

SIX ARRESTS IN ROSENTHAL CASE

NONE OF PRISONERS, HOWEVER, BELIEVED TO HAVE DONE THE SHOOTING.

GRAND JURY BEGINS WORK

Becker Will Be Allowed To Testify If He Will Waive Immunity. More Arrest Due Today.

By Associated Press. New York, July 22.—The Rosenthal conspiracy mystery nears its conclusion. This is the belief of Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty, who expects today to arrest two or three gangsters and gangsters who were hired to kill Rosenthal before the gambler could disclose more secrets of the relations between the gamblers and the police.

Sullivan and Taul were taken into custody last night with "Birdie" Webber, the gambler. Detectives have learned enough of the case to admit that the gun men were gathered on Monday night and taken to Webber's poker room where the final arrangements for the killing of Rosenthal were perfected.

Webber denied all knowledge of the shooting. Commissioner Dougherty has learned that Jack Rose was a very busy man the day before the killing and that Jack Sullivan, the go-between for Rose and Lieutenant Becker, also was actively engaged the night Rosenthal was shot. Sullivan after a grilling, early today told Dougherty that when he left Lieutenant Becker at Broadway and 42nd street at 1:30 a. m., or twenty-seven minutes before Rosenthal was shot, he went to Webber's place to find Sam Paul. He could not locate him but did find there several gun men.

Six men are now in custody in the Rosenthal case, one of whom is held as a material witness and five others charged with being implicated in the crime. Dougherty, however, says that not one of the men who killed the gambler is under arrest.

District Attorney Whitman returned today to take up with the grand jury an investigation of the case. Lieutenant Becker will be permitted to testify if he agrees to waive immunity. The prosecutor makes no effort to hide his belief that the shooting of Becker rests upon the Rosenthal case and in consequence will not subpoena him. Whitman takes the position that if Becker is as innocent as he says he is, he will seek to appear before the grand jury waiving immunity.

The grand jury also will take up the charges that the police profited from gambling houses by permitting them to run without molestation. Police Commissioner Waldo announced today that Becker had been relieved of charges of that "strong arm" squad and transferred to desk duty in the Bronx.

SAYS HUSBAND BEAT HER, THEN SET FIRE TO HOUSE.

By Associated Press. Houston, Texas, July 18.—The scream of a woman and the outbreak of flames shortly after midnight drew a large crowd to a Maxey street residence, which was on fire. After the fire, Claude Stevens, an occupant of the house, was arrested on complaint of his wife who charged that after beating her unmercifully he applied a match to the bedding.

William F. McCombs ho Will Lead Wilson Campaign

In New York, today, there is a fine example of the modern, hustling political general. He has accomplished more in the enthusiasm of his thirty-six years than easily can be credited. He is William F. McCombs, the campaign manager who so skillfully steered the course of Governor Wilson's candidacy for the democratic nomination for the presidency and Norman E. Mack's successor as chairman of the National democratic committee.

One of the necessities of big modern politics is the campaign manager. He is no longer a secret agent, a mysterious somebody that seeks to tunnel to the place where lies the good will of the people. The work that he carries on is recognized essential to the success of a man who would go before his party as a candidate for the nomination for the highest office in the land. And that is the case whether his candidacy be something of his own formation, or a spontaneous expression of the people themselves in recognition of lesser services well rendered.

In this particular case, it is a young lawyer who has been remarkably successful in handling big matters. He has sidetracked his personal affairs to a work which he has undertaken because he believes in the man for whom he is striving.

WOULDN'T SWEAR COULDN'T MARRY

YOUNG MAN FROM CLAY COUNTY FINDS HIMSELF IN BAD FIX

DEAD ARE BURNED

Thought He Had To Use Profane Language and License Is Delayed, Meanwhile

Conscientious scruples against "swearing" on the part of the prospective groom kept a young Clay county couple from the possession of a license for the conjugal tie for several hours yesterday and for that length of time the young man was torn with a battle between love and conscience. It was all the result of a misunderstanding on the part of the young man as to what was meant by the term "swear."

When asked by Deputy County Clerk Yeager if he would "swear" to the application after the deputy had filled out the necessary forms for the marriage license, the young man, thinking that swearing meant what the hired man probably said when he hit his thumb with the hammer, refused to do so and Mr. Yeager was compelled to refuse to grant the applicant the license.

The young man very much distressed told his troubles to a man up town several hours after he explained the difference between an affirmation with an appeal to the Supreme Being as a witness to its truthfulness, and the blasphemous utterance of the aforesaid hired man on the occasion when the hammer came in contact with his thumb. With this destruction drawn and his conscience at rest, the young man returned to the clerk's office and made the necessary oath and got the license.

"You see I didn't know what you meant when you said I'd have to swear," he said, "I thought you meant something else, and I wasn't raised that way."

WICHITA FARMERS WILL GO TO COLLEGE STATION

Delegation Will Leave Sunday To Attend Meeting of Texas Farmers Congress.

A number of Wichita county farmers will leave next Sunday for College Station to attend the Texas Farmers Congress. The delegation is already large enough to give this county adequate representation, but J. J. McConkey, district agent, is anxious to secure many more. Those who have already agreed to go are W. C. Myers and two others from Burk Burnett, J. D. Cooper of route 1, Lee Prescott of route 1 and T. B. Taylor, G. R. Decker and W. H. Gwin of route 3. These, with Mr. McConkey, will comprise the party.

The Congress will see what the students at A. & M. are accomplishing and will hear discussions and see demonstrations of the practical side of farming. Hundreds of farmers from over Texas attend the meeting every year and it is felt that Wichita county should have a large representation. All who are able to go are requested to notify Mr. McConkey.

MOTHER OF W. W. BROWN OF ELECTRA DIED SUNDAY

Mrs. W. W. Brown, mother of W. W. Brown of the First National Bank of Electra, died early yesterday morning at Weatherford, after an extended illness. The funeral took place today at Vernon.

ROOSEVELT'S SPEECH IS AWAITED WITH INTEREST

Believed He Will "Cut Loose" When He Addresses Progressives At Chicago

By Associated Press. Oyster Bay, July 20.—The speech which Col. Roosevelt will deliver in Chicago on the first day of the progressive convention, is expected to contain a number of surprises.

In the past, he said, he had been obliged to consider not only his own views, but the position of the party of which he was a member. No such restriction will be imposed in making his Chicago speech and it is his intention to make his "confession of faith" in a frank and direct manner.

He has been a lawyer in New York city since he left college and has successfully conducted many very important cases. The practice to which he has given his personal attention has involved some of the most noteworthy legal entanglements of recent times. The confidence reposed in him by men of large means and world-wide business interests is a fine tribute to him as a man, as well as it is a tribute to him as a lawyer. He has gained a National reputation in the law. He has taken active part in democratic politics for a number of years and has been a speaker in all of the democratic campaigns since he came to New York.

60 KILLED BY REBELS

WRECK TRAIN AND KILL PASSENGERS, INCLUDING MANY SOLDIERS

DEAD ARE BURNED

Small Handful Escapes Alive and Unhurt—Many Are Wounded, Several Fatally

By Associated Press. Mexico City, July 20.—More than sixty are dead and many more wounded as a result of an attack by Zapatistas on a train between here and Cuernavaca, Mexico, early today. The relief train brought back only eleven passengers.

The military escort of fifty under command of a captain and two lieutenants first had warning of the proximity of the Zapatistas at Kilometer 67 a little beyond the station of Parras, on the edge of the federal district, where a mine exploded overturning the engine.

As the train came to a stop about 500 rebels opened fire on the second class car in which the escort was traveling. All of them including the officers were killed with the exception of five badly wounded and two who escaped injury.

Thirty passengers in the second class coach were killed and many were wounded. In the first coach no one was killed, but five were wounded and may die. The conductor, an American, named Aller, is not expected to live. The rebels were killing the wounded and the passengers were stopped by a priest who interceded with Genoveva de La O, the leader of the rebels and their lives were spared.

After ransacking the express and baggage cars the rebels poured oil on the car and putting the bodies of the dead in them set fire to the train. When the relief train arrived, there was nothing but debris and a few passengers and wounded to tell the tale.

The train between Matamoros and Pampa in the state of Rubia was fired upon today and windows in the cars shattered, but so far as is known no one was injured.

BURNETT SUED FOR LARGE SUM

FORT WORTH CATTLEMAN DEFENDANT IN SUITS FOR \$100,000

ECHO OF RECENT KILLING

Relatives of Harley Sears of Paducah, Whom Burnett Killed Have Filed Heavy Claims

Col. S. B. Burnett, the Fort Worth cattleman who killed Harley Sears at Paducah about two months ago, has been made defendant in suits for damages aggregating \$100,000 filed by the widow, children and the father of Sears, according to information received here.

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SHOWERS COVER WIDE SECTION

LOCAL RAIN IS LIGHT BUT OTHER PLACES GET HEAVY PRECIPITATION

EXTENDS INTO OKLAHOMA

Points Northward and Westward Receive Good Showers—Means Much To Corn Crops

Good showers which in some places assumed the proportions of downpours fell over this section of the state and Southwestern Oklahoma last night. The rains extended from Wichita Falls northward and westward over the Panhandle and the lower plains.

North of Childress the rain was much heavier than in Wichita Falls. The precipitation in many places being more than an inch. The rain was also heavier north of Red River on the Oklahoma side. Grandfield and Loveland report half an inch precipitation and the shower was heavy all the way up to Martha north of Altus. A shower also fell over the entire Wichita Valley from Byers to Abilene and from Stamford to Spur.

The shower was not heavy enough in this immediate vicinity to be of a great benefit but at the same time it will help some and will sustain the corn for several days. The rains to the southwest, it is believed, will also be an insurance against extremely hot weather.

AMERICANS IN MEXICO MAY KEEP THEIR ARMS

Orozco Issues Order To That Effect, Following Attempt To Seize Ammunition

By Associated Press. Madera, July 22.—Nervousness among foreigners was allayed today by orders from Gen. Orozco Jr., placing Gen. Bermudez in charge of the rebel garrison with orders to permit Americans to retain their arms. Gen. Campo has sent an order to the officer of C. S. Widen, manager of the Madera Lumber Company, demanding in the name of Orozco all arms and ammunition held by foreigners.

The company officials appealed immediately to Orozco asking that they be allowed to retain their arms.

Bermudez is a cultured officer of military experience. The exodus of women and children totals now almost 100 per cent, only three American women left here.

AMERICANS ARE HARASSED BY REBELS AT DOLORES

By Associated Press. Dolores, July 21.—Americans in the mining camps are uneasy today over the rebel operations near here. Entering the town two days ago the rebels drove 60 Maderistas away, killing several. One rebel captain was killed. The rebels are obsessed with the idea that the Maderistas garrison was in the pay of the Dolores Mining Company, an American concern. They immediately wreaked vengeance on the company, the plant being damaged by fire to the extent of \$500. The safe was blown and \$5000 taken. Heavy drafts were made on company stores for provisions and supplies. Mines were taken and Americans who wished to send their wives and children away have no means of sending them. The mining company has closed until normal conditions return.

DENEEN SAYS HE WILL GIVE SUPPORT TO TAFT

Considers Him Regular Nominee of Party—Answers Committee of Progressive Republicans

By Associated Press. Springfield, Ill., July 22.—The committee of progressive Republicans appointed to see Governor Deneen and ascertain whether he would support Taft or Roosevelt for president were informed by the governor that he considered Taft the regular nominee of the party and as such he felt obligated to support his candidacy.

If you can sight a great crisis every half hour, people will soon cease to take you seriously, and label you as a false alarm.

Cow-Ease MEANS MORE MILK AND MORE MONEY. THE WAY TO PUT IT ON. CARPENTER-NORTON COMPANY, Boston, Mass., U. S. A. For Sale by Maxwell Co.

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AMERICANS ARE LEAVING MEXICO

MANY WOMEN AND CHILDREN ARE SENT OUT OF REBEL ZONE

STEPS FOR PROTECTION

United States Citizens At Madera Have Armed Seives as Precautionary Measure

By Associated Press. Madera, Mexico, July 22.—Nearly 200 American women and children left Madera today over the Mexican Northwestern for El Paso, as a result of the tense situation created by a band of 500 rebels, quartered here. Gen. Rojas and other rebel leaders are at Dolores, 75 miles southwest and no chief of authority is in Madera. Several private homes have been looted recently. Two American homes were searched for arms and a few guns taken.

Last night the Americans who number about 300 and are well supplied with arms, gathered to preserve order. Officials of the Madera Lumber Company decided the women and children of their employes should be sent at once to American territory for safety. Col. Bermudez a reputable officer took charge of the garrison today and indications were that quiet would prevail.

The proximity of the federal forces along the Northwestern railroad and the possibility of a clash here influenced the immediate exodus of women and children. It is not believed, however, that the rebels will make a stand, as they have little ammunition.

REBELS PREPARE FOR FURTHER SONORA INVASION

By Associated Press. Juarez, July 22.—To receive from Gen. Orozco final instructions regarding his part in the Sonora invasion, Col. Castaneda arrived here today from Madera. He expects tomorrow to join his column of 800 men now along the line of the Mexican Northwestern railroad for twenty miles south of Mader.

The rebel artillery was shipped from Juarez to Casas Grandes today in order to have it safely away when the rebels evacuate this city. Castaneda who has been Orozco's chief of staff for some time was accompanied by his own staff. He and his staff all of whom are men of military experience and culture frankly profess chagrin over the predatory methods used by Gen. Rojas' men in the vicinity of Madera.

Comparatively little progress has been made since the defeat at Bachimba more than two weeks ago. They have destroyed the Mexican Central between Sauz and Gallego.

You can make old furniture harmonize with new surroundings by applying one coat of Cam-Fell's Varnish Stain. The stain is transparent and imparts a fine color and finish without obscuring the grain of the wood. An inexperienced person can use them. Apply to Weldman Bros. for color card.

COTTON SEED CRUSHERS CONVENE AT HOUSTON.

By Associated Press. Houston, Texas, July 22.—The eighteenth annual meeting of the Texas Cottonseed Crushers Association convened today with the largest attendance in its history. Many farmers and cotton men are also present and much work of mutual interest and connected with the great industry of the South is also confronting them.

Features of the opening day include the annual addresses and reports of President W. A. Sherman, Secretary Robert Gibson and Treasurer J. A. Underwood.

"Chicken and Bread" Trade At Bowie Is Threatened

The train slows up at Bowie just as you are getting settled for your nap and a boy comes directly under your window.

"Chicken and bread! Chicken and bread!" You remember that you are hungry and buy some of the alleged chicken. You get a biscuit, between the halves of which is a lump of fried batter with an infinitesimal bit of chicken in the middle. You give the boy a quarter and he goes around the corner to get the change; he is still around the corner when the train pulls out.

Most travelers grin and forget it, but not all of them. As a result of protests the authorities at Bowie are planning action against the youthful merchants according to the Cross Timbers. A Dallas man who was victimized wrote to a Bowie citizen as follows:

on, and he finds that he has been robbed on a small scale.

"They also take money and run away and fail to bring back the change. It is this way: Someone will buy something and hand out a half dollar for them to get a dime out of and they go away, never to return. I never heard so much kicking over a small affair, and I believe if you knew of it you would put some one next who would put a step to such highway robbery. I fully believe they vie with one another to see how much they can beat a passenger out of.

"I used to buy chicken and bread from them, and they would take a chicken neck, cut it into three pieces, fry batter around it and sell those three pieces for 30 cents. I understand the authorities got after them and put a stop to that, and now they are practicing just as big a fraud, and I am sure you will put the right man after them.

"I very much dislike to write this letter on such a complaint, but the condition those boys have recently brought about warrant some one in making the report, and I feel fully warranted in reporting to you the matter. I hope you will ask each of your Sunday school boys to be a committee of one and see if this little stealing on a mean small scale cannot be stopped in short order."

GRACE CASE PUT ON TRIAL TODAY

WOMAN FACES CHARGE OF ATTEMPTING TO KILL HER HUSBAND

TRAGEDY ENDS ROMANCE

Grace Married Woman Many Years His Senior—Paralyzed, Will Be Witness

By Associated Press. Atlanta, Ga., July 22.—The trial of Mrs. Grace, charged with shooting her husband last March, was called for trial here this afternoon.

The chief feature of the trial will be the presence of the accusing husband, who will sit in the court room in an invalid chair, with the lower part of his body paralyzed, aiding in the prosecution of his wife, who, he says, shot him to obtain \$27,000 insurance he had taken out on his life for her benefit.

The circumstances surrounding this strange case necessarily give it a romantic air of mystery.

It will be recalled that shortly after 12 o'clock on Tuesday, March 5, the police headquarters of Atlanta received a feeble call for help over the telephone. A number of policemen were dispatched to the home of Eugene H. Grace, whence the call came, and they found every outside door of the house securely locked.

After an entrance they made their way to the upper bedroom. There they found Grace lying unconscious, with a gaping bullet wound in his side. On further search they discovered a revolver, with one empty chamber, lying on the floor in the room immediately below the one in which Grace was lying.

After Grace was revived, he said he had been shot while asleep, some time during the early part of the morning, and that he had every reason to believe that his wife had done it.

Then it was learned that Mrs. Grace had left the house some time during the day and had gone to Newnan, Ga., to visit her mother-in-law.

That evening Mrs. Grace was arrested at Newnan and brought back to Atlanta. On facing her husband, the latter directly accused her of shooting him and leaving him alone to die.

Then Mrs. Grace told him unless he withdrew the accusation she would take the power of attorney, which he exercised, away from him.

This threat seemed to have the desired effect, for Grace at once declared that he must be mistaken.

The power of attorney, the threatened removal of which caused Grace to withdraw the accusation for the time being, was in regard to the mortgaging of Philadelphia property that Mrs. Grace had received from her former husband.

Grace was to have gone to Philadelphia on the day he was shot to arrange for the mortgage.

Mrs. Grace admits that she did not leave her husband until after 11 o'clock on the day of the 5th. She says that her husband had complained of not feeling well, but she supposed he would soon recover from the indisposition and go to Philadelphia in the afternoon, as planned.

She says she went to Newnan to see her husband's mother and to join the former on a later train and go on to Philadelphia with him.

On the other hand, Grace says that he awoke about 6 o'clock on the morning of the 5th with a burning sensation in his side. He didn't know what was the matter with him and requested his wife to call a doctor.

He says Mrs. Grace made a pretense of going to the telephone and calling up a physician, but that in reality she never took the receiver from the hook. But, on the contrary, stuffed cotton in the instrument to prevent it from ringing.

Grace charges his wife with having heavily drugged him before shooting him. This, he says, accounts for the fact that neither the report nor the pain accompanying the shot awakened him.

The motive for the crime, as held by the prosecution, was to obtain the \$27,000 life insurance policy held by her husband, and of which she was the beneficiary.

In reply to this, the attorneys for Mrs. Grace say that their client was wealthy in her own right and had no need of the insurance money. They also claim that she is not the type of woman capable of such a deed and state that she was genuinely in love with her husband and he with her until outside influences began to work on his mind.

The courtship of Eugene H. Grace and his wife, who is about 20 years his senior, was as spectacular as it was brief.

Mrs. Grace was the widow of William H. Ople, a wealthy Philadelphia tailor. And before his death from blood poison in February, 1911, his wife had already become known as "Daisy of the Leopard Skins," because of her mania for coats made from the skin of that spotted animal.

After the death of her husband from whom she inherited \$100,000, Mrs. Grace became a conspicuous figure in the gilded cafe life of the Pennsylvania metropolis.

About this time her eyes had been attracted by the tall form of a handsome young man of immaculate attire. Then the tall young man saw the leopard furs and the vivacious

they carressed and a mutual attraction sprang up. An introduction was obtained and as a result Eugene H. Grace was married to Mrs. Ople in New York, at the Little Church Around the Corner, in March, 1911, less than one month after the death of the bride's former husband.

Grace, at that time, was a bond salesman who had ambition to become a building contractor. Finding his wife disposed to further this ambition he took his bride to Atlanta, where he set himself up in business. But he did not prosper. He and his pleasure-loving wife lived rapidly and spent lavishly. Instead of applying himself to business, it is said, he devoted himself to pleasure. And he was obliged to keep drawing on his wife's resources, until at last, it is asserted, he was about to go to Philadelphia to mortgage their last piece of property, their only remaining asset, when he was shot.

In a letter to his wife, shortly before their marriage, Grace made this confession, "I have been a rank failure and can truthfully say it was caused by woman."

Also in another letter to his wife he wrote: "What I have witnessed, and I say this absolutely free of a sentimental feeling, has been a revelation to me in that it shows that the finish of such fast living to be death. I shall never again be misled by the sweet silver tongue of an accomplished, morally perverted woman into the depths of depravity. Neither shall I again drink whiskey."

From the time Grace was found in his home, wounded and alone, it was never thought until recently that he had any chance whatever to live. At first his entire body was paralyzed. But he gradually gained control of the upper part of his body and now only the lower portion is useless. Even this, his physicians believe, will be finally overcome.

He has made several post mortem statements, at times when it was thought he was dying, and each one he has sworn to his conviction that his wife first drugged him and then shot him, for the sole purpose to get his insurance money. That he has always loved his wife, he does not deny, although he claims to be indifferent to her fate now. In the beginning his people stood by Mrs. Grace, even going so far as to assert that Grace was not in his right mind, but the latter's repeated accusations and the knowledge of other and mysterious circumstances that will be revealed at the trial have turned them all against her.

In passionately declaring her innocence Mrs. Grace affirms that she has always loved her husband and now loves him and that to accuse her of attempting to shoot him to death is a monstrous injustice.

TO INVESTIGATE ACTIVITIES OF FEDERAL OFFICE—HOLDERS

Washington, July 26.—The civil service commission will investigate alleged political activities of office holders in the Republican pre-convention campaign, and at Chicago. Charges have been made that some seventy office holders, most of them located in the South, violated the rules and used influences of their offices in politics.

WITH ARDMORE FAR AHEAD, DURANT FORFEITS GAME.

Special to The Times. Ardmore, Okla., July 26.—Today's game was a present to Ardmore, being forfeited by Durant. In the seventh inning, with the score 6 to 0 in favor of Ardmore, Manager Harper of Durant ordered his men off the field and Umpire Pennell awarded the game to Ardmore.

Fishing is a great industry, but not to the man who goes after them with a hook and line.

TO RAISE FUNDS FOR WILSON HERE

MOVEMENT ON FOOT TO AID DEMOCRATIC CAMPAIGN FUND

TO AID NATIONAL TICKET

Much Money Will Be Subscribed in South To Help Carry The Doubtful States

Money subscribed by Wichita Falls democrats will help to swell the fund necessary to carry the Wilson-Marshall presidential ticket in doubtful states next fall, if plans being formulated here are carried out. The Woodrow Wilson club is planning to raise funds here for the ticket and while the movement has not been definitely put on foot yet, several have already indicated willingness to give small amounts.

It is believed that several hundred dollars can be raised here and this amount, while but a drop in the bucket as compared with the money that will be needed, will help just that much. Democrats throughout the South are planning to raise funds for the National ticket this year and the money will be used in doubtful states to pay the expenses of speakers, print and distribute literature and will be employed along other legitimate channels.

Four years ago thousands and thousands of dollars was given by southerners to the Democratic campaign fund and it is believed that this year, when the outlook for Democratic success is so much brighter than it was then that a much larger amount can be raised. That Wichita Falls will do her small part to help put Woodrow Wilson in the White House is certain.

Definite steps to raise a Woodrow Wilson campaign fund here will be taken later.

A GREAT RECORD.

Hard to Duplicate It in Wichita Falls Scores of representative citizens of Wichita Falls are testifying for Doan's Kidney Pills. Such a record of local endorsement is unequalled in modern times. This public statement made by a citizen is but one of the many that have preceded it and the hundreds that will follow. Read it:

J. R. Henson, 119 Indiana avenue, Wichita Falls, Texas, says: "I am quite free from pain and lameness in my back and also headaches and dizzy spells since I used Doan's Kidney Pills. Prior to that time I was in a bad way and found nothing that would relieve me of the dull, nagging pain across my kidneys. Mornings I felt depressed and devoid of energy and after sitting in a chair I could hardly stand erect. Sharp twinges often darted through me when I stooped. These troubles all disappeared after I used Doan's Kidney Pills and I feel that I cannot recommend them too highly." (Statement given December 10, 1910.)

RE-ENDORSER.

On December 27, 1911 Mr. Henson said: "I have had no occasion to use a kidney remedy since Doan's Kidney Pills cured me some years ago. The cure effected at that time has been permanent. You are at liberty to use my statement as heretofore."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name—Doan's—and

THREE DERRICKS GOING UP NEAR BURKBURNETT

Corisicoma Company To Sink Wells in Vicinity of One on Schmocker Farm

County Commissioner J. E. D. Davis who was in town today from Burkburnett reports that the Corisicoma Petroleum Company is hauling out the timbers for three derricks that will be put up near the well on the Schmocker place.

One of the wells will be drilled on the Embury farm just west of the Schmocker well, another will be put down on the Cowan farm, north of the Schmocker place and the third will be sunk on the Gillet place northwest of the discovery well.

It is reported that lumber will be hauled out this week for a well on the Chenault farm which was leased last week by W. C. McBride. The contract calls for the starting of a well within thirty days.

GOMEZ RELEASED ON \$10,000 BOND

OTHERS UNDER ARREST MAY STAY IN JAIL UNTIL MONDAY

PROTESTS OF INNOCENCE

Documentary Evidence Found in Homes By Officers Will Figure in Case

By Associated Press. San Antonio, Texas, July 22.—Emilio Vasquez Gomez arrested with others Saturday night by federal officers on a charge of conspiracy to violate the neutrality laws, gave a \$10,000 temporary bond to appear Monday morning when a preliminary hearing will be given all six of the men.

The others were unable to give bond and were remanded to the county jail until the hearing unless they can give bond in the meantime.

Gomez expressed his confidence that he would be discharged from custody on Monday as the government had no case against him. The federal authorities say in the homes of the two defendants they found an array of documentary evidence that will make it hard for any of the six to prove their innocence.

CARDINAL GIBBONS IS 78 YEARS OF AGE TODAY.

By Associated Press. Baltimore, July 23.—Cardinal Gibbons is 78 years old. He planned to spend the day quietly at a friend's home. He is reported to be in excellent health.

\$5000 APPROPRIATION TO CHECK ARMY WORM.

By Associated Press. Washington, July 24.—The House agriculture committee today recommended an immediate appropriation of \$5000 to check the army worm in southern states. Secretary Wilson asked for it. Representative Hefflin of Alabama told the committee the worm was stopping railway trains in his district. The committee will try to rush the appropriation through before the agricultural appropriation bill is put through.

HEAVY FLOOD DAMAGE IN WISCONSIN TOWN TODAY.

Associated Press. Wausau, Wis., July 24.—This town in the grip of a flood that swept down the Wisconsin river today ten two dams gave away. Streets on the river were inundated, electric power cut off and business derelict. The damage is estimated as high as \$500,000.

RAFTING PLATFORM FOR THE PROGRESSIVE PARTY

Chicago, July 24.—Senator Dixon scussed with leaders of the thirty party movement today the platform he drafted for submission to the national convention.

"Upon that platform, freed of the attitudes usual in the old parties, the new party will stake its right of existence," said Senator Dixon. "It will be a platform that will stir the country. It will be a document full of human interest, and will provide specifically for the solutions of the great problems."

It was announced that all applications for press seats at the National convention must be sent to Medill McCormick by Monday, July 29.

To Build Flour Mill. Laredo, Texas, July 24.—A one hundred barrel flour mill will locate in this city and all the necessary machinery has been ordered. The company backing the mill own and operate several similar enterprises in Mexico and Southern Texas.

Rice Harvest Begins. Bay City, Texas, July 24.—The rice harvest in this section will begin on August 15th. There are 40,000 acres of rice under cultivation in this county and the crop is in fine condition.

DeWitt Valuations. Chero, Texas, July 24.—The tax assessor has completed his tax rolls which show the total valuation of DeWitt county to be over \$18,000,000, an increase over the preceding year of \$50,000.

ROOSEVELT TELLS NEW PARTY'S AIMS

MAKES FIRST SPEECH SINCE HIS RETURN FROM CONVENTION AT CHICAGO.

"FIGHT ON LIVE ISSUES"

Says New Organization Will Stand For the People.

By Associated Press.

New York, July 23.—In his first speech since he returned from Chicago, Col. Roosevelt today told his reasons for leading in the formulation of a new party. The address was at a meeting of the New York state and county chairman of the National Progressive party.

"No man knows better than I," said Col. Roosevelt, "that enthusiasm and high principles cannot be effective without organization and hard work. A great responsibility rests upon you men here, who are undertaking the organization of a new party which is to stand four-square to democracy. It is to be literally the party of the people. It will fight on live issues and not dead ones."

MITCHELL SENTENCED TO NINE MONTHS IN PRISON

Appeal Is Taken and \$4000 Bail Allowed—Result of Recent Contempt Decision

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., July 23.—John Mitchell, vice president of the American Federation of Labor today was sentenced in the District of Columbia supreme court to nine months imprisonment for contempt of court growing out of the Buck Stove Range case. An appeal was taken and \$4000 bail furnished. In the same case President Gompers was recently sentenced to a year and Secretary Frank Morrison to six months imprisonment.

Mr. Mitchell was not in court, but a written statement was presented, waiving his right to be present. He was to have been sentenced last week, but Judge Wright then declined because he objected to the form of waiver submitted for Mr. Mitchell.

JOKES WITH SALESMAN, THEN COMMITS SUICIDE.

By Associated Press. Checotah, Okla., July 24.—After laughing and joking with a salesman over his purchase of a revolver, T. A. Roundtree walked to the rear of a hardware store here this morning and blew out his brains. He had just returned from a trip to Muskogee. There was no apparent reason for the suicide as he was well to do and his affairs were in good condition.

SOLID TRAINLOAD OF HOGS PASSES THROUGH THIS CITY.

A solid train load of hogs from points on the Northwestern passed through Wichita Falls last night en route to Fort Worth, where they were unloaded at seven o'clock this morning. The train comprised 17 cars. One of them came from Gate, a station 285 miles north of Wichita Falls. They were loaded yesterday morning. The others came from Leedey, Trail, Camargo, Vicl, Laverne, and Sharon.

May Issue Road Bonds.

Waco, Texas, July 24.—The Waco Auto Club is promoting sentiment in favor of a good roads bond election in this precinct. At the present time \$100,000 is being expended in highway construction in the McGregor precinct.

Hanford's Resignation Is Sequel to Unpopular Acts

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., July 23.—President Taft will take no action on the resignation of Judge C. H. Hanford of Seattle, until the formal letter reaches him. He had no comment to make on the matter.

Judge Hanford's statement follows: "The almost constant strain under which I have worked for more than twenty-two years has taxed but not exhausted my power of endurance. I am not likely to have a vacation of rest, but a change of occupation will be a welcome relief. I intend to practice law in Seattle.

"In the investigation which has been conducted by a subcommittee of the House of Representatives much testimony has been given by witnesses who know me, and others who do not. I am grateful for the commendation of those who have spoken and written in my favor, and for those who have maligned me. I only wish to say that I would be ashamed of myself if I had not incurred the enmity of such people as these are.

"A judge is never so sure of being right as when his work has been criticized unfairly. Without boasting, in view of all that has been and may be said concerning myself and my work, I am glad that my record is what it is."

Judge Hanford has been much in the public eye since Aug. 25, 1911, when, after he had issued an injunction hostile to the petition of Seattle citizens in a cent fare fight against a street-car company, he was denounced at a great mass meeting and resolutions demanding his impeachment were adopted.

While the meeting was in progress a crowd outside hanged in effigy a stuffed figure labelled "Hanford." One of the speakers at the meeting said he had seen Judge Hanford intoxicated in a public place. The speakers at this meeting were arrested for interfering with an order of the court and some of them were kept in prison several days. It appeared from the evidence in the hearing just ended that detectives were at once detailed to watch Judge Hanford, and every move he made was recorded. Several members of Congress were consulted relative to beginning impeachment proceedings.

"During the Industrial Workers of the World demonstration in Western Washington last spring, Judge Hanford condemned the carrying of the red flag through the streets. On May 10 he revoked the citizenship papers of Leonard Olsson, a member of the Socialist labor party, and of the Industrial Workers of the World because Olsson was appearing as a witness for another man seeking citizenship, had said he was 'not devotedly attached to the Constitution.'"

Points of Terrell Election Law That May Interest the Voters

Austin, Texas, July 23.—Owing to the unusually large number of election problems now being referred to the attorney general's department for solution, Assistant Attorney General C. E. Mead has drawn up a compendium of the principal points of the Terrell election law and is mailing a copy out to the various county chairmen and to such others as write the department for light on the subject. Here is the summary:

1. No person is entitled to vote in any election primary or general unless he has resided in Texas twelve months, and in the county in which he offers to vote at least six months next before said election.

2. The fact that a person will have resided in the county six months at the time of the general election in November, will not authorize him to vote in the primary in July unless he will have resided six months in the county at the date of the primary.

3. You are not entitled to vote at a primary election if you are not 21 years old at the time you offer to vote, notwithstanding you may be come 21 years old on or before the date of holding the general election.

4. A young man becoming of age after January 1 of the year preceding an election may which he offers to vote may vote at such election, provided he has obtained certificate of exemption from the tax collector. This applies to all persons whether residing in cities of 10,000 inhabitants or not.

Certificates of exemption under this section or under section 19, are only required to be obtained from the county tax collector. It is not necessary to obtain certificates of exemption from city tax collector in cities of 10,000 or more.

5. A person who has not resided in the county for six months prior to the election but has resided in the district of which the county is a part for six months prior to the election, would not be entitled, to vote for either county, district or state officers in said county.

6. A person who came to Texas after the first day of January, 1911, is entitled to vote in any election without having paid a poll tax if he has lived in the state twelve months and in the county six months and is otherwise qualified. Neither is he required to procure certificate of exemption.

7. The residence of a single man is where he usually sleeps at night; that of a married man is where his new residence four days prior to the election at which you offer to vote, and have him add your name to the certified list of voters in the precinct of your new residence.

8. If you need any assistance in the preparation of your ballot, it must be given by the election judges, and a heavy fine and imprisonment is imposed upon any judge or clerk of an election, who by word, writing, sign or token indicates how he desires you to vote.

9. Two supervisors of primary elections for each voting precinct may be selected by one-fifth of the candidates by agreement in writing signed by them on the day preceding the election.

10. Supervisors of elections, primary and general, may sit conveniently near the judges so as to observe the conduct of the election, but shall not enter into any conversation with the judges or clerks of the election while the election is progressing except to call their attention to any irregularity or violation of the law they may observe. They cannot advise residents, or if he be permanently separated from his wife, his residence is where he sleeps at night.

11. A person does not lose his residence in a locality by being temporarily absent with his family for the

purpose of sending his children to school or any other similar purpose, and will be entitled to vote at the place of his permanent residence.

12. If you were subject to pay a poll tax for the year 1911 and failed to pay it before February 1, 1912, you cannot vote in any election. This applies to both state and city poll taxes.

13. Your poll tax must be paid in the county in which you resided on the 1st day of January of the year for which it is levied. Paying in wrong county will not allow you to vote.

14. You cannot vote at a primary election unless you are 21 years old, have resided in the state for twelve months and in the county in which you offer to vote for six months, and paid your poll tax, state, county and city or town, prior to February 1, or received a certificate of exemption, if you are exempt and a certificate is required.

15. Every male person between the ages of 21 and 60 who resided in this state on the 1st day of January preceding the levy of a poll tax is subject to same except the following persons, who are exempt, viz: (a) Indians not taxed; (b) insane persons; (c) blind persons; (d) deaf and dumb persons; (e) persons who have lost a foot; (f) persons who are permanently disabled. A person is not exempt from the payment of a poll tax under exceptions (e) and (f) unless the hand or foot is entirely severed from the body. A disability of the hand or arm or foot or leg, though it may be permanent, does not exempt.

To be exempt under exception (g) there must be a permanent disability to perform any manual labor. It is not sufficient that there be a disability of one limb or two limbs, but the physical condition must be such as that the person is not capable of performing manual labor at all. This exemption should be passed upon by the county officers upon the facts of each case.

A certificate of exemption for the persons mentioned in this section is not required unless you are a resident of a city of 10,000 inhabitants.

16. If an alien declares his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States six months prior to an election in which he desires to vote, he is entitled to vote if otherwise qualified.

17. If after payment of your poll tax, you move from one county to another and in the county to which you remove, you reside in a city of 10,000 inhabitants, you will not be allowed to vote in the precinct of your new residence unless you present your poll tax receipt or certificate of exemption, or affidavit of its loss, to the tax collector of the county of your last residence, in preparing his ballot.

18. Those precincts which failed to hold an election on primary election day last preceding are not entitled to representation in the county conventions.

It is the duty of the county convention to elect delegates to the state and each district convention. One delegate shall be elected for each 300 votes, or major fraction thereof cast for the party's candidate for governor at the last preceding general election.

19. Immediately upon the adjournment of the convention, the president thereof (not the county chairman) shall make a certified list of the delegates to the state and each of the district conventions (representative, senatorial, judicial, supreme, and district and congressional) and sign the same officially, have same attested by the secretary of the convention and forwarded by sealed registered letter to the respective state and district chairmen.

All saloons shall close for the entire day on which any election is held either general election, primary election, stock law election, local option election, school trustee election, either primary or general or city election.

LOSES TWO FINGERS IN ACCIDENT AT BRICK PLANT

C. L. Floyd, a transfer man at the brick plant, suffered a painful injury recently as a result of which it was found necessary to amputate the index and middle fingers of his right hand. Mr. Floyd was superintending the moving of a number of bricks which had been placed in a small cart or wagon which is operated on rails. In attempting to stop this, he placed his right hand under the wheels in some manner and was injured as above stated. Mr. Floyd was placed in a buggy and driven to town by T. S. Freeman, and his wounds were dressed by Dr. Guest.

\$440,000 For Trinity. Washington, D. C., July 24.—The House and Senate have agreed to the report of the conferees on the river and harbor bill which is now ready for the President's approval. The bill includes an item of \$440,000 for survey and maintenance by open channel work of the Trinity river.

Needle Works Through Foot (Iowa Park Herald). Paul Sisk, who had the misfortune to stick a needle into the ball of his foot about two months ago, came to the doctor Wednesday and the needle was removed. The needle had worked through the foot and was taken out from the top of the foot.

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Watch out for the campaign liar. He generally manages to show up just a few days before the election, or just in time to get his lie in circulation and not time enough for the lie to be denied.

The farmers of Wichita county are so busy with their crops that they have not much time to give to politics. For that reason the vote at next Saturday's primary may fall short of the usual number by 500 or 600.

How would it do to limit campaign contributions to the Democratic campaign fund to those only who expect to become applicants for post offices? At a dollar per, this ought to bring in something like a million plunks.

The Daily and Weekly Times is read by more people in Wichita Falls, and Wichita county than any other newspaper published. Subscription books always open to those who have money to spend for advertising and want to get what they are paying for.

Six days hence—candidates will then have a long resting spell.—Abilene Reporter.

We are not concerned so much about the candidate, but will the people have a rest? Heaven grant it.—Denison Herald.

Don't worry. With the candidates and their thunder disposed of the people will soon forget about it.

Straw votes don't count, of course, but they sometimes indicate the character of strength a candidate for office is receiving. As a usual thing, grand juries are picked from among that class of citizens who stand highest in the community—citizens who are law-abiding and who are pressed into service to force others who have less respect for law to answer for their misdeeds. A recent poll of the grand jury of Wichita county, with eleven present on the U. S. Senatorship resulted: 10 for Sheppard, the eleventh man not voting. On the governor's contest there were 8 for Ramsey, 2 for Colquitt, one not voting.

Democrats should not forget that on next Saturday precinct conventions are to be held in each precinct in the county for the purpose of selecting delegates to the county convention. Usually the precinct chairman, (the member of the county executive committee representing that voting precinct) issues the call for these precinct conventions. In fact, the election law makes it a part of his duty to issue the call for such convention, naming the date, hour and place where the convention is to be held, and give as much publicity to such meeting as is possible. As yet, no such notices have been issued, or if so, the Times has overlooked the matter.

H. F. Looney of Greenville, is one of the three candidates for attorney general, and while the Times does not know anything against either of the other two gentlemen who are Mr. Looney's opponents and is perfectly willing to accept their statement and their statements of their friends that they are good lawyers and have splendid ability, an acquaintance of more than twenty years standing with Mr. Looney convinces us that the people of Wichita county and of all Texas can not possibly make a mistake in voting for him next Saturday for attorney general. Mr. Looney is not only an able lawyer, but a high-toned gentleman and has made his campaign for this office on that ground.

At last the Interstate Commerce Commission has decided to regulate the express companies, and from the howl that has been sent up from the companies is very comforting to some of their patrons who have been forced to stand for the excessive express charges for many, many years. The rates have been very materially lowered—so much in fact that the dividends of the companies are likely to be cut near middle. Either this will have to be done, or the express companies will be forced to squeeze some of the water out of their heavily watered stock and if this is done the rates, as fixed by the Interstate Commission will leave them in a position to declare a reasonable dividend on all the real capital they have invested.

In the selection of W. F. McCombs as manager of his campaign, Governor Wilson has, in the humble opinion of this paper, exercised good judgment. Not much has been heard of McCombs up to the time he was made manager of Wilson's campaign, but he showed that he had ability in such matters. McCombs, now a New York lawyer, is what is commonly

known as a self-made man. Originally, he came from Arkansas, where, though a cripple, he managed by hard work to gain an education and shortly after finishing his college course went to New York City to practice his profession and made good. He is not rich except in knowledge, but in that is able to hold his own with the best of them.

At Judge Ramsey's inauguration next January there will be crowds of the wool hat boys from the forks of the creek welcomed by their chief to participate in a good old time as of yore, such as corn shuckings, dancing all night, and going home with the girls in the morning, and rejoicing together over the victory so justly won by a man of the people and for the people. So, hurrah for Ramsey, first and all the time.—Cherokee Review.

That certainly will be something out of the ordinary. The "wool hat" boys hear that sort of talk just before the election. When the time comes for the pulling off of the inaugural ball, the embossed and engraved invitations will be sent to those wool hat can feel themselves perfectly at home wearing a swallow-tail coat, white vest, white gloves and shoes and a beaver hat. In the past not many "wool hat" boys have ever shown up at inaugural balls.

As we understand the situation, it was American money that made the Panama Canal possible. Not a cent did any other nation put up. Under such circumstances, will some one better informed than the editor of this paper makes any pretensions to be, please tell us why it was necessary for the United States to obtain the consent of England to the purchase of the property, and also England's consent to dig the canal. Also, after it is finished, why can't Uncle Sam do as he pleases with it? By the terms of the treaty vessels flying the American flag are to enjoy no greater privileges than the vessels of foreign nations. The only fun, apparently, that the American people are to get out of the deal is that of paying themselves to pay for the canal. But don't misunderstand us. It may be a question that requires the brains of a great diplomat to figure out, but to us it looks very much like a game of "tails I win; heads you lose."

If Ramsey is elected governor, he is committed to an early closing law, by which is meant that he will favor a law that will keep saloons closed in towns where whiskey is sold from 6, 7, 8, or 9 o'clock in the evening until 6 o'clock in the morning. Had our present governor been favorable to such a law it is not likely that he would have had opposition for a second term, and if he is defeated (and from present indications he is very likely to be), he can attribute his defeat principally to his opposition to an early closing law. With the saloons closed at an early hour in the evening and not opened again until early the next morning, much of the existing prejudice against the open saloon would have been eliminated, and it is hardly possible that the question of statewide prohibition would have ever come up again. But unless the next legislature does pass such a law, and the governor (whether it be Colquitt or Ramsey) approves instead of vetoing it, there will be another statewide election, with perhaps a very different result from the last election.

Gov. Colquitt is by no means our choice for governor, but we opine that the Ramsey men who are counting so confidently upon an overwhelming Ramsey victory will have some big surprises when the full returns are all in. Enthusiasm is a great thing and helps a great deal in any enterprise, but it takes votes to win an election. In this section of the state there seems little doubt that Judge Ramsey will get a majority, but it is very doubtful if that majority will ever reach the proportions claimed by the extreme prohibitionists. As to the whole state we venture the result will be uncomfortably close for both men and the winner will have little to crow about in the way of a majority. As we see it, the matter will be doubtful and it will be anybody's victory until the full vote is in and may require the official count for a decision. This race is strictly a contest between the pros and antis and we know their numerical difference is not very great in Texas.—Childress Post.

That's about the way the Times has the situation sized up. The two distinguished gentlemen are claiming the earth. They probably believe what they are saying, but all the same both are scared and straining every joint to gain the victory.

The order passed at a called meeting of the County Democratic Executive Committee last Saturday to keep the negroes from voting in the Democratic primary election on next Saturday may and probably will cut out a few negro Democratic voters. The negroes who vote the regulation Democratic ticket at every election are few. It is true, but there are one or two in Wichita Falls, and the Times really wishes that the committee in its making had made exceptions of these two or three negroes. As for the rest of them, they should not be permitted to participate in a Democratic primary. The loss to the party of these two or three negro votes to the Democratic cause cannot affect the strength of the party as a whole to any great extent, and the candidate for office who, in order that these two or three Democratic negro votes might not be barred out from the Democratic primary factors throwing down the bars and letting all of them vote, is not the Times' kind of a Democrat. If these negroes, who are Democrats, will look at the situation as it is, they will readily see that the committee had it allowed them to vote, would have been forced to allow all other negroes who see Republicans, to participate in a Democratic primary. These Republican negroes would in that instance, have been

permitted to assist in choosing the Democratic nominees, and at the regular election in November, vote the straight Republican ticket. That would be wrong. There are a few more enough Democratic negroes and there should be more and the Democratic party, in justice to these few Democratic negroes, should provide in some way to allow them to participate in Democratic primary elections.

The ruling by Democrat State Chairman Sheb Williams that it is optional with county chairman as to whether they order the names of the Democratic presidential electors printed on the ballot to be used in the primary election on July 27th is simply a movement to invite into the primaries negroes, Mexicans and some white Republicans who have a desire to vote the Democratic State ticket, or at least, are willing to pledge themselves to do so, but want to support the National Republican ticket. In other words, it looks very much as if it was a movement to give into the hands of those who are not Democrats power to dictate who shall be the Democratic nominees for State offices, and the candidates for State office, and governor down, who gives encouragement to that movement is unworthy and is not entitled to the support of any Democrat. This State primary election is or is supposed to be a contest between Democrats, and the man who is not willing to pledge himself to support the Democratic ticket from decent enough to not want to participate. The Times has respect for the political views of those who differ with it, but it has none whatever for the fellow who volunteers to take a pledge that he knows he has no intention whatever of keeping.

The wheat crop of 1912 in Wichita county will be in the neighborhood of a half million bushels. This is only about one-third of the biggest yield of wheat produced in Wichita county in any one year, but the reason for that was that, in those days the farmers confine themselves almost wholly to small grain crops, and the year Wichita county produced 1,500,000 bushels of wheat, not more than 500 bales of cotton were produced in the county. Since that time the farmers have found out that Wichita county soil was capable of producing as much as a bale of cotton to the acre, and each succeeding year the acreage to small grain crops less while the acreage planted to cotton, corn and feed crops increases. This year it is estimated that the acreage planted to cotton in Wichita county is in the neighborhood of 40,000 acres and the condition of the crop throughout the county today is such that it is confidently expected that the yield will be at least 15,000 bales, or an average of about one-third bale per planted acre. Where the cotton crops have been well worked and a good stand obtained, the yield will be in the neighborhood of a bale to the acre. Corn crops are showing up nicely, and will make good corn even if no further rains fall between this time and August 1st. As for feed crops, such as maize, sorghum, etc., no one has ever before seen a bigger crop, and it looks as if the farmers will raise enough in one year to feed their live stock for three or four years.

There seems to have been some misconception applied to that part of our article on boot-legging in last week's issue which is referred to. The writer was TOLD this week that an officer had made the rounds warring all joints of the grand jury now in session and advising them to close up until the session is over, etc. This article did not refer to the present County Attorney T. R. (Don) Boone or County Judge C. B. Felder, who are up for re-election; as some people have imagined. We do not wish to place these gentlemen in a wrong light and we make this explanation for that purpose.—Electra News.

The Times is requested to reproduce the above for the reason that it printed a part of an article printed by the Electra News of last week. Neither Judge Felder, County Attorney Boone or any other county officer was named. The article above, however, in the judgment of the Times, should state explicitly what county officer was referred to. Inasmuch as it does not, we must conclude that the Electra paper was not justified in printing what it was told, without giving its authority or naming the officer implicated. As the Times views it, neither Judge Felder or County Attorney Boone were reflected upon more than any other county officer. However, any one of the county officers would have been justified in demanding of the Electra News the name of the person from whom it got its information.

As we understand it, the esteemed Galveston-Dallas News agrees with Mr. Bryan and doesn't want the support of Tammany Hall and of its chief, Mr. Murphy, in the coming campaign. It may be that Democracy can win without New York's vote, we don't know; but with the forty-five electoral votes of that state in the hands of Democratic electors, we would feel much more certain of a Democrat occupying the White House for the next four years.—Denison Herald.

As you understand it you are wrong. The News said, we assume, Mr. Bryan want the support of Tammany in the elections. We want the support not only of Tammany, but of all the disgruntled Republicans, all the recalcitrant prohibitionists and all the free-will Socialists. We want the support of every voter who wants to vote our ticket. But we don't want to bargain for anybody's vote. Tammany's, or any other, by promising special privileges in exchange for support, by referring offices for ballots or trading governmental sympathies for organizational assistance. We want to elect Gov.

Wilson to the presidency without in any manner subverting his allegiance to all the people. We want a President to administer the laws, not one merely to dispose of the offices. We want Tammany to help us elect a Democratic president, but we don't want Tammany's support. If we have to promise Tammany any more than we promise the people as a whole. Do you get us?—State Press in Dallas News.

Most of us will agree that no candidate for governor can afford to make the race for that office who is not in a position, financially, to pay out from \$8000 to \$12,000 as campaign expenses, and even if he is successful in landing the office, (if he is an honest man) he goes out at the end of his term (two years) with less money by several thousand dollars than he had before he was elected. For that reason, the term should be extended to cover four years instead of two. That would give the man who succeeded in securing his election to get back at least as much money as he had been out for campaign expenses. Texas, in area is the biggest State in the Union. In population she is fifth, and everything considered, Texas can well afford to raise the salary of the governor's office and lengthen the term to four instead of two years. As it is now, only those of our public men of the statesman class who can afford to make a financial sacrifice, will offer as a candidate for the office. If the term was extended and the salary doubled making it so that no governor could succeed himself, the State of Texas would fare better. Of course, there are many who will say that two years is long enough for any one administration, and doubtless there are some who will contend that even a two-year term for some administrators is longer than it should be, but Texas has done fairly well under the administration of all her governors. We all must and will admit this fact, except in the heat of a particular campaign, such as is now on. In fact, one campaign is hardly finished before another is being planned, and things are almost constantly in a muddle and stir.

Gov. Osborn of Michigan, a progressive Republican, is supporting Woodrow Wilson for president. This naturally causes Democrats everywhere to want to know something about this Republican who has been highly honored by his party, but who now finds that he cannot follow his party to the extent of supporting President Taft for re-election.

"The condition of mind that classifies a person as a progressive," says Gov. Osborn, "whether as a republican or democrat, is intangible and difficult to define. The movement marks a new era. Today all is materialism in this country. Tomorrow those who are progressive hope for a recrudescence of morals and ethics in government. The people have seen the party in power manipulated in the interest of the powerful agents of avarice. In very many instances, public officers have served special classes instead of the people. Our laws for years have been made to protect property rights, with secondary consideration for the man rights.

"The progressive wishes to see a change and to have human rights placed upon at least an equality with property rights. He wishes to see the development of a condition and a class of officers wherein first consideration will be given to the rights of the people as a whole, as distinguished from the rights of the strong few. The new order of things will demand, in every instance where the rights of the people are involved, that the public officer shall regard himself as a special trustee of the people and shall, in case of doubt, lean toward them and act for them."

The Austin Statesman and Record, the two papers that have insinuated that John T. Smith, an attorney, was "standing in" with Comptroller Lane to divide fees for a class of work, will now be forced to prove their charge or pay the penalty for libeling Smith. Mr. Smith is suing for \$15,000 actual and \$10,000 exemplary damages of the two papers, and Gregory Batts & Lane are the attorneys for Mr. Smith. Lane has instructed the same attorneys to bring suit for libel against

same papers for a like amount. In filing his suit, Attorney Smith makes the following statement:

"I have no ill feeling towards the Austin Statesman or the Cuero Record. They have virtually stated that I divide fees with Comptroller Lane to get permits, and such statements have been repeatedly denied.

"I have never paid any money to any employe of the government directly or indirectly to get any business through any of the departments and I am simply giving these papers an opportunity to prove their assertions or pay the penalty for not telling the truth. When business men are pursuing their vocations and violating no law, implied or expressed, and taking no active interest in any political campaign, it appears they must be pulled into the 'cess pool' of political misrepresentation by an almost insidiously partisan press and it is time the public should take some action. When our press works itself into such a frenzy they build up factions and hatred that almost destroys communities and causes people to vote against candidates because some fellow he dislikes is voting for them, and frequently estranges life-long friends and neighbors, something should be done to have the owners and managers of such papers exercise with discretion the right given them to speak to the thousands of readers daily."

As a general thing the Times is not an advocate of Sunday amusements, but so long as our people seem to demand something along that line, the Times believes that every encouragement possible should be given to the band concerts given on the court house lawn on Sunday afternoons. Last Sunday more than 2000 people were attracted to that place, by far a greater portion being children, who seemed to enjoy themselves greatly. The concerts are given at an hour that does not interfere with church worship. In fact, at the breaking of the concert a good portion of the amusement seekers go from the court house to the various churches. In Dallas the moving picture shows are permitted to run on Sundays, and in order to compete with these attractions, one pastor of a prominent church, Rev. J. Frank Smith, has proposed that the churches of the city go into the moving picture show business and give free exhibitions Sunday afternoons in the Sunday school rooms in order to afford recreation and amusement for the children, and at the same time keep them away from the regular picture shows whose pictures sometimes are not as clean and wholesome as they might be. But so far, the proposition does not seem to have met with popular approval. It might be better for the church to give

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U. S.

HOUSE MEMBERS CONTRIBUTIONS TO 1908 FUND

DEMOCRATIC REPRESENTATIVES MAKE PILGRIMAGE TO SEAGIRT SATURDAY

INTRODUCED TO WILSON

Congressmen Present Him With Autograph Book—Occasion Is Considered Unique

By Associated Press. Seagirt, N. J., July 26.—Champ Clark, speaker of the House, led his caravan of followers along the dusty roads of Seagirt to Governor Wilson's summer home here today.

They came 116 strong from the House of Representatives in a special train to shake hands with the nominee and bid him God speed for the presidency.

It was the first time in the history of the United States that Democrats or Republicans in Congress had quit their work to dash across the country and halt the party's standard bearer.

There were two ways for a president to get along with the House, he said, he was to keep with initial touch with its members but to be concerned in its deliberations only.

After a photographer had grouped all about the lawn, they separated. Twenty-five or thirty went over to Agburn Park.

Representative Cotteridge of Washington, at whose W. J. Bryan stays when in Washington said he thought the Nebraska ought to come East some time in August and that Seagirt may get a glimpse of him then.

Representative Rubey of Missouri, and Francis of Ohio came up to say good-bye.

Every Missouri representative in Washington came up. Mr. Rubey said, "There is not any feeling now in Missouri against you."

The train pulled out of Seagirt at 5:45 with Speaker Clark and nearly all the others aboard. An hour later the governor said:

"The day was one of the most delightful I ever experienced. The occasion was unique and for that reason was the most enjoyed and appreciated."

The well at this place is not progressing very rapidly, but quite a few lease men have been out the past week. (How about that, me?—Editor.)

MADERA QUIET TODAY

AFTER AMERICANS LEAVE

Madera, July 25.—In contrast to the nervous condition of the past three days Madera today was again normal.

With the women and children away the Americans left here breathless.

Real Estate Transfers. R. E. Huff to J. C. Mytinger, lot 6, block 15, Southland Addition, \$500.

W. E. Thomas to Corsicana Petroleum Co., lots 9 and 10, block 38, Burk Burnett, \$150.

J. C. Mytinger to H. A. Orlopp, parts of lots 5 and 6, block 15, South Addition.

I. J. Bullitt to Mrs. M. E. Besikowski, lots 4, 5 and 6, block 6, Burk Burnett, \$2150.

M. K. Emmert to W. N. Maer, lot 12, block 4, Floral Heights, \$500.

BELMONT AND RYAN DID NOT MAKE DONATIONS, SAYS RIDDER

BRYAN'S WISHES OBEYED

No Money Accepted From Corporations—Treasurer Tells of Sources of Fund

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., July 26.—Today's session of the Senate committee investigating campaign contributions dealt with the 1908 campaign.

Hermann Ridder, treasurer of the National committee in 1908 today for the inspection of the Senate committee investigating campaign contributions the official report of the committee's receipts and expenditures he had filed with the New York secretary of state in 1908.

Mr. Ridder told the committee how he raised the money for Bryan's last campaign in 1908.

"I was the largest contributor," Ridder said. "I gave \$27,000. Mr. Bryan made a rule that no one should contribute more than \$10,000. So \$10,000 was given in my name and each of my sons gave \$9,000."

"Did August Belmont contribute anything in 1908?" asked Senator Clapp.

"No, he did not," replied Ridder. Mr. Belmont had told the committee that he gave about \$250,000.

"Did Mr. Thomas F. Ryan contribute in 1908?" asked Senator Clapp.

"No, he did not."

"Might they have contributed to someone else?"

"No, replied Ridder, 'to no one unless through Mr. Sheehan. No, I am quite sure they did not contribute through Mr. Sheehan because the amount he contributed was too small.'"

"Tammany Hall contributed \$10,000, Mr. Ridder told committee and Robert Ewing of New Orleans, collected \$37,000, mostly in five and ten cent pieces. The witness recalled, with the aid of the official record, that 25,000 names were enrolled on the list of contributors.

Senator Clapp remarked that Mr. Ridder every time he mentioned a Tammany man as contributor, he referred to him as a "good man."

"Do you mean to cast reflections on the other contributors?" asked Senator Clapp.

"No," replied Ridder, "but after Mr. Bryan's denunciation at Baltimore in 1908 for the campaign, I had distinct orders from Mr. Bryan that no money was to be taken from corporations."

"Have you any reason to believe that subscriptions by corporations were covered up by being made under a person's name," was asked.

"None," he replied, "the contributions were too small for that."

"Do you have any knowledge that money was given for campaign purposes through other agencies than the National committee?"

"No, of course, money was given to State committees."

Mr. Ridder said he had nothing to do officially with the 1904 campaign nor the congressional campaign of 1906 and 1910 which are also under investigation.

George R. Sheldon treasurer of the Republican National committee in 1908 will probably testify Thursday.

Thornberry Items.

Thornberry has been having some hot dry weather for the past few days and crops are in need of rain, corn especially.

N. C. Pharris and wife returned last Saturday from their visit at Bowie, and N. C. has been very poorly since. He is suffering from a light attack of paralysis.

Mr. and Mrs. D. F. Bentley's two daughters one of Taylor, Texas and the other from Oklahoma, and their son, George, from Washington, D. C. are spending a few days with their parents.

Edison Pharris while engaged in feeding a hay press for John Bentley last Friday got his foot caught, breaking a small bone which will lay him up for several days.

Charlie Bell is highly elated over the arrival of a fine boy at his home.

Messrs. Albert, Aderholtz, Herman Wallace and Floyd Pharris went to Wichita river Monday evening for a swim and reported the water fine.

There has been some very fine millet harvested in this community the past week and with another good rain the feed crop will certainly be immense.

The well at this place is not progressing very rapidly, but quite a few lease men have been out the past week. (How about that, me?—Editor.)

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With the women and children away the Americans left here breathless.

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Mr. Catlin's campaign expenses were so great that the committee held his election to have been corrupt. It also held that Gill would have been elected but for the use of money by Catlin's manager. The latter's majority in 1910 was 1200.

The resolution will be reported to the House today for action.

According to the report, Representative Catlin's campaign expenditures were more than \$13,000. It was contended by his counsel that most of the money was used without the candidate's knowledge. The

STATE OF NEW JERSEY EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

July 6, 1911.

My dear Mr. Grogan:— You mistook me if you thought that I was treating your first letter as a communication of a politician, or if you supposed that I was trying in any way to avoid the important question you put to me. The reply I made was made in all sincerity. I believe that for some states State wide prohibition is possible and desirable, because of their relative homogeneity, while for others I think that State wide prohibition is not practicable. I have no reason to doubt from what I know of the circumstances that State wide prohibition is both practicable and desirable in Texas. In my reply to you I was only trying to state what I think must always be kept in mind,—the wide divergence of conditions which make it impossible to reply to any single question like those of prohibition in terms which would fit the whole country.

With much respect, Cordially and sincerely yours,

Woodrow Wilson

Mr. E. W. Grogan, Byers, Texas.

Wilson's Letter on Prohibition Sets Forth Unequivocal Views on Subject

"I have no reason to doubt from what I know of the circumstances that state wide prohibition is both practicable and desirable in Texas"

From Gov. Wilson's letter. The views on state wide prohibition of Gov. Woodrow Wilson the democratic nominee for the presidency, were the subject of considerable discussion in Texas during the prohibition campaign of last year and since Gov. Wilson's nomination, they have again become the subject of public interest.

Editorial reference was made recently in The Times to Governor Wilson's views on the subject, mention being made of his letter to E. W. Grogan, the well known ranchman of Byers, Clay county. During the prohibition campaign Mr. Grogan saw it stated that Gov. Wilson was opposed to prohibition and he was sufficiently interested to write to the New Jersey governor about it, his reply being published.

Later, in reply to another letter from Mr. Grogan, Gov. Wilson wrote again, setting forth his views very clearly and they appear in the letter which is reproduced on this page.

Through the courtesy of Mr. Grogan this letter from Gov. Wilson is reproduced today. Concerning it, Mr. Grogan writes as follows:

I notice in The Times of 16th inst. that you published a copy of a letter dated July 6, 1911, from Gov. Woodrow Wilson addressed to me relating to state wide prohibition in Texas.

I perhaps have not attached as much importance to this letter as I should have done, this is probably owing to the fact that my anti-prohibition friends have insisted all along that the prohibition question should have no place even in our state campaign not to say anything about injecting it into our national campaign as an issue.

The above however, seems to me is a false doctrine, and the forcing of this letter to the front to disprove certain statements they have made only goes to prove that they are not sincere in this so-called doctrine.

You have heard of the quotation "that a drowning man will grab at straws," this looks very much like a case of that kind from my view point.

I am of the opinion that they will get very little comfort out of this letter or any other statement Gov. Wilson has made on this important question, and if they insist on and force the issue by continuing the use of everything they can pick up that we continue to issue out to them the very best we have in the shop and without fear or favor.

Some people we meet seem to think that it is all right for them to use everything that may militate to their advantage and at the same time they would like for the other fellow to be as "mute as a mouse" or as dumb as the "lamb before the shearer," that opens not his mouth.

Of course I understand that you are publishing this letter for the benefit of our anti-prohibition friends, who are attempting to climb into the Wilson and Marshall hand wagon on a pretense and want all company aboard to be agreeable in case they should be successful.

Where do you suppose they will find place for Col. R. M. Johnston of the Houston Post in the wagon? Do you think we will have room for him?

Knowing your sincerity in this matter and to put Gov. Wilson and his position in the right light before the people of Texas on this important question, I am mailing you the original letter and call your attention to the following sentence which is to correct a slight error as it is now being published.

When the Governor wrote the sentence, "I have no reason to doubt from what I know of the circumstances that state wide prohibition is possible and desirable in Texas," that he meant it that way. You will note the error, he is quoted as saying, "I have no fear to doubt," which has another and distinct meaning to the above and to the way he intended to convey it.

Yours very truly, E. W. GROGAN. Byers, Texas, July 18, 1912.

TEST PRESCRIBED BY COMMITTEE TO HELP PARKER

THOSE WHO HAVE BEEN DEMOCRATS FOR A YEAR CAN VOTE

FORMER RULING CHANGED

Committee Takes Action After Hearing Letters Read From Attorney-General

White republicans who have undergone a genuine conversion and who will pledge themselves to vote for the nominees can vote in the Democratic primaries in Wichita county next Saturday provided they have not voted in any other election within the last twelve months.

Participation in the Republican convention, it is understood, will not be a bar provided the convert is ready to declare himself a Democrat.

The bars were let down this much to allow voters who have heretofore voted the Republican ticket to vote in the primaries. The restricting clause was made to cover only twelve months. This will allow former Republicans who voted that ticket two years ago to vote in the primary provided they are willing to declare that they are now democrats and will support the nominees of the primary.

The resolution as adopted by the county committee Saturday will operate to keep those who voted the socialist ticket in the city election out of the primary.

At a previous meeting several weeks ago the committee had prescribed a test to be printed on the ballot which would limit the participants to white voters and those who had not voted any other than a Democratic ticket for two years previous to the primary.

A question was raised as to the validity of this test and Chairman C. C. Huff took the matter up with the attorney general's department, which ruled that county executive committees could provide additional qualifications to that provided by law provided they were not in conflict with the election law.

After hearing the letters from the attorney general's department read, the committee adopted the following resolutions:

"Be it resolved by the Democratic executive committee of Wichita county that the election officers in each voting box in the county to prevent any voter from participating in primary except Democrats and that in addition to the qualifications prescribed by law, for voters in this primary, that the following qualifications be required of the voter:

"First that the voter be a white man.

"Second that the voter be a citizen who has not voted the ticket of any other party within the last twelve months.

"Be it further resolved that a copy of this resolution be placed with the presiding officer in each voting precinct in Wichita County, Texas, for the guidance of the election officers certified to by the chairman and secretary of the Democratic executive committee of Wichita County, Texas."

The correspondence with the Attorney General's Department follows:

Telegram From Mr. Huff: "Jewell P. Lightfoot, Attorney General, Austin, Texas. The Democratic executive committee of this county has prescribed the following test: 'I am a white man; am a democrat and agree to support the nominees of this primary. I further state that I have not affiliated with any other party within the last two years nor voted the ticket of any other party within the last two years.'

"Please wire me whether or not the executive committee has a right to prescribe such a test or should the test be as follows: 'I am a democrat and agree to support the nominees of this party.' Answer by wire at my expense."

C. C. HUFF, Chairman Dem. Ex. Com.

Mead's Answer. "Austin, Tex., July 16. C. C. Huff, Dem. Chairman, Wichita Falls, Tex. County committee has right to require voters to subscribe to test given in your telegram but the only test that can be printed on ballot is 'I am a democrat and pledge myself to support the nominees of this primary letter as follows:'"

"C. E. MEAD, Asst. Atty. Gen."

Letters From Mead. "Mr. C. C. Huff, Democratic Chairman, Wichita Falls, Tex. Dear Sir: In confirmation of my wire of this date I beg to advise that the only pledge that can be printed on the official ballot is as follows: 'I am a Democrat and pledge myself to support the nominees of this primary.'"

"Section 103 of the election law authorizes county executive committees to prescribe additional qualifications for voters not in conflict with the general law. Under this provision I am of opinion that the Democratic executive committee by resolution could require each voter to sign the test when he offers to vote in the same manner satisfy the election officers that he comes within the provisions of the test suggested in your telegram."

"I handing you copy of a letter recently written by this department to Dr. Dumm which further discusses this question. Yours very truly"

"C. E. MEAD, Asst. Atty. Gen."

"Mr. P. F. Dunn, Corpus Christi,

FORMER NATIONAL CHAIRMAN SHEEHAN TESTIFIES BEFORE COMMITTEE

RYAN WAS CONTRIBUTOR

No Donations Accepted From Trusts; Money Sent To Maine, Colorado and Nebraska

By Associated Press. Washington, July 18.—The Democratic campaign fund contained about a million dollars when Alton B. Parker ran for president in 1904, according to W. F. Sheehan of New York, who testified today before the Senate committee investigating campaign funds.

Mr. Sheehan was then chairman of the Democratic National committee. Money was sent by the committee, he said, to Maine, Colorado and Nebraska, in particular.

"To Maine, did you say?" asked a senator.

"Yes, with very gratifying results to the Democrats," replied Mr. Sheehan. He assured the committee that sums sent to Maine, Colorado and Nebraska were not large.

"How much was sent to Nebraska?" inquired Senator Oliver.

"I think about \$15,000."

"Mr. Bryan was the candidate for the senatorship that year, wasn't he?"

"I don't remember exactly. Candidates for the senatorship were not."

Senator Oliver interrupted exclaiming, "Well, I think he was."

Mr. Sheehan said he remembered August Belmont was a large contributor that year and Senator Oliver asked if Thomas F. Ryan was also a contributor in that campaign. The witness replied that he was.

Sheehan declared the committee made a rule at the beginning of the campaign to accept no money from any trust. He believed no such contributions were made directly or indirectly.

"There was \$10,000 contributed," he said, "by the American Sugar Refining Company, got by Mr. Haverly, to the state committee. Before the check was cashed we heard about it and it was returned."

Allentide Items. Harvesting is almost over and threshing will be finished in a day or two. The feed crop in this part of the country looks splendid but a little shower would prove very beneficial.

Mrs. Pearl Ludolph left Sunday for Alva and other points in Oklahoma for a visit with relatives.

Mrs. Hetty Rossen of Erick, Okla., is in the community visiting friends and relatives.

Mrs. J. L. Sisk of Iowa Park, was in Allentide visiting last week.

Mrs. David Howell is suffering from erysipelas, caused from a bite of some kind on the hand.

Miss Jessie Gwinn of the city is the guest of her cousin, Miss Ollie Gwinn this week.

Miss Dora Taylor of Bowman, spent from Friday until Sunday last week with her sister, Mrs. Nora Gwinn of this community.

Mrs. J. L. McConkey came out from Wichita Tuesday and spent a pleasant day with Mr. and Mrs. Dave Howell.

W. H. Gwinn returned Tuesday from Wellington, Texas, where he was called to attend the funeral of his two little nephews, age nine and six years.

Denison Guardeman Promoted. By Associated Press. Austin, Tex., July 22.—Adjutant General Hutchings of the Texas National Guard today announced the promotion of First Lieutenant J. L. Benson of Denison to a captaincy in the medical corps.

Texas. Dear Sir: In reply to your favor of the 8th I beg to state that section 103 of the election law authorizes county executive committees to provide additional qualifications for voters in the primary election, which are not in conflict with the provisions of the election law. Where this is done it should be by resolution of the executive committee in regular session and their action should be certified to the election officers.

"Under this provision of law committees of various counties in this state have provided various tests for voters; for instance, some permit only white democrats to vote. It is certainly the intention of the law that no one except a democrat should be entitled to vote in a democratic primary election, and I find nothing in the law which would prohibit a county executive committee from requiring a reasonable qualification looking to the elimination of voters who are not in fact democrats. If the democratic executive committee should pass a resolution that no person should vote in the primary election who failed to support the democratic nominees in the last general election, I see nothing in the election law which would prevent this course. I am not discussing the wisdom of such a procedure, for we have nothing to do with the policy of the law or with the policy of any executive committee. I am merely dealing with the question from a legal standpoint. Yours very truly

"C. E. MEAD, Asst. Atty. Gen."

HOUSE MEMBER MAY LOSE SEAT

ELECTIONS COMMITTEE VOTES TO OUST REPRESENTATIVE. CATLIN OF ST. LOUIS

ELECTION HELD CORRUPT

Campaign Expenses Found To Be Very Heavy—May Seat Democrat in His Place

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., July 19.—By a strict party vote of six to three the House elections committee today today to unseat Representative Theron E. Catlin of St. Louis, a Republican and to seat former Representative Patrick Gill, Democrat.

Mr. Catlin's campaign expenses were so great that the committee held his election to have been corrupt. It also held that Gill would have been elected but for the use of money by Catlin's manager. The latter's majority in 1910 was 1200.

The resolution will be reported to the House today for action.

According to the report, Representative Catlin's campaign expenditures were more than \$13,000. It was contended by his counsel that most of the money was used without the candidate's knowledge. The

MISSOURI LAW PERMITS THE EXPENDITURE OF \$662, REPRESENTATIVE CATLIN IS THE SON OF A MILLIONAIRE TOBACCONIST OF ST. LOUIS.

He is serving his first term in Congress. Simultaneously with the vote ousting him today came the announcement of his engagement to marry Miss Laura Merriam, daughter of a former Minnesota governor. Catlin is 34 years old.

NO CLEMENCY FOR TUFTS

SENTENCE IS IMPOSED

Los Angeles, July 20.—Gorham Tufts, Jr., the Oriental mystic and cult leader, convicted of having fraudulently obtained \$700 from his wife, formerly the wealthy Mrs. Roe of Fort Worth, was sentenced today to three years in prison. The sentence was imposed after Tufts pleaded for probation. He was convicted at his second trial. He was accused by his wife of having used a worthless power of attorney to obtain funds from her estate to promote various enterprises. Mrs. Tufts' charges were filed after her husband had brought into her home a "love slave" Charles Parnell, who was a witness in his defence. This "love slavery" feature of Tufts' life was one of the factors which is said to have decided the probation officer to recommend no clemency for him.

SUGAR TARIFF PASSAGE PREDICTED IN SENATE.

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., July 22.—That the Senate would pass a sugar tariff bill Saturday was predicted here today. Leaders were confident that the Democratic free sugar bill would be defeated but that a substitute would pass.

CROP ESTIMATE 500,000 BUSHELS

FRANK KELL SAYS WICHITA COUNTY YIELD WILL BE THAT MUCH

ONLY HALF IS THRESHED

Average is About Fifteen Bushels Per Acre, Some Making Twenty-Eight

Frank Kell of the Wichita Mill & Elevator Company estimates the total wheat yield of Wichita county this year at 500,000 bushels. Only a little more than half of the crop has been threshed, he believes. While the grain is falling below weight in test, Mr. Kell says it is rich in gluten and has splendid flour making qualities.

George Wigham who runs one of the biggest threshing outfits in this section has already threshed 25,000 bushels of grain this season and has about that much more to thresh.

The grain is averaging more than fifteen bushels per acre. Some fields have made as high as twenty-eight bushels.

Some fellows borrow trouble and others won't even take offense.

APPROPRIATION BILL IS PASSED

DIFFERENCE OF ABOUT SIX MILLION DOLLARS BETWEEN TWO HOUSES.

POSTAL BILL FEATURES

Numerous Changes Are Incorporated In Measure As Passed By Lower House.

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., July 24.—The sundry civil appropriation bill carrying approximately \$116,000,000 for the support of various bureaus and branches of the government passed the Senate today. It carried increases of about six million dollars over the appropriation by the House. The differences between the two bodies will be adjusted in conference.

The postoffice appropriation shorn of the good roads provision proposed by the House and embracing a revised parcels post system with charges based on zones of distance, was reported to the Senate by the postoffice committee.

The total appropriations proposed by the bill are above those of the House measure, which carried approximately \$250,000,000. One of the principal increases is in the pay of railroads for transporting mails, the Senate committee adding more than \$2,500,000.

In striking out the Shackelford good roads feature of the House bill, which provided for federal improvement of highways, the Senate committee recommends an investigation by a special commission of three House members and three senators and provides for no highway improvements until the commission has reported.

The Barnhart amendment in the House bill for the regular publication of the names of stockholders of newspapers and periodicals is changed to provide for publication once a year when lists of the stockholders are required to be filed with local postmasters.

The parcels post section is radically different from that incorporated in the House bill, which provided a flat rate of postage for all distances. The Senate provision is that of the Bourne bill slightly modified. Senator Bourne recommended that third and fourth class mail matter be combined for the parcels post service but the bill makes the parcels post apply only to fourth class matter.

The Senate committee struck out of the House bill the provision giving to postal employees the right to combine in labor unions and the right to petition congress for redress of their grievances.

It also provided for the abolishment of the present system of carrying second class mail by fast freight under what is known as the "blue tag" system. Under the Senate bill all second class matter would be put back into regular mail cars after August 31.

Steel cars for railway mail service which were required by the House bill are also demanded by the Senate measure.

LADY COPS ARE WANTED BY SAN ANTONIO CLUB

Present Petition To City Council Asking That Women Policemen Be Appointed.

By Associated Press. San Antonio, Texas, July 24.—The San Antonio Equal Franchise Society has petitioned the city council for an ordinance providing for "respectable" women on the police force. It is pointed out that women police should be stationed at each of the three depots and one at the city hall.

SAYS NEGROES WILL NOT VOTE IN BEXAR COUNTY.

The Times today received the following by wire from the San Antonio Light, a Colquitt paper: San Antonio, Texas, July 24.—George B. Tallafiero, chairman of the Bexar county Colquitt committee today issued the following official statement: "The Colquitt organization in Bexar county will prevent negroes from voting in the primary if any effort is made to get the negroes into the primaries it will be by the Ramsey people for political use in North Texas and East Texas."

The Ramsey and Colquitt organizations have agreed that both tickets shall have equal representation in every precinct in Bexar county.

YOUNG MEN PLANNING TO REOPEN Y. M. C. A. BUILDING

A number of young men are planning to reopen the Y. M. C. A. building three evenings each week so as to avail themselves of the bath and gymnasium privileges. They will form a sort of athletic club and hope to be able to reopen the building shortly.

AMATEUR AVIATOR IS INJURED BY FALL TODAY.

Hempstead, N. J., July 24.—Edson F. Gallaught, a wealthy amateur aviator while flying at Hempstead Plains today fell with his machine from a height of 100 feet. He was seriously hurt.

HOW TIMES WILL SECURE RETURNS FROM PRIMARY

Southwestern Telephone Company Will Employ Large Force To Get The Figures.

Using 100,000 miles of wire, the Southern Telegraph and Telephone Company has completed an organization to cover the returns of next Saturday's Texas primary election.

Many Texas newspapers, and in some cases the public itself, will assist the telephone company in the scheme, which is really a co-operative project. The 100,000 miles represents the actual length of the network of wires which will be carried into use Saturday night for transmission of precinct and county returns in nearly 249 counties. More than 5,000 workers stationed in practically every county in the state will assist in compiling the report.

It is proposed to furnish the continued story of the progress of the count of the ballots even to the most remote section of Texas.

The central office of this organization will be in Dallas, with division offices in Houston, Fort Worth, San Antonio and other division office in Dallas, in addition to the central bureau in that city.

The wires of the telephone company and of connecting lines extend to every county in the state and over these wires the report will be collected in Dallas and sent back for distribution over the state. The telephone manager in each different town and city is the representative of the system.

This election organization is under command of C. H. Abbott, Representative newspaperman in nearly every town and city will assist the telephone managers, and county chairmen everywhere will be accorded the use of the telephone wires for quick and accurate assembling of precinct reports into each county seat telephone office, where official figures by counties will be collected. Wherever there is a telephone of the Bell system in Texas, on the night of the election subscribers will be able, under the plan, to keep posted on the progress of the count.

For weeks meetings have been in progress throughout the state perfecting this plan. Every county has been organized for the work.

BENSON-LITTLE WELL IS DRILLING IN HARD ROCK

Developments Being Closely Watched. Offset to Burk Burnett Well Is Started.

The Benson-Little well at old Thornberry was reported drilling in hard rock this morning. This well is still the center of interest and a party of scouts is camped nearby, to keep track of developments. Although one fifty-acre piece near the well was leased yesterday for ten dollars an acre other stuff nearby cannot get an offer for more than five dollars and some is being offered for less money. The oil men appear backward about putting in much money until there is some more encouraging development.

The Corsicana Petroleum Company started work on their rig on the Embury farm offsetting the Schmoeker well near Burk Burnett today. Dericks are to be started on two other locations at once.

The Corsicana Company will begin work this week on several wells close in to the Miller well in Archer county. All the other wells that have been completed in that territory have been dry holes. Officials of the Corsicana Company are still hopeful of finding pay sands close in.

FORTY MAY BE DROWNED IN PENNSYLVANIA FLOOD

Miners Are Caught in Water Near Uniontown and Many Lives Believed Lost.

By Associated Press. Uniontown, Pa., July 24.—Forty miners were caught in a flood at the Soveva coal mine at Evans station three miles from here this afternoon. All are believed to have been drowned.

WACO TELEPHONE COMPANY BUYS SOUTH TEXAS LINES

By Associated Press. Waco, Tex., July 24.—A deal has been closed by Baylis Earle president of the Valley Telegraph and Telephone company of this city by which the toll line and some exchanges of the South Texas Telegraph and Telephone company pass into the hands of the Waco concern. Exchanges at Port Arthur and Naogdoches together without about 400 miles of toll line are involved in the deal, affording the Waco company continuous connection from Beaumont, Port Arthur and Houston to Waco and Fort Worth.

FIREMAN IS INJURED IN BLAZE AT TEXARKANA.

By Associated Press. Texarkana, Texas, July 24.—Capt. McGraw, a fireman was injured by a live wire while fighting fire here today which destroyed the store of Palmer Brothers, causing a loss of \$1700.

THOSE BACK OF MURDER WANTED

NEW YORK OFFICIALS TRYING TO TRACE CONSPIRACY TO ITS SOURCE

SECURE MUCH EVIDENCE

Gray Automobile Figuring in Crime May Have Been Used Merely As "Blind"

By Associated Press. New York, July 14.—The trail that leads to the men who framed the plot to kill Herman Rosenthal the gambler is slowly clearing and District Attorney Whitman believes today that he will be able to show that the plotted system and even those higher up were back of the conspiracy to silence Rosenthal.

From Harry Vallon the gambler and one of the occupants of the murder car, the public prosecutor has learned further facts implicating Bald Jack Rose, close friend of Lieutenant Becker, who hired the gray automobile that took the gambler to the shooting scene. Mrs. Rosenthal, widow of the gambler told the grand jury that Rose was Becker's closest friend and charged that Rose was the lieutenant's house collector.

With the arrest of the other gunmen it is expected to be able to involve Rose and force him to make a full confession and reveal those behind the killing. Commissioner Dougherty made it clear that he was questioning every one connected with the case as to their relations with Lieutenant Becker.

"So far" said Dougherty "I have discovered nothing in this case either for or against Lieutenant Becker."

There were reports today that Bridgeway Webber now in custody has determined to tell all he knows. It was in Webber's poker room that the gunmen gathered before they went out to kill Rosenthal. Gamblers are said to have raised a fund to hire a lawyer for the defense.

Supreme Justice Giegerich today dismissed the writ of habeas corpus issued by Bridgeway Webber a prisoner in the Rosenthal murder case. The hearing of the writ of Sam Taul was adjourned until tomorrow. There were reports at the district attorney's office that the prosecutor had information that the gray automobile which figured so prominently in the case was used merely as a "blind" and that the actual slayers of the gambler were concealed in the shadow of the hotel and after the killing mixed with the crowd.

The police department today sent out to every city in the country photographs and descriptions of the men wanted for the killing. Aaron J. Levy, counsel for Shapiro and Libby said today that his home was entered last night and that he believed some one who wanted to do him bodily harm as there was no evidence that anything had been stolen. Mr. Levy stayed at his club until an early hour this morning and on his return home found the doors of his apartment had been broken open.

FARM AND RANCH AUTO TOURISTS LEAVE AUSTIN.

By Associated Press. Austin, Texas, July 24.—The farmers and ranchmen in the endurance run from Dallas to San Antonio started out with new vigor this morning apparently no worse for all. There have been no penalties so far. "If the pace maker remains alive in the race he will finish on schedule time," said a member of the party today.

BROWNWOOD REGRETS TO LOSE PROF. CARPENTER

Feels That Wichita Falls Is To Be Congratulated On Securing His Services.

The following about Prof. G. H. Carpenter, the new superintendent of the city schools is from the Brownwood Bulletin of Monday: "Superintendent G. H. Carpenter this morning tendered his resignation as superintendent of the Brownwood schools to the school board and the resignation was accepted. In tendering the resignation the superintendent stated that without solicitation on his part the school board at Wichita Falls had offered him a similar position in the schools of that city at an attractive increase in salary, that the place offered better opportunities, but that he would not consider it unless the board here would agree to release him from his contract. He asked for an immediate answer, and the board agreed to release him, stating, however, that it was with the utmost regret that the relations were severed. It will probably be several days before a successor to Prof. Carpenter is elected. The board already has some applications but will act with careful deliberation for the best interest of the schools.

"Prof. Carpenter came to Brownwood schools nine years ago, and since coming here has built up one of the best systems of public schools anywhere in the state, bringing about him an excellent corps of faithful teachers. He has also established an enviable reputation as a superintendent, that has attracted the attention of the best schools of the state and that secured the tempting offer that induces him to leave Brownwood. No man has ever endeavored himself more closely to Brownwood people than has Prof. Carpenter, and he will be greatly missed in the schools and by the entire citizenship, who appreciate him as a teacher and as a man. His good wife will also be missed, for she has been prominently identified with the church and social work of the town, and has all the people of the town for her friends.

"Wichita Falls is to be congratulated on securing such excellent people as citizens, and the schools there are fortunate indeed in obtaining the services of Prof. Carpenter. Brownwood really envies Wichita Falls her good luck."

HEALTH OFFICIALS TO CONFER ABOUT PLAGUE.

By Associated Press. New Orleans, July 24.—A conference of health officials of Florida, Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas to consider plans to prevent the introduction into gulf ports of bubonic plague will be held here next Monday, July 29. The conference will consider also the question of quarantine regulations in the event the plague infection should be discovered in Southern ports.

GOVERNOR INTERRUPTS WRITING OF HIS SPEECH.

By Associated Press. Seagrift, July 24.—Governor Wilson interrupted the writing of his speech of acceptance long enough to sign several papers and letters taken to him by his secretary. When the latter returned here he said he did not know when the speech would be completed but that the governor would return not later than Saturday.

FIRST BALE AT LOCKHART.

By Associated Press. Lockhart, Texas, July 24.—The first bale of 1912 cotton was brought here yesterday.

LIGHT VOTE IS PREDICTED HERE

MANY FARMERS TOO BUSY WITH CROPS TO GO TO THE POLLS

GUESSES AS TO OUTCOME

Speakers For Both Colquitt and Ramsey Visit Smaller Communities of County

That an unusually light vote will be cast in the primaries Saturday is the prediction of those who claim to be familiar with conditions in this county. Some declare that the country boxes will poll less than fifty per cent of their full strength. With the wheat only about half threshed and with both corn and cotton requiring attention many of the farmers, it is said, will be too busy to go to the polls. Normally, Wichita county would register from 1500 to 1800 votes in a Democratic primary, but the prediction is being made that the vote will fall below 1200.

A number who will be able to cast their ballots at the general election in November will be barred from the primary. These are mostly oil men who have come here since the first of the year and who have not yet completed six months' residence in this county. It is said that many of the oil men are Republicans and that the Electra box will have an unusually large Republican showing next November.

Many predictions are being made as to how Wichita county will go in the races for state offices, but there is little upon which to base a forecast. Wichita county went for Colquitt two years ago and against prohibition last year, but supporters of Ramsey and Sheppard are claiming the county for those candidates. Both Ramsey and Colquitt speakers have been shelling the woods this week, sharing honors with the county candidates.

Interest in the state races outside of the governor and senator is at a minimum. Comparatively few voters know who is running for the lesser state offices.

AGRICULTURAL AGENTS EXPENSES ARE CURTAILED.

By Associated Press. Washington, D. C., July 24.—The government will no longer pay the expenses of officers or employees of the department of agriculture to deliver lectures and information to assembled farmers, students of universities or summer schools or boys camps, as has been the custom in the past. Controller Tradewell of the treasury department so advised Secretary Wilson of the Department of Agriculture today in a broad interpretation of a recent act of Congress prohibiting payment by the government of dues for membership in associations or their traveling expenses unless specifically authorized by Congress.

PRESIDENT OF KANSAS BANK TAKES OWN LIFE

By Associated Press. St. Joseph, Mo., July 24.—A telegram says Robert Thoraborrow, president of the State Bank of Dancoft, Kansas committed suicide today by shooting himself at his home at Wetmore, Kansas. The cashier of the Dancoft bank was arrested a week ago on complaint of the Kansas bank examiner who alleged a shortage of \$1000.

SHIRTSLEEVES IN ORDER FOR TRACTION EMPLOYEES

Company Grants Petition Asking That Conductors and Motormen Be Allowed To Go Coatless.

Conductors and motormen employed by the Wichita Falls Traction Company will no longer be compelled to wear their coats while on duty. An order permitting them to go without their coats was issued by Manager Orth of the Traction company yesterday upon a petition signed by numerous patrons of the company. Manager Orth said the company was glad to make this order and that the men had been compelled to keep on their coats heretofore only because the company believed the public wanted this done. When patrons of the company petitioned to allow the conductors and motormen the same privilege as their passengers the order was immediately issued. It will be in effect until September 15th.

SCIENTISTS ARE UNABLE TO REACH MCKINLEY'S SUMMIT.

By Associated Press. Fairbanks, Alaska, July 24.—Admitting their failure to reach the summit of Mount McKinley after two attempts, Prof. Hirsbel Parker of Columbia University and Belmore Brown of Tacoma, Washington arrived at Tollogo on the Tanana river last night. On both their attempts to reach McKinley's crest they gained high altitudes. They got as high as 20,200 feet when they went up the south peak and on the north they went 19,000 feet toward their goal.

CASHIER OF GALVESTON BANK DIES SUDDENLY.

By Associated Press. Galveston, Texas, July 24.—S. T. Hanson, cashier of the City National Bank of this city, died suddenly on the street here today while on his way to the bank. He had been cashier ever since its organization in 1907.

'BULL MOOSE' IS GIVEN APPROVAL

MAL BE NAME ADOPTED BY ROOSEVELT'S NEW POLITICAL PARTY.

IS WORKING ON SPEECH

Control of Corporations To Be Roosevelt's Principal Theme At Chicago Convention.

By Associated Press. Oyster Bay, July 24.—The stamp of approval has been placed on the term "bull moose" as applied to the new party. Today Col. Roosevelt's Oyster Bay neighbors made up their minds to employ the name. There has been some doubt as to whether the former president approved it until yesterday when in a speech at New York he said: "I see that the bull moose is a pretty vigorous animal."

The colonel put in several hours exercising today. He has about completed the address he will make in the Chicago convention.

In this he will make his ideas on corporation control about his most important theme. The report of the Stanley steel committee will be used as a basis for some of his remarks.

ENGINEER HELD TO BLAME FOR WRECK AT CORNING.

By Associated Press. Corning, N. Y., July 24.—The coroner's jury which has been probing the cause of the wreck here on July 4th in which forty persons lost their lives, has decided that the responsibility rests upon the engineer of the train. A charge of second degree manslaughter has been filed against him.

Our Raus Mit-'Em Sale!

BEGINS

Friday, July 26

MEN'S LIST	One Lot of \$3 Patent Pumps..... \$2.00
One Lot \$3, \$3.50 and \$4 Oxfords..... \$2.00	One Lot \$3 Gun Metal Pumps..... \$2.00
One Lot \$5.50 and \$6 Oxfords..... \$3.50	One Lot \$4 Patent Ties..... \$2.75
Any Oxford in the house..... \$3.50	All \$3.50 Oxford Ties..... \$2.50
LADIES' LIST	All \$4 Pumps..... \$3.00
One Lot \$2.50 Patent Pumps..... \$1.65	Boys' and Misses' Low Shoes at any old price.

Hosiery at Raus Mit-'Em Prices...

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