

The Friona Star

OFFICIAL NEWSPAPER OF PARMER COUNTY, TEXAS

Vol. 8—No. 48

FRIONA PARMER COUNTY, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JUNE 22, 1934

Cogitations & Aphorisms of Jodok

It seems most apparent that the county political situation has ripened its full crop of county and precinct candidates for this county, since the dead line last Saturday has been passed and no more candidates can enter the race.

As the ballot now stands there will be two candidates for county judge, Walter Lander and Judge Aldridge; one candidate for sheriff, Earl Booth; one candidate for clerk, Ernie Rushing; two candidates for county attorney, A. D. Smith and Perry T. Brown; two candidates for treasurer, Mrs. Williams and Roy B. Ezell.

As to the candidates for the board of county commissioners, there will be three candidates in precinct No. One, J. M. W. Alexander, Nat. Jones, and Charlie A. Turner. In precinct No. 2, there will be two candidates, Jack Carr and Floyd T. Schlenker. In Lazbuddy precinct Joe Paul is a candidate to succeed himself with no opposition, and in Farwell precinct I am told there will be two candidates, one of whom is Lee Thompson, the present incumbent, while the name of the other I have not learned.

The fact that there are three contestants for two of the offices will most likely necessitate the holding of a run-off primary to decide between the two receiving first and second places at the first primary, as it is not likely that either one of these three in either contest will receive a majority over the other two. Anywhere there will likely be a run-off for governor and various other state officers, among them being for member of the legislature, for which there are now four candidates in this district.

I do not like the way in which our local ball team is being trounced here of late; but there does not seem to be anything I can do about it, since I am too old to play myself and do not know enough about the game to tell them how to do it.

There is one thing, however, which I believe might help, and that is that the Friona Star print the box score and the summary of each game in its issue following the game.

My reason for thinking this is that for awhile the Star did print the box score and our boys won every game while that was done. That fact in itself, is, in my opinion, sufficient reason why the box score should be published in the local paper.

One of the prettiest spots in Friona is the green sward with its thriving Chinese elm shade trees in the curb space in front of the Rockwell Bros. & Co. office, which was planned, planted and is kept in A-1 condition by the manager, O. F. Lange.

And Mr. Lange does not let his decorative art stop with his office premises, but has indulged in the gratification of the same desire for pretty surroundings at his home on Pierce Avenue, where the lawn is kept green and neatly clipped and surrounded by the prettiest hedge in Friona.

Then, speaking of green hedge fences, Henry Warren comes in for his share of compliment for pretty hedges, he having one along the front of his dwelling and a nice row of shade trees between the curb space and the sidewalk in front of the home.

But for large shade trees with wide spreading branches which form almost a solid shade over his yard, Rube Kinsley unquestionably stands at the head of the list. The trees in his yard have such long reaching branches that they almost intertwine with each other and form a solid leafy bower during the long summer months.

Then along the north edge of town has sprung up within the past three or four years a group of neat little homes surrounded by green grassy yards, green trees and flowers of many varieties and hues, all of which adds an attractiveness to that portion of the city.

But for real scenic art or what is probably more properly termed a landscape artist, we take off our hat to Ralph Tedford, for the wonderful and attractive work he has done in beautifying the premises around his home on Summit Avenue and Fifth street.

When Ralph first secured possession of his home, the yard was uneven probably due to some old cow trails made there while it was merely a part of the great Panhan-

Friona Organizes American Legion Post 26 Members

An American Legion Post has been organized at Friona.

A charter list of 26 names was formerly recognized last Thursday night, June 14, when District Commander Bob Lindsay of Borger, officially presented the charter and approved Friona Post as affiliated with the State and National Legion.

The local veterans are now in line to render the object of the Legion. As time passes they can obtain the equipment for past service, and cooperate with the National organization in its benevolent and mutually helpful objectives.

It is the desire of its officers that all ex-service men in this vicinity will enroll at the earliest moment.

The charter received reads as follows:

This is to certify that the National Executive Committee of the American Legion, hereby grants a charter to: J. J. Horton, H. C. McCandless, V. L. Todd, John F. Stamford, Harrison G. Beebe, Ray E. Smith, David Mosley, Oscar F. Lange, Ira M. Parker, John F. Williams, William H. Masie, Albert W. Schwartz, William E. Anderson, John A. Miner, Arnold L. Brantley, Jack Anderson, Frank Griffith, Ralph B. Tedford, Marshall S. Weir, Lonnie Smith, Parker Mann, Ashford H. Hill, Clyde V. Goodwine, Charles F. Dennis, Seldon F. Warren, George Treider, for the formation of a Post of the American Legion at Friona, Department of Texas, under the name of Friona Post, Department of Texas, No. 266.

This charter is granted on the recommendation of the Department Organization and on the following terms and conditions:

1. All acts heretofore duly and properly taken for the formation of the above named Post are recognized and confirmed by The National Executive Committee.

2. The above named Post shall uphold the declared principles of the American Legion and shall conform to and abide by the regulations and decisions of the Department Organization and of the National Executive Committee, or other duly constituted national governing body of the American Legion. This charter is subject to revocation by the National Executive Committee, on the recommendation of the Department Organization, or by such authority that may hereafter be established by the National Convention.

In witness hereof, we have hereto set our hands this sixteenth day of May, 1934.

M. J. BENEFIELD,
Department Commander.
GEORGE E. HUGHES,
Department Adjutant.
E. A. HAYES,
National Commander.
FRANK E. SAMUEL,
National Adjutant.

PLANTS ROW CROP

B. G. Shelby, commonly known as "Uncle Ben," will be, perhaps the largest grower of feed crops this year that this locality affords.

Mr. Shelby already has over a thousand acres planted to the various kinds of feed crops and when his planting season is over he plans to have not less than eighteen hundred acres planted.

While "Uncle Ben" has had no heavy or continuous rains on his land, he has been fortunate in some very good rains and a frequency of good showers that have furnished sufficient moisture to bring all his crops so far and give them a nice start to growing. This large acreage makes Mr. Shelby the largest planter of row crops in this territory.

die Plains. This has all been filled with soil brought from elsewhere and beautifully graded to fit the general natural slope of the land there and has been seeded to some kind of pretty lawn grass.

In addition to this filling and grading a neat fence surrounds it and rows of young Chinese elms for shade trees surround the entire premises. All this has been done during the past year and the trees and flowers are therefore not yet large but under the careful care of Mr. Tedford, they will soon show a rapid and stately growth, thus making it one of the beauty spots of the city.

I will not have time to mention all the beauty spots about the city, but feel that I must mention the double row of shade trees around the grounds of the grade school building, that were planted and cared for by the order of the board of trustees. But the most beautiful array of growing and coming shade trees are those surrounding the high school building that were donated by the Junior Woman's Club a year ago and planted by the boys of the agricultural class under the supervision of Supt. Heath. These young ladies certainly do deserve the praise of the community for their liberality and public spirit thus manifested.



Jess Mitchell, publisher of the Muleshoe Journal, is now a candidate for State Representatives of the 120th district.

A. D. Smith Will Be Candidate For County Attorney

In another column of this issue of the Star will be found the announcement of Judge A. D. Smith, of Friona, who is announcing himself as a candidate for the office of county attorney of Parmer county.

Judge Smith has been a resident of Friona for the past three years, where he has been most successful in his law practice, and has won the esteem and confidence of all our people who have come to know him intimately.

He is a native born Texan and passed the greater part of his life in this state where he was engaged in school work after receiving his college degree. He went later to New Mexico where he again engaged in school work and served two and a half terms as county superintendent of schools at Fort Sumner. Following his work as school superintendent he entered the law department of the University of New Mexico, completing the law course and receiving his degree.

Judge Smith is an amiable but unpretentious gentleman, always winning friends among those with whom he associates, attending strictly to his own affairs and allowing others the same privilege. If elected to the office to which he aspires he will render faithful and unflinching service to the people of the county.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH

Sunday school 10 a. m.
Public worship, 11 a. m.
Junior Society Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

Men's Study Class at parsonage every Sunday morning at 10.

The five windows into the Spiritual life will be the pastor's subject at the morning service.

The Ladies Aid Society are needle busy on quilts, orders for which indicate a constant demand for skillful quilters.

WHEAT ALLOTMENT SIGNERS ORGANIZE

The wheat growers of this locality who have signed the allotment contract with the government for 1934-35, met at the grade school auditorium last Sunday and organized for the ensuing year.

There was a goodly number of the contract signers present and their choice for chairman of the committee fell on F. W. Reeve, although Mr. Reeve did not profess to be enthusiastic over the plan. F. N. Welch and E. B. Whitefield were chosen as the other two members of the committee.

ENJOYABLE BRIDGE PARTY

Mrs. J. C. Wilkinson and Mrs. M. S. Weir were hostesses to a lovely bridge party Tuesday afternoon, June 12, at the home of Mrs. Wilkinson.

The pink and white color scheme being carried out for the afternoon, the room was beautifully decorated with pink and white carnations, rose buds and candles.

Six tables of ladies enjoyed bridge for the afternoon, the high score being won by Mrs. Ray Smith and "86" honor prize was won by Mrs. J. E. Roden.

A delicious plate lunch consisting of pink rolled sandwiches, angel food cake, strawberry parfait, head punch was served to the following guests: Mesdames R. R. Wells, J. E. Maples, R. F. Fleet, Tommy Galaway, Ray Smith, W. B. Stark, Roy Slagle, George Miller, Carl Maurer, Reuben Giesler, J. R. Roden, S. F. Warren, E. B. Willis, J. A. Blackwell, Claude Osborn, Sloane Asborn, R. H. Kinsley, Carrie Lillard, D. W. Hansen, Wright Williams, A. C. Echols, Fred White, Howard Merris and Logan Symphon.

Lansdown Closes Baptist Ministry At Union Service

Last Sunday the Friona Baptist Church was filled both morning and evening with congregations to honor the closing services of the Rev. Lansdown.

For nearly three years Rev. Lansdown has faithfully and zealously labored in this community, and built up the local church from a membership of about 125 to about 250.

He will be remembered by many families where in times of sickness his familiar presence and patient all night visits proved as effective as that of a Red Cross nurse.

A fitting recognition of his three years ministry was a feature of the evening service. The pastors of the Methodist and Congregational churches of Friona, together with other citizens, extended greetings to Bro. Lansdown and the Baptist congregation, and a small token of goodwill from friends in Friona, indicated their interest in the valuable contribution the pastor and church have made, being one of the outstanding institutions among many organizations which make Friona a desirable and inviting community to live in.

Rev. Lansdown closed the services with words of gratitude, comfort and encouragement, and he leaves this field with the wishes of all for success wherever he and his family may be called to labor.

WORST SEASON IN MANY YEARS, SAYS PIONEER

Not since the years of 1909 and 1910 has there been a season with such discouraging prospects for crops of all kinds in this locality, is the opinion of George W. Taylor, one of Friona's pioneer settlers whose farm home is some 14 miles northwest of Friona.

Mr. Taylor was in Friona Monday and stated to a representative of the Star, that he has approximately no prospects at this time for any kind of row crops, he having planted a part of his land the second time and the stand that he thought he had two weeks ago has practically all disappeared, having apparently perished for lack of moisture. He says he has about nine acres of corn that is still alive but is not growing and is of varying height from four to eight or ten inches. He says it is useless to replant until more moisture is received and on account of the lateness of the season, it will be too late unless it should come very soon. Mr. Taylor feels that his dilemma is being experienced by the greater percent of farmers of the territory. Too dry for feed crops, with many wheat fields bare from drought or wind, and many of those that were left being wiped out or damaged by hail, makes the prospects look dismal indeed.

WILL HAVE SOME PEACHES

There is remarkably good evidence to the effect that there will be some very good peaches grown on at least one Friona farm this season, which is produced by the samples brought to the Star office by R. L. Chiles.

Mr. Chiles brought in a small limb from one of his trees, which apparently had broken down with the load of fruit upon it, although the peaches could not be more than one-fourth grown. It was a forked limb, the two prongs of which were each about 15 inches long, and one had five and the other had three well formed peaches.

The size of the limb from which the two branches had grown was not a half inch diameter, and evidently the weight the fruit had already attained was too much for its strength.

PLANNING CAMP MEETING HERE

Plans are being worked out and perfected for one of the largest religious meetings held in this part of the state by the members and ministers of the Holiness and Nazarene churches of West Texas and Eastern New Mexico.

This information was secured from Rev. E. E. Houlette, local member of committee on arrangements and the date will be the last week of July and first week of August.

VISITING IN IOWA

Mr. and Mrs. G. C. Taylor and small daughter departed last week to drive through to their former home near New Virginia, Iowa, for a few weeks visit with relatives and former neighbors.

Mr. and Mrs. Taylor will attend to some business matters concerning their property there before returning to their home here.

Real Ford Parts always in stock. O. C. Jones Garage.

Miss Reba Hill assisted John White with his office work a few days this week. She was working on the city tax roll.

CRAWFORD APPOINTED ON RESOURCES COMMISSION

T. J. Crawford, Friona director in the West Texas Chamber of Commerce has received notice of his appointment by James D. Hamlin, president of the regional chamber, as a member of the organization's commission on mineral resources and Traffic for this fiscal year.

The objectives of the commission are set forth by Hamlin as follows: (1) support the orderly development and conservation of natural resources; (2) support and campaign for federal oil control; (3) oppose further diversion of the gasoline tax in Texas for uses other than highway building and maintenance; (4) support laws that adequately prevent gas waste; (5) carry out an emergency assignment; and (6) maintain a special traffic committee to support a traffic bureau commensurate with interest and support of shippers.

Charlie A. Turner For Commissioner Precinct No. One

The Star now carries in its political column the name of Charlie A. Turner, who is a candidate for the office of County Commissioner for precinct No. 1, Parmer County.

Mr. Turner has lived in Parmer county for the past eight or nine years on the farm a few miles southwest of Friona, which he settled and improved when he first came to the county. He is a hard-working and energetic man and deeply interested in the best welfare of the county and its people, socially, politically and financially. By his personal acts he has proven himself to be a moral and honest citizen and is well liked by all his neighbors.

Mr. Turner has the ability to properly discharge the duties of the office he is seeking to best interests of the entire county. He is not criticizing nor finding fault with either of his opponents in the race, but promises the people that if they elect him he will give of best endeavor and conscientious service in their behalf.

JURY LIST FOR JULY TERM DISTRICT COURT

Following is a list of the names as drawn for the grand jury and the petit jury for the first week of court.

Petit Jurors, First Week

G. E. Free, T. E. Blackburn, Fred Burns, Joe Donaldson, J. R. Jennings, W. B. Wagnon, Claude Primrose, S. F. Warren, H. T. Reynolds, J. C. Brown, R. L. Rule, J. F. Kimbrell, Z. M. Holley, F. E. Kepley, E. F. Billingsley, W. H. Garrett, Carl Flippen, Robt. Rundell, N. E. Wines, F. W. Hennington, Geo. Trimble, S. H. Sides, Frank Mason, Alfred Berggren, B. B. Bates, A. L. Hood, J. S. Glascock, V. E. Hart, L. W. Page, J. V. Christian, L. P. Starr, P. M. Melinke, L. M. Griesom, Eddie Smith, A. B. Cole, Fred Barker.

Grand Jurors

O. B. Robertson, C. F. Hastings, J. R. Thornton, C. C. Christian, O. M. Jennings, Floyd Schlenker, E. B. Whitefield, Dave Mosley, A. A. Crow, J. W. Magnus, Geo. W. Bolton, J. C. Denney, L. F. Lillard, Raymon Jones, T. E. Lovelace, R. L. Bledsoe.

B. T. S. REPORT

The B. T. S. has another general director in the person of Lawrence Dumont. After serving only two Sundays Melvin Baker found it necessary to leave us in order to accept a position for the summer, that was offered him by Mr. Applewhite of Lockney.

We are sorry to lose Mr. Baker but are glad to have such a capable person as Mr. Dumont to take his place.

The B. T. S. Meets each Sunday evening at eight o'clock at the Baptist church.

LUBBOCK FOLKS HERE SUNDAY

Mrs. Bertha Harry and daughter, Miss Ruth, and Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Williams and small son, Kenneth, all of Lubbock, were week end visitors here with relatives and friends.

They were the guests while here of Mr. and Mrs. Everett Harry, and Mrs. Harry's mother and sister, "Grandma" Symphon and Mrs. Grace Hart, and another sister, Mrs. John White. They returned to Lubbock Sunday evening, where Mr. Williams is employed in one of the bakeries.

DIAMOND DUST

The local baseball team drove over to Littlefield Sunday and crossed bats with the boys of that city, the score being 4 to 1 in favor of Littlefield.

This is the third defeat in succession the local boys have suffered, but they are in no way dejected, for the fact is they have been learning baseball right along and we will soon see them putting this acquired wisdom into practice by making a straight list of winning throughout the remainder of the ball season.

Much of Wheat Crop Destroyed By Hail Friday

The weather at Friona during the past week has been quite diversified being in many ways a blessing and in other ways an injury to many farmers and those having nice gardens.

During the week several nice showers of rain were received in various parts of the territory, which were beneficial to the growing crops where they fell, but on Friday evening the rain was accompanied by a heavy hail that did an immense amount of damage to wheat crops and to cotton that had appeared above the ground.

Paul Helmke, living south of town received a 95 per cent loss to his wheat crop which he was engaged in cutting when the hail came. Others in his locality received similar or lesser losses. Clyde Goodwine at the south side of town and John White at the north side each received rather heavy losses, that on the White farm being 80 per cent. And to the west of town from five to eight miles there were varying losses reported ranging from 15 to 30 per cent.

F. W. Reeve received not only a loss on his wheat crop, but his 160 acres of cotton that had just come up to a nice stand was severely damaged. Mr. Reeve was unable to tell at this writing whether or not his loss to his cotton would be severe enough to necessitate plowing the crop under.

Other localities received fair showers of rain without the hail, while still others received neither hail nor rain, and at these places a good rain is very badly needed. The sun, however has shone brightly during the greater part of each one of these days and some days it was uncomfortably warm during the afternoon.

WITH C. A. SKELTON AGENCY

D. W. Hanson, who was for a time associated with Blackwell's Hardware and Furniture Co. in the sale of Case machinery and implements, has severed his connections there and is now connected with the C. A. Skelton agency of Hereford.

BIG RODEO COMING SOON

Announcement has been made to the effect that there will be held in Friona on the 14th and 15th of July, one of the largest and most complete rodeos ever held here.

The program will contain feats in riding, racing and roping and all the other entertainment features usually included in a first class rodeo, and many prizes will be awarded the winners in the various feats and contests.

The Star was unable to learn the names of the promoters of this rodeo, but they are holding rodeos at Farwell and a few East New Mexico cities during the interim between now and the 14th.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENT

I hereby announce myself to the voters of Parmer County, Texas, as a candidate for the office of County Attorney, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election on July 23.

If elected I shall impartially and efficiently discharge all duties pertaining to the office in behalf of the county. I will sincerely appreciate your support and influence.

A. D. SMITH, Attorney,
Friona, Texas.

MRS. GRAGG GOING

A delightful shower, not of rain, but to one of our June brides, was given Thursday afternoon in the Congregational Church.

While it rained and hailed outside about 40 ladies indulged in a program of fun, frolic and hilarious entertainment, with Orange sherbert and delicious angel food cake served at the close. A lovely assortment of gifts and suggestions as to their use, from all present and many who were prevented from attending due to the storm—attested to the popularity of the bride, Mrs. James BRAGG and the place she has earned in the hearts of her friends in her almost life-long residence in Friona.

Miss Ruby Newman is assisting E. H. Giesler in tabulating the wheat allotment lands of this locality this week. They are working in the J. W. White Ins. office.

J. M. Osborn, banker of Muleshoe, was here visiting friends and relatives Sunday. Jesse's old Friona friends are always pleased to have him call on them.

For Genuine Chevrolet parts see G. C. Jones Garage.

Miss Alice Guyer is assisting Dan Ethridge with his office work this week.

OUTLAWS
of
EDEN
By
PETER B. KYNE

WNU Service.
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Somebody once remarked that nothing can be of surpassing interest for a period greater than nine days. For forty-eight hours following the unexpectedly painful and highly dramatic denouement of his plan to sway public opinion against Nate Tichenor and Lorry Kershaw, Silas Babson suffered acutely, not because he was sorry for what he had done but because the effect had been so wholly unexpected and pregnant of disaster to him. After having arranged to prevent the expose of the whole affair in court with probable penitentiary sentences for a couple of dozen hitherto respectable but mercurial citizens, he began to view life with a less jaundiced eye; and when, at the expiration of the proverbial nine days, he felt morally certain that "that Eden Valley gang," as he now referred to Nate, Lorry and Rube Tenney, was going to cling to its ancient tradition and have nothing whatsoever to do with legal reprisals, all of his old jauntiness and optimism returned.

He waited two weeks longer and when at the expiration of that period Henry Rookby, looking faintly reminiscent of a potato sprout put forth in a cellar, returned to his labors, Babson left the business of the bank in Mr. Rookby's hands and proceeded to motor forth among the Forlorn Valleyites and argue them into signing the petition to the county board of supervisors for permission to organize the Forlorn Valley Irrigation district. Having had a surveyor de-limit the areas susceptible to surface irrigation, he knew the identity of every farmer whose signature was necessary for his purpose, so a week's time sufficed to acquire the number of signatures legally necessary, and at the next regular meeting of the board of supervisors, of which Babson was a member, he presented the petition in person and addressed his colleagues at some length and with unusual eloquence on the desirability of favorable action by the board.

The chairman of the board rapped with his gavel. "The pros appear to have their innings," he announced smilingly. "Are there any cons to be heard from?"

A man rose in the rear of the hall, walked up to the railing in front of the dais upon which the board sat, and bowed first to the board and then to the audience. "Mr. Chairman—gentlemen: My name is John W. Gagan, a member of the San Francisco law firm of Brooks, Gagan and Brooks, and I appear as the legal representative of the three riparian owners along Eden Valley creek, to wit, Estate of Ranceford Kershaw, deceased, the Bar H Land and Cattle company, and the Mountain Valley Power company, the last two companies, as is generally known, being owned in their entirety by Mr. Nathan Tichenor. On behalf of my clients, I desire formally to protest to this honorable board against the formation of the Forlorn Valley Irrigation district and will state my reasons briefly."

Gagan immediately proceeded to do so, pointing to his auditors precisely the picture that Nate Tichenor had painted to him, challenging Lon Morton to gainsay one single legal statement. Gagan spoke simply, earnestly, arraying his facts in logical sequence. When he had finished his address Gagan bowed to the board and started to leave the chamber. There was silence until he was half way down the aisle, then a storm of hisses and boos broke around him. Gagan looked back as he reached the door and saw that Silas Babson was on his feet, his hand raised for silence.

"So you're going to refuse my statement, eh?" Gagan called back. "Well, before I depart I'll give you and your deluded followers some very good advice, free. The man who acts as his own attorney has a fool for a client."

CHAPTER XII

The board of supervisors granted the petition unanimously and amidst cheers and rejoicings. Babson's speech, in rebuttal to Gagan's, proved to be the masterpiece of his career. He read to the meeting the law under which the district proposed to operate—and it right out of the Code of Civil Procedure, too—and gook-pooked the idea of a slick metropolitan lawyer trying to frighten honest and intelligent men with crazy bogaboos of unconstitutional law that was and for some years had been embodied in the code. "If this law was unconstitutional," he yelled, "it's unconstitutionality would have been discovered before the bill was even submitted to the legislature, and if it hadn't been discovered then the legislature, a majority of whom are practicing attorneys, would have discovered it; and when if the legislature had, unbelievably, failed to discover it, the supreme court, whose duty it is to pass upon the constitutionality of our state laws, would long since have discovered it. Pook-pook and a couple of what-nots for the mighty Mr. Gagan! We are

International Sunday School Lesson

By DR. J. E. NUNN

FOR JUNE 24

Quarterly Review

General Topic:—The Comprehensive Program of Jesus.

Scripture Lesson:—Micah 4:1-5.

1. But in the last days it shall come to pass, that the mountains of the house of the Lord shall be established in the top of the mountains, and it shall be exalted above the hills; and people shall flow unto it.

2. And many nations shall come, and say, Come, and let us go up to the mountain of the Lord, and to the house of the God of Jacob; and he will teach us of his ways, and we shall go forth of Zion, and the Lord will walk in his paths: for the law shall go forth of Zion, and the word of the Lord from Jerusalem.

3. And he shall judge among many people, and rebuke strong nations afar off; and they shall beat their swords into plowshares, and their spears into pruninghooks: nation shall not lift up a sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more.

4. But they shall sit every man under his vine and under his fig tree; and none shall make them afraid: for the mouth of the Lord of hosts hath spoken it.

5. For all people will walk every one in the name of his god, and we will walk in the name of the Lord our God for ever and ever.

Golden Text:—Of his kingdom there shall be no end.—Luke 1:33.

The topics of the twelve lessons of the quarter and their Golden Texts are as follows:

April 1—Confessing and following Christ. Matt. 16:13-36. Easter Lesson John 20:1-16.

Golden Text:—If ye then be risen with Christ, seek those things which are above, where Christ sitteth on the right hand of God.—Col. 3:1.

April 8—The Child and the Kingdom. Matt. 18:1-6, 12-14; 19:13-15.

Golden Text:—Suffer little children, and forbid them not, to come

unto me: for of such is the kingdom of heaven.—Matt. 19:14.

April 15—Jesus Teaches Forgiveness.—Matt. 18:21-35.

Golden Text:—Forgive us our debts, as we forgive our debtors.—Matt. 6:12.

April 22—Our All for the Kingdom.—Matt. 19:16-30.

Golden Text:—It is more blessed to give than to receive.—Acts 20:35.

April 29—Christ's Standard of Greatness.—Matt. 20:17-28.

Golden Text:—The Son of man came not to be ministered unto, but to minister, and to give his life a ransom for many.—Matt. 20:28.

May 6—Jesus Acclaimed as King.—Matt. 21:1-14.

Golden Text:—Wherefore God also hath highly exalted him, and given him a name which is above every name.—Phil. 2:9.

May 13—Christianity and Patriotism.—Matt. 22:15-22, 34-40.

Golden Text:—Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy mind. This is the great and first commandment. And a second like unto it is this, Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself.—Matt. 22:37-39.

May 20—The Future of the Kingdom.—Matt. 25:1-13.

Golden Text:—The kingdom of the world is become the kingdom of our Lord, and of his Christ; and he shall reign for ever and ever.—Rev. 11:15.

May 27—The Last Judgment.—Matt. 25:31-45.

Golden Text:—We must all appear before the judgment seat of Christ.—2 Cor. 5:10.

June 3—Jesus in the Shadow of the Cross.—Matt. 26:31-46.

Golden Text:—He went a little further, and fell on his face, and prayed, saying, O my Father, if it be possible, let this cup pass from me: nevertheless, not as I will, but as thou wilt.—Matt. 26:39.

June 10—Jesus on the Cross.—Matt. 27:33-50.

Golden Text:—Looking unto Jesus the author and finisher of our faith, who for the joy that was set before him endured the cross, despising the shame, and is set down at the right hand of the throne of God.—Heb. 12:2.

June 17—The Risen Lord and the Great Commission.—Matt. 28:1-10.

Golden Text:—Go ye therefore, and teach all nations, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost; teaching them to observe all things whatsoever I have commanded you: and, lo, I am with you always, even unto the end of the world.—Matt. 28:19, 20.

June 24—Quarterly Review.

Golden Text:—Of his kingdom there shall be no end.—Luke 1:33.

The twelve lessons of this quarter have been selected from the last half of Matthew's Gospel. The first half of Matthew was studied during the first quarter of this year. Thus we see that the attention of the Sunday School world has been given throughout the entire first half of 1934 to the study of the life of Jesus as recorded by Matthew. Two years ago, in 1932, we had a similar course of study in the Gospel by John. Last year, we studied Mark's gospel. Two years hence, in 1936, we will study for six months the life of Jesus as recorded in the book of Luke, according to the plan of the International Sunday School Lesson Committee.

The main purpose of the Gospel of Matthew seems to be to prove by

prophesy and its fulfillment that Jesus of Nazareth is the long promised and long looked for Messiah. Therefore, we find in Matthew more quotations from Old Testament prophecies than in any other Book in the New Testament, showing by these quotations how accurately they were fulfilled in the life of Jesus. More frequently than any other writer Matthew uses such expressions as "Thus it is written in the prophets," or "That it might be fulfilled as it is written in the prophets," etc.

The Gospel of Matthew is sometimes called the "Gospel of the Kingdom," because it so prominently present Christ as king, and that he is ultimately to rule in the hearts of men and over the nations of the earth, not a worldly kingdom, but a spiritual reign.

Let us consider thoughtfully some special lessons from the Golden Text of this quarter—"Of his kingdom there shall be no end."—Luke 1:33.

Special Lessons

1. Christ's authority and rule have no end, in time, space, intensity, riches, power—over his real subjects.

2. He rules—we willing or unwilling—but how blessed we who obey him willingly!

3. The program of Jesus includes part of humanity, every detail of human life.

4. The one thing that makes or mars our lives is our attitude, of mind and heart to Christ.

5. He who said, "Father, forgive them," can best teach us how to forgive.

6. He is greatest who overflows himself to bless his fellows.

7. The best Christian is the best citizen.

8. Only one thing can switch us into line with God:—Christ's cross, accepted by God and by us.

9. None but a divine Christ has a right to issue a Great Commission. And he will back it up.

10. The All-Powerful has plenty of power to share.

The responsibility for making it go is where it should be—in the hands of the people themselves.

HEART TO HEART TALKS

By Umer S. Bird
Short-Circuited

Young and dead! How doubly tragic and twice buried—once beneath the falling clouds and again beneath a nation's scorn. He who takes the sword will perish by the sword. Guns, guns—he was always playing with guns, and his life went out in a blinding moment to the rattle of guns.

Men, men—she was playing around with men, and men blotted her life out for the foolish things she had done.

"I would give anything in the world if I could go back home and be like I once was again," she wrote her mother. But the road back home was closed forever.

And what was the matter? Youth, energy, ambition, all singing along the wires of life, all short-circuited by false ideas and plain old sin, and now the whole thing's burnt out until all that's left is miserable, inglorious death.

The most powerful current can get short-circuited. Even the brain

1048 Students Attending W. T. Summer School

From 7:30 in the morning until 5 in the afternoon the entire plant of the West Texas State Teachers College, Canyon, is a busy as the proverbial beehive. With 1048 students enrolled, the class rooms are crowded to capacity and the college library has overflowed into the corridor of the main building.

Students have come from long distances. Many of them have not visited the high plains region before and are surprised at the comfort in which they work, though natives of the region consider the weather unusually hot. Not all the time is spent in study however; swimming, field games, horse back riding, hiking, book reviews, and week-end trips are recreational features.

Many students come in their own cars and find it easy to visit the Panhandle oil fields, Carlsbad Cavern, and even the mountain region of New Mexico during their week ends.

of genius is so often consumed in a selfish or criminal intent—wrong motives, wrong aims, wrong living, and a life is soon burnt out.

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Don't face this summer with inadequate refrigeration. Too much food is allowed to spoil—you miss too many opportunities to purchase food at special prices. Choose a quiet, trouble-free electric refrigerator and forget that you ever had refrigerator worries.

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CONTINUED NEXT WEEK

Many Happy Returns

This Spring marks the birthday of the first American Newspaper



JOHN CAMPBELL, colonial postmaster of Boston, certainly set a good example in the liberal use of the mails.

Campbell corresponded regularly with the Colonial Governors of New England, keeping them posted on Boston news. So regular and voluminous was this correspondence that Campbell's letters finally emerged in the form of a printed pamphlet called "The Boston News Letter." And this was the first regularly and continuously published newspaper in America, appearing weekly from the last week in April, 1704, to the signing of the Declaration of Independence.

The newspaper carried advertisements . . . from its very first issue! And this advertising, telling the reader where to obtain the goods that he sought for his home or his farm or his business, lifted the mere friendly chronicle of village affairs into the realm of a service to the community. The news-letters, plus advertising, became a helpful, informative, and educational institution.

Today, as in 1704, and all the years between, the advertisements are your guide-posts to honest, dependable merchandise at a fair price.

Farmers May Now Get After Weeds

Land Removed From Corn and Wheat Provides Splendid Opportunity.

By Bruce Thornton, Associate Botanist, Colorado Agricultural College, WNU Service.

An exceptional opportunity for farmers to control harmful weeds is offered in the removal of large acreages of land from wheat and corn under the government's plan of controlled production.

Such weeds as field bindweed or wild morning glory, white weed or perennial peppercorn, poverty weeds, Canada thistle and Russian knapweed may be controlled or eradicated by cultivating often enough to prevent any green growth appearing above the surface of the ground. Clean cultivation is the cheapest method of eradication available at present.

This usually requires cultivating once a week for two consecutive years, although cultivations may be less frequent as the plants are weakened. One year of clean cultivation has produced desired results under some conditions, weakening weeds so that a heavy sowing of alfalfa has smothered them out completely. However, there is always a chance that some plants will survive under this method.

These weed pests defy ordinary control methods because of the huge amounts of food materials held in reserve in their extensive, creeping root systems. Usual cultural practices, where care is not taken to keep green growth from appearing, often increases rather than decreases the growth and spread of the weeds.

Clean cultivation has been hindered in the past by the hesitancy to take land out of production, although crops produced in weedy areas usually are of poor quality and low yield. Now that farmers are being paid rentals by the government to keep land out of corn and wheat, or the production of any crop competing with any basic commodity, an unusual opportunity presents itself for eradicating injurious weeds by clean cultivation. Weed eradication will increase the value of the land and remove a source of possible further damage.

Quail, Farmers' Friend, Must Have Food Supply

Among the chief causes for lack of quail and upland birds on farms may be scarcity of necessary food and cover. Failure to supply substitute "patches" when natural feeding ground has been destroyed and neglect to preserve the natural cover for the bobwhite's habitat, are among the chief causes of gradual reduction, says the Missouri Farmer. Many measures may be taken on the average farm to increase or improve the food for quail, and help bring about an increase in their numbers.

Seed can be broadcast in early spring around gulleys and washes, on roadsides, around the borders of fields and like situations. Cain, hemp, lespedeza, clover and many species of small wild beans and cowpeas provide excellent sustenance for quail. Once started lespedeza volunteers year after year, unless killed off by burning the land over after the seed germinates in the spring. When harvesting grain a few rows on the outside rear cover may be advantageously left for the birds. Quail at times do much work in the farm by destroying serious insect pests and are considered one of the farmer's best allies and deserve the serious consideration on any man's farm.

Bees Are in Demand

Were it not that honey producing is profitable enough to induce people to keep bees, it would be necessary to raise some type of insect solely for the purpose of pollination, says Dr. K. F. Phillips, professor of entomology at Cornell University, in his recent address to the Empire State Honey Producers' association. So necessary is the service that bees render to the fruit growers of New York state that 300 colonies of them were imported last year to aid in pollination in Niagara county alone, and in other counties throughout the fruit-growing region growers are raising colonies of bees for the purpose. Not only do bees produce a \$2,000,000 honey crop annually in New York state but they pollinate more than one-third of the \$15,000,000 apple crop as well.

Along the Furrows

Consumers in this country ate more than 15,000,000,000 pounds of meat in 1933.

Sugar beet shipments from Utah in 1933 were 10 per cent higher than those of 1932.

Number of farms supplied with high-tension electric service in Ohio rose from 16,000 in 1932 to 48,000 in 1933.

Onions destroyed, in 1933, a total of 178,994 common burberry bushes on 375 properties in 26 counties.

Past experience in marketing beef cattle indicates that carrying cattle much beyond 1,000 to 1,100 pounds is an excessive most months of the year.

In recent years, over 90 per cent of the United States flax crop has been produced in North Dakota, Minnesota, South Dakota and Montana. The states ranking in production in the order named.

SPRING BREEZES

A broken heart is too painful for utterance.

Justice is too often tempered with too much mercy.

Tickling can make anybody laugh but a crying baby.

The punishment for acting the fool is often astonishingly light.

People who never laugh "Haw! haw! haw!" may wish they could.

Want a thrill? Clean out your office desk and see what you'll find.

Many who boast of "lots of vitality" will insist on talking loud.

Keep love always at the boiling point and it also will evaporate.

It is no use defying the neighbor's sense of propriety, whatever it is.

Who doesn't like to hear a good speech; and why are they so rare?

Sixty-eight is not the right temperature for your home, if you are not warm.

Joy loves company as well as misery loves it, though it may not be your kind of joy.

Anybody can govern any country on earth if he has the nerve to try it—and luck.

We're always dissatisfied in America, and sometimes we take it out on the government.

Is it foolish to want your grand opera in English? The words aren't half as good as the music.

Little girls make faces when they are displeased. Older grown-ups they learn to smile sweetly.

Prettiest part of the house on a winter day is the bay window full of geraniums and sunshine.

Isn't it astonishing how sumptuous fried potatoes are in the woods? They are, if you have had enough.

Cats Find Home in Memorial

The giant skeleton of a memorial to George Washington, begun several years ago on a site between John Marshall place and Fourth street on Pennsylvania avenue, has a family living in it! Late one evening, just at dusk, a mother cat was observed slinking along one of the unfinished walls. In her mouth was a mouse freshly killed.

A reporter followed—and found, on a pallet consisting of a crumpled newspaper, a frayed shirt-tail, and a worn-out shoe (which the same reporter removed and replaced with a burlap sack), three very young kittens. The mouse was deposited in their mewing, clawing midst, and—fun was had by all.—Washington Post.

Kaiser Leads Millionaires

The former Kaiser still leads the dwindling list of German millionaires, according to tax figures. His property is assessed at 700,000,000 marks. The post-war inflation and the more recent world depression have played havoc with the ranks of the wealthy. Where there were more than 15,000 millionaires before the war, there now are only 2,300. The duke of Thurn and Taxis is the second richest man, with 250,000,000 marks, and the dukes of Hohenlohe-Oehringen, Esterberg and Donnersmark all have more than 100,000,000 marks. The famous Krupp steel mill family property is valued at 300,000,000 marks.

Locusts Delay African Trains

Locusts caused such delays to railway trains in East Africa that locust boys were employed. Millions of the insects swarmed the tracks at times, frequently stopping trains when the crushed bodies made the rails so slippery that the engine wheels could not get traction. Formerly locust boys were employed by railways to frighten away the insects as the trains went up grade. One boy ran about thirty yards ahead of the engine, another twenty yards, and the third ten yards, each waved tree branches or flags to frighten away the locusts. The method was effective and prevented the engine from stalling.

Invention Stays Death

Sentenced to death for murder in Warsaw, Poland, a man has been spared from execution so that war office officials may study his invention, an anti-aircraft gun. The day before he was to be executed he managed through the prison governor to interest officials in a model of his device. They recognized the value of the weapon, which is expected to revolutionize air defense, and are keeping the details secret.

Padded Gloves for Prodigy

Phillip Burgrove, the ten-year-old genius, declared by music critics of Melbourne and Adelaide, Australia, to be a budding Mozart, wears padded gloves much of the time when not at the piano. His small hands have been insured for \$5,000. In the Melbourne auditorium recently he gave eight concert, each time to packed houses, and the critics say his technique is almost perfect.

Knock on Wood

Jones—Young Brown says he's nobody's fool.

Smith—I know, but some girl will get him.

'Starving' Chinch Bugs Checks Loss

Diet of Legume Crops Good Plan to Minimize the Threatened Raid.

By W. P. Flint, Entomologist, College of Agriculture, University of Illinois, WNU Service.

What threatens to be one of the most destructive invasion of chinch bugs can be headed off and widespread damage prevented or at least minimized if farmers will starve the bugs by limiting them to a "diet" of legume crops.

Unless the weather during May and June is wetter than usual, so as to drown out the bugs, they threaten to cause more damage than they have caused in any year during the past 50.

Farmers that are known to be in the heavily infested chinch bug area are being warned to include all the legumes possible in the field crops they grow during the coming season. This is one of the most effective and at the same time one of the least expensive methods that farmers can use in fighting the bugs.

If chinch bugs could be confined only to legumes during the coming season, they would not live any longer than a meat-eating animal would live on this same diet. Chinch bugs will not feed on any of the legumes, including alfalfa, soy beans, cowpeas, field peas, red clover, sweet clover, vetch or lespedeza. Neither will they feed on such other common field crops as rape, buckwheat, flax, sunflowers or stock beets.

The crops that are "meat" for chinch bugs and the only ones on which they feed are the grasses, and these grasses must be green with the sap flowing in them, as the chinch bug is a sucking insect and takes its food not by biting off and chewing a bit of the leaf surface, but by inserting its beak in the grass plants and sucking out the sap. They feed on all the small grains, including barley, spring wheat, winter wheat, oats, rye, emmer and spelt. They will also feed on sorghum, broom corn, field corn, sweet corn, sudan grass and millet.

If corn and soy beans are planted together and a good growth of soy beans is obtained so that the beans shade the lower parts of the cornstalks, such shaded stalks will have fewer bugs than corn without soy beans. A heavy stand of sudan grass and soy beans will suffer only slightly from chinch bug damage, whereas sudan grass alone would be killed.

Urge Sanitary Measures for Control of Garget

No one can estimate the economic loss caused by mastitis, commonly known as garget, say Prof. D. H. Uidal and S. D. Johnson of the New York State Veterinary college. In some dairy cattle herds the loss is slight, they say, and in others it is severe.

Each herd, however, pays an unnecessary toll, and the total loss is enormous. Because of the hidden nature of the disease it may often go unnoticed.

When an owner says that a certain cow made a high record but was "burned out" by high feeding and never produced well again, the usual cause is mastitis. The disease is marked by repeated attacks that tend to appear when the cow is drying off, or shortly after she freshens, or when she is fed on a high protein diet, or when exposed to unusual strain. If the disease is active the milk may become watery or contain flakes.

The best evidence shows that infection occurs during milking, and extra precaution at milking is urged. Garget spreads less readily in herds milked by hand than in herds milked by a machine.

Farming Revolutionized

The revolution in method wrought on the farm by the tractor is not generally realized in urban communities, points out the Montreal Gazette. It has ushered in the era of power-farming, affording employment to a smaller number of persons, but with an increase of individual output. The chemist with his fertilizers, the biologist with his segregating special resistant qualities for particular climates and soils, have both contributed their quota to a development as significant in its way as the coming of the railway train and steamship.

The Best Potato Seed

Seed tubers from the tip or seed end of potato pieces produce much more vigorous plants and greater yield than pieces taken from the basal or stem end of the same tuber, says F. C. Stewart, potato specialist at the state experiment station at Geneva, N. Y. His experiments with spuds strongly support this contention. The experiments also show, he says, that infection of the seed tubers with leafroll does not alter this relationship.

Manure for Mushrooms

Horse manure furnishes the only satisfactory compost known for mushroom growing. This may contain an ample supply of straw which has been used in bedding. The straw not only adds to the bulk of the material but it also reaches a desirable stage of decomposition in a comparatively short time and has that moisture holding capacity which is so desirable in mushroom growing. Some growers advise the addition of 1-3 of fresh loam in the compost.—Montreal Herald.

Improper Pruning Cuts Fruit Yield

Better to Leave Tree Alone Than to Follow Program of Butchery.

By R. S. Marsh, Horticultural Specialist, College of Agriculture, University of Illinois, WNU Service.

In spite of the fact that pruning has been practiced for more than 2,500 years, there are still many misconceptions of this horticultural operation affecting the fruit income on farms. In the 10 years of 1923-1932 inclusive the state of Illinois' apple and peach crops alone averaged \$8,921,100 annually.

Pruning should aid the tree in its natural habit of growth and in its battle against the enemies of disease, insects and adverse weather conditions. However, it is better to allow the tree to go unpruned than to practice some of the popular methods of butchery.

The principal accomplishment in pruning is the modification of the tree form and size, although the practice will affect the color, size and quality of the fruit. The form of the tree should not be changed radically, and its size must not be reduced too much. If maximum yields are to be obtained, on the younger apple, pear and cherry trees, the more wood that is removed by pruning, the smaller the crop produced and the longer it takes the non-bearing trees to come into production.

On older trees the removal of non-vigorous wood thins out the branches so that resulting fruit is of improved color and size. This thinning does not reduce the yield on some varieties, if done carefully, and does permit a more thorough job of spraying for the control of insects and diseases.

When fruit trees are first planted, important training can be accomplished by pruning and disbudding. During the first two seasons of growth, proper training will produce strong trees that will live a long time. Such trees will require less pruning later on.

Lack of Iron in Rations Cause of Anemia in Pigs

Anemia in suckling pigs is caused by lack of iron in the ration of the pig, says the department of animal husbandry at Cornell university. It is pointed out that at the present time it is impossible to increase the iron content of the milk by feeding iron to the sow and other means must be used to prevent anemia.

When sows and litters are confined indoors on concrete and wooden floors, members of the department say, the pigs may become so anemic that they die before weaning time, and recommend the use of a saturated solution of ferrous sulphate to prevent anemia. The iron solution may be prepared by dissolving one pound of dried ferrous sulphate, or an ordinary grade of copperas, in one quart of hot water.

Treatments with this solution as outlined by the department are: swabbing the udder of the sow once daily until the pigs are six weeks old; or drenching the pigs once a week until the pigs are four or preferably six weeks of age. When pigs cannot feed in a creep or self-feeder, probably they should be drenched once a week until they are six weeks old.

Alfalfa Long Favored

Alfalfa came into Greece from Asia and then was carried to Italy. Several Roman farmers told about their farming. They said "Of all the legumes, alfalfa is the best because when it is sown it lasts ten years, because it can be mowed four times or even six times a year, and because it improves the soil." Plowing under crops for green manure was known to be good, especially before planting corn. Clover and field beans were recommended by the best Roman farmers as good cattle feed. They recommended a three-year rotation for crops; the land was left bare one year, planted to grain the next, and followed by some legume the third year. Many of the methods we consider quite modern to use on our farms, observes an authority, are really centuries old.—Ks. change.

Home Lard Production

When lard is rendered at home, it should be graded and as much neutral lard as possible produced, says Miss Flora Carl of the Missouri College of Agriculture. Neutral lard is the lard rendered from internal fats at such low temperatures that it is almost, if not entirely, free of taste and odor. Neutral lard is of high quality but it is seldom that it can be purchased for cooking purposes, since most of it goes into the manufacture of oleomargarine. More lard can be extracted at a lower temperature if the fat is run through the sausage mill instead of chopping before rendering. The fat from the rinds is more difficult to extract and gives a softer and cheaper grade of lard. The rinds can be rendered by roasting in the oven.

White Sweet Clover

White sweet clover is a good variety to use for plowing under, as it makes a ranker growth. Sweet clover may be sown any time until midsummer. The earlier it is sown the more growth it will make by fall. Being a biennial it requires two years to reach its full vigor and produce seed, so the early part of the second season the heaviest growth may be expected. The best time to plow it down is when the plants have reached a height of from eight to twenty inches.

MY IMPROVED BEDROOM

Miss Roberta Hurton, Lazbuddy 4-H Club girl gives the following interesting report on her bedroom improvement project:

I have always had a desire to fix up my bedroom. This year I joined the Lazbuddy 4-H Club of Parmer county and became a bedroom demonstrator.

When I began I had a very small north room and I moved my room into a large south room. The room had a very inconvenient closet, good ventilation provided by windows on the south and on the west. The paper was torn and dirty. I had a study table which needed refinishing, a divan with durable leather seat covers but the arms were too high for comfort, also there was a small chair to match the divan. Both were of unfinished wood. The bed was comfortable but needed refinishing. The dressing table was a large, old fashioned dresser with a bad mirror. The floor had been oiled and varnished and was in good condition. The woodwork had been stained and varnished and is in good condition.

After moving into the south room I began working to improve my closet. The clothes rack was too high for my convenience. I moved the rod back about six inches and lowered it until I could reach it easily. There were no shelves in my closet. There was some scrap lumber about the place from which my father made two shelves three feet long; my shoes were always scattered over the floor, so I made a shoe rack and fastened it under the shelves high enough so I could pick up my shoes without stooping.

I papered my closet when I papered my room. It took three rolls of ceiling and five rolls of side wall costing \$2.00. This covered the closet and walls of the room.

The divan, I covered with an attractive design of tapestry. I got three yards which cost \$2.10. The divan arms were high and uncomfortable so I cut them down until they were low enough to be comfortable. A neighbor carpenter did this for \$1.00. I covered the small seat matched the divan with same tapestry I had used on the divan. Then stained and varnished both pieces.

The window shades were old and torn but the rollers were good. I tacked new shade material onto the rollers. A scrim with large yellow plaid in a white background was used to make plain tailored curtains to extend the full length of the window frame.

I scraped the golden oak finish from the table, sanded, stained and varnished it. I did not like the old dresser I had, so I took another old oak, marble top dresser and washed the varnish off with Sal soda water and stained and varnished it. This dresser did not have a mirror, so I bought one from the second hand store to hang above it. The oak bed was washed with Sal Soda and varnished. I made four sheets 103 x 90 inches and I already had plenty of pillow cases. The room didn't have a washing table in it, so I took a small table (a doll table I had used and made a curtain for it from an old circular skirt.

Mother gave me an old fashioned pitcher which she had. The stain for the furniture and the wax for the floor and the furniture cost perhaps a dollar. A half gallon of varnish cost me \$1.75.

The entire cost of improving my room and adding linens was \$13.65.

The ten Lazbuddy cooperators reported that eight of them have made two sheets three yards long and two pillow cases each, five have improved their walls, four have improved the floors and woodwork, three have added pieces of furniture and we added comforters.

CITATION BY PUBLICATION

The State of Texas, Friona Independent School District. To: O. K. Gaymon, and Unknown Parties, and the Unknown heirs of the said O. K. Gaymon, and Unknown Parties and all persons and record lien holders owning or claiming, or both, any interest in the land or lots hereinafter described, the same being delinquent to the Friona Independent School District for taxes, and the same lying and being situated within the boundaries of the Friona Independent School District, in the County of Parmer, and State of Texas, to-wit:

Lots Five (5), and Six (6), in Block No. Fifteen (15) of the McMillan-Pergus Addition of the town of Friona, Parmer County, Texas, as shown by map or plat thereof, of record in the Deed Records of Parmer County, Texas, to which reference is here made, which said property is delinquent to the Friona Independent School District for taxes for the years 1925, 1926, 1927, 1928, 1929, 1930, 1932, aggregating the sum of \$8.04, including interest, penalties and costs, said taxes having been legally levied, assessed and rendered against said land and lots, and the same being a lawful charge and constituting a prior lien against the same in favor of Friona Independent School District to secure the payment thereof.

And you are hereby commanded to be and appear before the Honorable District Court of Parmer County, Texas, at the next regular term thereof, to be held at the Courthouse of said County, in the city of Farwell, on the second Monday in July, A. D. 1934, the same being the 9th day of July, A. D. 1934, then and there to show cause why judgment should not be rendered against you and the said land and lots sold under foreclosure, of said lien to satisfy said taxes, interest, penalties and costs, and all court costs, all of which, together with other and further relief, general and special, being fully set out and prayed for in the plaintiff's original petition filed in said Court on the 28 day of May, and appearing on the docket thereof.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court at office in the City of Farwell, in the County of Parmer, this 28 day of May, A. D. 1934. (Seal) E. V. RUSHING, Clerk District Court, Parmer County, Texas. 4614

The Friona Star

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

Published By NORTHWESTERN PUBLISHING COMPANY

JOHN W. WHITE, EDITOR



SUBSCRIPTION RATES:	
One year, Zone 1	\$1.50
Six Months, Zone 1	\$.80
One Year, Outside Zone 1	\$2.00
Six Months, Outside Zone 1	\$1.25

Entered as second-class mail matter, July 21, 1925, at the post office at Friona, Texas under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Any erroneous reflection upon the character, standing or reputation of any person, firm or corporation which may appear in the columns of the Friona Star will be gladly corrected upon its being brought to the attention of the publishers.

Display rates quoted on application to the publisher. Local reading notices, 2 cents per word per insertion.

Political Announcements

Those whose names appear below have authorized the Friona Star to announce their candidacy for the nomination for the office under which their names appear, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election of July 25, 1934. Charges for political announcements cover the insertion of announcements in every issue of The Star up to and including the dates of the first and second primaries.

For County Judge: WALTER LANDER JOHN H. ALDRIDGE, JR.

For Sheriff, Tax Collector and Tax Assessor: EARL BOOTH

For County and District Clerk: E. V. RUSHING

For County Treasurer: MRS. E. G. WILLIAMS ROY B. EZELL

For Commissioner Precinct No. 1: J. M. W. ALEXANDER (Re-election) NAT JONES CHARLIE A. TURNER

For Commissioner Precinct No. 2: FLOYD SCHLENKER

For Representative 120th District: JESS MITCHELL

ESTRAY—One whitefaced cow at my farm six miles northwest of Friona. Branded "S" on right hip, inverted "Q" on right foreleg and inverted "V" on mutilated ears. Been here over a year. Unless claimed will be disposed of according to law. Claude Osborn 4813.

FOR SALE—International 22-36 tractor. Inquire at Friona Garage. C. A. Skelton.

a. s. l. No. 975, wherein the Friona Independent School District is plaintiff and O. K. Gaymon, and Unknown Parties, and the Unknown heirs of the said O. K. Gaymon, and Unknown Parties and all persons and record lien holders owning or having or claiming, or both, any interest in said land or lots, defendants.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, at office in the City of Farwell, in the County of Parmer, this 28 day of May, A. D. 1934. (Seal) E. V. RUSHING, Clerk District Court, Parmer County, Texas. By MARY NOBLE, Deputy. 4613

The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Parmer County, Greeting:

You are hereby commanded to serve the foregoing Citation by making publication thereof one time a week for four consecutive weeks, previous to the return day hereof, in a newspaper published in the Friona Independent School District of Parmer County; if there be no newspaper published in said Independent School District, then in a newspaper published in said county; if there be no newspaper published in an adjoining county, provided that if said Citation can not be published by law, then service of same shall be made by posting a copy thereof for twenty-one successive days, previous to return date at three different places in the said Friona Independent School District.

Herei shall not, an habe you then and there before said Court, on the first day of the next regular term thereof, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand and seal of said Court at office in the City of Farwell, in the County of Parmer, this 28 day of May, A. D. 1934. (Seal) E. V. RUSHING, Clerk District Court, Parmer County, Texas. By Mary Noble, Deputy. 4614