

DEFENSE IN FRY CASE RESTS WITHOUT PUTTING ON A SINGLE WITNESS

ACTION OF DEFENSE NATURE OF SURPRISE

STATE RESTED AT NOON AND AFTER NOON RECESS DEFENSE ALSO RESTS

CHARGE TO JURY IS READ

States Handwriting Expert Says Names of Payees and Fry's Endorsement in Same Writing

The state rested shortly before noon today in the trial of E. W. Fry, charged with forging the checks in the defense against something of a surprise by "checking the bill" and resting its case without introducing a word of testimony.

In resting its case, the defense renewed its former motion for a continuance of the case, asking that it be taken from the jury and continued until witnesses subpoenaed by the defense can be located.

The state's testimony may be summarized as follows: That the particular check in this case, best identified to J. M. Watson for \$154, was cashed by Judge Fry after the name J. M. Watson had been written as an indorsee; that J. M. Watson, who lives at Oney, never saw the check until after it was paid, knew nothing of it, and did not authorize anyone to indorse it for him; that the persons to whom the other forty odd checks involved in this case were issued were unknown in the county or were citizens by that name were known the latter did not indorse the checks nor authorize anyone to indorse for them; and that the indorsements on the checks were, according to the testimony of an expert on handwriting, John S. Oglesby of Dallas, written by Judge Fry.

The defense has offered no testimony to offset this, and will doubtless rely upon the great majority of the expert Oglesby to discount the effect of his testimony. As to the checks themselves, the cross questioning of the state's witnesses has indicated the plan of the defense is to set up that a great many of the checks were employed on the roads and that checks, issued to such men in payment for their services, were cashed for them by Judge Fry for the sake of convenience, the indorsements being authorized by them.

With the exception of four persons, none of those whose names appear as payees on the checks have been located and several of the officials of Young county have declared that, despite their wide acquaintance in the county, they never heard of them.

The handwriting expert, Mr. Oglesby, took the stand Thursday afternoon and testified that in his best judgment, the names of the indorsers were written on the checks by Judge Fry.

The testimony of the expert, John S. Oglesby of Dallas, relieved the monotony of the trial late Thursday, as up to that time the state had been putting on witness after witness in an effort to show that the payees of the various checks were fictitious persons or in effect they were, not only consent given to anyone to affix their names. Mr. Oglesby gave it as his expert opinion that the indorsements on everyone of the checks, above Judge Fry's own signature, were written by Judge Fry. The checks were exhibited to the jury and Mr. Oglesby explained the similarities, some of which were certainly not apparent to the unpracticed eye, to the jurors.

Wishing to keep his record straight, but not desiring to object every time such a question was propounded, Judge Taylor asked if he might have a bill on each and every question relating to other checks was asked. "You may," responded Judge Nicholson, and I'll be willing to testify for you that you've objected at every possible opportunity during this trial."

The only other witness this morning besides Mr. Oglesby was Mrs. May Griswell, formerly in the employ of the Graham National Bank, who identified the "paid" stamp of the bank and told of its custom relative to indorsements.

Yesterday afternoon's session. J. M. Watson of Oney was the first witness after dinner. He said he had lived in Young county fifteen years and that he knew of no other J. M. Watson in that section. Shown the check issued to J. M. Watson, he said he had given no permission to indorse a check for him. He said he had no claim against Young county in October, 1913. The signature indorsing the check, Mr. Watson said, somewhat resembled his own.

Cross examined, he wrote his name on a piece of paper for purposes of comparison. He said he did not know whether there was another J. M. Watson who worked on the county roads. Mr. Watson testified to the excellence of Judge Fry's reputation.

Sheriff M. M. Wallace of Young county said he was widely acquainted in Young county. He was shown the list of names of persons to whom checks were issued and said he knew four of the number. A question as to whether he had made any effort to locate the others was objected to, objection being overruled. The sheriff said he had searched for all the persons named, and gave details of his efforts to locate them.

On cross examination, he said there were a number of Kelly's in the county and he could not swear that the man on the road gangs was the man on the road gangs. He visited twelve out of the 22 voting precincts in the county in his search. Shown the check issued to J. M. Watson, he said there was no similarity between the handwriting in the Watson and Fry signatures.

Tax Collector Knew Only Four. Henry Groves of Graham, a resident of Young county for 25 years, and now tax collector, was shown the list of names. He knew four of the names mentioned, he said. The tax rolls of Young county from 1910 to 1914 were brought into the court room. On cross examination, Mr. Groves said the Watson signature did not appear to be in Judge Fry's handwriting. He was questioned along the same lines as previous witnesses.

County Commissioner Dillard Henson, former tax assessor, also failed to recognize most of the names in the list. Judge Taylor on cross examination asked Mr. Henson if he had seen the check issued by Judge Fry and made derogatory remarks about him. Witness said he might have said some things about him since "the murder of Sherryholmes."

WILSON ENJOYING TRIP TO CORNISH

FROM OBSERVATION PLATFORM OF HIS CAR HE SHAKES HANDS WITH MANY CROWDS THROUGH STATIONS

"We Want Peace With Honor," "We're With You All the Time," Were Greetings Shouted

By Associated Press. June 25.—President Wilson today began to enjoy in earnest his first vacation since last fall. En route for Cornish, N. H., he slept late today and did not see crowds which gathered at several stations to greet him until his train arrived in this state.

At Springfield and other points he responded to cheers sitting out on the observation platform of his private car shaking hands with as many persons as time permitted. "We are for you all the time," shouted another.

The crowd applauded and the president smiled at the same time accepting a bunch of flowers from a little girl. The party was due at Cornish today at 1 p. m.

Extreme Activity on Heights of the Meuse—Germans Claim Advance at Several Points

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—German official accounts of the fighting along the Dneister River agree with the Russians as to the deprivations of the struggle which the two armies still are waging in that part of Galicia. The Teutonic reports, however, admit retrogression only at one point stating that superior counter attack by the Russians at Targnow has caused a portion of Gen. Von Linsingen's troops to be withdrawn toward the Dneister's southern banks.

Petrograd Reports Repulse of Teutons with Heavy Losses on Dneister

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

RUSSIANS RESISTING

PETROGRAD REPORTS REPULSE OF TEUTONS WITH HEAVY LOSSES ON DNEISTER

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

POLISH AUTONOMY NOW BEING PLANNED

RUSSIA DECIDES TO APPOINT COMMISSION TO WORK OUT A PLAN

Promises of Grand Duke at Beginning of War Seem About to Be Realized

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—The Russian council of ministers today decided to appoint a commission composed of six Russians and six Poles under the presidency of Premier Czemyski to deal with the preliminary necessary to the carrying out effect of autonomy for Poland, which was proclaimed by Grand Duke Nicholas, commander in chief of the Russian army on August of last year.

ARTILLERY USED TO RESIST GONZALES

SERIES OF ARTILLERY DUELS HAVE DELAYED ADVANCE UPON CAPITAL

No Wire Connection With Mexico City Since June 18 When Gonzales Cut the Wires

By Associated Press. Washington, June 25.—Zapata forces defending Mexico City have fought a series of artillery duels, delaying its advance. No details are contained in advices reaching here today which were the first indications that the Carranza advance was being resisted.

By Associated Press. Washington, June 25.—Communication to Mexico City has been cut off since June 18 when the Carranza commander, General Gonzalez cut the wires 25 miles east of the city. Carranza had hoped that Gonzalez would not attack Mexico City but would try to induce Villa and Zapata troops to withdraw peacefully.

By Associated Press. Washington, June 25.—Some diplomats were informed here today that during the first three months of this year the Carranza administration had exported to Cuba \$400,000 of foodstuffs using the money to buy war material. The Carranza agency here denied this.

By Associated Press. Washington, June 25.—The foreign chancelleries interested in Mexico have been given to understand that President Wilson will determine on some action in line with his recent statement regarding Mexico when he returns from Cornish, New Hampshire the first week in July.

By Associated Press. New York, June 25.—Interest in Harry K. Thaw's sanity trial was divided today between testimony in court, where several witnesses stated they believed his sanity and the application by counsel for the state for the appointment of a commission to learn why Thaw left Harvard in 1892 without completing his college course. Today is the ninth anniversary of the murder of Stanford White for which Thaw was acquitted on the ground of insanity.

By Associated Press. New York, June 25.—Cotton opened steady at a decline of 6 to 7 points which was better than due on the reports of the Liverpool futures market and rallied to within four or five points of last night's closing. However, active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about 10 to 12 points net lower. After showing a net loss of 10 to 14 points offerings tapered off and prices rallied somewhat with active months, however, was quite a heavy seller here upon the narrow difference while rather a bearish view was taken to the British note with reference to the blockade, and prices soon eased back to a net loss of 5 to 10 points. Around midday active months sold about

Don't read this unless you want a bargain. That's our middle name all this week, at the

Model "Bargain" Grocery

- 15 lb. Sugar, \$1.00
 - Hams, per lb., .18
 - Breakfast Bacon—Star, Premium or Diamond C., by the strip, per lb. only, .28
 - Breakfast Bacon—Flex or Sunlight, per lb., .22
 - Smoked Bacon, per lb., .18
 - Dry Salt Meat, per lb., .16
 - Compound, 50-lb. can, \$4.15
 - Compound, 10-lb. can, .95
 - Compound, 5-lb. can, .50
- FLOUR—**
- Belle of Wichita, 48-lb. sack, \$1.85
 - Belle of Wichita, 24-lb. sack, .95
 - Baker's Pride, 48-lb. sack, 1.75
 - Baker's Pride, 24-lb. sack, .90
 - Queen of the Pantry, 48-lb. sack, 1.95
 - Queen of the Pantry, 24-lb. sack, 1.00
 - Famous, 48-lb. sack, 1.65
 - Famous, 24-lb. sack, .95

WE HANDLE THE BEST AND SELL FOR THE LEAST.

Everything Guaranteed—Quick service and free delivery to all parts of the city. Phones 1551-1531.

Model Grocery

811 Ohio Avenue. Everybody knows the place.

City National Bank

J. A. KEMP, President.
C. W. SNIDER, Cashier

F. P. LANGFORD, Vice Pres. W. L. ROBERTSON, Assistant Cashier
WILEY BLAIR, Vice President T. T. REESE, Assistant Cashier

Capital and Surplus \$400,000.00

Special Representatives

To whom we have given written authority will call on you to explain our savings deposit system. Please give them a hearing. We pay 4% quarterly on these deposits.

Feed-Feed-Feed

Horse Feed, Cow Feed, Hog Feed, Chicken Feed, etc.

Quality and service our hobby. Prompt delivery. Every Sack Guaranteed. Phones 437-229 707 Tenth

Maricle Coal and Feed Co.

The Wichita State Bank. The Guaranty Fund Bank.

SOLICITS YOUR BUSINESS AND OFFERS SAFETY FIRST.

SAFETY FIRST is our principle and the GUARANTY FUND LAW your protection—it means that your money deposited in this bank is absolutely safeguarded.

It is one of the best things we have to offer together with COURTEOUS TREATMENT and every accommodation consistent with conservative banking.

Below is a newspaper clipping showing how this GUARANTY FUND LAW WORKS and how you are protected.

We will soon be the only bank in town operating under this Guaranty Fund Law.

Newspaper comment:

The Wichita Daily Times says: A few days ago there was a bank failure at Amarillo. It was a state guarantee bank, however, and the depositors will not lose one cent. The state guaranty fund has in it \$961,000 and the closing of the Amarillo bank will take from it the sum of \$89,000 with which to pay the protected depositors. The more we see of this law the better we like it. Every depositor who trusts his hard-earned money to a bank should be protected to the limit, and that is what has been done in every instance where a bank operating under this law has failed or closed its doors.

And the El Paso Times says:

According to a statement made by Receiver Arnold, depositors of the defunct Arizona Bank and Trust Company will receive 75 per cent when its affairs are finally wound up. The first dividend of 50 per cent will be paid on May 4, it is said.

The patrons of the Texas bank will get their money promptly. The patrons of the Arizona bank will only get 75 per cent and will have to wait for that.

NOTICE!

We have leased the building formerly occupied by the Cagle Auto Co. at 610 Scott Avenue. We are now prepared to do all kinds of repair work and best storage for your car. We solicit your business. RILEY AUTO CO. Phone 248 JNO. RILEY, Manager 610 Scott

THE CHILDREN'S TEETH

Should be looked after. Are they out of place in the arch? I can straighten them. Come talk it over. No charge for examination. DR. H. M. KEARBY, Dentist Suite 213 New First National Bank Bldg. Phone 354, Residence 1871. A clean tooth never deceays.

At The Theaters

Lamar Aldrome. The vaudeville acts opening last night for the remainder of the week contain a pleasing bit of novelty and the two acts vary enough to give entire enjoyment. One of the record wooden shoe dancers, Mr. Reeves is featured in Reeves and Miller, singing and "lightening" change dancers. The other act is that of Webb and Webb, comedy novelty features. A comedy reel and a two part special, "What a Blind Man Saw" are tonight's pictures.

In "What a Blind Man Saw" Sydney Ayres delineates the role of a wealthy Wall street operator who falls in love with a famous beauty. The heartless creature accepts him for his wealth and position, although she is in love with Van Kuran, an artist. Her sister, a sweet, unselfish girl, is secretly in love with the Wall street man and when he loses his sight she ministers to his every want without thought of recompense.

"What a Blind Man Saw" was written by M. B. MacKintyre, Sydney Ayres starred the picture and plays the principal role in it.

The Majestic. Richard Travers and Lillian Drew are featured in a two part Esmanay, "The Turn of the Wheel" and "Fool's Gold," a Biograph drama of the mountains features Walter Coyle, Joseph Meisermort and Mary Maltesia. Miss Dorothy Warshawer, voted the most popular girl in Chicago, is featured in "Sue" an Esmanay romantic drama.

Sue Newland, the beautiful daughter of Senator Newland, a millionaire, sees in the Herald the notice of a contest to decide the most beautiful girl in the city to play the part of "Sue" in an Esmanay play. She decides to enter and she sends her picture to the editor of the Herald. A few days later, she receives notice that she is among the lucky girls who are to pose for their pictures at the Esmanay studio. This posing is to decide who will be the winner. Jack Rankin, star reporter on the Herald, is assigned to the story and he goes out to the studio in a very peevish frame of mind. There, however, he loses it, for he meets Sue and they fall in love at sight. J. Mortimer Rose, a dissipated son of a millionaire who has a lot of newspaper influence, learns that Sue has entered the contest. He follows her out and tries to make her give up the project. That night, Rose is arrested in a gambling raid and released through Jack's influence with the captain. Later Jack hears that Sue has been chosen. He brings the good news to her and they declare their love.

The Gem. Pearl White and Arnold Daly are featured in another chapter of the exciting "Exploits of Elaine" and Crane Wilbur and Mary Charlson are seen in "No Other Way," one of the "Road O' Strife" series. Also on the program is "The Gutter Snipe," a Vitagraph, featuring Lillian Walker, Harry Northrup and Darwin Karr. A synopsis is given.

Living in the hope that the "lost treasure chart of the Van Nuya family will some day be found, old Peter Van Nuya hangs onto their old mansion, although he is really too poor to keep it up. His blind son, Victor, lives with him, and is kept in ignorance of their real poverty by lit-

tle subtleties on the part of his father. Peter's nephew, Edgar, is the only visitor, and after reading the ancient parchment stating their ancestors buried a treasure on—but here the parchment is torn and the chart missing—Edgar tries to get the old man to sell the place to him. Peter refuses. Then Edgar goes to Victor and cruelly disillusiones the son in regard to their real financial condition. Hoping he will persuade his father to sell, meanwhile Peter sends out a messenger to purchase one of his precious books so they will have enough to eat. He meets "The Gutter-snipe" a ragged, selfish little creature, homeless and dirty, but bewitchingly pretty. He saves her from the just wrath of an Italian fruit peddler and she follows Peter home. Unable to turn the homeless wif away, he takes her in and gives her a home. The Gutter-snipe exhibits her gratitude in peculiar ways, but her heart is pure gold and all becomes greatly attached to her. She and Victor fall in love and one day she throws a book at Edgar to repel his undesirable advances, and from his leaves out falls the chart. Edgar manages to ruin the chart, after noting the directions, but that night the Gutter-snipe surprises Edgar in the act of making away with the treasure box. Her cries bring the neighbors, and Edgar is hustled away to jail, while the Van Nuya discover a double treasure, a box full of jewels and in the heart of the little Gutter-snipe Victor finds a treasure of love.

The Empress. Dorothy Gish plays an appealing part in a one part Majestic, "Her Grandparents." "Love, Loss and Grief" is also on the program which is completed by a two part special, "Monsieur Nicola's Dupree." A story of the latter picture is given.

Pierre, the artist in his garret, sits reading two letters. One is from his old mother, begging him to come back home as she needs his loving care. The other is from Maurice, a millionaire chum, urging Pierre to come and live in luxury in return for teaching him how to paint. Pierre escapes to Monte Carlo, where he loses all his money. M. Nick (for this is the name of the apparition) lends him funds. The artist sadly wins back his losses, pays his debts and departs. He has no intention of giving the devil's due mortgage on his soul. Again in Paris, he finds that Mariette has fished the millionaire, for, after all, she loves the poor artist. Pierre would do anything for his bride. So he hastens to M. Nick to borrow money for the wedding trip. Writing at the home of his peculiar guardian spirit, he is not a whit dismayed by the growling of the thunder and the blinding flashes of

lightning, which seem to warn him against this reprehensible step he is taking. And then he discovers that M. Nick does not hail from the lower regions after all. He is really Pierre's long lost uncle who litenly approves of his nephew because he will not consent to go and live upon the savings of his old mother, because he has left the gaming table when he has won back his money and particularly, because he was unselfish enough to give up the girl he loved. Everything considered, M. Nick decides to make Pierre his heir. And so, it is shown, that every often a man who looks like the devil is not a devil at all.

WHEAT BEING MARKETED AT FREDERICK, OKLAHOMA. (Frederick Leader)

A. J. Hunt, living east of Frederick, had the distinction of bringing the first 1915 wheat to Frederick. He was on the streets with two wagon loads Monday afternoon. The wheat was bought by Getty & Prescott for 86 cents a bushel. It tested 61 pounds, and would have done better than that if it had not happened that a few oats were mixed with it. Buyers do not anticipate an active market as long as the price is sagging. A great many farmers are preparing to hold the bulk of their crop for a while, at least, in the hope of the price going up. Sunny days have been made good use of all over Tillman county, threshers following binders, and "wheat in the bin" is becoming a reality in many places.

Southwest of Frederick some farmers who were in the hail belt and had their crop almost destroyed by hail, are cutting it with mowers and stacking it. In spite of the fact that many farmers are erecting granaries and preparing to hold at least a part of their wheat, movement of the crop in Frederick is active. Twelve cars had either been shipped or were in process of being loaded up yesterday. Getty & Prescott shipped the first cars over both roads.

The market is holding firm for June delivery, but a break is anticipated. Eighty-five cents is bid for June delivery and eighty cents for July delivery.

GRAIN SHIPMENTS GROWING HEAVY ON THE KATY.

The Katy is loading over fifty cars of grain a day on its lines at present. It is estimated that during the grain movement the Katy will handle 30,000 car loads of grain.

The Katy is making every effort possible to furnish first class equipment for handling grain and they have a large force of men employed at the local shops repairing grain cars and getting the equipment ready for the heavier movement that is due following the work of the threshing machines that are now working day after day in the harvest fields. Most of the grain being loaded is consisted of flour mills in Texas.

While the grain movement is growing heavier each day the movement of early peaches is also heavy. The American Express is loading car load after car load of peaches along small stations between Denison and McAlester that never shipped a car load of fruit before. The peaches are being handled mostly in express shipments on passenger trains. In about two weeks the movement of Elberta peaches will begin when hundreds of cars will be shipped through Denison for northern markets. These peaches will be handled by fast freight trains. —Denison Herald.

W. F. PALMER BADLY HURT IN MOTORCYCLE ACCIDENT

W. F. Palmer who is employed by the Producers Company at this place was thrown from his motorcycle Monday evening and in addition to several bruises sustained a fracture of both bones in the left forearm and both bones in the right leg above the ankle. He was on his way from home in town to his work and when near Mr. Herndon's home about three miles out the machine struck a rough place in the road just as he had removed one hand to adjust his cap. The wheel stopped suddenly throwing him a considerable distance and injuring him as stated above. He was brought to Dr. Adams office where the broken bones were set and at last reports are getting along nicely.—Burk Burnett Star.



Miss Webb of Webb and Webb in a novelty act at Lamar Aldrome tonight.

lightning, which seem to warn him against this reprehensible step he is taking. And then he discovers that M. Nick does not hail from the lower regions after all. He is really Pierre's long lost uncle who litenly approves of his nephew because he will not consent to go and live upon the savings of his old mother, because he has left the gaming table when he has won back his money and particularly, because he was unselfish enough to give up the girl he loved. Everything considered, M. Nick decides to make Pierre his heir. And so, it is shown, that every often a man who looks like the devil is not a devil at all.

for a Flaky Nut-Brown Crust

there's no shortening like good, pure lard. No compound can take its place—nor ever will. There's no lard by any name that is more carefully rendered, in cleaner surroundings, from better quality leaf—than Supreme Lard—one of the justly famed

SUPREME Food Products

that have earned their good name through unobtainable quality. Just try them—Supreme Ham, Supreme Baked Ham or Bacon, Supreme Butter, Supreme Eggs and Supreme Canned Meats, the leaders of a line of foods that are made by Morris in the Morris quality-way, in spice-and-span kitchens where cleanliness is the watchword.

Thousands of honest dealers sell Supreme Food Products. Find the one near you and you'll find a dependable storekeeper.

"It's Always Safe to Say Supreme"

Morris & Company

Camel CIGARETTES

Compare Camels with any cigarette in the world!

are a blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos that you'll like better than either kind of tobacco smoked straight.

Smoke Camels liberally without a bite, parch or unpleasant cigarette after-taste. They're just smooth, fragrant, delightful!

Cost of tobacco blended in Camels prohibits use of premiums or coupons.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO COMPANY WINSTON-SALEM, N. C.

"\$1.00 Down: \$1.00 A Week"

You often hear that familiar phrase. You can buy merchandise on those terms—why not use the same method in building up a savings account which will be of inestimable benefit to you in future years?

Savings accounts of \$1.00 or more are cordially invited by the National Bank of Commerce, and carry 4 per cent interest, compounded four times a year. Why not begin TODAY?

4% Paid on Savings
4% Paid on Certificates

National Bank of Commerce

G. D. Anderson H. B. Patterson
ANDERSON & PATTERSON
Insurance and Rental Agents.
616 Eighth Street Phone 87

Colonna

TOGGERY SHOP

A BEANOLOGIST

That sounds like slang for Phrenologist—but 'taint that. A Beanologist is a person who knows all about Beans. You know—a gink who is real intimate with 'em, knows all the whys, wheres, whats, uses and abuses of Beans.

On account of our getting a Bean or two in last week's Eatable Advertising and several more mixed up in this, you may presume that we are trying to qualify as a Beanologist. No, we don't know enough to be a professor of Beanology. But we do know enough to buy Beans that please discriminating Bean eaters. Because they are nice clean Beans, minus all those little round rocks, sticks, etc., that get into common Beans. Of if your cooking education has been neglected, that is, if you are a Bum Bean Baker, better stroll over into our ready to eat department and get a few cans of the kind that need just a little heat, to make them just right to eat. Grocery store run in connection—so we have EVERYTHING that's

Call for Van Camps.

C. H. Hardeman

Phones 232 and 432

710 Ninth Street

FAIREMONT

College and Conservatory of Music under the Synod of Texas, U. S. A.—
Founded 1890.

An ideal school for young women

Thirty miles from Fort Worth, one and one-half miles from Weatherford. Altitude 1320 feet. Large shady campus. Buildings modern. Work in literary department accepted by leading universities.

Best advantages in Music, Public Speaking, Art, Domestic Art and Domestic Science, etc. Physical Culture and Folk Dancing free to all students.

Faculty of fourteen, all experienced teachers, who have been educated in the leading colleges and universities of this country and Europe. Boarders limited to 100.

Students study and practice under the supervision of teachers. Competent Matron whose only duty is to look after students. Expenses moderate.

For further information address

REV. J. L. MCKEE, D. D., President

Phone 781

1005 10th street, Wichita Falls, Texas

After July 1st—Weatherford, Texas.

FREE FREE

PUNCH MATINEE

The Rexall Drug Store will serve from 2 to 6 p. m., on Saturday, June 26th, the new Texas Drink

GREEN'S MUSCADINE PUNCH TO LADIES

Frozen at their fountain.

Come and bring the children and be instructed how to freeze this "made in Texas" drink at your home.

702 Indiana Ave.

SPECIALS FOR SATURDAY AT THE CREAM BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY

Special for Saturday, large, white, layer cakes, any flavor 60c
Small white layer Cake any flavor 25c
Devils Food 60c
Angle Food 25c
White Mountain Cake, per square 15c

Try our delicious layer cake for your Sunday Dinner. You will find it exceptionally good. Any Pastry or Confection made to order promptly.

CREAM BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY

Be sure to ask for our Butter-Nut Bread.

617 Seventh Street

Telephone 29

KELLEY-SPRINGFIELD TIRES
Carry the highest and most liberal guarantee of any tire made.
Ford sizes 6000 miles to 7500
Other sizes 6000 miles to 8000
You are not restricted as to the number of miles you travel and there is no limit on the number of days that you use your tires.
ALL SIZES AND TYPES IN STOCK

Phone 219 Western Auto Supply Co. 604 7th

TRY TIMES WANT ADS FOR QUICK RESULTS

Local News Brevities

My offices are now located on the second floor of new First National Bank building. Dr. Garrison, Dentist. 22-tfc

Dental Notice
I have moved to 208 First National Bank Building. Dr. J. E. Nelson. Phone 534. 24-tfc.

Notice to Savings Depositors of the First National Bank
June the 30th is our quarterly interest figuring period and all accounts that are still open at that date will receive their usual 4 per cent interest. All savings accounts that have previously been carried with the First State Bank & Trust Company will continue to receive the 4 per cent interest and will be figured from the date last credited by them.

Do not close your account now because you will lose the interest you have already earned, but add to it and you will soon have a balance of which you can be proud.
FIRST NATIONAL BANK.
21-tfc

Frank Kell has received advice from Forging, saying that a cyclone struck that place Wednesday night, blowing down a number of houses. Three persons were injured but there were no fatalities. Forgan is the terminus of the Wichita Falls and Northwestern being within a few miles of the Kansas line.

Notice
Our optical department is now complete. We are prepared to furnish you anything you may need in the optical line. Your old glasses repaired for small cost. Competent optician in charge. Eyes tested free. Art Loan & Jewelry Co., 705 Ohio Avenue. 10-tfc

Pennmanship! Pennmanship!
Prof. Smith's class in pennmanship is increasing in number at almost every hour. It is not too late to enter now. Wichita Commercial School. 31-tfc

For first-class furniture repairing, refinishing, upholstering, packing and crating, phone 1200. Furniture Hospital, 1003 Ohio. 25-12tc.

Don't drink hydrant water when you can get Famous Mineral Water from Mineral Wells, Tex., at the Eldora Hotel office, by bottle or case. 25-6tc

The famous mineral water from Mineral Wells, Tex., for sale at The Eldora Hotel office, by bottle or case. 25-6tc

Dr. Prothro, Dentist. Ward building. 25-tfc

The following contractors are fair to painters:
P. S. Tullis,
Robertson Paint Company,
H. H. Davidson,
J. M. Nunn,
J. F. Small,
W. L. Beatty,
Ed Love,
T. W. Benson,
N. W. Thurgill,
C. G. Storm,
D. L. Regeby.

By order of Local 393, J. C. Mount, financial secretary. 35-6tc
E. G. Hill, undertaker, office and parlors 906 Scott Ave. Phone 225. Prompt ambulance service. 22-tfc

Frank Kell of the Wichita Mill and Elevator Co., sees foundation at present for rumors of a possible rail road embargo on wheat at Galveston. Mr. Kell says that very little wheat of this year's crop has reached Galveston and there is no danger of an embargo for some time yet even if then.

BURKBURNETT TO HAVE MORE BRICK BUILDINGS

Since the fire of two weeks ago which destroyed five wooden buildings on the south side, there has been considerable planning in regard to rebuilding. At this time it seems certain that three and possibly five brick buildings will be erected. D. P. McCracken, M. Dodson and Watkins & Hardin have decided to build, and the owners of two other lots are figuring on trades whereby buildings will be erected on their lots. The buildings will have a 25 foot front and will range in length from 70 feet upward, some possibly as much as 100 feet in length. This amount of building will put a large force of men at work in town and the buildings when completed will add much to the appearance of the town.—Burkburnett Star.

FAIRLY GOOD WHEAT YIELD IN BURKBURNETT COUNTRY

(Burkburnett Star)
The wheat crop in the Burkburnett country is being put in the granaries and elevators at the rate of thousands of bushels each day. Very little of the crop is not cut and with favorable weather until the last of this week a big start on the threshing will have been made. Most of the threshers started up the first of this week. A half dozen or more are running within a few miles of Burkburnett and others will start within a few days. While considerable wheat is being sold from the threshers a great deal of it will be held for better prices. From what we can gather the yield seems to be about what has been expected for the past few weeks. The lowest that has been reported yielded fifteen bushels to the acre. This grew on land that had stood under several inches of water during the late floods. Other fields are making twenty to twenty-five bushels. The highest reported so far, ran slightly in excess of the latter figure. Some of the best fields may reach thirty or more bushels and others perhaps will drop below ten on account of hail and other damages recently incurred. There is plenty of help to handle the crop and if the weather man smiles upon us the crop will be saved very rapidly.

A Pleasurable Duty

There's no hesitation about taking a laxative—when it's Figen. People like this candied tablet—both for its taste and its gentle effective work in adding the bowels. Get a box today while you think of it—a handy size for 10c. Miller Drug Store.

IN THE SPHERE OF WOMANKIND

Contributions to the society columns are invited, phone 1871 or send to this office. Contributions must be in by 12 o'clock to appear in that day's issue. All contributions for the Sunday society pages and the Social Calendar must be in by 12 o'clock Saturday morning.

MRS. W. S. ROBERTSON HOSTESS THURSDAY MORNING

The past two weeks have been marked by numerous social affairs but none have been more truly delightful than the morning musicale tendered the Old Manors, Little Sisters and Thursday Bridge Club Thursday morning by Mrs. Walter S. Robertson. The occasion was designed to especially honor the Misses Atrey of Mobile, Ala., Foster of Bowie and Barthold of Woodford, a charming trio of visitors that has added much to the social gaieties of the young set and to whom numerous hospitalities have been extended.

The hostess' apartment at Kemp Kort was embellished in pleasing effect with a profusion of roses, sweet peas, nasturtiums and ferns, accenting a color note of pink and green. The music room and adjoining apartments contained tall vases of pink roses and in the dining room sweet peas and nasturtiums were massed on buffet and serving table and the punch bowl rested on a mirror reflector, banked with nasturtiums and ferns. Punch was served in the dining room during the intermission by Mrs. W. L. Robertson.

The unusually dainty souvenir programs repeated the pink and green color motif and gave on the cover the hostess name, date, occasion and the honoree list. In the arrangement of the luncheon plate served after the program the color scheme was again noted. The morning's program as arranged by Mrs. Robertson was more than pleasing and an encore was demanded for every number. To the pleasure of the guests the hostess herself gave two numbers in her charming style, "Sunlight," by Harriet Ware and "At Parting," by Rogers. Mr. Murchison opened the program, giving first a Creole love song and responding to the encore with an Irish song, "Whoo! Shoo!"

Mrs. T. B. Greenwood and Miss Berneice Jackson gave violin numbers, Mrs. Greenwood giving Mischa Elman's arrangement of Schubert's Serenade in the first half of the program. Following the intermission the Miss Jackson, accompanied on the piano by her sister, Mrs. Beh Bell, rendered two numbers, "Ave Maria," Gounod and a Gavotte selection. Miss Kathleen Stonecipher pianist, gave two Chopin compositions, "Nocturne in a Minor" and "Flat Major." Two delightful soprano solos were given by Miss Agnew during the first half of the program, her encore number being "Violets" by R. Huntington Woods. Mrs. G. Fred Thompson, contralto gave two selections, "When My Caravan Has Rested," Lohr and "When Jack and I Were Children." One of the honorees, Miss Vivian Potter of Bowie, completely captivated the guests with her readings, "The Scandal of the Flowers" and "The Cushville Hop." Mrs. C. Barthold Machlin for her program number gave a prelude in D minor, one of her husband's compositions, responding to repeated applause with "E Minor Chopin Waltz." Mr. Machlin closed the program with Chopin's C major Polonaise and by special request gave two readings.

In this delightful morning entertainment Mrs. Robertson was assisted by her house party of young girls, the three honorees and Misses Geraldine Graves of Crowell, Bertha Mae Kemp, Bess Kell, Kathleen Hop, Mrs. C. Barthold Machlin, the daughter of the house, Miss Ellen Adele, also assisted her mother. Those present included the members of the house party and Misses Jewell Kemp, Agnes Reid, Ann Carrigan, Orvel Wyatt, Fultons, Mears, Minnie Young, Grace Nolan, Alice Burnside, Berneice Jackson, Kathleen Stonecipher, Agnew, Foster of Dallas and Sherrod, Mesdames Mergill Blair, Monte Garrison, Ben Bell, G. Fred Thompson, C. H. Dent, T. R. Reese, Winifred, Wade Walker, Myltinger, Everett Jones, J. D. Johnson, W. L. Robertson, R. L. Miller, Elchenberger, Stanforth, DuVal, Bruce Greenwood, Mr. Murchison and Mr. and Mrs. Machlin.

PUPILS OF MRS. FOSTER IN RECITAL TUESDAY

Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Renee 1210 Broad, Mrs. S. M. Foster entertained a number of friends and patrons with a recital given by several of the pupils, assisted by Miss Anita Monroe, reader. In this recital the pupils of Mrs. Foster showed evidence of splendid training and, as usual with the musicals of this teacher's classes, was highly entertaining, even the smallest pupils showing much training in technique and musical interpretation. Miss Monroe, who is a pupil of Mrs. E. L. Fulton, captivated her audience by her pleasing personality and showed rare talent as a reader as well as fine training. Within a short time Mrs. Foster will present one of her youngest pupils, little Miss Berneice Gohlke in a recital, assisted by a few of the older pupils. The program as carried out Tuesday evening follows:
To Arms, Duet—Goldie Maricle and Miss Foster.
Matruka, Engel—Madalene Thomas.
Water Nymphs, Kern—Louise Hines.
March Lyric, Koelling—Gladys and Lavonia Wilson.
Humoresque, Dvorak—Goldie Maricle.
Will of the Wisp, E. L. Fulton.
Idyll, Lack—Madge Foshee.
Vivacity, Fostaine—Louise Hines.

The Love—Phyllis of Ikey Schoenfeld, O'Henry—Anita Monroe.
Song of the Rushes, Seeling—Agnes Leichman.
Moon Moths, No. 2, Kusner—Ehol Haney.
Holiday Sprites, Engelmann—Madalene Thomas and Mrs. Foster.
Nocturne, op. 9, No. 1, Chopin—Lucy Ellen Higgins.
Polish Dance, Scharwonka—Agnes Leichman.
Mazurka De Concert, Pearsall—Lucy Ellen Higgins.
The Fiddle Told, Nora G. Franklin—Anita Monroe.

THURSDAY SEWING CIRCLE MEETS WITH MRS. MURPH

Mrs. J. W. Murph was hostess to the Thursday Sewing Circle in regular session Thursday afternoon. Attention was given to sewing as usual for the entire time of meeting. Mrs. W. E. Heard of Arlington, sister of the hostess, was a guest of the afternoon, as was Mrs. M. O. McDowell, the members present being: Mesdames Gardner, Waggoner, Hartsook, Montgomery, Glenn Berry and Murph.

MRS. PINKSTON ENTERTAINS CROCHET CLUB

The Modern Crochet Club was delightfully entertained Wednesday afternoon by Mrs. H. C. Pinkston, the usual routine of club meeting being entered into. Late in the afternoon refreshments of ice cream and angel-food cake were served. Mrs. Bartle, mother of the hostess, was the guest of the afternoon, the club members present being: Mesdames Scott, Allen, Brooks, Colbeth, Hammond, Stout, Mudd and Miss Elizabeth Forsch.

DELIGHTFUL CHILDREN'S PARTY TUESDAY AFTERNOON

Misses Virginia Walters and Janice Harrington entertained Tuesday evening for Misses Nell and Wayne Pettit of Denton, who are visiting Mrs. E. E. Sanders, the little misses keeping truly "grownup hours," the invitations being from 7 to 9. The small hostess entertained at the home of Mrs. C. R. Hartsook, aunt of little Miss Walters, games on the spacious lawn being introduced. A punch bowl was placed conveniently near the scene of the games and was kept well supplied for the refreshment of the guests and refreshments of ice cream and cake were served before "going home time" by the mother and aunt of the hostesses. The guest list included the honorees, Misses Wayne and Nell Pettit, Mary Frances Collier, Virginia Miller, Judith Sherrod, Dorothy Millap, Lucille Roupree, Frances Cullman, Helen Gribb, Helen Snider, Berneice Gohlke, Virginia Robertson, Faye Fisher, Elizabeth Greenwood, Lucille Smith, Claire Knapp, Madeline Thomas, Veda and Welma Walters, Robin Wilfong, Leona Maricle and Frankie Adickes.

Mrs. J. W. Murph has as her guest her sister, Mrs. W. E. Heard of Arlington.

Fires Cured in 6 to 14 Days

Your druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Swelling, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. The first application gives Ease and Rest. Box



Um-m-m That's Good!

Um-m-m! That's Good!
You'll say it—the family will say it—company will say it; from the first sip to the last drop of ice tea made with

White Swan Tea

makes the kind of ice tea that simply takes hold of you with its smooth deliciousness. Not strong, but full of body. Tea that is tea.

Most All Grocers

sell White Swan Tea—four sizes in air-tight tins—10c, 25c, 40c and 75c. Should your grocer be one of the very few who don't carry it, send us 75c for a pound—sent postpaid.

WAPLES-PLATTER GROCER CO.
(Wholesale Only)

Denison, Ft. Worth, Dallas, Amarillo, Bowie, Brownwood, Chillicothe, Dublin, Gainesville, Greenville, Hamlin, Marshall, Stamford, Tex., and Ada, Okla.

735 PER CENT OF FIRES IN TEXAS PREVENTABLE
Austin, June 25.—Interesting figures on fires in Texas from December 10, 1910 up to the present time, have just been compiled here showing that in that time there was a total of approximately 52,000 fires. With these figures as a basis and taking the proportion of preventable fires from unknown causes to be the same as for known causes, the ratio of preventable fires on all classes of mercantile risks, the ratio of preventable fires for that time was 73.5 per cent. On the same basis the ratio of preventable fires on risks such as dwellings, apartment houses, boarding houses and private outbuildings was 86.2 per cent. The figures are taken from the records of the state fire insurance commission. Of the 5,200 fires reported, 27,919 were fires on all classes of mercantile risks and of these 14,110 or 52.7 per cent were preventable; 5,292 or 19 per cent were unpreventable and 7,917 or 28.3 per cent were from unknown causes.

Where Will You Spend Your Summer Vacation?

The Rock Island Runs Almost Everywhere


You are invited to ride with us in our new through Pullmans to Denver, Chicago, Oklahoma City, Omaha, Kansas City and many other points of interest.

Fares So Low Everybody Can Go Summer Specials Below

Chicago	New York	San Francisco
Kansas City	Boston	Los Angeles
Saint Paul	Washington	Salt Lake City
Denver	Baltimore	Portland
Colo. Springs	Buffalo	Seattle

Literature and information gladly given for the asking

City Ticket Office
601 Main St.
Phone Lamar 127



V. N. TURPIN
C. P. and T. Agt.

Fort Worth, Texas.

WICHITA DAILY TIMES

Published Every Week Day Afternoon (Except Saturday)

WICHITA DAILY TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY (Printers and Publishers) Wilson Building, Corner Seventh Street and Scott Avenue

MEMBER THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

Subscription Rates: By the year (mail or carrier) \$5.00 By the month (mail or carrier) \$0.50

Phone Office 187 Editorial Room 1871

Wichita Falls, Texas, June 25, 1915



Dallas is going to try to land the next Democratic National Convention, and is willing to put up \$100,000 to secure it.

Building material, such as lumber, shingles, etc., is cheaper now than for several years. Considering this is it not a very good time to build that new home or repair and make needed additions to the old one while labor is plentiful?

The school census shows that there are about 300 more scholars this year than in 1914, which is tolerably substantial evidence of the fact that Wichita Falls has not stopped increasing her population.

So far there has been only one instance of a submarine attack—a submarine. One was a German boat and the other an Italian. No details of the conflict have been received beyond the fact that the Italian boat was sunk.

When the Germans get through thrashing those Russians, here's hoping they will be able to give the Italians their undivided attention for a season. Italy just forced herself into that war, with hardly any provocation, and she ought to get a sound thrashing for butting in where she had no business, and could have fared better by remaining out.

It now appears that the Wichita Falls county cotton farmer has overdone this business of reducing his acreage of cotton. Last fall and winter they were urged to reduce the acreage 25% under what it was in 1914. They cut it at least 50 per cent., and the heavy rains and high waters have still cut it some shorter. Even with so favorable cotton growing weather as favored this section of the state last year, not more than half the yield can be expected.

Tomorrow, June 28th, marks the first anniversary of one of the most awful tragedies in human history. On that date the Austrian Archduke, Francis Ferdinand and his wife were shot and killed in the Bosnian town of Sarajevo. The assassination resulted in a general European war which has already brought death to more than a million men perhaps and whose consequences are yet untold.

The Times understands that there is a movement being put on foot by Wichita Falls merchants which, if finally put through will result in bringing to this city much trade that is not now coming here. This plan or movement has for its main feature the refunding of railroad fares to shoppers who make purchases up to a certain amount. Wherever this has been tried out it has proven a great success as a trade increaser. The Times will in all probability be in a position to give to its readers the full details of the plan within a few days.

SECRETARY OF STATE LANSING IS WELL QUALIFIED

Robert Lansing, the new secretary of state, is a son-in-law of former Secretary of State John W. Foster. He became counselor of the state department on the retirement of John Bassett Moore, and has been regarded as President Wilson's mainstay on questions of international law in all the recent difficult diplomatic negotiations. It is a matter of common remark in Washington that he has commanded the respect and admiration of the foreign chancelleries here to a marked degree.

Lansing's home is in Watertown, N. Y., and he is just past fifty years old. Since 1889 he has practiced law. He began his first diplomatic work for the United States in 1892, when he became counsel for the government in

the Bering sea arbitration. Soon afterward he became counsel for the United States in the Bering sea claims commission, and following that was solicitor for the Alaska boundary tribunal. In 1909 he became counsel in the North Atlantic coast fisheries case at The Hague. His last work before becoming counselor for the state department was as agent for the United States in the American claims claims case.

Secretary Lansing was graduated from Amherst college. Only yesterday he received an honorary degree at Colgate university. His writings on international law have attracted wide attention. One of his principal papers was "Government; its Origin, Growth and Form in the United States."

Since 1902 he has been an associate editor of the American Journal of International Law. While the notes to Great Britain and Germany admittedly have been the work of President Wilson and former Secretary of State Bryan, as was characterized from time to time during their preparation, it was no secret that the President was in almost constant communication with Lansing on the many intricate points of international law.

Lansing has shown very little activity in politics, and at one time there seemed to be some doubt among the President's advisers if it would not be necessary to select a man who was more prominent and probably had performed greater service for his party. From the first, however, practically all members of the cabinet have been in favor of Lansing's selection.

MR. WOODALL ASKS THE TIMES TO BE FAIR

Hillsboro, Tex., June 24, 1915. Editor Wichita Daily Times.

Dear Sir:—I have seen two editorials in your paper, the last one under date of Wednesday, June 23d, in which you copy an editorial in the Bonham News, bearing on the high tax rate we will have to pay this year. I note your comment in which you state—"Perhaps if that one million dollars the state claims to owe it as back tax by the seventeen old line life insurance companies that are resisting payment had been paid, it would not have been necessary to raise the state tax rate above that of last year. With only about a half way promise that these old line companies will loan in Texas during the next five years the sum of \$35,000,000, the state administration seemingly is willing to waive the right of the state to collect this back tax."

I feel almost ashamed to write you again with reference to anything that has anything to do with the Gibson Bill or anything that has to do with the Robertson Law, as it looks as if I have said a plenty, but your statement is so unfair, that I feel that I should call your attention to it, in as much as your argument is so ill-founded.

The truth is that if the Gibson Bill had passed, the companies would have returned to Texas and the Attorney General of the State could have gotten service on them through their agents and have tested in the courts this question. The companies agreed that if the Gibson Bill passed they would return immediately to Texas, and would stand a suit with the State of Texas, and if the courts of Texas decreed that they owed the taxes they would pay it.

As the matter now stands, they are wholly without the jurisdiction of the Texas courts. Service cannot be had on them, and there is no way they can be sued. Therefore, the friends of the Gibson Bill proposed the only way whereby these supposed taxes could be collected. So long as these companies remain away from Texas, there is no way by which these taxes can be collected.

I write this to you believing you will see it in a different light from that which you have. The administration I am sure is in a position to take care of itself before the people. It needs no defense from me, but I do believe that everybody, including the newspapers ought to be fair, for which reason I am calling your attention to this matter.

I do not ask you of course to publish this, and don't want you to do so, but I do contend that any opinion you want to be fair, and I believe your editorial is misleading. That is to say, it appears to me as if you are trying to place the burden on the government for the non-collection of these supposed back taxes.

You probably know that since these so-called back taxes began to accumulate, we have had as many as three men in the office of Attorney General in this state. None of them have ever attempted to collect this tax. Just why I do not know, and if the tax is not collected, the fault is not the government's.

I shall not attempt to argue the merits of whether or not the companies do owe what are termed back taxes. I do contend that the only remedy that has ever been offered the state in this matter was in the enactment of the Gibson Bill; through which the matter would have been tested in the Texas courts. I am, Yours very truly, ED. WOODALL.

As we desire to be fair, we publish the above from our friend, Ed Woodall of Hillsboro.

The trouble with the Gibson Bill was that in order to induce those people to come back, it repealed that part of the Robertson law which required them to invest 75 per cent. of their reserve for Texas business in Texas. The Times man may be dull, but if the outside insurance companies are anxious to invest in Texas, as they claim, we are unable to see why they are so anxious to have the law repealed that says they must do it. We have no patience with the claim that the Robertson law has tended to make money higher in Texas. The insurance companies were not lending money in Texas on Texas real estate but

the law was passed, and there has been a good deal more insurance money loaned in Texas on Texas real estate since it passed than there was before and the amount is getting greater every year.

In a recent letter, Mr. Woodall doubted the report of the United States government which showed that interest rates were much higher in Oklahoma, where there is no Robertson law, than in Texas where there is, and says that that statement has been disproved. We live within ten miles of the Oklahoma line and our trade territory is very largely made up of Oklahoma and we know conditions in Oklahoma much better than Mr. Woodall does. There is no man who is acquainted at all from personal observation with Oklahoma conditions that will contend for a moment that general interest rates in Oklahoma are cheaper than in Texas.

The official report of the insurance companies probably does show that some insurance money had been loaned in Oklahoma cheaper than in Texas, but what those official reports do not show is what commissions were charged by the agents in Oklahoma who negotiated these loans.

There is a local insurance company located at Wichita Falls, doing business in Oklahoma and its officers inform us that they have no trouble in lending all the money they can spare in Oklahoma at the same rates they charge in Texas. Oklahoma having a reciprocal insurance law, Texas companies who do business there are required to make the same investments in Oklahoma as an Oklahoma company would in Texas.

We don't expect to convince Mr. Woodall, for none are so blind as those who will not see. The statement was made by Mr. Carleton during the insurance hearing; that his old company, the New York Life, had written a half million dollars worth of insurance in Hill county and that prior to the time the company quit the state, he had never heard of it lending one dollar in Hill county. We write from recollection and not with his statement before us, but think the figures are approximately correct.

Now, Governor Ferguson and Mr. Woodall and some others wish us to believe that companies quitting the state that were lending no money caused insurance rates to go up, but we are not that credulous. If Mr. Woodall still insists that the Robertson law has made interest rates higher in Texas we suggest the following test: We are informed that the comptroller of currency at the last call of National Banks, required every National bank in the United States to report the average rate of interest it had charged upon its loans since the preceding call. Now, if he will get from that official the average interest rate charged by the National banks of Texas and the average interest rate charged by the National banks of Oklahoma he will see for himself whether his contention is correct that the absence of the Robertson law makes cheap money. No fair test could be had than Oklahoma where the titles are good and where there are no home-stead exemptions to interfere and where the insurance companies claim they have been lending so much money cheaply.

Regardless of what the figures show, we know of no reason why any company doing business in Texas should object to a law requiring investment of the reserves required to protect Texas policies, if the companies should wish or intend to make the investments, as Mr. Woodall seems to believe.

It just occurs to the Times that it would pay handsomely for every wheat farmer in this section of the state to build granaries to store his wheat until such time as he got ready to dispose of it. The wheat speculators have knowledge that most farmers are in the habit of selling their grain as it comes from the threshers, and as a consequence the market is usually glutted and the price drops. In fact, it now seems that the speculators contemplate in advance what the conditions will be and begin to hammer down the price even before the grain is cut. With the half million dollars lost last year by the farmers of Wichita county alone, a granary of sufficient capacity to store the grain produced on every wheat farm in the county could have been constructed and paid for.

Calling attention to an item in the Ennis Daily News stating that as a result of the first year of its operation the Ennis Cotton Warehouse company paid a dividend of 25 per cent., which, although a handsome profit, the larger benefit, as remarked by the News was in the saving of cotton from damage and the fact that farmers were enabled to hold for a higher price, the Dallas Evening Journal says: "The experience of this Ennis company proves two important things: First, that it is profitable to provide warehouse facilities; second, that the farmers will use these facilities when provided. A warehouse system covering the entire State will save enough on country damage to pay all State taxes, and more, and it will save much more in eliminating the greater waste caused by the 'grand market rush.'" True, and under the flexible currency system of the new Federal reserve banking law for enlarging credit facilities the farmer who has stored his cotton in a warehouse is enabled to

SATURDAY

Do not miss the last day of the lace and embroidery sale SATURDAY, 812-814 OHIO AVE.



You will surely find popular merchandise at our shoe department. 812-814 OHIO AVE.

A Few Specials in the Lace and Embroidery Sale

36 inch shadow allover lace, beautiful patterns and quality, per yard 25c. 27 inch allover shadow lace, flouncing, pretty patterns and quality, per yard 25c. Beautiful patterns in val edges, oriental edges and shadow edges, one-half to two and one-half inches wide, per yard 5c. Very pretty and dainty patterns in val edges, one-half to one and one-half inches wide, 2 yards for 5c.

SATURDAY IN THE SHOE DEPARTMENT

For mid-summer footwear you do not expect or care to pay fancy prices. Now more than at any other time, those wishing to economize in footwear will appreciate our Popular Priced Shoe Department. A Few Saturday Specials Are Ladies' One Strap Pump, well made of pretty brilliant Kid-Flat Mary Jane heel Pennington value, pr. \$1.50. The same style as the above in a medium Cuban heel at the same price, both these numbers are ideal for semi house wear. Ladies Merry Janes, plain one strap Pumps Patent Leather Colonial Pumps, Brilliant Kid Pumps, three straps and medium heel, also several other styles in the right kind of footwear at Pennington price, per pr. \$1.95.

Ask the Shoe Man to Show You this Bargain

Plain Pumps, Button Oxfords and 1, 2- and 3-Strap Pumps in Vici, Gun Metals and Patents in Children's footwear. A Pennington Special at Per Pair 95c.

Saturday Night Specials

MEN'S SHIRTS. Sizes 14-12 to 17, light patterns in stripes and figures; also plain white. Two styles detached collars and attached cuffs; also soft shirts with attached cuffs and collars, each 39c. LADIES UNION SUITS. All silk. See our windows—Pure silk thread, knit union suits, low neck, no sleeves, wide knee sheet bottom. The colors are pink and white, a \$2.50 value, our regular price \$1.50; Saturday night Per Suit \$1.00. MEN'S NECKTIES. Very pretty silk four-in-hand ties, both in open and closed end styles, ties in this collection worth up to 25c each, will be sold Saturday night Three for only .25c. LADIES' PARASOLS. For Saturday night only we have arranged a special sale of ladies' fancy parasols; a collection of about three dozen, all pretty new styles in values up to \$2.00. Saturday night choice, \$1.00.

WE BUY THE BEST Have the best and sell lumber cheaper than any dealer in the city. We defy competition. J. S. Mayfield Lumber Co. R. P. WATTS, Manager Phone 26 610-18 Indiana

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY 100 basket home grown tomatoes at 20c basket. Fresh beans, okra, squash, fresh corn, sweet pepper, rhubarb. Phone us your orders for everything in groceries. J. E. BOND Phone 15

LOOK AT THIS— FRIDAY, JUNE 11TH. Ladies' and Men's Suits Cleaned and pressed for 50 cts. For all the time. Work called for and delivered promptly. Union Cleaning and Dye Works PHONE 1884 722 OHIO UNION SHOP

WILLIAM S. HART The greatest living character actor in a two part western of unusual merit. FLORENCE LABADIE In two part excellent society drama, the first production of the well-known Edwin Thanbouser since his return from England and taking personal charge of the Thanbouser plant, is said to be a very fine two part picture. DOROTHY GISH In one of the cutest little one part comedy-dramas that she has appeared in for some time. "LOVE, LOOT AND CRASH" What would the world be without something besides the long faced seriousness that you see upon the faces of so many people you know, there isn't anything that we know better suited to help the sunshine break into and scatter the clouds of gloom from the mind than a good Keystone comedy. The one on the program today will serve the purpose well. EMPRESS—TODAY

EVIDENCE The very fact that you drive from 500 to 1000 miles on one gallon of AMALIE 1-2-3 Non Carbon Cylinder Oil Is evidence that it does not burn up before it lubricates. For sale by Motor Supply Co. Wichita Falls

able to build a new church building. The youthful pastor, Rev. Gilbert Irwin, has already succeeded in having one splendid new church built on his charge since conference and when the other two are completed it will make a splendid record for his work on this charge.—Burk Burnett Star. Four pounds fine squash, 25c at Trevaltham's.

"Watch me spread in Wichita"

Mens \$5.00 and \$6.00 Shoes For \$1.95

About 30 pair of men's low shoes, Howard & Fosters, worth \$5 and \$6, sizes 5, 5 1/2 and 6 only. Come early and be fitted.

\$4.50

Women's \$4 and \$4.50 White Slippers and Colonial Pumps, Saturday choice. 75c

Boy's Knickerbocker Pants in worsteds, serges, crash, linen and Palm Beach, sizes 6 to 18. 50c up

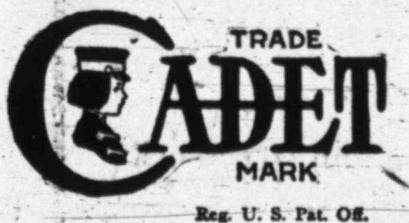
Some more of those Ladies' Silk Hosiery in black, white and tan, per pair. 20c

Men's Union Suits made of fine Nainsook, Poronit or Balbriggan—all sizes—each. 50c

Choice of any ladies' slippers formerly sold at the Strange-White Co., at \$3.50, \$4 and \$5. \$1

Children's pretty Rompers. 25c

Boy's Blouse Waists only. 25c



Carry a complete line of Cadet Hose for men, women and children. The world's best hose at 25c (As good as most 50 centers)

For men only, Saturday night bet 8 and 10 p. m., your choice of any Straw in stock, worth up to \$4

50c

Everybody is getting to know

SAUL'S

617 Indiana

"Where those good, cheap shoes come from"

Additional Brevities

Fancy tomatoes, 25c per basket at Trevathan's.

Best peaches, 20c per basket at Trevathan's.

I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building, Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 14-tfc.

Fancy tomatoes, 25c per basket at Trevathan's.

Best cucumbers, 6 for 15c at Trevathan's.

Three dozen fancy lemons, 60c at Trevathan's.

Wichita Falls Undertaking Co., 812 Scott avenue, Phone 302. Prompt ambulance service. Command us. 18 tfc

Fancy tomatoes, 25c per basket at Trevathan's.

Have your water bottles filled with Famous Mineral water at the Eldora hotel office. 35-tfc.

Best cucumbers, 6 for 15c at Trevathan's.

Waving flags and singing songs, the younger members of the First M. E. Sunday School left this morning in a special traction car gaily decorated to spend the day in their annual picnic at Lake Wichita. Big hampers filled with ice cream, fried chicken and other eatables have gone out.

Colorado head lettuce, 10c at Trevathan's.

Four pounds of best Rhubarb, 25c at Trevathan's.

Look who's at the Gem tomorrow—Vandyke Brook, Norma Talmage, Rankin Drew, Donald Hall, Marc McDermott, Mable Overton, Lillian Burns and Oliver. 37-11

Three dozen fancy lemons, 60c at Trevathan's.

Best cucumbers, 6 for 15c at Trevathan's.

Wheat farmers who contemplate holding their grain for a higher market price will find it to their advantage to figure with the Star Street Metal Works, 809 Scott avenue on grain bins. These bins can be put in on short notice. 33-tfc

Four pounds of best Rhubarb, 25c at Trevathan's.

Four pounds fine squash, 25c at Trevathan's.

The 10th St. Huckster has a modern and up-to-date sanitary wagon, clean and scoured from the files, phone 1218. 35-tfc

Colorado head lettuce, 10c at Trevathan's.

I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building, Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 14-tfc.

Four pounds of best Rhubarb, 25c at Trevathan's.

Fresh corn, 25c per dozen at Trevathan's.

Three dozen fancy lemons, 60c at Trevathan's.

Look who's at the Gem tomorrow—Vandyke Brook, Norma Talmage, Rankin Drew, Donald Hall, Marc McDermott, Mable Overton, Lillian Burns and Oliver. 37-11

Sweet peppers, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building, Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 14-tfc.

Colorado head lettuce, 10c at Trevathan's.

A Business Proposition. It is a business proposition to look neat. Come to Lawler's barber shop, see. 708 Ohio. 37-4tc

Four pounds fine squash, 25c at Trevathan's.

Dental Notice! I have moved to 308 First National Bank Building, Dr. J. S. Nelson, Phone 586. 16-tfc.

Sweet peppers, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

Fresh corn, 25c per dozen at Trevathan's.

Fancy cherries, 20c per pound at Trevathan's.

Unlimited. Our supply of up-to-date hair cuts are unlimited for the 4th of July.—Lawler's Barber Shop. 37-4tc

Fancy okra, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building, Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 14-tfc.

Fancy okra, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

Fresh corn, 25c per dozen at Trevathan's.

Fancy cherries, 20c per pound at Trevathan's.

Doctors Hartsook & Stripling EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT Suites 308, 309 and 310 Kemp and Kell Building

DR. SCHULTZ, The German Specialist Special attention given to Diseases of Women; also Chronic, Nervous Complications. Office No. 605 1-4 Eighth St., Ward Bldg., Phone No. 1950.

Thirteen years in one stand. I can satisfy the children in hair cutting as well as the old.—Lawler's Barber Shop. 37-4tc

Dr. Proctor, dentist, now over Morris, Drug Store, phone 1415. 29-tfc

Sweet peppers, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

Fancy okra, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

Best peaches, 20c per basket at Trevathan's.

Yesterday, the Kahn's Company placed a new carpet in the second floor of the Kahn building, which will be occupied by that company for the accommodation of their ladies' ready-to-wear department. The entire second floor of the building, with the exception of one room, will be devoted to this line of the firm's business, and everything possible will be done to make the department thoroughly modern. The fixtures ordered are in golden oak, and the carpets and wall finishings will be in green. It is expected the new department will be open in time for the early fall business.

The regular meeting of the Wichita County Home's Convalescent and Every Knights Templar will be held tonight at the Masonic lodge. There will be initiation work. One candidate. All members need to be present. Visitors welcome. I. H. ROBERTS, E. C. A. F. KERR, Recorder. 37-tfc

Colorado head lettuce, 10c at Trevathan's.

Four pounds of best Rhubarb, 25c at Trevathan's.

Look who's at the Gem tomorrow—Vandyke Brook, Norma Talmage, Rankin Drew, Donald Hall, Marc McDermott, Mable Overton, Lillian Burns and Oliver. 37-11

Three dozen fancy lemons, 60c at Trevathan's.

Best cucumbers, 6 for 15c at Trevathan's.

Wheat farmers who contemplate holding their grain for a higher market price will find it to their advantage to figure with the Star Street Metal Works, 809 Scott avenue on grain bins. These bins can be put in on short notice. 33-tfc

Four pounds of best Rhubarb, 25c at Trevathan's.

Four pounds fine squash, 25c at Trevathan's.

The 10th St. Huckster has a modern and up-to-date sanitary wagon, clean and scoured from the files, phone 1218. 35-tfc

Colorado head lettuce, 10c at Trevathan's.

I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building, Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 14-tfc.

Four pounds of best Rhubarb, 25c at Trevathan's.

Fresh corn, 25c per dozen at Trevathan's.

Three dozen fancy lemons, 60c at Trevathan's.

Look who's at the Gem tomorrow—Vandyke Brook, Norma Talmage, Rankin Drew, Donald Hall, Marc McDermott, Mable Overton, Lillian Burns and Oliver. 37-11

Sweet peppers, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building, Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 14-tfc.

Colorado head lettuce, 10c at Trevathan's.

A Business Proposition. It is a business proposition to look neat. Come to Lawler's barber shop, see. 708 Ohio. 37-4tc

Four pounds fine squash, 25c at Trevathan's.

Dental Notice! I have moved to 308 First National Bank Building, Dr. J. S. Nelson, Phone 586. 16-tfc.

Sweet peppers, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

Fresh corn, 25c per dozen at Trevathan's.

Fancy cherries, 20c per pound at Trevathan's.

Unlimited. Our supply of up-to-date hair cuts are unlimited for the 4th of July.—Lawler's Barber Shop. 37-4tc

Fancy okra, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building, Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 14-tfc.

Colorado head lettuce, 10c at Trevathan's.

A Business Proposition. It is a business proposition to look neat. Come to Lawler's barber shop, see. 708 Ohio. 37-4tc

Four pounds fine squash, 25c at Trevathan's.

Dental Notice! I have moved to 308 First National Bank Building, Dr. J. S. Nelson, Phone 586. 16-tfc.

Sweet peppers, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

Fresh corn, 25c per dozen at Trevathan's.

Fancy cherries, 20c per pound at Trevathan's.

Unlimited. Our supply of up-to-date hair cuts are unlimited for the 4th of July.—Lawler's Barber Shop. 37-4tc

Fancy okra, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building, Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 14-tfc.

Colorado head lettuce, 10c at Trevathan's.

A Business Proposition. It is a business proposition to look neat. Come to Lawler's barber shop, see. 708 Ohio. 37-4tc

Four pounds fine squash, 25c at Trevathan's.

Dental Notice! I have moved to 308 First National Bank Building, Dr. J. S. Nelson, Phone 586. 16-tfc.

Sweet peppers, 15c per pound at Trevathan's.

Fresh corn, 25c per dozen at Trevathan's.

Ready-To-Wear Department Second Floor

Special For Saturday

Just received by today's express Ten Dozen Ladies' Waists in Organdies, Batiste and Voil, all lace trimmed; regular \$1.50 and \$2.00 values, size 36 to 46 for 98c

New Crepe De Chine Waists in plain and stripe, newest design, special for Saturday \$2.50 to \$3.98

Fifty Dozen Children's Dresses, age 2 to 12; regular 15c to 20c, grades for Saturday, only 10c

See Our 98c Waists in South Window



Try P.B.M. Special Cream at Fountain

SANTA FE STATION AT SAN ANGELO ROBBED

By Associated Press. San Angelo, Texas, June 25.—In the second blowing open of a safe here within a week robbers secured nearly \$300 in the passenger station of the Santa Fe last night. The building was slightly damaged by the explosion.

YALE'S SECOND VARSITY EIGHT WINS FROM HARVARD

By Associated Press. New London, June 25.—Yale's second varsity eight won their race from Harvard today by a third of a length.

IOWA PARK GETTING READY FOR ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

Iowa Park Herald. The city council will meet Saturday night to grant a fifty-year franchise to the Wichita Falls Electric Company for the purpose of setting poles, stringing and wiring the town for electric lights. We are sure this will be good news to the merchants and property owners, who have long waited for this convenience.

WAR BRINGS REVIVAL CANAL TRAFFIC IN ENGLAND

London.—The war has brought about a revival of canal traffic throughout Great Britain, and the canal companies are doing better than they have done in many years. This is due mainly to the congestion of the railways and at the ports. Practically the only time to the traffic available to the canal companies is set by the shortage of labor and barges. Most of the younger bargemen joined either the army or navy early in the war, and the canals, like the railways, are frequently compelled to refuse traffic because they cannot find men to handle it.

CREW OF TORPEDOED STEAMER REACHES COPENHAGEN.

By Associated Press. London, June 25.—A dispatch from Copenhagen says the steamer Nova has arrived there with the crew of the torpedoed steamer Truma, which was torpedoed Wednesday by a German submarine and then set on fire near the Shetland Islands. The Truma was of 1557 tons gross.

At The Churches

First Presbyterian Church. (Cor. 10th and Bluff.) Dr. McKee conducts his last service as pastor of the church at 11 a. m. New members will be received and welcomed. Communion of the Lords supper will be observed. The pastor will be assisted by Rev. H. M. Frank and Rev. Elton T. Jones. A congregational meeting of special importance will be held Wednesday night at 8:15 o'clock. This meeting will be in the charge of the Executive Commission of the Presbytery which is composed of Rev. W. H. Baker of Vernon, Rev. J. T. Price of Childress, Rev. W. T. Swain of Memphis and others.—J. L. McKee, pastor.

Church of Christ. Services at the church Sunday. Bible school at 9:30. Come and study with us. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. as usual. Come and hear what is said. Remember the church is on Bluff street, one and one half blocks south of Tenth street. C. A. BUCHANAN, Minister.

Lutheran Church (No. 5th and Cor. 11th and Holliday Sts.) Sunday School (German and English classes) at 9:00 a. m.; Bible class at 9:45 a. m. German morning worship at 10:30 a. m. English services at 2:30 p. m. Acordial invitation is extended to everyone to worship with us.—C. M. Beyer, pastor.

Christian Church. Bible School at 9:30. W. J. Bullock, superintendent, good teachers, graded lessons and classes for all ages. Let all teachers and officers meet in the prayer circle at 9:15. Morning sermon will be "The Conversion of the Philippian Jailor. Services begin at 10:40. Bring your friends and attend. We expect baptisms at this service. A union meeting of all young peoples societies in the big tent at 7. No services in the church but let all hear Evangelist Frar. In the tent at 8. The International Convention of Christian Churches will be held in Los Angeles, July 15-25. Our church should send some delegates.—F. F. Walters, pastor.

DEFENSE IN FRY CASE RESTS WITHOUT PUTTING ON A SINGLE WITNESS

(Continued from Page One) was questioned rather sharply on this point. Two checks, both indorsed by persons named Kelly, and he compared the signatures, showing the similarity. Mr. Oglesby used a magnifying glass in making his comparisons, sticking to his original assertion that the same person wrote them. Asked as to whether Judge Fry signed the name J. M. Watson to that particular check, he said: "They are signed by the same party

At NEWTON'S

- Fresh Tomatoes, by the basket 20c
New Potatoes, by the peck 30c
Nice, large Lemons, per dozen 15c
Nice Peaches, two baskets for 25c
Ten pound box Peaches (evaporated) 75c
Ten pound Pure Lard \$1 25
Three gallon bucket of Lard \$2 60
Ten pound box Dried Prunes for \$1 00
Two cans Majestic Sliced Beef, regular 20c size, two for 25c
Fat Hens, Nice Fryers, each, 30c to 40c
Phone early to 1400 "Nuf sed"

In my estimation, yes," He said he based his opinion on the similarity of the letter "W." He then next asked to compare the names as written by the county clerk on the face of the warrant and as appearing in the indorsement, and said there was some slight difference. He said it appeared that the man who wrote the J. M. Watson on the back of the check apparently tried to copy the name from the face of the warrant. Showed Mr. Watson's genuine signature, he said it had a different slant from the indorsement. Mr. Oglesby discussed the checks at some length and when he concluded court adjourned.

THE NEW ONES
Just got back from the Eastern Markets with a complete line of new style novelties. It will pay you to come in and inspect these. Our prices remain the same \$2.50 and \$2.85 but the shoes are worth up to \$5.00 a pair. Wear the latest styles at popular prices.
WHY WALK PAY DOWN MORE STAIRS FOR SAVE
Peggy Pumps
Fawn, Putty, Sand and White Quarter Pumps, and Strap Slippers.
Baby Dolls with White Ivory Soles.
Patent Pumps with White pipings and White trimmings. Very swell.
SPECIAL
500 pairs Patent Baby Doll in all sizes. Turn soles and values up to \$4 a pair. We bought them right and you benefit by it.
Special for Saturday \$1.45
HARRY'S SAMPLE SHOE STORE
Basement Kemp & Kell Bldg.

2

SPECIALS

FOR Saturday

A big assortment of mid-summer dresses, values to \$10.00 and \$12.50, your choice of this lot as long as they last, only

\$4.95

BIG MILLINERY SPECIAL

Choice of any hat on display in our millinery department Saturday at only

\$1.00

Come

GILDHOUSE FASHION STORE

818 Indiana Ave.

PROVING IT TO "POP"

By GEORGE MUNSON.

The genial actor-manager had a score of offices in different cities, but, of course, New York was his headquarters. There some dozen young men arranged his numerous affairs, re-traced plays, shooed off suit applicants and, in the interim of their duties, bitten by the strange, insatiable stage lust, begged the kindly old man to try them out at the same salary to start.

Robertson had been the most persistent. Perhaps he might in time have worried "Pop" Garrison to give him a walking part; but he came down with appendicitis, and one morning his desk was empty, and only a pathetic scrawl from Mrs. Robertson indicated that he was in the hospital.

"Sure! Pay him each week till he gets well," said Garrison to the cashier. "His wife writes she'll be down each Saturday to collect. Pay her when she comes in."

Promptly at noon on Saturday a plump, fluffy-haired little blonde presented herself at the cashier's desk. She wrote her receipt in a laborious hand and took her twenty-five dollars gratefully.

"Hello! How did you get in here? We don't want any ladies in anything," sang out Pop Garrison.

"I'm Edna Robertson," said the little woman demurely. "My husband—"

"Good lord! I beg your pardon, madam," said Garrison. "How is your husband? Doing well? I'm glad of that. Tell him I'm waiting for him as soon as he's back again."

"Nice little woman," he commented to the cashier. "I didn't know Robertson was married, come to think of it. If I had a wife like that I'd— I'd go off my head."

Every week for a month little Mrs. Robertson duly appeared at the cashier's window promptly at twelve on Saturday, received the money and signed for it.

On the fifth Saturday she did not appear. But in the afternoon there appeared, in place of her, a slim and rather tall brunette. She made her way to the cashier's window.

"I have come for my husband's money," she announced.

"Eh?" asked the cashier. "My name is Flora Robertson, and there's five weeks' pay coming," she snapped.

Pop happened to be passing through, and he came up at the sound of the woman's excited tones. The cashier left his cage.

"This lady says she is Mrs. Robertson, and she wants five weeks' salary," said the cashier.

"Pop had weathered many a crisis, and his nerve did not desert him now. "Pa' Mrs. Robertson by all means," he said, addressing the angry woman.

"And how is your husband? Better, I hope?" he continued.

"I hope so. As well as he deserves to be, anyway," answered wife No. 2. "Do you know what was the matter with him?"

"Ap-appendicitis, I understood," stammered Pop Garrison, striving to retain his self-control.

"Nope. Bad temper. It went to his insides," she returned. "Say, young man, you hand out that money before this gink has time to change his mind."

And clasping her money to her bosom, she stalked out of the office, leaving the two men flabbergasted.

"Well, I'm—" said Pop.

"Ditto here," returned the other.

"What am I to charge it to—overhead, Mr. Garrison?"

"No. Put it down to petty cash," returned the old actor-manager. "Lord, if I hadn't been a boy myself once—but it's too bad, too bad!"

And Pop's head-drooped mournfully as he went back into his den, and he refused to see anybody at all during the remainder of the day.

On the Monday morning, bright and early, Joe Robertson was at his desk. He had been there about half a minute when the cashier came up to him.

"The old man wants to see you, Joe," he said. "Say, you'd best fix up some sort of explanation in your mind, old man."

Joe, looking pretty well scared, went into Garrison's den. The old man rose up and looked at him with a heavy paternal air.

"I wouldn't have thought it of you, Joe," he said, shaking his head.

In Constant Battle for Freedom



MONTENEGRIN VILLAGE

MONTENEGRO is one of the smallest members of the family of nations, and freedom has made her sturdiest stands among its dreary crags and unproductive rock-strewn, gravel slopes. Now, true to traditions of centuries of incessant warring, she has joined in the world war, with eagerness to expand in the tobacco and grazing lands of Herzegovina. A picture of the strongly individual characteristics of this nation, nurtured and contained upon a mountain, whose entrance into the war scales caused hardly a tremor of the balance, has been prepared for the National Geographic society by George Higgins Moses, United States minister to Greece and Montenegro during 1908-1912. Surveying the history of the miniature country, against which powerful Islamic waves broke in vain for centuries, the writer says:

"For 600 years they have maintained freedom, which of old has sat upon the heights; and with sufferings indescribable, with courage illimitable, won from the great English apostle of Balkan freedom those words of undying praise, in which he gave it as his 'deliberate opinion' that the traditions of Montenegro exceed in glory those of Marathon and Thermopylae and all the war traditions of the world." Everywhere within the little kingdom, the writer says, one can see memorials of the grim, unbroken struggle of Montenegro's people against the power of the Turk, a struggle in which the Turk, master through the Balkans, battered against the mountain heights to no avail.

Montenegro has little to invite except the majesty of the vista from its higher crests, and the little band of Slavs who fed hither had freedom more than luxury and ease in mind. At the creation, so runs a Montenegro legend given by Mr. Moses, an angel was sent forth to gather the superfluous stones on the earth's surface. He placed these stones in a bag which burst as he was flying over Cernogora, and Montenegro's richest dowry is still the rocks which the angel spilled upon it.

Webbed With Fine Roads. The approach to the kingdom, a winding way up hill, is spoken of by the writer as a splendid piece of engineering, which weaves up the gaunt, gray cliffs, finally threading a narrow, easily-defended defile and crossing a pass mostly awashed in clouds. Montenegro, Mr. Moses continues, is webbed with fine roads, the expression of the present king's restless spirit for improvement. The capital itself, Cetinje, is hardly more than a knot of cross-streets in two roads of this system. There are no pretentious buildings in the city, only two being of more than two stories in height, the Russian and Austrian legations. The external life of the capital is simple in the extreme.

Montenegro, declares the writer, are mostly of greater than average stature, and the men have come to feel their principal calling to be that of war. The women of Montenegro are its economic producers, and, to quote King Nicholas, who has married his delightful daughters to some of Europe's leading houses, the women are the land's most important export. The men, Mr. Jones says, are good workers when put to it, and whenever a Montenegro applying for a job is asked what he can do, he invariably answers, "Superintendent."

There is little commerce and almost no manufactures in the kingdom, whose lands are barely rich enough to support the needs of the people in the most simple manner. Good tobacco is raised in the country, and a few coarse stags are woven in Podgoritzna. Nearly everything in use, however is imported, and duties and prices are very high.

King Nicholas, a democratic monarch, more a patriarch than a king, is an astute politician and a capable administrator. Throughout his long reign of more than fifty years, he has accomplished much in the development of his land. He has increased his territory many times; adding two Adriatic ports to his possessions, and thoroughly organizing all departments of his government.

Smallest of Capitals. Cetinje, the capital of Montenegro, is the smallest of the war capitals. It is the smallest capital city in the



TYPE OF MONTENEGRIN WOMAN

world; and, moreover, it is the most snugly placed of war-zone cities, for it is practically unassailable by the airship and aeroplane. In order to get into this city, an army would have to ascend a narrow mountain road beyond the clouds, and after it got there would find nothing in particular to do other than to go sightseeing. There is nothing around Cetinje to hold on to. There are plenty of stones, fresh air and bleak fields. From the latter fruits are won only by undimmed pampering and cajolery.

Cetinje consists of a main street and a cross street. On the cross street is the king's palace. This is a fair-sized, whitewashed Italian villa, with an audience room about fifteen feet square and a red tiled roof. The main street is well kept and it is enclosed by two regular lines of whitewashed, stone houses, of one and two stories, many of which have stores on the ground floor. There is a fa-

ctory for arms and ammunition in the village, and a higher school for girls which was founded more than twenty years ago by the empress of Russia. Ivan the Black, forced about the end of the fourteenth century, to abandon Jabljak, the former capital to the north of Lake Scutari, founded Cetinje. The Turks have taken the town several times, the Montenegrins retreating to the surrounding heights of barren limestone, from whence they have kept up their struggle until the Turks sickened of their dreary, bootless conquests. Cetinje is difficult to menace; little there is to harm, and a small reason there can be undertaken its capture.

No Collusion for Him. An English laborer was being tried with a supposed accomplice for poisoning, which he stoutly denied. The magistrate retorted that the evidence went to show that at least he was in collusion with the other prisoner. The laborer here interrupted, and said he "warn't in Collusion; it war in X—that he met the other man." The court explained the meaning of the word "collusion," but it did not deter the other from proceeding with his defense. "There war no collusion 'twen us, as that feller always wanted the whole profits, and I never collude with that sort of man 't I know it; and when there's no chance to kit nothin' I never collude. Not me!"

CHERRIES 20c Per Pound 20c These are the famous Royal Ann Sweet Cherries grown on our ranch in Washington and have never sold in this market for less than 35c per pound. Buy them by the box. Pineapple Two for 25c This is as fine fresh pineapple as Cuba produces. They usually sell for 25c each but for tomorrow we are going to sell two for the price of one. TOMATOES 25c Per Bracket 25c As good as Texas produces, and within the reach of all. Cucumbers Six for 15c Young, medium size and green. Squash Four Pounds for 25c The finest Texas grows. Peppers 15c Per Pound 15c One dozen to the pound. Cabbage Six Pounds for 25c Solid Headed—home grown. Lettuce 10c Per Pound 10c Fancy Colorado stock. Rhubarb Four Pounds for 25c The famous Strawberry variety. Fresh Corn 25c Per Pound 25c The best we can buy. EGGS Two Dozen for 35c They are guaranteed. Trevathan's

ANITA STEWART Famous in "A Million Bid" and Star of "The Christian" in "THE SORT OF GIRL THAT CAME FROM HEAVEN" HELEN HOLMES in The great railroad dramas—one every Saturday—each story is complete. MAJESTIC THEATRE SATURDAY Wichita Falls College of Music and Art MR. MARION KNOTT, Director. Summer school open all summer. Mr. Knott will teach piano and harmony to those who wish to continue their study through the summer months. Lessons given privately or in class. Mr. Knott makes a specialty of teaching boys and young men. Terms reasonable. 1404 11th Street. Phone 1270.

The Mustard Seed Is a Tiny Nut The meat or kernel of this tiny nut is what has the real, rich mustard flavor—the shell is a most as flavorless as the hull of a walnut. Then when the whole mustard seeds are ground up into mustard you get bulk to be sure, but the strength is weakened by a part of it being shell or the tasteless part of the seed. It is pure mustard, but it is not the best flavored mustard, nor the most economical to use. White Swan Mustard is made by discarding the shells and grinding up into mustard only the kernels of the mustard seed—these little kernels look like rolled oats when ready for grinding. Mustard made so is all strength and flavor. You can very readily satisfy yourself as to whether or not a mustard is ground from kernels only or from whole seed. The former, poured dry into a glass tube shows a powder of a solid, pure canary yellow. The other kind will look speckly—the mass is full of little dark particles; these are the shells, the almost tasteless part of the mustard seed. The purchase of White Swan Mustard is an assurance not only of getting pure mustard, but of getting mustard ground from the shell-less kernels of imported mustard seed—full strength and fine flavor. Your grocer sells White Swan Mustard—ask for it.

Baggage Transfer and Cab Service Morris Cab & Transfer Co. Phone 1330 We have wagons all sizes from a small baggage wagon to the largest moving vans. Quick service and carefully handled. 601 Ohio Avenue

Free Pictures at Lake Wichita Change of program every night. F. P. ST. CLAIR, Mgr.

DeBerry & Houston Fire Insurance, Bonds, Real Estate and Rentals Room 311 Kemp and Kell Bldg. Phone 1640

Fresh Bread Properly baked and wrapped in sanitary germ-proof wrappers, is the kind you get from this bakery. There is quite a difference in bread and it is our purpose to serve only the best. DAN OSTER, HOME Bakery 1418 14th Street Phone 982

Four Per Cent. Interest per annum, compounded quarterly, paid on Deposits in Our Savings Department

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WICHITA FALLS

Miscellaneous Wants

CURTAIN—And carpet cleaning, Felix Lindsay, Phone 1961, 1-30c. WANTED—To buy men's old clothing and shoes; highest price for same. Phone 434, 27 12tp

For Rent—Bedrooms

FOR RENT—Front bed room, adjoining bath. Apply 706 Travis, Phone 1823, 96-4tc. COOLEST—And finest rooms in the city with private or connecting baths, American Hotel, corner 10th and Indiana, 11-4tc. FOR RENT—Bed room, 906 Austin, Phone 134, 24 4tc. FOR RENT—Nicely furnished bed room adjoining bath, in private family, on car line 1816 9th St., 30-4tc. FOR RENT—One furnished bed-room upstairs, bath, southeast corner, modern, 1209 9th, phone 675, 32-6tc. FOR RENT—Two cool bed rooms, very desirable for R. R. men, 304 Adams street, 32-6tp. FOR RENT—Bedroom for one or two. Apply 1411 12th St., or phone Mrs. F. E. Dunham, 851, 35-4tp

For Sale—City Property

FOR SALE—Nice new east front six room house, close in on car line. Bath, pantry, three closets, hall and large sleeping porch, push switch and electric fixtures in every room. E. J. Bridwell, 17 4tc. FOR SALE—East front 4-room house, gas and city water. Rents for \$10 per month. \$700, easy terms. J. S. Bridwell, Phone 661, 17 4tc

Help Wanted—Male

MALE HELP WANTED—Wanted 25 young men to study both bookkeeping and shorthand in the Wichita Commercial School. We are having more calls than we can fill for young men, at salaries as high as \$80 per month. Wichita Commercial School, 31 4tc

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—Good feather bed, cheap; 507 Adams, 35-4tp. FOR SALE—Household goods, apply 1519 10th St., or phone 1884, 35-3tp. FOR SALE—For a few days will offer my 5-passenger Maxwell car, in good condition, for \$300. A sacrifice, but need the money or its equivalent. Box 158, city or phone 334, 35-10tc. FOR SALE—Splendid bed, rug, dresser and shades. Apartment for rent, stoves furnished, phone 1467 evenings, 35-4tc

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN—Cravens, Maer & Walker, 44-4tc. \$300,000—To loan on farms and improved Wichita Falls property. Very easy terms and low rates of interest, F. W. Tibbets, 59-4tc. MONEY—To loan in sums of \$2,000 to \$20,000 on farm land, 2 1/2 per cent interest. P. F. Knotts, room 304 First National Bank Building, 19-4tc. I LOAN MONEY on improved farms at 8 per cent. Otto Stellik, 33-6tp

For Sale or Trade

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Gas cook stove and heaters for wood or coal cook stove and seats, 306 Travis, 9 4tc. FOR TRADE—Lots in Floral Heights for horses, Phone 490, 19-4tc. FOR SALE OR TRADE—First class drug store for sale at a bargain, or will trade for land or city property. Must quit business on account of health. Making good money and a splendid location. For further particulars call on J. W. Stone, 604 8th St., 34-4tc

Dressmaking

MRS. SIMMONS—Dressmaker, 1306 9th St., phone 1893, 33-26tp

Lost

LOST—One black mule, 13 or 14 hands high, branded D on left shoulder and 71 on left neck. Finder return to Palace meat market, 719 7th St., and receive reward, 35-3tp

Party Leaving City.

We offer his beautiful modern home for \$2500 with small cash payment balance to suit purchaser with low rate of interest. Five large rooms with every convenience, has sidewalks, curb, shade trees, flowers, chicken house, garage, fence, etc. Located in the best part of Floral Heights on a large east front lot.

Phone 694 Cravens, Maer & Walker

Kemp & Kell Building, Telephone 694

For Rent—Housekeeping Rooms

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, modern, Phone 840, 612 Travis, 6 4tc. FOR RENT—Furnished light housekeeping rooms and bed room at 1010 Indiana, 26 4tc. FOR RENT—Furnished housekeeping rooms, southern exposure, high location, 907 Travis, 26 4tc. FOR RENT—Well furnished modern rooms for light housekeeping and also bed rooms, Phone 1761, 30-4tc. FOR RENT—Two furnished, cool, light housekeeping rooms, modern, Phone 1437, 302 6th St., 32-4tc. FOR RENT—Three nicely furnished rooms, close in, to couple without children, 807 Lamar, phone 202, 32-4tc. FOR RENT—Two south rooms, unfurnished, phone 244, call 1206 Marshall, 32-4tc. FOR RENT—Lower floor of modern home, furnished complete for housekeeping, Phone 1319, 34-4tc. FOR RENT—Two of three furnished housekeeping rooms; no children, phone 1387; 1512 10th St., 35-6tp

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms for light housekeeping, southeast front; no children, 1308 12th St., 35-3tp. FOR RENT—Two furnished housekeeping rooms, modern, 1209 8th St., call after 6 p. m., 35-4tc. FOR RENT—Housekeeping room at 1007 14th St., 37-6tp. FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping, \$2.50 per week for the two. Phone 1637, 600 Va., 37-3tp. FOR RENT—Three large unfurnished rooms, modern, \$9 per month, 1311 15th St., 37-3tp

Help Wanted—Female

FEMALE HELP WANTED—Wanted 25 young ladies to enroll in our bookkeeping and shorthand courses. Great demand for our students. All students employed. Wichita Commercial School, 31 4tc

WANTED—White woman to work on farm in Oklahoma, as housekeeper, 1005 Austin, 37-3tp

For Lease

FOR LEASE—280 acres oil and gas land for lease, three miles southeast of Petrolia, producing oil and gas wells on place now. See Schnell and Weaver Automobile Co., for particulars, 24 12tc. FOR LEASE—619 acres good grass, plenty of water, enclosed with a good four wire fence and a small farm, good springs of water and a small house. Address P. E. Jolly, 62 Chelsea Ave., Long Branch, N. J., 27 4tc

For Rent—Houses

FOR RENT—Six room house, Floral Heights, 2403 Eight Street, Phone 490, 73-4tc. FOR RENT—Several houses, See E. B. Gorsline, Phone 720, 12-4tc. FOR RENT—Three, four and five room houses, well located, modern, rent reasonable, Phone 157, H. J. Bachman, 23 4tc. FOR RENT—Five room house on hill, out of heat and dust; modern conveniences, corner Thirteenth and Holiday, Phone 848, Jno. L. Mooney, 26 4tc. FOR RENT—Five room house; modern, 1102 Scott, \$20.00, Phone 339, 26-4tc. FOR RENT—Several four and five room houses on Scott between Third and Fourth, Phone Miss Wright 547, 26 4tc. FOR RENT—Modern five room house on Southland car line, \$20 per month, Phone 385, 26 4tc. FOR RENT—Modern 6-room bungalow on 10th St., Floral Heights. See P. A. Martin, Kemp & Kell Bldg, or phone 1230, 35-4tc. FOR RENT—Modern six room house in Floral Heights, Phone 385, 26 4tc. FOR RENT—Well furnished house in Floral Heights; owner leaving town for summer, Phone 385, 26 4tc. FOR RENT—One modern five-room house on 11th street. One three-room house on 5th street. Phone 1588, 26-4tc. FOR RENT—A good 7-room house at 808 Burnett Ave., F. W. Tibbets, 29-4tc. FOR RENT—Modern 5-room cottage, cor. 10th and Brook, phone 508 or 15, 31-4tc. FOR RENT—July 1, modern cottage, close in, P. S. Tullis, 31-4tc. FOR RENT—4-room upstairs apartment with sleeping porch. Modern and close in. 1200 Lamar, Phone 1275, G. Skeen, 37-4tc. FOR RENT—One of the nicest 7-room cottages on 10th St., phone 391, 37-3tp. FOR RENT—Modern 5-room cottage with all conveniences. Between 12th and 13th streets on Scott Ave. See J. C. Mytinger, 508 Kemp & Kell Building, 37-4tc

Livestock

FOR SALE—Good blooded milk cow, four years old; without calf, apply 1301 Monroe, after 5 p. m., 34-5tc

EVERYDAY THE WAR CONTINUES

Two industries are absolutely benefitted. There has never been a time in the history of the country when farming and stock raising was so profitable as it is today and it will be for years to come. High price food stuff makes high price farm lands. High priced cattle makes high price ranch lands. High priced living is driving the people from the cities and towns. There is no safer and profitable business, and lands are bound to enhance in value rapidly. Wichita is the banner county of this state for wheat or stock raising.

BUY A FARM

I have some bargains. Can take your property in as part payment. Now is the time to buy. Don't delay—see me today.

A. L. HUEY, Office 604 Eight Street Phone 1478—night phone 1998

We have for sale a 320 acre farm, one mile of Iowa Park, well improved, 260 acres in cultivation; dark, sandy loam and no waste land. An extra good farm and bargain; priced \$52.50 per acre. Have customer wanting general stock of merchandise in exchange for a well improved farm of 699 acres of which 500 acres are in cultivation; priced at \$40 per acre and is worth it.

F. F. KNOTTS

Farm Loans—Farm Lands—City Property

It costs you only \$2.00 to join the Woodmen of the World.

Do it now for a short time only. The strongest fraternal insurance society in America. Assets over \$25,000,000. For further information call on Matthews and Medlock, State Deputies, room 4, Friberg Bldg. Telephone 1732.

RESCUERS REACH IMPRISONED MINERS TOO LATE

Joplin, Mo., June 25.—Rescue workers, after fourteen days of night and day toil, penetrated the clogged drift of the Longacre-Chapman mine at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon and on top of a pile of timbers found the bodies of Daniel Hardendorf and Reed Taylor. The two men apparently had been dead several days from starvation.

Buy This Home

7 room brick house, modern throughout, fine light fixtures in every room, large one panel doors, beautiful bath fixtures, very expensive hardware with fancy glass door knobs on every door. Inside walls are all plastered, large closets, extra large back porch screened in, corner lot 50x170 feet, on 10th street, paved. This is a beautiful home and can be bought for \$1,000 less than its real value. Let us show you.

Thomas & Bland Real Estate 606 8th street Phone 99

Kemp & Kell Building

Behind the Bars.

The Sunday was a wet one and she was allowed to accompany her parents to church. It was her first experience of that kind. The minister was of the energetic, pulpit-thumping type, and he preached from a rostrum raised—above the people. He excelled himself this day in the thumping tactics and had worked himself up to a pitch of excitement. Either was covering close to her mother's side, and when he reached a point where he emphasized more than all the others, she exclaimed, in a frightened whisper: "Ma!—What would we do if he got out?" — Pittsburgh Chronicle-Dispatch.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

F. W. & D. C. Ry. Northbound No. 7 to Denver and intermediate points, arrives 8:35 a. m.; departs 9:45 a. m. No. 3 to Amarillo and intermediate points, arrives at 1:00 p. m.; departs 2:05 p. m. No. 13 to Electra, departs 7 a. m. and returns at 6:15 p. m. Southbound No. 8 to Fort Worth and intermediate points, arrives at 2:05 a. m.; departs 2:15 a. m. No. 4 to Fort Worth and intermediate points, arrives at 2:05 p. m. and departs at 2:30 p. m. Wichita Valley. Westbound No. 1 to Abilene and intermediate points, departs at 2:30 p. m. No. 7 from Byers, arrives at 12:05 p. m.; No. 9 from Byers arrives at 5:45 p. m. Eastbound No. 2 from Abilene and intermediate points, arrives at 1:25 p. m.; No. 4 from Byers departs at 8:30 a. m.; No. 10 from Byers departs at 2:15 p. m. M. K. & T. Eastbound No. 14 to Dallas and intermediate points, departs 6:10 a. m. No. 12 to Dallas and intermediate points departs 11:30 a. m. Westbound No. 11 from Dallas and intermediate points, arrives 12:05 p. m. No. 17 from Dallas and intermediate points arrives at 10:20 p. m. W. F. & N. W. Northbound No. 1 for Elk City and intermediate points departs 2:15 p. m.; No. 3 for Forgan and intermediate points departs 6:45 a. m. Southbound No. 2 from Elk City and intermediate points arrives at 11:00 a. m.; No. 4 from Forgan and intermediate points arrives at 8:15 p. m. W. F. & S. Southbound No. 7 for Newcastle and intermediate points departs 2:30 p. m.; No. 55 for Newcastle and intermediate points (local freight) departs 6:45 a. m. Northbound No. 8 from Newcastle and intermediate points arrives at 11:05 a. m.; No. 56 from Newcastle and intermediate points (local freight) arrives at 4:45 p. m.

ADVICE TO SPEED WALKERS

Novice on Track Must Learn to Hold Himself "Well Balanced on His Pins." In starting on the track the novice should hold himself as erect as possible, without, however, leaning at all backward, the arms at the sides, with the forearms in a horizontal position, at right angles to the part of the arms above the elbows. He should have a feeling of being "well balanced on his pins," says a writer in Ouling. The weight must be kept on the heels—therein lies the chief secret of walking fairly. Speed depends on two factors, the length and the frequency of the stride. Experiments prove that the length of the stride becomes greater as the frequency increases. Arm action should be carefully cultivated. Properly used, the arms seem to act as levers to lift forward the body, besides helping to balance it. In each stride one foot should be always on the ground and at some moment of the stride some part of both feet should be on the ground simultaneously—that is the first necessity. Second in importance is to have the walk "heel and toe"—that the heel of each foot should strike the ground unmistakably first and the toe of each foot should be the last part to leave it. One should not walk flat-footed, with the ball of the foot or any part except the heel striking the ground before the heel does. Lastly, the knee should be "locked" at the end of each stride—the grounded leg should be stiff and taut as the loose leg swings out for the next stride.

POETESS AND TIN ROOFER

Beautifully Expressed Thoughts of Viola Sounded to Mike Like the Ideal Smoking Mixture. The Stickwurt sitting room was bathed in the soft red light of a cigar coupon lamp, the Detroit Free Press says. Mrs. Viola Stickwurt was in a silent ecstasy, her eyes turned to the ceiling. She was a poetess. Mike Stickwurt, being just a tin roofer, was merely lost in thought. Was he again marveling that so gifted and beautiful a woman should have chosen a humble tin roofer as her heaven-sent mate? "Viola's lips began to move—a common phenomenon with her when she was speaking. "Michael," she breathed, "always on sunlit nights like these I feel a rare beauty struggling at my soul. A celestial beauty with a halo of hypophosphates and a perfume of asphalt. And the thought creeps over me that surely the angels are with us, brushing us with their luminous wings and whispering, 'whispering! isn't it so with you, my Michael?' Her husband stirred thoughtfully. "That's it," he said slowly, as a slow smile broke over his throbbing features. "Just a dash of perique and maybe a sprinklin' of Honest Pete and it'll be the perfect smokin' mixture."

Chicago, June 25.—William J. Bryan has been offered the chair of political economy in a midwestern university, according to a story printed here today. The post is said to pay \$8,000 a year. The University of Indiana is suggested strongly as the school in question.

Gasoline Talk

Everybody sells gasoline at the same price, therefore the gasoline that produces the results is the gasoline you buy. More miles, fewer gallons, a clean carburetor, less trouble, and more satisfaction is our claim for Wichita gasoline, why? Higher gravity, more perfectly refined, free from carbon, pure liquid gas. Once tried, always used. Wichita Garage, 600 Indiana Ave., 8th Street. Wichita Valley Refining Company, 707 Eighth Street. Riley Auto Supply Co., 610 Scott Avenue. Blanton's Garage, 911 Scott Ave.

The Carter Mineral Water

The most healthful water in the city. Sample free. S. A. HAINES, Prop. Phone 9010—Ring 15

DR. F. E. THORNBURGH, Dentist. All operations made as painless as possible. Charges reasonable. All work guaranteed. 210 K. & K. Bldg. Phone 1734.



Call For Quality Ice Cream

The best and highest grade product on the market. It is made of pure Jersey Cream, and is smooth as velvet. Serve our strawberry, caramel nut, chocolate or vanilla for your dinner today.

Holiday Creamery Co. D. J. Carithers, Mgr. Phone 830

Extra Good Uvalde Honey at King's Gro'y 721 7th Street PHONE 604

L. H. ROBERT'S CEMENT WORK GENERAL CONTRACTOR Walks, Curbings, Steps, Cement Work, Floors, Foundations, Street Crossings. Telephone 504

RED BALL TRANSFER CO. 219 Ohio Avenue Phone Office 994 Phone Residence 798

McFall Transfer & Storage Co. Office 707 8th Street. Phones 444 and 14

Try Times Want Ads

Professional Cards

ROBERT E. HUFF, Attorney at Law. Prompt attention to all civil business. Office: Rear First Nat'l Bank. W. E. Fitzgerald, P. B. Cox, FITZGERALD & COX, Attorneys at Law. Practice in all courts. Rooms 304-306 First Nat'l Bank Bldg. C. B. FELDER, Attorney at Law. Office in Ward Building. Wm. N. Bonner, J. J. Jett, M. Bonner, BONNER & BONNER, Attorneys at Law. General, State and Federal practice. Offices: Suits 6, 10 and 11 Ward Bldg. Phone 121. HUFF, MARTIN & BULLINGTON, Lawyers. Rooms: 314, 315 and 316 Kemp & Kell Building. W. F. WEEKS, Attorney at Law. Office Fifth floor new First National Bank Bldg. SMOOT & SMOOT, Lawyers. Office in Friberg Building. F. T. Carlton, T. B. Greenwood, CARLTON & GREENWOOD, Attorneys at Law. Room 17 Old City Nat'l Bank Bldg. S. H. HODGES, Special attention to Probate and Corporation law. 815 E. Ward Building. Phone 1330. W. LINDSAY BIBB, Lawyer. Civil and Criminal Law. Office Phone 1327, 207 K. & K. Bldg. JOHN C. KAY, Noble, Smith & Henderson Building, Seventh Street. CARRIGAN, MONTGOMERY & BRITAIN, Lawyers. Room 320, First National Bank Bldg. BERNARD MARTIN, Attorney at Law. Office room 206 K. & K. Bldg. J. M. BLANKENSHIP, Attorney at Law. Room 2 Ward Building. Phone 672. W. B. Chauncey, John Davenport, CHAUNCEY & DAVENPORT, Lawyers. Suite 3 Bean-Anderson Bldg. Phone 1424. J. R. OGLE, Attorney at Law. Room 12, Ward Building. Phone 151. T. R. (Dan) BOONE, Attorney at Law. Room over W. B. McClurkin's Dry Goods Store. Walter Mc'ison, T. F. Hunter, N. L. HUNTER, Attorneys-at-Law. Suite 204-206 First National Bank Bldg. Phone 1436.

PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS

DR. A. L. LANE, Physician and Surgeon. Rooms 12, 13, 14, Moore-Bateman Bldg. Office phone 532. Residence phone 487. DR. BURNSIDE & JONES, Surgery and General Practice. Dr. Burnside's residence No. 216; Dr. Jones' residence No. 844. Office phone No. 12. Offices Moore-Bateman Bldg. I. Mackechny, M. D., Q. B. Lee, M. D., DR. MACKECHEY & LEE, 302-305 K. & K. Bldg. Obstetrics and Surgery. General practice. DR. WADE H. WALKER, Surgery and General Practice. Office phones 936; residence phone 267. Office First National Bldg. Rooms 301-302. DR. AMASON & HARGRAVE, Surgery and General Medicine. Office 203-204 K. & K. Bldg. Office phone 760. Dr. Amason residence phone 570. Dr. Hargrave, residence 763. Surgeons in charge of Amason & Hargrave Hospital, 806 Brook. DR. SCHULTZ, The German Specialist. Special attention given to Diseases of Women; also Chronic, Nervous Complications. Office No. 605 14 Eighth St., Ward Bldg. Phone No. 196.

DR. W. H. FELDER, Dentist. Southeast corner Seventh Street and Ohio Avenue. DR. T. R. BOGER, Dentist. Office over First State Bank. Hours from 8 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m.

ARCHITECTS FIELD & CLARKSON, Architects. 517 Kemp & Kell Building. Ft. Worth and Wichita Falls.

Lodge Directory

Wichita Falls Camp No. 13006 K. W. of A. meets every Thursday at 8 p. m., 709 13 Seventh street. R. W. Dalzell, Consul; E. G. Cook, Clerk. Wichita Falls Grove, No. 1447, meets at New I. O. O. F. hall 2nd and 4th Wednesdays at 2:30 in the afternoon and on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays at night. S. E. NAATZ, Clerk. R. E. MARTIN, Guarant. ARIUS COURT No. 68 Tribe of Ben Hur, meets every Friday night, 812 1/2 Ohio Ave. at 8 p. m.

Personals

Harry Katz is back from a business trip to St. Louis.

Miss Lorette Millican, of St. Jo., is the guest of Mrs. Will Mathis.

C. C. Crickmore arrived here yesterday from Stamford on business.

W. J. Harvey, drug salesman of Amarillo, is a business visitor in the city today.

Edgar Darnell, advertising manager of the P. B. M. store, is in Whitesboro, visiting relatives.

Geo. Gernsborg, Mrs. L. Shambian and family and Miss Sarah Gernsborg are here from Fort Worth to visit Mrs. Harry Katz. They made the trip overland in a Dodge.

M. O. Laisure of Parsons, Kan., arrived in the city today to attend the meeting of the B. of L. F. and E. W. H. Heron returned today from a business trip to Hutchinson, Kan. Wesley Waller left for Burkburnett this afternoon on business.

Miss Inez Sandel, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. W. K. Niles, returned to her home in Huntville today.

John Guiley of Byers, returned to his home today after a short business visit here.

Mrs. W. K. Niles left this afternoon for Huntville, where she will visit her parents.

Mrs. J. K. Pauntleroy and son, Wanna, left today for Fort Worth to visit with friends.

G. H. Martin made a business trip to Lawton today.

Tom Thorburn left this afternoon for Burkburnett.

W. O. Proctor and Billy Simpson arrived in the city today from Winters, Texas.

Miss Roxie Maples is here from Munday for a visit with her brother, R. L. Toombs returned to his home in Fort Worth this afternoon.

T. H. Clark and his son, Morris, left this afternoon for Seymour.

Bob Manley arrived in the city today from Nocona.

L. J. Crawford of Electra, was in the city today visiting friends.

C. B. Toney went to Petrolia this afternoon.

Misses Bertha Vaughn and Elma Davidson left this afternoon for a visit with friends in Burkburnett.

Jack Whittier left this afternoon for Garfield.

Mrs. F. W. Snyder left this afternoon for Quanah, where she will visit her husband for a few days.

L. C. Vandoozer of Winfield, Kan., is in the city on business today.

A. Lowenthal, representing the New York Book Co., left this afternoon for Quanah.

Miss Annie Barwise who has been visiting Mrs. A. H. Carrigan here returned this afternoon to Electra.

T. J. Collins left this afternoon for Lorraine, Kan.

W. C. Young was here today on his return to Archer City after a trip to Fort Worth. He says the stockmen and farmers of Archer county are suffering heavy losses from the cattle ticks.

R. E. L. McClean, editor of the Randlett Progressor, was in the city today.

Lamar Airdome Tonight

Vaudeville and Pictures

VAUDEVILLE BILL

Reeves & Miller
Singing, lightening change artists, expert dancers. Featuring Mr. Reeves, who holds the world's record for wooden shoe dancing.

Webb & Webb
Comedy novelty feature act carrying special drop.

Special Today!
Mary Fuller (who took the lead in what happened to Mary) in "The Girl Who Had a Soul," written by Elaine Sterne in three acts, with Matt Moore, Wm. Welch and Chas. Ogle.
If you are fond of good music our orchestra will give you a treat.
Leave your autos in front—A reliable man in charge.

Alta Vista Ice Cream

Don't be disappointed when you buy ICE CREAM. Buy ALTA VISTA for it is the best that material and experience can produce, made under the supervision of the pure food inspector and is clean and pure.

Try it at our fountain.

Phone us your orders for your dinner.

Morris Drug Store

Phones 9 and 748
Free Delivery

ICE CREAM Strawberry Caramel Nut and Vanilla

MILLER'S DRUG STORE
Phone 193 or 700. We Deliver

DR. J. W. DuVAL

Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat
GLASSES FITTED
Rooms—1st N.Y. Bank Bldg.

Dr. Monte R. Garrison

DENTIST
Offices 201-202
New First National Bank Building
Phone 49

BEST BUY ON TENTH STREET

100 foot lot. To be paved soon. Must be sold at once.

Price \$825.00

Peery & Marchman
Real Estate and Insurance.
312 First National Bank Building.
WICHITA FALLS, TEX.

The SATISFACTION

You get for the money you pay a tailor does not depend on the building he is in, what his name is or where he came from, nor the amount of warm atmosphere he peddles. You get your satisfaction from the way the suit looks, hangs and fits. Amateur cleaners and pressers make a suit look as though you had cleaned it in a rain and pressed it by sleeping with it on. Our work is guaranteed to please you. We make suits that fit. We have laid the tape on every different shape of human being from the animated bean pole to the living tub who is wider than he is tall.

Suits cleaned and pressed \$1 00
Palm Beach Suits cleaned and pressed 50c



SPIRO POWDER

Guaranteed to remove odor of perspiration, relieve chafing, prickly heat and all inflamed parts.

Price 25c



Have You Failed?

Unless you serve our frozen dainties at your "socials" you have failed to entertain. Neeland-Murff Creamery Co. make a specialty of sherbets, fruit ices and fancy brick cream. Once tried never forgotten.

Neeland-Murff Creamery Co.
Phone 1974
703 Tenth Street
Motor Service

\$5 DURHAM-DUPLEX DOMINO RAZOR FOR \$1 00

We have just received by express a limited amount of these FIVE DOLLAR RAZORS that we are going to sell for ONE DOLLAR. See our window.

Get Yours While They Last!

This Razor is put up in a genuine leather folding case, containing stroping attachment and two packages (12 cutting edges) blades.

We carry everything to make shaving a pleasure: Mennen Talcum for men, Mennen Shaving Cream, Johnsons, Williams, Colgate, Shaving powder, Shaving stick, Shaving Cream.

TELEPHONE ORDERS ACCEPTED.

Palace Drug Store

Connect your home with a reliable Drug Store
Phone 341-340 ONLY THE BEST Free Delivery

We repair Typewriters We Rent Typewriters

Typewriter Bargains
Due to the fact of unusual large sale of the new Underwood typewriter we find that we are overstocked on second hand trade in typewriters of all makes. In order to close out these machines at once we will sell at about half their real value. Phone 10

Wilsons & Woods

EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE

GEM THEATRE TODAY

"Exploits of Elaine," 8th Episode—Pearl White, Arnold Daly, two acts, Sheldon Lina.

"THE GUTTERSNIPE"—Vitagraph

CAST:
The Guttersnipe Lillian Walker
Peter Van Noy Charles Kent
Victor, His Son Darwin Karr
Edgar Strange Harry Northrup
Old Servant George Stevens
Bookseller Edward Elkas
"No Other Way"—Lubin Drama.
"The Tie That Binds"—Essanay Drama.
How Easy Eats—Comedy.

MAJESTIC THEATRE

30 Degrees Cooler Inside.
RICHARD TRAVERS
and
LILLIAN DREW
in
"The Turn of the Wheel"

Two reel Essanay Drama—
"The Turn of the Wheel"

SUE
Essanay drama featuring
Dorothy Warshauer, voted
the most popular girl in
Chicago.

FOOL'S GOLD
Biograph.

Every Wed.

JULY RED BOOK

in today
Delivered at Your Door

Mack Taylor Drug Store
Phone 184 Phone 882

MARVELLO

Coaxes a New Skin—a wonderful Toilet preparation for removing freckles, moth patches, tan etc.

Price 50c
Palace Drug Store

Try Times Want Ads

MORRIS CHOCOLATE CREAM
BRAZIL NUTS

Encased in luscious Vanilla Bon Bon Cream and coated in a film of rich, delicious Chocolate

Price One Dollar The Pound

Made by America's Master Candy Maker
Martin's Book Store

CLEANING & PRESSING

We don't try how cheap we can do your work but we try how good we can do it.

Phone 732
Collier Tailoring Co.
Cleaners and Pressers.
Union Shop 717 7th Phone 732

MELBA TOILET PREPARATIONS

A "Made-in-America" line of Toilet Articles that have received the approval of fashion throughout the world for more than twenty years, and which in healthfulness, purity, beauty and result producing qualities are absolutely unsurpassed.

Melba Face Cream Skin Food—A wonderful aid in the cultivation of beauty; used to massage away the wrinkles and outwit the flight of time. Absolutely pure. Price—in jars 50c
In tubes 50c

Melba Powder—The world's standard in face powders. A perfect, soothing, healthful powder, in flesh, white, brunette and evening shades. Price 50c

Melba Skin Cleanser—An oil solvent that may be used instead of soap, as it does the work much better and without irritation. Price 50c

Melba Lov' Me Face Powder—An exceptional high grade face powder. Per box 75c

Melba Rice Powder—Equal to the finest imported rice powders at a fraction of the cost. Gives a delicate tone to the skin. Price 25c

Melba Opera Face Powder—Designed especially for evening wear, very clinging, absolutely pure. One-half pound box \$1 00

Melba Lilac Talcum Powder—A delightful new Melba product, in beautiful frosted glass container with special brass shaker top. Price 75c

Melba Nail Whitener Antiseptic—Designed for those who wish to exercise exceptional care in the treatment of the nails. Esthetic in appearance, antiseptic in action. Price 25c

Melba Nail Polish—Fine for polishing and keeping the nails in the best of condition. Price 25c

Melba Lov' Me Toilet Water—"The Romance of Perfumes," in four ounce frosted bottle. Price 75c

Melba Benzotized Astringent—A really effective, absolutely harmless remedy for bleaching and beautifying the skin. Price 50c

Melbaline Powder—Designed for those who wish to secure the best powder that can be made for the money. It should sell for four times the price. In flesh, White, brunette and evening shades. Price 25c

"Carry Me Back to Old Virginia"—(Alma Gluck and male chorus.) Price \$1.50.

Mack Taylor's Drug Store
Phones 184-882
820 Ohio Avenue Red Cross Drug Store

You can buy a Victrola for only \$1 down and \$1 per week.

KOO-LOO
THE TEA THE CHINAMAN USES
Bert Bean Coffee House
824 Indiana Telephone 35

This tea is packed in China for the Chinese trade and used by nearly all Chinese.

We buy it direct from Shing-Shung & Co., the largest Chinese importers in America. It's delightful. One-sixth pound packages 10c
Per pound 50c

Our tea stock is most complete.
WE ROAST COFFEE EVERY DAY

Classified Ads
In the Daily Times bring prompt results, at little cost.

Wichita Weekly Times

Weather Forecast
Friday and Saturday fair.

Vol. XXIV.

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, JUNE 25, 1915

Number 52

AUSTRO-GERMANS HAVE CAPTURED LEMBERG

TEUTONIC FORCES STORM AND CAPTURE GREAT GALICIAN FORTRESS

By Associated Press:
Berlin, June 23, via wireless to Sayville.—Lemberg has been conquered after a very severe battle according to an official report received from the headquarters of the Austro-Hungarian army. The Galician capital fell before the advance of the second army. The announcement was made officially from army headquarters.

Lemberg, capital of Galicia was occupied by the Russians on September 2, 1914 about one month after the outbreak of hostilities in the course of the early Russian drive into Austria. It has therefore been in Russian control more than ten months. For the last twenty days since the Austro-Germans took Przemyśl on June 3 and then without pause thrust at Lemberg from the south and west. At no point were Russian able to withstand the terrific bombardment against their positions and even the line of defenses near Grodek, sixteen miles west of Lemberg, which is of great natural strength, proved to be untenable.

With Lemberg now in her hands Austria has reclaimed virtually the whole province of Galicia. The fighting in this campaign has been of unusual intensity with heavy losses. The figures of killed, wounded and captured as given in Austrian, German and Russian official statements run into the hundreds of thousands. Russia had made plans for permanent occupation of Galicia, bringing in officials to set up civil administrations in the territory as fast as it was taken. Lemberg was christened Ivov, the old Russian-Polish name. The city has a population of about 200,000 and was an important Austrian military station. Although founded in the 13th century it is of modern appearance and is known for its imposing buildings. The city is protected by outlying forts, although its defenses are much inferior to those of Przemyśl.

VICTORIES CLAIMED BY THE RUSSIANS

IN HEAVY BUT ISOLATED BATTLE NORTH OF LEMBERG MANY PRISONERS TAKEN.

SUCCESSFUL ON THE DNEISTER

The Russians claim capture of 3,500 men and also successes on the Subrovina borders.

By Associated Press.
Petrograd, June 23.—An official report today announces important Russian successes in heavy but isolated battles thirty miles northwest of Lemberg. The statement says the Russians captured 800 prisoners. On the Dneister River after a battle lasting eight days the Russians scored an important victory below Nijiff and captured 3,500 prisoners. The Russians also announced the capture of 1,000 men in a battle near the Bukovina border. In the Taneff region Sunday night the Russians crossed the river and bayoneted a battalion of the 52nd Austrian infantry.

EARTHQUAKE KILLS FIVE

MORE THAN MILLION DOLLARS PROPERTY DAMAGE IN IMPERIAL VALLEY, CALIF.

THREE SHOCKS FELT

First, Which Lasted 30 Seconds Did Most Damage—Shocks Were Most Severe Below Border.

By Associated Press.
El Centro, June 23.—An earthquake shook up the Imperial Valley of California last night, killed five persons, caused damage estimated at \$1,000,000 in the valley's little cluster of towns and left almost undamaged the great irrigation system which transforms the valley from a desert to a fertile farming country. El Centro suffered more than any other town. The five killed were caught in falling walls at Calexico just across the border. Martial law was proclaimed at that place.

PHYSICIAN ENDS LIFE WITH PISTOL

DR. G. W. JOHNSTON FOUND DYING IN HIS OFFICE THIS MORNING.

FOLLOWS INDICTMENT TUESDAY

Notes Found Near Body Protested Innocence, Saying Could Not Bear Humiliation.

From Wednesday's Daily.
—Dr. G. W. Johnston, a physician, died at 9:50 this morning in his office in the Ward building as the result of a pistol wound, self-inflicted. Notes which he left protested his innocence of the charge upon which he was indicted by the grand jury Monday, but stated that the humiliation of a trial was more than he could bear.

E. W. FRY PLACED ON TRIAL ON FORGERY INDICTMENT

MOTION TO CONTINUE WAS OVERRULED

JURY BEING SELECTED TO TRY FORMER YOUNG COUNTY JUDGE IN WARRANT CASE.

R. M. TODD ATTENDS TRIAL

Fry Represented by R. E. Taylor and Fred Arnold—Difficulty in Selecting Jury.

From Wednesday's Daily.
Selection of a jury to try E. W. Fry on a forgery indictment began this afternoon in the 23rd district court, after a motion to continue the case had been overruled by Judge Nicholson. All except five of the regular jury for the week had been excused and 27 additional talemens were summoned.

MOTION TO CONTINUE WAS OVERRULED

JURY BEING SELECTED TO TRY FORMER YOUNG COUNTY JUDGE IN WARRANT CASE.

R. M. TODD ATTENDS TRIAL

Fry Represented by R. E. Taylor and Fred Arnold—Difficulty in Selecting Jury.

From Wednesday's Daily.
Selection of a jury to try E. W. Fry on a forgery indictment began this afternoon in the 23rd district court, after a motion to continue the case had been overruled by Judge Nicholson. All except five of the regular jury for the week had been excused and 27 additional talemens were summoned.

GREAT DESTRUCTION BY ZEPPELIN ATTACK

Report Reaches Scandanavia of Destruction of Arsenal and Navy Yards at South Shields.

By Associated Press.
Berlin, June 23, (via wireless to Sayville).—The Overseas News agency today gave out the following: "A message from Christiania says that the steamer Iotun which has arrived at Spavanger reports that Zeppelins on the night, between Tuesday and Wednesday, probably from June 15 to June 16, dropped many bombs on the armor works at South Shields, England, which destroyed the navy yards and arsenals. Several buildings burned all night and the damage was enormous. Seventeen persons were killed and forty injured."

PHOTOGRAPHS MUTILATED BODIES OF AMERICANS

Evidences of Yaqui Atrocities Are Exhibited to Admiral Howard at Port of Guaymas.

By Associated Press.
On Board U. S. S. Colorado, off Guaymas, Mexico, June 23, by radio to San Diego, Cal.—Photographs which show mutilated bodies of several Americans reported killed by Yaquis were received here today from the Yaqui Valley where the Indians have been making raids for several weeks. On Sunday the Yaquis attacked a Villa repair train about 5 miles from here, killing 24 out of 50 soldiers guarding the train. The Yaqui losses are unknown.

STORMS SWEEP OVER EASTERN OKLAHOMA

Western Arkansas Also Storm Swept—Woman Killed and Four are Injured at Gans, Okla.

By Associated Press.
Fort Smith, Ark., June 23.—Mrs. Lige Gibson was killed and four persons injured in a cyclone which struck Gans, Okla., last night. The three year old child of Tom Bell was blown about 150 yards but is expected to recover. Communication with the storm swept areas embracing Eastern Oklahoma and Western Arkansas is fragmentary, but it is not expected that the death list will grow. Fruit is reported heavily damaged in Western Arkansas.

FURTHER SHOCKS WILL ENDANGER WATER SUPPLY

EARTHQUAKE PROBABLY OCCURRED IN GREAT FAULT

By Associated Press.
Berkley, Cal., June 23.—The Imperial Valley earthquake probably occurred along the lost southern end of the "Great Fault" indicated in the so-called San Francisco earthquake of 1906. Prof. R. S. Holway, head of the department of physical geography at the University of California, said today. This fault disappears in the Mojave desert, but Mr. Holway said it probably extends far south.

HARRY THAW TELLS JURY BELIEVES HE IS SANE

By Associated Press.
New York, June 23.—Harry K. Thaw took the stand today as the first witness in the trial before a jury to determine his sanity. Before Thaw testified Deputy Attorney General Cook announced he would show Thaw suffering from incurable insanity. He declared he also would show by Thaw's mother that she was suffering from nervous prostration when he was born. This he said had stated on the stand that he believed he was sane when he left Matteawan and that physicians had told him then that he was sane.

BULGARIAN RESERVISTS TOLD TO BE READY

By Associated Press.
Paris, June 23.—Bulgarian reservists in Switzerland have been notified to hold themselves in readiness to rejoin their regiments at a moment's notice, says a Geneva dispatch to the Journal.

RAILROAD MANAGERS TO CONFER ON AWARD

By Associated Press.
Galveston, June 23.—A meeting of the conference committee which represents 98 western railroads in the recent arbitration hearing over wages will be held in Chicago shortly, according to J. F. Keefe, assistant general manager of the Gulf, Colorado & Santa Fe railroad, who is a member of the conference committee. Mr. Keefe left here for Chicago today but would not discuss the purpose of the conference. It was intimated in railroad circles that the expressed dissatisfaction of the men over the award of the arbitrators is responsible.

ITALIANS TAKE BOOTY WORTH MANY MILLIONS

Two Big Battleships and One Cruiser Are Captured at Monfalcone. From Austrians.

Paris, June 23.—The booty taken by the Italians in the capture of Monfalcone recently is worth several hundred millions of francs, according to a special received here from Rome. Included in the booty are two super-dreadnaughts and one cruiser under construction, eleven merchant steamers, twenty-four sailing ships, thirty air boats, five aeroplanes and a large stock of torpedoes, mines and ammunition and three cannon.

4,000 TON BRITISH STEAMER TORPEDOED

Tunislania With Five Thousand Tons of Wheat Hit, But is Beaches By Her Skipper.

By Associated Press.
London, June 23.—The 4,000 ton steamer, Tunislania, was torpedoed off Lowercoft by a German submarine. Her skipper was able to reach here. The Tunislania was bound from Montreal to Hull with 5,000 tons of wheat. Her crew was landed at Lowercoft.

TRAMPS HAVE DISAPPEARED IN ENGLAND SINCE WAR

By Associated Press.
London.—The war has brought what might be described as a trampless era to England. There is not a workhouse in the United Kingdom that has not reported a great decrease in the number of vagrants during the past few months. Those who still use the "casual wards" are men of sixty years or over. Officials say there are practically no young or middle aged vagrants left.

PRISON FARMS IN BETTER SHAPE THAN EXPECTED

By Associated Press.
Austin, June 23.—Captain A. E. Craddock, personal representative of Governor Ferguson returned here today from a ten-day inspection of the state penitentiary system. He was accompanied on the trip by W. R. Dulaney, the prison commissioner who will take up his duties on July 1. Capt. Craddock reported that he found conditions on the farms in much better shape than he had expected.

JAPANESE KEPT OUT OF EUROPE BY U. S.

Dutch Paper Declares American Pressure Kept Back By An Army of Three Hundred Thousand.

The Hague, via London, June 23.—The Handelsblad in its edition of today asserts that Japan was prevented from sending 300,000 troops to Europe as the result of an unofficial hint to Great Britain from Washington that such an expedition would be undesirable.

Important Meeting Of The Chamber Of Commerce

A special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce has been called at ten o'clock tomorrow morning at which time a plan to advertise the city and secure additional manufacturing plants will be laid before the meeting.

BIG PARADE OF TEXAS PRODUCTS AT FORT WORTH

By Associated Press.
Fort Worth, June 23.—The second day of the "Buy it in Texas" convention will be concluded with a gigantic parade tonight displaying Texas products and boosting Texas organizations. Governor Ferguson remained over for the spectacle.

COLD AT BUFFALO N. Y. BALL GAMES POSTPONED

By Associated Press.
Buffalo, N. Y., June 23.—Baseball games were postponed here today on account of cold weather.

SUPREME COURT KNOCKS OUT POOL HALL LAW

Act Held Unconstitutional in a Majority Opinion of the Court Announced Wednesday.

By Associated Press.
Austin, June 23.—The supreme court today in a majority opinion held unconstitutional the so-called local option pool hall law enacted by the 23rd legislature in the case of ex parte A. H. Mitchell from McLennan county, and the relator was discharged. The court held the act to be invalid on two counts. First, that it amounts to a delegation by the Legislature of its own legislative power imposed upon it by the constitution; second, because it authorizes a suspension of a general law of the state by the vote of a county or subdivision of a county, the general law referred to being the act authorizing the license and operation of pool halls throughout the state.

WICHITA FALLS WANTS BLIND SCHOOL

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE BEHIND CAMPAIGN TO SECURE LOCATION OF INSTITUTION.

\$200,000 WAS APPROPRIATED

Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Attorney General are Members of the Locating Board.

Wichita Falls will make an effort to secure the location of the new school for the blind for which an appropriation was made at the last session of the legislature. An effort to secure the school was decided upon at a meeting of the directors of the Chamber of Commerce this morning. The meeting had been called in connection with the location of the new normal schools for which an appropriation has been made. The Chamber of Commerce more than a month ago had directed the secretary to secure information on this matter. As the locating committee for these schools has not yet been appointed, no action in this matter will be taken for the present.

DAVID LLOYD GEORGE'S BILL FOR MUNITIONS

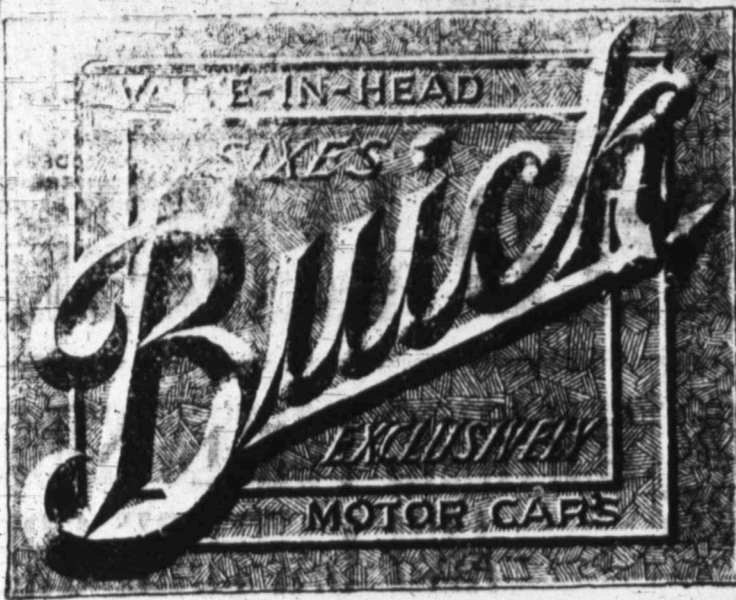
By Associated Press.
London, June 23.—David Lloyd George, minister of munitions, today introduced in the House of Commons a bill which makes strikes and lockouts illegal; provides for compulsory arbitration, gives power to fire "slackers," limits the profits of employers and creates a volunteer army of workmen pledged to go wherever they are wanted.

U. S. TRADE BALANCE NEARS BILLION DOLLARS

Washington, June 22.—Secretary Redfield reported Tuesday at the cabinet meeting that the total trade balance in favor of the United States on June 19 was \$76,000,000 and he predicted that for the fiscal year ending July 1 the balance would be in excess of \$1,000,000,000.

Robert Lansing Selected Permanently By Wilson

By Associated Press.
Washington, June 23.—Robert Lansing, secretary of state ad-interim since the resignation of William J. Bryan, has been selected definitely by President Wilson for the permanent post and has accepted. Formal announcement will be made at the White House at 5 p. m. today.



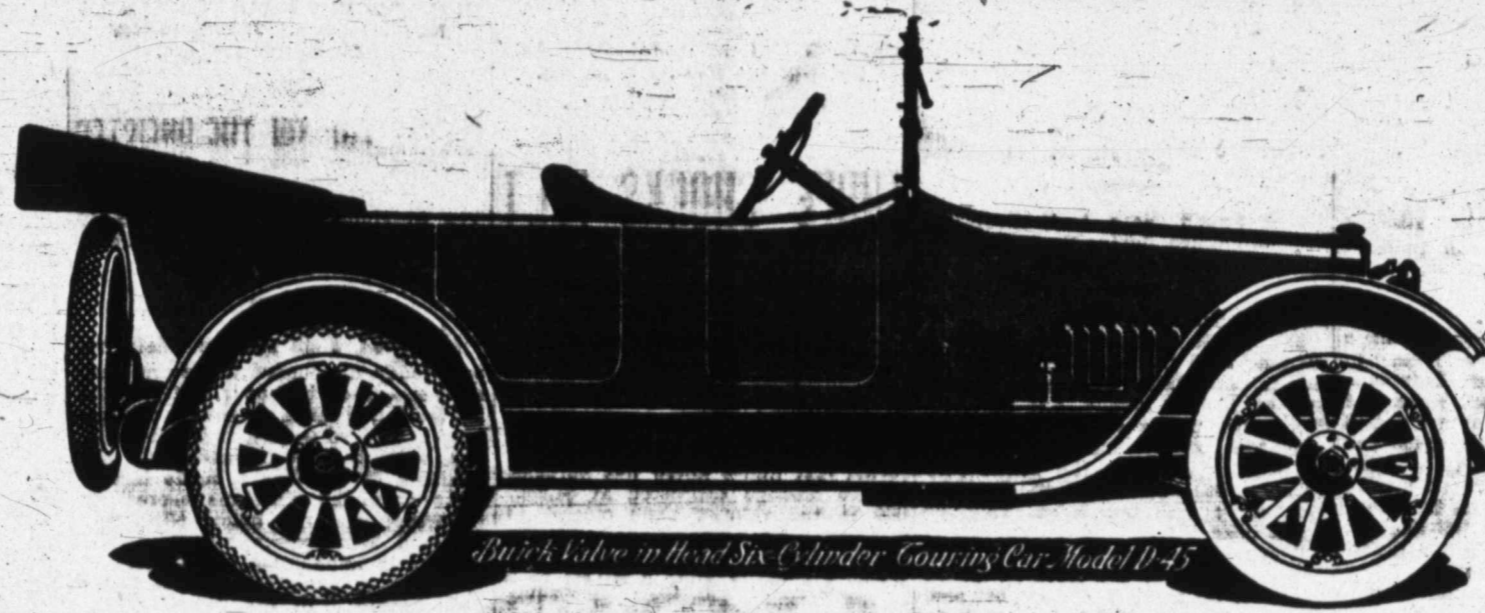
ANNOUNCEMENT

The Public Wants Buick Sixes--

so many of them that we shall build nothing else in 1916

PIONEER BUILDERS OF VALVE-IN-HEAD MOTOR CARS

\$985



\$985

\$985

Regardless of the Car You Buy or the Price You Pay,
Nowhere Can You Get Greater Value

More enduring than chrome vanadium steel, more wonderful than the finest workmanship, is the idea that can dominate an industry.

In this day when more Buicks are being built than ever before it is interesting to remember that the distinguishing characteristic of the Buick, the Valve-in-Head Motor, has existed as an idea for twenty-five years and been built into Buick cars for thirteen years.

From 1903 to 1907 the Buick Valve-in-Head was a two cylinder engine. From 1908 to 1914 four cylinders dominated the field and the Buick Valve-in-Head Four dominated other types. The Buick Valve-in-Head Six was first put on the market in 1913. Fours were also continued—but the Valve-in-Head Six had stirred the imagination of the car-buying public. The demand from the start outpaced the production.

1916

SIXES

EXCLUSIVELY

This demand has become so overwhelming that now—for 1916—the Four gives way to the Sixes. Two chassis, both Sixes, with roadster, touring car, coupe, sedan bodies. The Six the Valve-in-Head idea has its greatest opportunity for service.

Also since the first appearance of the Buick Six there has risen an insistent demand for smaller Buick Sixes. The Six is a natural, logical, efficient form for the Valve-in-Head type. Never before has the Valve-in-Head idea had such adequate materialization.

This year the Buick factory is arranged for Sixes exclusively. The production will be large. Demand necessitates a steady stream of Buick trucks leaving the factory during the season.

And the Power, Economy, Dependability and Comfort of 1916 Buick Sixes justify this demand more than ever. Study the specifications and you'll see why.

HORSE POWER—Built regularly in 45 and 55 horse power, Six-Cylinder Valve-in-Head motor with two size chassis. **WHEEL BASE**—115 and 130 inches. **REAR AXLES**—Genuine full floating, with spiral bevel gear drive. **REAR SPRINGS**—Buick special cantilever. **BODY**—Full stream line exceptionally roomy for both passengers and driver. One-man top with clear vision side-cur-

tains, which remain attached and fold neatly in top when not in use. **WIND-SHIELD**—Two-piece rain vision and ventilating. **LEFT HAND DRIVE** and center control. Quick demountable rims. **UPHOLSTERING**—Fine quality, genuine leather, luxuriously trimmed over curled hair and deep coil springs. Handsomely painted and finished. Furnished complete even to the smallest detail.

Prices—F. O. B. Flint, Michigan

Roadsters and Touring Cars,..... \$950 to \$1485

Coupes and Inside Drive Sedans, \$1350 to \$1875

WICHITA BUICK SALES AGENCY

R. W. RAMMING, Manager

707 Scott Avenue

LIQUOR AGITATION ALMOST NATIONWIDE IN NEARLY EVERY STATE IN UNION SOME FORM OF LIQUOR LEGISLATION TAKEN UP TEXAS WAS AN EXCEPTION

Prohibition Forces Won in Some Parts and in Others Met Defeat in State Legislatures

By Associated Press. New York, June 21.—A canvass by the Associated Press of legislative activity this year in the state making bodies of the country, most of which have adjourned for the summer, shows that among the subjects which received notable attention was that of the prohibition of the regulation of the liquor traffic.

The legislatures of two states enacted statutory prohibition to become effective this year, and eight voted to submit the question of statewide prohibition to a referendum of the people. Of the latter two established statutory prohibition to become effective in the meantime. Four states where prohibition is already effective passed additional restrictive laws and two of the five states, where, under constitutional amendment, prohibition is to go into effect next year, enacted necessary statutes for its enforcement. In six of the so-called "wet" states, statewide proposals of local option. In others questions of local option, transportation and licensing were acted upon.

Statutory Prohibition. The two states where direct prohibition laws were passed are Florida and Alabama. Those whose legislatures voted to submit the question to the people are Idaho, Iowa, Montana, South Carolina, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont and the territory of Alaska. In Iowa, the legislative referendum, according to the state constitution, must be passed by the next succeeding legislature, before the people can vote on it, but the state returned to statutory prohibition meanwhile, through the repeal of the referendum law. Idaho was also made "dry" meanwhile through statutory enactment. In Utah the bill was vetoed by the governor after the legislature adjourned.

In South Carolina, the vote will be taken at the election this year, in Montana, South Dakota, Vermont and Alaska in 1916; Idaho in 1917. It will be thus seen that as a measure of the progress of the cause of prohibition the fifteen states already in the ranks in the year next enforcement by four and the legislative way cleared for four others, including Alaska, to join. In the latter event nearly half the country will have placed the ban on the liquor traffic.

The new Florida law goes into effect Oct. 1 and prohibits the sale of alcoholic beverages except in sealed packages of less than one-half pint each, nor can liquor be drunk on the premises where sold. This applies to restaurants, hotels and clubs, as well as saloons. The Alabama law was passed over the veto of Governor Henderson. It becomes operative July 1. In addition, the legislature enacted an anti-shipment law, which forbids the shipment of an individual more than one gallon of liquor or 60 bottles of beer a month. Its validity was taken to the supreme court for test. There was also passed, over the governor's veto, an act forbidding the sale of liquor advertisements in newspaper and periodicals on bill boards or in saloons. This was also taken to the courts.

Mulct Law Repealed. In Iowa, the repeal of the mulct law, which prohibited saloons from operating under a mulct tax, had the effect of returning the state to the statutory prohibition which prevailed prior to the laws enacted in 1912. The legislature also passed a law repealing the law which prohibited newspaper and periodicals on bill boards or in saloons. This was also taken to the courts.

Montana Legislature Decided to refer the question to the people, at the 1916 election, in the form of a statute, after rejecting a proposed constitutional amendment. Pending the constitutional amendment vote, Idaho enacted a provision conceding to be more drastic than any ever attempted in the United States. It makes every ownership of liquor a misdemeanor, and on second offense a felony.

The Montana legislature decided to refer the question to the people, at the 1916 election, in the form of a statute, after rejecting a proposed constitutional amendment. Pending the constitutional amendment vote, Idaho enacted a provision conceding to be more drastic than any ever attempted in the United States. It makes every ownership of liquor a misdemeanor, and on second offense a felony.

The South Dakota legislature decided to submit a statewide constitutional amendment to the general election in 1916. If carried by a majority of the votes cast, it will become effective July 1, 1917. The statewide prohibition measure which the governor of Utah vetoed after the adjournment of the legislature that that state had been passed by large majorities in both houses. The legislature, however, placed the statute books law modeled after the Webb-Kenyon law and imposing heavy penalties for the shipment of liquor from wet to dry territory.

ment of liquor from wet to dry territory in the state.

Proposed Law Draconic. Vermont's prohibition proposal was in the form of a law which will be submitted to the people at the municipal elections in the spring of 1916. If passed, its effect will be drastic as it makes no provision for the sale of liquor for medicinal and mechanical purposes.

The four prohibition states which decided to strengthen their present laws were Kansas, North Carolina, Tennessee and West Virginia. The Kansas measure approaches the unique in prohibition legislation. Two were passed, one providing that the municipality where liquor is sold is liable for damage for injury to persons of property resulting from intoxication. The other, which is aimed at those who permit so-called "keg parties" to be held on their premises, imposes similar liability upon the owner of property where liquor is sold or given away.

North Carolina passed an anti-shipment act, known there as the "anti-jug" act which forbids the shipment to and receipt by any one person of more than one quart of spirituous liquor and five gallons of malt beverage every fifteen days.

Ouster Law in Tennessee. Tennessee, where the prohibition laws have not been strictly enforced in the larger cities, it is said, passed an ouster law, modeled after a Kansas statute, which provides for the removal from office of state, county or city officials (other than holders of constitutional offices) who fail to enforce the laws of the state. The legislature also enacted measures forbidding social and fraternal clubs to dispense liquor or maintain lockers for members; placing the supervision of soft drink stands under the purview of the drug department; and forbidding them to sell beverages containing more than one-half per cent alcohol and prohibiting drug stores from selling intoxicants except on bona fide prescriptions given to persons who actually are ill.

West Virginia enacted amendments to the Yost prohibition law limiting shipments of liquor into the state and forbidding a person to have liquor in a public place even for his own use.

Nor hereafter can any one, except in his own home, home or residence, not a hotel or other public place. An attempt to revise the prohibition laws of Oklahoma was defeated in Oregon and Colorado.

In Oregon, where prohibition becomes effective in January next as the result of previous action by the voters on a constitutional amendment, the legislature enacted a law to enforce the amendment. The law prohibits the manufacture of intoxicating liquor in the state and its sale except on physician's prescription or for scientific sacramental or mechanical use. It allows a limited amount to be imported by the heads of families.

A law for a similar purpose was enacted in Colorado where a prohibition amendment goes into effect the same date. The Colorado law forbids the buying, selling and giving away of liquor except for medicinal or sacramental purposes and prohibits common carriers from transporting liquor into the state except for lawful purposes—this includes transportation to individuals who must sign a receipt that the liquor is for their own use. The law contains a search and seizure provision and gives the governor \$10,000 yearly for its enforcement.

The legislature of Washington, where prohibition is also effective in January next, ignored Gov. Lister's request for an appropriation of \$50,000 to enforce the law.

Defeated in Four States. Statewide prohibition proposals met defeat in Connecticut, Indiana, Michigan, New Mexico, New York and Wyoming. The question was before the general assembly of Connecticut as a proposed constitutional amendment which the legislators declined to send to the next assembly. The legislature, however, increased the cost of retail liquor licenses 66 2/3 per cent, and for the first time placed social and fraternal organizations serving liquors to members, under excise regulation. In Indiana, a statewide measure died in a committee of the lower houses.

In Michigan the question promised to be one of the features of the session, but nothing came of it. A bill was introduced in the senate providing for the submission of a statutory prohibition to the vote of the people at a general election next year, but the prohibition leaders themselves voted against it after the liquor factious attached certain amendments to it which in the opinion of the dyes defeated the purpose of the bill.

While a strong effort was made in the New Mexico legislature to secure action on a constitutional amendment resolution, the issue was not allowed to come to a vote in either house. In New York all measures designed to have a statewide effect on the liquor traffic were killed before the legislature in proposals for a constitutional amendment and "vice defeated."

posed by the so-called "liberal" interests. The Massachusetts law makers passed a bill to prevent the shipment of liquor from license to no license communities, but it was vetoed by the governor. A bill forbidding the use of enclosed booths in restaurants where liquor is sold became a law.

California, a local option state, passed a measure forbidding the sale of liquor to persons with Indian blood in their veins or white persons associated with them. The legislature which were dry, was repealed. The governor, however, a bill creating a mile dry zone around normal schools and universities.

Governor Ferguson of Texas, having been elected on a platform opposing all liquor agitation, the question was left practically untouched in that state. The measure would have repealed the tax on wholesale drug stores selling alcohol in Delaware the anti-shipment law passed in 1913 which prohibited the shipment of liquor into Kent and Sussex counties.

At this writing the Wisconsin legislature was still in session. No prohibition bill was pending in either house, but several restrictive measures were waiting action. In those states that have not been mentioned either no action was taken on the liquor question or the legislatures were not in session.

JUDGE FRY SAYS WE'LL COME OUT ALL RIGHT

Former County Judge of Young County Here For Trial On Forgery Charges

"We'll come out all right," was the confident assertion of E. W. Fry, former county judge of Young county, who will try here in the 78th district court Wednesday on a charge of forgery. The case is tried here on a charge of forgery. Judge and Mrs. Fry arrived this morning from Young county where they have been for the past two weeks. Judge Fry appears in much better health than at the time of his former trial. He registered from Houston which is now his home. His counsel in the forgery case will be the same as that in the murder cases tried here in April and will include Arnold & Taylor and Carrigan, Montgomery & Britain Hanger & McClain of Fort Worth may be added, but this is not certain.

USE GASOLINE TRACTORS FOR WHEAT CUTTING

Gasoline tractors are being used by several farmers in this section this year for pulling wheat binders. These tractors were given their test last week, the ground being too damp for that time for them to run. St. Clair Sherrod, Henry Ford, J. W. Campbell and Joe Bartosh are among the farmers who are using tractors, and the machines are said to be giving general satisfaction. They can also be used for plowing and for other work for which horses have been used.

WICHITA INDEPENDENTS WIN DECIDING GAME

The deciding game between the Wichita Falls Independents and the Electrica team resulted in a victory for the locals, defeating the visitors, 11 to 3. The game was closely contested until the seventh inning when the Wichitans began to solve the Electrica delivery, scoring seven runs in that inning. The game was pitched for the independents started in the batting rally which featured the seventh inning. When the Wichitans opened their half of the seventh the score was 3 to 2 in Electrica's favor, but the tide was promptly turned.

THRASHING IN PROGRESS ON SEVERAL FARMS

The first wheat and oats are expected to arrive in Wichita Falls early this week, thrashing being reported in progress on several farms today. Some farmers summoned for jury service this morning were excused when they said thrashing out there were expected at their places shortly. Wheat was still quoted at 90 cents today unchanged from Friday. Bulk oats were quoted at 32 cents and in sacks at 34 cents.

TURKS CLAIM ADVANTAGE IN OFFICIAL STATEMENT

Constantinople, June 21.—The following statement was issued today at the Turkish war office: "We showed the enemy's wireless apparatus Thursday killing soldiers working there. Friday we shelled the enemy's left wing causing heavy losses and forcing the enemy to change his position. The new positions also were shelled."

FRANK'S SENTENCE COMMUTED TO LIFE IMPRISONMENT

"I Would Be A Murderer, If I Allowed This Man To Hang" Declares Governor Slaton

Although the crowds on the street did not appear as excited as they were on the police ordered all near beer saloons closed shortly after 11 o'clock and extra policemen were put on duty. Officers were ordered to arrest all who made any demonstrations.

In his statement explaining his reasons for commutation of the sentence Governor Slaton reviewed the circumstances surrounding the murder of the Phagan girl in the National Pencil factory here. "The murder was a most heinous one, and the offender deserves the punishment of death," he said. "The only question is as to the identity of the criminal. The responsibility rests on the State of Georgia to protect the lives of her citizens and to maintain the dignity of her laws, and if the choice is to be made between the approval of citizens of other states for the enforcement of laws against offenders we must choose the latter."

"It is charged that the court and jury were terrorized by a mob and that the jury were coerced into their verdict. When Frank was indicted the air was filled with rumors as to the murder and mutilation of the girl, there was an intense feeling and to such an extent that my predecessor, Governor Brown stated in an argument before me that he had the militia ready to protect the defendant if any attempt were made. Some weeks later the defendant was put on trial."

The governor referred to Georgia's law relating to change of venue declaring this provision most broad in behalf of the defendant to insure one of a fair trial. "Frank," he said, "went on trial without asking a change of venue and submitting his case to a jury that was acceptable to him. During the progress of the trial, after evidence had been introduced laying the crime with many offensive details upon Frank's shoulders, the audience in the court room manifested their deep resentment towards Frank it was by this evidence of feeling beyond the court's power to correct. It would be difficult for an appellant court or a trial court to grant a new trial in such a long case because the audience in the court room on a few occasions indicated their sympathies. The jury found the defendant guilty and with the exception of the demonstration outside the court room there was no disorder."

OBREGON DEMANDED CABINET CHANGES

CARRANZA'S GENERAL SAID TO BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SHAKING UP CARRANZA'S ADVISORS.

CARRANZA DENIES BREACH Sends Telegram to Agent at Galveston Saying That There is no Truth in the Report of Friction.

By Associated Press. Washington, June 21.—Consul Stillman at Vera Cruz today confirmed Carranza's agency reports of the acceptance of the resignation of four members of the Carranza cabinet and added that their successors would be appointed next week.

GENERAL OBREGON DEMANDED RETIREMENT

By Associated Press. Washington, June 21.—Private advices reaching here today from Mexico said that General Obregon had demanded that the officials be returned. This development was regarded as a widening of the breach between Carranza and his principal command.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT REVERSED IN RAILROAD SUIT

By Associated Press. Washington, June 21.—The supreme court today reversed the federal district court in New Jersey which dismissed the Sherman Anti-trust and commodities clause suit against the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Coal Company. The government charged that the contract by which the railroad sold the coal company its coal was not a bona fide transaction and violated both the anti-trust law and the commodities clause of the Hepburn law. It is the second suit of the government against the railroad under the commodities clause.

STATE DIDN'T WANT TO TRY O'LEARY

MOVES DISMISSAL IN FIRST OF SO-CALLED "FATHER BLACK" MURDER CASES

JUDGE REFUSES MOTION

By Associated Press. Marshall, Tex., June 21.—At the opening of the district court here today, the state moved to dismiss the charge of murder against Frank O'Leary one of the five Marshall men indicted for the killing of William Black, an anti-Catholic lecturer, here last winter. The motion was made on the ground that there was not sufficient evidence to convict him. O'Leary's attorneys moved to dismiss on the ground that O'Leary's name ought to be cleared of the murder charge by a jury verdict and that the dismissal of the case would always stand as a slur against his reputation. District Judge Littleton refused the motion to dismiss and ordered the trial to proceed. O'Leary is charged with complicity in the killing. Black was killed shortly before he was to deliver a lecture on the evening of Feb. 3, 1914.

O'Leary Not Present. O'Leary was not present at the shooting, according to testimony at the examining trial last winter. The calling of his case first appeared to be due to a desire to approach cautiously the legal aspects of the shooting, which excited Marshall deeply and which attracted nationwide comment. It accompanied in some denominational publications by charges of intolerance. The night before he was killed William Black had delivered a lecture in Marshall entitled "Romanism, a Menace to Civilization." He was to lecture again that night. Marshall had been stirred by the lecture of the previous night and by hand bills advertising the lecture of William Black at the Catholic church. Black, 45 years old, born in Virginia, and said to bear kinship to General Robt. E. Lee's family, was advertised as "one who knows." The hand bills referred to Roman Catholic institutions as "The Old Beast." They contained charges, cartoons and alleged oaths of the Knights of Columbus, a Catholic society.

Black Asked Not to Speak. About supper time Black went to his hotel room, where he was joined by the other members of his party, Clarence F. Hall of St. Paul, Minn., and Miss Sadie Black, a young woman whom Black had adopted at her home in Arkansas a few years previously. Three Marshall men, John Rogers, John Copeland and George Ryan called on the Black party. According to testimony given at the examining trial all three callers were members of the Knights of Columbus. They asked Black not to deliver his second lecture. Black refused to speak. Black was shot near his heart, according to testimony, by one of Rogers' companions. Hall of the Black party, opened fire with a pistol, killing Rogers and shooting Copeland three times. Several persons rushed through the hotel to ward Black's room. Frank O'Leary, a city fireman, claimed that he started from the fire engine house nearby at the sound of the shooting and ran to the hotel, not knowing what was happening.

GOVERNMENT LOSES IN LAND GRANT FORFEITURES

Supreme Court Decides for Railroad in Suit Involving Twenty-three Thousand Acres of Land.

By Associated Press. Washington, June 21.—The government today lost its suit in the supreme court to grant a new trial in the case of the Oregon and California land grants amounting to more than 2,400,000 acres and valued at more than \$30,000,000. The railroad company is enjoined, however, from future sales in violation of the condition of the grant until Congress has reasonable time to act.

The government's suit to have the federal courts declare forfeited to the United States the unsold portion of the public lands granted to the Oregon and California Railroad Company to aid in the road's construction called in to question title to more than 2,400,000 acres of western Oregon land valued at approximately \$30,000,000. The suit was instituted in accordance with a resolution of Congress in the federal district court of Oregon on Sept. 4, 1908. The government claimed that the railroad had forfeited its rights by having violated a provision which required it to sell in not more than 160 acre tracts for not more than \$2.50 per acre, and only to actual settlers. The government sought to prove that the company had sold in large tracts to timber companies at more than \$2.50 an acre, and had adopted a policy to sell no more to any purchaser for the time being.

BURKBURNETT BRIDGE TO REOPEN THIS WEEK

Pile Driver Now at Work and Repair Expected to Be Completed By Friday.

The Burkburnett wagon bridge across Red River will probably be opened for traffic by Friday of this week according to J. G. Hardin, of Burkburnett, one of the officers of the bridge company who was in the city today. Mr. Hardin said that the Austin Bridge Company was working a large force of men with a pile driver replacing the piling torn out by the recent flood. They expected, he said, to have the work completed Thursday or Friday so that vehicles could cross.

By Associated Press. Washington, June 21.—The constitutionality of the Illinois pure food law prohibiting in effect of a food preservative containing boric acid was upheld today by the supreme court.

ATTEMPT TO BLOW UP OVERALLS FACTORY

BOMB EXPLODED IN CANADIAN PLANT WHERE BRITISH UNIFORMS BEING MADE

Failure of Fuse to Burn Probably Saved Lives of Two Hundred Men Sleeping There.

By Associated Press. Windsor, Ont., June 21.—The overall factory of the Peabody Company, limited, located in Waverlyville, a suburb of Windsor was partly wrecked by the explosion of a bomb early today. The company is said to have just completed an order for 115,000 British uniforms. Shortly after the explosion in the overall factory twenty-seven sticks of dynamite were found under the rear of the Windsor armory. The dynamite had been attached to a time fuse which had been set for 3:15 a. m., but which had gone out. It is said 200 men slept in the armory last night. Police and military authorities are working together on the case. The property damage was estimated at between \$5,000 and \$10,000.

NO DECISION UNTIL FALL HARVESTER TRUST CASE

By Associated Press. Washington, June 21.—The International Harvester trust case was today restored to the docket. This postponed a decision until next fall at least.

The supreme court adjourned today for the summer without deciding the Oregon minimum wage and other important cases pending.

FAVORED NATIONS DECISION WILL BE REVIEWED

The supreme court today decided to review the decision of the customs court holding that the five per cent discount on imports in American bottoms provided in the Underwood-Simmons extends also to goods shipped in bottoms of "most favored nations."

DECIDES TO REVIEW CAMINETTI CASE

The supreme court today reconsidered its denial of the review of the conviction of F. Drew Caminetti, of San Francisco, California, charged with violating the white slave law and granted a review. It also granted a review of the conviction of Maury I. Dicks, convicted in the same case.

AUTOMOBILE HIGHWAYS OPEN TO FORT WORTH

Bridge Across Little Wichita is Repaired and the Road is in Fairly Good Shape All the Way.

The wagon bridge over the Little Wichita is again in use and the Colorado to the Gulf and Meridian Road route is in passable shape all the way from Wichita Falls to Fort Worth. The wagon bridge across the Little Wichita north of Henrietta has been open for traffic since Sunday. D. P. Talley made a trip to Fort Worth in his car Sunday and found the road in fairly good shape. He found only one mud hole and that was not a bad one. The roads are rough in some places but as a whole are in fairly good shape, he reports.

STATE MAY BUY "MADE IN TEXAS" PRODUCTS

Governor Wires State Purchasing Agent to Hold Up Million Dollar Contract

By Associated Press. Austin, June 22.—Prior to the opening of the "Buy It in Texas" convention here this morning, Governor Ferguson wired State Purchasing Agent Levy in Austin to hold up the million dollar contract for supplies, but was not indicted.

By Associated Press. Petrograd, June 22, via London, June 22, (8:10 a. m.)—It is officially announced that the Russian submarines have sunk a large steamer and two sailing vessels belonging to the Turks in the Black Sea, between Eregh, a seaport 120 miles east of the Bosphorus and Kefken, sixty miles west of Eregh.

CREST OF FLOOD HAS REACHED KANSAS CITY

Kansas City, June 21.—The crest of the Kansas River at Kansas City was reached today when the stream mounted to 26.9 feet according to announcement of Weather Observer Conner. Unless there are further heavy rains today, he said, all danger of a flood here has passed. The highest water ever known was reported today at Clay Center, Kansas. Thousands of acres of land are inundated.

The Wichita Times

Published at No. 1115 Broadway, Corner Seventh Street and Sixth Avenue

The Wichita Publishing Company (Printers and Publishers)

Subscription Rates: 3 months \$3.00, 6 months \$5.00, 1 year \$9.00

Entered at the Postoffice at Wichita Falls as second-class mail matter.

Accepted for mailing at special rate of postage provided for in Act of October 3, 1917.

Postpaid at the Postoffice at Wichita Falls as second-class mail matter.

W. H. Howard, General Manager

The total receipts from the income tax for this year is estimated at \$37,000,000. This is some greater than it was in 1914.

There is more money on deposit in the banks of Wichita Falls than there was this time last year. And what is more, the banks are anxious to loan this idle money. There will be little excuse for any farmer selling his wheat at the present market price, provided he has a desire to hold it for a higher price.

The British government has paid to the United States \$300,000 on a cargo of cotton, destined for a German port and taken by the British government. There is some satisfaction in this, but not enough. American ships ought to be allowed to enjoy the freedom of the seas. No power should be allowed to declare itself master of the seas. But that is just what Britain is doing. Here's hoping she will be forced to concede that other powers, it matters not whether backed by a strong navy or not, have just the same rights to use the seas as herself.

A divorce has been granted Mrs. Georgia Scott-Townsend from her husband on the ground of cruel mental treatment. The Townsends lived in Denver. She was the daughter of Winfield Scott, the Fort Worth millionaire who died two or three years ago, and who left all or nearly all his property to his second wife and their son. Mrs. Townsend brought suit in the Tarrant county district court to have the will broken and won her suit in the lower court. The case was appealed, however, and on hearing the decision of the lower court was reversed and a new trial ordered. Before the suit came to trial the second time a compromise was effected by which Mrs. Townsend received a fair share of the estate left by her father. She will make her home in Fort Worth.

There are sixty-seven thousand members of the printers union, and their annual earnings are said to be sixty-one million dollars per year, or an average of a little more than \$100 per month. Considering that forty-eight hours constitutes a week's work for a printer, they are probably the best paid of any skilled labor organization in existence, not excepting the locomotive engineers, for it must be taken into consideration that in arriving at the average wage of a printer, not only those printers who work regularly are counted, but every member in good standing in the organization, whether employed or not, is taken in. The average earning of a brick mason, though the best paid when at work, is only about \$300 per year. That of locomotive engineers about \$1,000 per year.

If this week will be as good to the farmers of Wichita and adjoining counties as last week was, the end will see all wheat and oat crops cut and in the shock. In fact, a greater portion of all wheat and oat crops in this section of the state has already been saved and several threshing outfits are at work in various parts of the country. So far only one report as to the yield has reached The Times, and that was to the effect that the farm on which threshing was being done, the yield of wheat was in the neighborhood of twenty-two bushels per acre. All things considered, that is fine. If the wheat producers could hold their wheat for sixty or ninety days, the general opinion is that the price would be much better. Our banks and bankers are ready and willing to make liberal loans to farmers who wish to hold their wheat for a better price, in the event they need financial assistance. Over a half million dollars was lost to the wheat farmers of Wichita county last year by marketing their grain too soon. That experience should and doubtless will have a tendency in preventing them from making the same mistake this year.

The grand jury of Marian county, Indiana, of which Indianapolis is the county seat, has returned indictments for election frauds against the mayor of Indianapolis and about 100 others, including Tom Taggart, Democratic leader, as well as several leaders affiliated with the Republican and Progressive parties. Recently at Terre Haute a federal grand jury indicted about one hundred prominent politicians for the same offense, and all of them were convicted. It may be different with the Indianapolis bunch, as they will be tried by courts under the jurisdiction of the state, and as traffic in votes has always been looked

upon as a legitimate business in that state it may not be impossible to secure a jury that will convict for an offense of that character. At any rate, we shall see later what becomes of the indictments.

Speaking of the forty-two men indicted for election frauds at Corpus Christi recently, the Democrat of that city has this to say: "The attorneys for the forty-two citizens recently indicted here by the federal grand jury have asked Judge Harris to quash the indictments on the ground that eleven of the number summoned to serve on that jury were challenged without legal grounds. This invokes a technicality pure and simple, just as the Democrat has predicted. It seems that before the action of those who found the bill should be challenged their honesty and fitness should be the object of legal assault. No doubt there are many whom the indicted men would like to commend for service on such grand juries, but Uncle Sam does not do business that way. With the results actually obtained by that grand jury, it is perfectly natural for the indicted men and their hired attorneys to wish that some one else had been on it."

THIS EXPLAINS THE WHY OF ROCK AND RYE.

"State Press," Dallas, Tex. Being an ex-country editor, of the old regime, when men dared to invade the wild and woolly west with a Washington hand press and a cracker 'o' full of type, I desire to inform you, that I have had experience with prejudice, delinquent subscribers, ticks and rebuffs. Consequently, I can sympathize with your efforts in the "News" of June 11th, to harmonize the Maud Muller society with the natural actions of Maud, during the redbug season at harvest time.

Therefore, I take my pen in hand to dedicate a humble ode, which I hope you will find appropriate to your state of mind, if you wish to expiate with redbug. Otherwise you might hand it to Bill Sterrett, or some other philanthropist, that is journeying from Jerusalem to Jericho.

Rock and Rye.

The laureled poet of the Wichita, whose name is Rye, has favored the State Press with a racy poem on the subject of chiggers. Of course, any one would expect poetry to be rocky when written by Rye, but this particular outburst indicates that the author is stony-hearted. He would submarine a chigger ship and dance riotously while the crew were perishing. In fact, his poem is a sort of "chant of hate," and is so manifestly bitter State Press declines to publish it for fear some pedacious redbug would sue him for libel.—Dallas News.

And this is the poem: published by request of the author:

The Devilish Little Redbug, O, the devilish little redbug, So invisibly cute and so smug, Hiding beneath the outer skin, Between the foot and the shin; Clinging, Biting— Like all the Devils in Hell grinning, As we scratch the irritation, The red feverish inflammation, Burning like the fires of damnation, Somebody kill the pest, Else there is no rest.

While the papers are discussing, The victims of the bugs cussing, And the "good Samaritans" hunting, For flour of sulphur or something, To alleviate, To suffocate, The devilish little redbug, So invisibly cute and so smug, Hiding beneath the outer skin, Between the foot and the shin, Boring down to the bone, Raising a little hell of his own.

MR. FLUSCHE'S VIEWS ON BRYAN'S RESIGNATION AND OTHER MATTERS.

In compliance with his request we herewith publish the following communication from Emil Flusche of Electra, without comment further than to state that The Times meant nothing personal to Mr. Flusche in its reference to the "Old-fashioned German American" and to Bryan's son-in-law and the Kaiser's mother and such other expressions which Mr. Flusche has evidently taken as a personal challenge.

His communication follows: Electra, Texas. Editor Wichita Daily Times: As you seem anxious to learn my views in regard to Bryan's resignation, I take occasion to write you a few lines. It seems to me that Mr. Bryan, by taking the stand he did for arbitration and the avoidance of an unnecessary and unjust war with Germany has stoned for many of his former mistakes and will go down in history as a truly great man and patriot. That the great mass of silent workers of the American people are standing behind him is certain. It would be interesting to learn who it is that wants such a war and for what reason? The Times has been

for a while a regular jingo paper and disgraces on this whole country. Why did you not acquaint your readers with the opinions and statements made by the Vice-President of the United States, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, Congressman Hobson, Senators Stone, Borah, Bailey and Weeks? It is a pity that the editor of the jingo papers cannot be put in the trenches of the front so they would enjoy all the war they want. You have been teasing me with Bryan's son-in-law being an Englishman and Emperor William's mother having been an Englishwoman, but you did not tell your readers that Mr. Wilson's grandfather was an Englishman. You have tried your best to belittle and stir the Germans and the German-Americans. There are not eight but over eighteen millions of them in this country, all loyal American citizens, who never made any rebellion against the Union and they are not to be despised. These are going to receive at the point where matters can not be longer postponed.

The country can not sit idly by and see the helpless millions of people starve and it can not accommodate its conduct to the behests of the chauvinistic element who would continue the present strife indefinitely while the country drifts to complete ruin. But for the war in Europe, the answers of Carranza and Chazaro would have been long ago to take definite action or suffer intervention from abroad, and there is no reason to doubt now that we are verging rapidly to the point where matters can not be longer postponed.

We have never believed that the factional leaders of Mexico would be amenable to reason, and nothing is more certain than that the haughty tone of defiance which characterizes the answers of Carranza and Chazaro will not deter this government when it once makes up its mind that there is no alternative but to act.

Leo M. Frank, convicted of the murder of little Mary Phagan, at Atlanta, Ga., and who was to have been executed for that awful crime tomorrow, has had his sentence commuted to life imprisonment by the Governor of Georgia. The principal witness against Frank was a negro, a confessed accomplice, who was given a short penitentiary sentence for the part he played in the bloody affair. Frank has maintained from the very beginning that he was innocent and there is sufficient circumstantial evidence to create a very grave doubt in the minds of millions of people as to whether he committed the crime or not, and for that reason there are millions of people, residents of every state of the Union, who have besieged the Georgia Governor with letters, telegrams and petitions asking that he commute the sentence of Frank. He has acted on their advice and probably against the advice and feeling of a great majority of the people of his own state. But in acting as he has, he shows that rather than allow a man to forfeit his life for a crime there is at least a doubt as to who committed it, he is willing to retire from his office at the end of his term. Frank may be guilty, but if so his guilt has not been proven beyond the shadow of a doubt. In commuting his sentence the governor of Georgia has shown that he is a man full worthy the great honor the people of that state have conferred on him.

TEXAS IN THE SENATE.

(Waco Times-Herald) Sam Houston was a senator at Washington from Texas from 1846 to 1857. Thomas J. Rusk from 1845 to 1857. Rusk died during his incumbency and J. Pinckney Henderson was elected to fill the unexpired term but died before taking his seat. Matt Ward filled out the term and was succeeded by Lewis T. Wigfall. John Hemphill succeeded him. Henderson resigned when the State seceded. Wigfall and W. S. Oldham were the senators from Texas in the Confederate States Congress. Texas at once took her place in the Union, sending Oran M. Roberts and David G. Burnett to the Senate at Washington. But they were not allowed to take their places because the radicals in charge of the government insisted on having a reconstruction era. This brought Republican ascendancy in Texas and the two senators were M. C. Hamilton and J. W. Flanagan. In 1874 the Democrats were again in possession of the State government and Sam Bell Maxey was elected by the legislature to the Senate, succeeding Mr. Flanagan. In 1876 Governor Coke was elected to succeed Mr. Morgan. It is no reflection on either Maxey or Coke to say that each owed his election to a legislative deadlock.

EMIL FLUSCHE.

CHAZARO'S REPLY TO WILSON.

Houston Post. If the reply of Francisco Lazos Chazaro, president of the Villa Zapata convention, to the note of President Wilson to the Mexican factions represents in reality the position of the United States, it is plain that the chauvinism of Carranza is not much greater than that of his rivals. When it was stated recently that General Villa had replied in a friendly tone to the president, and had made overtures to Carranza looking to a compromise of their differences, the time for re-election came on, defeat was again his portion, this time surrendering the toga to Joseph Weldon Bailey.

Mr. Bailey served from March 4, 1901 to the early part of 1913, when he tendered his resignation, and Governor Colquitt appointed as his successor Rensi M. Johnston, who was succeeded by Morris Sheppard. The contest now on in Texas is for the place held by Mr. Culberson, whose present term ends on March 4, 1917. It is not yet known if Mr. Culberson will be a candidate to succeed himself.

on ex-Secretary Bryan just before the latter left Washington, and that the two great Democratic leaders showed every evidence of being warm friends, his doubtless been very disappointing to the Bryan haters.

The evidence in this rashly-concocted lawsuit that the Riggs National bank of Washington, a Standard Oil institution, brought against Secretary McAdoo and Comptroller William Dickinson, it was not uncommon for treasury officials, including even the secretary himself, to borrow money from the bank. Folks who may have been inclined to doubt the oft-made charge that business and government, under republican administrations, were in close alliance are respectfully referred to this disclosure, sworn to in court.—The Commoner.

Now watch the farmer sell his magnificent oat crop to the great grain syndicate at fifty cents per bushel, and then watch the U.S. sell the same oats to Europe at one dollar per bushel. Last year the farmers of Wichita county alone lost heavily—perhaps as much as one million dollars—by selling the greater portion of their wheat and oat crop for about one half what they should have received had they held their product for three or four months. It is not likely they will make the same mistake this year. Great Britain has appropriated a sufficient amount of money, figured on a basis of cost of \$15,000,000 per day to prolong the struggle for at least another year, and all authorities who pretend to know anything about the matter are of one opinion, and that is that the war will last for at least another year. The Dardanelles are still closed and there seems little prospect that the allies will succeed in their purpose to open them. That means that Great Britain and France will be unable to get food supplies that would come through the Dardanelles. It also means that there will be fully as great a demand for American wheat and oats as was the case when wheat went to \$1.50 per bushel.

The Honey Grove Signal sums up a bad situation in the following manner: "The Dallas policeman who killed his brother officer has been acquitted, the Bowie county officer who killed a fleeing prisoner has been acquitted, the Young county lawyer who killed a man who was guarding the county's property has been acquitted—in fact every man who has taken the life of a fellow mortal seems to have been acquitted. Don't take chances on shooting craps or stealing a ham. Kill somebody and be on the safe side."

WONDERFUL, IF TRUE.

Those who have kept posted on the European war will remember that when the British battleships, the Majestic and the Triumph, were torpedoed and sunk in the Dardanelles, the accounts of the disaster agreed that it was the work of a German submarine that had been shipped by rail in parts from Germany through Roumania to Constantinople and there put together and made ready for sea. That is the only way the allies could possibly account for the two ships being sunk by submarine No. 51, in command of Capt. Otto Hering, after a voyage of 5,000 miles. According to Captain Hering's report, he left Wilhelmshaven, April 25, reached the Dardanelles on May 25, running his boat all the way on the surface of the water except for a short interval when forced to make a dive to dodge the enemy who was firing at his boat from off the English coast, and making good his escape. Captain Hering gave the following description of his attack upon the Triumph in the Dardanelles: In the early morning light we saw the Triumph and Majestic lying off the coast, constantly encircled by destroyers. Through the periscope I saw a destroyer coming directly for us. We dived and the destroyer passed immediately over us with a sound like that of a motor car.

We came up immediately. We took aim through the periscope, pressed the button, automatically firing the torpedo, and the projectile slipped noiselessly into the water. We dived again. The explosion which followed was as terrific as though it had been in the forepart of the submarine itself. After this his submarine dived and remained under the water for two days, then rose to the surface and torpedoed the Majestic after which he sent his own boat to the bottom, for a rest, and then proceeded to Constantinople. It required forty-two days for him to make the voyage, and at the end of it his crew were in an exhausted physical condition, and were hardly able to make their way from the wonderful boat without assistance. If the story of Captain Hering is to be given credence, there is no doubt but that the German type of submarines have something about them or in their makeup that the submarines that can make a voyage of 5,000 miles, and can lay under the water for as long as two days at one time. Up to a few months ago it

was generally supposed that a submarine could not possibly remain away from its base for a longer period than four days, or a week at the most. Now it develops that the German boat was out from a base for forty-two days. If this story is true, it is most wonderful, and probably accounts in some degree why the Germans are so confident they will win—both on land and on sea.

And now some of the Texas newspapers are predicting that Cato Sells will be succeeded by Jake Walters as National Committeeman from Texas. But then these same newspapers that are now boosting Jake for a job that is far beyond his reach, were boosting him for the senatorship against Morris Shepherd, and Morris won easily.

Here is the way the Fort Worth Record puts an important matter: "Texas bankers plan the erection of cotton warehouses to hold 250,000 bales. They promise that if farmers will warehouse and insure their cotton, money will be advanced on the warehouse receipts. This will enable the farmers to hold surplus cotton until the market price is above the cost of production. Let us hope that the movement will go through. There were promises last year but that was all."

There are all kinds of people in this world, and no two of them are alike or look at things from the same viewpoint. For instance, there is the fellow who blows himself for the price of an automobile in order to enjoy life and have a good time, and is not succeeding in his purpose any better than the fellow who has finished his day's work, shucked off his shoes and sits down in a cool place to give his corns a rest.

According to Professor John M. Coulter, head of the department of botany of the Chicago University the population of the United States is increasing twenty times faster than the food supply, while at the same time, according to the same authority there is sufficient agricultural land in the United States to produce food in abundance to feed the entire world.

Instead of this, however, he asserts that it will not be a great while until we will be unable to produce sufficient to feed ourselves. His argument is that too many farmers plant crops on soil that is not suited for its purpose, thereby causing failure and discouragement. "We must manipulate the soil properly and farm intensively, like the Europeans do. By scientific treatment of the soil, crops can be increased 300 per cent. in the United States."

A subscriber of The Times sends us a clipping from a Tennessee newspaper concerning John A. Murrell, the preacher-outlaw who figured quite prominently in the criminal record of Tennessee in the early days. It was said that Murrell would preach while his lieutenants would steal the property of the crowds that came to hear him. All old ex-Tennesseans will remember him. The following is the clipping referred to: Jackson, Tenn.—State of Tennessee, plaintiff vs. John A. Murrell defendant, July 29, 1834. Indictment for negro stealing. This day came the parties aforesaid on the part of the state, as well as the defendant in the proper person. After due trial the court passed sentence according to the verdict of the jury and the law of the land—that said defendant, John A. Murrell, convicted as aforesaid do undergo confinement at hard labor in the penitentiary house of the state for the term of ten years, and the Sheriff was ordered by the court to take the defendant to jail and to the penitentiary.

Marvin M. Jones of Amarillo has announced that he will be a candidate for congress from this, the 13th district, against the present incumbent, Congressman John H. Stephens of Vernon. Mr. Jones was born in Cooke county, is 33 years of age, and thinks he has a good chance of winning, providing that the race is left to be run out with only himself and Mr. Stephens in it. Doubtless there will be two or three other aspirants. Congressman Stephens has made this district a faithful and conscientious servant, and he will be a candidate to succeed himself.

THE NEW AMENDMENTS.

The following are the titles in brief of the amendments to the constitution to be voted on July 24th, and to which the average citizen is giving very little attention: 1. To increase the membership of the supreme court from three to five. 2. To permit counties to vote for the creation of a special loan fund for students. 3. To authorize the levy of a special road tax of not to exceed fifty cents on the \$100 valuation in counties or subdivisions thereof. 4. Authorizing the issuance of bonds for public improvements including drainage, levees, etc. 5. To permit traveling men to vote wherever they may be on election day. 6. The Sackett resolution providing for the separation of the Texas University and the Texas Agricultural and Mechanical college. Insofar as there has been discussion or agitation, it has concerned itself with Nos. 5 and 6. As matters are shaping, the controlling factor in No. 5, will not be the matter of voting away from home, but that of the new rule here laid down that one must become a full-fledged citizen before one can vote. As for No. 6, it should be adopted. It will allow each institution to go its way in peace.—Waco Times-Herald.

Just why the News makes such claims is past the understanding of The Times. The Associated Press evening papers received a "flask" that Bryan had resigned the afternoon it happened, and there is no reason why those newspapers who get the service should not have carried this piece of important news in its regular edition. The Times published it and while we have not investigated thoroughly, judge that all other evening papers did the same thing. It was the same way in the matter of the sinking of the Lusitania. The Waco News should be fair.

With cash wheat selling in Chicago and St. Louis at \$1.12 to \$1.18 per bushel, and Texas wheat of the same grade selling at 93 to 94 cents, why should the Texas farmer be in a hurry to sell? Why not store his wheat for a time and get \$1.25 and upward? The Dardanelles have not yet been forced, and from the present prospects will not be for a long time to come. The demand for all the Texas wheat that can be spared to the hungry mouths in Europe will be persistent for many months to come. There is no need why a bushel of the new crop of Texas wheat should be sold below a minimum price of \$1.00 per bushel. The speculators are always seeking to induce the growers of food crops, as well as the growers of cotton, to play into their hands.—Houston Post.

There is considerable of what is known as "distressed" wheat in the country. That is, wheat owned by the fellow who has been forced, probably to mortgage his teams to buy seed and supplies with which to produce his crop, and the speculators know that this wheat must be sold to discharge the debt. Therefore, they always manage to lower the price just before the time such debts mature. Our banks and bankers can greatly aid, not only those who own this "distressed" wheat, but the people in general by extending such loans at a low rate of interest until the price gets right. There is a greater demand for American wheat today than has been for twenty or thirty years. The 1915 crop is said to be the greatest ever produced, but even had it been twice as great as it is reported to be, there would not be the slightest cause or reason for selling a bushel of it for less than \$1.00. If the European war continues (and it now seems as if there is little hope of it ending soon), the price of American wheat will, in the judgment of some who ought to be posted, be higher than it was last year when farmers were getting \$1.50 per bushel.

Usually, the people of Texas show the confidence they have in the men they elect to the legislature by the way they vote on proposed amendments to the state constitution. On the 24th of July they will be given an opportunity to do this by voting on the six proposed amendments, and our guess in advance of the election is that only about one in ten will vote, and of this number a majority will be against the amendments, with the possible exception of the 6th, providing for the separation of the Texas University from the A. & M. College. There is but little doubt that if the two educational institutions were separated there would be less wrangling and possibly it would be the best for them and the state generally.

Texas farmers will be better able to appreciate their "business administration" at Austin this fall when they

Buchanan, Conn., June 21.—William H. Rand, for many years head of the printing and publishing house of Rand McNally & Co., died here last night at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Henry W. Chappelle. He had been ill for some time.

There are some people in this world who are so confident they will win—both on land and on sea.

There are some people in this world who are so confident they will win—both on land and on sea.

CORNELIUS CONVERSION REV. NELSON'S THEME

Open Air Meeting May Close Thursday Night When Evangelist Will Discuss Infidelity.

Evangelist J. B. Nelson discoursed last evening upon the conversion of Cornelius, the first Gentile convert to the Christian religion. Mr. Nelson said that he doubted if there could be found a more moral man in the state of Texas than this man, Cornelius. A full account of his life and conversion is recorded in the 10th chapter of Acts, and a rehearsal is given in the 11th chapter. We find that Cornelius was a devout (religious) man, just, feared God, gave much alms to the people, prayed continually, had devout soldiers, his whole household feared God and of good report of all the Jews. With all these traits of character he was not a saved man or a Christian. The Lord told him to send to Joppa for Peter, the preacher, and he would tell him what he ought to do. When Peter came he told him the commandments of the Lord. "Who shall tell the words, whereby thou and all thy household shall be saved? Acts 11:13. To be a moral man is not enough to save a man. All Christians are moral men, but all moral men are not Christians. We find that God selected one of the wisest men of the Gentile nation to be the first man to receive the gospel. The miracles were not done to associate with the Gentiles in any sense; but now the middle wall or partition between the two nations has been broken down by the death of Jesus upon the cross and the Gentiles can have equal rights with the Jews. Eph. 2:14. This was all demonstrated to Peter by the vessel that contained all manner of four-footed beasts and fowls of the air, while he was in a trance upon the house top. There were miracles performed on this occasion. The miracles were not to convert Cornelius, for he was converted by the word of God that was revealed by the Holy Spirit through the Apostle Peter.

The first miracle was to get Cornelius to send for the Jew preacher; the second miracle was to get the Jew preacher to receive the man sent from Cornelius; and the third miracle was to get the Jew preacher to baptize the Gentiles. The purpose of these miracles were like all miracles of the New Testament, to confirm inspiration of the inspired speaker Mk. 16:20; Heb. 2:4.

When Peter went back to Jerusalem the Jewish brethren got after him for preaching, and eating with Gentiles. Peter rehearsed the whole conversion and told how God had confirmed the whole matter by a miraculous outpouring of the Spirit as he did on the Apostles at the beginning. Then they were willing to concede and did that God had received the Gentiles in the New Testament church. See Acts 11:1-3.

Peter told Cornelius to believe Acts 16:9, to repent, Acts 11:18, to be baptized, Acts 16:33. The name of the man who ever believed in him shall receive remission of sins, Acts 10:43. We see that the believer is to get remission of sins through the name of Christ. How did this Cornelius and house, get into the name of Christ? The baptism of the Holy Spirit, in the name of the Lord, Acts 10:48. In the 47th verse Peter says, "Can any man forbid water, that these should not be baptized, which have received the Holy Ghost as well as we?" The baptism of the Holy Spirit, in the name of the Lord, Acts 10:48. In the 47th verse Peter says, "Can any man forbid water, that these should not be baptized, which have received the Holy Ghost as well as we?"

MORE BAD CHECKS HAVE BEEN PASSED HERE

Man Accompanied by Women and Two Boys Cashes Two Checks Which Prove to be Worthless.

Two more bad checks have turned up here recently, each for \$37, one being cashed by the P. B. M. Company, the other by James Kennedy. In each case the man, who was accompanied by a woman and two small boys, bought a small amount of merchandise, through the balance of the check in cash. The man whose name was signed to the check is not known at the Wichita State Bank, upon which the checks were drawn. The grand jury has returned two indictments for forgery recently and several other cases are pending, as the result of bad check operations here recently. A reward of \$25 has been offered in the case mentioned.

TAGES ZEITUNG ORDERED TO SUSPEND PUBLICATION

Berlin, via London, June 23.—The German authorities informed the administration of the Berlin Tages Zeitung that it would have to suspend publication for an indefinite period because of the recent article published by this paper on the subject of German-American relations from the pen of Count Reventlow. The action of the German authorities is regarded here as an indication that the government is weary of the news from the United States made more strained by journalistic outpourings such as those of Count Von Reventlow. The article in question followed the well known lines of that writer, who asserted that international law must be disregarded in the conduct of transatlantic warfare. The government's prompt action in suspending the Tages Zeitung is but one of many indications that responsible statesmen are eagerly desirous of finding a common ground for an understanding with America.

Market Reports

Chicago Grain Futures. By Associated Press. Chicago, June 23.—Wheat today showed a tendency to sag. The opening was unchanged to one-half down. Prices rallied to a moderate extent but then sank lower than before. At first crop reports from Missouri helped to lift the corn market but word of cheaper Argentine offers brought about a reaction. Oats weakened from the start. Later wheat developed notable firmness owing to signs of a decided improvement in export business. The close was steady. Corn closed steady. The close of the leading months: Wheat, July 1.03 5-8; Sept. 1.01 7-8; Dec. 1.05. Corn, July 74; Sept. 72 3/4; Dec. 65 3-8. Oats, July 44 1/2; Dec. 33 1/8.

Kansas City Cash Grain. By Associated Press. Kansas City, June 23.—Wheat No. 2 hard 1.18 to 1.23; No. 2 red 1.17 1/2 to 1.18. Corn mixed 72 1/2 to 73 1-2. Oats No. 2 white 46 1/2 to 47.

Fort Worth Livestock. By Associated Press. Fort Worth, June 23.—Cattle receipts 3200, steady, beefs \$7.60 to \$8.15. Hog receipts 200, five to ten cents lower, lights \$7.80 to \$7.82. Sheep receipts 1500, unchanged; lambs \$8 to \$9.

New York Futures. By Associated Press. New York, June 23.—Reports that Canadian and domestic mills had been operating at a normal rate yesterday's decline were followed by some scattered covering in cotton today and first prices were steady at a decline of one point to an advance of two points. Prices eased off, however, to a net loss of about 3 or 4 points during the early trading. Liquidation was less active on the early set back and the market climbed higher. Prices later eased off again. Selling was a little more active during the middle of the afternoon and prices ruled four or five points net lower on favorable weather reports and easier cables. Cotton closed firm: July 9.38; Oct. 9.79; Dec. 10.27; Jan. 10.13; March 10.37.

WOULD USE AEROPLANES AS SUBMARINE GUARDS

British Expert Advocates Use of Air Craft to Patrol Shores for 450 Miles Around England.

London.—That aeroplanes can be effectively employed against submarines is the opinion of L. Billa Desbordes who is regarded here as an authority on aeronautical engineering. He has evolved a plan by which, he contends, German submarines would be checked against British commerce can be checked. "Put in a nutshell my scheme is as follows," he writes in the "Byron and Shipping" magazine, "I have selected a point along the coast of Great Britain and Ireland a number of small but highly efficient aerial squadrons whose duty would be either closely to scrutinize the area comprised between the coast and a line some 150 miles from it, or in special cases to act as a convoy to liners or cargo steamers. "If the sea area defined above were rendered a danger zone for the enemy's submarines to enter, and if the enemy were made to realize that with-in that zone their submarines ran a greater risk than the merchant vessels they were out to attack, then it would follow that the submarine blockade would be rendered ineffectual. "It would of course be argued that if the enemy's submarines were prevented from operating within 150 miles of our coast they could still carry their operations beyond that limit. This argument, however, is not correct, but it should be noted that all German submarine attacks on British vessels have been carried out within sight of the British coast and inside the 150 mile limit, which is well within the range of aeroplanes in most weather conditions. "To meet the double difficulty of hitting a moving submarine and of the possible harmless explosion of bombs by their impact against the hull of the vessel, it is proposed that aeroplanes intended to tackle submarines must be specially armed."

ONE KILLED AND FIVE INJURED IN EXPLOSION

Fire Breaks Out in Dallas Paint Plant—Property Damage Will Amount to Three Hundred Thousand.

By Associated Press. Dallas, June 23.—One negro was killed and five men injured and \$300,000 fire damage done following an explosion in the American Paint and Slippy Company's plant here today.

BIRTHS IN LONDON FEWER THAN BEFORE WAR BEGAN.

London, June 23.—Births in London are averaging nearly five hundred a week below the figure for the corresponding months in previous years, allowing for the growth in population. Mortality tables show that children have been dying at a rate of two hundred a week in excess of the old average. Official returns dealing with nearly a hundred of the largest towns and cities in England and Wales, show corresponding decreases most of which are chargeable to the war. The increase in deaths is explained by the fact that infants are getting less care. There are fewer doctors and nurses in civil life and they are overworked. Other adverse conditions are the increased use of married women in industrial employment, and the breaking up of many homes by the war.

20 CONVERTED, AT FRIAR MEETING LAST NIGHT

Rev. Friar Preached on the "Final Judgment"—Many are Struck With Conviction.

Twenty conversions marked the revival meeting at Friar's tent last night when the Rev. Friar preached on the "Final Judgment." The attendance was good and the interest was deep. Shop meetings were held at noon today at the Wichita Motor factory, Ball Bros. factory and Pond's laundry. Much interest was manifested at this morning's meeting. Rev. Friar's text last night was Rev. 20:11, "And I saw a great white throne and him that sat on it, from whose face the earth and heaven fled away; and there was no place for them."

Rev. Friar painted with vivid, striking words the picture seen by the apostle. He said that on the final judgment day God will be on His throne to judge all the dead. "The book of God's remembrance will be opened," he said, "and your records will be read out. Jesus Christ will be there to intercede for His followers. The accuser (the devil) will be there to claim his followers. There is only one counselor, the evangelist said, to whom you can afford to trust your case, and that is God. "You may be able to fool men and your sins," he said, "but God can never fool God." He urged men to make a confession of all their sins to Jesus-Christ who is able to vindicate and to pardon.

He declared that there was great danger for the man who doesn't want to please the Lord, but that that man was a child of the devil. "When a saved man is overtaken in a fault," he said, "he can acknowledge his sin to his advocate, Jesus Christ, and receive forgiveness. In order for Jesus-Christ to do this you must confess all your sins and submit your case to his hands."

He compared the sinner seeking an advocate in Jesus with a defendant who employs counsel to defend him; the defendant must tell his attorney all the facts in the case in order that the lawyer can properly defend him. He closed with a stirring appeal to sinners to submit their case to Christ, the supreme advocate. Many were moved with conviction.

THOUSAND BUSHELS OF WHEAT MARKETING HERE

Wheat is beginning to arrive here in fairly large quantities, the J. C. Hunt Grain company having received 900 bushels of wheat that tested 87 to 90 pounds, up to three o'clock. The Wichita Elevator across the river has received one load of eighty-five bushels this afternoon, this load testing 48. Ninety cents is the price paid for wheat today. No oats had been received here up to noon today. The local quotation for oats was 30 cents for loose oats and 32 cents for sacked.

DANIELS DIVORCE SUIT AT TULSA DISMISSED

By Associated Press. Tulsa, Okla., June 23.—The divorce suit of Mrs. Gertrude Daniel against Richard Daniel reported to be Oklahoma's wealthiest citizen, was dismissed today. The couple went to California last week.

CAGLE-BROOKS NUPTIALS AT NOON TODAY.

Today at noon Miss Daisy Brooks, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Brooks of this city, became the bride of Theodor Cagle of Dallas. The ceremony taking place at the First Baptist parsonage with Rev. C. Miller officiating. Following the ceremony the wedding party and family of the bride were guests at a wedding dinner given by the bride's sister, Mrs. S. W. Stewart. Miss Elizabeth Forch were the only guests outside the family in attendance. The young couple left this afternoon for Dallas, their future home, amid the hearty congratulations of their friends who gathered to see them off.

CONSTABLE ALLEN NOW THOROUGHLY CONVINCED

Constable W. W. Allen entered the office of Justice of the Peace Jones Tuesday afternoon, sporting a new .38-caliber revolver, which he gave to Judge Jones to examine. The justice admired the weapon and offered to put a hole through the pictured hand of a lady who adorned an advertising poster on the wall across the room. "You can't do it," the officer challenged him. "Bloody!" went the pistol and the lady's hand was punctured. Officers and others came running to the scene, fearing that some one was unadvisedly trying to hasten the course of justice.

BIRTHDAY PARTY FOR MASTER BERT MOORE.

The sixth birthday of Master Bert Moore was fittingly observed with a birthday party given by his mother, Mrs. B. A. Moore, Tuesday afternoon from 4 to 7. The little guests spent the three hours with the birthday boy, the hostess being assisted on June 16th, dropped many Miss Ethel Moore and Mrs. Moore. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served late in the afternoon to the following: Emily McCulloch, Dorothy Reid, Alice Savage, Louise and Dorothy Shell, Robert McCulloch, Floyd Abbott, Melba McAllister, Jim Moore, Frank and Joseph Bialkowski and Ray Denison. The small host was recipient of numerous pretty birthday remembrances.

31 STATES NOW HAVE COMPENSATION LAWS

EIGHT STATES AND ALASKA TERRITORY HAVE PROVIDED FOR WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION.

CHILD LABOR LAWS IN TWO

Review of Legislation Shows a Lack of Uniformity Changes in Some States are Probable.

By Associated Press. New York, June 23.—To the list of twenty-two states in which workmen's compensation laws were already in effect, eight more states and the territory of Alaska have this year been added by the action of their legislatures during sessions which have just come to a close. This growth of the movement toward safeguarding the welfare of the laborer and his dependents is revealed in the summary of this year's legislative activities, which has been compiled by the Associated Press. The summary also shows progress in the abolishment of child labor and in the direction of limiting the working hours of minors.

The additional states to adopt the workmen's compensation law are Wyoming, Montana, Oklahoma, Colorado, Maine, Indiana, Vermont and Pennsylvania. Favorable action toward the enactment of such a measure was also taken by the legislature of Utah which created a commission to investigate the question and report a bill for the consideration of the next legislature. In one state which considered the matter, New Mexico, a proposed workmen's compensation law passed the house but was defeated in the senate. In Idaho, the bill was vetoed by the governor. Several other states revised their former laws in order to insure more efficient operation.

Laws Not Uniform.

Somewhat different standards as to the way in which compensation should be awarded and the law administered are shown in the measure enacted this year, but this lack of uniformity is also a feature of various laws previously passed in other states. For instance, under the new Colorado statute injured workmen will receive 50 per cent of their wages during incapacity, though not to exceed \$3 a week. In case of total permanent disability, the compensation is payable through life. When death results from the accident, the worker's family is to receive similar amount for six years with a maximum of \$2,500. In case of loss of eyes, hands, limbs or other members of the body, compensation is to be made for a specified period, varying from a few weeks to four years, dependent upon the nature of the injury.

Employers are required to insure payment either in a state insurance fund to be created, or other mutual or stock insurance company. Administration is placed in the hands of an industrial commission of three members who shall adjust disputes and with authority to make awards and to order that employers who neglect to make payments promptly. Court proceedings are thereby practically eliminated.

The Maine law, however, awards her injured workmen payment by her employer or not more than \$10 the week in case of total disability with a maximum of \$3,000. Heirs in case of death receive the same and the scale of payments for those partly disabled ranges from \$4 to \$10 a week.

The Pennsylvania Law.

Pennsylvania provided for the payment of fifty per cent of wages, but not more than \$10 or less than \$5, with a maximum total of \$4,900. The act is elective and takes away from the employer the right to make payments promptly. Court proceedings are thereby practically eliminated. The Maine law, however, awards her injured workmen payment by her employer or not more than \$10 the week in case of total disability with a maximum of \$3,000. Heirs in case of death receive the same and the scale of payments for those partly disabled ranges from \$4 to \$10 a week.

Even in Alaska.

Alaska adopted an eight hour law for place miners and pensioned her aged and indigent prospectors. A bill requiring employers of all kinds to grant their employees one days rest in seven was killed in the senate of Wisconsin, but a measure making such provision for railway employees was passed by the assembly and was at this writing awaiting action in the senate.

YOUNGER SOLDIERS MORE LIABLE TO MENTAL SHOCK.

(Correspondence of the Associated Press.) London, June 23.—The inadvisability of sending very young men to the fighting front is emphasized in a report by Dr. Murry Leslie on the treatment of cases of mental shock resulting from war service. Nearly all the cases of fighting affecting the mind have been in men of 21 or 22 years or younger, declares Dr. Leslie, who suggests that this may be the reason for the recent German order that no more volunteers under 21 years will be accepted for the army. Dr. Leslie divides cases of battle shock into two classes those who have been constantly subjected to shell explosion and have no actual injury, and those suffering from neurasthenia. The first kind of case is characterized by a curious stupor; frequently patients are oblivious of all their sur-

SAFEGUARD YOUR MONEY! 4% Paid on Savings 4% Paid on Certificates National Bank of Commerce

ANDERSON & PATTERSON Insurance and Rental Agents. 616 Eighth Street Phone 87

Description Of Lemberg

Washington, June 23.—Describing Lemberg, whose possession the mightiest trial of strength of the war has been developing through the last few weeks, a statement just issued by the National Geographic Society says: "Lemberg, under Austrian overlordship has been a stronghold of Polish national consciousness. Almost unhampered by the Imperial authorities, it has administered, as Galicia's capital, the last remnant of Polish Poland. When the Galician Diet was formed in 1861, Lemberg had fallen from her brave position of the days of the Polish Kingdom. The city was poverty crushed, unimproved, undrained and hence, unhealthy, with no schools and generally upon the verge of ruin. Today, aroused by the constitution of 1866 after 40 years of hopeless effort, the tide of invasion swept over a beautiful, intensely modern city, full of fine, substantial buildings, of lovely, well planned parks, of up to date, richly stocked shops, of excellent schools and colleges, of great monuments and expensive public works. The destructive tide of battle rolled over careful work of two generations and is now driving back again upon it. "Before the outbreak of the present war, there was no city of Lemberg's size in Europe, upon whose streets one might find more alert, vigorous life. The city had enjoyed a 'typically American boom' for more than a generation, and its people had more of an air of buoyant confidence than any other Polish community. Industries were growing; and the commission and transit trade of the city was attaining the importance of this trade under the old kingdom. From a small, bitterly poor community, Lemberg had progressed to the position of a wealthy metropolis of 200,000 inhabitants.

hibiting the employment of women and children overtime for the purpose of making up for time lost on a legal holiday and another requiring industrial establishments to furnish fresh and pure drinking water for employees and accommodations for those who are injured or become ill. A first aid measure, somewhat similar to the latter, passed in the Washington legislature, was vetoed by Governor Lister. Labor unions protested, it was drawn in the interest of employers alone.

The writer points out the possibility, as the war progresses, that these cases of war-shock will become frequent also among the population at home. "The censor knows what they are doing when they suppress the grievous details and pictures of Zeppella raids. Such action is most important to keep up the morale of the nation, and is perfectly right from a medical standpoint of view. Optimism is of the greatest value to the nation as well as the individual. The feeling that all is going well is a great mental tonic."

BODY OF FARMER FOUND IN POOL OF WATER.

Carthage, Tex., June 23.—The dead body of W. A. Morgan, aged 20 years, was found near here at noon today in a pool of water about three feet deep. Mr. Morgan shortly before had been seen en route from his home to town. There were no marks of violence on the body. An inquest will be held late today. The dead man's wife is visiting at Jacksonville, Tex. The couple had no children.

MOVEMENT FOR INSANE ASYLUM FOR NEGROES

By Associated Press. Austin, June 23.—Establishment of a state insane asylum exclusively for negroes will be pressed at the next session of the legislature, according to many legislators who have expressed themselves on the subject. This was recommended at the recent special session. By Associated Press. Galveston, June 23.—The twenty-second annual convention of the National Oil Mill Superintendents Association was to open here today, the dates having been changed from

Professional Cards

- ROBERT E. HUFF - Attorney at Law. Prompt attention to all civil business. Office: Reas First Nat'l Bank. W. B. Fitzgerald & Cox - P. E. Cox. FITZGERALD & COX - Attorney at Law. Practice in all courts. Rooms 304-5, First Nat'l Bank Bldg. C. B. FELDER - Attorney at Law. Office in Ward Building. Wm. N. Bonner Joutette M. Bonner BONNER & BONNER - Attorney at Law. General, State and Federal practice. Offices: Suits 6, 10 and 11 Ward Bldg. Phone 131. HUFF, MARTIN & BULLINGTON - Lawyers. Rooms: 214, 215 and 216 Kemp & Kell Building. W. F. WEEKS - Attorney at Law. Office Fifth floor new First National Bank Bldg. SMOOT & SMOOT - Lawyers. Office in Friberg Building. F. T. Carlton, T. B. Greenwood, CARLTON & GREENWOOD - Attorneys at Law. Room 17 Old City Nat'l Bank Bldg. S. H. HODGES - Special attention to Probate and Corporation law. Suite 8, Ward Building. Phone 1130. W. LINDSAY BISS - Lawyer. Civil and Criminal Law. Office Phone 1327, 207 K. & K. Bldg. JOHN C. KAY - Noble, Smith & Henderson Building. Seventh Street. CARRIGAN, MONTGOMERY & BRITAIN - Lawyers. Room 320, First National Bank Bldg. BERNARD MARTIN - Attorney at Law. Office room 206 K. & K. Bldg. J. M. BLANKENSHIP - Attorney at Law. Room 3 Ward Building. Phone 678. W. B. CHAUNCEY, John Davenport CHAUNCEY & DAVENPORT - Lawyers. Suite 3 Bean-Anderson Bldg. Phone 1424. J. R. OGLE - Attorney at Law. Room 12 Ward Building. Phone 131. T. R. (Dan) BOONE - Attorney at Law. Room over W. B. McClurkin's Dry Goods Store. Walter Nelson, T. F. Hunter NELSON & HUNTER - Attorneys-at-Law. Suite 204-206 First National Bank Bldg. Phone 1436. PHYSICIANS AND SURGEONS DR. A. L. LANE - Physician and Surgeon. Rooms 17, 13, 14, Moore-Bateman Bldg. Office phone 183. Residence phone 487. DR. BURNSIDE & JONES - Surgery and General Practice. Dr. Burnside's residence No. 218, Dr. Jones' residence No. 844. Office phone No. 12. Offices Moore-Bateman Bldg. L. Mackechney, M. D., Q. B. Lee, M. D., DR. MACKECHEY & LEE - Obstetrics and Surgery. General practice. DR. WADE H. WALKER - Surgery and General Practice. Office phones 986; residence phone 287. Office First National Bldg. Rooms 301-302. DR. AMASON & HARGRAVE - Surgery and General Medicine. Office 204 K. & K. Bldg. Office phone 760. Dr. Amason residence phone 574. Dr. Hargrave, residence 763. Surgeons in charge of Amason & Hargrave Hospital, 806 Brook. DR. SCHULTZ, The German Specialist. Special attention given to Diseases of Women; also Chronic, Nervous Complications. Office No. 605 1-4 Eighth St., Ward Bldg.—Phone No. 1390. DR. W. H. FELDER - Dentist. Southeast corner Seventh Street and Ohio Avenue. DR. T. R. BOGER - Dentist. Office over First State Bank. Hours from 9 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m. ARCHITECTS FIELD & CLARKSON - Architects. 517 Kemp & Kell Building. Ft. Worth and Wichita Falls. those originally chosen. The convention will last three days. TOM GREEN'S BRIGADE TO MEET AT YOAKUM. Yoakum, Tex., June 23.—Extensive preparations have been made here by the Yoakum Commercial club and the local chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy to entertain the thirty-third annual reunion of the Tom Green's Brigade association, composed of the survivors of that gallant brigade. The old Confederates will be here two days and various entertainments have been planned for them. The Rams of the Twilight League have challenged the Irish Lads of the same league to a series of three games to determine the city championship. The games will be played Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, if arranged.

Personals

From Thursday's Daily. Miss Gladys Page of Claude, Tex. is visiting her aunt, Mrs. O. H. Foster. A. B. Brown of Denver, Colo. was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Sanders today. Mrs. Charles Pettit and two little daughters of Denton are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Sanders. Mrs. Eldred B. Ragland and little daughter, Doris Lee, leave today for Hillsboro for a two weeks' visit with Mrs. Ragland's mother, Mrs. Vance. Mrs. T. S. Freeman and children left today to visit relatives in Denton county. Miss Salome Anthony, who has been teaching school here, left today for her home in Austin. J. G. Auld left this afternoon for Temple, Tex. on business. Mrs. Jaque Hall of Alabama is expected shortly to visit friends here. Mrs. J. M. McCall and daughter, Emma Frances, left today for Weatherford to visit Mrs. McCall's mother, Mrs. J. A. Reitz. City Secretary Arthur McCarty returned today from a trip to San Antonio. Charles E. Erwin of Kansas City, who is connected with a banking house in that city, is here on business. J. S. Willis and J. H. Buchanan of Young county and V. West of Bowie were here today; they have been attending the commercial college at Bowie. Henry Amman does not intend to move to Oklahoma City as reported in yesterday's Times. He intends to remain in Wichita Falls. Mrs. Amman, he says, has gone there for the benefit of her health. Later she may go to California if the change does not prove beneficial. From Friday's Daily. Mrs. J. Will Gray left today to visit relatives at Childress. Sol Williams returned to Corpus Christi today after several days' visit here. Mrs. B. Scarborough of Fort Worth, and Mrs. R. P. Weston of Henrietta, arrived today to visit relatives. Joe Carrigan left today for the Lake Wilson ranch in Archer county, where he will visit for some time. A. E. Murdoch left today for New York City, where he will sail on June 26 for Liverpool on an American steamer. Mrs. Murdoch will visit relatives in Houston while he is away. T. A. Robinson of Dallas, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Walter Nelson, left today for West Texas points. Mrs. Jesse Noble of Henrietta, who has been visiting the family of her brother, H. B. Patterson, left for her home today. Mrs. W. H. Ransom left today for her home in Gorskana, after a visit with her daughter, Mrs. C. P. Moore. Mrs. J. P. Marrs left today to visit relatives in Post City. Mrs. Ralph Hines went to Iowa Park this afternoon to visit relatives. Dr. L. F. Stripling went to Henrietta ranch properties in West Texas. A. W. Eichenberger, treasurer here for the Katy, left this afternoon for Dallas on business. Sr. I. Munger of Dallas, was here today en route home after spending yesterday in route to West Texas. T. L. Toland, formerly superintendent of schools here, now of Dallas, is in the city today. Miss Vivian Potter of Bowie, arrived today to be the guest of Mrs. Wiley Robertson. Miss Olive Airey of Mobile, Ala., is also visiting Mrs. Robertson. From Sunday's Daily. W. A. Freear of the Freear Furniture Company, left yesterday for a three weeks' trip to northern points. He will stop at Memphis, Tenn., for a visit with his mother and brother after which he will go to Evansville and Indianapolis, Ind., and from the latter place to Chicago and Grand Rapids. Evan Jones left yesterday for Bridgeport where he is architect for the new city hall, now under construction. Trainmaster J. A. Murphy, for the Fort Worth and Denver, who has been in Dallas consulting a specialist, was reported improved yesterday and is soon expected back at his work with the Fort Worth and Denver. Mr. and Mrs. N. J. Robertson, Miss Birdie Thacker and Miss Lena Young comprise a party of automobile tourists who drove up from Crowell yesterday. Rev. Fred L. McFadden, who has been attending the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church

at Norfolk, Va., returned yesterday. He stopped off on his return for a short visit with his family who are visiting relatives in Tennessee. Rev. Shelby King will go to Archer City Tuesday to assist in a revival meeting which will start at the Baptist church there today. Rev. King is the second oldest Missionary Baptist preacher in the state having been a preacher for 54 years. Mrs. A. M. Harstook, returned on Friday from Sulphur Springs, where she had been visiting for a week or ten days. Mrs. E. W. Shaw who has been visiting at Sulphur Springs has returned to her home in this city. Miss Grace Burger, a niece accompanied her and will visit here for two weeks. Misses Berenice, Leah and Mary Taylor left Saturday for Electra where they will visit relatives for a short time. B. F. Crawford has received a letter from his son, Ray who has completed a three-year enlistment in the navy, saying that he expects to be home about the 26th. He has been on board the Minnesota and was discharged at San Francisco. He recently received a promotion but will not receive his commission until he has served on the Olin and Gas journal, will leave tomorrow to spend several months at Mineral Wells. He will make occasional trips here to secure data on operations in this district. Misses Fay and Thelma Goodman of Electra are visiting the family of Rev. T. E. Cannedy and attending the Friar meetings where they are rendering special music. William Goodman of Electra is rendering special music in the Friar meetings, the guest of Monroe Williams. Mrs. Sam Kruger leaves today for Fort Worth to visit relatives. Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Dameron are visiting relatives in Missouri. Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Dempsey were over from Petrolia yesterday. Mrs. Ella Covington arrived yesterday for a visit with Mrs. R. E. Humphrey. W. T. Finn, merchant at Seymour, and C. S. Finn, were visitors here yesterday. Harry May and Mr. Thomas of the In Sunday at Bowie. May Thomas Produce Co. are spending Miss Katy Lee Graves arrived yesterday from Del Rio for a visit with B. B. Maak and family. Miss Louie Vaughn has returned from Richmond, Ind., where she graduated from Earlham College. W. H. Robinson, Albert Robinson and C. N. Maddox drove up in an automobile from Dallas yesterday. Judge Harvey Harris went up to Electra yesterday with his brother from Fort Worth to spend Sunday. Rev. C. D. Brown stopped off here Friday while en route from Bowie to Charlie where he will fill his appointment today. Master Henry David Akin, son of Judge Akin, left yesterday for a visit with his sister, Mrs. Fletcher, at Joan in Young county. Theo. Combs, sheriff of Cottle county, was here from Paducah yesterday. R. D. Floyd and wife of Stamford are registered at the Westland. M. M. Kern and A. W. Laforce and Avis Justin and Harold Kern drove up from Norman in automobiles yesterday to spend Sunday here. Mr. and Mrs. George Appling arrived yesterday from Park Springs for a visit with Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Appling and other relatives here. From Monday's Daily. Ray Ferguson of Electra is in the city today. L. T. Cole, a Fort Worth attorney, was here today on business. A. O. Norris of Graham is visiting at the home of John Kay and family. Judge S. T. Taylor of Henrietta, was in the city today on business. Mrs. A. J. Kirkpatrick of Olney is the guest of Miss Lillian Chancellor. W. H. Herron left Sunday for Hutchinson, Kas., to settle the estate of his mother who died some weeks ago. Mrs. C. A. Young left today for North Carolina to visit her father. Mr. Young will accompany her as far as Fort Worth. Mrs. Eugene Curry and Mrs. Ver- gil Tomme have returned to their home in Mangum, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. D. A. Wilcoxson. Mr. and Mrs. A. Zindelowitz left this afternoon for Battle Creek, Mich., where they expect to remain several weeks. O. S. Pruitt of Lawton, a former resident of Wichita Falls, whose wife died last week, is visiting at the home of his brother-in-law, John Moore near Burk Burnett. Mr. Moore and Mr. Pruitt were in town today. Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Morris will leave

Tuesday morning for Chicago, going from there to their former home in Columbus, Ohio. Mrs. Morris will spend the summer in Ohio but Mr. Morris will return after a short visit. Frank Brinkley of Detroit, who has been visiting Howard Hurst for the past week left today for his home, going by way of Marlin where he will spend two or three weeks for the benefit of his health. Mrs. T. M. Palmer and daughter, Mrs. Ambrose Gibson and Mrs. H. C. Dakan motored over to Byers for a visit this morning. Mrs. Bertha Delaney and daughter left today for Tucson, Ariz., where they will spend the summer. Miss Iva Bullard left today for Santa Rosa, Cal., to make her home. She has been residing at the home of her brother, B. M. Bullard for the past five years. Mrs. M. L. Friend of Galveston, arrived this afternoon to visit Mrs. J. W. Lee. Misses Gertrude and Ida Denny left today for San Francisco to visit the exposition. Mrs. R. Duke went to Childress this afternoon. Miss Gladys Page who has been visiting her aunt, Mrs. O. H. Foster, left today for her home in Claude, Texas. G. C. Davis of Durant was a visitor here today. H. B. Hughes of Fort Worth, who has been visiting his daughter, Mrs. H. A. Allen, returned home today. V. H. Shepherd left this afternoon for Kansas City. Street Superintendent George Dobson went to Fort Worth this afternoon. From Tuesday's Daily. Hon. D. E. Decker of Quanah; is attending court here today. Marvin Smith is in Dallas today on business for McClurkin & Co. Mrs. S. L. Kelly of Dallas is visiting her son, County Clerk M. P. Kelly, and wife. W. L. Lindsay and family, William Martin and Buel Powell of DeKalb, Bowie county, passed through the city today on their way to San Francisco. They were traveling in Ford cars. They left DeKalb Sunday morning. Miss Archie Crowley of Fort Worth arrived today to be the guest of Miss Audrey Adickes. Judge A. H. Carrigan left this afternoon for Galveston on business. Judge T. A. Hunter returned to Fort Worth this afternoon after a business visit here. Mrs. T. H. Friedly and two children of Bowie arrived this afternoon to join Mr. Friedly who recently entered business here. They will reside at 809 Burnett. Mrs. H. G. Griswell, Miss Eula McCain and Miss Pearl Mathews of Graham are visiting here. Mrs. Leila Somers went to Dallas this afternoon. Mrs. J. E. Daniels has returned from a visit to Olney. Mrs. W. C. Malone has returned from a three month visit with relatives in Kentucky. Mrs. Harry West of Phoenix, Ariz., is visiting her brother, Frank Collier and family. Mrs. Tom Petty and little son of Fort Worth, arrived today to spend several weeks with her mother, Mrs. Maggie Finkler. T. W. Larkin of the Guffey Company returned this afternoon from a trip to South Texas. George L. Moore, formerly of this city, now at Oklahoma City, is here today. Mrs. D. Nash of Sunset is here with her daughter, Mrs. A. W. Allen. News was received here yesterday of the death of Edw. H. Griffin, father of Frank and J. A. Griffin of this city. J. A. Griffin left this morning for Effington to attend the funeral, which will be held Thursday. The elder Griffin was 82 years of age and had been in poor health for some time. Nine children, four of whom reside in Texas survive. From Wednesday's Daily. M. R. Fuller of Seymour, is here on business today. Roy Snyder from Fort Worth, is a visitor in the city. M. Geason of Cincinnati, Ohio, is here on business today. Ed G. Curtis of Wichita, Kan., is a visitor in the city. M. F. Leonard of Bowie, is registered at the St. James. J. B. Smoot of Fort Worth, is registered at the St. James. H. Marx of Fort Worth, is registered at the Hearne today. O. R. Hiatt of Kansas City, is in the city on business. W. Highower of Altus, Okla., is here today on business. W. F. Johnson of Kansas City, is registered at the Hearne. J. A. Fielding and H. C. Hale of Chicago, are registered at the St. James. J. A. Yale of Frederick, was in the city this morning on his way to Alford, Texas. Don Beach of El Dorado, Okla., is here today transacting business and visiting friends.

Mrs. J. G. Huff left last night for Nevada, Mo., where she will visit relatives for thirty days. T. E. Whaley and family of Bowie, are in the city today, making the trip in their automobile. Mrs. C. E. Mahoney and Misses Madge and Jeff Mahoney from Dallas, are visitors here today. Mrs. George S. Moore and son, George, Jr., of Oklahoma City, left today after a visit with friends here. Miss Joza Alexander arrived at noon today from Neoma for a visit with Miss Bruce Dickson at Kemp Kott. Mrs. Wm. Johnson and daughter, Miss Lizzie still was on guard at Gov. Slaton's country home quiet prevailed both there and in the city today and there was no indication of a repetition of the exciting scenes of yesterday and last night which followed the committal of Leo M. Frank to the death sentence. In the city near beer saloons which were closed by the authorities yesterday were allowed to re-open this morning and there were no crowds on the street. At the governor's home it was stated that the militia probably would be withdrawn tonight. Officials of the state and city insisted today that last night's demonstration ended danger to Governor Slaton among the people most bitterly opposed to the committal of Frank's sentence. A state of preparedness, however, was maintained today both by the police and the military authorities. The calm of the day was in striking contrast to the tension of yesterday. Word received from the state prison farm at Milledgeville was to the effect that Frank was not yet in physical condition to take up work. His long confinement and the strain of the last few days taken in conjunction with his night ride in automobile and train to the prison farm seem to have completely un-nerved the man who had shown such a remarkable stoicism heretofore. TROOPS CALLED OUT TO PROTECT GOV. SLATON Atlanta, Ga., June 22.—With several hundred men and boys clamoring for admission through gates which had been barricaded by barbed wire and threatening to overpower the twenty county policemen armed with riot guns, Governor Slaton late last night called upon the militia to protect his home. Four companies of State Guardsmen were rushed to the governor's country home in automobiles and martial law was proclaimed in a district extending half a mile back and for a distance of about a quarter of a mile on either side. When the soldiers lined up with fixed bayonets to disperse the crowd, stones, bricks and bottles were thrown at them. A brick struck Lieutenant Arnold Parker in the stomach and rendered him unconscious for a short time. A bottle thrown at W. W. Foote, a private, struck his gun and cut his hand. The commanding officer, Major Catron, was struck by a stone, as were several of the men. The governor proclaimed martial law at exactly 11 o'clock, and by midnight the crowd had practically been dispersed. There was no firing. A telephone message from Milledgeville where the State prison is located, and where Leo M. Frank was taken after Governor Slaton had commuted his death sentence to life imprisonment, said that trouble was feared there last night, and asked that the governor order out the Milledgeville company of militia. The governor told his informant that such a request would have to come from the sheriff of Baldwin county. Last night, however, the sheriff had not requested troops. The governor was surrounded in his home by about a dozen friends, nearly every one of whom was armed with a rifle or pistol. The unexpected arrival of a member of the family at a dark corner of the front porch caused the governor hastily to pick up a pistol. In front of the governor's house were more than 100 automobiles filled with persons evidently there to see what the crowd would do. The road was great difficulty in clearing the road of these machines, and many of their orders were met with the retort of "Shoot!" Councilman M. J. Gardner and Street Superintendent George Dobson were returned from Fort Worth, where they purchased three spans of mules for the street department. The mules cost a little more than \$500 per pair and are splendid young animals. A COMMON ERROR. The Same Mistake is Made By Many Wichita Falls People. It's a common error. To plaster the aching back. To rub with liniments, rheumatic joints. If the troubles comes from the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidney ail. And are endorsed by Wichita Falls citizens. Dora A. Redin, 1410, 15th St., Wichita Falls, says: "I suffered for several years from symptoms of kidney complaint. Every time I took cold, over-exerted at my housework or stood for any length of time, my back became very lame and sore. A dull ache across the top of my back kept me miserable. When I lay down, I could scarcely turn over and mornings it was hard for me to dress. I used different medicines, wore plasters and rubbed my back with liniments, but nothing helped me until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. Five boxes of this medicine strengthened my kidneys, made my back strong and did away with all the other annoying ailments. My back has been in good shape ever since, although five years have passed." Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a "kidney remedy"—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs. Redin had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. PHONE COMPANY GIVES FIRE DEPARTMENT \$100 Donates That Amount in Recognition of Valuable Services During the Recent High Water. The Wichita Falls fire department is to receive a donation of \$100 from the Southwestern Telephone & Telegraph Company for the work of the department in protecting its property from flood damage during the recent high water. The basement of the company's building at the corner of Ninth and Scott was filling with water threatening to put the plant out of business. The fire department came to the rescue and pumped the water from the basement thus preventing the derangement of telephone service over the city. W. W. Farham, superintendent of plant, has received authority to make a donation of \$100 to the department and a check will be handed to Chief McClure of the department by C. A. Hauke, acting agent for the company probably today. The city council is meeting this afternoon to discuss proposals that will be made to Vice President D. H. Keeler of the Fort Worth, whenever he comes here tomorrow to confer with the city officials on plans to give relief to the overflow of Holiday creek.

QUIET PREVAILS AT ATLANTA TODAY

MILITIA GUARDS GOVERNOR Troops Called Out Last Night to Protect Governor's Home From Mob Gathered There

By Associated Press. Atlanta, Ga., June 22.—While the militia still was on guard at Gov. Slaton's country home quiet prevailed both there and in the city today and there was no indication of a repetition of the exciting scenes of yesterday and last night which followed the committal of Leo M. Frank to the death sentence. In the city near beer saloons which were closed by the authorities yesterday were allowed to re-open this morning and there were no crowds on the street. At the governor's home it was stated that the militia probably would be withdrawn tonight. Officials of the state and city insisted today that last night's demonstration ended danger to Governor Slaton among the people most bitterly opposed to the committal of Frank's sentence. A state of preparedness, however, was maintained today both by the police and the military authorities. The calm of the day was in striking contrast to the tension of yesterday. Word received from the state prison farm at Milledgeville was to the effect that Frank was not yet in physical condition to take up work. His long confinement and the strain of the last few days taken in conjunction with his night ride in automobile and train to the prison farm seem to have completely un-nerved the man who had shown such a remarkable stoicism heretofore.

TROOPS CALLED OUT TO PROTECT GOV. SLATON

Atlanta, Ga., June 22.—With several hundred men and boys clamoring for admission through gates which had been barricaded by barbed wire and threatening to overpower the twenty county policemen armed with riot guns, Governor Slaton late last night called upon the militia to protect his home. Four companies of State Guardsmen were rushed to the governor's country home in automobiles and martial law was proclaimed in a district extending half a mile back and for a distance of about a quarter of a mile on either side. When the soldiers lined up with fixed bayonets to disperse the crowd, stones, bricks and bottles were thrown at them. A brick struck Lieutenant Arnold Parker in the stomach and rendered him unconscious for a short time. A bottle thrown at W. W. Foote, a private, struck his gun and cut his hand. The commanding officer, Major Catron, was struck by a stone, as were several of the men.

PHONE COMPANY GIVES FIRE DEPARTMENT \$100

Donates That Amount in Recognition of Valuable Services During the Recent High Water.

The Wichita Falls fire department is to receive a donation of \$100 from the Southwestern Telephone & Telegraph Company for the work of the department in protecting its property from flood damage during the recent high water. The basement of the company's building at the corner of Ninth and Scott was filling with water threatening to put the plant out of business. The fire department came to the rescue and pumped the water from the basement thus preventing the derangement of telephone service over the city. W. W. Farham, superintendent of plant, has received authority to make a donation of \$100 to the department and a check will be handed to Chief McClure of the department by C. A. Hauke, acting agent for the company probably today. The city council is meeting this afternoon to discuss proposals that will be made to Vice President D. H. Keeler of the Fort Worth, whenever he comes here tomorrow to confer with the city officials on plans to give relief to the overflow of Holiday creek.

WAISTLINES RETURN TO THEIR NORMAL PLACE

New York, June 19.—For the first time in three long years, waistlines return to their normal place. A local review of the past few months discloses two distinct reasons for this change in fashion: first, the full skirt, and second, the corset. It is not surprising that the waistline capered about when corsets were trico and the silhouette straight up and down; but now that skirts are voluminous and corsets real stays, nipped in at the sides, the joining-of the waist and skirt naturally comes at the smallest part of the form, namely, the waistline, as nature placed it. It has taken many months to bring about the evolution and, even yet there are those who are loath to give up their stay belts and back to nature corsets. When Joseph, in the early season exhibited silk frocks with normal waistlines, many admired the couturiere's courage; but few recognized the step as a style prediction so soon to be realized. Today, smart frocks have trim waists, definitely marked. Whether you are sunbathing at Hopatcong, escaping the heat at a beach resort, or passing the early season in town, it is impossible to be oblivious to this one feature, at least, of the mode.



McCall's



McCall's

backskin, touched with black leather, and white canvas cut in the same styles as the buck. The sensation of the season, however, are the walking sticks; another equal rights victory. In these, black shiny sticks predominate with skin light silk covers, reaching from within six inches of the bottom to ten of the top. These covers are in white, checker board, green, blue or in fact, any silk to correspond or contrast with the costume.

And so it goes. Now, that milardy's waistline is black in its normal place she hunts other fancies wherein to express her eccentricities.

TWO THOUSAND HEAR DR. FRIAR'S SERMON ON HELL

Evangelist Says There are Some Men in Wichita Falls Who Would Break Hinges to Get In

Dr. Friar addressed an audience of more than two thousand people Sunday night on "Hell," making an extended study of the sixteenth chapter of Luke. Hell is designated as the ultimate home of unsaved spirits. The two characters in this chapter Lazarus and Dives were explained in detail and their different characteristics given. Dives was a man of wealth, one who on earth had had all the good things of life. "Why do men go to hell," the speaker asked and answered his question, "there are many reasons. Some do not believe in hell and make no attempt to keep out. Hell is necessary and exists because of the demons made of men for such a place. Heaven exists for the same reason. There is no greater hell on earth for the wicked than to place them in the presence of the Godly men after women because their lives will be out of harmony with their surroundings." "If you want to go to hell," said the speaker, "God is powerless to keep you out. God has placed Jesus Christ between you and hell and the wicked have to go past the bleeding body of Jesus on Calvary. There are some men in this town who are bound for hell and would burst the hinges off their doors to get there. Some people are looking for hell and will find it no matter where you put them. You may not believe in hell but you will believe in it before you have been there fifteen minutes." Heaven was characterized as a place where perfect harmony existed. One reason why men do not serve God was given by Dr. Friar as a lack of love for him. He said warning to the church members saying, "If you are not pleased with God and content with him he will disown you. Young man, you are a coward if you refuse to come to God because you are afraid the world will sneer at you. Cut out the gang and cut out Jesus Christ." The horrors of an actual hell were graphically pictured in words that held the large audience. Dr. Friar held his sermon with a strong appeal to men and women to think, think seriously of their final destiny. This sermon of Sunday night concluded the second week of the successful co-operative meeting. Services were held at the tent this morning, the evening service being omitted.

DR. J. W. DUVAL Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat GLASSES FITTED Rooms—1st N'Y Bank Bldg.

KOO-LOO THE TEA THE CHINAMAN USES Bert Bean Coffee House WE ROAST COFFEE EVERY DAY This tea is packed in China for the Chinese trade and used by nearly all Chinese. We buy it direct from Shing-Shung & Co., the largest Chinese importers in America. It's delightful. One-sixth pound packages 10c Per pound 50c Our tea stock is most complete. Telephone 35