there is a greater storage of gasoline at the present time than almost any time heretofore, nevertheless gasoline is going up! Retailers are now paying, according to the best information obtainable, 23 cents per gallon in Lubbock and are retailing it now at 28 cents.

Judge Lockhart of Lamesa, was in Lubbock Thursday, transacting business. Mr. Lockhart is recognized as one of the big attorneys of West Texas, and his many friends in Lubbock are always glad to have him visit with them.

THE AMERICAN LEGION WILL HOLD MEMORIAL SERVICES NEXT TUES.

STORES WILL BE CLOSED ALL DAY AND APPROPRIATE SERVICES HELD IN THE NEW AUDITORIUM

DECORATE GRAVES OF DEAD SOLDIERS

You Are Urged to Give Information of the Name and Location of Grave of Any Soldier Who May Be Buried in the Lubbock Cemetery Whose Identity Might Not Be Known.

Man Killed, Woman Injured In Shooting Scrape In Andrews

The body of Mr. Ragsdale was brought to the Oquim Undertaking parlors this morning from Meadows ranch in Andrews County. His chest and shoulders were badly beaten up and a Winchester bullet, it appeared, had been fired into the top of his head and came out in the shoulder. The only details obtainable at present are that a difficulty occurred between Mr. Meadows and his son, known here as "Slim," over the disappearance of a ring. A fight had previously occurred between the senior Meadows and Ragsdale and late yesterday, it is reported, that Ragsdale had quite an encounter with them, in which Mrs. Ragsdale was considerably beat up, after which, it is reported, Ragsdale was tied with a rope and placed in a car, later he was shot and Mr. Meadows and son were taken to Midland and placed in jail and charged with the crime. These are the details available at present and are subject to correction of course, but it seems, coming from the source it does, that it is reliable. —Lamesa Reporter.

Soldier Bonus to Be Put Off Till Sometime In July

Washington, May 17.—The soldier bonus question, it is probable, will remain more or less dormant until about July 1.

According to reliable information from Senate leaders, President Harding has suggested that a postponement of consideration of a bonus bill until that time will accomplish two things:

First, it will enable this Government to reach a settlement with Great Britain on the question of funding Britain's loan, with the result that there will be negotiable British paper in the Treasury which will give the Treasury something to work on in financing the bonus. Second, a delay will permit of the working-out of a practicable measure, instead of the unwieldy compilation of a hodge-podge of ideas that has come out of both sides of Congress in the effort to provide a bonus promise without funds to carry it out.

RAILROAD COMMISSION MAKES RATES ON SOME COMMODITIES

Austin, May 20.—For the first time in five years the Texas Railroad Commission made freight rates without securing approval of the Interstate Commerce Commission. Restrictions imposed by the Shreveport rate order have been withdrawn and today the Texas Commission issued five circulars affecting rates.

The orders issued by the commission were:

It set for hearing June 13 application of the Pecos Valley Southern Railway Company to enlarge the five-cent differential allowed by that line in "cattle, beef and stock" to read "cattle including calves, beef, and stock, hogs, sheep and goats."

Approval was given to the rate of 69 1-2 cents per 100 pounds on soap from Galveston to El Paso with a minimum of 30,000 pounds.

Change was made in the heading on cotton seed oil and tank bottoms and in the tariff on cotton seed and packing house products.

The Rock Island's application for a rate of \$20 per car on refined petroleum oil being panther and Ford Worth was approved.

Special gasoline rates between several points were also approved.

SUNDAY A FINE DAY AND CHURCH WELL ATTENDED

Sunday was a very fine day, and many people attended church services at the various churches in Lubbock. The Sunday schools all showed a favorable attendance, and many people heard sermons at both houses during the day.

Mr. Grim, manager of the Redpath-Horner Chautauqua, arrived in Lubbock Friday and immediately set to work making arrangements for their program which will be held here from May 25th to 31st, inclusive.

Oscar Slaton, son of O. L. Slaton, who has been ill for a short time left Sunday morning for Dallas, where he will join his mother and sister for a short stay, returning with them to Lubbock in a few days.

"When it rains—it pours," and so it happens in Lubbock. When one thing starts everything else in the country starts with it—and the result is that we are rushed to death until it is all over. And the funny thing about it is—in Lubbock some starts almost every day and the things that follow never catch up until something new is started.

Commencement week is just closing when the Plainview Convention the Elks Ceremonial and Chautauqua week starts, and Tuesday of next week is Memorial Day and the American Legion announces a special memorial service and program for the day. All the stores of the city will be closed in conformity with an agreement signed last year declaring five holidays per year. The first in each year on Memorial Day, the next the 4th of July, the 11th of November and then Thanksgiving and Christmas. It is expected that every business house in Lubbock will be closed for the entire day next Tuesday, the 30th.

At 9 a. m. every ex-service man in Lubbock and adjoining counties will meet at the court house in uniform, where a parade will be formed and march to the new auditorium where appropriate services will be held. A complete program will be announced in Friday's paper. The G. A. R., Old Confederates, Spanish War Veterans, ex-service men of the late war—any ex-service men of foreign wars in any other army or under any flag—all of these are urged to meet at the court house promptly at 9 a. m., in uniform as far as it is possible, and to join in the parade to the Auditorium. The band will lead the parade and following the ceremony at the auditorium all will retire to the cemetery where the graves of old soldiers and others who served their country in any of the wars will be decorated with flowers.

Any one knowing of old soldiers buried in the Lubbock cemetery will confer a favor upon the Legion by calling Harold Griffith of Rix's and making sure that he has the name on his list of graves to be decorated. Of course we think we will have every grave in the cemetery identified but there might possibly be some one soldier overlooked unless you phone.

Rix's Undertaking Parlors will be receiving headquarters for flowers with which to decorate the graves of these men. It is asked that the flowers be not made into funeral wreaths, crosses, etc., but that they be made into plain bouquets, or sprays. (Do not wrap with American flag, for the flag should never be allowed to lie on the ground or have anything placed on top of it. The colors, red, white and blue, may be used if desired but not the flag.)

Everyone is asked to display a Flag in keeping with the policy of the American Legion to better observe our National Holidays every merchant, business house, private residence and other buildings in town is asked to display an American flag during the whole of Memorial Day. The flag should be raised after sunrise and taken in before sunset. (They should not be left out over night.) As far as possible the flags should be displayed from a staff or at least in an upright position and never placed so that any part can touch the ground. If you haven't a good grade flag, you should purchase one. They cost less than a dollar and will last indefinitely. But if you simply do not have one and will never think to order a good one in time for the National Holidays, at least get the largest cheap flag you can and display it. Let every house in Lubbock display the American flag Memorial Day.

The men who lie in Flanders, whose blood has stained the field of honor, are entitled to your reverence and honor toward the flag for which they paid the supreme sacrifice. It stands for the Liberty, Peace and Protection that YOU enjoy—purchased with their blood—and it is little to ask that you do them this honor.

Full detailed announcement will be made in Friday's paper as to the program. In the meantime, spread the news in all the adjoining counties among your friends and invite all ex-service men of all wars to join with the Legion next Tuesday in fitting memorial service.

F. R. FRIEND BUYS ANOTHER GOOD FARM

F. R. Friend, vice-president of Security State Bank and Trust Co., has recently purchased another farm in this section. This latter purchase was a tract of 120 acres located directly northwest of the Lubbock townsite and is one of the most valuable pieces of farm property on the Plains. Mr. Friend will improve this property.

Coming here about a year ago from Childress, Mr. Friend has demonstrated his faith in this section by purchase of several Plains farms—and this at a time when conditions were not near so favorable as at the present.

LYRIC

The South Plains Playhouse

Offers good entertainment in the Wednesday, (May 24th) Program.—Elaine Hammerstein, in "THE WAY OF A MAID" also Thursday, Lottie Pickford in "THEY SHALL PAY."—Remember RALEIGH BROWN and His Orchestra, each night.



ELAINE HAMMERSTEIN in "THE WAY OF A MAID" SELZNICK PICTURES



LOTTIE PICKFORD in "THEY SHALL PAY"

Free Proof That Ironized Yeast Builds Weight



What a Difference!

The above illustrations will give you an idea of what a wonderful improvement an addition of 15 pounds makes in a person's figure. Read how IRONIZED YEAST builds weight.

Beautifies Skin and Gives New Energy To Thin, Run-down Folks

Do you need more flesh? Are you run-down, pale or scrawny looking? Do you lack energy—or is your skin blemished by humiliating pimples, blackheads or boils? If so, here is good news for you! Simply mail coupon below for the famous Three Day FREE Trial Treatment of IRONIZED YEAST. Take these remarkable tablets—two with each meal—when get ready for a surprise!

Watch the Quick Results!

You simply will not believe your eyes when you see how quickly your skin begins to freshen, and how quickly pimples, etc., begin to disappear. Note the immediate increase in appetite and energy. And as for getting new, hard flesh on your bones—not flabby fat, but good firm flesh—people report gaining five pounds and more on the very first package of IRONIZED YEAST!

Yeast Best With Iron

The reason IRONIZED YEAST brings such splendid results is because it contains a specially cultured medicinal yeast which is unequalled for its richness in the essential Water Soluble B vitamins. Also contains the correct amount of the two other vitamins—E and C—both of which are equally important to health, yet lacking in the modern diet. Vitamins bring fine results even if taken alone—but when taken with a proper amount of easily assimilated organic iron, as in IRONIZED YEAST, these results are secured often in just half the usual time!

Try Ironized Yeast Today

Simply mail coupon for the wonderful Three Day FREE Trial Test. Or go to your druggist and get IRONIZED YEAST on our guarantee. FREE our famous 3-Day Trial Treatment. Watch the Results! Dept. 611

WARNING!

There are certain types of yeast which have absolutely no medicinal value. By insisting on IRONIZED YEAST, and refusing cheaper imitations or substitutes, you can be sure that you are taking a vitamin tonic treatment which is unsurpassed in effectiveness, convenience and genuine health-building value.

Note: Full Sized Packages of IRONIZED YEAST Sold at all Druggists

For Sale By Lubbock Drug Company.

Two Oil Workers Burned to Death Near Panhandle

Two men were burned to death and a third severely injured at the Texas Company oil well in Panhandle this morning at 1 o'clock. Ike A. Wilson, driller, and J. F. Patterson, truck driver, were burned so badly they died within a few hours, and F. M. Walton, tool dresser, is severely injured. Walton noticed electric sparks from a short circuit on wiring on the derrick and made a rush for the door of the dog house, yelling to his companions that an explosion was coming. The exploding gas ignited by the wiring threw him several yards from the dog house, and his two companions were caught by the full force of the blow-up. Patterson's eyes, hands, ears, nose and mouth were badly burned but despite this he lived eight hours. Drillers from other wells rushed to the scene of the flaming gas well

and battled the fire with steam from the boiler, but not before the derrick and tools were a total loss. Wilson's body was not recovered until the fire was finally extinguished.

CONTINUED RAIN DELAYS PLANTING AROUND HASKELL

Haskell, Texas, May 18.—A light rain fell over the county Tuesday stopping planting and delaying further planting for two or three days as the ground was already too wet in many places to plow. There is at this time no doubt the best season that this county has seen in many years, stock doing fine, corn and maize growing, gardens are fine as could be asked for this time of the year. The cold north wind for the last two or three days is not benefiting the cotton much at this time but two or three days sunshine will do away with that trouble. Every rain at this time boosts the small grain crop that was saved from the early drouth but at the same time is somewhat delaying the cotton planting and to some extent reducing the acreage for this year.

DR. D. D. HOWE

OSTEOPATHIC PHYSICIAN

Graduate of the American School of Osteopathy of Kirksville, Mo. Only Drugless healing recognized by the Texas State Medical Board. Here Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. Telephone No. 799.

For the months of May and June Treatments will be \$1.00 at office.

Room 207 SECURITY BANK BLDG. Lubbock, Texas

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS FROM THE LYNN COUNTY NEWS

Clifford Dickson, local insurance agent, had his Ford car stolen while in Lubbock last Thursday. Dickson parked his car in front of the Merrill Hotel, and had not been absent but a very few minutes when he missed the jitney, whereupon he immediately notified the Lubbock officers. They at once instituted a diligent search and wired all nearby towns to be on the lookout. The car was located the next day between Lubbock and Tahoka on the main highway, where the thieves had abandoned it. No damage was done, and everything was intact just as it was when Dickson left it. He went up Friday morning and brought the car home. Evidently the thieves did not know the vehicle was a Tahoka car, or else they would have headed in another direction. Mr. Dickson was indeed fortunate in finding his Ford so soon and at the same time practically undamaged.

R. B. Holland, field representative of the Mistletoe Creameries, Amarillo, Texas, spent Monday in Tahoka, looking after the interests of his company. Mr. Holland stated to the News man that Lynn county had the best highways out of 12 counties he had traversed recently, and that he especially wanted to compliment the county commissioners in the matter, who look after their upkeep.

A colored jazz band will be one of the attractions employed by the local chamber of commerce during the West Texas Chamber of Commerce convention at Plainview next Monday and Tuesday. The band was secured out of Fort Worth, at an expense of several hundred dollars, and will be at the exclusive command of the Tahoka delegation who will attend the convention in a body, leaving here at 6 a. m., Monday.

The News is informed by Superintendent H. P. Caviness, of the Tahoka schools, that he had just been advised by the State Board of Education that one-half unit had been granted in solid geometry taught in Tahoka High School. This progress forward in our school is something to be proud of, indeed, and speaks volumes for our splendid corps of teachers. There are a number of towns over the state that are not affiliated in any way with the State University, and this feature alone, places the Tahoka schools near the top among Texas' public schools. Locate in Lynn.

HUTCHINSON DENTAL OFFICES TO BE COMPLETED SOON

The new Busch building, now under construction at the corner of 12th and J, is being rushed to completion, and already the frame work is far enough along that one can see the outline of the beautiful office spaces which will be occupied before many weeks.

Dr. R. B. Hutchinson, dentist, has shown his faith in Lubbock and her future by having one-half of the second floor built for his dental offices, the front of the room which he will occupy faces the north, and each side is to be operating rooms, with laboratory in the center, with the windows so arranged that there will be two windows into each room along the north front, allowing natural light enough that the work can be carried on successfully with little artificial light.

Dr. Hutchinson is one of the leading dentists of the plains, his good work and courteous manners and treatment of his patients having won their highest esteem.

We are indeed glad to see him taking an active part in helping make the building of more brick business houses in Lubbock possible.

NEW POSTMASTER AT COLORADO SWORN IN

Colorado, Texas, May 18.—Robert S. Brennan, Sr., was checked in as postmaster at Colorado Wednesday, succeeding Ben S. Van Tuij, acting postmaster, who has filled the office since July 1, 1921, when the appointment of former postmaster Jno. W. Persons expired. Brennan is a Republican, a cattleman and has made his home in this city many years.

NEWS ITEMS FROM THE POST CITY POST LAST FRI.

This week has been a busy one for both teachers and pupils in our school. The exercises began Sunday morning with the Baccalaureate sermon delivered by Rev. B. W. Dodson at the Baptist Church which was well attended and the sermon was a splendid one. Monday night Miss Willie Mae Wilks and Miss Lullie Strayhorn presented their pupils in a recitation of expression and music at the school auditorium and their pupils show they have made rapid progress and our school has been fortunate in having two such splendid teachers. Tuesday night, the Senior Class play was presented under the management and direction of Miss Birdwell. The play was well rendered and was highly appreciated by the large audience in attendance. Miss Birdwell is a splendid teacher and is responsible for the beautiful year books or Annual of this class. As her efforts all year have been untiring and faithful and she has accomplished a great work. We congratulate the people and our board in securing such an able instructor. Wednesday night the graduation exercises of the seventh grade took place under the supervision of Misses Clark and Kincannon who demonstrated the fact that they are teachers of ability. Tonight the graduating exercises of the high school will be held which will be the last of a most successful term of school which has been under the leadership of Supt. F. P. Moss and one of the most able corps of teachers we have ever had.

Saturday afternoon about 2 o'clock some little boys were fishing in South Lake, when they got out of bait and one little fellow, Melvin Phillips, aged 14 years, attempted to swim across the lower end of the lake to borrow a knife from a fisherman on the other side with which to cut bait when it is supposed he gave out and went under calling for help. The little fellow who was with him started for town with the news that the boy was drowning. By the time a large crowd gathered at the lake there was no sign of young Phillips and a search was begun. The body was finally found in five feet of water and the doctors did all they could to restore life, but without avail. The little fellow was buried Sunday afternoon at Terrace cemetery. Mrs. Phillips, the mother is night-nurse at Post Sanitarium and the father is a painter. There is also a little sister. To the bereaved ones we extend our sympathy.

Last week we failed to mention the fact of Ross Edward's leaving for Lubbock, where he has bought a stock of goods and taken charge. He will move his family up here in the near future. However, he will still conduct his business in Post, under the management of Paul Dwyer, so we fell as though we have not entirely lost claim to Ross and his family as they will frequently be in Post.

We notice in the Lubbock Avalanche that our old fellowtownsman, W. O. Stevens has developed into a "pinch hitter" for the Kiwanian baseball club at Lubbock. "Bully for Bill!"

REPLACE "MISS" LOSER WITH A HE BULL DOG

The Stamford "damfino" club is getting along pretty well in the West Texas League considering all hazards, but an Avalanche reporter is of the opinion that there will have to be some of those hazards removed before the good brethren can stand a light with our husky Hubbers, and suggests that they change the "she" bird dog mascot they now so fondly cherish, "Miss Loser," for a "he" bull dog of the most vicious calibre.

No mixing a real American sport with bird-dog enthusiasm and getting by with it, is our belief.

Get right Stamford, look around in the Lubbock trade territory for a sure enough heavy-headed bull pup for which trade your "Miss Loser" and maybe luck will come again.

Princess Elizabeth, wife of Crown Prince George of Greece, is seriously ill of typhoid fever.

Mrs. J. E. Stokes Died at Her Home In Tahoka May 14

Our town and community was shocked last Sunday, shortly after the noon hour, when the news went forth that Mrs. J. E. Stokes was dead, she having suffered a stroke of paralysis, causing death within a few minutes' time. Mr. Stokes was absent at the time she was taken ill, he having been in attendance at the commencement exercises being held at the court-house. Physicians were hastily summoned upon his return home, but life was extinct before medical aid could be administered.

Mrs. Willie I. Stokes, nee Penny, was born in Euharice, Ga., Nov. 18, 1864, and was at the time of her death 57 years, 5 months and 26 days old. Mr. and Mrs. Stokes were married at Independence, Texas, Nov. 16, 1879. This couple had walked happily together for nearly 48 years. To this union were born two children: Mrs. I. S. Doak of this city, and Joe L. Stokes, the latter preceding her to that better world more than three years ago. Mrs. Stokes was converted and joined the Baptist church at Independence in October, 1879, under the influence of Major Penn, a noted Baptist preacher. She loved the church of her youth so much that she would never move her membership, always living a consistent Christian life. Her home life was beautiful; she loved her husband and children with a devotion that was steadfast and ardent. She was respected and loved by all who came in contact with her; she was always almost idolized by her husband and children. She was true to every trust and faithful in the performance of every duty. She will be greatly missed and truly mourned.

Following an illness extending over several months, Mrs. Stokes always maintained a cheerful heart with a certain fullness of life; her buoyant nature drank in the sunshine and repelled the shade. Life was beautiful to her. In spite of affliction her life was a benediction to her family. In the home she reigned as queen of the household.

Her calm, quiet manner and unselfish service, commanded the respect and homage of all who came within the precincts of her home. The husband and children felt a heavenly peace radiating from her devoted life. The home has lost its brightest light. Yet naught can deny the mother, husband, her child, the brothers and sisters of the aroma of the influence and sweet memory of her many virtues. These will remain theirs to cherish forever.

At 3:30 p. m., May 15, 1922, at the home which she loved so tenderly, brief funeral services in the presence of a large concourse of sorrowing friends, were conducted by the Rev. J. M. Doshier, pastor of the First Baptist church, Tahoka, after which the remains were laid to rest in the Tahoka cemetery. The floral offerings from friends were numerous.

Having labored faithfully for her Master she now rests and enjoys all the good that the heavenly home has for the faithful. Our hearts go out to the aged mother, husband, daughter, brothers and sisters, and we offer deepest sympathy to these dear friends who are so grieved, but who are so beautifully reconciled to await the brief time when these ties may all be restored.

Those attending the burial from outside points were as follows: The aged mother, Mrs. W. E. Penney of Lubbock; sisters, Mesdames Kid Powell and Cash Royalty of Lubbock; brothers, Messrs. Jinks Penney of Boaring Springs, Joe Barrett, Bob and John Penney of Lubbock; they being accompanied by their husbands and wives.—Lynn County News.

Some folks declare their coal bins are high enough without getting the miners and the operators together.—Financial America.

GOVERNMENT CUTS ITS EXPENDITURES

Washington, May 18.—Ordinary government expenditures for the ten months of the present fiscal year fell off nearly \$1,500,000,000 compared with the corresponding period of last year, while public debt disbursements declined over \$1,000,000,000, according to a statement of government outlay from July 1, 1921, to April 30, 1922 issued by the treasury.

Be Sure You Know About Your Battery

No matter what kind of a car you drive or what kind of a battery there is on it you have to keep posted on certain battery facts.


You have to know whether your battery is charged to the proper point—whether it has enough water in it—whether each of the cells works properly.

Our most important job as a Battery Station is to tell you these things. It doesn't make a bit of difference what make your battery is. Here at Battery Headquarters we give every make exactly the same attention.

Lubbock Battery & Electric Co.
Phone 262

Lubbock, Texas

Willard Batteries



HARCOURT & CO.

INCORPORATED
LOUISVILLE, KY. U. S. A.

Manufacturing Engravers and Stationers.
School and College Stationery, Christmas Cards,
Wedding Invitations, Fine Social and
Business Stationery.

THE AVALANCHE IS—
Exclusive Representative in Lubbock
Phone 14 and We Will Call With Our
Samples and Prices

WHAT A CHANGE

We were in the game when popularity with the so-called "gentler sex" required the best outfit from the Livery Stable and at least two bits' worth of store-bought candy. Now they demand a "Super" and a box of JOHNSTON'S APPRECIATED CHOCOLATES—And we don't blame them!

The LUBBOCK DRUG COMPANY

Three Steps Above the Earth.

G. GRANVILLE JOHNSON, Prop.

"The Nyal Store"

Phone No. 182

Kiwanians Have Very Interesting and Instructive Program at Meeting Held At the Cova Hotel Thursday Noon

That the Kiwanians are following their slogan: "We Build" was proven at the luncheon at the Cova Hotel Thursday when a report of the road marking committee was asked for, to which Easy Morgan responded with all the poise and dignity of an old orator. More like a fairy tale than history of what was achieved by the three willing workers appointed on the committee was the report, more like the work of a town than the work of a small bunch of three Kiwanians it was, and this bears us out in our statements: All roads leading out of Lubbock going to popular points were mapped out, the distances estimated, and places where sign boards advertising Lubbock will be placed marked down, at the conclusion of these plans the three committeemen went out on the streets and among their fellow businessmen and in less than one and a half hours made arrangements to have the signs painted and paid for by the various business men, and one for every place marked out, a

few more than sixty sign posts. This is the spirit of this new, wonderful, energetic organization. This is the spirit of the men who compose it. This is the spirit of the times in which we live, and the history to be written long after those three patriotic citizens are things of dust remains to reveal the wonder of their efforts, but in the meantime they will see Lubbock grow and their business prosper while the history is in the making. The program at the Thursday meeting was interesting throughout. Raleigh Brown and his orchestra were there, adding music to the feast and merriment to the hearts of their hearers.

E. L. Klett, a new member of the club was chairman of the day, and under his guidance the meeting was interesting on both an enlightening and amusing plan.

The more serious discussion was that of Dr. J. T. Krueger, who made a splendid address on "What I consider the greatest achievement in Medical Science in recent years," which was designed to make us think of the great value to us of our fellow men, and of what great service we should be to those with whom we are associated. Of those he commented on were the discoverers and inventors of various methods of combating disease and mechanisms for diagnosing cases, principally of whom was the inventor of the X-Ray, a very interesting discussion on which was made. The medical science is getting so wide in scope that no one man is expected to learn it all, and that specialists have found that to take up one part of the human body and learn that so well that more efficiency is learned.

Miss Eula Mae Cravens gave a very comical and interesting reading that was absolutely true to life, that truly entertained her hearers.

HEREFORD FAMILY TO MAKE THEIR HOME IN LUBBOCK

J. A. Hughes is back again at his place in the Palace Grocery after a visit to Hereford, where he spent several days making arrangements to move his family to Lubbock, he being accompanied on his return trip by Mrs. Hughes and their three children.

Mr. Hughes is taking an active part in the business activities of Lubbock and we are sure Mrs. Hughes and the children will be found great factors in the social life of Lubbock.

E. J. Jackson, of Louisville, Ky., transacted business in Lubbock last Thursday.

Try Avalanche classified ads. They get results.

Be Careful What You Eat During Your Office Hours

The consuming of foods during office hours is calculated to create pep or influence. Peptomism is hazardous. This conclusion is established by the sad fate of a young man, which is related in a letter he wrote to an editor, as follows:

"I am a young man, 24 years old. Being of poor, but honest parents, I, like many another young American, was very anxious to succeed in business. Therefore, when I accepted a position with a wholesale grocery house in a nearby city, I determined that if I failed it would be through no fault of my own. The salary to start was slight, but I was assured by the manager that there was plenty of room for advancement.

"I buckled down to work and began to cast about for ways by which I could become more valuable to the organization and at the same time better my fortunes. Naturally, I read a great many periodicals, and my eye was attracted by certain of the ads.

"The ones that appealed to me especially were those urging me to use certain foods, etc., since they were guaranteed to give me more pep and efficiency in my work. Determined not to overlook any bet, and away, perhaps, by an unfortunate fondness for sweets, I determined to try the things mentioned.

"Well, it might not have been so bad if I had confined my eating to the dining-room table, but most of the ads urged me to keep the delicacies in my desk and eat them continuously. One ad, showed, a meeting of a board of directors. The most forceful person in the lot was standing at a paper in his hand and demanding whether the rest of the directors had had their iron for the day. It urged all business men to eat raisins. Another display assured me that every commercial person of any importance kept a package of dates in the drawer of his desk where they could be instantly consulted if he felt fatigue coming on. Still another page induced me to buy a quantity of yeast and made me eat it when I could think of nothing else to do. Another company was kind enough to set forth a schedule by which I could most efficiently guide my gum chewing. Though it was against office rules, and alluring ad made me smoke cigarettes by proving that a business man who didn't use this particular brand would completely lose caste.

"The same reason I took to apples, chocolate, peanuts, figs, and Eskimo Pie—keeping them of course filed by a system of my own in a certain top drawer of my desk. "After about a week of this intensive efficiency eating, I became suddenly ill and had to leave the office for home. The doctor said it was acute indigestion and made me stay in bed for two days.

"I can see now that I might have averted disaster if the advertisements had directed me to keep my pep-producing foods in a lower desk drawer instead of an upper. But it was not to be. On my return to the office I was told that the "Old Man" wanted to see me. The reason he wanted to see me was to discharge me. It appears that when I left my office I had a couple of Eskimo Pies on file in the top drawer. During the night the room got so hot with the windows closed that the Pies melted and ran down, with the result that they unwittingly canceled a number of non-cancelable contracts that were in a lower drawer.

"I ask publicity of this untoward occurrence, not because of the injustice with which I have been treated, but in the hope that it may prove a warning to some other young man whose chances may be damaged in a like manner."

SUFFRAGE NOT INVOLVED MISS BLANTON ASSERTS

Austin, May 15.—The fact that the women of the district did not vote solidly for her, is no indication that woman suffrage is not a success, Miss Annie Webb Blanton, state superintendent of education, said today, in speaking of her defeat in the congressional election in the 13th district Saturday.

The success of woman suffrage cannot be gauged by the success or failure of any one man or woman in any election; it must be measured by whether, in the long-run, women use the ballot for the good of humanity, she said.

Miss Blanton is the first Texas woman to be a candidate for Congress.

Miss Maggie Brashers has successfully instructed the local high school Manual Training class, and her work has been highly complimented by all who have seen the products of the class experience.

It will be very much appreciated if all people who have old magazines will bring them to the Red Cross office. They are wanted for the State Prison at Huntsville, and a special rate of 25c per 100 pounds is being made by the railroad for transportation.—L. T. Martin, Secretary Chamber of Commerce.

MAYBE YOU HAVEN'T SEEN OUR NEW RUGS

Fresh and new patterns—and of course we offer them at moderate prices. If you need a rug we will be glad to show our new ones to you.

Simmons Furniture & Undertaking Co.

of The House a deal

THE NEWS OF THE WEEK FROM CLAUENE COMMUNITY

Yes, this is Claene, formerly known as Moody. I changed my name rather early I suppose, but I found it necessary in order to win Mr. Post Office. He said he already had one girl by the name of "Moody" and that he would not want two by the same name.

Farming in this section is progressing very nicely. Everybody is planting (when they can get a planter) and the plants are coming fine. All these good rains are fine on crops and it is keeping the man behind the plow pretty busy with his "get up, whoa, How, Gee!"

Charlie Copeland, of the Dr. Dean ranch, spent Tuesday night at the home of Mr. Bob Swofford. He was buying some feed.

Uris King and Mr. White were Lubbock visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Claud Havens and little brother, Dean Cheney, left Wednesday, instead of Monday, as stated in last week's items, for Roswell, New Mexico, to visit their parents. A few hours after they started on their journey, Mr. Havens received a letter stating that Mr. Cheney, their father, was very low. They were accompanied on the trip by Mr. Havens' brother of Lubbock.

Mrs. Teague and son, Weldon, made a business trip to Lubbock Tuesday.

John Swofford was in Lubbock Tuesday night with Mrs. Pearl Thorp spent Thursday with Mrs. Viola Williams.

Don and Beecher Swofford spent Saturday night with Kenneth Chism. G. W. Thorp took a load of feed to Brownfield Friday.

Saturday afternoon the Ropes boys came over and played a game of baseball with our team. Both teams did some excellent playing, and the game was very much enjoyed by all present.

Bill Chism is attending court at Crosbyton this week.

Sunday school is still growing. We had forty members present Sunday. With three new members Mr. Elliott the newly elected Supt. is back home after an extended visit and will take up the leadership of the Sunday school next Sunday.

Mrs. Bertha Palmer gave a 12 o'clock Turkey dinner last Sunday honoring the baseball team. All the guests report a most enjoyable time, and say that the dinner was a regular feast.

Messrs J. L. and G. W. Thorp have been doing quite a bit of improving on their place in the way of fence building.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS FROM THE SEMINOLE SENTINEL

Commissioners Court has been in session several days this week, much business being before them at this time. A. J. Dow has been appointed to fill the unexpired term of T. I. Harwell in Precinct No. 2. The latter having resigned owing to his moving away. We believe that in the appointment of Mr. Dow the county has an official well qualified to help in handling the business, he is progressive, and will at all times be found looking to the best interests of Gaines County.

We understand that Andy Williams this week purchased the residence property of W. W. Pollard at Seagraves. In this deal Mr. Pollard becomes the owner of the section of land known as the Hays place, north of Mr. Williams ranch home.

Friday of this week marked the close of one of the most successful school terms in the history of Seminole. We have had a school the past term that was a success in every way, and we are sure that all the people appreciate the efforts that have been made by the teachers this year. On Thursday evening a splendid program was rendered by the pupils of Misses Wyatt and Hargett's room, then on Friday evening the graduating exercises were held, there being a class of six. As announced on the first day of school three cash prizes were awarded to the pupils making the best average grade during the entire year. The \$100 prize to be given in the high school department was won by Dennis Cobb, her average during the entire school term

PROFESSIONAL COLUMN

DR. W. S. FERGUSON
Dentist
Security State Bank Bldg.
Room No. 205. Phone 535
Lubbock, Texas

M. FULTON
Attorney at Law
Practice in all Courts, State and Federal
Lubbock, Texas.

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Equipped for Medical and Surgical Cases, X-Ray and Pathological Laboratories
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DR. M. C. ORVTON
General Medicine
Office Phone 710
Residence Phone 407
Dr. O. F. Paebler
General Medicine
Office Phone 230
Residence Phone 341

Miss E. De Mink, R. N.
Superintendent
Miss E. Chenshaw, R. N.
Asst. Supt.
Helena E. Griffith, R. N.
Dietitian
C. E. Hunt, Business Mgr.

A chartered Training School is conducted by Miss E. De Mink, R. N., Superintendent. Bright, healthy young women who desire to enter may address Miss E. De Mink.

DR. R. B. HUTCHINSON
Dentist
DR. J. G. HICKS
Assistant and Anesthetist
Suite No. 2, Burrus Building
Phones: Office 131, Res. 122
Lubbock, Texas.

DR. C. G. BLOOM
DENTIST
Over Barrier Bros. Store
Phone 266
Lubbock, Texas

DR. D. D. HOWE
Osteopathic Physician
Telephone 799
Room 207 Security State Bank
Office Hours, 10 a. m. to 5 p. m. on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

not being less than 97 1-2. In Mr. Avaritt's room the \$50 prize was awarded to Vassie Stanley. In Miss Wyatt's room Cecil May and Ross Lee Wright tied, so the prize was divided, each receiving \$25.00. Elsewhere in this issue of the Sentinel will be found a notice of an election called for June 6th in the Loop school district, to determine whether the people of that community desire to tax themselves to build a \$7,000 brick school building. This community is fast settling up, and is at present too big for their present equipment. We predict that the citizens in that district will keep pace with other developments in that section of the county and put this over by a large majority.

HOLLAND-YOUNG AGENCIES CONSOLIDATED LAST
E. C. Young, the famous little with improving to state agent of "Protective Fire Insurance," and also representative of the Federal Land Bank and R. U. 920, Holland, loan broker, have consolidated their businesses and united their efforts to make their biggest agency of its kind in Lubbock. Both men are hustlers, and we are sure that their united efforts will meet with success in ever undertaking. They are well stocked with energy and go-get-ness, sound thinking abilities and stability, the necessary ingredients to the making of a sure enough business.



Take a box with you

If you have headache, backache, toothache, neuralgia, rheumatism, sciatica, you'll be surprised at the quick relief

Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills will give you.

A package of these pills in your pocket or in your shopping bag may save you hours of suffering.

Buy them of your Druggist.



Fresh Water—Healthy Stock—

That hogs and heaves, vigorous horses, cows that give a steady, heavy flow of milk are always to be found on the farm where there is an abundance of pure, fresh water.

No stockman can ever afford to do without equipment that will keep an ample supply of water constantly before his stock. Especially can he ill afford it with the present level of prices prevailing on The New Columbian

Red Bottom Tank

With a 5-Year Warranty

It is made of the best grade galvanized steel throughout. Top rim reinforced by clinched Patent tube top. Shell reinforced by two triple swedges or corrugations. Shell and bottom united by original Columbian double lock seam which forms a 4-ply steel reinforcement around bottom edge. All seams welded tight by hydraulic riveting in tanks designed by Columbian engineers. Inside bottom and lower edge of shell thoroughly coated (over the galvanizing) with special rust-resisting, metal preservative, red pigment paint.

MANUFACTURED BY
COLUMBIAN STEEL TANK COMPANY
Lubbock, Texas

Leading Tank Makers for More Than a Quarter Century
SOLD FROM STOCK BY
WESTERN WINDMILL COMPANY
Lubbock, Texas
MEADAMS LUMBER COMPANY
Idalou, Texas

THE LUBBOCK AVALANCHE

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THINGS TO REMEMBER

Advertisers, contributors and all parties interested in the Avalanche please remember these things: We print the Tuesday Avalanche on Monday, press hour, 3:30 p. m. Friday Avalanche on Thursdays, press hour 3:30 p. m. Please have copy for local notices in not later than noon Monday and Thursday. Ad changes and copy should not be later than 3:00 a. m. Mondays and Thursdays. It takes a schedule like this to get your ads in the paper in good shape, and helps us give our readers better service, which means that the paper will be of better service to you, which we earnestly desire it to be. We do not want to be exacting but we must demand some things of you, if you expect us to come up to the notch.

THE WEST TEXAS CHAMBER

The fourth annual convention of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce is in session at Plainview. The Program insures that it will be a great meeting and the indications at this writing are that it will be the largest convention the organization has ever held. The reports of the various departments of the chamber, which have been sent to the members in advance, show that the year has been one of continued progress and increasing usefulness in spite of the handicaps caused by business conditions. On the eve of one of the biggest years West Texas has ever experienced, the West Texas Chamber of Commerce is equipped to play the part of aggressive leadership in the development of that section.

We extend greetings to the delegates assembled at Plainview and accompanying those greetings with the pledge of continued support of the work which has meant so much during the past four years and which is bound to be more fruitful during the coming year. We make that pledge for ourselves and for Fort Worth. We verily believe that the work of this great organization has hardly started and that the spirit of unity and co-operation throughout a section which is an empire in itself which has been fostered by the West Texas Chamber of Commerce has only begun to bear fruit. There is no need to dwell upon the difficulties experienced during the past year in common with the rest of the country. The big thing is that the work has gone on in spite of those difficulties, and this would not have been possible were it not for the fact that the organization is based solidly on a big idea in keeping with the needs and the purposes of the section it represents. The coming year can be faced with full confidence that there are greater things ahead for West Texas and for the West Texas Chamber of Commerce.—Star Telegram.

Come on in with the funds to put up those stables for the Government horses. Since the last issue of the Avalanche we have received several donations, which runs the total up nicely, but still a long way from \$1300. It is important that this money be raised immediately, and you should not be slow in responding to this fund. One old gentleman came in and said he was really not able to contribute ten dollars to that or anything else just at this time, but he felt it his patriotic duty to contribute something to the cause, and gave his check for ten dollars, and said that if it was absolutely necessary that he would try to scratch up some more, but it should not be necessary. Surely there are 130 men and women in Lubbock who are willing to contribute ten dollars. That is all that is needed from one person, and while the amount has been placed at ten dollars, do not stand back if you cannot give that much. 1300 one dollar men could do the same, but it merely makes the work more tedious. We want about 100 more men to kick in with \$10.00. Mail or bring your checks to the Avalanche office. A list of those who have paid will be in our next issue. Come on folks, let's close up this fund now, and turn it over to Uncle Sam and let him begin work here in dead earnest.

The election last Tuesday at Brownfield, to determine whether or not the tax rate for maintenance of the schools at that place be raised from 50c on the one hundred dollars valuation to 75c, resulted in the defeat of the tax raise by nine votes, there being 111 votes cast against the raise of taxes and 102 for the raise, and as the result of the outcome of this election the entire School Board tendered their resignation, believing that the fellows that believed that the school can operate without money, or with less money than they figured it needed for the best interest of the school, should have a chance to demonstrate that it can be done. Some are against taxes of any kind, some vote against taxes through ignorance—they do not know how the money is spent, or they do not stop to think or figure the actual cost of operating a school. Others are just naturally moss backs, grouches, and failures themselves, and want everyone else to be a fizzle too.

The Plainview Herald issued last Thursday a special edition in honor of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce Convention which is in session there today and today. It was a fine edition. It was filled with good reading matter about the South Plains. Not only did it cover well with descriptive stories the Plainview section, but carried advertisements and descriptive stories of towns throughout the South Plains, and many West Texas towns not on the Plains. This edition will be worth much to the entire South Plains, as it will go into the hands of many thousands of people who will read it with great interest and will in all probability be influenced this way by the well prepared matter contained in this edition of the Herald. The management is to be congratulated on this special edition.

W. M. Woodall is in the race for Comptroller in Texas, subject to the action of the Democratic primary. Mr. Woodall is making the race upon the strong solicitation of his many friends throughout the State. He is well known and is popular, and will no doubt be a strong opponent to the present incumbent if he does not defeat him, which is quite likely. Mr. Woodall is the father of Mrs. Neil Wright of this city. He is making his home for the present time in Dallas, but has lived several years in West Texas. He considers himself entitled to be called a citizen of this Western country as he pays his poll tax in Sweetwater, and made that his home for a number of years. He has been a member of the West Texas Chamber of Commerce, board of directors almost ever since it was organized, and everyone will admit that that organization has done a great deal for this Western country.

The Lubbock Chamber of Commerce cannot do better work this year than to look closely after the things that will be of direct benefit to the agricultural interests of the community. More and more will the demand for Lubbock county farms be increased. There should be pressure brought to bear on the big land owners to put their land in cultivation, and provides homes for people who want to make this their home. There will be many people in the South and East parts of our own State and also in other states who will want to come to the Plains, and there should be some way of getting them a farm to work.

The Colorado Record issued on May 19th a 24 page special descriptive edition, which is a most creditable number. It tells much about Colorado's past, present, and ventures out on the limb and asserts some things that are liable to happen in the future. It is an edition that will be of great value to Colorado, and Mitchell county. It is historic, and very interesting, and with the wide circulation the publishers and the Chamber of Commerce of that city will give this edition at the West Texas Chamber of Commerce Convention at Plainview this week, it will mean a great deal more than under ordinary circumstances.

As we have suggested before, the boys should be given a chance while they are out of school to earn some money, but the most important feature about this is the employment that they need. They get book learning nine months out of twelve, and the other three months should by all means be used in applying this book knowledge in a practical way, which will be worth much to them in years to come. Every business house where a job can be given should be tendered some ambitious boy. A job on the farm or ranch would not be bad for many of them during the summer months, or till school begins again.

The distressing report comes from the south and eastern portion of the State that 15,000 families were made destitute in this State alone as a result of the excessive rains. Many thousand acres of farming land has been washed and ruined for this year, and possibly for years to come, and coming as late in the year—when crops should be well advanced in those sections, it makes conditions exceedingly gloomy. We regret this condition very much, and sympathize with these people, a large percent of whom are poor folks, and little able to lose the crops.

While we are of the opinion that there will be a short cotton crop this year, and that cotton will bring a real good price this fall, we still contend that our farmers should not go all to cotton. Plant as much cotton as you want, but do not neglect the feed crop. Corn, Sudan, maize, kafir, etc., should occupy an important place on the program of our farmers. This will make you safe, just as diversified farming will in this country very year.

An effort is being made to have the city park the center of Avenue Q. This is a 100 foot street, and it is believed by those who own property on that street that this would be a wise and good idea, and we understand that the City Commission is favorable to the plan. It will help the city and property owners to put this street in good shape, at much less cost than to undertake to keep the whole street up, either by working or paving.

Its mighty little use to fuss at the County Commissioners about the condition of the roads as long as you do not pay tax enough to keep them up. The county can not get work done for nothing, and when their funds are exhausted they have to stop until some more taxes come in. The thing to do is to vote bonds and build roads that will stand the weather, whether wet or dry. The natural soil will not do it.

We understand that most all the property owners have agreed to put in cement walks from Avenue Q to Avenue I on the north side of the street. This is a good string of walks, and the city should get busy and join this bunch of property owners by building the necessary crossings. This line should be extended west on both sides of the street to the new High School building location.

There is evidence of a revival of side walk building in the city, and we hope the work will begin in dead earnest and that there will be several miles of side walks built during the next four months. Work will begin at once on the new High School building, and it will require a lot of walks to get the children there dry-shod.

If five hundred houses in the city were painted, every painter in the town would be employed. The paint dealers would do a good business, and the fellow's house receiving the painting would be enhanced in value three dollars to every one spend on the job. This is an easy way to make money three to one.

The Lubbock County farmers are having ideal weather now for getting their crops in. The warm days will have a tendency to bring them up, and as there has been no rain for the past week or more, a good stand will be assured in most all cases.

EDITORIAL BACKFIRE

Said and Resaid With Comments Pro and Con.

DUE RECOGNITION OF THE FARMER

Since it is a fact that farming is a business proposition and the farmer is the biggest business man in business, due and deserve recognition should be given this business and its proprietor, as the future of the nation's prosperity and development is dependent upon the farmer as the first man of all the land as a producer and initiative in all progress and prosperity, as the ground floor for all other construction and progress in industry and development.

No true gentleman will ever ridicule or make slight remarks about the farmer or his work, for if the farmer should cease to till the soil the human race would starve to death. When you hear sarcasm slung at the tiller of the soil or the humble surroundings of his abode, you can mark such a one as being very careless and ignorant or else he is a fool. Many of the world's first and foremost gentlemen and leaders in all walks of life were born and reared to manhood on the farm and today many of our best men of culture, talent and Christianity are farmers and contributing some of the world's scientific agriculture to which the Texas farmer is now turning. It is the giving of more exact attention to the common sense laws that God has given, with which every farmer for all these centuries has worked with his energy and knowledge. "Civilization begins and ends with the plow," is an old adage that is very true. An ancient scripture prophet wrote: "He that gathereth by labor shall have increase."—Farm and Labor Journal.

There is no question that the farmer is deserving of every consideration possible. There is entirely too much of the city fellow making "light" on the farmer. He is the bread and meat producer of the world, and a lot of the brains of the cities, instead of poking fun at the farmer, should devote all that time to helping them devise ways to carry on their business of farming to the best advantage. There are many things that need to be worked out regarding marketing of farm products. Farmers should not be at the mercy of market sharks as they most always are. There should be something near a uniform market for staple stuff raised on the farms and this would be just as legitimate as the staple product of the merchant or manufacturer. Farmers and business men, bankers and professional men should get in closer touch with each other and work out their problems in a mutual way instead of thinking the other is going to skin the other.

They Won't Take the Responsibility. A great deal of interest was taken in the tax election last Tuesday, in which the proposition was to raise the school tax from 50c to 75c though not more than two-thirds of the qualified voters participated. The figures at the close of the polls stood:

Table with 2 columns: Issue (Against/For) and Votes (111/102). Majority against 9.

THE ONLY WAY TO IMPROVE BUSINESS

The so called "Farm Bloc" is condemned by many big business interests in the East on the grounds that the farmers are seeking class legislation. Others, posing as economists, profess alarm at the activity of farmers in organizing for the purpose of marketing co-operatively, crying aloud and long against what they are pleased to term the organization of trusts to control the necessities of life.

The amazing thing about the opposition to farmers in their efforts to organize in order to improve their financial condition, is the fact that most of their opponents freely admit that business is brisk only when producers have money to spend.

If the alleged economists will arrange it so that producers can make even a small profit on their labor and investment, they will find that they have discovered the means to keep farmers out of politics. Farmers usually mix in local political affairs because it affords them entertainment, but as a body they seldom make demands upon Congress for any kind of legislation when the yield is good and the market right. It was only because the agricultural industry was picked out for deflation's first victims and nearly squeezed to death that farmers were driven in desperation to organize and demand that the Government give the industry a square deal. In this they have had just enough success to spur them on to greater efforts and many of the big interests of the country are trying to find out there is yet enough life left in the forks of the creek to make a noise loud enough to be heard in the Halls of Congress.

Farmers are good spenders when they have money, because most of them are without many of the comforts of life in the home and all of the luxuries. They have many unfulfilled desires. They have been planning for years to make some improvements or to purchase certain articles for their homes only to be disappointed each harvest time. They want and need many things to raise their standard of living, and would buy if they could. If our political and industrial leaders are in real earnest in their efforts to improve the economic conditions of the country, they should seek a means of placing the agricultural and livestock industries on a profitable basis, after which their other desires will be fulfilled. Make 15,000,000 farmers prosperous and the wheels of industry will revolve.—Farm and Ranch.

WHAT OTHERS SAY AND HOW THEY SAY IT

THE HUMBLE HEN

Although poultry raising has made tremendous strides forward in West Texas in the past few years, it is only in its infancy. It is a sure fire cash crop and properly managed will provide an income all the year round. This writer is personally acquainted with an old crippled up carpenter who has not been able to do a tap of real labor for years and the makes a better living than any nine out of ten men from his White Leghorns. But poultry raising is not a matter to plunge on blindly. It requires knowledge, just the same as anything else and the more knowledge the more successfully financially it will prove. Part of this knowledge can be secured from books and part must be learned by actual experience. The particular breed of fowl does not make so much difference. Lots

of folks prefer the White Leghorn for egg producing. This writer sort of has a hankering for the Rhode Island Red because it is a good egg producer and also has a tendency to fill up the pot a little better on Sunday when the minister calls for dinner. But the Minorca, the Langshans and even the lovely guinea hen have their adherents. They will all make money for their owners under proper handling.

The co-operative marketing proposition is something else again. It will bring good returns to farmers according to the amount of poultry products entrusted to it and to a certain extent on the man in charge thereof. One thing is sure. Eggs selling for 15c to 20c per dozen in West Texas are bringing a whole lot more than that in Eastern and Northern markets. Somebody is getting that differential. And as far as we are concerned we would a whole lot rather that extra money came to West Texas. For the more money West Texas makes, the more money we all make.—Sweetwater Reporter.

THE POULTRY INDUSTRY

The attention of those farmers who have always maintained that raising chickens was a woman's job and not of sufficient importance to claim even a small part of their time is called to the following figures. In 1921, according to the Census Bureau, the poultry industry of the United States was valued at \$943,000,000. This is not an insignificant sum by any means, for divided up among the farms of the United States it would mean \$146 per farm. Inasmuch as there are many thousands of farms without poultry of any kind and thousands more with a few scrubs that receive no attention, it can be seen that those who have kept a flock of well bred birds and have given them a fair amount of care, have divided the sum of the \$943,000,000 between themselves.

Poultry should be a profitable side line on every farm. Perhaps the ladies are the most successful managers, but the men should take enough interest to provide the necessary facilities and lend a hand in the heavy work. Poultry raising may be a woman's job, but it has kept many a man from going hungry when his crops failed.—Farm and Ranch.

WHO OWNS THE LAND?

Who owns the land? Under our laws the man who purchases it or inherits it and holds a warranty deed in fee simple is the owner. But does his temporary possession give him the moral right to abuse that particular tract of land by continuous cropping and inattention to ordinary rules of soil conservation? The land any man claims ownership of was here ages before it was ever brought under cultivation and it will be here ages after its present owner is dead and forgotten. It was put here by an all wise Creator for the use of His children and no single individual has the right, during his temporary possession, to despoil it. Any man who leaves a tract of land in a less fertile and productive condition than when he took possession has committed a sin against posterity and should be held responsible for it.—Farm and Ranch.

THE ONLY WAY TO IMPROVE BUSINESS

The Irish cure for war is to get everybody to quit work and to sit with hands folded, else take part in the scurrilousness. The kind of Irish who come to America are calculated to get into the broil. That is one way to stop civil or any other kind of warfare—just kill off all the fellows on the other side.

The tendency toward over-specializing was evident before the war. Since the war the movement toward group practice and the increasing use of clinical laboratories has expanded rapidly. For all this specialization the patient pays, either directly or indirectly.—Dr. Frank Billings of Chicago, president Congress American Physicians and Surgeons.

Pampa Weekly News: It would seem that at the present time the whole country needs less hot air and hesitancy, and more constructive work done. Less pawing the air over trifles and more things of real moment started. Less swivel chair patriotism and more statesmanship. Less societies passing the hat for contributions and more work on the roads and farms and more irrigation projects and public streets and waterworks and all sorts of construction, and less hard times gab.

Ada Evening News: Good losers and good winners are both scarce. It takes some nerve to accept a defeat gracefully and smile while rubbing the sore spots unobserved instead of exhibiting said sore spots to the public as an appeal for sympathy. On the other hand, only a big man can take his victory modestly and not alienate potential friends by showing how puffed up he is. Success often brings out the yellow in a man's nature just as truly as does defeat.

Springfield Republican: A practicable difficulty in the way of the general use of the radio for stump speaking, for which Senator New of Indiana has already set the precedent, is that the stumpers will all want to radio at once when the fall campaigns begin.

Cincinnati Enquirer: Symbols and signs, chiseled, it is believed, ages ago, were discovered recently on lava rocks in a remote section of southwestern Idaho. That, probably, is the source from which Senator Borah has been deriving some of his startling new political ideas.

The hour comes apace when the wrong of staying out of the League of Nations will be righted by going in. The tide of public opinion runs that way. Clear-headed business men are demanding it. The sober second thought of the American people is awakening to it.—Cullen P. Thomas.

YES IT WAS

Uncle Andrew Mellon finds each bonus plan that came up more inadvisable than its predecessors. We remember Uncle Andy. It was a cold, cheerless day in the fall of 1918 up in the Argonne. It had been raining hard all day and the ground was a sea of mud, the trees had been so mutilated by shellfire that they looked like telephone poles. The Boches were putting down a drum fire on the road over which a column of Yanks were toiling to the front. A shell struck near the head of the column. A half dozen soldiers went down, some of them dead. At the head of the column trudged a sturdy officer. "Come on, boys," he said calmly, turning to his men. "Our country, boys, remember that, always our country; we must go on until we die. Forward, men!"

Who was that brave American officer? It was none other than Andrew J. Mellon, now secretary of the treasury! Yes, it was! Likell, likell, likell!—A Line O' Type or Two, The Chicago Tribune.

The price index of all commodities including farm products, at the end of 1920 was 49 points lower than the year before, but farm products alone lost 100. A year later the general average, including farm products included, showed a total decline of 89 points for the two-year period, while the farm products alone were down 131. These figures prove that the loss of \$11,500,000,000 was in price deflation and not in decreased output.

This is a fact that should not be lost sight of in any discussion of the national income or national wealth. It is true there has been a large addition to the national wealth, but if the per capita income were reduced to the purchasing power of 1913, the increase would be small. Our figures of wealth and income are not all real, for wealth is based on the output of production, be it crops or manufactured goods.

Although much of the supposed increase in wealth is due to inflation, not all is nominal. There has been an increase in production, both in agriculture and in manufactures. But when the two are placed side by side the comparison is not favorable to agriculture. This industry which we are so fond of calling the "basic," as it really is, is now behind in the race. It has not kept up with population increase, and the per capita output of industry is so far ahead of it as to be almost out of sight. This great business whose products are fundamental to existence and to national production now equals only 18 per cent of all production, measured not in dollars, but physical volume. To produce this 18 per cent, more than 90 per cent of the population is gainfully employed in the work.

"That we have passed the peak of per capita production of farm products is not a pleasant thought, but the fact cannot be disputed. Unless we are willing to lose our position of a surplus food producing country agriculture must be taken in hand, the grip of the politician must be loosened, and economists and statesmen called in to give it whatever measures of relief are necessary to restore it to its former position."—Wall Street Journal.

Mexia Telegram: The Irish cure for war is to get everybody to quit work and to sit with hands folded, else take part in the scurrilousness. The kind of Irish who come to America are calculated to get into the broil. That is one way to stop civil or any other kind of warfare—just kill off all the fellows on the other side.

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PUBLISHED TWICE A WEEK

GENOA CONFERENCE CLOSES SESSIONS WITH CLAIMS OF SUCCESS BY LLOYD GEORGE

Genoa, May 19.—The Genoa economic conference, one of the greatest political gatherings in Europe's history, which brought here the representatives of thirty-four nations, adjourned today at 1:15 p. m., after six weeks of momentous deliberations. Its labors will begin anew at The Hague on June 15.

The conference adopted the report of the economic commission which contains constructive recommendations for the economic reorganization of Europe, adopted the arrangements for the conference at The Hague, and proclaimed Premier Lloyd George's famous non-aggression pact, which though provisional in its nature, it is hoped to follow with a permanent European peace pact.

His Valedictory.
Prime Minister Lloyd George of Great Britain, in his valedictory speech to the Genoa economic conference today said the conference had gathered "fine crops," namely the non-aggression pact and the report of the finance, transport and economic commissions, which he said alone justified the holding of the conference.

These results must be incorporated into living practice, however, the premier added in order to aid in restoring European vigor and prosperity.

"We are now at the end of the most remarkable conference ever held in the history of the world," he said. "The Genoa conference will forever be an inspiring landmark in the pathway of peace."

Mr. Lloyd George called attention to the bad effect the Russian memor-

andum had on the world, and warned the Russians that if they desired success at The Hague it would be better for them not to enter eloquent presentations of the doctrine of repudiation of debts.

Such a course was unwise when one wanted to borrow more money, he remarked. Europe, he said, was anxious to help Russia but Russia must accept the code of honor which Europe has had as an inheritance from centuries of hard working honest people.

Russia Is Warned.
The British premier warned Russia that Europe was gradually filling up the gap left by Russia's decline but was sad to see conditions of Russia in despair and starving.

When a man sells goods, declared Lloyd George, he expects the buyer to pay for them; when a man lends money he expects the borrower to repay, and when a man asks the second loan, he must repay the first one. He argued that "the Russian tornado" had not uprooted these basic laws of the world's business, and declared the Russians must accept them if they wish the world's co-operation.

Foreign Minister Tchitcherin of Soviet Russia responding to Mr. Lloyd George's remarks, said:

Tchitcherin Responds.
"Even Mr. Lloyd George's brilliant eloquence cannot convert the Russian people, who have other prejudices. For instance, if one's neighbor burns down one's house, he should pay for the damage. The Russians, however, will continue their efforts for peace."

Dr. Walter Rathenau, German for-

eign minister, discussing the economic commission's report, declared it would be impossible to reconstruct Europe without the aid of the United States. He concluded with the statement that Germany had contributed to a rapprochement with unhappy, suffering Russia, and that she hoped the work she had begun would be the basis for peace between the east and the west.

M. Tchitcherin created surprise when he declared that the Russian delegation was dissatisfied with the economic report because it was not broad and comprehensive enough in its political origin to be useful. He said attitude toward labor was narrow and unsatisfactory.

The nations represented, except Germany, were called upon to accept the non-aggression agreement and the heads of the various delegations arose and announced their approval. Several nations accepted with reservations, especially the states on the Russian border which already have treaties of peace with Russia, which are not to be affected by the truce. M. Barthou of France, merely said he would recommend the truce to his government.

LOCAL NEWS ITEMS FROM CROSBYTON REVIEW

The Lubbock Avalanche is kicking about so many idle negroes being in that town. They will not work when work is offered them and the paper is puzzled to know just how they are managing to get by. "Idle negroes will cause trouble, and it is only a matter of time until something will happen that will bring about some very undesirable publicity to some folks and our city, if Mr. Nigger is not given to understand that he is not welcome here if his chief occupation is loafing," truthfully says the Avalanche. The sons of Ham are getting numerous around Crosbyton also, and they should not be allowed to cultivate idleness.

F. F. Young of El Paso, who traded for Bro. Cole's property at this place, was a business visitor to Crosbyton last week, and while here he rented his residence to W. M. Bondurant whose family is expected to arrive soon from Kentucky.

Percy Lamar was in town from the farm Wednesday mingling with friends and trading. He has always been one of the largest wheat growers in his community, but gave an unfavorable report of his present crop. The stand is bad with a little too much rain. However, he was very enthusiastic over his hogs and thinks he has about the best in the county. He is a Duroc enthusiast and everything on the place is of this breed and registered. He had a couple of sows to find fifteen pigs each recently, which shows he has an unusually prolific strain of hogs.

The May term of District court for Crosby county convened here Monday with District Judge W. R. Spencer of Lubbock on the bench, District Attorney Gordon B. McGuire, of Lamesa, at his post and the other court officials all present. A number of civil cases of minor importance were disposed of Monday and Tuesday, only one jury case being tried, that of T. F. Russell vs. C. J. Scott, which resulted in a verdict for the defendant. Also two or three divorces were granted. The case of Mrs. Dollie M. Ralls vs. P. B. Ralls was continued until next term, as were a few other cases, and after the report of the Grand Jury was received Wednesday afternoon, the court took a recess until next week, when the criminal docket will be called. The Grand Jury turned in sixteen true bills, eight for felonies and eight for misdemeanors.

Messrs Higginbotham and Bailey, wealthy business men of Dallas, spent Wednesday night in Crosbyton. They were making an auto trip over the Panhandle and this was the first trip they had ever made through the South Plains country, and both expressed great surprise at finding such a fine country as this and pronounced it one of the best in Texas. Mr. Higginbotham predicted great things for Crosbyton and the South Plains country.

HOUSEHOLD

Don'ts For The Housewife

1. Don't cook at a high temperature any protein food.
1. Egg and milk if boiled will curdle.
2. Milk, if boiled, will precipitate a large amount of valuable lime or calcium used in building bone.
3. Eggs if fried or "hard-boiled" take longer to digest if eaten by a strong person and hence are not suitable for persons of weak digestion or small children. Eggs become firm at 160 degrees F. Water boils at 212 degrees F. Hence it is better to cook eggs below the boiling point if you desire them firm without being tough.

4. The most tender will be made tough by cooking it at a high temperature a long time. It is more palatable of pink and "juicy" on the inside.

5. If clabber is heated above 103 degrees F. it will make a tough cottage cheese. Cheese cooked at a high temperature is in a compact mass and is more difficult to digest than if grated.

6. Don't boil tea nor allow water to stand on leaves all day if making tea to serve later as cold tea. Tannic acid is withdrawn. Tannin is a harmful astringent.

7. Don't boil coffee longer than from three to five minutes nor allow to stand on grounds to be reboiled. The injurious tannin in coffee is withdrawn by long boiling and has the effect of tanning the delicate membrane of the alimentary tract. The caffeine has the same stimulating effect as nicotine in cigarettes.

8. Don't make chocolate or cocoa without cooking the material in water about five minutes before adding the milk.

9. Don't fry foods in butter or other fat that has become dark brown when frying because the fat has changed chemically and is irritating to the lining of the alimentary canal as are the fumes of burning fat to the lining of the nostrils.

Precautions to Take in Planning Meals

1. Don't serve half cooked cake or bread. The mass is harder to digest because during masticating the bread will become compact, and upon being cooked with saliva acid to the stomach to lie there in a mass longer than if the material were finely divided in the mouth.
2. Don't serve an over supply of sweet foods. Sugar ferments easily.
3. Don't serve too many kinds of the same foodstuffs at the same meal. Examples:
a. Beef, egg, chicken, peanuts.
b. Pork, large serving of salad dressing, pie and doughnuts.
c. Rice, potatoes, macaroni.
d. Green, lettuce, cabbage.
e. Dried, fresh and canned fruits.
4. Don't serve the same food in different forms at the same meal.

5. Tomato soup, tomato sauce, tomato salad.
6. Stewed prunes and prune whip.
7. Roast beef, beef salad.
8. Mashed potatoes and potato salad.
9. Don't serve too many concentrated foods at the same meal for the food is more apt to be entirely assimilated by the body and if so a person may suffer from constipation, (sweet potatoes, cheese, pies and rich desserts are examples.)
10. Don't boil green vegetables in a large amount of water, rather a small amount of water and save liquor valuable mineral will be saved.
11. Don't add sugar to fruits while cooking but wait until fruits have cooked and then add sugar and heat sufficiently to melt. Sugar is changed chemically to a less sweet sugar if added to fruit when stewing. Sugar toughens cellulose or fiber of fruit.

Fruit Cocktail.
Mix grape-fruit pulp, with shredded pineapple and halves of fresh strawberries, using half as much pineapple as grape fruit, and allowing the desired number of strawberries to each serving. Chill thoroughly, and pour over any light dressing, or a little sugar. Serve in stemmed glasses topped with a whole strawberry.

Broiled Chicken.
Wash chickens (which have been dressed and split) through several waters, and let stand at least an hour in cold salted water. Drain and wipe dry, and ip in melted butter. Put in dripping pan and place in very hot oven. When brown reduce the heat, and bake at least forty-five minutes. The pan needs to be well oiled but no water put in.
Creamed Carrots.
Cut carrots in small cubes, and cook in boiling salted water until quite tender. Then make a sauce of 1 cup scalded milk, 2 1-2 tablespoons flour, butter, salt and pepper. In a butter melted in same pan, add flour and seasonings, then slowly add milk, and stir while cooking. Add carrots, and cook six green peppers in boiling water for three minutes. Cut slices from stem end, and remove seeds.
Stuffed Green Peppers.
Cut six green peppers in boiling water for three minutes. Cut slices from stem end, and remove seeds.
Broiled Tomatoes.
Wash, wipe and cut in halves crosswise, firm, ripe tomatoes. Cut off a thin slice from the rounding half of each tomato. Sprinkle with salt and pepper, dip in fine white bread crumbs, then in egg slightly beaten with one tablespoon of cold water added to it, then again in

You Will Admire These Slippers

—Women who prefer distinctive styles in footwear will give their warm approval of these strap slippers.



—A new number in gray suede with 1 3-8 inch box heel, two strap, silver buckle. Price \$11.00
—The same shoe in black suede, with black buckle and patent leather throat price \$10.00
—Same shoe in black satin with buttons, price \$10.00.

Barrier Brothers

DEPENDABLE MERCHANDISE
Save Gold Bond Savings Stamps, Barrier Brothers, Martin & Wolcott and Sid Caraway's Market.

crumbs. Place on well butter broiler or skillet and broil on both sides until a brown shade.

Cream Sherbet.
One pint of rich cream, 1 1-2 pints rich sweet milk. Juice of 5 lemons, 1 pint of sugar.

Mix the lemon juice and sugar and let stand for at least 2 hours, stirring often. Put the cream and milk in freezer. Pack with ice and salt and turn for six to seven minutes or until thoroughly chilled. Then stir in lemon juice and sugar. Freeze until hard.

Angel Food Cake.
Twenty eggs, white, 2 1-4 cups of sugar, 1 1-2 cups flour, 2 tablespoons vanilla, 2 teaspoons cream tartar.

Beat the whites very, very stiff, then very slowly, about a teaspoon at a time, stir in the sugar. Add to the other teaspoon cream tartar to the flour, stir three times. Add to the mixture, then add vanilla, and bake immediately in slow oven.
Ice with the following: Over the well beaten whites of four eggs, pour a boiling syrup made of one cup of sugar and one-half cup water. Beat until creamy.

LIVE STOCK ACTIVITIES

Must Dip Steers

Fort Worth, May 18.—The request of South Texas cattlemen that big steers be eliminated from the systematic dipping for ticks in zone No. 3 until August 1, will probably be denied by the State Live Stock Commission, it was stated here today by attorneys for the commission. The argument against granting the plea is that such action would disrupt the entire dipping system.

J. E. Boog-Scott, who presided at the meeting of 75 or more cattlemen at San Antonio early this week to hear their request for the amelioration of the tick eradication measures in force at present, said that he could not make any concessions to the owners of big steers that was in any way liable to criticism, or grant any favors that could not be granted owners of stock cattle.

The resolutions presented by the committee asked the commission to formulate rules ameliorating the rules laid down for tick eradication, as applied to owners of big steers now fattening for market. The resolution cited in the difficulties and large expense occasioned by getting the steers off the ranges for dipping. The cost of rounding up the steers for 18-day dipping periods on account of the immensity of the ranges and the thick brush covering them, would be disastrous, the resolution alleged.

Big Bailey County Ranch Sold
Hereford, May 18.—Final papers were signed this week in a deal which marks the passing from active business connections of one of the oldest cattle firms in this section, John L. Wilson & Son. Mr. Wilson started in the cattle business in 1881 and is one of the best known and most respected cowmen of the Panhandle of Texas.

The ranch consisting of about 36,000 acres of leased land in Bailey County, has been secured by the Jaisell Cattle Company; 365 head of steers were sold to W. E. Hicks and 850 head of stock cattle were purchased by Jim Watson of Lubbock.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the South Plains and Santa Fe Railway, will be held at the General Offices of said Company in Lubbock, Texas, on Wednesday, June 7, 1922, at the hour of 10:00 a. m., for the purpose of selecting a Board of Directors for the ensuing year and for such other business as may come before the meeting.

The Annual Meeting of the Directors of said Company will be held on the same date and place, immediately after the meeting of the Stockholders.
W. S. Foscy, Secretary.
19-19

MONEY

at
8%
(net)
On
Farms and Ranches
Long Time
Satisfactory
Options

Duncan-Perry Land Co.
LUBBOCK, TEXAS

CARD OF THANKS

We wish to express our deepest thanks to our many friends whose kind words of sympathy, beautiful floral offerings and assistance helped us much to lighten the grief the death of our beloved mother and wife brought to our home.
Words are not equal to the high regard and depths of gratitude we feel for you, and any attempts to express our appreciation of your kindness on this occasion in that manner, would seem awkward and insufficient.

With a keen realization of the kindness you have shown, and with our heartfelt appreciation, we are gratefully yours,
H. T. Dyess and Children.

LOCAL ITEMS FROM LAMESA REPORTER LAST THURSDAY

Jack Caldwell, who hurt his knee pretty badly during the battle with the flames last week, is improving right along we are glad to state, and will probably be able to be out on crutches the last of this week.

On last Saturday night at 9:30, J. A. Scarlett passed to his reward. Sunday evening his remains were laid to rest in the Big Spring cemetery, besides his wife, who died less than two years ago. In early life he joined the Baptist church. He was 35 years old and had for some time been a familiar form on our streets on his crutches. We sympathize with his friends who mourn his loss. He had no relatives that we know of.
Come to Lubbock.

Useful Gifts
for
June Brides

Gifts that are constantly used and always appreciated—are wedding gifts from the Winchester Store.

We have a wide range of distinctive and worth while gifts for June brides. Prices are reasonable for goods of quality.

OTHER SUGGESTIONS

Percolators, different styles and patterns.
Pyrex, the glass cooking ware.
Dishes in full sets or single pieces. A good assortment of beautiful patterns.
A Round Oak Coal Range A Red Star Oil Stove.
For the Shower, we have good values in cooking utensils, cutlery and house wares of various kinds.
The Wedding Anniversary ought to be celebrated with a gift for the home.

Winchester Carving Sets

Always in good taste—always acceptable. Genuine stag handle sets with sterling silver mountings. Lower priced sets of fine appearance and good wearing qualities.

The Western Windmill Company
THE WINCHESTER STORE
Phone 127 1212 Avenue I

PROGRESS OF

Lubbock Mutual Aid Association

Number 3 has 1,000 members.
Number 4 began last week and now has 200 members.
Our aim is to put on a whirlwind campaign and fill Number 4 in half the time we filled Number 3, which was 7 1-2 months.
Everybody ought to have a policy in this association.
We take members living in 50 miles of Lubbock.
Our total membership in all Associations is over 3,500.

Don't You Want to Join Us?

Lubbock Mutual Aid Association Number 4

ELMO WALL, Secretary

ORDINANCE NO. 204.

An Ordinance for the prevention of Fires, establishing Fire Limits, a standard of construction, maintenance, repair and removal of buildings, providing for a Building Inspector, permits for buildings and fees for same, with respect to all construction, removal and repairs within the City of Lubbock, Texas, providing penalties for violations, declaring an emergency account of danger of fire and faulty construction:

Be It Ordained by the City Council of the City of Lubbock, Texas: Section 1. Fire Limits. The provisions of this ordinance shall apply to and be co-extensive with the territory with the boundaries now, or hereafter established, as the fire limits of this City, except such as are made with reference to the whole of the City by omission to make directly applicable to such fire limits, which fire limits are hereby declared to include the following territory: Blocks 87, 88; south half 101; all 102, 103, 104, 105; west half and southeast one-fourth 106; south half 107; all 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122; north half 131; all 132, 133, 134, 135; north half of the following blocks, 136, 137, 138; north-west one-fourth 139; east half 149; and west half 150—all in the original plat of the City of Lubbock.

Section 2. New Buildings and Buildings to be Altered. No wall, structure, building, or part thereof, shall hereafter be constructed within this City except such as are in conformity herewith. No building already erected, or hereafter to be erected, shall be raised, altered, removed, or built upon in any manner that would be a violation of any of the provisions of this ordinance, or of the permit issued thereunder.

Section 3. Permits: Before the erection, construction, or alteration, or raising of any building, structure or wall, or any part thereof, or any platform, stage, or floor, to be used for standing or seating purposes, is commenced the owner or lessee, or agent of either, or the architect or builder thereof, shall apply to the person exercising the duties of Building Inspector for a permit to do such work, such application shall be in writing giving a general outline thereof with the contract price, or estimated cost, and shall be accompanied by a fee of \$2.50, and 50c additional for each room over five, with such application, and the Building Inspector shall issue a permit for such improvement, if the application for such is in conformity herewith.

Structures erected without having secured such permit shall be immediately removed. No building shall be removed from one place to another, or moved into the City without application in writing for the permit, and paying the fee above prescribed.

No permit shall be issued which does not give a full description of the property upon which the building or structure is to be erected, repaired or moved onto; nor which does not conform in description to such permit under this ordinance. The City Engineer shall be the Building Inspector, and if there be no such official, the duties thereof shall be performed under the direction of the City Manager.

Section 4. Structures within the Fire Limits: Every building hereafter erected within the fire limits shall be enclosed on all sides with walls constructed wholly of stone, well burned brick, terra cotta, concrete or equivalent incombustible materials, and shall have the roof, including the roof top and sides of all roof-structures inclusive of dormer windows, covered with incombustible material, and all openings shall be of incombustible material.

Section 5. Permissible Wooden Structures within Fire Limits: No frame or wooden structure shall be built within the fire limits as given herein, or afterwards established, except:

- a. Temporary one story frame buildings for use of builders.
b. One story sheds open on the long side, not over 15 feet in height, and having a ground area not to exceed 500 square feet;
c. Wooden fences not exceeding 10 feet in height;
d. Piazzas or balconies not wider than 10 feet, and not extending more than 3 feet above the second story floor beams; same shall not extend beyond the lot line, nor be joined to a similar structure on another building, providing that all awnings shall be ceiled and covered with incombustible material, not exceed 10 feet in width, and have the supports at the street side anchored around an iron pipe not less than one and one half inches in diameter, the supports shall not be further apart than 8 feet, and they shall be tied on the inside of the building to an anchor having not less than 144 square inches contact with the inner surface of the exterior wall, and all opening through the awning and wall for supports shall be well cemented and tarred. No awning posts shall be permitted;
e. Bay windows, when covered with incombustible materials;
f. Small outhouses not exceeding 150 square feet floor area, and 8 feet in height, they shall not be within 5 feet of an inside property line, nor less than 30 feet of a building more than one story in height;
g. All structures mentioned in (a), (b), and (f) of this Section shall have roofs of incombustible material.
No frame building shall be moved from one point to another, within the fire limits, and no such building shall be moved into such limits from without.

Section 6. Repairing Fire Limits: No frame building within such limits shall be repaired, whether damaged by time or casualty or other reason, if the repairs exceed in cost 50 per centum of the value of such building immediately before the repair, all repairs to be made within 12 months shall be considered as one cost item and one repair. The value of the

foundation shall not be included in determining the value of the building; if such building be not repaired within 60 days from injury, it shall not be repaired, but removed within 30 days, if the injury renders the building unfit for occupancy. All buildings damaged more than 50 per centum of the value of the building, excluding the foundation, shall be removed within 30 days from the fire limits.

Section 7. New Buildings housing certain Occupancies within fire limits, and changes required in existing Buildings with such Occupancies: No building hereafter erected within the fire limits shall be used as a public garage, automobile repair shop, or dry cleaning establishment unless it be of fire proof construction, provided, that buildings now used as public garages, automobile repair shops, or dry cleaning establishments and situated within the fire limits designated in this ordinance, or hereafter placed therein, shall, within 12 months from the taking effect hereof, or 12 months from the inclusions within said fire limits of the said property if now without such limits, have each and every floor used as a public garage, or for automobile repairs, or for dry cleaning purposes, constructed of concrete or other good fire resisting material, and all buildings so occupied and all floors therein shall be kept thoroughly clean, and accumulations of rubbish, greasy waste or rags, or other inflammable refuse, shall not be permitted.

Section 8. Limits of Height and Area: No building hereafter erected or altered shall exceed four stories or 55 feet in height, unless it be of fireproof construction, then it shall not exceed ten stories or 125 feet; except as specified in Section 22, no building hereafter erected having walls of hollow terra cotta blocks, or concrete blocks shall exceed three stories or 40 feet in height.

The floor area between the fire walls of non-fireproof buildings shall not exceed the following: When the building fronts on one street, 5000 square feet; fronting on two streets, 6000 square feet; when fronting on three streets, 7500 square feet; these areas may be increased under the following conditions:

Non-fireproof buildings, fully equipped with approved automatic sprinklers, 50 per centum; For fire proof buildings, not exceeding 125 feet in height, 50 per centum; For fire proof buildings, not exceeding 125 feet in height fully equipped with approved automatic sprinklers, 100 per centum.

Section 9. Walls. All exterior or division walls of buildings hereafter erected shall be of sufficient thickness to support the load to be carried, but in no event shall a brick, stone, concrete or hollow block wall be less than 12 inches in thickness.

Walls, excepting party and fire walls, for all buildings of other than the dwelling house class not exceeding five stories or 65 feet in height, shall have the upper two stories not less than 12 inches thick increasing 4 inches in thickness for each two stories or fraction thereof below; for such buildings in excess of 5 stories, but not exceeding ten stories or 125 feet in height, the top story shall not be less than 12 inches in thickness, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each two stories or fraction thereof below. No two story increment shall exceed 30 feet in height.

For all walls of buildings of the dwelling house class the upper three stories shall not be less than 12 inches thick, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each 3 stories or fraction thereof below. No 3 story increment shall exceed 45 feet in height. Walls in skeleton construction shall be of brick, stone, or concrete, they shall be supported by girders at each story, shall be laid in Portland cement mortar and not less than 12 inches thick.

In all buildings except dwellings, frame buildings and skeleton construction, party walls and fire walls which serve as bearing walls on both sides, shall be not less than 16 inches thick in the upper two stories or upper 30 feet, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each 2 stories or fraction thereof below; all other fire walls shall be not less than 16 inches thick in the upper 4 stories or upper 50 feet, increasing 4 inches in thickness for each 2 stories or fraction thereof below. No 2 story increment shall exceed 30 feet in height. Portland cement mortar only shall be used in such walls.

Re-inforced stone or gravel concrete walls with the steel reinforcement running horizontally and vertically and weighing not less than one half pound per square foot of wall, may have a thickness of 4 inches less than that prescribed for brick walls. Stone walls shall be 4 inches thicker than required for brick walls. The foundation walls for all buildings over two stories in height shall be 4 inches thicker from footing to grade than required for the remainder of the wall.

All exterior and division or party walls over one story high shall extend in full thickness of the top story at least two feet above the roof surface of the building as a parapet wall and be properly coped, excepting walls which face on a street and are finished with incombustible cornices, gutter, or crown mouldings, excepting also the walls of detached private dwellings with peaked or hipped roofs; the parapet walls of warehouses and all manufacturing or commercial buildings shall be extended at least 2 feet above the roof; fire walls must be continuous from foundation to 3 feet above roof level.

blocks shall not be used in construction until they are 28 days made, and have developed the strength required herein; all building blocks shall be laid in Portland cement mortar. The compressive strength of building blocks shall be calculated upon the gross area of the bedding surfaces; the average ultimate compressive strength for terra cotta blocks laid with cells vertical shall not be less than 1200 pounds per square inch; the average for concrete blocks with cells vertical shall not be less than 800 pounds per square inch; concrete blocks shall not be more than 36 days old at the time of the test, and the average strength shall be based on ten blocks of average quality. The allowable working stress of hollow building blocks shall not exceed 100 pounds per square inch of gross area for terra cotta, or 75 pounds per square inch for concrete in gross area; if the cells be laid horizontal, the allowable working stress shall not exceed 30 pounds per square inch of gross area.

All walls and partitions in schools, hospitals and places of public assemblage over one story high, and all walls and partitions in theaters shall be built of brick, stone, hollow or solid blocks, or metal lath and Portland cement plaster or metal studding, or equivalent as to incombustibility.

Section 10. Concrete Construction: Concrete for reinforced construction shall consist of a wet mixture of one part Portland cement to not more than 6 parts of aggregate, fine and coarse, in such proportion to produce the greatest density. The quality of the material, design and construction shall be in accordance with best engineering practice.

Section 11. Protection of ends of wooden beams: The ends of all floor, ceiling or roof beams, entering a party or fire wall from opposite sides shall be separated by at least 8 inches of solid masonry; such separation may be obtained by corbeling the walls or staggering the beams; or the beams may be supported by steel wall hangers; no wall shall be corbelled more than two inches for this purpose; the ends of all wooden beams entering walls shall be so cut to make them self releasing.

Section 12. Protection of wall openings: No opening in an interior masonry wall shall exceed 8 feet by 10 feet; if the opening be in a party wall or a fire wall it shall have an approved automatic fire door on each side of the wall; if an opening in a fire wall is made to serve as an emergency exit, it shall not exceed 48 square feet in area, and an approved self-closing fire door shall be substituted for one of the automatic fire doors; the total openings in a fire wall shall not exceed 25 per centum in linear feet of the length of the wall.

Every building within the fire limits except churches, dwellings, tenement houses, dormitories and lodging houses shall have approved fire doors, shutters or wired glass in incombustible frames and sash on every exterior opening above the first story, except when fronting a street not less than 40 feet wide, or where there is no other building within 40 feet; all openings in the side and rear walls of the first story, except show windows, shall be protected in like manner; all exterior windows more than 75 feet above the curb shall have incombustible frames and sashes and glazed with wired glass; occupants of buildings shall close all interior and exterior fire doors, shutters and windows at the close of each business day.

Section 13. Stairway and Elevator Shafts: In all buildings hereafter erected, except private dwellings, which are used above the first floor for business purposes or for public assemblage, or for any purpose whatever if over three stories high, the stair shaft shall be separately and continuously enclosed by incombustible partitions. Elevator shafts in all buildings hereafter erected shall be enclosed in the same manner. The partitions shall be constructed of brick or other fire-resistive material approved by the Building Inspector; all mortar used in the construction shall be cement mortar. No such hollow partitions shall be less than 6 inches thick, no brick partitions less than 8 inches thick, and no other solid partition less than 4 inches thick.

Except as herein stated, the stair, elevator, or hoist-way shafts in all existing buildings over two stories high of the class described in this section, shall be separately enclosed by incombustible partitions as above specified; or the shafts may be enclosed by approved hollow or metal partition blocks not less than 3 inches thick, set in Portland cement mortar; or by 4-inch stud partitions, covered on each side with not less than 3-4 inch of Portland cement plaster or metal lath; or by 2-inch solid metal lath and Portland cement plaster partitions. The metal frame work of such partitions shall be securely fastened to both floor and ceiling. All lath used for such partitions shall be of galvanized steel weighing not less than 16 ounces per square yard. Wire lath shall be not less than No. 20 gauge, and sheet metal lath not less than No. 24 gauge. All such partitions erected in existing buildings shall be fire-stopped with incombustible material the full depth of the floor beams at each floor level.

All door openings in stair and elevator enclosures shall be protected by approved fire doors mounted with wrought iron or steel hardware, and shall be securely attached to the wall or partition, or to substantial incombustible frames anchored thereto. If glass panels be used in such doors, they shall be of wired glass not less than No. 24 gauge, and sheet metal lath not less than No. 24 gauge. All such partitions erected in existing buildings shall be fire-stopped with incombustible material the full depth of the floor beams at each floor level.

All door openings in stair and elevator enclosures shall be protected by approved fire doors mounted with wrought iron or steel hardware, and shall be securely attached to the wall or partition, or to substantial incombustible frames anchored thereto. If glass panels be used in such doors, they shall be of wired glass not less than No. 24 gauge, and sheet metal lath not less than No. 24 gauge. All such partitions erected in existing buildings shall be fire-stopped with incombustible material the full depth of the floor beams at each floor level.

Section 14. Skylights over Stairway and Elevator Shafts: Where a stairway, elevator, or dumb waiter shaft extends through the roof and is covered by a skylight, the skylight shall be constructed with incombustible frame and sash, glazed with ordinary thin glass, and shall be protected by a galvanized steel wire screen with a mesh not exceeding one inch, and the wire not smaller than No. 12 gauge. The screen shall have metal supports and shall be placed not less than 6 inches above the skylight. Instead of a skylight, a window may be placed in the side of the shaft above the roof which is furthest removed from a property line. The window shall have incombustible frame and sash, and be glazed with thin glass.

Section 15. Floor lights: Except in dwellings, all openings hereafter made in floors for the transmission of light to floors below shall be covered with glass set in metal frames and bars. The glass shall be not less than 3-4 inch in thickness, and if any glass measures more than 16 square inches there shall be a rigid wire mesh either in the glass or under it.

Section 16. Light, Vent, and Dumb Waiter Shafts: In every building hereafter erected or altered, except frame buildings, all walls or partitions forming interior light or vent shafts shall be built in accordance with the requirements for stair and elevator shafts in new buildings as specified in Section 13. The walls of dumb waiter shafts, except those in dwellings which extend only one story above the basement or cellar shall be of fire-resistive construction, and shall not be less than 2 inches thick if constructed of brick, hollow or solid partition blocks, or of steel studding and metal lath with 3-4 inch of Portland cement plaster on each side; or 2-inch solid metal lath and Portland cement plaster wall may be permitted, if securely anchored at each floor, the material and method of construction to be as specified for stair and elevator shafts in existing buildings in Section 13.

In frame buildings outside the fire limits the enclosure partition of all such shafts may be constructed as provided in Section 13, for stair and elevator shafts in existing buildings. Where a dumb waiter shaft does not extend through the roof the top of the shaft shall be of fire-resistive construction of the same thickness as the walls of the shaft.

All openings in dumb waiter shafts shall be protected by fire doors mounted in incombustible frames securely anchored to the walls. The walls of all light and vent shafts hereafter erected shall extend not less than 3 feet above the roof level, except that when a shaft is covered by an incombustible ventilating skylight, the walls need not extend more than 2 feet above the roof. Masonry walls shall be properly coped.

Section 17. Roof Openings: All openings in roofs for the admission of light or air, other than those provided for in Sections 14 and 16, shall have incombustible frames and sash glazed with wire glass; or ordinary glass may be used, if protected above and below by galvanized steel wire screen with a mesh not exceeding one inch, and the wire not smaller than No. 12 gauge. The top screen shall be installed as specified in Section 14.

Section 18. Exits Required: The term "floor area" as used in this section shall mean the entire floor space between exterior walls and fire walls. In every building hereafter erected, except in private dwellings, each floor area above the first shall be provided with at least two means of egress remote from each other. All exit doors in schools, hospitals, theaters and other places of public assemblage shall open outwards. The means of egress to all buildings three or more stories in height and so occupied as to bring them within the purview of the State Fire Escape Law, shall conform to said State law and the specifications promulgated thereunder, and the Building Inspector shall not grant a permit for the erection of any building unless the plans and specifications for egress in such building shall conform to the requirements of the State Fire Escape Law.

Section 19. Motion Picture Theaters: The Building Inspector shall not grant a permit for the erection or alteration of any building to be used as a motion picture theater, or in which motion pictures are to be exhibited within the corporate limits, unless the plans and specifications for the installation and operation of said motion picture theater, or for the exhibition of motion pictures shall have the booth lined with 1-8 inch sheet asbestos, on which shall be sheet metal not less than 26 gauge, and the door thereof shall remain closed during operation of the machine.

The Building Inspector shall make weekly inspection of each and every motion picture theatre or where motion pictures are exhibited for the purpose of ascertaining if the rules and regulations for safety against fire and panic are being violated. In the event said rules and regulations are not conformed to with respect to the arrangement of the building, and the installation of motion pictures, the city electrician, the Building Inspector, or the city fire marshal, is hereby empowered to cut off all electrical current from the room or building, and the supply of electrical

current shall not be restored by anyone until all said rules and regulations for safety against fire and panic are complied with.

Section 20. Fire Stops: At each floor level, in all buildings hereafter erected, all stud walls, partitions, furrings and spaces between joists where they rest on division walls or partitions shall be fire-stopped with incombustible material in a manner to completely cut off communication by fire through concealed spaces. Such fire-stopping shall extend the full depth of the joists and at least 4 inches above each floor level. Stair carriages shall be fire-stopped at least once in the middle portion of each run.

Section 21. Areeaways: All areaways shall be guarded with suitable railing, or be protected by incombustible covers or gratings. If gratings be used they shall have a mesh of not more than 1-2 inch mesh securely attached to the underside.

Areeaways shall not project beyond the building line.

Section 22. Frame Buildings: No frame building hereafter erected or altered, in corporate limits, shall exceed two stories or 80 feet in height, except that private dwellings may be three stories or 40 feet high.

No frame building hereafter erected for any occupancy other than grain elevators, coal elevators, sockets, ice houses, and exhibition buildings, shall cover a ground area exceeding the following: One story building 7500 square feet, two-story building 5000 square feet.

In no case shall a frame building be erected within 3 feet of inside lot line, nor within 6 feet of another building, unless the space between the studs on such side be filled solidly with not less than 2 1-2 inches of brick work or other equivalent incombustible material.

In rows of frame houses the dividing walls or partitions between houses shall be built of brick, terra cotta, concrete, or other incombustible material; or they may be built with 4-inch studs, filled solidly with brick work laid in mortar, or with other incombustible material. If lath be used on such partitions, it shall be metal lath. Such dividing partitions shall rest on masonry walls and shall extend to underside of roof boards. A flush mortar joint shall be made between the roof boards and the wall or partition. In rows of more than three houses, every alternate division wall or partition shall be constructed of solid brick work not less than 8 inches in thickness.

Buildings with wooden frame work clad with sheet metal, or veneered with brick, shall be classed as frame buildings. Outside the fire limits, when any building is to be erected or brick, stone, hollow block, or concrete, and could under this ordinance be constructed of wood, the Building Inspector is hereby authorized and directed to allow reasonable modifications of this ordinance relating to brick buildings, in consideration of the use of incombustible material instead of wood. Such modifications however shall not permit variations from the requirements of Sections 13, 18 and 25, of this ordinance.

Section 23. Electrical Installations: All electrical installations shall be in accordance with the rules and regulations promulgated by the State Fire Marshal, and no installation of electrical equipment shall be made, except in conformity thereto. Copy of said rules and regulations and all additions thereto, and revisions thereof, shall be kept on file in the office of the city secretary and be subject to inspection as other public documents of the city.

Section 24. Chimneys and Fireplaces: Except as herein provided, all chimneys in every building hereafter erected, and all chimneys hereafter altered or rebuilt shall be constructed of brick, stone, or reinforced concrete. No masonry chimney shall have walls less than 8 inches thick or it is to be lined in the inside with well burned terra cotta or fire-clay chimney tile set in Portland cement mortar. All such chimneys shall be capped with terra cotta, stone, concrete, or cast iron. The smoke flue of every high-pressure steam boiler, and every appliance producing a corresponding temperature in a flue, if built of brick, stone, reinforced concrete, or other approved masonry, shall have walls not less than 12 inches thick, and the inside 4 inches of such walls shall be fire-brick, laid in fire mortar, for a distance of at least 25 feet from the point where the smoke connection of the boiler enters the flue. All chimneys shall project at least 3 feet above the point of contact with a flat roof, or 2 feet above the ridge of a pitched roof.

Portland cement mortar only shall be used in the construction of chimneys. No chimney in any building shall have wooden supports of any kind. Supports shall be incombustible and shall rest upon the ground or the foundation.

All chimneys which are dangerous or unsafe shall be repaired, and made safe, or taken down. Metal smokestacks may be permitted for boilers, furnaces, and similar apparatus where large hot fires are used, provided they have a clearance from all combustible material of not less than one-half the diameter of the stack, but not less than 15 inches, unless the combustible material be properly guarded by loose fitting

metal shields, in which case the distance shall not be less than 12 inches. Where such a stack passes through a roof, it shall be guarded by a galvanized iron ventilating thimble extending from at least 9 inches below the underside of the ceiling or roof beams to at least 9 inches above the roof, and the diameter of the ventilating thimble shall not be less than 36 inches greater than that of the smokestack. Metal smoke stacks shall not be permitted to pass through floors.

The fireback of every fireplace hereafter erected shall be not less than 8 inches in thickness of solid brick work, not less than 12 inches of stone lined with fire brick. When a grate is set in a fire place, a lining of fire brick at least 2 inches in thickness shall be added to the fire-back; or soapstone, tile or cast iron may be used, if solidly backed with brick or concrete.

All fire holes when not in use shall be closed with tight-fitting metal covers.

Section 25. Wooden Beams Separated from Masonry Chimneys: No wooden beams or joists shall be placed within 2 inches of the outside face of a chimney or flue, whether the same be for smoke, air, or any other purpose.

No woodwork shall be within 4 inches of the back wall of any fireplace. All spaces between the chimney and the wooden beams shall be solidly filled with mortar, mineral wool, or other incombustible material.

The header beam, carrying the tail beams of a floor and supporting the trimmer arch in front of a fireplace, shall be not less than 20 inches from the chimney breast.

No wooden furring or studding shall be placed against any chimney; the plastering shall be directly on the masonry, or on metal lathing. Woodwork fastened to plaster which is against the masonry of a chimney shall have a layer of asbestos board at least 1-8 inch thick placed between the woodwork and the plaster.

Section 26. Smoke Pipes: No smoke pipe shall be within 9 inches of any woodwork or any wooden lath and plaster partition or ceiling. Where smoke pipes pass through a wooden lath and plaster partition floor or roof, they shall be guarded by galvanized iron ventilated thimbles at least 12 inches larger in diameter than the pipes, or by galvanized iron thimbles built in at least 8 inches of brick work or other incombustible material.

Section 27. Hot Air Pipes and Registers: All heater pipes from hot air furnaces where passing through combustible partitions, or floors, must be doubled tin pipes with at least 1-inch air space between them. Horizontal hot air pipes leading from furnaces shall be not less than 6 inches from any woodwork, unless the woodwork be covered with loose-fitting tin, or the pipe covered with at least 1-2 inch corrugated asbestos, in which latter cases the distance from the woodwork may be reduced to not less than 3 inches.

No hot air pipe shall be placed in a wooden stud partition or any woodwork enclosure unless it be at least 8 feet horizontal distance from the furnace. Hot air pipes contained in combustible partitions shall be placed inside another pipe arranged to maintain 1-3 inch air space between the two on all sides, or be securely covered with 1-2 inch of corrugated asbestos. Neither the outer pipe nor the covering shall be within one inch of wooden studding, and no wooden lath shall be used to cover the portion of the partition in which the hot air pipe is located. Hot air pipes in closets shall be double, with a space of at least one inch between them on all sides.

Every hot air furnace shall have at least one register without valves or louvers. A register located over a brick furnace shall be supported by a brick shaft built up from the cover of the hot-air chamber; said shaft shall be lined with a metal pipe; and no woodwork shall be within 3 inches of the outer face of the shaft. A register box placed in the floor over a portable furnace shall have an open space around it of not less than 4 inches on all sides, and be supported by an incombustible border.

Hot air registers placed in any woodwork or combustible floors shall be surrounded with borders of incombustible material, not less than 2 inches wide, securely set in place. The register boxes shall be of metal, and be double; the distance between the two shall be not less than one inch; or they may be single if covered with asbestos not less than 1-8 inch in thickness, and if all woodwork within 2 inches be covered with tin.

Cold air ducts for hot air furnaces shall be made of incombustible material. Section 28. Steam and Hot Water Pipes in Heating Systems: No steam or hot water pipe shall be within 1 inch of any woodwork. Every steam or hot water pipe passing through combustible floors, or ceilings, or wooden lath and plaster partitions shall be protected by a metal tube 1 inch large in diameter than the pipe and be provided with a metal cap. All wooden boxes or casings enclosing steam or hot water heating pipes, or wooden covers to recesses in walls in which steam or hot water heating pipes are placed shall be lined with metal.

Section 29. Dry rooms: No combustible material shall be permitted in the construction of any dry room hereafter erected, in which a temperature of 125 degrees Fhr. or over is to be maintained. If a temperature under 125 degrees Fhr. is to be used, the dry room may be constructed of wood, but it shall be lined throughout with 1-8 inch asbestos, covered with sheet metal.

If windows are placed in walls or ceilings of dry rooms they shall be of wired glass set in fixed incombustible sash and frames. Section 30. Stoves and Ranges: No kitchen range or stove in any building shall be placed less than 2

feet from lath and woodwork protectes, in no shields thus protect them. Hotel be prov placed wooden ceiling, outlet, a flue. T at least or its a Comb range over legs tin, 81, tained, of metalbestos is be cover of m Such m course, or of cotta, at hollow, circulate whole co stituted, if desire be cover than No not to s ages be extend-a 12 inch course, the rati balance. All e legs, sha terial, w inches in Section Applanc lath and within 4 six feet boiler fee roas laundry place to a hea the floor the full, or heati 5 feet in shall be serving. In no construct feet of t ing appli ame. No fu heating against. Heating on sides protectiv 1-2 inch Section Devices: charcoal devices, stands at le bustible are at le with met low the l No op device at where g flammab dled. Section connecti heating rigid me gas heati rubber t there is the devi Section All recee bags, an sec iron terial. Section flues or foul or temperat that of l ted of m material nearer t and no any othe Section parts of signed to be impo respecta ing prac Section Every l thereof, Building by reas defective floors, l other ca safe. Immedia lessee to safe, an the dan ture in exterior to per such no or part unsafe notified Building cause t secure, be used license voke as owned, spread the pub action, enter a assistant cause t secure without owner. Buildin full po ment to Secti Officer hereby Firca relating to all pro back; a of the and fir of this depart act in

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feet from any woodwork or wooden lath and plaster partition, unless the woodwork or partition is properly protected by metal shields or asbestos, in which case the distance shall be not less than 18 inches. Metal shields shall be loosely attached, thus preserving an air space behind them. Hotel and restaurant ranges shall be provided with a metal hood, placed at least 9 inches below any wooden lath and plaster or wooden ceiling, and have an individual pipe outlet connected with a good brick flue. The pipe shall be protected by at least 1 inch of asbestos covering, or its equivalent. Combustible floors under coal ranges and similar appliances with cast legs, such as mentioned in Section 31, in which hot fires are maintained, shall be protected by a sheet of metal, or a 1-8 inch layer of asbestos building lumber, which shall be covered with not less than 4 inches of masonry set in cement mortar. Such masonry shall consist of one course of 4-inch hollow terra cotta or of two courses of brick or terra cotta, at least one of which shall be hollow, and be laid to preserve a free circulation of air throughout the whole course. Concrete may be substituted for a course of solid brick if desired. The masonry work shall be covered by sheet metal of not less than No. 26 gauge, so arranged as not to obstruct the ventilating passages beneath. Such hearths shall extend at least 24 inches in front and 12 inches on the sides and back of the range or similar heating appliance. All coal stoves or ranges, with legs, shall set on incombustible material, which shall extend at least 12 inches in front. Section 31. Heating Furnaces and Appliances: Any woodwork, wooden lath and plaster partition or ceiling within 4 feet of the sides or back, or six feet from the front of any heating boiler, furnace, bakery oven, coffee roaster, fire-heated candy kettle, laundry stove or other similar appliance, shall be covered with metal to a height of at least 4 feet above the floor. This covering shall extend the full length of the boiler, furnace, or heating appliance, and to at least 5 feet in front of it. Metal shields shall be loosely attached thus preserving an air space behind them. In no case shall such combustible construction be permitted within 2 feet of the sides or back of the heating appliance, or 5 feet in front of same. No furnace, boiler, range, or other heating appliance shall be placed against a wall furred with wood. Heating boilers shall be encased on sides and top by an incombustible protective covering not less than 1 1/2 inches thick. Section 32. Open-Flame Heating Devices: All gas, gasoline, oil, or charcoal-burning stoves or heating devices, shall be placed on iron stands at least 6 inches above combustible supports, unless the burners are at least 5 inches above the base, with metal guard plates 4 inches below the burners. No open-flame heating or lighting device shall be used in any room where gasoline or other volatile inflammable fluids are stored or handled. Section 33. Gas Connections: Gas connections to stoves and similar heating devices shall be made of rigid metal pipes. For small portable gas heating devices flexible metal or rubber tubing may be used, provided there is no valve or other shut-off on the device. Section 34. Trash Receptacles: All receptacles for ashes, trash, garbage, and refuse shall be of galvanized iron or other incombustible material. Section 35. Vent Flues: Vent flues or ducts, for the removal of foul or vitiated air, in which the temperature of the air cannot exceed that of the rooms, shall be constructed of metal or other incombustible material, and shall not be placed nearer than 1 inch to any woodwork, and no such flue shall be used for any other purpose. Section 36. Safety of Design: All parts of every building shall be designed to safely carry the loads to be imposed thereon, and shall in all respects conform to good engineering practice. Section 37. Unsafe Buildings: Every building, structure, or part thereof, which shall appear to the Building Inspector to be dangerous, by reason of bad condition of walls, defective construction, overloaded floors, lack of guards against fire, or other causes, shall be held to be unsafe. The Building Inspector shall immediately notify the owner or lessee to cause the same to be made safe, and shall also affix a notice of the dangerous character of the structure in a conspicuous place on the exterior wall of such building, and no person shall remove or deface such notice so affixed. The owner or party having an interest in such unsafe building or structure, being notified thereof in writing by the Building Inspector, shall immediately cause the same to be made safe and secure, and if any such building shall be used for any purpose requiring a license therefor, the mayor may revoke said license on neglect of the owner to comply with the notice served as herein provided. Where the public safety requires immediate action, the Building Inspector may enter upon the premises, with such assistance as may be necessary, and cause the said structure to be made secure or torn down and removed without delay, at the expense of such owner or party interested. The Building Inspector is hereby given full power to order the fire department to assist in such work. Section 38. Duties of Enforcing Officer: The Building Inspector is hereby authorized and empowered: First, To enforce all ordinances relating to the construction, equipment, management, and condition of all property within said City of Lubbock; and it is hereby made the duty of the departments of police, health and fire to assist in the enforcement of this ordinance, and each of these departments shall, so far as possible, act in connection with the Building Inspector in such enforcement. Second: To supervise the construction or reconstruction of all buildings. Third: To report monthly to the mayor or city council regarding the condition of the City on all matters pertaining to fire prevention. Section 39. Penalty for Violations: Any and all persons who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance or fail to comply therewith, or who shall violate or fail to comply with any order or regulation made thereunder, or who shall build in violation of any detailed statement and approved therefor, or any certificate or permit issued thereunder, shall severally for each and every such violation and non-compliance, respectively, upon conviction be punished by a fine of not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars. The imposition of one penalty for any violation of this ordinance shall not excuse the violation, or permit it to continue; and all such persons shall be required to correct or remedy such violations or defects within a reasonable time; and when not otherwise specified each ten days that prohibited conditions are maintained shall constitute a separate offense. The application of the above penalty shall not be held to prevent the enforced removal of prohibited conditions as provided in Section 3. Section 40. Conflicting Ordinances Repealed: All ordinances and parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed. Section 41. Date of Effect: This ordinance shall take legal effect and be in force from and after its passage and legal publication. Section 42. Emergency Clause: The fact that there is no adequate protection to buildings within the City of Lubbock, to prevent the origin and spread of fires, creates a public necessity and emergency that this ordinance be passed on the meeting of its introduction, and that the provision of the Charter requiring it to be read at two several meetings before adoption, is hereby suspended, and this ordinance shall be in effect from and after its passage and publication. Passed, adopted and approved this 11th day of April, A. D. 1922. (Seal) Percy Spencer, Mayor, City of Lubbock, Texas. Attest: J. R. Germany, City Sec. 23-3T.

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Lubbock County, Texas: You are hereby commanded to summon E. J. Darst, and the unknown heirs of E. J. Darst, and C. L. Darst, executor of the estate of E. J. Darst, and the unknown heirs of C. L. Darst, if deceased, by making publication of this citation in some newspaper published in Lubbock County Texas, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the District Court of Lubbock County, Texas, at the court house of said county, in the town of Lubbock, on the second Monday in June, A. D. 1922, same being the 12th day of June, 1922, to answer the suit of Joe B. Hoard, plaintiff, against the unknown heirs of E. J. Darst, if deceased, E. J. Darst, C. L. Darst, Executor of the estate of E. J. Darst, and the unknown heirs of C. L. Darst, if deceased, filed in said court on May 8th, 1922, and being No. 1579 on the docket of said court, said suit being brought to remove the cloud from the plaintiff's title to Lot No. Fourteen (14) in Block No. One Hundred and Six (106) in the town of Lubbock, in Lubbock County, Texas, by reason of a vendor's Lien retained in a deed from E. J. Darst to Frank Bowles, securing a note for \$750.00, and by reason of a notice of its pendens filed in the office of the County Clerk of Lubbock County, Texas, recorded in Vol. 1 page 74 his pendens records of Lubbock County, Texas, and a judgment of foreclosure in the District Court of Hale County, Texas, in cause No. 148 brought by E. J. Darst, executor, against the said Frank Bowles. The said Frank Bowles having paid off said note and judgment, but no release was obtained thereto. Herein fail not, but have you then and there this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of office this 8th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk, Dist. Court, Lubbock Co., Texas. 21-4T

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF ELECTION THE STATE OF TEXAS, County of Lubbock. Notice is hereby given that an election will be held on the 17th day of June, 1922, at the School House, in Common School District No. 4 of this county as established by order of the County Board of Trustees of this county on the 28th day of May, 1917, which is recorded in Book I, pages... of the Records of School Districts of Lubbock County, to determine whether a majority of the legally qualified property taxing voters of that district desire to tax themselves by a tax of and at the rate of not to exceed \$1.00 on the \$100.00 valuation of taxable property in said district for the purpose of supplementing the State school fund apportioned to said district, and to determine whether the Commissioners' Court of this county shall be authorized to levy, assess and collect annually a tax of and at the rate of not to exceed \$1.00 on the \$100.00 valuation of taxable property in said district for said purpose. W. O. Arnold is hereby appointed presiding officer for said election, and he shall select two judges and two clerks to assist him in holding the same, and he shall, within five days after said election has been held, make due return thereof to the Commissioners' Court of this county as is required by law for holding a general election. All persons who are legally qualified voters of this State and of this county and who are resident property taxpayers in said district are entitled to vote at said election. Said election was ordered by the county judge of this county by order made on the 4th day of May, 1922, and this notice is given in pursuance of said order. Dated the 5th day of May, 1922. C. A. HOLCOMB, Sheriff, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Lubbock County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon J. M. Rice, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, to be and appear before the District Court of Lubbock County, Texas, at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer the suit of J. M. Rice, Plaintiff, against the heirs and legal representatives of J. F. Ruhl, (the names of said heirs and legal representatives being unknown), and Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the lawful and absolute owner in fee simple of Lot No. Thirteen (13) in Block No. One Hundred Fifty-five (155), and Lot No. Nineteen (19), in Block No. Two Hundred Twenty-seven (227), in the Original Town of Lubbock, in Lubbock County, Texas, and is an action of trespass to try title. Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk District Court, Lubbock County. 21-4T

CITATION ON APPLICATION IN PROBATE. THE STATE OF TEXAS. To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Lubbock County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to cause to be published once each week for a period of ten days before the return date hereof, in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year in said Lubbock county; and you are likewise hereby commanded to cause to be posted for ten days exclusive of the date of posting before the return date hereof, at three of the most public places in Lubbock county, one of which shall be at the courthouse door and no two of which shall be in the same city or town, copies of the following notice: The State of Texas. To all persons interested in the estate of A. B. Conley, Jr., deceased: Nannie L. Conley and Earnest A. Conley, have filed in the county court of Lubbock county, an application for the probate of the last will and testament of said A. B. Conley, Jr., deceased, and for letters testamentary of the estate of A. B. Conley, Jr., deceased, which said application will be heard at the next term of said court, commencing on the third Monday in May, A. D. 1922, same being the 15th day of May, A. D. 1922, at the court house thereof, in Lubbock, at which time all persons interested in said estate may appear and contest said application should they desire to do so. Herein fail not, but have you before said court on the said first day of the next term thereof, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said court at my office in Lubbock, Texas, this 29th day of April, A. D. 1922. (Seal) HERBERT STUBBS, Clerk County Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 18-3T

to foreclose his vendor's lien. That the other defendants named are claiming some interest or lien in said land, and plaintiff asks for foreclosure as to said defendants, as well as defendant, J. N. Rice. That the two notes sued on are an inferior lien to a lien held by the Federal Land Bank of Houston, Texas, but are the legal holder and owner of said notes, and has had to employ attorneys to represent him in this suit, and also asks for judgment for said attorney's fees. Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 5th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk District Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 21-4T

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Lubbock County—Greeting: You are hereby Commanded to summon the unknown Heirs of R. H. Crump, deceased, their heirs and legal representatives, Netta True Crump, sometimes called Netta L. Rose, Clara Louise Grogan, nee Clara Louise Crump, and Ralph Grogan, by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1578, wherein the First Presbyterian Church of Lubbock, Texas, is Plaintiff, and the Unknown Heirs of R. H. Crump, deceased, their heirs and legal representatives, Netta True Crump, sometimes called Netta L. Rose, Clara Louise Grogan, nee Clara Louise Crump, and Ralph Grogan, are Defendants, and said petition alleging that Plaintiff is the lawful and absolute owner in fee simple of Lots Nos. Eleven, Twelve, Thirteen, Fourteen, Fifteen, and Sixteen, (11-12-13-14-15-16), in Block No. One Hundred Forty-four (144), in the Original Town of Lubbock, in Lubbock County, Texas; and also alleges possession of and claim of title under the Statutes of Limitation of Three, Five and Ten Years, and prays for judgment against all of the Defendants for the title to and possession of said lots, and is an action of trespass to try title. Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk District Court, Lubbock County. 21-4T

THE STATE OF TEXAS To the Sheriff or Any Constable of Lubbock County—Greeting: You are hereby Commanded to summon J. F. Ruhl, and the heirs and legal representatives of J. F. Ruhl (the names of said heirs and legal representatives being unknown) by making publication of this Citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your County, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in the nearest county where a newspaper is published, to appear at the next regular term of the District Court of Lubbock County, to be held at the Court House thereof, in Lubbock, Texas, on the 2nd Monday in June, A. D. 1922, the same being the 12th day of June, A. D. 1922, then and there to answer a petition filed in said Court on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1922, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said Court No. 1575, wherein C. W. Beene, is Plaintiff, and J. F. Ruhl and the heirs and legal representatives of J. F. Ruhl, (the names of said heirs and legal representatives being unknown), are Defendants, and said petition alleging that on May 5th, 1922, he was owner in fee simple of lots, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, in Block 59; lots 1 and 2 in block 62; and lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, in block 68, all in the Overton Addition to the town of Lubbock, in Lubbock County, Texas; that on said date the defendants unlawfully entered upon said property and ejected plaintiff, and continues to unlawfully hold said real estate. Plaintiff prays that upon final hearing hereof, he have judgment for the title and possession of said above described property; and for all other and further relief to which he may be entitled. Herein fail not, but have before said Court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given Under My Hand and the Seal of said Court, at office in Lubbock, Texas, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) LOUIE F. MOORE, Clerk District Court, Lubbock County. 21-4T

Reports indicate that a baby is born every nine minutes in New York City. Judging by reports of violent crimes and deaths they sure do need 'em as fast as they can be replaced.—Waterville Sentinel.

The shrinkage of the income tax is due to the fact that so many people who formerly paid it have gone into the bootleg and bandit business, both of which are exempt.—New York Tribune.

The significant victory won by the Republicans in Maine is nothing to the significant victory the Democrats will win the first time they have an election in Georgia.—Nashville Southern Lumberman.

NOTICE OF ELECTION TO DETERMINE WHETHER STOCK LAW SHALL BE ADOPTED Whereas, on the eighth day of May, A. D. 1922, at a regular term of the Commissioners' Court of Lubbock County, Texas, there came on for hearing and consideration by said court a certain petition signed by more than fifty freeholders of a certain sub-division of said county, hereinafter described by metes and bounds, addressed to said Commissioners' Court and asking said court to order an election to be held in said sub-division of said county for the purpose of enabling the freeholders of such sub-division to determine whether horses, mules, jacks, jennets and cattle, shall be permitted to run at large in the said sub-division of said Lubbock County, Texas, and after due consideration of the said petition, and a careful investigation thereof and of the signatures thereto, the court makes the following findings of facts with reference thereto, to-wit: (1). That the said petition is addressed to the Commissioners' Court of Lubbock County, Texas, and is in proper legal form; (2). That the said petition is a prayer and petition to this court asking this court to order an election to be held in a certain sub-division of said Lubbock County for the purpose of enabling the freeholders of such sub-division, who are qualified voters therein, to determine whether horses, mules, jacks, jennets and cattle, shall be permitted to run at large in said sub-division of said county; (3). That the said sub-division mentioned and described in the said petition is situated in said Lubbock County, Texas, and is correctly described by metes and bounds in said petition; (4). That more than fifty of the persons whose names are subscribed and signed to the said petition are freeholders in said sub-division and are qualified voters under the constitution and laws of the State of Texas in said Lubbock County, in said sub-division; (5). That the aforesaid sub-division hereinbefore mentioned in this order, and the sub-division hereinbefore described by metes and bounds in this order, and the sub-division described by metes and bounds in the said petition, are one and the same part or portion of the said Lubbock County; (6). That the said petition was regularly filed with the clerk of this court prior and previous to the first day of the present term of this court to-wit, on the 20th day of April, A. D. 1922, and that the present term or sitting of this court and the time when this order is and was made, and entered of record in the minutes of the Commissioners' Court of said Lubbock County after the said filing of the said petition. It is therefore considered and ordered by the Commissioners' Court of Lubbock County, Texas, that there be and is hereby ordered to be held an election in said sub-division of said Lubbock County at two voting places in said sub-division hereby designated, to-wit, at what is commonly known as Grovesville School House, and at what is commonly known as the Caldwell School House, the said election to be held on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1922, for the purpose of enabling the freeholders in said sub-division, who are qualified voters therein, to determine whether horses, mules, jacks, jennets and cattle, shall be permitted to run at large in such sub-division of said county. Given under my hand and seal of office this, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) P. E. BROWN, County Judge of Lubbock County, Texas. 21-5T

No. 287. PRECEPT TO SERVE NOTICE OF INTERROGATORIES. In re-estate of A. B. Conley, Jr., deceased, in the County Court of Lubbock County, Texas. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County—Greeting: You are hereby commanded to cause to be published once each week for a period of twenty days before the return date hereof, in a newspaper of general circulation, which has been continuously and regularly published for a period of not less than one year in said Lubbock county, and also that you cause to be posted for twenty days exclusive of the date of posting before the return date hereof, in three of the most public places in your county, one of which shall be at the courthouse door, and no two of which shall be in the same city or town, copies of the following notice: The State of Texas. To all persons interested in the estate of A. B. Conley, Jr., deceased: You are hereby given notice that Nannie L. Conley and Earnest A. Conley, have filed in said court a notice of their intention to apply to the clerk of this court for a commission to take the depositions of C. W. Lamar and Ophelia Lamar, who reside in Salina, in Saline County, Kansas, in answer to certain interrogatories this day filed in said court by said petitioners, the depositions of said witnesses, when so taken to be used in evidence upon the hearing of the application of said petitioners for the probate of the last will of A. B. Conley, Jr., deceased, and for letters testamentary to issue thereon to said petitioners, as executors, it being alleged that said C. W. Lamar and Ophelia Lamar signed the last will and testament of A. B. Conley, Jr., deceased, which is offered for probate, as subscribing witnesses thereto. Herein fail not, but of this writ and how you have executed the same, make due return within twenty days after service. Witness Herbert F. Stubbs, clerk of the county court of Lubbock County. Given under my hand and seal of said court at office in the town of Lubbock, this 29th day of April, A. D. 1922. (Seal) HERBERT STUBBS, Clerk of County Court, Lubbock County, Texas. 18-4T

The Russian delegates are feeling around in Genoa—with the view, we suppose of endeavoring to locate the world's postbox.—Columbia Record.

said sub-division and qualified voters therein; that said managers of the said election may appoint their own clerks respectively, to assist them in holding the said election; that the two places above named and designated are within the territorial limits and boundaries of the said sub-division of said county, and are hereby designated the two particular places in such sub-division at which the polls shall be opened for the purpose of said election on said election day; that no person shall vote at the said election unless such person shall be a freeholder within said sub-division, and a qualified voter of the county within the said sub-division; that all persons who are freeholders within said sub-division, are qualified voters, who reside within said sub-division and in election precinct No. 20, shall vote at the said Grovesville School House, and all persons who are freeholders within said sub-division, are qualified voters, who reside within said sub-division and in election precinct No. 6, shall vote at the said Caldwell School House; that all votes cast in the said election shall be by ballot, and voters desiring to prevent the animals designated in the foregoing order of the Commissioners' Court and in this order from running at large shall have written or printed upon their ballots the words, "For the Stock Law," and those voters in favor of allowing such animals to run at large shall have written or printed upon their ballots the words, "Against the Stock Law"; that on or before the tenth day after the holding of the said election on the persons holding such election shall make due return on all votes cast at their respective voting places for and against said proposition, as set out in said order of the Commissioners' Court and in this order, to the county judge of said Lubbock County, who shall tabulate and count said returns and ascertain the results of said election in the manner and form required by law in such cases; that the aforesaid order of the Commissioners' Court hereinbefore copied into and embodied in this order is hereby referred to and made part and parcel of this order for all purposes of this election and particularly for the purpose of specifying: (1). The petition praying for the order of this election, and the action of the Commissioners' Court thereon; (2). The class of animals it is proposed shall not run at large; (3). The territorial limits to be affected; (4). The day of the election; (5). The places at which polls are to be opened, and (6). To show that this election was ordered by the Commissioners' Court for the purpose of enabling the freeholders of the aforesaid sub-division to determine whether horses, mules, jacks, jennets and cattle, shall be permitted to run at large in the said sub-division of said Lubbock County, Texas. The general public and all persons interested will hereby take notice that I do here and now order the aforesaid election to be held on the 17th day of June, A. D. 1922, at the places hereinbefore designated, as hereinbefore directed, for the purpose of enabling the freeholders of the sub-division of Lubbock County, Texas, hereinbefore incorporated and described by metes and bounds, to determine whether horses, mules, jacks, jennets and cattle, shall be permitted to run at large in such sub-division of said county. Given under my hand and seal of office this, the 8th day of May, A. D. 1922. (Seal) P. E. BROWN, County Judge of Lubbock County, Texas. 21-5T

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If you trade here you know what the above stands for: Cleanliness, Quality and Service. These we offer you as well as modest prices on every article. The groceries you buy here will be good, clean edibles—fit to eat. We give 25¢ Green stamps and appreciate your patronage.

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Palace Grocery Co.
Jas. A. Hughes, Prop.
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News and Views of Local Sports

TELL ANY MEMBER OF THE AVALANCHE FORCE ABOUT WHAT YOUR TEAM OR CLUB IS DOING AND HELP US KEEP THESE COLUMNS FULL OF LUBBOCK'S ACTIVITIES IN THIS LINE.

SPEEGLE AND GOBER HOME-RUN KINGS IN LOCAL GAMES
Official scores, Joe Kuykendall. These averages include just the games played on the home diamond up to Saturday night, May 13th. Averages follow:

Batting Averages												
Player	Position	G	AB	R	H	2B	3B	HR	SH	SB	BB	AV.
Speegle, 1b		7	26	8	8	1	0	2	1	3	4	.308
Earnshaw, 2 & ss.		5	16	4	6	0	1	0	0	6	4	.375
Gober, 3b		7	25	7	9	2	1	2	2	3	0	.369
Battle, 2 & ss.		7	25	5	7	3	0	1	2	3	0	.280
Brooks, s.		1	8	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	.333
King, m.		7	27	9	10	0	1	0	3	4	0	.370
Brown, lf.		7	24	7	7	1	0	0	1	2	3	.292
Langford, rf.		7	25	6	7	1	1	1	2	3	0	.280
Allen, c.		7	26	1	6	0	0	0	1	1	0	.238
Woodridge, p.		3	11	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	1	.455
Green, p.		2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Bean, p.		1	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	.250
Alberts, p.		2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000
Swenson, p.		1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	.000

Pitchers' Averages												
Pitcher	G	IP	R	ER	H	SH	BB	HP	SO	WL	AV.	
Woodridge, p.	3	27	15	9	25	2	8	3	14	3	.1000	
Green, p.	1	9	3	1	7	3	3	6	2	1	.1000	
Bean, p.	1	9	5	3	9	2	3	0	6	1	.1000	
Alberts, p.	2	14	1	6	1	6	0	11	0	0	.000	
Swenson, p.	1	3	2	6	4	5	2	3	1	2	.000	

Fielding Averages				
Player	PO	A	E	AV.
Speegle	61	1	1	.986
Earnshaw	12	21	3	.917
Gober	7	18	2	.925
Battle	17	24	4	.911
Brooks	2	2	2	.667
King	11	2	0	.1000
Brown	15	2	1	.944
Langford	9	1	0	.1000
Allen	36	8	0	.1000
Woodridge	0	24	2	.923
Green	0	3	1	.750
Bean	0	9	0	.1000
Alberts	1	0	0	.1000
Swenson	0	3	3	.500

"WHO'LL GET THE COYOTE?" IS THE PERPLEXING PROBLEM

But that doesn't seem to worry the Hubbers very much, for they are winning games just the same, but it is a few of the old home town boys who are interested in getting the Hubbers the very most appropriate and becoming mascot obtainable, and now that they have decided that a fleet, vicious, cunning-looking coyote—the original plainsman, will be the best match for the game grabbers, the problem of where and how to get the young animal is bobbing up. Will some unexpected something happen that the coyote will be brought in and trained to fit the bunch, or will it be necessary for the husky pill slingers to abandon the great American game for a few days and take time to trap, run down, or in some other way, capture the much desired animal?

Anyway, they are going to have a coyote to make the trips with them before long, and it is hoped that the creature will be in readiness to make their next road trip.

HUBBERS WILL BE ON THE ROAD TILL 6 OF JUNE

The Hubbers took the fourth straight game from the Stamford aggregation of ball players Saturday by a score of 17 to 4 in a game that ceased to be interesting after the third inning. The game started off in favor of Stamford, they making two scores in the first to the Hubbers nothing, but they soon went to pieces and in the third inning the Hubbers scored seven times and then piled up seven more and the Stamfordites, had no further luck, and went through the game making only four scores.

The home team played in Sweetwater Monday, going to Abilene for a series with that team. They will be gone till the 6th of June, when they will return to the home grounds for another series. The Hubbers have made steady gains the past two weeks and are now standing second, Amarillo being in the lead only two games, and in all probability the Hubbers will be topping the column before we have an opportunity to report again.

One puzzle confronting the British public is what they will call the House of Lords now that the ladies have been admitted.—Detroit Free Press.

HUBBERS ANNEX FIRST GAME FROM STAMFORD

In a slow game here Thursday, Lubbock "poured it on" the Stamford Colonels by a 7 to 2 walkover. The visitors were unable to find Green until the ninth, he allowing only two hits up to that time. In the ninth by an error and four hits they made two runs and saved themselves from a shut-out. The hitting of Gober and Green were largely responsible for the lead of the locals, Gober getting four safeties out of four trips up. The score: Lubbock 7, Stamford 2.

Player	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Speegle, 1b	2	1	1	9	1	0
Brooks, ss	4	1	1	2	3	0
King, cf	4	0	1	3	0	1
Gober, 3b	4	1	4	2	2	0
Langford, rf	4	0	0	3	0	0
Brown, lf	4	0	1	3	0	0
Battle, 2b	3	1	1	2	2	1
Allen, c	3	1	0	3	0	0
Green, p	4	2	2	0	3	0
Totals	32	7	11	27	11	2

Stamford AB R H PO A E
Dinsmore, ss 4 1 0 2 2 1
Curran, 2b 4 0 1 2 4 0
Williams, 1b 4 0 1 9 0 0
McElwee, cf 4 1 1 1 0 0
Miers, lf 4 0 0 2 0 0
Sloan, 3b 4 0 1 0 1 1
Conley, rf 2 0 0 1 0 0
Smith, c 2 0 1 5 1 0
Morton, p 3 0 0 1 6 0
Kandier, rf 2 0 0 0 0 0
Edwards, c 1 0 1 1 1 0

Totals 34 2 6 24 15 3
Score by Innings:
Lubbock 000 021 40x-7
Stamford 000 000 002-2
Summary—Hits, off Morton 11, off Green 6; three base hit, Green; two base hit Speegle, Gober; struck out, Morton 5, Green 0; sacrifice hits, Speegle, Battle; stolen base King 3, Gober; wild pitch Morton.

Standing of Teams

WEST TEXAS LEAGUE				
Clubs	G	W	L	Pct.
Lubbock	23	18	5	.783
Amarillo	23	15	8	.652
Clovis	25	14	11	.560
Sweetwater	22	12	10	.545
San Angelo	23	12	11	.522
Abilene	24	11	13	.458
Ranger	24	7	17	.292
Stamford	23	5	18	.217

TEXAS LEAGUE				
Clubs	G	W	L	Pct.
Fort Worth	31	23	8	.742
Beaumont	36	22	14	.611
Wichita Falls	34	19	15	.559
Houston	35	18	17	.514
Dallas	36	18	18	.500
San Antonio	35	15	20	.430
Galveston	35	10	25	.286

HUBBERS WALLOP STAMFORD COLONELS FOR 3RD STRAIGHT

The Hubbers took a double header from the Stamford Colonels here Friday, making it three straight from them. The first game was a 3-2 eleven-inning battle, the second a shutout for Stamford, 3 to 0. Although seven hits were gotten off Bean in the first fracas against five

NEW GINGHAMS are Here

As well as many new Ready-to-Wear summer dresses
BATHING SUITS, TENNIS SHOES

CHILDREN'S SOX, LADIES' NEW OXFORDS
Never before have we been able to offer so many new, pretty things at such wonderful, revelations in price. Before you spend your money come and see what we offer.

THE CASH DRY GOODS COMPANY
G. L. Mills, Prop. North Side Square

Fuller Brush Company's REPRESENTATIVE

Will call at your home within the next few days and present every housewife with a Fuller Kitchen Utility Brush absolutely Free.

L. L. Kirby
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Player	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Smith, c	3	0	1	4	0	0
Mitchell, p	3	0	0	0	8	0
Morton, rf	1	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	28	0	5	18	21	1

THREE SENIORS SHOW THEIR PEP WHEN PINNED UNDER CAR

Of course the program for the outdoor outing of the Senior class to Buffalo Springs Thursday did not call for a calamity on the return home, but after the day had been thoroughly enjoyed, and the young students were en route home a near serious accident happened, when a Ford Coupe, driven by Ivy Witt turned turtle pinning the three occupants beneath the car. The usual class pep was used by the three who were caught under the car, which the appearance of the car proves thoroughly, as the entire top was torn out in their attempts to free themselves. It is certainly hoped that the class functions will close without any serious harm being done to the members.

OLD TIME CITIZEN OF ABILENE DEAD

P. M. Peden, 68 years old, resident of this city for 40 years, died suddenly at his home, 1410 Oak street, on Thursday afternoon. He was apparently in good health during the day and was found dead in his chair late in the afternoon. Mr. Peden came to Abilene from Dallas, having moved from Kentucky to the latter city. He is survived by the following children: Miss Effie Peden of this city; Chas. Peden, Altus, Okla.; Willie Peden, Altus, Okla.; Mrs. Mattie Burr, Lubbock. All of the children will be here for the funeral. Funeral services had not been arranged Friday morning awaiting the arrival of the two sons, who are expected to reach here on the Wichita Valley Friday night.—Abilene Reporter.

Two Paris-and-London express planes collided April 7 over a small village seventy-five miles north of Paris, killing both pilots, three passengers, and one mechanic.

BASEBALL SUMMARY:

Thursday's Results:
Lubbock 000 021 40x-7 11 2
Stamford 000 000 002-2 6 3
Green and Allen; Morton, Smith and Edwards.

Player	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Amarillo	110	100	20x	5	10	0
Abilene	100	010	010	3	8	3
Maples and Byers; Embree, Burch.						
Clovis	000	300	10x	4	9	0
San Angelo	110	010	000	3	6	0
Wilkerson, Ervin; Muns, Robertson.						

Sweetwater shut out Ranger 1 to 0. Lawrence Davis, who is traveling for the Amarillo Paper Company, was here the last of the week, looking after the interest of his firm. Lawrence says his house is preparing to put in a very large stock of paper as soon as they can get a building suitable for their stock.

Evangelist W. L. Hanna and Mr. and Mrs. Roger Walker, all of Lubbock, held services on our streets Saturday afternoon. They are in a series of meetings at Whiteflat, and will be here this week and next.—Roaring Springs Review.

First Game						
Player	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Speegle, 1b	5	0	0	15	2	0
Brooks, ss	5	0	1	2	6	0
King, cf	5	1	0	2	0	0
Langford, rf	4	1	1	3	0	0
Gober, 3b	3	1	1	0	3	0
Brown, lf	4	0	2	4	0	0
Battle, 2b	3	0	0	4	3	0
Allen, c	3	0	3	1	0	0
Bean, p	3	0	0	2	0	0
Swenson, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
xEarnshaw, 2b	1	0	0	0	2	0
Totals	37	3	5	33	21	7

Second Game						
Player	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Speegle, 1b	3	0	0	7	0	0
Brooks, ss	2	0	0	1	1	2
King, cf	2	0	4	0	0	0
Langford, rf	2	0	1	2	0	0
Gober, 3b	2	0	0	1	0	0
Brown, lf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Earnshaw, 2b	2	0	1	4	0	0
Allen, c	1	0	0	4	0	0
Swenson, p	1	0	0	1	8	0
Totals	16	3	1	21	13	2

Stamford						
Player	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Dinsmore, ss	4	0	1	1	3	1
Curran, 2b	3	0	0	1	0	0
Williams, 1b	3	0	1	9	0	0
McElwee, cf	3	0	2	1	0	0
Miers, lf	2	0	1	2	0	0
Sloan, 3b	3	0	1	1	0	1
Conley, rf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	25	0	6	27	13	1

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MARTIN'S
Started making such good pastries and that well liked Butterflake Bread

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We have the Oldest, Largest and Strongest Insurance Companies writing Hail on Cotton and Grain this year.
MR. FARMER—We can write your dwelling, barn, feed and all equipment and contents, and let you make your first payment in November. This is the first opportunity you have had at a chance of this kind.

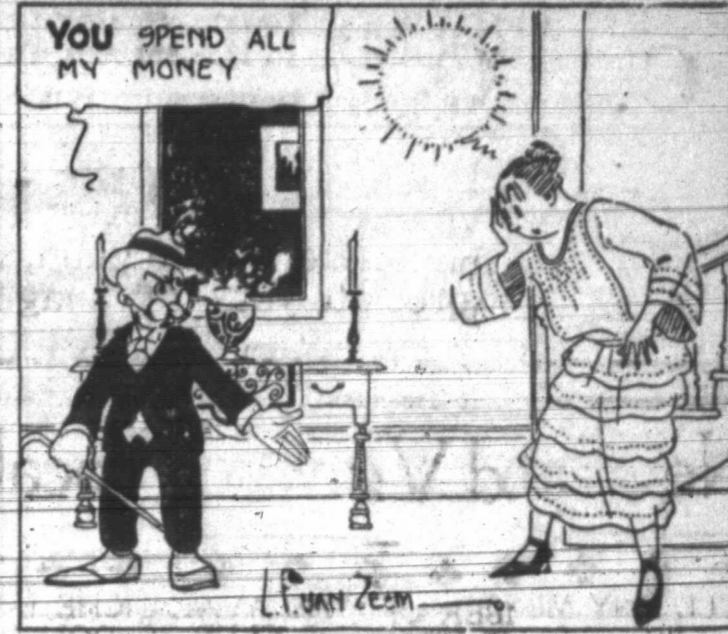
The hail storms are destroying thousands of dollars' worth of crops, and the lightning is crashing buildings into splinters daily. You had better see us and protect your property, and this fall you can pay us for the protection in case we do not pay you for some disaster. See us before it is too late. You had better get a financial statement on the company your business is placed with.

CONLEY BUILDING
PHONE 96
Lubbock, Texas

AW, WHAT'S THE USE



So What's a Fella Goin' to Do



CHIROPRACTORS MET IN LUBBOCK LAST SUNDAY AFTERNOON—DR. B. F. GURDEN ADDRESSED THE ASS'N.

One of the liveliest associational meetings that has been held in Lubbock in sometime was that of the Northwest Texas Chiropractors Association held at the Masonic Hall, Sunday afternoon.

At one o'clock the Chiropractors and their guests assembled at the Merrill Hotel where a luncheon was

and expressed regret that he had not been given an opportunity to assist in making the delegates to Lubbock more pleasant, and this being our first occasion to hear Percy turn loose on a technical subject, of which we had failed to give him credit of knowing very much about, proved that he is a pinch hitter as an orator, he having talked in the language of the professionalists with all the ease and correctness of a practitioner. Mr. Spencer closed his address with a few words in regard to Lubbock's disposition toward the profession, and assured his hearers that it would be his pleasure, and the pleasure of the people of Lubbock and surrounding country to have the next meeting after the one which will be held in Amarillo in September be brought to Lubbock.

Dr. Gurden was then introduced, and made a very instructive talk on "Building a Practice" in which he gave his hearers the advantage of his long experience as a builder of Chiropractic, having as his key note the fact that the first step to success is to KNOW the work, which he said was only a beginning, but the only way to begin. "The next thing after you have mastered the art of healing in this manner is to convince the other fellow that you know it, the best of means by which to accomplish this work is to work on the patient, not alone with the science, but work on him with educational, truthful and well-directed advertising.

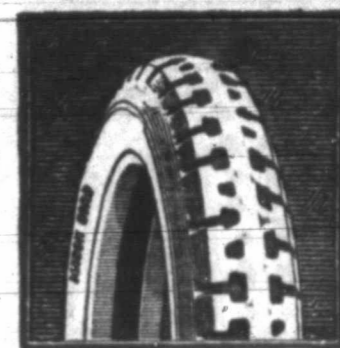
"Don't expect advertising to do it all, you could line your office with patients that the advertising had brought, and then without offering yourself to their service in a courteous, polite manner they would leave without having sold themselves to the idea that Chiropractic is good," he said. The next angle from which Dr. Gurden worked on the subject was to become efficient salesmen. "You have something to sell, and should learn the art of salesmanship, put some personality back of your work, work incessantly, conscientiously and without ill will toward those who fight you, and come out winner after the people with whom you are associated have learned enough about Chiropractic to know it is the modern method of healing."

Dr. Gurden is a forceful speaker, and through his efforts Chiropractic is growing by leaps and bounds in Lubbock.

Dr. Zimmer, of Snyder, Dr. Armstrong, of Hereford, and other prominent Chiropractors, including Dr. Jennie Korabacher, of Lubbock made interesting talks along the lines of their work, followed by talks from Curtis A. Keen, managing editor of the Plains Agricultural Journal, Judge Campbell-Vickers, attorneys, and Neal A. Douglass, Jr., of the Avalanche, advertising having been mentioned, the newspaper and magazine representatives couldn't keep off the subject, while Judge Vickers discussed the possibilities of the Chiropractors shaping a few laws in their favor, which should be worked out by a special board, selected from the most prominent Chiropractors in the State.

History of Chiropractic
The Chiropractic lecture by B. F. Gurden, D.C., Phc., which was held in the Odd Fellows hall Saturday night was well attended. Dr. Gurden gave the early history of Chiropractic stating that the first adjustment was given in Sept. 1895 or a little over 26 years ago, since that time 25 states have given Chiropractic legal recognition, also the countries of Japan and Hawaiian Islands, it is said that over one million people take Chiropractic adjustments daily and there are 15,000 practicing Chiropractors in this and foreign countries. Dr. Gurden stressed the point that thousands of Chiropractors are needed to fill the demands and that the demands for Chiropractors will not be met for many years. Dr. Gurden is president of the Texas Chiropractic College located in San Antonio, Texas, which teaches

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Such dependability is made possible by ownership of its own cotton mills by the Mason Tire & Rubber Co. This insures both quality and uniformity. No matter how long a Mason tire has run it is guaranteed against defects of workmanship and material.

Our interest in the car owners of this city is Tire Satisfaction. Call us up.

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LUBBOCK, TEXAS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DISTRIBUTORS



Attention FORD Owners

Ford parts, like almost everything else worth while, are counterfeited. Imitation parts are manufactured to SELL at the highest possible rate of profit and the grades of steel used are consequently not the same high quality, specially heat-treated alloy steels specified in Ford formulas for the manufacture of GENUINE FORD PARTS.

Don't be misled—insist upon GENUINE FORD PARTS made by the Ford Motor Company. By so doing you will get from 35 to 100 per cent more wear from them, and you will pay the lowest possible cost—the same everywhere.

When your Ford car or Fordson tractor needs attention, call on us. For remember we are properly equipped, employ competent mechanics, and use Genuine Ford Parts and Fordson parts in all repair work.

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T. B. DUGGAN

Vice-President
Lubbock, Texas

a course of study of three years. It is the Chiropractic belief that the cause of disease is within the body itself, also that all the healing forces of nature reside within the body, and that when we are diseased it is because this healing force cannot get to the affected part, to effect a cure. Dr. Gurden asks why it was that bones heal without the use of drugs, and yet when some of the softer tissues of the body become diseased we look to drugs for our relief. He claimed that the same force that healed the broken bone was the force that heals the softer tissues. But the reason that they were diseased was because this healing force was obstructed, and that the obstruction takes place in the spine or backbone of man, that it was the business of the Chiropractor to re-align the spine thus releasing this force. After the lecture there was a free clinic at which a number of patients received the expert analysis of Dr. Gurden. He explained just how Chiropractic adjustments reached each individual case passed upon. There was cases of paralysis, rheumatism, enlarged spleen, stomach trouble, and trouble with the feet, all were given courteous attention and told just what they could expect from Chiropractic adjustments. Chiropractors make the claim, that Chiropractic is just as good for one trouble as another, Chiropractors of Lubbock are planning to have him back at some future time for another lecture.

NOTICE IN PROBATE

THE STATE OF TEXAS
To the Sheriff or any Constable of Lubbock County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to cause to be posted for ten days, exclusive of the day of posting, before the return day hereof, in three of the most public places in your County, one of which shall be at the Court House door, and no two of which shall be in the same city or town, copies of the following notices which notice shall also be published for same period in a newspaper of general circulation which has been continuously and regularly published in said county more than one year prior hereto:

THE STATE OF TEXAS
To All Persons Interested in The Estate of Frank Miller, deceased, Glen Kitten and Joe Kitten, have filed an application in the County Court of Lubbock County, on the 6th day of May, 1922, for probate of will of said Frank Miller, Deceased and that letters testamentary be issued to said Glen Kitten and Joe Kitten, which said application

will be heard by said Court on the 17th day of July 1922, at the Court House of said County, in Lubbock, Texas, at which time all persons interested in said Estate are required to appear and answer said application, should they desire to do so. Herein Fail Not, but have you before said Court, on the first day of the next term thereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Witness my hand and official seal at Lubbock, Texas, this 8th day of May 1922.
(Seal)

HERBERT STUBBS, Clerk
County Court, Lubbock Co., Texas

GORMAN MAN HERE UNDER CARE OF MEDICAL EXPERTS

G. W. Lee, of Gorman, Texas, arrived in Lubbock Friday of last week and is now at a local sanitarium under care of specialists. They come to Lubbock for health, for the rare opportunities offered hard workers and for many other reasons, and find here the Eldorado which they seek. Come to Lubbock.

Sir A. Conan Doyle has reached New York. He is to make a lecture tour of the United States.

FIRST SHERIFF OF STERLING COUNTY DIED LAST SUNDAY

W. N. Hiler, 69 years old and the first sheriff that Sterling County ever had, died May 7 at Sabinal, Uvalde County, says the Sabinal Sentinel. Mr. Hiler engaged early in the live stock business and rode the range with other pioneers in the days before the Indians stopped their raids in this section. He continued in the stock business until late in life.

He was the son of Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Hiler, who came to this section in the fall of 1856. On January 13, 1875, he was married to Miss Elizabeth T. Slaughter of Erin, Iowa, and a few years later moved with his family to North Concho, where he lived during the most of the remainder of his life. In the summer of 1920, he and Mrs. Hiler moved to Sabinal, where he spent the few remaining days of his eventful life. Mr. Hiler was a man of great personality and had a host of friends. He is survived by his wife and glasses children, five sons and six daughters. —San Angelo Standard.

Mrs. J. M. Creed and daughters, Miss Maude and Mrs. Daisy Wilson, of Bryan, Texas, were in Lubbock last week to attend the funeral of their daughter and sister, Mrs. H. T. Dyess.

Now Displaying Full Line--

Mid-Summer Hats

—For Ladies Who Care

Mallard Sisters Dress Shop
West Broadway, Lubbock

ROTARY NOTES

The weekly luncheon of the Lubbock Rotary Club was held at the Manhattan Parlor at 12:00 o'clock, Wednesday, May 17.

Mike Ballinger opened the program by calling the roll, after which Pete Peterman gave the report of the attendance committee upon the attendance at last meeting. He said that last week there were forty-two present and five absentees, those absent being C. L. Griffin, Sam Cole, S. E. Cone, Tom Duggan and J. T. Hutchinson. The meeting had an average of 89 per cent attendance. There has been only one 100 per cent meeting, but he says we are going to have another one right away.

Lubbock has the reputation of doing things, and there is no reason why we cannot have 98 percent and 100 percent meetings right along. We are going to try to do this, and are going to call the names of those absent at every meeting just to remind them that they have been absent and that they must keep on the job from now on.

Mike Ballinger read an article from the April issue of the Rotarian which read as follows:

"No phase of modern social work has a more practical or more basic relationship to the interests of business, in commerce, or in industry, than that of saving and developing boyhood.

"It is not a purely altruistic enterprise. It is an investment which pays in dividends traceable directly to the efforts put forth and, in part, calculable in dollars and cents.

"It should require no hard thinking on the part of any Rotarian in touch with modern life to realize that the biggest factor in the success of any undertaking today is the human factor. Business spends more in wages, in welfare plans, in the machinery for promoting efficiency and harmonious relations—all of it expenditure primarily for the human factor—than it does on plant equipment, machinery, fuel, and raw material. It loses more through labor slacking, human inefficiency, discontent, turn-over, and strikes than thru any waste controllable aside from the human factor.

"If Judge Gary was to say he had no interest in the source of raw materials which 'United States Steel' turns into marketable commodities of rails, rivets, structural iron, and the like, and cared nothing about the quality of the ore and coal required in the process, you would think he was losing his sagacity as a great industrial chieftain, and would look for news of his early retirement.

"But what of the man who pursues a policy of indifference to the sources and quality of the human raw material which he must rely upon for the most important and costly phase of any process of manufacturing or enterprise of merchandising in which he may be engaged?

"Obviously, this raw material, absolutely essential to all our commercial and industrial projects, is boyhood. Equally obviously, it will become a developed material of manhood, reliable, efficient, productive, or it will become irresponsible, inefficient, and non-productive according to the influences under which it is shaped into manhood.

"There are two phases of the development of boyhood. One is that which is under the care of our public and parochial schools, and which has to do mainly with the boy's mental training. The state has made it possible for every boy to get at least a grade-school education, and for some to get a high-school education. We

have little excuse left for illiteracy and we are paying a good price in order there should be little excuse.

"The other phase is that which depends upon the use of the boy's out-of-school time—his play time. Students of childhood tell us that this period has more to do with the development of character than any other. It is in the choice of occupation and companionship made by the boy in his leisure, that motives, viewpoints and ethical standards are formed and established. The activities and associations of this 'volitional period' determine in large degree the use the boy will make of the knowledge and mental training acquired in school.

"No argument is needed to show that if we are to get the worth of our investment in schools it is of vital importance to see that the influences affecting the boy in his leisure time are of the kind to provide him with the right sort of motives, viewpoints and standards. Otherwise our expenditure on mental education is being discounted, some time wholly negated, and not infrequently perverted as a result of the wrong kind of influences working on the boy in his play hours.

"The Boys' Club Federation, following many surveys of boy life in American cities scattered throughout the length and breadth of the land, has compiled statistics which show that approximately 66 per cent of American boyhood gets its leisure-time education—its character training—on the street and in the casual associations which the streets affords. Its play time adult contact are those of the pool room, the corner cigar store, and other loafing places of the parasitic male. Its conception of life in the world of larger privilege is derived from the cheap movies. Its thrills are obtained from neighborhood escapades, in which pilfering from the grocer, joy riding in stolen cars, rocking windows and street fights, cutting the plumbing fixtures out of vacant houses, and similar adventures figure. Its idea of law and governmental authority is a red-faced and perspiring policeman vainly pursuing it up an alley, but representing something which would interfere with its fun and profit if it were agile enough.

"This street education, where some counteracting influence of inheritance or environment does not mitigate its effect, has one or two results. If the boy is a red-blooded, imaginative, anger-loving youngster—the sort who makes the ideal gang leader—he probably plays himself into crime. For example, practically all the crimes of violence committed in the City of Chicago are of 16 and 25, who have been educated, morally, on the streets. They can read and write and figure—what they learned at school. But the social viewpoint and motives developed by a leisure time spent in the street and its allied spheres of life, are using this knowledge for criminal ends. The Chicago Crime Commission says that it has yet to find an automobile bandit over 25 years of age. If the boy is less aggressive and enterprising, a follower rather than a leader, he may drop out of the gang life before he gets into serious trouble, and find a job. But the job means to him only a prosaic and arduous method of obtaining the money he needs for his pleasures—for cigarettes, movies, dances, and such things. There is probably a girl upon whom he must spend a little. It is a 'blind alley.' He has no vision of its leading to a larger, more responsible career. His street education has taught him that work is a necessary evil. His philosophy in relation to the job is summed up in the four-word phrase of

the slacker, 'Anything to get by.' The boss is regarded as little better than an enemy, with whom a truce has been made. He is certainly fair game for any tactics of exploitation which may prove effective.

"There are thousands of these boys in business and industry—men with the viewpoints which the education of the streets gave them. They are the fertile soil for all sorts of radical doctrines, for every kind of social and economic fallacy. They are the biggest element of expense and danger in the life of the nation. They are not merely poor workers but poor citizens. And they are not to blame. Communities, blind to their moral obligation and their self-interest, denied them a chance to be anything else. After all it is no more than just what we have to pay the bills occasioned by their incompetency and maladjustment. But it would be worse than folly if we continued to neglect an asset of such great potential value, and, through neglect, allow it to become, as it does in many instances, a heavy liability.

"The boys of this 66 per cent are, in the rough, as good material as any that can be found in America. Their possibilities are as splendid as those of lads to whom conditions of life are more favorable. The question is not one of capacity, so much as it is one of whether capacity shall be developed by constructive forces for good, or stifled and perverted by the demoralizing influences which are malignantly active in all our towns and cities.

"The Boy's Club of the type promoted by the Boys' Club Federation, does this. It does it effectively. It has been doing it—in some communities for the last forty or fifty years. It is not an experimental method. It has stood the test. Every year sees the number of clubs increased. The lapsed Boys' Club is a rare thing.

"The Boys' Club Federation urges three principles as essential to the successful operation of a Boys' Club: 1. Organization on a basis of service to the whole community, irrespective of race or creed.

2. Occupation of permanent quarters open all the year, every afternoon and evening, for the use of the boys.

3. Direction by a paid, full-time, trained boys' worker.

"Organized on this basis and efficiently conducted, a Boys' Club becomes a plant for the converting of raw, human material into a product of which the community will be proud.

"This is a statement calling for proof.

"The Union League Boys' Club, established two years ago in Chicago by members of the Union League Club, took for its field the ward in which at that time the juvenile court reported the highest percentage of juvenile delinquency.

"The Lyric Orchestra, composed of Miss Pearl Robinson, pianist, Mr. Ralfeigh Brown, violinist and Mr. Royce A. West, saxophonist, furnished the Club with some very fine selections. 'Wana,' 'Say You'll Be Mine,' 'Sheik,' and 'Mastersroke' which were enjoyed very much by everyone present.

Mr. Frank Ryburn, president of the Amarillo Rotary Club and leader in the Boys' work in that city, spoke as follows:

"Fellow Rotarians, I bring you greetings from the Amarillo Rotary Club. It is always a pleasure to be with the Lubbock Rotary Club. I have been with you, two or three times in the past, and I predicated my acceptance to be with you today upon the understanding that I would not be called upon to make a speech, and I thought from the encores the orchestra got that you were going to let them take up all the time. I met Oscar in the hall this morning, looking most forlorn, and found that some good Rotarian had fallen down on the job and that he needed a substitute. I understood that you were going to have the high school graduates here and was going to make a talk of somewhat of an inspirational nature to them; but after I got here, I was advised that it was the Grammar school graduates that were going to be here, so I had to change up my speech that Roscoe had written for me. And now the boys are not here, and I do not know what to say.

"In the beginning, we will all concede that Rotary is a pretty good thing. We know each other better and know the members of the clubs in other towns better. We know that they are good men, and it inspires us to a more clean and wholesome way of living. Now if it is a good thing to know the men in your own home town better, it is also a good thing to know men in other towns better. The cities of the Panhandle have fallen down in this one respect. We have never had any real interesting meetings. I was telling Jed here, as he is president of your club and I am president of the Amarillo club, that I hope that it may be possible this year for Lubbock, Plainview and Amarillo to get together sometime when all can go, and have a real get-together meeting, even if we have to go to Plainview to do it. We've all heard a lot about their new auditorium, and it would be a good chance for us to go up and give it the once over. Several Amarillo Rotarians have visited your club at different times—Nunn, Pippis and myself, but I don't want you to judge our club by us, or by others that may have been down here. When you find an opportunity to visit our club, you are welcome.

"It goes without saying that a Rotarian should be interested in the boys, his own primarily if he has one, and in all other boys. It is a wonderful work that Pippis has been doing in Amarillo among the boys. His plans have, no doubt, been laid to you. They not only reach the delinquent boys, but all the boys, and not only the Boys' Work man, but every man in the club.

"If there is a thing a Rotarian should stand for, it is the boys, not only the delinquents, but the boys before they become delinquent, and should try to instill the idea of a real American citizenship in them. Pippis

has put every Rotarian in our club on a committee, and it is working splendidly. He has divided up the work, and has one bunch of fellows on a committee of which Guy Fallers is chairman, to look after the delinquent boys. Another group of fellows that can talk a little have been put on what we call the educational or inspirational committee. That committee plans to furnish one or two Rotarians at the chapel exercises of the high school all through the coming year just to let the boys, and girls too, know the business men of the town are interested in them. We have others that are interested in the Boy Scout activities and recreations, and in this way the whole club is enlisted to work for the boys. It is a splendid thing for us to do, and we can all do it. Every Rotarian should appreciate the fact that we should inspire in the life of every boy the fact that education counts, and pays in a fuller, richer life, whether in dollars and cents or not. They should be encouraged to stay in school. It is a critical time in a boy's life when he finishes the grammar school. Many of them drop out of school at this period. It is a still more critical time when they finish High School, because a still larger percent drop out then. We men should inspire into their young minds and into their lives the truth of what Ruskin meant when he said, 'We do not advance in life by merely accumulating money; and if they are to succeed and round out their natures in the manner that God Almighty intended them to do, they must advance themselves. We ought to inspire the boys and we can. You can do it by personal contact with them in school and out of school with such examples as we can give them by our lives and our donations, and by letting them know that we are interested in them, their recreations and their work.

"I was out last Friday evening when we had, with the assistance of the Kiwanis Club and the Boy Scout organization, a Scout camp several miles from Amarillo where the boys were having opening exercises, etc. It was my pleasure to see there in that group of boys let loose under proper supervision three street waifs that Rotary had lifted out of the gutter and had taken from jail. I saw those boys going along with the other boys—just as clean, just as happy, and just as good as the others. They had been provided with suits of clothes that made them feel and look respectable by fair-minded and generous Rotarians. They had a different attitude toward life, and they were for the bunch that had made it possible for them to become what they were.

"We should reach these boys before they reach the Juvenile Courts, and teach them proper living and make them feel that they have a fellow brother in us who is interested in their development and pursuit of knowledge, and in the full development and rounding out of their characters—impressing upon them the fact that when living by our motto, 'Service above self,' He profits most who serves best, a man can serve best when prepared. If we can instill into them a higher idea of living, we have fulfilled one of the most important missions of Rotary."

Mr. Sensabaugh made a short talk, outlining the work that is being done among the boys of this city. He said that a man or woman, physically fit, is a quick thinker, and that three nights in every week the boys are given a chance to play which takes care of the physical boy, for exercise develops quick thinkers. W. A. Bowen takes the boys for one night during each week and gives them instructions in scout work and other items of interest to them. Another citizen has offered to drill these boys,



"Love's Sweet Song"

"Love's Sweet Song" is brought out with all beauty and sentiment by

The Manualo

"The Player Piano that is all but human"

which plays any selection with the individuality of the person who is playing.

Come in and play the instrument yourself.

RIX FURNITURE AND UNDERTAKING CO.

"THE HOUSE OF SATISFACTION" BIG SPRING AND LUBBOCK

AFTER EVERY MEAL

WRIGLEY'S P-K



This new sugar-coated gum delights young and old. It "melts in your mouth" and the gum in the center remains to aid digestion, brighten teeth and soothe mouth and throat.

There are the other WRIGLEY friends to choose from, too:



and when they have had a little training, it is Mr. Sensabaugh's idea to have them drill in public every once in a while and have their parents and friends come out to watch them; thus encouraging them by letting them know that their people have an interest in what they are doing.

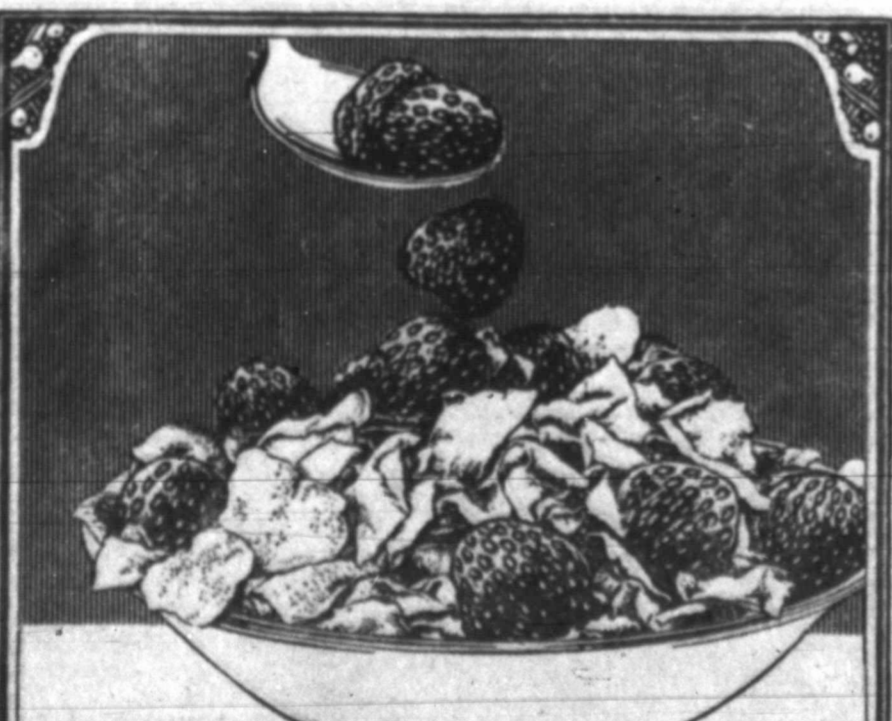
Mr. A. B. Spencer of Crosbyton, as Roscoe Wilson introduced him—of the South Plains, made a short talk, complimenting the Rotary Club for their work, and saying that he hoped every one present would attend the West Texas Chamber of Commerce Convention to be held at Plainview, May 29 and 30.

Bennie Hilburn announced that the baseball game between the Rotary and Kiwanis Clubs would be played May 24, at 3:45 p. m. Curtis Keen is chairman of the ticket selling committee, and Earl Hunt is treasurer.

L. T. Martin announced that Lubbock had secured an exemption from the war tax of 25c on the season tickets for the Chautauque, and that this money will be refunded to the purchasers of these tickets as soon as the Chautauque is over.

The visitors present were as follows: C. H. Berry of Amarillo, guest of Mico Bayless; Rankin Dow, guest of E. E. ...; guest of Newman Payne; Frank M. Ryburn of Amarillo, and Richard L. Douglass, guests of Roscoe Wilson; Miss Ione Braudt, guest of L. T. Martin; Melvin A. Walker of Meridian, guest of C. E. Hunt; Roger Pierce, guest of R. H. Martin; A. B. Spencer of Crosbyton, guest of R. E. Karper.

"All that President Harding needs to bring Congress to time," says a contemporary, "are a big stick backed by a strong arm and the will to use it." A good sized "all."



Simply delicious! Kellogg's Corn Flakes with strawberries

Such a feast for a warm morning's breakfast—Kellogg's Corn Flakes and strawberries and a big pitcher of cold milk or cream—why, it's a revelation as an appetizer and so satisfying! Just as wonderful for lunch or for between-times nibbles!

And, best of all—Kellogg's Corn Flakes and fruit are exactly the food you should eat for warm weather! You'll feel so much cheerier, so free from drowsiness and headaches if you'll keep away from the heavy foods this summer!

Let the children eat all they want! For, Kellogg's digest easily and rest the stomach and supply nourishment!



Also makers of KELLOGG'S KNOXES and KELLOGG'S GRAN, cooked and branched.

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How to Kill Fleas and Poultry Vermin

(By F. W. Kazmeier, Poultry Husbandman, A. & M. College)

Fleas sometimes cause considerable loss in the poultry yard. The "stick tight fleas" are usually found in groups or clusters on the comb, wattles and around the eyes. They infest both small and grown chickens. They have been known to kill mature stock and of course large numbers of small chicks.

The fleas breed in cracks and crevices about the hen house, under the hen house, if it happens to be blocked from the ground, in tall weeds, dry matter, such as vegetable waste, brush piles, lumber piles, etc.

To control fleas, it is necessary to destroy them in their breeding places. Sometimes fence corners, with tall weeds, are great harboring places, and breeding places. The first step is to clean up around the place, cut the weeds, remove all old cans and other rubbish.

We have found carbolineum excellent to destroy fleas; it should be diluted with kerosene in the same proportion of one part of kerosene to two parts carbolineum. Crude oil may be substituted for carbolineum, but with not quite such satisfactory results. A solution of salt and water may be sprinkled under the houses and other flea infested places.

Individual treatment consists of greasing the comb and wattles with a preparation of one part of kerosene and three of lard. Do not get too much of this in the fowls es-

pecially into their eyes. This will kill the fleas on the fowls at the time being.

Poultry Bed Bugs.
Poultry bed bugs resemble the blue tick or blue bug in many respects. Their methods of attack are very much the same as the fowl blue bug. To control of this pest, use the same methods as those that are recommended for the blue bugs, viz, paint the inside and outside of the houses with carbolineum, more commonly known as wood preservative.

Mosquitoes.
Mosquitoes in some sections of the state are a serious menace to the fowls. They worry and irritate them all night. The most effective control measure is to screen all windows, doors and openings with regular mosquito screening. Another very satisfactory means of control consists of spraying the inside of the hen houses just before dark with some strong disinfectant like cresol or Zenolium. Any strong odor will keep them away to a large extent. We have also used a so called "vaporizer" with some success. This is sold by the Zenner Disinfectant Co., Detroit, Michigan. It consists of a lamp and bowl. The bowl is located over the lamp and is full of some strong disinfectant such as Zenolium. The heart of the lamp vaporizes the disinfectant and if properly placed, the wind will blow it through the hen house in such

a way as to keep away large numbers of mosquitoes.

Scaly Leg Mite.
The scaly leg mite lives and breeds beneath the scales of the shanks and toes of chickens. It is extremely annoying and often times causes the fowl to become lame. This infestation shows neglect in the care of fowls. It shows they are not well kept, and they should be. Old hens are more subject to scaly leg mites. They spread from one fowl to another while they are on their roosts. To prevent them from spreading it is a good idea to paint their roosts with oil or carbolineum. Carbolineum may be purchased locally or from Wehrli-Jones Co., 1008 Main Street, Dallas, Texas. The best way to control scaly leg mite is by greasing them with common lard to which has been added 20 per cent kerosene. If the shanks are not too heavily infested we have been successful by dipping the shanks and toes for a second into common Beaumont oil or crude oil. Another good remedy is, to rub the effected places with equal parts of kerosene oil and linseed oil. In using kerosene exercise great care not to get it on any of the feathered parts of the fowl or on the skin, for it causes considerable irritation.

Depluming Mite.
The depluming mite burrows under the skin near the base of the feathers. This develops an itching which sometimes causes the fowls to get the bad habit of "feather eating." To control this pest, we recommend dipping the affected fowl into the following solution: Two ounces of flowers of sulphur and one half ounce of laundry soap, to each gallon of water. Dip the fowl in the same way as recommended for dipping in Sodium Fluoride to kill lice. Keep the solution well stirred while the process of dipping is going on. Copyrighted by F. W. Kazmeier 1922

SHERIFF'S NOTICE OF ELECTION STATE OF TEXAS, County of Lubbock.

Notice is hereby given that an election will be held on the 24th day of June, 1922, at the School Building in Common School District No. 21 of this county, as established by Act of the 35th Legislature of the State of Texas, 4th Called Session, H. B. No. 175, Chapter 27, Section II, to determine whether a majority of the legally qualified property taxpaying voters of said district desire to tax themselves of and at the rate of not to exceed \$1.00 on the \$100.00 valuation of all taxable property in said district for the purpose of supplementing the State School fund apportioned to said district, and to determine whether the Commissioners' Court of this county shall be authorized to levy, assess and collect annually a tax of and at the rate of not exceeding \$1.00 on the \$100.00 valuation of all taxable property in said district for said purpose.

A. V. McCarty is hereby appointed presiding officer for said election, and he shall select two judges and two clerks to assist him in holding the same, and he shall, within five days after said election has been held, make due return thereof to the Commissioners' Court of this county, as is required by law for holding a general election.

The ballots for said election shall have written or printed thereon the words:

"For School Tax."

"Against School Tax."

All persons who are legally qualified property taxpaying voters of this State and of this county and who are resident property taxpayers in said district shall be entitled to vote at said election.

Said election was ordered by the county judge of this county by order made on the 20th day of May, 1922, and this notice is given in pursuance of said order.

Dated this the 20th day of May, 1922.

C. A. HOLCOMB, Sheriff, Lubbock County, Texas 25-3T

HARDY NEWS ITEMS OF THE PAST WEEK

We have just closed, it is said, one of the most successful school terms at Hardy they have ever had, with a nice program Friday night. This school was taught by Mrs. Wade Hardy as principal and Mrs. C. E. Merrell as assistant. The pupils made their grades by 97 per cent. Who has a better school? We all hope to be able to secure those teachers for another year.

We, as you all know, are having some fine farming weather, and our farmers are using it, too.

Some of the farmers are about through planting, while others are about through.

News is very scarce with us, as we have been looking at old back

pretty closely for some time.

Our Hardy-Shallowater baseball team went over to Monroe Tuesday afternoon to have a game, with them, and found the home team at work. Well they took enough along to have a game and so had a game anyway. Our boys can't tell you how a fellow feels that loses a game as yet, for they haven't had that misfortune.

L. H. S. ANNUAL TO BE OUT ABOUT THE TENTH OF JUNE

With the final examinations successfully terminated, and with the problems of school thereby solved, the high school graduates are turning their attention to other things, summer sports, principally, with the exception of the Staff of the "Westerner" the 1922 annual, which is to be the best publication of its kind published in West Texas. Lubbock businessmen have an opportunity to prove their appreciation of the work the Lubbock high school has done in advancing the cause of education by using the space in this publication, which will not only serve as a mark of appreciation, but also as a splendid advertising medium.

Did it ever occur to you that through the high school annual advertisements one has a very reliable index to the reliable business enterprises of the town, not that there are not some good businesses that pass up the opportunity offered by the students, there always being exceptions to the rule, but these exceptions are scarce, and a reliable estimate of the real business enterprises can be made from a glimpse at the Annual.

We like those Lubbock high school students because they have done some things that were not equalled by any other school, and because they are a fine bunch that it is a pleasure to anyone to know, and anything they attempt for the advancement of their class standing is gone into with that restless force that meets but one immovable object, and that of indifference of those outside of their work, which terminates in the usual manner—they don't quit until they have gotten the best of the situation.

If there is anyone in Lubbock who is not acquainted with the personnel of the Lubbock high school they are missing the better side of living in Lubbock, and it is no one's fault but their own, for the students are congenial, broad minded and easy to approach.

Our high school is in the 1923 Senior class just as active and reliable as is the class that will scatter into out of town institutions for that term.

Miss Inez Price, teacher of the second grade in the Lubbock school, left Saturday for her home at Danger Field, Cass county, Texas. Miss Price has endeared herself to the people of Lubbock, who regret very much to see her leave the city, and who are in hopes she will remember to make a visit here soon.

There Will be a---

DEVOE

Paint Demonstration

AT OUR STORE

June 1, 2 and 3

Do you appreciate Color Harmony?

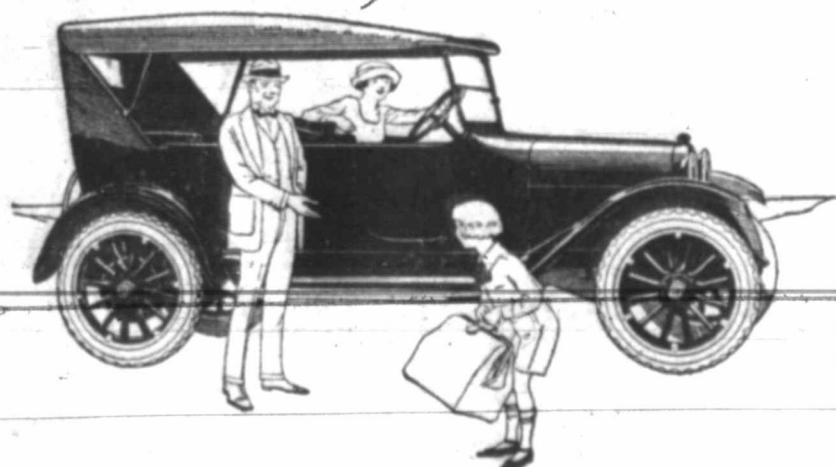
Watch our Windows and Advertising and Keep up With the Prize Offer we will make.

R. A. Rankin & Sons

Lubbock, Texas

Dependable

DODGE BROTHERS MOTOR CAR



ROYALTY MOTOR COMPANY
13th & Ave. J. Lubbock, Texas

Jackson Brothers

Phone 505

COAL GRAIN AND HAY

Our Specialties:—Milk Feeds, Cooking, Heating and Furnace Coals, also Tankage and Chicken Feeds.—We buy and sell grain and hay in car lots or less.

CARAWAY MEATS

FROM SID'S MARKET

—in—

Martin & Wolcott's Store

NOTHING THAT WE CAN SAY---

Will ever learn you the thorough service we strive to give our grocery customers—you'll just have to trade with us for a while and learn.

FRESH VEGETABLES IN SEASON

THE H. E. MILLER GROCERY

PHONE 86 and 140

PLAINVIEW RANCH OWNER IN CITY LAST SATURDAY

J. K. Millwee, of Plainview, owner of a ranch, twenty-two miles southwest of Lubbock, was in town Saturday transacting business.

Mr. Millwee has the distinction of having planted the first sugar cane on the Plains so far as records show, he having accomplished the work of cultivating a crop of the cane on what is now known as the George Bowles place on the canyon, in the spring of 1885.

Mr. Millwee has always been a believer in the Plains, and said that the rapid developments made in the Lubbock trade territory have not surprised him in the least, as he has believed that there were great possibilities of the Plains becoming the leading agricultural center of the state for many years.

We were glad to note that Mr. Millwee has associated the Avalanche with the factors that have helped to develop West Texas, and are sure we appreciate having had him as a reader of the Avalanche as much as he has appreciated the paper. The Avalanche was the best weekly newspaper published in Texas, and now holds the same place as a "Semi-Weekly," Mr. Millwee said.

LAMESA WATER BONDS SELL AT A BONUS

Tuesday night at 8:30, bids were opened by the City Council for bonds for water works and sewer system and after a canvass of quite a number, the bonds were allotted to W. L. Slaton & Company, of Toledo, Ohio, at \$3.25 above par. If this is not an advertisement for Lamesa, where will you find one?

We understand there were 14 bidders and none below par and from par they went till the highest bidder was awarded the bonds. In three days \$103,260.00 will be placed in one or both of the Lamesa banks subject to check and as soon as bids can be received and contract let, work will begin.

Come to Lamesa and Dawson County! It is on the map at least as far north as Ohio, as a coming town and county.—Lamesa Reporter.

SWISHER DISTRICTING SUIT IS CERTIFIED TO

Austin, May 15.—The third court of civil appeals today certified to the state supreme court the John T. Smith suit, testing the validity of the representative districting bill passed at the last session of the Legislature, in which Swisher county was omitted.

ARMY OF 140,000 MEN AGREED ON

Washington, May 18.—An army of 140,000 men with an average of 100,000 for next year of approximately 12,500 was agreed upon late yesterday by the Senate appropriations subcommittee which has charge of the measure.

BANKRUPT SALE

OF

THE LEADER STOCK

300 MEN'S SUITS

RANGING IN

PRICE

from

\$10.50

up

GOOD GRADE

SHEETING

at

55c

Good Grade Cheesecloth at

12 1/2c

Linen Cloth at

1-2 Price

JUST GETTING IN FULL SWING

Although our business has been tremendous, the constant arrival of new goods enables us to offer you at all times during this sale,

A MOST COMPLETE STOCK TO SELECT FROM

All new goods sold at the lowest possible prices and in our determination to make the old stock move, we have cut the price until it almost leaves of its own accord.

CUSTOMERS TELL US THIS SALE PRE-

SENTS THE GREATEST SAVING EVENT

THEY HAVE EVER KNOWN

certainly serve your best interest if you

allow your dollars to attend this

GREATEST SALE OF THIS COUNTRY

The Leader
THE PRICE IS THE THING

1001 Broadway Lubbock, Texas

NEW AND COMPLETE

STOCK OF LADIES'

READY-TO-

WEAR

Men's and Women

Shoes at

95c

and up

MONEY SAVING

MONEY SAVING

We Can Help You

Don't Miss This Wonderful Chance to Save

WE WILL NOT GIVE GREEN STAMPS DURING THIS SALE!—With the exceptions of Friday and Saturday, 26th and 27th, when we give you double stamps on a few items.

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A BUSINESS MAN'S PREACHER

HE MIXES TRADE KNOWLEDGE WITH RELIGION
(By Frank M. Chase in The Dearborn Independent)

A deal is herd from the pulpit about more religion in business. Likewise, much is said by well-intentioned business men to the effect that religion would get along faster if more of their methods were used in the churches. Both points, of course, are well taken. Meanwhile, the concrete instance provided by a Kansas church sheds clarity on the situation.

Between this church and the business life of the community are close and beneficial relations. These are not accidental, but the result of a mutual interest. On the part of the church, the pastor has made it attractive and helpful to the business men; while they, in turn, have responded with a generous interest in its welfare. The key to the situation, it is seen, is the pastor, whose results are not surprising once the man and his methods are revealed.

On hearing the Rev. Dr. Stephen Sewall Estey for the first time a visitor to his church remarked that he seemed more like a business man fresh from his office than a regulation preacher. The remark was not without foundation, as in his presence and clear and direct exposition is much to suggest the dispatch of the commercial world. Quite naturally, business men like that kind of preaching, which alone might account for much of his hold on them.

His appeal to business men, however, neither begins or ends with sermons. It is more personal and sympathetic. In the first place, he goes frequently among them; aloofness and he do not coincide, anyway. He is a member of the Rotary Club and of the Chamber of Commerce, by means of which he keeps in first-hand touch with the thought and con-

ditions of trade; likewise, with its temptations and shortcomings. That business harbors moral rottenness is not, to Estey, reason for ignoring it. If the church is to exert any improvement on business, it must, in his opinion, get close enough to the subject to find out where the trouble lies.

The business men, especially those affiliated with his church, naturally appreciate this sensible view. So it is not surprising that, along with a large family attendance, an unusual number of bankers, and other business heads, judges, lawyers, and doctors, are regularly found in Dr. Estey's congregation.

Probably, Dr. Estey's most interesting connections with business life have been as a counselor and confidant. This, coupled with his close observation, has given him a clear discernment of business, which enables him to preach with a real appreciation of the problems confronting both employer and employe. He drives home his points by the force of simple language and numerous telling illustrations from secular life. As a result, his sermons are of very practical application to the daily task.

Illustrating this rather strikingly were two sermons which he preached on successive Sunday evenings recently. One was called, "Causes of Failure in Business," the other "Guide Posts to Success in Business." Both were based on the Book of Proverbs, which he referred to as "the best business guide."

"Solomon was especially well equipped to speak with practical business men," he said, in opening the series. "He was not a preacher; he was a man of affairs with brains enough to see the moral laws which sweep through the world, and the ability to state them. Solomon was at the head of some pretty big business enterprises. He built two large palaces, a magnificent temple, and a law court; he fortified the cities of Jerusalem and Milo with vast walls and towers. In this work he employed 80,000 men to hew timber and cut stone, 70,000 men as carriers and 3,600 men as overseers. These were large contracts measured

even by the standards of present-day big business. They involved trade with a foreign country, and a big transport business by sea."

In the course of two sermons Dr. Estey brought out the following eminently sane rules of business, all of which are based upon Solomon's teachings:

Don't love money more than character. (Prov. 22:1) "A good name is rather to be chosen than great riches, and loving favor rather than silver of gold."

Don't go in debt. (Prov. 22:7) "The borrower is servant (slave) to the lender."

Don't go on anyone's note or bond. (Prov. 11:15) "He that is surety for a stranger shall smart for it; and he that hath suretyship is sure."

Don't cheat with false measures and weights. (Prov. 11:1) "A false balance is abomination to the Lord; but a just weight is his delight."

Don't corner the market on grain or fruit or coal, or any other commodity necessary to the life of the people. (Prov. 11:26) "He that withholdeth corn, the people shall curse him; but blessing shall be upon the head of him that selleth it."

Don't get entangled in any get-rich-quick scheme. (Prov. 28:22) "He that hasteth to be rich hath an evil eye, and considereth not that poverty shall come upon him."

Don't form a trust or any organization in restraint of trade. (Prov. 11:21) "Though hand join in hand, the wicked shall not be unpunished; but the seed of the righteous shall be delivered."

Don't associate with evil men. (Prov. 1:10) "My son, if sinners entice thee consent thou not."

Don't give way to sensual pleasures. (Prov. 21:17) "He that loveth pleasure shall be a poor man; he that loveth wine and oil shall not be rich."

Be diligent in business. (Prov. 22:29) "Seest thou a man diligent in his business? He shall stand before kings; he shall not stand before mean (lowly) men."

Consult and counsel with all people. Don't think you know it all. (Prov. 15:22) "Without counsel purposes are disappointed; but in the multitude of counsellors they are established."

Keep your business affairs to yourself. (Prov. 13:3) "He that keepeth his mouth keepeth his life; but he that openeth wide his lips shall have destruction."

Lay up something for the future. (Prov. 6:8) "Go to the ant, thou sluggard; consider her ways, and be wise; which, having no guide, overseer, or ruler, provideth her meat in the summer, and gathereth her food in the harvest."

Look after details. (Prov. 27:23-24) "Be thou diligent to know the state of thy flocks, and look well to thy herds; for riches are not forever."

Make your children stand on their own feet, not on your back. (Prov. 20:21) "A inheritance may be gotten hastily at the beginning; but the end thereof shall not be blessed."

Take time to make friends. They are necessary to business success. (Prov. 18:24) "A man that hath friends must show himself friendly."

Look for the good in people and things. (Prov. 11:27) "He that diligently seeketh good procureth favor; but he that seeketh mischief, it shall come unto him."

Be generous in expenditures that are demanded for improvement and progress. (Prov. 11:24) "There is that scattereth, and yet increaseth; and there is that withholdeth more than is meet, but is tendeth to poverty."

Give a tenth, or some larger portion, of your income regularly to the work of bringing in God's kingdom of righteousness and love on earth. (Prov. 3:9-10) "Honor the Lord with thy substance, and with the first fruit of all thy increase. So shall thy barns be filled with plenty, and thy presses shall burst out with new wine."

Put your religion into business. It pays to do right. (Prov. 12:3) "A man shall not be established by wickedness; but the root of the righteous shall not be moved."

Dr. Estey was born in Calais, Maine, in 1861, and spent his early life in that vicinity. He attended Oberlin College, from which he graduated in 1883, but without definite preparation for the ministry. While in college he had taught country schools during the winters, to earn money toward completing his education. So, on graduating, he turned to teaching at once, serving as a superintendent in Ohio and later in Kansas. After teaching several years in the latter state, however, the boyhood inclination to preaching ripened into conviction. He was ordained in 1895, and giving up a \$1,600 school position, he accepted the pastorate at Independence, a small city in the Kansas oil fields, at \$1,000 a year. In 1900 he was called to the First Presbyterian church of Salina, Kansas, and to his present pastorate in Topeka four years later.

While Dr. Estey is the mainspring of the excellent work that his church is now doing, doubtless there is truth in the point which he makes, that the church has made it possible for him to give good service.

"What people of a church want, they must expect to pay for—at least to a certain degree," he said. "The

"Money Talks"

To the Thriftless money says, "Good-Bye."

To the self-respecting, forward-looking citizen it says, "I am yours I respect your best working days. Be careful with me for I am your best friend. Put me in the bank where I am safe and will work for you. Remember I move the world."

Open an Account Today.

The Lubbock State Bank

Capital and Surplus \$165,000.00



The Manhattan Parlor & Cafe

- DELICIOUS CANDIES
- DRINKS
- FOOD.

"A Good Place to Meet Your Friends"

Money to Loan

ON FARMS AND RANCHES
Five, Seven and Ten Years at Eight per cent interest.
—We offer good service and immediate action on all loans.

Cosby & Posey

In Russell Bldg., Above Texas Variety Store.

ED VAUGHN SAYS "IF IT TAKES MORE WE CAN GET IT"

And in those seven words express the general spirit that predominates in Lubbock, and to make things clear we will state that Mr. Vaughn spoke those words after he had given the Avalanche a ten dollar check for the Army Fund which has been under way for several weeks.

Lubbock will erect the building and must do it, but so far as the writer getting at all uneasy about Lubbock's ability to cope with the situation and put it over is undreamed of, for there are too many men who think about the matter in the same way that Mr. Vaughn spoke of it. They will dig a little deeper and get a little more money in the digging before they will let the proposition of building that Armory fall through.

The general spirit of "go out and get what you want" is so embodied in the hearts and minds of our people that their every undertaking is soon a realization, and Lubbock is made a little better thereby.

The City Auditorium is about completed, the Armory fund will be subscribed before long (they still need many ten-spots however), and the last nail will not be driven in either of the buildings until those who took part in the work will sigh with relief, and be proud of their part in its structure.

ABERNATHY NINE RARING TO MEET METHODISTS

H. B. Pinson, of Abernathy, was here Friday transacting business, and in the meantime looking after a baseball match between the Lubbock Methodists and Abernathy nine



EAT CLOVER LEAF ICE CREAM

Complies with State and National Pure Food laws.
Quality just a little better than ever.
Your favorite fountain serves it!

Mr. Pinson is a live wire, and it would be altogether disastrous for his team to meet in contest with the local Sunday school team, but nevertheless if they just must have it that way it must be.

Sam Sanford, sheriff of Lynn County, was in Lubbock Friday, transacting business. Mr. Sanford has many friends in Lubbock, and his visits here are always a pleasure to them.

Avalanche Time Savers

ED. ARION
Piano Tuner, Phone 438
Leave orders at Simmon's Undertaking Co., South Side Square.

J. E. MURFEE & SON
Real Estate and Fire Insurance
Citizens Nat'l. Bank Bldg.
Phone 271
Lubbock, Texas

Texas Land Exchange
Owners' Agents for Farms, Ranches and City Property
Conley Building
Lubbock, Texas
C. W. Alexander
J. E. Alexander

Guarantee Abstract & Title Company
Lubbock, Texas
Abstracts to Lubbock, Hockley, Cochran Counties, and Townsites therein.

NICKERSON "The Concrete Man"
All kinds of concrete work done right and promptly.
Phone 640

F. M. Maddox
Farm Loans and Life Insurance.
Office in Lubbock State Bank Building
Phone 302
3-10-21

A. M. HENSLEY CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER
I have several choice building locations on which I will build residences for sale. See me if you want a home.
PHONE 629

JAMES C. TEAGUE ARCHITECT
Lubbock, Texas
Room 8, Conley Building
Experienced in Designing Public Schools, Churches, Garages, Residence. Satisfactory Service Guaranteed.
3-31-22

C. D. SHAMBURGER LUMBER

SOLD ON INSTALLMENTS
We Sell Sherwin-Williams Paints and Varnishes.
719 Thirteenth Street, Phone 419
L. H. McLarty, Manager 1614 Sixteenth Street, Phone 604

Try Avalanche classified ads. They get results.

RATES PER LINE OR FRACTION THEREOF 10c

Avalanche Classified Ads

GET QUICK RESULTS PHONE 14

You can get quick sales or purchases by placing an ad in this department.

NO AD TAKEN FOR LESS THAN 30 CENTS

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Two 1920 Model Buicks in good shape, reasonable terms to responsible parties. Phone 796, Lubbock Buick Co. 11-4f

FOR SALE—P. and O. Sod plant-er with Disc attached. Will McCrummen. 24-3p

FOR SALE—Potato slips, now ready, one mile North Bowles Dairy. Phone 9020-F11. W. N. Haynie. 25-4f

FOR SALE—Potato plants, now ready. Get them fresh from the beds, they will live and grow. I grow my own plants. Near Grammar School. Call 618. F. D. Blake. 25-4f

FOR SALE—2500 gallon Iron tank and tower, price \$60.00. Phone 744. 25-2p

FOR SALE—Hail Insurance. If you are thinking of taking out Hail Insurance, call on your agent, be sure to come in and see us. Cheap Rates, Reliable Company and Fair Adjustments. Texas Land Exchange. 22-4f

FOR SALE—Jersey cow, fresh. See T. S. Rucker. 23-5

FOR SALE—Cows, calves, good grade, young, 50 to 500. Price right. J. B. Jay, Girard, Texas. 23-5

FOR SALE—2 1-2 acres on Broadway, at a bargain. Texas Land Exchange. 22-4f

FOR SALE—Residences in all parts of the City, also lots and business houses. Buy now for they are going UP. Texas Land Exchange. 22-4f

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two light house-keeping rooms to parties without children. 1616 Avenue N. 24-2

FOR RENT—3 nice unfurnished rooms, also acre of ground, call 649. 13-4f

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished five room house, close in. 1614 Avenue K. Phone 435-M. 22-4f

FOR RENT—Four unfurnished rooms and bath, June 1. T. S. Rucker. 23-5

FOR RENT—Two rooms for light housekeeping either furnished or unfurnished. 1612 8th St. 24-4f

FOR RENT—Brick building on Square, Lubbock. Price right and 5 year contract. Texas Land Exchange. 22-4f

FOR RENT—4 room house, also plenty of storage room. A. F. McDonald. 25-4f

FOR RENT—East bedroom, close in, modern conveniences. Phone 670. E. A. Moody. 25-1

FOR RENT—Offices in the Leader Building. No rooming apartments, strictly for office purposes. Place being thoroughly renovated. Apply to Mrs. Moitie D. Abernathy. Phone 346. 24-4f

WANTED

WANTED—To rent June 1, five or six room house with modern conveniences. Phone 629-M. 25-2

WANTED—Position in office with some stenographic work or any Clerical work or clerking in store. Two years experience. Can furnish good references. Dulaney Suttle, Box 67, Spur, Texas. 25-4p

WANTED—Plowing, hauling, and general job work. Phone 533-M. C. McDonald, 1806 Avenue C. 25-2p

LOST AND FOUND

LOST—Brooch set with pearls, with small diamond in center. Return to Shelton's Shoe Shop for reward. 25-1

LOST—Thursday noon on the street large late Edition City map. A. L. Harris. 25-1

MISCELLANEOUS

Rhode Island Red Eggs for Hatching from great layers. \$5.00 and \$10.00 per setting. Five eggs from Lady Red, the 300 egg hen, \$1.00 each. C. N. N. Ferguson. Phone 21. 19-4f

Notice—A thoroughbred Jersey bull will make the season at Atkin's Wagon Yard. Phone 269. 21-4f

Apply to Lubbock Grain and coal Co. for High Grade Acala Cotton Seed. Plant the best. 22-4

STRAYED—One black mare mule. 14 hands, two years old, left eye out. Reward: A. L. Brown, Slason, Texas. Box 71. 25-2p

White Leghorn eggs to put out on shares, divided at hatching time. Phone 9013. Frank Bowles. 12-4f

IN MILADY'S REALM

BY MRS. CURTIS A. KEEN Residence 1119 Fourteenth St. Phone 65J

A thought for today: The hearthstone has ever been the cornerstone of the family and society. If homelife is inharmonious, nothing can go well. The root of all, unless this is wholesome and firm, the flower must needs be poor and the fruit bad. Let us learn again the infinite importance of keeping peace at home, and the need of cultivating the nobler qualities of mind and heart, if this is to be well done.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

The following parties authorize the placing of their names in this column for the various offices, subject to the Democratic Primary, in July, and ask a favorable consideration of their claims:

For County Judge: P. F. BROWN, Lubbock, (Re-election) D. W. PUCKETT, Lubbock GEORGE W. FOSTER.

For County Attorney: JOHN R. MCGEE, Lubbock, (Re-election) OWEN W. McWHORTER C. W. BEENE, Lubbock.

For Clerk of the District Court: LOUIE F. MOORE.

For County Clerk: HERBERT STUBBS. G. T. CRAWFORD.

For County Treasurer: J. S. SLOVER. WILL MCKINLEY. CHRIS HARWELL. LESTER L. MILLER.

For Sheriff: C. A. HOLCOMB, Lubbock, Re-election. JOE W. PERKINS, Lubbock. R. I. TUBBS, Lubbock. I. J. OSBORNE. H. L. (BUD) JOHNSTON.

For Tax Collector: SAM SPIKES, Lubbock (Re-election) TONY Q. DYESS, Lubbock. A. J. CLARK, Lubbock. ANSEL HINES Lubbock.

For Tax Assessor: R. C. BURNS, Lubbock, (Re-election) A. B. JONES, Lubbock.

For County Superintendent: E. R. HAYNES, Re-election (Lubbock)

For County Commissioner, Pre. 1: M. M. CRAWFORD, Lubbock Re-election. J. H. BURROUGHS. MARVIN T. WARLICK.

County Commissioner, Pre. No. 3: B. N. WHEELER, Idalou, Re-election.

For Commissioners, Pre. No. 4: J. C. SHAW. L. C. DENTON.

For Justice of the Peace, Pre. No. 1: J. WESLEY SMITH (Re-election) J. H. RICHARDSON. GEO. B. MULLINS. COL. W. E. JOHNSON. (Auctioneer)

For Public Weigher, Pre. No. 1: C. T. JACKSON, Lubbock. (Re-election) J. P. BUMPASS, Lubbock. T. W. McNEELY, Lubbock. J. P. NELSON.

For Public Weigher, Pre. 3, (Idalou) J. D. FUGITT.

HOCKLEY AND COCHRAN COUNTIES:

For Tax Assessor: W. G. FRAZIER. LEONARD C. TOW.

For Sheriff and Tax Collector: J. A. STROUD, (re-election)

Meeting of Advisory Board of C. F. The president of the various clubs who constitute the Advisory Board of the Civic League, met at the courthouse on Saturday afternoon at three o'clock, to discuss and decide whether Lubbock should have a playground director this summer, as we did last year. Those who met Miss Owens and kept in touch with her work among the boys and girls know what splendid work she did, especially in teaching the children to swim and in the capacity of an all-round athlete. It was finally decided to wire Miss Owens and find out the salary she would be willing to accept this year, and if it was within reach of the mothers and citizens interested in the work, we would engage Miss Owens for the summer months.

County Federation Meets May 27

The County Federation will be the guests of the Civic League on Saturday, May 27, at a noon luncheon, to be served at the Methodist Church, and on account of the Chautauqua being in session during the afternoon the usual program in the afternoon will be dispensed with. The business meeting will be held in the morning at 10 o'clock. Following the luncheon the ladies of the County Federation are asked to be the guests of the Lubbock ladies for the Chautauqua afternoon performance. Committees were appointed at the last meeting of the Federation, of the rural women, to meet with the women in their section and stimulate an interest in the County Federation work. The City Federation is anxious to have a hundred per cent attendance at the meeting on Saturday morning, and the president or secretary is asked to report to Mrs. Roscoe Wilson, as soon as possible, the number of delegates who will be present at the meeting, so that, as chairman of the social committee, definite arrangements may be made. This request applies to all the rural communities that are a part of the County Federation.

Miss Prosser, Junior Supervisor of the Redpath-Horner Chautauqua, is in town and has been busy with the boys and girls getting ready for the Pageant to be given the last afternoon of the Chautauqua. The Pageant, "Conquests of Peace," promises to be one of the best, and every boy and girl who is anxious to be in Chautauqua is asked to be on hand at 9 a. m. every morning this week at the school grounds, and Miss Prosser will find a place for you. The mothers will do well to meet Miss Prosser, as they will find her a charming young lady, who knows boys and girls.

The following little ladies are going to be in Chautauqua too, as Mrs. Curtis A. Keen, along with the Story Hour, is training them for a Flower Drill. Katherine Klett, Ruth Wagner, Helen Wagner, Evelyn Morgan, Elva Mae Hunt, Annette Jones, Katherine Weaver, Mary Thomas, Carrie Jane Thomas, June Wheelock, Janette Barnett, Margaret Caldwell, Charlotte Hopkins, Joan Sears, Martha Cosby and Bille Bloom. The mothers of these little ones are asked to have them come on Monday morning at ten o'clock, also Tuesday morning for half an hour, and on Wednesday at ten, as usual. Watch the paper for announcement, please, or phone 45J.

Mrs. Hoffer has had her mother as her guest for several days.

1916 Needle Club The 1916 Needle Club met at Mrs. Joe Penney's home, on Thursday afternoon, with Mrs. Dr. Reed and Mrs. Curtis Keen as hostesses. The following ladies were present: Mesdames C. E. Maedgen, F. R. Friend, W. C. Rylander, W. G. Murray, Lon Mullican, R. D. Benson, F. C. Oliver, G. G. Castleberry, Mast, J. R. German, Dr. Overton, F. B. Johnson, W. O. Stevens, Mrs. Robinson, Joe Penney, Mrs. Griffin, Miss Delia Wilkinson. Ice cream and angel food cake was served during the afternoon.

Friday Needle Club

The Friday Needle Club met at Mrs. W. C. Bryans on Friday afternoon with the following members and guests present: Mesdames Pryor, Fite, Murfee, Twitty, Spikes, Mac Spadden, Ruby, Alexander, Hall, Mitchell, Denman, Jones, Walker, Payne, and Mesdames H. O. Waters, O. H. Westlake as club guests. Dainty refreshments of pineapple salad, chicken sandwiches, rasin pie and ice cream were served during the afternoon. The next club meeting will be at the home of Mrs. Martin Ruby.

Kill Kare Klub

Kill Kare Klub met with Mrs. Kuykendal, hostess and Mrs. C. G. Lindsey as assisting hostess. Present were: Mesdames C. A. Pierce, Mullican, Hoffer, Payne, and the following guests: Mesdames Wilson, Hilburn, Buckner, Quillen, Allen, Brown, Hilton, Simpson, Sears, Cooper, Woods, Gober, and Miss Elizabeth Easter. Delicious ice cream and cake was served before the guests departed.

Mrs. W. N. Woods, announces to her patrons, that she will be absent from the Beauty Parlor for a week. She left for Dallas, where she is attending her daughter's recital.

County Federation of Clubs

The Lubbock County Federation of Women's Clubs will meet Saturday, May 27th in business session at the County house at 10 o'clock. After the business session they will be the guests of the Civic League of Lubbock for lunch. Every County Club is urged to be present with a full membership for a splendid time is assured. This is the regular Spring meeting of the Federation and each Community Club is urged to be represented. Miss Hortense Wayland, Secretary.

OUTING PUTS PEP INTO ELEVEN YEAR OLD BOYS

The problem of keeping boys interested in Sunday school seems to have a practical solution in keeping them on the go, giving them all the outdoor sports they need, as is proven in the fact that a class of eleven year old boys, after having spent Saturday evening and night on a fishing trip to the canyon, all showed up at the class room Sunday morning. All were very attentive to what was said, and had studied their lesson.

The boys and teacher are indebted to Mrs. C. E. Hunt and W. K. Dickinson for having used their cars in getting to the camp grounds, where a delicious supper of fried potatoes, sandwiches and other good eats was enjoyed. After supper the boys "look up their beds and walked" to the Tumble N pool where they enjoyed a swim, and from there to a large pasture, where their beds were spread and at five o'clock Sunday morning they started to town. The bunch seemed a little sleepy in the class room, but as the rule had been unanimously adopted that any boy who failed to be at the class room on that morning would be deprived of the privilege of going on the next outing.

Boys are boys, just as full of pep and activity as can be wrapped into their bodies, and there is no need of trying to curb them, just give them plenty of wholesome, well directed outings and they will take care of themselves. The boys who went on this outing are in the Junior department of the Methodist Sunday School, and are planning on making theirs one of the largest classes in the school. If your boy is eleven years old we want him in that or some other Sunday School in town, and offer plenty of work and play to keep him interested.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of the Lubbock Building & Loan Association at its office in Lubbock, Texas, at 4:00 p. m., June 10, 1922, for the purpose of amending the By-Laws and the transaction of such other business as may come before the meeting. JOE HESS, Secretary.

Miss Lottie Brashears, of Denton, arrived in Lubbock last week to accompany her sister, Miss Maggie Brashear, to their home, but the young ladies will spend several days visiting in the Lubbock vicinity before going home.

THE CULTIVATOR AND STRAW HAT. This is the time of the year when cultivators are being run profitably by the man who owns a good one, and during cultivator time—the hot sunny days—that's when our straw hats help the farmer.—We have the Cultivators, the hats and most everything the farmer wants, groceries, hardware, furniture, clothing and Dry Goods. Hodges Bros. General Merchandise "Where the Price is Always Right" Grocery Phone 25 Dry Goods, Furniture and Hardware Phone 644

AVALANCHE EXECUTIVE OFF TO DALLAS ON BUSINESS

J. E. Henderson, secretary-treasurer of the Avalanche Publishing Company, left Thursday night for Dallas, where he will look horns with State revenue collectors on a technical error made in the annual report of the Company to the collectors. John is there with the goods, and we are sure that before he is through with the collectors at Dallas, they will realize that West Texas is famous for producing more than horned toads and prickly-pear eaters. Atta boy, John, we are for you. It is our good fortune to have been intimately associated with the sturdy bookkeeper for the past five months, and in that time have learned that he is a "stayer," whether dealing with a three-cent overbalance or wrangling with an irate debtor who is certain the "bill is wrong." His straightforward manner of doing things has won for him the complete confidence of the entire Avalanche force.

COLORADO VOTES SOON ON \$60,000 IN SCHOOL BONDS

Colorado, Texas, May 18.—An election will be held at Colorado on June 20th, to determine whether bonds in the sum of sixty thousand dollars shall be issued by the Colorado Independent district with which to build a fourteen room, two story school building. An order calling for the election was passed by the school board today in response to a petition signed by 131 property tax voters of the district. Plans as approved by a citizens committee are to tear down the old Grammar school building here and construct the proposed new building on the site, using materials in the old building. The bonds are to be serials and bear interest at the rate of six percent.

At a mass meeting of citizens of Colorado last week the above plans were unanimously adopted and but little opposition to the bonds are anticipated, since several of the class rooms are overcrowded and 260 pupils in the lower grades are attending school only half time. There are 875 pupils enrolled in the Colorado schools.

NOTICE

Strayed or stolen Bird dog, has brown head. Had on collar with W. B. Lawler, Centon, Texas. Reward \$10.—Will be paid for delivery at Canyon School. W. D. Lawler. 25-4p

If it is two hundred and fifty dollars you want, read the classified ads in this paper and you may have a chance to make it. 25-1

W. J. York, salesman for the South Bend Watchmakers, with headquarters at Dallas, was here last week on business.

The post of minister to Greece has been offered to Alfred Holman, publisher of a San Francisco weekly.

MOST PEOPLE KNOW... That if it is a City Farm or Ranch Loan They can get the Best Service and Options here. CLAUDE B. HURLBUT City, Farm and Ranch Loans. Citizens National Bank Building. Lubbock, Texas

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

FOR SALE—167 acres out of North half of section 31, Block A. K. Lubbock County, a good set improvements, young orchard, 50 acres of winter wheat, 20 acres cotton, and 13 acres of feed goes with the place. Price 50 dollars an acre. When sold, I will pay 250 dollars out of first payment to party who brought the buyer. The rest of the section could be bought at a reasonable price. Three miles South of Carlisle School on Lubbock-Brownfield road. A. T. Penner, Route A, Lubbock, Texas. 25-4

RAIL ASSOCIATION IS FORMED AT TULIA

Tulia, May 20.—A very enthusiastic meeting was held here yesterday of representatives of the towns along the route of the Texas Panhandle & Gulf Railroad as proposed by C. H. Powell and his associates, of Chicago. The following towns were represented with large delegations: Turkey, Quitaque, Silverton, Nazareth, Dimmitt and Tulia. A permanent organization was formed, known as the Texas Panhandle & Gulf Railway Association with W. H. Hale and R. M. Fielder of Tulia as president and secretary, and the following as executive directors: John Sharp of Turkey, P. O. oods of Quitaque, Gib Mayfield of Silverton, John Lange of Nazareth, C. F. Kerr of Dimmitt, W. E. Baskin of Seymour, J. W. Thompson of Texico and R. D. Crawford of Grady, N. M. Others are to be selected in the near future.

The slogan adopted for the organization was "The Largest Body of Good Land in the United States without a Railroad." It was the consensus of opinion of all the delegates that the most important to be done at this time is to push to completion the compiling of data showing the necessity of a road through the territory traversed by the proposed route from Fort Worth to Tucumcari, N. M.

BARRIER BROTHERS COMPARE PRICES WITH 56 C. HOUSES

In the last Friday's issue of the Avalanche was an advertisement by Barrier Brothers, Department Store, in which actual price comparisons was made with a large Mail Order House.

In the South window of their store will be found the goods on which prices were made, showing the variance in quality at the same or lower price when purchased from

CONSTRUCTION STARTED; LUMBER PRICES GOING UP!

Practically all lumber used in the construction of homes got a boost in price ranging near \$5 per thousand feet, according to contractor's information, between Saturday of last week and the following Monday morning. Building materials have found a pretty sound market in Lubbock during the period through which we are just beyond—and have, until now, remained on a low basis. Demand being, of course, responsible for cost or prices, no doubt will cause a general raise in prices until satisfied.

LEADER SALE IS VERY SUCCESSFUL

"We are more than pleased with our sale," says Mr. Edwards of the Leader Dry Goods Store, "although not astonished to find the people responding to the many bargains we are offering." Mr. Edwards spent Sunday in Post and returned to Lubbock Monday morning.

LOCAL COMMISSION DEALERS REPORT BUSINESS ACTIVE

The cattle market is showing good signs of revival at least there seems to be a good demand and they are turning. Last week the commission firm of Snyder & Middleton of this city sold about 1,900 and report buyers on hand this week for at least that many more.

FRED HIGBEE MAY MAKE LUBBOCK HIS HOME

Fred Higbee, son of Mrs. Annie F. Higbee, of Slason, who recently suffered the loss of a hotel in that city by fire, was in Lubbock yesterday and stated that he had made application for a position in the Lubbock postoffice and that he contemplated making Lubbock his future home.

F. D. BROWN TO BUILD NEW HOME AT ONCE

Contract has been let for the construction of a modern home for F. D. Brown, District Court Reporter, on 9th street. Estimated cost to be about \$4,000, according to information received this morning. 9-catch pads for sale at this office.