

Any movement tending to aid the farmer never fails to substantially benefit the merchant.

41ST CONTINUOUS YEAR.—NO. 22.

CISCO, TEXAS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1921.

FOUR PAGES

YARD MASTERS WON'T JOIN IN STRIKE

CHECK SWAPPING GAME IS FAST AND FURIOUS WITH BIG BANKS EACH MORNING

FORT WORTH, Oct. 19.—"Swapping checks," followed by a sort of "put and take," is an exclusive game played each morning in the principal cities of Texas, with several millions in stakes and the players limited to members of bank clearing house associations.

In Fort Worth "swapping checks" begins at 11 a. m. on week days and 10:30 on Saturdays and continues for a period of from 17 to 30 minutes. While it is in progress, banks that owe other banks "put" a check in the clearing house and banks that have a balance due them "take" clearing house certificates for it. The transfers in Fort Worth average about \$2,000,000 a day, according to Roscoe Smith, who directs the clearing house work.

Have Strict Rules.

The game in Fort Worth, where the stakes are a sixth of the total for the state, is governed by strict rules. Any messenger who fails to reach the fourth floor of the Farmers & Mechanics bank building, where the clearing house office is located, within three minutes after the opening time must pay a \$5 fine. If he arrives five minutes late he must pay \$3, a dollar being added to the fine for every five minutes tardiness up to 30 minutes. If half an hour elapses before the messenger arrives, the bank he represents may be barred from the day's business in the clearing house. However, this has not occurred in Fort Worth, Mr. Smith said, as a tardy messenger probably would be promptly re-

HOUSEWIVES CHAMBER IS BIG FACTOR IN DALLAS LIFE

DALLAS, Oct. 19.—The Housewives' Chamber of Commerce of Dallas is proving a great factor in assisting its members to solve problems confronting the modern woman in her everyday routine, according to Mrs. Myron A. Kesner, organizer and president of the body.

The chamber is a "non-partisan, non-political" organization, Mrs. Kesner said. Membership is open to any white woman in the city.

Organized with sixteen departments, headed by women especially fitted for the department work undertaken, the chamber's activities cover all the principal fields of endeavor in the modern housewife's life. Not only are domestic duties taken up, but such matters as legislation, thrift and subjects of interest to the business and professional woman are considered at the weekly luncheons. Representatives of the various men's clubs and commercial organizations attend these luncheons, giving their assistance in matters where co-operation between their organizations and the housewives' is needed. Through such co-operation, Mrs. Kesner said, the chamber has been enabled to more easily carry out projects undertaken. One hour is set aside at the luncheons for round table discussion of topics related to a particular department.

Has Distinct Place.

Mrs. Kesner declared it was the primary object of the chamber to work in the same capacity among women as that served by the chambers of commerce functioning in the business world throughout the country. She believes there is a distinct place for the women's chamber in every city.

The most interesting and the newest department in the chamber, in Mrs. Kesner's opinion, because of its appeal to women at this time, is that dealing with legislative matters. The chamber has even gone so far as to officially endorse certain proposed legislation on educational matters and laws dealing with the welfare of women and children, Mrs. Kesner said.

Last year the chamber established the first city market in Dallas, and although this was later turned over to the city, the women are generally given credit for its success.

The first "cotton style show" in the country was staged two years ago by the chamber's department of "made-over garments," according to Mrs. Kesner.

The housewives are aiding the state fair authorities this year in policing the grounds by maintaining a force of police-women, detailed with duties designed for protecting girls at the fair grounds. This is the first squad of police-women to work in Texas, Mrs. Kesner said.

Mrs. Harding writes:

October 17 was designated as "Housewives Day" at the state fair. On that day the booth conducted by the chamber was the center for persons interested in the work being done by the organization. A program of demonstrations, talks and music was carried out for visiting housewives from over the state.

Mrs. Kesner has an unsolicited letter from Mrs. Warren G. Harding, in which she commends the chamber's work.

The chamber includes the following departments: Department of agriculture, department of industry, department of civics, department of soldiers' memorials, department of health and aesthetics, which includes furthering of the theater movement, dramatic art and American opera; department of made-over garments; department of conventions, department of memberships, department of fair prices, department of girls' activities; department of business and professional women; department of transportation, department of thrift, department of music, department of citizenship, and department of legislation.

REDWINE MUST RETURN TO PEN SAYS HIGH COURT

AUSTIN, Oct. 19.—Constitutionality of the parole law of Texas was upheld today by the court of criminal appeals in the case of Jewel Redwine from Eastland county.

He was granted a parole from the penitentiary by Governor Hobby and resisted re-imprisonment when Governor Neff revoked it, recently instituting habeas corpus proceedings. The court upheld Governor Neff's decision and ordered him remanded to the penitentiary.

SHERIFF BANS KU KLUX IN THIS COUNTY; ASKS FOR AID

YORKTOWN, Va., Oct. 19.—A doctrine of enduring friendship between the United States and Great Britain was pronounced today by President Harding at the ceremony commemorating the final surrender of the British expeditionary forces here to the revolutionary army of Washington.

Surrounded by high officials of the administration and standing in sight of the spot where Cornwallis laid down his sword in 1781, the president declared in deliberately chosen words the sentiment for peaceful relationship between the two great English speaking nations for all time to come.

That either should ever again lift the sword against the other, he said, must be "unthinkable." He continued: "In the trusteeship of preserving civilization we were naturally arrayed together and convictions of a civilization worthy of that costly preservation will exact peace and warn against conflicts for all time to come."

On the general subject of law enforcement, Sheriff Nolley said that his department stands ready at all times to act upon any information furnished by citizens. "If a citizen knows of a law violation, he should come to us and sign a complaint. Then if we don't serve the papers we will resign our offices. We feel that we are entitled to this co-operation."

"We are trying to work for the best interests of the county. We are only human. We cannot know all that is going on unless we are advised by the citizens. Instead of talking and circulating rumors, those who are criticizing us would be more effective if they would give us this co-operation. On the question of enforcing the liquor laws we are willing to stand on our record, which will compare with the best in this respect."

HARDING ASKS LASTING PEACE BETWEEN U. S. AND ENGLAND

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TELLS MEM TO STAY ON JOB REGARDLESS OF ACTION OF OTHER UNIONS

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Oct. 19.—National headquarters of the railroad yardmasters association with a membership of 8,000 in the country, today sent notices to members to remain at work performing their usual duties in the event of a railroad strike.

CANO IS HERE TO START WORK ON OIL TEST

J. G. Cano, in charge of the oil test well just south of the city limits, returned to Cisco this morning from an extended trip to points in Michigan.

According to information which preceded Mr. Cano here, funds are all ready for a resumption of drilling on the test well which was shut down some months ago at a little below 2000 feet.

PEACE TREATY WITH GERMANY IS RATIFIED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The senate last night ratified the treaty of peace with Germany. The vote was 66 to 20. Eighteen Democrats and two Republicans, Borah of Idaho and LaFollette of Wisconsin, voted against ratification.

Immediately after the treaty of peace with Austria also was ratified.

LIVING COSTS SHOW DECLINE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Based on statistics from the Bureau of Labor, the cost of living in the United States decreased 1.7 per cent from last May.

QUIT OPIUM, SELL LIQUOR

EL PASO, Oct. 19.—Easier and faster sales of liquor have changed the fate of the opium smuggler, according to federal officers in El Paso.

Formerly an opium smuggler was caught nearly every week, but not one has been arrested in a year. Federal officers said the drug peddlers have quit smuggling opium and have gone to handling liquor.

The decrease in morphine and cocaine smuggling, however, has not been so pronounced, the officers said.

TRANSPLANTING OF BERMUDA ONIONS IS ON AT LAREDO

LAREDO, Texas, Oct. 19.—Work of transplanting Bermuda onions has begun in the Laredo section and for the next few weeks the various growers will be busy setting out the young onion plants, the seed for which was planted some six weeks before time for transplanting.

FIND IMPRINT OF SPANISH SHOE IN SURFACE LAVA FLOW

HILO, Island of Hawaii, Oct. 19.—The discovery of what is described as the imprint of "a practically perfect Spanish shoe, with narrow toe, widest of the foot and heel being clearly defined" in the surface of an ancient lava flow on the west coast of Hawaii near the ancient city of Refuge known as Honouliuli, has aroused great comment and speculation throughout the territory.

The first Spaniards to touch the island were said to have come in 1575, when tradition said that a Spanish vessel was wrecked on the southeast coast of the island. But the city of Refuge was built in the eleventh century and there is no evidence that any lava flow came down the mountainside of the volcano Mauna Loa, which rises 14,000 feet above the city of Refuge, since the city was built. Consequently it is presumed that the lava flow containing the shoe imprint is of a more ancient day than 1100 indicating that Spaniards visited the island long before 1575.

The sea-shore at the base of Mauna Loa, near Honouliuli is one of the few remaining sections of the Hawaiian territory in which life proceeds along much the same lines as it did a century ago. Like many of the other strange things contained on the 4,000 square mile volcanic island of Hawaii, the problem of the "Spaniard's foot" probably will never be solved.

STEAL PAPERS IN BERGDOLL HOUSE CASE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—A box containing the Bergdoll investigation private papers, stolen from the office of Representative Johnson Monday night, was found early today on the fifth floor of the house office building, broken open, with important documents missing.

JURY RENEWS KLAN PROBE

WACO, Oct. 19.—The grand jury reassembled here today to probe the Lorena tragedy. The work was simplified by the steady improvement of the parties seriously injured in the affair. There is no fear of further fatalities.

HARDING SEES SCHOOL CRISIS

WILLIAMSBURG, W. Va., Oct. 19.—Declaring the nation confronts an "educational crisis" through a lack of teachers and public school facilities, President Harding appealed in an address here today for patriotic support of the educational system commensurate with the national resources.

NEW YORK GIVES DIAZ WELCOME

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—New York came early today to give a thunderous welcome to General Armando Diaz, Italy's "man of destiny."

WILL MOVE TRAINS. CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—In the event of the threatened strike of railroad employees the roads are prepared to "do our utmost to move necessities, utilizing to the fullest extent possible all man power available," Charles H. Markham, president of the Illinois Central, declared today in an address to the American Mining congress.

CHEAPER MEAT IS IN DEMAND

EL PASO, Oct. 19.—Tastes have changed in El Paso as far as the public's demand for meat here is concerned. During the war when prices were highest the people would eat nothing in the way of meat, except choice cuts, the butchers said. Good ordinary cuts of meats spoiled in the refrigerators for lack of demand, while customers clamored for "T-bones," porterhouse and tenderloin.

Now it is different. There is a big demand for shoulder meats, for round steak and all the cheaper cuts. The demand for the cheaper cuts of meat, which in many cases are just as nutritious as the others, according to butchers, has done much to stabilize the market, they said. During the past year prices on fancy and choice cuts have fallen from five to seven per cent and on cheaper cuts the decline is about twice as great, the dealers said.

SHORT MEETINGS. CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—The first of a series of conferences of Chicago representatives of all factions in the railroad strike situation began today and will continue over the week end.

CLOSE SCHOOL FOR TEACHING VOCATIONS TO FORMER SOLDIERS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Orders closing the Berkeley vocational school at Boston, where 700 war veterans have been in attendance, were issued by Director Forbes, of the veterans' bureau.

He said that the school had been found to be unsanitary and that he was satisfied that it "has been vouchsafing the government for services never rendered."

One student, aged 72, was discovered on the school's rolls, Mr. Forbes declared. He is William Blackburn, of Lynn, Mass., who Mr. Forbes declared, has learned to write his name in a shaky hand after receiving government training over two years at a cost of about \$3600.

BRIAND PLAN FOR COMING TO U. S. SCORED

PARIS, Oct. 19.—Premier Briand's plans for going to Washington to attend the conference on limitation of armaments was made the object of a direct attack by the opposition to the government during a debate in the chamber of deputies today.

POPULAR MEXICAN TO EL PASO

CLIFTON, Ariz., Oct. 19.—E. Valdes, for two years Mexican consul in Clifton, has been transferred to the consulate at El Paso. His departure is regretted, as he has been active in civic affairs and has become well esteemed by the American population.

EVIDENCE ON SCHOOL ASKED

AUSTIN, Oct. 19.—Replying to a telegram from Senator Harry Hertzberg suggesting that the board of control examine witnesses in San Antonio or Austin as to alleged brutalities at the State Juvenile Training school, A. R. Johnson, member of the board, advised Hertzberg to send the ex-inmates' affidavits to the board, if it was deemed advisable that the testimony be taken.

WARM WEATHER IN PHOENIX

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 19.—Monday was the hottest October 17 that Phoenix has had during the 26 years that the local office of the United States weather bureau has been keeping record of the temperatures. The highest previous temperature during the 26 years was 93 degrees, Monday it was 98 degrees.

FAMINE CRISIS IN RUSSIA DUE NOW IN JANUARY

MOSCOW, Oct. 19.—Russia's famine crisis will be reached in January, and indications are that it will be accompanied by a big typhus epidemic, it was stated yesterday by Col. W. M. Haskell, chief of the American relief administration in Russia, and Dr. Henry Bewkes, medical director, on their return from a tour of the famine districts of Samara and Ufa.

Among other observations were: that the soviet government will be unable to feed the famine sufferers and can provide but a small percentage of the spring seed.

CHARGED AS AUTO THIEVES

MESA, Ariz., Oct. 18.—C. J. Richardson and W. E. Akers, minors, have been arrested, charged with robbing automobiles of tools and accessories. They made no defense at their preliminary hearing. They have been in this locality for several weeks, coming in a car with a New Mexico license.

DISCUSS NEWS VALUES

HONOLULU, Oct. 19.—The value of true news and high journalistic standards as a means of attaining better international understanding and assuring the world of peace was discussed before the press congress of the world by Ludwig Hase, secretary of the Norwegian Press association.

RESTRICT FUR STYLES

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 19.—Banishment of furs as women's summer wear and restriction of styles for winter garments, so as to reduce the demand and eliminate some of the suffering of fur-bearing animals in capture and trapping, was advocated by delegates to the convention of the humane society.

I. & G. N. WILL OPERATE TRAINS

GALVESTON, Oct. 19.—Receivers of the International & Great Northern railroad issued a statement today to patrons declaring "should the threatened railroad strike occur, the road will endeavor to secure such men as are necessary to operate trains."

The notice was sent to all agents of the company.

RELICS IN ROMANCE

HONOLULU, T. H., Oct. 19.—Royal relics may be tinged with the rose hue of romance, but their monetary value, especially in Honolulu, is low, as was evidenced here recently when a phaeton and a carriage which had belonged to the stables of Queen Liliuokalani, last of the native monarchs, were sold at auction for \$6 and \$5 respectively.

SHEEP GLAND DIET IS PROPOSED FOR CHICAGO STUDENTS

CHICAGO, Oct. 19.—Pupils in subnormal classes at Chicago schools will be fed on a sheep gland diet as soon as arrangements can be completed, it was announced today by Dr. Frank G. Bruner, director of the special schools department of the board of education.

The gland diet is the idea of health department physicians and several thousand children will partake of the sheep glands, prepared in the school kitchen.

RESOLUTION FOR WINE AND BEER IS PASSED

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 19.—A resolution calling upon congress and President Harding to enact legislation and amend the national prohibition enforcement act to permit the manufacture of light wines and beer, in order that the breweries might be reopened, thereby relieving the unemployment situation, was presented in the meeting of the city unemployment commission here.

BRECKENRIDGE MAN DIES FROM HIGHWAYMAN'S SHOT

BRECKENRIDGE, Texas, Oct. 18. Ernest Gerry, who was shot by a highwayman when he refused to obey the robber's command to hold up his hands, died from his wound. Gerry was shot on May 14. It was thought he had fully recovered from his wound until Saturday when he became ill and died.

Physicians said the injury was the cause of his death.

ASKS SHARE FOR CHILD

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—John E. Mack, guardian for Guy Stillman, brought legal proceedings to establish the child's right to a share in the trust fund totaling \$37,393,000, established by his grandfather for his five children.

RICH INDIANS GIVE MUCH TO CAUSE OF EDUCATION

MUSKOGEE, Okla., Oct. 19.—Lucy Tubbe, nee Peters, full-blood Choctaw, has donated \$10,000 for the Murrow Orphan's Home, located on the campus at Bacone university here. The gift was approved by Indian officials.

Dr. E. D. Weeks, president of Bacone, has gone to Washington to confer with Indian Commissioner Burke and other officials regarding other proposed gifts by rich Indians interested in the institution, which has grown wonderfully in the last few years. He will likely consult regarding the proposal of Jackson Barnett, noted Creek incompetent, to give \$1,000,000 to the school.

WANTS PAY FOR LABOR

PHOENIX, Ariz., Oct. 19.—The state commission of public institutions is puzzling over the legality of a claim of unique sort, made by a former inmate of the state asylum for the insane. J. M. Bell of Globe asks for \$188 for carpenter work done during a time when he was committed. He secured a writ of habeas corpus and an examination was found of sound mind and was ordered released. Now he wants pay for his labor.

LOOK FOR NOTE WRITERS

OMAHA, Neb., Oct. 19.—Council Bluffs, Ia., police are attempting to find the writer of a suicide note found in the Chicago & Northwestern railroad passenger station there bearing the signature "Daisy" saying the writer lived in northern Iowa.

The Cisco Round-Up

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SERVANTS AND MASTERS.

Major General Leonard Wood was sworn in as governor general of the Philippine Islands Saturday. In his inaugural speech General Wood convicted himself of being old fashioned. Read this:

"It is my purpose so far as it lies in my power, so to conduct the government that it will be characterized by honesty and morality and appreciation of the fact that public office is a public trust; that fitness is an absolute requirement for appointment to office."

If the same lofty purpose inspired all officials, county, district, state and national, there would be more efficiency and less corruption in law administration. There would be more confidence on the part of the people and less occasion for citizens to take the law in their own hands.

Eastland county might now be building good roads, and her rural school teachers might be receiving their money if the ideals of General Wood had thoroughly permeated this county.

America needs, as never before, public officials who are really public servants—not masters—and who have been appointed to office solely upon the ground of fitness and not because of a political pull somewhere along the line.

THE UNUSUAL IS NEWS.

A moralist the other day scanned the front page of a metropolitan newspaper and immediately decided the world had gone to the dog and that only he could rescue it.

Other moralists from time to time have had similar eruptions after reading similar front pages.

They have shown the newspapers up for sensationalists, as purveyors of immorality and as patronizing the bad and not the good in the world. Then they have madly asserted that if the newspapers would go on printing the good things the world would immediately become moral again.

Of course, the only thing proven by the mad assertions of these moralists is that they know absolutely nothing about the making of newspapers and have no preception of what news is. Aside from this lack of knowledge, they are probably competent to speak.

If they really understood what constitutes news they would take heart from the front pages of the newspapers and know that instead of being in the depths of moral degradation we are really a pretty good sort on this sphere, after all.

For, the UNUSUAL is news.

When newspapers headline a divorce scandal, a San Francisco movie orgy, the trial of a murderer or the doings of a robber and forger, it does so simply because these things are unusual and therefore of news value, of interest.

It is not unusual for a man to love his wife, for most men do. It is not unusual for a woman to be faithful to her husband, for most women are. It is not unusual for a man to live all his life without robbing a bank or forging a check, for most men do.

There may come a time when moralists should worry and take a lesson from the front pages of newspapers. It will be when headlines read something like this:

"John Jones Still Faithful to His Wife After Six Years of Married Life." "Mrs. Demijohn Says She Will Not Sue for Divorce This Year." "Movie Actors Stage a Sober Party." "Not a Single Train Has Been Robbed This Month."

Should newspapers employ these headlines it would be a sure sign of moral decadence—because the unusual in life alone has news value.

WRIGHT'S SUGGESTION GOOD.

The suggestion made by Mr. L. B. Wright of Eastland that a meeting of business interests in the Eastland-Stephens county Oil Belt should be held at an early date to discuss plans for renewing development in this section is a good one.

The only objection the Daily News can see in his proposal is that the conference be held in Eastland. Because of superior railroad and hotel facilities, it occurs to the News that Cisco is the logical place for the meeting.

But, be that as it may, the conference should be held and that speedily.

The proposal that oil men could be attracted back to this territory by general publicity is a sound one. More than one oil field and more than one city has been made by publicity.

At a time when Graham was letting the world know through the newspapers of its advantages, it was full of oil men. When the publicity stopped the oil men ceased to come. The same was true of Duncan, Oklahoma. It was true of Shreveport. It has been true of all other oil towns.

Mexia, Texas, and El Dorado, Arkansas, are now attracting most oil men simply because these towns are keeping before the public by means of well directed publicity. Paid men are writing the news of the oil fields and metropolitan newspapers are always ready to print real news. Their pay, however, is so small to their own correspondents, that capable men always slight the job.

It would be a good investment for the towns of Eastland and Stephens counties to combine a campaign of general publicity and employ a capable man to direct the campaign.

Mr. R. K. Phillips of the Daily Oil Belt News at Eastland has remarked that the chambers of commerce in the two counties appear to be inactive. There are those who will agree with him in that observation. If they have become inactive it is all the more reason why Mr. Wright's proposal should meet with prompt and hearty approval.

There is a great future ahead of this section, dependent only upon the vision of the people living here and upon their determination to keep the section before that portion of the general public which does things and develops towns and sections.

OTHER EDITORS

Greed and Avarice.
(Cieburne Enterprise)

Italy is threatening war against the Balkans, and the Jugo-Slavs, a new nation created by the fortunes of the late world war, is mobilizing an army to protect her border. The old world, battle-scarred and bleeding, tottering from loss of blood, and broken in flesh and in spirit, has not yet learned the lesson of peace. The greed and the avarice of mankind seems stronger than its discretion. It looks like nothing will cure the world of the lust of war. If the world takes no action at the coming disarmament conference, preparations will continue for the final Armageddon which is yet to come, at which time the wreck of mankind will come. Will we let it come? Will we continue in the same mental attitude, with a chip on each shoulder, a gun in each hand, a pistol slung on each side, and the sea and air filled with powerful instruments of death and destruction, ready to again engage in a death struggle—for what?

Preventing a Tragedy of Disappointment.
(Ft. Worth Record.)

The attitude of the Dallas News and a number of other newspapers in this section which have criticized President Harding both editorially and in cartoons of an almost vicious sort for his warning to the people against exaggerated expectations as to the result of the armament conference can only be explained on the theory that great and influential journals are often swayed by traditional partisanship against dictators of judgment and common sense.

The inference to be drawn from these criticisms of the chief executive is that the armament conference has been more or less of a bluff in the minds of the administration and that the president and his advisers expect it to fail and are preparing the people for such a failure. The tone of the criticisms indicate that the critics are trying to convey the impression that the administration is insincere in its efforts to bring about a limitation or reduction of armaments.

While it is probably true that President Harding and his close advisers were not convinced that the time was quite ripe for such an important conference on such a delicate subject, and that Senator Borah's persistent propaganda forced their hands before they were ready, it takes considerable of a stretch of imagination to accuse them of insincerity. There is no reason to suppose that they have any feeling but an earnest desire that constructive action and permanent good will result from the conference.

The president, however, and his close advisers are not outside, as is often alleged, in possession of technical and international information as to internal and international conditions which may give them a different viewpoint than that from which the enthusiastic and earnest but somewhat badly informed propagandists of disarmament regard the situation. There are critical developments within our own and other countries that may demand the use of military force to maintain law and order and to protect the lives and property of citizens in all walks of life. There are international crises, some of them involved in the coming conference, which both the disarmament enthusiasts not at all, but which cause wise heads in possession of the facts to grow gray with the responsibility of maintaining peace.

Those who are familiar with the Pacific problems which are to be discussed at Washington next month, the settlement of the Chinese disarmament, will be mightily encouraged if the conference closes without a split and with any forward step, however slight. The great outstanding danger is that the uninformed world will expect too much, and when the conference fails to produce the anticipated results, the world will be plunged into a state of despair. With such a result it would have been better had the conference never been held at all.

It was with this in mind that The Record a few days ago called the attention of its readers to the danger involved in calling the conference "The Disarmament Conference," and urged that its true name, "The Conference on Limitation of Armaments and Pacific Problems," be used.

Instead of launching a bitter attack on President Harding for issuing his timely and vital warning the newspapers which are thus employed might better be spreading the warning and urging the people to concentrate their attention on their efforts and their prayers on the accomplishment of some practical and constructive step that will mark the coming of a new era and will lead to further progress along the path to universal peace.

A Model Treaty.
(Collier's.)

Is it possible to limit naval forces by national agreement? Great nations always need heavy ships and big guns as "insurance." Do they? Before you answer these questions, think of the Great Lakes—and read the 130 words that follow: The naval force to be maintained upon the American lakes by his majesty and the government of the United States shall henceforth be confined to the following vessels on each side, that is: On Lake Ontario, to one vessel not exceeding 100 tons burden and armed with 15-pound cannon. On the upper lakes, to two vessels not exceeding like burden each and armed with like force. On the waters of Lake Champlain, to one vessel not exceeding like burden and armed with like force. All other armed vessels on these lakes shall be forthwith dismantled and no other vessels of war shall be there built or armed. If either party should be hereafter desirous of annulling this stipulation and should give notice to that effect to the other party, it shall cease to be binding after the expiration of six months from the date of such notice. The naval forces to be limited shall be restricted to such services as will in no respect interfere with the proper duties of the armed vessels of the other party. That is the Rusk-Bogot treaty, which passed the United States senate, and is to 6, 104 years ago, and is still in effect. Not many treaties come to mind that have held good so long. Not one comes to mind that has saved so much needless expense, or that is a better model for men who have new treaties to write.

Lemuel Bolles.

Lemuel Bolles, national adjutant of the American Legion, who will be a prominent figure at the Legion's coming convention in Kansas City, has held offices under three Legion national commanders, Franklin D'Olier, F. W. Gal-smith, Jr., and John G. Emery. Mr. Bolles was born in Minneapolis

on August 21, 1885. He moved to Washington in 1904 and attended the University of Washington law school. From 1907 to 1915 he was employed by the First National bank of Yakima and was assistant adjutant general of the state of Washington.

Mr. Bolles served in all grades in company E, Second Infantry, Washington National Guard, and commanded that company from 1911 to 1914. He went overseas with the Forty-first division in December, 1917, and served as lieutenant-colonel on the general staff of the First army corps from May 1, 1918, to March 3, 1919.

On his return to the United States in July, 1919, he was discharged by the Legion national executive committee to assist in the organization of the Legion in preparation for the Minneapolis convention. Mr. Bolles was one of the original delegates to the Pacific caucus of the Legion. During his terms of office, the organization has grown from a few posts scattered over the country to a mighty force of 12,000 posts distributed in every state all over the world.

U. S. Scale of Living.
(Chicago Journal of Commerce.)

Much foolishness is printed about the American scale of living and everybody's right to live on that scale. When investigated, this mythical "scale" is found to be invisible and impalpable—utterly lost in ten thousand possibilities shifting schedules of family expenditures ranging from \$300 to \$30,000 a year. The politicians on the stump wax eloquent over meat every day in American homes, with chicken and ice cream on Sunday, and proudly proclaim that the American laborer is the best dressed and housed in the world, and we are all thankful and glad that he is. But no two families nor no group of 10,000 families live on the same scale. The only outstanding feature of American "living" is that they tend to extravagance and waste—in dress, food, display, unwise amusements and costly indulgences. The \$12 a week man wants to live as well as the one who earns \$25.

The \$1800 a year man wants to make his home showing as the \$3000 man. Thus the majority lose all sense of real values in life and neglect their one responsibility, which is saving. These repetitions are inspired by a news item from Uniontown, Pa., where five brothers who came from Greece some 15 years ago are about to build a million-dollar hotel. From what? Speculation in Wall street? Oil? Coal? War profiteering? No. They are bootblacks, and their savings on "shines," augmented by investments in real estate. They have demonstrated what rewards may come from the humblest occupations in this land of opportunity when economy rules the life and fictitious scale of living does not rule family expenditures. These five Greeks have not limited their working days to eight hours, have not spent their evenings in seeking entertainment, have not indulged in silk shirts and automobiles, or practiced vain display while building their fortunes.

We imagine an American young man saying: "I would not black boots for fifteen years and live as those Greeks did for a million dollars." Is that really true? The Greeks had enough to eat, enough to wear and good shelter all these years, and are sound and healthy today. Suppose they began their American career at 20. Now at the average age of 35 they are worth a million—\$200,000 each—in middle. As that is not worth the price in hard work, in self-denial and in thrift, which they have paid?

CITATION BY PUBLICATION.

The State of Texas, to the Sheriff or any Constable of Eastland County—

Creating: You are hereby commanded to summon R. E. Nixon by making publication of this citation once in each week for four consecutive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, if there be a newspaper published therein, but if not, then in any newspaper published in the 8th Judicial District; but if there be no newspaper published in said Judicial District, then in a newspaper published in the nearest district to said 8th Judicial District, to appear at the next regular term of the 8th District Court of Eastland county, to be held at the court house thereof, in Eastland, Texas, on the first Monday in November, A. D. 1921, the same being the 7th day of November, A. D. 1921, and then and there to answer a petition filed in said court on the 25th day of August, A. D. 1921, in a suit, numbered on the docket of said court as No. 8221, wherein W. A. Gilmore is plaintiff and Mrs. Alma M. Nixon, R. E. Nixon and A. R. Wood are defendants, and said petition alleges suit on three vendor's lien notes, the first for \$500.00 and the last two for \$700.00 each, dated November 11th, 1920, No. One due July 1st, 1921; No. Two due Feb. 1st, 1922, and No. Three January 1st, 1923, each note providing that a failure to pay when due shall mature all of said notes, that said notes were secured by a lien on lots 9 and 10 in the City Park subdivision of Lot No. 2 in Block 135 of the Second Railroad addition to the city of Cisco, Eastland county, Texas. Plaintiff sues for amount of entire debt, interest, attorney's fees, and costs of suit and foreclosure of vendor's lien on said property. Said notes payable to the order of A. R. Wood and endorsed by A. R. Wood to plaintiff, bearing 8 per cent interest, and executed by Mrs. Alma M. Nixon.

Herein fall not, and have before said court, at its aforesaid next regular term, this writ with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same.

Given under my hand and the seal of said court, at office in Eastland, this 5th day of October, A. D. 1921.
ROY NUNNALLY,
Clerk 8th District Court, Eastland County.

By Elze Been, Deputy.
Oct. 6-13-20-27.

NOTICE.

The American National Bank, located at Cisco, in the state of Texas, is closing its affairs. All note holders and other creditors of the association are therefore hereby notified to present notes and other claims for payment.

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK.
By J. O. Sus, Vice-President.
Dated August 15th, 1921.
(Advertisement) 14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21

FIGURES CITED TO SHOW THAT CISCO'S FUTURE PROGRESS SURE

Those who have gotten the idea that revenue from oil production in the Eastland-Stephens county belt has reached its zenith and is on the decline, have not consulted statistics, in the opinion of R. Q. Lee, president of the Cisco & Northeastern railroad, and himself a large owner of oil properties.

"I have just completed a compilation of the revenue coming into Eastland and Stephens counties from oil production," Mr. Lee said. "I find that at the present price of \$1.75 a barrel these two counties are producing \$142,000 worth of oil daily, on a basis of an average daily production of 81,000 barrels. This means a total revenue from oil in the two counties of \$4,316,612 a month, or \$51,799,346 a year.

False Idea Prevalent. "These figures are stupendous when analyzed and prove that the feeling entertained in some quarters that there is nothing on which Cisco can base future progress is erroneous.

"As I see it three towns are going to get the principal benefit from oil production hereafter. They are Cisco, Harbinger and Breckenridge. An expert oil man in the employ of the government who went over both counties recently estimated that 90 per cent of the oil in these two counties is still under the ground. If his figures are anywhere near correct, we will be producing as much oil here for many years to come as we are producing now. In fact, it will probably be an industry which will never exhaust itself in this section.

Pumpers Are Paying. "I had occasion last week to visit Bartlesville, Oklahoma. The first oil well in Oklahoma was brought in on the townsite there. It is still producing. There are approximately 7500 producing wells in Washington county, of which Bartlesville is the county seat. These wells average one and nine-tenths barrels of oil a day, and one pump is handling twenty of them. Oil there is now \$1.50 a barrel, and the wells are being pumped at a profit. The county derives \$1,600,000 a year from these wells. Bartlesville is a live, prosperous little city of 20,000 people, even on this limited production, and located, too, almost in the shadow of Tulsa, which is but 60 miles away.

Don't Pump Small Ones. "In this county now we have gotten the idea that if a well gets down to ten barrels a day it cannot be pumped for a profit. We will get out of this idea after a while.

"With the municipal and other improvements under way here and with the strong probability of new pools being opened right at our door, I can see no reason for pessimism upon the part of any citizen of Cisco. I believe the town is only in its infancy and has great growth ahead of it."

Tax Paying Time Here But County Is Not Collecting

Although the tax paying period opened October 1 all over Texas it has not yet opened in Eastland county.

The state automatic tax board did not set the state tax rate until after the adjournment of the special session of the legislature. The tax assessor and the collector in Eastland county say they have not had time since then to get their books back in shape and for that reason no taxes are being accepted.

Checks from two large oil companies are in the hands of the tax collector, but have not been credited, pending the completion of the records. It is expected the collector will be in shape to accept payments next week, it is said.

Members of the commissioners court say enough taxes have been tendered to relieve the county's stringency for money, if they could have been accepted and entered.

Just arrived, handsome Paradise pattern hats, at Mrs. Kennon's.—(Advertisement) 212



It's **toasted**

Notice this delicious flavor when you smoke Lucky Strike—it's sealed in by the toasting process

Dr. C. C. Jones
DENTIST
Office over Dean Drug Co.
Phone 98

BELIEVE NEW SAND IS FOUND ON LEE RANCH

An entirely new producing sand for the Hart district in eastern Stephens county is indicated in the Texas company's well on R. Q. Lee's ranch.

According to reports reaching Cisco this morning the well has encountered what is apparently a prolific sand at 3330 feet, 200 feet deeper than other producers in that section.

The well was said this morning to be making about two barrels an hour, or at the rate of fifty barrels a day, with the sand barely touched. If this sand proves to be prolific it will be an event of great importance to that section, and is expected to practically insure the expansion of the Cisco & Northeastern railroad into that territory.

CLEAN-UP WEEK STARTS OCT. 31

Cisco's annual clean-up, under the direction of the Civic League, will begin October 31 and continue for a week. It was announced this morning. The cooperation of every person in Cisco is desired by the club, which regards the clean-up at this time of unusual importance because of the nearness of the Central Texas conference of the Methodist church.

Full details will probably be announced before the starting of the campaign.

NOTICE OF SHERIFF'S SALE.
The State of Texas, County of Eastland, In the District Court of Eastland County, Texas, 88th District.

C. F. Gilchrist, Plaintiff, vs. C. B. Hedrick, Defendant.
Whereas, by virtue of an order of sale issued out of the district court of Eastland county, Texas, on a judgment rendered in said court on the 9th day of September, 1921, in favor of the said C. F. Gilchrist and against the said C. B. Hedrick, No. 2770 on the docket of said court, commanding me to sell the following described property fully described in said order of sale as under execution, I did, on the 4th day of October, 1921, at 10 o'clock a. m., levy upon the following described tracts and parcels of land situated in the city of Cisco, Eastland county, Texas, as described in said order of sale, to-wit: Lots 1 and 2 in block 1, lots 2 and 3 in block 2, lots 7 and 8 in block 2, lots 9 and 10 in block 2 and lots 1 and 2 in block 3 of the said city of Cisco, said county and state, and on the 1st day of November, 1921, being the first Tuesday of said month, between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. on said day, at the court house door of said county, I will offer for sale and sell at public auction for cash, all of the right, title and interest of the said C. B. Hedrick, as described in and to said property on the 21st day of January, 1920, or at any time thereafter; each two lots to be sold separately in the order above set out.

SAM NOLLEY,
Sheriff Eastland County, Texas.
By C. S. Looney, Deputy,
Oct. 6-13-20.

This is the **Stove Polish** YOU Should Use
It's different from others because more care is taken in the making and the materials used are of higher grade.
Black Silk Stove Polish
Makes a brilliant, silky polish that does not rub off or dust off, and the shinelast four times as long as ordinary stove polish. Used on simple stoves and sold by hardware and grocery dealers.
All you do is rub it on your cook stove, your boiler stove or your gas range. If you like, your dealer is authorized to refund your money if you are not satisfied.
Made in liquid or paste—either works.
Black Silk Stove Polish Works
Sterling, Illinois
The Black Silk Air-Drying Iron Remover on grates, registers, stove-closets—prevents rusting. Use Black Silk Stove Polish for stoves, registers or grates. It has no equal for use on automobiles.
It Shines in Every Drop

3 PER CENT LOANS.
Do you want to buy or build a home, business property or farm, or pay off a mortgage? Let us tell you how you can borrow what you need on easy payments at 3 per cent. Agents wanted in every town in Texas; liberal proposition.
NORTH AMERICAN SAVINGS & LOAN COMPANY, DALLAS.

Shepherd & Kelly
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

Dean Drug Co. Bldg. Danney Bldg.
Phone 150, Cisco Phone 48 Eastland

EUGENE LANKFORD
LAWYER
Land titles and law of oil and natural gas specialties.
Spencer Bldg., on Broadway.

Dr. C. C. Jones
DENTIST
Office over Dean Drug Co.
Phone 98

DISARMAMENT IS NOT STEP TOWARD PEACE SAYS SPEAKER

HONOLULU, T. H., Oct. 19.—The limitation of armaments is not a definite step towards peace, according to Dr. Roberto Brenes Mesen of Syracuse university and former Costa Rican minister to Washington, who addressed the Press Congress of the World here today.

MANUFACTURE OF CIGARS GAINS AND CIGARETTES SLUMP

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—A billion more cigars, almost two billion fewer cigarettes and 14,000,000 pounds less of manufactured tobacco were produced during 1920 than during 1919.

MERRY SONGS ARE NO LONGER HEARD ON VOLGA

NOTE—Here is a word picture of the scenes along the Volga river in Central and Southern Russia whence came perhaps the loudest cry for American food. It was written by one of the Associated Press staff correspondents admitted to Russia when Lenin found it was necessary to tell Russia's famine story to the world.

FORMER KING OF BULGARIA ASKS FINANCIAL AID

SOFIA, Oct. 19.—Former King Ferdinand of Bulgaria, now in Bavaria, has appealed for aid to the Bulgarian premier, Stamboulsky, a man whom Ferdinand, when king, persecuted and kept in prison for two years.

CLASSIFIED ADS

For Rent or Lease—C
LIGHT housekeeping rooms (very large), one block from town, 209 West Fifth street. 214
FOR RENT—Nice four-room modern house, with sleeping porch, \$30.00, one block from Main street. Phone 578, 207
TWO light housekeeping rooms; bedroom and shed for car. 507 West Seventh. 211
FOR RENT—Apartment; new; modern. Phone 41. 212
FOR RENT—Two-room house. Apply 1409 Avenue H or phone 219. 212
FOR RENT—Two nice furnished rooms, \$10.00 month. 1409 Avenue H. Phone 219. 212
FOR RENT—Winter is coming. Why room out in town when you can get a room at the Mobley Hotel for from \$6.00 to \$10.00 per week, with heat, running water and complete hotel service night and day. Call and see us, Mobley Hotel Company. 213
FOR RENT—Nice two-room furnished flat. Gas, lights and water free. One block from Main street. \$25.00 per month. Phone 678. 213
FURNISHED apartment near business district. Apply 208 West Seventh or phone 157. 212
FOR RENT—Modern two and three-room furnished apartments, 209 Third street. Phone 211. 211
RAILROAD MEN! Transients! You can get first-class rooms at the Mobley Annex for \$1.50 per day. Two men in double room for \$1.50. Heat, running water. All conveniences. 233
ROOM AND BOARD for two refined ladies or gentlemen. \$37.50 each. Apply 508 West Ninth. 219
TO LEASE—Two hundred and forty-acre hog ranch; some sand, some land; cut up in blocks; all under hog fence. W. T. Rutherford, Scranton, Texas. 214
THE MOBLEY Annex has large rooms with all conveniences \$2.00 per week. Double rooms for two ladies or gentlemen at \$4.00 per week each. Right in town. Tub and shower bath. See these rooms. 233
For Sale or Trade—N
FOR SALE—1 pair mules, 1 wagon, 1 set harness. C. C. Sellers, at Cisco Ice company. 209
FOR SALE OR TRADE—Two sets rent houses; plenty of water; also work mules and horses. W. T. Rutherford, Scranton, Texas. 214
FOR SALE—Best offer gets lots one and two, block C, Bedford addition, Cisco. Address Owner, P. O. Box 207, Redondo Beach, Calif. 220
MUST SELL—One wicker set, used one week. Apply Cottage 43, Humboldt town. 214
FOR SALE—Parlor and dining room suites, ivory bed, gas stove, rug and other articles, very cheap. Call at 601 West Ninth or phone 305. 209
\$3500 EQUITY in 165-acre black land farm near San Antonio to trade for

THIS MAY BE ONLY COUNTY PAYING BILLS IN SPOT CASH

Eastland may soon have the distinction of being the only county in Texas which pays its bills with the spot cash.
Because no bank in the county has so far indicated that it will act as depository for county funds even at the minimum rate of interest, there is talk of enlarging the vaults in the county treasurer's office to hold all the county's cash and paying everything in the coin of the realm.

NORTHCLIFF TELLS CAMERA MAN IT'S SAFER BEHIND HIM

HONOLULU, T. H., Oct. 18.—Lord Northcliffe, the British newspaper owner, is a strong devotee of golf, as was evidenced by the fact that when he stopped over in Honolulu on his way to Australia recently while the vessel on which he was traveling was in port for part of one day, the publicist dodged all public receptions, luncheons and other gatherings that were being planned in his honor, in order that he might indulge in a round of his favorite sport.

HIGH PRICES ARE REALITY WHERE GREEN ARMY PASSES

WITH THE GREEK ARMY IN THE FIELD, Oct. 19.—Americans who find life expensive would secure unbounded relief if they could come to Anatolia.
In the area through which the Greek army passed in its advance on Angora, lambs sell for 60 cents each, chickens for 12 cents, whole cows for \$9 and eggs for half a cent. Everywhere food is found in great abundance and at prices such as America never heard of, even before the war.

JAZZ IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 19.—American "jazz devils" have come to Mexico City and have made their syncretism popular but theater-going Mexicans have failed to appreciate an American musical comedy as recently presented by a company of "girly-girls" direct from Broadway.
The company appeared here as one of the attractions of the Centennial celebration. Advertised as a bit of Broadway transplanted to Mexico, the girls were intended to add a bit of pepper and zest to the month of fiesta, but, after a few nights, interest lagged and the show concluded its run without breaking any attendance records.

CAFE FAR FROM RAILROAD SOLVES CHEAP MEAL ISSUE

YOSEMITE, CAL., Oct. 19.—A cafeteria in the Yosemite National Park, miles from the big cities where tray carriers generally are found, this year apparently solved the problem of furnishing food at medium prices for tourists far from a railroad. During the last five months approximately 250,000 meals were served at an average cost of about 45 cents each.

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HOLE IS FOUND IN BRONZE COAT OF MEXICAN HERO

JUAREZ, Chihuahua, Mexico, Oct. 19.—The bronze statue of Benito Juarez, for whom this city was named, has a hole in the hero's coat which has remained unattended for eleven years.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES

TEXAS & PACIFIC
(Eastbound) Arrive Depart
No. 16..... 2:47 a. m..... 2:47 a. m.
No. 2..... 11:00 a. m..... 11:00 a. m.
No. 4..... 12:22 p. m..... 12:22 p. m.
No. 12..... 11:09 p. m..... 11:09 p. m.
(Westbound) Arrive Depart
No. 11..... 5:00 a. m..... stop.
No. 5..... 1:20 a. m..... 1:25 a. m.
No. 23..... 2:30 p. m..... 2:30 p. m.
No. 1..... 7:15 p. m..... 7:15 p. m.
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS
(Northbound) Arrive Depart
No. 35..... 3:00 p. m..... 3:15 p. m.
No. 37..... 3:35 a. m..... 3:40 a. m.
(Southbound) Arrive Depart
No. 38..... 3:28 a. m..... 3:33 a. m.
No. 36..... 11:55 p. m..... 12:15 p. m.
CISCO & NORTHEASTERN
Northbound—To Breckenridge
Leave
No. 12..... 5:15 a. m.
No. 2..... 7:00 a. m.
No. 4..... 8:20 p. m.
Southbound—From Breckenridge
Arrive
No. 1..... 10:30 a. m.
No. 2..... 6:50 p. m.
No. 12..... 10:45 p. m.

TO FIGHT FOR TITLE

VANCOUVER, B. C., Oct. 10.—A three-cornered battle for the Stanley cup, emblematic of the professional hockey championship of the world, has been virtually assured, according to advices received here.

SIR ERIC GEDDES RESIGNS BRITISH CABINET POSITION

LONDON, Oct. 18.—Sir Eric Geddes, minister of transportation in the British cabinet, has tendered his resignation from that office.

COMMERCIAL SHOWS

10-POUND POTATO
COMMERCE, Oct. 18.—Evidence that Hun County did not exhaust her supply of rare products in the "agricultural exhibit" which won the prize at the Dallas Fair, is to be seen in the window of the First National bank here. A sweet potato weighing 10 3/4 pounds is on exhibit in this window, and was raised by G. T. Wiggs, a farmer who resides four miles south of Commerce.

TENNESSEE SENATOR IS KNOCKED DOWN BY AUTO

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.—Senator McKeitar of Tennessee was knocked down and run over by an automobile today while crossing Pennsylvania avenue in front of the white house. He received cuts about the face and bruises, none of which were serious.

Special Notices—M

STILL fixing shoes. Tie to \$1.00, good leather, good work, twenty years in business. 104 Avenue A. Daddy Evans. 214
DULIS—Dulls at Smith Floral Company. 212
CHRYSANTHEMUMS, carnations and roses for all occasions at Smith Floral Company. 215
57 MILES per gallon made with new patented gasoline vaporizer. Write for particulars. Strosky Vaporizer Co., Putkama, S. D. 211
SHEPARD-CANNON & KELLY
Attorneys and Counselors at Law
General Practice in State and Federal Courts.
CISCO, TEXAS.
Green & Gray
Embalmers and Funeral Directors
At Your Service Day or Night
305 W. Seventh Street
Day Phone 521.
Night Phone 470.
Cisco, Tex.
BUTTS & WRIGHT
Lawyers
Alexander Building
Phone No. 89.

It took YEARS and YEARS to develop CAMEL QUALITY
We worked on Camels for years before we put them on the market. Years of testing—blending—experimenting with the world's choicest tobaccos.
And now, EVERY DAY, all our skill, manufacturing experience and lifelong knowledge of fine tobaccos are concentrated on making Camel the best cigarette that can be produced.
There's nothing else like Camel QUALITY. And there's nothing else like Camels wonderful smoothness, fine tobacco flavor and FREEDOM FROM CIGARETTE AFTERTASTE.
That's why Camel popularity is growing faster than ever.
A better cigarette cannot be made.
We put the utmost quality into THIS ONE BRAND.
CAMEL
R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

HARDING WILL PARTICIPATE IN ANNIVERSARY OF SURRENDER OF BRITISH LEADER AT YORKTOWN

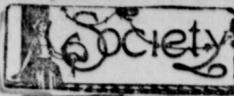
WILLIAMSBURG, Va., Oct. 17.—Mrs. Harrison, twenty-nine United States senators; twenty-two govern- mentors; three speakers of the house of representatives; ten cabinet officers a new president of William and Mary and many representatives. William college he will also participate in the Barton Rogers, founder of the Massa- chusetts Institute of Technology and General Winfield Scott also were graduates of the school.

Yorktown, where the Mayflower will land the presidential party was a place almost forgotten by the world from the time of Cornwallis' surren- der until the world war, when it was made headquarters for the Atlantic fleet. A marble shaft, erected in 1881 in Williamsburg when Washington and Lafayette delivered the city from its nearby foes and since then William Mary students have journeyed each year to Yorktown to celebrate the anniversary.

President Harding, accompanied by Mrs. Harding will leave Washington on the Mayflower, October 18 and will arrive at Yorktown on the morning of the 19th, coming first to Williamsburg where the president will deliver the principal address at the formal installation of Dr. J. A. C. Chandler as president of the college of William and Mary. Governor Westmoreland Davis of Virginia will preside at the exercises, which it is expected, will be attended by repre- sentatives of several European uni- versities and of all colleges and uni- versities in the United States which are more than one hundred years old.

After the inauguration the presi- dent will be the guest of President Chandler in the old "President's on the campus where Lafat- ette and Cornwallis made their head- quarters alternately during the revolu- tion. The president and party then will go to Jamestown, seven miles away, the site of the first Eng- lish colony in America.

William and Mary, founded in 1655, is the second oldest college in the country, being ranked only by Harvard. Among her alumni were three presidents—Jefferson, Monroe and Tyler; four justices of the United States supreme court—John Mar- shal, John Blair, Bushrod Washing- ton and Philip P. Barbour; four signers of the declaration of inde- pendence—George Wythe, Thomas Jefferson, Carter Braxton and Benja- min Franklin.



Mrs. C. W. BUCHANAN, Phone 515, Social Calendar.

October 20.—Mrs. R. Q. Lee and Mrs. J. T. Boyer will give a miscellaneous shower for Miss Mary McCarty.

October 21.—Senior Twentieth Century club will meet. Senior Epworth League will entertain in the basement of the church.

Civic League. An interesting meeting of the Civic league was held Monday afternoon at the city hall. The subject was "Public Health," and the members responded to a call with some current events and public health. Mrs. Oscar Clift made a splendid talk on "The Nurse in the Public School," setting forth the urgent need of one here, and the way to secure one. The public health committee then reported that a conference had been held with the city school superintendent, who told them a nurse might be secured right away. Mrs. Lloyd Winston, federation counselor, gave each member a list of questions on the state before- men, and requested everyone to know the answers to these questions by the next meeting. The club voted to finan- cially assist the Rotarians in staging the pageant. The report to the district president, Mrs. Noble, was read. The league also voted to serve lunch for one day during the Methodist conference. The district committee presented Mrs. Lloyd Winston with a blooming plant in a hand-painted flower pot. Mrs. Win- ston wore the best-looking made-over dress at the league picnic two weeks ago.

The next meeting will be the formal opening of the clean-up campaign. The league desires to have a thorough housecleaning not only for winter, but for the many visitors to be here next month, and it urgently requests the co- operation of the public. E. W. M. U. Circle A of the E. W. M. U. met at the home of Mrs. Bob Bettis Tuesday afternoon, with eight present. As this was a work meeting, the members sewed on articles for the bazaar and a quilt to be sent to the orphan's home. Mrs. Bettis served sherbet and wafers to Mesdames Shelton, Manser, Starr, Jones, Lee, Langford and Reed. Circle B met with Mrs. C. W. Buchanan. There were one visitor and one new member present. The ladies were engaged in making articles for the bazaar. The secretary reported the gift of five dollars from one of the members, and the receipt of a letter of thanks from the Backner orphan's home. Ice tea and sandwiches were served. Those present were Mesdames Stubblerfeld, Hainz, A. C. Green, Fred Cook, Charles Hainz, Diego and D. Ball. Circle C had a very interesting meet- ing at the home of Mrs. W. R. Shepherd, with twelve in attendance. After a short business meeting, the ladies finished a quilt top. Mrs. Shepherd served a delicious repast of sandwiches, individual pies and hot chocolate. Those present were Mesdames J. L. Shepherd, Bertis Langston, LaRoue, A. H. Bibby, S. F. Hampton of DeLeon, Harris, Curran, Brock, Brecheen and Farmer.

OKLAHOMA MASONS WILL ERECT TEMPLE OKLAHOMA CITY, Oct. 18.—Plans for a \$1,000,000 Masonic temple to be erected in this city were reported completed today and bids on construction of the building will be opened Nov. 17, it was announced.

After the inauguration the presi- dent will be the guest of President Chandler in the old "President's on the campus where Lafat- ette and Cornwallis made their head- quarters alternately during the revolu- tion. The president and party then will go to Jamestown, seven miles away, the site of the first Eng- lish colony in America.

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VOLIVA THEORY OF FLATNESS OF EARTH NOW BEING TAUGHT TO CHILDREN IN SCHOOLS

ZION, Ill., Oct. 19.—Zion schools, of which Wilbur Glenn Voliva, the over- seer of the colony, is president, have adopted his new theories of a flat world of the earth, and the world is a globe moving through limitless space and that it was the attraction of grav- ity which caused the apple to fall on Isaac Newton's head.

At the Zion schools the new course of study teaches that the earth is a flat, circular world, with a north pole in the exact center, no south pole, and surrounded by a wall of ice which keeps ven- erous mariners from falling off the edge. The earth has no motion, but remains stationary in space. That the sun is not millions of miles in diameter and 91,000,000 miles away, but is really a little orb 32 miles across, and only 3000 miles from the earth. That the law of gravitation is a fallacy and when objects are thrown into the air they continue to rise until the force which propelled them is expended, and then fall back to earth because they are heavier than air.

A standard map of the world, on Christopher's projection, is used in the schools to demonstrate the flat world theory. This map, which is used by navigators and scientists in making time and longitude calculations, differs from the usual Mercator's projection, familiar in other schools, in that it shows the earth as it would look to an observer directly above the north pole, with the continents and seas projected on a flat plane. As a result the north pole is in the center, and instead of a south pole the Antarctic regions are indicated by a white ring about the outer circumference of the circle. This ring, according to Voliva, is the ice barrier which keeps mariners from falling off the edge of his flat world.

The Christopher projection was made 36 years ago, prior to the discovery of the south pole, and reflects much was known about the Antarctic region, so only a bare outline of portions of the southern ice land is shown. Miss Mary Thompson, principal of the Zion school system, and an ardent believer in the Voliva theories, has pro- pounded a question which she believes will trip scientists and navigators. Showing on her flat map that the tropic of Cancer, 43 degrees from the north pole, was a much smaller circle than the tropic of Capricorn, 47 degrees farther away, Miss Thompson says: "Navigators on a globular earth would find if they were to sail completely around either of these tropics that they would be identically the same length. On the earth, however, the tropic of Capricorn would be much larger than the tropic of Cancer, and would take much longer to sail around, because on a flat earth Cancer would be nearer the center, or north pole. Why don't the navigators in her classes start the sun is only a tiny orb a few thousand miles away, instead of an orb millions of miles in diameter and 91,000,000 miles from the earth. If the sun was so large, she says, it would light up all the world, instead of confining its hottest rays to a 3,000 mile wide belt between the two tropics. Voliva himself, in a recent sermon at Shiloh tabernacle, said God certainly would not have made a sun to light the world and then placed it so far away.

"A man would be a fool," the over- seer added, "to build a house in Zion and place his parlor light in Kenosha, Wis." Miss Thompson, principal of the school, demonstrates to her classes that the sun is only a tiny orb a few thousand miles away, instead of an orb millions of miles in diameter and 91,000,000 miles from the earth. If the sun was so large, she says, it would light up all the world, instead of confining its hottest rays to a 3,000 mile wide belt between the two tropics. Voliva himself, in a recent sermon at Shiloh tabernacle, said God certainly would not have made a sun to light the world and then placed it so far away.

Soon afterwards the young tele- grapher was taken into the confederate regular service.

AMUSEMENTS.

Victory. Several years of life in America have failed to break Courtney Foote, prominent English actor who assumes the leading man's role in "The Bronze Bell," the latest Paramount picture which will be shown at the Victory theater tomorrow of an irresistible craving for afternoon tea. During the filming of the production at the Thomas H. Ince Studios, at four o'clock every afternoon, Foote was conquered by his tea desire and suspended his work before the camera long enough for a cup of Lipson's best and a toasted muffin. Prior to joining the California film colony and playing leading roles in a number of productions, Mr. Foote was a promi- nent figure on the London stage. Doris May plays opposite him in the picture.

Broadway. The feature picture at the Broad- way today is the type of a western picture which everyone enjoys seeing. It stars Jack Hoxie who has already become a great favorite with photo- play fans because of his genuine act- ing in his three features preceding this late; picture which is entitled "The Sheriff of Hope Eternal."

"The students in Zion schools," she says, "grasp the theory of the flat earth readily because their minds are not full of globular earth teaching such as older folks have had drilled into them. There- fore, they accept the flat earth teaching without questioning, not because they have to, but because it appeals to them as rational. I don't believe there is one student in the grades who has question- ed it. The flat earth seems more reason- able to them. The globular, unreal."

Wilbur Glenn Voliva, who succeeded John Alexander Dowie as overseer of Zion on the latter's death in March, 1907, was born near Newton, Ind., Mar. 10, 1870. In 1897 he received his B. A. from Hiram College, Ohio, and in the same year a degree from Union Chris- tian College at Moscow, Ind. In 1899 he had been ordained a minister in the Christian church, at the age of 19, and held a pastorate at Linden, Ind., from 1899 to 1892; Urbana, Ill., 1922-23; stud- led theology at Stanfordville, N. Y., 1893-94, and supplied the pulpit of Chest- nut street Christian church at Albany, N. Y., filled a pulpit at York Harbor, Me., the following year, and was pastor of the Christian church at Washington Court House, Ohio, in 1897-99.

In 1899, Voliva joined Dowie's church and was ordained an elder and placed in charge of the Zion tabernacle in Chi- cago. In 1900 and 1901 he represented Dowie at Cincinnati, and then was sent to Australia as overseer of the Dowie settlement of Zion there. He returned to Zion, Ill., in 1905 as assistant to Dowie.

OLD TIME WORKERS OF TELEGRAPH KEYS TO OPEN MEETING

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 18.—The Old-Time Telegraphers' and Histori- cal Association will hold its annual meeting here Oct. 18, 19 and 20. The association, which numbers among its members Thomas A. Edison and of which the late Andrew Carnegie was a member is a nation-wide organiza- tion, composed of telegraph operators of the old school, some of the mem- bers having been in the business of manipulating the key much more than half a century ago, and all of them having had an experience of at least a quarter of a century.

Among the 1200 members there are numbered men of diversified ability, prominent in the higher walks of life—lawyers, doctors, captains of indus- try and finance, and in official life. Quite a number of prominent railroad officials are on the roll of membership and not a few of them will attend the annual convention this year. The association has one unique regu- lation—the officers elected for one year at a time are always selected from the membership residing in the city or community in which the forth- coming annual meeting is to be held. General Jo Lane Stern of this city is the president for this year and will preside at the meeting to be held in October.

When he was not quite 12 years of age and was with his mother and father on the farm at Chesterfield Station, now called Rutherford's, in Hanover county, the Confederate government established a telegraph office there, and the operators placed in charge found board and lodging in the home of the Stern family. These operators took a fancy to young Jo and he took a wonderful fancy to the telegraph instruments and in an incred- ibly short time became a good opera- tor. He made quite a hit when, one Sunday in the spring of 1862 in the temporary absence of the regular operator he "went in" on the wires and reported the doings of federal raid- ers.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

The State of Texas, County of Eastland. By virtue of a certain order of sale issued out of the honorable district court of Eastland county, on the 23rd day of October, 1921, by Roy Nunnally, clerk of said court, to wit: The Imperial Oil & Development Company, S. A. Sauls and E. R. Wolcott, trustees, for the sum of forty-two hundred ten and eighty-one hundredths (\$4210.81) dollars and costs of suit in cause No. 8203 in said court, styled S. E. Wolcott versus Imperial Oil & Development Company et al., and placed in my hands for service, I, Sam Nolley, as sheriff of Eastland county, Texas, did on the 23rd day of October, 1921, levy on certain land situated in Eastland county, described as follows, to-wit: The north one-half of the northwest one-fourth of section seventy-six, block four, Houston & Texas Central railway company surveys, Eastland county, Texas, and levied upon as the property of said Imperial Oil & Development com- pany, S. A. Sauls and E. R. Wolcott, trustees, and on Tuesday, the first day of November, 1921, at the court house door of Eastland county, in the city of Eastland, Texas, between the hours of ten a. m. and four p. m., I will sell said land at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder as the property of said Imperial Oil & Development com- pany, S. A. Sauls and E. R. Wolcott, trustees, by virtue of said levy and said order of sale.

And in compliance with law, I give this notice by publication, in the Eng- lish language, once a week for three consecutive weeks immediately preced- ing said day of sale, in the Cisco Daily News, a newspaper published in East- land county. Witness my hand, this 23rd day of Oc- tober, A. D. 1921. SAM E. NOLLEY, Sheriff Eastland County, Texas. 125-204-211 By Joe W. Hague, Deputy.

MARKET NEEDS OF FARMERS ARE POINTED OUT BY FEDERATED HEAD

DALLAS, Oct. 18.—Four things are necessary to increase the purchasing power of the farmer's dollar, J. W. Coverdale, secretary of the American Farm Bureau federation, said today at Farm Bureau day at the Texas state fair. The four things are "marketing, finance, in- structive information and legislation," he declared.

Mr. Coverdale spoke generally on farm bureau work from the county unit to the national organization. Service should be the motto of every county bureau, he asserted, the service rendered being not only to the member but the county as a whole.

A constructive attitude toward other interests should be followed at all times by a farm bureau. "The best business methods should be used in its dealings. On great need at present among farm- ers in solving their problems is infor- mation. The American Farm Bureau federation is building such a depart- ment.

"The reason the farmer is not buying today is that he has a 60-cent dollar," Mr. Coverdale told us. "The American Farm Bureau federation tells us that on September 1 the farmer's dollar would buy at wholesale only 65 per cent as much of the commodities needed in his farming operations as it did in 1913, and yet industry tells us that they have reached bottom in their prices. This report, however, shows the farmer's pur- chasing power increased 5 per cent over May 1 conditions.

"More work of the department reveals the fact that on September 1 the wheat farmer's dollar was worth 77 cents; the corn farmer's dollar was worth 41 cents; the hog grower's dollar 56 cents; the beef cattle man had a 54-cent dollar; the lamb grower a 75-cent dollar; the wool grower a 16-cent dollar, and the cotton grower, on September 1, a 63-cent dollar, which is little better at the present time.

"With these conditions existing there is reason for the average farmer doing considerable figuring before making a purchase."

Marketing First. In discussing the four essentials he thought necessary to increase the buy- ing power of the farmer, Mr. Coverdale placed marketing first. "Production should be carried on in an intelligent business-like way with a full knowledge of where there is to be a market which will return a profit to the producer.

"The farmer today is interested in farm to industry rather than high- ways built for pleasure, and the middle western agriculturist is interested in both rail and water transportation."

Finance came second in the essentials for increased buying power. There is need for a financial system built on a thorough understanding of the farmer's needs.

More Funds Should Aid. "The enlargement of the War Finance corporation's budget to \$1,000,000,000 for the aid of agriculture should be of great value to Texas as well as other states," Mr. Coverdale declared. "Its provisions, according to Director Meyer, are such that financial relief should already be reflected through the banks of Texas. Texas should immediately make use of this excellent opportunity to relieve its financial stringency."

"Legislation from the standpoint of the farmer does not mean class legisla- tion nor politics," he continued. "Mr. Coverdale closed his address with a statement, concerning the basis of the co-operative marketing program of his organization, and concerning the legisla- tive program.

RECOGNITION OF HUMANE WORK IS URGED ON PEOPLE

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Oct. 19.—Advocating recognition of the value and importance of humane work by the individual states as well as by the govern- ment, Dr. A. E. Fredericks of Madison, Wis., Wisconsin state humane agent, in addressing the American Humane asso- ciation here today, told the delegates it was a fitting reward for the often- times thankless, yet fruitful, labors of faith- ful men and women on the world over.

"It is a mark of advancing civiliza- tion," continued Dr. Fredericks. "It is indicative of genuine education. * * * and finally it is the imprint of Christianity extending its influence even unto the portals of our government. It is whose thought and life it must influence and sway to the betterment of the world.

"The appointment of a humane offi- cer by the state means more than finan- cial support. It means that humane work has become a duty of the state. It constitutes a genuine recognition of the real worth of the entire humanitar- ian movement, not only as it applies to the protection of human beings, but also as it applies to the protection of animals.

"In Wisconsin the duties of the hu- mane agent, as outlined by law, are three-fold, to enforce the humane laws, to promote humane education and to superintend and assist in the organizing of humane societies. All of these are duties which the state can and should assume.

"It is the distinct duty of the state animal life. This duty cannot be denied nor rightfully shirked. This is a funda- mental principle of government. The cause of humanity must live forever. In its final consummation lies the hope of peace and happiness for the world."

MINERAL WELLS MAN KILLED BY LIVE WIRE. MINERAL WELLS, Texas, Oct. 18. Samuel J. Arthur of this city was in- stantly killed here by a live electric wire. Arthur was a workman for the Crazy Well Water Company and was in a tunnel under the bottling works when he came in contact with the wire and was electrocuted. He is sur- vived by his wife. He was about 50

STRIKE MAY NOT HIT LOCAL ROAD; COMPANY HASN'T UNION CONTRACT

Officials of the Cisco & Northeastern railroad do not know as yet whether or not that line will be involved in the proposed national-wide strike of railroad workers. The road has no working con- tract with the unions. However, it is understood that practically all the men are affiliated with the unions.

The road pays straight salaries to its employes on passenger trains, and the freight crews are paid the Texas & Pacific scale, except that only straight time is allowed for overtime.

R. Q. Lee, president of the road, said this morning that the workers had not discussed a walkout with him or any other official of the road, and that he was hopeful they would remain on the job.

Mr. Lee is of the opinion that some- thing will intervene to prevent the na- tion-wide strike before the time set for the walkout. He believes a nation-wide stop of transportation is impossible, even though the strike may be called.

INDEPENDENCE OF WOMEN IS DIVORCE CAUSE

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 18.—Women becom- ing economically independent is attrib- uted as the cause of the increase in di- vorces by court officials here.

Divorces granted in St. Louis this year have exceeded greatly those of other years, it was said. Nearly 700 divorce cases were assigned to the court of domestic relations at one of its terms.

There were only 2545 divorces granted in the entire state of Missouri in 1896 and 5791 in 1916, according to records.

ANGELINA COUNTY EMPLOY ENGINEER TO BUILD ROADS

Lufkin, Texas, Oct. 18.—The commis- sioners' court has contracted with G. R. Albin of Beaumont to serve as high- way engineer for Angelina county. He will begin work in two weeks.

Commissioner J. F. Davis of the Luf- kin precinct has resigned and ex-Sheriff W. L. Evans was appointed his suc- cessor.

Advertisement for the Texas Cotton Palace Exposition. The ad features a large illustration of a woman in a long dress and hat, with the text 'HIS YEAR IT'S INTERNATIONAL CANADA AND MEXICO ARE COMING TO THE TEXAS COTTON PALACE'. Below the illustration, it lists various attractions including Grand Opera, Auto Races, Agricultural Live Stock, and Mexican Band. The exposition is held at Waco, Texas, from Oct. 22 to Nov. 6, inclusive.

Advertisement for Gardui, 'The Woman's Tonic'. The ad features a large illustration of a woman and includes a testimonial from Mrs. Eula Burnett of Dalton, Ga., who states that she felt tired and weak, but after using Gardui, she felt better and her skin improved. The ad also mentions that thousands of other women have found Gardui useful. The product is available at all drug stores.