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VOLUME VI

WICHITA FALLS, TEXAS, TUESDAY, AUGUST 6th 1912

NUMBER 73

UNCLE SAM TAKES HAND IN TROUBLE

LEADER OF NICARAUGA, REVOL- UTION ORDERED TO DELIV- ER UP STEAMER

U. S. MARINES EN ROUTE

Force Being Sent From Panama To
Managua to Guard Americans
and Their Property.

By Associated Press.
San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua, Aug. 6.—The American marines and blue-jackets and marines on duty in Managua have ordered Gen. Luis Nena, former minister of war and now leader of the revolutionary party, to deliver up immediately the lake steamer owned by the railroads which are operated by an American company.

George T. Weitzel, the United States minister has sent a note to General Nena, advising him that the United States government recognized only the government of President Diaz.

A large quantity of arms has been brought from Corinto to Managua to enable the government to take the offensive against Nena.

Marines to Managua.

By Associated Press.
Washington, D. C., Aug. 6.—Marines from Panama have been ordered to Nicaragua to supplement the force of blue-jackets now in Managua guarding Americans and their property. The collier Justin was today ordered to Panama to embark 350 marines for Corinto.

DIRECTORS' MEETING TUESDAY MORNING

No Business of Extraordinary Importance
Came Before Chamber of
Commerce at Tuesday's Session.

A brief session of the Chamber of Commerce directors was held Tuesday morning, no matters of great importance being taken up. Messrs. A. L. Huey and Harry Gascon were made members of the finance committee for the Labor Day and anniversary celebration and will assist the committee already appointed in the financial arrangements for the big time to be held here next month.

The entertainment committee was authorized to arrange for the entertainment of the visiting commercial secretaries who are to attend the institute here the latter part of this month. While these secretaries are coming here largely for work it is probable that some diversion will be provided for them.

At this morning's session George Haley, vice president of the Texas Water & Light Company which recently purchased the local plant, appeared and enrolled himself as a member of the Chamber of Commerce.

"What's good for the town is good for us, too," he said, "and we expect to do our part."

President Huff was authorized to appoint Wichita Falls delegates to the Trans-Mississippi Congress which will be held at Salt Lake City, Aug. 27-30.

MARINE CREEK ON BIG RAMPAGE

Settlers in Trinity Bottoms Near Fort
Worth Are Ready to Flee At
Moment's Notice.

By Associated Press.
Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 6.—Flood damage began here this morning following last night's rain when the Marine creek bridge at 21st street was washed out. A bridge on the North Belt Railway across the creek was also washed away though three cars of brick had been placed on it to hold it firm. The river is rising rapidly and heavy rainfall began at 11 o'clock. Preparations to move are being made by settlers along the Trinity.

DON'T DRIVE A RED CAR WHERE BULLS HANG OUT.

Elkhart, Ind., Aug. 5.—Warning to all automobilists—Never ride in an automobile painted red where steers run free.

C. E. Frye of Middletown, Ohio, with four members of his family enroute from his home, encountered a crazed steer near here. Charging head down, the steer tried to stop the car and his head was caught in the front wheel. Both automobile and steer went over in a ditch. None of the party was seriously injured. The steer had to be shot.

ORDER RESTORED IN RUBBER DISTRICT

By Associated Press.
Lima, Peru, Aug. 6.—Order has been restored in the Peruvian zone of the Putumayo rubber district, where according to charges, native workers recently were compelled to submit to atrocities by rubber exploiters. Columbia marauders are blamed by citizens who say the men responsible for the horrors had no connection with the rubber company.

GAMBLERS FEAR DEATH IN STREET

THREE GAMBLERS WHO HAVE CONFERRED IN N.Y. CITY ARE IN A PANIC OF FEAR.

THREATS ARE REPEATED

Danger That Men Now Held Will Be
Shot Down in Street On Way
To Court.

By Associated Press.
New York, Aug. 6.—Death threats repeatedly have been sent to Bald Jack Rose, Bridgie Webber and Harry Vallon who have made confessions showing alleged relation between police and gamblers, and all three are in a state of panic over fear that their lives may be taken. The three gamblers say they expect to be killed if they are taken through the streets to court.

The search today for Harry Horowitz and Louis Rosenweiz is being prosecuted in several parts of the country. The state's attorney is also anxious to capture Sam Shepps, who according to the confession of Rose, paid over the money to the gunmen after the killing. Shepp received the money, Rose says, from Webber. The sum of \$50,000 is said to have been raised by police officers to defend Becker.

KANSAS ENGROSSED IN STATEWIDE PRIMARY

Muddle Over Names of Roosevelt Ad-
herents On Republican Electoral
Ticket Still Unsettled.

By Associated Press.
Topeka, Kan., Aug. 6.—All Kansas today is engrossed in statewide primaries by both parties. There are two points of National interest, the struggle between Taft and Roosevelt candidates for presidential electors and the senatorial race.

The electoral question arose when several men who had announced as candidates for the electoral college, declared they would support Roosevelt. The Taft adherents declared they would not allow the names of three of these men to go on the ticket. Two members of the supreme court decided to the contrary and pending a decision by the entire court, the matter went over, but if the Taft men are victorious in today's primary, further court action will be unnecessary.

NEGRO IS IDENTIFIED AS LEONARD POTTS.

By Associated Press.
Clarksville, Texas, Aug. 6.—The body of Leonard Potts, the negro outlaw killed yesterday was kept upright in a coffin on an express truck until about 3 o'clock this morning when all doubt about his identity was removed.

Potts was nearly starved and had been lost in the river bottom when he appeared yesterday morning for food and direction at the house of Bud Tinnin, a negro. Tinnin who turned an alarm about Potts and who stood beside Amos Phillips when the latter killed the black man will receive a share of the reward.

Is Potts Still Alive?
Marshall, Texas, Aug. 6.—Sheriff Little of Longview phoned here today that a negro answering the description of Leonard Potts shot another negro last night near Willow. The assailant was last reported as headed for Marshall.

RANDELL'S EXPENSES TOTALLED ONLY \$5500

By Associated Press.
Sherman, Texas, Aug. 6.—Congressman J. C. B. Randell today filed an itemized account of campaign expenses in his race for the United States senatorship, with the county judge of Grayson county. It totaled \$5500.59.

Building Permits at Houston.
Houston, Texas, Aug. 6.—The building permits for this city during July show an increase over the same month last year of nearly three to one. The total for July was \$675,000 as compared with \$200,000 for July, 1911.

1.18 INCHES RAIN HAS FALLEN HERE

THIRD SHOWER IN THREE DAYS FELL MONDAY NIGHT OVER WIDE AREA.

GROUND IS WELL SOAKED

Cotton Yield of Half a Bale An Acre
Will Be Picked From Many
Fields.

The third rain in three days started Monday night and continued Tuesday forenoon. The total precipitation up to Tuesday morning had been 1.18 inches, according to the government rain gauge.

The rains extended over this entire section of the State and in some places the precipitation was heavier, even, than here. The precipitation practically assures one of the biggest cotton crops ever grown in this section. To say nothing of big yields of feed crops and produce. Many conservative farmers now say they will pick a half a bale and some say more, of cotton to the acre.

Reports received at the railroad offices here indicate that the rains extended from Fort Worth into the Panhandle and all the way across Western Oklahoma and into Texas as far south, at least as the Texas & Pacific.

Everywhere the fields are soaked and there is enough moisture in the ground to mature the cotton crop. The rain has put the ground in excellent condition for plowing and with other favorable conditions, the indications are that a very large acreage of wheat and fall oats will be sown.

REV. MORTON'S FUNERAL HELD MONDAY P. M.

Deceased Had Been Minister in Chris-
tian Church 40 Years—Leaves
Widow and Eight Children.

The funeral of Rev. J. M. Morton, who died at his home on Bluff street Saturday afternoon was held at the First Christian Church at 4 o'clock Monday afternoon and was attended by many friends. With one exception—a son who is in the U. S. Navy and who sent word that it was impossible for him to come—all of the eight children of the deceased were present at the funeral.

The service was conducted by Rev. E. F. Walters, pastor of the First Christian Church in which Rev. Morton was an elder at the time of his death. The body was laid to rest in Riverside Cemetery.

Rev. Morton was born in Tennessee in 1850 and became a minister in the Christian Church when but nineteen years of age and had therefore been in that service forty years. He was married in 1876 to Miss E. A. Crowell and eight children were born to them, all of whom are living. He came to Texas in 1890 and after the death of his first wife was married in 1895 to Mrs. Lucy Milligan in Fort Worth.

He held pastorates in Texas at Seymour, Bowie, Neocoma and Whitesboro following which he was State evangelist for his church for seven years. He came to Wichita Falls six years ago from Tioga and has since resided here preaching whenever his services were called for at the smaller churches in this section of the State.

Rev. Morton was greatly interested in the welfare of Wichita Falls and was identified with every movement that came to his notice for the betterment of the city, morally, spiritually as well as in a material way, and was always ready to assume his share of any burden. His service was not confined to his own church or his own community but he held himself ready to answer any call where he could do good.

He left a widow and the following children:

Mrs. Amelia Shumate, Ardmore; Mrs. Mattie Bradley, Tioga; and the following sons: M. P., who lives at Tioga; H. A. at Grandfield; H. L., who is aboard the U. S. Battleship North Carolina; W. M., of Graham; O. R. of Dill, Okla.; and J. M. Jy., of this city.

Oil Movements Through Port Arthur.
Port Arthur, Texas, Aug. 5.—During the month of July 31,000 barrels of oil were imported through this city and 700,000 barrels were exported. Foreign countries received 300,000 barrels of the oil which was refined while the balance of the shipment went to points in the United States. The oil movement for the month through this city represents a total value of \$1,000,000.

The case of A. F. Scott, charged with disposing of mortgaged property is on trial in the district court this afternoon.

WEATHER FORECAST

Tonight and Wednesday un-
settled.

OROZCO WARNS JUAREZ CITIZENS

REBEL GENERAL ADVISES INHABITANTS OF BORDER TOWN TO CROSS TO EL PASO

TO MARCH SOUTHWARD

Orozco Preparing to Make Break From
Juarez to Join Salazar Who Has
Escaped Federals.

By Associated Press.
Mexico City, Aug. 6.—Gen. Orozco has served notice on the residents of Juarez that he will not be responsible for the safety of the city and that all who do not go out with him had better cross the river into El Paso. This is the first definite move to be made by Orozco in the long-delayed evacuation of Juarez by the rebels.

Trains are being made up for the movement out of El Paso and the artillery and cavalry horses are being loaded. It is announced that Orozco with 500 rebels will proceed south over the Mexican Central to meet the forces of Gen. Salazar, who has escaped from the trap the federals set for him at Casas Grandes.

Atrocities Perpetrated By Indians

By Associated Press.
Mexico City, Aug. 6.—Leaders of the Sierra Juarez Indians in Northern Oaxaca have suspended personal guarantees on their own account, according to dispatches reaching here today. All federals captured are executed at once and if of high enough rank are tortured, according to reports.

Rumors are current that the federal detachments near Ixtitan were surrounded and cut off from the capital.

Rebels cut off soldiers ears and cut the soles off the feet of two soldiers. This occurred 30 miles from Oaxaca. The soldiers were forced to walk to Ixtapeo, a distance of several miles. One of the men died on the road and the other was killed by a mob after his arrival.

The jefe politico of Yolo is reported to have been stoned to death and his body hung from a tree and used as a target.

Jesus Flores Magon, minister of the interior said he had not definite news from that state and did not believe the activity there had taken on very alarming proportions.

Orozco Still in Juarez This Morning.

By Associated Press.
Cuidad, Juarez, Aug. 6.—Orozco is still in Juarez. He was seen this morning by a representative of the Associated Press and declined to say when he would leave but six locomotives were steamed up, at noon headed south. It was announced that twenty-nine bridges have been burned this week by rebels between Madera and Guzman to prevent the federals following north.

Appropriation For Relief of Mormons.

By Associated Press.
Washington, D. C., Aug. 6.—Favorable reports on the Senate resolution appropriating \$100,000 for the relief and transportation of Mormon refugees gathered in El Paso was today agreed upon by the House military committee, which amended it to make the funds available for all points along the Mexican border. The original resolution provided for El Paso only.

ITALIAN FORCES DRIVE TURKS FROM ZUARA.

By Associated Press.
Rome, Italy, Aug. 6.—The Italian naval and military forces today occupied the town of Zuara, Tripoli, and the surrounding areas. The Italian troops suffered very few casualties. The Turks with their Arab allies retired to the desert. Zuara was practically their only remaining foothold.

Another Irrigation Company.

Austin, Texas, Aug. 5.—The Littlejohn Irrigation Company of Big Wells, Dimmitt county has filed articles of incorporation with the state department. The company is capitalized at \$150,000 and will irrigate 3,210 acres of land in Dimmitt county.

Gov. Wilson's Declaration.

By Associated Press.
Trenton, N. J., Aug. 6.—"We want to take the government out of the hands of trustees and put it in the hands of those we can trust." This was Governor Wilson's first campaign declaration expressed today to a delegation of Delaware Democrats.

THE NEGRO DELEGATE THROWS DARK SHADOW ATHWART CONVENTION

Fomented By Trusts.

By Associated Press.
Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 6.—Opposition to the Republican party and President Taft is "fomented by the prosecuted trusts," according to the declaration of the platform prepared by the resolutions committee to be presented to the Indiana Republican convention here today. More vigorous enforcement of anti-trust laws is called for.

ALL CANDIDATES FILE STATEMENTS

Successful Candidate in Most Instances
Spent More Than He Feared
Ours.

Today is the last day allowed candidates to file statements of their election expenses, the ten days provided by law expiring tonight. Most of those who ran in the primary have filed their statements, but several have not.

In almost every race, the successful candidate spent more than the defeated. There were exceptions, however, in the contests for representative and county superintendent, where the losers were put to greater expense than the winners. The statements filed so far, exclusive of those published Sunday, follow:

Walsh, clerk	\$134.35
Walker, sheriff	74.40
Greenwood Co. atty.	119.50
Randolph, sheriff	121.00
Felder, judge	157.59
Burns, constable	32.00
Johnson, Supt.	137.45
Ashworth, Electra J. P.	5.00
Napier, legislator	219.90
Dan Boone and T. B. Greenwood, rival candidates for county attorney, frankly stated that they spent \$5 each for drinks, cigars, etc. Sheriff Randolph puts a \$15 item under the head of "miscellaneous." Advertising, printing and traveling expenses were the principal items of expense.	

WOULD ESTABLISH ANOTHER DISTRICT

Joe Lancaster Argues That Panhandle Is Entitled to Congressional.

Dallas, Texas, Aug. 6.—J. E. Lancaster, one of the defeated candidates for Congressman at Largo, has issued the following:

"The Thirteenth and Sixteenth Congressional Districts embrace nearly one-half the area of Texas, and the last census shows a population of over 7,000,000, while these two districts have only two Congressmen. On these facts I made the contention that the Panhandle and the West were entitled to one of the two Congressmen to be elected at large.

"The votes received by the two Panhandle candidates make a clear plurality of the votes cast, and emphasize the equity of this claim, and with one candidate in the field the Panhandle and the West would have secured one of the Congressmen at large.

"In the face of these facts I sincerely hope in the next Legislature, which convenes in January, will carve a new Congressional district out of the Thirteenth and Sixteenth districts which can be done, and each district would have an excess of over 5,000 population.

"Such action by the Legislature would be an act of simple justice to this rapidly growing and developing section of the State.

"In acknowledging my defeat I desire to thank my friends throughout the State for their kindness and loyalty in my behalf.

"I shall return to my home at Plainview and continue to assist in the development of that section of the State. Very respectfully,
"JOE E. LANCASTER."

BLACKS WILL FIGHT ON CONVENTION FLOOR

Colonel Roosevelt is Given a Mighty Ovation By Bull Moosers

By Associated Press.
Chicago, Ill., Aug. 6.—When Col. Theodore Roosevelt appeared on the stage of the Progressive Convention to make his "Confession of faith" address, he faced one of the greatest audiences ever gathered in the coliseum building. The demonstration of delegates and spectators lasted nearly an hour.

BIG REVIVAL ON AT HENRIETTA

Town is Stirred and Old Time Power
of Conviction is Manifested—Other
Henrietta News.

Henrietta, Texas, Aug. 6.—Showers of rain have been falling here for several days and this morning there was a downpour estimated at two inches with good prospects of its raining throughout the day.

Joe Munday of Louisville, Ky., lecturer and missionary to fallen women lectured to a good crowd at the court house yesterday afternoon. He is at present trailing an unfortunate girl who loved unwisely and left her home in Kentucky six weeks ago to hide her shame. He has located her in a Texas town and expects to return her to her mother within a week.

Pastor Holland of the Baptist church has been doing some severe preaching in the meeting now in progress. The town is stirred as it has not been for years and the old time power in the conviction and conversion of sinners is being manifested. To date there have been thirty conversions and reclamations, twenty-one additions to the Baptist church and several have joined the other churches. The meeting is now on its third week and no one is able to see even the beginning of the end.

Constable Swend went out to the north end of the county Sunday evening and arrested Lawrence Green, a youth of about eighteen on a serious charge.

OWEN APPARENTLY LEADING IN OKLAHOMA

By Associated Press.
Oklahoma City, Aug. 6.—Charges that gross irregularities are being practiced in the state primary election today throughout Oklahoma, are being made in various sections, according to reports received here, but so far they have not taken the form of legal complaints and the issuance of warrants. The charges include the alleged forging of more than one hundred registration certificates in Oklahoma City.

Early reports indicate that United States Senator Robert L. Owen is leading former Governor C. N. Haskell in the race for the Democratic nomination for the Senate.

Attorney-General West gave out an opinion today that there was no law to prevent any voters from casting their ballot if they are registered. Efforts are being made to prevent Republicans registered as Democrats from voting, their intention being, it is alleged, to cast their ballot for Owen. West advised that election officials be arrested if they attempted to enforce an affidavit to support the candidates voted for at the primary.

PHONED POLICE SHE HAD KILLED HUSBAND

By Associated Press.
Houston, Texas, Aug. 6.—Mrs. Catherine Allen, who told the police by phone that she had killed her husband, George F. Allen, a wholesale meat dealer, has been formally charged with murder and is in jail having made no effort to secure bail.

It was 12:45 when Chairman Beveridge announced the arrival of Roosevelt at the hall. This was enough for the delegate and the galleries. They jumped to their feet and cheered. A minute later the Colonel appeared on the stage almost as if by magic. In the midst of the deafening din he stepped out onto the insulated platform under the big sounding board. He smiled his appreciation and waved his hand in greeting.

As the progressive convention assembled today it was announced that the temporary organization would be made permanent, former Senator Beveridge continuing to preside. Formal action was deferred until after Colonel Roosevelt's speech.

Delegates to the progressive gathering were slow again today in reaching their seats in the Coliseum. At 11:50 there were not more than 200 delegates present.

A great crowd of spectators and delegates crowded at the headquarters hotel, either to see the Colonel start triumphantly for the convention.

Negroes Threaten Fight On Floor of Convention.

By Associated Press.
Chicago, Aug. 6.—A report to the credentials committee was carried to Theodore Roosevelt this forenoon by Chairman Knox of Michigan, who, it was said, was anxious over the nature of the report to be made to the convention.

The leaders hope to avoid a fight on the floor but the threats of the negroes to appeal from the committee's decision to the entire convention caused some uneasiness.

The platform of the National Progressive party probably will not be completed until late today. A subcommittee on resolutions is at work on the mass of planks that have been turned in from many sources and endeavoring to get into a few words the ideas that all members of the committee agree upon.

When the subcommittee gets a tentative draft of the platform the full committee will meet and it is likely Colonel Roosevelt will be invited to meet with them.

Struggle Threatened Over Race Issue.

By Associated Press.
Chicago, Aug. 6.—A few hours before the National convention of the new progressive party resumed its sessions today, it faced the prospect of a struggle over the barring of southern negro delegates from the floor of the convention.

The protests of the negroes at the all-night session of the credentials committee availed them nothing, as the committee upheld the white delegates in every contest presented to it save in the case of Florida, where both white and negro delegates were unseated.

In this case, the hand of Roosevelt was seen, as he had indicated a desire that the progressive cause in the Southern States should be in the hands of white men.

He declined to comment on the action of the committee in the Mississippi case.

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ONE THIRD OFF

All Neckwear in the house at 35c or 3 for \$1.00 as long as they last

The Globe

Clothiers and Furnishers....

703 Ohio Avenue

BABY THROWN FROM CAR IN GRIP LIVES.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 6.—A baby girl apparently less than a week old, who had been placed in a valise and thrown from a train, was found on the

outskirts of Lincoln today by a laborer who carried the child to his home and notified the authorities. The infant seemingly had been lying for several hours beside the track but was little the worse for it. There is no clue to its parents.

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Res. Phone 555

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Latest additions: "Maude Baxter," by Hitchhiss; "The Highwayman," by Rowledge; "White Fang," by Jack London; "A Certain Rich Man," by White, and "Clever Betsey," by Burnham, together with various others. These books formerly

Sold for \$1.50, now 50c

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Is better than putting money in the bank—the increase in value is more than the bank interest, and you have the use of it all the time. I can sell you a beautiful stone of any desired karat, on

EASY PAYMENTS.

By the time you have paid for, it will be worth much more than it has cost. Let me tell you about my easy payment diamond-buying plan, and let me show you the beautiful collection I carry in stock.

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Walking In This Modern Country Is a Lost Art

Man No Longer Goes; He Is Sent



We Remain Packed In Trains For Hours

By Rev. VALGERON S. CRAPSEY.

Clergyman Socialist

IN this as in all civilized countries vagrancy is a crime, and yet, like all naughty things, it is nice. To wander care free, going by this road or that or by no road at all, eating what one finds, sleeping where one can—this is the very abandon of life.

IN LOSING THIS FREEDOM OF THE VAGRANT, MAN HAS PAID DEAR FOR WHAT HE CALLS HIS CIVILIZATION. HE NO LONGER GOES ANYWHERE; HE IS SENT.

Packed in railway and trolley cars, sentenced to sit CRAMPED FOR HOURS IN ONE PLACE, hunched like a bale of merchandise, he is hurled through space from his point of departure to his point of arrival.

Through the windows of the box in which one is confined one has glimpses of wooded hills and running waters, such as make one chafe against the confines of one's traveling prison and long for the freedom of the vagrant. YOUR TRAMP IS YOUR ONLY FREE MAN. His is the freedom of the road and of the woods. He has reverted to type. He BELONGS TO NATURE.

Whenever a civilized man attempts to enter into this life he can do it only as an amateur, not as a professional.

I attempted the vocation of a vagrant. I tasted a few of its joys, but always felt awkward and out of place. Instead of being carried from place to place I walked, and WALKING IN THESE MODERN DAYS AND IN THIS MODERN COUNTRY IS A LOST ART and is often considered foolish, sometimes even a crime.

By MANUEL UGARTE. Novelist and

Latin America Has Lost Faith In Us

Poet of Argentine Republic

I HAVE full confidence and complete faith in the good sense and fundamental honor of this admirable United States; but, busied in its own productive and beneficent labor, it is doubtless ignorant of the use that is being made of its strength in neighboring territories.

IT NO DOUBT IS UNAWARE THAT THE MOST ACRID ANTI-PATHY IS BEING REARED AGAINST IT IN THE REST OF THE NEW WORLD, UNCONSCIOUS OF THE INJUSTICE THAT IS BEING COMMITTED IN ITS NAME, AND FINALLY THAT, WITHOUT SO MUCH AS SUSPECTING IT, THROUGH THE WORK OF AMBITIOUS AND ADVENTUROUS POLITICIANS THERE IS BEING BORN IN LATIN AMERICA AN ERA OF HOSTILITY, OF LASTING ANTAGONISM, THE CONSEQUENCES OF WHICH WILL INJURE US ALL.

A journey recently made through all Latin America convinced me that the blind restlessness and disquietude that beset all my people are organizing and crystallizing into an ALERT AND VIGOROUS MOVEMENT OF PROTEST AGAINST THE IMPERIALISM OF THE UNITED STATES.

Country Is In Need of Rest From Agitators

By GEORGE B. HUGO, President of the Employers' Association of Massachusetts

OUR COUNTRY UNDOUBTEDLY NEEDS A REST FROM PROFESSIONAL MISCHIEF MAKING AGITATORS AND UNIVERSAL FIXERS OF EVERYTHING—MORAL, POLITICAL AND ECONOMIC. IT DOES NOT NEED A REST, THOUGH, FROM THOSE HONEST AGITATORS WHO VIGOROUSLY ATTACK EXISTING ABUSES AND ADVOCATE DESIRABLE REFORMS.

The pure food agitation, for instance, deserves every encouragement. The "swat the fly" movement is also productive of general good. But because it is it DOES NOT FOLLOW THAT WE SHOULD SWAT EVERYTHING THAT FLIES, CRAWLS OR WALKS. We seem, though, to have entered into a NATIONAL SWATTING CONTEST, evident in many diverging lines of endeavor. Some of these, while not productive of good, are NOT DANGEROUS TO THE PUBLIC AT LARGE.

But this cannot be said of that type of agitators, inciters of class hatred, advocates of lawlessness and violence, who frankly declare, "The question of right or wrong does not concern us." They attack by this teaching the very fundamentals of morality and are therefore a positive MENACE TO THE COUNTRY.

Try a TIMES Want Ad

SEMI-ANNUAL CORSET EXHIBITION

If you want to see the newest creations in good corsets, visit our store this week. We are now displaying one of the largest and choicest assortments of attractive corsets ever offered in this locality.



HENDERSON Fashion Form Corsets

We call attention particularly to the new *Henderson Corsets*.

These models are so individualized that we can guarantee a perfect fitting, comfortable corset for figures of every proportion that will produce a most fashionable and graceful effect.

Henderson Corsets will give the stylish, slender lines that this season's styles require. The lasting service afforded by these artistic corsets and their splendid wearing quality make them the most satisfactory corsets that we have ever offered at popular prices.

Our skillful corsetieres are at your service for advice, demonstrations and fittings.

We cordially invite your attendance at this special exhibition.

Pennington's

Public Dance

AT Lake Wichita Pavillion

Every Monday, Wednesday and Friday night, 8:45 to 11:15 p. m.

Music by Katz Orchestra
Admission 50c—Ladies Free

Hall Produce Co.

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Pay the highest cash price for Poultry and Eggs
We buy all poultry and eggs brought to us.
F. HALL, Proprietor.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Wichita Falls Route.			
Northbound—			
No. 4 Lv Wichita Falls	4:00 a.m.	No. 4 Ar Woodward	3:00 p.m.
No. 2 Lv Wichita Falls	5:15 a.m.	No. 2 Ar Elk City	2:40 p.m.
No. 3 Ar Elk City	8:55 p.m.	Southbound—	
No. 1 Lv Elk City	5:35 a.m.	No. 1 Ar Wichita Falls	12:05 p.m.
No. 3 Lv Woodward	12:20 p.m.	No. 3 Ar Wichita Falls	11:45 p.m.
Altus Wellington Branch			
No. 5 Lv Altus	9:10 a.m.	No. 6 Ar Wellington	11:50 a.m.
No. 5 Lv Wellington	12:35 p.m.	No. 6 Ar Altus	3:25 p.m.
Wichita Falls and Newcastle			
No. 11 Lv Wichita Falls	2:30 p.m.	No. 11 Ar Newcastle	6:05 p.m.
No. 12 Lv Newcastle	8:15 a.m.	No. 12 Ar Wichita Falls	11:50 a.m.
Fort Worth and Denver			
Northbound— Arrive Leave			
No. 1	1:40 p.m.	1:50 p.m.	
No. 3	12:20 p.m.	12:40 p.m.	
No. 7	2:30 a.m.	3:45 a.m.	
Electra local departs		7:00 a.m.	
Southbound— Arrive Leave			
No. 2	1:50 p.m.	1:55 p.m.	
No. 8	2:45 a.m.	2:55 a.m.	
No. 4	12:01 p.m.	12:30 p.m.	
Local from Electra Arrives		6:00 p.m.	
Missouri, Kansas & Texas			
Eastbound—			
No. 273 Lv Wichita Falls	6:20 a.m.	No. 18 Lv Wichita Falls	1:30 p.m.
Westbound—			
No. 211 Ar Wichita Falls	11:00 p.m.	No. 17 Ar Wichita Falls	11:30 p.m.

THE LOST Has Been Found

We wish to thank all who assisted in the finding and assure you that it is our aim to give you just what you buy and guarantee every article you get from us.

If you don't care to cook during these hot days; just think, we have many things ready cooked, such as cabbage, ham, spaghetti, rice, beans, okra, kraut, sweet potatoes, hominy, bread, and many other things read to eat.

King's Grocery

717 Seventh St.
Phone 261

Our grape juice will help to keep you well these hot days.



BUT YOU WILL GET THERE. If you buy your feed and coal from us, Nettleline is the best and only reliable cow feed on the market; try a sack and be convinced.

Plenty of good mixed chicken feed also straight wheat. Get a can of Cowease and a spray that will sure keep the flies off of your stock. All kinds of poultry remedies, the best that's made.

MARICLE COAL CO.

Phone 487 809 Indiana Ave.

THE WORLD MOVES

So does Sam P. Sproles' construction works move buildings either frame, brick or stone. Also shoring work. We have all equipments for handling and installing heavy machinery, and hoisting. No building too small or too large, no place too far. Houses bought and sold.

SAM P. SPROLES CONSTRUCTION CO.
Phone 930 P. O. Box 33
Wichita Falls, Texas.

A step's house gown looks neat if worn with a Spirella Corset. Fitted to your individual measure; brings out beauty lines; subdues irregularities. Let me show you how to wear it, also the Spirella. Boning—the 'why' of the comfortable, shape-retaining Spirella Corset. Home fitting exclusively. Don't visit or phone me. Mrs. Nannie Jenne, Phone 464.

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Walks, Curbing, Steps, Cement Work, Floors, Foundations, Street Crossings
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TRANSFER AND STORAGE

I have added the storage business to my transfer line and will take for storage household goods and merchandise. Twenty-four years of fair dealing and good service is my record in Wichita Falls.

B. F. CRAWFORD.
Phone—Office 975; Residence 288

RIGHT UP TO THE MINUTE



Every detail of our business is right up to now. Our goods are the best it is possible to make, and we get them to you with our Auto delivery while they're still warm from the oven.

Flag the Auto Bread Wagon for the best bread and pastries.

The Cream Bakery

V. E. STAMPFLI, Prop.

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ESTABLISHED 1884

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United States Depository

Capital...\$100,000.00
Surplus...\$107,500.00

We issue drafts direct on all the principal Cities of Europe.

We want your account.

We promise you every accommodation consistent with sound banking.

You Need Cash!

Often, for want of a small amount of CASH, the chance of a lifetime to secure a home or business interest is lost. Opportunity slips by the careless. Don't let it slip by YOU. Be ready with ready money in your bank account. If you haven't one—start one—HERE, NOW.

This Bank Offers Safety—Security—Strength

First State Bank & Trust Company

(Guaranty Fund Bank)

Automobile Accessories, Fire-stone Tires, Vulcanizing

The only exclusive Auto Supply Store in Wichita Falls—Phone 219
WESTERN AUTO SUPPLY COMPANY Seventh St.

Try a TIMES Want Ad.

Many Tex.-Okla. League Players Bought By Texas League Teams

"Squee" Lawrence and "Lefty" Mullins, respectively third baseman and pitcher of the Drillers left last night for Dallas, where they will join the Dallas team of the Texas league today. If they make good, the local management will get \$100 for Lawrence and \$250 for Mullins.

Deals for the sale of Kizlar, Phillips and Myers are still pending and these players may also be disposed of. Quite a number of Texas-Oklahoma players have gone to the better leagues.

Hety Green, who opened the season with Durant and was later purchased by Denison, is now with Dallas and won Thursday's game against Galveston by a score of 12 to 3, allowing only five hits. Green is a big fellow and has a splitter that is a puzzle to most of the stick wielders. He is still the property of Denison but Dallas has an option on him and doubtless will purchase him outright in the near future.

Lefty Russell went from Bonham to Fort Worth. He is a youngster and this is his brief season in organized ball. He is a farm boy, his parents living on a small place just north of Bonham. With proper training at this early age he should develop into a wonder. Matthews, also from Bonham, has been signed by Dallas. This is his first time to go up, having tried out with one or two Texas League teams before. He has played in the Western Association and Western League. He has a good head and works well in the pinches.

Chester Bobó a little red-haired catcher, secured by Denison from Austin early last spring, was called to Waco by Downey immediately after the close of the Texas-Oklahoma League and has worked all this week.

Babe Peebles, a member of the Houston team, but who has been with Denison for the past six weeks, has been recalled by that team and played right field for the Buffaloes in Thursday's and Friday's games against the Senators. Peebles is a pitcher and

has a bunch of smoke that gets most of the batters, but he injured his arm at Galveston early this season and has since been in the outer garden. He hoped to remain out of the game the remainder of the season and stated that he intended putting his arm under the care of a Houston specialist, with the intention of resuming his pitching next spring. He pitched one game in Denison against Sherman and for nine innings the Sherman batters walked and walked back to the bench, only three hits being secured. But the next day his arm was out of commission.

Clarence Covington, the young brother of Tex Covington, formerly with the Detroit Tigers and now with Providence in the United League, reported to Galveston at Dallas and expects to get in the game soon. This is the youngster's first season on the circuit. He was picked as a member of the star team of the Texas-Oklahoma circuit for first base. During the first half of the Texas-Oklahoma series he played sensational ball both on the field and at the bat, but during the latter part of the season slumped somewhat in his stick work. His height, six feet two inches, together with his agility, makes him an ideal first sacker. Galveston asked for him two months ago but the locals refused to allow him to leave at that time.

In the first few games of the season Mullins fared badly, but as the weather got warmer, he improved steadily until at the end of the season he was the class of the league among the southpaws. He has excellent control and a variety of curves, in addition to being one of the best-hitting pitchers in the circuit. In all the "all-star" teams selected by sporting writers for this league, Mullins was included in the pitching staff.

Kizlar, right-fielder, may be sold to Houston, but the deal is not closed. Several other deals are pending.

Secretary Atkins Picks All-Star Texas-Oklahoma League Team

The all-star Texas-Oklahoma league selections of Secretary Atkins of the league agree in several places with those suggested by this paper several weeks ago. Mr. Atkins' selections follow:

Catchers—Townsend of Sherman; Hornbuckle of Durant.
First Base—Covington of Denison.
Second Base—Reid of Sherman.
Shortstop—McAvoy of Ardmore.
Third Base—Harper of Durant.
Right Field—Naylor of Ardmore.
Center Field—Brown of Wichita Falls.

Left Field—Stewart and Williamson of Sherman.
Pitchers—Napier of Sherman; Adams of Durant; Green of Denison; Schultz of Ardmore; Russell of Bonham and Mullins of Wichita Falls.
Manager—Fred Morris of Wichita Falls.

Hornbuckle, Napier, Adams, Green, Mullins, Reid and Harper were among "The Times" selections. Mr. Atkins' comment on the selections, as published in the Denison Herald, follows:

"In picking an all-star team for the Texas-Oklahoma league I have not taken those men who would make a sensational play one minute and make a mess of the next opportunity, but have weighed carefully the value of each man including his fielding, batting, base running and judgment. The ginger kept in a game by a desire to win all games goes to make a winning ball team.
"I would like Townsend of Sherman and Hornbuckle of Durant as

catchers, more for their consistent work than for any other reason. At first base, C. Covington of Denison wins over Yost of Sherman as no competitor. Perhaps Kerr of Denison would have played better if he had been in condition. At short McAvoy of Ardmore leads easily both in offensive and defensive. At third, Harper of Durant has the call over all others. In selecting an outfielder there are several close bidders. It must be conceded by all that Brown of Wichita Falls should have center field and A. Naylor of Ardmore gets the right garden because of his ability to slam the ball to the fence. Left field is almost a toss-up between Stewart and Williamson of Sherman. Both men are fast on the bases and while Williamson is the better hitter Stewart excels in fielding by a small margin. Tbebo of Denison, while out of condition most of the time, was a great fielder and base runner, as also was Peebles, who had a sore arm. Other men worthy of mention are Abell of Denison and Conkrite of Sherman.

"As to the pitchers, Napier of Sherman leads. Allowing six pitchers I think that Adams of Durant, Green of Denison, Schultz of Ardmore, Russell of Bonham and Mullins of Wichita Falls should be the other five. Outside of them Matthews of Bonham, Baxter and Jones of Wichita Falls and Kerr of Sherman deserve special mention. As manager Ferd Morris of Wichita Falls tops them all."

BASEBALL CALENDAR

Texas League.
Dallas 6, San Antonio 2.
Beaumont 3, Austin 2.
Houston 6, Waco 0.
Fort Worth-Galveston; rain.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
San Antonio at Dallas.
Galveston at Fort Worth.
Beaumont at Austin.
Houston at Waco.

STANDING OF TEAMS

Clubs	P	W	L	Pct.
Houston	111	67	44	.604
San Antonio	115	63	52	.591
Waco	115	66	49	.574
Dallas	111	58	53	.523
Austin	115	62	53	.542
Beaumont	112	49	63	.437
Fort Worth	112	47	65	.420
Galveston	112	46	66	.411

American League.
Detroit 4, New York 2.
Cleveland 3, Boston 1.
St. Louis 12, Philadelphia 4.
Washington 8, Chicago 7.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY
Washington at Chicago.
Boston at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at St. Louis.
New York at Detroit.

STANDING OF TEAMS

Clubs	P	W	L	Pct.
Boston	102	69	33	.676
Washington	102	64	38	.623
Philadelphia	100	58	42	.580
Chicago	99	50	49	.505
Detroit	103	51	52	.495
Cleveland	101	46	55	.455
New York	97	32	65	.323
St. Louis	99	32	67	.330

The GREATEST PLAY I EVER SAW

AS TOLD TO Hush S. Fullerton

By FRANK McNICHOLS.

Manager and infielder of the Champion Semi-Pro West Ends of Chicago, and Member Illinois Legislature.

When they told me last winter that Jimmy Callahan was going to quit the semi-pro field in Chicago and return to the major leagues, I felt certain he would set the American league afire. I knew what he had been doing in the local field in Chicago, and that the talk about him not being able to come back was foolish, on the grounds that the only time he was away was on a visit to lively company. Callahan in a way had been wasting his sweetness on desert air, for he was for three years pulling off plays in semi-professional games in and around Chicago that would have set big league crowds crazy.

I believe the greatest play I ever saw, either in the big or little leagues, was made by Callahan a couple of years ago on the West End grounds. He pitched part of the game and retired with his team a shade to the good, and went to center field. I believe his Logan Square team had as best as two runs when he left the slab, because he felt his arm weakening a bit, and in the seventh inning we cut down the lead to one, hitting the pitcher who had relieved Callahan, hard. It came to the ninth with the Logan Square team still lead-



FRANK McNICHOLS.

ing by one run, and they scored one in the first of that inning and we came to bat for the last time two runs to the bad. The first batter made a hard try, but Callahan pulled down a line drive. The next one singled and the third doubled, putting runners on second and third, with two out. Callahan came running in from center field to spar for time and steady the young pitcher, and I believe it was while he was walking back to the field that he began scheming the play he made. I was on the bench and noticed that Cal went only about half as far to the center field as he usually played, and at the same time he motioned to his right and left fielders not to come in close, as I expected, but to swing in toward center and far out so as to cover him up in case the ball was hit over his head. It looked to be queer baseball, but as the batter was a dead center field hitter, I scented Cal's idea and began yelling to the batter to hit that ball on the ground. Instead he drove it on a low line straight over second base. It was darting toward the ground not more than 15 feet back of the bag, and the runners, of course, not knowing Cal had changed position, fore for home with me and the coaches yelling our heads off trying to stop them. I quit suddenly, for it seemed impossible for Cal to reach the ball. He was coming full tilt when he saw he could not reach it, and he simply threw himself forward, dived and scooped the ball before it hit the ground. There wasn't a bit of trouble for him to complete the double play. He hit on one shoulder, turned a somersault and rolled—rolled clear to the base, and turning over, sat on the bag with the ball in his hands and the game was over—finished by the most wonderful piece of fielding and planning I ever witnessed.

(Copyright by W. G. Chapman.)

Wilkins' Jest.
In the war department there is a portrait of more than usual interest. It is that of William Wilkins, secretary of war in the Tyler cabinet, who is pointed to as a man who saved his own life by a jest. He was one of the party of distinguished men who were entertained on the United States gunboat Princeton as the vessel made a trial trip down the Potomac. President Tyler was on board also. As the usual salute was fired as the gunboat passed Mount Vernon a gun exploded, killing two of the cabinet officers and Senator Gardner of New York.

Wilkins was on the boat but he missed the explosion. He had jokingly remarked: "Although I am secretary of war I do not like the firing of guns and I am going to slip away during the saluting."
He thereby saved his life. It is said President Tyler at this incident met the lady who afterward became his bride.

Economy.
Ker-Smith—Here's \$2.50; you'd better take a cab to the depot.
Mrs. Ker-Smith—You know, John, I never ride in anything but a taxi.
Ker-Smith—Oh, in that case, stay where you are. I'll have the depot moved up here; it will be less expensive.

Temple—The Temple Trust company has been organized in this city, capital stock \$200,000.

You Really Can't Serve too Many Good Beans!

PHONES 432 & 232

YOU GET IT QUICK.

Good baked beans is a food that is so thoroughly appreciated by the majority of people that it is almost impossible to serve them too often. I know of families that are using them three or four times a week and would eat them oftener except that they feel they ought to have a little variety.

It depends somewhat on the kind of beans that you serve whether you can do this or not. Snyder's pork and beans have a reputation that it will be difficult to improve upon. The quality of beans, the method of preparation, the seasoning and all, are everything that you could desire and makes an extremely tasty dish whether eaten hot or cold. I have three sizes of cans; Number one at 10c, Number 2 at 15c, Number 3 at 20c. I advise the purchase of these in dozen lots at the following prices: Number 1 at \$1.10, Number 2 at \$1.65, Number 3 at \$2.25.

C. H. HARDEMAN



National Banks are chartered by the United States government and their affairs are closely looked after, not only by the officers of the banks, but the government as well. Frequent examinations, stringent regulations and wise precautions more than doubly safeguard your funds. This is a National Bank and is conducted in a way that merits your confidence.—The government keeps an account here.
Let OUR Bank be YOUR Bank.

City National Bank

Under Control of United States Government

Cash! Cash!

Everybody is After It

DEPOSIT—In the WICHITA STATE BANK—THE GUARANTY BANK. Where it is absolutely safe—where you know you can get it any time.

- WHY?
- 1st. BECAUSE—We have one of the best and safest safes money can buy, to keep your money in. Come in and let us show you.
 - 2nd. BECAUSE—We carry insurance against any loss from burglars or holdups.
 - 3rd. BECAUSE—Our officers are all under bond for the faithful performance of their duty.
 - 4th. BECAUSE—The non-interest bearing and unsecured deposits of this BANK are GUARANTEED by the GUARANTY FUND OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

The Wichita State Bank

Wichita Falls, Texas

McClurkan's For Shoes This Week

WICHITA DAILY TIMES

Published Every Week Day Afternoon (Except Saturday) And on Sunday Morning.

WICHITA TIMES PUBLISHING COMPANY (Printers and Publishers)

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Entered at the Postoffice at Wichita Falls as second-class mail matter

Wichita Falls, Texas, August 6th, 1912.

305 ORIGINAL DESIGN 305

Wichita Falls is not kicking about the mud thank you, but these timely rains have accentuated the absence of sidewalks in scattered places over the city.

Defeated candidates may take consolation in the prospect that conditions will soon be so prosperous here that everybody will be making more money than the office holder draws.

It's none of our affair you understand, but the Times would just like to know how those Kansas City editors made the discovery that the ladies of that city were wearing men's half hose.

A New York man advertises that he will pay \$1,000,000 for a perfect wife. There are lots of them to be had, but we doubt very much if the woman who accepts the proposition can fill the bill. Perfect wives are not usually for sale at any price.

Prospects are good for an increased acreage to wheat in Wichita county for next year. Much agricultural land that was allowed to lay out this year will be sowed to wheat this fall. The rains of the past few days, have put a good season in the ground, and just as soon as farmers can get into their fields plowing will begin.

Those who enjoy an acquaintance with Col. Bill Edwards of the Henrietta Review can easily understand why the editorial page of that most excellent paper is always so bright and interesting. And yet, it is too bad to think that Col. Bill is compelled to reside in Henrietta. But he deserves some punishment.

More than a million barrels of oil is being brought to the surface at Electra every three months. At present prices this oil is worth \$750,000. Another field, which many operators believe will be of equal productivity is being opened fifteen miles north of the city. A third is being developed sixteen miles northeast of Wichita and there is a possibility of a fourth south of us. Come to Wichita Falls.

The demand for duck eggs is never so great as that for hen eggs. The reason for this is probably because that when a duck lays an egg she waddles off and says nothing, but it is very different with the hen. When anything like that happens to her she makes a terrible noise about it, thereby getting

all the advertising possible. Get the ideal. The merchant may have a splendid stock of goods, but its sale is slow for the reason he reasons that he has done his part by buying the goods, marking them up and displaying them on his shelves or on the floor of his place of business, and wonders why business is so dull with him while it is better with his competitor who has no better stock. The reason, generally, is that his competitor, like the hen, is using his best endeavors to advertise his business.

In notifying President Taft of his re-nomination, Senator Root made use of the following: "Your title to the nomination is as clear and unimpeachable as the title of any candidate since the political conventions began." That in an affair the Republicans themselves must settle. It is very evident, however, that the biggest half of those Republicans whose votes count in a presidential election were for the nomination of Roosevelt. As to whether they are still of that opinion and will follow their leader by voting for him in November will be a matter to be determined later. This much is as certain as anything can well be that has not already happened: the split in the Republican ranks is greater by far than any that has ever divided the Democrats, and for that reason the Democrats, who are united on Wilson and Marshall, save a few deserters like Hearst are going to elect their ticket in November by the largest popular vote a Democratic or Republican presidential ticket was ever before elected by. The reason for this outcome is that those disgusted and disgruntled Republicans who cannot stand for the methods employed by Taft to secure his nomination are going to vote with the Democrats this year, or for Roosevelt. Mr. Taft will not secure their votes.

WHY THEY SUPPORT WILSON.

A list of 2500 Republicans who have written to Governor Wilson signifying their intention to vote for him has been compiled by clerks at the Wilson headquarters. Many of the letters in closed contributions. These facts are highly significant. The ordinary voter does not write to inform a candidate of his intentions nor does he make campaign contributions. For every one of these men there must be a large number of other Republicans who have quietly made up their minds to vote the Democratic ticket. This is but the beginning of the campaign. The battle is scarcely on yet, and these men represent only the first wave of the stream that will pour over the party barrier before election day.

President Taft has been tried and found wanting. With all his undoubted ability he lacks capacity for organizing and leadership. He does not understand the times, he has antagonized the people. He is a reactionary to the tariff and his attempts to curb monopoly have resulted in failure. Colonel Roosevelt could not have had a party if it had not been for the initial act of bad faith by which he became a candidate. He has been tried and found wanting, but entirely too adept in doing what he ought not to do. He stands where Taft stands on the tariff and where the steel trust stands on the law against monopoly.

The Democratic party by its record in the lower house of congress, by its platform, by its unbossed party government and its unshackled candidates promises firm and intelligent action under the constitution against current abuses. That is the reason Republicans are supporting the candidacy of Woodrow Wilson.—St. Louis Republic.

TEXAS PRESS PICKINGS.

Build for Future.
Dallas Times Herald: Real constructive work for a State, is done by earnest bands of specialists in their own particular professions or vocations. These organizations are composed of men and women who make a careful study of some particular subject and then give their findings to the public. Few legislatures have had the time to go into a proposition carefully, solve it for themselves and then enact laws based on their own findings. The hardest research work is done by patriotic specialists. Chief among these are in session this week at College Station. These people, who have devoted much of their lives to the advancement of the State's agricultural interests, accomplished much in days gone by and the results of their efforts are written on the statute books.

The Farmers' Congress not only lends its ear to practical experiences of the actual farmer, but listens attentively to the arguments of the agricultural college professor. Theory and practice meet here. Compromise is made on disputable questions and these facts are free to all. The Farmer's Congress is one of the most potent factors for the State's advancement. It has proved its worth in the past and will be of inestimable benefit to the people of the Lone Star State in years to come.

Another organization, more recently formed, has the same opportunity for worthy accomplishment in the future. This is the Texas Welfare Commission, an outgrowth of the Commercial Secretaries' Association. Business men of high standing have banded together to study economic problems, solve them and give their discoveries to the people. All this unselfish and patriotic devotion to the interests of all means much to a commonwealth having the richest possibilities of any State in the Union.

Punish Pistol Toters.

Dallas Democrat: Leonard Potts, a negro of the desperado type, killed Policeman Tedford in Dallas, one week ago. Four days later, while a fugitive fleeing from justice, he killed Sheriff Stevens of Red River County at Clarksville, while that officer was attempting his arrest.

Hordes of hundreds of men are searching the Red River Valley for the negro, with the avowed intention to burn him at the stake if he shall fall into their hands. Scores of public peace officers are attempting to capture and imprison the double-murderer, that he may be tried and punished according to law. It is to be hoped that they may succeed; but judged from past incidents of kindred character, their chances are small. The man-hunt is more likely to add another tragedy to the sanguinary chapter already written.

And these crimes of Leonard Potts, negro desperado and murderer, once again emphasize the necessity for making pistol carrying a felony punishable by imprisonment—with the exception of the cases of bona fide peace officers. Men cannot be prevented from using pistols until they are prevented from carrying them.

The legislature should pass a law making it a felony, punishable by imprisonment, for any person, except a peace officer, to carry a pistol. Until such a law shall be enacted and enforced, crimes like those committed by Leonard Potts will continue to startle the public. No law-abiding person should desire to carry a pistol, and no man carries a pistol continually without expecting at some time or other to use it. If vicious men were prevented from carrying them through drastic law restraints, peaceably inclined men would have no excuse for carrying them.

The next legislature should make pistol-carrying a felony.

Get Land.

Fort Worth Star-Telegram: To the Star-Telegram's way of thinking Texas has a splendid opportunity at hand to create in its youth the love of home and country by urging the acquisition of a bit of land—a five-acre farm or a suburban lot or two. Then, too, there isn't an acre of land or town lot in Texas today but that will increase in value right along. And neither will it ever be quite so cheap as now. Youth is vigorous and lively and optimistic

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The reason for the cheapness of everything in Capitol stationery headquarters is that the stationery store makes not a shadow of profit. The handsomely engraved paper is bought "flat." The cutting and engraving are done at the government printing offices; so is the lithographing. Pens, pencils, ink, mullage, paste, clips, erasers and every other sort of supplies sold to the congressman at manufacturers' cost. At such low prices the \$125 more than covers the office expense of the busiest congressman.

It rarely has been known that the appropriation has been exceeded. But there is one other advantage—all the unexpended balance comes to the congressman in cash, and if he does not care to purchase at the stationery store, he can have the money in advance and make his purchases elsewhere. The older men of congress, many of them, long ago learned the trick of getting the use of \$125 for a whole year without interest.

Annually, at the opening of congress, at least three-quarters of the members of the house draw their \$125 in money; they buy their office supplies on "tick." At the beginning of their second year of office, they settle their bills for the preceding session, again drawing down the difference. This system has been going on for a generation.

Another cause for remark in connection with the stationery room of the Capitol has been the tremendous supply of social stationery and pretty little desk ornaments and implements, such as attract the eye of women. In the stationery rooms which may be purchased—handbags, fancy reticules, pocketbooks, the daintiest of note paper, scented and otherwise; pearl or silver handled desk implements—an endless array of pretty little knick-knacks which a mere man would scorn to use as an embellishment of an office desk.

The affable clerks of the stationery room will explain that this fancy goods department is an outgrowth of the habit of the American legislator to elect his whole family to office along with himself. The \$125 goes a long way and the stationery room at Christmas, Easter and other gift-making seasons is as busy a mart as any similar store in the national capital—and everything at cost.

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The Gem

the only exclusive Motion Picture Theatre in the city.

Change of program Every Day. Night show at 7:30. Matinee at 2:30.

"The Hieroglyphics." "Aunt Miranda's Cat." "Winter Logging in Maine." "The Squire's Fate."

ELMER WRIGHT, Manager

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Our system of merchandising has reduced the cost of groceries, hardware, crockery tinware—woodenware, implements, buggies, harness, for hundreds of patrons. We can show "a how it will save you money to trade here."

Farmers Supply Co.

Phone 449 J. T. GANT, Manager Mississippi Street

and looks not for the rainy day that usually comes along when Old Forty Years applies the brakes to a slowdown that younger men may take up the running. We have boys' corn clubs, and hog clubs, and beef clubs; we have boys' scouts; we have amusement and instruction for the youth in our Young Men's Christian Association organizations; we have our live wire clubs for young men; likewise, we have many congresses and associations for grown-ups who are working to correct past economic errors in progress and development that those who are coming along to take their place at the day's work may be more free from influences which retard advancement and commerce. Any way the idea is this: Since all these clubs and organizations for the betterment of the youth of Texas are more or less correlated, why not inaugurate a movement for a town-plot or five-acre farm for every young Texas? Would not that inspire thrift and good citizenship and develop acquisitive energy? Wouldn't that literally graduate a patriotic Texas? Make every young man in Texas a Texas land owner. Possibly the thought is too idealistic, but so much has been accomplished for the good of the youth of Texas that it may not be impossible or impracticable. What about it?

Pace That Kills.

Galveston Tribune: The turning of night into day, the feverish passion to taste ever new diversion, the indulgence of every appetite which the purse can afford, must bring about its own final reckoning, and this without going out into the unknown beyond the grave where we are told that "every man shall give an account of the deeds done in the flesh." Burning the candle at both ends may be a capital plan of illumination, but the cost is to be reckoned and paying the cost cannot be evaded. The young man may escape the fate that has brought death or permanent injury to thousands of joy riders, but the practice has inflamed his blood and some day he will come face to face with the same problem that confronted the Georgia man and probably find like he that the fever had mastered his blood and his will power had surrendered to the pace that kills and the grim reaper stood at the threshold and demanded his toll. It is no wonder that the American has been accused to as being of an "irritable temperament" or that neuritis was our most prevalent malady. That the pace is nerve racking we are willing to admit, but not too many of us are willing to apply the brakes.

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MEMORIAL TO APPLE TREE

Probably the Baldwin apple is the best known variety in existence. For over a century it has been widely raised and in spite of the fact that scores of other sorts have come into the market to dispute its popularity, it is still the favorite among a great many growers and consumers.

There has long been a dispute about the discovery of the original tree and the controversy has not yet been settled to the satisfaction of all concerned. The fact seems to be, however, that a certain Williams Butters, living in the town of Wilmington, Mass., about fourteen miles north of Boston, found a prolific tree growing in the woods and transplanted it to his farm. That was long before the Revolutionary war. Years afterward, Samuel Thompson, a revolutionary veteran, came across the tree while on a surveying expedition. At that time it had been made the home of a family of woodpeckers and the birds had pecked a row of holes around it. For that reason Colonel Thompson often referred to it as the pecker tree. He carried some of the fruit home, and the members of his family were so pleased with the apples that he visited the tree again and cut a number of scions, which were grafted onto trees in his orchard. When these trees began to bear fruit, some of the apples were given to Col. Loammi Baldwin, a neighbor, who was so much impressed with the quality and flavor that he cut many scions from the old tree and began propagating new stock on a large scale. This stock was spread broadcast in Massachusetts, and as a compliment to Colonel Baldwin his friends gave his name to this apple.

The Butters farm house still stands and a depression in the ground not far away is pointed out as the place where the father of all Baldwin apple trees formerly stood, the original tree itself having been blown down in a terrific gale early in the last century.

In 1895 the Rumford Historical association erected a monument to mark the site of the old tree. The square granite shaft is surmounted by a great stone apple to represent a perfect specimen of the Baldwin variety. The date of the discovery of the "pecker" tree is given on the monument as 1793, but there is considerable doubt as to the correctness of this date. There is little question, however, as to the location being the proper one, although at one time no less than six towns near Boston and one in Maine were claiming the honor of having possessed the original Baldwin tree. As it is, the surviving members of the Butters family believe they should not be ignored, as it was a Butters who first domesticated this variety, and the Thompsons naturally think that the apple should really bear their name, as a Thompson was first to start it on its road to fame.

The whole question as to the origin of the apple had become such an involved one that the state legislature took a hand in the matter and appointed a committee to investigate the matter. This committee determined what it believed to be the exact location of the original tree on the Butters farm and marked it on the state map of Wilmington.

QUEER CAS-CHROM OF SKYE



Peat cutting for fuel is in the spring the staple industry of the natives in many parts of the Highlands, and in Skye the ancient form of cas-chrom or spade is still in use. This implement seems like a clumsy invention but it is admirably adapted for the condition in which it is employed. The long handle affords a powerful lever to dislodge the frequent large stones and the sods are cut with surprising speed.

WATER USED BY ONE CITY

Taking the whole population of the world at 1,500,000,000 people, some idea can be formed of the vastness New York's water supply. If every man, woman and child on the face of the earth were to walk up to the lakes and reservoirs which supply New York city with water, and each to pour in two gallons of water, it would not be enough to last that city ten days.

WONDERFUL FUR COATS

Lady Ashburton, the former New York beauty, caused 5,000 mules to be trapped on her English estate and their skins made into coats and muffs for her three American sisters. The coats contain 800 skins each and the muffs each between 80 and 90 skins.

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BUY LOCAL PLANT AS INVESTMENT

VICE PRESIDENT HALEY OF TEXAS WATER AND LIGHT COMPANY IN THE CITY

OWN MANY OTHER PLANTS

New Owners Preparing To Take Charge of Water and Light Plant Here Soon.

Arrangements for the taking over of the property of the Wichita Falls Water and Light company, recently purchased by the Texas Water and Light company, are now being completed and the new concern will soon take active charge of the properties. George S. Haley of Dallas, vice president of the company, was in the city this morning looking over the plant. It is understood that this same company will also acquire the Wichita Falls Traction company, although the sale of the latter property has not been consummated.

The water and light property was purchased simply as an investment, Mr. Haley said. The company which he represents is acquiring similar concerns in North and East Texas, finding it more economical to operate a number of companies in this way owing to the saving in purchase of supplies and in overhead expense. The company now owns twelve plants in Texas and is acquiring more. It has interests in Waco, Hillsboro, Temple, Waxahatchie, McKinney, Gainesville, Sherman, Denison, Bonham, Paris, Tyler, Corsicana and other places.

J. F. Strickland, who is president of the company, also heads the corporation which is building the interurbans from Dallas to Waco and Corsicana and the power company will furnish the current to operate the line.

The Texas Water and Light company will erect an enormous power station at Waco from which power will be furnished to a number of towns in Central Texas. The power will be transmitted on overhead wires strung on 90-foot steel towers across the country, 700 feet apart, the wires carrying 60,000 volts. Thus, the resident of Corsicana will have his home lighted with electricity generated in Waco.

Mr. Haley does not know who will be placed in charge of the company's interests here, nor is he prepared to say what changes will be made in policies or charges. After inspection of the plant here, he said it compared very favorably with those in larger cities of the State. He was much impressed with the lake and considered it a very valuable asset.

In discussing the sale this morning, J. A. Kemp said he considered it very fortunate for Wichita Falls that the plant had been purchased by parties who would co-operate with the citizenship in the up-building of the city.

"They are liberal, broad-minded people," he said, "and they are going to be a big asset to Wichita Falls."

LAKESHORE ASSEMBLY BROUGHT TO CLOSE

Meeting Was a Success and Paid Its Own Way—Visitors Left Monday.

Sunday night's program at the Methuist Lakeshore Assembly brought that affair to a formal close, and most of the visitors who have been attending the assembly left Monday morning for their homes well satisfied with the results of their stay at Lake Wichita.

Rev. J. E. Roach, who was re-elected president of the assembly, thinks that the time will come when the Lakeshore Assembly here will be the largest and most numerously attended in the entire state. He said others of the officers are enthusiastic over the facilities for such a meeting at Lake Wichita and are loud in their praises of the manner in which they were treated.

"Some of the most prominent pastors and religious workers in the entire state were in attendance upon the assembly, and a number of most interesting as well as instructive talks were made by these men. The attendance from town surpassed expectations, and on the whole the assembly was a success."

stein was simply bubbling with joy when he arrived here on the Lusitania today, glad to get back to New York and lamenting the time he had spent in London.

"This is a delightful moment," he said, as friends greeted him. "I would rather be dead in New York than alive in London." But he intends to remain in New York only a few weeks and then to return to London.

"Unfortunately, I own a play house over there—a veritable white elephant," he said, "but I'm going to grin and bear it. I've given them one season of good opera, and I'm going to give them another. Some of the English newspapers say I do not deliver the goods. They don't know the goods when they see them."

He bowed to Inez Mulholland, the



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sufrage leader, who also returned on the Lusitania.

"We had some great talks on woman suffrage on the way over," he said. "Am I in favor of votes for the fair sex? Surest thing you know. When the husbands are out of work

the women can make money by selling their votes. Great scheme," and the impressario laughed heartily at his own joke.

Questioned regarding new musical talent he had discovered the impressario said:

"The biggest discovery I've made is a dog that leads an orchestra. I call him 'Wagner.' He's an astonishingly clever dog. He wags his tail, you know, instead of waving a baton and the orchestra keeps time to it. I shall bring him over with me next time."



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ROOSEVELT'S SPEECH BEFORE BULL MOOSE CONVENTION

Former President Declares Principles of New Party In Lengthy Speech Delivered at Auditorium In Chicago Before an Immense and Enthusiastic Audience of Progressives.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 6.—Former President Roosevelt sounded the key note speech of the new progressive party before an immense and wildly enthusiastic audience at the auditorium here this afternoon.

A synopsis of his speech follows: Mr. Roosevelt's speech strikes a keynote for his followers and supporters in the new party. It lays down the plan of battle to be waged by the National Progressive party. He discusses those principles under twelve subdivisions, namely, The Helplessness of the Old Parties; The Right of the People to Rule; The Courts and the People; Constructive Control of the Trusts; Rights of the Wage-Worker; The Farmer; The Tariff; The High Cost of Living; Currency; Conservation; Alaska and International Affairs. "The two old parties," he said, "are husks, with no real soul within either, divided on artificial lines, boss-ridden and privilege-controlled, each a jumble of incongruous elements, and neither daring to speak out wisely and fearlessly what should be said on the vital issues of the day." As opposed to this incongruity and insincerity of action he asserted that the National Progressive platform will be "a contract with the people," with definite and concrete provisions to be carried out if the people ratify the contract on election day as exactly and honestly "as if it were actually enforceable under the law."

No Help From the Old Party Machines

Neither the Republican nor the Democratic platforms or managers show any adequate recognition of the mighty fact "that we are now in the midst of a great economic evolution." This irresistible movement for economic change and improvement must be guided by "both common sense and the highest ethical standards." In order to prevent dangerous evolution from becoming dangerous revolution the Democratic party, as indicated by its present record in Congress, lacks the common sense, and the Republican party, by its record of stolen delegates at the Chicago Convention, lacks the ethical standards. "The men who presided over the Chicago and Baltimore Conventions, and the great bosses who controlled the two conventions—Mr. Tipton and Mr. Parker, Mr. Barnes and Mr. Murphy, Mr. Penrose and Mr. Taggart, Mr. Guggenheim and Mr. Sullivan—differ from one another, of course, on certain points, but there are the differences which one corporation lawyer has with another corporation lawyer when acting for different corporations. They come together at once, as against a common enemy when the dominion of both is threatened by the supremacy of the people of the United States. If this country is really to go forward along a path of social and economic justice, there must be a new party of Nation-wide and non-sectional principles, a party where the titular National chiefs and the real State leaders shall be in genuine accord, a party in whose councils the people shall be supreme, a party that shall represent in the Nation and the several States alike the same cause and the same cause of human rights and of governmental efficiency." The reassertion of the States' rights doctrine of the Democratic party cripples and forecloses any real or genuine relief to the people. It reduces their promises to hopeless and empty phrases. The mission and spirit of this Progressive movement will thrill the Republic from end to end.

The Right of the People to Rule.

"The actions of the Chicago convention and to an only less degree of the Baltimore convention, have shown in striking fashion how little the people do rule under our present conditions." In order to assure this popular rule Mr. Roosevelt urged the adoption of Presidential primaries, popular election of Senators, the short ballot, an efficient corrupt practices act, qualified use of the initiative, referendum and recall. The recall should be applied to administrative officers. Mr. Roosevelt asserts that the adoption of these new methods of political administration is not antagonistic to representative government. "All I desire to do by securing more direct control of the governmental agents and representatives of the people is to give the people the chance to make their representatives really represent them whenever the Government becomes misrepresentative instead of representative. I have not come to this way of thinking from close study of the matter of theory; I have been forced to it by long experience with the actual conditions of our political life."

The Courts and the People.

Under this head Mr. Roosevelt

strongly emphasizes the necessity of the sovereign people preserving a check on every branch of public service. Under this head Mr. Roosevelt reiterates his now well-known views regarding the courts. "The American people, and not the courts, are to determine their own fundamental policies." This does not mean that the people are to interfere in cases which involve merely questions of justice between individuals except that "means should be devised for making it easier than at present to get rid of an incompetent judge." But when a judicial decision involves an interpretation of what the people mean by the constitutions which they have framed and laws passed by the people are nullified because the courts say those laws are contrary to the people's will as expressed in their Constitution, there must be a "reference to the people of the public effect of such decisions under forms securing full deliberation," to the end that the people may rectify this alleged defect in their Constitution by a popular vote having all the force of a Constitutional amendment. "Our purpose is not to impugn the courts, but to emancipate them from a position whenever they stand finally in the way of social justice. I am well aware that every upholder of privilege, every hired agent or beneficiary of the special interests, including many well-meaning parlor reformers, will denounce all this as 'Socialism' or 'anarchy'—the same terms they used in the past in denouncing the movements to control the railways and to control public utilities. As a matter of fact, the propositions I make constitute neither anarchy nor Socialism and an antidote to anarchy."

Constructive Control of the Trusts

In addition to punishment for wrong doing by the trusts, the Imperialism demand is effective and complete regulation. The views of President Van Buren, in his scientific work on trust regulation are in harmony with the program of the National Progressives. "The present conditions of business cannot be accepted as satisfactory." The reason for this is explained, in Mr. Roosevelt's opinion, by the fact that "those dealing with the subject have attempted to divide into two camps, each as unwise as the other." One camp has fixed its attention only on the need for prosperity—"prosperity to the big men on top, trusting to their money to let something leak through to the mass of their countrymen below, which, in effect, means that there should be no attempt to regulate the ferocious scramble in which greed and cunning reap the largest rewards." The other camp has so fixed its attention upon the injustices of the distribution of prosperity, "omitting all consideration of having something to distribute, and advocating action which, it is true, would abolish most of the inequalities of the distribution of prosperity, by only the unfortunately simple process of abolishing the prosperity itself." The tendency of those now in control of the Republican party is to give special privileges to "big business," and to correct the evils of such a course when they become trying, by sporadic lawsuits under the Anti-Trust Law. The tendency of the Democrats, judged both by their record in Congress and by the Democratic platform, is to abolish all business of any size or efficiency, on the ground that all business is badness, and littleness and weakness a sign of virtue. What is needed is a action directly the reverse of that thus confusedly indicated." There should be applied to all industrial concerns engaged in inter-State commerce in which there is either monopoly or control of the market the principles already adopted "in regulating transportation concerns engaged in such commerce. The Anti-Trust Law should be kept on the statute-book to be invoked against every big concern tending to monopoly or guilty of anti-social practices. At the same time a National industrial Commission should be created which should have complete power to regulate and control all the great industrial concerns engaged in inter-State business—which practically means all of them in this country. This commission should exercise over these industrial concerns like powers to those exercised over the railways by the Interstate Commerce Commission and over the National banks by the Controller of the Currency, and a national powers of found necessary." The commission "should have free access to the books of each corporation and power to find out exactly how it treats its employees, its rivals, and the general public. Any corporation voluntarily coming under the commission should



not be prosecuted under the Anti-Trust Law, but it should be taken advantage of by the Social and Industrial Justice to the Wage-Workers. Referring to the opening sentence of his address, namely, "that we are now in the midst of a great economic revolution," Mr. Roosevelt presents an advanced and comprehensive plan to insure the rights and better conditions for labor. He gives it the paramount place in his speech. "The first charge upon the industrial statesmanship of the day," he said, "is to prevent human waste. The dead weight of orphanage and depleted craftsmanship, of crippled workers and workers suffering from trade diseases, of casual labor, of insecure old age, and of household depletion due to industrial conditions are, like our depleted soils, our washed mountain-sides and flooded river bottoms, so many stains upon the National structure, draining the reserve strength of all industries, and showing beyond all peradventure the public element and public concern in industrial health." He proposed several specific methods for preserving and improving "our human resources, and therefore our labor power." Wage scales and other labor data should be made public; all deaths, injuries, and diseases due to industrial operation should be reported to the authorities; wage commissions should be established in the Nation and State to determine the minimum wage scale in different industries; the Federal Government should investigate all industries with a view to establishing standards of sanitation and safety; there should be mine and factory inspection according to standards fixed by inter-State agreement or by the Federal Government; National and State legislation should establish standards of compensation for industrial accidents and deaths and for diseases clearly due to industrial conditions; for the adoption by law of a fair standard of compensation for casualties resulting fatally which shall clearly fix the minimum compensation in all cases; the monetary equivalent of a living wage varies according to local conditions, but should be sufficiently high to make morally possible and to provide for education, recreation, proper care of the children, maintenance during sickness, and reasonable saving for old age; excessive hours of labor should be prohibited for all wage-workers, and night labor of women and children should be forbidden; one day of rest in seven should be provided by law; continuous twenty-four hour labor should be divided into three shifts of eight hours by law; tannery-houses and other similar establishments should be subject to Governmental sanitary regulation; all industries employing women and children should be specially subject to Government inspection and regulation; insurance funds against sickness, accident, invalidism, and old age should be established by a charge either in whole or in part upon the industries; the suffrage should be granted to women; if for no other reason, to enable workmen to combine for their own protection by the use of the bal-

lot. "As a people we cannot afford to let any group of citizens or any individual citizen labor under conditions that are injurious to the common welfare. Industry, therefore, must submit to such police regulation as will make it a means of life and health, not of death or inefficiency."

The Farmer.

"The Country Life Commission should be revived with greatly increased power; its abandonment was a severe blow to our people. The welfare of the farmer is a basic need of this Nation." The country school should be brought in touch with the country life. "For this reason the Progressives approve of Government co-operation with the farmer to make the farm more productive. Co-operative associations of farmers both for the production and the selling of agricultural products should be encouraged. "So long as the farmer leaves co-operative activities with their profit-sharing to the city man of business, so long will the foundations of wealth be undermined and the comforts of enlightenment be impossible in the country communities."

The Tariff.

On the tariff he says: "I believe in a protective tariff, but I believe in it as a principle approached from a standpoint of the interests of the whole people, and not as a bundle of preferences to be given favorite individuals." He believes the American people favor the principle of a protective tariff, but are in rebellion against the wrong-doing and unjust application of that policy and its abuses in past legislation. "It is not merely the tariff that should be revised, but the method of tariff-making and of tariff administration." The first steps should be the creation of a permanent commission of non-partisan experts of ample powers to secure exact and reliable information. "The present Tariff Board is entirely inadequate in point of powers proposed in it and scope of work undertaken." The Tariff Commission in Germany affords a splendid model. This commission must scientifically determine "the difference in the cost of production here and abroad," the effect on "prices to the consumer, insure full justice to the pay envelope of the wage-earner." The commission must not attempt to encroach on the tariff-making power of Congress. It shall report with full publicity and promptly. The tariff shall be revised schedule by schedule to avoid the staggering blows to business incident to former general revisions. The effect will be to wipe out the log-rolling and vote-trading secured by special interests in the past. Only by this means can the tariff be taken out of politics. The substitution of a tariff for revenue only as proposed by the Democratic platform would plunge this country into the most widespread industrial depression we have ever seen. The revision shall be downward and not upward and secure a square deal to

the manufacturer, but to the wage-worker and to the general consumer. "The High Cost of Living. "The cost of living," says Mr. Roosevelt, "has risen during the last few years out of all proportion to the increase of most salaries and wages." What is first necessary is "fearless, intelligent, and searching inquiry into the whole subject, made absolutely by a non-partisan body of experts with no prejudice to warp their minds and no private object to serve, who shall recommend any necessary remedy heedless of what interest may be hurt thereby, and caring only for the interests of the people as a whole." The Republicans promise such an inquiry, but their rank dishonesty of action at the Chicago convention makes their every promise worthless. It is hopeless to turn to the Democratic party for relief, because, first, the Democratic party affects to find the entire high cost of living in the tariff ignoring the patent fact that the problem is world-wide, equally pressing in free trade England and in highly protected Germany. Moreover, if the Democrats are sincere, they must take all duties off the products of the farmer, and we, certainly cannot afford to have the farmer struck down. Various elements, economic, political and social, are pointed out by Mr. Roosevelt as contributing to the high cost of living. But effective legislation regarding it can only be framed on a comprehensive scale after a thorough, scientific and prompt inquiry.

The Currency.

Mr. Roosevelt declares that our present bank currency based on Government bonds is unscientific, and urges the adoption of a system which shall provide elasticity in the credit and currency necessary for the conduct of business, free from recurring panics. The control of such a system should be in the hands of the Government, and must be free from manipulation by Wall street or the large interests.

Conservation.

Under this head Mr. Roosevelt reaffirms his well known policy on the conservation and reclamation of National resources. We must conserve our soil, our forests, our mines, not only for our own benefit but for the benefit of our children and descendants. "The public should not alienate its fee in the water-power which will be of incalculable value as a source of power in the immediate future, and we should undertake the complete development and control of the Mississippi as a National work, just as we have undertaken the work of building the Panama Canal."

Alaska.

"In Alaska the Government has an opportunity of starting in what is almost a fresh field, to work out various problems by actual experiment. It should at once construct, own and operate all the railways in Alaska; it should keep them to be operated by lease with the condition in the lease that non-use shall operate as a forfeiture; a system of land taxation should be tried which promotes the actual use of land and discourages the holdings of land for speculation; the telegraph lines should be owned and operated by the Government."

International Affairs.

"In international affairs this country should behave towards other nations exactly as an honorable private citizen behaves towards other private citizens. Our small army should have large efficiency; the navy must be steadily built up until it proves possible to secure, by international agreement a general reduction of armaments; the Panama Canal must be fortified. Panama Canal tolls on deep water-commerce should be uniform to all nations, including ourselves; American coastwise vessels should pass through the canal free; for this would be no discrimination against foreign nations and would give us reasonable competition with trans-continental railways. No foreign treaty should be entered into which we do not mean scrupulously to observe in every particular."

Conclusion.

In summing up the specific policies expounded in his address, Mr. Roosevelt spoke as follows: "Now, friends, this is my confession of faith. I have made it rather long because I wish you to know just what my deepest convictions are on the great questions of today, so that if you choose to make me your standard-bearer in the fight, you shall make your choice understanding exactly how I feel—and if, after hearing me, you think you ought to choose some one else, I shall loyally abide by your choice. The convictions to which I have come have not been arrived at as the result of study in the closet or the library, but from the knowledge I have gained through hard experience during the many years in which, under many and varied conditions, I have striven and toiled with men. I believe in a larger use of the governmental power to help remedy industrial wrongs, because it has been borne in on me by actual experience that without the exercise of such power many of the wrongs will go unremedied. I believe in a larger opportunity for the people themselves directly to participate in government and to control their governmental agents, because long experience has taught me that without such control many of their agents will represent them badly. By actual experience in office I have found that, as a rule, I could secure the triumph of the causes in which I most believed not from the politicians and the men who claim an exceptional right to speak in business and Government, but by going over their heads and appealing directly to the people themselves. I am not under the slightest delusion as to any power that during my political career I have at any time possessed. Whatever of power I at any time had, I obtained from the people. I could exercise it only so long as, and to the extent that, the people not merely believed in me, but heartily backed me up. Whatever I did as President I was able to do only because I had the backing of the people. When on any point I differed from the people, it mattered not whether I was right or whether I was wrong, my power vanished—I tried my best to lead the people, to advise them, to tell them what I thought was right; if necessary, I never hesitated to tell them what I thought they ought to hear, even though I thought it would be unpleasant for them to hear it; but I recognized that my task was to try to lead them and not to drive them, to take them into my confidence, to try to show them that I was right, and then loyally and in good faith to accept their decision. I will do anything for the people except what my conscience tells me is wrong, and that I can do for no man and no set of men; I hold that a man cannot serve the people well unless he serves his conscience; but I hold also that where his conscience bids him refuse to do what the people desire, he should not try to continue in office against their will. Our Government system should be so shaped that the public servant, when he cannot conscientiously carry out the wishes of the people, shall at their desire leave his office and not misrepresent them in office; and I hold that the public servant can by so doing, better than in any other way, serve both them and his conscience. "Surely there never was a fight better worth making than the one in which we are engaged. It little matters what befalls any one of us who for the time being stand in the forefront of the battle. I hope we shall win, and I believe that if we can wake the people to what the fight really means we shall win. But, win or lose, we shall not falter. Whatever fate may at the moment overtake any of us, the movement itself will not stop. Our cause is based on the eternal principles of righteousness; and even though we who now lead may for the time fall, in the end the cause itself shall triumph. Six weeks ago, here in Chicago, I spoke to the honest representatives of a convention which was not dominated by honest men; a convention wherein sat, alas! a majority of men who, with sneering indifference to every principle of right, so acted as to bring to a shameful end a party which had been founded over half a century ago by men in whose souls burned the fire of lofty endeavor. Now to you men who, in your turn, have come together to spend and be spent in the endless crusade against wrong, to you who face the future resolute and confident, to you who strive in a spirit of brotherhood for the betterment of our Nation, to you who give yourselves for this great new fight in the never-ending warfare for the good of humankind, I say in closing what in that speech I said in closing: 'We stand at Armageddon, and we battle for the Lord.'"

Neither Republican Nor Democratic Platform Hold Promise of Approaching Problems of the Day, He Says. Declares Time Ripe For Genuine Progressive Movement, Nation-Wide and Justice Loving.

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the manufacturer, but to the wage-worker and to the general consumer. "The High Cost of Living. "The cost of living," says Mr. Roosevelt, "has risen during the last few years out of all proportion to the increase of most salaries and wages." What is first necessary is "fearless, intelligent, and searching inquiry into the whole subject, made absolutely by a non-partisan body of experts with no prejudice to warp their minds and no private object to serve, who shall recommend any necessary remedy heedless of what interest may be hurt thereby, and caring only for the interests of the people as a whole." The Republicans promise such an inquiry, but their rank dishonesty of action at the Chicago convention makes their every promise worthless. It is hopeless to turn to the Democratic party for relief, because, first, the Democratic party affects to find the entire high cost of living in the tariff ignoring the patent fact that the problem is world-wide, equally pressing in free trade England and in highly protected Germany. Moreover, if the Democrats are sincere, they must take all duties off the products of the farmer, and we, certainly cannot afford to have the farmer struck down. Various elements, economic, political and social, are pointed out by Mr. Roosevelt as contributing to the high cost of living. But effective legislation regarding it can only be framed on a comprehensive scale after a thorough, scientific and prompt inquiry.

The Currency.

Mr. Roosevelt declares that our present bank currency based on Government bonds is unscientific, and urges the adoption of a system which shall provide elasticity in the credit and currency necessary for the conduct of business, free from recurring panics. The control of such a system should be in the hands of the Government, and must be free from manipulation by Wall street or the large interests.

Conservation.

Under this head Mr. Roosevelt reaffirms his well known policy on the conservation and reclamation of National resources. We must conserve our soil, our forests, our mines, not only for our own benefit but for the benefit of our children and descendants. "The public should not alienate its fee in the water-power which will be of incalculable value as a source of power in the immediate future, and we should undertake the complete development and control of the Mississippi as a National work, just as we have undertaken the work of building the Panama Canal."

Alaska.

"In Alaska the Government has an opportunity of starting in what is almost a fresh field, to work out various problems by actual experiment. It should at once construct, own and operate all the railways in Alaska; it should keep them to be operated by lease with the condition in the lease that non-use shall operate as a forfeiture; a system of land taxation should be tried which promotes the actual use of land and discourages the holdings of land for speculation; the telegraph lines should be owned and operated by the Government."

International Affairs.

"In international affairs this country should behave towards other nations exactly as an honorable private citizen behaves towards other private citizens. Our small army should have large efficiency; the navy must be steadily built up until it proves possible to secure, by international agreement a general reduction of armaments; the Panama Canal must be fortified. Panama Canal tolls on deep water-commerce should be uniform to all nations, including ourselves; American coastwise vessels should pass through the canal free; for this would be no discrimination against foreign nations and would give us reasonable competition with trans-continental railways. No foreign treaty should be entered into which we do not mean scrupulously to observe in every particular."

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PERSONAL MENTION

Mrs. E. L. Noey left this morning for a visit with relatives at Burleson, Texas. Mrs. P. C. Maricle returned today from a week's visit with relatives at Grandfield, Oklahoma. Miss Helen Mahoney has returned from a week's visit with friends at St. Jo, Texas. W. J. Hickman of the Producers Oil Company, is spending today in Electra on business. S. Walkup, constable at Electra, left this afternoon for that city after lodging in jail here a bootlegger. Sam Bell who has been spending several weeks in Fort Worth, arrived here this morning, and left this afternoon on a business trip to Electra. E. Rexford, a citizen of Burkburnett who has been spending several days in this city, left today for his home. Mrs. N. C. McIntyre and Morris Poore and wife will leave tonight for Los Angeles, California, where they will probably remain for several months on business connected with the sale of a number of trucks from the Wichita Falls Motor Manufacturing Co. Dr. H. A. Bourland and wife of Dallas, who have been spending several days in this city visiting their daughter, Mrs. J. L. Lee, left this afternoon to spend the remainder of the summer in Colorado Springs, Colorado. Mrs. P. C. Maricle and children, Louise and Leonie, who have been visiting with relatives in Grandfield, Oklahoma returned here this morning. J. D. Keys, sheriff of Wilbarger county, arrived here yesterday afternoon from Vernon, and will remain for a day or so while attending court, after which he will attend the Sheriff's Association convention in Fort Worth. Keith and Charley Ryan of Bowie, arrived here this morning to spend several days with their cousin, Miss Mary Bryan. Wiley Blair, Jr., has returned from Dallas, where he attended a house party for several days.

Dr. J. W. Du Val Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat Glasses fitted Lately Attendant Best equipped office in West Texas We Know How Dr. Brown, Dentist, Room 306, Kemp & Kell building, Phone 872. 42-tfc

NORTHWESTERN PARTY AT WOODWARD, OKLAHOMA.

(Woodward Democrat) A party of high officials of the Wichita Falls & Northwestern railroad spent several hours in Woodward last Sunday. The party was made up of Frank Kell, general manager, R. J. Sullivan, superintendent and E. E. Booth, master mechanic. The party was out making a trip of inspection over the entire system, especially over the portion of the line which has lately been completed. While here these officials looked over the work of improvement under way for the company, the new depot and sidings being built and selected a location for coal chutes which will be constructed at an early date. These will be located at a point just north of the Santa Fe tracks. This action on the part of the officials of the Northwestern would indicate that they regard Woodward as the logical point for a division and the possible location of shops and roundhouse, which would mean the addition of several hundred population to the census of this city. A great deal of work is being done in the yards of the company here, extension of sidings and additional switches and trackage facilities. At the present time there are about 50 men in the offices and yards of the company at this place. Passenger trains are now running to Gate and the track is being put in condition for an early schedule to know which place is ten miles south of Forgan the present terminus of the line. Track laying is in progress between Knowles and Forgan with a large force of men on the job, and it is given out that this work will be completed in about fifteen days and freight and passenger trains be running to that point not later than Sept. 1. Railroad Notes. G. R. Fisher has been appointed assistant superintendent to R. L. Hatfield, with headquarters at Woodward. W. M. Harris has lately been assigned to this place and with his family is now a resident of Woodward. Mr. Harris is division master mechanic, and has a number of men under him. He has a car fitted up with tools and full equipment for repair work on cars and engines. A new addition to his force is J. B. Promser of Hammon, who has charge of boiler work. Engineer Smith has been ordered to this point from Hammon and will work out of Woodward with a chain gang, making another extra engineer at this place. WILL SELL OIL OUTPUT DIRECT TO THE REFINERS Beaumont, Texas, Aug. 6.—All fuel distributing equipment of Jefferson county including sixteen oil tanks, the pipe line from Spindletop to Beaumont, the terminals at Sabine, including wharfage and real estate, oil cars, the oil on hand in cars and tanks, and all fuel oil cakes, have been purchased from the Higgins Oil and Fuel Company by the Magnolia

Lamar Airdome 3 Acts 3

Monday, Tuesday Wednesday

THE AERIAL WRIGHTS in a Sensational Novelty Ring and Cradle Act

ERMINE EARLE The Girl With the Personality.

STINGER & STINGER The Dancers, The Singers and The Funmakers.

EXTRA FEATURE Our Musical Program.

Having made arrangements with the home band to furnish our music, we will give a

FREE BAND CONCERT every evening before the show begins. Everybody invited to attend this free concert in front of Airdome.

Three Thousand Feet of New Pictures Every Day.

Admission...10c and 15c

FILING CABINETS

In steel or wood, for any Office Need

Let us demonstrate their value as time and temper savers, and quote you prices.

Wilfong & Woods

Everything in Office Supplies. Phone 10 794 Ohio

Swat the Fly

WITH MORRIS' FLY OIL

A preparation when applied full strength to floors and cattle, will keep away flies, gnats, mosquitoes and all other pestering insects. We sell it for 25c the pint and guarantee it to do what we claim—Keeps the flies away.

Morris' Drug Store

TODAY'S MARKET REPORT

Fort Worth Livestock By Associated Press. Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 6.—Cattle receipts 2700; market steady. Steers tops 47. Calves receipts 35.50; market steady. Hogs receipts 810; prices five to ten cents higher. Tops 48.00. Sheep 10 to 15 lower.

Galveston Spot Cotton. By Associated Press. Galveston, Texas, Aug. 6.—Spot cotton closed steady. Middling 13 1/8. Sales, spot 153. F O B 575. Receipts 1982 bales. Stock 22,462 bales.

Petroleum Company. President G. L. Wallip, of the Higgins company, speaking of the sale of the property, said: "Competition among the refiners in this territory has brought about better prices for oil and we find it more profitable to sell direct to the refiners than to continue to handle fuel oil ourselves. For that reason in future, we will dispose of our oil at the well to the refiner rather than handle it direct to the consumer."

ATTENTION A. F. & A. M. Wichita Falls Lodge will confer the F. C. degree tonight, beginning at 8 o'clock sharp. M. J. GARDNER, W. M. C. R. FULLER, Sec'y. 72-1tc

A DRUG STORE.....

is a place that stays open so people can find the city directory and ask when time it is and if Dr. Fakem's Hairtone is guaranteed to grow blond hair on a gas meter. A drug store looks like a cross between a snake show and a curio plant, and smells like everything from limburger to lily of the valley. It is the place where you can hang on the telephone like a pup to a roof for hours and give up a line of piffle that would disgust a ten dollar phonograph and the druggist will never swear above a whisper. A druggist is the chief mit of the universe; he is on the job at all hours and makes nearly as much of the filthy lucre as the chaffeur on a lawn mower. However, don't forget us, we are druggists with a drug store. We sell nearly everything including drugs.

Palace Drug Store COUSINS & PROTHRO.

Phone 341 ONLY THE BEST Free Delivery

Let Us Repaint That Old Buggy!

At a price you can afford. We make buggy Cushions and do auto trimming. We have just installed the best carpet renovator in the state of Texas. Let us clean them now while the price is reduced. Furniture repairing of all kinds.

Star Furniture Co.

910 Indiana Phone 10J1

GO WHERE QUALITY STANDS FIRST ICE CREAM, SHERBET, CANDIES

And anything in the Cold Drink line. That's all we sell at our store, and we know that we can please you. COOLEST PLACE IN TOWN CANDY KITCHEN A. H. FELL, who makes his own candies and cream.

YOUR DOCTORS' PRESCRIPTION



Must be filled with care and with pure drugs. He expects this when he prescribes, and unless the prescription is properly filled the money you pay both the doctor and for the prescription is worse than wasted. You do not go to a doctor unless the matter is pretty serious, so not only for the sake of getting something for your money, but from the far greater standpoint of good health you should you bring your prescription to us. Free delivery to any part of the city.

The Rexall Drug Store

FOOSHEE & LYNCH, Prop's. Wichita Falls, Texas.

Cotton Receipts at Taylor. Taylor, Texas, Aug. 6.—Cotton receipts for this city during the past twelve months total 26,868 bales, which is a large increase over any similar period in the history of this city. Five bales of this year's cotton crop are included in the above total. Department Store Buys Lot Fort Worth, Texas, Aug. 6.—The Meacham Dry Goods Company has purchased a lot on the corner of Twelfth and Main streets for a consideration of \$142,000 and will erect a modern eight-story department building which will be used for the future home of the company.

THE WORLD DO MOVE

The "Sure Seal" Jar has revolutionized the Home Canning Problem—Better investigate.

O. W. BEAN & SON GROCERS AND COFFEE ROASTERS

Phons 35 and 640 608-610 Ohio Ave.

PRICELESS JEWELS!

are not within the reach of everyone. But even those with moderate incomes can afford to OWN A DIAMOND OR TWO. Come and see our exhibit of glittering beauties that commence in price away down as low as you could expect and go up as far as you like.

Art Loan Co. WE SAVE YOU MONEY—COMPARISON PROVES IT. JEWELERS AND BROKERS 708 OHIO—FINE WATCH AND JEWELRY REPAIRING—708 OHIO

ing throughout Texas for a number of years and comes to the Dreamland very highly recommended.

J. D. Smith was adjudged guilty of Bigamy by a jury in the district court this morning and his punishment fixed at three years in the penitentiary. His attorney, W. N. Bonner, will move for a new trial and carry the case to the higher court. During the trial the young wife of the defendant sat by his side in the court room, holding her baby in her arms.

Rohatch's Mineral Water. is highly recommended by physicians and patrons who have tested its merits, for indigestion, catarrh of the stomach, kidney and bladder trouble. This water stimulates the secretion of the stomach, increases digestion and favors a more complete absorption of the food and prevents the action of germs that cause typhoid and other infectious diseases. This water can be purchased at the wells or delivered in jugs or cases. This well is located one mile south of Alamo school building in Floral Heights, two deliveries daily morning and afternoon. G. J. Rohatch, Owner. Phone 1601—1 long—4 shorts.

ELIZABETH LEWIS, leading lady with the Williams Stock Company, at the Dreamland Theatre tonight. Judge Martin decided the suit of the Alfalfa Lumber Co. vs. Wichita county this morning in favor of the plaintiff, ruling that the plaintiff was entitled to all the money reserved by the county.

Our Raus Mit-'Em SALE!

Semi-Annual Shoe Event

- MEN'S LIST One Lot \$3, \$3.50 and \$4 Oxfords \$2.00 One Lot \$5.50 and \$6 Oxfords \$3.50 Any Oxford in the house \$3.50 LADIES' LIST One Lot \$2.50 Patent Pumps \$1.65 One Lot \$3 Patent Pumps \$2.00 One Lot \$3 Gun Metal Pumps \$2.00 One Lot \$4 Patent Ties \$2.75 All \$3.50 Oxford Ties \$2.50 All \$4 Pumps \$3.00 Boys' and Misses' Low Shoes at any old price.

Hosiery at Raus Mit-'Em Prices...

Strange-White Shoe Co

614 Eighth Street