

Wichita Weekly Times

21,300 WANT ADS
In Twelve Months in the
Daily Times. And They
Brought Results.

Vol. XXIV.

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Number 12

GERMANS HAVE SAVED ARMY

WITHDRAWAL OF TROOPS IS BITTERLY ARRAIGNED

SIR LIONEL CARDEN ATTACKS PRESIDENT

FORMER BRITISH MINISTER TO MEXICO SAYS ABSOLUTE ANARCHY PREVAILS

AT MERCY OF THE LAWLESS

Those Who Fleed To Vera Cruz For Protection Are Now Left Without Hope

By Associated Press. New York, Sept. 16.—Sir Lionel Carden, one time British minister to Mexico before sailing for Liverpool this morning is reported by the New York City News Association as having made the following statement concerning the withdrawal of American troops from Vera Cruz:

"It is desperate game that the United States has seen fit to abandon the defenseless people of Mexico when they most need help. I do not know the reason for this but it would seem that President Wilson has been misinformed and that if another side of the situation has been brought to his attention he has not seen fit to recognize it having already made up his mind, and had ignored the actual situation.

At Mercies of Lawless.
"The people who did not get protection in Mexico City and elsewhere went to Vera Cruz for protection. What can they do now? They have no means of getting away and will be left to the mercies of the lawless element that will immediately overrun the town and country."

"When it is said that a state of absolute anarchy prevails throughout Mexico the situation is not overstated. Neither life, liberty nor property is safe and whenever an officer so desires he may turn a family out of its house and command everything. There is no reason for there are no courts, no congress, no laws, nothing but anarchy and military despotism which even a supreme chief to oversee them.

No Semblance of Government.
"Huerta had some sort of a government. Carranza has none, what ever. The only claim he has to greatness is his physique and that is not so terrifying either. There is no martial law, for there is no semblance of a government to enforce it."

EVACUATION WAS ORDERED YESTERDAY

Washington, Sept. 16.—Evacuation of Vera Cruz was ordered Tuesday by President Wilson.

American soldiers and marines under General Funston, who have held Mexico's principal seaport since it was seized by the fleet April 21 last, will embark for home as soon as the transportation can go after them, and shortly afterward all of the war fleet except a few light draft vessels will be withdrawn.

The evacuation order was announced at the White House, after a long cabinet meeting. It is the concluding chapter of the second armed conflict between the United States and Mexico, in which a score of Americans lost their lives, nearly a hundred were wounded and upwards of 300 Mexicans were killed or wounded.

The reasons for the step were set forth in the following statement late today from the White House:

"The troops have been ordered withdrawn from Vera Cruz. This action is taken in view of the entire removal of the circumstances which were thought to justify the occupation. The further presence of the troops is deemed unnecessary."

THOUSAND HEAD TEXAS HORSES FOR ENGLAND

Dallas Firm Receives Order To Purchase That Number For Immediate Shipment

By Associated Press. Dallas, Texas, Sept. 16.—A local firm today received orders to purchase 1,000 horses and mules for immediate shipment to England.

ALL BUT THREE WRECK VICTIMS IDENTIFIED

Missouri Public Service Commission Begins Investigation of Yesterday's Wreck

By Associated Press. Springfield, Mo., Sept. 16.—All but three of the twenty-seven victims of yesterday's wreck of the Texas Limited on the Frisco railroad had been identified today. Those not identified were a man 50 years old, wearing a clasp pin with the initials "E. F. W.," a woman, aged 25 or 30 with a ring engraved "E. V. T. K. April 8, 1912," and a small baby. The Missouri public service commission today began an investigation of the wreck. A statement given out by W. C. Nixon, receiver of the road today said that never before after heavy rains had the company experienced any trouble at the gully where the wreck occurred.

MISSOURI RAILROADS ASK FOR HIGHER FARES

Want Three Cents Mile On Main Lines and Four Cents On Branch Lines

By Associated Press. Jefferson City, Mo., Sept. 16.—Application for an increase in passenger rates to three cents a mile on main lines and four cents on branch lines was filed with the Missouri public service commission today by the trunk line railroads.

GERMANS STILL CLAIM FAVORED IN BATTLE

General Staff at Berlin Says It Will Be Several Days Before Result Is Known

By Associated Press. Berlin, via Copenhagen and London, Sept. 16.—The German prospects in the battle in the Marne region are still characterized in Berlin as favorable. The general staff has authorized the announcement that no where along the battle line has the British or French won a victory. No details of the fighting in France are given and it is said no decisive turn of events seems probable for several days.

TUCKERTON WIRELESS OUT OF COMMISSION

Generator Burned Out and One of Two Wireless Plants in U. S. Is Silenced

By Associated Press. New York, Sept. 16.—The Tuckerton, New Jersey, wireless station, one of the two plants in the United States in direct touch with Germany, was closed today. The United States Naval lieutenant in charge of the station said that one of the generators of the plant had burned out last night. He said there was no evidence of any tampering with the machinery. The station is out of operation for an indefinite period unless parts for its repair, which are made in Germany, can be secured in the United States. There was a large amount of private and government business on hand to be flashed across the Atlantic when the break happened.

DELINQUENT TAX COLLECTORS MAY BE STIRRED UP

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, Sept. 16.—Several tax collectors who have failed to file their annual settlement papers are liable to have official complaints filed against their records. These statements now are nearly four months overdue. The comptroller now compiling his annual report up to August 31 cannot complete the document until these reports are filed. There is no legal penalty for delinquency in filing.

SPECIAL AND STAMP TAX

WAR REVENUE BILL BEING REFRAMED TO ELIMINATE FREIGHT TAX

SIMILAR TO 1868

Banks, Picture Shows, Theatres, Brokers and Many Others Will Pay Special Tax

By Associated Press. Washington, Sept. 16.—As agreed upon by the Democratic caucus the war revenue bill was reframed today to eliminate the freight tax and provide special taxes.

It will tax banks with a capital and surplus not exceeding \$25,000, \$50 a year, and \$2 for each additional thousand; stock brokers, \$50; pawn brokers, \$20; commercial brokers, \$20; custom house brokers, \$10; proprietors of theatres, museums and concert halls, \$100; circuses, \$100; public exhibitions, \$10; bowling alleys and billiard halls, \$5 per alley or table; dealers in leaf tobacco, \$6 to \$24, according to the volume of business; dealers in tobacco, \$12, and manufacturers of tobacco, \$6 to \$24.

Stamp Taxes Proposed.
The stamp taxes proposed subject to probable revision by the committee in detail follows: Bank checks, 2 cents; drafts or bill of exchange in hand, 2 cents for each \$100; certificates of deposit, 2 cents; promissory notes, 2 cents for each \$100; money orders, 2 cents per \$100; express receipts, 1 cent; receipts on domestic bills of lading, 1 cent; telephone messages costing 15 cents or more, 1 cent; bonds—50 cents; certificates of deposit, 2 cents per \$100; certificates of damage, 25 cents; certificates not otherwise specified, 10 cents; charters, \$3 to \$10; brokers—contract, 10 cents; conveyances, 50 cents for each \$500; telegraph messages, 1 cent; life insurance policies, 8 cents on each \$100; marine, inland, fire, casualty, fidelity and guarantee insurance, one-half of one per cent, leases 25 cents to \$1, mortgage or conveyance in trust, 25 cents for each \$1,000; power of attorney to sell, 25 cents; power of attorney to sell, 25 cents; warehouse receipts, 25 cents.

JAPANESE DROPS BOMB ON GERMAN BARRACKS

Aviator Makes Daring Sail Over Tsing Tau Forts and Returns Unscathed

By Associated Press. Tokyo, Japan, Sept. 16.—It is officially announced that a Japanese aeroplane dropped bombs on the barracks of the Germans at Ting Tau and that the machine returned safely to its headquarters. The destroyer flotilla has driven back the German patrol.

NOTED BOER GENERAL KILLED BY ACCIDENT

Shot By Police Through Mistake While Watching For Raiders Near Johannesburg

By Associated Press. Cape Town, South Africa, Sept. 16.—General Jacobus Delarey, the well known Boer general, has been accidentally shot dead near Johannesburg. General Delarey accompanied by General Bries, who has just resigned his position as commander in chief of the defense forces of the Union of South Africa, was returning to his farm near Johannesburg in an automobile when the police, who were watching for a gang of desperadoes known to be using a car similar to that of Gen. Delarey, challenged the general. It is evident that none in the car heard the challenge, for they proceeded without stopping. The police fired at the car and General Delarey was killed.

The shooting of the general has caused a sensation throughout Africa, as he won a high reputation as a military leader in the Boer war and took an important part in the peace negotiations.

STATE BANK SUBMITTED

GOVERNOR ASKS LAW CREATING "THE BANK OF TEXAS" FROM LEGISLATURE

CAPITAL \$20,000,000

School Funds Would Be Invested and State School Board Would Organize Bank

By Associated Press. Austin, Sept. 16.—In a special message to both branches of the legislature Gov. Colquitt presented for consideration his recommendation for the passage of a law providing for the establishment of "The Bank of Texas." The reading of the message elicited much applause.

Capital of \$20,000,000.
The proposed bank is to be capitalized at \$20,000,000, \$17,500,000 to be taken by the state board of education for the school fund with the bonds now owned by it. The state banks are required to become subscribers of the capital stock in the sum of \$2,500,000.

Provision is also made for National banks to become stockholders.

"It will be urged against this measure that to do as it is proposed will divert the public school fund contrary to the constitution," said the governor. "The measure has no such purpose. While it will enlarge the scope of the investment it will increase the income of the available school fund thereby aiding in lengthening the sessions of the public schools of the state."

Says Will Boost Cotton.
The governor says he believes the act is entirely constitutional. He declares that the bill which the legislature has just passed guarantees warehouse receipts and has inspired confidence, and the price of cotton has materially advanced, and adds, "If the subject herewith submitted is promptly enacted into law there will be, even under distressed conditions, a still further very substantial advance in the price of cotton."

Many Favor Move.
Representative Calvin is to introduce the state bank bill in the House. He is getting a number of members to join with him in the measure. He has obtained about 25 signatures of members who declare they favor the general policy of the measure, but would not commit themselves to the passage of the act at the present session.

The bill provides that the organization of the bank is to be perfected by the state board of education which is made an organization committee.

Senate Refuses to Adjourn.
The Senate today refused to fix the date of sine die adjournment for next Saturday. The Senate killed Senator Johnson's resolution to that effect by a vote of 15 to 8. The Clarke bill prohibiting interlocking directorates of cotton gins and the McGreevey amendments were considered but action was deferred.

The Senate then took up the Wylie co-operative marketing bureau bill and adopted an amendment placing bond. Complaints of cattle thefts near this morning as a result.

Two Bills Finally Passed.
The House passed today finally the Coke bill providing for the diversion of cotton gins and oil mills after adopting an amendment providing that the act shall not become effective for nine months. The permanent warehouse bill was passed finally by a vote of 95 to 18 thereby making the act effective at once.

AUSTRIAN ARMIES JOIN AFTER TERRIBLE LOSS

Forces of Danke and Auffenberg Reported To Have Lost 40 Per Cent of Men

By Associated Press. London, Sept. 16.—An Express dispatch from Rome states that the two Austrian armies commanded by Generals Danke and Auffenberg have joined forces at Ezeow, 32 miles due north of Przemysl. In the course of this operation they lost 40 per cent of their number.

By Associated Press. New York, Sept. 16.—James E. Sullivan, secretary-treasurer of the American Athletic Union and one of the leading athletic authorities of the United States died here today. He was operated on last Monday for intestinal troubles.

FLEEING TROOPS REFORMED IN BATTLE LINE--ANOTHER FIGHT IN PROGRESS

By Associated Press. Berlin, Sept. 16.—The German general staff announces that the west front is still most favorable to the Germans. It declares that the French and English have at no place on the whole battle front won a victory and that the Germans can look with confidence on the outcome. Other than this no news is obtainable regarding the battle.

GERMAN PLAN ANOTHER BIG BATTLE IS NOT CLEAR

NOT KNOWN WHETHER PRESENT FIGHT IS MERELY TO COVER THEIR RETREAT.

CONSUMATE SKILL

Retreat of Germans Was Carried With Surprising Generalship.

By Associated Press. London, Sept. 16.—The second great battle in northern France since the outburst sweep of the invaders met its check now is in progress.

The opposing lines are arrayed from the Argonne Hills through Reul Heights, Chateau Porcien and near the Soissonne where the program of the French summer maneuvers contemplated cavalry training on a large scale for this very day. Whether the Germans plan to fight to a finish at this point or plan merely to cover their retreat to the river Meuse is not clear, but the German commanders are displaying the same consummate skill in their retreat displayed by the allies a fortnight ago.

The allies have retrieved their perilous position and have turned the tables on the invaders, but the next move is with the Germans, whose armies are still in great force on a ground more or less selected by themselves.

The disaster, for it seems nothing less, to the Austrian armies, means that Germany will have to rely mainly on herself, hence there will be a greater interdependence between the eastern and western armies. What new forces Germany can put into the campaign in the western theatre must depend in a great measure upon how far she can neglect the Russian movement on Breslau, the capital of the province of Silesia, 190 miles southeast of Berlin.

According to reports today Emperor William himself has mand of the German armies opposing the Russian advance.

There is the usual diversity of story today regarding the Austro-Serbian operations. The Austrian general staff claims to have driven the Serbians out of the province of Banap and from the district of Slavofa. The Serbians, however, heretofore have shown a marked capacity for reappearing in the same territory from which they have been driven after these defeats. They claim they are now bombarding the Hungarian town of Orofova.

The war indemnity demanded by the German troops in towns traversed in Belgium and northern France reached a total of \$144,300,000. Only a very small part of this sum, however, has been paid.

NOTED ATHLETIC AUTHORITY DIES AFTER OPERATION

By Associated Press. New York, Sept. 16.—James E. Sullivan, secretary-treasurer of the American Athletic Union and one of the leading athletic authorities of the United States died here today. He was operated on last Monday for intestinal troubles.

WEATHER FORECAST
Tonight and Thursday partly cloudy.

GERMANS MAKING DESPERATE ATTEMPT TO CHECK PURSUING ALLIES

GERMANS FAVORED

Defensive Line On Higher Ground But Fields are Soft for Heavy Guns

By Associated Press. Paris, Sept. 16.—According to an official announcement made this afternoon the German army is fighting a defensive battle along its front from Noyon to a point north of Verdun. The official communication of Monday said that the enemy showed a disposition to resist north of Aisne River. It would thus seem that there must be another big battle in progress since Sunday, as a simple rear guard stand of the Germans against the allies would scarcely last 48 hours.

The forces that constituted the center in the battle of Marne seem also to be seeking a position on the advance line, while the crown prince's army in Argonne continues to retreat in that direction. The Germans have on their line the advantage of high ground with the right protected by the rivers Oise and Aisne.

If the center and left are able to complete a retirement in such shape as to make a stand on the same line they may be able to sustain a general engagement under more favorable conditions than on the Marne.

The battle line at this time is nearly straight from the west to the east. In case the German force should retire again they would have two lines of retreat by Longwy and Sedan. It remains to be seen whether under adverse conditions the Germans seem able to get their artillery in position through the mud. The situation would be desperate in case of defeat for the heavy rains continue and under the circumstances the Germans could hardly get their artillery off the field.

It was rumored last night that the Indian cavalry had arrived and was being sent to the front.

WAR DEMONSTRATIONS SUPPRESSED IN ROME

By Associated Press. Rome, Sept. 16.—Demonstrations against Italy's attitude of neutrality by Italians who favor a declaration of war were suppressed by the military here.

BELGIAN COMMISSION BEFORE PRES. WILSON

Present Long Statement Charging Many Atrocities By the German Invaders

By Associated Press. Washington, Sept. 16.—The Belgian commission which came to the United States to protest against alleged German atrocities in Belgium was received by the president today, and presented a long statement which charged that Germans had killed non-combatants, had wounded and outraged women and children and had committed other depredations.

3,483 BALES COTTON SOLD IN DALLAS TODAY
By Associated Press. Dallas, Sept. 16.—Spot cotton middling basis was quoted at 7-7.8. Sales 3,483 bales.

GERMANS ARE RE-INFORCED

SOME OF THEIR POSITIONS SHOW STRONG ORGANIZATION SAYS STATEMENT

GREAT BATTLE ON

Germans Are Making Stand On Line From Noyon To North of Verdun

By Associated Press. Paris, Sept. 16.—The following official communication was given out this afternoon:

"During the days of the 14th and 15th of September the rear guard of the enemy, with which our pursuing forces were in contact were re-inforced from the main body of the German army. The enemy is now engaging in a defensive battle along their entire line. Their positions show strong organization."

THE LINE OF BATTLE

"This front is bounded by the region of Noyon, the plains to the north of Vic-Fur-Aisne and Soissons, Laon, the heights to the north and to the west of Rheims and a line which runs thence to the north of Ville-Fur-Pourbe to the west of the Argonne region and which is continued thence beyond the Argonne by another line which passes north of Varrenes a point that has been evacuated by the enemy, and reaches the river Meuse in the neighborhood of the forest of Furges which north of Verdun."

MANY PRISONERS TAKEN

"During the pursuit of the enemy many prisoners were surrendered to our troops after the battle of the Marne. To these men there has been added a large multitude of stragglers, who were hidden in the forest. No exact accounting of these prisoners nor of the war material captured by us so far has been possible. It is for this reason that the minister of war does not want to give out figures which might seem fantastic and has refrained from making a statement."

RUSSIAN ARMY OF VILNA RETREATING TO VISTULA

By Associated Press. Berlin, Sept. 16.—According to documents found on Russian prisoners the remainder of the Russian army of Vilna whose defeat was announced in Berlin yesterday has moved southward to the Vistula river. An official report says that in fighting that took place August 28 the French destroyed a German field hospital, killing the physician in charge, several nurses and patients. Fifty pieces of artillery captured from the British have arrived at Hamburg.

EUROPEAN WAR INTERFERES WITH SILVER SERVICE FUND

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, Sept. 16.—Raising of money for purchase of a \$7,500 silver service for the battleship Texas has been interfered with by the European war. Governor Colquitt however, has ordered the service made as \$5,000 has been raised. The governor announced this week that he is hurrying the collection campaign in the hope of making full payment when the service is delivered.

BUY-A-BALE MOVEMENT GIVEN BIG IMPETUS AT MASS MEETING HERE

EARLY HUNDRED BALES SUBSCRIBED

SELECTED APPOINTED TO WORK OUT COMPLETE ORGANIZATION OF CLUB

BIG CROWD OF FARMERS

Great Interest in Plans For Relief of Cotton Situation—Farmers' Union Man Speaks

From Sunday's Daily.

Organization of a Buy-a-Bale-Cotton Club with many members was the tangible result of the mass meeting at the court house Saturday afternoon to discuss the cotton situation. Cotton warehouse plans were also discussed and farmers told that the warehouse which would be ready for the storage of cotton would be large enough to take care of all the cotton that might be brought in and that the banks would be ready to advance money on cotton stored in warehouses.

Information as to storage charges could not be furnished because it is not known what the cost of operation will be under the new warehouse law. Inquirers were informed that the interest charges on money borrowed from the banks on warehouse cotton would be a matter between the borrower and the banks, as no agreement had been made as to the rate of interest.

The committee Frank Kell, T. B. Noble, Howard Hines, J. L. McConkey and R. E. Huff were named as a committee to work out a plan of organization for the Buy-a-Bale Club. The club is to have president and a board of directors. John W. Thomas was named as secretary. It is expected to secure a membership large enough to buy one bale of cotton at ten cents a pound from each farmer in the county.

That there is deep interest in the matter was evidenced by the fact that nearly three hundred farmers besides a number of business men were in attendance. The attendance of the latter, however, was not as large, as it is thought to have been. R. E. Huff, who was chosen chairman, expressed the hope that their absence was not because they were afraid they might be called upon to do something.

He said the purpose of the meeting was to discuss the cotton situation and to devise a plan whereby the market value of cotton which was now unduly depreciated might be kept up. He spoke of the Buy-a-Bale movement and other movements but said that in the end the matter rested with the farmer himself. He must realize that he will not sell for less than ten cents a pound and predicted that as soon as the market opened that they were not going to sell for less than ten cents a pound. He said the government ought to buy cotton and that the government should not get the money. The government itself is endeavoring to raise revenue. The minute the government begins to have to pay, when things will begin to go to pieces, he said. The banks he said, didn't have the money, either, to take care of the crop on their own resources.

Diapell Pessimism

Each must do his share, he said. We've all got to forbear and not push distress on fellow farmers. There ever was a time when we should have done what was to be done by us.

He said that instead of talking about how bad things were we should talk about how good things were. "There's not a farmer here," he said, "but what's a whole lot better off than he was two years ago." He said that already there were some prospects of a speedy conclusion of the war. He predicted that peace would be made. "The people of Europe," he said, "are going to have less of this killing at the dictates of a few crowned heads; the people are going to have greater rights."

A Mr. Rupe was the first man on the floor. He talked at considerable length without seeming to get any nearer the matters at hand than when he started and a point of order was made that there was nothing before the house.

Mr. Kell then introduced a resolution to take up the burden but that it had been seen that the government could not do it. "It's now necessary for us to act," he declared. He said the movement was sweeping the whole south. He predicted that it would take care of 500,000 bales in Texas. He said the moment of a great quantity of cotton was taken off the market a speculative value would be established. He said the mills all over the country were changing from jute to cotton bagging, the Wichita Mill and Elevator Company being one of these. He read a number of telegrams he had sent and received from firms with whom he did business in the north wherein he agreed to join the Buy-a-Bale movement.

Store It In His Yard
If there is anybody in Wichita Falls that won't join this movement because they have no place to store their bale, they can store it in my front yard and I'll look after it," he promised. He said that it was important that no cotton go on the market at less than ten cents from the start. "Whenever the spinners can buy cotton at seven cents a bale they'll establish a market at that price," he said. Signers to the Buy-a-Bale agreement were called for and a number signed. Farmers were urged to sign and if necessary one farmer buy a

Resolution Launching Buy-A-Bale Club In This County

Wichita Falls, Texas, September 12th, 1914.
Whereas the conditions now prevailing in this country as result of the European war have depressed the price of cotton to such an extent that the farmers in this vicinity will be unable to market their cotton without a great sacrifice and loss to themselves; and

Whereas, it is the unanimous desire of every citizen of this locality to assist the farmers in marketing their cotton at a reasonable price in so far as they may be able to do so; and

Whereas, a plan has been devised to render such assistance to the farmers in this vicinity, more especially the tenant farmers, by which certain citizens of this vicinity have agreed to each purchase one or more bales of cotton of the present cotton crop at ten cents per pound, basis middling.

Now therefore, we, the undersigned, hereby agree to purchase the number of bales of cotton set opposite our respective names at ten cents per pound, basis middling, which we agree to pay for not later than October 15th, 1914.

It is understood and is a part of this agreement that the cotton purchased by us shall be purchased only from such farmers as will bind themselves, in writing, to reduce their cotton acreage next year not less than twenty-five per cent.

It is further understood and agreed that the cotton purchased by us shall in so far as possible, be purchased from the tenant farmers and shall not be purchased from the owners of farms on which the cotton is produced except in cases where such owners are in actual distress.

It is further understood and agreed that the cotton so purchased by us shall be held for a period of not less than one year, unless same can be marketed in the meantime for ten cents per pound, or more, basis middling, and that only one bale from each farmer be purchased at this price, tenant farmers and those known to be in distress to be bought from first.

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| The following was the list of subscribers, together with the number of bales subscribed: | J. C. Ward | 1 |
| Frank Kell | S. S. Marshall | 1 |
| H. H. Pennington | M. A. Barwise | 1 |
| Wichita Southern Life Ins. Co. | L. H. Given | 1 |
| E. W. Griffin | J. D. Cooper | 2 |
| G. D. Anderson | E. J. Shumake | 1 |
| John W. Thomas | F. W. Tibbetts | 1 |
| J. A. Kemp | B. D. Donnell | 1 |
| J. L. Art | J. L. McConkey | 1 |
| B. M. G. | Thos. H. Peery | 1 |
| W. B. McClurg & Co. | C. S. Maxwell | 1 |
| Times Publishing Co. | W. C. Myers | 1 |
| Myles O'Reilly | John Calloway | 1 |
| Rev. F. F. Walters | J. M. Duckworth | 1 |
| P. M. Hull | H. V. Crowell | 1 |
| John A. Whitaker | J. W. Bradley | 1 |
| Blair & Hughes Co. | T. B. Noble | 1 |
| W. W. Hines | Collier & Hendricks | 1 |
| M. J. Gardner | Loeb-Liebold | 1 |
| H. J. Gardner | W. S. Robertson | 1 |
| K. J. Gardner | Kahn's | 1 |
| H. B. Hines | Wichita State Bank | 1 |

United States could raise a million men. But their efficiency in war would not be as great as trained Reservists.

Washington, Sept. 15.—"Could we quickly raise an army of 1,000,000 men and put them in the field fully equipped for action? Why, yes."

This was the comment of Chairman George C. Chamberlain of the Senate committee on naval affairs in discussing Secretary Bryan's statement that such a military establishment is not beyond the preparedness of the United States at this time.

"But the question of the military value of such an army is another thing," continued Senator Chamberlain. "According to our present law the first military force available for duty would be the regular army, numbering about 75,000 men out of a total authorized force of 100,000."

Next in order would be the State militia, numbering about 250,000.

"The regular army is thoroughly trained and according to our present military policy is designed as a nucleus of any larger force this country may be called upon to put in the field. The militia may be considered a trained body, but is not as ready for action as the smaller force of regulars."

"This gives us a nominal force of trained and partially trained men which must comprise less than one-third of an army of a million. I do not believe the military value of such an army would compare favorably with a similar army recruited in a country in which a reserve system has brought a majority of its male population under military training."

"What if by any chance the United States had been brought into the present unfortunate European conflict? What would an army of a million men, two-thirds untrained, have availed, opposed to an equal body of trained men?"

"I do not think we should become a military nation, nor do I feel that we are in any danger of war, but I am fully convinced of the need of a system of military training and a reserve organization which would not find us unprepared in an emergency."

SERBIAN VICTORY TOLD IN DELAYED DISPATCH

Estimated 10,000 Austrians Killed—Letter Directed Machine Gun—Fire On Own Men
Nish, Serbia, Sept. 11. (Delayed in transmission).—A great battle was fought Sept. 8 and 9 on the whole northwestern Serbian frontier. The Austrians who were trying to invade Serbia were repulsed with heavy losses. It is estimated they lost more than 10,000 men in dead and wounded. Military authorities consider this victory decisive. Austrians are said to have directed machine gun fire against their own troops to keep them from retreating.

Destroy Years of Work to Prevent German Occupation of Antwerp



Englands Indian Troops May Become Important Factor

London, Sept. 15.—The throwing by England of thousands of her Indian fighters into France to combat German and the importation of French African troops into the field have given amazing aspect to the international war. Germany now is opposing English, French, Belgians, Russians, Hindus and Africans.

The remarkably short time after the beginning of war in which the British Indian troops were seen crossing Canada from the Pacific to the Atlantic astonished the Germans. It indicated that the Asiatic soldiers were on their way about the same instant that war was formally declared by Great Britain.

England, if necessary, can pour into France from India 235,000 trained men, of which 75,000 are trained British troops, including some of the crack regiments of the royal army, the remainder being native Indian soldiers, fit comrades on the firing lines of France's Turcos and Spahis.

According to the official figures, the strength of the Indian army at ready on its way to the front is: infantry, 122,000; cavalry, 25,000; artillery, 10,000; engineers, etc., 6,000.

The main strength of the Indian army is in its infantry. Brahmins, Jats, Rajputs, Sikhs, Punjabis, Dogras, Maharrattas and Gurkhas, all of castes and several religions. Mohamadan, Hindu, Buddhist; all its warriors who lay down their lives for the British and the dark-skinned regiments of the Indian army are a fighting force hard to stop.

Though all arrangements for offense and defense in the present great war have been kept profoundly secret, it is probable that the order to bring the Indian troops to France was not given without long and careful thought on the part of the war office.

To take the army out of India would be to leave that vast empire open to attack from without and mutiny from within. There is always talk of uprisings in India. It was finally decided, though, that there was no immediate prospect of internal trouble in India, and the lineup of the allies made it improbable that any foreign attack would have to be resisted. With Germany as England's only enemy and the Kaiser pretty much occupied at home and in China with defending the Fatherland, it was deemed almost a certainty that nothing could occur in India that would require the presence of troops there.

Among the most interesting as well as the most formidable fighting outfits in the Indian army are the Gurkha Rifles. These little fighters who come from the region of Nepal and trace their descent from the Rajputa would rather fight than eat. In appearance they are deceiving. They are short, stocky little men, of somewhat the appearance of the Japanese, only a bit heavier. They wear perpetual grins on their faces and the grins do not come off when they go into a fight.

The Gurkhas were conquered in 1814 by the British after years of fighting, and have become loyal subjects of England. When the Gurkha regiments were first made a part of the Indian army they did not seem to take well to organized methods of warfare. It was not until the army authorities allowed them to make their national weapon, the kukri, a

long, curved knife, a part of their equipment that the Gurkhas regained their prestige as fighters. Their instructors never could make them use the bayonet.

In close quarters the Gurkha throws away his rifle and takes to his knife, which he uses with telling effect. When charged by cavalry the Gurkhas stand up and fire at the horsemen until they come within close range. Then the natives drop to the ground. As the cavalry passes over them the little Indians are up and busy at work hamstringing the horses and clinging to the stirrups, stabbing the riders.

This method of fighting is not unlike that of the French Turcos, who also play "possum" when charged by a heavier enemy. The Gurkhas, like the Scotch Highlanders, use bagpipes and they carry their pipes with them when they go into battle.

If the German infantrymen come in contact with the Gurkhas it is likely they will receive the surprise of their lives, for these Indians do not fight like European troops. Once they are launched on a charge they do not stop until they come to grips with the enemy. No matter how many fell, the survivors do not retreat.

In contrast to the little Gurkhas are the Sikhs and the Pathans, who are big men, of more than ordinary size. They, too, are brave fighters, but they have taken to the methods of modern warfare.

BRITAIN MOVED BY FEAR TO FIGHT

AGGRANDIZEMENT OF KAISER'S DOMINIONS PERIL TO ENGLISH PROSPERITY

HISTORIAN FERRERO'S VIEWS

Violation of Neutrality of Belgium Gave Pretext That Was Readily Accepted

BY GIUGLIEMMO FERRERO.
(The Noted American Historian and Authority on Militarism, in the Chicago Tribune.)

In this gigantic war the combatants are actuated by different motives and for different interests. Each is acting with different means of offense and defense; each, in a word, occupies a position peculiar to itself. In the midst of the confusion of events which will soon overwhelm us from every side, it will be impossible to keep one's bearings, unless he knows the position of each belligerent power.

So, as we go on observing, as occasion may offer, we shall discern these interests, motives and methods of offense and defense. Today we shall examine this point: For what reason has England taken the field on the side of France.

Speech of Grey.

In the speech he delivered in the house of commons on August 3, Sir Edward Grey clearly defined England's position among the belligerents. It was then still free from any obligations. The French and English general staffs had for some time been working out the plans of the eventual military operations that the two governments might have to carry out, if they should some day find themselves fighting side by side.

Everything was ready for an offensive and defensive alliance; but the two governments had not as yet assumed reciprocal obligations of any kind.

On the evening of August 3, England could still declare itself neutral, and it would seem that Germany was still that very day trying to persuade it not to take up arms.

For what reason did England declare war on Germany on the following day?

The apparent reason was Belgium. On that very day the chancellor of the German empire announced in the reichstag "that Germany would violate the neutrality of Belgium, because he who is fighting cannot heed international law." And the next day England sent to Germany the ultimatum: "Respect Belgium or go to war."

But Belgium was the pretext for the war rather than the reason—the magnificent pretext offered by Germany to the party in England that for long had been wanting war. England also had guaranteed the neutrality of Belgium. By violating it Germany was affronting England, whose honor was now pledged to unsheath the sword.

In England friends of peace and partisans of war have been—and cannot fail to be—in agreement in recognizing that war was inevitable as soon as the German armies had crossed the Belgian frontier.

But it is to be believed that, even if Germany had not imprudently furnished England with that splendid pretext, England would have sought and found another.

England's Real Reason.

For a long time the Conservative party and a considerable section of the Liberal party of England had been agreed that if Germany should attack France, England must take to the field with Russia in its defense in order to prevent Germany from further aggrandizement upon the continent and from becoming the arbiter of Europe.

This is the real reason why England today stands side by side with France against Germany, just as a century ago it was directing the struggle against Napoleon.

It is a most potent reason, for Germany has no wreath at which it might by further expansion become more dangerous to England than the Napoleonic empire was a century ago. Whoever needs to be convinced of it has only to study the statistics of the production of iron, and there he will find the key to the Anglo-German conflict.

England is the richer, but Germany has far the greater population. With some increase in territory upon the continent and with its natural rapid growth this population might very soon double that of England. So far England this war is a matter of life or death.

BELGIAN MOTOR MACHINE GUNS AGAINST CAVALRY

German Losses Reported Heavy in Engagement 15 Miles North of Brussels

By Associated Press.
London, Sept. 15.—An engagement occurred near Alcoat, fifteen miles northwest of Brussels between a German cavalry and a Belgian motor machine gun squad according to a Reuter dispatch. German losses were reported as heavy.

Of Prince Friedrich Wilhelm Zur Lippe, who died in the campaign in Belgium, the Hamburger Fremdenblatt says: "He died as a real hero. Though severely injured, he seized the flag of his regiment and carried it before his troops. But soon he was pierced by several bullets and fell dead on the ground."

WILL DEMAND TO SEE UNION CARD

MEMBERS OF TRADES COUNCIL WILL BUY ONLY FROM UNION CLERKS

ACTION TAKEN BY COUNCIL

Committee Named at Last Meeting to Negotiate For Labor Hall

From Tuesday's Daily.
"Let's see your card" will be the salutation of Wichita Falls union men when they go into Wichita Falls stores to buy groceries, clothing or anything else.

A resolution was adopted at last night's meeting of the Wichita Falls Trades and Labor Council by which members of the Council are pledged to demand to see the union card of every clerk who waits upon them before purchasing goods. The resolution was adopted by an unanimous vote and is to be put into effect at once.

At last night's meeting a committee was named to investigate a proposition for the erection of a new hall for the Council. This committee is comprised of C. W. Johnson, Frank Harris, J. M. Allen and F. Nelson. The committee will investigate several propositions.

A campaign to land the 1916 convention of the State Federation of Labor was launched. C. W. Russell of the Typographical Union called the attention of the Council to the advisability of starting the campaign early. His suggestions were endorsed.

A vote of thanks was extended to Manager St. Clair, the Labor Day committee, the press of the city, the Chamber of Commerce, the Retail Merchants' Association, and to citizens generally for their co-operation in making the Labor Day celebration the success it was.

On account of the absence of President Burton who has been sick for some time, F. H. Harris of the Brotherhood of Railway Carmen presided. Two new delegates to the Council, C. D. Willard from the Musicians' Union and M. F. Lawing from the Carpenters were installed.

C. W. Johnson of the special committee appointed to assist the Laundry Workers in getting contracts, reported progress. Hugh Weaver, president of the Clerks' Union reported that a fair and unfair list of merchants was being prepared for publication. A report was also heard from the Sheet Metal Workers.

WILL LEAVE CAPITOL RENOVATION TO FERGUSON

Austin, Texas, Sept. 15.—Governor Colquitt is reported to have made it clear that the state capitol building will not be renovated nor be insured from funds appropriated at the present special session. The governor has said he will leave this matter to the succeeding administration. Gov. Colquitt declares the building is now in better condition than it ever has been since its erection thirty years ago.

COTTON EXPORTS ALMOST NOTHING

SHIPMENTS IN AUGUST AMOUNTED TO ONLY 21,210 BALES—257,152 YEAR AGO

CENSUS BUREAU'S FIGURES

Domestic Consumption Last Year Was 5,500,000 Bales. U. S. 61 Per Cent World's Supply

By Associated Press. Washington, Sept. 14.—The extent of the effect of the European war on the cotton business of the South was disclosed today in the census report of the department of agriculture, showing that during August only 2,210 bales of cotton was exported, while during August of last year 257,152 bales went abroad.

Great Britain took only 6,270 bales this August, while last August she took 77,000 bales; Germany took 62 bales against 75,978 last August. France took five bales against 72,000 a year ago, and Italy 1,546 bales against 13,568 in August, 1913.

All other countries took 13,237, against 40,255 a year ago. The supply of cotton for 1914, ending August 31, was more than 16,000,000 bales. The year's exports were 8,900,000 bales, and domestic consumption 5,500,000 bales. The quantity on hand August 31 was 1,599,000 bales.

An extraordinary feature was the fact that more cotton was imported during August than was exported by the United States, which last year furnished 61 per cent of the world's cotton supply.

Ghastly Dead Stood Erect in Battle Array

Paris, Sept. 14.—"It was as though some blight from heaven had descended upon the German ranks, smothering them in an embrace of death," declared a member of the American branch of the Red Cross, who returned to Paris after a visit to the battlefield near Meaux. He had gone with an ambulance to collect wounded soldiers and thus describes the scenes which met his eyes:

"I saw trenches filled with German dead, just as they had been left by the French guns. It was not so much the sight of death that was so appalling; it was the outlandish postures of those rigid corpses and the look upon their faces. Since the angel of death passed above the camp of the Philistines, I am sure nothing like it has been seen. It was though some blight from heaven had descended upon the German ranks, smothering them in an embrace of death.

"Down was just breaking as I came upon the trenches where the fighting had been bloodiest. The gray light rested upon a ghost like silent company. Clusters of corpses with rigid arms and legs protruding filled the bottoms. Along the rim, with rifles to shoulder and head bent along the barrel stood a line of dead. They died as they stood upon the fighting line and the bodies were held in an upright position by the bodies behind and around them.

"It was a ghastly sight. Upon the faces of many were no expressions of fright or horror. Except for the glaze of death in the eyes one would not have guessed that their souls had passed the boundary of eternity. Never have I seen anything so terrible as that erect, silent company of still figures in the chill dawn with the quiet of a fresh, early day all about."

Movement for Model Schools in Oklahoma

Oklahoma City, Okla., Sept. 14.—R. L. Wilson, state superintendent of schools, has commenced a movement to establish one model school in every county of Oklahoma. He has urged all county superintendents to establish such a school as near as possible to the county seat. In connection with the schools would be organized a patron's club, with the Boys' Corn Club and the Girls' Canning Club as auxiliaries in developing premises, founding a library and making the school a social and recreative center.

SCHOOL ENROLLMENT WILL SHOW INCREASE

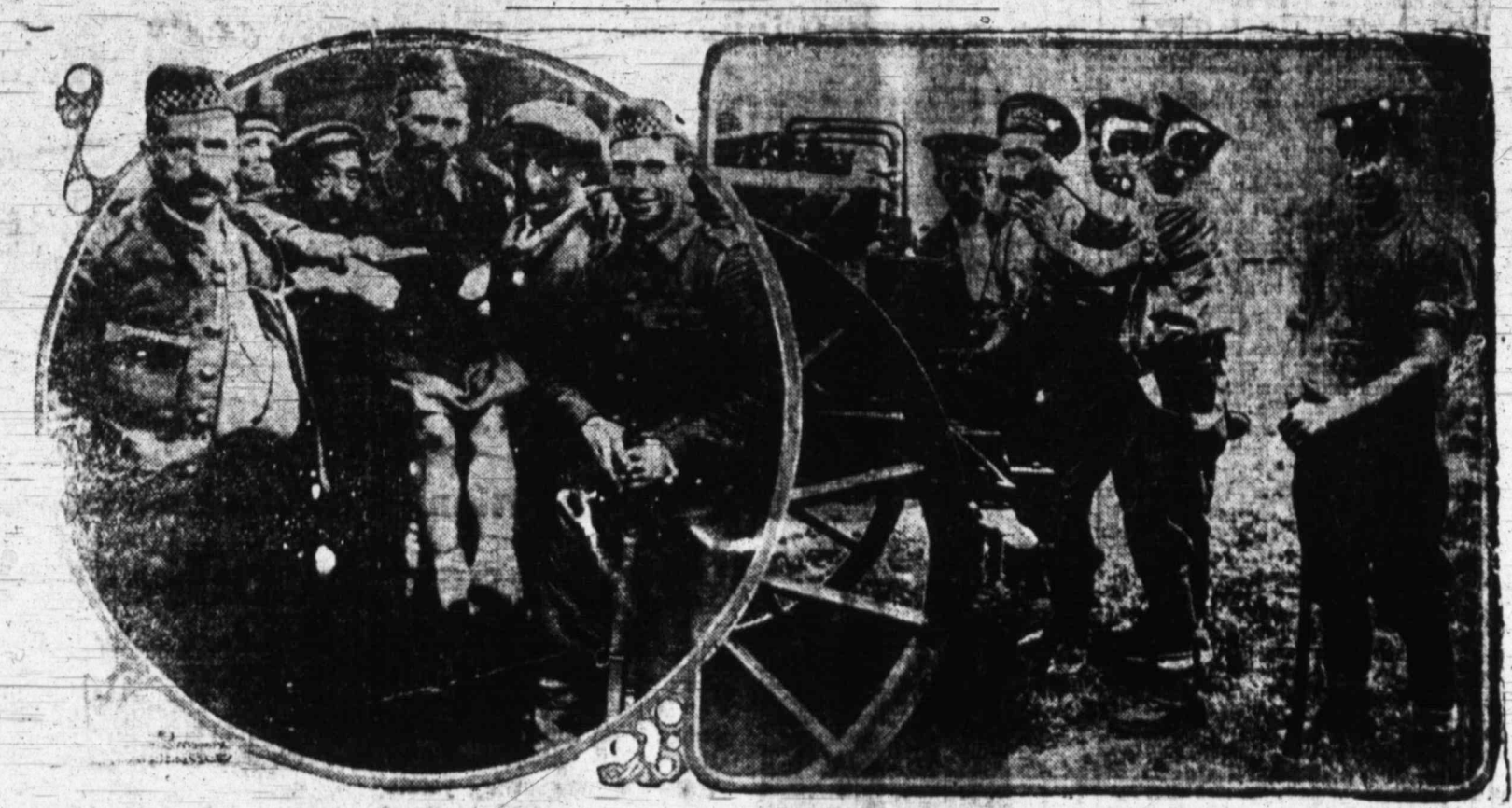
From Monday's Daily. Wichita Falls' public schools began the session of 1914-15 today, with heavy enrollment. Exact figures will not be available for several days, but it is certain that there will be a heavy increase over last year. Classes were organized today and the work started by the middle of the week the regular routine of school work will be in progress.

Buying of school books and supplies was heavy today and dealers did a thriving business.

Several of the county schools opened today and others had previously begun work. Most of them, however, will close again shortly to permit the pupils to work in the cotton fields.

Fort Worth—A local printing concern has received orders from 41 warehouses in this State for a total of 125,000 negotiable cotton warehouse receipts. The receipts are

Wounded Highlander Being Taken to Hospital, English in Field



Geographic Society's War Primer

Soissons—A French city, 65 miles northeast of Paris by rail and 22 miles directly east of Compiègne, on the left bank of the Aisne. It has iron and copper foundries, and factories for the production of boilers, agriculture implements and other iron goods, straw hats, glass and sugar. The town was sacked by Charles V in 1544 and by the Huguenots in 1565. In 1814, the town was captured and recaptured by the Allies and the French. In 1815 after Waterloo, it was the rallying point for the vanquished and it was not occupied by the Allies till the 14th of August. In the Franco-Prussian war it surrendered to the Germans.

Senlis—A town of northern France, on the Nonette, 34 miles north of northeast of Paris by rail and 26 miles by air line. Its population is about 7,500. Its Gallo-Roman walls, 23 feet high and 13 feet thick, are, with those of St. Leger and Bourges, the most perfect in France. At each of the 16 angles of the wall stands a tower. The city has five gates. The manufacture of brick and tiles, cardboard, measures and other wares are among the industries. The Leagues were beaten there in 1539 by Henry I and Francois de La Noue.

Abbeville—A town of northern France, on the Somme River, 12 miles from its mouth in the English channel, and 28 miles northwest of Amiens by rail. It is built partly on an island and partly on both sides of the river. Its industries include hemp spinning, the manufacture of cloth, sugar making, ship building, and locksmithing. The French and English were its masters by turn in the 14th and 15th centuries. In 1477 it was annexed permanently by France. Its population is about 20,000.

Chalons sur Marne—A town of northeastern France, 107 miles east of Paris, on the main line of the Eastern Railway to Nancy. The population is approximately 25,000. Hugo military barracks lie to the north and east. The principal industry is brewing and galleries of immense length, hewn in a lime stone hill and served by lines of railway, are used as store houses for beer. The plains near Chalons were the scene of the defeat of Attila, the Hun, in the 5th century. The army of Chalons formed by Marshal McMahon in the camp at this place, after the first reverses of the French in 1870 surrendered at Sedan. The military camp is still used as a training center for troops.

Vitry Le Francois—A town in northeastern France, on the Marne, 20 miles southeast of Chalons and 100 miles by rail east of Paris. The present town was built in 1545 by Francis I to replace the older town burned in the previous year by Charles V. It manufactures cement and decorated wares and has a population of about 9,000.

Vesoul—A town of eastern France, situated between the La Motte hill and the River. Durgoon, 35 miles from the Alsace border and 226 miles east of southeast of Paris by rail. Its medieval walls of the 13th and 15th centuries still exist on the northern side. Distilling and the manufacture of files and tapocra are among the industries. The towns suffered greatly during the wars of religion and the Thirty Years' war.

Eibing—An east Prussian seaport town, 49 miles by rail east of south-east of Danzig on the Elbing, a small river which flows into the Frische Haft about five miles from the town. Its population is about 60,000. In 1698 and again in 1703, it was seized by the elector of Brandenburg as a security for a debt. Charles XII of Sweden held it for ransom and the Russians captured it in 1710. In 1772 it fell to Prussia through the first partition of Poland. At the great Schichau iron works in Eibing are built most of the torpedo boats and destroyers for the German navy, as well as larger crafts, locomotives and machinery. In addition, Eibing has important iron foundries and manufactories of machinery, cigars, lacquer and metal ware, flax and hemp yarn, cotton, linen and organs.

Lignitz—A Prussian town in the province of Silesia, 40 miles north of west of Breslau, on the main railway line to Berlin. In 1910 its population was 66,620. Its principal manu-

French Strategy And English Daring Turn Defeat To Victory



At the left is Chief of Staff Joffre of the French army and to the right is General Pau. These men, with General French in command of the English expeditionary forces on the continent, are the heroes of the hour in France and England. General Joffre's strategy, General French's generalship in carrying out his plan, and the brilliancy of General Pau's efforts have turned what seemed defeat into victory.

Both General Pau and General Joffre fought in the Franco-Prussian war and each lost an arm. General French fought in the Boer war and it was probably his experience there that enabled him to withdraw the English so successfully before superior forces of attackers.

At the outset of the war the German advanced upon France in three vast armies, one through Belgium, one into the Vosges region south, and the third still further south. In the army that came through Belgium and which attacked the allies' left it is estimated that there were not less than 600,000 men, which were opposed by about 400,000 allies at the most.

In the center and on the French right the forces appear to have been more evenly opposed. The German strategy appears to have been to turn the left wing of the allies, envelop it and drive it back into the line of fortifications along the frontier, where it could be isolated and crushed by the German right and German center. To avoid this it was necessary for the allies to do one of two things. One was to withdraw enough men from the center and send them to the allies' left to hold back the German advance; the other was to retreat to the environs of Paris, by which time reinforcements could be assembled there to make the opposing forces more even. The latter was the plan chosen. The retreat before superior forces of more mobile troops is regarded as a masterly feat although it was not appreciated by observers at the time. "The situation is satisfactory" was a statement that appeared daily in the French communication at the allies' daily were pushed back farther on the road to Paris. The world read and wondered at the optimism of the French. Events proved that the statement was well founded.

of the attacking German army. The German pursuit of the French left appears to have been so rapid that it arrived before Paris out of breath and with ammunition and other supplies far behind. In this predicament, faced by its late fugitives fully provisioned and reinforced with fresh troops it appears that the Germans turned to the southeast, hoping to break through the French line and effect a junction with the third German army attempting to drive back the French right. But everywhere the Germans found their allies in superior forces and on the offensive. The lately pursued became the pursuers and began to drive back the German right even more rapidly than it had advanced.

As viewed by most military experts, if the German retreat can be effected as successfully as was that of their allies, the Germans will be fortunate indeed. All of which goes to show that when it comes to playing the game of war there are other aspects besides the far behind. In this predicament, faced by its late fugitives fully provisioned and reinforced with fresh troops it appears that the Germans turned to the southeast, hoping to break through the French line and effect a junction with the third German army attempting to drive back the French right. But everywhere the Germans found their allies in superior forces and on the offensive. The lately pursued became the pursuers and began to drive back the German right even more rapidly than it had advanced.

A Farmer without a Telephone Takes Long Chances

The services of the Doctor or the Veterinarian are essential to the farmer. Either may be summoned quickly over the telephone in case of accident or sudden illness.

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GIN-MILL DIVORCE BILL IS TAKEN UP

AMENDMENT OFFERED TO ALLOW MILLS TO OPERATE GINS IN SAME TOWNS

WAREHOUSE BILL IN HOUSE

Boner Sworn In—Leave of Absence To House Members Has Been Revoked

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, Sept. 14.—The Senate today resumed consideration of the cotton gin-oil mill divorce bill. The vote of engrossment was rescinded in order to present further amendments without the two-thirds majority necessary in case of engrossed bills.

The amendment was defeated 22 to 77. The House then engrossed the Burgess-Harris Mexican counterfeit money bill.

Senator Nugent offered an amendment which would allow oil mills to own and operate gins in the same town in which the mill is operated. Senator Clark opposed this amendment as practically defeating the very purpose of the bill. Senator Nugent read two letters from Hadisonville and Huntsville protesting against the bill that it would hurt farmers.

The Senate defeated the Nugent amendment 11 to 9. When the Senate recessed until afternoon there was pending an amendment by Watson allowing oil mills, when 80 per cent of their stock is owned in the county in which the mill is situated, to own and operate cotton gins in the county also. Senator Hudspeth and Senator McNeal introduced the Mexican counterfeit money bill requested in the governor's message.

PERMANENT WAREHOUSE BILL BEFORE HOUSE

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, Sept. 14.—When the House met today Representative Goodner had adopted a resolution providing that all leaves of absence extended to members be revoked. The sergeant at arms was directed to wire all absentees to return immediately. At present there is barely a quorum in attendance.

C. W. Boner of Bellevue was sworn in from the 100th representative district. The House then resumed consideration of the permanent warehouse bill considering the amendment to strike out sections 6, 7 and 8. These sections contain regulations for cotton ginners and place ginners under the jurisdiction of warehouse commissioners.

COTTON PRICES RANGE FROM 7 TO 8 CENTS

Buyers Only Filling Orders and Market is Very Uncertain—Little Sold

From Tuesday's Daily. Local cotton buyers are quoting seven and a half cents for middling here today, but very little cotton is being sold and the market is almost at a complete standstill. This price is an advance of about one cent from last week's quotations and the "buy a bale" propaganda is believed to be largely responsible for the advance. Cotton men state that no cotton is being offered locally, but that some is being bought in neighboring communities.

Yesterday one cotton firm here was offering over eight cents but is unwilling to give that much today. Merchants and others who have bought bales from farmers are beginning to believe the price will soon reach a figure that will make their investment a profitable one.

WOULD CALL OUT GUARD TO EQUALIZE PRODUCTION

Oklahoma Oil Men Considering Making Such a Request of Governor Crute

By Associated Press. Oklahoma City, Sept. 15.—Proposals to call on Governor Crute to take charge of the oil situation using the National Guard if necessary to equalize production were considered at a meeting of oil men here today. The governor was told pipe lines have storage capacity for millions of gallons which they will fill as soon as the price drops low enough. It also was stated that conditions were serious in the Cushing field where a majority of the operators refused to obey orders to curtail production.

DEMOCRATS WIN BY 3587 IN MAINE ELECTION

By Associated Press. Portland, Maine, Sept. 15.—The Democratic victory in yesterday's election was measured by the 3,537 plurality by which O. C. Curtis defeated Governor Williams C. Haines, Republican for reelection. These are unofficial returns from all but 32 of the 521 cities and towns today. All four congressmen, three Republicans and one Democrat were re-elected.

GROUND LEASED FOR COTTON WAREHOUSE

AS SOON AS REMAINING \$800 STOCK IS SUBSCRIBED CONTRACT WILL BE LET

CHAMBER COMMERCE MEETS

Buy a Bale Committee Oppointed—Auto Ride For Fort Worth Excursionists

From Tuesday's Daily. Cotton warehouse matters and the "buy a bale" movement occupied the attention of the Chamber of Commerce directors at their weekly session Tuesday morning. The warehouse committee was instructed to raise the remainder of the \$5000, amounting to about \$800 as quickly as possible. A special "buy a bale" committee consisting of Messrs. Noble, Gardner and Young was named. The soliciting committee reported that it had received subscriptions to the amount of \$4225. Mr. Kell reported that the organization committee was ready to let the contract for the warehouse as soon as the money was subscribed and he asked that the committee be instructed to complete the amount as promptly as possible. A motion to this effect prevailed. Mr. Kell said that three blocks, east of the new campus had been leased, one of them being leased without charge by Mr. Kemp and himself.

Stockholders To Decide. Mr. Kell asked for instructions from the directors as to whether the committee should proceed under the emergency warehouse bill, but the directors decided that this was a matter for the stockholders to determine. Upon motion of Mr. Kemp a special buy a bale committee consisting of T. B. Noble, M. J. Gardner and J. T. Young was appointed and the secretary was authorized to give as much of his time as possible to this work.

The contract under which the bales are bought was read for the information of the members. It limits the buying to tenant farmers and pledges the seller of the bale to reduce his acreage at least twenty-five per cent.

To Entertain Excursionists. A. L. Huey brought up the question of entertaining the Fort Worth excursionists who will be here Thursday. He said that the Gainesville party which visited this city several weeks ago had come home somewhat peeved at Wichita Falls because this city provided no entertainment for them. In reply to this, directors pointed out that the Gainesville excursion was advertising a labor day celebration in competition with this city's observance of the day, and that therefore no entertainment could rightly have been expected.

It was decided to have automobiles provided for the Fort Worth visitors and to take them for a ride through the city and out to the lake. All of those present who own automobiles promised to use them and J. W. Thomas and J. B. Marlow were constituted a committee to secure the use of at least eighty cars for the occasion. The directors then adjourned. Those present were: R. E. Huff, Frank Kell, C. W. Bean, Miles O'Relliff, J. C. Ward, J. A. Kemp, A. L. Huey, Frank Cullinan, J. B. Marlow, T. B. Noble, H. B. Hines, A. H. Carrigan, D. M. Hardy, T. J. Taylor, P. H. Pennington, S. W. Inglish, state fire marshal was a visitor at the meeting.

ENROLLMENT OF 1950 AT OPENING OF SCHOOL

Increase Over Opening Last Year of Nearly 100—Number Enroll in Kindergarten

From Tuesday's Daily. The public school term was started with an enrollment of 1950, according to figures compiled today by Superintendent Carpenter; this is an increase of several hundred over the enrollment at the opening of school a year ago and indicates a much heavier attendance for the year. The kindergarten opened with an encouraging number of pupils, and prospects of still more later on. No books are required in this school, the children being taught to use their hands in the making of various simple articles.

Preparations are well under way for the renewal of athletic and literary activities at the high school and these features of the student life will be given particular attention this year.

REPUBLICANS OPPOSE ANY WAR REVENUE BILL

By Associated Press. Washington, Sept. 15.—President Wilson returned this afternoon from his short vacation and immediately went into the conference at the White House over the war measure with Democratic leaders. Republican leaders have announced they will fight any war revenue measure in any form.

"My husband has gone into the war." Signs with these or similar words are displayed in many store windows in Berlin. They are a silent appeal to the customers to assist the

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Entered at the Postoffice at Wichita Falls as second-class mail matter.

W. H. Howard, General Manager

Wichita Falls will raise 10,000 bales of cotton this year, according to conservative estimates...

If the farmer in Collins county who is contemplating sending in a nice big order to some mail order concern...

INGERSOLL ON NAPOLEON. Perhaps this paper has printed before "Ingersoll's Visit to Napoleon's Tomb"...

THE TENTANTRY FRAUD. (From Home and State. Pro Orga.) In paragraph five of the El Paso platform the convention demands the passage by the next legislature of a law:

Fixing a minimum of rent to be collected on all lands rented in this state for agricultural purposes...

MARRIED 25 YEARS—HAPPY. The American Magazine has been offering prizes for the best letters in a contest entitled "The Happiest Married Couple I Know"...

ways been rather a struggle for them to have the comforts of life. They were engaged when in school, and everybody said it was simply a childish affection...

"They are both fond of cards, and for an hour or so they play cribbage or "Double Dummy Auction"...

"For several years after they were married they would take little tips separately—just for the joy of the meeting again, but for the last few years they can't bear to be separated even for a day...

Some old-fashioned people think their children should be made proficient in arithmetic, reading, writing and spelling, and yet if they are taught that way it will be to the neglect of some of the new studies...

The Germans continue to meet with reversals. As a result of the war news of Saturday and Sunday, the price of wheat dropped four cents on the bushel...

As one of the good results of the "buy a bale" movement, cotton was selling in nearly all inland cotton markets in Texas at 8 1/4 cents to 8 1/2 cents per pound...

Hon. James E. Ferguson, democratic nominee for Governor, has found it necessary to deny the report that he expressed himself favorably to woman's suffrage in his Labor Day address at San Antonio...

bales will have to be held over, preparations should be made to put at least 10,000,000 acres, planted to cotton this year, in other crops...

But the curtailment plan necessitates in each county of the cotton belt a bureau of information that will from time to time during the next four months give accurate information as to the reductions...

What is true of Texas is true of all the Southern States. More forage, grain and hogs, and less cotton. Fifteen million acres of land deducted from cotton and thus utilized would mean more money for the crop of 1915, great improvement for the land...

The fool-killer is neglecting his duty. Just after adjournment of the meeting held at the court house Saturday afternoon, which was attended by a large number of cotton farmers and business men, there emerged from that meeting one man at least who believed, or at least said he believed, that "buy a bale of cotton" movement at ten cents per pound and hold it until the market for cotton was above that price...

The tariff question is one that has been puzzling the brain of great men of all political parties for years, and is just as far from being solved now, apparently, as it was at the beginning...

As one of the good results of the "buy a bale" movement, cotton was selling in nearly all inland cotton markets in Texas at 8 1/4 cents to 8 1/2 cents per pound. At that rate, it will soon reach 10 cents and probably 12 cents. It's a good movement and one that can be made to accomplish its purpose, if kept up...

It looks now as if there is not going to be much money in cotton raising for the next year or so, but this section of the country produces wheat as well as cotton, and the price of wheat, which is one dollar and above, is not likely to go lower for a year or so...

"Coming Events" Selz Waukenphast School Shoes. Get Your Boy or Girl into a Pair of These. Selz Waukenphast last for children celebrates its second birthday this fall. It will live forever, for it's built correct. HINES' ROYAL BLUE STORE. \$1.75 to \$2.50

women at all future elections, then they should have the ballot. Otherwise not. In our judgment this business of "votes for women" is strictly a matter for the women themselves to settle...

Undoubtedly the press of the State and the people generally voice the sentiment of the Troup Banner in its declaration that the election law should make it impossible for election officers to leave undone the report of the counties in matters of state candidates without a serious fine...

It looks like W. P. Lane is going to be deprived of a seat in congress as a representative from Texas at large because the official returns from certain counties failed to be certified properly to the state executive committee...

It now looks like Wilson for a second term. The President is saying little, but is staying on the job constantly. The American people generally speaking, seem to approve of that kind of a President...

man who resides in Chicago, and who happened to be a subscriber of The Times, inserted a class ad offering for sale a large tract of land in Montana. His object in placing the ad with The Times was to find a buyer for his land in the immediate section...

Today's dispatches tell us the Germans have ceased to retreat. Tomorrow we may expect to hear that the allies followed them too far.

Dallas cotton buyers are receiving orders daily to buy cotton for English concerns, and things are looking a great deal better than they were a week ago for the cotton farmer...

The Governor has sent his message to the Legislature recommending the creation of a central bank at Austin

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action is taken on the matter, it may call for a second special session. Summed up, it is proposed that \$17,500,000 of the stock shall be subscribed by the permanent school fund, and \$2,500,000 by Texas State banks. The bank is to have nine directors, three of whom are to be members of the State Board of Education, three to be named by them, and the other three by State banks. Secretary of the Treasury, McAdoo, when advised of the plan for the organization of a central State bank, wired that he was of the opinion that under the existing law it would be impossible for the bank to issue emergency currency unless it was organized under the National Banking Act and make application under the terms of the Vreeland-Aldrich Act, as amended. This, however, does not discourage the Governor and Attorney General. Both are of the opinion that, with the securities such a bank will have to offer, it can get all the money that is necessary to conduct the institution.

VICTOR HUGO'S PROPHECY.

"A day will come when the only battlefield will be the market open to commerce and the mind opening to new ideas. A day will come when bullets and bombshells will be replaced by votes by the universal suffrage of nations, by the venerable arbitration of a great sovereign senate, which will be to Europe what the parliament is to England, what the diet is to Germany, what the legislative assembly is to France. A day will come when a cannon will be exhibited in public museums, just as an instrument of torture is now, and people will be astonished how such a thing could have been. A day will come when these two groups, the United States of America and the united stars of Europe, shall be seen placed in the presence of each other, extending the hand of fellowship across the ocean. Victor Hugo was a most distinguished French writer, author of the drama "Marian Delorme". His most famous composition was that of "Les Miserables," written in 1862. He died May 22, 1885, and the above prophecy was made just a few months before his death.

THE JEW IN BATTLE.

(New York Paper.) That there is neither "border nor blood nor birth," so far as gallantry in war goes, is evidenced by cable from two widely different points. We learn from Petrograd (St. Petersburg) that a Jewish medical student of Vilna, whose name is Ornas, has received the Order of the Cross of St. George. He was invalided and sent to a hospital, having been severely wounded in saving the colors of his regiment in the last extremity in the terrible fighting in East Prussia. From London is reported evidence along the same line from a corporal and two privates of the famous Black Watch, who were brought back wounded. While the corporal was relating incidents of their last battle some one in the crowd asked: "What were the Jews doing?" The Highlander replied: "Their duty. We had three widows and four orphans and braver lads I don't wish to see. They fought just splendidly." A private in the Berkshire regiment added: "We had ten in our company. They were all good fighters, but six won't be seen again." While the fighting quality of the Jew is undeniable, he is not so gallant as the belles in some quarters it does not exist. These incidents and the case of the race who fell with our sailors at Vera Cruz, less than six months ago, should tend to remove such an impression.

THE INCOME TAX DODGERS.

It is incredible that there are not in the United States more than 300,000 persons with an annual income large enough to bring them within the scope of the income tax law—that is, bachelors receiving over \$3,000, and married men receiving over \$4,000 a year combined. Yet only 300,000, one in about every 250 of the population, made returns, whereas the Treasury officials expected there would be at least 500,000 individual returns. Now, there is a suspicion that nearly half of those who should be paying an income tax are cheating, and having made proper returns, in spite of the severe penalties the law prescribes. If it be true that anything like this proportion are successfully eluding the collector, it surely behooves the Treasury officials to run them down while law remains on the statute books. Collectors, it is reported, have advised the department that it would be easy to identify in many of the districts men who were liable for an income tax, but who have failed to make returns. Then why not proceed to do so? It is admitted that a large percentage of the revenue derived from the income tax is spent in the process of collecting it, but if in bringing the dodgers to court it is necessary to spend all the money collected and more besides, it ought to be done, if only in justice to those honest citizens who came cheerfully forward and paid their share. With the administration preparing to impose an additional tax of \$100,000,000 on the country, it is no time for immunity to those who are sneaking out of paying their share under existing laws. Possibly, in view of the prosperity which the Democrats recently were boasting they have brought to the country, the income tax returns next year will rise to \$300,000,000. Possibly even Kansas, with her \$120,000,000 wheat crop, to say nothing of corn, will contribute more than the \$48,000,000 drop in the bucket which was her share this year.—Washington Herald.

objection to the confirmation of Governor Colquitt's appointees as penitentiary commissioners, gives expression to the same sentiment expressed by other papers that inasmuch as Mr. Ferguson's administration would have stood or fall by the record made in the management of the system, he therefore should have the power and privilege of appointing men who would be in sympathy with his policies. We cannot agree to the statement that his administration will be chargeable with whatever record the management may make, for the reason that the people of Texas by amendment duly adopted provided these positions should be filled for a term of six years, leaving only one member to be appointed by each succeeding governor for the purpose of taking the system out of politics and preventing the very thing Mr. Ferguson is contending for. Since that was the case, we can't see where the nominee has any say coming. He will have the appointment of one member of the board when he goes into office and that should be sufficient. For one, should the management under the new system prove a failure, we will not charge the Governor with it. The board will have to shoulder the responsibility.—Denison Herald.

GERMAN MOVEMENT.

It has been quite common for American newspapers, since the outbreak of the war in Europe, to speak of the imperial government in Germany as autocratic and to ascribe despotic powers to the Emperor Wilhelm. This is by no means accurate. The German Empire has a constitution and a Parliament, one branch of which is elected by manhood suffrage. The Federal Council or Bundesrat constitutes the upper house or the Diet of Parliament, and represents the individual states of Germany. It is composed of sixty-one members appointed by the governments of these states. Of this number Prussia has seventeen, Bavaria six, Saxony four, Wurttemberg, four, Baden three and Hesse three. No other state has more than two, and the great majority one. The Reichstag has 397 members, proportioned according to population, and are elected by manhood suffrage for the term of five years. Of the membership of the Reichstag Prussia has 236, considerably more than a majority. The Emperor has no vote on the acts of these two bodies. He represents the empire internationally and may declare war if defensive, and also make peace and enter into treaties and appoint and receive ambassadors. But when treaties relate to matters of imperial legislation, and when war is not merely defensive, the Kaiser must have the consent of the Bundesrat. The Emperor also has the right to prorogue or dissolve the Reichstag by consent of the Bundesrat. The prorogation can last only thirty days, and the dissolution must be followed by a new election in sixty days. All laws must receive an absolute majority of both the Bundesrat and Reichstag. The Bundesrat is presided over by the chancellor of the empire, who also exercises the functions of a prime minister. He is appointed by the Emperor. From 1870 to 1890 Prince Bismarck was chancellor. Wilhelm dismissed Bismarck that year and has had four chancellors since that time. The Emperor promulgates the laws passed by the Parliament and they must be countersigned by the chancellor. The heads of the various governmental departments do not constitute cabinets, but act separately, under direction of the chancellor. The Bundesrat, besides its legislative function, is under the direction of the chancellor, a supreme administrative and consultative body. Unlike other constitutional monarchies the ministry is not subservient to the emperor, as expressed at the polls or in Parliament, but is appointed and dismissed by the chancellor at his pleasure. And then the Emperor is also King of Prussia, the largest state and controlling factor in the German Empire, and this lends great weight to the strength of his imperial position. As King of Prussia he controls the appointment of one-fourth of the Bundesrat. The old Emperor Wilhelm left governmental affairs very largely to his chancellor, Prince Bismarck, but when the present Wilhelm came to the throne he dismissed Bismarck and has exercised very strong personal influence in the government. As commander-in-chief of the immense standing army he has great power. His agency in what was done at the beginning of the present war was unmistakable and he has been the embodiment of the military spirit that has pervaded the empire through all his reign. The Kaiser is not absolute in so far as the constitution of the empire fixes his prerogatives, but he is a strong-willed man, and he probably really exercises a greater influence in the German government than Nicholas does in Russia, though Russia has no written constitution and the Czar is officially styled an autocrat.—Nashville Banner.

CONFERENCE IN OKLAHOMA OVER COTTON SITUATION.

Oklahoma City, Sept. 16.—Bakers, cotton growers, merchants and business men of Oklahoma generally met here today at the call of Governor Cruce, to consider the cotton situation. It was expected that action would be taken not merely with reference to present conditions in the cotton market, but also looking to the future, in an effort to prevent ruinously low prices next year. The meeting today was one of the first state-wide meetings held in the South to consider this question. Gov. Cruce announced that a plan to reduce next year's acreage and hence prevent a glut of the market had been proposed to him. It contemplates a federal tax on next year's crop of \$15 a bale. Whatever remedy is devised must be agreed upon after mature thought and must involve the entire cotton belt," according to Gov. Cruce's call to the meeting which points out the

KELL MADE HEAD OF WAREHOUSE CO.

APPLICATION FOR CHARTER WILL BE FORWARDED TO AUSTIN AT ONCE

UNDER OLD WAREHOUSE LAW

Initial Charge Will Be \$1.50 Per Bale Including Storage and Insurance From Wednesday's Daily. A cotton warehouse for this city was made certain Tuesday afternoon when the Wichita Falls Cotton Warehouse Association was organized at a meeting of the committee appointed by the mass meeting last Saturday. The incorporation papers will go forward to Austin immediately and this morning plans and specifications for the structure are being considered. The officers of the company are: Frank Kell, president; J. W. Bradley, first vice president; W. H. Myers, second vice president; H. H. Hines, secretary and manager. The company is organized under the old warehouse bill and will not avail itself of the benefits, if any exist, of the new emergency warehouse measure. A charge of \$1.50 per bale will be assessed when the cotton is first stored, this amount paying the initial fees and storage, and insurance for two months; after the second month storage will be at the rate of twenty-five cents per month. Those who subscribed to the company's stock were requested to make notes for fifty per cent of the amount they subscribed. These notes are to run for six months at eight per cent. Work will be started on the structure as soon as plans can be adopted and other preliminary details given attention.

NO DIFFERENCE

The Proof is Here the Same As Everywhere

For those who seek relief from kidney backache, weak kidneys, bladder ills, Doan's Kidney Pills offer hope of relief and the proof is here in Wichita Falls, the same as everywhere. Wichita Falls people have used Doan's and Wichita Falls people recommend Doan's, the kidney remedy used in America for fifty years. Why suffer? Why run the risk of dangerous kidney ills—fatal Bright's disease. Here's Wichita Falls proof. Investigate at P. W. Nolan, 1109 Indian avenue, Wichita Falls, Texas, says: "Pains across my kidneys made every move one of misery. In the morning the trouble was worse. Doan's Kidney Pills procured at Harrington's Drug Store, relieved me. I consider them a fine remedy for kidney ills. They act promptly and removing trouble with the kidney secretions. I willingly confirm the endorsement I gave some years ago." Price 50c at all dealers. Don't mistake a fake for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills the same that Mr. Nolan had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y. (Adv't.)

ORGANIZATION BUY-A-BALE CLUB PERFECTED

H. B. Hines Chosen President—Form of Agreement is Adopted

From Wednesday's Daily. Organization of the Wichita Falls Buy a Bale of Cotton Club was perfected Wednesday afternoon at a meeting of the authorized committee of the Chamber of Commerce, and officers were elected for the year, as follows: H. B. Hines, president; J. L. McConkey, vice-president; John W. Thomas, secretary. The form of agreement under which the bales are to be purchased, as set forth in The Times Tuesday, was approved, except that it was decided not to require acknowledgment before a notary. Messrs. Noble, Gardner and Young were made a committee to secure as many signatures as possible to the buy a bale list. This committee was at work this morning and met with many favorable responses. At the meeting the co-operation of the Farmers' Union was enlisted and the locals will work with the organization as far as practical.

\$2,247,248 FROM LAND SALES DURING PAST YEAR

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, Sept. 15.—The state treasury department has completed a survey of land sales and leases to the credit of various funds for the fiscal year ending August 31. The total received was \$2,247,248 a decrease of \$381,787 under the previous year. Of the total collected \$388,581 went to the credit of the permanent school fund and \$1,424,504 to the credit of the available school fund. The school lands aggregate \$55,000,000 in value and bear from three to ten per cent interest. Payment of interest for the new fiscal year begins November 1 and on the same day begins payment by persons who have purchased school lands. The Texas school fund is one of the largest in the country, for in addition to \$75-million dollars worth of lands, the permanent fund has also about \$22,000,000 in bonds to its credit.

NAVY DON'T WANT DESERTERS BACK

THE YOUTH WHO RUN AWAY WILL BE GIVEN DISHONORABLE DISCHARGE

REPORT IS NOT CONFIRMED

F. M. Kraus, Recruiting Agent Here, However, Would Not Be Surprised at Order From Wednesday's Daily. F. M. Kraus, local recruiting officer for the navy department was unable today to confirm a report published in an Austin paper that hereafter the navy department would make no effort to apprehend deserters. The theory for this reported change is that navy deserters are being reduced to a minimum and that the youth who attempts to desert isn't worth having anyhow. Mr. Kraus believes that such an innovation would be a good one. Going still further, Mr. Kraus stated that he had served four years aboard ship and knew the difference between a Chinese wind jammer with a Scandinavian cook and a modern man 'o' war and there was no excuse at all for any one deserting from the later. Any one, he said, who expected to do a reasonable amount of work would find it to do on board ship, and it was no wonder that some, thinking the navy was a life of ease, would want to desert when they found that it was like all other pursuits. Nowadays, Mr. Kraus asserted, it required a stiff examination to get into Uncle Sam's fleet for the reason that the ranks are already well filled. The more severe the test, the less likely are those enlisted to be quitters. Some men would quit the recruit's chair within two months after election—if they were to ever get elected, he explained. Among the sailors, you find the best satisfied men in the world and there is no excuse for any one deserting. Kraus is a chief mechanic by trade. He said that the navy paid as much for all things considered, as any private corporation in the United States. There is a fascination, too, in traveling about the world from the sweltering South Sea Islands to frigid Greenland as you work, he said. There is a chance to go ashore at every harbor and make a collection of interesting relics, pictures, etcetera. "The navy is not all work as you would infer from what I have told you," he said, "for there is amusement on board ship as there are in every place I have ever been if one has the ability to find it. There is practice as swordsmanship, boxing, swimming and a whole catalogue of other things. There is nearly always a fresh recruit to break in, too. There is nothing to desert for, for a man who would desert from such a life isn't going to be steady anywhere, and Mr. Kraus thinks that the recent amendment is the best thing that can be done under the circumstances. "Besides a dishonorable discharge is going to punish them more through life than to capture them and stick 'em in prison," he finished.

FIRST FALL OPENING OF P. B. M. COMPANY

Department Store Introduced Public To Its Fall Stock of Goods Tuesday Night

From Wednesday's Daily. The P. B. M. Company formally introduced the public to its stock of goods Tuesday night, the fall opening being held at that time. Thousands of customers and friends visited the store during the evening, saw the extensive display of clothing and goods, enjoyed the music and partook of the refreshments. The store had been put in apple pie order for the occasion and presented a most attractive appearance. This was the first fall opening for this company, which was not in existence a year ago and the crowd which was present attested the tremendous popularity which the P. B. M. Company has gained in such a short time. Music was provided by the Kats orchestra and a male quartette rendered several selections that found much favor with the crowd. At the soda fountain fragrant punch was dispensed to the crowd, while those who passed through the men's clothing department were provided with cigars. On the second floor, which is more particularly for woman kind, there was a display of hats and suits that made that section the center of feminine interest. No goods were sold, but many were tried on and the visitors admired the display to an extent that presages heavy patronage. New and attractive displays of new goods were to be seen on every side throughout the big store. The crowd that thronged the store during the two hours that the opening lasted was one of the largest ever noted at a similar affair in this city.

DELPHIAN SOCIETY

Called Meeting of the Delphian Society

Tuesday afternoon a called meeting of the Delphian Society was held with the president, Mrs. W. W. Silk. A number of business matters were discussed and the report of the program committee was passed upon. The club will hold their first regular program the first Wednesday in October and will meet in the morning. MISS GENEVIEVE CARVER HOSTESS TO LITTLE SISTERS. The Little Sisters enjoyed a very pleasant afternoon Tuesday with Miss Genevieve Carver. The time was spent in the usual manner and the hostess served a delicious luncheon, consisting of a salad course with ice tea, hot buns, honey and ice cream and cake. The members present were: Misses Kathleen Blair, Lillian McGregor, Bess Kell, Ann Freear, Bertha Mae Kemp and the hostess.

AZTECS AND FRIENDS ENJOY DANCE AT LAKE TUESDAY

The Aztec dance at Lake Wichita Tuesday evening was a very enjoyable occasion for the hundred or more members of the order and their friends who were so fortunate as to attend. A special car conveyed the party to the lake, where the succeeding several hours were spent where the cooling breezes blow. Excellent music was furnished and the floor

SOCIETY

BABY PARTY FOR MISS COON'S S. S. CLASS

On Wednesday afternoon of last week, Miss Mary Leath Tevis entertained the girls of Miss Coon's Sunday school class with a most delightful baby party. The girls all came in very youthful attire, wearing abbreviated skirts and hair in curls, and each brought her doll to play with. The usual juvenile amusements and games were indulged in with merriment and freedom from restraint marked the afternoon's play. When the "little folks" had tired of their dolls and games they were served delicious ice course of apricot-cherbet and cake. The class members present were Misses Florence Tyson, Lucille Henderson, J. M. Hammerly, Genevieve Mudd, Mary Leath Tevis, Inez Smith, Ramie Pardo, Mollie Ashford, Ruth McKenzie, Lucille Holden, Edith Yates, Aileen Crockett, Gussie Pitchford, the teacher, Miss Coons. Other guests were Misses Charlotte Wright, Louise Tevis and Mrs. Sandidge.

Y. G. S. C. MEETS WITH MISS EDITH YATES

Saturday afternoon Miss Edith Yates was hostess to the Y. G. Sewing Circle. The afternoon was spent in a very pleasant manner, customary of punch and delicious refreshments of punch and cake were served by Miss Yates and Miss Summers. Circle members present were Misses Ramie Pardo, Alice Butler, Mary Lea Tevis, Genevieve Mudd, Sibby James, Inez Smith, and the hostess. The guests were Mrs. John Pachel and Miss Myrtle Summers.

MISSION CIRCLES OF M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH, MEET

Circles No. 1 and 2 of the Home Missionary Society of the M. E. Church, South, met in joint session Monday afternoon, turning the Circle meeting into a prayer meeting. The devotional service was led by Mrs. Anderson and music was furnished by Mrs. T. P. Adams. Circle No. 3 met with Mrs. Jeff Waggoner in regular session Monday afternoon. The subject for the afternoon was "The Conquest of the Cross Over Sin."

DIVISION MEETINGS OF THE B. W. A. MONDAY

Division No. 5 of the Baptist Woman's Alliance met Monday afternoon with Mrs. A. Drake, enjoying one of the best meetings which the Division has ever held. Thirteen members and three visitors were present. Mrs. R. P. Waits read the Scripture lesson from the book of Ephesians and talks were made by Mrs. Gray and Mrs. Cundiff on "Christian Education." A social half hour was enjoyed at the conclusion of the program and the hostess served an ice course. Division No. 1 met with Mrs. W. H. Cousins with six members present. The Bible lesson was read by Mrs. Rountree and a general discussion along the lines of Christian Education was engaged in. The hostess served sherbet and cake and a short social time was enjoyed at the conclusion of the program. The usual routine was carried out in the meeting of Division No. 2 with Mrs. G. C. Wood. Eight members and two visitors were present. The Scripture lesson was read by Mrs. W. H. Davis and a general discussion on the work of the educational board of the church ensued, led by Mrs. Wood. The usual social features were enjoyed.

HOME ECONOMICS CLUB PLAN YEAR'S WORK

The members of the Home Economics Club met in called session Thursday afternoon with Mrs. D. E. Thomas. The University course which the club will study this coming year was on hand and the time was spent in discussion of this course and the year book. The first meeting of the club will be held Wednesday, October 7.

FEW BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED IN AUGUST

Total For Nine Largest Cities of the State Was Only \$1,292,304

Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 15.—Figures compiled by the Texas Business Men's Association show that building activities in the nine principal cities of the State were held in abeyance, to a certain extent, during August, compared with preceding months. August is generally conceded to be one of the duller months in the year in the building line, and this coupled with the shortage of labor in some sections, caused by large crops which are demanding attention at present, are attributed for the slackness in construction activities during last month. During August construction licenses aggregating \$1,292,304 were authorized in these places, compared with \$1,372,077 for the same period of 1913. This is the smallest amount issued in any one month of this year. Fort Worth took the lead during August, having sanctioned the issuance of permits totaling \$301,100. This is the highest mark reached by that city since July, 1913 and is the first time it has held that position in a number of months. Second place is held by Dallas, there being \$220,379 in construction licenses granted in that place during the month. El Paso also made a fair showing, and as a result, takes third rank. Permits in the sum of \$217,410 were awarded in the "Gate City." The other cities which are included in this report and the amounts issued during August are: San Antonio, \$175,005; Houston, \$153,977; Galveston, \$72,512; Austin, \$65,885; Beaumont, \$39,550, and Waco, \$26,295.

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Announcements For District Offices For Judge 30th Judicial District: J. W. AKIN of Graham, Young County. For District Attorney 30th Judicial District: LESLIE HUMPHREYS of Clay County. County Offices For County Tax Collector: B. M. BULLARD. For County Clerk: M. P. KELLY. For Sheriff: GEORGE A. HAWKINS. For County Attorney: T. B. GREENWOOD. For County Tax Assessor: JOHN ROBERTSON. For District Clerk: A. F. KERR. For County Judge: HARVEY HARRIS. For County Treasurer: T. W. McHAM. For County School Sup't.: R. M. JOHNSON. For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Place 2: W. J. HOWARD. For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Place 1: J. P. JONES. For Constable Precinct No. 3: WILL W. ALLEN. For County Commissioner, Prec. No. 3: J. F. JACKSON. For Assessor Justice, Court of Civil Appeals: HON. H. H. WICK.

8 CENTS OFFERED FOR COTTON HERE BUY A BALE MOVEMENT, HOWEVER, HAS KEPT COTTON OFF MARKET

WHEAT STILL NINETY CENTS Higher Quotations in Liverpool Causes Sharp Advance in Chicago Market There was some improvement in the cotton situation locally today, eight cents being the spot quotation. Buyers report some improvement in domestic inquiry, which is considered a hopeful sign. No cotton is being offered for sale by farmers here and the market is absolutely normal. Farmers who are forced to sell are apparently able to find some "buy a bale" citizen who can come to their relief. Little change is reported in the local wheat market. Ninety cents per bushel is still being paid for wagon wheat here, with very little grain coming in. Chicago Grain Futures. By Associated Press. Chicago, Sept. 16.—Wheat advanced sharply principally on account of higher quotations in Liverpool. Reports that representatives of foreign governments were bidding for 100,000 barrels of flour was also a factor. After opening 7-8 to 5-8 above last night prices continued to advance. Corn ascended with wheat. Trade was not large. Seaboard demand for oats seemed to have no limit. Values accordingly went higher. Wheat closed nervous. Corn closed firm.

CHURCH WITNESS STAND FOR CHRIST

FUNCTION IS TO GIVE STRONG
CLEAR TESTIMONY FOR
CHRIST

MISSION OF THE CHURCH

Was Theme at Dedication of Central
Presbyterian Church—Two
Inspiring Services

From Monday's Daily.

The building of the Southern
Presbyterian Church, completed
some time ago and now free from
debt, was dedicated Sunday morning
with appropriate exercises. In the
presence of a large crowd, the dedi-
catory sermon was preached by Dr.
William M. Anderson of Dallas, whose
subject was "The Mission of the
Church."

The dedication ceremony was a
simple one, consisting of the turning
over of the keys to the pastor, who
in turn presented them to the deacons
as trustees and custodians. A. F.
Kerr, chairman of the building com-
mittee, gave the keys to the pastor.
Rev. Fred L. McFadden and Chair-
man Presley accepted them for the
board of deacons. Special music was
provided for the dedicatory service, a
solo "So I Can Live" by Miss Laura
Hill being a feature. The instrumen-
tal music was furnished by the or-
ganist and an orchestra.

Last night Dr. Anderson preached
at a joint service of the two Presby-
terian churches here at the Southern
church.

The Southern Presbyterian Church
building is of brick and stone, stand-
ing at the southeast corner of Blue
and Eleventh streets. It was com-
pleted over two years ago at a cost
of about \$12,000 and is now free from
debt. This church is one of the
youngest in the city, but is making
steady progress.

Influence of Church Growing.
In his sermon Dr. Anderson too
for his text 1 Timothy, 3:15: "The
church of the living God, the pillar
and ground of the truth." This
passage, said Dr. Anderson, intimat-
ed Paul's conception and estimate of
the church.

"You hear it freely asserted to-
day," he said, "that the influence of
the church is small and is grow-
ing less. You hear loud talkers say
'the church has lost its hold on the
masses,' 'the pulpit has lost its pow-
er,' 'the masses are beyond the
reach of the church.' Such sayings
are but the pessimistic wailings of
unbelieving ignorance or the bark-
ing of dogmatic opposites; the facts
quite the contrary. As a matter of fact
the influence of the church today is
felt more than ever before. This
leads us to inquire what is the func-
tion and place of the church in this
world, and what have men a right to
expect of the church.

"The place of the church is the
embodiment of the witness which she
bears to the world. It is the witness
of the revelation of God. The church
is exalted to ascend the mountain of
clear faith and pure life and sound
out the truth to all the unsave
world. God chose Mount Zion, the
beautiful central eminence of Jeru-
salem, rising as a landmark amid the
surrounding country, as typical of the
church. It is a function of the church
to tell the sweet story of the gospel
a love, the story of God's love. From
the beginning of the world to the
present day, God's love for his
church has ever been manifested.

"The church is in the world to
hold fast to the truth, to hold
forth to the truth; first, to get hold
of the truth and bring it to herself
second, to hold the truth out to all
the world who will partake of it.

Some Churches Unfaithful.
"I know that many churches are un-
faithful to this mission. Some of them
are mere concert halls, others are
homes of priestcraft, others are theo-
logical and intellectual centers, plat-
forms where feeble platitudes about
sin and grace, faith and true happi-
ness abound. And this brings us to
the fact that nothing else can so effi-
ciently help in the dark experiences of
life as the church.

"Just consider what a terrible fac-
tor in human experience is not only
sinful outbursts, but the fact and
habits of sin, which perhaps do not
transgress the limits of decent
society. Can anyone doubt that the
awful disturbing, depressing, enfee-
bling fact of sin gives the church an
great opportunity. It can come as a
blessed gospel for sin-cursed hearts,
removing the burden of guilt, driving
back, gnawing remorse, breaking the
tyranny of sin, making the heart
mind pure and giving conscious life
and strength to the soul. I might
relate to you instance after instance
from my experience, of how men and
women, racked with sin, have come
to me for help and consolation.

"Suffering and sorrow, too, are aw-
ful facts in our lives. All of us have
their share; is there anyone here who
has never lost a dear one, upon whom
the burden of sorrow has not rested
What a tender message the church
brings to such! How often she is called
to minister to the dying, to the be-
reft.

Problems for the Church.
But the church has another func-
tion, in striving to reach the solution
of the great problems that confront
the race. How shall we attain and
conserve individual liberty? How
shall we control the conduct of men?
How shall we regulate and restrain
the evil habits of men? How shall
we purify social life, adjust home
life? How shall we avert, for in-
stance, the conflict between capital
and labor, which ever threatens us
with bitter education effect? Can

tried and failed. It must be done by
the church with her system of faith,
through the power of the gospel.
When you can bring the capitalist and
the laborer together to feel the
brotherhood that comes through wor-
ship, you will have taken a great
step. This is one of the problems the
church must face."

Dr. Anderson said that a church
was more than a human society or
organization, it was a divine institu-
tion, helpless without the power of
the Almighty. He closed with a plea
to his hearers to get the true con-
ception of the mission of the church
and to live up to it.

Dr. Anderson is considered one of
the South's strongest preachers. He
is pastor of the First Presbyterian
Church at Dallas, which has retained
him despite repeated efforts of
churches in other cities to take him
away. Of unusual strength and ef-
fectiveness as a pastor, Dr. Anderson
is also a decided factor outside the
church, being associated with numer-
ous public activities at Dallas. He is
also a great baseball fan and is quite
likely to be discovered seated in the
grandstand at Dallas during the sea-
son. When he was pastor at Nash-
ville the members of the Nashville
team were always to be found at his
church on Sunday morning. He has
a large family and one of his sons,
William Jr., was recently ordained a
Presbyterian minister at Dallas.

Optimism Theme at Night.
"Optimism" was Dr. Anderson's sub-
ject Sunday night at the joint ser-
vices of the two Presbyterian
churches, and his message was one
of the most cheering ever heard in
a local pulpit. He called attention
to the fact that, in all Nature, man
is the only pessimistic thing. Crush
a flower beneath the foot, he said,
and within a minute it is struggling
up towards the sunlight again; even
in the case of the speaker, who was
optimistic, and the man who was a
pessimist was going contrary to the
law of nature.

Dr. Anderson said that if he were
a great painter such as those whose
works are displayed in the galleries
of Europe, he would paint Christ, not
with the look of sadness and suffer-
ing that most painters gave him, but
with the fire of hope in His eyes,
Christ was the greatest optimist the
world has ever seen, said the speak-
er. He cited Abraham as another
great example of optimism, citing the
story of how he was about to sacri-
fice his only son because he believed
it was for the best.

In urging his hearers to be op-
timistic, Dr. Anderson advised them
to carry around a store of optimism
or others. It was his practice, he
said, to keep about 200,000 pounds of
it with him all the time, for distribu-
tion to others. In the business
world and in every walk of life, said
Dr. Anderson, it was the optimist and
not the pessimist who got to the top.

BATTLEGROUND PRESENTS SCENE OF DESOLATION

Fresh Heaps of Earth Mark Graves
of Soldiers—Equipment Lit-
ters Ground

Paris, Sept. 14.—The battlefields of
the allies' left wing over which ter-
rible combats have been fought the
past week present a scene of desola-
tion. All troops have departed on
the heels of the fleeing Germans.
Most of the dead already have been
buried, but here and there small
groups await interment.

Virtually all the wounded, whether
French, British or German, have
received treatment and have been
ransported to neighboring villages.

Along the banks of the Marne evi-
dences of severe artillery fire are
visible everywhere. All over the
fields are fresh heaps of earth where
soldiers were buried. The graves for
the most part are marked by rough
wooden crosses. The officers were in-
terred separately. All about are bat-
tered helmets, broken rifles, bayonets,
words, belts and haversacks.

Villagers' Homes Scarred.
In nearby villages houses have
been greatly damaged; many bear
bullet and shell marks; doors and
windows have been broken. Branches
of trees have been lopped off by
bells and scarred by rifle shots. On
the river Marne, which the Germans
made heroic efforts to cross many
times but always were beaten back
by the French artillery, bodies oc-
asionally came to the surface.

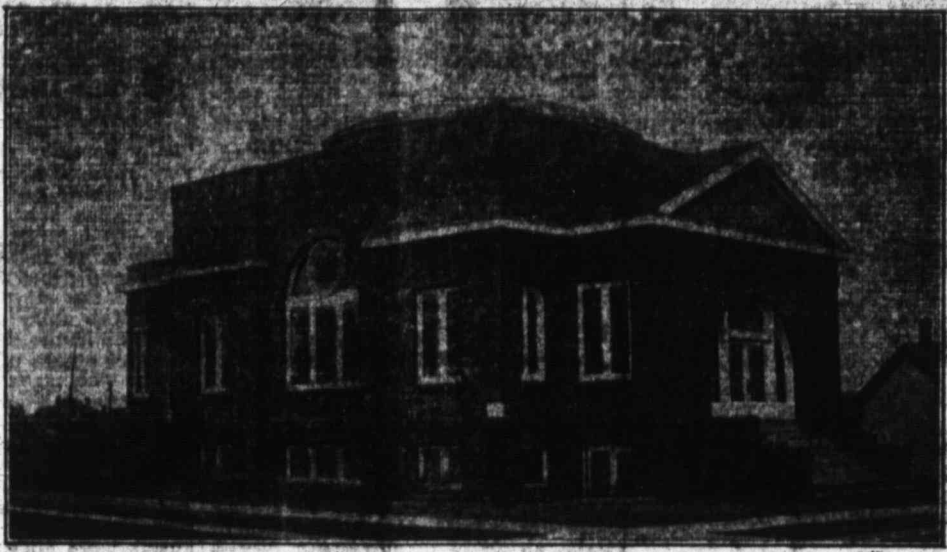
Country people gradually are re-
turning to their homes from which
they fled occasionally could be
heard the far distant firing of
machine guns and field artillery. No
trillians or correspondents are per-
mitted to approach anywhere near
the reserve firing lines of the
Austrian British and French troops.
Five correspondents who ventured
out were arrested and threatened
with incarceration in the fortress
until the end of the war.

The constant rainfall for the last
two days has rendered difficult troop
movements. The Germans are suffer-
ing from this, more than the allies,
who are full of ardor and flush-
ed with success. They often capture
isolated bodies of Germans who
usually are so hungry they are al-
most glad to be taken prisoners.

Germans Lack Ammunition.
Persistent accounts of a German
shortage of ammunition reach Paris.
A British officer declared today he
had seen a letter written by a Ger-
man officer in which the officer stated
that the invaders' position was
becoming critical. He said that the
transport was breaking down, owing
to the long lines of communications.
Further evidence of the lack of
ammunition was to be found in the
number of Germans surrendering
without firing a shot.

Miss Billie Gilpin left for San

Central Presbyterian Church Dedicated Sunday



Courtesy Missionary Survey.

Believes England Will Use 75 Percent Usual Amount Of Cotton

In reply to an inquiry of the Manu-
facturers Record, John Blair Mac-
Afee of Cophall Court, London,
writing under date of Aug. 28, gives
some impressions of the effects of
the war upon English cotton buy-
ing.

Mr. MacAfee was for several
years actively connected with finan-
cial interests of the South, and has
for some time been the representa-
tive in London of American financial
concerns. He says:

"I would say that a prominent
English cotton goods manufacturer
has told me within the last two days
that, in his opinion, mills would have
to be for a time at least, on half
time. There is much talk in which
the Government Board of Trade is
not taking active interest, to facilitate
and increase England's foreign trade,
particularly in those countries in
which German trade influence has
been so rapidly growing in the past
few years, and in some of which it
has become paramount.

"I personally believe, as a result
of study and conferences with those
engaged in large affairs, that this, to
a large extent, will ultimately be ac-
complished. It, however, takes time
to develop.

"I am afraid that one of the diffi-
culties in the way of development of
English foreign trade, particularly
with countries of Latin-America, has
been that up to the present our Eng-
lish cousins have not shown a par-
ticular desire to accommodate the
products of their manufacture to the
taste and desires of the Latin-Ameri-
can consumer. This, I am told by
competent authority, is being over-
come.

"Trade schools which have been in

operation for some years have been
studying the situation to good pur-
pose, with the result that English
manufacturers in cottons and wooleens
are now, and when I say now I mean
for the past two years, more keen to
accommodate themselves and the
products of their manufacture to the
wishes of the foreign consumer.

"The control of the seas is the
greatest aid the English manufac-
turer will have in his fight for trade
supremacy. It is such a potent asset
that, coupled with lowering cost of
production, it would seem that the
output of the English mills and fac-
tories must constantly increase. I
do not see that much cotton will
need to be imported within the next
few weeks. Trade reports are not
published in the papers now, but
three weeks ago Liverpool reported
300,000 bales of cotton on hand, as
compared to a little over 600,000 bales
one year ago.

"I showed your letter to an inter-
national banker, the head of a con-
cern which probably handles more
cotton bills of exchange than any
other house. His comment was that
'if England did buy as much cotton
as usual it will be a miracle. Her
consumption must, in my judgment,
decline for some months. I do not
think that it would go below 75 per-
cent, but if it is maintained at 75 per-
cent I will consider it very good.'

"I think the continent will take
very much less than usual. It would
be practically impossible at this
writing to get cotton into Germany.
With so many men employed in af-
fairs of war, there is bound to be a
decrease in the consumption of all
raw materials, even including some
high grade foods.

"There he is. There's the man
who beat me up," shouted the ped-
dler.

W. B. Harp and wife left today for
their home in Gainesville, after a visit
in the city.

"Cable exchange today on New
York is 5.04-5.06. There is no one
thing that affects the rate of ex-
change any more than cotton. If cot-
ton was coming freely forward and
English manufacturers were buying
cotton, the rate of exchange would
rapidly fall.

"In conclusion, let me say I regret
that I do not think that the English
demand for cotton will be greater,
and as my friend, quoted above, sug-
gested that 75 per cent is its normal
consumption. When the increase in
demand will come is dependent upon
the duration of the war.—Manufac-
turers Record.

Mistaken Identity Causes Ex-Officer to Pay a Fine

As a result of mistaken identity,
Bob Lyons, former police officer, paid
a ten dollar fine in the city court
this morning. Saturday a peddler
somewhat the worse for wear, came
to the police station and announced
that he had been beaten up by a
man. His assailant had been oblig-
ing enough to give the peddler his
card, bearing the name of Ferguson.
While the officers went to look for
Mr. Ferguson, Lyons passed by.

"There he is. There's the man
who beat me up," shouted the ped-
dler.

Lyons denied that he had ever seen
the peddler before or that he had
been at the place where the fight
took place. The peddler insisted that
Lyons was the man and insisted so
strongly that presently the ex-officer
landed on him. After repeating the
dose administered by the mysterious
Mr. Ferguson, he was arrested and
was fined this morning. The peddler
also was fined.

Gen. Von Emmich And Staff Entering Liege



BLOOD COVENANT REV. SMITH'S THEME

PASTOR EXPLAINS SYMBOLISM
OF COVENANTING PRACTIC-
ED IN BIBLE THEMES

WHAT LORDS SUPPER MEANS

Brotherhood With Christ and Ever-
lasting Life Meaning of This
Covenant

From Monday's Daily.

"The Blood Covenant" was the
theme of an instructive sermon by
Rev. Charles Clark Smith at the First
M. E. Church Sunday morning. He
reviewed the Bible covenants and dis-
cussed the sacred symbolism of the
covenant of the Lord's Supper. In part
he said:

The Two Covenants.
"There are two covenants of which
much is made in the word of God and
of which is of great importance to
us. In the writings which we call the
New Testament, these two covenants
are referred to respectively as the
Old and New Covenants or Testa-
ments and by this designation they
are generally known. The Old
Covenant was made with Abraham
and through him to all the Hebrew
people. The New is offered to all hu-
manity through Christ, the representa-
tive of the Father. The two are
not wholly separate as the Old leads
up to the New and its symbolism
finds place in the New and by study-
ing them in relations to each other
the meaning of the new becomes more
plain. We are approaching a form
of service which we are accustomed
to call the Communion service. The
name is not fully expressive of what
is involved. It is rather more than
a fellowship service. It is a renewal
of a covenant with Christ. That it
may mean as much as possible to us
let us see a little more clearly the
symbolism involved and tracing
some steps in the development of
these symbols.

"First of all let us note what is in-
volved in a covenant. A covenant is
a solemn agreement entered into by
two parties and usually bound by
some rite or seal that makes it in-
vincible. The Old Covenant was an
agreement between God and Abraham
and was sealed after the customs of
the times by the slaying of beasts ac-
cording to a certain form. (Read Gen-
15.) Abraham parted the beasts as
was usual and reverently took a path
through which God should walk
if he were willing to seal the covenant
in the way familiar to Abraham. As
night approached the presence of God
came in the form of a flaming lamp
passing through the path formed
by the slain beasts and by this Abra-
ham knew that God had accepted his
covenant. This was an early form of
blood covenanting and was always
entered into with great seriousness
and was considered absolutely inviol-
able. Thus the Old Covenant was
sealed by the shed blood of slain
beasts. The New Covenant made by
Christ in behalf of the Father was
likewise sealed in blood, not the blood
of bulls and goats but the blood of
Christ himself. If the ancients en-
tered into their blood covenanting so-
lemnly and reverently how much more
so should we since we have a better
sacrifice. The communion is a com-
memoration of that covenant, a renew-
al of personal entering into the cov-
enant. Thus our communion service
should be participated in only as a re-
newing and sealing of an inviol-
able pledge with God.

"From the earlier forms of blood
covenanting as represented by this in-
cident in the life of Abraham to the
symbolized blood of the communion
cup is a long way and yet its develop-
ments are marked by natural and re-
lated steps. Abraham used forms with
which the oriental world of his day
was familiar. Joseph instituted nothing
new in his case nor with Moses
many years later. He permitted the
use of certain forms with which the
people were familiar and which would
serve to express some essential ideas.
Joseph was careful to place the empha-
sis on the right place in the forms
he allowed. From the actual slain
body of the beast to the blood which
represented the life-principle of the
beast was an easy step, and so in
Moses' day we find him sprinkling the
blood of slain beasts over the people
and over the written commandments
from God as a type of blood covenant-
ing in accepting the commandments.
(Ex. 24:28.) Very little is said in ex-
planation of all these forms because
the people in whose interest they were
employed were familiar with their sig-
nificance and secular history shows
that these same forms were in general
use and we find that they are still in
general use by oriental peoples of to-
day.

"We find also a modified form of
blood covenanting with the same
binding significance as the other forms
which was entered into by individuals.
Two men would make blood covenant
and from that day they were more
closely related than blood brothers,
because the blood of each flowed in the
veins of the other. This was a com-
mon rite and is observed to this day
among widely scattered peoples. Stand-
ing in his African explorations, enter-
ed the blood covenant with fifty differ-
ent African chiefs. This was neces-
sary that he might have a ceas to the
territory governed by these chieftans.
David and Jonathan were doubtless
blood covenant brothers. (1 Sam. 18:3)
Saul perceived that they had covenanted
together and he was greatly en-
raged because by his covenanting Jon-
athan had elevated the peasant David
to the rank of a prince and thereby
jeopardized his own right to the
throne. David was true to his vow as
one blood covenant to the extent that
after he came to the throne he sought
out the descendants of Jonathan and
treated them well for Jonathan's sake
and for his own sake. Now the form

performed from early days down to
this. Two men desiring to covenant
together will, after proper ceremony,
bare their arms and make a slight in-
cision, enough to start the blood, and
each will suck a little of the blood
from the veins of the other. The sup-
position is that with the drinking of
the blood, the life of the other enters
so it is an exchange of life. David be-
came a prince because after covenant-
ing with Jonathan the blood of a prince
flowed in his veins. The bond is the
most sacred bond of earth. It is con-
sidered inviolable. All one has will
be freely given; all one can do will
be freely done; for a blood covenant
brother, David sang in one of his
Psalms, 'There is a friend that stick-
eth closer than a brother.' Doubtless
he had in his mind this vow with Jon-
athan and remembered how good it had
been. To the rather more refined
peoples of later generations this cus-
tom, though very sacred, was a little
repulsive and accordingly it was mod-
ified to meet the tastes of a more re-
fined day. Instead of sucking the
blood from the arm of a friend with
whom covenant was made, a few drops
of blood were let in a glass of wine
and the glass was exchanged and
each drank from the other's blood.
This modified symbolism has all the
binding power of the former methods
and was in turn modified to meet a
still more refined sense of propriety.
The wise came to symbolize the blood
and wine; grapes respectively as the
covenant was pledged in wine as typi-
cal of shed blood. From this custom
so well known to orientals we have the
solemn acts and words of Christ at the
last supper when he instituted the sac-
rament of the Lord's Supper. This is
his blood; drink ye all of it. He
did not need to make explanation. It
was symbolism perfectly understood
by those who heard it. It was a chal-
lenge to a blood covenant. What did it
signify? These men were but humble
folk. Christ was to them a great
teacher if not the Son of God and to
enter into blood covenant with Him
was indeed to elevate them to the
rank of princes. In reality it meant
that Christ the Son of God was propos-
ing to infuse His life into them that
they might become sons of God. They
were poor. Christ was the only begot-
ten son of God and held the riches of
the world in His hand. To the blood
brother to Him meant that all He had
should belong to them. It placed all
the resources of Heaven at their com-
mand. It meant also that if they ac-

cepted it was to give them their
share of the inheritance of the
kingdom of heaven.

What it Means To Us.

"What does this mean to us today?
We are not orientals and it is hard
for us to get symbols. We trust that
it may mean something more than a
merely interesting service to which
all members of the church should re-
spond. They were committing their
lives to Him. These men were to find
David of old, that there is a friend
that sticketh closer than a brother.
They were to give Him their all and
He in turn was to give them His all.
What a challenge he placed before
these men and what a responsibility
he fixed upon them.

As a matter of custom, I trust that
it may mean a personal covenanting
with Christ. May each of us realize that
we are entering into a sacred obliga-
tion with God, and we are pledging
Him our all and that He in turn places
all the resources of Heaven back of us.
May we know that as His life comes
into us we are raised to become sons
of God; we are blood brothers with
Christ. To this end let every one de-
cide for himself whether he wants the
fulness of God within him in exchange
for his own life and if he decides that
he wants to be a blood brother with
Christ, a son of God through Christ,
let him accept this sacred pledge and
go forth resolved henceforth to keep
it."

Tomorrow is the last day of five cent
fares to Lake Wichita and the old rate
of ten cents each will apply at all
hours after that time. The reduced rate
has resulted in considerably increased
business to the lake, especially when it
was first started. Lately, the weather
has been so cool in town in the
evenings that most Wichitans seemed to
prefer to stay in town. The thirty-
minute lake schedule will be main-
tained for some time yet, as long as
business justifies it.

The moving picture show at the lake
closed for the season last night and
most of those who have resided at the
lake during the summer have moved
back to town. Large crowds visited
the lake yesterday and saw a real imi-
tation of an ocean beach, the high
wind whipping the lake into great
white-capped waves. At times the
water splashed up over the dam and
sprinkled street car passengers and
and the water was as high as it was
two weeks ago, some damage might
have resulted.

The high wind necessitated the call-
ing off of the balloon ascension which
had been planned for yesterday after-
noon.

ANOTHER DROP IN OIL PRICES IS EXPECTED

Following a reduction in the price
of oil in the Mid-Continent field of
Oklahoma Saturday, local oil men
anticipate a reduction in the North-
west Texas field. Oil is now bring-
ing seventy cents here, as compared
with sixty-five in Oklahoma, and it
is believed that a drop will soon be
ordered in this field.

The former reductions have had
the effect of stopping considerable
work in Northwest Texas, and there
are now not over twenty rigs in op-
eration in all the Northwest Texas
district. With the end of the Euro-
pean war, however, it is believed oil
market conditions will rapidly im-
prove and become normal. There is
no report made in oil of recent this

10 CENT FARES RESTORED ON LAKE WICHITA LINE

From Monday's Daily.

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THE WHOLE TRUTH AS WE SEE IT

Standing As We Do Between the Producer and the Consumer, We Have A Vantage Point That Enables Us to See Both Ways

And the fact that we are one of the oldest merchants in Wichita Falls; our business has shown an increase each year, while others around us have flourished for awhile and then failed, proves that we haven't made many bad guesses, and have passed the square deal along to our patrons for our customers have made it possible for us to live and grow

Staple Dep't

The wholesale market in staples have advanced all along the line but our early purchases included everything in the staple line, such as Prints, Gingham, Outing and Muslins.

We handle the American and Calcutta prints in all the staple and fancy colors, including blues, light and dark reds, pinks, blacks in stripes, polka dots, flowered patterns and light Shirting colors, per yard.....5c

Our Gingham are the well known Red Seal Brand, in blues, pinks, greens. Stripes and plaids, in all materials are popular this season and the ladies who make their own and children's clothing can create some simple, but pretty little dresses and aprons of Gingham.

Price10 and 12 1-2c
A. F. C. Apron Checks...8 1-3c

Don't expect to find our Muslin department prices high either. Prices on Muslins are the same as we have always given, although we would be justified in asking a shade higher prices.

You will find an excellent grade of bleached at 8 1-3 and10c
And a good grade of brown8 1-3c

It pays to buy the best in any line of goods and Sheeting should be included in the list.

White 9-4 Sheeting.....27 1-2c
White 10-4 Sheeting.....30c
Brown 9-4 Sheeting.....25c
Brown 10-4 Sheeting.....27 1-2c

Galatea cloth makes good durable Dresses for girls' school wear Blue, tan and red stripe.....20c
A better grade, same colors. 25c

Percales in all colors, 36 inches wide10, 12 1-2, 15c

Heavy Outing Flannels in plain, pinks, blues, reds and stripes, plaids, etc.. 8 1-3, 10, 12 1-2c

Special—One Number black 52-inch cuticle coat for ladies; special price\$4.98



Popular Cape Coat Worn This Season

Above cut shows one of the many styles in Ladies' Coats that we are featuring this season. It is called the Hindu Lynx. You can not find a more stylish garment on Broadway, New York.

One of the most interesting things in the history of merchandising is the evolution of the Ladies' Ready-to-Wear business. An inspection of this department will give you some idea of the perfection this branch of the business has attained.

The dyers' art, designers' art, and the tailors' art have all been drawn upon to perfect this array of beautiful garments.

The full basque, modified basque, wide circles, button and lace trimmings are some of the features to be found in the designing.

Some of the latest shades are blue, black, Russian green and nigger brown.

The materials used include almost everything in the fabric catalogue. Chamoise, serges, plain silk and satin, silk poplin, silk Pussy-Willow-Taffeta, Crepe-de-Chene, etc., are some of the leaders in materials.

We would be glad to show you through this department, either with a view to selling you or giving you some idea for making your own clothing. Prices in this department range from.....\$8.50 to \$85.00

LAY IN YOUR SUPPLY

The indications are that prices will go higher on all necessities. The European war has demoralized the manufacturing business in the old country. It is up to the United States to supply her own demands in the things that we've been importing as well as take care of the foreign trade that has been depending upon Europe.

Our mills and factories are rallying to meet the demands by increasing their capacities and running overtime, but with the millions of people, in this and other countries, who are looking to us for goods of all kinds, the surplus will be depleted and the demands will increase before our factories are able to meet the emergencies even with their increased efforts.

The Farmer Is Entering The Greatest Prosperity He Has Ever Known

It is an ill wind that blows nobody good. The farmer who produces the food stuffs is going to be able to demand and get higher prices for his products.

The immediate cotton situation is only on account of the factories inability to use the supply that is looking for an immediate market, and the merchants and banks who buy cotton at 10c will only be inconvenienced by having their money tied up for awhile for they will get their money back as soon as our home factories have adjusted themselves so as to work up the cotton.



Our Men's Clothing Dep't

Covers the whole list of Man's wants in the Clothing line. We carry and feature the well known Michael-Sterns—make of clothing for men. Our stock is all new and up-to-date. Prices \$12.50, \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00, \$22.50

Overcoats include all the latest styles. From the conservative to the Balmacaan.

Boys' Clothing include the Perfection Brand, per suit from\$3.50 to \$10.00

MEN'S SHOES
The Boyden fine Shoes at only\$5.50 to \$7.00
Just Wright's\$4.00 to \$5.00
Robert-Johnson-Rand. \$3.00 and\$3.50

LADIES' SHOES
Our Ladies' Shoes are the famous John Kelley, John J. Lattaman. They are all special made shoes. The styles are the latest, including Cuban, Kidney and French heels. Prices \$3.50 to \$5.00 in the fine Dress Shoes and \$1.50 to \$3.50 in the cheaper makes.

Dress Goods

Some of the latest shades in Dress Goods are Russian green, French blue, Taupe, Helio and Navies.

In this department we can care for your every need, no matter how fine the goods you may desire or how cheap the price you desire to expend.

Many times an inspection of our Ladies' Ready-to-Wear department gives one an idea for making your own garments and the economical buyer who has the time and inclination to make her own clothing will find everything conducive to her needs.

A full all-wool Serge in all shades, 36 inches wide, special price, per yard.....75c
A better grade, 42 inches wide, per yard\$1.00
Broadcloth is in favor again this season.

We have them in blacks, navies and all evening shades, prices, per yard\$1.00 to \$2.50

SILK DEPARTMENT

Silk is popular for all dress wear and our silk department is complete. If you desire anything in the silk or satin line look over this department. Some of the most popular are, Messalines, Liberty Satins, Crepe-de-Chene, Silk Poplin, Por-de-Soie, Char. euse, Pussy, Willow-Taffeta.

NOTION DEPARTMENT

This is the button season. Fancy Buttons of all description are used for trimming Ladies' garments.

We have a complete stock. Look them over.

Our Hosiery is the famous Gordon Hosiery for Men, Women and Children. Buy the dependable brands of Hosiery and save darning.

Our Ladies' Silk Hosiery has won a reputation.

We can sell you silk hose at, per pair, 50c to \$2.50, and you can have them in any shade desired.

One of the things our store is noted for is supplying the Children's needs. We can dress the boy or girl from head to foot and do it economically and perfectly. For Children's Shoes, Clothing, Underwear and Headwear. Always command us. We always make good with the Children.

People that can see farther than their noses, can easily read the handwriting on the wall, and they know that the result is that as soon as the surplus on hand is used up the demand will increase, and when these high-priced raw materials begin to go into manufactured products the finished goods will be high and the time to do their purchasing is now before the prices advance more

Our Prices Not Yet Advanced! We were fortunate in making the bulk of our purchases in June before there was any thought of war and the wholesale prices were about normal. Expecting a big fall business we stocked heavily. We propose to sell our goods as long as these on hand lasts at our usual small margin of profit no matter how high prices advance

W. B. McCLURKAN & CO

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS

Personal Mention

From Thursday's Daily. Miss Lillian Chancellor leaves this afternoon for Fort Worth, where she will visit friends.

Miss Caroline McClure arrived today from Gainesville to teach in the public schools. Mrs. E. L. Humphreys has returned to her home in Seymour, after a visit in the city.

Miss Kate McSpadden left today for Houston, where she will teach in the public school. Mrs. J. T. Carlton and Mrs. J. R. Mennich were shopping in the city today from Electra.

From Tuesday's Daily. Judge W. E. Fitzgerald is attending court in Archer City. B. P. Boyer has returned from a business trip to Grandfield.

Mrs. Jennie Lane arrived today from Chicago for a visit. Mrs. L. A. Baggett left for Byers, where she will visit relatives.

The history of the Russian empire. The Jewish language is so repugnant to the Russian bureaucracy that any uncensored printing of it, even on a show card for a shop window, is strictly forbidden.

BRITISH AUSTRALIAN FLEET HAS BEEN ACTIVE

Report of Admiral Kady Shows That It Has Done Excellent Work. London, Sept. 16.—A dispatch to the Express from Sydney dated Tuesday says that Real Admiral Kady, commander of the Austrian fleet, reports that the German losses in the Bismark Archipelago were 20 to 30 killed and 17 German officers captured.

England Needlework Mad—Soldiers Will Be Well Clothed

London, Aug. 25.—(By mail)—"England is needlework mad," declared Sir George Fragnell at a meeting of the London committee dealing with the prevention of distress. He was speaking in opposition to a plan to create more work rooms out of the Prince of Wales fund and he managed to defeat that scheme.

TELEPHONE MERGER AT TEXARKANA PROBABLE

Another very attractive model fashioned for the fine broadcloth tete de negre shade, a color that is exceedingly fashionable this season, was designed with a satin skirt in the same pleasing shade.

FLIES CAUSING MUCH ANNOYANCE TO STOCK

The stock fly is causing some annoyance in this section, though the pest is not as bad as in former years. Horses used in fall plowing are covered with sacks and other protective material and in some cases are provided with old trousers to protect their legs.

Conductor Smith Buys a Bale At 11 Cents a Pound

T. B. Smith, conductor on the Wichita Valley, went the "buy a bale" committee one better when it called on him this morning. The committee asked him to buy a bale at ten cents per pound.

ANNUAL PEANUT CARNIVAL AT DUNCAN, OKLAHOMA

Duncan, Okla., Sept. 15.—Stephens county celebrated its most famous product today in the opening of the annual peanut carnival, which will last three days.

"SOFT SOAP" FOR JEWS DON'T DECEIVE THEM

Hypocrisy of Phrase "Beloved Ones" Would Make Czars Horse Laugh Says Kennan. (From the Outlook.) George Kennan, who has an intimate and sympathetic knowledge of the struggle for popular institutions in Russia, writes to the Nova Scotia regarding our recent interview with an American Russian Jew.

WE SPECIALIZE You don't buy your bread in New York, Boston or Chicago. You should not have your coffee roasted there. We roast coffee every day. We specialize in fresh roasted coffee, teas, spices, extracts, sugar creamery butter and Mineral Waters.

He Can't See To read, naturally he is behind in his studies. Fits-U Spectacles would give him a new interest in his studies and change his whole attitude toward school. How about your boy? No "Drops." We Know How Dr. J. W. DuVal Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat

BUY A BALE
Help Establish a Price of Ten
Cents a Pound For Cotton.

Wichita Daily Times

21,300 WANT ADS
In Twelve Months in the
Daily Times. And They
Brought Results.

Vol. VIII.

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1914

Number 110

GREAT BATTLE IS STILL UNDECIDED

GERMANS CLAIM BATTLE TURNING IN THEIR FAVOR

*Allies Successful Nowhere, Their
Resistance Weakening, Says
Report From Berlin*

By Associated Press.

Berlin, by wire, to the Associated Press by way of Sayville, L. I., Sept. 18.—The official statement has been given out by the army headquarters says:

"The battle between the Oise and the Meuse rivers still is continuing but there are sure indications that its progress is in our favor. The French attempt to cut through the German right wing was broken without notable exertion on the part of the Germans.

"The German army is advancing in the center.

"A sortie from Verdun was most easily repulsed."

Another official statement says that all the German airships came up to expectations after undergoing severe trials. Some of the aircraft were damaged but none have been destroyed and all are being repaired.

An official announcement given out last night says:

"No decision has resulted between the Oise and Meuse but certain signs indicate that the power of resistance of the enemy is relaxing. The endeavor of the French troops to break through the German line has failed.

"The German center is gaining ground slowly but surely. On the right bank of the Meuse the allies from Verdun have been repulsed."

GERMANS FEAR ATTACK BY FORCES FROM REAR

Believed Belgians Have Been Reinforced and May Fall On German Rear

By Associated Press.
London, Sept. 18.—A Bordeaux dispatch to the Times says that army headquarters announce that the battle continues with great ferocity. The death is officially announced of General Vialatte who was killed in action.

The Ostend correspondent of the Daily Mail learns that important vents are expected in North Belgium in the next few days. He says there is little doubt that there are three German army corps comprising 150,000 in Belgium and conveys a report that the Germans have advised the civil population of Liege to evacuate the town.

The Times correspondent at Ghent believes most of the recent German raiding in North Belgium, which could not be explained in any relation to the fighting on a large scale last week, was connected with an incident wherein some 1200 Uhlans were sent out in small parties to discover whether British troops were landing. They were told to push through at all costs, and it was promised that every man who got back with reliable information would be decorated with the Iron Cross. "I do not think they will get back," is the comment with which the correspondent closes his dispatch.

MASKED MEN TAKE BIG HAUL AT KANKAKEE, ILL.

After Compelling Owner to Unlock Safe They Take \$60,000 Diamonds and Jewels

Kankakee, Ill., Sept. 18.—Diamonds and jewelry valued at \$60,000 were stolen here today by five masked robbers at the home of Mrs. Nellie Clark. The robbers cut the telephone wires and compelled Mrs. Clark to open a safe. After which they tied her and a companion and drove away in an automobile. Pursuit was started when Mrs. Clark freed herself.

ORDER BEING RESTORED IN MEXICO IS REPORT

General Villa Sends Message To Wilson Declaring Loyalty To Carranza

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 18.—General Villa sent a message to President Wilson today denying that there was any friction between him and other constitutionalist leaders. From other sources it was reported Villa was loyal to Carranza. The other reports said that in some cases property had been taken over for protection but that none had been confiscated.

The general tenor of today's reports was that order was being restored. Brigadier General Funston's recommendation that the evacuation of Vera Cruz be postponed until Oct. was forwarded to Secretary Garrison at the seashore. It will probably be adopted. A telegram declaring that 500 priests and nuns were fugitives and would be in danger after the departure of American troops and asking that the government transport them from Vera Cruz to Galveston was taken to the White House by a member of the Catholic University, who was given assurance it would be considered by the president.

BELGIAN MINISTER'S WIFE SEEKS AID FOR PEOPLE

By Associated Press.
New York, Sept. 18.—Madame Vandervelde, wife of the Belgian minister of state, reached New York today with an appeal to the men and women of America for aid for the people of Belgium whose homes have been laid waste by war. Her mission was approved by King Albert and Queen Elizabeth.

Madame Vandervelde gave out a statement, saying that she wished to tell the American people of what she had seen herself in Belgium—the stream of refugees leaving Malines during the bombardment, the raids of Zeppelin and the story of the burning of Louvain. She said she also wished to tell of the sublime courage of the Belgian people and to implore the American people to help repatriate poor refugees and to start them again in life in new homes.

ALLIES ATTEMPTING TO OUTFLANK GERMAN LEFT

By Associated Press.

London, Sept. 18.—As has been the case when the struggle along the vast battle lines in France has been most active the public in Germany as in England and France has been forced to content itself with the most meager news of the progress of military operations. Experience has shown that extended statements are issued after the retirement or temporary defeat of one side or the other.

The information this morning sets forth laconically that the battle is in progress from the river Oise near Noyon to the German fortress of Metz, but barring a slight retirement of the German right wing at certain points no decided advantage is reported for either side.

Presumably the efforts of the allies have been divided into three movements:

- First—To dislodge the Germans from the Height of the Aisne.
- Second—To break through the fourth and fifth German armies at the center.
- Third—To outflank the German right.

SHARP SKIRMISH OVER BANK BILL

SPEAKER'S RULING ON COMMITTEE'S ACTION WOULD DELAY CONSIDERATION

WHEN IS A REPORT NOT?

Action on Speaker's Ruling Deferred Until Three This Afternoon

By Associated Press.
Austin, Texas, Sept. 18.—There was a sharp skirmish in the House this morning over the Bank of Texas bill when the action of the House banking committee last evening was read. The majority of the committee submitted a co-communication in which it condemned any effort to pass the bank bill at this session.

A minority of the committee reported favorably on the bill. The speaker ruled that the communication of the committee was not a report, and as the majority of the committee had not reported the minority could not make a report under the rules of the House. Representative Calvin insisted that the majority of the committee had made a report and that it was adverse to the bill and as the committee had reported that the minority could not be denied the same privilege. After several motions and amended motions had been offered, Representative Carver moved that further action on the whole matter be deferred until 3 o'clock this afternoon. This motion prevailed by a vote of 70 to 10.

The Senate today resumed consideration of permanent warehouse bill. The House by a vote of 95 to 17 reconsidered its action in refusing to consider the Senate bill providing for the divorcement of cotton gins from cotton oil companies and the bill was considered most of the morning session. Several amendments were adopted which made the bill conform to the House bill passed on the same subject a few days ago.

COAL OPERATORS ASK AUDIENCE WITH WILSON

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 17.—The Colorado coal operators today asked President Wilson to receive them next Wednesday to discuss the tentative basis for the strike settlement already accepted by the miners. The president answered that he would receive them. It is understood that the operators are not ready to accede to the plan proposed and wish to make some counter proposals.

WEATHER FORECAST

Tonight and Saturday increasing cloudiness.

The position of the fourth and fifth German armies is considered not so strong. While if the flanking movement is successful the railroad lines on which the Germans depend will be cut.

London newspapers believe that the Germans are only striving to keep the allies at bay while affording Emperor William opportunity to rush reinforcements to the Eastern front. Another aggressive movement of the Germans similar to the one which the allies inaugurated so successfully would not surprise, however.

The German losses are estimated at 3,200 dead, daily, for the last fortnight. This totals more than 44,000 since Sept. 4. The losses of the allies are known to have been tremendous and terrible losses have been suffered by the Austrians in Galicia.

No confirmation has been received of the reported Serbian evacuation of Semlin. All Serbian advices insist that the Serbs continue their victorious forward movement.

Even preliminary peace talk seems to be resented by the British public. Editorial articles have appeared saying that peace on any terms is out of the question until what is styled "the menace of German militarism" is crushed.

There is nothing today to indicate a change in the situation in the eastern theatre. Presumably the armies of Austria are still trying to unite at Cracow while the Russian army under General Rennenkampf is holding the Germans at bay in Russian Poland.

ASKS FOR WOOLEN CLOTHING FOR MEN

CROWN PRINCE FREDERICK WILLIAM TELEGRAPHS TO BERLIN NEWSPAPER

OPERATIONS ON EAST FRONT

Daring Strategy Enabled Gen. Hindenburg to Defeat the Russian Forces

By Associated Press.
Berlin, Sept. 18.—Crown Prince Frederick William yesterday sent the following telegram to a Berlin newspaper: "Please collect and forward as early as possible woollen underwear and clothing for my men. Greetings."

It was only a few days ago that the Crown Prince, who evidently has the comfort of his soldiers always in mind, telegraphed Berlin newspapers asking it to collect and forward tobacco and cigars.

German Operations in East. While little hint is given concerning the operations in the western theatre of war, the severity of censorship on the Russian front has relaxed and a number of stories are coming through from which it is possible to draw some conclusions as to the movements leading to the defeat of General Rennenkampf's Russian army. The Russians devoted great efforts to entrenching their positions and brought up their heavy

(Continued on Page Two)

NO HOPE FOR PEACE SOON

PRESIDENT WILSON SEES NO INDICATION OF DESIRE TO DISCUSS TERMS

VIEWS ARE IDENTICAL

Each Side Charges Other With Responsibility For War—Ars Unyielding

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 18.—President Wilson sees little prospect of peace in Europe reflected in the unofficial exchanges which American ambassadors have been conducting with France, Great Britain and Russia. This was learned today at the white house after a careful study had been made of the message which Ambassador Girard cable giving his recollection of an informal conversation with the German imperial chancellor.

Until something more tangible and definite in the way of overtures come from the belligerents the President feels that his hands are tied. To undertake to elicit terms from Great Britain, France and Russia, as Germany suggested, would place the President, he believes, in a delicate position in view of what Sir Edward Grey has told Ambassador Page. The British foreign secretary recently took the position that war had been forced on Great Britain; that the neutrality of Belgium had been disregarded and that it would be necessary to crush German militarism before the allies could feel safe against new attacks and before a treaty of peace would be worth "a scrap of paper."

On comparing the expressions from the allied powers and that of the imperial chancellor the President found that they took an almost identical position, each charging the other with responsibility for the war and neither giving indications of a desire to suggest terms of peace.

WOULD NOT RECEIVE DELEGATION OF CITIZENS

President Tells German-Americans To Do So Would Be Neutrality Violation

By Associated Press.
Washington, Sept. 18.—President Wilson today declined to receive Horace L. Brad of Chicago, who came to present messages from several German-American organizations protesting against the charges of atrocity made by the Belgian commission against the German army. The president took the position that it would be a violation of neutrality for natives of other belligerent countries to discuss the war with him and that the messages of the German-Americans were not of the same nature as those brought by the Belgian commissioner. The president is understood to be deeply disappointed over what he feels is disregard of his neutrality statement.

LITTLE CHANGE IN BATTLE LINE SAY THE ALLIES

*Claim Slight Progress On Western
Wing And Repulse Of
German Offense*

By Associated Press.

Paris, Sept. 18.—The allies have progressed somewhat on their western wing and are repulsing a vigorous offensive movement according to an announcement officially made public today.

The communication follows:

"The battle continued during the day of September 17 along the front of the river Oise to the Wavre without important changes in the situation at any point.

"First—On our left wing on the heights to the north of the river Aisne we have made a slight advance. Three offensive counter attacks undertaken by the Germans against our forces have been repulsed. From Craonne to Rheims we ourselves repulsed some very violent counter attacks executed during the night. The enemy tried in vain to take some of our positions.

"Second—On the center from Rheims to the Argonne and the enemy has adopted a purely defensive attitude. To the east of the Argonne in the Wavre district the situation is unchanged. On our right in the Lorraine and Vosges the enemy occupies positions organized on a defensive basis in the vicinity of the frontier."

IRISH HOME RULE IS NOW EFFECTIVE

KING GEORGE ATTACHES SIGNATURE TO BILL AND IT TAKES EFFECT AT ONCE

PASSED AMID ENTHUSIASM

Cheers, Singing of National Anthem, and Shouts of "God Save the King"

By Associated Press.
London, Sept. 18.—King George's signature was attached to the Home Rule bill which thus becomes effective. Enthusiasm unusual was manifested in the staid executive chambers of Westminster when the two houses of parliament were prorogued. While King George was absent inspecting the troops, his speech was read in parliament. When the announcement was made to the Lords that the royal assent had been given to the Irish Home Rule and the Welsh disestablishment suspensory bill and a number of emergency measures, cheers were given for the passage of the Irish and Welsh bills.

"On the announcement of the passing of the Home Rule bill Nationalists and Liberals broke into loud cheers which could be heard distinctly in the royal galleries. Will Crooks, the Labor leader, asked if it was in order to sing "God Save the King," and without waiting for permission, he started the first verse himself and then broke down with emotion. Others took up the hymn and it swelled with great volume in the vast chamber.

As the members filed out of the Chamber, Mr. Crooks cried out "God Save Ireland," at which John Redmond, the Irish Nationalist leader, shouted "God Save England."

Parliament will sit again October 20.

ME OUGHT TO BE STOPPED.
Austin, Sept. 18.—Representative Burgess started a movement in the House today for a second called session in October to consider the governor's bank bill. He is circulating a paper asking for this session and agreeing that if it is called, that the members will waive their mileage claims.

The many wounded prisoners coming from the front indicates that the allies have made the Germans give ground, the latter leaving their wounded behind.

The army of Crown Prince Frederick William, which was forced to abandon the siege of Verdun, has finally turned on its pursuers near Mont Fauton, northwest of Verdun, encouraged no doubt by advices of reinforcements coming from the Rhine garrisons, and the line of defense is now clearly established from Noyon, 67 miles northeast of Paris, to Mont Fauton.

In addition to the difficulty of reorganizing their forces to withstand the attacks on the new line the Germans are, no doubt, troubled about their rear. The resumption of activity by the Belgians means more than that these troops have had time to rest and, no doubt, there is good foundation for the many rumors that King Albert's forces have been reinforced, though from where is only a matter of conjecture.

Some experts still think that the battle is only intended to insure the safety of the crown prince's army which had great difficulty in disengaging itself from the defiles of the forces of Argonne and is not yet, according to opinion here, by any means out of danger. The prolonged rains also make it necessary to have more time in which to get the artillery out of the mud.

Market Reports

Fort Worth Livestock.
By Associated Press.
Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 18.—Cattle receipts 3500, steady; beef steers \$5.25 to \$7. Hog receipts 1500, active, prices steady \$8.50 to \$9. Sheep 600, active and steady; lambs \$7.25 to \$7.60.

Kansas City Grain.
By Associated Press.
Kansas City, Sept. 18.—Wheat No. 2 hard \$1.01 to \$1.02; No. 2 red \$1.01 to \$1.02. Corn No. 2 mixed 75. Oats No. 2 white 47 1/2.

Chicago Grain Futures.
By Associated Press.
Chicago, Sept. 18.—Strength of prices at Liverpool tended today to raise the wheat market here but selling orders from commission men prevented any decided advance. A few starting one quarter to one cent higher values suffered by selling and then rallied completely. Corn appeared to be governed wholly by wheat. Oats had no independent action. Reports that France was bidding for wheat gave additional help to the bulls. The close was nervous. Some European inquiry for corn made the close steady. Closing quotations: Wheat, Dec. 1.11 1/2; May 1.18 3/4. Corn, ec. 73 1/2; May 73 1/2. Oats, Dec. 49 5/8; May 52 1/2.

New ARRIVALS FOR OUR 50c BOOK TABLE

The Winning of Barbara Worth, Their Yesterday, Ne'er Do Well, Officer 666, The Barrier, Harvester, Beh Hur and many other popular publications.

Guaranteed School Book Satchels at from 25c to \$2.00

Nice Line of Lunch Baskets from 20c up.

MARTIN'S BOOK STORE 609 Eighth Street Phone 96

More Groceries for a Dollar here than anywhere else.

Just a few of the many specials:

- 12 pounds sugar for \$1.00
6 bars Crystal White soap for .25c
2 packages Post Toasties for .25c
Oranges, per dozen .25c
Gooseberries, per can .10c
3 rolls extra large crepe toilet paper for .25c

Model Grocery

814 Scott Ave.

Phone 1551-1531

Delivery to all parts of city

Lodge Directory

Wichita Falls Camp No. 12066 M. W. of A. meets every Thursday at 8 p. m. 708 1/2 Seventh street. B. M. Bullard, Consul; E. G. Cook, Clerk.

Brotherhood of American Yeomen Meets every Thursday at 8 p. m. each month at old I. O. O. F. hall over Cream Bakery, 715 Indiana ave. at 8:00 p. m. L. C. Robertson, Foreman; H. S. Dunaway, Correspondent.

Order of Aztecs Meets every Wednesday at 8 p. m. New Odd Fellows Hall, Jno. Dayport, Worthy Chief, J. Kinard, Keeper of Secrets.

Wichita Grove No. 1087 Woodmen Circle Meets every Friday at 2:30 at new I. O. O. F. Hall, Mrs. McDowell, Guardian; Mrs. Somers, Clerk.

NOTICE

We can build you a house, remodel or repair your old one at a very reasonable price, and with perfect satisfaction to you. JNO. MATHIS Phone 1079

Last Call For Dirt

See me at building site at once. Fill in your yards and low places. Only a few loads left. Delivered anywhere in the city.

McFALL TRANSFER & STORAGE CO. Telephone 444 and 14



Everybody Comes

To us when they are interested in anything in the Plumbing business. Of course, there is a reason and you do not have to look far for it, either. Prompt, courteous treatment to all our patrons, the poor as well as the rich, get civil treatment and just as good services as we have to offer.

The Union Plumbing Shop B. A. MOORE, Prop.

FIVE BUILDINGS DESTROYED BY GUN COTTON EXPLOSION

By Associated Press. Elizabeth, N. J., Sept. 18.—The city of Elizabeth was shaken by an explosion of gun cotton at the plant of the Wright Chemical Co. at Springfield five miles away. Five buildings at the plant were wrecked. Several workmen were reported killed.

THE KITCHEN CABINET

REMEMBRANCES to bless. Do many little faults we find; We see them, for not blind is love; we see them, but if you and I Perhaps remember them some by and by.

They will not be Faults then—grave faults—to you and me. But just odd ways, mistakes, or even less.

SOME GELATINE DESSERTS.

Gelatine is the foundation for countless jellies and desserts, which may be varied indefinitely.

Prune Jelly.—Wash half a pound of prunes, put them into a small basin, add half a cup of water; put on the cover and steam until they are soft. Remove the stones and place the prunes in wet molds. Put one heaping tablespoonful of powdered gelatine into a saucepan, add one cup of boiling water, one cupful of fruit juice, the strained juice of two oranges and one tablespoonful of lemon juice. Stir over the fire until the sugar is dissolved, after which it should be strained over the prunes. Serve with a spoonful of whipped cream on the top of each.

Few realize the value of dainty serving of food. A dessert may be nicely prepared, be delicious to the taste, but in serving it may be put upon the table in such a messy, untidy, careless way that the value of it is half lost. The eye is the first organ of digestion, let us constantly keep this in mind and have our food tempting to the sight.

Fruit Trifles.—Cut some pieces of cake into small pieces or bits and divide it in sherbet glasses, with two tablespoonfuls of pineapple juice to each glass. Break two eggs into a saucepan, add two tablespoonfuls of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar, a teaspoonful of vanilla. Stir over the fire until the egg is thick; strain over the cake. When cool, put a few bits of fresh fruit over the top, and serve.

Grape Fruit Jelly.—Take three cupfuls of grape juice and pulp, two tablespoonfuls of lemon juice, half a cup of sugar, one and a half cups of water, four tablespoonfuls of gelatine. Put the gelatine into the water for a few minutes to soften, then add the other ingredients and heat slowly over a slow fire until well dissolved, then strain into well chilled grape fruit skins. Sprinkle with preserved ginger, and cover with whipped cream when serving.

THESE THOUGHTS

Life is short, so don't waste it. It is long.

If there is no effect without a cause, how about when a woman changes her mind?

We appreciate most things most if they are home made, especially hay pines.

Where one man is pushed to the front a thousand are pushed out of the way.

We think some men are getting up steam when in reality they are merely spouting hot air.

Many a fellow who doesn't care especially for animals will feed the kitty in a poker game.

When we say of a man that he won't listen to reason we merely mean that he won't listen to us.

Life is one continuous hurdle race to the people who acquire the habit of jumping at conclusions.

This world would come pretty close to being perfect if we should all follow the advice we give others.

Mrs. Gnags—And just to think! You used to say you would die for me, Mr. Gnags—Well, don't hurry me, my dear; don't hurry me.

"The earth was created for man," quoted the Wise Guy. "And the average fellow seems to labor under the delusion that he is the man," added the Simple Mug.

Wigwag—I read in the paper today of a couple who were divorced after having been married for forty-eight years. Hapspeckle—How true it is that it's never too late to mend.

The whole is equal to the sum of all its parts, and shows that everything has its use.

Don't tell a fellow too much about a subject before finding out what he knows first.

There is a positive and negative side to every question. You either go up or down.

FACT AND FANCY.

Sharkskin leather is called sharkgreen.

The richer you are, the easier it is to economize.

Companions are odious, save those who are our own shadow.

14 LOST LIVES WHEN STEAMER WAS RAMMED

By Associated Press. Quebec, Sept. 18.—The Black Diamond liner, Lingen, rammed and sank the government steamer, Montnehy, at five o'clock this morning during a fog in the St. Lawrence river, 26 miles of Quebec. Fourteen persons, members of the Montnehy's crew, and families of two lighthouse keepers were drowned. Second Officer La Champs, of the Montnehy, was among these. He died with two children in his arms in a heroic but unsuccessful effort to save their lives.

Mrs. Lavalle, wife of the lighthouse keeper at Flaves Island, and her four children were drowned. Mrs. Richards, wife of a lighthouse keeper at Belle Isle, and her seven children were aboard the Montnehy. How many of them were drowned is not known. Survivors were picked up by a nearby steamer.

The Montnehy was on her way from Quebec to the Gulf of St. Lawrence. She had aboard a cargo of coal and provisions for wireless and signal stations.

The Montnehy was not a passenger vessel, but was utilized for carrying the families of lighthouse keepers.

BAND OF GERMANS TAKE AFRICAN MILITARY POST

By Associated Press. Queenstown, Central Union, Africa, Sept. 18.—A band composed of 250 Germans with three Maxim guns attacked the military post at Nakob Thursday. The garrison consisted of seven policemen who fought until their ammunition was exhausted. Those who had not been killed were taken prisoners.

QUAKER QUIPS

Shaking dice for the drinks is a rattling of dry bones.

It's a good plan to weigh your words if you expect them to carry any weight.

You can sometimes make hay while the sun shines by cutting a grass widow.

If the gas companies can't make both ends meet, it's the fault of the meters.

The telephone is a great boon. It enables many a small man to talk mighty big.

The devil may have his faults, but he never puts off till tomorrow what he can do today.

Many a star has been eclipsed in the theatrical firmament that the astronomer was not of.

Mrs. Gnags—Mr. Wigwag complimented me upon my even temper. Mr. Gnags—That's odd!

The photographers wouldn't make so much money if the world wasn't so full of people who are perfectly satisfied with themselves.

Bobbs—Jones is an awful scrapper. He reminds me of a plugged dime. Slobbs—in what way? Bobbs—You can't pass him without raising a row.

Mrs. Buggins—When I suspect the dog catchers are coming around I always kick Fido up. Mr. Buggins—On the principle, I suppose, that an ounce of prevention is worth a dog in the pound.—Philadelphia Record.

TOLD BY THE HANDS

When an oath is taken it is done by raising the right hand or laying it upon a bible.

Shaking hands when greeting was originally an evidence that each person was unarmed.

When a man is not telling the truth he is apt to clench his hands, as few men can lie with their hands open.

A man who holds his thumb tightly within his hand has weak will power. Strong willed persons hold their thumbs outside when shutting their hands.

When a man kisses the hands of a woman he expresses his submission. This is also the idea when kissing the hands of kings. By this act their superiority is acknowledged.

Among savage tribes when a man holds up his hands it is a sign of peace, an evidence that he is unarmed or does not intend to use weapons. An outlaw says "Hold up your hands!" meaning thereby to make his victim powerless to resist attack.

TO MUSE UPON

Girls with the most cheek do the least blushing.

Nothing is the thing women cry over and men fuss about.

Beware of a girl who is a peach; peaches have hearts of stone.

Blessed is the man who doesn't expect too much from his friends.

It is easier for a country minister to earn his salary than it is to get it.

There are things that money won't buy—because nobody will have them.

812-814 Ohio Avenue 812-814 Ohio Avenue

Pennington's SATURDAY Pennington's

Special Prices—Special Prices

Silk Taffeta and Saten Ribbons Marked to sell 20c, 25c and 30c Specially Priced at 10c Yard

About 20 pieces of plain ribbons from 2 1/2 to 3 inches in a number of colors and they are all good values.

To Close them out we offer them Special 10c yd.

15c, 20c, 25c and up to 75c Lace Bandings Extra Special Value 9c yd.

We have thrown out for quick sale about 50 pieces of lace bandings in all widths and weights that are just the thing to be used with window curtains and other purposes. Extra Special yard 9c

Silk Chiffon Lace Ruckeing 5c yd.

About 15 pieces in white, cream and colors in 25c, 35c and 50c quality to close out at yard 5c

Two Attractive Shirt Specials

The truth of this advertisement is guaranteed to the Times who in turn guarantees it to its readers.

One lot Men's Dress Shirts \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50 quality, slightly soiled, special to close out Choice 50c Each

Blue Chambray Work Shirts Bought at a bargain. We sell special at 25c Each

P. H. Pennington Co.

812-814 Ohio Avenue 812-814 Ohio Avenue



AL JENNINGS RECEIVES THE PARDON WIRE

The life story of Al Jennings—bandit, train robber and convict—his successful attempt to "beat back" into decent ways, will be shown at the Majestic. "Beating Back" is in six parts and the former bandit is seen in the leading role.

12 DEATHS FROM GRADE CROSSING ACCIDENT

By Associated Press. Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 17.—The death today of C. A. Steson, brings the total death list from the grade crossing accident last night to twelve. An Illinois Central freight train ran into a crowded street car at a crossing.

The conductor and engineer of the freight train and motorman and conductors of the street car were arrested today on charges of manslaughter.

ASKS FOR WOOLEN CLOTHING FOR MEN

(Continued from Page 1)

artillery. Russian cavalry scouted far to the west and south but otherwise the army undertook no offensive operations in the days following the battle of Tannenberg. Gen. Hindenburg, the German commander meanwhile, was assembling every offensive movement but the counter attack failed and on Sept. 10 the Russians began to fall back on their main line rapidly but in good order.

Although General Rennenkamff offered desperate resistance after three days fighting the Russians were forced back in the center. When the movements of the Germans were discovered the Russians began a heavy offensive movement but the counter attack failed and on Sept. 10 the Russians began to fall back on their main line rapidly but in good order.

OUR STORE WILL BE CLOSED MONDAY

September 21

On account of Jewish Holiday

LOEB-LIEPOLD

711 Indiana Avenue

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days Your druggist will refund money if PAIN OINTMENT fails to cure any case of Itching, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 14 Days. The first application gives ease, and relief. 25c.

Germans Supreme Test Was Battle of the Marne

The New York Sun believes the repulse of the Germans of the Marne river has been disastrous to their campaign. Continuing the Sun says in Monday's issue: "The very importance they attached to their terrific, desperate drive at France demonstrates this. To get at France promptly they violated the neutrality of Belgium. Not even the certainty that this step would bring the British in against them could weigh against the imperious necessity of crushing France before Russia got up. Six weeks from the declaration of war was the extreme time German military authorities believed they would have in which to crush France before the onrush of the Russians in the east would demand the recall of German troops from France, the depletion of the invading army to a point where, if France were not crushed, the weight of Anglo-French numbers would throw it back upon the defensive.

"And so for six weeks nearly the whole German army has been driven forward with a peed and a carelessness of life unparalleled in the history of western warfare. In two weeks the masses of Von Kluck were driven from Brussels to the Seine, south and east of Paris, more than 150 miles. Battles which in other wars would seem great were fought on many fields. In that mass formation, which at the cost of thousands of lives by the sheer weight of numbers broke down all opposition, the German hosts rushed on. "But now the six weeks of grace that were allotted to the Germans have passed. Forty-five days after the declaration of war in 1870 Napoleon III. surrendered at Sedan. Today, not perhaps demoralized, but unmistakably exhausted, leaving behind them their wounded, the litter of all that armies abandon only in precipitate retreat, all the German armies are in retreat, and Paris, from which one week ago the troops were only seventeen miles distant, at Lagny—less than five miles from the outer ring of forts—is a hundred miles from the Germans, still retreating.

"Meantime Russia has come up. In this six weeks she has also had the crushing of the military power of Austria-Hungary. Her victorious armies now beating down the last desperate resistance of the Austrians in Galicia will tomorrow be on the road toward Berlin with only German troops to reckon with in their pathway. From the west then from the armies which have already proved inadequate to the task of crushing the Anglo-French power more troops must be taken if Russia is to be held.

"As for the French, after fifty years they have known the intoxication of victory. They have beaten and are pursuing the Germans. The nightmare of Sedan, which has hung over them for forty-four years, has been banished. As the legendary glory of the army of Frederick the Great perished at Jena, that of Von Moltke's was blasted at the Marne. One was a rout, the other a defeat, but mere defeat was destructive of the reputation the Prussian soldier has possessed for half a century.

"Today a million and a half victorious French soldiers, supported by the British expeditionary force, are clearing France of Germans. Behind this the whole colonial armies of Britain are coming up. Even the Belgian army is in the field on more. On the west the Germans are hopelessly outnumbered. This disadvantage can only be accentuated when Russian pressure on the Vistula and the Oder claims new attention.

"Nor is the German disaster to be measured by mere losses of numbers. The sower of her military power has gone down in the desperate battles in

Picardy and Champagne. The courage the desperation which marked the French at Waterloo, the devotion which has made that struggle the admiration of the succeeding century, have been displayed by the Kaiser's troops; but as Waterloo marked the extermination of the Napoleonic army, so the struggle in northern France must mean the destruction of that marvelous machine of commissioned and non-commissioned officers on which the whole German system rested.

"Germany Not Yet Crushed. "Doubtless German armies will continue to fight as they have fought before. The comparison today, for actual military considerations, is with Gettysburg, not Waterloo. But it is too much to see at Lagny near the Marne the high water mark of German advance, which is comparable with the extreme point of Pickett's charge at Gettysburg. After Gettysburg the South had many victories still to win, more than a year of splendid resistance to offer, but after Gettysburg the issue of the civil war was no longer in real doubt.

"Beyond this, however, the thing that stands out boldly is the overthrow of the tradition of German military supremacy. As gallantly as Napoleon's veterans at Waterloo the German conscripts have upheld their reputation by their fight. But as the Old Guard failed they have failed, and with their failure the whole splendid fabric of German military domination in Europe comes crashing down. Like Napoleon, the Kaiser has gambled desperately, splendidly, put all his fortunes on a single throw and the dice have gone against him.

"It would be easy to exaggerate the military importance of what has taken place in the past ten days. It would be difficult to overestimate the moral effect. Something of this so far as the world beyond the German frontiers is concerned we can today perceive. But what is of greatest interest now is the effect that the disaster will have in Germany when at last it is known that the tremendous German military machine has failed, that Sedan is not to be repeated, that Jena may be.

"The issue of Germany's next war must be world power or downfall," wrote General Von Bernhardi. It is too much to believe that the dream of world power was blasted on the banks of the Marne."

LOOK OUT—CALOMEL IS DANGEROUS

There is no need now to risk your health taking dangerous calomel. Dodson's Liver Tonic is guaranteed. Next time your liver gets sluggish and you feel dull and headachy go to your druggist and get a bottle of the highly successful medicine, Dodson's Liver Tonic.

It will start your liver, gently but surely, and relieve every attack of constipation or biliousness without any restriction of habit or diet. Eat what you like, go where you please—it's all the same when you take Dodson's, the pleasant-tasting vegetable liquid, for both children and grown people. Its use is not followed by any of the bad after effects which sometimes follow taking calomel.

A large bottle costs only fifty cents and the drug store will cheerfully give you your money back if you do not find it a perfect remedy to take instead of calomel. For sale by Miller Drug store. (Adv.)

Jas. A. Russell and Ray B. Shaw of Detroit are in the city looking it over for a location for plumbing, steam-fitting and general contracting establishment.

Before The War Prices ON GROCERIES

We have made the reputation for ourselves of being the cheapest priced house in Wichita Falls on Dry Goods, Shoes, Hats and Clothing—we are proud of this reputation too and will always maintain it and we can well afford it too as we are not in the high rent district, have no big overhead expense, sell for cash only and pay cash for our merchandise.

Since the European war began we have noticed the continual advance of Groceries and other necessities of life. We are opposed to high prices on anything as our motto is "To Live and Let Live" and in order to do our part toward keeping the prices down we have bought a small and general line of staple groceries and will offer them to the people "while they last" at prices that will show we mean business.

We Reduce the High Cost of Living. We Keep Prices Down

THIS \$9.40 ASSORTMENT \$5.95

We have assorted a list of Groceries as enumerated below consisting of about the most staple articles usually wanted showing our price and also the regular grocer's price, you will note that we save you over 40 per cent on this bill. For this assortment we ask you \$5.95—We will not break this assortment.

Table with 3 columns: Item, STANLEY'S PRICE, YOUR GROCER'S PRICE. Lists various grocery items like granulated cane sugar, stew pans, green tea, etc.

\$5.95 \$9.40

GRANITE WARE AT BEFORE WAR PRICES

We have bought quite a lot of Granite Ware consisting of stew pans, pudding pans, dippers, and milk pans—all first class and heavily enameled. They will be included in this sale, choice 10c

We fill orders for out of town customers in rotation as orders are received—should we be sold out when your order is reached we will return your money by the next mail. 20 lbs best Granulated sugar for \$1 with this assortment.

These goods will not be placed on sale until Saturday, Sept. 19th, no orders will be filled until that day. We just have 25 of our \$5.95 assortments so would advise every one to be on hand that day. 20 lbs best granulated cane sugar for \$1.00 with this assortment.

STANLEY'S Full Value Department Store

602 7th Street Walsh & Clasbey's or Miller's Old Stand. Wichita Falls Texas



Scene from "Lavender and Old Lace," to be presented by the Gilson-Bradfield Stock Company at the Wichita Theatre tonight.

PORT ARTHUR MAN FINDS HEALTH IN WONDERFUL STOMACH REMEDY

markable Gain in Weight on Few Doses

J. F. Stoneburner of Port Arthur, Texas, suffered from stomach ailments for a long time. He fell off in weight and took treatment without apparent benefit. He tried physician after physician until he almost lost hope.

He took Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy, then wrote: "I have taken all of your wonderful stomach remedy and got good results from it. I have gained in weight since starting on your remedy—twenty-one pounds so far. I was under the care of five doctors for about six months before I got your medicine. I am entirely well."

Mr. Stoneburner's experience is typical of that of the thousands who have taken Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy. Thousands of letters

from people who have appreciated its wonderful benefits come from all parts of the country.

Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy cleans the digestive tract of mucoid accretions and removes poisonous matter. It brings swift relief to sufferers from stomach, liver and bowel troubles.

Many say that it has saved them from dangerous operations and many are sure it saved their lives. The remarkable success of this remedy has caused many imitations, so be cautious. Be sure it's Mayr's. Probably it is known among your own neighbors. Ask them. Go to Fooseh & Lynch and ask about the wonderful results it has been accomplishing in cases they know—or send to Geo. H. Mayr, Mfg. Chemist, 154-156 Whiting St., Chicago, Ill., for free book on stomach ailments and many grateful letters from people who have been restored. Any druggist will tell you its wonderful effects. (Adv.)

Gen. Joffre French Commander Known As The "Silent Fighter"

A war correspondent of the New York Post in a dispatch to his paper taken up mostly with telling of the restrictions imposed on correspondents tells of the taciturnity of General Joffre. He writes:

"The seemingly hard lines imposed on American and all other foreign correspondents by anxious governments should also be recognized, for human interests of infinitely greater importance than any news mongering whatever. It is not forgotten that Moltke in 1870 attributed one of his victories to the indiscretion of an English correspondent with the French army. Perhaps, too, this enforced discipline and compulsory loyalty may start up healthier traditions of journalism than had been existing in the sensational press, which seemed to think human lives of less importance than news. And real news—news that stays true—will not suffer from it.

"This adds greatly to the interest of the innovation of a signed telegram of Gen. Joffre, commander in chief of the French armies, which was sent from the front day before yesterday, expressly for communication to the public. It need not be

as explicit as a general's report of operations to his ranking superior—and it would be pitiful that the French public should think itself the superior of the man to whom they have entrusted their liberty and their lives. But the general's signatur requires that the news he communicates should, as far as it goes, be the sober truth; and as such his dispatch is accepted by the Italian papers whose present position gives them great advantages over the rest of the European press.

"Like William the Silent and Moltke, who was 'silent in seven languages,' Gen. Joffre is notably taciturn; and he has been silent through a laborious military career of forty-four years. He is now sixty-one, but still in the full vigor of his strength of body and mind—and by far the most noteworthy figure which this surprising war has so far disclosed. Clemenceau sharply criticized him and the others of the General Staff, but he too has reversed his judgment since the mobilization proved their foresight and complete organization of the military resources. A little more and General Joffre will be the incarnation of the soul of

France in her life and death struggle.

Saluted For His Silence.

Joffre was a first year military engineer at the difficult Ecole Polytechnique, and only seventeen years of age, when the war of 1870 broke out. He enlisted and fought like the rest to the bitter end. He came out a lieutenant and was employed, when peace allowed, on the plans for the new fortifications of Paris. Marshal MacMahon, who was himself not a talker, noticed his calm silence amid the other officers in a visit to one of the forts and unexpectedly saluted him—"My compliment, Captain!" So he was a captain at twenty-two, long before his time; and he was sent to organize the defenses of Pontarlier, just where the Germans, if they break through at Belfort, may now sweep down along the Swiss frontier. Then he went out to build forts in Tonkin; but Admiral Courbet, who was in charge, scented the born commander, and set him to fighting at the head of the troops. He was kept fighting, next in Dahomey; and he was the first to enter Timbuctoo—speaking never a word. He was silent in Madagascar, where he fought Diego Suarez mightily. Back in France, he was made a professor at the Higher War School, and became successively general of brigade, division, and of a corps d'armee. He came to have the confidence of all as a strategist and organizer—and, with all the Radical hostility to the army, he was never reproach-

ed with Reaction or not being faithful to the Republic. When the nomination of general in chief had to be made by the Higher War Council, Gen. Pau, who lost his arm at Sedan, joined with his remaining hand to Joffre—and the nomination was unanimous.

The public knows little of persons; but it knew that the law of three years' compulsory service which has saved France was due largely to Gen. Joffre's foresight. And these three weeks of his command have made confidence in him universal. Time will tell how far his silence will lead to victory; but, until now, no newspaper correspondent even knows where General in Chief Joffre and his headquarters were placed yesterday or today, or shall be tomorrow. "Joffre's headquarters" said a military man who may have known and may not: "It's a monastery!"

"The Pope who has just died would have liked that figure of speech, for he more than once expressed his opinion that even his monks talked too much. Perhaps this all but universal war will drift suffering humanity towards a new era where silence shall be appreciated as strength. And this time, let it be noted while it lasts, the silent man is the Frenchman."

We can remodel and dye your last fall suit and save you buying a new one. Our work is guaranteed. Wichita Cleaning and Dye Works. Phone 620 or 1312.

FORT WORTH BOOSTERS BOUGHT 10 BALES HERE

Excursionists Enjoyed Their Stay and Citizens Enjoyed Having Them Here

A total of ten bales of cotton were bought in Wichita Falls yesterday by the Fort Worth trade excursionists, representing an investment of over \$500 in this city. The excursionists bought about fifty bales while on their trip. At Henrietta it had been reported that they were planning to buy cotton and the streets were literally lined with cotton when the train arrived. The Fort Worth party bought only a few, however, it being manifestly impossible to buy all that was offered.

The train left for home at 8 o'clock last night after a very pleasant sojourn in Wichita Falls, the visitors going home with a decidedly favorable impression of this city. One of the mounted policemen who accompanied the party met with an accident while here, his horse falling with him; the extent of his injuries was not learned. One of the party was "arrested" charged with theft of a cuff button from another excursionist, and was the only one who did not appreciate the joke.

WICHITA DAILY TIMES

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Editorial and Business Office 167

Wichita Falls, Texas, September 18

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

Carrier boys are not authorized, nor is it any part of their duty to collect for subscriptions to The Times.

Order to receive due credit for amounts due on subscription, subscribers should either pay at the office or send the collectors calls on them.

THE TIMES PUBLISHING CO., ED HOWARD, Manager.

The six hundred and fifty-third Texas editor has observed that General Sherman's definition of war sounds about right.

The Fort Worth boosters are a live wire bunch. We enjoyed their short visit, and they conducted themselves while here as if they had always lived here and nobody was a stranger to them.

That's the way Wichita Falls likes for those who visit us to conduct themselves. It explains to some degree why Fort Worth is a city of 70,000 or more.

The great majority of that city's population seem to be city builders. They go out and get acquainted.

Commissioner of Agriculture Kone makes the charge that cotton seed oil mills of this State have forced the price of cotton seed down from \$28 to \$14 per ton.

As to whether he is correct or not, this paper does not know. But something has done it, and it cannot be charged to the European war.

Cotton seed oil is a food product, and all food products have gone up in price since the war began. It is a serious charge that should demand a rigid investigation.

Judging from the newspapers of the State, the prospects of the Legislature doing anything with Governor Covert's proposed \$20,000,000 State bank are very slim.

The idea seems to have been sprung too suddenly on the people, and when any proposition is proposed that looks like there might be a chance (perhaps one in a thousand) of wrecking the State school fund, the people want time to look into the matter more carefully.

Some of them have an idea that such a proposition, by rights, ought to be submitted directly to a vote of the people, and that is not far wrong.

The Dallas Times-Herald is authority for the statement that there is a movement among speculators in cotton to buy cotton from farmers at seven cents per pound and then sell it to those who are helping to boost the "Buy a Bale" movement along at ten cents per pound, and urges those who are trying to render aid to the cotton farmers to ascertain that the bale or bales of cotton they are buying and paying ten cents per pound have been raised by the farmer who is selling it to them.

So far as The Times has been able to make observations, nothing of that kind is being practiced in Wichita Falls. The money for every bale of cotton that has been sold in this city for ten cents per pound has found its way direct into the pockets of the farmer who produced the cotton.

So far more than 100 bales of ten cent cotton have been purchased by Wichita Falls business men, and every bale of it will be held off the market for at least one year unless it can be sold for a higher price than was paid for it.

J. H. Mondie is a constable in Sapulpa. He has been somewhat active in assisting the federal officers and the law enforcement people there in riding Sapulpa of booze and gambling joints.

He also operates a popcorn wagon. Sunday night his wagon was blown to atoms by dynamite. The plug uglies in Sapulpa have a milder way of dealing with those who enforce the law than they have in Tulsa. In Tulsa they raise \$10,000 or more per month to subsidize a newspaper, to bully officials or others who can be bullied into inactivity and to bribe those who can be bribed, and those they can not get by these means they kill outright. Tulsa Democrat.

Newspapers that accept money for what influence they are supposed to wield in their respective communities soon discover they are without influence. No one is quicker to discover that fact than those who put up the subsidy money. The scheme has been tried out in nearly all cities of any importance, and in nearly every instance the newspaper that accepted the money has gone down. Even the fellows who have been victimized into subscribing the subsidy money have no respect for the newspaper that have bribed.

THE LEADERS COMPARED.

(Zack Lamar Cobb, in El Paso Herald.) The incidents of the past week furnish a striking contrast between the statesmanship of President Wilson and the expediency of Colonel Roosevelt.

President Wilson has declined to go on the stump, as has been the usual custom for presidents in Washington.

Between duty and the country and people as a whole, and his obligations as leader of the democratic party, the president is staying on the job for the entire people.

This is statesmanship and patriotism. The American people appreciate and will uphold our great president.

Colonel Roosevelt has undertaken to establish a second party in the South. There is no objection to that. Two parties should not be objectionable anywhere.

But the colonel does not base his effort upon principle. He does not appeal to the judgment of the people of the South as a whole, or to the patriotism of people representative of the entire Southland.

He has appealed to the selfish interests of a particular district. How can it be fancy that the rock-ribbed democratic South may be broken by a mess of potage given the sugar interests of Louisiana.

Our country is undergoing the greatest progress of its history. How unfortunate it is that a great personality as Colonel Roosevelt should appear to greed! How blessed we are in that Woodrow Wilson gives his first allegiance to the American people as a whole.

MOBILIZATION IN TEXAS.

Texas, too, is mobilizing an army. Throughout its large domain there are more than 1,000,000 children moving to school.

This is the army that must a few years hence take its place on the battle line of civilization. It is the army upon which Texas bases its hopes of the future, the army destined to win victories of peace and concord, of progress and prosperity. The Texas army is the army of life and faith and hope, and its banners will never go down.

While it thrills millions of hearts to behold this magnificent force in motion, it is well enough for us to remember that Texas is not doing for its army of youth what it ought to do. It is not equipped as it ought to be. It is not captured as it ought to be. It is not trained nor are its forces deployed to the best advantage. In these respects we are far behind other commonwealths of less resources, and it behooves us as we see the army in motion not only to resolve to spare no endeavor to make these oncoming hosts an efficient factor in the State's advancement, but to do this at once.

The children of today will not be able to profit by what we may do ten years hence. So far as they are concerned the next few years must fix their position in the world. It is now or never with them. The opportunities of the future can not apply to the children of today.

Texas needs a new birth of educational enthusiasm. The people must be brought to know that their children are the State's greatest asset—far greater than the million of cattle roaming our prairies, greater than the 5,000,000 bales of cotton we are now trying to conserve, far greater than our great cities. The children of today are nothing less than the Texas of tomorrow, and the Texas of tomorrow will depend entirely upon what we do for the children of today.

The wonderful progress of the German empire during the past fifty years has not resulted from German militarism, but from German efficiency in science, skill and commerce and this efficiency has come about as the logical result of a marvelous system of public education. The public schools of Germany have turned out men and women of the highest efficiency. The German youth who steps from school into the world is ready for the world, strong, capable, intelligent and efficient.

When the rural schools of Texas are what they ought to be, our farms will produce as well as the German farms. Our farmers will be men like the German farmers in Texas, men who know how to cultivate the soil, who know the fundamental principles of agricultural economy, who know how to conserve the soil and how to be independent of all adverse conditions that may arise from time to time. When the rural schools of Texas are what they ought to be, the farmers will not be the prey of mounting demagogues and unscrupulous agitators, and agriculture will be science, thrift and wealth, not drudgery, misery and poverty.

The people of Texas must acquire a keener sense of the importance of the school houses everywhere. The entire system of education, from the primary school to the university, must be adjusted to the actual needs of the youth and to the demands of civilization. It is well enough for the people to think of these things as their army of more than a million bright-eyed children trip gaily to the schools.—Houston Post.

"OBSERVER" OBSERVED.

Editor Times: I notice in Thursday's issue of your paper an article, signed "Observer," that very much surprised me. If it were not for the fact that some well-meaning poor people, who are strangers in Wichita Falls, might be led astray by the slanderous insinuations of this writer, the article in question would not merit an answer at the hands of anyone. Other preachers and churches can speak for themselves, but "Observer" will come around to the Methodist church and take the pains to make some honest observations, he will note that there are some very poor people there, and that they are as highly respected as anybody that belongs to that congregation. A person who is always expecting to be kicked betrays a consciousness that he needs adjusting; but as far as I have been able to observe, every man and woman, whatever be their financial status,

RUBBER

around all you like, you'll find nothing so good to keep fruit jars from cracking, and jar lids from sticking, as 3-in-One. Put a little on when sealing jar. A Dictionary of 100 other uses with every bottle, 10c, 25c, 50c—all stores. Three-in-One Oil Co., 42 N. Broadway, New York

who lines up with the better class of people, receives all the consideration due to their merits. I am sure this is the case so far as it concerns the members of the M. E. Church, South, in Wichita Falls.

"Observer" not only sneers at the church in genuine soap box-orator fashion, but gives the "institutions of the church" a side swipe. We have those institutions and they are fine ones. We have one at Waco, a Methodist orphanage, where any orphan child in Texas can be clothed and boarded, fed and educated—without money and without price. We have an institution in Dallas, the Mission Home and Training School—the finest plant of its kind in the South—where any poor, unfortunate, fallen girl can find a place where she can hide her shame and be helped back to a virtuous life by the sheltering arms of the Methodist people of this State. We have a number of institutions at the different seaports, where our people meet the poor, ignorant foreigners, give him entertainment at bare cost, shield him from sharpers and confidence men, and assist him to get safely to his destination—often-times furnishing him with money as well as personal advice and attention.

Besides all this, our people are spending hundreds and thousands of dollars annually in assisting the poor directly, and if "Observer" will take the pains to inform himself, he will find that this local congregation of Methodists here are busy with that kind of work right here in Wichita Falls. If he will spend a day or two with me in my visiting among the poor, he will see how many items I call upon my people for help, and how liberally and promptly they always respond.

I would suggest that before "Observer" brings a wholesale railing accusation against a respectable class of people who are really doing something, he had best get-in-the game himself and try to help to better matters, rather than to stand off and growl. Pope hits off his case exactly:

"Some, first for wits, and then for poets, passed, Turn critics next and prove plain fools at last."

I would also suggest that "Observer" review his Bible reading a little. If so, he will discover that it was not a prophet who said, "Curse God and die," but it was Job's wife. Job was bearing the burdens and doing the suffering, and his wife was just an "observer."

J. W. HILL.

WORKERS' MEETING

Of the Wichita Baptist Association to be held with the First Baptist church of Wichita Falls, Texas, Tuesday, September 23, 1914.

9:30. Christian Fellowship—Rev. Shelby King.

10:00. What, How and Why Worship God—Mrs. T. E. Cannedy. General remarks.

10:30. Church Loyalty—A. E. Womack.

11:00. How May the Town, City and Country Churches Help Each Other—Rev. J. W. Morgan and Rev. O. H. Foster.

11:30. Address, "Personal Service"—Rev. Deakins.

12:00. Dinner.

1:30. Board meeting and reports from all the churches.

2:30. Is the Sunday School Worth While?—W. L. Robertson.

3:00. Address—Dr. J. W. Kent, Henrietta.

3:30. Question box on church work.

7:30. Sermon—Dr. J. W. Kent, Henrietta.

7-pound basket California grapes 50c per basket for Saturday. Trevathan's. 10 ct c

Credit Given General Pau For Favorable Turn to Allies

Credit for the turn of events favorable to the allies is given to General Pau by Hamilton Fyfe, Bordeaux correspondent of the New York Sun and the London Daily Mail. He sends the following dispatch from Bordeaux under date of September 11:

"The confidence which reawakened in French minds when Gen. Pau was summoned to Paris to take a very high command is now justified. His prompt decisive action has changed the face of the campaign.

"On September 2 the Germans bombarded their way in Senlis. The next day they spread out further south to Dammarie. Paris felt a shiver of fright. Thirty per cent of the population half a million men, women and children left the city in precipitate flight. Then, while Paris, having got rid of the tremblers, waited calmly to hear the German guns, the plans of the Germans were suddenly changed. Instead of advancing to Paris they swerved off to the southeast.

"On September 5 the Germans were at Meaux. The British were retreating rapidly. I fell in with them that day at Sosaingy. They had been marching since 3 o'clock in the morning against the direction of Compiègne. Thence their battle front spread toward Chalons-sur-Marne, then northward toward Sedan, then northward toward Chateau-sur-Marne.

"It is this new army on the western bank of the Ourcq which crossed the river and helped the British against the German right. Thus the situation was altogether changed, and those in the secret give the credit to Pau.

"The belief that he would do something was founded on confidence in his character, which was not misplaced."

Details Gen. Von Hindenburg Victories For Germans In East

The report that General Von Hindenburg had been called from East Prussia to take command of the hard pressed German armies in France has thrown public interest to this veteran fighter. Joseph Medill Patterson, staff correspondent of the Chicago Tribune now in Berlin has sent his paper the following account of General Von Hindenburg's campaign against the Russians in East Prussia:

Now they are calling the battle with the Russians in East Prussia "the Sedan in the east." The German general staff announces officially 70,000 Russian prisoners and the capture of destruction of all the Russian artillery engaged, a total of 516.

They have already, too, begun to give a name to it, the battle of Tannenberg. Whether this name will "stick" is yet uncertain. Tannenberg is a small place not easily found on the maps. So look for the line between Allenstein and Ortelsburg in the south of the province of East Prussia as you have the battlefield. It is significant the part the railways played in this fight.

Strategic Railroads Effective. Allenstein and Ortelsburg are both junctions on the strategic railways of East Prussia. These railways were not built for commercial purposes. Note how they skirt the Russo-German frontier about fifteen miles back, but seldom they cross it or come to the boundary. When war was declared Germany sent only about 150,000 men to the east to hold the Russians while their main army went west to crush France.

The grand strategy of the German campaign was to crash through Belgium, turn the French fortresses on the Franco-German frontier, and thrust the sword of Germany no matter how bloody into Paris, the heart of France; then, if necessary, entrain the victorious army for the Russian front and stem the expected invasion.

Seek To Bluff Russians. The 150,000 men sent to the east in the beginning were partly to bluff the Russians into a slow and cautious advance and partly, of course, to delay them by fighting as much as possible. For 150,000—there army corps—is a mere containing force to embarrass and skirmish with a foe while the real campaign is elsewhere. Though in our civil war both sides together were under 150,000 at Gettysburg.

The 150,000 men—the three army corps of the east—were under command of Gen. Von Hindenburg. Now, Gen Von Hindenburg is not a young or dashy officer. He was put on the retired list three years ago for age. But he was called out in the crisis and given this important command. He was supposed to be a cautious, conservative technician. Read a little further and find how cautious and conservative he was. Von Hindenburg Starts Cautiously. At the outbreak of the war the Russians invaded East Prussia in force by Tilsit and Gumbinnen. They pushed the Germans west of Interburg by force of numbers. The inhabitants of those regions fled for their lives—many of them rich noblemen—reached Berlin in destitute, their houses burned behind them.

Cautious Von Hindenburg fought his slow, methodical, delaying action, as instructed. Finally he stopped and entrenched at Interburg, refusing to move farther without bloodier expense to both sides than they had so far paid. The Russians, becoming likewise conservative, instead of trying to drive Von Hindenburg out of his lines, entrenched themselves—and there they sat, facing each other for several days.

Germans Accomplish a Coup. Then the fatal news reached Von Hindenburg another Russian army had entered East Prussia from the south and threatened Von Hindenburg's communication and his right flank. This second Russian army had entered East Prussia in the vicinity of Ortelsburg.

Then old Von Hindenburg threw away caution. He left a mere shell, a fragment, a demonstration in the trenches at Interburg. By night he untrained all his remnant for Allenstein, arriving there suddenly, he fell like a wolf on the second Russian army, enveloped it on three sides, surrounded it to pieces with enfilade fire, and drove it toward these little blue dots on the map of East Prussia, which are lakes deep enough to drown men.

NINE KILLED IN WRECK NEAR LIVINGSTON, ALA.

By Associated Press. Birmingham, Ala., Sept. 18.—Nine persons were killed and about twenty injured some of them seriously this morning when the Alabama Great Northern passenger train No. 2 was derailed near Livingston, Ala. The train carried through sleeping cars from New Orleans for Chattanooga and points east. All the dead, according to reports received here, were passengers. The mail, baggage car, two coaches and three sleepers were wrecked. Three sleepers did not leave the rails.

Among the dead is M. J. McDonough, former commercial agent of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad at Birmingham, who was among the injured and who died after being taken from the wreck. The wreck is believed to have been the result of train wreckers' work and bloodhounds were sent to the scene. It was running rapidly to make up lost time when it was thrown into a switch.

We have the most modern and complete dry cleaning and dyeing house west of Fort Worth. We clean or dye the most delicate garments with guaranteed satisfaction. Wichita Cleaning and Dye Works. Phone 620 or 1313. 9 4 c

Where Are You Buying Your Groceries?

Don't allow yourself to be scared, bluffed or rushed into buying high priced groceries that some are trying to sell. Buy your groceries from us and get your money's worth. One order will convince you that we have the best goods at the right price. These prices good for two days only, Saturday and Monday.

- 12 1/2 lbs best sugar \$1.00
- Best Idaho potatoes, bushel \$1.25
- D. S. Bacon, lb., 15 1/2c to 17 1/2c
- Best Majestic hams, lb. 22 1/2c
- Large jars "O. B." jam, assorted 25c
- Large jars mustard, 1 lb. 10c
- 1 gallon best White Cooking Oil .90c
- Small buckets Crisco .85c
- 20 lb pail best Compound lard \$2.95
- 48 lb sack Gold Dollar flour, none best, guaranteed \$1.50
- 24 lb. sack Gold Dollar Flour .75c
- 48 lb sack Belle of Wichita flour \$1.65
- Best cabbage, lb. .3c
- Best dried apples, new crop, lb. 10c
- Extra choice dried peaches, lb. 10c
- Large 4 1/2 gal. pickles, \$1.50 value for \$1.25
- Best sour pickles, gallon .40c
- 10 Cord Wood Check yellow soap 25c
- 6 bars Crystal White and Clean Easy Soap, 25c, or 26 for \$1.00
- 4 lbs. Arm & Hammer Soda .25c
- 25c cans K. G. Baking powder .20c
- Large cans table peas, 2 for .25c
- Large cans table peaches .15c
- Or 12 cans for \$1.65
- 3 cans good corn .25c

- Large cans Nigger Head Tomatoes for .10c
- One dozen cans White Swan Corn \$1.25
- Large 20c cans White Swan tomatoes for .15c
- Good cooking peas .10c
- Good string Beans, can .10c
- Large jars "O. B." jam, assorted 25c
- 1 bucket good jelly .25c
- Large jar mustard, 1 lb. 10c
- 1 gallon bucket blue Karo syrup 45c
- 1 gallon bucket Red Karo syrup 50c
- 1 gallon Green Velva Syrup .70c
- 1 gallon Red Velva syrup .60c
- 7 rolls toilet paper .25c
- 7 small cans Apple Butter .25c
- 1 boxes matches .35c
- 12 boxes Matches .35c
- 1 lb. tin Wedding Breakfast Coffee 30c
- Bulk crackers (by box) lb .7c
- 1 lb tin "White Swan" Coffee .20c
- 1 lb tin "Mitty Good" coffee .30c
- 25c boxes "White Swan" Tea .20c
- All 15c and 20c Fancy candy, lb. 10c
- Fresh bread at all times.
- Fresh lemons, dozen .25c

A full line of "White Swan" and "Wapco" Food Products at all times.

Phone 80 716 Indiana
FREE DELIVERY
McCARTY & HILL

KELLY SPRINGFIELD TIRES
"Made to make good."
All sizes and types in stock
Phone 219 Western Auto Supply Co. 604 7th
Wholesale and Retail

3 BUY A BALE MEETINGS TODAY
MEMBERSHIP MEETING MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION THIS AFTERNOON

1000 BALES IS MARK SET
Dallas News Editorially Endorses Wichita County Plan of Conducting Movement

Two meetings in connection with the buy a bale movement were held this morning and this afternoon at 5 o'clock a mass meeting of the Retail Merchants' Association will be held in the Chamber of Commerce rooms at the city hall. This morning's meetings were those of the Buy a Bale Club and the directors of the Retail Merchants' Association, both considering ways and means to secure the purchase of additional bales here.

The mark set for Wichita Falls is 1000 bales and at present this total is far distant, there being about 200 bales either sold or pledged to be sold. At the meeting to be held this evening it is hoped to give impetus to the movement, especially so far as the merchants are concerned.

Merchants Urged To Buy. P. H. Pennington at this morning's meeting, outlined a plan whereby merchants could buy cotton at very little outlay. It was his plan that twenty dollars of the fifty be taken out in trade by the farmer, the remainder being paid in cash. The merchant could borrow thirty dollars on the bale at the bank to reimburse him for the cash outlay, or might use the cotton due bill in settling his own indebtedness, several of the large jobbers having agreed to accept them. Quite a few merchants this morning agreed to increase their purchases to five bales.

The directors of the Retail Merchants' Association instructed Secretary Thomas to notify the senators and representatives from Texas at Washington that they indorsed the plan to reduce cotton acreage in 1915.

Editorial Endorsement. Wichita Falls' plan of buying through the secretary has attracted considerable attention elsewhere and the Dallas News today comments editorially upon it as follows: "The buy a bale idea has undergone many modifications of detail, until it is being practiced in perhaps a hundred forms. One of the very best, it seems to us, is that devised at Wichita Falls.

"There the purchasing is done by a single individual, the secretary of the Retail Merchants' Association. Any one wishing to buy a bale files his order with the secretary of this organization, and he executes it. One of the advantages of this method is that it guards against the chance of purchasing cotton that is not distressed. It is said that a good deal of cotton has been bought in this way from men who were under no necessity to sell, and, what is worse, from speculators. For another thing, this method enables an enforcement of the rule that only one bale shall be bought from a single farmer. The relief is thus made more extensive in its application than it would be if more than one bale were bought from a single farmer. Still another advantage is that with every farmer wishing to take advantage of this opportunity compelled to apply to one individual, it is assured that with every purchase there will be exacted both a pledge to hold one bale and a pledge to reduce next year's acreage. At Wichita Falls the reduction of acreage demanded is 25 per cent of this year's acreage. The systematization which this plan allows assures the highest effectiveness, the utmost obtainable results.

"The Wichita Falls way is a good one, an exceptionally good one. But the idea itself is one of such large possibilities and one that lends itself to so many variations, that it must have salutary results whatever the form it may be cast into. It is a war in defense of the cotton grower and in defense of the South's economic welfare, an idea that can be made a winning war. In fact, it is already a winning war. Incidentally, it may be remarked that while every one who buys a bale at ten cents is doing a public service, he is also making a good investment."

MEETING OF FARMERS
HERE TOMORROW P. M.
A meeting of farmers will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at the court house to hear J. W. Nell, representing the state department of agriculture. Mr. Nell will discuss improved farming methods in general with special reference to insect pests. He will endeavor to show the farmers how to combat the pests that damage crops and will give a demonstration of the best methods. He carries an exhibit of over 1800 specimens of insects and farmers who attend are assured of an interesting and helpful time.

Everybody Likes Citrolax
Men, Women, Boys, Girls and Infants drink Citrolax, tastes like lemonade. Citrolax is a pleasant, agreeable laxative; flushes your system thoroughly, gives your bowels a stimulating invigorating antiseptic. Good for indigestion, constipation, biliousness and sour stomach. One Tablet to glass of water.
STONECIPHER'S DRUG STORE
Phones 1949-121 (UNION MADE CIGARS) Free Motor Delivery

ON AN OPEN TRACK

STO. 1 B

By GEORGE RANDOLPH CHESTER.

"And the semaphore was clear—clear as a crystal!"

He seemed quite anxious that the other man, though a stranger met casually at breakfast in the dining car, should bear this seriously in mind, and he waited for a grave nod of comprehension before he went on.

"This is the first time I've been over the route in daylight since then, and that was ten years ago," he resumed.

"When I have to come this way I always travel by night, but this time I couldn't help myself. When we hit the Edgerville curve I'm not going to look out of the window. No matter how green the grass might be, I should see it spotted with red, where 48 of them—men, women and children—lay for the St. Louis connection, that—quiet! And it wasn't my fault; the company exterminated me after they had investigated. The semaphore was clear."

"As the crash came I seemed to have a curious, soft sensation all inside of me, as if I were made of nothing but loose feathers. I remember, all right! I can't forget it; I wish I could. I sometimes wake up in the night thinking about it."

The ex-engineer looked about him curiously as he spoke, turning his somber eyes furtively from side to side, as if in innocent dread of what they might rest upon.

"It was a morn'g just like this, and about this time of year. We were three minutes late at Gordon Junction, waiting for the St. Louis connection, and that's why I didn't slow down much as we came to the Edgerville curve; it's a nasty bend just there, sharper than they make a curve now, with not enough dish to the roadbed, and with trees running right up to the signal-tower, so that you couldn't see a foot beyond. That's why they had put a semaphore there. It was the semaphore that killed my passengers, not me, for that morning."



It was clear. We never heard of the semaphore man again; he cut right off across country, and I suppose he changed his name.

"His skipping out that way helped to clear me, and as soon as I got out of the hospital the company offered me my old job back, but I couldn't take it. I knew my nerve was gone."

"Have you any idea what it means to be responsible for the death of 48 people? Of course you haven't. I hadn't even then, until I began to move among them. I am not going to tell you what it looked like. You may imagine it for yourself, and be thankful that your imagination will not reach."

"But it wasn't the men that gripped me so hard; it was the women and children. You see, I had my wife and three babies at home, and you know what that means, for I saw just such a group inside the lid of your watch a minute ago. Mine—have all been taken from me since then, one at a time, all four of them, and as each one left me it seemed to be somehow connected with that terrible day out here in the field. I took it as a sort of punishment, although God knows I shouldn't have been punished more than this memory is a punishment, for it wasn't my fault. The semaphore was clear, and it wasn't my business to know what was beyond it. But it was my hand on the lever just the same, and if the damned suffer worse agony than I did as I looked from one to the other of those poor, mangled, helpless creatures, we have a cruel God. It's the women and children that I can't get over. There was one little girl just the age of my Elsie, with the same brown curls, and—"

His voice choked and he stopped, but the stranger did not look at him. He knew that the tears were smarting upon the ex-engineer's lower eyelids, and his own eyes were moist. There was a little girl like that in the lid of the watch case, and just now she was over a thousand miles away. There was quite a long silence.

"You are not to blame for losing your nerve," said the stranger's commonplace remark, after he had cleared away a certain business that was in his throat.

"I lost it in one second," replied the other unsteadily. "I, that had always been the coolest man of the crew in a wreck, was no use this time."

Like a crazy man I went from one to another of them where they lay on the ground, all the living and some of the dead, I guess, telling them over and over again that it wasn't my fault, that the semaphore was clear—clear as a crystal! I made them look to where both its useless arms, the red and white, hung limp in the sunlight. One man laughed when I told him, then he cursed me, and died with the curse upon his lips. And it was his little girl that looked like mine!"

Miles after mile sped away and the two travelers sat silently looking out of the window and thinking gravely. There was a long stop by and-by, and the stranger spoke of it.

"Yes," agreed the ex-engineer, "we ought to be out of here. This is Gordon Junction, and the St. Louis train is ahead of us."

The conductor presently came bustling into the car.

"Lucky you're aboard, Billy," he said, mopping his brow. "Jimmie Dale has just taken sick in the cab, and you'll have to pull us in to the end of the division. I'll report to headquarters that you're in charge."

There was no vehement outburst of refusal, such as the stranger had expected. Instead, the ex-engineer sat silent for some time, moistening his lips alternately with a curious, slow deliberation.

"You know where we are, don't you, Murphy?" he finally returned, and the conductor gave a smile of understanding indulgence. "Can't Jimmie wait until we pass the Edgerville curve? I won't mind running her in from there."

"Last!" repeated Murphy. "He's in the baggage car on a cot now, with a doctor that we got out of the Cincinnati sleeper. Acute gastritis, he calls it. Nothing to it, Billy—you'll have to forget that old affair and take the throttle."

Without a word the ex-engineer arose, and, compressing his lips, walked down to the engine and toward the engine. The stranger noticed that as he went he was snapping the fingers of each hand alternately.

"It was an engine of a new type, but the man who climbed into it had been for nearly ten years in the shops of the road, and he knew every lever, every cock, every device that constituted him. Slowly he opened the steam valve, slowly the ponderous wheels began to revolve, and all at once the chief things came back into his finger tips, into his hand, into his arms, into the muscles of his back, into his entire body. One more, as it gathered speed, he was part and parcel of his engine; the breeze that came in at the cab windows swept across his face and ruffled his grizzled hair; the rock and the sway of the big machine struck him with a keen sensation, as if one homesick but returned home."

"Little by little he 'let her out,' and they spun past farmhouse and fields and hills, past woods and marsh and sandy waste, through rocky cut and across bridge and trestle and culvert, over brook and creek and sluggish river. There came upon him an exhilaration as if he had tasted of new wine. Even at the head of the grade leading down to the Edgerville curve he seemed to be half drunk with the joy of it all, and blithely he called across the cab to the green fireman.

"We're all right this morning, my boy; the semaphore is clear—clear as crystal!"

They were just nearing the signal tower when suddenly he gave a scream that set his fireman squirming, and throwing himself upon his lover, he reversed. With all his might he gripped the steel handle, staring straight ahead with horror-widened eyes and tightly clenched jaws, for his face gone as white as his hair. The momentum was too great to allow the train to be stopped at a standstill at the field just beyond the curve.

The conductor and the stranger were the first to come running on ahead, to find the engineer in the empty field, limping painfully with his hand upon his back and bending over, first to one side and then to the other, talking, and each time he stretched a trembling hand to where both arms of the semaphore, the red and the white, hung straight down in the sunlight.

"I can't find the little girl that looks like my Elsie!" he complained, as they approached him. Then he slowly raised his head and met their glance; his eyes were wide set, and there was in them the wild light which no man, having once seen, can ever forget.

"It wasn't my fault!" he exclaimed piteously, pointing his trembling hand toward the signal tower. "The semaphore was clear—clear as a crystal!"

(Copyright, by the Frank A. Munsey Co.)

Lige the Martinet.

Henry A. Thornton, whose selection as general manager of the Great Eastern railroad has electrified England, will be regretted by the Long Island railroad, where his humanity has endeared him to both high and low.

"Thornton, thorough as he is," said a New York railroad man, "is no martinet. He never annoys the thousands under him with useless inquiries."

"He told me one day that a certain railroad martinet reminded him of a young bride who went forth for the first time to do her marketing."

"She wanted chickens. She selected a live pair. Then, as the dealer tied the shopping birds' legs together, she said severely:

"Are you sure they're quite fresh? You'll find yourself in trouble, mind, if they're not quite fresh."

A CONFESSION

Hopes Her Statement, Made Public, will Help Other Women.

Times, Ah—"I must confess," says Mrs. Ella Mae Reid, of this place, "that Cardui, the woman's tonic, has done me a great deal of good."

Before I commenced using Cardui, I would spit up everything I ate. I had a tired, sleepy feeling all the time, and was irregular. I could hardly drag around, and would have severe headaches continuously.

Since taking Cardui, I have entirely quit spitting up what I eat. Everything seems to digest all right, and I have gained 10 pounds in weight."

If you are a victim of any of the numerous ills so common to your sex, it is wrong to suffer.

For half a century, Cardui has been relieving just such ills, as is proven by the thousands of letters, similar to the above, which pour into our office, year by year.

Cardui is successful because it is composed of ingredients which act specifically on the womanly constitution, and helps build the weakened organs back to health and strength.

Cardui has helped others, and will help you, too. Get a bottle today. You won't regret it. Your druggist sells it.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Literature and your copy of 64-page book, "The Woman's Friend," sent to you free.

BANKS. Official statement of Financial Condition of the First State Bank & Trust Co. at Wichita Falls, State of Texas, at the close of business on the 12th day of September 1914.

RESOURCES. Loans and discounts, personal or collateral, \$198,288.63. Loans, real estate, 55,313.68. Overdrafts, 1,389.31. Furniture and fixtures, 3,459.00. Due from approved reserve agents, net, 28,022.13. Due from other banks and bankers, subject to check, net, 547.75. Cash items, 2,240.66. Currency, 13,281.00. Specie, 7,367.57. 51,469.11. Interest in depositories guaranty fund, 3,130.59. Other resources as follows: Assessment for guaranty fund, 391.34. Total, \$313,422.62.

LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in, 75,000.00. Surplus fund, 16,000.00. Undivided profits, net, 833.82. Due to banks and bankers, subject to check, net, 126.01. Individual deposits subject to check, 201,537.72. Time certificates of deposit, 7,642.57. Demand certificates of deposit, 532.91. Cashier's checks, 377.50. Bills payable and rediscounts, 10,000.00. Reserved for taxes, 600.00. Other liabilities as follows: Dividends unpaid, 25.00. Total, \$313,422.62.

State of Texas, County of Wichita. We, J. T. Montgomery, as president, and E. J. Taylor as cashier of said bank, each of us, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

J. T. MONTGOMERY, President. E. J. TAYLOR, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 18 day of Sept. A. D. 1914.

C. A. DAVIS, Notary Public Wichita County, Texas. Correct, Attest: J. W. CULBERTSON, J. A. POOSHEE, J. F. REED, Directors.

Savings Department. Loans and discounts, \$21,522.50. Cash, 5,759.14. Total, \$27,281.64. Undivided profits, \$27,281.64. Deposits, 26,749.73. Total, \$54,031.37.

RECAPITULATION. Resources. Loans and discounts, \$276,514.18. Furniture and fixtures, 3,459.00. Cash and sight exchange, 57,209.25. Interest in guaranty fund, 3,521.83. Total, \$340,693.26.

Liabilities. Capital, \$75,000.00. Surplus earned, 16,000.00. Undivided profits, 1,356.73. Deposits, 237,734.53. Reserved for taxes, 600.00. Bills payable, 10,000.00. Total, \$340,693.26.

MAIL MUST BEAR STREET ADDRESS. Washington, Sept. 18.—In future mail addressed to business houses that does not bear the street number of the addressee will not be delivered by carrier, but will be placed in the general delivery of postoffices; according to an order issued by First Assistant Postmaster General Roper.

Local News Brevities

See those Lavaliers this week at Burgess', 613 Eighth street. 10 11 c

7-pound basket California grapes 50c per basket for Saturday. Trevathan's. 10 11 c

Glasses for school children. We know how. Dr. DuVal. 100 11 c

Wichita Falls Undertaking Co., 812 Scott avenue. Phone 202. Prompt ambulance service. Command us. 54 11 c

The famous Tokay, California's best grape, 7-pound basket only 50 cents for Saturday. Trevathan's. 10 11 c

Dr. Garrison, dentist office First National Bank building. Phones 49 and 1678. 81 11 c

Manuel Elfelesio, who claims to have been former minister of war for some South African republic, was in the city for a few hours today. When asked if the natives of that southern climate were not rather fond of before-breakfast revolutions, he replied that what the American newspapers serve up as a revolution was nothing more than the raid of some bandit. The natives are not near as fond of such brawls as the visiting Americans, he said. He is on his way to Pueblo, Colorado, where his home is.

Cleaning fancy lace, silk, satin, lingerie and mesaline dresses are no experiment with us. We have the equipment. We have the experience. Wichita Cleaning and Dye Works. Phone 620 or 1313. 94 11 c

The famous Tokay, California's best grape, 7-pound basket only 50 cents for Saturday. Trevathan's. 10 11 c

Dr. Nelson, dentist, Moore-Bateman Bldg. Phone 586 and 423. 77 11 c

E. G. Hill, undertaker, office and parlors 900 Scott Ave. Phone 225. Prompt ambulance service. 98 11 c

Lavaliers are very popular at present and we have the stock. See 'em. E. T. Burgess, 613 Eighth street. 10 11 c

We have the most modern and complete dry cleaning and dyeing house west of Fort Worth. We clean or dye the most delicate garments with guaranteed satisfaction. Wichita Cleaning and Dye Works. Phone 620 or 1313. 9 11 c

O. L. Wilson and W. W. Anderson, two business men from Dallas, who have been in Amarillo for the last month on business, passed through here in their car bound for home. They carry no camping outfit with them, consequently they are going to burn the breeze trying to make Dallas by night.

Kentucky Wonder beans 12 1/2 cents per pound for Saturday. Trevathan's. 10 11 c

Dr. H. A. Walker, dentist, room 207 K. & K. Bldg. Phone 536. 28 11 c

Dr. Prothro, dentist, Ward Bldg. Eighth St. 60 11 c

The enrollment at the Austin school this morning passed the 800 mark. This is believed to be the largest enrollment for a single ward school in the State, this school having the distinction of being the largest ward school in Texas last session.

We are talking Lavaliers this week and have the goods to back up our conversation. B. T. Burgess, 613 Eighth street. 10 11 c

The Wichita Commercial Literary Society will hold its first entertainment tonight in the school rooms. The musical program prepared is varied, consisting of vocal and instrumental pieces. There will be readings and reciting both humorous and serious. The feature of the evening will be a debate upon: "Resolved That Socialism is Not the Best Form of Government." The two teachers of telegraphy will uphold the affirmative, while the negative will be championed in a manner that will assure to make things interesting. The affair begins at 8:30 p. m.

Kentucky Wonder beans 12 1/2 cents per pound for Saturday. Trevathan's. 10 11 c

Gun repairing. Nuckolls 816 Indiana avenue. 2 71 c

Fancy Celery and Lettuce for Saturday. Trevathan's. 10 11 c

Within the next few days street car service to Lake Wichita will be made hourly instead of half hourly. The exact date for the change will be announced later. The traffic does not justify maintaining the present schedule any longer.

Assignee's Sale. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, as assignee of S. A. Minter, will, on next Monday, September 21st, 1914, at 3:00 o'clock p. m., sell to the highest bidder for cash the entire stock of goods, wares and merchandise known as the S. A. Minter stock, and situated in the store building in Floral Heights Addition to the city of Wichita Falls, at the corner of Eleventh and Tyler streets. Said sale will be made at the store building at the above location.

All persons desiring to bid are requested to be present. Full access to examine the stock will be given to all prospective purchasers. 8 41 c P. F. GWYNN, Assignee.

Fancy Celery and Lettuce for Saturday. Trevathan's. 10 11 c

G. W. Morris, H. B. Scott and R. W. Barkley of Childrens, returning from a fishing trip from Clear Fork, were in the city for several hours making ready for the return trip to their home. They report fishing very mediocre.

DOCTORS Hartsock & Stripling EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT 302 Kemp & Kell Bldg.

Put Your Whole Kitchen Into the "WHITE BEAUTY"

You think you have a convenient kitchen now, but have you ever counted your steps in a day's housework? They number thousands. This new Hoosier saves them nearly all, for it combines your table, pantry and cupboards all in one spot. It has places for 400 articles so conveniently arranged that you save even unnecessary reaching. You will find 40 special labor-saving features in this new Hoosier—17 entirely new. The new shaker flour sifter, for example, is a wonder. It is the only sifter made that shakes instead of grinding the flour through. It makes your flour fluffy and light. It can't wear out. This is only one of dozens of conveniences that saves you one to three hours every day.



"WHITE BEAUTY"—It fits your kitchen. You can have one in your home tomorrow FOR A SINGLE DOLLAR. No need to drudge in the kitchen any longer—join the army of 700,000 women who have declared war on this drudgery. Stop those headaches, backaches and that tired feeling at night. IT'S KITCHEN WORK. The great war now being waged by these 700,000 women on out-of-date kitchens is more far-reaching than that of any army. The weapon they use is THE HOOSIER CABINET. It fits any kitchen. We'll set it up in yours and let you be the judge of its usefulness. If you are not delighted with it we will not allow you to keep it.

THE STORE THAT KEEPS ITS WORD FREEAR FURNITURE CO Phone 136 At the Sign of the Arrow

every attention possible. Remember that if your boy is in Sunday school he is in good company, and may become a "soul winner." Send him to Sunday school, or better still, come yourself and bring all the children. You will find a welcome at this home church. A. E. KERR, Superintendent. FRISD L. McFADDEN, Pastor. Lutheran Church (Mo. Synod.) (Corner Eleventh and Holliday.) In Sunday school we shall celebrate our annual mission festival, with services in the German language at 10:30 a. m. Rev. E. A. Heckman of Abilene will occupy the pulpit. In the evening at 7:30 English services will be held. Rev. A. Bohot of Fort Worth will deliver the sermon. Everyone is cordially invited to worship with us. C. M. BEYER, Pastor. MORTUARY Willie Mae Eversy, four months old infant, died yesterday at 2010 Seventh street. Funeral took place today, burial being in Riverside cemetery. The funeral of A. G. Britton, 1314 Eighth street, who died yesterday, was held this afternoon, interment being made in Riverside. Deceased was twenty-five years of age. His widow survives him. The body of Mathilda Johnson, who died yesterday, was shipped to Dallas today.

Personal Mention

Mrs. Ella Wood left for Vernon, where she will visit her mother.

Mrs. Jennie Lane has returned to her home in Cleburne, after visiting relatives here.

H. L. McDowell has returned to his home in Tipton.

Mrs. W. R. Moore has returned to her home in Goree, after a visit in the city.

Miss Cleva West and brother left today for a visit in Olney.

J. D. Beggs has returned from Abilene, where he has been on business.

James T. Martin left today for a business trip to Chillicothe.

T. L. Harrison returned today from Stephenville, where he has been on business.

Mrs. C. C. Maples left for Graham, where she will reside.

O. W. Ohphant went to Electra today on business.

W. R. Cullen and brother left for Gainesville today.

Rev. E. A. Heckman of Abilene, is a visitor to the city and will occupy the pulpit at the Lutheran Church Sunday morning.

Bernard Martin left yesterday for Fort Worth and Dallas on business.

E. B. Reed, J. D. Avis of this city and their guest, F. E. Wells of Columbus, Ohio, loaded up a touring car with a camping outfit and other necessities of life and left for Jacksboro this morning. They will visit for several days there before making the return trip.

Mrs. J. D. Avis returned home last night from Sherman, where she has been for several days visiting relatives.

Miss Bessie Lee Bartlett left yesterday for Denton, where she will attend the College of Industrial Arts.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Zandelowitz returned last night from the East, where they have spent the past three months in New York and other points.

Mrs. Maude Irwin has returned from San Antonio, where she has been visiting friends.

Miss Lexie Threest has arrived from Greenville and will visit in the city a few days.

M. F. Ballew left today for a business trip to Childress.

G. R. Johnson and wife left today for Fort Worth, where they will visit relatives.

Mrs. J. T. Meadows left today for Byers, where she will visit.

Mrs. G. W. Triplett has returned to her home in Byers.

Mrs. H. E. King has returned to her home in Petrolia, after a visit in the city.

Mrs. Minnie Black and daughter are visiting in Electra.

T. B. Perry left today for Newcastle on business.

Miss Mollie Scott arrived today for a visit with Mrs. R. C. Mciver.

H. W. Hall and wife returned to their home in Amarillo today.

Mrs. J. E. Sparks has returned to her home in Amarillo, after a visit in the city.

W. H. Bell returned to his home in Archer City today.

Mrs. Ward Roper left today for her home in Cleburne, after a visit here.

Mrs. J. V. Tidwell, who has been visiting Mrs. W. L. Lawler, returned to her home in Dundee today.

LAMAR AIRDOME

The Best Vaudeville Act of the Season

SIMS AND DALY

In a comedy that is different.

Picture Program

THE THIRD PARTY—Joker, featuring Boss Meredith.
DEFYING THE CHIEF—Kalem drama.
ONLY A DREAM—Melles

Admission.....10 and 15c
Box 25c
Man in charge of your cars.

Watches!

Bring your old watches to us for repairs. We have a competent workman.

Don't buy a new one without first seeing us and getting our prices.

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Watches, Clocks, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silverware and Cut Glass

EMPRESS THE THEATRE

With the Orchestra

MARION LEONARD in "Romany Rye" (3 parts)

A drama of romance and intrigue in a gypsy setting. And other pictures. Coming Tuesday "Across the Border"

Ice Cream

Your orders, small or large, filled promptly.

The Miller Drug Store
Phones 193 and 925
Free Motorcycle Delivery

Miss Cornelia McAllister returned to her home today in Paris, after a visit in the city.

Mrs. M. J. Stirman left today for a visit in Abilene.

Miss Katherine Johnson left today for Denton, where she will enter the school there.



He Can't See

To read. Naturally he is behind in his studies. Fits-U Spectacles would give him a new interest in his studies and change his whole attitude toward school. How about your boy?

No "Drops." We Know How
Dr. J. W. Du Val
Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat

THE WILL OF GOD.

It seems to us quite a pretentious sacrifice for the rulers of Europe to make public the statement that it is the will of an all wise, just God to be in harmony with such devastating carnage as the present conflict abrogates. Our belief in the wisdom and justice of God causes us to believe that the doings of such leaders is prompted by greed and avarice only, and the direct workings of his Satanic Majesty. This great nation of ours is an example of peace, harmony and prosperity, and, in spite of the pessimist, we are going to receive our share of the blessings that these virtues always bring. We are always ready to contribute our share by bringing gladness to the hearts of those who have been made sad.

Remember, we are always at your service.

WICHITA MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS
Call Us.
Phone 449. A. G. DEATHERAGE, Prop. The Home Dealer

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FOR RENT—Two furnished house-keeping rooms; modern. 208 Travis street. 10 6t p

WANTED—Close in room with bath in private residence, by gentleman; must be first-class room. Address 20, care Times office. 10 3t p

FOR SALE—Indian cylinder motorcycle; first-class condition. Bert Earl, Empress Theatre. 10 4t p

ASK FOR THE PAY DAY CIGAR

It costs no more than ordinary cigars that they offer you instead.

Palace Drug Store

CELERY AND IRON.

Celery and Iron belong to the class of remedial agents known as reconstructives. The therapeutic efficiency of these drugs have long been recognized by medical men all over the world. DIKE'S CELERY AND IRON is an ideal combination of the two great tonics to which is added the Hypophosphites, malt extract, beef peptone, nux vomica and cinchona. It has no equal when given to weakly, nervous women. It brings color to the face of the pale child. It restores appetite and makes restful sleep. This is not a patent medicine. It is made by one of the largest manufacturers of prescription medicines in the world and the formula is on the bottle.

Get a Bottle Today. It Will Work Wonders.

Palace Drug Store
COUSINS & PROTHRO.

Free Motorcycle Delivery "Only the Best." Phones 341 and 340

War Maps

We now have on sale maps showing maps of European countries engaged in present war, also area, population and fighting strength.

PRICE TEN CENTS

Wilfong & Woods.
EVERY THING FOR THE OFFICE

The Gem Theatre

A Friend's Forgiveness—Special two-reel.
The Arrival of Josie—Vitagraph featuring Josie Sadler and Billy Quirk.
Hearst Weekly No. 44.

RUBBER GOODS

The Celebrated "Faultless" Line

Large Shipment just received and every article is guaranteed both by the manufacturers and by this store.

You will make no mistake if you buy the "Faultless" line, which includes Fountain Syringes, Hot Water Bottles, a combination Fountain and Bottle, Rubber Gloves and other items usually found in the Rubber Goods Line. We also have a large line of Hard Rubber Syringes.

Mack Taylor's Drug Store

Phones 184-882 820 Ohio Ave.

MAJESTIC THEATRE
THE MOTION PICTURE HOUSE OF QUALITY

The Air in Our Theatre is Purified Continuously.

LILLIAN WALKER
In Vitagraph comedy

A WINNING TRICK
VELMA WHITMAN
—In—
A TRAITOR TO OHIS COUN.
TRY
Lubin drama

WILLIAM SHEAY
—In—
WHERE THE HEART
CALLS
Imp two-reel peclal.

Admission 5c, 10c

Magazines

Motion Picture, Life, Youngs, Ladies' Home Companion, Green Book, Argosy, Ainslee's and Collier's Weekly. October numbers here.

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Free Delivery
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Mary Garden Chocolates
"They Taste Like Mary Sings"
Send Her a Box Today
Palace Drug Store

DIAMONDS

ART LOAN & JEWELRY CO.

At the Sign of the Diamond Ring

705 Ohio Avenue

MEASURING THE HUMAN FORM

Measuring is a fine art that has been mastered by few. The measurement must be figured to a mathematical certainty. The skilled mechanic who measures the parts of an intricate machine may seem to do wonders, but his work is not complicated at all, when compared with the work of the man who measures human bodies correctly. Machines are all the same, but the tailor who has laid the tape on thousands of men has never found two alike. Measuring a man is not merely a matter of the figures on the tape, but the contour and lines peculiar to individuals must be considered. To make a measurement that guarantees a fit requires the eye of an artist and a hand experienced. Tailoring is our business and we know no other. We do one thing and do it well. We can make your fall suit a satisfaction and a pleasure to you.

Suits Cleaned and Pressed One Dollar. And Don't Forget WHEN WE LAY THE TAPE THE SUIT FITS "Our Wagon Will Pass Yours Home Today"

GUPTON

The Tailor

"Our wagon will pass your home today."

Union Shop

Phone 1067



DON'T FORGET

If you want your last year's suit made the English style, bring it to us. We will do the rest.

Collier Tailoring and Cleaning Co.

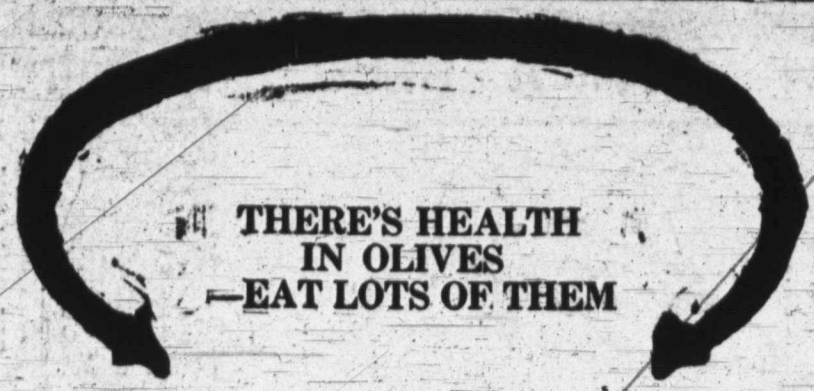
717 Seventh St. Phone 732

Don't You Think You Ought

To give our Coffees a trial. We have invested thousands of dollars that the people might have what they are entitled to—FRESH ROASTED COFFEE. We roast every day the very highest grade of well aged goods scientifically blended and roasted by the most up-to-date methods by the latest improved equipment. WE FEEL THAT IT IS DUE US that you give our coffee a trial. We also feel that it is due yourself to know the exceptional quality of our goods and the exquisite aroma of fresh roasted coffees. We are also handling a line of high grade Teas, Spices, Extracts, Butter, Sugar, Table Syrups and Mineral Waters. Phone your orders—they will receive prompt and painstaking attention. Our Big Closing Out Sale Still Going On. Hundreds of articles of high grade at cost and less—it will pay you to make our store a visit.

O. W. BEAN & SON

Phone 35



Competent authorities assert that no article of food is no more valuable in producing and maintaining a healthy and vigorous condition of the body than olive oil.

It strengthens muscles, nerves and even the brain power.

So the olive itself from which the oil is obtained aside from being used to satisfy the most esthetic food tastes, ought to be considered from a health giving stand-point and given the place it deserves on every table—used freely.

If you haven't already cultivated the olive habit, better begin now. They are plentiful now, and I always have a good supply on hand. They are reasonable in price too.

C. H. Hardeman

Wichita Falls College of Music and Art

Associated with the Cincinnati Conservatory of Music.

President Mrs. Mary R. McKee, Director Mr. Charles J. Templeton

Faculty of ten unexcelled in the Southwest. BRANCHES TAUGHT

Piano, Voice, Violin, Organ, Harmony, Composition, Sight Singing, Ensemble, Expression, English Classics, Folk Dancing, Physical Culture, Drawing, Designing, China, Oil and Water Color, Leather and Metal Work, Bookbinding, etc.

FREE ADVANTAGES

Classes in Harmony, Ensemble, History of Music, Orchestra, Glee Club, Lectures on Music and Art are free to all students in the regular departments.

Students' Recitals every month. Art Exhibits, displaying the best work of the students, will be held every month.

Terms reasonable. For further information apply to the DIRECTOR, 1404 Eleventh Street Phone 1270 Opposite High School

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Capital Surplus and Profits \$400,000.00

Your account is appreciated whether large or small.

Modern Fire Proof Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent

When It's FRESH MEATS

YOU WANT TO THINK OF THE CITY MEAT MARKET

We furnish our customers with Choice Home Killed Meats and operating our own cold storage plant, can give the best possible service. Floral Heights Deliveries 9 a. m. and 3 p. m. Phone 1291

At The Churches

First Methodist Episcopal. All regular services for Sunday at the usual hours. Sunday school at 9:45, followed by preaching service at 11. Epworth League at 7 and preaching again in the evening at 8. All departments of the work are living up with the coming of fall and we cordially invite any who may be interested to these services. Let us not forget the Rally Day services for the Sunday school Sunday morning, Sept. 27. This will be a big day for the Sunday school and we want every member and friend of the church on hand. Rally for the League in the evening service also. The pastor will preach especially for the young people in the evening service following Sunday, October 4. It is to be church Rally Day. Special music and special themes both morning and evening. Let the members of the church make it a point to invite their friends to these services. Our Fourth Quarterly Conference will be held on the evening of September 25. Dr. Euster will preach at 8 and hold the Quarterly Conference immediately after the service. Do not forget this service. All are welcome. CHAS. CLARK SMITH, Pastor.

First M. E. Church, South. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. by the pastor. Sunday school meets at 9:30 a. m. Epworth League convenes at 7 p. m. Prayermeeting every Wednesday evening at 8 p. m. J. W. HILL, Pastor.

First Presbyterian Church (Corner Tenth and Bluff). Sunday school 9:30 a. m. Morning worship 11:00 o'clock. Evening worship 8:00 o'clock. Midweek service Wednesday 8:00 p. m. Choir practice Friday 7:30 p. m. Rally Day for Sunday School, Sunday 27th inst. Communion Sunday, October 11th. J. L. MCKEE, Pastor.

First Baptist Church. (Roscoe C. Miller, Pastor). 9:30. Bible school; W. L. Robertson, superintendent. The school is graded and up to date. Classes for all ages with good teachers. We are having a fine attendance now and the school is growing. You come Sunday, 10:45, preaching by the pastor, subject, "Jesus will help you bear your burdens." 3:00 p. m., "Sunbeams" at the church. 3:00 p. m., Walnut street Bible school. This school is doing fine work under the supervision of Geo. A. Smoot, Jr. 7:00. B. Y. P. U.; J. D. Harg, president. Perhaps no union in the State is making more rapid progress than this one now. All young people welcome. 8:00, preaching by the pastor. The auditorium of the church has been overrun at all the preaching services recently. Come early and get a seat and hear the old-fashioned gospel songs. We worship God in song. The hand of fellowship was given to thirty Sunday, making 132 since the present pastor came, May 24. 4:00 p. m. Monday, Woman's Alliance will meet in business meeting at the church. All members expected to be present. 7:45 Wednesday, prayer meeting, lesson, and James, second chapter. On Monday September 28, there will be a reception at the church for all the members and their friends, beginning at 8:00 p. m. Refreshments will be served by the young ladies. There will be a short program and everybody will have a good time. Be sure and come and bring your friends. Everything free. Tell all the members you see about it.

First Evangelical Church. (Corner Fifteenth and Broad St.). Sunday school in both languages at 10 a. m. German preaching service at 11 a. m. Y. P. A. meeting at 7:15 p. m. English service at 8:15 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday 8 p. m. and also on Thursday 8 p. m. Everybody is cordially invited to attend these services. C. ERMEL, Pastor.

First Baptist Church. (Roscoe C. Miller, Pastor). 9:30. Bible school; W. L. Robertson, superintendent. The school is graded and up to date. Classes for all ages with good teachers. We are having a fine attendance now and the school is growing. You come Sunday, 10:45, preaching by the pastor, subject, "Jesus will help you bear your burdens." 3:00 p. m., "Sunbeams" at the church. 3:00 p. m., Walnut street Bible school. This school is doing fine work under the supervision of Geo. A. Smoot, Jr. 7:00. B. Y. P. U.; J. D. Harg, president. Perhaps no union in the State is making more rapid progress than this one now. All young people welcome. 8:00, preaching by the pastor. The auditorium of the church has been overrun at all the preaching services recently. Come early and get a seat and hear the old-fashioned gospel songs. We worship God in song. The hand of fellowship was given to thirty Sunday, making 132 since the present pastor came, May 24. 4:00 p. m. Monday, Woman's Alliance will meet in business meeting at the church. All members expected to be present. 7:45 Wednesday, prayer meeting, lesson, and James, second chapter. On Monday September 28, there will be a reception at the church for all the members and their friends, beginning at 8:00 p. m. Refreshments will be served by the young ladies. There will be a short program and everybody will have a good time. Be sure and come and bring your friends. Everything free. Tell all the members you see about it.

Corn Comes Off as Easy as You Please

GETS IT Being Used by Millions! It is the first time that a real, sure safe corn cure has ever been discovered. GETS IT is the new corn tender, based on an entirely new principle. It is a new, different formula, never successfully imitated. It makes corns shrivel and then vanish. Two drops do the work. You don't bundle up your toe any more with sticky tape and plasters that dress down on the poor corn—no more flesh eating salves that don't "stay put" no more hacking at corns with knives or razors, no more bleeding or danger of blood poison. No more limping around for days with sore corns, no more corn pains.



GETS IT is now the biggest selling corn cure in the world. Use it on any hard or soft corn, wart, callus or bunion. Tonight's the night. GETS IT is sold by druggists everywhere, 25 cents a bottle, or sent direct by E. Lawrence & Co., Chicago. GETS IT is sold in Wichita Falls by the Wichita Drug House and the Palace Drug store. (Advt.)

EXAMINATIONS HERE FOR CIVIL SERVICE JOBS

U. S. Civil Service Commission Announces Examinations On October 14th. The United States civil service commission announces that the following examinations will be held in Wichita Falls on October 14, 1914. Information and necessary blanks should be secured at once by those interested from the secretary, local civil service board at the postoffice in this city, from the secretary, tenth civil service district, New Orleans, La., or from the civil service commission, Washington, D. C. Agriculture inspector, Philippine service, men only. Aid, bureau of standards. Aid, lighthouse service. Apprentice fish culturist, bureau of fisheries. Assistant observer, weather bureau, men only. Bookkeeper, departmental service, men only. Cadet engineer, lighthouse service. Cadet officer, lighthouse service. Civil engineer and draftsman, departmental service. Computer, nautical almanac office and naval observatory. Draftsman, copyist ship, navy department; junior architectural, supervising architect's office; mechanical, Panama Canal service; ship, navy department, topographic, Panama Canal service. Engineer, Indian service. Engineer and draftsman, structural, supervising architect's office. Farmer, Indian service. Fish culturist, bureau of fisheries. Junior engineer, mining; bureau of mines; civil, engineer. Laboratory assistant, bureau of standards, men only. Scientific assistant, department of agriculture. Teacher, Indian service. Trained nurse, Indian and Panama Canal services.

GLOVE FACTORY MANAGER VICTIM OF ACCIDENT

T. A. Hilburn Loses Fingers and Part of Thumb Through Discharge of Shot Gun. T. A. Hilburn, manager of Hilburn Brothers glove factory, sustained the loss of one finger, and part of a thumb Thursday night when a shot gun with which he had been hunting was discharged. The accident took place as Mr. Hilburn was getting off a street car at Ninth and Fillmore streets late last night. Just what caused the discharge is not known. Mr. Hilburn had gone to Henrietta on business early Thursday, and learning that squirrels were plentiful in that neighborhood took his shot gun along. He returned late last night on the Katy and had taken the shells from the gun. It was necessary for him to go to the factory and he reloaded the gun as a precaution intending to remove the load before starting home. He forgot to do so and as he was getting off the car the gun was in some manner discharged, the load striking Mr. Hilburn in the left hand. Most of the fore finger and one joint of the thumb were shot away. The gun was a hammerless and just how it came to be discharged is a mystery. The car was loaded with people and the incident created a mild panic until all were assured that no one was killed. Mr. Hilburn proceeded to his home and was reported resting easily today.

SHOULD CITY FORFEIT BOND EARNST MONEY?

Council Undecided Whether To Keep Check Given By Bondage Brokerage Company. Most of the time at a brief session of the city council Thursday was taken up in discussing whether or not to return the \$500 check given the city by the purchasers of the hospital bonds. The deal fell through but the city still holds the certified check of \$500 "earnest money" and no decision has been reached as to whether this will be returned. The sentiment of the council seemed to be that the city had fulfilled its part of the contract and that the \$500 had been put up to cover just such conditions as had arisen. Mayor Britain took the view that while the city was legally entitled to the money, there was a moral question involved. The council decided to let the matter wait until N. L. Wagner, who represents the bond company here, can present his side of the case. Permission was granted the water company to lay 600 feet of pipe to furnish fire protection for the new cotton warehouses. A petition for remission of a fine was not granted. The task of buying apparatus and appliances to be used by the food inspector in making tests was turned over to Alderman Reed and Dr. Bolyn. The full equipment would cost about \$375. It was stated, but that it is believed that sufficient apparatus for this city's need can be secured for considerably less than that sum. Dr. Bolyn also brought up the matter of some suggested changes in the pure food ordinance; he plans to have numbers issued for the milk wagons so as to keep accurate check on them. The matter was discussed but no final action was taken.

P. B. M. Co. DEPARTMENT STORE. 812-814 Indiana Avenue Phone 359. SEE THESE IN OUR WINDOWS TODAY. WATCH OUR WINDOWS EACH DAY.

Friday and Saturday's Special Sale of New Fall Woolens

There are about twenty pieces in all, some are plain, others plaids, stripes and pretty novelty weaves representing almost every popular shade and combination of the season, and vary from 34 to 42 inches wide, a lucky purchase enables us to offer them per yard 47c

SHADOW AND CAMISOLE LACES SPECIAL. There is hardly a garment worn this season that does not require a touch of lace. Wide laces are good and are also scarce. We bought them to use as an advertisement an offer you laces up to 18 inches wide, good 50c values, infact you usually pay more, Friday and Saturday, special per yard 21c

Just Received a Big Line of Children's Rain Coats, Capes and Hats Mother's Friend School Waists for Boys. We have just received a full line of these celebrated waists in sizes 6 to 15 years in both light and dark colors 50c to \$1 00

RIBBONS, RIBBONS, RIBBONS. Here is your opportunity to supply the girl with hair ribbons, sash ribbons and novelty trimming ribbons. We offer for two days, Friday and Saturday, over 1000 yards of fancy Roman stripe plaid and floral designs in widths up to 6 and 8 inches, special per yd. 25c

NEW ROYAL SOCIETY PATTERNS

We have just received our second shipment of these patterns. Come make your selection while assortment is complete. MEN'S HATS—We have just received our complete line of men's hats in all the newest fall shapes and color, and every hat has the "Union Label."

HARRY KNOWLES AND NEW TERMINAL HOTEL

Former Manager of St. James With Fort Worth Boosters—Tells of Terminal's Improvements



One of the Fort Worth excursionists here yesterday was Mr. Harry Knowles, manager of the Terminal Hotel here. Mr. Knowles was formerly manager of the St. James Hotel here where he still has many friends. While Mr. Knowles is now a strong Fort Worth booster he never misses an opportunity to speak a good word for Wichita Falls, and he was surprised that even his rosy representations of the city had been surpassed by its actual growth during his absence. The New Terminal Hotel of which he is manager is owned by J. E. Hutt, formerly owner of the St. James who

KAHN'S FORMAL SHOWING GIVEN WITH LIVE MODELS

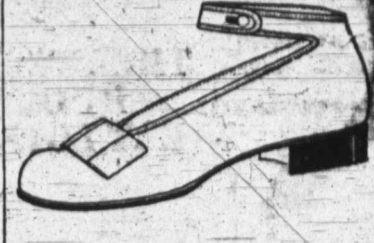
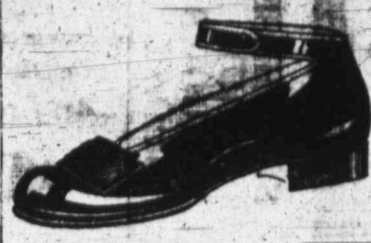
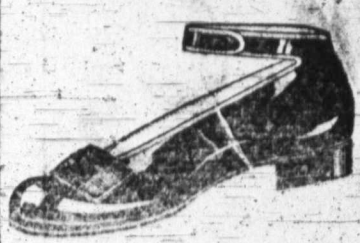
Kahn's store had gave its formal fall showing of the modes last night. In accordance with their custom of previous seasons it was a live model show and on the four models a number of handsome toilettes for street, afternoon, reception and evening wear were shown. An immense crowd thronged the sidewalks in front of the store to get a view of the central show window where the models displayed the frocks and suits to an excellent advantage. Some very handsome suits were noticed, among these was a beautiful turquoise broadcloth redingote model, which was worn by a striking brunette. A collar of Hudson seal with deep revers and touches of black velvet gave a touch of contrast, and with this was worn a smart tricorne, with a two toned ostrich fancy in turquoise and old blue. Another suit, a Russian Cosack mode, was of black broadcloth, with trimmings of marten fur. With this a large black hat trimmed with luxurious plumes in self color, was worn. Two especially handsome reception gowns were displayed. One was of black crepe meteor. The drapings, quaintly fashioned were of tulle, banded with velvet, and jet in black. The one touch of color about the model was the wide girle, embroidered in turquoise blue taffeta, and bordered with intricate gold figures. A black picture hat was worn with

this, trimmed with ostrich in the turquoise tones. With a gown of tete de negre duchess satin was worn a chapeau of silver lace, combined with tete de negre plumes. The cape effect was noticed in this gown, also the one sided tunic. For the opera or other evening wear a stunning combination was worn with excellent effect by a brunette model of statuesque proportions. The gown was a combination of the old fashioned basque with all the front of the skirt formed of a cascade of real lace ruffles. The basque and paneled back of the skirt was of yellow taffeta, and tiny back velvet buttons and bandings were cunningly caught in the lace frills. A black velvet picture hat, trimmed with a bird of Paradise, completed the ensemble. Another handsome evening dress was of black Duchesse satin, the bodice of white chiffon and lace. Jet and Persian figured cut velvet, veiled with black Chantilly lace formed an odd half tunic and girle effect. A separate coat well worth mention was of mystere green broadcloth, the flare cotton banded with black fur. The collar and cuffs were of the fur, combined with fabric and with this redingote model was worn a creation of gold lace, trimmed in a large rose, a combination of gold and mystere green. Only a few of the many handsome things were shown last night but these made an excellent showing and from the variety of styles shown an excellent idea may be gained of the magnitude of the complete stock of this store.

We have installed the Bowser system, the most modern system known to the dry cleaners world. Wichita Cleaning and Dye Works. Notice Members O. E. S. There will be a called meeting of the Eastern Star on Saturday evening, Sept. 19th. Invitation of candidates. Visiting members in the city are welcome. MRS. H. C. DAKAN, W. M. MRS. L. C. HINCKLEY, Sec.

DELICIOUS HOT ROLLS AND BISCUITS CAN BE MADE WITH Belle of Wichita Flour by any woman with ordinary cooking ability. Great skill is not required to insure good results where this flour is used. TRY ONE SACK. Illustration of a woman and flour sack.

WHY PAY MORE FOR NO MORE—QUICK SALES AND LOTS OF THEM WITH A SMALL PROFIT



There is Only One Sample Shoe Store in Your City—If You Don't Know Harry You are Losing Money

Walk Down Stairs and Save a Dollar

Harry's Sample Shoe Store. Basement K. & K. Building

We will be closed Monday and Tuesday, September 21st and 22nd on account of Jewish Holidays.

But we are going to offer you values for Saturday that will surpass anything ever offered before in the shoe line in your city. We are going to sell you seasonable shoes at prices that will make hard times forgotten. We have just received a shipment of \$10,000 worth of new fall shoes for Men, Women and Children and as we paid cash for this merchandise we bought it at price that enables us to sell it to you at prices that will make you buy your fall supply.

We are Leaders in Low Prices—Others Try to Follow But Cant

We offer you such representative makes as Barry, Marshall, Packard, Faultless, Endicott and many other well known makes that retail at \$4.00 and \$5.00 a pair all over the country. We offer you these \$4.00 and \$5.00 shoes for men and women at **\$2 50, \$2 85 and Less**

95c Saturday Morning Special 8 a. m. to 12 a. m. 95c

500 pairs of misses' and children's school shoes in patent leather, gun metal and vici kid, lace and button, sizes from 8 1-2 to 11 and 11 1-2 to 2, 95c, Saturday morning only and only two pair to a customer.

\$1.95 Special For Saturday Only For Men \$1.95

500 pairs of men's work shoes in black and tan, light and heavy weights, in all sizes and 4 styles to pick from. These shoes are worth \$3.00 a pair. Get a pair Saturday for **\$1 95**

\$1.95 Special For Saturday For Ladies \$1.95

500 pair of ladies' shoes and slippers in all leathers, all styles and all sizes, button and lace, high and low heels. These shoes are worth \$3.00 and \$3.50. Come early and get a pair of these at **\$1 95**

We have one of the largest stocks of shoes in the city and carry more styles than any one in the city. We can show you more styles of popular priced shoes than you can find elsewhere because we specialize in these prices. We have no old stock and stand behind every pair we sell regardless of what others may tell you. We sell more shoes than any one else because we give people good values, late styles and up to date merchandise that wears and looks well.

We carry all the new style fall shoes, such as Baby Dolls, Kidney heels, cloth quarters and cloth tops, Roman sandals, infact everything up to the minute. We can fit your foot and purse and will be pleased to show you whether you come to buy or look. A trial will convince you that we can save you money.

HARRY'S SAMPLE SHOE STORE

Basement Kemp & Kell Building



Basement Kemp & Kell Building



Phone Us Your Order, Our Number is 1535—We Pay Parcels Post Charges on All Out of Town Orders

We introduced the Price of \$2.50 and \$2.85 in Wichita Falls—Others are Trying to Keep Up With Us

Four Per Cent. Interest per annum, compounded quarterly, paid on THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF WICHITA FALLS deposits in our Savings Department.

...CLASSIFIED ADS...

FOR RENT—HOUSEKEEPING ROOMS
FOR RENT—Three unfurnished rooms at 1707 Ninth street. 95 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Suite nice housekeeping rooms, also bed rooms. 804 Tenth street. Phone 1298. 97 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two modern furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 512 Travis. Phone 940. 99 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Furnished or unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping; also furnished bed rooms. Apply 213 Lamar. 99 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Three large, modern furnished rooms for light housekeeping. McConnell Bros. Phone 723 or 659. 1 1/4 c
FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished or unfurnished housekeeping rooms; bath and gas; corner 4th & Adams street. 5 6 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two furnished light housekeeping rooms. Southern exposure. 907 Scott. 6 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Housekeeping rooms, everything furnished, \$15 per month, also bed rooms. Modern. 512 Burnett. 6 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; modern. 1209 Eighth street. 6 1/2 c
FOR RENT—October lot four unfurnished modern housekeeping rooms. 907 Austin. Phone 134. 7 1/2 c
FOR RENT—One or two nicely furnished upstairs rooms, modern, new best neighborhood, one block car line, and fine place for light parties. Call phone 788, 1000 Polk street. 7 6 c
FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping to couple without children. 1304 Eleventh street. 8 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms; parties without children. 1003 Travis. Phone 88. 8 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Two newly furnished light housekeeping rooms; cheap; one block from car line. 705 Holiday. 8 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished housekeeping rooms; modern conveniences. 805 Fifth street. 8 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Two or three furnished modern rooms. 1313 Eleventh St. 8 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Two furnished housekeeping rooms. 1612 Tenth. Phone 1387. 8 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Two furnished housekeeping rooms; private family; modern; close in. 1211 Scott. 8 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 1611 Eleventh street. 8 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 1406 Scott avenue. 8 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two light housekeeping rooms; unfurnished or partly furnished; to parties without children. Apply 1516 Thirteenth street, or phone 1041. 8 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping to parties without children. 300 Lamar. 9 1/2 c
FOR RENT—To couple without children, light housekeeping rooms; everything furnished. 2206 Ninth. 9 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Three modern furnished light housekeeping rooms to parties without children. Apply 608 Scott. 9 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Three modern unfurnished rooms; \$12.50 per month. Phone 1648. 10 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Housekeeping room with kitchenette at 1010 Indiana avenue. 10 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two unfurnished rooms; none but first class need call. 1407 Lamar. Phone 1138. 10 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Nicest, cheapest unfurnished light housekeeping rooms. Call at 1210 Indiana. Phone 14. 10 3/4 c

FOR RENT—Two southern rooms on car line for light housekeeping to party without children. Phone 101, 10 2 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two rooms; unfurnished; modern. 409 Scott avenue. 10 2 1/2 c
FOR RENT—HOUSES
FOR RENT—Several houses. See E. B. Gorsline. Phone 730. 13 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Five-room house, 2408 Eighth street. See C. R. Krikan at 9409 Eighth street. 87 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Three room house. Apply 213 Lamar. 99 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two houses; one \$7 and the other \$10 per month. Moore and Nichol. Phone 345. 2 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Modern five-room cottage; 1446 Seventeenth street. Mrs. E. M. Brown. Phone 608. 2 1/2 c
FOR RENT—One three-room cottage; 1309 Fourth street; price \$19 per month. Phone 1613. 5 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Home of C. C. Huff, corner 9th and Burnett. Terms \$75 per month. Apply Orville Bullington, room 313 K. and K. building. 7-1/2 c
FOR RENT—Modern five-room house at 2013 Eighth street. Call for Mr. Ferguson at Wichita State Bank. Phone 417. 8 3/4 c
FOR RENT—One four-room house; furnished for two apartments; at 609 Burnett street; \$25 per month to responsible parties. Phone 1514. 9 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Two four-room houses; 401 and 403 Lee street. Phone 272. 10 3/4 c
FOR RENT—BEDROOMS
Coolest rooms in the city at the New American hotel, Tenth and Indiana. 67 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Well furnished south-east bed room, adjoining bath; board can be secured near by. If interested phone 1446. 98 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Front bed room. 707 Sixth St. 99 1/2 c
FOR RENT—One furnished bed room; modern. 807 Lamar. 1 1/4 c
FOR RENT—Furnished bed room. Apply at 404 Scott or phone 992. 5 6 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Bed rooms; nicely furnished; adjoining bath; close in. Call at 1011 Seventh street or phone 644. 9 6 1/2 c
FOR RENT—Uptairs bed room; modern. Apply 1311 Ninth street. 10 3/4 c
FOR RENT—Newly furnished rooms for ladies only. All modern conveniences. 1200 Austin. Phone 948. 10 4 1/2 c
MISCELLANEOUS WANTS
WANTED—Ten bales of cotton at 10 cents per pound. Take this advantage to educate that boy or girl. Wichita Commercial School. 708 1-2 Seventh street. Phone 665. 8 3/4 c
WANTED—To pack, crate and repair your furniture. We buy anything and sell everything. Wichita Furniture and Second Hand Co. Phone 528. 80 1/2 c
WANTED—Furnished light housekeeping rooms. S. Clansman, General Delivery. 8 3/4 c
WANTED—By young man, room and board while going to school; will take my board and room out in work. Address Box 758. 8 3/4 c
WANTED—Three furnished rooms. Call Mrs. Davis. Eldora Hotel. 8 3/4 c
WANTED—A fresh milk cow; will trade a year's tuition in Wichita Commercial School for same; give the young folks a chance. Wichita Commercial School. 708 1-2 Seventh street. Phone 656. 8 3/4 c
FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS
FOR SALE—Have an unlimited supply of Sudan grass seed; must sell at once; apply quick. Address E. H. Care Times. 89 1/2 c
FOR SALE—Household furniture; cheap. 1624 Eleventh street. Phone 181. 9 2 1/2 c
FOR SALE—All or any part of furniture for seven-room house; suitable for boarders or roomers; a desirable place to live. For information phone 1348. Can rent house by buying same. 9 3/4 c
AUTO FOR SALE—Little Roadster in fine condition; will demonstrate; can be bought at a bargain. Address 1011 Fourteenth street. 10 2 1/2 c
MISCELLANEOUS
The Wichita Commercial School has more calls for first-class stenographers than they can supply. Give that boy or girl a chance by trading a bale of cotton for a scholarship. Wichita Commercial School. 8 3/4 c
We teach shorthand, typewriting, bookkeeping, banking and telegraphy. Now is the time to enter—classes start at the first of each subject. Ask us about taking cotton. Wichita Commercial School. 8 3/4 c

Buy A Farm
where you can raise your own living and get on the selling end instead of buying end. The population of the United States doubles every 20 years. 1,000,000 foreigners have come to the United States this year up to May 1st. Some one has to feed these people and there is a good demand for all you can raise. The general European war is going to create an unprecedented boom in farming lands. While other nations destroy this country will produce. High priced living is driving the people from the cities and towns. You ought to buy a farm where you can apply your energy in the accumulation of wealth.
If you haven't the money to purchase let us trade you a farm for your city property.
HUEY & BLAND
608 Eighth Street Phone 1478

FOR SALE—CITY PROPERTY
FOR SALE—Five-room house; city water, lights and gas; sewer on alley; lot front; 1406 Bug street; \$1,800; \$300 cash balance to suit. Mack Thomas. Phone 99. 8 1/2 c
FOR SALE—A very fine eight-room house on Tenth street; corner lot; one of the finest finished homes in the city. Mack Thomas. Phone 99. 8 1/2 c
FOR SALE—Houses and lots in all parts of the city. I will please you if it is real estate. Phone 561. J. S. Bridwell. 87 1/2 c
FOR TRADE—I have three, four and five-room houses in all parts of town that I will trade for vacant lots or anything you have in Wichita Falls. Mack Thomas. Phone 99. 8 1/2 c
FOR SALE—Nice 6-room house on 8th street, just back of car barn. Every convenience. Price \$250. Will accept lot part payment. J. S. Bridwell, phone 661. 67 1/2 c
FOR SALE—Three-room house on Burnett street; city water and gas; \$850; \$100 cash; balance \$15 per month. Mack Thomas. Phone 99. 8 1/2 c
FOR SALE—Nice new 6-room house, large sleeping porch, screened back porch, every convenience, also bath and electric fixtures, walk and curb, back yard fenced, one block of new high school. Price \$3,000. Terms. To see this place is to like it. Would accept lot or cheaper place as part payment. Phone 661. J. S. Bridwell. 67 1/2 c
FOR SALE—On easy payments, new five-room house; strictly modern in every respect; Floral Heights; price \$2,450; \$300 cash; balance to suit. Three-room house; city water and gas; close in; \$950; \$200 cash; balance \$15 per month. New five-room house; 21st and Tenth street; all modern; hot and cold water; \$2,400; \$300 cash; balance \$25 per month. Mack Thomas. Phone 99. 8 1/2 c
FOR SALE—Nice ten-room, two-story house on Ninth street with fine light and bath fixtures. Built for a home. A bargain at \$5,000; terms. Mack Thomas. Phone 99. 8 1/2 c
FOR SALE OR TRADE—Five acre land; small house; joins Floral Heights. Also 320 acres Eastern New Mexico land. Sam Harting. Phone 1489. 8 1/2 c
FOR SALE OR TRADE—Used auto. Phone 150. 8 7/2 c
LOST
LOST—July 27th, a lady's bar pin containing three diamonds. Liberal reward for return to Mrs. Sasche Kahn Hirschfelder, Box 464, Vaco, Texas, or Mrs. Alice Kahn, 1500 Austin street, Wichita Falls, Texas. 1 1/2 c
BOARD AND ROOMS
Desirable room and board in private home for couple. Best location in the city. If interested phone 849. 95 1/2 c
Come to 807 Burnett for large, cool rooms and good home cooking; special prices to gentlemen; everything first-class. 2 1/2 c
FINANCIAL
PLENTY OF MONEY—At 8 per cent to loan on Wichita county farm lands. Otto Stehlik, phone 992. Room 10, old postoffice building. 83 1/2 c
MONEY TO LOAN—Plenty of money to loan on farms and Wichita Falls improved property. Easy terms. F. W. Tibbets. 17 1/2 c
FOR RENT—OFFICES AND STORES
OFFICES TO RENT—Suits of two rooms each; also single room; in new Anderson & Bean building; janitor, lights, gas, water. See Bean & Gohike, 617 Eighth street. 83 1/2 c
LIVESTOCK
WANTED—To buy a good well broke horse; not over six years old. Apply P. S. Tullis. 1 1/4 c
WANTED—To buy 15 or 20 head of Jersey cows; must be young. Address Box 539. 10 3/4 c

FOR SALE—Farms and ranches
FOR SALE—One section of land near Byers, on Red River; the best farm in that country; good improvements; alfalfa land. This place offered for less than its value. For price and terms see Creed Bros. & Chancellor, Room 5, corner Eighth and Ohio avenue. Phone 1315. 2 1/2 c
BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES
WANTED—We want to give your boy or girl a business education; we have well trained teachers who know what they are doing. If you don't have the ready money, we will trade you a scholarship for a bale of cotton, allowing you ten cents a pound. Wichita Commercial School. 708 1-2 Seventh street. Phone 656. 8 3/4 c
HELP WANTED—FEMALE
WANTED—Nurse girl at once. 1103 Lamar. 1 1/4 c
NOTICES
Notice to Creditors.
The State of Texas, County of Wichita. To the creditors of S. A. Minter: You are hereby notified that S. A. MINTER of the County of Wichita, on the 9th day of September A. D. 1914, executed a Deed of Assignment conveying to the undersigned all of his property for the benefit of such of his creditors as will consent to accept their proportionate shares of his estate, and discharge him from their respective claims, and that the undersigned accepted said trust and has duly qualified as required by law. All creditors consenting to said assignment must within four months after the publication of this notice, make known to the assignee their consent in writing, and within six months from the date of this notice file their claim, prescribed by law, with the undersigned who resides at Wichita Falls, Texas, which is also his post-office address. Witness my hand, this 9th day of September A. D. 1914. F. G. WYNN, 4 10 10
Notice by Publication of Final Account
The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Wichita County, Greeting: J. S. Fore, executor of the estate of Ennie Phillips Bowles, deceased, having filed in our County Court his final account of the condition of the estate of said Ennie Phillips Bowles, deceased, together with an application to be discharged from said administration, you are hereby commanded, that by publication of this writ for twenty days in a newspaper regularly published in the County of Wichita, you give due notice to all persons interested in said estate, to file their objections thereto, if any they have, on or before the October term, 1914, of said county court, commencing and to be held at the court house of said county, in the city of Wichita Falls, on the 8th day of October, 1914, A. D. when said account and application will be considered by said court. Witness, E. P. Walsh, Clerk of the County Court of Wichita county. Given under my hand and seal of said court at my office in the city of Wichita Falls, this 3rd day of Sept. 1914. E. P. WALSH, Clerk County Court Wichita County. By M. F. Yeager, Deputy. A true copy, I certify. R. L. RANDOLPH, Sheriff Wichita County. By A. J. Tucker, Deputy Sheriff. 95-104-110.
Notice of Final Account.
The State of Texas, To the Sheriff or any Constable of Wichita County, Greeting: Mrs. Lettie Prout, administratrix of the estate of George Prout, deceased, having filed in our County Court her final account of the condition of the estate of said George Prout, deceased, together with an application to be discharged from said administration, you are hereby commanded, that by publication of this writ for twenty days in a newspaper regularly published in the County of Wichita, you give due notice to all persons interested in said estate, to file their objections thereto, if any they have, on or before the October term, 1914, of said County Court,

commencing and to be held at the court house of said county, in the City of Wichita Falls, on the 5th day of October A. D. 1914, when said account and application will be considered by said court. Witness, E. P. Walsh, Clerk of the County Court of Wichita County. Given under my hand and seal of said court, at my office, in the City of Wichita Falls, this 11th day of Sept. A. D. 1914. E. P. WALSH, Clerk County Court Wichita County. By: Willie Stewart, Deputy Clerk. A true copy, I certify. R. L. RANDOLPH, Sheriff Wichita County. By: E. E. Carnes, Deputy Sheriff. 10-16
Citation by Publication
The State of Texas, County of Wichita. To the Sheriff or any Constable of Wichita County, Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon T. (Tom) Wheeler by making publication of this citation once in each week for four successive weeks previous to the return day hereof, in some newspaper published in your county, to appear at the next regular term of the Justice Court of Pre. No. 1, Wichita County, to be held at the office of the Justice of Peace thereof in Wichita Falls on the 12th day of October, 1914, then and there to answer a complaint filed in said court on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1914, in suit No. 232, on the docket of said cause, wherein Collier & Hendricks are plaintiff and T. (Tom) Wheeler is defendant, said complaint alleging suit on account for goods purchased at the special instance and request of said defendant amounting to the sum of \$14.50. Herein fail not, but have before said court on the 12th day of October, 1914, the next term hereof, this writ, with your return thereon, showing how you have executed the same. Given under my hand officially this 17th day of September, A. D. 1914. W. J. HOWARD, Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Wichita County, Texas. D 19-14-22.
HARRY E. FISHER, NEW POSTMASTER AT HOLLISTER
Harry E. Fisher has been appointed postmaster at Hollister. Mr. Fisher is an active Democrat and member of the Tillman county Democratic central committee and a well known citizen. He was among those who passed the civil service examination at Hollister. Clark L. Hussey, the present incumbent, has been reappointed postmaster at Tipton.

Announcements
For District Office
For Judge 20th Judicial District: J. W. AKIN of Graham, Young County.
For District Attorney 20th Judicial District: LESLIE HUMPHREYS of Clay County.
County Offices
For County Tax Collector: B. M. BULLARD.
For County Clerk: M. F. KELLY.
For Sheriff: GEORGE A. HAWKINS.
For County Attorney: T. B. GREENWOOD.
For County Tax Assessor: JOHN ROBERTSON.
For District Clerk: A. F. KERR.
For County Judge: HARVEY HARRIS.
For County Treasurer: T. W. MCHAM.
For County School Supt.: R. M. JOHNSON.
For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Place 2: W. J. HOWARD.
For Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, Place 1: J. P. JONES.
For Constable Precinct No. 2: WILL W. ALLEN.
For County Commissioners, Pre. No. 2: T. P. JACKSON.
For Associate Justice, Court of Civil Appeals: HON. S. E. BUOGE.

Mack Taylor's Drug Store
IT'S A PLEASURE
To partake of the delicious drinks served at this store, and the ice cream will bring you back. Whipped Cream Served With All Egg and Milk Drinks.
620 Ohio Avenue Phone 184-382

J. J. DeBERRY
Real Estate and Insurance
Your insurance business will be appreciated. List your property with us.
610 Ohio Avenue Phone 1640

BUY A SALE
If you have not all ready done so, buy a bale of cotton and I will insure it for you against fire wherever you may want to store it. I have bought mine. Help the farmer to hold the price of his product up. I write insurance of all kinds and write it right.
THOS. H. PERRY, The Insurance Man, Office Over 710 Indiana Avenue Phone 529

Union Shining Parlor
618 Eighth Street
Best Place in the City For Ladies and Gents.
We Clean and Reblock Hats
Felt Hats 50c
Panamas 50c
Straws 25c
We do the work right and will appreciate your patronage.
Announcements
For Your VACATION
Safety MKT First
A telephone call will get you all information. Telephone No. 804. Room 2, Northwestern Building.
L. H. ROBERTS
CEMENT WORK
GENERAL CONTRACTOR
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Wm. N. Bonner, Jouette M. Bonner, BONNER & BONNER
Attorneys at Law
General, State and Federal practice. Offices: Suits 6, 19 and 11 Ward Bldg. Phone 899.
HUFF, MARTIN & BULLINGTON
Attorneys
Rooms: 314, 315 and 316 Kemp & Kell Bldg.
W. F. WEEKS
Attorney at Law
Office in Roberts-Stampff Building.
SMOOT & SMOOT
Lawyers
Office in Friberg Building
CARLTON & GREENWOOD
W. T. Carlton T. B. Greenwood
Attorneys at Law
Room 17 Old City Nat'l Bank Bldg.
S. H. HODGES
Attorney at Law
Special attention to Probate and Corporation law. Suite 5, Ward Building. Phone 1172.
W. LINDSAY BIBB
Lawyer
Civil and Criminal Law. Office Phone 1327. 202 Kemp & Kell Bldg.
JOHN C. KAY
Attorney at Law
Noble, Smith & Henderson Bldg. Seventh St.
E. W. NAPIER
Attorney at Law
Ward Building, corner Eighth and Ohio. Phone 1475.
CARRIGAN, MONTGOMERY & BRITAIN
Lawyers
Room 214, 215, 216, 209 K. & K. Bldg.
BERNARD MARTIN
Attorney at Law
Eighth St. Ward Bldg.
T. R. (Dan) BOONE
Attorney at Law
Room over W. B. McClurkin's Dry Goods Store.
E. W. Nicholson John Davenport, NICHOLSON & DAVENPORT
Lawyers
Suite two, Bean and Anderson Bldg. 710 1/2 Indiana Ave. Phone 1604
J. M. BLANKENSHIP
Attorney at Law
Room 2 Ward Bldg. Phone 673
J. R. OGLE
Attorney at Law
Room 12, Ward Building. Phone 899

Physicians and Surgeons
DR. A. L. LANE
Physician and Surgeon
Rooms 12, 13, 14 Moore-Bateman Bldg. Office phone 895. Residence phone 487.
DRS. COONS & BENNETT
Physicians and Surgeons
Dr. L. Coons Dr. R. A. Bennett
Residence phone 11. Office phone 137. Office 718 Ohio Avenue.
DUANE MEREDITH, M. D.
General Medicine and Surgery
Office: Moore-Bateman Bldg. Rooms 4 and 5. Phone: Office 239; residence 485. Thoroughly equipped Pathological, Bacteriological and Chemical Laboratories.
DR. J. L. GASTON
Physician and Surgeon
Diseases of Women a Specialty. Office 710 1/2 Indiana. Phone: Office 481; residence 249.
DRS. AMASON & HARGRAVE
Surgery and General Medicine
Office 204 K. & K. Bldg. Office phone 760. Amason residence phone 640; Hargrave residence phone 768.
DRS. BURNSIDE, WALKER & JONES
Surgery and General Practice
Dr. Burnside's residence No. 216; Dr. Walker's residence No. 267; Dr. Jones' residence No. 844. Office phone No. 12. Offices Moore-Bateman Bldg.
DR. R. L. MILLER
Physician and Surgeon
Offices: Moore-Bateman Bldg. Phones: Office 89, residence 189.
DRS. MACKECHNEY & LEE
Surgery and General Practice
Phones: Office 222, Dr. Mackechney 282; Dr. Lee 901. Rooms 302-305 K. & K. Bldg.
DR. E. M. HUGHES
Physician and Surgeon
Rooms 7-8 Moore-Bateman Bldg. Phone: Office 89; residence 1109.
DR. G. W. JOHNSTON
Physician and Surgeon
Chronic and nervous diseases a specialty. Office: Room No. 1 Ward Building. Office Phone 1379. Res. Phone 1824.
DR. W. B. FARRIS
Osteopathic Physician
Telephone: Office 1487; residence 239. 205 K. & K. Bldg.
DENTISTS
DR. T. R. BOGER
Dentist
Office over First State Bank. Hours: From 8 a. m. to 12 m. and from 1 p. m. to 5 p. m.
DR. W. H. FELDER
Dentist
Southwest corner Seventh street and Ohio Avenue.
VETERINARY
J. T. TRAYLOR, D. V. M.
Graduate Licensed Veterinarian. Deputy State Veterinarian Inspector. Wichita Falls, Texas. Phone: Office 83; residence 359.

THE DRAY BUSINESS
If you want prompt, careful and efficient service just call me by phone.
OFFICE PHONE 978
RESIDENCE PHONE 288
Or if it is a service car you wish phone 978
B. F. CRAWFORD

REAL OR FALSE?



Sometimes it is hard to tell when one has false teeth. That shows good Dentistry. We defy any ordinary person to tell our work from natural teeth because we have experience in skilled work only, and can imitate Nature perfectly. We are experts in every branch of Dentistry, from painless extraction to crown and bridge work. Charge very reasonable.

Dr. F. E. Thornburgh
Dentist
804 K. & K. Building

Let the Boys GO Swimming!

The swimming pool at the lake is thoroughly clean and filled with fresh water. It is the best place in the world to learn to swim because it is always safe.

Come and Try It!

Green Tomatoes For Pickling AT King's Gro'y

721 7th Street
Phone 261

Lawler-The Barber
Oldest Shop in the city. Six chairs. Hot and Cold Baths. I will appreciate your patronage.

Look Pleasant

Christmas is fast approaching—the time of the year when you must give a present. The most appropriate offering is a nice, new photograph made by the new photo studio of Beatty and Havis. Father, mother, baby—did you ever stop and think how soon they may be taken away? Have you a good photograph of them? If not, do not neglect it, but call and see us before it is too late. We are new people in your city, but have been in the photographic business for 25 years. Every picture we send out must be so good that it will draw in your friends. Our advertising manager, Mr. Martin, will call on you, so be ready to book an engagement with him.

Beatty & Havis
710-12 Indiana Ave. Photographers

CHORAL SOCIETY FOR WICHITA FALLS

SINGERS HAVE ORGANIZED SOCIETY AND HAVE ENGAGED A DIRECTOR

FIRST REHEARSAL OCTOBER 6

C. Burthold Machlin, the Director, Has Reputation As Successful Chorister

The representative singers of the town have long felt the need of a good mixed chorus. Up to the present the chief obstacle in the way of such an organization has been the absence of a competent director who was willing to undertake the work.

On Tuesday evening last, a meeting was held and a new organization formed under the name of the "Wichita Falls Choral Society." The Society has secured as director C. Burthold Machlin.

Mr. Machlin's training and experience as a chorus director has been of the best. He studied the work very thoroughly in the Chorister's School of St. Mary's Cathedral, Salisbury, England; and later with Charles R. Word, one of the best conductors in the west of England. In Canada, Mr. Machlin was director of the Y. M. C. A. Glee Club of Winnipeg, and has handled many choirs and choruses in this country with distinguished success. From 1913-1914 he was director of the choir at St. Paul's Cathedral, Oklahoma City, where were performed many fine musical works, several of which were of Mr. Machlin's own composition. At Easter of this year, the music for the entire service, with the exception of the hymns was from Mr. Machlin's pen.

It is felt that the work of the new society will be of the greatest benefit to the individual members, and, at the same time, a splendid advertisement for Wichita Falls. The enthusiasm evinced at the last meeting shows how much in earnest the society is, and the hearty co-operation of the singers of the town will make for the certain success of the enterprise. It is distinctly a Wichita Falls organization, not restricted to a few. All the representative singers will take part in the work.

The first rehearsal will take place on Tuesday, October 6th at 8 p. m. Because of the convenience of the location, the Christian Church has been selected for the place of this rehearsal. A permanent meeting place will be decided upon at an early date. The first concert, which will consist of a number of glees and choruses, both sacred and secular, may be expected early in December.

TWO FORT WORTH GIRLS WILL BE SENT BACK HOME

Two young girls from Fort Worth presented a problem to the city hall officials this morning, they being broke and anxious to get home. Both were pretty and well dressed and would have looked decidedly out of place in a cotton patch, where they said they had been working. The farmer they worked for couldn't sell his cotton, they said, and they had only seventy-five cents left after working five days; they had to board themselves. They spent the night in the women's waiting room at the Union Station. Cotton picking was the only work offered them, they said, when they came here in search of employment.

Although the problem was not properly one for the attention of the police authorities, arrangements were made to send the girls to their home this afternoon.



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WINTER BARLEY TAKING PLACE OF OATS IN OKLAHOMA

Winter barley to take the place of oats is a substitution that is being recommended by J. E. Payne, of the Frisco demonstration department for this section of Oklahoma. Experience has demonstrated that winter barley, sown at the usual time of sowing oats, will make a good crop when oats fail. It makes a uniformly good yield and the grain makes ideal stock feed, affording good fattening for hogs and a better sustaining diet for horses than corn, while cattle are also fond of it and do well on it. The straw is not quite as good as oat or wheat straw. A bushel of the acre should be sown. Mr. Payne was in Frederick Wednesday.

At The Theaters

The Wichita. Bert Russell's wonderful versatility and adaptability was clearly demonstrated last night when he took the part of the man that God forgot in the play of the same name. It was a part much different from any other that he has yet played, calling for entirely different feelings and emotions. As the worn out dreamer who has enriched his dishonest employer while himself and children go hungry he had the entire sympathy of the audience. Miss Chaffee had a much more sympathetic and likeable role than in the previous offerings and as the wife of the dishonest capitalist who is not at all in sympathy with his methods, she was excellent. The other parts were well taken and faithfully portrayed.

Tonight the feature bill of the week, "Lavender and Old Lace" will be seen. Miss DeLane takes the part of the loveable old maid and she wears a wonderful gown of lavender and old lace. The public needs no further recommendation of this play than the statement that it is a faithful dramatization of Myrtle Reed's book of the same name. Saturday night the offering will be a dramatization of E. P. Roe's famous novel of the Chicago fire, "Barriers Burned Away."

The company will present at a matinee tomorrow (Saturday) afternoon at 2:30 "A Bachelor's Honeymoon." Prices will be children 10c, adults 25c, any seat in the house.

The Lamar Airdrome.

Sims and Daly opened last night with an interesting little comedy sketch. The act consisted of the conventional singing, dancing and comedy backtalk, better than the ordinary and possessing the charm of being somewhat different.

Tonight's pictures include "Only a Dream," a Melles comedy, Kalem "Defying the Chief" and a Joker comedy, "The Third Party."

Bess is in love with her art, even to the extent that she neglects her husband. To be neglected angers Ernie. A quarrel is the result. At dinner that night Bess receives a telegram telling her that her brother will pay her a visit. Ernie has never seen the brother and Bess knows this and makes use of the knowledge.

She decides to make Ernie jealous. As Ernie is going to work the next morning he bumps into his house. He follows and finds his wife in the arms of another man. He is angry and goes to his room, to think. There he decides to make Bess sorry by making her jealous. He uses his faithful butler to carry out his plans. Dressing him as a girl, they go into the room adjoining that of Bess and Phil. A terrible battle of who can love the loudest takes place. Bess and Ernie realize how hopeless it is and both desert their mates. They collide upstairs and tell each other what they think. Phil and the butler get there in time to avert a tragedy. Explanations are made. Bess denounces art and Ernie promises never to be mean again.

The Majestic.

Velma Whitman is featured in "A Traitor to His Country," a story of the recent war with the insurgents in the Philippine Islands. "When the Heart Calls," a two reel imp drama is of much interest and contains a pretty little theme that is pleasing. Lillian Walker is featured in "The Winning Trick." The daughter of a wealthy man studies sociology and is convinced of the fallacy of wealth. She is courted by one of the richest young men of her set. She loves him, but tells him she will never marry a rich man. There is only one thing to be done; he must lose his money. With the aid of her father, he succeeds. After their marriage, he obliges her to live in poverty. Both have gone to work for a living. She is soon convinced of the discomforts of poverty. When she is thoroughly cured of her romantic notions, he tells her she can go back to work at the mansion where she was previously employed. Then she is introduced to the owner, who proves to be her husband. When you see the picture at the Majestic Theatre tonight, you will see just how the trick was turned and how it was carried out.

lar. She gets the money but as she and the Gypsy are about to depart the voice of conscience awakens in her. She refuses to give up the money, a struggle ensues and she is forced to shoot the Gypsy. Her husband is aroused by the shots and when he sees his wife bending over the still body of the Gypsy the last vestige of his love and trust in her departs. She pleads in vain for restoration to his respect and love but he refuses to listen. She is deserted by her former associates and it is finally through the kindness of the old mother whom she had so cruelly ruined that the couple are reunited.

The Victoria.

Charles Chaplin is seen in a two part Keystone comedy, the funniest of the season. Ed Coxen and Winnifred Greenwood are featured in "The Widow." Plunged into grief by the death of her husband, a young widow moves to town remote from her old home. Her maid, observing her melancholy, invites the local minister in, the minister induces the widow to endow a children's hospital. Gossipy villagers see the minister, an architect, lawyer and several contractors visiting the widow, come to the conclusion that she should leave town. They are confounded by the minister who discloses that the widow intends to put the village on the map by giving it a public institution of which every one should be proud.

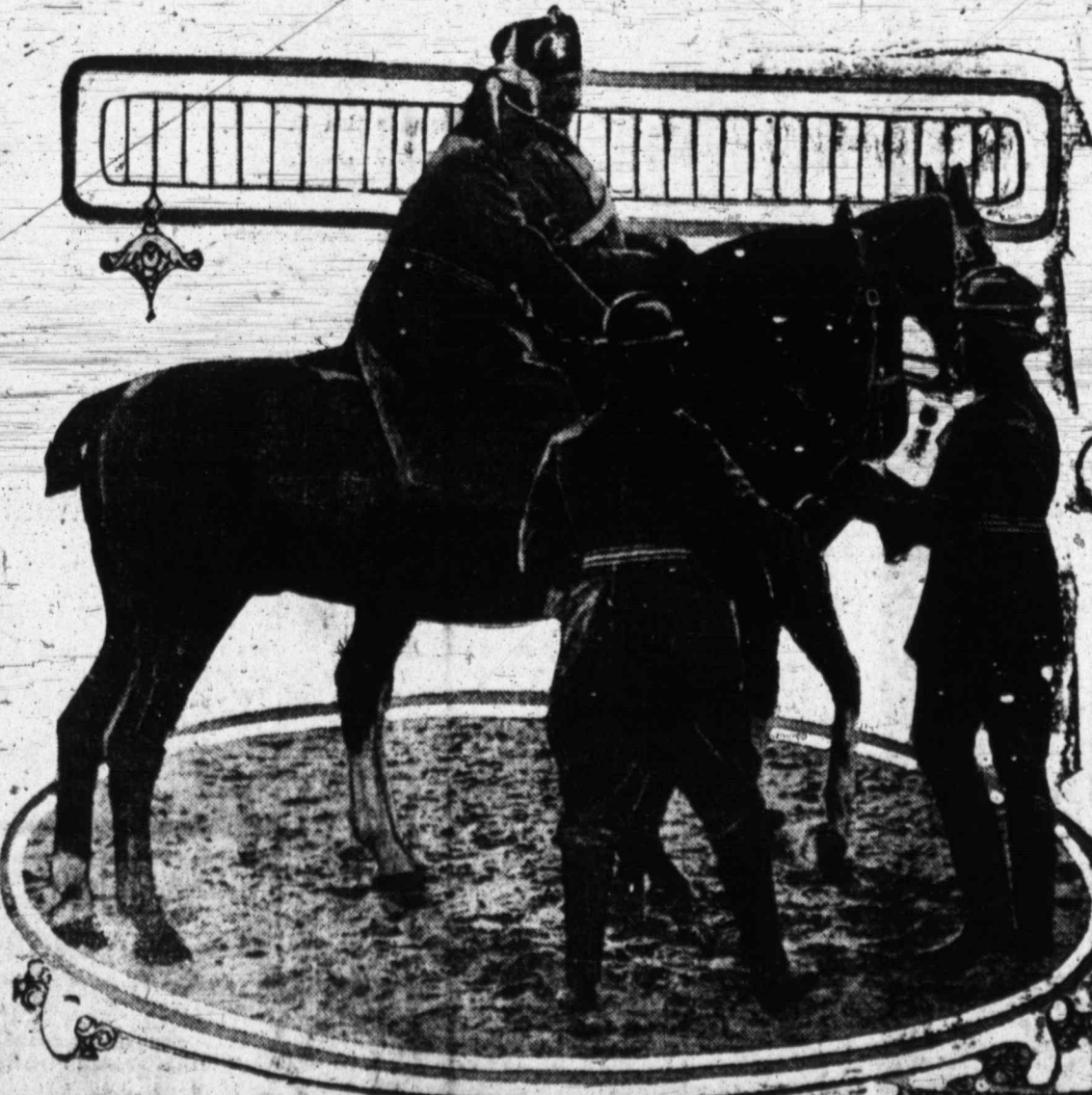
The Gem.

"His Friend's Forgiveness," a two part feature and the Hearst Selig News Pictorial are on the program here today. Also "The Arrival of Josie," featuring Josie Sadler and Billy Qyrlk. An orphan and the drudge of the household, Josie lives with her ill-tempered aunt, Frau Rheinhardt, who keeps a small boarding house in Germany. Life would be unbearable for Josie, were it not for the fact that Miss Blake, one of the boarders, an American girl, studying music, has taken quite a fancy to Josie. When Miss Blake finishes her course and leaves for America, she gives Josie her address, saying if she ever visits America, she must come and see her. Josie is very sad at Miss Blake's going, and things becoming unendurable, Josie decides to go to America. She packs up, leaves the room to Josie and a note informing her aunt of her destination. Coming over on the steamer, a drunken emigrant insults Josie and she is protected by a young man, who, with his bride, are on their honeymoon. Shortly after recovering from an attack of seasickness, Josie gets her first view of New York's tall buildings. After some amusing incidents, due to her lack of knowledge of American life, she finds to her sorrow, the Blakes have gone West. She becomes acquainted with Hank, a grocery boy, and through him, secures a job as a servant with the young bride and groom. She meets on the steamer. Several weeks later, while Hank holds her in loving embrace, Josie has a vision of her aunt's domination at finding her niece has fled, and thinks to herself, "If Aunt could see me now," at the same time thinking of the appointed day when she and Hank will be man and wife.

The Empress.

A Marion Leonard feature "The Roman Rye" is showing here today. Miss Leonard plays the part of a heartless scheming Gypsy girl, who uses the love which a young farmer bears her to further the evil exploits of the band. She pretends to return his love and they are married but before her bridal roses have withered she begins to show the true side of her character. By her cruelty she drives her husband's old mother to leave her own home and she is forced to take refuge with friends. It is the man's money that she is after and with her old Gypsy lover she conspires to rob him of his last dol-

Kaiser In The Field Receiving Reports From Air Scouts



This photograph, which escaped the clutches of the German censor, is the first to be received in this country of reports of two German aerial scouts who have just returned from a flight across the enemy's lines.

WICHITA THEATRE TONIGHT

The Gilson-Bradfield Stock Company Present Their Feature Play of the week

"Lavender and Old Lace"

A dramatization of Myrtle Reed's Famous Novel. A play that will appeal to every man and every woman, the prettiest love story ever told. Prices 10c, 20c and 30c. Box Seats 50c

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