

RIVER CUTTING INTO BANK AND IS MENACING HOMES

FLOOD SITUATION IMPROVES SLOWLY

ENCROACHMENT OF CURRENT MAKES IT NECESSARY TO MOVE HOUSES

STREAMS ARE NOW SUBSIDING

Water Soaked Houses Being Re-occupied—Problem of Sanitation Now Presented

The inundated portions of Wichita Falls were being rapidly reclaimed from the flood waters today, both the Wichita River and Holliday creek having receded steadily since Tuesday morning. At noon today the river was almost back within its banks and while Holliday creek was out of its banks for many rods on each side the territory covered by its waters was only about 25 per cent of what it was at the maximum stage.

The fears that the river would cut into its east bank and make serious trouble were fully realized last night when large portions of the bank at the foot of Austin and Travis streets caved in. The house of William Huey at the foot of Austin street was hanging over the river this morning, with the earth washed away from underneath part of its foundations, and only prompt action by Constable Will Allen at the foot of Travis street prevented his home meeting a similar fate. His lot was washed away but the house had been moved in time to safe ground.

Washing Southern Bank

There is no longer any doubt that large sections of what was the southern bank of the river, between Burnett street and Michigan avenue have been washed away and the river will probably not return to its old channel until the water reaches a very low stage.

While most of the overflowed section is above water today, those portions around East Lake and Crescent Lake were still in very uncomfortable circumstances today with no prospect of early relief.

Around Crescent Lake, a number of pretty homes on Travis street and on Third, Fourth and Fifth streets are almost up to their eaves in water today, and the water cannot flow out until the river is low enough for the water to find an outlet, even then the water can be drained off only very slowly.

In the Holliday creek district the water had subsided for some distance south of the Wichita Valley tracks. The streets were hard and almost dry within a remarkably short time after the water receded, and are easily passable for vehicles.

Many of the families in the flooded area were moving back into their homes today and the number of homeless ones had been reduced to about thirty at noon today, and most of these are well cared for. They reside in the Crescent and East Lake districts. East Lake is still high and the water is going out very slowly, nearly all of the houses along the banks still being uninhabitable.

Sanitation Now Problem

With the passing of the flood waters and with the danger from that source over, a new menace arises that will require serious attention. Where houses have been under water for any length of time, and are reoccupied while damp the health conditions are certain to be bad, and the danger of malaria and typhoid is very present. This is a condition that may have serious consequences.

The farthest east point reached by the Wichita River flood in the city itself was near the corner of Seventh and Austin. The Crescent Lake waters coming to within 50 yards of Seventh street. The farthest west point reached by the Holliday creek overflow was the corner of Ninth and Scott, where water filled the excavation which had been made for the Scott avenue paving. Just east of the city, in fact well within the city limits, the waters of Holliday creek practically joined those of the river through East Lake.

Crescent Lake Still Full

The Crescent Lake situation presents the most uncomfortable aspect this morning. Water came into the lake from the long draw which connected with the river near Broadway street, and flowed down this gulch on a sort of dike. The water coming over this dike, but when the flood receded the section east of Austin street was left without an outlet for the water, as the "blanket" upon which the street is built now serves as a dam to keep the water from receding. The result is that the water must stand until it can be drained off through the comparative dry city streets, which connect the lake with the river.

Practically all of the section between Third and Seventh streets from Burnett to Travis is in the flooded area and in that vicinity the water had receded very little this morning from its stage of early yesterday afternoon when the water ceased to flow back over the embankment. Near the river, at Burnett street there is a narrow strip of land through which a trench might be cut which would partially relieve the situation. Boats were plying on this

STOPPED TRAIN IN NICK OF TIME

PROMPT ACTION BY ENGINEER CLOPTON AVERTS DISASTER AT DENVER BRIDGE

HE SAW THE RAILS SWAYING

Stopped Locomotive On Verge of Washout That Would Have Plunged Train Into River

Glancing wavering eyes over the turbulent current, Engineer Clifton pulling Fort Worth & Denver passenger No. 7 put out of the city at an early hour this morning stopped the train in the nick of time to avert disaster at the Wichita River bridge when it was found that the embankment had been washed out and a whole section swung out of line on its swaying foundation.

Mr. Clifton saw that something was wrong and put on the emergency brake but could not stop the train until the locomotive was half out, washed out embankment. It sank down about a foot but Mr. Clifton was able to back it off this perilous position. Had the train been running at its usual speed he would not have been able to have stopped it in time and the locomotive would likely have plunged into the current carrying at least some of the coaches with it and there would have been little chance for any of those on board to have escaped.

The train had been made up here to run north and left the Union Station at 3:45 a. m. Conductor C. Field was in charge. J. T. Rollins was the fireman. Both Mr. Clifton and Mr. Rollins thought for a few seconds that their end had come.

Mr. Clifton said that when he started his engine he had a feeling of uneasiness which caused him to approach the bridge cautiously although there had been no fear that it would not withstand the load.

The trouble at the bridge was caused by the heavy current beating against the concrete piers on each side, causing one of them to settle for several feet; this forced several other piers out of line, putting the tracks under water and making a place that was extremely dangerous. The bridge had been considered one of the safest in North Texas, it being thought that the heavy piers of reinforced concrete could withstand any flood that might come down the river.

A large force of men was put to work on the bridge early this morning and it was stated that it will be possible to run trains across by six o'clock this evening. No effort was being made today to transfer passengers across, owing to the difficulty of passage over the water bridge. The latter appears to be in no danger, although its approaches have been under many feet of water and are now deep in mud for some distance. Traffic over the Denver north of here had been resumed only about twelve hours before the damage to the bridge was discovered, the break in the Pease river bridge having been repaired only Tuesday morning.

No Lives Lost

Considering the swiftness with which the water rose, the nature of the ground and the general conditions, it is considered remarkable that there were no lives lost and that the work of rescue was so successfully carried out. It was not without difficulties, however, and there were many who went sleepless Monday night in order to help neighbors and friends save themselves and their effects. Conditions among those who had to move are not as bad as they might be by any means. There was ample food provided through the Salvation Army and other agencies, and while some of the poorer families who moved to rooming houses were unable to pay for more than one room, they usually made the best of things, the entire family crowding into the same sleeping as was best possible.

In the northeastern portion of the city where shops and small plants were inundated Monday, the damage appears to have been wonderfully light. Most of the machinery and equipment which were under water were of a sort that water would not permanently damage. In the lumber yards the losses were not heavy, a comparative little of the lumber floated away. Very little cotton was damaged, although at a public warehouse and in the compresses, it was a question of inches only between the crest of the flood and the cotton plattoms. A very small amount of cotton got wet in proportion to the amount which was in the flooded area.

There is little improvement, however, to be noted in the railroad situation. The Wichita Valley was the only outlet to the south today, and the more than 100 Wichitans who had been kept away from home and who came in on the Valley at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening probably felt toward that road. This train brought several days' accumulation of mail, including the Dallas News from last far back as last Saturday. The Northern express is still getting passengers across Red River and these two roads are the only ones into the city.

Railroad officials have ceased protesting as to when service over the Scott avenue line to the south will be resumed, although the damage is being repaired as fast as the weather will permit. The little Wichita is still very high at Henrietta and comparatively little can be done until it recedes some distance further.

With R. J. Sullivan, superintendent of the Katy properties in the hospital with a fractured skull, the outlook of resumption of service is not encouraging. In times of stress like the present Mr. Sullivan's services have proven most valuable in the past.

Shucks, This Ain't No Water

Some amusing events and incidents are told in connection with the high water, and some others not so amusing. Fish stories also are being told. One individual down town today was very positive about a fish which had been caught with pole and line on Scott avenue. He had not seen it himself, but he knew the man whose ousp saw the fish. There is a story about a little girl in the Holliday creek district, whose parents lost a quantity of clothing and furniture during the storm. She said she had found a line, garden, the little girl had failed to answer to roll call and probably by this time has deserted all nine of its lives at the bottom of Holliday creek and gone to live forever on sandbars of the water and quantities of silt which were washed down.

There was one old woman in the Holliday creek section who refused to move out, even with the water just about to come uninvited into her parlor.

"Shucks, folks this ain't no water, I come from Mississippi where they have floods," she said.

SUPT. SULLIVAN IS SERIOUSLY INJURED

SUFFERS BROKEN ARM, FRACTURED ANKLE AND FRACTURED SKULL

MOTOR CAR JUMPED TRACK

Grave Fears Felt For Recovery of Well Loved Railroad Man Hurt Tuesday Night

Richard J. Sullivan, superintendent of the Wichita Falls lines of the Katy system, was very seriously injured late Tuesday night when a railroad motor car in which he was riding jumped the track, throwing him out; he sustained a fractured skull, a broken right wrist and his left ankle was injured and may also be broken.

The derailment took place about four miles south of Burkburnett on the Northwestern and Mr. Sullivan, unconscious, was hurried to this city and placed in the Amason-Hargrave hospital where Mr. Sullivan had been watching things all day. The car struck a piece of bad track, for which Mr. Dowdell slowed down; a minute later when the track seemed smooth again, the car travelled with increased speed, then suddenly ran into another stretch of bad track. Mr. Dowdell felt the wheel climbing the rail and at once shut off the power and put on his brakes. The machine jumped from the track, hurling Mr. Sullivan forward along the track.

The fracture in the skull extends from the left eye several inches over the top of the head and the eye may be injured. There is an injury to the right ankle, but whether it is a fracture or merely a sprain has not been determined. There are several bruises and other minor injuries, but no evidence of internal injury as yet.

"Dick" Sullivan, as he is best known is about 55 years old, a bachelor. He has been a railroad man and has the safest of records. He has been in the Wichita Falls properties for four or five years. He is a tireless worker and was very much wrapped up in his duties, which of course had become more and more arduous since the flood.

After the accident, which took place at mile post 11, Mr. Dowdell ran back toward Burkburnett, meeting a freight train in charge of Engineer Brown at the head of the Burkburnett yards. The engine and tender were quickly uncoupled and a mile post 11 Mr. Sullivan was picked up and hurried to this city. The conductor on the train did not know that his engine was gone until some minutes afterward and while the uncoupling of an engine without instructions from a conductor is not according to the rules, railroad officials felt it was entirely proper, considering the circumstances.

Inquiries from high Katy officials and from other roads were received Monday at the scene where Mr. Sullivan's condition and frequent bulletins were sent out. These were more hopeful in tone as the evening progressed. At 3 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Sullivan was reported much improved.

TEXAS RANGER KILLED IN REVOLVER BATTLE

Was Attempting to Arrest Three Mexicans Two of Whom He Seriously Wounded

At Marathon, Texas, June 9.—Texas Ranger Lee Burdette was shot and killed near Sabens, Texas in a pistol battle with three Mexicans, two of whom he seriously wounded. Both of the wounded Mexicans are expected to die. The third was being pursued by a posse today. Burdette whose home is in Austin, was trying to arrest the men.

NEGRO SHOTS AND KILLS WIFE THIS AFTERNOON

Shooting Follows Quarrel Over Visit of Another Negro to His Home

Ell Brewer, negro, shot and killed Lizzie Brewer, his wife, early this afternoon at their home in the negro quarter near the foundry; then he walked to the police station and surrendered, while officers to whom the shooting had been reported, were searching elsewhere for him. The woman was shot three times, a fourth shot fired by Brewer going through a table in the kitchen where she was sitting at the time. A 38-caliber Colt's old style pistol was used.

Brewer was removed to the county jail and will be held to await the grand jury's action next week. At the police station he said that when he went home at noon he found another negro, John Frierson at his home. He told his wife she would have to get out, as she could not stay there and told Frierson, he says, that he did not want any trouble with him.

He then returned to the City National building where he had been at work, but as he expressed it "his heart was sick over what had happened." He told the other workmen he would not work and returned home, stopping at a friend's house and getting the pistol. His wife was in the kitchen when he got there and he says when he asked her where Frierson was she told him it was "none of his business."

The shooting followed, Brewer said that when he quit work at noon "his mind told him" that something was wrong at his home.

The woman was shot three times, once in the left forearm, once in the left hand and another wound appears in the right shoulder and this is believed to have caused her death. A brewer bears an excellent reputation.

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Mr. Lansing said that the work of coding the note was now in progress. It is signed by Mr. Lansing acting secretary. The appointment of Mr. Lansing was announced yesterday afternoon shortly after the announcement of Mr. Bryan's resignation was made.

In resigning Mr. Bryan set forth his views in a letter to the president which was given out late yesterday.

It was stated at the White House and by Mr. Bryan that there was the utmost good feeling between Mr. Bryan and President Wilson as to the other members of the administration.

TEXT OF SECRETARY BRYAN'S RESIGNATION

By Associated Press. —Washington, June 9.—The following is the text of Secretary Bryan's letter of resignation:

"My Dear Mr. President: It is with sincere regret that I have reached the conclusion that I should return to you the commission of secretary of state with which you honored me at the beginning of your administration. Obedient to your sense of duty and actuated by the highest motives you have prepared for transmission to the German government a note in which I cannot join without violating what I deem an obligation to my country, and the moment that to remain a member of the cabinet would be as unfair to you as it would be to the cause which is nearest my heart, namely, the prevention of war, I therefore, respectfully tender my resignation to take effect when the note is sent, unless you prefer it sooner.

"I am desirous of reaching a peaceful solution of the problems arising out of the use of submarines against merchantmen and of methods to bring about the same end,—it falls to your lot to speak officially for the nation. I consider it nonetheless to be my duty as a private citizen to promote the end you have in view by means which you do not feel at liberty to use.

"In severing the intimate and pleasant relations that have existed between us during the last few years permit me to express to you profound satisfaction it has given me to be associated with you in the consideration of the problems that have come before the state department and to thank you for your counsel.

"With the heartfelt good wishes for your personal welfare and for the success of your administration, Mr. President, believe me, Very truly, "WILLIAM J. BRYAN."

PANUO OIL FIELDS ARE BEING REOPENED

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AMERICA IS DETERMINED FRIENDLY TO WILSON

BELIEVED RESIGNATION OF BRYAN WILL REMOVE DOUBT IN GERMANY

Bryan Will Remain Staunch P. Wilson Supporter of President It Is Reported

By Associated Press.

Washington, June 9.—William Jennings Bryan formally left his office as secretary of state today and Robert Lansing, counselor of the state department, was appointed by President Wilson as secretary of state.

The note to Germany will be forwarded this afternoon. It will contain about 1500 words differing not in the object sought, but in the method of approaching the problem from that favored by Mr. Bryan. Mr. Bryan resigned rather than sign his name to the note which states unmistakably and emphatically the demands of the United States.

Mr. Bryan told his colleagues and friends gathered about him today that his affection for President Wilson was unchanged and that he knew the president felt as warmly toward him. Firmly believing that he can advance the cause of peace outside of the United States, he said that he would support the administration of President Wilson.

The resignation of a secretary of state of the United States over a difference of opinion on a vital question of foreign relations, itself unusual in the annals of American history, was given an added dramatic touch by the numerous indications of personal regard for Mr. Bryan and his emotion at leaving the office he held so dearly.

Tears stood in his eyes while friends commended his courageous fight for principle and his determination to eliminate himself rather than continue in the cabinet as a possible embarrassment to the president.

The story of his fight to sway the president is as yet untold. He made no effort to align other members of the cabinet with him when he came to the parting of the way on an irreconcilable difference on a question of principle he did not tell his colleagues who had hoped to the last that he would tender his resignation. For three days from Saturday until Monday, the president had Mr. Bryan's resignation under consideration and the secretary did not go to yesterday's cabinet meeting until the president's letter of acceptance had reached him. The president had invited him to attend after the letter of acceptance had gone to the secretary. Quietly the consideration of the note continued after his arrival and at the end of the meeting the president and the remaining members involved in the resignation invited Mr. Bryan their sense of personal regret.

The close personal relationship between the president and Mr. Bryan will be respected in the former secretary's future course, it was learned today authoritatively. Mr. Bryan is to continue a staunch supporter of Mr. Wilson's domestic policy, and he believes he can even assist the president in the sentiment he hopes to build up for the investigation of disputes before hostilities are begun. It is his principle that is stressed in the thirty peace treaties negotiated with foreign nations by Mr. Bryan and signed by all but Germany, Austria, Belgium and Japan. The first three have already accepted the principles.

Late today after the note to Germany is on its way Mr. Bryan plans to issue from his home a statement outlining his position on the questions that have arisen between the United States and Germany. Mr. Bryan contends it would be better to submit the entire question to an investigation commission, and, pending its deliberation, to have Americans refrain from sailing on vessels carrying contraband of war or which venture into dangerous zones on the high seas.

President Wilson is said to have been opposed to this not only because he believes the United States would be yielding its rights under international law, but because there was no guarantee that lawful American commerce would be free from dangers during the discussion. That there is not sufficient strength in American public opinion, for the Washington government to commit itself to so firm a policy which might result in war is the conviction of Mr. Bryan and he hopes to test public

FRANK'S FATE NOW UP TO GOVERNOR SLATER

Georgia Board of Pardons Declines to Recommend Commutation of Sentence

By Associated Press.

Atlanta, Ga., June 9.—The Georgia board of pardons today declined to recommend to Governor Slater the commutation of the death sentence of Leo M. Frank, convicted of the murder of Mary Phagan.

Commissioners E. J. Rainey and R. E. Davidson voted against recommendation for clemency. Judge T. E. Davidson voted in Frank's favor. The commission submitted its report to Governor Slater shortly before noon who immediately made it public. The question of life or death for Frank is now in the hands of Governor Slater who has announced that he will make further investigations before reaching a decision. The finding of the board is in no way binding on the governor.

EVIDENCES OF A WASHOUT AT THE WESTLAND HOTEL

Indications of another washout were in evidence this morning on the fifth floor of the Westland Hotel.

Several windows on this floor were hung with articles of clothing which guests had placed to air. The hotel management asked that the dry goods display be removed which was done. The garments in question were of the bifurcated variety.

SEVERAL WICHITA COUNTY CASES ARE REVERSED

By Associated Press.

Austin, June 9.—The court of criminal appeals today reversed and remanded the case of Jim Sparks and Charles Esheleman, both from Wichita county, these appellants having been convicted of robbery and given five year sentences. The court also reversed and remanded the case of Bob Carruth from Wichita county who was given two years on conviction for gambling. Carruth is a negro who ran the Central City Social Club.

VON LINSINGEN IS NEARING LEMBERG

By Associated Press. —Berlin, June 8.—General Von Linsingen on his march to Przemysl yesterday had reached Lubascow, 45 miles northwest of Przemysl, it was announced yesterday.

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(Continued on Page Four)

FLOODS ISOLATE WICHITA FALLS—PARTS OF CITY COVERED

HOLIDAY CREEK AND RIVER ARE STILL RISING

THOUSANDS DOLLARS DAMAGE IS DONE

WHEAT FIELDS DEVASTATED BY WATER, WIND AND HAIL SUNDAY

WORST FLOOD KNOWN HERE

Many Families Forced to Move By Rising Water—Considerable Damage From Wind

From Monday's Daily. Extensive damage has been done...

The entire southeastern portion of the city as far north as Tenth and Eleventh streets and as far west in some places as Lamar avenue is under water...

At Electra about 20 derricks have been blown down and there was some damage at Petrolia.

Conditions in the wheat fields are said to be deplorable. In many places the straw has been levelled by the wind and rain and a heavy loss is certain.

The Wichita River has been a cause of considerable concern, but so far has done but little damage. There has been a steady cutting at the east bank of the river...

At Lake Wichita the damage has been considerable. The fishing pier is entirely under water and parts of it have been washed away.

Reporters from the city today tell of considerable damage, but nothing of serious nature. It is believed that Archer county has suffered very severely...

The situation on the Southern is more hopeful; there is a wash-up on this line near Seymour, but it is not possible to get a train through late today.

On the Wichita Falls & North-western bridge across Red River, the situation is serious. The structure is still standing, but it is said to have been washed several feet out of line...

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500 DIE OF HUNGER DAILY IN MEXICO CITY

BEGGAR OF ALL KINDS INCLUDING STARVING MOTHERS THROUGH STREETS CRYING FOR FOOD

THOUSANDS ARE STARVING

Several dairies are located along Holiday creek and some of these were unable to serve their customers today...

The water was over most of the lower falls, but it did not rise itself in most places were not overflowed.

The telephone company was no longer in danger of being flooded out, but it is still in a precarious position.

The population of the capital is approximately five hundred thousand. If all the corn, trijole, rice and cereals in the cellars of the Spanish commission merchants were commandeered tomorrow...

Under foot everywhere in the capital are the most insistent beggars in the world. Since the food supply has become acute...

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WICHITA RIVER HOLIDAY CREEK AND RED RIVER ARE FALLING

HIGHEST WATER IN WICHITA FALLS SINCE YEAR 1899

BURNETT STREET BRIDGE GOES OUT

12 SPANS OF WAGON BRIDGE AT BURKBURNETT ALSO SWEEP AWAY

RIVER ROSE ALL NIGHT

High Mark Reached at About 4 a.m. Back Water Now Receding—No Lives Lost

From Tuesday's Daily. After reaching its highest stage since 1899, the Wichita River was receding slowly this afternoon...

Seventy-five additional families were made homeless when the Wichita River went out of its banks at the foot of Scott, Indiana and Ohio avenues Monday afternoon...

The water receded rapidly from the shallow places on Scott, Indiana and Ohio avenues west of Tenth and Thirteenth streets this morning...

The rescue work was effected with little difficulty. Yesterday afternoon those in the district now flooded could see the water rising and all had ample time to get out...

All drays and transfer wagons that could be pressed into service were employed to carry out furniture and personal effects...

Wild Rumors Afloat. Lake Wichita was the cause of considerable concern to many people and about which numerous rumors are in circulation throughout the day...

Good Natured Crowds. Large crowds of people thronged the edges of the flooded areas, and the river banks all yesterday afternoon...

Present conditions in the flooded areas are rather distressing. In many of the houses the water has not reached the ground floors, but in most of them it either is or has been a foot or two deep...

The situation on the river front did not become serious until about four o'clock Monday when the water went over the banks.

From Tuesday's Daily. Seven negro families on Adams street lost all their furniture and personal belongings when their houses were inundated last night...

Water Reached Leves of Cahina On a Section of Adams Street

From Tuesday's Daily. Seven negro families on Adams street lost all their furniture and personal belongings when their houses were inundated last night...

Showing of Midsummer Millinery at Colonna's

Wheat Yield Estimate. Nearly Billion Bushels

Washington, June 8.—The government's June crop report today shows the following: Spring wheat, planted 19,248,000 acres...

Water Reached Leves of Cahina On a Section of Adams Street

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GERMAN NOTE READY TO GO

DEMANDS AMERICAN PASSENGERS BE TRANSFERRED TO PLACE OF SAFETY

PUT IN FINAL FORM

Only Few Changes in Phrasing Adopted After Discussion at Cabinet Meeting

By Associated Press. Washington, June 8.—After two hours discussion of the note to Germany at a cabinet meeting this morning Secretary Tumulty at the direction of President Wilson issued this brief statement:

"The note was gone over and discussed and put in final form. It probably will go forward to Berlin tomorrow."

The cabinet members uniformly refused to discuss the note. It was learned definitely that only a few slight changes in phrasing have been made. The note was taken up in the same form in which it came after Secretary Bryan had spent several hours on it following his conference with the president yesterday. Cabinet members yesterday said that while a few words possibly might be changed the tenor of the note would be unchanged. Secretary Bryan was an hour late at the cabinet meeting. He explained that he had been detained by important business.

The president explained that there had been no delays of any kind in the preparation of the note and that he had brought only a rough draft of it to the cabinet meeting Friday and that there had been only a few suggestions when the cabinet last met. The general character of the document, however, he said had not been modified and he believed it had the approval of the entire cabinet. No one has held up the note, the president emphasized.

The president today gave no inkling of the contents of the note believing that forecasts might set up a misconception abroad. The arrival of the German note offering to pay for the attack on the Gulf and asking further information concerning the dropping of bombs on the Cushing was referred to the president as "not satisfactory." These two cases, however, do not affect the main principles for which the United States is contending—that Americans on unarmed merchant ships of every nationality shall be transferred to a place of safety before any prize is destroyed.

GERMANS CLAIM ANOTHER IMPORTANT VICTORY

Baltic Provinces Scene of Latest Successes Claimed by Teutonic Allies

By Associated Press. London, June 8.—Victories of the German forces in the Baltic provinces of Russia are reported as those in Galicia are claimed in reports published in Berlin today. No details are given and the campaign in those provinces is not mentioned in the Petrograd dispatches.

"The Italian forces continue to advance a considerable part of the army already having crossed the Isonzo. Reports from Vienna indicate that a decisive engagement with the Italians is being deferred by the Austrian forces."

160,000 MEN ARE UNDER ARMS IN REPUBLIC MEXICO

Four Years of Revolt Have Cost More Than \$200,000,000—More Than 75,000 Killed

El Paso, Texas.—During the four years of revolt that has swept over Mexico, it has cost the warring factions approximately \$248,000,000 to equip and maintain the various armies in the field. Had the money been divided among the natives of the southern republic, every man, woman and child, including the Indians would receive \$24, writes H. B. Cadde.

Since Francisco Madero launched his campaign against Porfirio Diaz there has been at least 250,000 men under arms. The fighting forces are ever enlisting recruits, and many of those who have seen service on the field of battle have returned to their various occupations and new men have taken their places at the front. It is estimated that at all times since the Diaz campaign there have been 150,000 men with the various fighting forces. At present there are 160,000 men under arms.

Gen. Francisco Villa, leader of the north, present has the largest army. He announces that he has 60,000 men under his command. Equipped via Juarez. The Villa army is equipped and fed through the Juarez agency. The following are estimates of the loss to most of their buying through American manufacturers and wholesalers. The supplies are to a large extent shipped to the various distributing points through the ports of El Paso and Juarez.

Gen. Obregon is said to have 40,000 men in his army. His supplies are shipped through the port of Vera Cruz and other points now held by the Carranza troops. \$350 a Year For Ammunition. It is figured that every Mexican soldier uses at least \$350 (gold) worth of ammunition each year. This figure will soon be increased, because of the jump in the price of cartridges and guns since the outbreak of the European war. Prior to the European powers becoming involved in warfare ammunition could be purchased by Mexico for \$22 a thousand. Since that time the price has more than doubled, it costing \$45 a thousand at the present time. The outbreak of the revolution four years ago more than 75,000 men have met their death on the battlefields and nearly 10,000 have been made named for life through being desperately wounded. Fully 50,000 women are head-quarters of the revolts and thousands of boys and girls left orphans.

VILLA FORCES ARE DEFEATED AT LEON

REPORTS FROM CONSUL SILLIMAN AT VERA CRUZ CONFIRM PREVIOUS REPORTS

VILLA'S MEN TAKE TAMPICO

British Citizen Was Killed in Attack and Four Others Were Reported Wounded

By Associated Press. Washington, June 8.—Advices to the state department today from Vera Cruz transmitted by wireless message from Tampico reported the capture of Tuxpam by Villa forces Sunday. One British citizen was killed and four were wounded during the fighting. F. C. Jones was killed, Thomas Mallard and Mrs. Mallard, their infant child and A. P. Graves were wounded while seeking cover. Consul Silliman at Vera Cruz reported today that General Obregon's victory over the Villa forces at Leon appeared to be confirmed. He said that it was reported Obregon had lost his right arm in the fighting.

SIX FRAME BUILDINGS BURN AT BURKBURNETT

All Buildings on One Side of Street In Block Destroyed by Fire Monday Night

From Tuesday's Daily. Six frame business houses at Burk Burnett were destroyed by fire about 1 o'clock last night, resulting in several thousand dollars loss. The buildings were on the south side of the principal street and included a grocery store, pool hall, two barber shops and two restaurants. The fire started in one of the restaurants and burned west until it reached Medford's grocery, a brick building where, with the aid of a bucket brigade and a gasoline pump, it was extinguished. D. P. McCracken's grocery store, Cannon's pool hall, two barber shops and two restaurants were wiped out.

The following are estimates of the losses with the amount of insurance in each case: M. Dobson, building, restaurant and barber shop fixtures, loss \$1,150. No insurance. W. T. Schriebe et al., building and barber shop, loss \$1,000. No insurance. W. A. Cannon, building, pool room fixtures, loss \$2,800. Insurance \$8,000. D. P. McCracken, building and grocery store, loss \$3,500. Insurance \$1,575. Phillips and Ferguson, butcher shop fixtures, loss \$500, covered by insurance. Watkins and Harding, building, loss \$700, no insurance. Medlock Grocery Company, water damage \$300, insured.

There were a number of other minor losses including damage to the Burk Burnett telephone company, part of which are covered by insurance. ANOTHER FACTION ARISES IN MEXICO. By Associated Press. San Diego, Cal., June 8.—Telegrams from Lapaz to Rear Admiral Howard report the entire southern district of Lower California under the control of a neutral Mexican faction except San Jose De Cabo, which a Villa officer holds. Lapaz is headquarters of the new/neutral government which has sent emissaries to both Mexican factions asking that its neutrality be respected.

JITNEY BOAT SERVICE LATEST IN WICHITA FALLS

Vernie Crompton Rows Into Town From Farm and Ties Boat at Tenth Street

Vernie Crompton and several others living on the east side of Holiday creek rowed to town in a rowboat yesterday afternoon coming up Scott avenue and tying up their boat at tenth street. The distance from the Crompton farm to Tenth street where the boat was tied up is nearly three miles. One man is reported to have come down from the spillway to Tenth street in a boat.

Boat service supplanted jitney service on lower Scott, Indiana and Ohio avenues yesterday afternoon and last night a boatman with a route in that district reaped a rich harvest of dimes and nickels. Boats were also plying this morning in Crescent and East Lakes and in the parts of town overflowed by the river.

GERMAN SUBMARINE CAUSES DEATH OF 16

One Belgian and Three Norwegian Steamers Among Victims of Under Sea Boats

By Associated Press. London, June 8.—The Belgian steamer Memspatler has been sent to the bottom by a German torpedo north of Foreland. Out of 36 persons on board only six were saved. The captain, his wife and his daughter, the first mate and the pilot and 12 members of the crew lost their lives.

The Belgian steamer Memspatler of 1,425 tons net register and was 218 feet long. It was built in Sunderland in 1908 and was owned in Antwerp.

MILITARY DISCIPLINE IN ENGLISH FACTORY

Glasgow Herald Believes This is the Only Measure That Will Be Effective

Glasgow.—Charges that the supply of war munitions is being held up by the attitude of workmen in the industrial districts are supported by the Glasgow Herald which has made an extensive investigation of the situation in the Glasgow district.

The newspapers' investigations report that in their opinion the whole issue of the war is being jeopardized by industrial inefficiency and by manipulation of work by dissatisfied workmen. The following example is given: "One of the practices of piece workers is to drag out an operation for which they are getting what they think is too low a price until it takes twice or three as long as necessary. They ask for a higher price on the strength of this and when they have got the price up to the point they consider sufficient they turn to and get the work done in a fraction of the previous time in order to 'earn the money'."

"Such proceedings in ordinary times are part of the standing struggle between employers and employed. But in war time the result is more serious and develops into disloyalty to the state and a danger to the community." "Nor is that all. These men not only will not work themselves but they will not allow others to work. The restrictions with regard to unskilled labor are maintained in some of the shops with unabated rigidity, and the effect is most seriously felt in the ammunition factories where the need of increased output is most urgent."

In certain shops, it is alleged, row after row of machines may be seen idle with men idle beside them, willing to work, but forbidden by the shop rules of the engineering unions.

The Herald calls for the establishment of military discipline in all establishments engaged on war material, and it suggests that the necessary authority to handle the situation might with propriety be put into the hands of the local armaments committees, which have been established by public spirited citizens in most of the industrial districts in an effort to accelerate the work of providing supplies for the front.

A constructive scheme which has been drawn up in Glasgow for the elimination of the present difficulties makes the following proposals: "Rates of wages and standards of remuneration to remain as they are at present, and no changes to be permitted until further notice. "The functions of trades unions in regard to the enforcement of trade rights to be suspended during the war."

"Local armaments committees to act in each district as courts of appeal by workmen against hardships caused by employers. "No association of employers to act in any way with regard to labor conditions. "Local armaments committees to have effective labor representation, with full power to fine employers, to safeguard skilled trades rights, to regulate the use of unskilled labor, and to settle the conditions of remuneration."

The central committee and the local committees to be formally constituted as business organizations with full powers under the defense of the Reich Act to organize industrial and labor resources."

London.—The new Baron de Reuter is a private in Kitchener's army. He has the title because by permission of Queen Victoria his grandfather was granted the right to it though conferred in Germany.

CONDITION OF KING OF GREECE IS WORSE

Unfavorable Change is Reported in Dispatches From Athens Received at Rome

By Associated Press. Rome, via Paris, June 8.—The Messagero had received a news dispatch from Athens saying the condition of King Constantine changed for the worse.

INSTRUCTS GRAND JURY TO PROBE LEGISLATION

New District Judge at Austin Creates Stir as Result of Instructions to Jurors

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, June 8.—In the first formal charge to a grand jury in the newly created district court here, Judge A. S. Fisher asked that all state departments and state institutions be investigated that the anti-trust law be given careful attention; that the anti-lobby law be given consideration and that grand jurors take into consideration that while "open bribery may not be practiced about legislation it is the duty of grand jurors to investigate the influencing of legislation such as poker games and purported sales for example. The charge was regarded as one of the most unusual ever delivered in a local court, attention being called to the peculiar jurisdiction of Travis county where the state officers are located to the fact that legislative committees often usurp the duties of grand jurors and their investigations being political while grand jury investigations are based entirely on justice."

"WE WANT CORN" CRY THOUSANDS OF MEXICANS

Mexico City, May 22.—(By mail)—The national convention chamber here has been the scene of the wildest disorder for the last three days. Hungry hordes of men, women and children have stormed the chamber erping for food. Of ten thousand persons gathered outside the chamber today asking for food, 300 had to be carried off on stretchers. Shouts of "We want corn" at times drowned all other sounds in the chamber and even a show of bayonets and firing by soldiers over the heads of the mobs failed to check their vain and pitious appeals. The American Red Cross was kept busy carrying off women, children and aged men who had fainted.

Acting President Garza made a speech to the deputies and a portion of the mob telling them the treasury was empty and the fields laid waste by the revolution and the only hope was for all Mexicans to lay down their arms and till the field. Repeatedly the crowd shouted as he proceeded "We are hungry, we want corn."

COURT REFORM CONFERENCE MEETS WITH FAVOR

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, June 7.—The proposal to hold a conference at Dallas next fall during the State Fair to discuss court reform was being discussed with interest here today. Former State Senator E. J. Senter, who has been studying court reform and practice in Texas for many years, has announced he proposes to make the matter a state issue and will stump the State endeavoring to have legislators elected pledged to vote for court reform.

WAR FAVORABLE TO GERMANS SO FAR

BRITISH MILITARY EXPERT ADMITS GERMANS HAVE HAD THE BEST OF IT

MUST FIGHT FIRE WITH FIRE

Urges Use of Gas Bombs and Other Weapons Not Countenanced by Hague Convention

London, June 8.—"It is no use crying over spilled milk; let us admit frankly that our first and second campaigns against Germany have been failures and start a new one," writes Major G. W. Redway, a well known British military expert, to the Daily Mail, urging the seriousness of the war situation and the necessity of a complete reorganization of the British plan of campaign on a broader and far more intensive basis.

Major Redway puts it even stronger. "The contest, if now stopped, he declares, "would be decided in favor of the Austro-German alliance. German science has been opposed by British inertia and science has won." "It is very difficult to be precise in suggestions which may savor of criticism, because this war is not a British war primarily, and our gallant ally across the channel must always figure as the senior partner in the enterprise. That the French have upheld their old reputation as dashingly fighters is evidenced by their losses uncompromisingly borne; but it was much to be desired that we could as easily recognize the value of General Joffre's strategy."

Joffre Criticized. Major Redway's criticism of the French campaign is that it has been too frequently aimless and resultless. He says:

"The evasion of General Joffre last August prevented a decisive action being fought, but such evasion of course involved abandonment of territory. The French evacuation of their ten northern departments enabled the Germans to extend and fortify a frontier which now seems impenetrable.

"Behind this barrier German industry has assembled all manner of means and devices to prevent its capture and to support fresh enterprises to be undertaken at leisure. Offensive strategy coupled with defensive tactics has since more justified the maxima of Napoleon and so far as the operations on land in the west are concerned the war is over in a technical sense. The decisive action that was practicable last year is no longer possible and we need not inquire into the causes of certain experiments that have cost England an army of more than 82,000 men during the winter months.

"It is now not only a question of nerves, as the Germans told us long ago, but a question of wits. We are confronted with the same kind of problem as the one that baffled us for so long in South Africa. We have to do with an enemy whose ways are past our ways, and now as then, we must consider whether it is better to be whipped for our fine old sporting methods or whether we will take a leaf out of the enemy's book and beat him at his own game.

"In regard to tactics it is evident that we should deprive ourselves of holding in the shape of weapons and munitions that will injure and alarm the enemy's troops. The Hague rules may yet serve strange purposes; the peace once broken may prove to be a cesspool of deliveries practiced on those who first resorted to savage warfare."

Major Redway would also like to see the superfluous personnel of government weeded out and sent to the front. The censors, for example, more than a thousand in number, could neatly be dispensed with, he thinks, and sent to do duty in the trenches. "It is no longer becoming to flaunt our luxurious habits in the face of a world in arms," he urges, "of course, it would be false economy to allow our wounded to lie on straw and remain unattended for weeks, as the Serbians do from lack of means. But on the other hand, a census of able-bodied men who are employed in connection with hospitals, ambulances, rest camps and recreation establishments would prove revelation. Even the occupants of the war office and the hundreds of staff offices throughout the kingdom could be winnowed with great advantage, including such establishments as the censors' office. The personnel attached to general headquarters are always too liberally bestowed, especially in camps where operations are few and far between."

GREAT BATTLEFIELD ALONG RIVER SAN DESCRIBED

Washington, June 7.—Galicia's great battlefield along the course of the River San is described in today's war bulletin of the National Geographic Society.

"The broken banks of the River San have taken their place among the world's greatest battlefields of all times through the determined Russian investment and capture of Przemyel and, more especially, through the recent continuous days of battle between the Austro-German armies, headed toward Lemberg and the Russian armies, bound for the open plains of the Dnieper Monarchy beyond the Carpathians. On the banks of the San, hundreds of thousands of men have been fighting bitterly back and forth; and the little stream of such slight peace importance as to have escaped notice of all the leading works of English reference hereafter will live in history's annals as long as the memory of the names of the fields of Waterloo and Gettysburg.

"The San, a right bank tributary of the Vistula River, is about 300 miles long. It rises in the East Beskides, flowing first through a very narrow valley, full of wildest mountain scenery. The river becomes navigable at Przemyel. From the point of this famous Austrian stronghold, shallow draft boats and pined scows carry forest and agricultural produce to the Vistula, henceforward the river is a mountain stream and one of the most attractive in northern Europe.

"About 20 miles north of Przemyel the San at Jaroslavl, reaches the open plain. From this point, the river turns more northwest, joining the Vistula on the borders of Galicia and Russian Poland. Between Jaroslavl, south to Przemyel, where the heaviest fighting of the past weeks has taken place, the country is rough, often sharply broken at the river and offering many opportunities for military defense. Beyond Przemyel, toward the river's source, the San zigzags from a point about 20 miles to the west, whence it comes from the south and southeast. During the spring freshets and again, during the rainy autumn seasons, a lower valley of the San often suffers from severe floods. The San is joined by a number of small mountain tributaries, which add to the intricate markings of the great battlefield."

WILL NOT PASS ON FRANK'S APPLICATION THIS WEEK

Special to The Times. Atlanta, Ga., June 7.—The Georgia prison-commissioner announced today that it does not expect to pass on Leo M. Park's application for a commutation of sentence before next Monday.

Wichita Southern Life Insurance Company

The Home Company

When you buy your insurance in this company you are contributing your money toward the upbuilding of your own interest.

We are loaning our money in this community for the upbuilding and development of this same community.

Let us tell you about the advantages of buying your insurance from *Home People*

J. A. KEMP, President

E. P. GREENWOOD, V. P. & Gen. Mgr.

FRANK KELL, Vice President

W. M. MCGREGOR, Treasurer

R. E. HUFF, Vice President

JOE E. DANIEL, Medical Director

HOLLANDER COMING TO PRESENT PEACE PLAN

Will Ask U. S. to Join Other Neutral Countries in Effort to Restore Peace

By Associated Press. Washington, June 8.—President Wilson said that he had learned only through newspapers of Van Ghelldeldemeester, who arrived yesterday in the interests of neutral nations in the European war. The president added, however, that individual officials might have information concerning Van Ghelldeldemeester's trip here.

Announcement was made from Amsterdam last night of the dispatch of Van Ghelldeldemeester, one of the most prominent citizens of Holland, here for a conference with American officials over plans to restore peace between the warring nations of Europe. It is understood he is coming as a representative of a conference of the neutral nations. It is reported he will lay a plan for an attempt to bring before the American government and ask that it be allowed to take the lead in the proposals.

GERMAN TRANSPORTS SUNK IN THE GULF OF RIGA

By Associated Press. Petrograd, June 8.—An official announcement was that a naval engagement in the Gulf of Riga, resulted in sinking several German transports and a large ship not named. The Russians lost one auxiliary ship.

FLOODS ISOLATE WICHITA FALLS-PARTS OF CITY COVERED

HOLIDAY CREEK AND RIVER ARE STILL RISING

THOUSANDS DOLLARS DAMAGE IS DONE

WHEAT FIELDS DEVASTATED BY WATER, WIND AND HAIL SUNDAY

WORST FLOOD KNOWN HERE

Many Families Forced to Move by Rising Water—Considerable Damage From Wind

From Monday's Daily.

Extensive damage has been done and a rather uncomfortable overflow situation confronts Wichita Falls today, as the result of heavy rains and high winds Sunday afternoon.

The entire southeastern portion of the city as far north as Tenth and Eleventh streets and as far west in some places as Lamar avenue is under water. To relieve this situation Fort Worth & Denver officials early this afternoon decided to destroy the embankment at the Denver crossing of Holiday creek, which is largely responsible for the backing up of the water.

Many families were being moved out of the inundated area this afternoon, boats being employed in some cases. The situation at noon today may be summarized as follows:

Holiday creek is out of its banks and backed up the deep gully at the foot of Scott avenue, flooding a large portion of the southeastern part of the city, making high deep on Indiana and Scott avenues and extending as far as Tenth street on Scott. Water is over the floors of many homes and industrial plants, while others are surrounded by the overflow.

Water is over the floors of a half foot deep at Lake Wichita spillway and has partially destroyed the fishing pier and boat pier. The Big Wichita River rose all night and at noon was apparently stationary, with an additional rise expected to come this afternoon. The water is above the level of the lowlands.

East Lake is several feet up and the water is up to the floors of the houses on a considerable live stock and poultry has been drowned in Holiday creek.

Trees, awnings and fences are down throughout the city, while damage has been done to warehouses, stores and industrial plants which were unroofed by the wind. Water is standing in the basement of the southwestern Telephone Company's basement and for a time threatened to put every telephone in the city out of commission, as the storage batteries are in the basement.

Water in the storm sewers downtown had backed up to within a foot of the service, but rose no higher during the morning. Rain totaling 3.35 inches fell during Sunday afternoon and Sunday night, accompanied by a high wind, a severe electrical display and some hail.

Additional damage has been done to the wheat and in many fields the straw is blown about as if it were a feather over the top.

Train Service Annulled. Wichita Falls is practically isolated today so far as mail service is concerned. The Fort Worth & Denver tracks near Henrietta are under water for a distance of a mile; the Katy bridge over the Little Wichita River at the same place is out; the Pease River bridge over the Fort Worth & Denver north of Henrietta is out; there are no trains on the Wichita Falls & Northwestern as a result of the condition of the Red River bridge, which while still standing, is in a dangerous condition; on the Wichita Falls & Southern there are no trains, and the Little Wichita River washed out the tracks in the same place as in May; there is a washout on the Wichita Valley near Seymour. While mail reached this city yesterday, being delivered by way of Vernon and by way of Seymour, the additional washouts cut off those means of communication.

The property damage is not heavy at any one place, but will total many thousands of dollars when the losses are summed up. The loss in the southeastern portion of the city where sheeps and houses are under water and where furniture and machinery are flooded, will be very heavy, but is distributed over a wide section.

Some of the Fort Worth & Denver warehouse was demolished by the wind and some holes in the roof of the warehouse itself also resulted from the wind and rain.

At the J. C. Hunt elevator the warehouse was unroofed and a quantity of grain exposed to the elements. The plant of the Wichita Well works on Lee street was unroofed and much damage done by water.

The awning at the Nussbaum store, at 724 Indiana avenue was blown down. A smoke stack at Ball Brothers Jar

plant was blown down; this will not interfere with operations there. A large tent where a musical comedy company was to appear this week at Tenth and Ohio was blown down and the seats damaged.

A silo on the farm of B. B. Woodall, near this city, was blown down. Damage to the city light over the C. E. Heasley furniture store resulted in that place being flooded, but the resultant damage was slight. Trees and fences throughout the city were blown down.

The rain was declared to be the heaviest that ever visited this city, more than two inches being recorded in a very short time Sunday afternoon. The downpour approached the dimensions of a cloudburst and it was impossible to see more than 50 feet, so dense was the precipitation. In the midst of the torrent a transformer in the rear of a building at Ninth and Lamar resulted in a fire alarm being turned in and the department responding, going to the scene through the rain and hail.

Many Wichitans had recourse to their storm cellars, the high wind which accompanied the rain causing some alarm, which appears to have been not altogether unfounded. At Elctra about 20 derricks have been blown down and there was some damage at Potocia.

Conditions in the wheat fields are said to be deplorable. In many places the straw has been leveled by the wind and rain and a heavy loss is certain. Young cotton plants were washed out and the crop damage will be considerable. In some cases the straw has been leveled by the wind and rain and a heavy loss is certain.

The Wichita River has been a cause of considerable concern, but so far has done but little damage. There has been a steady cutting at the east bank of the river, however and a situation that may prove serious some day is resulting. Large crowds visited the river this morning, but found it well within its banks all along the front. Above this city the stream has overflowed considerable low ground and it is possible that the crest of the rise has not yet reached this city.

So far as outward appearances go, it is far from Holiday creek that the chief danger comes. More than a mile wide in places and covering a wide section of the city, it presents a spectacle today that is decidedly disquieting. There is a deep ravine that extends from the foot of Scott avenue through the industrial section to the creek and the overflow, backing rapidly up this depression, over-owed into lower Scott, Indiana and Ohio avenues. On Scott avenue the street itself is not under water, but the gutters are full of the back-water from the creek as far as Tenth street. From Eleventh street on Indiana and Twelfth street on Ohio and long avenues in Scott and Indiana, the water is over the streets.

Water in the basement of the southwestern Telephone Company's basement and for a time threatened to put every telephone in the city out of commission, as the storage batteries are in the basement. Water in the storm sewers downtown had backed up to within a foot of the service, but rose no higher during the morning.

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The awning at the Nussbaum store, at 724 Indiana avenue was blown down. A smoke stack at Ball Brothers Jar

Several dairies are located along Holiday creek and some of these were unable to serve their customers today, being cut off from town. Some of them could not even milk their cows on account of high water which cut the stock off from the houses; there may be a milk shortage as a result.

The water was over most of the lower railroad bridge, but the rails themselves in most places were not overtopped. At the Katy crossing on Holiday creek, the bridge is probably six inches above the water. The wagon bridge 100 yards ahead on the creek is five above the water level, but the eastern approach is several feet deep in water; in spite of this and the strong current, a number of wagons made their way across. Half a dozen automobiles were bogged on the west side of the bridge.

The cutting of the Denver bridge embankment was started about one o'clock this afternoon when Roadmaster Tom Riley and a gang of laborers made an eighteen-foot opening, though which a considerable portion of the water was drained off without making any appreciable situation during the first hour. Several hundred people witnessed the cutting of the embankment. D. B. Keeler, the president and general manager of the Fort Worth & Denver was advised of the situation this morning by M. A. Bundy, local agent, and gave orders for the embankment to be cut if deemed best.

This embankment acts as a dam to a certain extent; there being only a small outlet underneath the bridge and through this the water today was gushing like a mill race. The Denver has had several damage suits on account of the back-water being so high, but it is not certain as this is written that the cutting of the bank has relieved the situation to any extent.

The telephone company was no longer in danger of being cut off this afternoon, unless the water continues to rise. Steps have been taken to prevent interruption of service even if the storage batteries are out of commission today, however, as a result of the lightning and wind.

Damage at Lake Wichita. At Lake Wichita the damage has been considerable. The fishing pier is entirely under water and parts of it have been washed away. The lower portion of the boat pier is also under water and has probably suffered some damage. So far as the main dam is concerned, the water company officials were very optimistic and had only a small force on hand, their chief concern was in the behavior of the wind, which was blowing favorably during the morning; were it to change so as to drive the water against the earthen dam the situation would be more serious.

Reports were received today that the concrete dam at the spillway had gone out, but these were entirely unfounded and the structure is believed to be in no danger. The value of this spillway dam is being very forcibly demonstrated, as the water has been below the spillway, but much more extensive had this structure not been installed.

In Surrounding Counties. Archer, Clay and Willbarger counties have shared in the damage, but the worst has been in the county of Archer, where a report was current late Sunday that Newcastle had been visited by a severe storm, and that some damage had been done, as certain, as telephone communication with that section is cut off. The situation of the Wichita Valley tracks, the station is still more uncomfortable. The district just east of the tracks as far west as Texas street is under water to a depth of probably two and a half feet. Texas street is higher than the surrounding section and water has been running down it, abruptly into low ground, where the water is probably five feet deep. The home of Ollie Jalborne in this low ground, is in water up above the floor, while at the Curry farm several hundred yards further east, water is up above the roof of the barn.

In that portion east of the Wichita Valley tracks and in the region of the Farmers' Union warehouse and Wichita Falls compress, the small Indiana, Ohio and Scott avenues and heavy machinery and equipment has resulted. At the two compresses the cotton platforms were barely above the water's level and considerable damage to cotton resulted both here and in the two sides in that portion of the city. It was impossible to get into telephone communication with anyone in that section, all probably being busy saving what they could, and the exact amount of damage done cannot be ascertained at this time.

Near the Byers branch of the Wichita Valley, Holiday creek surrounded several houses, among them that of Yardmaster S. W. Davis of the Katy. Mr. Davis placed his family on a box car and moved them to town; his truck patch was ruined. Many residents of the overflowed district were still in their homes today with water several feet deep in their front yards. Some of these said they wanted to move out but had no place to go.

Families Moved Out. It was necessary to move families out from some of the houses, however, and this was effected by teams which were able to wade through the water. In the families moved out yesterday afternoon and went back later, believing the danger was past. During the night it was necessary for them to move out again.

The view from the Kemp and Keil buildings above Holiday creek covering a wide section of territory, but the aspect is not as serious as it appears, as the water is quite shallow over most of the overflowed section. Thousands of chickens have been drowned and some cattle have also lost their lives.

North of Vernon on the Denver, there are four bents washed out on the Pease River bridge, but it is believed this damage can be repaired in time to get the train through tonight. Passengers were being transferred yesterday, but a two foot rise came down the stream last night and it was not possible to make the transfers today. At noon the Pease River was reported receding slowly.

When the water was over most of the lower railroad bridge, but the rails themselves in most places were not overtopped. At the Katy crossing on Holiday creek, the bridge is probably six inches above the water.

500 DIE OF HUNGER IN MEXICO CITY

BEGGAR OF ALL KINDS INCLUDING STARVING MOTHERS THROUGH STREETS CRYING FOR FOOD

THOUSANDS ARE STARVING

Famine Unequalled Elsewhere in World Not Excepting Belgium

Mexico City (delayed), May 23.—All the horrors that have gone before in Mexico City since the revolution began are heavenly in comparison with the unprecedented famine that has now befallen this cut-off from the world capital.

While the revolutionists of the wretched country are roaming up and down the railroad lines carrying and destroying with the ferocity of locusts, Mexico City, severed from the still remaining areas of production is literally starving to death.

The scarcity of food supplies of the first necessity which began to make itself felt keenly in the early days of the unforgettable second Carranzista regime, has now reached a stage of famine unequalled elsewhere in the world, except possibly in Belgium, and certainly nothing in Belgium can be worse than the suffering and starvation in Mexico City.

The population of the capital is approximately five hundred thousand. If all the corn, frijoles, rice and cereals in the ears of the Spanish combed tomorrow by President Roque Gonzalez Garza for the relief of the hungry men, women and children of the poor and middle classes it is doubtful if each family would receive enough rations to last them twenty-four hours. The reason is that the food supply within the city has been practically exhausted and the so-called armies which possess all the lines of communication to the Vera Cruz are confiscating all the incoming corn, frijole and other foodstuffs for their own precious stomachs.

Under foot everywhere in the capital are the most insistent beggars in the world. Since the food supplies have almost completely run out, the beggars have increased a hundred fold. The infant central thoroughfares; every doorway is littered with them. In front of the restaurants and clubs they cluster, like flies and fairly get under their well-dressed patrons, importuning him with their pitiful appeals until he scatters his cartons among them.

The majority of the beggars in the streets of Mexico these days are "the mothers," so shrieved with hunger, their bodies are like raw hide and they have lost the last vestige of their humanity. They have literally taken the place of the street dogs, for they hang since at them.

Then there are the cripples, which the revolutionist's trappings has produced so numerously in every city, town and pueblo in central Mexico. They, too, crawl about in shreds of clothing and when you step around or over them, they thrust at you loathsome stumps of arms or legs and whine to you the love you may bear the few cents.

And in every street in the central part of Mexico City roam wretched children who are forever darting in and out of the throngs, crying for the little pieces of candy or something to eat.

When the starving peons are no longer able to shuffle about the streets, plucking you by the sleeve, entreating you to give them alms, they crawl into the doorways—like dogs—looking for scraps of food, and in the morning the city carts come along and dump as rubbish in the gutters the bodies of the starved and carried away.

The city which the starving women of the week have swarmed into the chamber of deputies, where the delegates to the so-called soberana convention (the sovereign convention) were exciting themselves into frenzy over pretty phrases and receiving from the depleted treasury 50 pesos a day for their extraordinary volubility.

In the middle of his peroration on the complete reconstruction of human society yesterday Antonio Diaz Soto Gama, the representative in the congress from the state of Yucatán, was stopped by an thrush of nearly a thousand famished women crying: "Corra, corn. In the name of the Virgin Mary, help us!"

Finally the soldiers cleared the elegant hallings of the intruders and the delegates resumed their opera bouffe.

The convention before it adjourned to spend the rest of the night swirling around the red light district in stolen automobiles. A North-south train, carrying a commission to Washington to ask President Wilson to recognize it as a government, and 50,000 pesos for purchasing cereals.

Out in the hills their army is fighting the battle for liberty by holding good trains, caravans and carts, murdering the occupants and taking the supplies.

From starvation alone since the first week of May the average daily death rate has jumped from scores to hundreds—the town council—that 500 persons are dying every day from hunger. It is also predicted by the untalented that within two weeks, unless communication is established with the producing states, the total will reach 1,000 daily.

WICHITA RIVER, HOLIDAY CREEK AND RED RIVER ARE FALLING

HIGHEST WATER IN WICHITA FALLS SINCE YEAR 1899

BURNETT STREET BRIDGE GOES OUT

12 SPANS OF WAGON BRIDGE AT BURKBURNETT ALSO SWEEP AWAY

RIVER ROSE ALL NIGHT

High Mark Reached at About 4 a. m. Back Water Now Receding—No Lives Lost

From Tuesday's Daily.

After reaching its highest stage since 1899, the Wichita River was receding slowly this afternoon. Holiday creek is falling more rapidly and there has been a partial resumption of train service. With relief measures well under way, the situation is much more cheerful Tuesday afternoon.

Seventy-five additional families were made homeless when the Wichita River went out of its banks at the foot of Scott, Indiana and Ohio avenues Monday afternoon and the junction of the river flood with the waters of Crescent Lake and those of East Lake put several dozen more houses in an uninhabitable condition. Two bridges have succumbed to the overflow, the Burnett street bridge in this city and the wagon bridge at Burburnett; the former went out at midnight and the latter in the early hours of the morning.

The river is falling very slowly, the Holiday creek was going down about as rapidly as it came up. The river at its highest stage was several inches deep on Indiana avenue just below Sixth street and had come some distance up Ohio and Scott. Just below the city the water backed up to the head of the old lake and the houses just off Seventh street across the lake were up to their eaves in water, while a number of homes on Adams street and in that vicinity have water four and five feet deep on the floors.

The rescue work was effected with little difficulty. Yesterday afternoon those in the district now flooded could see the water rising and all had ample time to get out. Some who doubt the swiftness with which the water came coming up, delayed matters until it was necessary for them to wade out carrying their effects. The water rose during the late hours of the afternoon and the early hours of the night with unusual swiftness and families who at three o'clock yesterday afternoon were not dreaming of danger saw their homes flooded before midnight.

All drays and transfer wagons that could be pressed into service were employed to carry out furniture and personal effects and the only trouble day after day was not dreaming of danger saw their homes flooded before midnight.

Lake Wichita was the cause of considerable concern to many people and about which numerous rumors as to the likelihood of the dam breaking had been in circulation throughout the day, never became dangerous, and had fallen about ten inches at noon today with prospects for a further fall from now on.

Very little additional rain fell Monday and late Tuesday night, the dark clouds cleared, indicating a cessation of the rain. The skies have been almost cloudless today and without additional rain the worst of the situation may be considered past.

Reports from over the county indicate that the damage to crops is severe, although in many fields there was little harm done. It is certain, however, that a large part of the crop was destroyed by Sunday afternoon's storm.

The storm at Newcastle Sunday afternoon was quite severe, blowing down several houses and some box cars, but the damage was much less judging from reports than in this city.

Good Natured Crews. Large crowds of people thronged the edges of the flooded areas, and the river banks last yesterday afternoon and this morning and everyone seemed quite good natured about the flood. Near the viaduct on Fourth street yesterday afternoon a boy threw his donkey through some deep water, then took up a collection. One man gave him a dollar for doing it and another dollar for a promise not to do it again. An old Irishman fell into the water near the viaduct and was pulled out by bystanders. He rolled down the embankment while engaged in a friendly scuffle with another man.

Present conditions in the flooded areas are rather distressing. In many of the houses the water has not receded from the ground floors, but in most of them it either is or has been a foot or two deep; in others it is still deeper and there are some homes that are almost entirely submerged. In those homes where furniture and effects were not removed, the occupants will have been drowned, but not much other live stock. One woman in the Holiday creek district refused to be moved from her home yesterday, until she had her dog, which was swimming around the back yard.

It was reported that a bay black apparently intact, was seen floating down the river yesterday, with a pig and two chickens safely ensconced thereon, but this is not confirmed. The present rise in the Big Wichita

River is not so red in color as most Wichita River floods, indicating that its source was back near the headwaters. Rises originating in the upper part of the river are not so muddy as those which originate in the lower part of the river.

Some striking views are to be had of the general flood situation from the roofs of the First National and City National buildings. Numerous pictures have been taken of various scenes in connection with the flood. Hand and gasoline pumps were in active demand today and the supply of suitable pumps was not adequate; these are being used to remove the water from basements and cellars where there is small chance for it to recede or evaporate.

WHEAT YIELD ESTIMATE

NEARLY BILLION BUSHELS

Washington, June 8.—The government's first crop report today shows the following:

Spring wheat, planted 19,248,000 acres; condition 94.9; estimated total production 4,000,000 bushels.

Winter wheat, condition 86.8; production 676,000,000 bushels.

All wheat acreage 59,472,000 acres; condition 88.2; production 390,000,000 bushels. Oats acreage 40,692,000; condition 92.2; production 1,346,000,000 bushels.

VILLA'S AGENT SUGGESTS TRUCE WITH CARRANZA

Victory of Litter's Forces at Leon It is Expected Will Make Acceptance Unlikely

By Associated Press.

El Paso, June 8.—The most significant feature of the Mexican situation today was the probable effect that the Carranza occupation of Leon yesterday will have on the proposal which Villa's agent made last night for a truce until Villa and Carranza can try to agree on President Wilson's suggestions. Gen. Oregon has occupied Leon. The last two months' fighting has resulted in Villa retiring about 126 miles northward.

SEVEN NEGRO FAMILIES LOST THEIR FURNITURE

Water Reached Eaves of Cabins on a Section of Adams Street

From Tuesday's Daily.

Seven negro families on Adams street lost all their furniture and personal belongings when their homes were inundated last night and they are in need of help. The water at its highest stage was up to the eaves of the cabins. J. H. Thomas, Will Brown, Joe Avery, Adams, Foreman, Stibbets and Lucas are the names in circulation of the people who were in need of help. An effort will be made to secure help from other negroes in the city.

SHOWING OF MIDSUMMER MILLINERY AT COLONNA'S

From Tuesday's Daily.

At the Colonna Toggery Shop last evening a bewitching display of midsummer millinery was exhibited for the admiration of the ladies and this fashion event exemplified the wisdom of the "Made in America" slogan, now heard on every hand. The most exquisite patterns shown were from shops of American designers and the millinery craftsmanship could not have been surpassed on either side of the water. The shops of Lichenstein, Mme. Modart, Louise and Pauline yielded their treasures in the beautiful creations around which the show was built.

A Pauline model was a large sailor hat with transparent brim, made of crepe maline ornamented with pearl beads. The model was quite without any vestige of a crown, a wide ribbon band of pink gros-grain ribbon resting on the hair in lieu of the customary crown. In another hat was well as the artistry of our American designers well exemplified. This hat was designed by Lichenstein, built on the lines of the Pauline model above described. The large transparent brim was ornamented with pink pearl beads, one-half inch in diameter, and a drap of ribbon hung to the shoulders, from the brim, being caught across the crown in the recently affected fashion.

This showing of American designs was largely attended and many compliments on the lovely feminine head-pieces were heard on all sides. Souvenirs were given to all attending.

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By Associated Washing hours at morning's this brief

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GERMAN NOTE READY TO GO

DEMANDS AMERICAN PASSENGERS BE TRANSFERRED TO PLACE OF SAFETY

PUT IN FINAL FORM

Only Few Changes In Phraseology Adopted After Discussion at Cabinet Meeting

By Associated Press.
Washington, June 8.—After two hours discussion of the note to Germany at a cabinet meeting this morning Secretary Tumulty said the direction of President Wilson issued this brief statement:

"The note was gone over and discussed and put in final form. It probably will go forward to Berlin tomorrow."

The cabinet members uniformly refused to discuss the note. It was learned definitely that only a few slight changes in phraseology have been made. The note was taken up in the same form in which it came after Secretary Bryan had spent several hours on it following his conference with the president yesterday. Cabinet members yesterday said that while a few words possibly might be changed the tenor of the note would be unchanged. Secretary Bryan was an hour late at the cabinet meeting. He explained that he had been detained by important business.

The president explained that there had been no delays of any kind in the preparation of the note and that he had brought only a rough draft of it to the cabinet meeting. He said that there had been all sorts of suggestions when the cabinet last met. The general character of the document, however, he said had not been modified and he believed it had the approval of the entire cabinet. He explained that he had been detained by important business.

The president today gave no inkling of the contents of the note believing that forecasts might set up a misconception abroad. The arrival of the German note at the state department and the attack on the Gulfport and asking further information concerning the dropping of bombs on the Cushing was referred to the president as "not uneffectual." These two cases, however, do not affect the main principles for which the United States is contending—that Americans on unarmed merchant ships of every nationality shall be transferred to a place of safety before any prize is destroyed.

EXTENSION OF EMPIRE

GERMANS' EXPECTATION

King Ludwig of Bavaria Sees More Favorable Communications With the Sea

By Associated Press.
Amsterdam, June 8.—Extension of the German empire beyond the old frontier "to secure it against further attacks" was predicted by King Ludwig of Bavaria in an address yesterday before the Canal League, according to a telegram from Munich. The king said in his address:

"When the English declared war I said 'I am glad because now we can settle accounts with our enemies; but last year we can hope to get more favorable communications with the sea for central and south Germany.' Ten months have elapsed and much precious blood has been spent but it will not have been in vain. The proof of the war will be in the strengthening of the empire with extensions beyond the old frontier so far as is necessary to secure it against further attacks. He who marches with us (I mean Austria-Hungary and Turkey) will rejoice but not so false friends, who are making friendship with us strike us behind our backs."

HOLLANDER COMING TO PRESENT PEACE PLAN

Will Ask U. S. to Join Other Neutral Countries in Effort to Restore Peace

By Associated Press.
Washington, June 8.—President Wilson said that he had learned only through newspapers of Van Ghell Geldemester, who arrived here yesterday in the interests of neutral nations in the European war. The president added, however, that individual officials might have information concerning Van Ghell Geldemester's trip here.

Announcement was made from Amsterdam last night of the dispatch of Van Ghell Geldemester, one of the most prominent citizens of Holland, here for a conference with American officials over plans to restore peace between the warring nations of Europe. It is understood he is coming as a representative of a conference of the neutral nations. It is reported he will lay a plan for an attempt to bring before the American government and ask this government to take the lead in the proposals.

GERMAN SUBMARINE CAUSES DEATH OF 16

One Belgian and Three Norwegian Steamers Among Victims of Under Sea Boats

By Associated Press.
London, June 8.—The Belgian steamer, Mempatier has been sent to the bottom by a German torpedo north of Foreland. Out of 36 persons on board only six were saved. The captain, his wife and his daughter, the first mate and the pilot and 12 members of the crew lost their lives.

The Belgian steamer Mempatier was of 1,425 tons net register and was 218 feet long. It was built in Sunderland in 1908 and was owned in Antwerp.

GERMAN TRANSPORTS SUNK IN THE GULF OF RIGA

By Associated Press. Petrograd, June 8.—An official announcement says that a naval engagement in the Gulf of Riga resulted in sinking several German transports and a large ship not named. The Russians lost one auxiliary ship.

GERMANS CLAIM ANOTHER IMPORTANT VICTORY

Baltic Provinces Scene of Latest Success Claimed by Teutonic Allies

By Associated Press.
London, June 8.—Victories of the German forces in the Baltic provinces of Russia as important as those in Galicia are claimed in reports published in Berlin today. No details, however, and the campaign in those provinces is not mentioned in the Petrograd dispatches.

The Italian forces continue to advance a considerable part of the army already having crossed the Isonzo. Reports from Vienna indicate that a decisive engagement with the Italians is being deferred by the Austrian forces.

160,000 MEN ARE UNDER ARMS IN REPUBLIC MEXICO

Four Years of Revolt Have Cost More Than \$34,000,000—More Than 75,000 Killed

El Paso, Texas.—During the four years of revolt that has swept over Mexico, it has cost the warring factions approximately \$34,000,000 to equip and maintain the various armies in the field. Had the money been divided among the natives of the southern republic, every man, woman and child, including the Indians would receive \$24, writes B. B. Caddie.

Since Francisco Madero launched his campaign against Porfirio Diaz there has been at least 250,000 men under arms. The fighting forces are ever enlisting recruits, and many of those who have seen service on the field of battle have returned to their various occupations and new men have taken their places at the front. It is estimated that at all times since the Diaz campaign there have been 150,000 men with the various fighting forces. At present there are 160,000 men under arms.

Gen. Francisco Villa, leader of the north, at present has the largest army. He announces that he has 60,000 men under his command.

Equipped Via Juarez.
The Villa army is equipped and fed through the Juarez agency. The purchasing agents for the machine guns most of their buying through American manufacturers and wholesalers. The supplies are to a large extent shipped to the various distributing points through the ports of El Paso and Juarez.

Gen. Obregon is said to have 40,000 men in his army. His supplies are shipped through the port of Vera Cruz and other points now held by the Carranza troops.

\$350 a Year For Ammunition.
As an inducement, every Mexican soldier receives at least \$350 (gold) worth of ammunition each year. This figure will soon be increased because of the jump in the price of cartridges and guns since the outbreak of the European war. Prior to the European war, becoming involved in warfare ammunition could be purchased by Mexico for \$22 a thousand. Since that time the price has more than doubled, it costing \$45 a thousand at the present time.

Since the outbreak of the revolution four years ago more than 75,000 men have met their death on the battlefields and nearly 10,000 have been maimed for life through being desperately wounded. Fully 50,000 women have become widows, and thousands of boys and girls left orphans.

JITNEY BOAT SERVICE LATEST IN WICHITA FALLS

Verne Clifton Rows Into Town From Farm and Ties Boat at Tenth Street

Verne Clifton and several others living on the east side of Holliday creek rowed to town in a rowboat yesterday afternoon coming up Scott avenue and tying up their boat at Tenth street. The distance from the Clifton farm to Tenth street where the boat was tied up is nearly three miles. One man is reported to have come down from the spillway to Tenth street in a boat.

Boat service supplemented jitney service on lower Scott, Indiana and Ohio avenues yesterday afternoon and last night a boatman with a route in that district reaped a rich harvest of dimes and nickels. Boats were also plying this morning in Crescent and East Lakes and in the parts of town overflowed by the river.

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By Associated Press.
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VILLA FORCES ARE DEFEATED AT LEON

REPORTS FROM CONSUL SILLIMAN AT VERA CRUZ CONFIRM PREVIOUS REPORTS

By Associated Press.
Washington, June 8.—Advices to the state department today from Vera Cruz transmitted by wireless message from Tampico reported the capture of Tuxpan by Villa forces Sunday. One British citizen was killed and four were wounded during the fighting. F. C. Jones was killed. Thomas Mallard and Mrs. Mallard, their infant child and A. P. Graves were wounded while seeking cover.

Consul Silliman at Vera Cruz reported today that General Obregon's victory over the Villa forces at Leon appeared to be confirmed. He said that it was reported Obregon had lost his right arm in the fighting.

SIX FRAME BUILDINGS BURN AT BURKBURNETT

All Buildings On One Side of Street in Block Destroyed By Fire Monday Night

From Tuesday's Daily.
Six frame business houses at Burk Burnett were destroyed by fire about 1 o'clock last night, resulting in several thousand dollars loss. The buildings were on the south side of the principal street and included a grocery store, pool hall, two barber shops and two restaurants. The fire started in one of the restaurants and burned west until it reached Medford's grocery, a brick building where, with the aid of a bucket brigade and a gasoline pump, it was extinguished. D. P. McCracken's grocery store, Cannon's pool hall, two barber shops and two restaurants were wiped out.

The following are estimates of the losses with the amount of insurance in each case:

M. Dobson, building, restaurant and barber shop fixtures, loss \$1,150. No insurance.

W. T. Schriebe, et al, building and barber shop, loss \$1,000. No insurance.

W. A. Cannon, building, pool room fixtures, loss \$2,800, insurance \$8,000.

D. P. McCracken, building and grocery store, loss \$3,500, insurance \$1,575.

Phillips and Ferguson, butcher shop fixtures, loss \$500, covered by insurance.

Watkins and Harding, building, loss \$700. No insurance.

Medlock Grocery Company, water damage \$300, insured.

There were a number of other minor losses including damage to the Burk Burnett telephone company, part of which are covered by insurance.

ANOTHER FACTORY ARISES IN MEXICO

San Diego, Cal., June 8.—Telegrams from Lázaro to Rear Admiral Howard report the entire southern district of Lower California under the control of a neutral Mexican faction except San Jose Del Cabo, which is a Villa officer holds.

London.—The new Baron de Reuter is a private in Kitson's army. He has the title because by permission of Queen Victoria his grandfather was granted the right to it though conferred in Germany.

MILITARY DISCIPLINE IN ENGLISH FACTORY

Glasgow Herald Believes This is the Only Measure That Will Be Effective

Glasgow.—Charges that the supply of war munitions is being held up by the attitude of workmen in the industrial districts are supported by the Glasgow Herald which has made an extensive investigation of the situation in the Glasgow district.

The newspaper's investigators report that in their opinion the whole issue of the war is being jeopardized by the attitude of the workmen, by manipulation of work by dissatisfied workmen. The following example is given:

"One of the practices of piece workers is to drag out an operation for which they are getting what they think is too low a price until it takes two or three days to complete. They ask for a higher price on the strength of this and when they have got the price up to the point they consider sufficient they turn to and get the work done in a fraction of the previous time in order to earn the money."

"Such proceedings in ordinary times are part of the standing struggle between employers and employees. But in war time the result is more serious and develops into disloyalty to the state and a danger to the community."

"Nor is that all. These men not only will not work themselves but they will not allow others to work. The restrictions with regard to unskilled labor are maintained in some of the shops with unobtainable rigidity, and the effect is most seriously felt in the munition factories where the need of increased output is most urgent."

In certain shops, it is alleged, row after row of machines may be seen idle with men idle beside them, willing to work, but forbidden by the shop rules of the engineering unions.

The Herald calls for the establishment of military discipline in all establishments engaged on war material, and it suggests that the necessary authority to handle the situation might with propriety be put into the hands of the local armaments committees, which have been established by public spirited citizens in most of the industrial districts in an effort to accelerate the work of providing supplies for the front.

A constructive scheme which has been drawn up in Glasgow for the elimination of the present difficulties makes the following proposals:

"Rates of wages and standards of remuneration to remain as they are at present, and no changes to be permitted until further notice."

"The functions of trades unions in regard to the enforcement of trade rights to be suspended during the war."

"Local armaments committees to act in each district as courts of appeal by workmen against hardships caused by employers."

"No association of employers to act in any way with regard to labor conditions."

"Local armaments committees to have effective labor representation, with full power to fine employers, to safeguard skilled trades rights, to regulate the use of unskilled labor, and to settle the conditions of remuneration."

The central committee and the local committees to be formally constituted as business organizations with full powers under the defense of the Realm Act to organize industrial and labor resources."

VILLA'S MEN TAKE TAMPICO

British Citizen Was Killed In Attack and Four Others Were Reported Wounded

By Associated Press.
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Consul Silliman at Vera Cruz reported today that General Obregon's victory over the Villa forces at Leon appeared to be confirmed. He said that it was reported Obregon had lost his right arm in the fighting.

CONDITION OF KING OF GREECE IS WORSE

Unfavorable Change Is Reported in Dispatches From Athens Received at Rome

By Associated Press.
Rome, via Paris, June 8.—The Messagero had received a news dispatch from Athens saying the condition of King Constantine changed for the worse.

By Associated Press.
Austin, Texas, June 8.—In the first formal charge to a grand jury in the newly created district court here, Judge A. S. Fisher asked that all state departments and state institutions be investigated that the anti-trust law be given careful attention; that the anti-lobby law be given consideration and that grand jurors take into consideration that while "open bribery may not be practiced about legislation it is the duty of grand jurors to investigate the influencing of legislation such as poker games and purported sales for example. The charge was regarded as one of the most unusual ever delivered in a local court, attention being called to the peculiar jurisdiction of Travis county where the state officers are located to the fact that legislative committees often usurp the duties of grand juries and their investigations being political while grand jury investigations are based entirely on justice.

INSTRUCTS GRAND JURY TO PROBE LEGISLATION

New District Judge at Austin Creates Stir as Result of Instructions to Jurors

By Associated Press.
Austin, Texas, June 8.—In the first formal charge to a grand jury in the newly created district court here, Judge A. S. Fisher asked that all state departments and state institutions be investigated that the anti-trust law be given careful attention; that the anti-lobby law be given consideration and that grand jurors take into consideration that while "open bribery may not be practiced about legislation it is the duty of grand jurors to investigate the influencing of legislation such as poker games and purported sales for example. The charge was regarded as one of the most unusual ever delivered in a local court, attention being called to the peculiar jurisdiction of Travis county where the state officers are located to the fact that legislative committees often usurp the duties of grand juries and their investigations being political while grand jury investigations are based entirely on justice.

'WE WANT CORN' CRY

THOUSANDS OF MEXICANS

Mexico City, May 22.—(By mail)—The national convention chamber here has been the scene of the wildest disorder for the last three days. Hungry hordes of men, women and children have stormed the chamber crying for food. Of ten thousand persons gathered outside the chamber today asking for food, 300 had to be carried off on stretchers. Shouts of "We want corn" at times drowned all other sounds in the chamber and even a show of bayonets and firing by soldiers over the heads of the mobs failed to check their vain and piteous appeals. The American Red Cross was kept busy carrying off women, children and aged men who had fainted.

Acting President Garza made a speech to the deputies and a portion of the mob telling them the treasury was empty and the fields laid waste by the revolution and the only hope was for all Mexicans to lay down their arms and fill the fields. Repeatedly the crowd shouted as he proceeded "We are hungry, we want corn."

It is estimated that unless relief comes 12,000,000 persons are in danger of starvation.

COURT REFORM CONFERENCE MEETS WITH FAVOR

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, June 7.—The proposition to hold a conference at Dallas next fall during the State Fair to discuss court reform was being discussed with interest here today.

Former State Senator E. G. Senter, who has been studying court reform and practice in Texas for many years has announced he proposes to make the matter a state issue and will stump the State endeavoring to have legislators elected pledged to vote for court reform.

WAR FAVORABLE TO GERMANS SO FAR

BRITISH MILITARY EXPERT ADMITS GERMANS HAVE HAD THE BEST OF IT

Major Redway would also like to see the superfluous personnel of government weeded out and sent to the front. The censors, for example, more than a thousand in number, could mostly be disposed with, he thinks, and sent to do duty in the trenches.

"It is no longer becoming to flaunt our luxurious habits in the face of a world in arms," he urges, "of course, it would be false economy to allow our wounded to lie on straw and remain uncared for weeks, as the Serbians do from lack of means. But on the other hand, a census of able-bodied men who are employed in connection with hospitals, rest camps, rest camps and recreation establishments would prove a revelation. Even the occupants of the war office and the hundreds of staff offices throughout the kingdom could be winnowed with great advantage, including such establishments as the censors' office. The personnel attached to general headquarters are always too liberally employed, especially in camps where operations are few and far between."

MUST FIGHT FIRE WITH FIRE

Urges Use of Gas Bombs and Other Weapons Not Countenanced by Hague Convention

London, June 8.—"It is no use to cry over spilled milk; let us admit frankly that our first and second campaigns against Germany have been failures and start a new one," writes Major G. W. Redway, a well known British military expert, to the Daily Mail, urging the seriousness of the war situation and the necessity of a complete reversion to the British plan of campaign on a broader and far more intensive basis.

Major Redway puts it even stronger. "The contest, if now stopped," he declares, "would be decided in favor of the Austro-German alliance. German science has been opposed by British inertia and science has won."

"It is very difficult to be precise in suggestions which may savor of criticism, because this war is not a British war primarily, and our gallant ally across the channel must always figure as the senior partner in the enterprise. That the French have upheld their old reputation as dashing fighters is evidenced by their losses uncomparably borne; but it was much to be desired that we could as easily recognize the value of General Joffre's strategy."

Major Redway's criticism of the French campaign is that it has been too frequently aimless and resultless. He says:

"The evasion of General Joffre last August prevented a decisive action being fought, but the evasion of course involved abandonment of territory. The French evacuation of their ten northern departments enabled the Germans to extend and fortify a frontier which now seems impenetrable.

"Behind this barrier German industry has assembled all manner of means and devices to prevent its recapture and to support fresh enterprises to be undertaken at leisure. Offensive strategy coupled with defensive tactics has once more justified the maxims of Napoleon and so far as the operations on land in the west are concerned the war is over in a technical sense. The decisive action that was practicable last year is no longer possible and we need not inquire into the causes of certain experiments that have cost England an army of more than 8,000 men during the winter months.

"It is now not only a question of nerves, as the Germans told us long ago, but a question of will. We are confronted with the same kind of problem as the one that baffled us for long in South Africa. We have to do with an enemy whose ways are not our ways, and now as then, we must consider whether it is better to be whipped for our fine old sporting methods or whether we will take a leaf out of the enemy's book and fight him at his own game.

"In regard to tactics it is evident that we should deprive ourselves of holding in the ships of weapons and munitions that will injure and alarm the enemy's troops. The Hague rules may yet serve strange purposes; the rule once broken may prove to be a good one; deliberate shooting on shore who first resorted to savage warfare."

GREAT BATTLEFIELD ALONG RIVER SAN DESCRIBED

Washington, June 7.—Galicia's great battlefield along the course of the River San is described in today's War Primer of the National Geographic Society.

"The broken banks of the River San have taken their place among the world's greatest battlefields of all times through the determined Russian investment and capture of Przemyśl in 1914, and more especially, through the recent continuous days of battle between the Austro-German armies, headed toward Lemberg and the Russian armies, bound for the open plains of the Dual Monarchy beyond the Carpathians. On the banks of the San, hundreds of thousands of men have been fighting bitterly back and forth; and the little stream of such slight peace importance as to have escaped notice of all the leading writers of English reference, henceforward will live in history's annals as long as the memory of the names of the fields of Waterloo and Gettysburg.

"The San, a right bank tributary of the Vistula River, is about 300 miles long. It rises in the East Beskides, flowing first through a very narrow valley, full of whistling mounds and scenery. The river becomes navigable at Przemysl. From the point of this famous Austrian stronghold, shallow draft boats and poled scows carry forest and agricultural produce to the Vistula. Behind Przemysl, the river is a mountain stream and one of the most attractive in northern Europe.

"About 20 miles north of Przemysl the San at Jaroslaw, reaches the open plain. From this point, the river turns north west, joining the Vistula on the borders of Galicia and Russian Poland. Between Jaroslaw, south to Przemysl, where the heaviest fighting of the past weeks has taken place, the country is rough, often sharply broken at the river and offering many opportunities for military defense. Beyond Przemysl, toward the river's source, the San zigzags from a point about 30 miles to the west, whence it comes from the south and southeast. During the spring freshets and again, during the rainy autumn seasons, the valley of the San often suffers from severe floods. The San is joined by a number of small mountain tributaries, which add to the intricate markings of the great battlefield."

WILL NOT PASS ON FRANK'S APPLICATION THIS WEEK

Special to The Times. Atlanta, Ga., June 7.—The Georgia prison commission announced today that it does not expect to pass on Leo M. Park's application for a commutation of sentence before next Monday.

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We are loaning our money in this community for the upbuilding and development of this same community.

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A MEETING WITH A PURPOSE.
 Houston Post.
 Houston has entertained many conventions, but rarely has she been hostess to one which plans on so large a scale, and the legislation of which affects so large a constituency as does the great convention of Baptists just closing its session in her great auditorium, confessedly the greatest building ever offered to the convention as a meeting place.
 Such a gathering is inspiring, because its purposes are wholly unselfish. No taint of sordid commercialism is to be found anywhere in its efforts, plans or purposes. They are evident to any intelligent looker-on, and the banners on the walls and the inscriptions which fill bulletin boards and other methods of announcement, and the legislation adopted and plans mapped out, leave no doubt that one supreme dominant, controlling, exclusive purpose is in the minds of the delegates, and that is to spread the Gospel of Jesus Christ, and by service to mankind interpret and illustrate his teachings and fulfill his commands.
 Inspired by that unselfish purpose, thousands of men and women traveled far and spent of their own earnings and gave their valuable time.
 There is no public treasury from which they may appropriate per diem or mileage. They are messengers at their own expense, who have come on a mission of service to others. There is much meaning in such a gathering. Its significance can not be overestimated.
 Whether any man does or does not profess allegiance to any religious denomination, whether or not he even believes in Christianity, he must concede that those who have gathered as members of a great religious organization have done so in obedience to profound conviction and unquestioning faith in the religion they profess.
 There is not a purpose expressed, not a plan laid, not a motto on the walls, not an inscription on a banner, that does not make clear that the purposes of the convention are exalted and unselfish, and that its aim is to help to serve and promote personal and public righteousness and the social welfare.
 Men do not give and serve in such a cause unless their motives are pure and their purposes worthy, and every noble and unselfish service has its inspiration in some divine source.
 The purposes of the convention, so evident, so comprehensive and meaning so much for millions of people, so utterly free from thought of gain or greed or profit, must have a widespread influence for good.
 Every work of helpful service, every sacrifice made for the good of others, is touched and tinged by heaven's impress and belongs in the realm of the spiritual, and when the motives of the thousands, who day after day and year after year toil and plan and give, is searched out and traced to those who do not believe in it, but they are not among the Baptist guests of Houston. Their faith in its power is fervent and unquestioning, as is their faith in its divinity and resurrection.
 They have seen to change men's lives, have seen it kindle the desire for political liberty in oppressed lands, have seen it convert barbarians into civilized and useful citizens, have seen it revolutionize social, moral and spiritual conditions of millions, and they know his preached word will not return unto him void.
 The experience of nearly 2,000 years has proven that no word has ever moved men and women to reach out to help others and the devotees of no other faith can point to such achievements, and every faith must be judged by its fruits.
 Seed are being sown in Houston which will bring forth fruit as fountains of life to nations and generations in the day of the eternal reign.
 There should be some organized effort to relieve those who have been forced out of their homes by the high water. Many of them were compelled to leave their household effects in their homes, and in many instances the high water has made them almost worthless. Some of these people are out of work and out of funds, and need assistance. It occurs to The Times that the more fortunate people of this city should do something toward the relief of the less fortunate. For this purpose, those who have investigated think as much as \$2,000 should be raised and turned over to a competent relief committee to be disbursed as the committee see proper.
 The Awanti, a Socialist organ, says that the nations now at war have lost 5,850,000 men. Doubtless the figures are correct. At any rate, it has secured its figures from the reports sent out by the different nations as to the number of the enemy killed and captured after each battle, since the war started, then the figures given are certainly very conservative. However, if we take the official re-

ports as given out by the Germans and the allies, as to their own losses, the figures given above would be much less.
MEN WHO VOTED FOR AND AGAINST THE GIBSON BILL.
 Here are men who refused to be cajoled, bought or intimidated, and who resisted all efforts made to repeal the Robertson insurance law:
 The "No" Vote: E. P. Conner, Brownwood; S. B. Cowell, Whitesboro; H. L. Darwin, Cooper; Claude Hudspeth, El Paso; W. A. Johnson, Memphis; O. S. Lattimore, Fort Worth; T. H. McGregor, Austin; John M. Henderson, Daingerfield; J. C. McNealus, Dallas; C. W. Nugent, Conroe; Paul D. Page, Bastrop; A. C. Robbins, Athens; Lon A. Smith, Henderson; Will D. Sulter, Winboro; W. J. Townsend, Jr., Lufkin; Ed. Westbrook, Farmerville; James R. Willey, Saint Jo.
 Here are the men who tried to repeal a law that has been on the statute books of Texas for seven years, and who had no authorization, request or instruction from the people of Texas that would excuse or explain their vote:
 The "Aye" Vote: J. R. Astin, Bryan; John H. Bailey, Cuero; Carlos Bee, San Antonio; Hugh Brelford, Eastland; L. E. Clark, Schulenburg; F. M. Gibson, Bonham; Jas. H. Harley, Seguin; Hugh Harris, Temple; S. M. King, Nacogdoches; A. R. McCollum, Waco; W. C. Morrow, Hillsboro; Archie Parr, San Diego; L. H. Bailey, Houston; W. L. Hall, Wharton.
 These men on both sides will be remembered by the people of Texas. Their names will be indelibly impressed on the legislative records of the state.
 Never in the state's history has there been such an effort made to emasculate a law that the people approved and to substitute a clumsy makeshift that met the approval of a few life insurance companies located in New York City.
 The governor of the state, although making his campaign pledged to the Robertson insurance law, forced every power at his command to force the Gibson bill through the senate.
 For weeks he has wasted the state's time in an effort to compel destructive legislation at a special session, instead of devoting his energies to constructive work so badly needed.
 Big life insurance companies have spent thousands of dollars for lobbying and legal fees in connection with the Gibson bill instead of complying with the laws of the state, which place no real burden on them, and which are being obeyed by 58 other companies.
 Home insurance companies have been attacked and the virtues of the self-offered outside companies extolled by these intent on destroying both a good law and home investments.
 The whole fight was unnecessary, untimely and a reflection upon those who made the attempt to kill a good law.
 Men have been accused on both sides of being actuated wholly by mercenary motives, and insinuations and innuendoes have filled the legislative records.
 Now that it is over let these two facts remain in the people's mind:
 There was and is no demand for the repeal of the Robertson insurance law.
 Also bear in mind this prediction: The very companies that have spent so much money fighting for the repeal of the Robertson law will be back in the state within two years' time, obeying it to the letter, and again realizing a rich harvest of insurance premiums.
 The 75 per cent of legal reserve on Texas premiums which they are required to invest in this state is only 40 per cent of the actual money we send them in paying our premiums.
 Why shouldn't they invest that little in the state that so well protects their every investment and furnishes them the money with which to make the investment?—Houston Chronicle.
 Since the rains have ceased and the high waters are receding, the reports from the country as to damage to crops are far more encouraging than was anticipated. While it is true that some wheat and oat crops have been damaged by hail and excessive rains to the extent that no attempt will be made to harvest them, those who make it their business to investigate as thoroughly as possible into such matters, place the damage to wheat and oat crops the county over from too much rain at from 20 to 30 per cent, and if it is no greater than this, and the weather continues favorable for a week or ten days, the yield the county over for wheat and oats will be considerable above the average.
 It is generally conceded that had there not been many obstructions on Holliday Creek the flood waters would have gone into the Wichita river more rapidly, and the back-water would not have covered so much territory, reaching a stage never before heard of—not even at the time the dam at Lake Wichita broke and let all the water in the Lake flow out. It is also remembered that the Wichita river was also about as high at that time as it was on this occasion. Though Holliday Creek did not get as high by two or three feet. It is understood, however, that steps are being taken to relieve the situation by having the outlets through which the water passes widened. And when that is done there need be little or no fear that Holliday Creek will ever again reach the high stage as it did this time.

CAN GERMANY BE SEATEN?
 Millions of lives have been sacrificed and billions of more have been squandered, but no invading force has placed foot upon German soil, and no reversal at arms has served to temper the German spirit. The anti-patriotic disposition of socialists and peace-seekers has failed to materialize. The mighty military machine seems only to have hardened into a yet greater efficiency. Prussia still dominates the empire, and the certainty of queer triumph which at first possessed the minds of her people has been supplanted by a determination never to be beaten which is even more formidable. There is no lack of money or munitions of war; new submarines are being built in greater numbers and more rapidly than by the allies; despite pretenses to the contrary for political effect, food is plentiful and exceptional harvest seem assured; finally, the possibility of co-ordinating Germany is more today than it was at the beginning of the war; to fear the contrary is to ignore the facts.
 The bitter truth is that in all large essentials the hopes of the allies have been disappointed one after another. France was to occupy her lost provinces forthwith; she is still fighting defensively upon her own soil. Unprepared Britain was to raise and train an immense army for service in Flanders. "Time" was "fighting for the allies." The real war was to begin in May. In point of fact, it began earlier at Neuve Chapelle, where apparent victory was made appallingly disastrous by incompetent British generalship, and the German army a steady gainer in the past six weeks.
 At last—and in this there may be a gleam of hope—England is beginning to realize that she can not reasonably expect to "muddle through." Hatred and conservatism seems to have become an inevitable necessity. The lower classes are far from enthusiastic; thousands are reconciled to the bitterness of their hard lot through the war-time increase in wages; workmen are either scarce or unwilling to perform their part. The government is trying to hold itself up by its bootstraps—George Harvey in the North American Review.
 Where the great British fleet is or what it is doing except to bury itself in barnacles nobody knows. It is now generally conceded that adequate preparations for the futile attack upon the forts of the Danzig straits had not been made and the ships were sunk or fled to no purpose. The deadly German warships circumnavigate the British Isles without let or hindrance. Already ninety-one merchantmen and travelers have been sent to the bottom, and, besides, the great fleet from the German government, there could not be or at any rate there was not a "pajed from the great number of warships a single convoy for the doomed Lusitania." It is to be wondered at that the "warship" "Lusitania" should declare that "never before has the fullness of the British navy been exposed so pitifully," and that Dr. Eugene Kuhnemann, one of the "Evangelical German Professors," should add, exultingly and in a tone of triumph, "First, that Germany is determined and has the power to crush any nation that tries to starve her out; second, that the prestige of the English navy is gone forever."
 It is still, as we said ten months ago, "inconceivable that Germany shall triumph," but it is no less certain, from the standpoint of the allies, that the prospect is laden with gloom and foreboding and the end is afar off.—Houston Post.
WHY TEXAS WAS DIVIDED INTO EIGHTEEN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.
 The Waco Tribune, of which splendid newspaper Senator A. R. McCollum is editor, in an editorial article explains why the legislature failed to restrict the State into eighteen congressional districts and places the blame for the failure to do so (in the opinion of The Times), where it properly belongs:
 As a rule, in legislative bodies, whether state or national, the agreement reached by a conference committee is accepted by both House and Senate, and with good reason. For a conference committee is the last resort, or the only one, in the settlement of differences. It is exceedingly rare, as before said, that either body rejects the agreement reached by its members on the conference committee. The Senate did not do so this time. Twice in succession, on last Friday, did it accept the compromise agreement and said to the House: "All right, gentlemen of the House." This compromise agreement is not just what we of the Senate wanted, but we will accept it in order that restricting may be accomplished. The state ought to be re-districted. Join with us in agreement and let us perform this duty, which the people of Texas have commanded us to perform.
 But the House said in effect: "No, the compromise does not suit us and we will not agree to it, even if we did have equal voice on the conference committee." The House refused point blank. Then, the second time, when it had to face the music, it got out of the matter, at midnight on Friday, by breaking a quorum, so no vote could be had, and then adjourned. That ended it, and it looks now as though restricting will have to be delayed until 1917—unless another extra session is held and Governor Ferguson shall again bring the matter to the attention of the legislature.
 Will the executive do that? It is open to doubt. There are many powerful reasons why he should not do so. I shall be surprised if he does. Thus the matter is left as it was, as it has been for four years.
 Why was the House obstructive? Why did it balk the restricting movement? Those are questions I am unable to answer, but I can say that of that branch of the legislature—notably those members who opposed the conference agreement and finally those who jumped the town or at least absented themselves from the Capitol that night—and thus broke the quorum and effectually prevented any further legislation. The general belief at Austin, expressed freely in and out of the Capitol, was that such action was chiefly, if not entirely, due to the vaulting ambition of certain mem-

bers of the House, who want to go to Congress from certain sections of Texas.
 Why should they act thus, why prevent redistricting? Because the districts as shaped did not suit them. They feared the result of an election in those districts would not be as they desired, and so they were willing to prevent any redistricting at all.
 That is what many people called it, and that is what I call it. Texas should have been divided into eighteen congressional districts, no matter what the ambition of any man in or out of the legislature or of his friends—no matter whether a district contained a "pro" or "anti" majority. The failure and at this particular time, to redistrict was in marked degree reprehensible.
 Who are the legislators who stood in the way? I do not care to risk the perils of the Texas libel law by printing names in the Tribune. Times are hard enough without inviting the probability of having to pay money damages. The men who are said to be chiefly responsible are fairly well known. Some men joined in the work who I did not believe would do so. But they did, and if public opinion does not hold them to account I shall always think it odd.
 But it is over now and let us drop the subject for the present. As said above, it is not very likely that the governor will recommend action of any subsequent special session of the forty-fourth legislature. He will have good reasons for not bringing the matter up again, and I expect to see it lie dormant until the thirty-fifth legislature meets in January, 1917. The Eleventh and all the other districts stand as they are until further notice and favorite sons who want to go to congress can get busy. So can Jeff McLemore and Cyclone Davis at large.
 But you may expect to see some new and untried men in the race next year. It is said the Senate has no less than thirteen members who aspire. How many in the House I do not venture to guess.
 According to an Amsterdam report the Prussian losses in the war now raging were up to June 4th, 1,338,000. England, France and Germany, it is safe to assert, have losses fully as great, if not greater.
 Though the Wichita river is not as high by four or five feet as it has been on several occasions during the past twenty-four years, Holliday creek, which empties into the river a half mile below the city is higher than was ever known, the back-water reaching as far up on Scott avenue as Tenth street. Should the dam at Lake Wichita give way now there is no doubt that the main business section of the city would be flooded. Just what causes this is not known, but some attribute it to the fact that there are one or two bridges spanning Holliday Creek that are holding the water back, preventing it from flowing into the river as rapidly as it would, if there were no bridges to interfere with the flow. Many families residing in that part of the city have been forced to move out to higher ground.
 The esteemed Dallas News, in commenting on the defeat of the Gibson bill, and also on Governor Ferguson's position, says among other things in commending the position of Governor Ferguson: "Once he saw the hypocrisy of the Robertson act, he took the course of an honest and courageous man and opposed what he had previously sanctioned." Now, as a matter of fact, when Governor Ferguson went before the legislature and urged the passage of the Gibson bill it was not the first time he had seen "the hypocrisy of the Robertson act." He was opposed to the Robertson law in 1913, and in 1914 he was in favor of it, (that was when he was before the people of Texas asking their votes for the governorship), and in 1915, after he had been safely elected governor and knows that he is practically assured of a second term, he again shows his opposition to the Robertson law. If the whole truth were known it would probably show that Gov. Ferguson was never really and sincerely in favor of the Robertson law, and he simply gave it his unqualified approval during his campaign for votes because he thought he could not afford to oppose it.
HE WAS MORE THAN SATISFIED.
 He was deeply in love with his wife but awfully careless about money matters. He started away on a long trip, leaving her short of money, and promised to send her a check—which he forgot to do. The rent came due and she telegraphed:
 "Dead broke. Landlord insistent. Wire me money."
 Her husband answered:
 "An short myself. Will send check in few days. A thousand kisses."
 Replying, his wife replied:
 "Never mind the money. I gave landlord one of the kisses. He was more than satisfied."—New York Evening Post.
 The Muskogee Electric traction company has announced that, for the purpose of holding its franchise it would operate only two street cars, and put on jitney cars to take the places of street cars that are called off the line and stored in the company's barn. "My company would be foolish," the manager says, "to operate street cars under the burden of regulation when we can operate jitneys cheaper and not be hampered by the state laws and state commissioners."

ALLOWANCE INCREASED FOR FAMILIES INTERED GERMAN.
 London.—In view of the increased cost of living, the government has made a small raise in the scale of payment to the wives and dependent children of interested Germans and Austro-Hungarians. The wife is allowed under the new scale \$2.85 with an extra 45 cents for each child.
 London.—The sign "Business as Usual" which appeared all over London at the beginning of the war has now vanished. It was deemed a patriotic manifestation of British pluck when hostilities began, but now it is seen to conflict with the popular state of mind.
GOOD WORK BY ROCKEFELLER COMMISSION IN POLAND.
 Warsaw.—The work of the Rockefeller commission in the relief of Poland, capital of the government of that name, only miles northwest of Warsaw, is described by a resident who escaped the vigilance of German patrols and escaped to this city. He said that until the arrival of the Rockefeller representatives there was no organization for the relief of the poor, the local committee being entirely without funds. The bakers were turning out only army bread made almost entirely of potatoes and selling at 12 cents a pound. There was no rice or wheat bread at any price, while eggs were selling at 45 cents apiece. All the copper money has been collected and shipped to Germany. All milk products were appropriated by the German staff for its own use and for the thirty hospitals in the city.
 The country for twenty miles around he described as a total waste. By order of the German authorities a tax of \$25,000 was levied upon the city and pending its payment five prominent Poles and five Jews were being imprisoned. The Rockefeller representatives has established two free lunch places, one for the Polish population and one for the Jews.
IMPORTANT GAINS CLAIMED IN-FRENCH STATEMENT.
 Paris, June 7.—An official statement today said there were particularly severe engagements last night north of Arras and that German counter attacks completely failed. The French made further progress, the statement said, gaining two thirds of a mile near Lorette. On the front called by the Germans the "Labyrinth," the French gained trenches a mile long, the statement said.

Know Where Your Money Goes
 Are you one of those who find themselves at the end of every month wondering where the money goes?
 If you will pay your bills by check you will know to whom and for what purpose every dollar is spent and will have a legal receipt for each payment.
 Whether your deposits are large or small, the National Bank of Commerce will welcome your account.
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FAITH REV. FRIAR'S THEME AT BIG TENT LAST NIGHT
 Says Church Can Only Be Vitalized By Earnest Efforts of the Members.
 From Wednesday's Daily.
 Mr. Friar spoke to an audience of five or six hundred people at the tabernacle last night on the subject of "Faith." He read the first twelve verses of the second chapter of Mark, using as a message the healing of the paralytic. He took up the example of faith on the part of the four men who carried this paralytic to the feet of the Saviour and characterized it into a very interesting narrative.
 "Rev. Friar said that a church would never be vitalized by any sermon from a preacher, but from the earnest efforts of its members. Work, he said, is the biggest asset in religious life and there are comfortable seats for all. All doctors are requested to leave their cards with an officer as soon as he enters the tent so in case of a call they can be notified. A telephone has been installed.
 The junior choir is a feature and the sweet strains of music as it floated from this section of the stage was greatly appreciated.
 Beginning with tonight an orchestra will be installed to supplement the already large choir.
 Another section of the big tent will soon be added and permanent arrangements completed.

BACKACHE IS A WARNING
 Wichita Falls People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys.
 Backache is often nature's most frequent signal of weakened kidneys. To cure the pains and aches, to remove the lameness when it arises from weakened kidneys, you must reach the cause—the kidneys. If you have pain through the small of your back, urinary disorders, headaches, dizzy spells or are nervous and depressed, start treating the kidneys with a tested kidney remedy.
 Doan's Kidney Pills have been proved good and are especially for weak kidneys. Doan's have been used in kidney trouble for over fifty years. Read Wichita Falls testimony.
 E. W. Rowland, stationary engineer, 610 Travis, Wichita Falls, says: "I got down with my back and kidneys two or three times. The pains in my back were very intense and often I could hardly stand them. My kidneys didn't act as they should. I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured from Foose and Lynch's drug store as they had given me results. Three boxes of this medicine relieved the pains in my back and regulated the kidneys."
 Price 50c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy, but get Doan's Kidney Pills, the same that Mr. Rowland had. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.—Advt.

NOTE THAT MAY MEAN WAR HAS BEEN DISPATCHED
 sentiment in a way that will assist the president as the American government's policy is developed.
 Reports that Secretary Daniels had resigned or would do so were flatly denied. The report is said to have grown out of the close relationship known to exist between Mr. Bryan and Mr. Daniels. As a matter of fact nine members of the cabinet stood solidly for the president. Mr. Daniels was with those who differed with the secretary of state. Some members of the cabinet even advised a stronger note than the president had drafted.
 There was well defined trend of opinion, even among the friends of Mr. Bryan, that the acceptance of his resignation would go far toward impressing Germany with the earnest intention of the American government to stand on its rights. It is understood that the United States has from time to time received authentic information that high German officials believed that the United States was committed to a policy of uninterrupted peace and did not intend at any time or under any circumstances to go to war. Mr. Bryan's resignation, many officials thought, would remove all doubts in Berlin on this point and that if Germany desires to avert war she would arrange for a treaty at once which would be honorably accepted by the United States.
IMPORTANCE OF BIBLE STUDY IS EMPHASIZED
 The importance of Bible study was emphasized by Rev. J. B. Nelson at the open air meeting at the corner of Tenth and Scott streets last night. At this place will be pitched the tent for the Church of Christ meetings. This was the first open air meeting and the attendance was very gratifying. Rev. W. W. Slater of Sigler, Okla. who is to take part in the meetings has been delayed by the high water but was expected to arrive today.
 Rev. Nelson preached last night from Hosea 4:6. "My people have destroyed themselves for the lack of knowledge." He reviewed scriptures showing how the people of Israel had destroyed themselves by refusing knowledge and that their captivity resulted from their rejection of the word of God. The Apostle Paul, he said, told the young teacher, Timothy "to study to show himself approved under God." The Apostle Paul stated that it was a shame for a man to refuse knowledge. The Apostle Peter, he said, taught the Jewish Christian that if any man speak he should speak as the oracles of God, and Paul stated to the church of Thessalonika that when Jesus comes again He will take vengeance on all them that know not God. There was one confession at the meeting that Rev. Nelson announced that during the meetings he did not intend to "give anybody a skinning." He said: "I want you to come and hear me. It will be my aim to deal strictly with the word of God. I do not take advantage of anybody's personal attacks. I may preach to my hearers just as I would want them to preach to me if I were one of the auditors. You can win more people with kindness than you can with abuse—you can catch more flies with a spoonful of honey than you can with a barrel of vinegar." Come and hear the good old songs and just plain gospel preaching and enjoy the open air services.
 REPORTER.

Advertisements and notices on the far right edge of the page, including small notices and possibly a continuation of the Bible study notice.

LOUVAIN STANDS AS MONUMENTAL WRECK

RENOVATION AND RESTITUTION OF WONDERFUL CATHEDRAL ONLY ACTIVITY

GOOD HARVEST PROMISED

In Country There is Scarcely Trace of Destruction and Fields Are Green and Smiling

Louvain, Belgium.—Surrounded by green fields that pretend an unusual harvest and transform all Belgium from the scene of desolation that has been often pictured since the beginning of the war, Louvain still stands as a monumental wreck.

Competent architects who have visited the cathedral say that it has been in no way weakened by the terrible shelling that destroyed the west of Louvain, and claim that with a very little money it can be put back into the shape in which it was before the war.

It is conceivably only Louvain's total demolition that has prevented efforts to rebuild it, for that has been accomplished in many other of the Belgian cities that were wrecked by the Germans as they advanced toward France.

The destruction in Belgium may have been overestimated and exaggerated in the beginning. Whether that or not, the combination of the reconstruction efforts and the nature of the springtime have made of it once more a pleasantly smiling country that taxes the imagination to draw a picture of war in progress.

"God Bless You" Bryan and Wilson Say as Hands Touch

Washington, June 9.—Secretary Bryan called at the white house today and bade President Wilson goodbye. For fifteen minutes the president exchanged words of farewell.

AGED HORSE TRADER DIED SATURDAY NIGHT

Lave Chasmore, aged 78, died Saturday morning at the Farmers Wagon Yard, death coming rather suddenly. The deceased was a horse trader who traveled over this part of Texas and into Missouri and was well known here.

IS MUCH SENTIMENT FOR SPECIAL SESSION

Better Provision For National Defense Urged as a Reason For Calling Congress

Special to The Times.—Washington, June 9.—Those who believe a special session of Congress should be called and there are many such, are active these days.

Senator Kern of Indiana has been outspoken in his efforts to convince the president of the advisability of calling the legislative bodies together in the near future and it is well understood that the senator's views on the subject were back of his expressed desire.

Articles incorporating the Patriotic Legion of America have been filed here. The purposes of the organization is to "inculcate patriotic, peace and progress in the minds of young men and women of the rising generation."

Visitors to the capital from different parts of the country bring prosperity news. "The business outlook has grown so promising in the last few weeks that no adverse conditions now can stop a long period of prosperity."

Market Reports

Worth Livestock. Ft. Worth, June 9.—Cattle receipts 3,000, active and steady. Hog receipts 1,700, active, heavy 78c to 79c; sheep receipts 2,000, slow, lambs to 48c to 49c.

New London's Old Mill



THE OLD GRIST MILL

BUILT in 1651 and still doing business is the claim that is made for New London's old town mill.

There is no doubt that the mill is still doing business, and the records also show that the start of the industry was 264 years ago.

While the age of the mill is generally exploited, there are a great many people, New Londoners included, who are not aware of the fact that it is not only old but that it was one of the first monopolies ever established in the commonwealth of Connecticut by the authority of a town.

The town records show that a town meeting was held on November 10, 1650, to arrange a system of co-operation with John Winthrop, the younger, in establishing a mill to grind corn, and the interest in the project is shown by an attendance of sixteen of the freemen.

The monopoly feature of the mill proposition showed at that town meeting, for the records say: "Further, it is agreed that no person or persons shall set up any other mill to grind corn for the town of Pequot within the limits of the town either for the present nor for the future, so long as Mr. John Winthrop or his heirs, do uphold a mill to grind the town corn."

The dam was constructed in due course of time and the mill began its operations. As far as the records indicate it was conducted to the satisfaction of the people for a while, but John Winthrop became governor and moved to Hartford, and his death on April 5, 1676, in Boston, left the mill, with his other property, to his heirs, and they evidently didn't care very much whether the people had their corn ground or not, particularly as nobody could set up an opposition mill without taking a risk of getting into trouble.

People Make a Fight. The monopoly clause in the vote of the town in 1650 was in force for nearly sixty years, but finally the conditions became so serious that it was necessary to make other provisions for the grinding of meal.

Whereas, The town has suffered many years for want of a gristmill, and no care taken by the heirs of former Governor Winthrop for our relief therein, who have some time claimed the privilege of supplying the town with what gristmills are necessary, and the present gristmill belonging to the late Governor Winthrop being like to be altogether useless in a little time, the town therefore sees cause upon the request of Robert Latimer, Stephen Prentiss, John Daniels, Richard Man-

DOWN the STORIED RHINE

FIRST among the commercial rivers of civilization, the most important geographical feature of central Europe, a hotly contested boundary for more than two thousand years, one of the richest among the streams of the world in legend and folklore, and incomparable for the beauties of its course, when one calls to mind the Rhine of Germany he thinks upon one of the most important elements of the culture and the history of his race, whether he be of its Latin or its Teutonic branch.

The Rhine and the Germans came upon the stage of history together, and their fates have been indissolubly bound together ever since, says the National Geographic society's bulletin. His kindred with this mighty river, Father Rhine, is one of the more conscious elements of each German's life, and to this his folklore, his literature, his way songs, his opera and his blood offerings have testified.

to its left bank on the ground that the Rhine formed the boundary line of Roman Gaul. Though the Roman empire reached out beyond the broad Rhine, the river formed, nevertheless, its effective barrier against the north barbarians. However, when the realm of Charlemagne was divided and the boundaries of Verdun established, the Rhine became wholly the property of Germany, and France early began her century-long policy of winning the stream back again. Complete success crowned this policy under the Napoleonic empire, and the Rhine became once more the boundary of Gaul. The Germans re-assumed sovereignty of their beloved Father Rhine after 1871, and in the present war the possession of the historic river is one of the most critical questions.

The Rhine, like a mighty tree in form, receives its waters from countless tributaries, and gives them up to the sea through innumerable offshoots. Its principal source issues from glacial ice 7,271 feet above the sea within the confines of the most deeply forested mountain ranges in Europe. Rising in the highest Alps in central Europe, the Rhine reaches the North sea after a journey of 850 miles, and the last part of its course is through a lowland whose surface is below the tides' crest. The river gathers its water at the base of melting glaciers, plunges over great rock masses toward its lower levels, cuts through the wildest mountain valleys, traverses a wonderful high, broad plain, and then, entering its famous gorge, wanders through exquisite panoramas, through a lane everywhere mantled with ruins of historic castles, abbeys, churches, and every foot of its way celebrated by legend or history. After emerging from its gorge, it flows through a plain where powerful steel, textile and chemical industries center. Through Germany and Holland the Rhine forms the principal water avenue of central and western Europe, and an enormous commerce is handled through its ports.

The Rhine is international. It is divided between Switzerland, Germany and Holland. That part of the river which lies in Germany, 450 miles in length, has been most disputed. The French have laid claim



RHINE AND THE ROMAN BRIDGE

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Wm. N. Bonner, Josette M. Bonner, BONNER & BONNER Attorneys at Law. General, State and Federal practice. Offices: Suits 6, 10 and 11 Ward Bldg. Phone 121.
HUFF, MARTIN & BULLINGTON Attorneys. Rooms: 314, 315 and 316 Kemp & Keil Building.
W. F. WEEKS Attorney at Law. Office Fifth floor new First National Bank Bldg.
SMOOT & SMOOT Attorneys. Office in Frisberg Building.
F. T. Carlton, T. R. Greenwood, CARLTON & GREENWOOD Attorneys at Law. Room 17 Old City Nat'l Bank Bldg.
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CARRIGAN, MONTGOMERY & BRITAIN Lawyers. Room 320, First National Bank Bldg.
BERNARD MARTIN Attorney at Law. Ward Building. Eighth Street.
J. M. BLANKENSHIP Attorney at Law. Room 2 Ward Building. Phone 673.
W. B. CHAUNCEY, JOHN DAVENPORT, CHAUNCEY & DAVENPORT Lawyers. Suite 3 Bean-Anderson Bldg. Phone 1424.
J. R. OGLE Attorney at Law. Room 12, Ward Building. Phone 131.
T. R. (Dan) BOONE Attorney at Law. Room over W. B. McClurkin's Dry Goods Store.
T. F. Hunter, Walter Nelson, HUNTER & NELSON Attorneys at Law. Suite 204-205 First National Bank Bldg. Phone 1435.
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DR. WADE H. WALKER Surgery and General Practice. Office phone 956; residence phone 367. Office First National Bldg. Rooms 301-302.
DR. G. W. JOHNSTON Chronic and nervous diseases a specialty. Also eye, ear, nose and throat. 605 8th Street, Ward Building. Office phone 1379; residence phone 1847. Calls made to any part of the city.
DRS. AMASON & HARGRAVE Surgery and General Medicine. Office 203-204 K. & K. Bldg. Office phone 260. Dr. Amason residence phone 594. Dr. Hargrave residence 763. Surgeons in charge of Amason & Hargrave Hospital, 804 Brook.
DR. SCHULTZ The German Specialist. Special attention given to Diseases of Women; also CHRONIC Nervous Complications. Office No. 605, 14 Eighth St., Ward Bldg. Phone No. 1990.
DENTISTS
DR. W. H. FELDER Dentist. Southeast corner Seventh Street and Ohio Avenue.
DR. T. R. BOGER Dentist. Office over First State Bank. Hours from 8 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m.
ARCHITECTS
FIELD & CLARKSON Architects. 517 Kemp & Keil Building. Ft. Worth and Wichita Falls.
Austin, Texas, June 7.—Grain shippers and dealers are opposed to any changes in the rates on grain and its products, according to the testimony of three shippers before the railroad commission at the hearing on the railroad's application for advanced rates. The entire morning session was consumed in discussing grain rates.

COMMENCEMENT OF ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

FOUR YOUNG LADIES GRADUATED THURSDAY WHEN PROGRAM IS GIVEN

AN ADDRESS BY THE MAYOR

Program of Addresses and Music with Pretty Exercises Delights Good Sized Audience

Four young ladies graduated from St. Mary's Academy last night when one of the prettiest and most interesting exercises in the ten years history of the Academy here was held at the Wichita Theatre.

The graduates were: Misses Mamie Morse, Berneice Jackson, Leah Taylor and Ruth Grogan. Miss Grogan's home is at Byers; the other graduates live in this city. Miss Morse who won the highest average in scholarship was the valedictorian and Miss Jackson the salutatorian.

A large number of friends and relatives of the graduates and friends of the Academy, which is one of the city's prized institutions were present to honor the accomplishments of the four young ladies who formed the graduating class and thoroughly enjoyed the program of music, instrumental and vocal, addresses and other features of the exercises.

The musical numbers all were of a high order and were a pleasing exhibition of the training given the students of this Academy. The addresses were well received and the medals were bestowed with pretty and interesting ceremonies.

Mayor Britain delivered an inspiring address to the graduates taking occasion to express appreciation of the work the Academy is doing here, saying that it was worthy of the best our citizens can give it.

Practically all the girls of the school took part in the program and the stage presented a pretty picture with young faces beaming with enthusiasm, attractive gowns, and beautiful flowers.

Medals and Prizes.
The following awards of medals and prizes were made:

Awards to graduates—Gold medal, book laurel wreath and diploma to the following: Miss Mamie Morse, Miss Ruth Grogan, Miss Florence Berneice Jackson, and Miss Leah Taylor.

Scholarship to St. Joseph's Academy, Lockport, N. Y.—Miss Mamie Morse, whose average was 98 per cent.

The Holly Scholarship for the highest average in pre-academic studies—Miss Lucille Fonville whose average was 99 1/2, and Miss Rainey Pardo, whose average was 99 1/4. Honorable mention was given Miss Lois Fitzgerald and Miss Clara McGuire.

Dolle gold medal for Christian doctrine to Miss Mary Moran.

Premium for Christian doctrine for intermediate grades, awarded to Miss Wallie Warmuth in a draw with Francis Hund and Ethel Moran.

The Alumnae medal literary style—Miss Mamie Morse.

The Campbell medal for conduct awarded to Ruby Edwards in a draw with Mary McCune, Abbie Thompson, Helen Hund, Grace Anderson, Anita Monroe, Mary Moran, Madge Fooshee, Anna McSpadden.

The Shaw medal for conduct in boarding school—Miss Bertha Andrea Rhineland.

Gold medal for conduct in boarding school, intermediate department—Miss Clara McGuire.

Premium for attendance pre-academic department to Zeta Dunham in a draw with Miss Clara McGuire, Lucille Fonville, Elsie Sawyer, Kathleen Walsh and Master Estelle Elliott.

Premium for attendance for intermediate grades to Miss Anna Roberts in a draw with Anna Mae Cato and Elsie Moran.

The Grant medal of excellence for highest average—Miss Anita Monroe.

The Ginn medal for attendance to Miss Josephine Hund in a draw with Misses Helen Hund, Mary Moran, Grace Anderson, Anita Monroe, Bertha Andrea, Theresa Hund, Margaret Wenzel, Elsie Sawyer, Effa Grogan, Helen Grogan, Ruth Grogan.

Premium for special application in music to each of the following: Miss Aileen Crockett, Irene Craner, Grace Anderson, Mary Moran, Ruby Edwards, Clara McGuire.

AUSTRIANS HURLED BACK BY RUSSIANS

TEUTONS DRIVEN BACK ACROSS DNEISTER LEAVING GUNS AND PRISONERS

ADVANCE HAS BEEN CHECKED

Petrograd Official Claim Party Supported By Dispatch From Innsbruck

By Associated Press. Petrograd, June 11.—An official announcement from the army headquarters says that on the River Dneister east of Strv, after hard fighting the Russians yesterday captured 17 cannon, 49 machine guns and approximately 4,700 officers and men.

SUBMARINES CONTINUE TO TAKE A HEAVY TOLL

British, Swedish and Russian Vessels Named in Today's Report of Victims

By Associated Press. London, June 11.—German submarines took a heavy toll again last night and today of belligerent and neutral merchantmen and other ships.

The Swedish steamer, Otego, bound for Hull was torpedoed and sunk last night. The Otego was of 479 tons. She was owned in Soldsburg, Sweden.

The Glasgow Steamship Company's steamer, Strathcannon, was torpedoed yesterday without warning by a German submarine outward bound from Barry. The crew which had put off in boats was rescued and taken to Glasgow. It is reported that the Strathcannon had entered the service of the British government. The Strathcannon was a vessel of 2,875 tons.

The Russian bark Thomasonia was torpedoed off the south coast of Ireland. Her crew has been landed at Queenstown.

A dispatch from Maas Lois, Holland says the crew of the British fishing smack, Welfare and Lauretta, have been picked up and landed there by Dutch boats. Their ship was attacked by German Zeppelins in the North Sea.

The list of ships printed by morning papers contains the name of the steamer Express, whose crew has been landed.

The Russian steamer Dania has been torpedoed by a submarine. The members of the crew were saved. The Dania was of 1,639 tons net and was 314 feet long. She was owned in Petrograd.

SIMPLE MEASURES MAY PREVENT DISEASE NOW

Four crude oil or coal oil upon all public ditches where water is still standing.

Sprinkle lime liberally over all parts of premises that have been under water.

Remove all trash, drift, brush and the like that have accumulated on premises.

These recommendations are made by Dr. M. J. Moore, city health officer, as precautionary measures against malaria, and other sickness likely to follow floods. They can be followed with so little expense and labor, considering the danger which they lessen, that it is felt everyone in the sections of the city which were overflowed should take the precautions mentioned.

Many people are already using lime and oil which are effective preventive agents and fully as useful as other disinfectants which are more expensive and troublesome. Every thing possible to keep down flies and mosquitoes will lessen the probability of disease.

MANY BRIDGES DOWN AS RESULT OF FLOODS

A number of bridges in the vicinity of this city were washed out or damaged in the flood early this week and traffic, especially to the east and south is rather doubtful. The only crossing to the south or southeast is on the Henrietta road, just below the railroad bridges over Holliday creek. The bridge there is intact and while the approach was impassable for a while on account of quicksand, it is now open to traffic.

The steel bridge over the Windthorst road over Holliday creek is out and has literally swapped ends with itself.

On the Archer City road 50 feet of the trestle is washed out and 75 feet more wrecked.

The Bear creek bridge south of Frisberg is down.

There are several smaller bridges and culverts down on the by-roads. Commissioner Jackson has a full force at work, but says it will require time to repair the damage and some of the roads will not be open for several days.

BRYAN WOULD VOTE ON ISSUE OF WAR

BEFORE WAR IS DECLARED HE WOULD SUBMIT ISSUE TO THE PEOPLE

HE SEES CHANGE IN PRESS

Says Jingo Editors Now Pointing Out That Latest Note 'May Not Bring War'

By Associated Press. Washington, June 11.—William Jennings Bryan, former secretary of state today issued a statement expressing his gratification over what he terms a change in the tone of the press regarding the relations to Germany.

"I am glad to note the change of the tone of the papers in regard to the note to Germany," he said, "from the time the papers began to publish forecasts down to yesterday the jingo editors have been predicting that the latter would be dealt with with great firmness; that Germany would be told there must be no delay in the acceptance of this country's demands and etc. Instead of waiting until the note was issued they put their own construction upon it in advance and colored it to suit their own purposes. It is a relief to find the papers now emphasizing the friendly tone of the note and pointing out that it does not necessarily mean war. Something has been gained if the warrior journalists forecasts have not been borne out, but that on the contrary the press will support the president to effect a peaceful solution of the difficult problems raised by the use of the submarine against merchantmen."

The former secretary in giving out his formal statement said that he was reminded of the statement by a congressman reply to a jingo speech recently who said: "While I am personally against war I am in favor of the country having what it wants. If the country wants war, let it have war but let it first find out if it wants war, or if it becomes necessary let us have a ballot taken for war and those opposed to war, vote against it, and let the vote be taken with the understanding that those who vote against war will not be called upon until after those who have voted for war have been exhausted in the fighting."

"I still believe," added Mr. Bryan, "in the right of the people to rule and take the congressman's suggestion as a practical one, it might insure deliberate action on the part of the voters. Mr. Hagan was reminded of the suggestion of some of his friends that in case of war he would be one of the first to enlist. He said: "I do not want to talk about war but on one occasion when this country did go to war, I enlisted on the first day war was declared."

FIRST BIG BATTLE ON ITALIAN FRONT

GERMAN DISPATCHES SAY IT HAS RESULTED FAVORABLY TO AUSTRIANS

FOUGHT ON ISONZO RIVER

Other Reports Say Battle Undecided—Italians Claim Capture of Ploekien in Austria

By Associated Press. Cologne, Germany, June 11.—The Cologne Gazette's correspondent attached to the Austrian general staff in a dispatch says that the first considerable battle of the war with Italy has been fought in the region of the Isonzo river and that it resulted favorably to the Austrians. The Italians attacked Gorizia, Gradisca and Monfalcone, supporting their advance with artillery fire with guns of average and small calibre. The Italian advance was checked by the Austrian fire on their flanks.

GENEVA REPORT SAYS BATTLE UNDECIDED

By Associated Press. Geneva, June 11.—A Lalbach dispatch to the Tribune says: "The Italians began their march on Gorizia early on June 8. Austrian artillery opened fire and heavy masses of infantry forced the Italians to fall back several times. Up to the morning of the 9th neither side had gained a decisive advantage. The Austrians lost 8,000 to 10,000 men. Gorizia is overflowing with wounded."

ITALIANS HAVE CAPTURED IMPORTANT POINT

Innsbruck, Tyrol, June 11.—Italian forces have captured Ploekien in Austria close to the frontier. The position of this location is important as it endangers the Austrian communications. Ploekien is 15 miles from the road running between Lalbach and Innsbruck.

AUSTRIAN SUBMARINE SINKS BATTLE CRUISER

Innsbruck, June 11.—Announcement has been made by the Austrians that one of their submarines yesterday sunk a British cruiser of the Liverpool type at a point 30 miles off St. Jean Medua in the Adriatic.

GERMANY SEEMS DEEPLY IMPRESSED WITH PRESIDENT WILSON'S SECOND NOTE

WILSON'S NOTE A SOLEMN STATEMENT TO GERMAN

NOT A WORD OR A LETTER WAS CHANGED

AFTER BRYAN SAW NOTE IT WAS SENT TO GERMAN WITHOUT SINGLE ALTERATION

CABINET MEETING HELD TODAY

Ad Interim Secretary Lansing Attends Wheel Invited by President Wilson

By Associated Press. Washington, June 11.—It became known today that although the second American note to Germany on the Lusitania delivered to the German foreign office today by Ambassador Gerard was shown to former Secretary Bryan by direction of the president just before it was dispatched, it was not altered after Mr. Bryan had seen it. Acting Secretary Lansing who showed Mr. Bryan the note said: "Not a word or letter had been changed." Mr. Lansing had not signed the note as Secretary Ad Interim when it was shown to Mr. Bryan, as at that time by the terms of Mr. Bryan's resignation, the latter was still secretary of state. Immediately after the conference, Mr. Lansing signed the note and Mr. Bryan's resignation became effective. Mr. Lansing attended today's cabinet meeting at the direct invitation of President Wilson. He was not present at the opening of the session, taking the ground as it was expressed at the state department that he should not act as secretary ad interim, attend a cabinet meeting unless invited to do so. President Wilson quickly solved the problem by writing him to attend.

REMARKABLE RECORD FOR BRIDGE REPAIR

DENVER EXPECTED TO HAVE LITTLE WICHITA BRIDGE READY TODAY

TRAFFIC NOW WEARING NORMAL

Completion of Denver's Bridge Will Give Katy Outlet South to Henrietta

With more than 200 men at work, completion of the Fort Worth & Denver bridge across the Little Wichita was promised for some time this afternoon. If this promise is realized the Denver will have made a remarkable record for repairing track. All section gangs from Alford to Wichita Falls, two bridge gangs and several extra gangs were put to work at the Little Wichita and the damage was repaired with marked speed.

Traffic conditions were much nearer normal this morning. The bridges over the Big Wichita here, over the Red River north of Burk Burnett and across Pease river were all open to traffic. A large force was at work on the Katy's Little Wichita bridge, where the damage rivals that on the Denver, and it was expected this morning to be repaired by Saturday afternoon.

The southbound Denver came in at 2:45 this morning and was held up here pending the repair of the Henrietta bridge, being scheduled to move south this afternoon. The completion of the Denver's repairs will give the Katy an outlet through Henrietta until its own bridge is repaired.

About 50 men are at work on the Wichita Falls & Southern, but it may be Monday or Tuesday before connection with that section is restored. Continued recession of the waters of the Holiday creek and the Big Wichita River brought the flood situation here almost to normal today. The houses around East Lake were out of water today and along Holliday creek the situation was much improved, with only a scattering few houses still uninhabitable.

INNSBRUCH DISPATCH CONFIRMS RUSSIAN REPORT

By Associated Press. Innsbruck, June 11.—A dispatch to the Tribune from Innsbruck in the Austrian Tyrol says: "The Russians bombarded the Austrian position near Stanitsau to Boronik on the left bank of the Dneister. They have driven the Austrians across the river taking a large number of prisoners. The Austrians also have been obliged to fall back at Bukaszoelce. The Russians stopped the advance of an Austrian column south of Kalome. The action was fierce and the losses heavy on both sides."

WILSON'S NOTE A SOLEMN STATEMENT TO GERMAN

The following is the text of the American rejoinder to the German government's reply to President Wilson's note following the sinking of the Lusitania for consideration:

"The Secretary of State ad-interim to the American ambassador to Berlin.

"Department of State, Washington, June 9, 1915. American ambassador, Berlin:

"You are instructed to deliver textually the following note to the minister for foreign affairs:

"In compliance with Your Excellency's request I did not fail to transmit to my government immediately upon receipt your note of May 28 in reply to my note of May 15 and your supplementary note of June 1 setting forth conclusion so far as reached by the Imperial German government concerning attacks on the American steamers Cushing and Guiltlight. I am now instructed by my government to communicate the following reply:

"The government of the United States, in expressing its gratification for the full recognition by the Imperial German government, in discussing the cases of the Cushing and the Guiltlight of the principle of freedom of all parts of the open sea to neutral ships and the frank willingness of the Imperial German government to acknowledge and meet its liability where the fact of attack upon neutral ships which have not been guilty of any hostile act by German craft or vessels of war is satisfactorily established, and the government of the United States will, in furtherance of its purpose, emphasize, to call the attention of the Imperial German government to the grave responsibility which the government of the United States conceives that it has incurred in this tragic occurrence, and to emphasize the principle upon which that responsibility rests.

"HIGH AND SACRED RIGHTS.

"The government of the United States is contending for something much greater than are rights of property or privileges of commerce. It is contending for nothing less high and sacred than the rights of humanity, which every government honors itself in respecting and which no government is justified in resigning on behalf of those under its care and authority. Only her actual resistance to capture or refusal to stop when ordered to do so for the purpose of the merchantman has ever been held to forfeit the lives of her passengers or crew. The government of the United States, however, does not understand that the Imperial German government has ever been held to forfeit the lives of her passengers or crew. The government of the United States, however, does not understand that the Imperial German government has ever been held to forfeit the lives of her passengers or crew. The government of the United States, however, does not understand that the Imperial German government has ever been held to forfeit the lives of her passengers or crew.

United States did not perform these duties with thoroughness, the government of the United States sincerely hopes that it will submit that evidence for consideration:

"Whatever may be the contentions of the Imperial German government regarding the carriage of contraband on board the Lusitania and its sinking, it will submit that evidence for consideration:

"The government of the United States sincerely hopes that it will submit that evidence for consideration:

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"Whatever may be the contentions of the Imperial German government regarding the carriage of contraband on board the Lusitania and its sinking, it will submit that evidence for consideration:

GERMANY NOW HAS THE NOTE

WILSON'S STATEMENT CONSPICUOUSLY DISPLAYED BUT WITHOUT COMMENT

SOME OF HEADLINES

These Would Indicate that Note is Making Powerful Impression on German People

By Associated Press. Berlin, June 11.—Ambassador Gerard presented the American note to the German foreign office at 1:10 a. m., today.

The American note, though printed in full and given the greatest prominence with conspicuous headings on first pages was not accompanied by editorial comment in the editions appearing up to 3 o'clock. The headlines of the papers varied in phraseology but were similar in tone. Among the captions were "America Stands Firm," "A Very Solemn Warning," "Grave American Warning to Germany," "A Grave Appeal."

MAN BADLY CUT IN AN AFFRAY IN A ROOM

A. B. Dean Claims Wounds Received When Attempt Was Made to Rob Him

Considerable blood was spilt late Thursday evening in an affray near the corner of Seventh and Ohio, when P. C. Williams shot a man who was severely cut. Williams, Ed Funston and Lee Coburn were arrested following the affray, the details of which are not yet known.

The room in which the affair took place has been the scene of police raids and similar occurrences, more than once and despite efforts of the owner of the building to keep out undesirable parties, it has been more or less a rendezvous for poker players and some times hop smokers in a raid some time ago a quantity of opium was found. Some nice appearing young maid would rent the room for sleeping quarters, have duplicate keys made for his friends and the room would become a resort of the worst order without the knowledge of the owner of the building. When the police entered yesterday they found some gambling paraphernalia and whiskey there.

Dean was cut several times, a wound in the arm and another in the left side being the most serious. He lost considerable blood, but his injuries are not serious. He was seen emerging from the building, but was loath to tell Police Chief John Rawls what had happened when the latter was seeking in this direction. Mr. Rawls entered the room in question and found Williams suffering from numerous knife wounds in the face, neck and limbs. According to Dean, he was invited to the room and a fight ensued when an effort was made to rob him.

Coburn and Funston, who were said to have been in the room at the time, were arrested late last night. Coburn being released on \$1000 bond and Funston on \$200 bond. They made their escape by means of a ladder and through the alley back of the building. Williams claims to be a carpenter and says he lives at Paulus Valley, Okla. Dean is from Hawley, Texas and made the acquaintance of the others in a pool hall.

NEW TRIAL GRANTED IN ROOMING HOUSE CASE

After one conviction had been secured in a rooming house case in the county court, it was found necessary to try the case again, because Assistant County Attorney Davenport failed to sign the complaint in the case. So far four of these cases have been disposed of, one resulted in acquittal, another in dismissal, one in a hung jury and the fourth in a conviction. There were seven cases docketed originally.

In the cases tried so far, the state has shown that rooming in the rooming houses in question were put to improper uses, but was not always able to establish that the proprietor or proprietress had knowledge of what was transpiring in the rooms.

CULBERSON WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Dallas, June 11.—Senator Charles A. Culberston sent the following telegram from here today to President Wilson:

"I have just read your second note to the German government with much satisfaction. It is a notable state paper particularly in its broad humanity and I believe it will be approved by the people of Texas."

"The government of the United States, therefore, very earnestly and very solemnly renounces the responsibility of its note transmitted to the Imperial German government on the 15th of May and relies on these representations upon principles of humanity, universally recognized understandings of international law and the ancient friendship of the German nation.

"If the Imperial German government should deem itself to be in possession of convincing evidence that the officials of the government of the

(Continued on Page 3)

(Continued on Page 3)

Founded 1895

Growing Greater Ever Since

Men's Shirts—
Special Priced for
Saturday

Regular \$1.00 values
for... **89c**
Regular \$1.50 values
for... **\$1 15**

Fancy and neat
patterns, laundered,
and soft French
cuffs—this sea-
son's purchases.

Men's and Boys'
Suits!

Special Priced for Saturday

Hart Schaffner & Marx,

Sampeck clothes, 1915 mod-

els, choice at 25% off of the

price which are plainly

marked on each garment.

Middy Blouses—Spe-
cial Priced for Satur-
day.

Ladies.
Regular \$1.25 values
for... **89c**
Regular \$1.50 values
for... **\$1 15**
Regular \$1.75 values
for... **\$1 39**

Childrens.
Regular \$1.00 values
for... **89c**

Middy Dresses
Regular \$2.50 values
for... **\$1 89**



"The Store of Service and Satisfaction"

MEBANE COTTON SEED

It is not yet too late to plant cotton. We have just received direct from Lockhart, Texas, a car load of the celebrated Mebane cotton seed that cost us laid down \$1.17 per bushel. In order to encourage farmers to plant cotton, now, we are selling this seed at \$1.15 per bushel. Conditions in this country have undergone a great change during the past few weeks, and this is why we are urging farmers to plant more cotton. We also have any amount of mill run seed suitable for planting purposes.

FARMERS SUPPLY CO
WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS

NOTICE!

AIRDOME TAILOR SHOP

For the last three days of this week is going to put on a special rate on account of the flood. We will clean and press any kind of a suit for **50c** for the three days only. Thursday, Friday and Saturday. Take advantage of this offer and have your clothes cleaned and pressed. Low rates on ladies' work. Prompt service. Phone 1443.

AIRDOME TAILOR SHOP

THE CHRISTIAN'S LIGHT WAS SERMON SUBJECT

Rev. Frick Calls Upon Christians to Live in a Manner to Glorify God

"The Christian's Light" was the main theme of a masterly discourse by Rev. Frick last night at the town meeting. Dr. Frick taking his text from Matthew 5:16, "Ye are the light of the world. Let your light so shine before men that they may see your good works and glorify your Father which is in Heaven." The Christian's business was designated as being that of living so as to woo and win men to Christ. "You are a light in a world of darkness," the speaker said, "and you must let your light shine. The great need of the church is vital Godliness, according to Dr. Frick, every day Christianity and right living which will serve to

ROBERT THORNTON SHOTS AND KILLS HIMSELF

Bartender; Long a Sufferer From Rheumatism Ends Own Life at Home On Fifth Street

Robert Thornton, a bartender, shot and killed himself at 6:40 this morning at his home, 1308 Fifth street. The bullet took effect in his right temple, causing death within a short time. Thornton had been a sufferer from rheumatism for a long time and had worked very little for a year, as a result. Several times recently he is said to have told his wife that he would rather be dead than to have to suffer as he did. Mrs. Thornton was in the kitchen preparing breakfast and the children were in an adjoining room when the shot was fired. The deceased was about 40 years of age and had lived here for several years. He was a member of the W. O. W. and the Eagles Lodge and the Bartenders' Union. Surviving are his widow and three young children. Funeral arrangements are not yet complete but the burial will probably take place tomorrow. Thornton was well known and liked and the news of his tragic end was a shock to his friends.

At The Theaters

The Gem. "The White Mask" with Little Liveing, Joseph Smiley, William Gohill and Justina Huff featured is today's big attraction. A synopsis is given:

Yvonne, Duchess of Granville, left penniless by the death of her husband after a life of luxury at the Belgian Court, becomes a dancer in order to provide proper advantages for her son, Victor. She hides her identity behind a white mask, which she always wears. Her identity is finally discovered by Prince Nordoff, an admirer whom she has repulsed, and as a result of the scandal which arises, she leaves for America. There, fifteen years later, she is known as the wealthy Mrs. Dean, soon to marry John Emerson, a millionaire, while her son is engaged to Frances Blake, an heiress. Nordoff comes to America with an associate, whom he has ensnared into a fake business scheme. He plans to interest Emerson, and, recognizing Yvonne, he determines to blackmail her into aiding him. He has enlisted the assistance of Mrs. Brice, a former fiancée of Emerson's and this proves his undoing. Yvonne's jealousy makes her decide against aiding Nordoff. Emerson is informed that his fiancée is an ex-dancer and breaks the engagement. Incensed, Victor goes to Emerson to remonstrate, and in a fight, Emerson is killed. Her life shattered, Yvonne forces Victor to allow her to assume his guilt, threatening suicide if he is silent, but when his mother is convicted, he confesses that he killed Emerson. The mother falls in a swoon, and dies as Victor is led to prison.

Von Stader, Nordoff's dupe, discovers that his scheme is fraudulent and makes restitution. Then he binds Nordoff in his rooms and goes for the police. The building catches fire, and Nordoff dies in the flames. Victor's trial ends in an acquittal and he is released to a mad hospital in the love of the steadfast Frances.

The Empress. "Cinderella" a Paramount feature with the beloved little Mary Pickford in the title role is today's offering. In the exquisitely fanciful fairy tale "Cinderella" arranged from the beautifully symbolic and century old story, Mary Pickford portrays the pathetic but bewitching little cinder girl, the heroine of the world-renowned and universally loved tale of the abused step sister who was at last rewarded for her virtue and patience by a splendid triumph over the haughty sisters and unknown step mother and crowned princess and sovereign and modern version of "Cinderella" is a delightful blend of comedy and pathos and provides a consummately artistic treat for people of all ages. In the imposing has been given this wonderful story, illusion and reality are skilfully mingled and the famous little heroine of the children of all time lives and breathes upon the screen, immortal there as in their hearts, with a tender charm that is all Mary Pickford's own. The varying vicissitudes of Cinderella's life, with her many sorrows and her great triumphs, are depicted with a fascinating degree of realism and the inspiring episodes of the beloved tale are dramatically and intelligently developed in the most charming and unique of fairy photoplays, just as they are chronicled in the beautiful story that is its origin.

HOW TO READ, STUDY AND UNDERSTAND BIBLE

Rev. Nelson at Open Air Meeting Begins Series of Sermons On Study of Bible

Evangelist J. B. Nelson began a series of sermons last night on how to study and understand the Bible. His sermon was profusely with a few passages of scripture that teach the importance of believing every word of the book and that true faith and fidelity means to put forth every effort to carry out what God has commanded. He illustrated the lesson by showing that a child who loves its parents as it should will not wait for the second command to do a thing; but will go at once and carry out the bidding. He said that God had never commanded the same man twice, at the same place and at the same time to do His will.

Mr. Nelson stated that before he got into the lesson proper he wanted to give them a few references where God demands strict adherence to His will. "Ye shall not add unto the word which I command you, neither shall ye diminish aught from it; that ye may keep the commandments of the Lord your God which I command you," Deut. 4:2; "Add thou not unto His words, lest His reprove thee and thou be found a liar," Prov. 30:5; "O Lord, I know that the way of man is not in himself; it is not in man that walketh to direct his steps," Jer. 10:23; "God's ways and thoughts are not man's ways and thoughts," Is. 55:8; "We must not add to nor take from the Bible," Rev. 22:18-19.

Mr. Nelson said that we must respect the silence of the word of God as well as its teachings. He gave an example from Lev. 10:1-16 where two priests failed to respect the silence of the word of God and went beyond its teaching and suffered death. After the above remarks, Mr. Nelson called attention to the writers of the Bible, the time used in writing it, the number of writers and the number of books, the different epochs and the law given in each. He discussed the origin and purpose of the Book of Genesis. He stated that Paul told Timothy, 2 Tim. 2:15, to study and rightly divide the word of God and to do that it is well that we observe the following rules: First, who speaks (God, Christ, Moses or Prophet); second, to whom they speak (whether to man, sinner, saint, or angel); third, what they speak about (whether it is about becoming a Christian, living a Christian or building a temple); fourth, under what dispensation they are speaking (whether under Jewish or Christian). If these rules are not observed you might find one building an ark to keep out of the flood or offering animal sacrifices like the Jews under Moses.

The attendance is good and the attention all that any one could ask. Come and hear this series of lessons and you will know better how to study the Bible.

REPORTER.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE THE HUB SAMPLE SHOES at \$2 50



Are wonderful values. You can't beat them at \$4 a pair. Up-to-date lasts in black and tans. Let us show them to you.



THE HUB
MARRY S. ZIEKING
705 Indiana Avenue



Back Come the Glasses

No one ever thinks of being satisfied with one glass of White Swan Ice Tea. Have it for meals—serve it for company and hear them all say—"Another glass, please."

White Swan Tea

makes the kind of ice tea that goes right to the spot. Refreshing, delicate of flavor and full of flavor. Try it and you'll say too—"It's different."

Most All Grocers

sell White Swan Tea—four sizes in air-tight tins—10c, 25c, 40c and 75c. Should your grocer be one of the very few who don't carry it, send us 75c for a pound—sent postpaid.

WAPLES-PLATTER GROCER CO.

(Wholesale Only)

Dallas, Ft. Worth, Dallas, Austin, Bowie, Brownwood, Childress, Dallas, Gainesville, Greenville, Hamlin, Marshall, Stamford, Tex., Ada, Okla.



The Wichita State Bank. The Guaranty Fund Bank.

SOLICITS YOUR BUSINESS AND OFFERS SAFETY FIRST.

SAFETY FIRST is our principle and the GUARANTY FUND LAW protection means that your money deposited in this bank is absolutely safeguarded.

It is one of the best things we have to offer together with COURTEOUS TREATMENT and every accommodation consistent with conservative banking.

Below is a newspaper clipping showing how this GUARANTY FUND LAW WORKS and how you are protected.

We will soon be the only bank in town operating under this Guaranty Fund Law.

Newspaper comment:

The Wichita Daily Times says: A few days ago there was a bank failure at Amarillo. It was a state guaranty bank, however, and the depositors will not lose one cent. The state guaranty fund has in it \$981,000 and the closing of the Amarillo bank will take from it the sum of \$89,000 with which to pay the protected depositors. The more we see of this law the better we like it. Every depositor who trusts his hard-earned money to a bank should be protected to the limit, and that is what has been done in every instance where a bank operating under this law has failed or closed its doors.

And the El Paso Times says: According to a statement made by Receiver Arnold, depositors of the defunct Arizona Bank and Trust Company will receive 75 per cent when its affairs are finally wound up. The first dividend of 50 per cent will be paid on May 4, it is said.

The patrons of the Texas bank will get their money promptly. The patrons of the Arizona bank will only get 75 per cent and will have to wait for that.

M. S. Anderson

H. S. Patterson

ANDERSON & PATTERSON

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance and Rental Agents

616 Eighth Street

Phone 87



What Settled the Argument

"We have Brussels carpet."
"We have lace curtains."
"We have French mirrors."
"We have Butter-Nut Bread every day!"
And that settled it, for of course there's nothing better than

The NEW

BUTTER-NUT BREAD

The best ingredients money can buy, mixed to perfection by a process exclusively our own, make a loaf tasty and delicious beyond description.

If you put one of the thousands who eat Butter-Nut, order a loaf from your grocer today, and prove its merit.

Look for the Butter-Nut label—it's your protection.

Made only by
CREAM BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY
V. E. STAMPFLI, Prop.
617 Seventh Street Telephone 29

PELLEY'S TEA
THE IDEAL SUMMER BEVERAGE
WHEN ICED MAKES A MOST DELICIOUS, REFRESHING AND INVIGORATING DRINK FOR THE HOT WEATHER

DIRECTIONS: In preparing iced tea, the tea is brewed the same as if it were to be served hot. Now, if it is desired to prepare iced tea for prompt use, the liquor should be poured directly from the tea pot into a tumbler of cracked ice. If, however, it is desired to prepare a quantity for use some hours later, the liquor should be poured off the leaves promptly and allowed to cool slowly. After it gets down to a moderate temperature, it should then be stored in a crock or other vessel, in a refrigerator. When it is desired to serve, the liquor can then be poured into a tumbler of cracked ice. Iced tea should, of course, be served with both lemon and sugar.

C. H. Hardeman
232---Two Phones---432

FAIREMONT

College and Conservatory of Music under the Synod of Texas, U. S. A.—
Founded 1890.

An ideal school for young women

Thirty miles from Fort Worth, one and one-half miles from Weatherford. Altitude 1520 feet. Large shady campus. Buildings modern. Work in literary department accepted by leading universities. Best advantages in Music, Public Speaking, Art, Domestic Art and Domestic Science, etc. Physical Culture and Folk Dancing free to all students.

Faculty of fourteen, all experienced teachers, who have been educated in the leading colleges and universities of this country and Europe. Boarders limited to 100.
Students study and practice under the supervision of teachers. Competent Matron whose only duty is to look after students. Expenses moderate.

For further information address:

REV. J. L. McKEE, D. D., President

Phone 741. 1006 10th street, Wichita Falls, Texas
After July 1st—Weatherford, Texas.



Flies

Cost you money in more ways than you imagine. A horse bothered by flies eats more, becomes poorer and is less capable of work. A cow will lose approximately one-half in her milk, if not protected from the flies.

CONKLEY'S FLY KNOCKER is strictly guaranteed. Don't let your stock become poor before you try it. In 35c, 60c and \$1.00 cans; Sprays 50c.

Maricle Coal and Feed Co.

Phone 437 and 229. 707 Tenth.

The North Texas Gas Co.

Has Moved
to 710 8th St.

New 1st National Bank Bldg.

LOOK AT THIS—

FRIDAY, JUNE 11TH.

Ladies' and Men's Suits Cleaned and pressed for 50 cts.

Work called for and delivered promptly.

Union Cleaning and Dye Works

PHONE 1884 722 OHIO UNION SHOP

IN THE SPHERE OF WOMANKIND

- Contributions to the society columns are invited, phone 1671 or send to this office.
- Contributions must be in by 12 o'clock to appear in that day's issue. All contributions for the Sunday society page and the Social Calendar must be in by 12 o'clock Saturday morning.

MRS. W. P. BENNETT SEWING CIRCLE HOSTESS

The storm of the first of the week necessitating a postponement of the picnic, the Monroe Sewing Circle was entertained Wednesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. P. Bennett. All engaged in the customary fancy-work and the hostess called on all to give an account of the work accomplished in club since its organization last fall. Mrs. Chaucey and Mrs. Bradshaw tied in this, the hostess prize, a dozen hemstitched dish cloths, going to Mrs. Chaucey in the cut, lead grape juice with a dainty cream sundae and cake was served to the following guests: Mesdames Dill-chay, Bradshaw, Misses Druasilla Dill-chay and Annie Dell Bradshaw, club members, Mesdames Paulks, Taylor, George Thorburn, Chaucey, Selman, Bradshaw, McConnell, Lowery, Williams, Mendenhall and Bennett. The Misses Wanda and Lucille Bennett assisted their mother in entertaining.

MODERN CROCHET CLUB MEETING WEDNESDAY

An unusually pleasant session of the Modern Crochet Club was held Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. S. W. Stout as hostess. For diversion the hostess had arranged a clever and original contest to test the readers of The Times, the advertising symbols of the various firms being cut from the paper, the guests being asked to identify each ad. Much amusement was afforded by this contest and the close of the given time found Mrs. Hammond winner of first prize, a beautiful hat and motor, while Mrs. Scott received the consolation. An informal program was carried out, the readings of Miss Daisy Brooks being much enjoyed. Following the program, Miss Brooks, a June bride-elect, was invited to the dining room where, much to her surprise, she found the table piled high with dainty gifts of china and linen work. The usual congratulations were in order and the afternoon was closed by the service of a dainty ice course. Mrs. Stout being assisted by her mother, Mrs. Brooks and Mrs. Hammond.

BERRY-MURPH WEDDING WEDNESDAY EVENING

Wednesday evening in the presence of the most intimate friends of the bride and groom, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Murph gave in marriage their daughter, Beryl, to Glenn Berry, the ceremony taking place at the Murph residence, 1406 Tenth street. The parlor where the ceremony was performed was attractively decorated with wreaths and festoons of southern smilax outlining doors and windows and banking in the mantelpieces. Pink roses and gladioli added an effective touch of color amid the greenery. The dining room was decorated with pink carnations and roses with an occasional touch of fern. At the appointed hour of 8:30 Mrs. Overton McDowell took her place at the piano and Mrs. John R. Chambers sang "O Perfect Love." Following the song the bride and groom entered from the dining room to the strains of the Lohengrin bridal chorus. They were met in the center of the room by Rev. A. L. Andrews of the M. E. Church, South, who pronounced them man and wife. The girl's bride was attired in an exquisite organdy frock, trimmed with lace and tucks and carried a bouquet of roses in shower effect. The groom was attired in the conventional black. Following the ceremony an informal reception was held, the guests offering sincere congratulations to the bride and groom. A dainty refreshment course was served in the dining room by Misses Cella Stayton, Lillian Bell and Daisy Stewart. Both young people number their

A CONFESSION

Hopes Her Statement, Made Public, will Help Other Women.

Hines, Ala.—"I must confess," says Mrs. Eula Mae Reid, of this place, "that Cardui, the woman's tonic, has done me a great deal of good. Before I commenced using Cardui, I would spit up everything I ate. I had a tired, sleepy feeling all the time, and was irregular. I could hardly drag around, and would have severe headaches continually. Since taking Cardui, I have entirely quit spitting up what I eat. Everything seems to digest all right, and I have gained 10 pounds in weight."

If you are a victim of any of the numerous ills so common to your sex, it is wrong to suffer.

For half a century, Cardui has been relieving just such ills, as is proven by the thousands of letters, similar to the above, which pour into our office, year by year. Cardui is successful because it is composed of ingredients which act specifically on the womanly constitution, and helps build the weakened organs back to health and strength. Cardui has helped others, and will help you, too. Get a bottle today. You won't regret it. Your druggist sells it.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Tonic Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn. We'll mail you a free copy of our 64-page book, "How to Choose the Right Tonic for Your System." It is yours for the asking.

intimate friends by the score and enjoy unusual popularity in their circle so the wedding was of more than usual interest. The bride, a charming girl, is a graduate of last year's class of the local high school and is an accomplished musician. The groom is in the Denver offices here and is known as a young man of sterling worth, esteemed highly by all who know him and heartiest congratulations are due both him and his bride. A large number of beautiful gifts were on display and the new bride, the gift of the parents of the bride, will provide a fit setting for these. Mr. and Mrs. Berry are at home to their friends at 1406 Tenth street.

SHOWER FOR MISS FRIBERG GIVEN MONDAY EVENING

A delightful affair of the first of the week was the miscellaneous shower given by the Philothea Class of the First Methodist Church for Miss Altha Frisberg, who Wednesday evening became the bride of Mr. Houston Simmons. The girls of the class met Monday evening at the home of the bride, 1511 Tenth street and presented her with the many lovely articles which constituted their gifts. Refreshments of ice cream and cake were served by the class after a pleasant evening. The guests included the young women of the church and a few other friends of the bride.

W. C. T. U. FLOWER MISSION DAY SUCCESS

The local W. C. T. U. celebrated their first Flower Mission Day Wednesday afternoon by distributing to the poor, sick and invalid of the city flowers, fruit, ice cream and other delicacies. Over seventy-five persons were given a bit of cheer in this manner. The ladies of the Union desire to extend their thanks to ladies for the use of their cars and for contributions, also to several firms of the city for contributions, enabling the work of cheering the poor and suffering to be carried on. The day was a complete success owing to the efforts of the Union and others interested.

WILSONS NOTE A SOLEMN STATEMENT TO GERMANY

(Continued from Page One)

States cannot admit that the proclamation of a war zone from which neutral ships have been warned to keep away may be made to operate as in any degree an abbreviation of rights either of American shipmasters or of American citizens bound on lawful errands as passengers or merchant ships of belligerent nationality. It does not understand the Imperial German government to question those rights.

"It understands it also to accept as established beyond question the principle that the lives of non-combatants cannot lawfully or rightfully be put in jeopardy by the capture or destruction of any unarmament merchantman and to recognize the obligation to take sufficient precaution to ascertain whether a suspected merchantman is in fact of belligerent nationality, or is in fact carrying a contraband of war under a neutral flag.

"The government of the United States, therefore, deems it reasonable to expect that the Imperial German government will adopt measures necessary to put these principles into practice in respect of the safeguarding of American lives and American ships and asks for assurances that this will be done.

"ROBERT LANSING, Secretary of State, Ad Interim."

SOLID TRAIN OF FRUIT JARS TO LEAVE TONIGHT

Shipment of Between 30 and 40 Cars For Points East in Special Train

A solid trainload of fruit jars from Ball Brothers factory will move out of Wichita Falls over the Katy tonight, with between 30 and 40 cars in it. The cars are consigned to various points east of here and will constitute one of the largest single shipments of jars ever made. The company has frequently shipped ten to fifteen cars in one day and recently with a number of cars held up by high water, the shipments accumulated until there was enough for a solid trainload.

Considerable other freight has been held up by high water, and as soon as the lines are cleared, business is expected to be very brisk. It is impossible to transfer freight business across washouts and there is nothing to do but let the cars wait on sidings and in yards until traffic can be resumed.

CONSULT DR. SCHULTZ The German Specialist

No. 605 14 Eighth St., Suite No. 3, Ward Bldg., over National Bank of Commerce. For honorable and scientific treatment of all Chronic, Nervous and Special Diseases, Catarrh of all Mucus Membranes, Stomach, Liver, Kidney and Prostatic Complications. Special attention given to diseases of women
Phone 1990

Saturday Only!

The Price Slaughtering Still Going On!

- Choice of any ladies low shoe for \$1 00
- Choice of any ladies \$4.00 high shoe for \$2 00
- Choice of any ladies \$3.50 high shoe for \$1 75
- Choice of any ladies \$3.00 high shoe for \$1 50
- Choice of any ladies \$5 or \$6 high shoe for \$2 50
- One lot of real sample shoes for ladies \$1 00
- One lot of men's and boy's shoes, \$3, \$3.50, \$4 and \$5 values, the pair \$1 50

The Favorite Shoe Store
816 1/2 Indiana Ave.

COMMENCEMENT AT ST. MARY'S ACADEMY

(Continued from Page One)

Gluhwurmchen, Orchestra, Lincke. "Boating" Giesbol—Vocal class. Homage to Verdi, Durco—First pianos, Misses I. Cramer, G. Anderson, L. Fonville, R. Watson; second pianos, Misses A. Crockett, M. Moran; violin, Miss B. Jackson.

The Panama Exposition, Orchestra, Pierson, Flutes, Misses H. Hund, M. Moran; piccolo, Miss A. Crockett; clarinets, Misses G. Campbell, M.

Welnsapp, L. Marlow, A. Steed; violins, Misses R. Sawyer, M. Machekney, L. Fonville, B. Eckert, M. Beauchamp.

Double bass violins, Misses L. Gilbert, M. McCune; bass drum, Miss M. McGraw; snare drum, Misses H. Grogan, B. Andros; cornets, Misses H. Edwards, L. Fitzgerald; E. Sawyer; trombones, Misses H. McGuire, M. Wilson; French horns, Misses F. Lehnerman, L. Lethe; chimes, Misses C. McGuire, Jamie D. Thorne; piano, Miss E. Grogan; director of orchestra, Mr. A. S. Fonville.
The Academy will reopen the first Tuesday in September.

Dr. S. H. Burnsife and Dr. Everett Jones announce the removal of their offices to suites 208-710 First National Bank Bldg. N 10c

The south and southwest winds which have been prevailing recently have caused the lake to wash against the big dam and the water company has been keeping close watch to prevent damage, several men being constantly on duty. As yet no damage has resulted. There is more danger at the lake when the water is comparatively low and the wind is blowing than when the water is as high as it was Monday.

The lake continues to fall steadily, there being less than two feet higher than the spillway. The lake is probably two feet lower than its maximum stage of Monday night.

NUSSBAUM

DRY GOODS COMPANY

Special! SATURDAY, SATURDAY NIGHT AND MONDAY Special!

A Bargain Feast for Two Days Only!

Ladies' Skirts 39c One lot of ladies' wash skirts made of linen and white pique; skirts that are worth up to \$2.50. Saturday and Monday special. 39c	Ladies' Silk Hose 35c Ladies' silk boots or all silk hose all sizes and colors; hose that sell everywhere for 50c; our price Saturday and Monday special, three pair, for only \$1 00	25c Organdies 10c One lot of organdies or crepes from three to ten yards in a piece, all new designs and fast colors; tissues that are worth 25c; Saturday and Monday only 10c
\$1.50 Ladies' Waists 25c Ladies' waists made of organdy crepe and silk mull; waists that are good styles but slightly soiled, regular \$1.50 and \$2.00 waists, Saturday and Monday, your choice at only 25c	Muslin Underwear 68c Ladies' muslin underwear in gowns, princess slips and combination suits made of soft cambrie and nainsook, all sizes and styles, worth from \$1.25 to \$1.50; we will close out the entire lot Saturday and Monday at 68c	25c Curtain Scrim 15c 36-inch scrim in plain or fancy bordered, white or ecru, all new design scrim that sells for 25c; our price Saturday and Monday special, only 15c
50c Ties for Only 25c Men's four-in-hand or string ties, made of all silk, and guaranteed to be full length ties that sell for 50c every place, Saturday and Monday only 25c	\$1.00 Union Suits 68c Men's Wilson Bros. union suits, knee lengths and short sleeves, made from an extra good grade of nainsook; a well-known brand of underwear that sells for \$1; Saturday and Monday 68c	Men's Shirts 39c Men's dress shirts, all-coat styles, some with detachable collars, all sizes and colors; shirts that are worth up to \$1; our price for Saturday and Monday, only 39c

Two Bargain Counters of Low Shoes!

One table of \$2 and \$2.50 ox-fords, Saturday special . . . 98c One counter of \$3 and \$4 Low Shoes for . . . \$1 98

NUSSBAUM

DRY GOODS COMPANY

724 Indiana Avenue

WICHITA DAILY TIMES

Published Every Week Day Afternoon (Except Saturday)

THE TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY (Printers and Publishers) These Building, Corner Seventh Street and Scott Avenue

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Phone: Business Office 1477 Editorial Room 1473 Wichita Falls, Texas, June 11, 1915



What has become of the old-fashioned German-American who was heard cursing Secretary Bryan so loudly because his son-in-law was an Englishman?

The Times today publishes some recommendations from Dr. Mark Moore, city health officer, relative to precautions that should be taken to prevent malaria and other sickness following the dampness of the week. These precautions should be followed by everyone in the inundated district and provision should be made by the city to supply lime and grade oil to those who are unable to provide it for themselves.

In an interview given out by Herr von Jagow on June 11 in which he says: "Germany is fighting for the freedom of the seas. It is far from Germany's intention to interfere with neutral rights or to become the autocrat of the oceans. We are fighting for the freedom of the seas, to make England give up her hold because so long as one country controls the oceans they are not free."

Wichita Falls rose quite handsomely to the emergency created by the floods of early this week, when many families were rendered homeless. The situation was handled expeditiously, efficiently. No one went hungry, and comfortable accommodations were provided for all who were forced to leave their homes.

Northwest Texas, which produced a phenomenal wheat and oat crop this year, the harvesting of which has already commenced, apparently has sustained heavy losses in the crop as a result of the continuous heavy rains and hail of the past three days.

Since the rains have ceased and the high waters are receding, the damage to crops is not near so great as first reports indicated. Wichita county alone will yet produce a wheat and oat crop almost if not quite above the average.

MR. AUTOMOBILE OWNER

At the most you can only save \$2.00 to \$5.00 per year on first cost if you buy cheap motor oil.

AMALIE 1-2-3 Non Carbon Cylinder Oil

Price and save many times that amount in repair bills and replaced parts.

For sale by Motor Supply Co. Wichita Overland Co. Wichita Falls

SERBIAN FORCES ARE NOW MARCHING ON DURAZZO

By Associated Press. Nish, Serbia, June 11.—Serbian troops have occupied strategic points in Albania. They entered the Albanian town Elbasan at the request of the people, according to Serbian government officials which say the Albanians fear the Austrians and the Turks.

SERBIAN TROOPS HAVE ALREADY OCCUPIED TIRANA

By Associated Press. London, June 11.—A dispatch from Rome to the Exchange Telegraph Company says the Serbians have taken Tirana, a town of Albania, twelve miles southeast of Troia and are marching on the Albanian seaport of Durazzo.

ADAM SURELY TO BE PITIED

First Citizen of His Time, But Had None of the Joys of Election Day.

Adam was the first citizen of his time, but there could not have been much satisfaction for him in that. Election day was just like any other day to Adam. The joys and the sorrows of the first Wednesday after the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November he never knew. He never marched behind a band, or never carried a transparency, or shouted himself hoarse for a stout stranger in an automobile.

Not for Adam the bulletins on the screen; not for him the glad shouting and fro in a crowd of patriots blowing fish horns. Not for him the thrilling news that somebody had carried the Twelfth precinct of the Forty-fourth ward by nine votes.

Poor old Adam! Unsought by candidates, undisturbed by machines, uninitiated in the mysteries of marking a ballot, he must have led an empty and colorless life.—New York News.

Sea Took Toll of Daring Sailors. Intercourse between Russia and England began in the middle of the sixteenth century by the White sea. It was a hazardous and costly voyage. The crews of two of the three ships with which Richard Chancellor made his first trip in 1553 were frozen to death, Sir Hugh Willoughby among them. On his second venture in 1556 Chancellor brought back with him a Russian ambassador, Osiip Nejeva. Two of the ships were never heard of again, and the Edward Bonaventura, after four months at sea, was wrecked on the Scottish coast.

Market Reports

Chicago Grain Futures. Chicago, June 11.—Wet weather in the southwest lifted wheat prices today regardless of a fresh decline at Liverpool. After opening at a brisk advance there was a sharp decline that carried prices to a new low price for the crop.

New York Cotton Futures. New York, June 11.—Cotton opened steady at unchanged prices to a decline of three points today. Cables were lower due and early weather or advices were considered favorable. Offerings continued light with active months 2 to 3 points above last night's close in the early afternoon followed by a rise of four or five points.

Kansas City Cash Grain. Kansas City, June 11.—Cash wheat No. 2 hard 1.12 to 1.13; No. 2 red 1.08; Corn No. 2 mixed 71 to 71.50; Oats No. 2 white 45 to 46.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY WANTED—Washing and ironing, reasonable, 207 Janick; 25 6U

FOR RENT—Two south rooms, furnished for housekeeping, modern and close in, 711 Austin, 25 3U; Dr. Frohro, Dentist, Ward building, 25 1U

Additional Brevities

Pellagra was the cause of a death in Wichita Falls last night, George M. Prichard at 207 Travis being the victim. Death followed seven months illness. The funeral was held this afternoon, Rev. Mr. Hall officiating. Surviving are the widow and six children, Pete Prichard of Limestone; J. A. Prichard of Bishop; Rankin, Walter, Misses Ting and Ruby. A brother, J. T. Prichard of Limestone is also here. Mr. Prichard was a member of the Masonic order and was a Confederate veteran.

At the regular meeting of the Rebekah's Saturday night at the Odd Fellows' Hall an election of officers will be held. All members are urged to attend.

Oranges 25c dozen, Trevathans. Bananas per doz. 20c, Trevathans.

At The Churches

Christian Science. Services are held in the church office, corner Ninth and Lamar at 11 a. m. Subject, "God the Preserver of Man." Sunday school at 9:45 a. m. The reading room at same address is open daily except Sunday and legal holidays from 2 to 3 p. m.

First Evangelical Church. Sunday school at 9:45. Preaching services, German at 11 and English at 8:15 p. m. Y. P. A. meeting at 7:30 p. m. All are cordially invited to attend these services.

First Presbyterian Church. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m. Morning worship at 11 o'clock. Evening worship at 8 o'clock. Monday at 3 p. m. meeting of the Woman's Missionary Society. Wednesday at 8 p. m. midweek service. Sunday, June 20th, Children's Day; Sunday, June 21st, Communion.

First Methodist Episcopal Church, South. Sunday school on the Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. We especially desire a large attendance as announcements and arrangements will be made for the observance of Children's Day next Sunday.

Sunday school on the Sabbath at 9:30 a. m. We especially desire a large attendance as announcements and arrangements will be made for the observance of Children's Day next Sunday. Preaching by the pastor at 11 a. m. and 8:15 p. m. Morning topic, "The Childhood of Jesus." Evening subject, "Lessons From the Flood." League devotional service at 7:15 p. m. No prayer services next Wednesday evening. You will be heartily welcomed to all of our services.

Rail Road Pay Day Sale

Hams From Minnesota

They are good and the price for Saturday and Monday is 15c per pound—only one to each customer. Choice Bros. Black Raspberries, also red Raspberries, regular 25 cent grade, special on this sale, 2 for only 25c. 20 cent Strawberry and raspberry jam while they last, each 10c. 3 cans good kraut 25c. 48-pound sack Belle of Wichita Flour only \$1.85. 50 pound Compound lard \$4.10. 30 pound Compound lard \$2.65. 10 pound Compound lard 95c. 3 dozen fresh country eggs 50c. Fresh country butter. Quart Grape Juice for only 40c. Quart Cherry Tip for only 40c. Special prices to Rail Road people on quantity orders.

NEWTON GROCERY CO. Phone 1400

BOSTONIANS Famous Shoes for Men. New Summer Styles. Just in of the famous Bostonian oxfords. You may have them in white, sea island, palm beach, tan or black, in button, English lace and Blucher styles. Widths A to E, the prices \$3.50, \$4, \$4.50 and \$5.

Camel CIGARETTES. Don't tire your taste, don't bite your tongue, don't parch your throat! Made of blended choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos. Camels are preferred over either kind of tobacco smoked straight. Smooth and delightfully mild, yet having abundance of "body," Camels stand the test when compared with any brand sold at any price! Cost of choice tobaccos blended in Camels prohibits the use of coupons or premiums. CAMELS sell 20 for 10c. If your dealer can't supply you, send 10c for one package or \$1.00 for a carton of ten packages (200 cigarettes), post postage prepaid. If after smoking one package you are delighted with CAMELS, return the other nine packages and we will refund your dollar and postage. R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO., Winston-Salem, N. C.

Baby Dolls and Mary Janes \$1.39 and \$1.95. Patent and dull leather, all sizes up to 7. They are worth up to \$3 a pair. Baby Dolls in white canvas, all sizes, turn soles, worth \$3 a pair, special.

95c Harry's Sample Shoe Store. Pumps all colors, 75c. Trans. shipped 45c.

Wichita Falls College of Music and Art. MR. MARION KNOTT, Director. Summer school open all summer. Mr. Knott will teach piano and harmony to those who wish to continue their study through the summer months. Lessons given privately or in class. Mr. Knott makes a specialty of teaching boys and young men. Terms reasonable. 1404 11th Street. Phone 1270. KELLEY-SPRINGFIELD TIRES. Carry the highest and most liberal guarantee of any tire made. Ford sizes 6000 miles to 7500. Other sizes 6000 miles to 6000. You are not restricted as to the number of miles you travel and there is no limit on the number of days that you use your tires. ALL SIZES AND TYPES IN STOCK. Phone 219 Western Auto Supply Co. 604 7th

Holeproof SOX. We have these in most all colors—lisle thread, pair 25c. 6 pairs for \$1.50. Guaranteed for six months. In silk at a pair, 50c. 3 pairs for \$1.50. Guaranteed for three months.

Jones-Kennedy Co. "The place to buy shoes and stockings"

PRICES Saturday and Sunday Night. Embroideries. And Insertion Bandings, many pieces marked to sell regular at 15c and 20c. Per yard 10c. Ladies Foot Wear. About 350 pairs of ladies' and children's white canvas and buck oxfords and shoes, regular selling value to \$4. Choice \$1.00 per pair. Men's Shirts. Plain white shirts with collars and cuffs attached, plain white, also white with stripes, checks and figures, detached collars, detached cuffs. Special 43c Each. Men's Work Gloves. (See our show windows) Several reliable brands of leather work gloves with or without gauntlets: \$1.50 and \$1.75 leather gloves \$1.00. \$1.00 and \$1.25 leather gloves 75c. 65c and 75c leather gloves 49c. 50c leather gloves 39c. Three pairs leather palm canvas wrist gloves 50c. Ladies' and Children's Black and Tan Oxfords and Pumps. About 75 pairs odd sizes and styles, choice, per pair, 50c.

Pennington's WICHITA FALLS. 812-814 Ohio Ave. City National Bank. J. A. KEMP, President. U. W. SNIDER, Cashier. F. F. LANGFORD, Vice Pres. W. L. ROBERTSON, Assistant Cashier. WILEY BLAIR, Vice President T. T. T. REBER, Assistant Cashier. Capital and Surplus \$400,000.00. Special Representatives. To whom we have given written authority will call on you to explain our savings deposit system. Please give them a hearing. We pay 4% quarterly on these deposits.

City National Bank. J. A. KEMP, President. U. W. SNIDER, Cashier. F. F. LANGFORD, Vice Pres. W. L. ROBERTSON, Assistant Cashier. WILEY BLAIR, Vice President T. T. T. REBER, Assistant Cashier. Capital and Surplus \$400,000.00. Special Representatives. To whom we have given written authority will call on you to explain our savings deposit system. Please give them a hearing. We pay 4% quarterly on these deposits. Times Want Ads For Results

FOR REAL SHOE Bargains GO TO SAUL'S

One Lot Women's and Children's Slippers, worth up to \$3 50c

Women's White Buck and Canvas Slippers and Pumps, worth up to \$5, your choice 75c

One Lot Odds and Ends in Men's and Boys' Low Cut Shoes, worth up to \$5.00 \$1.00

Men's \$5 and \$6 Shoes \$2.50

Men's White Canvas Slippers, Howard & Foster, Button or Lace, worth \$4 \$1.50

Baby Dolls for Infants, Misses and Women

Palm Beach Suits for Men, sizes 34 to 46 \$4.95 (Worth \$7.50)

Men's Union Suits 50c

Men's \$3 and \$4 Straws \$1.00

SAUL'S 617 Indiana

Local News Brevities

Oranges 25c dozen. Trevathans. New potatoes 45c peck. Trevathans. Peaches 25c basket. Trevathan. Notice. Dr. Proctor, dentist, has moved up stairs over Morris' Drug Store. 191tc. Fish flakes 10c can. Trevathans. Members of the Tribe of Ben Hur... E. G. Hill, undertaker, office and parlors 209 Scott Ave. Phone 222. Prompt ambulance service. 221tc. Fish flakes 10c can. Trevathans. Work is now under way on the joint city and county hospital on Eighth street and the contractors have a quantity of material and a large force of men on the ground. This work was delayed for several days by bad weather, but is now being pushed vigorously. I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building. Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 141tc. Fish flakes 10c can. Trevathans. Oranges 25c dozen. Trevathans. There was no session of the city council last night, Mayor Britain being unable to attend. A session will be held tonight at 8 o'clock. New potatoes 45c peck. Trevathans. Notice. Our optical department is now complete. We are prepared to furnish you anything you may need in the optical line. Your old glasses repaired for small cost. Competent optician in charge. Eyes tested free. Art Loan & Jewelry Co., 705 Ohio Avenue. 10 ttc. Lemons 20c dozen. Trevathans. Fish flakes 10c can. Trevathans. Card of Thanks. We, who are strangers in Wichita Falls, desire to express to the people of this city our heartfelt thanks for the aid and assistance rendered us during the illness and after the death of our loved one. We shall ever remember them most kindly. Mrs. Will J. Adams and daughter, W. E. Adams. Two cans Richellu peas 25c. Trevathans. Lemons 20c dozen. Trevathans. I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building. Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 141tc. Dallas plums 40c. Trevathans. Powkes and Bracken of Fort Worth were awarded the contract this morning for the new school building at Perola. The contract price is \$5,000. The building is to be of brick and three stories high. It will contain an auditorium with a seating capacity of about 800. Field and Clark are the architects. Lemons 20c dozen. Trevathans. Dental Notice. I have moved to 308 First National Bank Building. Dr. J. S. Nelson. Phone 586. 161tc. Rhubarb 4 lbs 25c. Trevathans. No Doubt About This. These candy laxative tablets—Figen—are certainly effective. They do their work quickly and surely—but are mild and gentle. Try this vegetable cathartic next time. Ten cents at the Noyal Store, Miller drug store. Wichita Falls Undertaking Co., 312 Scott avenue. Phone 202. Prompt ambulance service. Command us. 18 ttc. Gallon plums 40c. Trevathans. In the district court today the case of Warner Drilling Co. vs. Pierce-Pordyce Oil Association, contract and debt, is on trial before a jury. I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building. Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 141tc. Rhubarb 4 lbs 25c. Trevathans. Dr. A. L. Lane has moved to the new First National Bank Building, room 206 on third floor. Phone 586. 20-12tc. A suit for divorce was filed in the 78th district court today by Myrtle Fitzgerald vs. E. B. Fitzgerald. Dental Notice. I have moved to 308 First National Bank Building. Dr. J. S. Nelson. Phone 586. 161tc. Rhubarb 4 lbs 25c. Trevathans. Gallon plums 40c. Trevathans. Dr. Proctor, dentist, is now located over Morris' Drug Store. 191tc. Rhubarb 4 lbs 25c. Trevathans. A southbound train of twelve well filled cars arrived this afternoon at 2:30 on the Denver and left at 3 o'clock for the south with the promise that it would get through to Fort Worth. It is the Denver's first train to get through in that direction for several days. A northbound train was made up here this afternoon, leaving at 3 o'clock. The Northwest was started five hours late, while the Wichita Valley was 25 minutes behind schedule. Two cans Richellu peas 25c. Trevathans. Gallon plums 40c. Trevathans. Cucumbers 3 for 10c. Trevathans.

Having moved my offices to the new First National Bank building, desire to announce I am fully prepared to serve the public. Dr. J. W. DuVal. 20-7tc. New potatoes 45c peck. Trevathans. Cabbage 25c 6 lbs. Trevathans. For first class furniture repairing, refinishing, upholstering, packing and crating, phone 1200 Furniture Hospital, 1003 Ohio. 20-6tc. Cucumbers 3 for 10c. Trevathans. Two cans Richellu peas 25c. Trevathans. Mr. and Mrs. James Lamb of Frerberg are rejoicing over the arrival of a baby boy which came to their home Thursday afternoon. Cabbage 25c 6 lbs. Trevathans. Cucumbers 3 for 10c. Trevathans. Before you arrange for your painting or paper hanging be sure and figure with W. H. Bourland. Phone 44. Exceptionally close figures for twenty days. 25 3tc. Cucumbers 3 for 10c. Trevathans. Bananas per doz. 20c. Trevathans. Ear corn for sale. G. E. Rigby, two and a half miles north of Thornberry. 22 3tp. I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building. Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 141tc. Cabbage 25c 6 lbs. Trevathans. Cabbage 25c 6 lbs. Trevathans. Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kizran of Eighth street are the parents of a fine boy who arrived early Thursday afternoon. Two cans Richellu peas 25c. Trevathans. Onions 6 lbs. 25c. Trevathans. Onions 6 lbs. 25c. Trevathans. Bananas per doz. 20c. Trevathans. Notice to Savings Depositors of the First National Bank. June the 30th is our quarterly interest figuring period and all accounts that are still open at that date will receive their usual 4 per cent interest. All savings accounts that have previously been carried with the First State Bank & Trust Company will continue to receive the 4 per cent interest and will be figured from the date last credited by them. Do not close your account now because you will lose the interest you have already earned, but add to it and you will soon have a balance of which you can be proud. FIRST NATIONAL BANK. 21 ttc. Bananas per doz. 20c. Trevathans. Onions 6 lbs. 25c. Trevathans. I have moved to the fourth floor New First National Bank Building. Dr. H. A. Waller, dentist. 141tc.

Mary Pickford To Day CINDRELLA 10c Empress 15c Show starts at 2, 3:15, 4:45, 6:00, 7:15, 8:30, 9:45.

WORK SHOES \$1.95 Harry's Sample Shoe Store. Walk down stairs and save a dollar—Harry's Sample Shoe Store, basement Kemp & Kell building. 500 pairs of men's Good Year Welt Shoes in black and tan, all sizes and many styles. They are worth up to \$4 a pair.

MOVED TO First National Bank Building J. E. BOND 708 Eighth St Phone 15 A Clean Tooth Never Decays Good Teeth Mean Good Health DR. H. M. KEARBY, Dentist I make no charge for an examination, Suite 212 New First National Bank Building, Phone 354. Residence 1971. Why Have Tooth Ache Why Have Stomach Trouble

NOW FOR THAT VACATION OUTFIT Whether you go to the gulf or the great lakes of the North you will need some of these SUITS, HATS, SHIRTS, UNDERWEAR, SOCKS, TIES AND HANDKERCHIEFS and that's where you buy in-on our business. We have these for you at big savings. EVERY WOOL SUIT IN OUR HOUSE REDUCED All men's \$15.00 to \$18.00 Suits now \$9 95 All men's \$20.00 to \$22.50 Suits now \$12 95 All men's \$23.50 to \$27.50 Suits now \$16 95 ALL BOYS SUITS AT THE FOLLOWING REDUCTIONS All \$5.00 Suits now \$3 95 All \$8.00 Suits now \$6 50 All \$6.50 Suits now \$4 50 All \$10.00 Suits now \$7 50 All \$7.50 Suits now \$5 50 All \$12.50 Suits now \$8 50 WHY PAY MORE—THAT DOLLAR SHIRT See them—compare them—you'll like them—the best shirt ever offered at the price—all styles and colors—our special leader at a dollar. Don't miss our Big Shoe Sale—over a thousand pair on sale at big savings—see styles in our north window. "KEEP KOOL UNDERWEAR" Men's extra quality checked nainsook, looks and wears like a dollar garment, made of good nainsook with the closed crotch, elastic seams, knee length, athletic style; our big business builder, a suit 50c P.B.M.C. DEPARTMENT STORE 812-814 Indiana Avenue Phone 359

BLUSHING JUNE BRIDES June is the month of Brides and Roses, but to the invited guest it is apt to be a time of worry. Solve the problem by sending a barrel of "BELLE OF WICHITA" Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction. This will materialize your wishes for health, happiness and prosperity and start them using a flour of quality. Wichita Mill & Elevator Co. "We never sacrifice purity to price"

The Best Man's Suit in the Stock Your Choice

\$10

Some Cheaper but None Higher

Any man's oxford or shoe only, your

Choice \$2.50

Special prices prevail until Saturday night.

Lay in your supply while the price is "right" in the extreme.

Model Clothing Co.

615 Eighth

Gibraltar of the North Sea



CLIFFS OF HELGOLAND

TWENTY-FIVE years ago Great Britain traded a patch of 130 acres to Germany for the island of Zanzibar. It is probable that King George's government today would be willing to give several Zanzibars to get back that bit of land. Lord Salisbury made the trade and it was thought at the time to be very advantageous to the English, but that small piece of the earth's surface was the island of Helgoland and so far in this great war it has capably protected the coast of Germany from attacks by the British fleet. An "L" shaped island in the North sea, 26 miles from the mouths of the Elbe and Weser rivers, Helgoland has come to be known as the Gibraltar of the North sea, and the name is not misapplied.

In ancient times Helgoland was more than five times its present size, was sacred to the Goddess Hortha, and was known as Fosetisland, from the Frisian Goddess Foseta who had a temple on the island. From the middle of the tenth century it was an independent republic, but came into the possession of the dukes of Schleswig in the fourteenth century, and was captured by Denmark in the beginning of the eighteenth century. The latter country ceded the island to Great Britain in 1814, and Germany came into possession of it in 1890.

In times of peace Helgoland has a population of about three thousand Frisians who are supported chiefly by fishing, by serving as pilots and by catering to the wants of strangers who go there for the sea bathing.

Germany's Good Trade. At the time of the trade with Germany Lord Salisbury's diplomacy was praised as a clever coup and the Kaiser just then taking his place in world politics, was laughed at for a

submarine base at Helgoland to guard it.

Made into a Mighty Stronghold. Since 1890 the island has been practically reconstructed. It is fortified against the sea and warlike fleets alike with great granite buttresses 16 feet thick and 240 feet high on all sides. Even the fissures in its cliffs have been filled up and bound together with thousands of tons of ferroconcrete. The Krupp guns on it are estimated to have cost \$10,000,000. It has a 48 fathom roadstead which can hold the entire German fleet in safety and 100 miles nearer England than in any other of its home stations.

Helgoland magazines contain millions of rounds of every class of ammunition. Mines, torpedoes, aerial bombs and submarines are here in abundance.

The island is connected with Germany by submarine cable. Its waters for miles around are heavily mined. It was near Helgoland early in the war that the first naval disaster overtook the British when the cruiser Amphion was sunk by a mine placed by the steamer Koenigin Luise.

It saved the German fleet from destruction when Admiral Beatty turned back after sinking the Bluecher, refusing to risk his battle cruisers among the mines and submarines surrounding Helgoland.

WHIPPING OUT BEES' NEST Old-Time Fun of Which Boys of the Present Age Seem to Know Nothing.

What has become of the old-fashioned boy who, on a summer morning, armed himself with a shingle paddle and a bunch of iron weeds and,



THE HARBOR

big "dummkopf." England had been in possession of the island since the Napoleonic wars, but had never realized its strategic importance.

The island in 1890 was simply a triangular slab of red marl and sandstone, scarcely three miles in circumference, arising abruptly 200 feet out of the sea. It was visibly crumbling away. The great storms from the north were battering it to pieces, and, as one authority wrote at the time, "In a few generations, or at the most a few centuries more, Helgoland will be only a flat, desolate sand dune like those of the surrounding sea."

Instead of crumbling away the island of Helgoland today is buttressed on every side with ferroconcrete. Breakwaters have been constructed, a naval harbor built, and from armored casements and sunken batteries the immense Krupp guns can sweep the sea for over ten miles in all directions. It has taken millions of dollars to accomplish this, but Germany has cheerfully expended \$1,250,000 annually in protecting the island itself from its natural enemy, the sea, and in converting it into one of the strongest fortresses in the world.

In fact, Helgoland today forms practically the nucleus around which the whole naval program of the German empire revolves.

At the time of the purchase the Kiel canal was nearing completion and the great navy yards and naval stations of the empire were being built at Wilhelmshaven, Bremerhaven, Kiel and Cuxhaven.

The work of reconstruction was immediately begun by the Germans and today the island is the one great German menace to England's control of the North sea. Here are gathered the Kaiser's main torpedo boat and submarine fleets with which Germany expects to maintain its war zone around the British Isles. It is also the key and guard of Germany's main artery of commerce—the way to Hamburg. This great seaport, almost world dominating in times of peace, is impregnable with the great dirigible station and

in company with other boys similarly equipped, went forth in search of humble bee nests? He roamed the rippling meadow seas in quest of the buzzing pirate with a golden doublet, and on sighting him followed him in a straight course to the hidden lair. Such assaults they were, such epic adventures, such ignoble retreats and utter routs! And such laughter—and such pain!

Once, though not at Aleppo, a grim pirate in black corselet followed a small boy on rapid wing for half a mile, digging him at every bound, and finally, leaping the leap, sailed up the leg of his cottonmade pants.

There was ample room in the rear half way up for egress, but the pirate showed no quarter, and, going on up, attained a position of vantage between the shoulder blades. Here he began to dig, and as he dug the boy began to shed useless raiment. At the edge of town he wore the remains of a hickory straw hat and a hurt look. However, he gathered up his scattered raiment and returned to the fray.

Then, too, there was the fat boy with the tight pants, and the boy with the shaven head, who, after taking refuge on top of a wagon shed, had to be hauled home. But why recount? Those were days of noble adventure, and every sunrise brought the call to some glorious hazard; every sunset saw some valorous deed accomplished. Boys in these decadent days don't even know what humble bee honey tastes like.—New York Evening Post.

Income Tax Payers. There are 23,551 single women who pay an income tax, but only 6,682 married women, while there are 52,212 bachelors on the income tax rolls, as against 272,263 married men. Altogether, 357,598 persons in the United States pay a tax on their incomes. Of persons who receive a moderate income, say from \$2,500 to \$5,000, there are in the entire country only 126,974.



"STAR—Good For One—Better for Two"

Men Who Chew Are Men Who DO

THE farmers, on whom so much of America's success depends, are almost without exception, tobacco chewers. And more farmers use STAR tobacco than use any other brand.

It speaks pretty well for STAR that men who know tobacco, many of them being tobacco raisers, prefer mellow STAR Tobacco—in the thick, tasty plug.

Imagine a ripe orange in a thin skin. That's just like a plug of STAR—so full of ripe, good "chew" that it can't dry out—made clean and kept that way.

And don't confuse STAR with any of those 14 or 15 ounce "pound" plugs. Each plug of STAR weighs 16 ounces. Ask the dealer to let you see the revenue stamp on the box. That will tell the story of honest weight.

So great is the nation-wide demand for STAR that a year's output of sixteen ounce STAR plugs is equal in weight to 416,666 bushels of wheat.

STAR

CHEWING TOBACCO
LEADING BRAND OF THE WORLD

Loggins & Myers Tobacco Co.

16 oz. Plugs
10c. Cuts



First Thing in the Morning

For the morning meal tomorrow, just try Supreme Bacon with Supreme Eggs. There's quality food that the whole family will enjoy with gusto.

SUPREME Food Products

have the true goodness that never-ending care makes sure. Try a Supreme Ham—broil a slice or fry it, or boil or bake it whole. You'll certainly like Supreme Butter for its uniformly fine flavor and its rich creaminess. Any food product identified by the Supreme trademark is the best that skill can produce. Supreme Canned Meats and Supreme Canned Beef.



Thousands of dealers sell and endorse Supreme Food Products. Find the one near you and you'll find a modern storekeeper. He's a good man, to know.

"It's Always Safe to Say Supreme"

Morris & Company



Men's Low Shoes

Worth up to \$5 a pair, all sizes, all styles, new goods,

\$2.45

Have you ever heard of such makes as Howard & Foster, M. A. Packard and Monarch. They are standard makes of shoes and sell the world over at \$4, \$5 and \$6. We have them in stock at the above price. Nuf said!



NOTICE!

We have leased the building formerly occupied by the Cagle Auto Co. at 610 Scott Avenue. We are now prepared to do all kinds of repair work and best storage for your car. We solicit your business.

RILEY AUTO CO.

Phone 248

JNO. RILEY, Manager

610 Scott

Four Per Cent. Interest per annum, compounded quarterly, paid on Deposits in Our Savings Department THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WICHITA FALLS



RENT THAT SPARE BED ROOM THIS SUMMER. PLACE A SMALL WANT AD IN THE TIMES AND WE WILL DO THE REST. YOU CAN SOON FILL ALL YOUR ROOMS BY LETTING THE PEOPLE KNOW ABOUT IT THROUGH THE TIMES WANT ADS. TIMES ADS ARE READ BY ALL THE PEOPLE AND GET YOU WHAT YOU ADVERTISE. Phone 167

Miscellaneous Wants

CURTAIN—And carpet cleaning, Felix Lindsay, Phone 1561. 1-20p. KNOTTSS wants improved farm lands. 160, 240, 320, 640 tracts. F. F. Knotts, 204 First Nat'l Bank. 17 tlc WANTED—Business man with a few hundred dollars to manage distributing agency station in Wichita Falls. You handle your own money. Room 225 St. James Hotel. 24 3tp

Board and Rooms

FOR RENT—Well furnished rooms, bath, close by, block of car line, 1907 Eighth. 86-tlc

For Rent—Bedrooms

FOR RENT—Front bed room, adjoining bath. Apply 706 Travis. Phone 1823. 96-tlc COOLEST—And finest rooms in the city with private or connecting bath. American Hotel, corner 10th and Indiana. 13-tlc

Lost

LOST—Bunch of keys on ring with plain bearing name, B. D. Donnell. Finder return to Times office and receive reward. 25 tlc LOST—A diamond and platinum lavatory. Finder phone 375 or return to R. D. Donnell, Times office. Reward. 25 tlc

Financial

MONEY TO LOAN—Cravens, Maer & Walker. 44-tlc \$200,000.—To loan on farms and improved Wichita Falls property. Very easy terms and low rates of interest. F. W. Tibbetta. 49-tlc MONEY—To loan in sums of \$5,000 to \$20,000 on farms land in Wichita, Willberger, Knox, Archer and Clay. F. F. Knotts, Room 204 First National Bank Building. 19-tlc I represent a company which has twelve million dollars loaned on Texas farms. See me for loans. 8 per cent. Otto Stehlik. 20-6tp

For Lease

FOR LEASE—280 acres oil and gas land for lease, three miles southeast of Petrolia, producing oil and gas wells on place now. See Schnell and Weaver Automobile Co., for particulars. 24 13tc

Party Leaving City.

We offer the beautiful modern home for \$2500 with small cash payment balance to suit purchaser with low rate of interest. Five large rooms with every convenience, has sidewalks, curb, shade trees, flowers, chickens, house, garage, fence, etc. Located in the best part of Floral Heights on a large east front lot. Phone 694 Cravens, Maer & Walker Kemp & Kell Building. Telephone 494

Phone 694 Cravens, Maer & Walker

For Rent—Housekeeping Rooms

FOR RENT—Two well furnished downstairs rooms for light housekeeping, modern. Phone 840. 512 Travis. 8 tlc FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished housekeeping rooms. 904 Scott avenue. 10 tlc FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms. 1407 Burnett. Phone 1572. 11 tlc FOR RENT—Three nicely furnished rooms, modern. 704 Travis. Phone 460. 18-tlc FOR RENT—On hill, two nice cool furnished rooms. 1514 Eleventh. 22 8tp FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms, with sleeping porch; all modern, any reliable couple may have them just for keep through summer. Phone 1462. 22 4tp FOR RENT—3 unfurnished rooms. Phone 244 or call at 1206 Marshall. 23 tlc FOR RENT—Two housekeeping rooms and one nice bed room. Modern. 804 Fifth. 23 3tp FOR RENT—Two furnished light housekeeping rooms, modern. 1300 Austin. Phone 2008. 25 3tc FOR RENT—Two modern furnished light housekeeping rooms, \$12.50 per month. 709 Austin. 25 tlc

For Sale—City Property

FOR SALE—One 3-room house on 15th street in 1500 block, price \$1200. \$300 cash, balance \$15 per month. Phone 745. Wilson & Perry. 6 tlc FOR SALE—New seven room bungalow, 2 lots; corner 10th and Kemp Blvd. Will sell at a bargain. One-half cash, balance one to five years. Take good lot or auto as part payment. Phone 1227. 14-tlc FOR SALE—Nice new east front six room house, close in on car line. Bath, pantry, three closets, hall and large sleeping porch, push switch and electric fixtures in every room. Every convenience. J. S. Bridwell. Phone 661. 17 tlc FOR SALE—Best corner lot on 10th street, if sold at once, will sell below cost. Phone 187. 19-10tp FOR SALE—East front 4-room house, gas and city water. Rents for \$10 per month. \$700, easy terms. J. S. Bridwell. Phone 661. 17 tlc

For Rent—Offices and Stores

FOR RENT—One office room over Retail Drug Store facing Indiana Avenue, separate entrance, lavatory inside and all modern and sanitary conveniences. Apply A. Zundelwitz, Phone 949. 14 tlc

For Rent—Houses

FOR RENT—Six room house, Floral Heights, 2405 Eight Street. Phone 490. 73-tlc FOR SALE OR RENT—Three room house furnished; will rent cheap to responsible party. Good garden. Phone 314 or call 404 Bluff Street. 13-tlc FOR RENT—Several houses. See E. B. Gorsline, Phone 730. 12-tlc FOR RENT—Six room house, close in. Call at Westland hotel. 10 tlc FOR RENT—Six room house, modern and suitable for two families. Phone 1023. W. L. Keys. 15 tlc FOR RENT—Three room house, 1408 Broad. 16-tlc FOR RENT—Three, four and five room houses, well located, modern, rent reasonable. Phone 157. 22-tlc FOR RENT—Six room house, modern, close in, \$25; also four room house, corner Third and Bluff, \$11.50. See Geo. W. Eagle, 604 Scott. Phone 745. 24 tlc FOR RENT—Modern five room cottage. Apply at 1400 Broad or call for Joe M. Erwin at Farmers Supply Company. 24 2tp

For Sale or Trade

FOR TRADE—A nice 8 room modern house on Davenport avenue, nicely located, 1 1/2 lots. Will take as first payment a nice light car with all equipments. No junk. Call at the Westland Hotel. 10 tlc FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Gas cook stove and heaters for wood or coal cook stove and heaters. 305 Travis. 9 tlc FOR TRADE—Residence lots for comparatively new light car. No junk. Call at Westland hotel. 10 tlc FOR TRADE—Lots in Floral Heights for horses. Phone 499. 14-tlc

For Sale—Farms and Ranches

FOR SALE—At a bargain, improved 324 acre farm, one mile west of Petrolia, near oil field. For particulars call phone 1640. 25 tlc

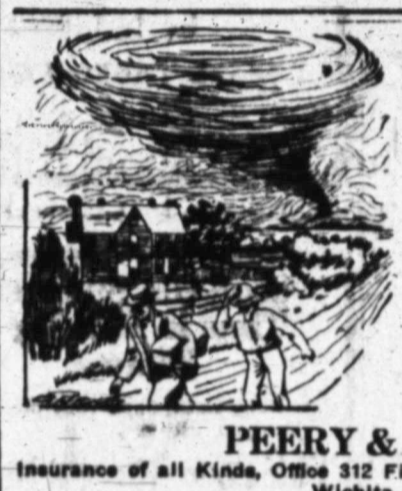
Livestock

FOR SALE—Several fresh young Jersey milk cows. W. T. Harris. Phone 1787. 14 tlc FOR SALE—Nice gentle horse, surry and harness. Phone 632. 19-2tp

Hope, Confidence and Activity Have Succeeded Fear, Doubt And Stagnation.

Make your money work. There is no safer investment in America than Wichita Falls property today. The progress and constant growth of this city is assured. In harmony with its progress, the value of its real estate increases. Purchase a home today. They are cheaper now than they will be again. Don't wait. Phone 1478.

A. L. HUEY, Gen'l Agent Floral Heights Realty Co. 604 Eighth Street



Safety First!

Better be safe than sorry If you need any kind of Insurance or bond, call 529. We will do the rest.

PEERY & MARCHMAN Insurance of all kinds, Office 312 First National Bank Building, Phone 529 Wichita Falls, Texas

Dressmaking

SEWING by the day or piece. Mrs. Dinges. 1111 Indiana. Phone 1935. 25 3tp

For Sale—Miscellaneous

FOR SALE—McCormick-Sisal Blender Twice. Best on market. Jamison Hardware & Implement Company, 410 Indiana Avenue. 18-3tp FOR SALE—Hay, slightly damaged by water, cheap. If taken at once. Maricle Coal and Feed Co. 22 8tc FOR SALE—2 1/2 dozen quart jars, 2 1/2 dozen half gallon glass fruit jars and tops, 75c per dozen. Call at 710 Travis. Mrs. L. C. Wood. 1 to 6 FOR SALE—Nice gentle horse, surry and harness. Phone 632. 25 3tc

Notices

NOTICE—We have some good bargains in city property. Phone 1315 and we will show you. Creed Bros. 18-tlc

Don't Worry

The waters are receding and the wheat crop is by no means lost. If you want to buy a nice home now is a good time and we have one or two bargains to offer you and it will cost you nothing to see them.

If you are dissatisfied with what you have and want to make a trade of any kind, see us, and we will find what you want.

Thomas & Bland Real Estate 606 8th street Phone 99

Don't Be Deceived King's Gro'y 721 7th Street PHONE 604

Fresh Bread Properly baked and wrapped in sanitary germ-proof wrappers, is the kind you get from this bakery. There is quite a difference in bread and it is our purpose to serve only the best. DAN OSTER HOME Bakery 1418 14th Street Phone 982

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RED BALL TRANSFER CO. 319 Ohio Avenue Phone Office 994 Phone Residence 738

L. H. ROBERTS GEMENT WORK GENERAL CONTRACTOR Walks, Curbing, Steps, Cement Work, Floors, Foundations, Street Crippings. Telephone 639

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Free Pictures at Lake Wichita Change of program every night. F. P. ST. CLAIR, Mgr.

"LISTEN" We have in our employ, a reliable, competent staff of employees, in each department of our business to handle "your" business.

McFall Transfer & Storage Co. Office 707 8th Street Phone 444 and 14

RAILROAD TIME TABLE Ft. W. & D. C. Ry. Northbound No. 7 to Deaver and intermediate points, arrives 2:35 a. m.; departs 3:45 a. m.

DeBerry & Houston Fire Insurance, Bonds, Real Estate and Rentals Room 311 Kemp and Kell Bldg. Phone 1640

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Personals

Frank Blair left this afternoon for Fort Worth. W. V. Murray of Abilene was in the city today. R. E. Richmond of Quanah, is in the city today. L. Briggs of Seymour, was here today on business. W. H. Myers of Henrietta, is here today on business. C. H. Menzies returned today from a trip to Greece, Texas. Father John returned to Rhinecland today after a visit here. Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hanks left today to visit relatives in Gatesville. W. K. Ward, a Waxahachie man with interests in this section, is here today. O. L. Williams of Bowie was here today, returning from a trip over the Colorado to the Gulf Highway. Mrs. William Green who has been visiting Miss Mills, left today for her home in Memphis, Texas. Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Coffield and Miss Bertha Mae James who have been here since Sunday planned to return home this afternoon. W. H. Herron returned Thursday from Cincinnati, Ohio, where he has been attending the first triennial convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers for the past month.

DR. J. W. DuVAL
Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat
GLASSES FITTED
Rooms—New 1st National Bank Building.

EXHIBITION BY PAINTER OF WESTERN SCENES

Carlton Spencer, an artist of considerable reputation as a painter of western scenes, is in the city, detained here by high waters, and has consented to give an exhibition of his work at the Harrison-Everton store, in the evenings, starting today. Mr. Spencer is a pupil of the renowned painter, Charles Russell, and like Russell, paints entirely from memory. His first subject will be Miss Elsie McGeorge, who is here with her musical comedy company at the Lydia Margaret. He will then paint some western scenes. Mr. Spencer will lecture as he paints, giving some interesting talks on natural history and the habits and haunts of numerous wild animals. Each evening a beautiful picture will be given away absolutely free.

Dr. Monte R. Garrison
DENTIST
Office 201-202
New First National Bank Building
Phone 49

LYDIA MARGARET THEATRE

FRIDAY, JUNE 11th
Elsie McGeorge Musical Comedy Company
20—PEOPLE—20
"Bud and Henry in Mexico"
Big fan installed today—the coolest place in town.
See the beauty chorus; new songs, elaborate wardrobe, new dances.
Shows 8:15 and 9:15
Prices remain the same—**10c and 15c**

Autographic Photography

Come in our store and let us explain the new feature in KODAKS. The Autographic is the latest development in amateur photography. If you buy a kodak you should buy an autographic. If you have a kodak we can fit the autographic back to your old one.

Morris Drug Store
KODAK SUPPLIES
Our Service is better
Phone 9 and 748
Free Delivery

ICE CREAM
Strawberry
Caramel Nut and Vanilla
(Try a bucket today).
Phone 193 or 925. We Deliver

REMEMBER

That at our store you will find absolutely pure and fresh drugs, polite attention and prices that are as low as are consistent with the quality of the goods we sell. We keep everything that one has a right to expect to find in a thoroughly equipped drug store.

Just phone us, we are anxious for your business. We have what you want and we have the service.

"Connect your Home with a Reliable Drug Store."

PALACE DRUG STORE

Phones 341-340 Only the Best Motorcycle Delivery

We repair Typewriters We Rent Typewriters
Typewriter Bargains

Due to the fact of unusual large sale of the new Underwood typewriter we find that we are overstocked on second hand trade in typewriters of all makes. In order to close out these machines at once we will sell at about half their real value. Phone 10

Wilfong & Woods.
EVERY THING FOR THE OFFICE

Gem Theatre

TODAY

Sixth Episode of Exploits of Elaine
"Killed Against Orders"—Edison
"The White Mask"—Kalem

MAJESTIC THEATRE
THE MOTION PICTURE HOUSE OF QUALITY

"The Prince of Peace"
Lubin two-reel special.
"His Sad Awakening"
Edison
"Mr. Jarr's Magnetic Friend"
Vitagraph

The Black Box is behind the washout

Every Wed.

JULY Cosmopolitan

in today—
Mack Taylor Drug Store
Phone 184 Phone 882

Good Old Summer Time is Bathing Time

We have Bath Caps—the prettiest line you will see.
Price 50c, 75c, \$1, \$1.25
Palace Drug Store
"ONLY THE BEST"

EVERYTHING FOR THE OFFICE

We are prepared to furnish promptly any of the following items besides many others backed by our guarantee. "If not satisfactory, goods may be returned." It is our aim to handle such lines as our trade calls for and in event we haven't in stock, will make special order. Phone your orders. Goods delivered free—promptly.

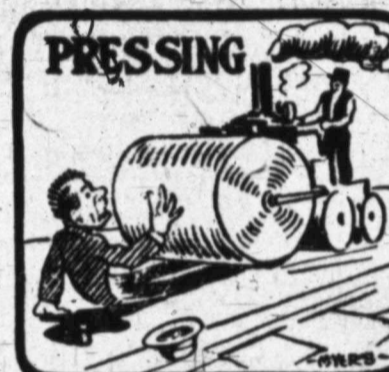
- Typewriter papers Eye shades
- Typewriter carbon Sponges cups
- Typewriter ribbons Clips and other fasteners
- Typewriter brushes Rubber bands
- Typewriter oil and cans Erasers
- Envelope sealers and openers. Fan trays
- Second sheets Ink wells
- Manuscript covers Paper weights
- Sten note books Pens and pencils
- Dictionaries Muclage and pasta

REMEMBER

June 1st is qualification day for all notary publics. Let us furnish your seals, record books, and any other supplies you may need. See our window.

Martin's Book Store
FREE DELIVERY

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Cleaning and Pressing is our business
Palm Beach Suits cleaned and pressed... **50c**
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If your clothes need repairing send them to us.
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Suits Cleaned and Pressed ONE DOLLAR—ALWAYS.
Our Automobile Will Pass Your Home Today.
"We Lay the Tape, the Suit Fits"

You can buy your ice at our plant at only

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Come—give us your business—we will appreciate it
PEOPLES ICE CO

Fresh by express—
Mary Garden and Allegretti's Fine Candies
Kept in a special candy case.
Palace Drug Store
"Only the Best"

Have You Failed?

Unless you serve our frozen dainties at your "socials" you have failed to entertain. Neeland-Murff Creamery Co. make a specialty of sherbets, fruit loes and fancy brick cream. Once tried never forgotten.
Neeland-Murff Creamery Co.
Phone 1974
703 Tenth Street
Motor Service

"SWAT THE FLY"

El a Vmpiro should be used against mosquitos, flies, bed bugs, lice, fleas, moth, cockroaches, ants, etc. Harmless to men and animals. Price... **10c**. We can also supply you with the Seibert Poison fly papers at **5c** a package, and have in stock at all times plenty of "Tanglefoot." Let us have your orders.

SCOTCH-TONE PEROXIDE FACE CREAM

Greaseless and absolutely pure. A mild skin bleach and skin beautifier. Every time the skin is washed and especially when soap is used, the skin should be gently massaged with Scotch-Tone Peroxide Cream. Before going out the Cream should be applied as it preserves and protects the skin from the harmful effects of the sun, wind and dust. No matter how rough the weather it will protect the skin and prevent redness or chapping. It is a splendid dressing Cream for every occasion and should be applied not only to the face but to the neck, bust, and arms, then the powder adheres smoothly to the skin. When Face Powder is applied on Scotch-Tone Peroxide Cream, the skin never has that scaly look, but a natural velvety smoothness that can be obtained in no other way. Really, if we charged a dollar instead of 25 cents for this excellent Cream we could not give a better one.

ABOUT YOUR HAIR!

In connection with the care of the hair do not experiment, use a preparation that has been tried and is recommended by home people—your neighbors. Such is Mack Taylor's Hair Tonic. Made from the most successful ingredients, including Quinine and Sage so valuable in restoring the hair to a healthy condition and to its natural color. It has proven its worth. We believe that two bottles will convince any one of its superior merit. The best known preparation for dandruff, falling hair, itching scalp and for assisting the hair to retain its life, beauty and natural color. Price... **50c**

A ROUSING MILITARY SONG By McCORMACK

John McCormack, Tenor. Twelve-inch, \$1.50. In English 74432 the Trumpeter, J. Francis Barron-J. Airlie Dix.

A famous old English military song, which Mr. McCormack sings in splendid style. The accompaniment furnished by Mr. Rogers is a masterly one and the whole effect is really thrilling.

J. Airlie Dix was a famous English composer who died in 1911. Some of his songs which have attained great popularity are "A Soldier's Toast," "Call of the Drum" and "Song of the Rebel."

You can buy a Victrola for \$1 down and \$1.00 a week.

Mack Taylor's Drug Store
Phones 184-882
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Red Cross Drug Store

"One Sweetly Solenn Thought," by Gluck and Homer. Price... **\$2**

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In order to introduce our WHO CAN BEAT IT India Ceylon Tea, we will for a Limited Time give one tea ball free with each pound sold. This tea ball sells for 15c and is absolutely FREE. We guarantee this tea to be as any thing on the market at ANY PRICE. Your money back if not satisfied. No strings, no questions asked. WHO CAN BEAT IT.

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