

ONE KILLED FOUR HURT IN AUTOMOBILE ACCIDENT

AUTO OVERTURNS ON BURKBURNETT ROAD

FIVE RANDLETT, OKLA. MEN IN CAR WHICH LEFT GRADE AND HURTLER OVER

MARTIN M'KISK KILLED

W. T. Capps and Harry Griffin badly hurt—Two Others Sustain Injuries.

One man was killed, three were seriously injured and one slightly injured Tuesday afternoon shortly after 4 o'clock on the Burk Burnett road, when a Buick car swerved from the road into the deep ditch and upset, pinning four of its occupants underneath. The dead:

MARTIN M'KISK, aged 36, farmer of near Randlett, Okla.

The seriously injured:

HARRY J. GRIFFIN, farmer of near Randlett, right shoulder crushed, compound fracture of collar—bone, thumb on right hand dislocated.

ALONZO E. GRIFFIN, farmer of near Randlett, one rib broken, numerous bruises and contusions on scalp; slight cut on eye.

H. J. CAPPS, farmer of near Randlett, numerous scalp wounds and bruises on body.

Slightly injured:

FELIX MILLER, farmer of near Randlett, cuts and bruises on face.

All of the men were married and have families. All of the injured were much improved this morning. Miller was able to get up, while Lonnie Griffin was greatly improved. Capps was sick at his stomach this morning, but is not thought to be injured internally. He improved less rapidly. Harry Griffin, who was driving the car, was suffering considerably, and the condition of his shoulder makes it somewhat problematical whether he will regain the use of his right arm.

W. T. Capps and Harry Griffin were taken to the hospital, where they are being treated. The other injured men are being cared for at home.

The five men came to Wichita Falls about noon yesterday, coming down in their car. They remained about four hours, during which time, according to Felix Miller, who took the oral drinks of beer. He denies they drank any whiskey or that any of them were intoxicated when they started home. They took a quantity of whiskey and beer with them in the car.

The first evidence of what happened was furnished by the appearance of the car and by the tracks to be seen in the road. None of those in the accident were able to give anything of a coherent account of what transpired.

Felix Miller, who was slightly injured, said that the driver, Harry Griffin, seemed to lose control of the car. He remembered nothing more until after he had been picked up unconscious.

The tracks in the road indicate that about 60 feet south of where the car was upset, it began to swerve from the high, cemented, graded roadway, toward the ditch at the left side. Sliding into the ditch the wheels probably struck some obstruction, possibly the side of the ditch, which caused the left front wheel to collapse and the machine to lurch forward with its human cargo, and turn a complete somersault, pinning four of its occupants underneath. Miller was thrown clear of the car, which accounts for his slight injuries.

McKisk Instantly Killed.

While no close examination of McKisk's body was made, the fatal results among those who were at the scene shortly afterward that his body was caught by the steering wheel and that practically the entire weight of the car came down upon him, crushing his life out. He was probably instantly killed, being dead from the shock of the news.

There are four children in the McKisk family.

Members of a threshing crew on the Emil Fryberg farm near which the accident took place, saw the car speeding along the road, then heard a crash as it whirled into the ditch. They rushed to the scene and found the two Griffins, Capps and McKisk pinned under the car. McKisk already dead, the others unconscious. Miller soon regained consciousness, but was dazed for some minutes. Harry Griffin was thrown a little to the right of the car, while McKisk was apparently beneath the driver's seat. Lonnie Griffin and Capps were caught under the rear seat. The car's top was up and was crushed.

Mr. Fryberg made a quick trip to town in his automobile and Doctors Mark Moore and R. C. Smith returned with him. The ambulance also was out, returning with McKisk's body. The Lawton stage auto brought some of the injured to town, all being placed in the Wichita Sanitarium.

Miller's Account of Accident.

Felix Miller, who was able to sit up this morning, gave the following account of the affair:

"We came down about noon and stayed in town about four hours. All

of us drank some beer, but I don't think anyone took any whiskey. We bought quite a bit of stuff to take home with us, but none of us were anywhere near intoxicated and none of us had been drinking any in the car after we started back. It seemed to me that something went wrong with the steering gear and I remember that we went along the side of the road. I can't remember what happened after that. It all happened so quick I can't remember.

Near the car were several broken beer bottles and a number of sandwiches.

News of the tragedy was telephoned at once to Randlett and last night a number of relatives and friends came down in automobiles. They had heard that other beside McKisk were dead, and their anxiety was somewhat relieved when they reached the city and found that the others had a chance for recovery. Four of the brothers of the two injured Griffin boys, J. E. Griffin, L. C. Griffin, E. K. Griffin and J. S. Griffin, came down. The wives of both the injured brothers were also in the party. Dr. R. J. Rice, formerly of Burk Burnett, now of Randlett, came down in his car, and a dozen or more friends of those in the wrecked car made hurried trips across the country to this city. M. Blair of Chihuahua, a brother-in-law of H. Capps also came in last night.

Some of those who viewed the wrecked car believed that it turned over not only once, but two or three times before it finally came to a stop, upside down. Miller says that the car was traveling briskly, but not at excessive speed.

The road at the scene has been well graded and crowned and is one of the fastest stretches of the road in the county, being on the main highway to Burk Burnett, about two miles from the Wichita River bridge.

There is a deep ditch on each side of the roadway, which slopes rapidly from the crown and it is easy to see how a machine with any defect in its steering gear might get beyond control at that point.

Miller Thrown Clear.

It is believed that Harry Griffin was thrown forward, almost clear of the car, landing on his right shoulder. The motion of the car evidently caused McKisk, who had the seat next to the driver, to be thrown somewhat to the right and the steering wheel caught his body, pinning it beneath the entire weight of the front part of the machine. Miller, in some manner not explained, was thrown clear of the car, but Lonnie Griffin and Capps who were in the rear seat with him, were caught underneath.

The car had landed against an embankment at the side of the road with the right rear wheel on top of the embankment nearly three feet higher than the wheel on the other side. It had evidently hurtled completely over forward at the same time making a complete overturn sideways.

Among the threshing crew which heard the crash and rushed to the scene consisted of W. M. Armstrong, George Martin, Ed Anderson and Leonard Tucker. They rendered what assistance they could until help and medical attention could be summoned from town.

Mr. McSadden near whose home the party passed said they were driving at a very high speed when they passed his home. Members of the threshing crew say the car was running at a high rate when the accident occurred.

From the top of the car which had been visible above the embankment disappear and then saw the dust fly up and heard a crash. They ran across the field and found the scene as described.

REPORT NEW PEACE MOVE FROM SOUTHERN REPUBLIC

Representatives of Various Factions Make Effort to Bring About A Peace Parley.

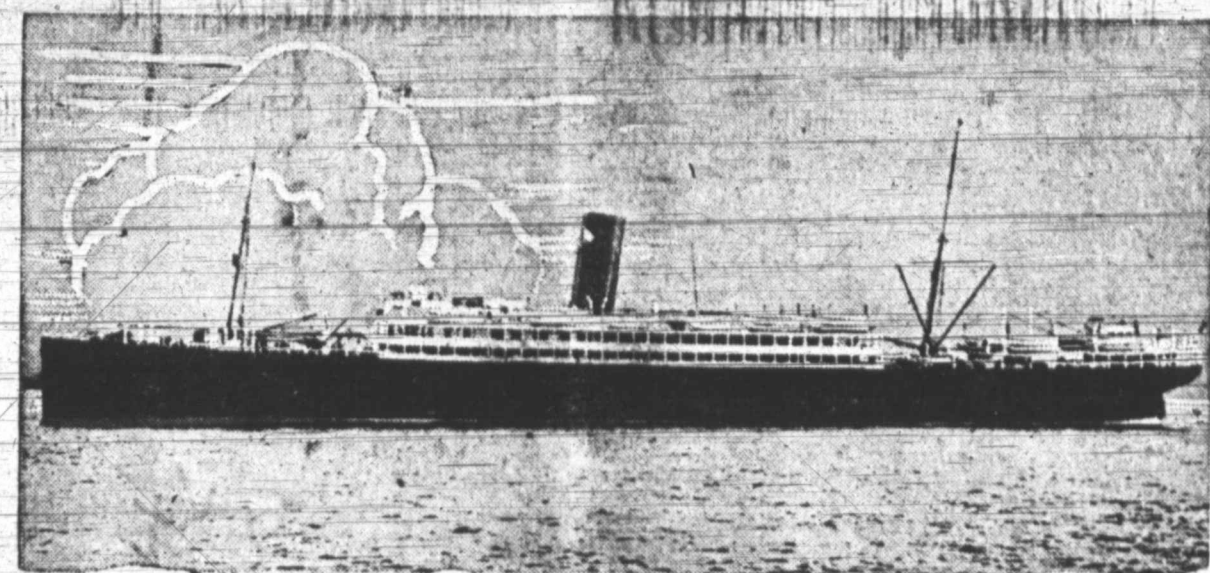
By Associated Press. Washington, July 28.—Report of a new peace movement in Mexico has attracted attention in official circles here today. Advice received here said that a representative of the various factions in the southern republic were consulting leaders in an effort to bring about a peace parley either with or without General Carranza, preliminary to a final appeal by the United States to the factional leaders to compromise their difficulties and restore peace in Mexico. The United States is said to be contemplating a restoration of the ban on the export of war munitions to Mexico as a part of the program to restore peace.

MEXICO CITY STILL CUT OFF FROM COMMUNICATION.

By Associated Press. Washington, July 28.—Mexico City was still cut off from the outside world today and Secretary Lansing said efforts to get first hand information of conditions there had failed.

The forthcoming step to be taken by the United States with respect to Mexico, he would not discuss. The Villa agency received a telegram denying that Carranza troops had captured Corral, Sonora, and were advancing against Guaymas.

Fears For Orduna As She Sailed With Ten Thousand Tons Of War Munitions



THE ORDUNA

Laden with 10,800 tons of war munitions for the allies with 195 passengers, including eight Americans aboard the Cunard liner Orduna, which on July 9th was attacked by a German submarine and narrowly escaped being sunk, sailed for Liverpool. The following manifest of the Orduna's cargo was obtained at the custom house: 3,800 cases of cartridges, 586 cases of empty shells, 220 cases of fuses, 17 cases of revolvers, 404 cases of rifles, 60 cases of army parts, 34 submarine tubes, 534 rubber tubes, 654 tons of wheat, 14,525 steel billets, 188 barrels of crude metal, 238 coils of wire rope, 235 barrels zinc oxide, 107 automobiles, 100 cases of motor parts, 4 chassis, 326 rolls of tent cloth, 15 cases motorcycle parts, 210 bundles of boat canvas, 1,015 coils of copper wire, 765 cases of brass rods, 30 barrels nickel blanks. None of the Americans was in the first cabin. Four were in the second and four in the stowage. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. George E. Dean of Worcester, Mass., on their way to visit relatives in England; Hilda D. Hogz of Lawrence, Mass., and Lydia D. Wheeler. An English couple, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph H. Hartley, also from Lawrence, Mass., registered as American their daughter, ten months old, because she was born in the United States. There were in all fifteen first cabin passengers, seventy-five second and 105 steerage.

ITALIANS ADVANCE AT MANY POINTS

OCCUPY MONTE LAZANESCH AND PISSONA CRESTS AND PART OF CORSO PLATEAU.

CAPTURE MANY PRISONERS

Official Report From Rome Tells of Desperate Fighting Favorable To Italians

Rome, July 28.—The following official statement was issued last night:

"In the Aolone valley we are in full possession of the heights on the right slope, having occupied Monte Lazanesch and the Pissona crest.

From points dominating the opposite slope the enemy's artillery attempted to hinder our operations but without success. After a long preparation by artillery the enemy attacked during the night of the 26th but was repulsed.

"In the Montenegro region the struggle continues unabated, notwithstanding a fog which prevents the artillery from assisting in the operation. At Palaza the second operation undertaken to enlarge the bridgehead is developing favorably.

"On the Corso plateau the battle continued yesterday. Our troops advanced along the whole front, conquering towards the left wing a part of the plateau. After being subjected, however, to a violent cross fire from the enemy's artillery our forces were forced to fall back below the crest where they are maintaining their positions. On the center we progressed toward San Martino carrying with the bayonets trenches and a redoubt covering it. On the right wing we completed at nightfall the conquest of the position of Monteverde driving out inch by inch the enemy who are strongly entrenched there. We made about 3200 prisoners, including one lieutenant colonel and three other officers. We took five machine guns, two small cannon, trench mortars, quantities of rifles, ammunition and war supplies."

DENTON COUNTY POSSE STILL SEARCHING FOR FRANKS

By Associated Press. Denton, July 28.—Officers and citizens are still searching the brush for Will Franks on charge of shooting and killing his uncle, Charley Franks yesterday morning.

NEGRO FARMERS MEET AT PRAIRIE VIEW TODAY.

Prairie View, Tex., July 28.—A three days session of the Texas State Negro Farmers Congress was to begin today.

Negro farmers, negro teachers, ministers and others interested in working for the welfare of the race were to participate in the congress.

ANTI AND PRO SPEAKERS ANNOUNCED FOR TONIGHT

Judge W. E. Fitzgerald and Hon. W. N. Bonner For Anti and Hon. John Kay For Pro

Judge W. E. Fitzgerald at the Lamar Air dome and Hon. W. N. Bonner at the Wichita Theatre will be the anti orators here tonight, while Hon. John C. Kay will speak for the pro.

Judge Scory and Hon. A. H. Britain will address an anti prohibition meeting at Burk Burnett tonight.

CHICAGO'S TRIBUTE TO EASTLAND DEAD BY SUBMARINE CREW

NOT ENOUGH HEARSES TO HAUL DEAD AND AUTO TRUCKS ARE USED

831 BODIES NOW RECOVERED

Revised List of Missing is 531 and the Probable Total of Deaths 1362

Chicago, July 28.—In a drizzling rain Chicago today paid tribute to the Eastland dead. In Cicero where the plant of the Western Electric Company is located community services were held here and it was that the sorrow was more deeply felt. As the processions passed through the streets heads were bared and as the hills—chaperones where many of the bodies were taken would accommodate only a few the overflow crowds paid homage to the inclement weather.

Auto trucks donated by business houses were used to carry bodies as there were not enough hearses. On Twenty-fifth street a huge truck passed. On the driver's seat was a man in high hat, white gloves and a frock coat. Inside were three bodies, an entire family. On Forty-eighth avenue a hay rack draped with crepe and driven by a man with silk hat passed containing two bodies.

At noon the latest figures of the dead and missing were identified dead were 831 and missing 531. Western Electric Company revised list of missing was 531. Total 1362.

JOSEPH EIKER BACK FROM MEXICAN BORDER

Archer City Man Describes Desolation at Nuevo Laredo as Result of Fighting

Joseph Eikler of Archer City, was here today en route home from Nuevo Laredo, Mexico, where he has spent several weeks.

Mr. Eikler brought back with him were a number of pieces of Mexican currency. This currency is worth ten cents on the dollar in this country and it takes \$30 worth of it to acquire a pair of shoes. Some pieces of pasteboard, resembling milk tickets, proved on close inspection to be five cent scrip.

Mr. Eikler, who is in the saddle and harness business at Archer City, says he saw many signs of warfare at Nuevo Laredo, although that place is comparatively distant from the scenes of real trouble. Whole blocks of buildings razed by shells, soldiers maimed and blinded by bullets and a general air of desolation were in evidence, he said.

WAR A CONTEST OF ENDURANCE.

London, July 28.—The war has become and is likely to continue for some time a contest of endurance, Premier Asquith told the House of Commons this afternoon while making a general review before the adjournment of Parliament tomorrow.

RUSSIAN BOYS IN TEENS ARE CALLED TO COLORS

Imperial Ukase Calls Out Boys Born in 1896—Mobilization Probable in Siberia

Petrograd, July 28.—An imperial ukase issued today calls to the colors men born in 1896. It is reported that a governmental order is about to be issued for a general mobilization throughout Siberia.

THE RUSSIAN FRONT STILL REMAINS UNBROKEN

PRES. GUILLAUME EXECUTED BY MOB

ITALIAN EXECUTIVE DRAGGED FROM FRENCH CONSULATE AND SHOT TO DEATH

OTHER VIOLENCE IS FEARED

General Oscar—Under Whose Order Political Prisoners Executed—Faced Firing Squad

By Associated Press. Port Au Prince, Haiti, July 28.—A mob of infuriated Haitians today removed President Guillaume of Haiti from the French legation where he took refuge yesterday and shot him to death in front of the building. This act of violence followed the burial of the 160 political prisoners who were massacred in prison yesterday morning at the time of the revolutionary outbreak against President Guillaume when the mob composed mostly of refugees of the victims seized the president. General, French minister to Haiti protested vigorously but he was powerless; Guillaume was dragged forth. Once in the streets the crowd surged round him with imprecations and he was promptly shot to death, his body mutilated and dragged through the streets. The people are in a state of great excitement and further violence is feared.

The body of Gen. Oscar lay today unburied before the building of the Dominican legation where it had fallen after the Port Au Prince governor faced a firing squad at day's.

Soon after word of the massacre of the political prisoners was proclaimed a wave of indignation swept over the capital. Many who had not originally been identified with the rising took up arms.

The Dominican legation was invaded and the governor of Port Au Prince killed without mercy.

It was in March, 1908, that a similar execution of political prisoners took place. Nord Alexis was then president of Haiti. It was declared by his officials that those executed were engaged in a revolution, but a few months later Nord Alexis was deposed and deported from the country.

TESTIFY TO EFFORTS TO RIGHT THE EASTLAND

For Seventeen Minutes Before Steamer Overturned Water Pumped Into and From Tanks

DEFUNCT FORT WORTH BANK OPENED TODAY

By Associated Press. Fort Worth, July 28.—The defunct Fort Worth Savings Bank & Trust Company threw open its doors this morning for depositors to turn in their pass books. The bank was thronged with people during the day.

The Germans knew nothing of the latest American note to the German government on the sinking of the Lusitania as their newspapers were two weeks old. The Lusitania was the sixth ship sunk by the submarine that day and it started in pursuit of two others after the Leelanaw crew entered their own boats after their ship, with the undersea boat.

The members of the crew, of which there were about 32 besides the captain, explained that the German commander apologized for sinking the ship, saying that he was forced to do so as the ship was carrying contraband. He said he was not in the habit of throwing overboard the contraband. The German commander conversed affably with the crew in excellent English.

Another plant warned about war orders

Dallas Police However, Believe Dynamiting Was One Man Job—Suspect No Plot

By Associated Press. Dallas, July 28.—The police announced today that they had found no evidence of a plot in the dynamiting of a saddlery employes' home here Monday night. The saddlery company has suspended work on a European war contract. They said their plant would be dynamited if they did work on any more European war orders. Local detectives believe the telephone call came from a "crank."

AMERICAN CONSULAR CLERK ARRESTED BY GERMANS

By Associated Press. Washington, July 28.—The state department has begun an inquiry into the case of Harry L. Wilson, a clerk in the American consulate in Berlin, arrested on the Danish frontier by German authorities while attempting to leave Germany without a passport.

RUSSIANS CLAIMING SLIGHT ADVANTAGE

ESTIMATED GERMANS HAVE LOST HALF MILLION MEN IN THE CAMPAIGN

THE ISSUE IS UNDECIDED

Believed Crisis Will Be Reached Along Narew River or On the Lublin Sector

By Associated Press. London, July 28.—Though the Germans now hold a long line from the Gulf of Riga sweeping southward toward Warsaw, thence encircling the city and stretching away to the Galician frontier near Sokal, it is estimated they have lost 500,000 men probably more, in this, the most ambitious movement of the war, and the Russian front is not yet broken. In addition to the attempted capture of Warsaw the direct objective of the German-Polish campaign of the past two weeks, the troops of the German empire evidently are making a special endeavor just now to cut communication between Warsaw and Petrograd to prevent a successful retreat of the Russian army now defending Warsaw if the city falls. To this end they are directing their operations north of Kovno, according to dispatches from Petrograd as well as their advance upon Great Lipsk by the way of Chelm and the right bank of the river Bug.

The issues still are undecided with the Russians claiming temporary advantages. On the Narew river north of the Polish capital the Russians have made a stubborn show of resistance holding Field Marshal von Hindenberg for the time in check, while to the south the combined Austro-German forces struggling to seize the Lublin-Chelm railroad has been for days on the threshold of success without being actually able to achieve their goal. Immediately west of Warsaw comparative quiet prevails and it is along the Lublin sector or along the Narew river it is believed the crisis will be reached.

FRENCH REPORT TELLS OF REPULSE TO GERMANS

By Associated Press. Paris, July 28.—French official report says:

"In Artois north of Souchez the Germans still a strong bombardment last night several attacks against three of our positions. After a spirited combat they were driven out of the trenches they had occupied except at one point where they retained 30 yards of a saphead in advance of our front. Silesouva was bombarded severely, successfully the camp of the enemy north of Chaucak. They threw bombs on the hangars and a gasoline supply station causing a considerable outbreak of flames."

E. R. KONE'S RESOLUTION PROVES TOO DRASTIC

Not Likely That Texas Farmers Will Adopt a Resolution Aimed Against England.

U. S. BLUE JACKETS LEAVE CAPE HAITIEN

By Associated Press. Washington, July 28.—The cruiser Washington with Rear Admiral Caperton, 700 blue jackets and an expeditionary force of 100 marines sailed from Cape Haitien last night for Port Au Prince where she should reach at noon today. Rear Admiral Caperton will use his discretion about landing the marines.

TWO MORE BRITISH TRAWLERS SENT TO BOTTOM

By Associated Press. London, July 28.—The British trawlers Iceli and Salacia were sunk today by a German submarine in the North Sea. The crews were landed at Leewestoft, England.

BIG CROWDS HEAR PRO AND ANTI SPEECHES

PRO RIDICULES ANTI ARGUMENT

JUDGE CARRIGAN DISCUSSES BUSINESS AND MORAL ASPECTS

HE CHALLENGES OPPONENTS

Points to Other Cities and Counties in Texas Where Prohibition is Now in Effect

From Tuesday's Daily.

In a prohibition address before a crowd of several hundred persons at the corner of Eighth and Indiana Monday night, Judge A. H. Carrigan took up the anti arguments that prohibition doesn't prohibit and crime will increase under prohibition, and that prohibition will kill the town. He declared that these arguments were shop worn and had been disproven in scores of Texas towns and counties and that one didn't have to go far from home to learn the utter falsity of these claims.

Taking up the argument that prohibition doesn't prohibit Mr. Carrigan said that the anti couldn't get a drinking man in one of these dry counties in this section of the state to make such a claim. He said it was true that the court records in many counties would show an increase of felony cases the first year after prohibition went into effect. He said in counties which voted prohibition now that bootlegging became a felony and that the first year under prohibition usually resulted in the trial and conviction of the criminals who remained in the saloon regime and after that there was little further trouble. He said that a number of years ago when the local option law was new there was considerable trouble in getting convictions in bootlegging cases and in making the convictions stick in the higher courts. Now he said all these points have been passed upon by the higher courts and bootleggers are now promptly convicted and sent to the penitentiary and there is no more trouble from them.

"Just let a man try to sell whiskey in Wilbarger, Clay, Archer or any other of our neighboring counties," exclaimed Judge Carrigan, "he will get the extreme penalty of the law. I grant you that there may be some whiskey sold in any of these counties but if it is sold by some bootlegger running through the country as fast as a jack rabbit. If he ever stops he is caught and sent to the penitentiary."

He characterized as buncombe and balderdash the argument of the anti that prohibition will paralyze business and ruin the town. "If this was so," he asked, "why hasn't it ruined Greenville, Sherman, Texarkana, Paris, Hillsboro, Denison and other towns in the class of Wichita Falls? He offered to send any good anti to any one or all of these towns to count the number of empty business houses and the number of empty dwellings and make a canvass to find if there were as many empty in any of them as right now in Wichita Falls.

"They've sent some of their bittous young gentlemen, to some of these towns to try to dig up something to make you believe that prohibition has ruined these towns," said Judge Carrigan. "Have you ever seen a word from one of them?"

"Oh but some young whippersnapper of a cigarette holder whom you will find leaning over the bar giving the bartender a confidential talk in the hope of a free drink will say 'I'm going to vote for the saloons for business reasons.'"

Judge Carrigan said that there was a big Cooke county property owner in Wichita Falls yesterday who had told him and had told others that Gainesville was a better business town and cleaner in every way under prohibition than under saloons. Voices from the audience said "We know him; that's right."

He said that Greenville now had eighteen miles of pavement and that bank deposits had more than doubled under prohibition and that Greenville merchants were doing a bigger, better and safer business under prohibition. Greenville, he said, had never amounted to anything as long as the town had saloons. Now it was one of the most prosperous and progressive cities in the state. "Yes, and Hunt county is building forty miles of paved roads," said a voice from the audience.

Judge Carrigan mentioned as factors in Wichita Falls growth, rail roads, the Chamber of Commerce, oil and gas and the rich developing territory around us and asked if the saloons had been responsible for any of these elements.

"Did the saloons build these factories?" he asked. "Did they build these churches. Take that crowd, do they warn the news of any of these churches. Take that fellow who hangs over the bar giving the bartender a confidential talk, what is he doing for Wichita Falls, or for these churches? Well, I'll tell you something. When he gets up he'll tell you that he'll build a church. But the bartender won't. He hasn't gotten that low. You won't hear the bartender speak disrespectfully of the church or the preacher."

He declared that when the people closed the saloons the gambler would go and the brothel would close its doors. "They won't last 24 hours," he said. He pictured some well fed man driving around in a big automobile with a high collar and big diamond "like an English Lord or German Duke." "That's the fellow," he said, "the poor sick girl down in the flats is working for. When we vote out the saloons, he'll have to go."

ANTIS DENY THAT BREWERS CONTRIBUTE

ONLY TWO OUTSIDE MEN HAVE DONATED TO CAMPAIGN FUND

BONNER TELLS OF HIS TRIP

Said He Found Conditions Very Bad at Paris and Deplorable at Sherman and Denison

From Tuesday's Daily.

The usual immense throng attended the anti-prohibition meetings last night at the Air dome and at the Wichita Theatre. Mayor Britain and Attorney W. N. Bonner were the speakers at the Air dome, while Judge Scurry spoke to the overflow crowd at the Wichita theatre.

All three of the speakers indulged in criticisms of the prohibitionists for holding a rally on the Sabbath, and much of their remarks was devoted to answering statements made at the meeting. Mayor Britain who, in introducing Mr. Bonner, took occasion to answer some of the arguments, and again denied the charge that the anti-prohibition campaign was being financed from the outside. The finance committee, he declared, consisted of W. Lee Moore, C. W. Bean and Myles O'Reilly, and they had told him that the only three outside contributors were the J. S. Mayfield Lumber Co., J. Guggenheim of St. Louis, who has property interests here and A. Zundelwitz who resides here but is now spending the summer away.

The mayor also told of receiving a letter from "A Voter" saying that the prohibitionists were charging that the mayor was being paid for his services as chairman. The mayor said he was sure he had lived here long enough to enable those who knew him best to believe that he was guilty of any such conduct.

Saloons and Blind Tigers.

Mr. Britain said that the issue was not between whiskey on one side and morality on the other, as the prohibitionists asserted, but between saloons on one side and blind tigers on the other. The remedy proposed by the pro's he said, would not work the cure they claimed, and he said he would join the pro's even at this late hour if they could convince him of it. He said that liquor was sold in Christ's day, according to the Bible, but that the Savior, though empowered to destroy it, did not do so.

Mayor Britain said it was compensation enough for him to be standing side by side with the business men and laboring men in their efforts to see that what they had done here did not go for naught. He paused here, and said that what he had gotten up for was to introduce a speaker.

"Go ahead, your's right," said someone in the crowd.

Discussing the prohibition commit-

tee's offer to pay fifty per cent on property values if the town went dry, the mayor said it was consoling to think that at the worst, one would not lose over half of what he had. Laughter greeted this sally. The mayor said that some of the anti-prohibitionists had accepted this challenge and that the prohibitionists had not made good on their promise, refusing to sign a contract.

The mayor said that considering the prohibitionists' apparent grief over conditions here, it was difficult to see why some of them came here at all, in the first place. He then introduced Mr. Bonner.

Mr. Bonner began with a criticism of the prohibitionists for holding services on Sunday and said that when he went to his usual place of worship Sunday night, he found it dark and deserted, all the services being united at the Air dome. He laughed at the idea that his visit to Paris had been "discovered" by the pros and said that if they had followed the big crowd Saturday night they would have heard it announced from the Air dome platform that the anti's had sent a man to Paris to investigate conditions there. The Paris paper, he said, which printed a report that he had met with poor encouragement did not know what it was talking about, as he told only two men that he was in the city.

"Conditions in Paris were twice as bad as I had heard they were," said Mr. Bonner, "the mayor of Paris, an old friend of mine, said that the law was enforced as far as he knew, but I found that fifteen men had been sent from that county for bootlegging. The officers told me that moral conditions were worse."

Mr. Bonner said that conditions in Sherman and Denison were deplorable. There were over 2,300 cases docketed in Grayson county, he declared, this being an increase of 300 over the number before prohibition. He reminded his hearers that prohibition would put many good citizens out of employment. Further criticism was passed upon the prohibitionists because, after agreeing that no outsiders should be brought into the campaign, it was found that Aticus Webb (of the Anti-Saloon League) had been working at Burkhardt.

Judge Scurry spoke for the anti at the overflow meeting at the Wichita Theatre last night, using as the basis of his argument government figures to show that the consumption of liquor in the United States is on the increase in spite of enlargement of the dry area. He also cited instances in prohibition towns to show that crime was not entirely eliminated when the open saloons was voted out.

Prohibition speakers at the Lamar Air dome Sunday night also came in for a few caustic remarks for statements reported to have been made at that time. He said he was sorry to think that any speaker in Wichita Falls felt that any place had to be fumigated after being occupied by the kind of people who attended the Air dome last week before it could be fit to be used by the pros. The speaker also referred to the fact that one of the pro speakers on Sunday night had said that if the town went dry and property values did go down, as the anti's claimed, it would, that he would stump the county two years from now in an effort to bring it back wet again. Judge Scurry thought that this statement effectually disposed of the pro's sincerity for the moral side of the issue if he were willing to vote the saloon back in order that those who had bought property at fifty cents on the dollar might profit

by the return to present conditions. In addition to the address of Judge Scurry the entertainment was augmented by a picture program of six reels of very good pictures. A like program will be given tonight, with a new speaker, as Judge Scurry is scheduled to speak in several places throughout the county and will not be home again until Friday night.

COUNTRY BOXES VOTE AGAINST ERADICATION

Allendale and Beaver Creek Vote Solidly Against Proposal—Other Boxes Against It

Additional returns on the tick eradication question have been received from Allendale and Beaver Creek, both of which boxes returned double anti-eradication votes of fourteen and four respectively. It is understood that practically all the country boxes returned majorities against the eradication plan, but the returns that came in were sealed and cannot be opened until the commissioners' court meets, two weeks from today.

The majorities against the constitutional amendments were increased in all the country boxes, according to unofficial reports, and it is probable that Wichita county will return a negative vote on all six propositions. Two of the amendments received small majorities in the town boxes, but have probably been defeated in the county as a whole.

ALLEGED PICKPOCKET ARRESTED LAST NIGHT

While Tom Elliott, a carpenter of this city, was listening to the anti prohibition arguments at the Air dome last night, standing in the crowd at the rear, he felt someone's hand fumbling with his pocket; he pretended not to notice it and presently the hand reached into the pocket for his purse. He at once nabbed the owner of the hand, who turned out to be a young man. The latter was turned over to Constable Will Allen and lodged in jail on a charge of theft from person.

WILLIAMSON COUNTY OLD SETTLERS REUNION TO OPEN

Georgetown, Texas, July 26.—The eleventh annual reunion of old settlers of Williamson county opened here today and will continue four days. Among those on the speakers program during the four days picnic are Governor Ferguson, Mrs. Rebecca Fisher, president of the Daughters of the Republic of Texas and Chief Justice Nelson Phillips of the supreme court of Texas.

FARMERS SHORT COURSE BEGINS AT COLLEGE STATION

College Station, July 26.—The extension department of the Agricultural and Mechanical College began a five day short course lecture to farmers here today. Four teams of experts in agriculture and domestic economy are now in the field conducting short courses in forty Texas communities. The lectures beginning here today are a prelude to the Texas Farmers Congress, which is to meet here August 24.

POWERFUL EFFORTS MADE TO PREVENT MUNITIONS STRIKE AT BRIDGEPORT



JOHNSTON and KEPPLER SCENE OUTSIDE REMINGTON FACTORY AT BRIDGEPORT

Although the strike of machinists at the new plant of the Remington Arms and Ammunition company, and which twenty or more international labor leaders gathered at Bridgeport, Conn., counted upon to start a general conflagration, did not take place, it was admitted that powerful efforts were at work trying to stir up trouble. John A. Johnston, international vice president of the Iron Workers' union, and J. J. Keppler, vice president of the machinists, were on hand to inaugurate the big strike. All of Bridgeport's available policemen were on duty at the plant. Johnston (on the left) and Keppler are shown in the accompanying illustration; also a scene outside the Remington factory.

The Peoria Tractor Operates Outside of the Furrow Directly Ahead of Its Load, Thereby Eliminating Side Draft and the Packing of the Soil



Users say, we say, they all say PEORIA TRACTORS satisfy their purchasers. The letters received tell the facts. They are signed by men who know—users of the lightest, strongest, simplest, successful Tractor ever designed—"The PEORIA."

The Tractor you will eventually buy—why not now.

For Sale By

FARMERS SUPPLY COMPANY

817-819 Ohio Avenue Telephone 449-461

Quality, Service, Price!

A combination of the three above principles coupled with a policy of uniform courtesy at all times constitute that basis of our bid for a fair share of your patronage. Below we give a few further reasons why it will be to your advantage to trade at this store.

- One pound package Arm & Hammer Soda per package 5c
- Bulk Soda as good as the best, 8 pounds for 25c
- Plover Brand Hams, the only Irish cured ham that comes to this market, per pound 18c
- Colorado Style Bacon Shoulders, ask to see them, per pound only 12 1-2c
- 100 lbs. Lard Compound, net weight in wooden kegs for only \$5 00
- Cooking Oil, per gallon 65c
- Diamond C, or other brands of pure Leaf Lard, kettle rendered, remember the price you have been paying and just think, our price for a No. 10 bucket, fresh from manufacturer, only \$1 00
- 10 Bars of Laundry Soap for only 25c
- 7 Bars of White Laundry Soap for only 25c
- 12-oz. Can of Pork and Beans with tomato sauce, will compare favorably with the kinds you are paying more money for, per dozen 75c
- 8 Rolls Japanese Crepe Toilet Paper, dissolves readily, will not clog the drain pipe, for only 25c
- 25-lb. Box California Dried Peaches for \$1 25
- Baking Powder, good as the best, for per lb. 10c
- Pure Ribbon Cane Syrup, made from the condensed ribbon cane juice before the crystallizable sugar is taken out, does not contain Glucose, sulphur dioxide or other adulteration, in one-fourth regular size cans, for per can only 15c
- Triumph Irish Potatoes, per bushel 85c
- 100 lbs. of Standard Granulated Sugar for \$6 50

These principles and prices are making friends for us in this town and country surrounding and our friends are telling their friends where to find the

CONSUMERS CASH STORE

Successor to the MODEL GROCERY
Two Phones, 1551-1531. 811 Ohio Ave.

"BIG STICK" MENTIONED BY BRYAN IN SPEECH

Says When Man Gets Big Stick He Loses His Soft Voice and Trouble Follows

San Francisco, July 26.—William J. Bryan, former secretary of state, now thinks those who are looking for the "big stick" in the bible will fail to find that those who did not advocate it were mollycoddles. He thus expressed himself in an address last night at the First Congregational church. He did not mention Colonel Theodore Roosevelt by name. "There is phrase about speaking softly, but carrying a big stick," said Mr. Bryan. "The man responsible for that phrase never found it in the bible and his reputation as a wise man never could depend on that alone. The trouble is if a man gets a big stick he loses his soft voice." The keynote of Mr. Bryan's discourse was that the United States had not warrant to conceive war against Germany or any other European nation. "To go to war with Germany now," he said, "would be like challenging an insane asylum."

Market Report

Kansas City Cash Grain.

By Associated Press. Kansas City, July 28.—Cash wheat No. 2, hard \$1.20@1.45; No. 2 red, \$1.15 @ \$1.17. Corn, No. 2 mixed, 79c. Oats, No. 2 white, 49 1-2 @ 50c.

Fort Worth Livestock.

Fort Worth, Tex., July 28.—Cattle receipts 2,900 head, the market steady. Hogs—receipts 1,000 head, the market ten to fifteen cents down. Lights, \$7.40@7.50. Sheep—receipts 7,000 head, the market 25 cents up. Lambs, \$7@8.

New York Cotton.

By Associated Press. New York, July 28.—In view of the fact that the south-western states were still without promise of rain the cotton market today ignored the rather easy cables and opened steady at an advance of six to eight points. The market later was easy but still very steady at a net advance of seven to eight points.

The weekly weather report recited a bullish interpretation and in connection with further unfavorable reports from private sources started an active cornering movement, which advanced prices seventeen to eighteen points over the last night close.

Heavy covering continued at two o'clock the market was about 25 to 26 points net higher. The close was steady.

Chicago Grain Futures.

By Associated Press. Chicago, July 28.—The unfavorable weather and a forecast of adverse conditions brought an advance today in the price of wheat. Reports from South Dakota telling of black rust damage counted also against the bears. Opening prices varied from 1-4 00 to 1-5 00.

MAN SHOT BY WIFE DIES AT SHERMAN

By Associated Press. Sherman, Texas, July 28.—Jeff Miller who was shot yesterday by his wife, died today. Mrs. Miller who was in jail reiterated her statement that she believed she was justified. She stated that Mr. Miller mistreated her, failing to provide for herself and baby. She carried a few months old baby in her arms when she fired the shot that killed her husband.

KAFFIR AND MAIZE GROWERS OF THE PANHANDLE MEET

By Associated Press. Amarillo, Texas, July 28.—Persons interested in kaffir and maize in the Panhandle and South Plains country of Texas were to meet here today to formulate plans that will, it is hoped, enhance the price of kaffir and maize, and bring about better development of these crops. Especially large delegations were expected from Hereford, Dalhart, Memphis, Lubbock and Amarillo.

ELDERWALKER SHOOTING CASES SET FOR TRIAL

By Associated Press. Marlin, Texas, July 26.—Trial of persons indicted in connection with the Elder-Walker shooting affair here recently in which Walker's young daughter was accidentally killed, was docketed to begin here today. Less Elder, who himself was shot several times in the affray is out on \$5,000 bond. It has not been announced who will be placed on trial first. Mr. Walker has not been indicted.

Fads and Fancies of The Sporting Season

New York, July 24.—Many novelties in sports clothes have been introduced in the past few weeks. With the coming of warm weather, the fashions of both young and old naturally turned to the great outdoors. The fashion is not slow in taking up the use of the golf ball and tennis racket. Sweaters have caught the public eye, and sweaters and other sports paraphernalia have taken up their stand. It would seem each store is striving to outdo its neighbor in featuring something distinctly new and surprising in the way of sports apparel.

Trousersed Costume for Tennis.
One house offers a novelty tennis costume with trousers. Already a number of these have been sold and the suit bids fair to be one of the fads of the summer. The blouse is cut in one, with the trousers like the body portion of a bathing suit, with the blouse longer and left free. The skirt is attached to a wide belt and buttons on separate. The advantage of the suit is obvious. With the trousers made of the same material as the skirt they are almost invisible when the skirt blows out in the wind, and aside from this fact, they give a

freedom of action which is impossible with petticoats wrapping around the feet. One woman said she was buying the dress to wear around the house. It is easy to understand the comfort of such a costume, especially for house cleaning times, when climbing steps and like occupations are the order of the day. Another woman, who is outfitting girls for camp life, has ordered the costume for every member of the party. She explained that when they were around the camp she intended letting them wear the trousers, like overalls, without the skirts.

Bright wall paper cretonnes, also Oriental black and white patterns are used for these dresses, with collar and cuffs of white Swiss or organdy. In the less expensive models linen and chambray are substituted. It is really surprising how charming the effect is in these materials, with a touch of white in the collar and cuffs.

Calico Follows the Craze of Cretonnes.
In many instances, calico takes the place of the cretonnes, which have been so extensively favored for outdoor apparel. The very oldest of the old time patterns are reviewed. The quaint figured reds our great grandmothers wore, the bright daffodil yellows, the crisp blues are all there, as light in weight and cool as ever. These qualities in the calico are an advantage over the cretonnes. In fact, some of the prettiest of the cretonne patterns have been duplicated in the calico that the effect may be gained without the weight.

One of the old time reds is made up in a middy style for a tennis costume. What a contrast the frock will make among the white dresses. A novelty shop is showing a dainty afternoon dress of yellow in peplum style, with parasol to match; and there is an old blue crinoline frock with waist gathered below a yoke skirt full and white crochet ball buttons for trimming.

Simple as these dresses sound, they are not what you would call inexpensive, unless, perchance, you make them yourself. They are few and far between, exclusive in the true sense of the word. At the pretentious homes up the Hudson, at the Casino at Newport—these are the places where the calicoes are found.

Smocked Sports Coats.
The woman to whom the unusual appeals will welcome these latest novelties. They offer a relief from the ordinary cut and dried sweaters; are far more becoming to the average woman, smarter and more swifter than their predecessors. A light weight silk Jersey material is used in the making. This comes in all the brilliant shades, the emerald greens, the popular rose shades, the solid blues and in black and white checker board and diamond checks. Hand smocking, in effectively blended coloring, adds a decidedly new touch to the wrist and below the yoke at the shoulder.

There were some charming new models shown on the Avenue the other day, quite eclipsing the cretonne coats, the blazer striped flannels and the beach coats of tan toweling. One was a solid blue, bordered in old gold at the front, with cuffs and col-



lar to match; with the smocking done in the same shade of wool. One of rose red had a Grecian border in blue at the lower edge and was smocked in dark blue, while a brilliant green was combined with white. In all outward appearances, they are the garden smocks, a trifle shorter and belted at the waist; but, nevertheless, with the same quaint air that goes so charmingly with the crinones, calicoes and novelty printed pique skirts.

Bryn Mawr College Blouses.
We have Bryn Mawr College to thank for the sweater blouse. It was here that the fad originated; these blouses are a cross between a waist and a sweater. They are cut on the lines of the regulation sailor and are made of soft Italian silk. This silk has a high sheen and is somewhat similar in appearance to light weight silk jersey material. The blouses are about the length of a middy, made with coat closing at the front and a loose belt or straight sash of the



material. They can be worn inside or outside of the skirt, according to fancy, and are finding favor for riding, tennis, golf and all outdoor sports of the summer. Emerald green is a popular shade. There are also awning stripes, checks and pastel shades shown.

Rodier's Barred Piques.
Rodier, the French manufacturer of fabrics, has gone in strong this season for novelty piques. One of the prettiest is a barred effect, in bright canary yellow on white, wide wale pique. He has also introduced a trading stamp design printed in queer green checks, which call to mind the stickers of the stamp book. These materials the American manufacturers are using for sports coats. They fit in well with other fabric fads of the season, giving a sort of futuristic air to the fashions. The designs in which they are made are usually plain, save for an odd shaped pocket or lap closing at the front.

DRAYS CAN NO LONGER STAND ON EIGHTH STREET

Ordinance Became Effective Today and Drays Compelled to Move Elsewhere

From Monday's Daily.
Today, marked the passing of the drays and express wagons from Eighth street, the city ordinance requiring them to cease making a stand of that street having gone into effect Saturday. This morning a number of drays were standing on that street but they were notified early that the ordinance was effective, and all promptly took stands elsewhere.

Under the ordinance the drays are allowed to stand on a number of other downtown corners where they are less of an obstruction. The draymen say, however, that none are so advantageous as Eighth and Ohio. Some of them said they were willing to move all along, provided their competitors were moved also.

Eighth street and Ohio avenue property owners and tenants have been trying for some time to get the ordinance passed. At one time the city council contemplated moving the automobiles off that street also, but this plan met with a vigorous protest that it was abandoned.

IF WE SASS ENGLAND GERMANY WON'T BE BRUSQUE

By Associated Press.
Berlin, July 26.—There is every indication that considerable time will elapse before the German government makes any attempt to answer the latest American note. Should the United States protest to Great Britain in regard to restrictions on neutral commerce which is reported here as now being formulated, he couched in firm tones it is considered possible that the German reply will not be brusque.

LEADING MEN OF NATION TO CONFER IN SAN FRANCISCO ON RACE BETTERMENT



JUST what effect this European war will have on the advance toward human perfection through eugenics and eugenics will be discussed at the national conference on race betterment to be held in San Francisco, Aug. 6. Dr. David Starr Jordan is at the head of the executive committee and will be one of the speakers at the conference. Others who will deliver addresses are Luther Burbank, Prof. Irving Fisher of Yale; Edgar L. Hewett, director of the United States bureau of ethnology; Dr. J. H. Kellogg and many others of prominence. It is admitted by leading eugenicists that the war abroad will help in the introduction of eugenics as a fundamental law. Some claim, however, that the war will be a survival of the fittest, which may, after all, redound to the ultimate betterment of the race. The first national conference on race betterment, held in Battle Creek, Mich., in 1914 was characterized by many sensational addresses, and it is anticipated that the San Francisco meeting will be equally as full of interest.

OFFICIAL COUNT NECESSARY ON A. AND M. AMENDMENT.
Dallas, Tex., July 26.—It is probable that the official count will be necessary to determine the result of the constitutional amendment for the separation of the University and the A. and M. College, voted on Saturday. The vote against the amendment tends with a small margin. All other amendments are defeated.

TRAVIS COUNTY FARMER SHOT BY CORN THIEVES.
Austin, Tex., July 26.—Charles Joseph Thiele who lives on a farm north of this city was shot twice this morning by corn stealers when he went to his field to route them. His own gun was taken from him and used by the thieves.

Horn—To Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Turner at 2907 9th street, Sunday morning, a nine-pound girl. Mother and child doing nicely.

UNUSUAL INTEREST IN ENCAMPMENT OF NEW YORK STATE NATIONAL GUARD



Thousands of persons daily visit the camp of the first brigade of the New York National Guard at Flatkill Plains, N. Y. Never before had this particular section of the state witnessed such a scene and one thing that every officer—regular as well as militia—commented upon, was the apparent fact that the people were much more interested than in former years in the military organizations that would form the backbone of the land defense in the event of a national crisis. In one of the accompanying illustrations is shown a characteristic scene on the encampment grounds. In the other is a group of officers—namely, left to right: Major General O'Ryan, Brigadier General McCoskey, Butt, Adjutant General Stotesbury, Colonel Dyckman and Lieut. Col. Cornelius Vanderbilt.

BIG PROHIBITION MEETINGS OVER THE COUNTY SUNDAY

LARGE CROWDS AND MUCH ENTHUSIASM

REV. A. L. ANDREWS, P. B. COX AND JOHN MARRS SPEAKERS AT MEETINGS HERE

MEETINGS AT OTHER PLACES

From Monday's Daily.
The prohibition campaign reached a high mark of enthusiasm Sunday when great crowds heard prohibition speeches here and at several other points in the county. The Lamar Airdome was packed to its capacity last night and an enthusiastic reception was given eloquent addresses by Rev. A. L. Andrews and Attorney P. B. Cox. A song service at which prohibition songs under the leadership of Rev. F. F. Walters were sung was a feature of the meeting. While this meeting was in progress an overflow meeting across the street in the First M. E. Church was addressed by Attorney Marrs. The church was filled to its capacity.

Sunday afternoon a men's meeting was held at the First Baptist Church under the leadership of W. J. Bullock, chairman of the prohibition forces. At this meeting one hundred qualified voters declared their intention of voting dry and pledged their efforts in personal work during the closing week of the campaign.

Meetings Elsewhere.
Sunday afternoon Rev. Andrews addressed a good sized crowd at Allendale at which every man present with possibly one exception, he reported, declared that he would vote and work for prohibition.

Last night great crowds at Iowa Park and Burk Burnett heard addresses by Judge P. A. Martin and Judge A. H. Carrigan respectively. Rev. Fred L. McFadden addressed a good sized crowd at Cashion and E. H. Edleman spoke at the Bacon school house. Enthusiastic prohibition meetings are also reported at Electra. Prohibition generally was the theme at church services Sunday throughout the county.

Dr. Andrews Address.
Dr. Andrews was the first speaker at the Lamar Airdome last night. He said that the anti-prohibitionists were developing into great humorists and characterized some of their arguments and statements as "jokes." He referred to a postal card sent out by the anti-committee to tax payers giving figures purporting to show that the taxes of the recipients would be raised if prohibition is voted as "a most amazing joke. Nobody believes it, not even the anti-prohibitionists themselves." They say they don't want to meet us in joint debate," he said. "Bliss their hearts, they don't want to hurt our feelings. Let me tell you why they don't want debate; because they are standing behind an institution they dare not defend."

He said that the saloon was either right or it was wrong, and that the pros said it was wrong. He declared the issue was one of morals and not anything else. He defended vigorously the motives of the prohibitionists and said that there was not one of the leaders but that would give their time, their efforts and their money as they were able to make Wichita Falls the greatest and best town in the State of Texas. "I believe the way to do this," he said, "is to put out of our midst the cancerous growth we call the saloon."

Brewery Money.
Referring to the anti campaign he said: "They know they can't bring you out on the issue so they are using the vaudeville, the pictures and the negro band." He asked where all the money the anti's was spending was coming from and charged that the breweries were helping foot the bill. He quoted a prominent Wichita man who owns a string of stores as having told him all of his stores or nearly all of them were located in towns that had voted dry after being wet and that every one of them did better the year after the saloons were voted out than they did before.

"Oh, folks," he shouted, "you're not going to hurt your town, you're going to make it a better and cleaner town."

"The other folks in this campaign," he said, "are not in a good humor now. I'd begin to get mad too if I had no issue to stand on and saw the tide turning against me." He closed with an eloquent appeal for voters to vote for their homes and a better and cleaner city.

Attorney Cox Talks.
Attorney P. B. Cox devoted a considerable part of his address to statements made by Mayor Britain at the Airdome on the previous night. In

introducing him, Chairman Bullock said that he was going to say that the speakers didn't have to do all the speaking for the pros; that a majority of the lawyers were for prohibition. Dr. Andrews who was on the stage informed that a majority of the doctors, too. Mr. Cox said that the issue was one that had come to the people through the conduct of the saloon themselves. They tell us we ought not to let it alone; that we ought to let it alone, he said, and declared that the question "will not be settled until it is settled by the vote of the people and settled right."

He referred to conditions under prohibition in a number of cities in which he had been. He said he had been in a number of Oklahoma towns recently and had failed to observe conditions as bad as had been painted by anti-prohibitionists. He said, however, that he hadn't been hunting for any bootlegger stuff and wasn't like our mayor, whom he said had told an audience in the Airdome on the previous night that he knew intoxicants were sold illegally in Oklahoma City because he had bought a dozen bottles of Schlitz in a hotel here for his friends. "Notwithstanding the worst that I have seen in any prohibition town," Mr. Cox declared, "I'd rather see that than see the open saloon." A voice from the audience interposed with "I'd rather fight a dozen blind tigers than one with its eyes open."

Refers to Tulsa.
"I've been in Tulsa, the town that they talk about so much," Mr. Cox continued, "and never saw the one hundredth part of the drinking and carousing that you can see in any town that has the open saloon."

He referred to the personal liberty argument. He said that it was just as logical to argue that because everybody ought to have a right to have a hog pen they could stick one any place they wanted to. "I'd rather he'd raise hogs in my yard, than stick a saloon in it," Mr. Cox declared.

He declared that the anti apparently wanted to leave the impression that Wichita Falls was doing well enough; that the churches were flourishing because of the splendid church edifices that had been built. He pointed out that the buildings did not constitute the churches.

He referred to statements made about the tax rate in Paris, a dry town, by Mayor Britain Saturday night. Mayor Britain in comparing Paris and Wichita Falls had said that the tax rate in Paris was \$1.25 on the hundred dollars while the tax rate in Wichita Falls was only 85 cents. "The mayor failed to tell you," he said, "that in Paris the city also has a charge of the school tax, the \$1.25 cent tax includes a school tax of fifty cents. On the same basis the tax rate in Wichita Falls would be \$1.35 on the hundred dollars."

He said that the attorney sent to Paris by the anti prohibition committee ought to have been able to have gotten these figures right since they were about all that had been able to get. He then read a "personal mention" from a Paris paper telling of the visit of a well known Wichita Falls anti-prohibition attorney to that city. From the same paper he read the following from the editorial column:

"There is to be a local option election in Wichita county and a representative of the anti's has been in Paris for the last two days trying to gather data to show that prohibition has hurt the town. He has found the mission a hopeless and discouraging one and has received cold comfort, even from the anti's."

Reverting again to the subject of taxation at Paris he said the mayor in his speech Saturday night had also failed to tell the people of Wichita Falls that Paris owns her own waterworks system and owns the municipal slaughter house that had been a model for cities throughout the country. He cited also the fact that Paris had 20 miles of paved streets and that sewer rental in Paris was free.

If Wichita Falls gave such service, he estimated that the tax rate instead of being 85 cents on the hundred dollars would be approximately \$1.95 cents under present conditions.

At the close of Mr. Cox's address Rev. R. C. Miller announced that he wanted to make a proposition to the anti's. He declared that if the county went dry and all the things happened that the anti's had said would happen, after a fair trial of prohibition he would not only vote the anti ticket but would stand by the county for the return of the saloons and do everything in his power to bring them back.

AUSTRIAN SUBMARINE AND AEROPLANE DETROYED.

Toulon, France, July 26.—The new French destroyer Le Bison has demolished the Austrian submarine and aeroplane depot on Ligosta Island in the Adriatic sea with the loss of only one man.

Corner Stone New Catholic Church Laid Sunday Afternoon

In the presence of a large gathering the corner stone of the new Catholic church at Ninth and Holiday streets was laid Sunday afternoon at five o'clock. The ceremony was conducted by Monsignor Blumm of Sherman representing Bishop Lynch of Dallas. He was assisted by Very Rev. Dean Nolen of Fort Worth, Father Grady and Father Campbell of this city.

The musical program for the occasion was quite elaborate, being under the direction of Mrs. Wade Walker. It was as follows:
Processional—Mrs. Ida Harrison.
"Veni, Creator Spiritus" choir.
"O Salutaris" (Gounod) Mrs. Ben O. Wofford, Miss Francis Ochler.
Hymn to the Sacred Heart, choir.
Trio, "Ave Marie Steella" (Rosowick) Mrs. Bates, Mr. Bielowski, Mr. Lawrence Emmert.
Hymn "Te Deum" choir.
The address was delivered by the Very Rev. Dean Nolen of Fort Worth who delivered a forceful and eloquent sermon to those present, his talk dealing with the significance of the occasion to the church. The corner stone was laid by Monsignor Blumm, a number of relics, papers and documents being placed within.

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M. M. Mearns, General Manager

The "Buy-it-Home" movement started a few short weeks ago, does not seem to gain much in popularity.

Usually, when a fellow's salary is reduced he takes it that his services are not satisfactory and resigns.

"It is cotton Germany wants and must have," says the Scientific American, "more than food. She must have the cotton, 2,000 bales a day, to make powder."

America is producing the cotton and the markets of the world, by her agreements and treaties made with foreign nations, should be open to any market for her production.

Dispatches in today's paper tell of a coming conference between the president and the heads of the army and navy on preparation for national defense.

The American government's latest note to Germany, as have the others, sounds the thought and feeling of the American people in regard to Germany's acts in submarine warfare and in its declaration for the freedom of the seas.

The indications are that all six of the proposed amendments to the state constitution were voted down in last Saturday's election, most of them by large majorities, though only a very light vote was polled throughout the state.

About one thousand people lost their lives last Saturday by the overturning of the lake passenger steamer Eastland in the Chicago river.

more disastrous losses to Americans than the impotent, though aggravating efforts of Germany. In the note just sent the American government makes it plain as have the other notes that American rights cannot be complicated with issues between the belligerents themselves and that the United States will continue to contend for the freedom of the seas from what soever quarter violated, without compromise and at any cost.

"It's all right to protest against Germany's submarine war; but what gets our goat is why England, with her boasted navy, does not provide an escort of protection for the passenger and trade ships in the war zone waters."

Great Britain tells the United States that she is of the opinion that her attitude toward American shipping is correct, but that if the United States is not satisfied, then she is willing to submit the disputed points to the courts.

It looks now as if Russia is about to receive the finishing touches of a sound thrashing at the hands of Germany and Austria, and will be forced to make peace terms with her enemy regardless of her obligation to Great Britain and France not to do so without their consent.

At the outbreak of the European war several thousand American were caught on the other side of the water. Most, or nearly all of those who are able to travel in Europe are rich people.

The State tax rate this year is the highest ever known in this commonwealth. This reminds the old-timer of the E. J. Davis regime, only a little more so.

In England some are talking of making cotton absolute contraband. England should remember that among the acts that caused the war of 1812 were acts similar to this.

of them, crippling and maiming about 900 others. The fault at this time seems to have been that too many of the excursionists crowded to one side of the steamer and tipped her over.

When we want to get real mad, mad from head to heel and from center to circumference, mad from ocean to ocean and from the great lakes to the Gulf, we read a few paragraphs from the Fatherland.

THE "COMMON PEOPLE."

Montgomery Advertiser: The Memphis Commercial Appeal has a few remarks directed at those who set themselves up as the champion of the "common people."

"It is amazing how many people in this country nominate themselves as spokesmen for the 'common people.' We have had considerable experience with common people, and some experience with commoner people."

Our experience is that the average man in this country is entirely capable of being his own champion, and rather resents that assumed championship which comes from anyone holding himself to be a leader of the common people.

Whenever a public speaker or a newspaper begins to prate overmuch about the "common people," the said c. p. are immediately face to face with a demagogue, whether he be journalist or oratorical.

Tomorrow is the day set for the election of Becker, ex-lieutenant of police of the city of New York, convicted for the murder of Rosenthal, the gambler. The supreme court of that state, however, has asked the question of the trial courts why Becker should not be given a new hearing on what the attorneys for Becker claim to be newly discovered evidence.

The State tax rate this year is the highest ever known in this commonwealth. This reminds the old-timer of the E. J. Davis regime, only a little more so.

The best way in which to make Wichita Falls a mere broad place in the road, or at most a whaling station, is not as some would have you believe by voting on next Saturday.

of the South were robbed of millions of dollars last year. She is going to make it even worse for them this year. In the face of these facts, how is it possible for a Southern cotton farmer to remain neutral?

The United States can not, of course, admit the right of Great Britain to say that we shall ship to neutral countries only so much cotton as they have become accustomed to take in time of peace.

The fact that we have not sufficient ships to carry our cotton to foreign markets is a very serious matter, but nothing to compare with that of today's England by allowing her to say where we shall and shall not sell our cotton.

DEFEAT OF THE AMENDMENTS.

It will require full returns from Saturday's election to decide the fate of the amendment to separate the University and the Agricultural and Mechanical Colleges.

We see once again that with the prohibition question omitted, it is impossible to induce the people to take an interest in constitutional amendments, at least in a special election.

While a constitutional amendment is often of greater importance than an individual, the people are interested more in the election of an individual than in a measure of organic law.

We can see from Saturday's election that the State must depend upon a constitutional convention to revise the organic law, otherwise its progress is bound to be more or less restricted under the obsolete instrument which now shackles its powers.

Another difficulty is that nobody debates an amendment before the people. The meager information that is obtained from the press by those who reside in the rural districts militates not only against a full expression, but draws opposition from many who fear that the politicians, by asking them to vote upon words and sentences whose meaning and purport are not understood, are trying to "put something over."

All the six amendments but one were worthy, and that one would have been worthy but for the inclusion of a "joker."

The three amendments giving counties the right to levy special road taxes, to create students' loan funds, and to issue bonds for drainage, irrigation and public improvements, were an extension of the principle of local self-government.

The best way in which to make Wichita Falls a mere broad place in the road, or at most a whaling station, is not as some would have you believe by voting on next Saturday.

by sending away from Wichita Falls the money you have made by trading and trafficking with her people, for the supplies you need and that can be obtained right here in Wichita Falls.

Those who speed generally come to grief. It matters not what the price paid for a machine or how well established the make of it might be, those who drive them can nearly always depend upon it that there is a weak part somewhere in its construction and it will come to light just at a time when the machine is going the limit.

The almost certain knowledge that the United States could, by withholding food stuffs and munitions of war from England, force England to treat the United States fairly in the way of allowing her freedom of the seas, should be tried out.

The Katy railroad is sending out a circular letter to its patrons and employees in an effort to arouse interest and bring the public to a realization of the truth in regard to railway trespassing.

WOULD NOT EMBARRASS THE ADMINISTRATION

President Texas Bankers Unwilling to File Formal Protest Against Great Britain's Action

By Associated Press. Dallas, Texas, July 28.—It is our highest patriotic duty to refrain from taking any action that may embarrass the president and state department of the United States at this time.

The state of Louisiana is contemplating the construction of what is said to be the largest cotton warehouse in the world.

England robbed the United States of the biggest part of her cotton crop last year. Will the United States permit her to do the same thing this year?



THERE ARE two great classes of people—the BUILDERS and the DRIFTERS. The BUILDERS cultivate the habit of saving money; the DRIFTERS never open a BANK ACCOUNT.

The National Bank of Commerce

The press of Texas and the people of the South are slowly, but surely seeing the light. The glimmer of England is being dimmed and our partial neutrality growing into distinct neutrality.

SHOWING OF OIL IN WELL DRILLING NEAR GOREE

From Monday's Daily. A show of oil in the Resurrection well near Goree at 1550 feet. There was 13 feet of sand. Work on the well which is now being drilled deeper has been held up for several days on account of a fishing job.

WORK STARTS THIS WEEK ON ELECTRA POWER LINE

Poles and Other Equipment Have Arrived and Installation is to Begin Soon

From Monday's Daily. Work is expected to start this week on the power line to Lower Park and Electra, by which those communities will be supplied with "juice" from the power plant in this city.

ASHBRANNER FOUND GUILTY OF ASSAULT

Man Tried on Assault to Murder Charge Convicted of Lesser Offense and Fined \$25

From Tuesday's Daily. A fine of \$25 was assessed against W. A. Ashbranner, who was found guilty of aggravated assault Monday afternoon.

The case was vigorously prosecuted by District Attorney Humphrey and Assistant County Attorney Davenport. Edelman and Heyer of this city helped Judge Stubbfield for the defense.

Vertical text on the far right edge of the page, including fragments of advertisements and other text.

AMERICAN STEAMER SUNK BY GERMAN SUBMARINE

Leelanaw Carrying Contraband from Archangel to Belfast Torpedoed—Members of Crew Saved

By Associated Press: London, July 26.—The American steamship, Leelanaw, from Archangel July 8 for Belfast with a cargo of flax, was sunk today by a German submarine off the northwest coast of Scotland. All members of the crew of the Leelanaw were saved. They were taken to Kirkwall in their own boats. The Leelanaw was torpedoed July 25. She left New York May 17 with a cargo of cotton consigned to Russia by way of Gothenburg. The vessel was detained at Kirkwall while inquiries were made as to the possibility of getting her cargo to Russia as Sweden forbids the export of cotton. The ship was released June 26 with permission to proceed to Archangel where the cotton was discharged and a cargo of flax was loaded for Belfast. No details of the torpedoing of the Leelanaw has been received beyond a message stating that the crew had been landed at Kirkwall, Scotland, from which place they announced to the American consul at Dundee that the steamer had been sunk.

The Leelanaw was owned by the Harby Steamship Company of New York. She formerly was called the Earnwell. Length 280 feet, tonnage 1,924. She left Galveston May 5 and New York May 17 with cotton for Archangel.

AGGRAVATES SITUATION

SINKING OF LEELANAW IN DISREGARD TO WARNINGS GIVEN TO GERMANY

REPORT IS A SHOCK

Washington Officials Await For Details But Believe Destruction of Vessel "Unfriendly Act"

By Associated Press: Washington, July 26.—The torpedoing of the American steamship Leelanaw came today as a shock to American officials who say in the incident further aggravation in the situation between Germany and the United States. Although they hesitated in the absence of details to construe the act as coming within the warning of the last American note they pointed out that further violations of international law affecting American citizens would be regarded as "deliberately unfriendly." The view taken was that Germany in effect had ignored and disregarded an earlier note sent in connection with the sinking of the American sailing ship William P. Frye, by the German cruiser, Prinz Eitel Friedrich. In that communication the United States vigorously asserted its position that even though the American carried contraband of war it was protected from destruction by the stipulations of the Prussian-American treaty of 1828. Flax which was being carried by the Leelanaw was declared absolute contraband by Germany on April 18th as a retaliation against the British contraband declaration. While precedent of international law in recent years supported by recent declarations in London have recognized contraband if the ship were certain of condemnation by a prize court, action has been limited to extreme cases of necessity when the taking of a prize into court would involve danger to the vessel being captured. Germany received the last American note on submarine warfare and the sinking of the Lusitania on July 23rd, two days before the Leelanaw was torpedoed. Sinking of the lives of the crew would not allay the feeling of the American government that Germany had broken a century's standing. Under that treaty the American government considers that the American ships, Guilficht and Nebraska, which were torpedoed without warning and the William P. Frye and Leelanaw should have been safe.

AMERICANS RELEASED BY VILLA OFFICIALS

Nogales, Ariz., July 26.—Joseph Deputy, who claims to be an American citizen and who was sentenced by a Villa court martial in Nogales, Sonora to be executed as a spy was released today in safe on the American side. Los Ortega, another American citizen, likewise arrested as a spy has been released.

ELECTRA VOTE STRONG FOR TICK ERADICATION

From Monday's Daily. The probability that the tick eradication proposition has carried the county was increased this afternoon when it became known that the Electra box had voted 44 to 10 for eradication, adding 34 votes to the majority for the proposition. This gives a vote of 252 to 121 in favor of eradication, and it is hardly possible that the boxes not yet reported will be able to overcome this, even if they voted heavily against it.

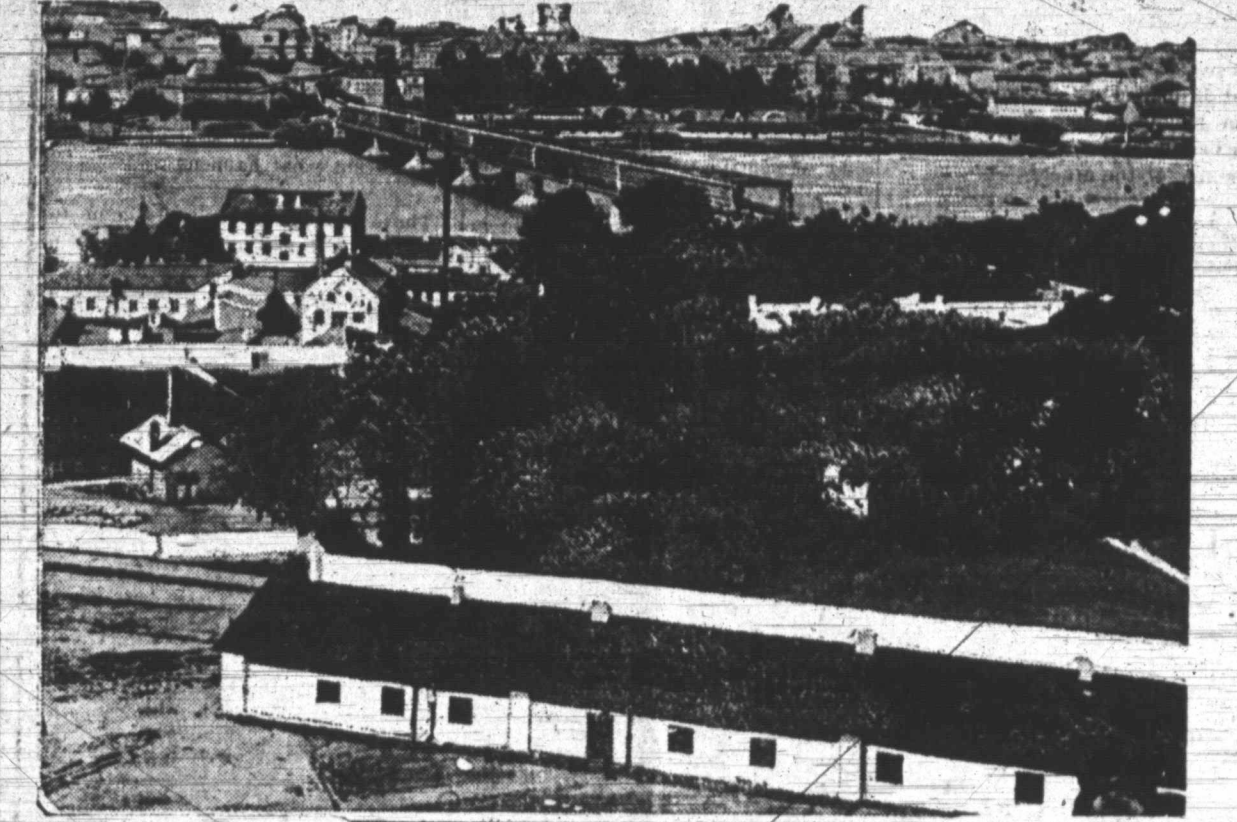
FATE OF WARSAW NOW DEPENDS ON BUG RIVER

Crossing of This Stream Presents More Formidable Obstacle Than Narew River. By Associated Press: London, July 26.—A Reuter dispatch from Berlin says: "A German air raid on the Vistula bridge at Warsaw failed of its object though the bomb caused several casualties among the civilians." The German advance from the Narew river now is 24 miles as the crow flies from the Warsaw-Petrograd main railroad, but the Germans still have to fight their way across the Bug river as well as over 16 miles of virtually roadless country between the Narew and the Bug. The fate of Warsaw really depends on the Bug river which is a much more formidable obstacle than is the Narew, the crossing of which by the Germans was facilitated by an island in the middle of the stream near the confluence of the Ornica.

GOT RECEIPT FROM SUBMARINE COMMANDER

Captain of Fiery Cross Induced Submarine Commander to Give Receipt When He Sunk Ship. London, July 26.—Captain Gedde of the Norwegian ship Fiery Cross, which was sunk by a German submarine off the Scilly Islands on July 3, brought ashore with him an official receipt signed and sealed by the commander of the submarine. It is said that he is the first mercantile seaman to demand and obtain a receipt of this kind. The document reads: "I hereby certify that I have sunk the Norwegian barque, Fiery Cross, Captain John Gedde, on July 3, 1915, at 3 p. m., as she had contraband (lubricating oil) for France on board. Signed Prostmann, Lieutenant Commander of the German submarine."

WARSAW, CAPITAL OF RUSSIAN POLAND FURNISHED SUPPLIES FOR CZAR'S ARMY



BIRDSEYE VIEW OF WARSAW

Warsaw is a railway junction of lines radiating east and west three in one general direction and four in the other. The easterly ones go to Petrograd via Bialystok, Grodno and Wilna to Siedlec, and to Ivangorod and Lublin and along the Galician frontier. Thus most of the supplies that have reached the Russian army retreating through Galicia have had to pass through Warsaw. The three lines on the west go to Ostrolenka, to the East Prussian frontier; to the German fortress of Thorn via Lowicz and Kutno, and to Pielzkow via Skierniowic. These last concentrating lines have measurably aided the Germans to bring a large body of troops to the western front of Warsaw. This front has not yet been broken because of the level lands almost embracing the city on the western side for a distance of twenty miles. One west of the city there is a broad marsh over which the guns of the outer forts have full play; northwest and southeast there were forests which, being leveled in the early days of the war, now form similar difficult approaches. In the accompanying illustration is shown a birdseye view of Warsaw, with a bridge over the Vistula.

EASTLAND'S DEATH'S MAY TOTAL 1080

510 BODIES HAD BEEN RECOVERED AT ONE O'CLOCK TODAY 270 MISSING

INVESTIGATIONS UNDER WAY

States Attorney Express Belief That Accident Resulted From Overloading Steamer

By Associated Press: Chicago, July 26.—Estimates compiled by Coroner Hoffman at 1 p. m. today show that the total of lives lost in the Eastland steamship disaster may reach 1080. The coroner's statement gives the number of bodies recovered as 510 and the number of missing or not reported as 270. All but 20 of the bodies recovered have been identified.

Investigation to determine the cause of the accident and punish those guilty was vigorously pushed today by the coroner and States Attorney Hoyne and United States District Attorney Charles E. Cline.

At the questioning of members of the Eastland's crew this morning Mr. Hoyne and his assistant expressed the opinion that the disaster was caused by the overloading of the boat. Mr. Cline after conferring with federal steamboat inspectors said: "When the time comes we will have plenty to say."

Late today it was announced it would take ten days to raise the steamer and that work would be started at once. Dynamite will be used in the river bed to release those bodies imbedded in the mud. Western Electric employees were idle today while the foremen checked rolls and noted the many who were not there to answer to their names. Large crowds gathered before the building this morning in hopes of obtaining the positions of those who had been killed but the managers announced that there was no work.

FUNSTON READY TO OPEN FIRE UPON MEXICANS

Carranza Troops, It is Reported, Are Preparing to Attack Villistas at Nogales

ITALIANS DESCRIBE AIR RAID UPON RIVA

Rome, July 26.—An air raid upon Riva an important town at the head of Lake Garda in the Austrian Tyrol was described today in an official statement which says: "On the afternoon of July 23 two of our aeroplanes flew over Riva and dropped 18 bombs on the railroad station with excellent result. In Carnia during the night of the 24 and 25 enemy forces attacked our position at Somdogna Pass but were repulsed. In the Monte Nero region the enemy tried to arrest our offensive, delivering three fierce attacks on positions conquered by us on the crest of Lusinka but was repulsed with great losses. On the Goros plateau the action continues to develop favorably for us."

English Scientist, Eighty-Three Years, To Advise Britain



Sir William Crookes, well known English scientist, will be one of the advisers on the British naval invention bureau which has been organized on the same lines as the board suggested by Secretary Daniels of the United States navy, which is headed by Thos. A. Edison, the noted inventor. Sir William is eighty-three years old.

DESPERATE CONDITIONS IN MEXICAN CAPITAL

Thousands of Hungry Inhabitants Roam Streets Searching For Food—Supply Scarce

INDEPENDENTS WIN FROM MELVILLE'S COMEDIANS

Game Was Pitchers Duel in Which Kirkbride Had Slightest the Best of It. From Monday's Daily. The Wichita Falls Independents won a pretty ball game Sunday afternoon from Melville's Comedians by a score of 6 to 5. The game was a pitchers battle between Kirkbride for the Independents and Eberhardt for the Comedians. Kirkbride allowed only four hits, struck out 14, hit one batter with a pitched ball and gave one base on balls. Eberhardt allowed four hits, struck out eleven, hit one batter and gave one base on balls.

PREACHER FINANCIAL SECRETARY INDUSTRIAL CONGRESS

By Associated Press: Waco, Tex., July 26.—Rev. H. E. Parker, pastor of the Main Street Christian church here, has resigned to accept the financial secretaryship of the Texas Industrial Congress.

W. B. ASHBRANNER'S TRIAL BEGUN IN DISTRICT COURT

Defendant is Charged With Assault With Intent to Murder—Nurse is Witness

From Monday's Daily. W. B. Ashbranner, charged by indictment with assault with intent to murder, is on trial before a jury in the 30th district court today. The jury was completed this morning and the taking of testimony started. Most of the state's first witnesses being county and city peace officers. A trained nurse was also among the witnesses for the state. It was not expected that the case would go to the jury before tomorrow.

Mrs. Ashbranner, upon whom the assault is alleged to have been committed, will not be a witness for the defense. Judge J. R. Stubbfield of this city are attorneys for the defendant, while the state is represented by District Attorney Leslie Humphrey and Assistant County Attorney John Davenport.

The jurors are: Robert Thorman, Robert Brubaker, O. L. Clark, J. E. Tunnell, Fred Little, E. L. Gebhart, M. K. Emmert, E. F. Gaston, B. F. Taylor, J. W. Roberts, A. J. Baylor, Edward Gaven.

Defendant On Stand. The state rested early this afternoon and the defense put on a number of character witnesses from Cisco, where the defendant formerly worked as a school teacher and rural mail carrier. The defendant himself then took the stand and said that when the supposed attack upon his wife was made, he was merely trying to quiet her and keep her from doing herself injury. He said he saw her take a bottle from a chiffonier drawer and as she had previously, during her nervous attacks, threatened to end her life, he thought that was her purpose, and took steps to restrain her. He said he seized her by the arms and pushed her back on the bed; he denied that he struck her, choked her or kicked her. The defendant professed his love for his wife, and said that while she had filed suit for divorce since the incident they were living together again. He denied that he had any intention of doing her any injury.

On cross-examination the defendant admitted that he had sometimes sworn in the presence of his wife, but that he had never cursed her directly. He denied that he had said "let her go ahead and kill herself" as a state witness testified he had. He said that the nervous trouble to which his wife was subject had affected her mind and that he had planned to place her in a private sanitarium. The defendant denied flatly some of the testimony given by state witnesses and sought to explain other actions to which they had testified.

THE FIERY-CROSS WAS FAMOUS CHINA CLIPPER

Christiania, July 26.—The Norwegian bark Fiery Cross, recently sunk by a German submarine off the Scilly Islands, was the first of the famous China Clippers that figured in the great tea races of fifty years ago. She was built in 1860 to replace an older Fiery Cross which had been wrecked the previous year, and was commanded on her maiden voyage by Captain Dallas, the greatest of the clipper captains. Under him and his successor, Captain Richard Robinson, she proved well-nigh invincible, receiving the premiums for being the first vessel in the English docks on four different years, and being within 24 hours of winning the race on two other occasions. She remained in the front of big racing boats for more years than any other vessel in marine history, and outlived all her contemporaries of the famous skipper fleet.

BUILDING KNOCKED TO PIECES

From that day the brewery and the outer buildings on the French lines became the target for the German shells and 8 inch guns. As fast, however, as the shells reduced a building the French dug down and maintained themselves. Until the end of November the French remained in the garret of the brewery then were obliged to climb down to the second floor. In December the roof and gables fell into the cellar and New Year's day saw nothing but two jagged walls remaining erect, from behind which the French continued their fire. At Easter there remained but a fragment about two feet above ground and the French fortress was now entirely dug into the earth. The part of the village held by the Germans had undergone the same trans-

GREAT BRITAIN HOLDS ORDERS WITHIN THE LAW

In Answer To American Protest England Cites Decisions Of U. S. Supreme Court In Civil War

By Associated Press: Washington, July 26.—Great Britain's reply to the American note of March 30 protesting against enforcement of the orders in council which restrain neutral commerce was received here today. It holds that the orders are within international law although they may involve a new application of principles and argues that it is proper to await a judicial interpretation. The note in the most courteous language holds that Great Britain's action is justified by the decision of the U. S. supreme court in cases arising during the Civil War. Any differences with the United States over what is termed the new application of principles are held to be proper for submission to judicial settlement.

Secretary Lansing today announced receipt of the note but made no statement of its contents. It will be forwarded to President Wilson at Cornish, N. H., and will be given out in Washington for publication in morning newspapers of Wednesday.

CARENCY TORN TO PIECES IN FIGHTING

LITTLE REMAINS OF VILLAGE WHERE FRENCH AND GERMAN FOUGHT

FIGHT FROM UNDERGROUND

After Buildings Destroyed Opponents Dug Themselves into Ground and Continue Fighting

Abberville, France.—The character of the town to town, house to house struggle that has been going on north of Arras is shown in nearly all its details by the experience of Carency. An insignificant hamlet of about 475 inhabitants before the war, this village will have the honors of history. It first came into the zone of operations when the German movement toward the sea was finally checked there.

The Bavarians, leaving Beaumont October last, secured a footing on the hills of Vimy and Lievin, the 4th they were at Carency, Givency on Gohelle, Notre Dame de Lorette, Souchez and Ablain Saint Nazaire, all of which have since had the honors of frequent mention in the official communiqués. The French cavalry with the Moroccan mounted riflemen met them there and opposed further prolongation of the enemy's front by the valleys of the Authle and the Canche, forcing them to fortify themselves on the hills of Arras and in the coal fields around Lens, thus saving Boulogne, Calais and Dunkirk.

German Stand at Brewery. The French took about half of the village of Carency on the night of October 5, but were stopped at the most considerable building of the town, the Carency brewery, where the Germans made their final stand and where they maintained themselves all winter. It was all the prelude to the conquest of the surrounding hills. In the meantime the physiognomy, not only of the hamlet itself, but of the surrounding country had been so changed that it is almost impossible for those who knew it before the war to recognize it now.

The owners of the brewery, an officer in the French artillery, are now ready at the front. His wife and children, driven from their residence by the approaching German fire, took refuge there, but had scarcely established themselves when the place became the center of a violent conflict. While hand to hand fighting was going on in the gardens all round, at one o'clock in the morning, French soldiers hitched horses to a conveyance, sent the family back of the lines and then with fixed bayonets returned to the assault of the brewery. They were unable to carry it.

From that day the brewery and the outer buildings on the French lines became the target for the German shells and 8 inch guns. As fast, however, as the shells reduced a building the French dug down and maintained themselves. Until the end of November the French remained in the garret of the brewery then were obliged to climb down to the second floor. In December the roof and gables fell into the cellar and New Year's day saw nothing but two jagged walls remaining erect, from behind which the French continued their fire. At Easter there remained but a fragment about two feet above ground and the French fortress was now entirely dug into the earth. The part of the village held by the Germans had undergone the same trans-

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DALLAS STIRRED BY BOMB OUTRAGE

FOREMAN SADDLERY FACTORY IS HURT WHEN BOMB EXPLODED AT HOME

OTHER BOMBS WERE FOUND

European War Orders of Grievance Over Labor Trouble in Past Believed the Cause

WILL FILL NO MORE WAR ORDERS AT PRESENT

Dallas, Texas, July 27.—As the result of finding dynamite under the home of J. D. Padgett here last night and the dynamiting of the home of W. T. Moore, foreman of the Padgett Saddlery factory the saddlery firm announced today that they will fill no more European war orders for saddles for the present.

By Associated Press. Dallas, Texas, July 27.—The bomb thrown into the home of W. T. Moore, a saddlery factory foreman, early today was enclosed in a suit case bearing the name H. O. Cloud of Monroe, La. The police were investigating a theory that the attack might have been on account of the saddlery business for which Mr. Moore worked which has furnished large European saddle orders.

Both Mr. Moore and his son will recover from their injuries, physicians say, although the bomb exploded under their bed.

J. D. Padgett, president of the saddlery company told the police today he was sure war orders had no connection with the bomb. He said that former labor difficulties might explain the attack on Moore's house.

Just a moment before the explosion, Mrs. Annie Lee Andrews-Martin, soloist for the Municipal Concert Band, was standing at the front of the porch on the opposite side of Crockett street talking to a friend.

ATTENTION FARMERS STORING GRAIN

We are prepared to insure your grain stored anywhere on the farm, and in companies that provide absolute protection. It is better to be safe than sorry. Write, phone or call and see us personally for particulars.

ANDERSON & PATTERSON Phone 87 616 Eighth Street Wichita Falls, Texas

PUBLIC SALE Tuesday, August 10th

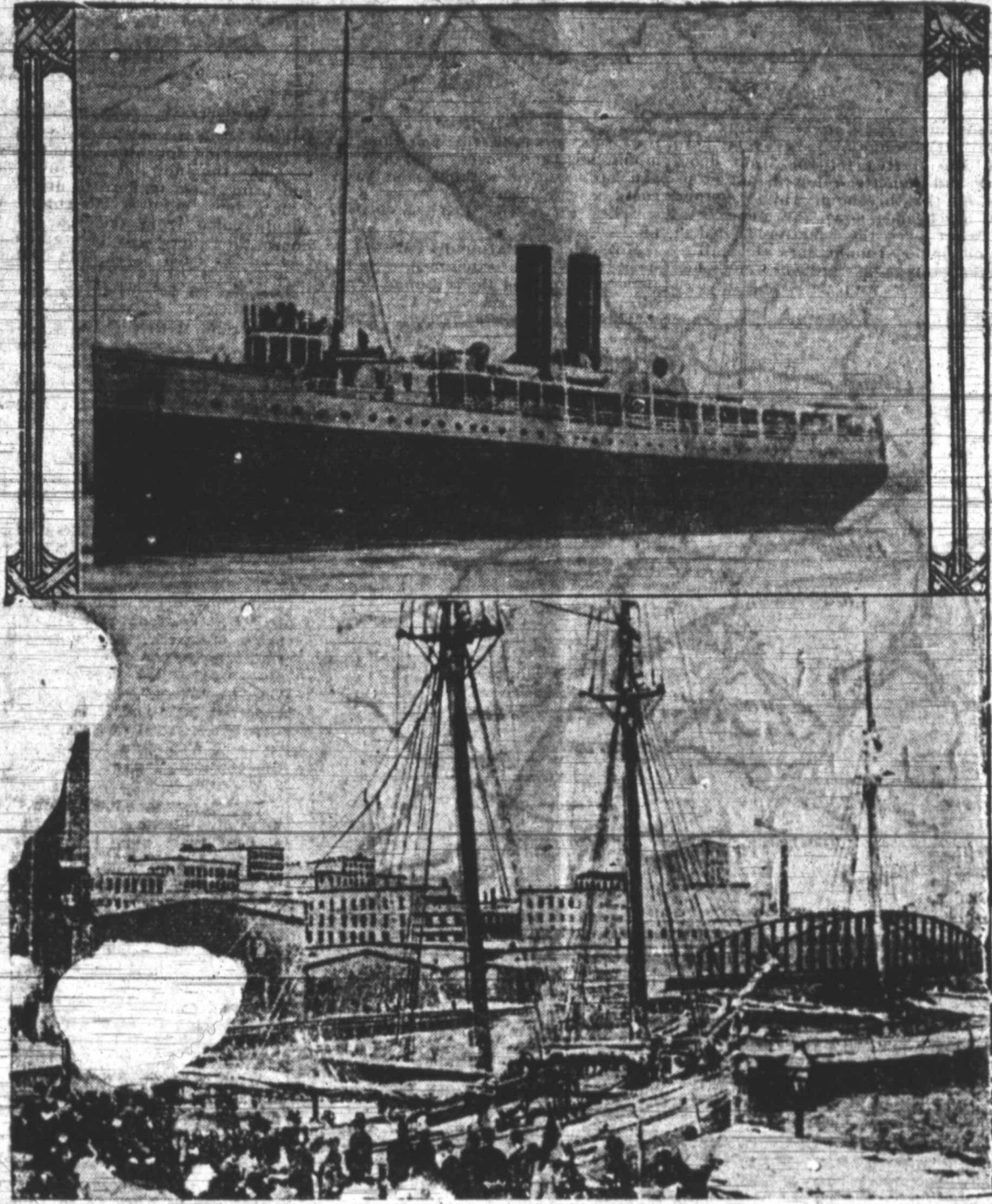
I Will Offer For Sale at My Farm, 3 Miles North of Wichita Falls, Texas, the Following Described Property: 25 Brood Mares, 15 with Colts at side. 20 Geldings and Fillies from 1 to 4 years old. 20 Head of Mules from 1 to 4 years old. 3 Jennets, all bred to jack. 35 Head of Red Polled Cows and Calves. 6 Head Polland China Hogs.

Farming Tools 3 Wagons. 1 Two Gang Plow. 1 Disc Harrow. 1 Four-section Sulky Plow. 3 Sets Work Harness. 1 Five Section Harrow. 2 Sets Single Buggy Harness.

Sale Commences at 10:00 O'clock A. M.—The Ladies of the Friberg Church Will Serve Lunch.

Terms of Sale All sums of \$10.00 and under, cash. All sums over \$10.00 up to \$100 a discount of five per cent. Sums over \$100 three per cent discount. Well secured notes bearing 8 per cent interest for 90 days will be taken. T. L. MULLINS, Auctioneer. E. M. MCKINLEY, Owner.

SORROWFUL SCENES AS SEARCH IS MADE FOR BODIES IN CHICAGO RIVER DISASTER



When the steamer Eastland, with more than 2,000 persons aboard, capsized in the Chicago river every available police reserve and ambulance was rushed to the scene, where hundreds of persons struggled about the narrow landing on the Clark street bridge, which commanded a view of the steamer. The bridge soon was covered with shrieking humanity, and the police had to use their clubs in an effort to clear it. Tugs and small craft responded to the emergency call and bore boatload after boatload from the overturned hull to the landing, where the victims were rushed in ambulances and patrol wagons to hospitals. There were pitiful scenes as bodies were brought to the surface by divers. In the accompanying illustration are shown the steamer Eastland and the river front and Clark street bridge where the boat went down.

SEVENTEEN CONVICTIONS IN DISTRICT COURTS

Many Criminal Cases Disposed of Since Grand Jury Met—Only Three Acquittals

The criminal dockets in both the 30th and 78th district courts have been fairly well cleaned up for the present, and it is not likely that any more cases will be tried before September. Since the grand jury met a total of 27 cases have been disposed of, resulting as follows: Seventeen convictions without suspended sentence.

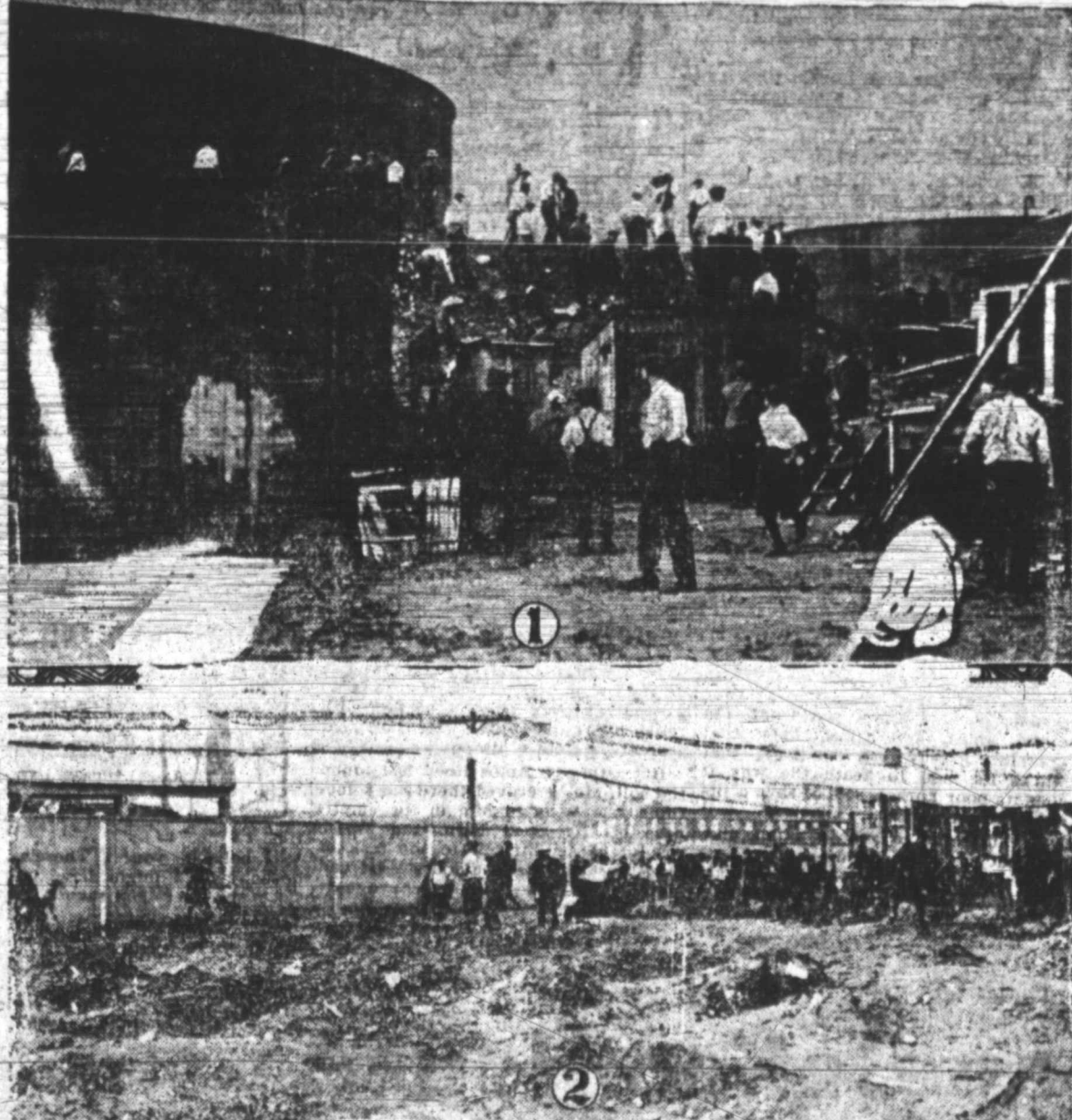
Five convictions with suspended sentence. Three acquittals. Two dismissals. Two mistrials.

This gives District Attorney Humphrey a total of 22 convictions out of 29 cases tried, which is considered a good record. Assistant County Attorney Davenport also contributed to the success of the prosecution. Two cases were disposed of Tuesday. Walter Parker, a negro charged with assault to murder being found guilty of aggravated assault and fined \$75 and C. E. Hovington, charged with burglary being given a suspended sentence of two years. Of those convicted, thirteen are awaiting a penitentiary agent to take them to Huntsville or Rusk, the others appealing their cases. About half a dozen cases were continued for the term.

It is probable that the next criminal cases to be tried will be the forgery cases against Judge E. W. Fry, former county judge of Young county. These will probably come up in September. It is understood that Judge Fry has decided not to move to Houston and will locate in Graham.

Austin, July 28.—The Texas Company of Houston today filed in the state department, in accordance with a resolution adopted by the company's directors May 1, 1915, an acceptance of the act passed by the regular session of the Thirty-fourth legislature generally known as the Texas Company bill.

Death And Destruction In Big Strike At Standard Oil Plant In Bayonne, N. J.



1. THROWING LIGHTED BOMB ON TANK OF OIL. 2. STORMING WALL OF OIL PLANT.

NO JITNEYS IN OPERATION IN WICHITA FALLS NOW

After Jitney Ordinance Became Effective Drivers Quit and None Take Out License

No jitneys were in operation on the streets this morning, for the first time in a number of months, and none of the drivers have applied to the city secretary for licenses under the new ordinance. Those accustomed to coming to town by the jitney route, especially residents of Tenth street, were forced to seek other means of transportation this morning.

W. G. SHAW AND FAMILY TO MOUNT VERNON, OHIO

Former Manager of Window Glass Plant Here Goes With Pittsburgh Plate Glass Co.

W. G. Shaw, who has been connected with the Wichita Falls Window Glass Company for some time, has resigned his position and has gone to Mount Vernon, Ohio, where he will be associated with the Pittsburgh Plate Glass Company. Thomas J. McCoy of Kane, Pa., will succeed Mr. Shaw here, and will assume his duties as general manager shortly. The glass factory is now closed down for repairs and changes and will probably reopen about September 1.

PRACTICAL TESTS OF BUTTER

Important to Know if Supply is Fresh and Free From Suspicion of Rancidity—Remove Salt.

As nearly everyone eats butter, and thousands of pounds of it are consumed every day, it is important to know if the supply is fresh and free from a suspicion of rancidity. To prevent butter from becoming rancid it should be thoroughly "worked" first of all. The next procedure should be to work into it (the mass before it is printed) bicarbonate of soda solution. Dissolve an ounce of bicarbonate of soda with a pint of boiling water. When it cools work this into (and wash the butter well with it) two pounds of butter. When the rank taste has disappeared wash and rinse the butter well with fresh cold water and salt at once.

If butter is too salt it may be freed by churning with fresh milk in the proportion of one quart of milk to one pound of butter. Testing butter to see if it is really fresh butter, renovated butter, or margarine, may be done by placing a piece of butter about the size of a lima bean in an iron spoon and holding the spoon over an alcohol stove or other fire, stirring the melting butter with a clean wooden stick (toothpick) until it boils. Pure butter boils with a little noise, but a great deal of foam; "renovated" butter or margarine boils with much noise and splutters like grease and water.

To remove salt from butter—which is sometimes necessary, especially if butter has been in "pickle"—put three or four pounds of butter in a large wooden bowl, pour over it enough cold water to cover it, and then beat the butter with a spoon till the water is hazy looking or discolored. Pour off this water, then, and add more, and then beat again. Change the water until it is clear after the beating. If the water comes out of the beaten butter looking clear, then it is time to stop, for that proves the salt has been removed.

PLANT JUICE USED FOR INK

Curious Vegetable Product in New Granada Known as Ink Plant—Used for Public Documents.

Most of the inks in use today are derived from the mineral kingdom. All inks require a certain degree of skill to manufacture properly. Whether made of mineral substances or vegetable, most of them cannot be used with much success in the state in which they are found in nature.

There is in New Granada a curious vegetable product known as the ink plant. Its juice, called chanchi, can be used, it is said, without any previous preparation.

The letters traced are of a reddish brown color at first, but turn a deep black in a few hours. This curious juice is less injurious to steel pens than the commercial inks.

These qualities of the plant seem to have been discovered under the Spanish administration. Some writings intended for the mother country were wet through by sea water on the voyage. While the papers written with common ink were almost illegible, those written with the vegetable ink were quite uninjured.

Orders were given in consequence that this plant juice be used for the inscribing of all public documents.

COUNTY SUPERINTENDENTS MEET AT GREENVILLE

By Associated Press. Greenville, Texas, July 28.—A session of the North Texas County School Superintendents Association was to be held here today. W. F. Doughty, state superintendent of public schools, was to deliver the principal address, while many prominent North Texas educators were on the program for speeches.

827 DEAD HAVE BEEN RECOVERED

MISSING IN EASTLAND DISASTER NOW 999 TOTAL DEATHS MAY BE MORE THAN 1,200

INVESTIGATIONS ARE RESUMED

Testimony Being Taken by Grand Jury Which is Probing Cause of Disaster

By Associated Press. Chicago, July 27.—With the taking of testimony at the coroner's jury today the first investigation of the capsizing of the Eastland started. At the same time investigations were being conducted by the state grand jury, the federal authorities and the city council. Secretary of Commerce William F. Redfield arrived today and took up what he promised would be a thorough inquiry. A short time later attorneys from the United States District Attorney's office visited all the men sold as witnesses and obtained statements from them at the same time subpoenaing them to appear before the federal grand jury which meets Thursday.

States Attorney Hoynes also was active in his investigations and the cooperation that he received today from both the federal authorities and the police indicated that the threatened strained relations between those three sets of investigators turned into complete harmony. Mr. Hoynes said today he was confident that the boat was over-loaded. "From all accounts there were scores of children on the boats, only part of whom can be accounted for by the ticket stubs," he said. The work of taking the bodies from the river continued today. The official roll today is: Identified dead 882; unidentified 5; missing 339; total 1220.

908 TEVIS HELD UP AND ROBBED ON BURNETT ST.

From Tuesday's Daily.

Bob Tevis, son of C. G. Tevis, was held up by a masked man near the corner of Fifteenth and Burnett streets last night. Young Tevis handed the robber 95 cents, all the money in his pockets and succeeded in dropping his watch down his trousers leg where the robber failed to find it when he searched him.

The robber stopped young Tevis by asking him for a match and then thrust a revolver into his face, which Bob told friends was four feet long and with a muzzle as big around as a saucer. Mr. Tevis was on his way home from a prohibition meeting down town when the robber stopped him.

The robber wore a blue bandanna handkerchief over his face and was rather roughly dressed. He wore a cap. After searching young Tevis the robber ran down the street while Tevis ran across the street and woke up the residents. Officers were notified and a search made for the robber. When they went down town they found two other young men who had been robbed by a man answering the same description near the Fort Worth & Denver water tank. From one of these boys the robber secured \$1.50 in cash and from the other a small amount. No further trace of the man could be found.

JITNEY DRIVERS MUST TAKE OUT LICENSE

Operation of Cars Stopped This Morning After New Ordinance Became Effective

From Tuesday's Daily. Drivers of jitneys were notified today by the police department that they must either obtain licenses or cease to do business. The ordinance putting them under bond went into effect today. The jitneys were operating as usual this morning but quit as soon as notice was served by the police.

It is not known whether there will be any test of the ordinance. One or two of the operators. It is understood, expect to take out their licenses and comply with the ordinance.

AUTOMOBILE DAMAGED WHILE BEING CLEANED

W. M. McGregor's Cadillac car was badly damaged by fire this morning at the Imperial garage, igniting while a negro was washing the engine with gasoline. The engine caught fire and the flames shot backward under the car, igniting the top and rear cushions. The damage to the engine is believed to be small. An alarm was turned in and the fire department extinguished the blaze with the chemical.

HARRIS COUNTY FARMER SHOT BY NEGRO

By Associated Press. Houston, July 28.—Ben Lewis, 30, a young farmer of this county, was probably fatally shot at Hockley last night when he in company with Joe Jacobs, another farmer, went into the yard of Adam Bragg, negro, to get water. Jacobs said, Bragg, who surrendered, claims the white men opened fire on him when he asked them what they wanted. A full load of shot struck Lewis in the face. Lewis and Jacobs were going home in the former's wagon at the time.

Personals

From Sunday's Daily. R. O. Harvey and family left Friday night for Colorado Springs...

O. W. Cannedy of Panhandle City, stopped off yesterday for a short visit with his brother, Rev. T. E. Cannedy...

George D. Bentley and bride who have been visiting relatives here and at Thornberry, left Friday for Christobol, Panama...

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Reynolds of Wolfe City, have returned to their home after a few days' visit with their son, W. R. Reynolds...

J. E. Anderson and wife will leave today for a visit of ten days at Parsons, Kansas.

Mrs. Jefferson D. Goggs is reported seriously ill at her home in the Fairview addition.

Mrs. N. L. Inge returned Saturday from a visit to relatives at Granger and Dallas. Her niece, Miss Covington, returned with her for a visit here.

Mrs. Richard Corner of Austin is expected to arrive this morning to visit her son, John Gould...

Harry Lyons, sales manager for the Zeigler Stove Manufacturing Co., left yesterday for south Texas where gas is used, in the interest of the Zeigler stove.

J. J. Cowden and wife of Headrick, Okla., are making a short visit with Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Webb...

Mrs. Elbert Reed and children left yesterday for their home at Carlsbad, Texas, after a visit with her parents...

Mrs. J. W. Bradley and children left yesterday for a visit at Fort Worth. From Fort Worth they will go to Rochester, Minn...

Mrs. Warren Waggoner and children after a short stay here left yesterday for Strawn where they are living while Mr. Waggoner is operating in the oil field there.

From Monday's Daily. W. C. Young of Archer City, was here today.

P. A. Ashworth of Electra, was here on business today.

Dr. George B. Hamilton of Olney was the guest of Miss Theola Yates Sunday.

Miss Francis Allen of Travis street, and niece, Francis Gerock, left today for a visit with relatives in Sherman, Texas.

A. B. Maples, agent here for the Katy has returned from a short vacation spent in Bell county. Mrs. Maples and the children remained there for a longer visit.

Rev. T. L. Niebett, pastor of the Methodist churches at Friberg and Thornberry, was here today on his way to Grandfield where he goes to separate with Rev. Needham for a series of special meetings at Friberg and Thornberry to start within the next week or two.

County Judge Harvey Harris returned this morning from a business trip to Waxahachie.

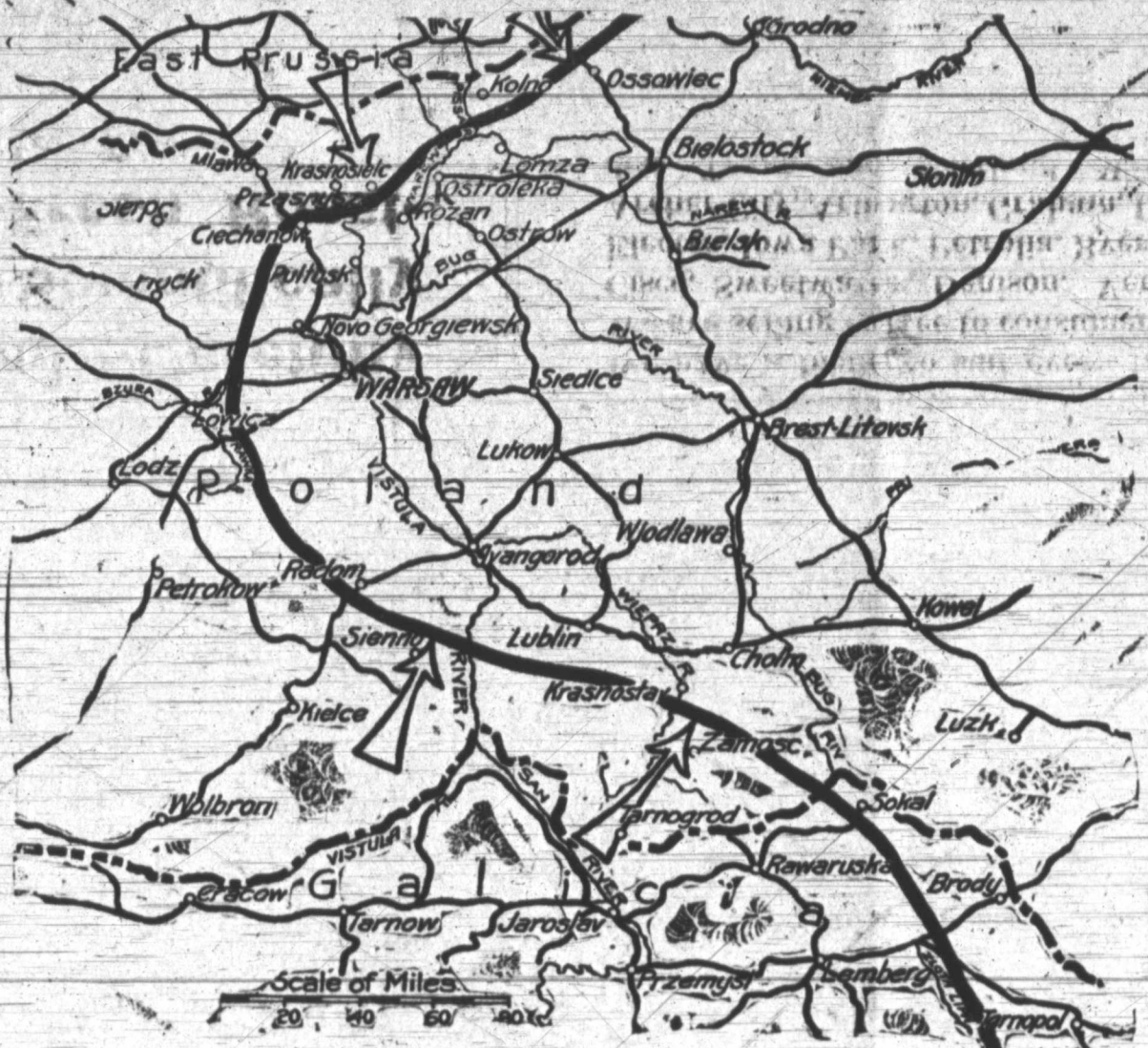
Wendell Johnson, formerly an attorney of this city, now practicing law at Matador, was in the city today.

Mrs. William Huff and Mrs. C. E. McCutcheon left today for Medicine Park, Okla. to join a party of friends for a week's outing.

T. J. Freeman left this afternoon for Abilene and other points.

DR. J. W. DuVAL Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat First National Bank Bldg.

Millions Of Men Involved In Colossal Drives By Germany To Cut Off Russia



Scale of Miles 20 40 60 80 [BIG OFFENSIVE MOVEMENT AGAINST RUSSIA]

M. F. Gupton returned yesterday from Denton, where Mrs. Gupton has been visiting...

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Arnold of Paris, Tex., left today to visit relatives at Chillicothe after spending a week here with their daughter, Mrs. B. J. McHam.

J. V. C. T. Christensen went to Fort Worth this afternoon.

Miss Ellouise Speer of Big Sandy arrived today to visit her aunt, Mrs. J. R. Prothro.

Misses Audrey Addicks and Corneilia McAllister left today for Fort Worth to visit friends, after which Miss McAllister will return to her home in Paris.

Miss Alma Mayfield returned to her home in Chillicothe today after a visit with Mrs. B. J. McHam.

W. F. Weeks went to Houston today. Mrs. Tom Smith of Fort Worth is visiting Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Gupton.

Attorney W. P. McLean, Jr., of Fort Worth was here today on route to Seymour.

Mrs. Strub Moore went to Ft. Worth this afternoon for a week's visit with friends.

Miss Mary McCune has returned from Denison where she has been visiting for some time. She was accompanied by Miss Mae Kern.

Dr. Joanna Campbell has returned from a visit with friends in Terrell, Greenville and other points. She has as her guest Dr. W. H. Ballew of Terrell.

From Tuesday's Daily. T. E. Reilly, traveling freight agent for the Cotton Belt, with headquarters at Fort Worth, is in the city.

Miss Bessie Lee Bartlett is visiting friends at Electra.

Eugene Sherrard, court stenographer in the 78th district court is planning to leave Saturday with his family on an automobile tour of Colorado. He expects to be gone about a month.

Mrs. W. P. Skeen accompanied by her little grand daughter, Sarah Frances Asbury, who has been visiting here left this morning for Oklahoma City, where Mrs. Skeen will make an extended visit.

W. F. Bagon, an oil man of Houston is a visitor in the city.

Mrs. M. R. Robertson left this afternoon for a visit to points in New Mexico.

Mrs. W. M. McCaleb, who has been visiting Mrs. M. M. Walker, returned today to her home in Vernon.

Dr. J. E. Daniel went to Fort Worth this afternoon.

Mrs. M. J. Thompson went to Petrolit this afternoon for a visit.

Dr. A. L. Andrews returned today from a brief visit in Fort Worth.

Rev. A. L. Andrews will deliver a prohibition address at Electra tonight.

D. E. Decker of Quanah, former state senator, was here today on business. Attorney Walter Nelson returned today from a business trip to Anson.

Miss Grace Nolen left this afternoon to visit friends in Ennis.

Mrs. J. T. Holly and daughter Thelma, who have been visiting Mrs. J. W. Lee, returned today to their home in Grandfield. Rodney Lee accompanied them home.

Mrs. J. A. Wray left this afternoon for Fort Worth to remain two weeks. Among those from this section attending the Farmers' Congress at College Station are Lee Prescott, C. O. Quarstrom and T. B. Taylor.

Clyde Holly of Palestine, traveling auditor for L. & G. N., was here recently visiting his mother, Mrs. J. W. Lee.

Miss Winnie Mae Gladdings returned today from a visit to Electra.

Rev. Father Dean Nolan returned to his home in Fort Worth today after spending several days here.

J. A. D. Smith and Mayor Ben Schweger of Burkburnett were visitors here this afternoon.

From Wednesday's Daily. J. C. Donaghy of Muskogee, Okla., is in the city today.

W. R. Estill of Megargel is here today on business.

C. E. Menzie left last night on a business trip to Mineral Wells.

H. H. Dockery came down from Electra on business this morning.

N. C. Heath, a Vernon jeweler, formerly a resident of Wichita Falls, was a visitor here today.

R. C. Priebe left this morning for Amarillo, Goodnight and other Panhandle points on a prospecting trip.

R. G. Scheurer, the hardware man, returned today from a business trip to St. Louis, Kansas City and other points.

Mrs. M. A. Thomas of Barstow, Oklahoma was expected to arrive today for a visit with her sister Mrs. J. M. Childress.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Foshee have returned from a trip to the Panama Exposition and other California points. They were accompanied by Miss Alta Ward of Claremore, Okla.

B. F. Suter, postmaster at Randlett, came over last night to offer his assistance to the men injured in the automobile accident. Martin McKelk, the man killed, he said stood high in the community and the news of the accident caused a shock at Randlett.

M. L. Thompson returned last night from a trip to Bunkman, Carter and other Oklahoma points, where he went to look after Kemp and Kell farming interests. He reports good crop prospects in this section.

A party of delegates from Wichita Valley points to the Texas Farmers' Union convention at Houston passed through here this afternoon en route to Houston.

Mrs. C. W. Rountree, 1314 Tenth street has as her guests, Mrs. Louis Enloe and Miss Opal Davidson of Henrietta.

Mrs. Philip Dan and daughter, Bess of Fort Worth, are visiting Mrs. Dan's daughters, Mrs. Philip Kleinman and Mrs. L. Cohen at Kemp Court.

J. C. Donaghy, formerly of this city, but now at Muskogee, is here on business today.

Mrs. W. G. Shaw and daughter, Miss Lorna, left today for Mount Vernon, Ohio, to join Mr. Shaw and make their home there.

Col. Luke Wilson of Kansas City, was here today.

Miss Lillian Burnett of Bowie, arrived today for a brief visit with Miss Anne Freear.

F. S. Jones went to San Antonio this afternoon.

Mrs. E. P. St. Clair will leave tomorrow for Rochester, Minn., to undergo an operation. Her daughter, Mrs. W. J. Garner will accompany her.

Mrs. R. L. Hargrave and son returned today from a visit to New Orleans.

Miss Florence Turner of Archer City, returned home today after a visit here.

C. L. Fontaine returned today from a trip to Amarillo.

A DANGEROUS MISTAKE Wichita Falls Mothers Should Not Neglect Kidney Weakness in Children

Many children have weak kidneys. An early warning is bed wetting. Often followed by backache, headache, languor.

'Tis a mistake to neglect these troubles. To blame the child for his own distress. Seek to check the cause. Save the child from dangerous kidney ills.

Doan's Kidney Pills are especially for weak kidneys. Wichita Falls parents know their worth.

Mrs. R. D. Cato, 1303 Scott avenue, Wichita Falls, says: "A young son of the family had always been troubled by her kidneys and had never been what we could call a healthy child. The action of her kidneys was irregular and the kidney secretions were unnatural. Doan's Kidney Pills strengthened her kidneys and the child is in much better health now."

Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Cato had. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.—Advt.

ABSOLUTE PROHIBITION NOW AT VLADIVOSTOK

Alcohol and the Business of War Found Not to Mix Well—City Described

Vladivostok, July 28.—With this city burdened with the business of war it is a great shipping center now of vast supplies for the Russian army...

But it is a wonderful thing how the people have gone along without drinking. They have demonstrated this and shown that they can have a good time just the same. They still frequent the "safe concerts" or find other amusements to relieve the heavy burden of the day's work.

The women conductors on the tramways also give a new note to the city. As first they were pleasantly teased and joked about, but everybody is used to them now and likes them as agreeable and capable.

When war broke out between Russia and Germany-Austria, the German and Austrian civil population at Vladivostok was given twenty-four hours to leave. Many Germans, mostly comfortable merchants and bankers did not go.

Mrs. W. G. Shaw and daughter, Miss Lorna, left today for Mount Vernon, Ohio, to join Mr. Shaw and make their home there.

In many cases these detained people have spent the winter where the thermometer fell to 75 degrees below zero Fahrenheit.

Some turned themselves into bankers, others shoemakers, still others clerks and general laborers. But this was not sufficient to care for all, and there was indication of great misery until the German government, with day the consent of Russia, made an arrangement with the American embassy at Petrograd whereby German funds are forwarded to the abandoned civilians.

For the Vladivostok district this distribution which takes the form of monthly allowances is being carried out effectively through the American consul, John K. Caldwell, who before his appointment here was one of the Japanese speaking secretaries of the American embassy at Tokio.

THE SHORTEST SOLDIER IN THE FRENCH ARMY. Paris, July 28.—The shortest soldier in the French army is Guy Coudert, who stands 2 feet, 6 inches, but is solidly built enough to carry a soldier's load.

Paris, July 28.—The shortest soldier in the French army is Guy Coudert, who stands 2 feet, 6 inches, but is solidly built enough to carry a soldier's load.

THE MISSES MAE AND VERA MURFRE OF Lubbock and Miss Lennie McCune of Tulsa, Texas, are the guests of Mrs. G. R. Hartsock.

MORE PRO AND ANTI SPEECHES ARE MADE

JUDGE CARLETON AND C. B. PASH FOR ANTI-AND JUDGE CHAUNCEY FOR PROS

MEETINGS AT ELECTRA ALSO

Judge Scurry Addressed Anti Gathering North of Electra While Rev. Andrews Speaks For Pros

From Wednesday's Daily. A prohibition address by Judge W. B. Chauncey and anti addresses by Judge W. T. Carlton and C. B. Pash were the oratorical offerings in Wichita Falls last night.

Judge Carlton's Address. At the Wichita Theatre Judge Carlton told his audience that he was qualified to speak as to the effects of prohibition because he had lived in a good town that had gone dry with consequent business stagnation and general depression.

C. B. Pash Speaks. C. B. Pash who addressed a big crowd at the Lamar Airdome compared Wichita Falls to some of the dry towns in this section of the State showing that Wichita Falls was far in advance of all of them.

He referred to the charge that brewers money was being used in the campaign saying that the word of the men of the anti committee did not need further statements on this matter. He referred to the Anti Saloon League and declared that it had collected a huge sum in Texas of which it had been shown that half went into the pockets of the officers of the organization.

Judge Chauncey addressed the largest crowd that has yet heard a prohibition speech here in this campaign. He discussed the argument that prohibition would not prohibit "they will point," he said, "to the fellows who come over from Oklahoma in automobiles and load and load up with Wichita Falls booze to show you what will happen when Wichita Falls goes dry.

He said that he had come to Wichita Falls because he believed the city had a bright future. "I think things are better here than when I came here," he said. "I think next Saturday will be the brightest day in the history of the city, for Wichita Falls is going dry; she's going to rid herself of the parasite we call the saloon."

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Professional Cards

ROBERT E. HUFF Attorney at Law Prompt attention to all civil business. Office: Rear First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

W. E. Fitzgerald F. B. Cox FITZGERALD & COX Attorney at Law Practices in all courts. Rooms 304-306 First Nat'l Bank Bldg.

C. B. FELDER Attorney at Law Office 310 First National Bank Building

Wm. N. Bonner, Jounett M. Bonner BONNER & BONNER Attorney at Law General, State and Federal practice. Offices: Sultes 3, 10 and 11 Ward Bldg. Phone 131.

HUFF, MARTIN & BULLINGTON Lawyers Rooms: 314, 315 and 316 Kamb & Kell Building.

W. F. WEEKS Attorney at Law Office Fifth floor new First National Bank Bldg.

SMOOT & SMOOT Lawyers Office in Friberg Building.

W. LINDSAY BIBB Lawyer Civil and Criminal Law. Office Phone 1327. 207 K. & K. Bldg.

JOHN C. KAY Noble, Smith & Henderson Building, Seventh Street.

CARRIGAN, MONTGOMERY & BRITAIN Lawyers Room 320, First National Bank Bldg.

BERNARD MARTIN Attorney at Law office room 306 K. & K. Bldg.

J. M. BLANKENSHIP Attorney at Law Room 3 Ward Building. Phone 673.

W. B. Chauncey John Davenport CHAUNCEY-DAVENPORT Lawyers Suite 3 Br. Anderson Bldg. Phone 1424.

J. R. OGLE Attorney at Law Room 13, Ward Building. Phone 191.

T. R. (Dan) BOONE Attorney at Law Suite 406-407 Kemp & Kell Building.

Walter Neeson T. F. Hunter NELSON & HUNTER Attorneys-at-Law Suite 204-206 First National Bank Bldg. Phone 1436.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS DR. A. L. LANE Physician and Surgeon Room 308 First Nat'l Bank Building. Office phone 586. Residence phone 487.

DRS. BURNSIDE & JONES Surgery and General Practice Dr. Burnside's residence No. 218. Dr. Jones' residence No. 844. Office phone No. 12. Offices Moore-Bateman Bldg.

DR. WADE H. WALKER Surgery and General Practice Office phone 288; residence phone 287. Office First National Bldg. Rooms 301-302.

DRS. AMASON & HARGRAVE Surgery and General Medicine Office 205-204 K. & K. Bldg. Office phone 760. Dr. Amason residence phone 649. Dr. Hargrave, residence 763. Surgeons in charge of Amason & Hargrave Hospital, 806 Brook.

DR. SCHULTZ, The German Specialist Special attention given to Diseases of Women; also Chronic, Nervous and Applications. Office No. 605-14 Main St., Ward Bldg. Phone No. 1990.

DR. W. H. FELDER Dentist Southeast corner Seventh Street and Ohio Avenue.

DR. T. R. BOGER Dentist Office over First State Bank. Hours from 8 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m.

ARCHITECTS FIELD & CLARKSON Architects 517 Kemp & Kell Building. Ft. Worth and Wichita Falls.

Lodge Directory Wichita Falls Camp No. 12006 M. W. of A. meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., 708 1/2 Seventh street. B. W. Bulard, Consul; E. G. Cook, Clerk.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE LITHOGRAPHED FOLDERS A large supply of the lithographed folders published by the Chamber of Commerce, has arrived and these booklets may be had by anyone wishing to mail them out of town. Those desiring them are requested to call in person, as none will be given to children. The folders contain handsome color reproductions of all the important local buildings.

POLICE CHIEFS AND MARSHALS MEET AT FORT WORTH Fort Worth, Tex., July 28.—Chief of Police and City Marshals' Association of Texas met here today in annual convention. The meeting was postponed from June 15-17 on account of high waters prevailing over the state at that time. The program, it was said would be especially interesting to police officers. The convention closes Friday.

From Plantation to Cup ---Well Aged---Carefully Selected--Scientifically Blended---Fresh Roasted...Good to Drink!

Cup quality only—no mixtures. Nothing like a cup of coffee at breakfast to carry you through these hot days. We have a blend to suit every taste and every purse. We are selling coffee to consumers, in Dallas, Houston, Cisco, Sweetwater, Denison, Vernon, Mineral Wells, Electra, Iowa Park, Petrolia, Byers, Bryson, Blue Grove, Archer City, Arlington, Graham, Dundee, Olney, Clarendon, Texas and Portland, Wisconsin. "There's a Reason." WE ROAST COFFEE EVERY DAY.

824 Indiana

Bert Bean Coffee House

Telephone 35

CHARLES BECKER DIES IN THE ELECTRIC CHAIR

DECLARES INNOCENCE AWAITING THE SHOCK

REMAINS COMPOSED TO VERY LAST AND LED WAY TO THE DEATH CHAIR

SACRIFICE TO HIS FRIENDS

Goes to His Death With Photograph of Wife Pinned to Shirt Over His Heart

By Associated Press. Sing Sing Prison, Ossining, N. Y.—Charles Becker was put to death in the electric chair here this morning for the killing of Herman Rosenthal, the New York gambler. The former New York police lieutenant protested his innocence to the last. He went to his death with the photograph of his wife pinned on his shirt over his heart.

Three shocks were given before physicians announced Becker dead at 5:35 o'clock. Becker led the way to his own execution. The condemned man sat up at night on the edge of his cot, calmly talking to Deputy Warden Charles F. Johnson. "I have got to face it," said Becker, "and I am going to meet it quietly and without trouble to any one." The deputy warden left Becker about an hour before the time set for the execution, and when the priest, Father Casbin, the prison priest, and Father Curry of New York came to administer the last rites they found the man who instigated Herman Rosenthal's murder with his face resting on his hand gazing at the prison floor. The priests remained with him to the end.

Becker's Last Message. After the witnesses had assembled in the death chamber deputies went to Becker's cell. Becker rose to his feet and took a crucifix from the hand of the prison priest. To Father Curry, Becker gave his last message which was:

"I am not guilty by deed or conspiracy of any other way of the death of Rosenthal. I am sacrificed to my friends. Bear this message to the world and my friends. Amen."

The one time police officer hesitated as he entered the execution room. It seemed to the witnesses as if he was startled at the death chair was set at hand. He looked quickly at the double row of witnesses, glanced at the floor swept with his eyes the whiteness of the walls of the room and suddenly as it coming to himself, walked briskly over the rubber mat and seated himself in the electric chair. Behind Becker followed the priest, chanting the prayer of death which was repeated by the condemned man, "Jesus, Mary, Joseph, have mercy on my soul," nervously spoke Becker as deputy wardens stepped forward and adjusted the electrodes. Hardly a minute elapsed before the electrodes were applied to his right leg.

After the electrodes had been firmly adjusted against a shaven spot on the back of the condemned man's head the state executioner looked at Deputy Warden Johnson who surveyed the figure that was still mumbling the death chant in the chair. Johnson half turned his head and the executioners jammed the switch. The first shock of full minute and the executioner said it was 1850 volts and 10 amperes in strength. It came while Becker was still commending his soul to his Maker.

The two prison physicians stepped forward to examine the collapsed figure that was supported in the death chair by the thick black leather straps. The stethoscope was applied to his heart and Dr. Charles Farr pressed his finger to the artery in the neck, there was still a feeble fluttering in the heart. The physician stepped back from the rubber mat and again the electric current pulsed through the body, the shock lasted seven seconds and the current then was turned off. After a hasty examination Dr. Farr asked that a second shock be given. This lasted five seconds and an examination that took five minutes followed. Dr. Farr at 5:55 quickly announced, "I pronounce this man dead."

Wrote Statement. During the night Becker penciled on a piece of paper what he captioned: "My dying declaration." Becker's message given out just before he went to his death read: "Gentlemen, I stand before you in my full senses, knowing that no power on earth can save me from the grave that is to receive me. In the face of that I, in the name of those who condemn me and in the presence of my God and your God, I proclaim my absolute innocence of the foul crime for which I must die. You are now about to witness my destruction by the state which is organized to protect the lives of the innocent. May Almighty God pardon every one who has contributed in any degree to my untimely death and now on the brink of my grave I declare to the world that I am proud to have been the husband of the purest, noblest woman that ever lived—"

Helen Becker. This acknowledgment is the only legacy I can leave her. I bid you all good-bye. Father, I am ready to go. Amen. (Signed) "CHARLES BECKER."

After his wife had said farewell shortly after midnight Becker maintained a casual conversation with Deputy Warden Johnson who sat beside the screen in front of his cell. Dawn found him seated on the edge of his cot carefully pinning a photograph of his wife on his white shirt just above his heart; then as if he desired to have her all to himself Becker put on a thin black alpaca coat which he tightly buttoned. The photograph was not seen by the witnesses until the physician opened his coat as he sat in his chair. Becker was put to death by the state executioner whose name is unknown to the public. This man succeeded State Electrician Davis and he said he would not take the job unless his name was kept secret. After Becker's body had been removed from the electric chair Samuel Haynes, a negro murderer was then brought into the execution room and put to death, being electrocuted. One of Becker's last requests was that he be put to death before the negro, Haynes.

Mrs. Becker Issues Statement. A statement credited to Mrs. Becker was given out shortly after her husband's death. "I shall never rest," she was quoted as saying, "until I have exposed the methods which were used to convict my husband. Whether he was guilty or innocent there was no justification of the methods employed to convict him. I would rather lose all other members of my family, dear as they are to me, than to lose Charles, no one can take his place. In all the ten years of our married life I never had occasion once to regret being his wife. Charles was no angel, he made no pretense of being one. He was just a human being, maybe that was why I loved him so."

Letter to Governor. Becker last night gave out a letter he had written Governor Whitman. In this letter Becker reiterated his innocence of the crime for which he has been convicted. "To these charges and to all others I answer," the letter read, "by repeating solemnly, on the brink of the world to which you are sending me before my time, that I am a constant answer while in the world. I am as innocent as you of having murdered Herman Rosenthal or of having conspired, procured or aided in his murder, or of having any knowledge of the dreadful crime."

The alleged statements which Becker referred to as having been credited to the governor were that he had offered to plead guilty of murder in the second degree; that, quoting from Becker's letter, he had offered to give testimony against several persons (whose names are undisclosed) of having shared with him in collecting money from lawbreakers; that he had sent counsel to the men arrested for complicity in the Rosenthal murder, and that with a cruelty almost inconceivable, it is stated that my first wife died under circumstances warranting suspicion that I had caused her death."

Becker explained the death of his first wife by declaring that she had died of "hasty consumption" and "had no breath of suspicion had ever been raised against him in that connection."

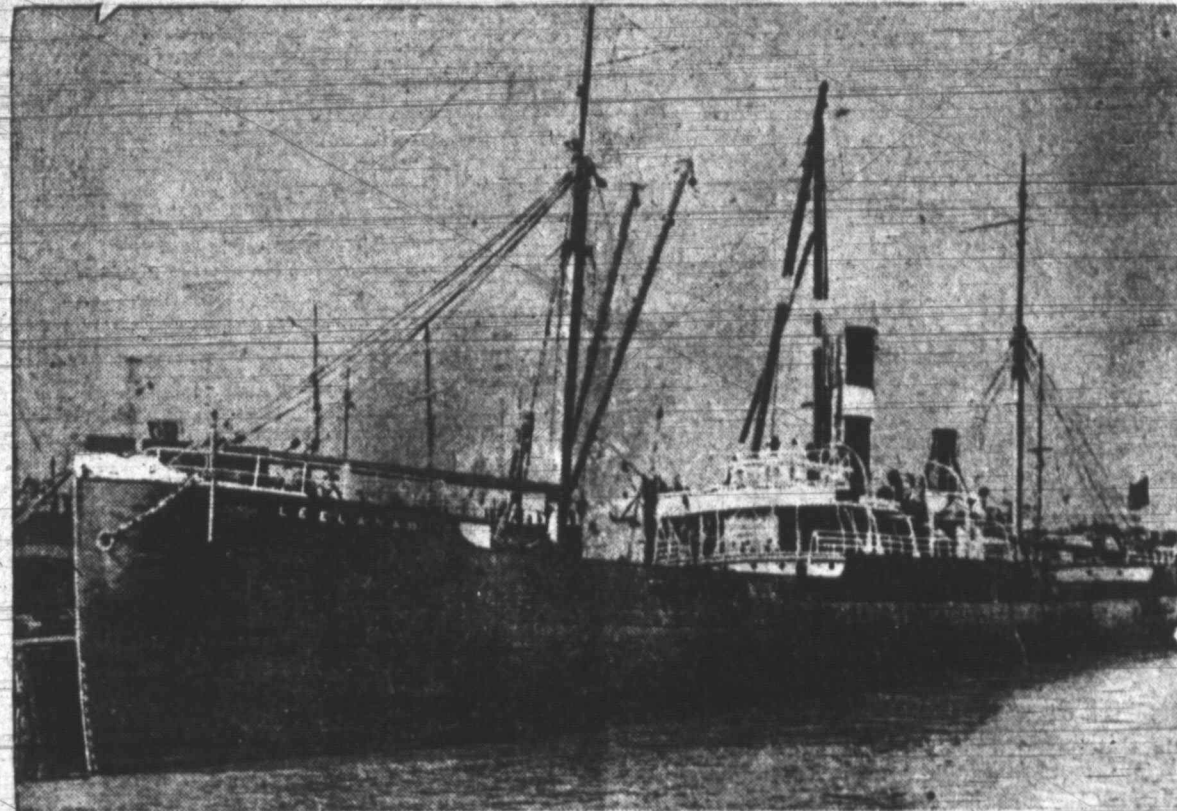
"When Your Power Passes." "Mark well, sir, these words of mine," the letter concluded. "When your power passes, then the truth of Rosenthal's murder will become known. But not while your homines remain district attorneys and can hold the club over these persons."

REPORTED POPE ABOUT TO ASK FOR ARMISTICE

Will Act Through Episcopate of Belligerent Countries; Realizes Obstacles

By Associated Press. Berlin, July 30.—A dispatch from Madrid says the Spanish newspaper, A. B. C. reports from Rome that the Pope is preparing a great action through the episcopate of the belligerent countries to secure an armistice. The archbishop of Pisa is quoted as confirming the story, adding that Pope Benedict himself is aware of the difficulties he must overcome.

Compare Sinking Of Leelanaw With Destruction Of The William P. Frye



The issue over the destruction of the American steamer Leelanaw, which was sunk by a German submarine while en route from Archangel, Russia to Belfast, was regarded almost identical with that of the destruction of the American sailing ship William P. Frye by the German auxiliary cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich, for which the United States has demanded the payment of a monetary indemnity and full reparation for the violation of treaty stipulations. One difference, however, between the Frye and Leelanaw cases is to be found in the fact that the Americans on the Frye were taken on board the German cruiser Prinz Eitel Friedrich and carried to a place of safety at Newport News, while the captain and crew of the Leelanaw, according to reports from London, were taken on board the German submarine, but were afterward required to take their own boats. The Leelanaw incident will figure prominently in the controversy between this country and Germany. High officials were inclined to look upon it as a serious aggravation of the situation.

OKLAHOMA MAN HURT MYSTERIOUS MANNER

OFFICERS BELIEVE ROBBERY AND ATTEMPTED MURDER IN CONNECTION

MAN FOUND IN COURTWAY

Whether He Had Been Thrown or Had Fallen From Roof Matter of Conjecture

With J. J. Lindsey of Oklahoma unconscious and perhaps fatally injured by a local hospital after being found underneath a window of the Main hotel last night, the police are today investigating what appears to be a case of robbery and attempted murder. A man who was represented as being the son of Lindsey and who occupied the room with him, is missing. No money or valuables were found in Lindsey's pockets. Lindsey was found in a small court into which the back doors of two buildings open, abutting the Main hotel on the north side. The court is about six by thirty feet, with a concrete floor and Lindsey either fell or was thrown from the roof of a garage building about 20 feet in height. His room in the Main hotel, No. 11, opened onto this roof. There were blood stains on the pillow and cover of the bed in the room also on the floor and on the window sill.

Mrs. J. H. Ballew, wife of the proprietor of the Main hotel, says that Lindsey engaged a room late Thursday, saying he would have his son in the room with him; the son was with him at the time, but kept his back turned and Mrs. Ballew did not get a good look at him. Lindsey registered from some place in Oklahoma, but the name of the town is not intelligible. It begins with the initial R and ends with the syllable "land" and might be Redland or Roseland.

Sometime later Mrs. Ballew heard groans and thinking one of the guests was ill, started to investigate. It seemed to her, she said, that the groans came from room 13 and she entered that room. Then she discovered that the source of the groans was in the little court. Breaking open the screen on the window and striking a match, she was able to make out the form of a man on the ground twenty feet below. She at once notified the police department and Officers Burns and Gilman reported.

To enter the court it was necessary to go through a negro barber shop, the rear door of which opens into the court, and the proprietor of the court, the officers found Lindsey in an inverted ventilator, with blood issuing from a wound in his head. He was about half-conscious and was able to give the name of a relative at Mrs. Texas but did not seem able to give any coherent account of what happened. He had apparently been drinking. Had his falling body struck the sides of the inverted steel ventilator, he would probably have been much more seriously hurt. He was removed to the Wichita Sanitarium. Lindsey was unconscious today at times being delirious. It was stated by attending physicians that his condition was precarious. The skull is believed to be fractured, there being an ugly wound in the back of the head. Efforts are being made to get in touch with relatives. The young man who entered the room with Lindsey has not been seen since Lindsey was found. Lindsey was well dressed and had

Grout's Friends Plan To Obtain Release On Bail



Edward M. Grout, twice comptroller of New York city and formerly borough president of Brooklyn, who was found guilty of perjury in the Union bank disaster, may shortly be released on bail. His counsel planned to ask for a certificate of reasonable doubt and appeal for a new trial. Grout's trial lasted nine weeks, and the jury was out fifty-three hours.

The appearance of being well to do, but it is not known what money or valuables, if any, he carried. Mrs. Ballew who assigned him to a room stated that he appeared nervous and wrought up and complained of not feeling well.

WELL KNOWN ACTOR IS VISITING AT ELECTRA

Joseph R. Garry, Who Played Hero in 'Clansman' is Guest of Sister, Mrs. Haley

Joseph R. Garry of New York City, a well known actor, was in Wichita Falls Thursday, coming down from Electra where he is visiting his sister, Mrs. D. S. Haley. Mr. Garry was in Wichita Falls in January, 1908, playing the part of the negro lieutenant governor in "The Clansman." He depicted that unpopular character so forcefully that the audience "hissed his every word and movement."

"The Clansman" was one of the first attractions to appear at the Wichita Theatre and capacity houses greeted it at both afternoon and night performances. Wichita Falls made a most favorable impression on Mr. Garry at that time, and he was not surprised at the growth and improvements since that time. Since his engagement with "The Clansman" Mr. Garry has been with "The Third Degree," "The Lion and the Mouse," "The Gambler" and other well known productions. He was in Fort Worth last season with May Irwin, which did not come here. Mrs. Haley, Mr. Garry's sister at Electra, is the widow of the well known oil man, D. S. Haley of the Producers' Company, who met death in an accident last year.

JAPANESE CABINET OFFERS TO RESIGN

THIS ACTION FOLLOWS RESIGNATION OF VISCONTI OURA, MINISTER OF INTERIOR

ELDER STATESMEN TO ACT

Believed They Will Advise That Premier Okuma Be Invited to Reconstruct Cabinet

By Associated Press. Tokyo, July 30.—The Japanese cabinet headed by Count Okuma as premier has tendered its resignation to Emperor Yoshihito. This action followed the resignation yesterday of Visconti Oura, minister of the interior, following an investigation by the minister of justice into bribery charges resulting from the parliamentary elections last March.

Two causes have been mentioned as responsible for the crisis. The first was the charge that \$5,000 had been offered to Visconti Oura by a candidate for the house as the price for keeping a rival candidate out of the field. The second involves two representatives charged with accepting bribes to desert the conservative party and support the government in its campaign for an increase in the army.

The elder statesmen will meet tomorrow and it is believed they will advise the Emperor that they intend to retain the office of premier and reconstruct the cabinet.

BLOOD STAINED SHIRT FOUND IN GRIMES HOME

Both Mrs. and Mrs. Grimes Able to Talk But Can Add Nothing to Solve Crime

By Associated Press. Temple, Tex., July 30.—W. H. Grimes and his wife, who were beaten on the head with a spike maul yesterday morning and whose children were killed in the same manner were both able to talk today, though they could add nothing to what they have previously said about the murder. Both Grimes and his wife are slightly improved today. They do not know of the death of their children.

What the police claim was a most important discovery was the finding of a blood-stained shirt, the stains of which are considered fresh, between the mattress and springs of a bed in the Grimes home. The reward now offered for the capture of the murdered amounts to \$2,000, \$200 of which was offered by Governor Ferguson today.

FORTY PER CENT OF SAMPLES OF CREAM UNDER STANDARD

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, July 30.—As a result of the statewide pure cream campaign inaugurated some time ago by Pure Food Commissioner Robert H. Hoffman, it has been disclosed that about 40 per cent of the samples of cream obtained by department inspectors and analyzed, have failed to come up to the requirements of law. In many instances it is said, the cream even failed to come up to the standard of butter fat. It is announced complaints are to be filed against offenders.

RUSSIANS PREPARING TO EVACUATE WARSAW--GERMANS ARE BATTERING AT GATES

By Associated Press:

London, July 30.—Warsaw, the third city of Russia, and the goal for which the German armies in the east have been striving since October, is at last in the throes of abandonment. Germans in overwhelming numbers are at the gates of the Polish capital and dispatches both from the city itself and from Petrograd say that further resistance would be unwise. This has been discounted not only through France and Great Britain but in Russia itself.

The fall of the city is expected hourly and the problem now is to move the Russian armies intact, threatened as they are from the south by the Austro-Germans and more seriously from the north where the Germans are aiming at the railroad from Warsaw to Petrograd. This latter menace the British press believe is imminent and the hope in the allied countries now is not for the safety of Warsaw but for the continued cohesion of the Russian army. The Warsaw postoffice already has been shifted to a point to the eastward. The populace has been warned to remain calm, and for days Russian troops have been stripping the city of everything of military value. German aviators are hovering over the city and according to German advices plans have been completed for the triumphant entry of the German emperor accompanied by his consort.

With Warsaw conquered, whether it proves a conquest of lasting strategic advantage, a great wave of enthusiasm will sweep over Germany and Austria Hungary and it is predicted here that the armies of the central powers then will seek to force a period of trench warfare in the east, meanwhile throwing a great weight of men and guns to the west with the idea of resuming the battering of Calais and perhaps towards Paris.

In the west just now there has been little worth note to break the monotony of bombing and mining from the North Sea to the Swiss frontier.

WICHITANS ENJOY GREAT SPORT AT LONG BEACH

Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Moore Showing Former Townspeople Splendid Hospitality

The Times is in receipt of the following post cards from its friend, Mr. R. E. Huff, who is at Long Beach, Cal.: "Long Beach, Cal., July 27.—For Times: Our friend, Butler Moore is in his glory with 30 many Texans here. He and Mrs. Moore have been most splendid in their efforts to make everybody enjoy themselves. We took the ladies on fishing trip yesterday. They caught eleven, seven of them Albatross and four Seal bass. Mrs. Huff caught two of the big kind. McGregor leaves for home today. Blair tomorrow. Both will arrive 'the day after' (Sunday). This is a great country for climate, but a man had better make his money before he comes here. All well. My regards to The Times gang."

THE SECOND CARD READS THIS: "Long Beach, July 25.—Dear Ed: I send marked copy Long Beach Telegram. Some joker got hold of the Telegram reporter. It was none of our crowd, as the paper was published before we got broke. R. E. H."

Editor's Note.—The newspaper spoken of has not yet arrived. When it does it will doubtless tell us how our Wichita folks are behaving themselves while away from home.

PRESIDENT WILL RETURN TO CAPITAL NEXT WEEK

By Associated Press. Cornish, N. H., July 30.—President Wilson today planned to return to Washington the latter part of next week.

GRAND JURY MAY INDICT FEDERAL INSPECTORS

By Associated Press. Chicago, July 30.—Maclay Hoyne, states attorney intimated today that a number of indictments charging manslaughter and criminal carelessness might be returned before night against persons held responsible for the steamer Eastland disaster. It was said several officers might be included despite the legal question raised over the jurisdiction of the state over federal officers.

Adam J. Weckler, city harbor master, the first witness called by the federal grand jury is said to have repeated the story he told at the coroner's inquest when he said the boat was overloaded. Weckler saw the boat overturn and a few minutes before had refused to let the boat leave the dock until she was evenly balanced. He shouted to the captain that the vessel was listing badly. Coroner Hoffman today requested Mayor Thompson to employ two divers and a navy expert to check the work of two divers said to be coming here from Washington to explore the wreck. "So much has been said about a government whitewash that the city should see that nothing be done to arouse the slightest suspicion that the inquiry is not on the square," he said.

United States Marshal Bradley appeared at the Eastland shortly before noon today and announced that he had been ordered by Federal Judge Landis to seize the boat. He displayed a writ of attachment but said that he would not interfere with the work of raising the boat. The reason for the seizure was to prevent any person tampering with the ballast tanks, their valves or any other machinery until authorized government inspection had been made.

(Advertisement)

A FINAL APPEAL TO DRIVE OUT THE SALOONS IN WICHITA FALLS

First—Because they produce drunkenness, immorality and crime. The supreme court of the United States declares that the "statistics of every state shows that more crime, want, misery and woe are attributable to ardent spirits secured in retail liquor saloons than to any other cause."

Second—Because the money spent in the saloon is taken from the legitimate channels of trade and worse than wasted. Sixty per cent of this money leaves Texas and goes to the brewers, distillers and rectifiers in the north and east. Why not put this money in a respectable business where it can help our town to grow and prosper?

Third—Because the women and children are praying for the saloon to go. The mothers know that it is a temptation that may ruin their boys and send them to a drunkard's grave. Every man who votes should think of his wife and children when he votes, and then vote for what they endorse and not for what they condemn, because his wife and children are working and praying for the success of the right in this campaign.

Fourth—Because it will reduce crime, divorces and court expenses. Judge Martin and Judge Carrigan who have been for years on the bench as district judges both declare that from 60 to 75 per cent of all the crime and divorce cases in this county are caused by the open saloons. Will you take the word of men who know and who have tried the cases in court, or will you take what those who are guessing at the matter have to say?

Fifth—Because it will clean up this city and drive out the violators of the law that hang around the saloon and the red-light district.

Sixth—Because the saloon as an institution is wrong, and the man who votes for it is responsible for the misery, want and crime it brings to the community. Who says the saloon is right? The man who votes the wet ticket tomorrow will say it is by his vote.

PRAYING FOR PROHIBITION.

We are receiving letters from good men and women in Wichita Falls and from all over Texas declaring that they are praying that we may win tomorrow and drive the saloons out forever. This committee would rather have the prayers of those who fight this awful enemy of the home, the church and the school than to have all the money in the state of Texas at our command.

THE WOMAN'S VIEW.

Read the following letter from a good woman in this city. "Our last appeal is based on fairness, justice and true democracy. The voice of the

people does not mean merely the voice of the small minority of people who have been granted the privilege of suffrage, but it means the voice of all the people.

Wichita Falls' population is 15,000. The average family consists of five. That means Wichita Falls has 3,000 men, 3,000 women, and 9,000 children. Probably 1,600 men will cast their ballot on Saturday. That means that 13,400 people are to be dependent on 1,600 voters to get what the people want. A great majority of the 13,400 are women and children who want to see saloons taken out of our splendid city. Is it fair that 1,600 or even 2,000 men should vote without regard to the 12,000 women and children? We beg you to vote for what we want—A DRY COUNTY. Won't you?
MRS. W. W. SILK.

OUR FINANCES.

We hereby announce that we have collected and spent less than \$1,000 dollars in this campaign and that none of it was contributed outside of Wichita Falls. We ask the antis to say how much money they have spent and where it came from. Will they do it?

\$100.00 REWARD.

We offer \$100.00 in cash for the name and evidence of any man who votes or offers to vote illegally, and we will prosecute him to the very fullest extent of the law.

WHO CAN VOTE AND WHO CANNOT.

Every man who has a poll tax receipt paid before February 1, 1915, is a legal voter, provided he has lived in Wichita County six months and in the precinct ten days.

Every man who came from another state to Texas after January 1, 1914 and has been in the state one year before the day of election is a legal voter.

Every man who was 60 years old on January 1, 1914, is a legal voter, provided he has been in the state one year, the county six months and the precinct 10 days before the election.

Every young man who is 21 years old before the day of election and who secured an exemption certificate from the tax collector before February 1, 1915 can vote.

Men over 60 years old are not required to have a certificate of exemption. The election officers, of course, will have to be convinced that all who offer to vote come within the above requirements of the law.

WHAT THE LAW SAYS ABOUT VOTING.

Section 177 of the Terrell election law reads as follows: "Any person who attempts to falsely personate at an election another person, and vote or attempt to vote on the authority of a poll tax receipt or certificate of exemption not issued to him by the county tax collector is guilty of a felony and shall be punished by hard labor within the walls of a penitentiary not less than three nor more than five years."

Section 178. "If any person shall make a false affidavit that his poll tax receipt or certificate of exemption has been lost or mislaid, or wilfully and corruptly induce another to make such affidavit, he shall be punished by imprisonment in the penitentiary not less than three nor more than five years."

In conclusion we ask that you do not vote tomorrow to make our boys drunkards and we promise in return that as long as we live we will never vote to make your boys drunkards.

THE LAST APPEAL.

To the Men of Wichita County:

Our hearts are deeply grieved to know that some of our good men are taking a stand against what we believe to be the best interest of our homes. It almost crushes our hearts to know that some of our good, kind men are standing for the saloons which are the greatest enemy of our homes, our children and our country today.

Oh! we plead with you men to help us to protect our children, for they are so precious to us. We are the mothers of your children and we do our best to train them right. We gladly lay our lives on the altar of

your homes and we are willing to suffer anything in the world to make home happy but we do ask that you put no unnecessary grief and sorrow into our hearts. The saloon never helped a mother but has broken the hearts of many. We cannot vote so we plead with you to vote for our interest and the interest of our children. We can't believe that the good men of Wichita Falls will forget us and our children when they go to vote.

Mrs. J. W. Lee
Mrs. E. P. Kemp
Mrs. Frank Kell
Mrs. W. L. Robertson
Mrs. P. E. Langford
Mrs. K. C. Smith
Mrs. M. M. Adickes

Prohibition Central Committee

(Advertisement)

At The Theaters

The Gem.
The first installment of "The Goddess" is showing here today. Anita Stewart takes the part of the "goddess" and Earle Williams that of Tom Barclay, one of the leading characters. The story in its inception is rather fanciful, being that of a professor who wishes to spread abroad the doctrine of efficiency and good. To accomplish this he decides the message must be given to the world through a woman as a heaven sent messenger. The child is obtained, an orphan, the child of an eugenic marriage, whose father and mother met with a tragic death. The first chapter is taken up with the introduction, concerning the early education of the girl who is to be "The Goddess" destined to bring a message of the higher good to mankind. In addition to this new feature serial another episode of "The Exploits of Elaine" and also of "The Road O' Strife" will be shown.

The Majestic.
"The Glided Cage" features Ruth Stonehouse and Bryant Washburn and the feature attraction is "The Awakening" a two part Vitagraph with Anita Stewart and Earle Williams in the leads. A story of "The Awakening" is given.

While on a tour of investigation through the tenement district, Nedee Thane, a prominent and wealthy surgeon, engaged to Vivian, a conceited, selfish society girl, meets Jo, a beautiful girl of the slums, and Jim, her crippled brother. He is touched at their poor condition and Jo's sweetness and purity. After an examination Dr. Thane announces that he can cure Jim of his lameness. The operation is performed and to every one's joy, proves entirely successful. Jo's gratitude is very touching and it develops into an intense love and devotion for the young doctor, Thane.

THIS IS THE TRADE MARK ON EVERY BOX OF GENUINE TEETHINA
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS
Kearby's
No. 212 New First Nat'l Bank Bldg.
C. A. Moffet Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

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EXPERT WATCH REPAIRING AND ENGRAVING.
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All work guaranteed
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on his part, finds he is in love with Jo, and spends many weary hours fighting over his love, and the ties which bind him to Vivian. His important experimental work in connection with a tubercular serum turns out a complete success. Elated, he asks Vivian to come to his laboratory to view his triumph. Unwillingly she comes, dragging some lady friends with her. Her lack of interest and childish remarks chill Thane and after the party has gone he experiences an awakening to the true character of Vivian. He then sends for Jo and her brother, and their enthusiastic, sincere interest is like water to his parched soul. He takes Jim under his tutelage, to make a doctor of him, and feeling he is called to work among the poor and needy, they go to live in the poor quarters of the city. Vivian visits him there, and is disgusted at everything. She meets Jo and Jim and as Jim puts it, "cuts them cold." A very few days later Thane is overcome by a contagious fever. Vivian is sent for, but on learning the nature of the malady, the lady politely but firmly refuses to go near the place, fearing she "might catch it." That settles it for Thane. Jo nurses him back to health and when all danger is passed and Vivian condescends to visit him, she finds Jo in Thane's arms. With a diabolical air she leaves the two to their happiness, while, after she has gone, Jim, in the hallway outside, dances about in joy.

The Empress.
"Brave and Bold" is the title of a comic comedy on the bill today with two part dramas. Frank Borsage and Gertrude Claire are featured in "The Tavern Keeper's Son" and Flo Labadie is featured in "The Six Cent Loan," a touching little drama of life among the city's poor.

Mary Quinn is a plucky factory girl who supports herself and her little brother, Joel, and sister, Norah. John Rapley, head of the Associated Baking Companies, never has heard of Mary Quinn. However, she is vitally affected by a business coup which he executes, thereby raising the price of bread means that Mary cannot buy as many loaves as formerly. She stints herself, so that the children may not go hungry. She grows weaker and weaker and is discharged from the factory. Another girl with more energy is put in her place. Rapley lavishes gifts on his wife and children, little realizing that he is mainly responsible for the fact that Mary Quinn, maintainer of little Joel and Norah, is starving. One day, outside his bread shop, he finds a girl faint from hunger and ill. She tells him the tragedy of bread at six cents a loaf. Rapley has Mary and the children taken care of. Realizing now that her plight is but one instance of innumerable cases of suffering brought on by his taking advantage of war conditions to clear a big profit, he removes the extra cent on bread.

"THE WOMAN" AT THE EMPRESS THEATRE MONDAY
For those who like to plan their theatre going a few days ahead the announcement that "The Woman" will be shown Monday at the Empress will be of interest.
Like "The Governor's Lady," "The Woman" is a story of strictly modern and American interest. The plot of the play, written by William C. De Mille and first produced with extraordinary success by Mr. Belasco at

the Belasco theatre, is a remarkable combination of domestic and political intrigue.
The cast of "The Woman" is of unusual importance, and includes four artists who deserve to rank as stars: Theodore Roberts, James Neill, Mabel Van Buren and Lila Meredith. This is the first time that Miss Meredith, who is one of the most noted of the younger Broadway stars, has appeared under Laaky management, and it is positively stated that she has a remarkable opportunity in the role of Wanda Kelly, the heroic telephone girl. That she takes full advantage of it, all her observers will surely agree. In addition to these four artists, the cast includes such well known players as Ernest Joy, Raymond Hatton, Tom Forman and Helen Hill.

THIS COUNTY VERY LAX IN VITAL STATISTICS
Secretary State Board of Health Threatens Prosecutions Unless Law is Complied With
Further complaints that vital statistics reports from this county are not coming in as they should, have been received by County Clerk M. P. Kelly from the state board of health. This county is quite lax in this particular, according to the state authorities, and prosecution is threatened if some improvement is not shown. The letter follows:
"I am requested to furnish a death certificate for a young woman who died in Wichita Falls, May 1915. I am unable to furnish this certificate because it has not been recorded with this department.
"The population of your county in 1910 was 16,094. It showed a birth rate of 33 per month and a death rate of approximately ten per month. The records of this office show, however, that for the entire past six months, only 27 birth certificates and ten death certificates have been recorded. This does not speak well for your county, and I am anxious that Wichita county change its methods as to this one particular matter.
"I have requested the district judge to charge the grand jury as to violations of this law. I shall be glad to proceed against those physicians, midwives and undertakers who, through ignorance or carelessness are placing your county in the list of counties known for their non-progressive ways.
"I am mailing you under separate cover several copies of the law on vital statistics, and shall be glad if you will furnish me the information necessary to proceed against guilty parties. If the state furnishes the blanks that are necessary for making reports, there is no excuse for the conditions that exist.
Yours truly,
(Signed) W. A. DAVIS,
Secretary State Board of Health."

TOO CLEVER FARMER OVERREACHED HIMSELF.
Hanover, July 30.—The story of the too-clever farmer who overreached himself—he should have read Aesop's fables first—is making the rounds of horse owners. None of them probably will attempt to imitate him.
The government was drafting horses for the army, and the farmer, who possessed a beautiful pair of bays, raked his brain for a scheme by which he could keep them. He knew that if an inspector ever laid eyes on them they would be taken.
He finally hit upon the scheme of inducing a neighbor, whose old and run-down pair had been rejected, to pass them through the line against this time as his own. Among hundreds of horses the pair passing inspection twice was not noticed, and the farmer's scheme had worked.
Before long, however, a second draft inspection was arranged for, and the farmer did not dare to try his ruse again. Instead he approached the lieutenant in charge and insisted that

it would do no good for his horses to be inspected again, as one was broken-winded and the other had glanders. The officer, without any suspicion of the farmer, nevertheless insisted that the horses must be shown, and they were promptly accepted. The judge then proceeded to break the farmer's heart by declaring that he would ordinarily have paid 3,000 marks for them, but that in view of the farmer's honesty in stating their defects he would only give 1,750 even though the defects were not visible.

ALLEGED HORSETHIEF WAS LYNCHED NEAR BROWNSVILLE.
Brownsville, Tex., July 30.—Adolfo Munoz, under arrest on murder and horse theft charges, being brought to jail here was taken from his guard, Sheriff Frank Carr, seventeen miles north of here and lynched today. According to Carr, seven or eight men took Munoz from him and ordered him to "beat it." Identity of the party is unknown. The sheriff said the lynchings were in automobiles.

ZAPATA ASKED ABOUT ASSAULT ON AMERICANS.
By Associated Press
Washington, July 30.—Representatives were sent to General Zapata by way of Mexico City regarding the assault by Zapata soldiers on Allan Malloy, an American citizen, near Puebla. The communication inquires as to the responsibility for the attack and asks protection for the future. This communication sent to the Brazilian minister to be forwarded to Zapata followed the representations to Carranza, Villa and Zapata, asking that in the name of humanity the railroads to Mexico City be opened to provision trains.
READ ABOUT HIS OWN FUNERAL—GOT ANXIOUS
By Associated Press
Houston, July 30.—Floyd Holland of Bonham, Texas, whose supposed funeral took place last Sunday has returned to his home to inquire into the manner of his death. He read in the papers he had committed sui-

cide at Wichita Falls and that his body had been shipped to Bonham for burial. Investigation showed the suicide's name was Harrison.
Nothing is known here concerning the suicide or death of any person named Holland or Harrison.
SUMMER NORMAL CLOSED THURSDAY AFTERNOON
The session of the Wichita Falls summer normal came to a close Thursday afternoon when the four days of examinations were completed. Last night and today most of those attending the normal departed for their homes.
Between 60 and 70 teachers were registered at the normal, the first to be held in this county and it was considered a very successful session. It is to be held every summer for the benefit of school teachers in Wichita and neighboring counties. The examination papers are now being graded and permanent first grade and second grade certificates will be issued.

WALK DOWN STAIRS AND SAVE A DOLLAR
Baby Dolls, white trimmed, also spring heels.
\$4.00 Grades \$2 85
\$3.50 Grades \$2 45
\$3.00 Grades \$1 95
\$2.50 Grades \$1 45
White Baby Dolls, turn soles, all sizes, special 95c
Peggy Pumps, all Black or Colored quarters, Patent or Dull, special at \$1 95
Peggy Straps, Patent Kid, with colored or all Black quarters, turn soles and Cuban heels, worth \$4, \$2 45
Men's Oxfords \$1 95 Worth up to \$5 a pair. Black and Tan, Lace and Button in all sizes. All good values and up to date styles.

Harry's
Men's Oxfords \$1 95 Worth up to \$5 a pair. Black and Tan, Lace and Button in all sizes. All good values and up to date styles.

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Peggy Straps, Patent Kid, with colored or all Black quarters, turn soles and Cuban heels, worth \$4, \$2 45

Men's Oxfords \$1 95 Worth up to \$5 a pair. Black and Tan, Lace and Button in all sizes. All good values and up to date styles.

Harry's

Fancy Strap Slippers, Patent and Dull Kid, High or Low Heel, a beautiful selection at \$2 45

Tennis Slippers, White and Black sole 30c

Boudoir in all colors 95c

Why Pay More or No More?

FRANK KELL SPEAKS AT ANTI MEETING

SAYS PROHIBITION NOW WILL BRING DISASTER UPON WICHITA FALLS

DIG CROWD ATTENDS RALLY

Other Business Men Speak at Anti Prohibition Meeting at Lamar Air dome

Frank Kell, C. W. Bean, S. T. Taylor, C. L. Fontaine and Judge Edgar Sourry were speakers at an anti prohibition rally at the Lamar Air dome last night. Brief talks also were made by J. L. Art and Otis T. Bacon. The Air dome was packed and the meeting was the most enthusiastic that has yet been held by the anti.

tic that has yet been held by the anti. The audience was composed entirely of men. Mr. Kell said that he felt himself impelled to speak against the adoption of prohibition at this time on account of the conditions which prevail and would result in disaster to Wichita Falls if the county was voted dry at this time. He said that at this time there was nation-wide distress on account of the European war and because of radical legislation "which has put business on the bum."

get money to finance factories and new enterprises or to get money for permanent investment. He said that while he could not question the motives of the prohibitionists he believed they had erred in judgment and that he felt it his duty to voice the protest in behalf of the property rights and the laboring men of Wichita Falls. "There were already too many retail stores here, he declared, and some of them were hanging on by their eyebrows in the hope of turn for the better and there were already too many lawyers and professional men here. "Some of my pro friends say we'll put retail stores in the rooms vacated by the saloons," he said. "I know that's not so when there are too many here already."

Falls to be convicted of any crime." He said that he was appointed on a committee to raise funds for the United Charities several years ago. The biggest fund that had ever been raised for that fund in this city was raised that year, he said and declared that the greater part of it came from the saloop men. Every saloop man, he said, had contributed from \$75 to \$100. "They'd do it again," shouted a voice from the audience. "A bootlegger wouldn't do it," declared Mr. Bean.

Let Me Send Your Sunday Meat

This is an invitation to housekeepers who are not now buying meat from us, to give me a chance to show them what HARDEMAN MEAT SERVICE is like.

Just tell me what kind of meat you want for Sunday dinner, how much you want, and say any other particulars in regard to it, then leave it to me.

If you are not entirely pleased in every way with what I send you, return it and I'll refund your money.

This, you see, puts it squarely up to me. It's your next move.

C. H. Hardeman Phones 232 and 432 710 Ninth Street

Wichita Falls College of Music and Art

ELIZABETH HOYT AYER, President JOSEPH E. MADDY, Director

Piano Department: Mr. Lloyd Miller Mrs. Effie Forsythe Miss Edith Slaten Miss Runa Brown Violin Department: Mr. Joseph E. Maddy Voice Department: Mrs. Elizabeth Hoyt Ayer Expression Department: Miss Minnie Bird Jenks

Fall Term Opens September 7th 1404 Eleventh Street Telephone 1270

OR THE WISE SHOPPER SATURDAY NIGHT SPECIAL (7:30 p. m. to 9:30 p. m.) 15 pieces of 10c 12 1/2c and 15c wash goods of several kinds will be placed on special sale at as much as you like 7 1/2c yard. Watch for this "Owl" every Saturday night. Pennycuik

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SATURDAY WILL BE WAIST DAY At the Big Busy Department Store Over 500 Ladies Waists Will Be Offered in These FOUR BIG BARGAIN LOTS Lot 1 All Ladies' Waists that sold regularly up to \$2.00 now 98c Lot 2 All Ladies' Waists that sold regularly up to \$3.25 now \$1.98 Lot 3 All Waists that formerly sold up to \$5.00 now only, \$2.98 Lot 4 Will include every waist in the house that formerly sold up to \$6.00, now \$3.98 Don't Miss This Sale P.B.M.C. Big Shoe Sale Saturday DEPARTMENT STORE

SAVES DAUGHTER

Advice of Mother no Doubt Prevents Daughter's Untimely End. Ready, Ky. "I was not able to do anything for nearly six months," writes Mrs. Laura Bratcher, of this place, "and was down in bed for three months. I cannot tell you how I suffered with my head, and with nervousness and womanly troubles. Our family doctor told my husband he could not do me any good, and he had to give it up. We tried another doctor, but he did not help me. At last, my mother advised me to take Cardui, the woman's tonic. I thought it was no use for I was nearly dead and nothing seemed to do me any good. But I took eleven bottles, and now I am able to do all of my work and my own washing. I think Cardui is the best medicine in the world. My weight has increased, and I look the picture of health. If you suffer from any of the ailments peculiar to women, get a bottle of Cardui today. Delay is dangerous. We know it will help you, for it has helped so many thousands of other weak women in the past 50 years. At all drugists.

MRS. SLAYTON DRESSMAKER

Formerly with J. B. Peck, Kansas City for five years. I make a specialty of suits and afternoon and evening gowns. 1705 Eleventh St. Phone 320

Art Loan & Jewelry Co.

Jewelers and Opticians, 705 Ohio Avenue.

WICHITA FALLS

to support his family defending bootleggers. He warned against making mistakes in marking the ballot. He said the first line on the ticket was "Official ballot." "It's the next line you want to mark," he said, "make that line so black they can't see it." He referred to the fact that Judge A. A. Hughes was making a speech against prohibition at the Wichita Theatre. "Where is there a man who has helped as many boys as A. A. Hughes," he asked. "Do you believe that if he thought prohibition was best for the boys he'd be making an anti prohibition speech? Judges Hughes has lived at Hillsboro under prohibition. He has seen himself what it means. Judge Hughes don't just talk 'save my boy,' he digs deep down deep in to his pockets and gets the long green and saves the boy."

Went Prohibit.

The speaker said that whiskey was not an unmitigated evil by any means, that it was useful in the sciences and in medicine and in the home for many purposes, and for that reason would always be manufactured. He also said that at one time not so very many years ago he had lived in Hillsboro for a year and a half after that town went dry and that the express office there was more like a saloon than any thing else, a condition which was true of every other dry town, which only went to show that prohibition did not prohibit and would not prohibit so long as human nature was in the state that it now was.

Went Prohibit.

Judges Hughes said that before a people made up their mind to disturb a business condition that had existed for any length of time they should

WICHITA FALLS

of living and fighting his own battles between right and wrong, would humanity grow better and stronger. The speaker recited incidents of his own youth, saying that he had gone to school in a wet town where all the boys were surrounded by liquor and there never had been occasion to question any of them for drinking, but that later he had taught school in a dry town and taking a considerable interest in his boys, he had noted that on many occasions they would run off on Friday night and often be gone until Monday, and on investigation he had found that they always had gone to get liquor. He said that in his belief it was therefore worse than useless to try to blind the eyes of growing boys to the evils that were in the world, that the evils always had been in the world and always would be, and that the only way to bring up the youth of the land is to point out the evils and teach them the way to avoid them.

Went Prohibit.

The climax to the whole trouble came today after Joe Smith assaulted a deputy sheriff who entered his hotel knocking him down, the deputy alleges, and taking his gun away from him. Smith made bond for \$3,000 only four days ago on six counts of trafficking in liquor, one of the leading bankers of Chickasha, Ed F. Johns, going on his bond. Immediately after the assault on the officer today six of the leading merchants of the little city waited on the banker, informed him that it would be to the interests of his house for him to release the bond, waited on the owner of the building which Smith uses and asked him to make Smith move, then requested the county attorney and county judge to hold a court of inquiry at the place at once.

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WICHITA FALLS

be very sure that they were right, and that so far as prohibition had been tried it had not been proven to be right and that in his judgment the voters of this country should reject it on Saturday.

Went Prohibit.

The following press dispatch is taken from the Fort Worth Star-Telegram of this morning: Chickasha, Okla., July 22.—The city of Verdun, ten miles west of here, is almost up in arms in its attempt to exterminate the bootlegging element of the place. Verdun is just across the old Indian Territory line in old Oklahoma, so can ship liquor in Chickasha, a town of 10,000, is just across the line in the old Chickasha country so its bootleggers must all go to Verdun to get their supply of wet goods.

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WICHITA DAILY TIMES

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Wichita Falls, Texas, July 30, 1915.

Percentages above and below these would indicate variations from the normal in spelling.
Dr. Ayres finds that "intellectual abilities are distributed in much the same way among people as are physical traits. Just as there are few dwarfs many people of medium height and very few giants; so there are very few exceptionally poor spellers, many medium ones, and very few excellent ones. Few words do most of our work when we write. Fifty words constitute, with their repetitions, one-half of the words written. The child who masters the 1,000 words on the scale given will make no spelling errors in nine-tenths of his writing."—Waco Morning News.

SHOULD HAVE FAR-REACHING INFLUENCE.

Brady Standard: The Fort Worth Record champions the cause of the southern cotton grower in a daily series of editorial comment that should have far-reaching influence. The Record in one article says:

"All the foodstuffs of the North meet with ready sales and ocean transportation facilities are unimpeded. Northern farmers are prosperous, northern manufacturers are rushed with orders, and northern mechanics are enjoying an era of unexampled prosperity. Southern cotton is threatened with another blockade. Southern farmers are threatened with another season of bankruptcy and privation. They are told that they must not sell their products to the people of neutral countries."

The Record calls attention to the fact that guns, shrapnel, powder, ammunition, wheat and other foodstuffs have been purchased or contracted for by the allied nations; that all passenger ships from New York to British ports are loaded with munitions of war; that there are ships to convey all these orders for supplies and foodstuffs through the war zone; that these vessels will not be seized and searched.

The Record asks, then, why should ships loaded with American cotton and consigned to neutral countries of Europe be seized and their cargoes thrown into a prize court. It answers: "All the world is demanding cotton. The allied nations are determined to make it contraband of war. To hamper down its price, to buy it for a song."

"Why should this federal administration of ours permit this discrimination? Aren't southern cotton growers American citizens? They fight for the flag when they are needed. They pay taxes. They support the government. They produce a monopoly plant.

"Again, why this discrimination?" If all the papers of the South would take the vigorous stand that The Record does, the Standard believes there would result a protest that would make the warring nations respect the rights of neutrals, and therefore permit the southern cotton grower to reap the benefits he so justly deserves.

THE COUNTRY SCHOOL.

Governor Ferguson is doing what he can to increase the efficiency of country schools. Part of the efficiency of such schools must come from the homes of the people. The children should be taught the necessity and importance of education. School days should be filled with striving.—Temple Telegram.

There is not the least doubt but that the country schools need to have their efficiency increased. It's one way of making life more endurable on the farm. The country schools have too long been neglected by our governors, and the result has been most disastrous to Texas. The Times is glad that Governor Ferguson is directing his efforts toward building them up and he is in a position to do this.—Wichita Times.

It is true that the country schools have been too long neglected by our governors, but it is also true that one of the greatest drawbacks to successful work in the country school is the attitude of the patrons towards the school. In the average small community one family or a few families control the school. They even boast that they control it, and any effort to make the school the common property of the community, or any effort on the part of the teacher to make the school a real benefit to the whole community meets with the sternest kind of opposition. A reform is needed among the patrons of the country schools, and until this reform comes the state's influence and its money will not be able to do a great deal toward improving the schools.—Brownwood Bulletin.

Some one has sent a marked copy of the Amarillo Daily Globe of date July 25th to The Times, with the following written on the margin of the paper: "This is what everyone says, except Will A. Miller. The marked article is as follows: "Amarillo is certainly making wonderful growth," remarked W. A. Asker, today.

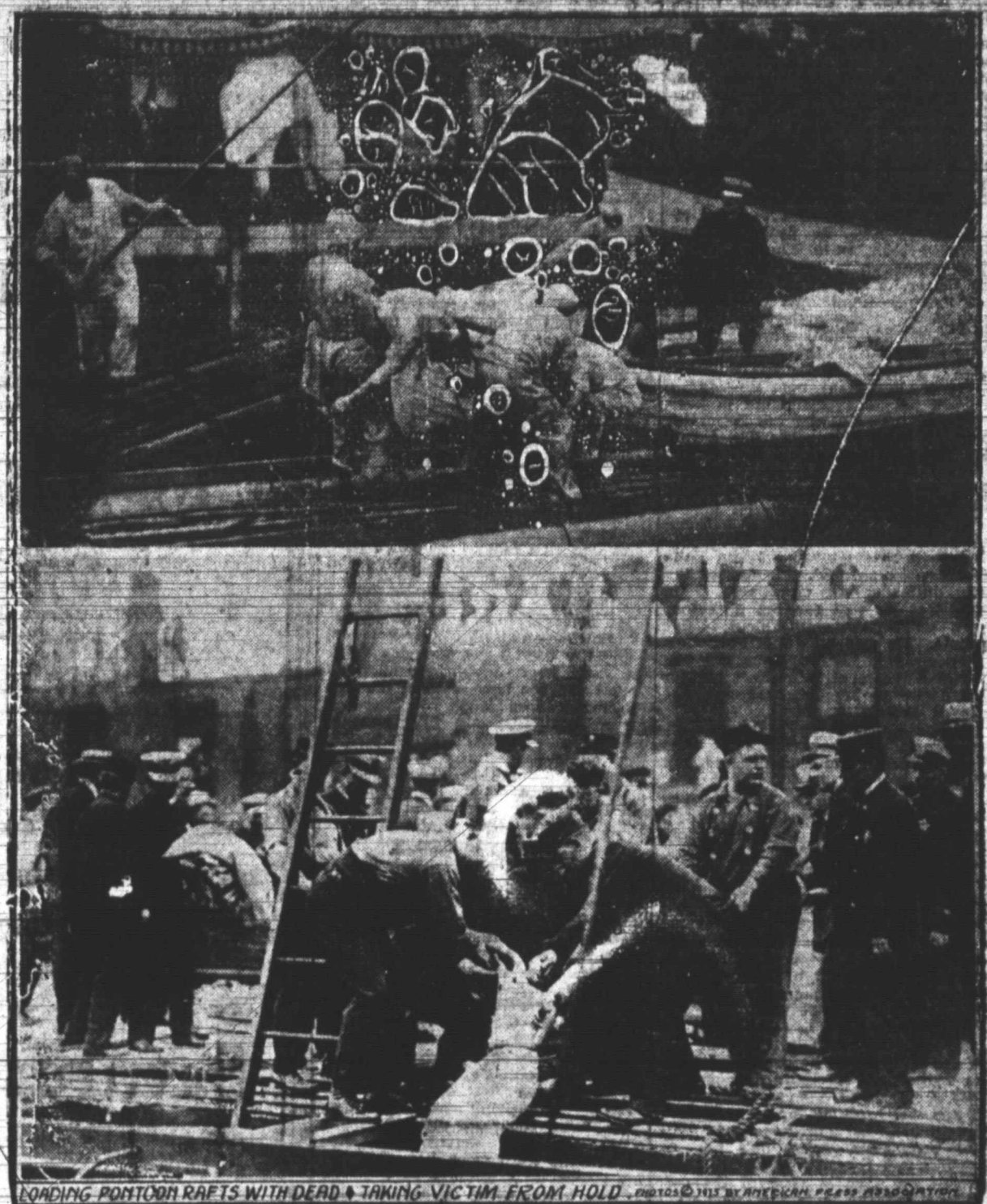
"In my ten years' experience in Amarillo in the real estate business, I never have known such a scarcity of houses. Every vacant house within reasonable distance of the business district has been snapped up, and now the problem is to find homes for newcomers to the city. There seems to be practically no unoccupied property in the city and the demand for houses keeps increasing." "If this condition continues building houses for rental purposes will offer a splendid investment for capital. More homes there must be to provide for the growing population of Amarillo."

The Times is indeed glad to learn of Amarillo's prosperity. Wichita Falls is also growing, in spite of reports to the contrary. This is clearly evidenced by the increase in her school action during the past year. Amarillo is a good town.

COMPLAINS OF BADLY KEPT SIDEWALKS.

Wichita Falls, Tex., July 29, 1915. Editor Times: While I have only been in your city a very short time, and only expect to be here a short time longer, I think that I would be justified in writing you a short letter for publication (should you see fit).

Wichita Falls is a very pretty town; and, even if it does not have so many brick streets, it has some very pretty



LOADING PONTOON RAFTS WITH DEAD TAKING VICTIM FROM HOLD. PHOTO TAKEN BY WICHITA FALLS ASSOCIATION.

The work of recovering bodies from the Eastland, which sank in the Chicago river entailing a loss of more than 1,000 lives went on day and night without any let-up. More than thirty professional divers and several hundred yellowjackets and firemen worked in shifts of eight hours each. In thirty-six hours more than 900 bodies had been brought to the surface. In the accompanying illustration is shown a rescue crew taking one of the lifeless victims from the hold of the ill fated ship. In the other is shown rescuer placing the dead on pontoon rafts.

At The Churches

First Methodist Episcopal. All the regular services at the usual hours during the coming week. The prohibition campaign will be over and everything will settle down. Remember the Sunday school classes for all ages. Come on time, 9:45. Preaching service at 11. Sermon subject, "Closed Gates of Eden." Regular Epworth League service at 7:30. The evening service will be largely under the direction of the Epworth League. There will be installation of officers and talks appropriate to the occasion. This will be an interesting service. Regular prayer meeting service Wednesday evening beginning at 8:15. All the usual

At The Churches

Church of Christ. Sunday school at the usual hour, 9:30 a. m. Bro. Buchanan will be absent for one month. In his absence the preaching hours, 11 a. m. and 8:30 p. m. will be occupied by talks from local brethren. Bro. Sloan will talk Sunday morning and Bro. Yoffe Sunday night. Prayer meeting on Wednesday night and all other services as usual.

At The Churches

services at Paul's Memorial Chapel. CHAS. C. SMITH, Pastor.

residences. These residences mostly are properly taken care of on the inside of the fence, but the matter which I wish to speak of, is on the other side of the fence.

There are several streets in this city that one is compelled to walk on in single file. The reason for this is because the grass grows on both sides of the walk, and at several places covers over one-half of the sidewalk. This is not very pleasant for a woman wearing a white skirt or a man wearing a Palm Beach suit, as grass and weeds are a menace to such clothes.

There are several places where the branches of trees hang down so low that it keeps one continuously stooping to keep his hat on his head. There is one place where even the street car is menaced by the trees.

The reason I do not mention the names of these streets is because I name of these streets is because I have not learned them yet, but to mention most any street would hit it.

This is the only town that I ever lived in where the city ordinance would allow this to go on.

Yours very truly, ALBERT A. HUGHES.

VOICE FROM "NEUTRAL"

Mr. Editor: Being strictly neutral, I cannot hope that either "committee" will accept the following and pay for the space it fills. If it goes into the waste basket it will there accomplish as much, perhaps, as the wasted eloquence of the past two weeks. There it would at least hurt no feelings and leave no wounds to heal, with ugly scars.

I do not wish to be accused of putting the cup on my neighbors' lips; neither do I wish to be accused of taking money from my neighbors' pocket. Understand it is not the facts that I am avoiding, but the accusation. I am like so be classed with the "bums," "thugs," "murders" and "thieves" by the pros, or the dars, perjurers, hypocrites by the anti's. I resent the charge of being in partnership with the saloons; I resent the charge of hypocrisy or being "preacher ridden."

I regret to see the ordained advocates of the "Prince of Peace," stand on the highways and "disturb the peace."

I regret to hear men of learning and intelligence, ignore or "ride" the higher and nobler impulses of others with or nobler impulses of others with. I dare any honest man to go to the polls Saturday and vote; then say he has not been insulted publicly by some speaker during the present campaign. I would like to see a third man on the ticket; would suggest "Neutral and Disgusted" just to see how many would vote it instead of going a fishing. I am not dodging the issue, but dodging this disgusting, disgusting, dishonest, dirty campaign. If the half I have heard be true my most sacred idols have been shattered. Officers without honor, lawyers without integrity, judges without justice, even the preachers without religion, and the great voting population without brains. I will close as did the old Hardshell Baptist, with verse: "There's not an honest man on earth, And scarcely one in Heaven." NEUTRAL.

MR. VON DER LIPPE OPPOSES PROHIBITION

(Advertisement) Wichita Falls, Tex., July 15, 1915. Hon. A. H. Britton, City.

Dear Sir: It is very seldom that I take much stock in politics, but since so much public discussion has been indulged in by both sides to a silly controversy, I wish to state that your article in the Wichita Daily Times of July 14th impressed me as being reasonable and correct in its assumptions and prognostications.

It is too bad that these prohibition elections are forced on the county periodically, when there is absolutely no necessity of it, as I trust I will be able to convince you that I will glance over the following part:

The natives of this city, even the county, are few, most of the people, especially the inhabitants of Wichita Falls being immigrants.

Wichita Falls always has been and is yet, what is generally called so, a good town and has held that reputation for a good long while all over the country. A good many of our citizens have been influenced to settle here by that very fact. At the same time Wichita Falls has always been known as a wet town, as is evidenced by its very nickname "Whiskita Falls," given to her by envious outsiders.

Everybody that ever came here to settle was made welcome and no questions were asked of any newcomers regarding their pro or anti proclivities or inclinations. If they liked the place, and they usually did, they stayed, and if they disliked the place, they left. This privilege has never been revoked.

If persons do not like existing conditions in any place where it is their intention to settle, why should they try to change them by any means, fair or foul? Why does a pro wish to settle in a wet town? There are plenty of dry towns that have done so well during a prohibition regime, for instance, Amarillo, that a good many families left said town for this place, because, presumably they could not stand properly. At the same time, how many of our people have moved to Amarillo?

If the places mentioned by the pros are so good since they have gone dry, why don't some of the worthy pros pack up and move here and leave us to our lives of iniquity? Why does the prohibition element always want to stir up strife and hatred from one election to another? There are a good many trains leaving this town every

day in several directions and the only people that are prevented from taking these trains are in jail or under bond. I feel sure that if a prohibitionist wants to move to a dry town (Graham or Ennis, for example), he can trade his real estate if he has any and trade it inch for inch and in most cases get a cash difference. Why in thunder don't they move to their ideal place, where they could all be happy, where they could keep their children at home and where they could land any number of Universities, Colleges, Normals, Seminaries and once in a while a blind tiger? Their esthetic feelings would not be outraged by the sight of an open saloon and could entirely escape that most horrible temptation of making a break through a rear entrance. There they could live side by side like lambs and instead of holding periodical prohibition elections, they might rip-up a first class scandal of some sort occasionally and indulge in perpetual gossip.

Suppose that the case were reversed, that the city had been dry all the time of its existence and a few anti's would stir up an election in an effort to get the town wet. You never would hear the last of it. But then that is only a supposition, for if the town had always been dry it would be about the size of Herietta. The only point they about it would have been that all the big pros would have stayed away, since nothing could have been made here.

If an anti-dilek to live in a prohibition town, he leaves and nobody can dispute the fact that the pros have the same right. The mistake the pros make is that they move to good towns, like Wichita Falls, in order to stir up strife and have nothing to kick about. Why don't they all move to a prohibition territory where they can live happily and without meetings a saloon in the middle of the road every time they take a solitary walk, where they do not have to concern themselves about the habits of their neighbors? Why are not the pros segregated from the anti's? That it would seem to me, would be the most feasible and pacific solution of the problem. Thanking you for your kind attention in this matter, I beg to remain,

Yours very truly, (Signed) E. VON DER LIPPE. WICHITA FALLS ANTI-PROHIBITION COMMITTEE. (Advertisement)

stoping here while en route to Electra.

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Boulware will leave Sunday for California points.

Miss Edith Ellis of Fort Worth left for home today after visiting Miss Ethel Chamberlain.

G. M. Small and family have returned from a visit with relatives in Ellis county. The trip was made in Mr. Small's automobile.

Colonel Bill Edwards, editor of the Henrietta Review, is in the city today.

Plies Cured in 6 to 14 Days Your struggle will refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Swelling or Protruding Piles in 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. 50c.

Saturday AT Pennington's Saving Prices in All Departments

Ladies' White Waists About four dozen unusually pretty white waists. This week's arrivals. Pennington value, each 69c

Ladies' Palm Beach Skirts Several styles in real Palm Beach Skirts (not beach cloth) values up to \$3.50, Pennington value, each \$2 50

Pennington Value \$2 50 Each Ladies' Wash Dresses Very nicely made of stripe voiles, stripe tissues, also the same materials in checks, dots and figures, Pennington value, each 98c

ALL FANCY PARASOLS A number of very pretty shapes and colors, choice for... One-Half Price

Dress Gingham Sale Hundreds of new fall patterns, good quality, standard width ginghams, 12 yards for \$1 00

Ladies Summer Footwear Per Pair \$1.95

For early clearance we have gone through our entire line of ladies' spring and summer shoes and with the exception of the Red Cross and Plio lines we have reduced them all to one price. This includes all those colonial pumps, strap pumps, plain pumps and three patterns in Mary Janes and Baby Dolls that have been so popular this season at the prices \$2.50 and \$3. They are now all marked one price.

Choice \$1.95 Per Pair

Pennington's WICHITA FALLS

Mrs. Perry Parker has returned from Oklahoma City where she was the guest of Mrs. Joe Wheeler, who formerly resided here. Mrs. Wheeler recently became the mother of a baby girl. C. E. Minnick of Petrolia was here today. Mrs. C. P. Moore returned this afternoon from a visit to friends in Ft. Worth. W. C. Daniel of Clarksville left today to visit relatives in Oney after being the guest of his son here, Dr. J. E. Daniel. Elzey Nail returned today from a trip to Galveston. Miss Edith Prosper of Sherman and Miss Edith Mae Williams of Denison were guests of Mrs. Joe Art today.

PROHIBITION SPEAKING

We will close the Prohibition Campaign as follows, tonight: Hon. P. B. Cox and Judge P. A. Martin will speak at the corner of the First National Bank in Wichita Falls.

Rev. F. F. Walters and Hon. E. P. Haney will speak at Burk Burnett. Rev. R. C. Miller will speak at Iowa Park, Judge A. H. Carrigan and Judge John O. Kay will speak at Electra.

We ask our friends to rally and give us a record breaking crowd at each place. W. J. BULLOCK, Chairman.

Grain, Cotton and Livestock Market Reports

Chicago Grain Futures.
 Chicago, July 30.—Heavy rains in the southwest and a prediction of showers in all sections tended today to lift the wheat market. At the opening prices were 1 cent off to 1-1/2 to 1-3/4 up. Corn hardened with wheat. The somewhat unsettled weather counted also against the bears. Opening prices varied from the same as last night to one-fourth higher. Oats merely reflected the firmness of the other grains, wheat closed firm, corn steady. Wheat, July 1.11; Sept. 1.06 3-4; Dec. 1.07 3-8. Corn, July 79; Sept. 74 1-8; Dec. 63 1/2. Oats, July 57 5-8; Sept. 38 3-8; Dec. 39 1/2.

Kansas City Cash Grain.
 Kansas City, July 30.—Cash wheat No. 2 hard 1.20 to 1.40; No. 2 red 1.15. Corn No. 2 mixed 79. Oats No. 2 white 69.

Fort Worth Livestock.
 Fort Worth, July 30.—Cattle receipts 100 slow, heaves \$8.65 to \$8. Hog receipts 700 unchanged, lights \$7.30 to \$7.35. Sheep receipts 200, steady; lambs \$7 to \$8.

New York Grain Futures.
 New York, July 30.—The continued absence of rain in the southern states notably Texas together with

firmness in the Liverpool market occasioned an opening advance of 9 to 11 points in cotton prices here today. The official forecast predicting partly cloudy conditions in East Texas included subsequent relations of about 6 points but on a private condition figures of 4 condition of 79 9-10 against 79 5-10 last month, recoveries quite followed and at the end of the first half hour the market was firm with a net advance of 11 to 14 points. At midday reaction again occurred because of scattered selling in anticipation of showers over East Texas and prices showed a net advance of only about 5 points. No definite trend of the market developed later. Cotton closed steady, Oct. 9.30; Dec. 9.60; Jan. 9.70. March 9.95.

THE BRITISH BATTLESHIP LION AT LEMNOS ISLANDS.

By Associated Press.
 Berlin, July 30.—The correspondent at Athens of the Vossische Zeitung reports that the British superdreadnaught Lion has arrived in the harbor of Mudros on Lemnos Island.

The Lion, according to previous reports took part in a naval battle January 24th in the North Sea. It was said at the time that she was disabled but later these reports were denied by the British admiralty.

PRIMROSE AND PURPLE

By DOROTHY DOUGLAS.

(Copyright, 1915, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

"I have an idea for making a little money, mother," said Polly Dayton, drawing her chair close to her mother's in the bright living room.

"And remain at home, dear?" queried Mrs. Dayton, anxiously. She had not yet adjusted herself to the modern scheme of society which permits its daughters and wives to go forth from home in order to be economically independent.

Polly nodded definitely. "Very much at home, mother mine. Let me tell you about it: First, you know there is a large and flourishing organization in the city which has for its colors primrose and purple; there is another equally flourishing organization of women which has for its color, yellow. Now, these clubs will, this year, have many and varied social and public functions, at all of which they will use their club colors in flowers, if possible. I know women in both sets through whom, I am confident, I can get contracts to supply all the purple and primrose and yellow flowers that are to be used. I think we can market all we can raise of the flowers that exactly carry out the color scheme of the clubs. Don't you see it, mother?"

"Oh, I do—I do see it, dear daughter. It is a wonderful conception, and I believe you and I together, with the help of good old Joe Fisher, whose very hands seem to caress the flowers he plants, can make it a success."

Polly made practical and definite plans for her business venture, and as spring approached she and her mother and the old day gardener who had worked with them for years, cultivated every available spot in the grounds. They made room among the rocks for rich earth and took out stones here and there along the top to permit of growing the flowers. Thus it was not long before flowers were coming up everywhere, and every bloom was to be primrose, purple or yellow.

The organizations which Polly approached with her plans were more than glad to know of a place where they could obtain their own sorts of flowers and have them shipped in good shape.

By summer the wall of primroses about the Dayton home was exquisite to behold, and Polly and her mother rejoiced in the fact that neighbors brought their friends to see it. They watched automobilists stop to admire it, and felt proud of their work.

One day when Polly, in her great rose-covered hat and simple summer frock, was standing outside of the wall cutting blooms, an automobile stopped before the wall.

Polly did not look up, but she could hear that there was conversation between a man and a woman about the flowers.

Finally a young man approached her. "I beg your pardon," he said, his motor car in his hand. "Mother cannot longer resist the temptation to ask you if you will let her have a few of your beautiful primroses."

"Why, of course," Polly said, quickly. She looked out toward the auto and smiled at the woman who sat therein.

"Mother was prevented this year from going to her home in the South of England on account of the war. Always homesick for her own land—the very country, by the way, where 'The Roseary' was written—the constant sight of your primrose wall as we pass each day has made her more so. She thinks if she might have a few of the flowers it would—well, it would help some," laughed the young man, somewhat embarrassed by the fact that he was asking a favor from a strange—and very lovely—young woman.

"Do let me speak to your mother," said Polly, quickly, running over to the car, scissors in hand.

She stood for a long time talking to Mrs. Noble and her son George. And when the elderly woman left, her hands were full of Polly's primroses and she had promised to return whenever her bowl at home was empty.

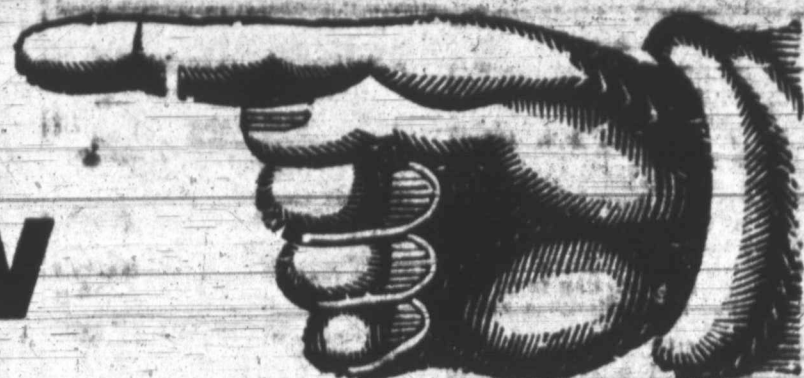
Twice a week Mrs. Noble came to Polly Dayton's garden for primroses. Polly would not take money, for she deemed it a pleasure to give them to anyone who loved the flowers so dearly. "And it was from your own Devonshire country that I got my inspiration to begin this venture," Polly told her one day when the four—Mrs. Noble, her son, Polly and her mother—sat at a rustic table under a wisteria arbor in the Dayton garden sipping cool glasses of tea.

"What a success it is! I can hardly believe it and—to add to that," Polly looked affectionately at her mother as she continued, "my dear little mother, here, has grown pink-cheeked and strong working out of doors and handling the beautiful blooms for market. Also," here she laughed merrily, "she has learned that a girl can earn money and still be a normal, womanly person! Eh, mother?" she asked.

Through these little meetings George Noble learned to know and to love Polly Dayton, and a romance as sweet as any of the flowers that bloomed in the garden in which it was set grew out of their love.

More than two years afterward when a little daughter strayed into the path of Polly and George Noble they called her Primrose.

TO-MORROW



Will be the Big Day at the "PEOPLE'S PROFIT SALE"

Many extra Bargains to make this the Biggest Saturday of the sale. Don't fail to visit our store.

JONES-KENNEDY CO.

The Store that Won't Carry Goods Over

COX AND MARTIN PRO SPEAKERS HERE TONIGHT

Prohibition Meetings Will Also Be Held at Electric, Burk Burnett and Iowa Park

Hon. P. B. Cox and Judge P. A. Martin will deliver the closing speeches of the campaign for the prohibitionists in Wichita Falls tonight. Judge A. H. Carrigan and Hon. John C. Kay will speak at Electric. Prohibition meetings also will be held at Burk Burnett and Iowa Park.

A SPECIES OF BOOTLEGGING DIFFICULT TO REACH

By Associated Press.
 Austin, Texas, July 30.—Comptroller H. B. Terrell is now engaged in a probe of another species of violation of the liquor laws, according to announcement here, but it is added, he fears he has little jurisdiction over the alleged violation at this time. He declares he has received information that in many of the larger hotels of Texas porters and bell boys are in the habit of obtaining a supply of beer and other liquors on Saturdays which is placed on ice and dispensed by them on Sundays to guests of the hotels at fancy prices. Mr. Terrell says this is a sort of bootlegging scheme and the offenders are subject to prosecution, but he is uncertain as to his jurisdiction in the premises. He says, however, it is within the authority of local officers to make an investigation and file complaints where it is shown there have been violations.

Allendale onTies.

Dr. A. L. Andrews of Wichita Falls, spoke Sunday afternoon at the prohibition question.

Mrs. Gambrel returned home Saturday after a three weeks stay with her daughter, Mrs. Jim Cross at Bowie.

J. D. Baldwin left Monday for his home at Midroad, Okla., after a few days visit with his son.

Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Swingen who live east of Wichita Falls, were here Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Dave Howell.

Walter Gwinn, Jack Benton, Tom Horton and Robert Gwinn left yesterday for Claremont.

Mr. Hendricks of Bowie, came in yesterday to visit his daughter, Mrs. Wylie Emerson.

A five pound girl arrived on the 11 o'clock last night and will make her home with Mr. and Mrs. Claude Gwinn.

FACTORY FOREMAN'S SON CHARGED WITH DYNAMITING

By Associated Press.
 Dallas, July 30.—Wallace Moore, son of W. T. Moore, whose home was dynamited here Monday night, was arrested today charged with assault to murder the elder Moore and a brother of the man under arrest when a bomb in a suit case exploded under their feet. Both were employees of a machinery factory which was filling a European belligerent saddle order. The same night W. B. Padgett, owner of the factory found four sticks of dynamite under his house.

Young Moore is 32 years old. He denied that he placed the dynamite on the bomb.

Doctors Hartsook & Stripling
 EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
 Suits 208, 309 and 310 Kemp and Kell Building

DR. SCHULTZ
 The German Specialist
 Special attention given to Diseases of Women; also Chronic, Nervous Complications. Office No. 605 1-4 Eighth St., Ward Bldg. Phone No. 1990.

Local News Brevities

E. G. Hill, undertaker, office and parlors 900 Scott Ave. Phone 225. Prompt ambulance service. 92-ttc

At the Gem Saturday. Otherwise Bill Harrison, 2 part Eassey. Mr. Joseph Brom Tatten, Ruth Stanhouse. Ham at the Fair, comedy. A Chief of the Old Block, Augustus Phillips and Margaret Prussing.

Dr. Nelson, dentist, 205 First National Bank, phone 538. 63-ttc

The city council did not meet last night, several of the aldermen having other engagements. The next meeting will be held Monday night.

Wichita Falls Undertaking Co., 812 Scott avenue. Phone 202. Prompt ambulance service. Command us. 18-ttc

All those injured in the automobile accident of Tuesday afternoon continued to improve today and are getting along nicely.

Manager F. P. St. Clair, who is in charge of the various amusements at Lake Wichita desires to say to the public that on and after July 31st the dining room at the Lake Hotel will be closed until September 1st, when it will again be re-opened to the public. This however, does not mean that the hotel will be closed. Those desiring rooms can have them at the usual price. 65-ttc

Mrs. M. H. Dillard and Miss Marie Dillard of Godley, mother and niece of W. L. Dillard came in today for a visit with the latter and his wife at 417 Lamar avenue.

Dr. Proctor, dentist, now over Mon. Sts. Drug Store, phone 1415. 29-ttc

Prætorians, Attention.
 Today and tomorrow are the last days your friends may become members of your council under dispensation. No intimation fee. Necessary for them to see Dr. Conn, 206 K. & K. Bldg. before Monday night. Sixty new members acquired in the past twelve days; you can get twelve days; you can get a hundred. Wichita Falls is ON the Prætorian map. J. WILKIE TALBERT, District Deputy. 62-ttc

THE SALOONS AND CHARITY

Mr. Bean in his talk at the Airdome last night, is said to refer to the money given by the saloons to United Charity. Some three or four years ago, Mr. Bean collected money from the saloons for this cause. Since this time if the saloons have given anything to the United Charities, with the following exception, I don't know it. I was elected president of this organization in November, 1911. In the fall of 1913 the saloons were not solicited. In the fall of 1914, the committee raised in cash and pledges about \$1,000. Some of the committee insisted that we ask the saloons for contributions, claiming that since they were the direct and indirect cause of most of the poverty, they should share with us the work of helping the deserving poor. I reluctantly agreed to go with another solicitor to see all of the saloons last December or January. We went to every saloon we could find (not including the flats.) Saw about twenty with the following results:

Gem Bar subscribed \$1 per month for twelve months—nothing collected. Ed Bradley \$1 per month for twelve months—nothing collected. C. G. Morris subscribed \$2 which was paid. J. C. Kuehn 50c per month for six months and has paid \$1.50. Ruby Bar \$1 per month for twelve months and paid \$3. So that out of the \$1,000 paid and subscribed we have collected from the saloons so far the sum of Six Dollars and Fifty Cents.

We don't know why we may not collect the balance of these pledges, but they are a mere pittance. We took the trouble to explain the advantages of having a man like Capt. Robb of the Salvation Army to distribute this money intelligently, but most of the saloons turned us down cold. J. C. HUNT.

(Advertisement)

NOTICE

On Saturday from 2 to 5 o'clock, we will serve free a glass of that Delicious

"DELAWARE PUNCH"

to every lady and gentleman who will come to our fountain. Mr. Krellenberg, the Company's representative, will personally see that every one is served a glass of this refreshing drink. Remember, our ice cream and soda is served in keeping with our popular store.

The Miller Drug Store

Thornberry & Shaw, Props. Ohio Avenue, Corner Eighth Street

GRAPES

100 Baskets of Fancy Eating Grapes for tomorrow we offer them at per 4-pound Basket 35c

GREEN BEANS 2 pounds for 25c GREEN PEAS Pound 10c

FRESH OKRA Pound 12 1/2c (Home grown) FRESH PEPPERS Pound 12 1/2c (Home grown)

CALLIFLOWER Pound 12 1/2c HEAD LETTUCE Each 10c

POTATOES

CALIFORNIA BURBANKS 35c per peck 35c Green Onions, Radishes, Fresh Tomatoes, Parsley and Carrots.

PREMIUM LARD 10 pounds \$1 35 5 pounds 70c Jewel Compound 10 pounds \$1 5 pound 50c

OLIVE OIL 65c size 50c 35c size 30c SALAD DRESSING 35c Richelieu 30c 35c Durkes 30c

RICHELIEU PEAS 2 cans for 25c RICH. PIMENTOS 2 cans for 25c

IMP. SARDINES 2 cans for 25c LIMA BEANS 2 cans for 25c

RED SALMON 3 large cans 50c 2 small cans 25c TUNNA FISH Large size 25c Small size 12 1/2c

Gold Label Tea

35c size 25c 65c size 50c

This is the highest grade tea packed by Joseph Tetley & Company and every package is backed by their guarantee. You may use a full can of this tea and if not more than pleased we will refund full purchase price.

GRAPE JUICE

THE FAMOUS "RED WING" Full quarts 40c

Pros and Antis alike should take advantage of our offer and buy a liberal supply of this wonderful drink.

Trevathan's

"THE PEOPLE'S STORE"

Personals

Mrs. J. M. Cochran left for her home at Pearall yesterday after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. Arnold, 2305 Ninth street.

P. B. Cox and family expect to leave Saturday in their automobile for a trip to Galveston and other South Texas points.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Burns and family returned this morning from a few weeks visit in Chattanooga and Benton, Tenn.

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Parker, F. F. Boyd and family left A. L. Brubaker and family comprised a party that came down from Iowa Park last night to attend the prohibition speaking.

Mayor Britain and Attorneys John Davenport and William N. Bonner addressed an anti-prohibition meeting at Electra last night.

Mrs. C. C. Hornsby and little granddaughter, Charles Marie Robbins, left today to visit Mrs. Hornsby's son, J. C. Hornsby and family at Alvord, Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Doherty, who live two and a half miles northeast of Iowa this morning. One is a boy and the other a girl. The mother and babies are reported doing nicely.

Mrs. C. Davidson and daughter, Lina, en route home to Seymour after a trip to the Panama Exposition, stopped over here last night with Mrs. Davidson's son, H. H. Davidson and family. They went to Seymour this afternoon and were accompanied by Miss Gertrude Davidson, who goes to Seymour for a visit.

Dr. J. F. Campbell and wife and two little nieces returned to their home at Manum this afternoon after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. B. R. James.

N. Henderson has returned from a business trip to New York City.

Joe Orberg, who makes Wichita Falls his home, came up from Fort Worth last night to remain over Saturday. Mr. Orberg is connected with the Spight-Ladd Detective Agency of Fort Worth.

Ralph Mathis has returned from Amarillo where he took the bar examination this week. He was not informed officially whether he had passed or not but was informed unofficially that he had made the required grade.

Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Burns, family and daughter, Mrs. C. A. Lefevre have returned from a three weeks' trip to Memphis and Nashville and Chattanooga, Tenn.

Conductor C. P. Parks received a bad cut and bruise on the face and head this afternoon when he fell against a cross tie while trying to catch his train, which was pulling out of the siding at Bacon switch. He was brought to Wichita Falls on an extra freight. Mr. Parks was conductor of an extra northbound freight when the accident occurred.

Mr. E. B. Pate and children returned to their home at Sulphur Springs this afternoon after a visit with E. P. Greenwood and family and Ed Pounds and family.

Mrs. J. U. O'Donohue of Electra arrived today for a visit with Miss Winnie Mae Giddings.

DR. J. W. DuVAL
Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat
First National Bank Bldg.

Dr. Monte R. Garrison
DENTIST
Offices 201-202
New First National Bank Building
Phone 49

GRAIN STORED ON FARMS
Can be insured and money advanced until you get ready to market it. "We want your business"

Peery & Marchant
We write all kinds of insurance and "Write It Right."
Phone 529 Wichita Falls, Texas
Phone 529

Lariat Airdome

NEW ATTRACTIONS
This Week.

Pepper Twins
Comedy singing, talking and dancing musical entertainers.

Two Vincettis
Australia's foremost comedy Comiques, new up-to-date and sensational.

PICTURES TODAY:
"Princess Hassan," third adventure of "Under the Crescent" series—"In the Shadow of the Pyramids."

"The Downfall of Potts," a comedy with Lee Moran, Victoria Forde and Eddie Lyons. Leave your auto in front. A reliable man in charge.

Remember the Baby Show starts Monday.

Alta Vista Ice Cream

Don't be disappointed when you buy ICE CREAM. Buy ALTA VISTA for it is the best that material and experience can produce, made under the supervision of the pure food inspector and is clean and pure.

Try it at our fountain
Phone us your orders for your dinner.

Morris Drug Store
Phones 9 and 748
Free Delivery

ASK US WHAT

kind of ice cream we have today. Three flavors. (Delivered)

MILLER DRUG STORE.
Ohio at 9th.
Phone Nine Two Five or One Nine Three.

SPIRELLA CORSETS
Not Sold in Stores
MISS JODIE HAYNES
Corsetiers
1007 11th St. Phone 843

Mr. and Mrs. Carrol Florence stopped off here yesterday for a short visit with Attorney J. R. Ogle and wife while en route to their home at Gilmer after a visit at Seymour. Mr. Florence is county attorney of Grimes county.

Mrs. R. A. Ford, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. B. Chauncey, left today for her home in Gilmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lindsey and son, Shirley, returned to their home in Stamford today after a visit with Mrs. D. E. Wilcoxson.

Mrs. S. E. Simpson left this afternoon for Knox City to visit her father, Miss Lucile Thomas of San Angelo left today for a visit to Dalhart after visiting Mrs. Bert Bean and Mrs. W. B. Chauncey.

BEAUTY IN THE MAKING

Your skin needs the utmost careful attention if you want to preserve it in a perfect, healthful condition.

DIKE'S PEROXIDE CREAM

Will make your skin soft and velvety. It opens the pores and removes foreign and injurious particles. An ideal application to use before a day's outing, also affords a fine base for retarding complexion powder. For massage purposes, after shaving, for rough skin, sunburn, windburn, tanned or chapped skin.

Price 25c the Large Jar

Palace Drug Store
Phones 341-340 ONLY THE BEST Free Delivery

B. I. I. T.

Insist on the "TRAVELER" CIGAR 5c

A Texas smoke for Texas people, distributed by a concern that is strictly for Texas.

Sold By Us

Wilson & Woods.
EVERY THING FOR THE OFFICE

GEM THEATRE TO-DAY

"The Goddess"—Two-part Vitagraph, featuring Earl Williams and Anita Stewart

The 13th Episode of Exploits of Elaine

"The Story of A Glove"—Vitagraph Comedy

MAJESTIC THEATRE

TODAY:
EARL WILLIAMS
—and—
ANITA STEWART
—in—
2-part special, "The Awakening."

BRYANT WASHBURN
—and—
RUTH STONEHOUSE
—in—
"The Gilded Cage," Essanay.

"Life's Mysteries," a Mlna Comedy.

TUESDAY:
Theda Bara.

Harper's Bazar and Hearst's — August Number in Today
Mack Taylor Drug Store
Phone 184 Phone 882

BATH GOODS
These are the days to enjoy bathing. We have the bath helps.
Bath Brushes,
Bath Mitts,
Bath Sponges,
Bath Caps,
All prices.

Palace Drug Store

Try Times Want Ads

STOP AT MARTIN'S

and get a supply of reading to use while on your trip or a good book to help you while away these hot afternoons. Our 50c tables are chuck full of light reading very suitable for summer use. In our juvenile department you will find our 50 and 25c tables full of the very best boys and girls books. Our magazine department is more extensive now than ever before; all publications being placed on sale at earliest possible date. Our newspaper racks carry daily papers from all sections of the United States. We are agents for all papers, magazines, etc., and would be glad to handle your subscription.

Martin's Book Store
609 Eighth St. Phone No. 96

SHELL CONSUMING POWER OF MODERN ARTILLERY

Berlin.—The astonishing shell consuming power of modern artillery is discussed by General Heinrich Rohne in an interview published by the Voessische Zeitung.

"In the war of 1870," says General Rohne, "no German battery fired more than 200 rounds in one battle from each of its guns. A Russian battery fired 522 rounds for each of its guns at the battle of Tuschitschao. The use of ammunition in the present war puts all these figures in the shade."

"During the whole Franco-German war, the German artillery fired 817,000 rounds, a tenth part of which was used in the battle of St. Privat. In the Russo-Japanese war one side used a total of 954,000 shells."

Mr. and Mrs. L. H. McKinley of Dallas, who have been visiting Mrs. McKinley's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Ed Wilson, corner Grace and McGregor, returned to their home yesterday.



CLEANING & PRESSING.

We don't try how cheap we can do your work but we try how good we can do it.

Phone 732
Collier Tailoring Co.
Cleaners and Pressers.
Union Shop 717 7th Phone 732

THREE CAKES OF PALM OLIVE SOAP FREE

With every jar of Palm Olive Face Cream sold this week we will give free three full sized cakes of Palm Olive Soap. Palm Olive Face Cream is one of the standard preparation of this kind, and sells always for 50c. The soap sells for 15c per cake. This week you get them both for the price of one. In case you do not care for the Face Cream, we are making a special introductory price of 10c per cake for the soap.

MACK TAYLOR'S HAIR TONIC

Your vacation, as well as your other summer activities, will be more to you if your hair looks its best every minute. With the first use of Mack Taylor's Hair Tonic you discover that the soft massy fluffiness it develops has made your hair seem much heavier than it really is. Mack Taylor's Hair Tonic is made of pure quinine and sage, the best remedies in the world for dandruff, falling hair or premature baldness. It is put up in our own laboratory of pure materials, and its action is so positive that we guarantee every bottle. Price 50c.

A FACE POWDER OF PECULIAR CHARM

The rare softness of a butterfly's wings—the caress of the summer evening's breeze—the harmonious blending of garden fragrance of a fresh May morning—all this and more is Mack Taylor's Liquid Face Powder and Bleach—the sense of delight that captivates the women who use it is beyond description. This Liquid Face Powder is made in our own laboratory, of the purest and best materials. It comes in two shades, pink and white, at 25c and 50 c.

LILAS DE RIGAUD

When the hot summer beats down on the dusty roads, and the city streets teem with the sweltering life of summer, and no air stirs—just close your eyes and be refreshed by the fragrance of Lilas de Rigaud—it takes you back to the days of sweet breezes and swaying clusters of lilacs. Lilas de Rigaud will come to you in a beautiful bottle, an ornament to any dressing table. Extract, half ounce bottle, \$1.00—one ounce bottle, \$2.00—two ounce bottle, \$3.50.

August Victrola Records just received.
Mack Taylor's Drug Store
Phones 184-882
820 Ohio Avenue Red Cross Drug Store
You can buy a Victrola For only \$1 down and \$1 per week.

THE DOLLAR

Is the standard by which values are measured in this country. But do you always get a dollar's worth for your dollar? The dollar is the measure used in our cleaning and pressing department. To call and get your suit, clean and press it and return it to your home is the dollar's worth at our shop. We could get more but we feel in our bones that a dollar is just right. And our cleaning is just as RIGHT as the Dollar. No dingy rings where the spot was. No greasy spots show up the third wearing. We made the price a dollar. We made a dollar the price. And we give you more for your dollar than you can get elsewhere. You don't have to phone us but one time about your suit.

I am Gipton Tailor
I'll see that you're satisfied

Union Shop Phone 1067
Our Automobile Will Pass Your Home Today.
"We Lay the Tape, the Suit Fits"

SEE OUR

Pretty showing of new—
Correspondence Cards,
Box Stationery,
Pound Paper, etc.

Palace Drug Store

"Deliciously Good"

Our ice cream is made in the most sanitary and modern creamery in the city, and extreme care is used in the making. Our ice cream is made and packed ready to serve expressly for the finest trade. Resident trade is our hobby and our service is unexcelled. Phone us your orders whether large or small, they will be appreciated. We deliver anywhere from a half gallon up, to any point in the city. Phone No. 1974.

NEELAND-MUFFF CREAMERY CO.
703 Tenth Street Motor service

IN ACCORD WITH OUR POLICY

Of supplying our customers with the very best goods at the lowest possible price we're prepared to supply you with Green's Muscadine Punch at \$1.25 per gallon in bulk, or will refill your bottles at 20c for pints, or 40c for qts. This puts it in the reach of every one. We do not feel it necessary to talk about the quality. Ripe Olives 15, 25, 35, and 50 cents per tin.

WE ROAST COFFEE EVERY DAY

824 Indiana Bert Bean Coffee House Telephone 35

Four Per Cent. Interest per annum, compounded quarterly, paid on Deposits in Our Savings Department

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WICHITA FALLS

Miscellaneous Wants

WANTED—Two Fairview houses—J. B. Brdwall, phone 661. 38-tfc
WANTED TO RENT—Furnished house of three or four rooms. Permanent. Call 1316. 55-tfc
WANTED—Small ice box and three coats and a small amount of lumber. Phone 1920. 62-tfc
WANTED—3 modern unfurnished rooms close in, call 232 after 6:30 tomorrow morning. 64-tfc
WANTED—To trade equity in cottage for carpenter work, phone 1325. 67-3tc

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—Hupmobile touring car, Western Auto Supply Co., phone 219, 904 7th St. 47-tfc
FOR SALE—Fresh Uvalde Honey, at Frank Donley grocery store, 1508 1/2 Broad, Phone 1237. 63-6tp
FOR SALE—1000 bales of new crop Johnson grass hay, good bright quality—it's fine, baled right. Will deliver free from 10 bales up at this price. Price per bale 20c; call phone 1948. Stanley's Department Store. 60-4tc
FOR SALE—1915 Ford roadster, in good condition. Phone 222 or 901. 62-rc

FOR SALE—Furniture 15-room rooming house. Rent reasonable, party retiring from business. If interested call at 1006 7th or phone 1241. 62-6tp
FOR SALE—1915 Ford roadster, in good condition. Phone 222 or 901. 65-6tc
PEACHES FOR SALE—Berthas 50 cents bushel and White Freestones, 25 cents at orchard. G. W. Riggsby, two miles north of Thornberry. 66-6tp

Lost

LOST—Two keys on Jones-Kennedy key protector. Finder notify Chamberlain at American Express office. 65-3tc
LOST—Top cover for Ford auto. Finder return to V. E. Stampfl on deceivable reward. 66-3tc

For Sale or Trade

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Confectionery in small town near Galveston. Complete with ice cream plant. A bargain for quick sale or trade for Wichita Falls property. Address Fred Staber, Wichita Falls, Tex. 62-6tp
FOR TRADE—\$13,000 stock of dry goods in North Texas, clear of debt. To trade for good farm clear of debt. W. J. Grisham, 209 K. and K. Bldg. 64-tfc
FOR SALE OR TRADE—For anything of equal value, two choice corner lots in Clovis, New Mexico. Also two desirable lots in Floydada, Tex. What have you? Phone 459 or see T. D. Matchett, 1517 9th St. 65-tfc

For Sale—City Property

FOR SALE—Corner lot, good location, 10th St., Floral Heights, cheap. Phone 800. 41-26tp
FOR SALE—My home on Tenth St., at less than cost. H. J. Naylor, Phone 1347. 56-tfc

Situations Wanted

WANTED—Man and wife wants work on farm. M. B. Morgan, Route 4, City. 66-3tp
WANTED—By German girl, work in private home. Phone 753 and call for Rose. 67-6tp

Salesmen Wanted

WANTED—Immediately two ladies for agents to travel \$75 per month and expenses, also 3 to do local work, on guaranteed salary, \$100 for 40 days work.—See Mrs. Jones, Tremont Hotel, phone 773. 67-1tp

Found

FOUND—On street car, small purse containing some money and a receipt. Owner can have same by paying for this ad. Call at Times office for identification. 67-tfc

"Mid-Summer Bargain"

Lots 1 and 2 in Block 26 F. H. Facing East and North on corner of Kemp Blvd. and 9th St. Price \$800 each. Best location for a home in town. Cravens, Maer & Walker Kemp & Kell Building, Telephone 694

For Rent—Houses

FOR RENT—Several houses. See E. B. Gorsline, Phone 720 or 733. 12-tfc
FOR RENT—Several four and five room houses on Scott between Third and Fourth. Phone Miss Wright 547. 26-tfc
FOR RENT—Well furnished house in Floral Heights; owner leaving town for summer. Phone 385. 26-tfc
FOR RENT—A good 7-room house at 303 Burnett & Co. F. W. Tibbitts. 29-tfc
FOR RENT—4-room upstairs apartment with sleeping porch. Modern and close in. 1206 Lamar. Phone 1276.—V. G. Ekeon. 37-tfc
FOR RENT—Modern 5-room cottage with all conveniences. Between 12th and 13th streets on Scott Ave. See J. C. Mytinger, 508 Kemp & Kell Building. 37-tfc
FOR RENT—Modern 5-room cottage, close in. Apply 1105 Broad St.—P. S. Tullis. 42-tfc
FOR RENT—Cottage, phone 244. 50-tfc
FOR RENT—Three houses, on 15th street, modern; one on 5th street and one on Elm street, phone 1555. 55-tfc
FOR RENT—Five room house with bath, pantry, hot and cold water, gas, electric lights, all modern, heat house in town. H. T. Canfield, Phone 243. 56-tfc
FOR RENT—5-room house on 18th St., modern. Phone 150. 63-tfc
FOR RENT—Rucks house with or without the furniture. 813 Eighth St. 65-3tc
FOR RENT—Furnished home on hill, owner leaving city during month of August. Address "Q" care Times. 66-3tc
FOR RENT—Five room house, modern, furnished or unfurnished, one block of car line. Phone 1529 or 193. 66-3tc

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN—Cravens, Maer & Walker. 44-tfc
\$300,000.00—To loan on farms and improved Wichita Falls property. Very easy terms and low rates of interest. F. W. Tibbitts. 59-tfc
I LOAN money on improved farms at 8 per cent. Otto Stehlik. 59-15tp
CITY and FARM LOANS negotiated for clients at 5 and 6 per cent interest. More than \$1,250,000 negotiated through different companies since 1898 on long time and easy payments. What we have done for others we can do for you. If you will meet the company's requirements as others have done. Loans made to purchase homes and business property, buy or improve farms, improve vacant lots, furnish money to buy lot and build, thereby making your rent money pay for the home. Six months' grace in case of sickness or loss of position, assuring you against losing the property. If you need a loan and mean business see us at once for full information.—H. and T. C. Yates, phone 395, Belmont Hotel. 65-3tp

Board and Rooms

NICE South bedroom with board. Phone 1672. 63-7tc
BOARD and ROOM—Best in city. One cool southeast room, 1103 Scott. 65-tfc

Dressmaking

MRS. SIMMONS—Dressmaker, 1306 9th St., phone 1893. 60-tfc
EXPERIENCED MODESTE—I design and make exquisite gowns, stout figures a specialty. All work guaranteed.—Mrs. Piri Ross, 2404 10th St. 67-3tp

For Rent—Housekeeping Rooms

FOR RENT—Three furnished light housekeeping rooms, 1507 10th St., phone 94. 49-tfc
FOR RENT—Unfurnished housekeeping rooms. Phone 244. 50-tfc
FOR RENT—Three nicely furnished light housekeeping rooms, close in. Phone 1575, 809 13th. 59-tfc
FOR RENT—Two modern down stairs rooms. Furnished for light housekeeping, southern exposure. Phone 940, 512 Travis. 1-tfc
FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms, modern, coolest place in city, phone 1761. 63-tfc
FOR RENT—Two large cool rooms, well furnished for light housekeeping, near car line, 1907 8th street. 63-tfc
FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping, reasonable. Phone 1514, 500 Burnett. 63-tfc
FOR RENT—Light housekeeping rooms, furnished at 1111 Indiana. Phone 1935. 66-3tp
FOR RENT—3 nice large unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping, modern, phone 1282. 67-3tc
FOR RENT—The coolest and cheapest furnished light housekeeping rooms in town, 1205 11th St., phone 1702. 67-tfc

Miscellaneous

KODAK FILMS developed free, 35c and 50c per dozen. Leave them today, get them tomorrow. Walton's Studio, 706 Ohio avenue, Fonville old stand. 59-tfc
STAMMERERS learn to talk without stammering. Phone 846. 66-3tp

FARM WANTED

In exchange for beautiful, close-in, very desirable Floral Heights lots in Wichita Falls. DR. J. W. DuVAL

Just One More Day

In which you can purchase some unheard of bargains in Wichita Falls real estate. After this week the great agitation will be settled and property will get back to its normal conditions—in fact, we are going to take new life and build a greater city here. If you want to own your home and buy it cheap be sure to see me this week.

A. L. HUEY, Office 604 Eight Street Phone 1478—night phone 1398

TRADE FOR HARDWARE OR GROCERIES 500 acres of fine farm land, fertile soil and highly productive and located in one of the best farming communities in Texas. This farm is well improved and 300 acres now under cultivation. Will trade for Hardware or Groceries. Land is priced on a cash basis and will make some one a nice, clean trade.

F. F. KNOTTS FARM LOANS FARM LANDS CITY PROPERTY 204 FIRST NATIONAL BANK.

For Rent—Bedrooms

COOLEST—And finest rooms in the city with private or connecting baths. American Hotel, corner 10th and Indiana. 11-tfc
FOR RENT—Nicely furnished bedroom, adjoining bath, phone 1094. 600 Scott Ave. 29-4tc
FOR RENT—Front room for ladies or gentlemen. 1202 Burnett. Phone 224. 62-tfc

Board and Rooms

NICE South bedroom with board. Phone 1672. 63-7tc
BOARD and ROOM—Best in city. One cool southeast room, 1103 Scott. 65-tfc

Dressmaking

MRS. SIMMONS—Dressmaker, 1306 9th St., phone 1893. 60-tfc
EXPERIENCED MODESTE—I design and make exquisite gowns, stout figures a specialty. All work guaranteed.—Mrs. Piri Ross, 2404 10th St. 67-3tp

Fine Farm

To trade for city property, 320 acres fine valley land just across river from Charlie, Texas, on Cache Creek. About 150 acres in cultivation. On public road and close to school. This is really a fine tract of land and is priced right. If you want to trade your city property for this see us at once. We also have some automobiles for sale or trade. Two houses in South part of town near school

Thomas & Bland Real Estate 606 8th street Phone 99 Kemp & Kell Building

This is the season when the palate must be pleased. The ice cream we serve leaves a pleasant farewell and a gracious call back.

"HARRINGTONS" Corner 9th and Indiana Free delivery.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

FL. W. & D. C. Ry. Northbound No. 7 to Denver and intermediate points, arrives 2:35 a. m.; departs 3:45 a. m. No. 8 to Amarillo and intermediate points, arrives at 1:50 p. m.; departs 2:05 p. m. No. 13 to Electra, departs 7 a. m. and returns at 6:15 p. m. Southbound No. 5 to Fort Worth and intermediate points, arrives at 2:05 a. m.; departs 2:15 a. m. No. 4 to Fort Worth and intermediate points, arrives at 2:05 p. m., and departs at 2:20 p. m. Wichita Valley. Westbound No. 1 to Abilene and intermediate points, departs at 2:20 p. m. No. 7 from Byers, arrives at 12:05 p. m.; No. 9 from Byers arrives at 5:45 p. m. Eastbound No. 3 from Abilene and intermediate points, arrives at 1:35 p. m.; No. 8 from Byers departs at 8:30 a. m.; No. 10 from Byers departs at 2:15 p. m. M. K. & T. Eastbound No. 14 to Dallas and intermediate points, departs 6:10 a. m. No. 12 to Dallas and intermediate points departs 11:20 a. m. Westbound No. 11 from Dallas and intermediate points, arrives 12:05 p. m. No. 17 from Dallas and intermediate points arrives at 10:25 a. m. W. F. & N. W. Northbound No. 1 for Elk City and intermediate points departs 2:15 p. m.; No. 3 for Forgan and intermediate points departs 6:45 a. m. Southbound No. 2 from Elk City and intermediate points arrives at 11:00 a. m.; No. 4 from Forgan and intermediate points arrives at 8:15 p. m. W. F. & S. Southbound No. 1 for Newcastle and intermediate points departs 2:30 p. m.; No. 55 for Newcastle and intermediate points (local freight) departs 8:15 a. m. Northbound No. 2 from Newcastle 11:05 a. m.; No. 56 from Newcastle and intermediate points (local freight) and intermediate points arrives at 4:45 p. m.

3000 VOTES MAY BE POLLED TOMORROW

EXPECTED THAT VOTES CAST WILL BE WITHIN FEW HUNDRED OF POLLS PAID

POLLS OPEN AT 8 O'CLOCK

Qualifications of Voters Will Be Inquired Into Closely By Adherents of Both Sides For the first time since 1907, the voters of Wichita county will tomorrow determine whether saloons shall be permitted to continue in business in this city. The greatest interest, not only in this city, but in other parts of the State, is being manifested in the outcome of the contest, and a very heavy vote is anticipated. Both prohibition and anti prohibition factions have been waging determined campaigns since the election was ordered early in July, but for the most part the contest has been free from animosities and strife, being carried on good naturedly by both sides, in spite of the strenuous character of the battle. The polling places will open at 8 o'clock and close at seven and the regular election officers will be in charge. At several boxes, however, it will be necessary for the voters to name other officials, those regularly appointed being unable to serve. Everyone entitled to vote in a general election may vote in this contest, and a poll tax receipt or exemption certificate is a prerequisite, except for the old age exemptions. Those who have lost their poll receipts may, of course, make the usual affidavit. Between 2000 and 3000 votes are expected to be polled tomorrow. There are 3321 polls paid in this county and 87 exemptions, making a total of slightly over 3400 registered voters, but the total cast will hardly exceed 3000. In the five boxes which vote at the city and court house, including, however, many country votes, there are 2190 poll taxes paid and these boxes will cast from 1600 to 1900 votes it is expected. The payments by boxes follow: 1 City Hall 472 2 Court House 444 3 Allendale 28 4 Cashion 56 5 Burk Burnett 255 6 Iowa Park 184 7 Denny 38 8 Beaver Creek 34 9 Clara 403 10 Electra 50 11 Bridge 194 12 Car Barns 536 13 Court House 554

FOR SALE Four cylinder, standard type

TRACTOR The price will be right. Texas Road Supply Co. Phone 476 Wichita Falls, Texas

The Woodmen of the World

the strongest fraternal insurance Society in America. Assets more than \$25,000,000. A special dispensation now on in Wichita, Clay, Archer and Wilbarger counties. Join us, be protected and be happy. For further information call on

MATHEWS & MEDLOCK, State Deputies, Room 4, Friberg Building, Wichita Falls, Texas.

Let us write your Fire, Tornado, Automobile and Burglary Insurance.

Our companies are old line companies. We represent

The National Surety Co. All kinds of bonds. See us for bargains in real estate.

DeBerry & Houston 311 K. & K. Bldg. Phone 1640

RED BALL TRANSFER CO. 319 Ohio Avenue Phone Office 894 Phone Residence 795

We move, pack and store your furniture and do a general transfer business. Heavy Hauling and Home-Moving a specialty. A. DRAKE, Proprietor

Baggage Transfer and Cab Service

Morris Cab & Transfer Co. Phone 630 We have wagons all sizes from a small baggage wagon to the largest moving vans. Quick service and carefully handled. 801 Ohio Avenue

Let Us Do the Baking

This extremely hot weather it is a bad policy for women to try to do the family baking, especially when they can get good, FRESH HOME-MADE BREAD, right out of the oven and wrapped in sanitary packages. Telephone and our auto will stop and demonstrate the quality of our bread.

DAN OSTER HOME Bakery

1418 14th Street Phone 982

When you call us by either of our numbers and get

"Line is Busy"

or do not get an immediate answer, call our other number. We have two phones for your convenience—

McFall Transfer & Storage Co.

Nos. 444 and 14. Use your phone— We are not on the Street Corners. Keep Moving.

So Good

The ingredients used in making our ice cream can not be surpassed. We sell it in large or small quantities, just as you require it. Our cream is always well packed and delivered to your door. Try our famous peach melba, strawberry, chocolate, nut, vanilla, also our lime and other fruit sherbets.

Holliday Creamery Co. PHONE 830.

Colonial

Fruit Punch, cooling, refreshing, healthful, economical drink. Add only water and ice. Buy the punch from King's Gro'y 721 7th Street PHONE 604

DR. F. E. THORNBURGH Dentist All operations made as painless as possible. Charges reasonable. All work guaranteed. 210 K. & K. Bldg. Phone 1734.

L. H. ROBERTS CEMENT WORK GENERAL CONTRACTOR Walks, Curbing, Steps, Cement Work, Floors, Foundations, Street Crossings. Telephone 504

Professional Cards

ROBERT E. HUFF Attorney at Law Prompt attention to all civil business. Office: Rear First Nat'l Bank. W. E. Fitzgerald P. B. Cox FITZGERALD & COX Attorney at Law Practice in all courts. Rooms 304-306 First Nat'l Bank Bldg. C. B. FELDER Attorney-at-Law. Office 310 First National Bank Building Wm. N. Bonner J. J. Bonner BONNER & BONNER Attorney at Law General, State and Federal practice. Offices: Sultes 6, 10 and 11 Ward Bldg. Phone 121.

HUFF, MARTIN & BULLINGTON Lawyers Rooms: 314, 315 and 316 Kemp & Kell Building.

W. F. WEEKS Attorney at Law Office Fifth floor new First National Bank Bldg.

SMOOT & SMOOT Lawyers Office in Friberg Building.

W. LINDSAY RIBB Lawyer Civil and Criminal Law. Office Phone 1327, 207 K. & K. Bldg.

JOHN C. KAY Noble, Smith & Henderson Building, Seventh Street.

CARRIGAN, MONTGOMERY & BRITAIN Lawyers Room 320, First National Bank Bldg.

BERNARD MARTIN Attorney at Law office room 206 K. & K. Bldg.

J. M. BLANKENSHIP Attorney at Law Room 2 Ward Building. Phone 672.

W. B. Chauncey John Davenport CHAUNCEY & DAVENPORT Lawyers Sultes 3-Br n-Anderson Bldg. Phone 1424.

J. R. OGLE Attorney at Law Room 12, Ward Building. Phone 121.

T. R. (Dan) BOONE Attorney-at-Law Suite 406-407 Kemp & Kell Building.

Walter Neason T. F. Hunter NELSON & HUNTER Attorneys-at-Law Suite 204-206 First National Bank Bldg. Phone 1436.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

DR. A. L. LANE Physician and Surgeon Room 308 First Nat'l Bank Building. Office phone 586. Residence phone 487.

DRS. BURNSIDE & JONES Surgery and General Practice Dr. Burnside's residence No. 2, E. Dr. Jones' residence No. 844. Office, phone No. 12. Offices Moore-Bateman Bldg.

DR. WADE H. WALKER Surgery and General Practice Office phones 985; residence phone 267. Office First National Bldg. Rooms 201-202.

DRS. AMASON & HARGRAVE Surgery and General Medicine Office 202-204 K. & K. Bldg. Office phone 760. Dr. Amason residence phone 649. Dr. Hargrave, residence 763. Surgeons in charge of Amason & Hargrave Hospital, 206 Drock.

DR. SCHULTZ The German Specialist Special attention given to Diseases of Women; also Chronic, Nervous Complications. Office No. 605 1-4 Eighth St., Ward Bldg. Phone No. 1999.

DR. W. H. FELDER Dentist Southeast corner Seventh Street and Ohio Avenue.

DR. T. R. BOGER Dentist Office over First State Bank. Hours from 8 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m.

FIELD & CLARKSON Architects 517 Kemp & Kell Building. Ft. Worth and Wichita Falls.

Lodge Directory

Wichita Falls Camp No. 12096 M. W. of A. meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., 706 1-3 Seventh street. B. M. Ballard, Consul; E. G. Cook, Clerk.

ARIUS COURT No. 68 Tribe of Ben Hur, meets every Friday night, 812 1/2 Ohio Ave. at 8 p. m.

Help Swell The Majority For A Greater Wichita Falls

In concluding the campaign for a perpetuation of the policy of Wichita Falls and Wichita County to "pull together" this committee submits for your consideration that:

The Anti-Prohibition Committee, composed of men who have contributed their best efforts to the development of this county have voluntarily assumed the responsibility of protesting against the purpose of men who would seek to inflict upon this people a condition which would overcome the splendid work of these years, an accomplishment that has placed Wichita Falls in the front ranks of the progressive cities of the state.

To begin with, this campaign was pitched upon a high plane and we have endeavored to maintain the policy adopted in the beginning, to do or say nothing that would reflect in the least upon the reputation of this citizenship, either as a community or from a personal standpoint. We could have told you of the men who have come to Wichita Falls from communities which they had helped vote dry. But such was not our policy, although some of these men stand high in the list of the prohibition agitators.

The opposition has sought with miscellaneous statements to convince you that prohibition has not been destructive to other communities. In reply to these general communications this committee has shown from facts and figures that each and every one of these points have been effected, not only in a business way, but morally as well.

They used Henrietta as an illustration, but the records when furnished by this committee, demonstrated that that place had not only suffered from the number of vacant houses and loss of business, but that prior to the adoption of prohibition, the churches were more prosperous and there were more resident pastors than the city has today. And who of our people would agree for one moment to exchange conditions in Wichita Falls for such as exist in Henrietta?

Then again they referred to Amarillo in support of their argument, but it remained for this committee to demonstrate that this city, at one time prosperous, was now inactive. That more money is required to meet the jury, jail and other expenses of the courts than before the adoption of prohibition.

They talk eloquently of Sherman, Denton, Gainesville, Vernon and Mineral Wells, but the records when produced contradicted every argument put forth and demonstrated that each of these places had suffered as a result of accepting the prohibition theory.

We submit, in fact, that the pros have failed to present one proposition or submit a single idea that has not been successfully disproven by the facts presented by this committee.

Thus forestalled in the use of their usual argument our prohibition friends have dragged into this campaign, the customary personal abuse and have in their desperation resorted to measures and arguments that should be resented by every voter in Wichita county. Not content with attacking the splendid reputation of the chairman of this committee, they have sought to slander the reputation of others who have exercised their privilege of voicing an opinion in this matter. And even more, to the discredit of every man involved, the prohibition advocates have sought to make capital of an unfortunate accident and to besmirch the good name of visitors to this city. We submit that such tactics should be condemned, not only by voice, but by vote, and we believe that the good people of Wichita county will hold the men who have perpetrated this insult in the face of death, to account in this contest.

With a knowledge of the splendid development and accomplishment of this people, we do not believe that you will on Saturday cast a vote that will mean the undoing of the successful endeavor of years, nor do we believe that you will vote to place Wichita Falls in a class with those towns that have ceased to prosper because of the adoption of prohibition.

We appeal to your patriotism and pride and urge you to join us Saturday in putting an end to this agitation which accomplishes nothing, but which invariably

results in disaster to any community. We feel that the victory is won, but we desire to make the majority so pronounced that it will be not only a testimonial of the loyalty of this people, but a stinging rebuke to the men who have sought to handicap Wichita Falls and Wichita county in their onward march to greater achievements and to a more brilliant future, if possible, than has been enjoyed in the past.

Let nothing prevent your going to the polls and casting a ballot against prohibition. Permit no one to persuade you to vote for a change that will injure the property owner, the laborer, the man who is trying to pay out a home and those of our friends outside of the city who depend upon the prosperity of Wichita Falls for a market for their produce.

city who depend upon the prosperity of Wichita Falls

WOULD YOU HAVE WICHITA FALLS SUCH A CITY AS VERNON?

Our prohibition friends have been holding up Vernon as an evidence of the success of prohibition and, of course, without investigating the real conditions. It is amusing that they should make such a comparison in the face of the fact that Vernon, at one time, was larger than Wichita Falls.

But how about Vernon now, as shown by the records?

There is not a foot of paved streets in the city. Two years ago the city voted \$16,000 for that purpose, but the streets were in such condition that this amount was required for repairs.

The city owes for her school buildings, sewer, waterworks and street improvements, with \$5,000 refunding bonds out.

The city is broke with a tax levy this year inadequate to the demands of the city government.

It has been suggested by a Vernon citizen that the millionaire who wants to live in a dry town should move up there and help them pay some of the high tax levies they now have.

Read this from the Vernon Call on July 28th: "It is going to make the Vernon property owners hustle like sixty to get the dinero to pay taxes this year, as the city, county and state tax rate, combined, is \$2.18 on the \$100. Ain't it awful, Pauline?"

Again from the same paper: "According to the budget, recently fixed, the amount of revenues to be collected this year from taxes will be inadequate to the amount of money required to run the city's expenses for the current year, should the full amount of taxes be collected. The tax rate in Vernon is as high as can be fixed, according to law, and has been for several years, but the city can increase the valuation of all taxable property, which is about the same as increasing the tax rate."

These are facts from the material side of the question, and we ask you if you would like to exchange your city for that? We feel sure that you would not. Then why vote to create a condition here similar to that obtaining in Vernon?

And does prohibition prohibit or improve the criminal records of that community? In the Vernon Call of February 24th, there is a report of the district court cases for that week. A total of thirteen cases were disposed of, and of that number seven were for violations of the local option law. And yet they would try and make you believe that you cannot buy whiskey in these dry towns.

DIGEST OF LAW GOVERNING QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTERS IN PROHIBITION ELECTION

JULY 31st, 1915

Any male citizen of Wichita county, over twenty-one years of age, who secured a poll tax receipt prior to February 1, 1915, for the year 1914, and who has resided in the state one year and in the county six months prior to date of election.

Any male citizen over twenty-one years of age who came from another state in the Union since the first of January, 1914, having the other qualifications for voting and who has lived in the state one year and in the county six months at the time of election. These parties are entitled to a vote without a poll tax receipt by making

sworn affidavit as to the facts in the case when offering to vote.

Any male citizen who became sixty years of age prior to January 1, 1914, and who possesses the other qualifications for voting, will be entitled to vote without a poll tax or exemption certificate.

Any young man who became of age since February 1, 1914, and who secured an exemption certificate from the County Tax Collector, will be entitled to a vote, provided he has the other qualifications necessary thereto.

Any male citizen having the qualifications for voting but who suffered the loss of an arm or a leg, or both, or is permanently disabled, or is blind, will be entitled to vote without a poll tax certificate.

How To Vote AN ANTI TICKET

Scratch out the line 'For Prohibition' and leave the line 'Against Prohibition' as shown by sample ballot given below. Scratch the middle line.

OFFICIAL BALLOT For Prohibition Against Prohibition
--

FACTS ABOUT DENTON COUNTY

For the information of those who want the real facts about the working of prohibition, we submit the following information as to Denton county, showing the effects of prohibition as diminishing crimes. These are the bald facts, under seal of County officers who have no interest in the result of the election to be held in this county, July 31st. These facts are compiled from affidavits of W. E. Durbin, District Clerk, Roy Mays, County Clerk and Wm. McCormick, Justice of the Peace, which affidavits are now on file at headquarters.

FIRST—Prohibition was adopted in Denton county, October 23rd, 1902.

SECOND—The number of criminal cases filed in the District Court during the year just preceding prohibition, was 25. The number of criminal cases filed in the District Court during the year 1914, after prohibition had been in force for 13 years, had increased to 42. This is shown by the certificate of the District Clerk of Denton county, shown herein.

THIRD—The number of criminal cases filed in the County Court during the year 1902, the year just preceding the adoption of prohibition, was 161. The number filed during the year 1914, after 13 years of prohibition, had increased to 211, as shown by the certified statement of the County Clerk of that county.

FOURTH—The number of criminal cases filed in Justice Court of Precinct No. One (including the town of Denton) during the year 1902, the last year preceding the adoption of prohibition, was 153, and during the year 1914, after 13 years of prohibition, the number of criminal cases had increased to 252, as shown by the certified statement of Wm. McCormick, J. P. of Denton County.

FIFTH—During the year 1902, there were seven charges of drunkenness filed in the Justice Court, while, in 1914, after 13 years of prohibition, the number of drunks had increased to 28.

Instead of appealing to the passions and the prejudices of the people, as the advocates of prohibition do, we submit facts, which show that in one of the best counties in Texas, crime has increased after prohibition has been in force for 13 years.

WICHITA FALLS ANTI-PROHIBITION COMMITTEE

A FINAL ANALYSIS of the CAMPAIGN

The Prohibition Committee has offered only general statements to prove the success of prohibition. Of the towns to which they have referred in proof of their theory, we have shown:

At Amarillo the expenses for juries increased from \$8,513.00 for the two years prior to prohibition to \$13,078.00 for the two years following. The jail expense from \$2,928.00 to \$4,926.00.

At Sherman the number of felony cases increased to 160 indictments at the last term of court, 2100 felony cases docketed since 1909.

At Gainesville it has become necessary to increase the tax rate to \$2.57½, because property is being offered for one-half and good business building have been vacant for months.

At Vernon there is not a foot of paved streets, the city is broke and heavily in debt.

At Denton the number of criminal cases last year was double that of the year prior to prohibition.

In not one of all the towns referred to by that committee are the real conditions, as shown by the court records, as favorable as they were prior to the adoption of prohibition, either from a moral or financial standpoint. Every argument that they have advanced has been successfully refuted by the facts furnished by this committee.

They would tell you that prohibition improves the morals of a community, when the records show more criminal cases in dry counties following the adoption of prohibition.

They seek to discredit the idea that property values will decrease, but decline to make purchases at half price should the county vote dry.

Instead of conducting a clean, consistent campaign, the prohibition committee has descended to the pale of personal abuse, casting reflection on the mayor of the city, and others who do not subscribe to their theory.

And, even more, some of their number would besmirch the name of the unfortunate victims of an accident in order to make capital for a losing cause.

In the very beginning this committee pitched the campaign on a high plane and we have conducted it with that consideration for the views of others that precluded the undesirable tactics so often indulged in during contests of this kind.

We submit to the voter that facts have been furnished such as would indicate an irreparable injury to Wichita Falls in the event of the adoption of prohibition and we make this final appeal to the voters to aid us by their ballot on tomorrow in this effort to protect the best interest of all the people of the county.

Judge S. A. Hughes and Hon. W. H. Weeks will speak at the Airdome tonight in opposition to Prohibition. Hon. A. S. Britain, Judge Edgar Scurry and Hon. W. N. Bonner will speak at Wichita Theatre. Usual Picture Program at both places. Every body is invited.

Wichita Falls Anti-Prohibition Committee

A. H. BRITAIN, Chairman

HARD BUTLER, Secretary

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE:

A. H. Britain; J. A. Kemp; J. B. Marlow; A. L. Huey; Claude Woods; Eugene Liepold; Myles O'Reilly; J. W. Stone; J. A. Richolt; W. A. Reid; Edgar Scurry; Chas. W. Bean; W. Lee Moore; J. O. Bentley; W. N. Bonner; J. S. Bridwell; F. H. Gohlke; J. L. Art; H. B. Hines; N. Henderson.

GENERAL COMMITTEE:

A. H. Britain; J. A. Kemp; Chas. W. Bean; J. A. Richolt; P. P. Langford; Myles O'Reilly; N. Henderson; Wm. Huff; W. Lee Moore; J. F. Riggs; P. S. Tullis; Frank Collier; R. F. Simpson; J. A. Wray; O. F. Shubert; Dr. J. W.

Du Val; H. C. Luecke; J. L. McMahon; Linn Boyd; Robt. H. Collier; Dee Whitney; Jerome Stone; N. O. Monroe; J. T. Carter; W. Lindsay Bibb; C. E. Brown; C. B. Montgomery; J. M. Cloud; T. J. Leichman; Wm. Weber; K. F. Bauch; M. J. Gardner; P. Kleinmann; J. P. Carr; J. O. Bentley; W. N. Bonner; J. W. Stone; V. E. Stampfli; R. C. Hardy; Morris Marcus; O. F. Marchman; V. H. Shepherd; J. J. Moran; Roy Taylor; Eugene Liepold; W. E. Fitzgerald; H. J. Naylor; O. R. Walton; Judge Edgar Scurry; W. A. Reid; J. L. Art; Claude Woods; A. L. Huey; J. B. Marlow; Paul Fowler; W. I. Cameron; W. F. Weeks; Howard Robson; Wm. Ellinger; Mike Benson; Walter Clegg; Cecil Thomas; R. W. Ramming; St. Clair Sherrod; C. E. Bessey; Max Gardner; Ralph Hibbs; T. P. Hickman; John Davenport; Fred W. Snyder; C. R. Taylor;

John Owens; J. W. Clasbey; A. E. Myles; R. T. Hammersley; J. F. Belote; S. O. Jones; B. A. Moore; G. G. Kennedy; W. R. Priest; A. Kaufhold; A. Drake; C. W. Johnson; W. E. Golden; J. J. Simon; C. L. Fontain; E. Von de Lippe; M. F. Gupton; E. L. Walsh; W. A. Huper; J. C. V. T. Christensen; H. B. Hines; Marvin Smith; Mack Taylor; R. G. Scheurer; Dr. F. F. Brown; Frank Schnell; J. A. Kavanaugh; E. A. Cox; L. C. Heydrick; B. B. Woodall; I. Markowitz; G. E. Davis; E. W. Napier; J. Colonna; Morris Pois; J. A. Thornton; Louis Nussbaum; W. M. Hall; S. T. Taylor; J. S. Beard; E. F. Gaston; C. A. Hinderliter; M. A. Brin; J. G. Jones; W. T. Carlton; D. P. Talley; W. F. Davis; J. S. Bridwell; F. H. Gohlke; C. D. Willard; Joseph Hand; J. R. McMullen; R. H. DeLaney; Doc Bass; Claude L. Peeler; J. D. Scruggs.

AUSTRIANS MAKING USE OF BOULDERS IN FIGHTING.

Innsbruck, Tyrol, July 29.—While both Germans and Austrians are fighting with 42-centimeter cannon, and with weapons that are the last word in the art of the arms manufacturer, the Tyroleans who have been drawn into the war by the entry of Italy find that the weapons used in the Napoleonic wars are still effective and are using them with what is reported as great success.

flour on June 14th. The Austrian forces consisted of gendarmes and Tyrolean sharpshooters whose forefathers had fought a hundred years ago in approximately the same place. The third company of the 71st Italian infantry regiment began an attack on Belfiore, attempting to come up along the ravine of the Cima Norre, long before they were at the top however the downpour of boulders began. Many of the Italians were killed at once, others were so seriously wounded that they were captured. Those who could scramble to one side of the ravine or the other, but only to become easy marks for the bullets of the Austrians.

McCarty & McCarty

Don't fail to attend our BIG DOLLAR SALE for Saturday, July 31st and Monday, August 2nd.

- Read the following prices and you cannot fail to see, that they are real bargains in groceries—
15 1/2 lbs. of pure Cane Sugar for only \$1.00
10-lb. bucket Swifts Jewel compound, and one lb. soda \$1.00
24-lb. sack soft wheat Flour and 1 lb. Peaberry Coffee \$1.00
50c bucket Crisco, 1 lb. Wedding Breakfast Coffee and three cans of good corn for only \$1.00
5-lb. bucket Swifts Jewel compound, 5-lb. bucket of good jelly, and one 25c can of K. C. Baking Powder for \$1.00
5-lb. bucket of pure Comb Honey, 1 lb. A 1 steel cut Coffee, and 10c bottle White Swan Grape Juice for \$1.00
10-lb. bucket Swift Jewel Compound and 10c bar Peroxide Soap for only \$1.00
14 bars Crystal White or Clean Easy Soap, 7 cans of American Sardines and three pound of cane Sugar \$1.00
One-gallon bucket Farmer Jones Syrup, one 50c quart jar Olives, and 15c can Calumet Baking Powder \$1.00
15 lbs. pure Cane Sugar and one box Shaker Salt \$1.00
One 25c jar pickles, 50c bucket Crisco and one can Wedding Breakfast Coffee for only \$1.00
24-lb. sack of soft wheat Flour, one package of Cream of Wheat and 10c bottle White Swan Grape Juice \$1.00
One No. 3 can of White Swan Apple Butter, 5-lb. bucket of pure Comb Honey and one 10c can of Pork and Beans \$1.00
3 bottles pure Extract, 1 lb. Wedding Breakfast Coffee, 3 bars 10c Toilet Soap and 1 35c jar pure Mustard \$1.00
14 bars of Clean Easy or Clarette Soap, 5-lb. bucket Compound Lard and one roll Toilet Paper \$1.00
6 25c cans Cooks Pride (with silver spoon in each can) or Health Club Baking Powder for only \$1.00
12 cans of Baby Milk, 2 cans of Pink Salmon, 3 small cans Tuna Fish and 1 bottle best Bluing \$1.00
1 No. 1, best zinc Wash Tub, 40c brass Wash Board and 1 25c broom for only \$1.00
15-lb. pure Cane Sugar and 1 10c can White Swan Tea \$1.00
Two cans best solid pack Sweet Potatoes, 1 lb. best Peaberry Coffee, 4 lbs. cane Sugar and 6 rolls Crepe Toilet Paper for only \$1.00
7 1/2 lbs. Cane Sugar, 3 large cans Pork and Beans and 7 rolls Crepe Toilet Paper for only \$1.00
50c quart jar of Olives, 1 small sack of Meal and 1 25c can of K. C. or Calumet Baking Powder \$1.00
10-lb. bucket Swift Jewel Compound and quart of Vinegar \$1.00
3 bottles of Putnam Bluing, 3 cans of best Pink Salmon, 6 cans Baby Milk and 7 cans of Sardines \$1.00
1 doz. quart jars, 1 lb. Guatamala Coffee and 4 rolls of Crepe Toilet Paper for only \$1.00
15 lbs. pure Cane Sugar and one 10c can Milk \$1.00
4 lbs. best Peaberry Coffee and 25c can Cocoa \$1.00
One Dollar bottle White Swan Grape juice and 4 lbs. of Cane Sugar for only \$1.00
14 bars of Crystal White or Clarette Soap, 8 rolls Crepe Toilet Paper and 1 lb. A 1 steel cut Coffee \$1.00
1 90c gallon can Swifts Peerless Cooking Oil and 1 25c can Wesson Salad Oil for only \$1.00
7 bars Crystal White or Clean Easy Soap, 3 bars of any 10c Toilet Soap, 4 bars Fels Naptha Soap, 6 bars Fairy Soap \$1.00

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MINISTERS SPEAK FOR PROHIBITION

REV. SMITH AND REV. ANDREWS ADDRESS CROWD ON STREET THURSDAY NIGHT

HALF MILLION FOR LIQUOR

Pro Speaker Declares That Town Could Better Afford to Lose that Money Than Get Boose

Two Methodist ministers addressed the open air prohibition meeting at Eighth and Indiana Thursday night, the speakers being Rev. C. C. Smith, pastor of the First M. E. Church and Rev. A. L. Andrews, pastor of the M. E. Church, South. Both were heard attentively by a large crowd and were frequently applauded.

Mr. Smith was the first speaker, being introduced by W. J. Bullock, prohibition chairman, who predicted victory for the prohibition cause. "We are making this fight for your homes and for your families," he declared, "I know we are going to win. We will drive the saloons from Wichita Falls and they'll never come back."

The need of a "clean-up" in Wichita Falls was the main theme of Mr. Smith's talk, and he compared the saloon to a cancerous growth which ought to be removed. This cancer affected the social, intellectual and moral life of Wichita Falls, Mr. Smith said, and he related several incidents which he said the saloon element was responsible for. Two young girls, unused to city ways, he said, came here from a country town seeking work. They were picked up by two young men, taken for a drive, with some drinking also on the program.

Holds Saloons Responsible. "I don't need to tell you the rest of the story," the speaker said, "a good sister from the Nazarene church rescued them. Do you doubt that the saloon is responsible for such incidents?"

He gave another instance, telling of a young girl who came here to visit her brother who resided in the factory addition. He failed to meet her at the station and when she made inquiry for him, a smooth young man pretended to be her brother's friend, and offered to take her to the house in his buggy. She consented, Mr. Smith said, and the young man drove toward the flats. The girl realized her plight and was able to make her escape. Mr. Smith charged this incident to the saloon also, saying such things did not occur in prohibition communities. He said that under prohibition women and girls from the country could come to this city and walk around town without being jeered at and made the target of insulting, insulting remarks. He related an incident which he witnessed recently, where two young men followed some country girls for a short distance and said it required all his self control to keep him from kicking the mashers into the street.

The saloon and the church are forever opposed, Mr. Smith said, and he declared he knew of but one case where a saloon man had contributed to a church. There were towns in Texas that had ten times as many high school graduates, in proportion to population, as Wichita Falls, he said, and he charged the saloon with responsibility for this condition. Men who became accustomed to spending their money for whiskey, he said, not only could not keep their children in school, but they lost sight of the ideals which they once held for their children, and sacrificed everything to their appetites. The saloons, he said, got money that was needed to give young men and young women their schooling.

Mr. Smith replied to the anti argument that the \$500,000 which is estimated to be spent for liquor in this city was kept in Wichita Falls. "If that's true, how about Milwaukee?" he asked, "how about St. Louis? Judge Chauncey was right the other night when he said that much money out of the city and give us absolutely nothing in return for it, than to give beer and whiskey for it. We could be able to spend it for drink." "I've tried to be a preacher," said Mr. Smith, "I was eighteen years old, and a preacher isn't usually a business man, but Bishop Quayle once said that a Methodist minister ought to have a little common sense, if it was convenient. I haven't made any trips to Paris, I've never been there, and I think some of your business men wish they had not gone there, either, to study the tax rate. And I don't own any corner lots in my imagination at Amarillo either."

Saloons and Seventh Street. He said that when he came here and looked around the town, he found that the corner of Seventh and Ohio was the least active in town; that the saloons there had put a quietus on activity in that section.

"The saloon may be a good thing for the man who rents the building," he said, "but how about the man who lives next door whose business has to suffer on account of the saloon being there? And that isn't all, it hurts business in other ways. An oil man here told me that drunken drivers had cost him \$10,000. Did the saloon help that man's business?" "If it were true that as much whiskey was sold without prohibition as with prohibition, he said, the whiskey men ought to favor prohibition instead of opposing it. Yet every sensible man knew, he declared, that the whiskey sold by bootleggers would be small compared with that at present sold here. Mr. Smith said that the use of the name of Woodrow Wilson by the anti's was something that should be resented. He spoke of the experience of his former home state, Iowa, how soon after town, county after county and finally the state itself, had marched into the dry column.

DIVERS SEEK HUNDREDS OF BODIES HELD FAST IN BOTTOM OF EASTLAND



DIVER TAKING BODIES FROM EASTLAND

It is believed that several hundred bodies are still imprisoned in the hull of the Eastland, which cannot be touched until the vessel is raised, which task will take probably several days. It is also believed that under the hull are still more bodies buried in the mud. Coroner Hoffman is of the opinion that within and without the hull there are between 500 and 700 bodies. If his opinion proves correct, the death toll will exceed 1,500. Because of the lurid condition of the water in the vessel—it is black and filled with debris, such as luncheon baskets, chairs, furniture and other articles—the work of recovering bodies is exceedingly slow. Some of the divers said there were at least 200 bodies in the forward part of the ship, access to which was barred by heavy steel gratings and other impediments, impossible of removal below water. In the accompanying illustration is shown a diver just after he came from below bearing the body of a girl.

Dr. Andrews Speaks. Dr. A. L. Andrews, who followed Mr. Smith, began with some sarcastic remarks about the anti prohibition campaigning methods, saying they operated the most successful joke bureau he ever heard of, and he expressed his admiration of it as a joke bureau; it put him in a good humor, he declared. "But it's enough to make August Busch turn over in his grave," he said. He suggested that some of the anti's, who seemed to be familiar with the Bible ought to open a theological seminary here after Saturday.

Referring to his remarks of last Sunday night, to which the anti's had taken such exceptions, he declared that he had said that it was rumored that \$500,000 was placed to the credit of the anti's on a certain date. "That's what I said," he declared, "and I believe it more than ever now." He denied as charged by Mr. Pash that he was a member of the Anti-Saloon League. In connection with Mr. Pash activities in the campaign, he read a letter from Representative Craddick of Amarillo, declaring that there was not a single vacant building in Amarillo, that there were not enough rent houses in the city to supply the demand, that there had been an increase of 50 per cent in scholastic attendance, and that otherwise conditions had improved under prohibition. The letter also said that Mr. Pash's corner lot was far away from the business portion of the city for the saloon question to affect it. Dr. Andrews elicited much laughter from the crowd by referring to Mr. Pash as "Mr. Hash."

The fire alarm sounded while Dr. Andrews was speaking and he intimated that the anti's might be using this means to draw the crowd away from the prohibition speaking. The prohibitionists, he declared, had about had the Airborne out of business. Dr. Andrews compared whiskey and the saloon to the defendant at the bar of justice, with Mayor Brittain as chief counsel for the defense and with the people as the jury. The only question was whether the open saloon should remain. He charged the saloon with being guilty of seduction, robbery and kindred crimes. "The anti prohibitionists haven't tried to defend the saloon," Dr. Andrews said, "they haven't put a single word in its defense. They've been talking about finances and depreciation of property. As sworn jurors if you find the saloon is a good thing for the town vote for it. I'm not afraid of the verdict. But if you find the saloon guilty, have the courage to vote to execute it and put it out of our midst forever."

Brass bands, free picture shows and other things, Dr. Andrews said should not keep the main issue, the open saloon, out of the minds of the people. If the \$500,000 spent annually for liquor in this city did not go to the saloons, the speaker said, it would go into the hands of the dry goods merchant, the grocer, the farmer. Answering the argument of the anti prohibitionists that the money would go to Fort Worth for booze shipments, Dr. Andrews said the only way it could go would be with those who took it to Fort Worth and brought the stuff back with a grip in each hand. He reminded his hearers that women were praying and children begging for the success of the prohibition cause and urged them not to let the question of finances keep them from being good citizens, with protected homes and clear consciences. Dr. Andrews called attention to the fact that Wichita Falls is the only

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