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# The Baird Star.

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VOL. 7

BAIRD, CALLAHAN CO., TEX., FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1894.

NO. 16

## We Are Still Here

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STOVES, HARDWARE AND QUEENSWARE.



What is the excitement at Harry Meyer's? I see such a crowd about his door?

Why, he has just received a carload of those excellent "Our Leader" cook stoves, and, by the way, he is also selling the "Charter Oak" and "Buck's Brilliant."

Yes, but I know they are too high for these hard times.

No, sir; it would surprise you. He is actually selling those fine stoves as cheap as I paid for a common worthless stove a short while back. You see he sells everything in the Hardware and Queensware line at the lowest prices.

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The Celebrated Ziegler Shoes are the best on the market and will be sold as cheap as any high grade shoes can be sold. Don't fail to examine them before buying.

I have a large stock of these shoes in all styles, for ladies, gents and children. When you need shoes be sure and give me a call.



### BEAUTIES OF SHAKESPEARE.

Comments on "The Beauties of Shakespeare," by W. H. Chitt, to the Thesalonian Society, of Baird, March 2nd, 1894. Published by order of the Society.

Ladies and gentlemen of the Thesalonian Society of Baird.—The subject which is indicated by the heading hereof, and upon which you have assigned your humble associate the duty of framing and delivering these comments, or short eulogium, is one of such immense magnitude, and embraces such an extensive field that I naturally "weaken" at the very threshold of entry thereupon, and have narrowed my efforts down to only a partial mention of some of the beauties of the principal and most popular writings of the immortal bard, prefaced by a short sketch of the biography of this poetical and intellectual giant of all times, as I deem it will not be out of place in this connection.

#### BIOGRAPHY OF SHAKESPEARE.

William Shakespeare, our unrivaled dramatist, was born April 23, 1564, at Stratford, on Avon. But little is known of his habits and dramatic character in his early days, his path of life having been so humble that all enquiries into the same necessarily terminating in disappointment; and of his more busy periods of life, when he wrote for the stage, and was the public favorite, his remarkable humility of mind and manners, which was one of his beautiful traits of character, induced him to avoid the eye of notoriety.

It appears a family designated indifferently, Shaksper, Shakespeare, Shaksper and Shaksper, were well known in Warwickshire during the 16th century, and it appears that the poet's family were of "good figure and fashion" at Stratford, and are mentioned as "gentlemen," which was quite an appellation at that time.

Nothing is known of the immediate ancestors of John Shakespeare, the poet's father, who was originally a glover, afterwards a butcher, and in the last place a wool-stapler in the town of Stratford.

Of Shakespeare's infancy we know nothing, except, it is said, he narrowly escaped falling a victim to a plague, which at the time almost depopulated his native town. We next find him at a free grammar school, where he acquired the "Small Latin and less Greek" for which Ben Johnson gives him credit. But even this imperfect species of education was soon interrupted, the poverty of his father preventing an insurmountable obstacle to his further progress. He now for a considerable period remained at home, and attended to his father's occupation, that of a butcher. Growing disgusted with this kind of employment he began school-teaching. His eighteenth year was scarcely passed when relinquishing his school, he ventured to contract that important engagement upon which the happiness or misery of life generally depends. He selected for his life partner, Anne Hathaway, a daughter of a reputable yeoman in the vicinity of Stratford. He died the 23rd of April, 1616, the anniversary of his birth, aged 52 years. But for his genius as a poet, which neither indigence nor obscurity could repress, Shakespeare's name, which we now repeat with reverence and love, would have been lost in the darkness of oblivion. No portion of his history is more obscure than the period at which he ventured to rely on the resources of his own mind, and produce an original drama on the stage which he had so often trod unnoticed. Every attempt to select from the long list of his wonderful productions the one which paved the way to his future eminence, his maiden effort in the arena of his coming glory, has ended in uncertainty and disappointment, and the exact time of his debut upon the stage is not known. "The two Gentlemen of Verona" and "The Comedy of Errors," have been said to be his first efforts at production for the stage, but almost any of his other plays might have been chosen with an equal approximation to truth. Our bard, however, was well known as a dramatic writer in 1592, being then

only 28 years of age, and there is reason to suppose that all his compositions for the stage were written between 1590 and 1613, a period of about twenty-three years. He soon became important in the management of the stage after his connection therewith, and participated in all the emoluments of the theatrical company to which he was attached. Although of limited education, yet his genius excels the wisdom of the Athenian philosophers.

I have thus, as briefly as the importance of such a memoir would permit, gone over a portion of the meagre biographical remains of the noblest dramatic poet the world has ever produced. Without attempting to draw the character of this matchless writer, I have endeavored to mark the feeling of respect and admiration by which I am influenced by contemplating the mighty performances of mind which, with little assistance from education, surpassed all the efforts of ancient and modern genius. The false accusation that Lord Bacon wrote the most of Shakespeare's works has long since exploded among intelligent minds, and Shakespeare now receives the credit due him. The popularity of Shakespeare's works is increasing, and they are now sold in greater numbers than ever before, especially in Germany and America.

The beauty of Shakespeare's writings consists, largely, in the fact that retributive justice is visited upon the wrong-doer in all his tragedies, and comedies and the injured party restored to a paramount position to that first occupied. Beginning with "THE TEMPEST,"

We have "Prospero," the Duke of Milan, driven by his younger brother, Antonio, with the aid of Alonso, king of Naples, from his dukedom into a tempest-tossed vessel, and cast out, with his infant daughter, Miranda, upon an uninhabited island in the sea, where they lived in seclusion and privation, in a cave, or cell made out of rock, for twelve years; and subsequently the wrong-doer, Antonio, and Prince Ferdinand, son of King Alonso, were likewise shipwrecked upon the same island, and by the magic wand of Prospero were saved alive; and the beautiful Miranda, by her unsurpassable charms, overcame and captured the heart of Ferdinand, and they were united in marriage, while "Prospero" was restored to his dukedom from which he had been so wrongfully deprived, and Ferdinand became king and Miranda queen of Naples.

Then listen to what beautiful and lofty sentiment is expressed by Prospero after suffering all the injuries he had undergone:

"Though with their highest wrongs I am struck to the quick, yet with my noble reason, 'gainst my fury, do I take part; the rarer action is in virtue than in vengeance."

Then we have the same lofty and forgiving spirit manifested by the victorious parties in

#### "THE MERCHANT OF VENICE."

The beautiful expressions made by Portia in "The Merchant of Venice" cannot be excelled. They elicit thoughts of admiration in the minds of all the good and true who possess anything like nobility of mind; and retributive justice is certainly visited upon Shylock, the rich and merciless Jew, for his cruel exactions and revengeful spirit manifested toward the unfortunate Christian merchant of Venice, in that Shylock was made by the law to forfeit his entire estate for seeking the life of a citizen of Venice and his life, also, if he took the twentieth part of a scruple more or less than a pound of flesh from nearest the heart or shed one drop of the blood of Antonio. But through the magnanimity of the Duke presiding over the court, and Antonio, the unfortunate merchant, he was allowed to retain his life and one-half his estate for life with remainder to his daughter, as well as the other half donated to her, also, whom he had cruelly disinherited, for marrying a Christian gentleman against the Jews' will. Abraham whetted his knife to slay Isaac as a sacrifice unto God, through faith; but how different the

CONTINUED ON LAST PAGE.

A CAR

OF

CANE SEED,

Corn, Hay,

Seed Oats

AND

GROCERIES.

—AT—

PATTY BROS.

Moon & Crowder

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LUMBER.

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The track is smooth and the Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair cars are first class and "up to date." In addition to the above, which are, of course, absolute necessities, the cars are lighted with gas and heated by steam from the engine. There is plenty of ice water in the drinking tanks and a supply of clean towels in the toilet rooms. On top of it all we have a lot of courteous employes who do not take it as an insult to be asked a civil question. As we say these are some of the little things some times neglected as may have been your experience. We hope not, however, on the "Great Rock Island Route."

We are also anxious to please at headquarters. If you are in need of information and cannot procure it readily of your nearest local agent, drop a line to the undersigned and we will do our best to answer it promptly.

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#### NOTICE OF CITY ELECTION.

By authority of law, and by order of the City Council of the city of Baird, passed at a regular meeting of said City Council on February 27th, 1894, notice is hereby given that an election for the following officers for said city of Baird, consisting of a mayor, a secretary, five councilmen and a marshal. Said election will be held on Tuesday, the 3rd day of April, 1894, in the city of Baird, at the court house therein, from 8 o'clock a. m. until 6 o'clock p. m. Ed Coppins is hereby appointed the presiding officer at the above election.  
Feb. 28th, 1894. J. E. W. LANE,  
13 5t Mayor of Baird.

ONE BEST-LOVED OF ALL.

Three new dolls sat on three little chairs, waiting for Christmas day. And they wondered, when she saw them, What the little girl would say.

BLIND JUSTICE.

BY HELEN B. MATHERS.

CHAPTER I.

The woman flashed across the court at me a look of scorn, ay, and of contempt, but of fear not a trace.

Judith they called her, and a Judith she was, with the grand frame and limbs of a daughter and mother of the gods, and like her great namesake, she too had slain her man, though not to such heroic purpose and results.

This woman had no tribe to glorify her crime, and only one friend on earth with a heart to be wrong by it, and that man now stood as closely as might be, beside her, his comeliness all aged and dimmed by the anguish through which she had brought him.

And yet I felt, for the first time, sorry for my work, when that look of hers, in which spoke a virile innocence, so sure of itself as easily to afford contempt, flashed upon some inner consciousness of mine, leaving outside it the brain and that had already tried and found her guilty.

But, no—I had seen this strong, calm woman in the throes of fear and agony, her not easily moved nature shaken to its very depths, and no criminal yet ever had circumstantial evidence so pitilessly arrayed against her. I forced my eyes from her, and fixed them on the counsel for the prosecution, who had already commenced his indictment against her.

"This woman," he said, "little more than a child at her marriage, had lived a notoriously miserable life with Seth Treloar, though to do her justice, no blame of any kind attached itself to her conduct as a wife; and when within the year he disappeared, leaving no trace, she remained in her native village, supporting herself by any sort of work that came in her way. She does not appear to have encouraged any lovers; but when seven years had passed, she boldly announced that she felt herself legally free of Treloar, and married a man whose character was as good as her former husband's had been the reverse, and whom she loved with a passion more than equal to that detestation she had felt for the other. From being the butt of a drunken and brutal scoundrel, she became the cherished and adored wife of the best looking and best natured man in the village, and for some brief months tasted that supreme happiness which is known only to those persons who in the past have acutely suffered. Perhaps so much content irritated the on-lookers, for only cold looks were cast upon the two, while the malicious proposition that Treloar's return would cut short the pair's felicity, and affected not to consider them man and wife at all; so that by degrees they became completely isolated from their neighbors, and no living feet save their own ever crossed the threshold of Smugglers' Hole.

This house had formerly been the rendezvous of smugglers who were said to have within it some hiding place in which to dispose of their stolen goods; but though smugglers went there no more, its bad character remained, and its lonely position at the end of the parish made it feared, so that the rent was a mere trifle, and as Treloar had brought Judith back to it a bride, so now Judith brought Stephen Croft thither as bridegroom, and there they dwelt as much alone as on a desert island.

The woman defied her world, caring nothing, but the man felt her position keenly, and at last persuaded her that it was best to emigrate, and to this she at last very reluctantly consented.

Six months, then, after the ceremony that the villagers declared no ceremony, Judith Croft sat one night by the fire in the almost empty cottage from which she was to depart on the morrow, with the man who represented all the sweetness and happiness she had found in her life.

She heard steps on the path, the latch lifted, and we may surely pity the unhappy woman when, springing through the dusk, she found herself seized in the arms, not of Stephen Croft, but of Seth Treloar.

Of what passed between the two, God alone knows, and God alone knows when the man she loved came an hour later, she was sitting alone by the hearth, with no sign of excitement or anxiety about her.

She prepared the fish he had brought in for supper, ate with him, and from that moment he never left her until they rose early next morning, to be in time for the train that was to take them to Liverpool. So much Stephen Croft said in his evidence, most reluctantly given, but still more reluctantly two damning pieces of evidence against her were drawn from him.

He said they had arranged for their landlord to take over the few poor sticks of furniture they possessed, and had sent on their small personal belongings the day before, but there were some few odds and ends to be carried between them, and he had brought in a coil of stout rope for binding them together. At starting, the rope was missing, but his wife could not account for its disappearance more than himself, and did not "fuss" about it as most women would have done under the circumstances. At breakfast (this was only dragged from him bit by bit) he noticed that she ate very little, but furtively collected food on a plate, and set it aside, as if for an unexpected guest. He asked her why she did this, and she said the neighbors would be all over the house the moment their backs were turned, and she would gratify their curiosity as to what they had for breakfast. He reminded her that their landlord was trawling that day, and several subsequent days, at a distance, and that no one could know the secret place, previously agreed upon, where they were to hide the key of the house. She laughed strangely, and said that though you may lock people out, you could not lock them in; but this speech, though he did not understand it, was afterwards distinctly quoted in her favor. Then they collected their small effects, and with-out a God-speed from a friend, or a kindly eye to follow them on their path, passed away from the home in which they had been so happy, to the one that had yet to be earned in the uncertainty of the future. Perhaps the man looked back, but at some distance from the house the prisoner did more, she affected to have forgotten something, and bidding him go forward, retraced her steps quickly. But he reluctantly admitted that she returned empty-handed, that she was pale as a corpse, with wild eyes, that she gasped for breath, stammering and presenting every appearance of a woman who has received some horrible shock, but when he asked her if she had met with some insult from a passing neighbor, she shook her head, but would give no explanation of her state. She showed extraordinary eagerness to reach the train, but did not utter a syllable during the journey, though a sinister incident occurred during it. That incident (here the counsel turned and looked steadily at me) was witnessed by a gentleman, to whose keen observation, swift action, and masterly manipulation of fact and surmise was due the brilliantly conclusive chain of evidence that had brought the prisoner to where she stood that day.

This gentleman had in his hurry jumped into a third instead of a first-class carriage, and congratulated himself on his mistake when he saw the two other occupants of the compartment. They were simply the two most magnificent specimens of man and womanhood that he had ever seen in his life, but the man looked troubled and perplexed, and the woman gave one the same impression as of some usually calm majestic aspect of nature, now convulsed and shaken to its very core. He saw the fine hands clenched beneath her woolen shawl, the splendid eyes blind to all save some awful inward sight, and he recognized that a tragedy had been, or was to be enacted, and he watched her, with unremittingly for mile upon mile.

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The vigilance was unexpectedly rewarded. She moved abruptly, searched her pocket for a handkerchief with which to wipe her damp brow, and pulled out with it a small, curiously shaped silver box that fell into the man's lap. The blank horror of her eyes slowly quickened with some recollection, she stretched her hand to take it, but he drew back, and with astonishment in his face lifted the lid, and found the contents to be a white powder. Into this powder he thrust his fore-finger and instantly applied it to his tongue, on the moment crying out that his tongue was burning, then that his throat and stomach were on fire, and violent nausea completed the symptoms of having swallowed a violent irritant poison.

"You have taken arsenic!" cried the stranger present, whereon the prisoner shrieked out, snatched the box from Stephen's hand, and threw it far out the window.

The stranger, approaching the window, took the exact bearings of the spot where it must have fallen, they were then close to a station, and there he got out, having watched these two until the last moment.

The man was urging questions on her as to who gave it her, or where she had got it, but beyond that one shriek, the stranger heard no sound issue from her white lips from first to last.

Only as the other closed the door, he saw her lean forward, and press the fisherman's hand with a passion of tenderness, that startled the gazer; clearly the poison was not intended for the husband, therefore for whom?

The stranger bade the guard watch the pair, and communicate to him, at an address he gave the station at which they descended, then he re-

traced the distance he had come from a certain point, and with very little difficulty found what he wanted. The box was of pure silver, of foreign make, which he subsequently discovered to be Austrian, and it was three parts full of arsenic. He locked the box away, said nothing to anybody, but watched the daily papers carefully.

He had not very long to wait; on the fourth morning he read how in a cellar, formerly used by smugglers beneath a cottage at Trevenick, in Cornwall, had been found the dead body of a man whose appearance gave rise to suspicions of foul play, and who, on examination was found to have in his viscera sufficient arsenic to kill three or four men. The man was well clothed, well nourished, and concealed in a belt upon him was found one hundred gold pieces of money. He was at once identified as the long missing husband of a woman who had within the past few days left the village for Australia with her second husband.

Jake George, a fisherman, swore to seeing a man enter the house at 7 o'clock the evening before the pair left, but he saw no one come out, though his work kept him near by till 8, when Stephen Croft himself came home. He was not near enough to hear voices, though he could easily have heard a cry had there been one. He peeped, as would be shown in the evidence, but he could see nothing. With what superhuman swiftness and strength must this woman have overcome her victim, so that not even a moan or cry reached the spy without! What self-control must have been hers that she could meet her husband with a smile, and sit at board with him that night, however absolutely she might break down on the morrow! In one short hour she had done as much, and more, as a man could do, and she had done it thoroughly. Secure by her hearth, the murdered man hidden at her feet, she sat with undaunted front, no smallest trace around of the man who had visited her. Without that hollow cave below, she might have murdered, but could not have concealed him; but as it was, this hiding place favored the swiftness and subtleness of the crime to an extraordinary degree. For who could believe that he, the former master of that house and the woman in it, walked of his own free will to the disused trap-door, and deliberately elected to be lowered by a rope to a cold and noisome dungeon peopled only by rats? No! It was for Stephen Croft to quail, to shrink away out of sight as a defrauded man, or, if Treloar showed him self moved by his wife's entreaties, and actually consented to leave her to her happiness, would he not have left, as he came, by the house door?

We see no such thing when, in imagination, we project our gaze upon that bare, dismantled room; we see a man who, whatever he may have been to her in the past, had since possibly repented, and prospering in his new life (as his clothes sufficiently proved), had remembered the woman who once loved him, and returned to share his prosperity with her. He found her more beautiful than ever, and probably the very thought of taking her away from another man enhanced her value in his not over-fastidious mind; he meant to take his rights and told her so, while the miserable woman only half heard him in straining her ears for her lover's step without. She must have acquiesced to all appearance in his demands, or he could not have taken from her hand the cup of milk with which she had stealthily mixed the poison; strangely enough, she must have also been possessed at the time of a strong narcotic, since traces of one were found in the stomach, so that the cool, firm hand doubly doctored the draft she handed to the unsuspecting man.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Not a Target of That Kind. One of the deputy commanders of the state naval force employed to prevent the depredations of oyster pirates in Chesapeake bay, says a writer in Harper's Weekly, accepted the captaincy of one of the sloops, because it was an easy berth and the pay was sure. His duties consisted in sailing over his district and avoiding pirates. One fateful day he fell in with a lot of depredators, and before he could get away, they were impolite enough to fire at his boat. Acting quickly, he put on all his canvas, and sailed shoreward with all possible speed. When he reached the harbor, he went promptly to the telegraph office, and sent his resignation to Annapolis. A week later Commander Seth met him and asked him why he had resigned. "General Seth," he replied, "during the war I paid three hundred dollars for a substitute, and, at my time of life, I have too much self-respect to allow myself to be shot by an oyster-pirate."

Rigged for Comfort. An Aroostook, Maine, farmer, travels in great comfort through the long reaches of snow and in the face of the bitterest north winds in a one-horse sleigh, hooded over like a prairie schooner and with a stove inside the funnel sticking through the top. It is a rig of his own invention, and while not architecturally beautiful in appearance, it is mighty comfortable in use.

London Sandwich Men. Sandwich men on the streets of London are required by law to walk past the curbstone, but not on the sidewalk, and not less than thirty yards must separate each sandwich man from his placarded comrade. The fine for violating the regulations is \$2.50 for each offense.

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD. A NOVEL BERRY GARDEN FOR THE FARMER. What to Set and How to Set It, With Modifications According to Climate—Farmers' Poultry—Sheep Shearings and Household Hints.

The Farmer's Berry Garden. The model garden is 10 rods long and 4 rods wide, one-quarter acre. Our garden being 66 feet wide and 165 feet long, and wishing to do all labor possible with a horse and cultivator, we stake off the ground in rows 150 feet long and 7 feet apart. Strawberry rows to be one-half this distance, or three and one-half feet apart. Leave a head land 7 1/2 feet wide at each end for turning, writes M. A. Thayer of Sparta, Wisconsin. Make the first row 8 feet from the outside and set as follows: 1st row—13 fruit trees; composed of well-tested varieties of apples, pears, plums and cherries, such as are hardy and known to do well in your particular locality. This is especially necessary in the Northwest; 2d row—50 blackberries, 40 Ancient Briton, 10 Snyder; 3d row—50 black raspberries; 4th row—20 Nema, 20 Ohio, 10 Older, Palmer or Progress; 5th row—50 red raspberries, 25 Marlboro, 15 Cuthbert, 10 Shaffer's Colossal; 6th row—50 currants, 25 Victoria, 25 Red Dutch; 6th row—white currants and gooseberries, 25 White Grape, 15 Downing, 10 Houghton; 7th, 8th, 9th rows—300 strawberries, 200 (pistillate) selected from Warfield, Crescent, Haverland, Bubach, Eureka, 10 (staminate) selected from Michel's Early, Jessie, Parker, Earle, Van Deman, Capt. Jack, Rio; 10th row—17 grapes, 6 Moore's Early, 3 Worden, 3 Brighton, 3 Concord, 2 Delaware. These varieties have been tested in the Northwest, and do well in most localities in the United States. In more temperate climates selections may be made from well-tried kinds; always bearing in mind that only first class plants should be used.

Sheep Ticks and Diseases. We have known so many diseases of sheep to be directly traced to ticks that it is not inappropriate to speak of disease and ticks in one article. Sheep are generally free from disease when they are kept in good bodily health and vigor, but as soon as any worry or other cause depresses their vitality they become very susceptible to all diseases known to the order. A dozen lively ticks on an old sheep or a young lamb will make life very unpleasant, and if they are allowed to multiply undisturbed there will shortly be several hundred to make life absolutely unbearable. The rapid way in which ticks increase in numbers is sufficient to warn every sheep owner to beware of the first ones, and to check a them as soon as they appear.

There can be no profit in lambs where ticks are plentiful. The lambs and sheep may be big eaters, but they cannot gain properly from the food. The irritating cause of trouble must be removed or they will grow thinner and eventually succumb to some disease. Very many of our so-called "run down" flocks of sheep are in such a plight simply because the ticks have worried them sick. Such flocks can sometimes be taken by a new owner and treated to a good kerosene emulsion, and in short time they will pick up wonderfully.

The kerosene emulsion is probably the easiest remedy that can be prepared, and no sheep owner can be excused for not using it when his flock is suffering from this great nuisance. The mixture is made by adding to every gallon of water half the quantity of soft soap, or any hard soap shaved up so as to dissolve easily. Then boil this until every particle of the soap is melted, and add two gallons of kerosene. The mass should be mixed thoroughly and rapidly for about five minutes after adding the kerosene, and at the end of that time it ought to look a good deal like thick cream. After this nearly as much more hot water can be added so as to dilute it to the right strength. In this condition the emulsion will keep for a long time, and when it is to be applied to the sheep it can be diluted more by adding one or more gallons of soft water.

This remedy can either be pumped over the sheep with a sprayer, or rubbed into their wool with the hands. It does not matter which way so long as the emulsion gets where the ticks are. No harm can come to the sheep from the use of this remedy, nor is there any poison about it if a little should happen to squirt into their nose or mouth. This same remedy is excellent for hen lice, and it is good to sprinkle over the hen house. Generally it is necessary to clean out the sheep pen where lice have been, and to whitewash everything possible. There will be much better health, too, among the sheep if things are kept cleaner. Often ticks are bred and multiplied in dirty pens, and the owners have no one to blame but themselves for their presence. Dirt and filth breed diseases, and the ticks help to make matters worse.—Colman's Rural World.

Farmers' Poultry. If every farmer would build a comfortable and suitable poultry house and provide a "run" fenced off with suitable fence there would be a very great increase in the profit of poultry as compared with the prevailing methods. The house need not be expensive but should be made comfortable for both winter and summer, and should be kept clean at all times. The accumulations should be used on the garden as it affords the best fertilizing material. The

FARM AND HOUSEHOLD. A NOVEL BERRY GARDEN FOR THE FARMER.

What to Set and How to Set It, With Modifications According to Climate—Farmers' Poultry—Sheep Shearings and Household Hints.

The Farmer's Berry Garden. The model garden is 10 rods long and 4 rods wide, one-quarter acre. Our garden being 66 feet wide and 165 feet long, and wishing to do all labor possible with a horse and cultivator, we stake off the ground in rows 150 feet long and 7 feet apart. Strawberry rows to be one-half this distance, or three and one-half feet apart. Leave a head land 7 1/2 feet wide at each end for turning, writes M. A. Thayer of Sparta, Wisconsin. Make the first row 8 feet from the outside and set as follows: 1st row—13 fruit trees; composed of well-tested varieties of apples, pears, plums and cherries, such as are hardy and known to do well in your particular locality. This is especially necessary in the Northwest; 2d row—50 blackberries, 40 Ancient Briton, 10 Snyder; 3d row—50 black raspberries; 4th row—20 Nema, 20 Ohio, 10 Older, Palmer or Progress; 5th row—50 red raspberries, 25 Marlboro, 15 Cuthbert, 10 Shaffer's Colossal; 6th row—50 currants, 25 Victoria, 25 Red Dutch; 6th row—white currants and gooseberries, 25 White Grape, 15 Downing, 10 Houghton; 7th, 8th, 9th rows—300 strawberries, 200 (pistillate) selected from Warfield, Crescent, Haverland, Bubach, Eureka, 10 (staminate) selected from Michel's Early, Jessie, Parker, Earle, Van Deman, Capt. Jack, Rio; 10th row—17 grapes, 6 Moore's Early, 3 Worden, 3 Brighton, 3 Concord, 2 Delaware. These varieties have been tested in the Northwest, and do well in most localities in the United States. In more temperate climates selections may be made from well-tried kinds; always bearing in mind that only first class plants should be used.

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house should be large enough to accommodate the number of fowls without crowding as it is important to health that plenty of room be supplied. Roomy and clean quarters will be found indispensable to health, and freedom from lice one of the greatest poultry pests.

The run need not be very large, as the fowls need to occupy it but a portion of the season, while the greater portion of the time they may be allowed to run free of all restraint. By a little care and forethought a very profitable investment may be made by the farmer in the care of poultry, but a little neglect, a little carelessness will result in cutting off the profits and very often cause loss in the undertaking. Fowls allowed to shift for themselves the year round do not bring compensation to the farmer. In this as in everything else there must be a purpose, an intention to make the raising of poultry pay, for without a fixed design no good will be accomplished.

"Where there is a will there is a way."—Journal of Agriculture.

Spinach a Good Market Crop. We have had great success in raising this vegetable for market, and when the conditions are favorable one is pretty sure to make a good thing of the work. To a great extent spinach has been neglected by farmers, but of late years a few have made a specialty of it, so the market is not denied good spinach. It is a green vegetable that can be supplied often when nearly all others are out of season, and at certain times of the year it is in good demand. It can be grown as a spring, summer, or autumn crop, and all three are profitable seasons.

But by all odds the early spring is the best time in the year to get good prices, for while the first spinach of the season may sell for \$1 and even \$2 per barrel, the rest will not command much more than half a dollar in the height of the season. It sometimes gets down as low as twenty-five cents a barrel. Then it hardly pays to pick it for shipment.

In order to raise it for early spring, a sheltered part of the garden should be selected for it. The more sheltered the position the better it will be for all purposes. With a building or row of trees on the north side, and a good sunny exposure on the south, spinach is sure to turn out a good crop, early in the season. The market gardeners of the Southern states raise spinach in large quantities for their early shipments, but when their crop begins to decline and the Northern crop comes in, the latter commands nearly double the price. It is finer and fresher, and hence in more demand than the Southern product.—Farm Life.

Sheep Shearings. Keeping sheep over-fat at any time is injurious, and should always be avoided, and especially the breeding animals.

Let the breed be what it may, under present conditions profit requires that the largest possible amount of mutton be gotten out of the sheep.

Professor Henry shows by experiment that it costs \$2.61 to produce 100 pounds of gain with lambs, and \$3.03 to produce the same gain with pigs of about the same age.

The number of sheep annually killed by dogs is something appalling. It is said to exceed 70,000 with a value exceeding \$3,000,000. And how much are the dogs worth? Given a good flock to start with, good management with a view to mutton production, and under average conditions, there is no class of stock that will prove so uniformly profitable.

Timidity is a characteristic of the sheep that should not be tampered with. A wise sheep keeper will use every means to calm his sheep and keep them so. No cud-chewing animal can be kept in a state of excitement and be profitable to its owner.

Household Hints. Clean piano keys with a soft rag dipped in alcohol. Oranges and lemons will keep well if hung in a wire net in a cool and airy place. A drop of oil and a feather will do away with the creaking in a door or creaking chair. Ripe tomatoes will remove ink and other stains from white cloth; also from the hands. A little flour dredged over a cake before icing it will keep the icing from spreading and running off.

Take egg stains from silver by rubbing with a wet rag which has been dipped in common table salt. Beat an egg thoroughly in a bowl and add one teaspoon of cold water to it. Use enough of this to thoroughly moisten coffee when making it. Keep in a cold place, and waste no more eggs by drying.

Granulated sugar is the purest brand, consequently the cheapest. Do not use quite as much as of other kinds—one-half inch less for a cupful. Cake batter made with granulated sugar requires longer beating than usual, as the sugar is longer in dissolving.

A handsome cover for a piano may be made by using a square of plain satin, with border twelve or fifteen inches wide of gold or silver-wrought satin. A center of pale gray, with a border of still paler gray, or a plain yellow center, with gold-wrought border, is very effective.

Beating cloth is a most charming material for table mats, runners and doilies. They will not be durable, but, with proper care they will last a reasonable period, and embroidered in white floss they are a thing of beauty and a joy—not, indeed, forever, but as long as they do endure.

There is as much kill in a selfish heart as there is in a musket. The best remedy for rheumatism that has yet been discovered. Mr. D. H. Tyler, 150 W. Main St., (Galesburg, Ill.) writes: "I have used a good many bottles of Salvation Oil, and think it the best remedy for rheumatism I ever used."

No padlock, bolts or bars can secure a maiden as well as her own reserve. A perfect cure! Mr. Edward E. Broughton, 140 W. 10th St., New York City, N. Y., says this: "I have used several bottles of Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in my family and find it a perfect cure. I cheerfully recommend it."

No pleasure is comparable to standing on the vantage of truth.



Carrie Orens King

Save the Children

By Purifying Their Blood Hood's Sarsaparilla Makes Pure Blood, Cures Scrofula, Etc.

"My experience with Hood's Sarsaparilla has been very effective. My little girl, five years old, had for four years a bad skin disease. Her arms and limbs would break out in a mass of sores, discharging yellow matter. She would scratch the eruptions as though it gave relief, and tear open the sores. Two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla caused the eruptions to heal and the sores peeled off, after which the skin became soft and smooth. As a family medicine we believe Hood's Sarsaparilla has no equal and I recommend it." W. L. KING, Blue Dale, Tex.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills are the best family cathartic, gentle and effective. Try a box. 25 cents.

In the Early Days

of cod-liver oil its use was limited to easing those far advanced in consumption. Science soon discovered in it the prevention and cure of consumption.

Scott's Emulsion

of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites of lime and soda has rendered the oil more effective, easy of digestion and pleasant to the taste.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THE DUCKSKIN BREECHES

BEST MADE, BEST FITTING, BEST WEARING



JEAN PANTS

Manufactured by THE GOODWIN CLOTHING CO., EVANSVILLE, IND. ASK FOR THEM. EVERY PAIR WARRANTED.

CLIP, BATH, AND SEND TO US

The 3-in. American Steel Truck weighs 175 pounds, has 12 inch wheels with 2 inch tires. When three of the wheels are on the floor, the other end sits in about 1 1/2 inches from the floor, thus making it to travel easily. The body is 28 inches wide by 48 inches long. A bottom board is easily put in to make the bottom tight. If stakes are required, narrow head can be put in standing over the outer rail and under the inner one, if wide



are used, they will practically make side beds. By making these stakes long enough and putting in end ones in the same way bulky material may be handled.

We are making this offer to show a sample of our work. We want to show how nice a thing we can make, and how reliable we are in the matter of price. This Steel Truck is furnished at \$2.50 each (2 cents per pound), and 2 copies of advertisement No. 4, as per conditions named in No. 4. This is adv. No. 4.

Ely's Cream Balm

Cleanses the Nasal Passages, Alleviates Pain and Inflammation. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. Heals the Sores. Apply Balm into each nostril. ELY'S BROS., 10 Warren St., N. Y.

TYPEWRITER FOR SALE.

A late Model Remington No. 2, in good condition, for \$200.00. Send for specimen of its work. Address: 809 Main St., PORT WORTH, TEX.



NOTHING TOO RICH FOR BABY.

Though the world all its beautiful treasures may bring. There's nothing too rich for the baby. He sits at the table and rules like a king. There's nothing too rich for the baby. When the turkey is carved till its frame is a wreck. You had better believe that the child is on deck. He gets all the white meat, while you get the neck. There's nothing too rich for the baby! And at night they give "Tootsie" your side of the bed. There's nothing too rich for the baby. He stakes out his claim from the foot to the head. And at midnight you wait on the carpet a spell. Either dangling a rattle or jingling a bell. He clings to your hair with a wild west show yell. There's nothing too rich for the baby. I buy costly playthings and toys by the score. There's nothing too rich for the baby. He pulls out their works and keeps crying for more. There's nothing too rich for the baby. He chokes the life out of a ten dollar pup. He bites out the sides of a beautiful cup. And my diamond set shirt stud, he gobbles that up. There's nothing too rich for the baby! When the minister's calling they bring the kid in. There's nothing too rich for the baby. Of course he shows off his original sin. There's nothing too rich for the baby. He sticks his dear foot through the clergyman's hat. He climbs on his collar and mashes it flat. He spits a bald head and he sneezes at that. There's nothing too rich for the baby! —Latest Popular Song.

The Art of Walking.

The art of walking gracefully is seldom if ever taught with any method or success; and yet it should be an essential part of a girl's physical training. More or less attention is supposed to be given to gait and carriage of the body at the dancing schools, where the pupils are put in line and made to march to music, but natural, easy walking, such as would be required for the street, or moving about the house, is rarely if ever taught. To be sure, the pupil is told to turn out and point her toes, and hold up her head, but that is about all; and what causes the difference between a light and a heavy tread, the correct hip movement on which so much depends, or the position of the arms are seldom criticised or explained. Hardly one person in a hundred carries the body in a correct position while walking or standing, and yet the laws which produce grace in either are very simple and easy to acquire. The figure in walking or repose should incline slightly forward, bending the body a little at the hips. There should be no bending of the knees, or rolling motion of the body. A celebrated professor of physical culture, who teaches ordinary walking among other exercises, recommends the following easy exercises for daily practice; these, he promises, will insure grace in repose and motion: In the first place, a correct posture should be acquired while standing. Put the feet together, draw the hips well back, holding the stomach in. Project the chest forward, draw the shoulders back, hold the head erect with eyes looking straight ahead, and draw the chin in. To get an absolutely correct pose, it is a good plan to fasten a couple of blocks to the side of a room, one five inches thick, to come exactly at the height of the hips, and another four inches thick to come at the height of the chin. Then stand with the chest touching the wall, the chin and abdomen being held back by the blocks at the proper distance, with the point of the toes two inches from the baseboard. If you will assume this posture and keep it while walking, you can never go wrong.

Making a Lampshade.

Should your fancy dwell on lampshades while your timid soul fears to slash into dainty silks and laces with unskilled hands, it may comfort you to know that there isn't much chance of failure if you measure the frame and material carefully as you go. Wind the wire scallops of the frame with strips of silk or thin ribbon of the same color, and also cover the two wires at the top, passing the silk under the lower and over the upper wire, thus covering both at the same time. This gives a foundation to sew on. For an ordinary small "princess" shade, for instance, one yard of silk and two yards of lace should be enough. To cover the shade itself, as the total measurement of the scallops approximates a yard, cut two strips of required width, the whole length of the silk, and join them together, thus giving two yards for fullness. For the ruffle of silk allow a yard and a half, but make the lace ruffle two yards. In gathering the material for ruffles divide it into quarter sections, and for a large shade eighths would be better, as it is far more manageable. If the frill at the top is to be in a piece with the frame cover proper, in measuring the depth allow for a double ruffle an inch and a half high and gauge or plait it as fancy dictates. If the frill is to be separate, allow from three to four times the top measurement of the frame, according to the fullness desired. For a large frame make the frill about two and a half inches deep which, of course, requires a five-inch strip, as it must be made double. As the very thin silk, of which shades should be made, frays easily, the edges of the seams in the ruffle and cover should be left wide enough to turn in the edges and run with a thread of the ravelings. The under ruffle of silk should be sewed on to the silk-wrapped wire of the scallop and turned over, and for a "princess" shade should be about three inches deep, and for a large one about nine inches deep. The upper ruffle of lace or chiffon must have a heading and should be longer by the depth of the points than the silk ruffle.

Some Uses for Soda.

Tinware may be brightened up by dipping a damp cloth in common soda and rubbing it well. Ceilings that have become smoked by kerosene lamps may be cleaned by washing off with soda water. Strong, tepid soda water will make glass very brilliant, then rinse in cold water, wipe dry with linen cloth. For cleaning oil paint before repainting, use two ounces of soda dissolved in a quart of hot water, then rinse off with clear water. Wash white marble porches, bath, etc., with a mop dipped in boiling hot water and soda. A good deal of soda should be dissolved in the water. Very hot soda in a solution, applied with a soft flannel, will remove paint splashes. Use soda in the water to clean paint and glass instead of soap.

to walk on the inside edge of her foot, and gives a most awkward gait. To remedy this defect, says one professor, the pupil should stand in the attitude already described as a correct posture, with the heels touching each other and the toes turned out. Now, without moving the feet, make an effort to separate the knees by a side movement, causing them to spring apart. Repeat this movement without stirring the feet until the muscles are tired, several times a day, and it cannot fail eventually to straighten the legs.

"First Lady of the Land."

As George Washington was the man of the moment, so was Martha Washington the woman of the hour. It has been said, in fact, by many historians, that much of the success of the "Father of his country" is to be attributed to the help and sympathy he always found in his wife. No wife who did not feel all of this could have written, as Martha Washington did, to a near friend, in 1774: "Yes, I foresee consequences—dark days, domestic happiness suspended, social enjoyments abandoned, and eternal separations on earth possible. But my mind is made up; my heart is in the cause. George is right; he is always right. God has promised to protect the righteous, and I will trust Him."

It seems strange, when one recalls the brilliant and successful reception she commenced in the executive mansion in New York, and always continued in Philadelphia, under the name of levees, that this woman, who from the first moment Washington was elected president, gave a tone and a standing to the whole of continental society, should yet dislike official life. Nevertheless, so her biographers state, and add that she was greatly rejoiced when her husband refused a third term in 1796.

At her own home at Mount Vernon she was undoubtedly at her best. A housekeeper of the real old school, surrounded by a bevy of maids and with a great bunch of keys hanging from her waist, she attended to and oversaw every detail. Here her dress was of the simplest material and make. The silks and brocades that made her such a magnificent figure in New York had no place in her country manse. Her gowns were of home manufacture invariably.

Despite the dignity of the Washington homestead, its retinues and its liveries, a homely air of simplicity lurked within its doors. Mrs. Washington was an admirable hostess and liked the house to be full to overflowing. She is said to have been very beautiful, a rather small woman with dark eyes, fair skinned and of quick temper. A touching instance of the affection her husband had for her is to be seen in the fact that after his death her miniature, which he had worn constantly for forty years, was found upon his breast.

Cockroaches Sacred.

It is said that Chinamen, one and all, regard the cockroach with superstitious veneration. They hold that it is a sacred thing, an especial favorite of the gods, and particularly of the great Joss, and to kill one of them, even accidentally, is a great misfortune, most carefully to be avoided. In some instances the accidental killing of one of these nasty creatures has been known to prey upon the mind of the unfortunate celestial as to drive him insane. It is said that the Chinese quarters of the California towns are overrun with these insects, and a Chinaman would as soon think of killing himself as one of them.

To be Barred.

White horses are to be barred from military service in Germany. The emperor has ordered that no more be purchased for the army, and those now in use are to be sold. He thinks that in a war white horses would be especially conspicuous because of the use of smokeless powder and would afford an easy mark for the enemy.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by his firm. WEST & TAXAY, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. WALKING, KINMAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Charity finds the path to heaven by keeping her eyes on the ground.

THREE LETTERS

To remember—F. F. F. They'll help to remind you of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets—and those are the things to keep in mind whenever your liver, your stomach, or your bowels are out of order. If you're troubled with costiveness, wind and pain in the stomach, giddiness or disturbed sleep, you'll find these little Pellets just what you want—tiny in size, sugar-coated, pleasant to take and pleasant in the way they act. They tone up and strengthen the lining membranes of the stomach and bowels, and do permanent good. To prevent, relieve, and cure Biliousness, Dizziness, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Sick or Bilious Headaches, and Indigestion, take Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. If they're not satisfactory, in every way and in every case, you have your money back.

The "old reliable"—Dr. Egan's Catarrh Remedy has been sold for thirty years. It cures thousands, and will cure you.

The Magnet Does It.

There is a man in Chicago who has invented a method of beating the slot gambling machines, which are very numerous in the saloons and cigar shops of that city, and he is said to have been making a very good thing of it. The machines are made with a slot, into which a nickel is dropped. The course of the coin is interrupted by a large number of brass pins set into a perpendicular board, protected by a glass face, through which the course of the nickel may be watched. At the bottom are a number of small openings for the rickel to pass through to the money drawer beneath, and if it falls into a certain one of these it unlocks the drawer, and the lucky player can open it and is entitled to all the nickels which he finds there. Of course the nickel very seldom finds the lock, as the machines are made for the benefit of the owners, and not for the gambling public. The man's coin, however, finds it every time, and by a very simple process. It is made of steel and a strong magnet in his coat sleeve guides it on its uncertain journey among the pins to the right place. This steel nickel has unlocked a large number of the machines, and its inventor has gathered in a host of nickels. The slot machine men are now on the lookout for him.

Currents in the Great Lakes.

The chief of the weather bureau has been conducting a series of experiments to determine the currents in the great lakes. The experiments have been carried on by means of bottles containing instructions from the weather since. It was ascertained that there were four general currents in all the lakes; the outflow towards the outlet of the lakes, a continuous current affecting the entire mass of water and proceeding slowly with a reactionary flow, resulting in a circular current around the lake, a surface current due to prevailing winds, return currents and finally surf motion. The most important current is the surface flow caused by the winds. Much difficulty was encountered in attempting to discover the velocity of the various lake currents, but in general they are supposed to run at a rate of from four to twelve miles a day.

Slaughter of the Innocent.

Few people have any adequate notion of the enormous number of fur-bearing animals that are slaughtered annually for the sake of their pelts. Some idea of it may be gained from the following figures, which represent the skins offered for sale in London during the past month: 1,500,000 muskrat, 550,000 Australian opossum, 220,000 raccoon, 200,000 skunk, 175,000 mink, 105,000 opossum, 50,000 wallaby, 36,800 fox, 36,000 marten, 32,000 nutria, 20,000 wombat, 14,000 beaver, 8600 cat, 6000 bear, 5000 kangaroo, 5000 lynx, 3600 Thibet lamb, 3400 wolf, 2800 dry-hair seal, 1100 badger and 1000 Russian sable, a total of nearly 3,000,000 skins. This is exclusive of the regular offerings of sealskins on Jan. 15, which, according to advices, comprised 28,000 skins, all except 3200 of which are from north-west coast seals.

The Modern Way.

Comments itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Only what we have wrought into our character during life can we take away with us.

Dr. J. A. Hunter, Specialist. In diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart, Catarrh and Deafness. 315 Main Street, Dallas, Tex. Send for pamphlets.

ALL AGES OF JOINTS, NERVES AND MUSCLES

ST. JACOBS OIL

WILL CURE AND PROMPTLY HUSTLES.

Skin Eruptions

and similar annoyances are caused by impure blood, which will result in a more dreaded disease. Unless removed, slight impurities will develop into serious maladies. SCROFULA, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM ARE THE RESULTS OF Bad Blood. I have for some time been a sufferer from a severe blood trouble, for which I took many remedies that did me no good. I have now taken four bottles of SSS and with the most wonderful result. Am enjoying the best health I ever knew, have gained twenty pounds and my friends say they never saw me as well. I am feeling quite like a new man. JOHN S. EDKIN, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

"More the Merrier"

Wash day a pleasure BUT NOT UNLESS YOU USE CLAIRETTE SOAP. IT IS THE PUREST, BEST & MOST ECONOMICAL. Sold everywhere. Made by THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis.

NEEDLES, SHUTTLES, REPAIRS.

AGENTS MAKE 35 a Day Greatest Kitchen Utensil Invented. BREADERS etc. 75c a set in a box. Sample sent post paid. Write to THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED.

W. N. U. DALLAS. When Answering Advertisements Please Mention This Page.

A Convict Evangelist.

It appears that in these days the very best recommendation for religious prominence is a black record of crime. A converted gambler, thief or murderer steps at once into the pulpit and becomes a shining light as a teacher of Christian doctrine and morals. David English came out of the penitentiary at Chester, Ill., a few days ago, where he had served three terms. For a quarter of a century he has borne the reputation of being the most hardened criminal in Jersey county. He went to his home and announced that he had been converted in the penitentiary and that he would at once begin to hold revival services in the school house. People flocked to hear him, and it is said that within a few weeks he has made a large number of converts. It is this sort of thing that is bringing Christianity into contempt and disrepute in this country.

A New Church.

A lively little paper published at Chattanooga, notes as one of the results of the world's fair parliament of religions the organization of a new church. Its chief promoter is a Unitarian minister, who is seconded by a Jewish rabbi of the reformed school. The plan of organization is said to be liberal enough to include everybody, and the creed—no, that is not the word, for there will be no creed—the platform will be broad enough to allow of ample standing room for unbelievers of all shades and complexions. It is ostentatiously announced that the Bible will not be discarded; it will only be removed from the pulpit to its proper place in the bookcase. The most curious thing about the organization is that it is to be called a church.

Chinese Money.

During the thirteenth century the Chinese emperors made money from the inner bark of the mulberry tree, cutting it into round pieces and stamping it. To counterfeit or refuse to accept it as a legal tender was punished by death.

The Land of Promise.

Is the mighty West the land that "ticked with a low laugh a harvest" the El Dorado of the miner, the goal of the agricultural emigrant. While it teems with all the elements of wealth and prosperity, some of the fairest and most fruitful portions of it bear a harvest of malaria reaped in its fullness by those unprotected by a medical safeguard. No one seeking or dwelling in a malarial locality is safe from the scourge without Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Emigrants, bear this in mind. Commercial travelers sojourning in malarious regions should carry a bottle of the Bitters in the traditional grip-sack. Against the effects of exposure, mental or bodily overwork, damp and unwholesome food or water, it is an infallible defense. Constipation, rheumatism, biliousness, dyspepsia, nervousness and loss of strength are all remedied by this genial restorative.

The superior man is slow in his words and earnest in his conduct.

Comments itself to the well-informed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Only what we have wrought into our character during life can we take away with us.

Dr. J. A. Hunter, Specialist. In diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Heart, Catarrh and Deafness. 315 Main Street, Dallas, Tex. Send for pamphlets.

ALL AGES OF JOINTS, NERVES AND MUSCLES

ST. JACOBS OIL

WILL CURE AND PROMPTLY HUSTLES.

Skin Eruptions

and similar annoyances are caused by impure blood, which will result in a more dreaded disease. Unless removed, slight impurities will develop into serious maladies. SCROFULA, ECZEMA, SALT RHEUM ARE THE RESULTS OF Bad Blood. I have for some time been a sufferer from a severe blood trouble, for which I took many remedies that did me no good. I have now taken four bottles of SSS and with the most wonderful result. Am enjoying the best health I ever knew, have gained twenty pounds and my friends say they never saw me as well. I am feeling quite like a new man. JOHN S. EDKIN, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free to any address. SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

"More the Merrier"

Wash day a pleasure BUT NOT UNLESS YOU USE CLAIRETTE SOAP. IT IS THE PUREST, BEST & MOST ECONOMICAL. Sold everywhere. Made by THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis.

NEEDLES, SHUTTLES, REPAIRS.

AGENTS MAKE 35 a Day Greatest Kitchen Utensil Invented. BREADERS etc. 75c a set in a box. Sample sent post paid. Write to THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED.

W. N. U. DALLAS. When Answering Advertisements Please Mention This Page.

DURING hard times consumers cannot afford to experiment with inferior brands of baking powder. It is NOW that the great strength and purity of the ROYAL make it indispensable to those who desire to practise economy in the kitchen. Each spoonful does its perfect work. Its increasing sale bears witness that it is a necessity to the prudent—it goes further. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 108 WALL ST., NEW YORK.

She Was a Prisoner.

The police of Brazil, Ind., went out the other day to gather in a man who was thought to be a much wanted crook. He had been in the neighborhood for several days, camping in a small log hut in the woods, and gave out that he was a horse trader. The farmers in the neighborhood began to miss their stock, and believing him to be the thief ordered his arrest. When the police reached the hut they were surprised to find nobody there but a young girl, she told them that she had been kidnapped more than a year ago from her father's house at Bellaire, O., and had been held in slavery by the rascal ever since under dire threats of murder if she should ever reveal the truth. Her father, she said, was a wealthy farmer named Murray. The police waited for the criminal, and when he returned to the hut surprised and captured him. He gave his name as John Taylor.

Rode an Avalanche.

Charles Goetz had an experience in the Sawtooth mountains, Idaho, the other day such as probably no other man ever had and lived to tell about it. He was hunting in the mountains when the snow started to slide under his feet. He tried in vain to extricate himself, but in a moment he was riding down the mountain side on the back of a rushing, roaring avalanche. The avalanche shot down into a rocky precipitous canyon, but Goetz, by some miracle, remained on top of the snow and was found alive eleven hours after by a rescuing party that set out in search of him expecting to recover nothing but a corpse. He was terribly bruised, but is in a fair way to recovery.

Opposition always inflames the enthusiast, never converts him.

Austria and Murderers.

Austria is the most lenient to murderers. In the ten years ending 1879 there were 816 criminals found guilty of willful murder in Austria, of whom only twenty-three were put to death.

Facets Worth Knowing.

In all diseases of the nasal mucous membrane the remedy used must be non-irritating. Nothing satisfactory can be accomplished with douches, snuffs or powders, because they are all irritating, do not reach the affected surfaces, and should be abandoned as failures. A multitude of persons who had for years borne all the worry and pain that catarrh can inflict testify to radical and permanent cures wrought by Ely's Cream Balm.

A man lost to shame is no worse than a brute. A woman lost to shame is no better than a fiend.

"I have been afflicted with an affection of the Throat from childhood, caused by diphtheria, and have used various remedies, but have never found anything equal to BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES." Rev. G. M. F. Hampton, Fiskton, Ky. Sold only in boxes.

Beware of little expenses; a small leak will sink a great ship.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure

is sold on a guarantee. It cures Incurable Consumption. It is the best Cough Cure. Price, 50c. & \$1.00.

A good thing to do on cloudy days is to try to push the clouds away from somebody else's window.

"Hanson's Magic Corn Salve."

Warranted to cure or money refunded. Ask your druggist for it. Price 15 cents.

The only successful reform is that no one has ever accomplished.

Ask about the wonderful climate and resources of Southern California. There never was such an opportunity for home seekers. For information regarding this section, address J. A. Allison, Brewster block, San Diego, California.

There no such thing as utter failure to one who has done his best.

W. L. DOUGLAS'S SHOES equals custom work, costing from \$5 to \$10, best value for the money in the world. Name and price stamped on the bottom. Every pair warranted. Take no substitutes. See local papers for full description of our complete line of shoes for ladies and gentlemen or send for illustrated Catalogue giving instructions how to order by mail. Postage free. You can get the best bargains of dealers who push our shoes.

WALL PAPER

By sending 5c in stamps for our samples you can make satisfactory selections from the largest and most complete stock in the west or south. We can also mail you a circular which describes and gives cost of Parquetry or Wood Carpeting.

NEWCOMB BROS. WALL PAPER CO., St. Louis, Mo.

THE OLD RELIABLE PRATT COTTON GINS.

The Best is Always Howard F. Smith, Mgr Houston, Texas.

HUNTER & BOOSO, Machinery Supplies

AND Electrical Supplies. Regulators, Guns, Pumps, Presses. Dallas, Texas.

PISCO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

CURE WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Cough Lozenges, Cough Tablets. Sold by druggists.

Patents, Trade-Marks.

Examination and Advice on Patentability of Invention. Send for "Inventors' Guide" or "How to Get a Patent." PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

NEEDLES, SHUTTLES, REPAIRS.

For all Sewing Machines, Sewing Machine Needles, Sewing Machine Feet, Sewing Machine Presses, Sewing Machine Repairs. Send for wholesale prices. Write to THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

AGENTS MAKE 35 a Day Greatest Kitchen Utensil Invented.

BREADERS etc. 75c a set in a box. Sample sent post paid. Write to THE N.K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, St. Louis, Mo.

DEAFNESS AND HEAD NOISES CURED.

W. N. U. DALLAS. When Answering Advertisements Please Mention This Page.

# The Baird Star.

Entered at the postoffice at Baird, Texas, as second class matter.

## Subscription Rates.

One year ..... \$1.00  
Six months ..... 75 cts  
No subscriptions received for less than 6 months.

## Payable in advance.

W. E. GILLILAND, Editor and Proprietor

BAIRD, FRIDAY, MARCH 28, 1894.

The war in Brazil which seems to have been three fourths wind, petered out all of a sudden one day last week.

The foreigner is an accommodating fellow according to the protectionist. He pays the tax. True enough but Jones pays the freight at last.

If the Democratic party is responsible for the panic, drought, etc., by the same rule it is entitled to the credit of bringing the late rains all over the country. One is about as reasonable as the other.

Every Democrat will rejoice that all difference in the party in this state have been amicably settled and the party will now present a united front to the enemy and march to victory over the combined forces of the Pops and Republicans.

Hippocrates cried centuries ago for less medicine and more nature. We want less of the bark, resin, and extract of the tree, more of its rich beauty. The bright flowers and living green of meadow plants I sometimes think would do more good than the teas made of their remains.—C. B. Meding, M. D., New York.

The Pollard-Breckenridge breach of promise case at Washington has developed into one of the greatest scandals of this country; assuming that one half what the plaintiff alleges is true. The public has not got the defendant's side of the story yet. Congressman Breckenridge may not be as bad as he is painted if he is ought to be repudiated by every decent man and woman in the United States.

The Populist began to abuse President Cleveland before he had been in office two weeks, claiming that he was not doing anything for the relief of the country. They were determined to be displeased with him no matter what he did hence it is nothing strange to find that he does not please them. One thing certain, if he fails to veto the Bland signiorage bill we fear some of them will die with the cramp colic.

We lost two subscribers (by one man) this week on account of the Wilson bill. As we got six new subscribers all in the county we are doubtless indebted to the Wilson bill for the increase as well as the decrease in THE STAR'S circulation. Strange too as THE STAR never has favored the bill, especially that part that puts raw material on the free list and retains a high tariff on all manufactured articles.

There is a movement on foot to have an immense array of unemployed workmen march to Washington and demand that congress inaugurate some plan to relieve the wide spread distress among the working classes. Massillon Ohio is designated as the starting point. If the plan is carried out as proposed it will create consternation in the Capital City. One of the movers of the project asserts that there will be an army of 3,000,000 men by the time they reach Washington City. If one third that many should join in the movement it will create a panic among the law makers and they would likely pass any law demanded.

Our Belle Plaine correspondent last week took strong ground against nominations in county affairs at the coming election. THE STAR must decidedly differ with H. B. on this question, because the democratic party can not afford to let the 3rd party walk off with the whole shooting match, which would certainly be the case should H. B.'s advice be taken. What he says about conventions is in a great measure true, but the democratic party of Callahan has never held a nominating convention for county offices, but will hold a primary election as they did two years ago. We never heard of any complaint against that. There were between 500 and 600 hundred voters present and every democrat in the county had a chance to vote for a primary election is not a convention and

when conducted as it was before no one has any room to kick. THE STAR never favored nominations in county affairs until the 3rd party had drawn the lines in the county and there is not a doubt but what they will keep it up. They are well organized and could place a ticket in the field a few days before the election, and by catching the democrats unawares and with their votes scattered among several democrats for the same office, the third party could elect every officer in the county, and there is not a doubt but what they will do this if the democrats are foolish enough to listen to their preaching about nonpartizanship in county affairs. They may fool some by this kind of talk, but THE STAR is not among the number. If the democratic party is true to itself a full democratic county ticket will be in the field regardless of what the 3rd party or populist may say about it. That is where THE STAR stands on this matter.

## Belle Plaine Budget.

March, 20.—Our stockmen have returned from the convention at Fort Worth, but the prospect for a speedy revival of the cattle-trade is still shrouded in mysteries of the future. So far Mr. Claib Merchant of Abilene, a former resident of this place, is the only buyer in the field and John Flores is his agent in this neighborhood.

Rev. Hall, of Santa Anna, who is well known in this vicinity as teacher and preacher arrived last week as a guest of his son-in-law Col. Lark Hearn and conducted divine services at our school house last Sunday. The returned gentleman will start soon on a visit to his daughter in the Panhandle, Mrs. R. B. Hearn and Prof. Luther F. Hall, his son will accompany him.

Miss Ella Wald of Clyde's has returned to the home of Col. Lark Hearn.

Messrs Allan Hornsby and J. I. Lawson are teaching writing schools in Coleman and Runnels county.

Several gentlemen connected with the Phillips Investment Co. of Kansas City inspected the college last week in which they are materially interested. Although they prefer a sale they would offer very favorable inducements in the form of a lease to the right man. It is not the place here to expand about the superior facilities and advantages of this institution which could be easily made the leading college of Western Texas in the hands of the right man, but so far I can judge the circumstances there is a chance in a life time for a good teacher and able business manager.

To prove what proper care and attention can do I will will only mention the fact that J. B. Cutbirth under the most distressing circumstances of last fall and winter has lost out of about 2500 cattle only 12 head so far. But J. B. is a rustler and don't forget it.

O. P. Rucker has made a contract with a party for the boring of a well on his premises to the depth of 75 feet, 50 cts for the first 50 feet and 75 cts for the remainder. The experiment is watched with the keenest interest.

Thos. Stratton, of Tecumseh, dropped in yesterday. He is prospecting for a new home and we wish and hope to see our former J. P. again located in this neighborhood.

There is nothing to be said against these rains. They came just in time and if we could have one of these pour-downs like Saturday noon every two weeks would n't Callahan county be a swimmer?

## PROGRAM.

Teachers Institute to be held at Baird Texas March 30 and 31st, 1894.

## FIRST DAY.

Should a Uniform Series of Text Books be adopted in the country?—H. C. Darden.

Should Teachers or Trustees map out a course of study?—J. E. Aycock.

To what extent should the Diagram System be adopted in teaching Grammar?—T. D. Dawkin, J. M. King, H. Varner, T. B. Holland.

"The Educated and Uneducated."—Rev. M. E. Surles.

## SECOND DAY.

Personal Work in Teaching.—J. J. Jones.

Paper Drawing.—Miss Dora Mobly.

Paper Geography.—Miss K. Chatfield.

Paper Incentives to Study.—Miss Belle Ely.

Best means of securing attention.—S. A. Bryant.

Are Seminer Normal Schools Beneficial?

Grand discussion by members of the Institute.

F. W. CHATFIELD,  
J. H. WOOD,  
Com. on Program.

## A DESERVING COMPLIMENT.

To the Editor of THE BAIRD STAR: Have just read the original lecture delivered by Mr. Alden Bell before the Thessalonian Club and would like to say that since the reading do not think we are entirely devoid of great men yet, while there is still one who can speak so noble and earnestly for Religion, Truth and Mother. As one who loves Religion and Truth and as a Mother, I wish to tender my thanks, and say that Baird and Callahan county should be proud to own him as a citizen, for such thoughts and words, as he sends through the columns of her paper are bound to ennoble and raise the standard of man and woman hood. Long may the Thessalonian Club flourish, and may every man in the county realize the benefit will be to his family and take the paper. For what we read from the club more than pays for it.

## ONE OF YOUR READERS.

## Abilene Happenings.

ABILENE, March 20.—The hail did no damage, as I learn. Good rains fell here the last days of last week.

Last Friday evening several of the boys from the college accompanied by some from town, went on a fishing excursion to the Clear Fork. They reported a fine time but no fish—only three. They boys think they will go again some time in the spring.

One more injury caused by baseball I shall give: While the boys were playing Monday at noon Jack Estes and Ed Kelly ran together so as to lock their feet which threw Jack to the ground with an ankle dislocated and (the doctor said) one bone in the leg broken; Ed went off with a sprained ankle. A physician was immediately called. Jack suffered a great deal that night, but is now doing well. The doctor said that tomorrow he could go out if he wanted to. He will have a lame foot for a long time. He says this is his last game of ball. School is progressing finely. T. D.

## BAYOU FARM FOR SALE.

A well improved farm of 160 or 200 acres, situated on the Coleman road, leading from Baird. Everlasting water. Will be sold on long time, with a small cash payment. As good a farm as there is in Callahan County. Enquire of

Wm. McMANNIS,  
Baird Texas. 15 2m

## LITERARY SOCIETY.

The young men in Baird and vicinity are respectfully requested to meet at the school house Saturday evening March 31, at 8 o'clock for the purpose of organizing a literary society. I hope all the young men in Baird will attend the meeting and aid in organizing the society. F. B. BURNETT.

## Texas and Pacific Railway Company.

Notice is hereby given, that an adjourned annual meeting of the Stockholders and Directors of The Texas and Pacific Railway Company will be held at the office of the Company in Dallas, Texas, on Saturday, March 31st, 1894, at 12 o'clock M.

134t C. E. SATTERLEE, Secretary.

## NOTICE EX-CONFEDERATES.

I hereby call a meeting of camp Albert Sidney Johnston at the Court House in Baird Saturday April 1st 1894 for the purpose of electing delegates to attend the State Encampment of Ex-Confederates at Waco April 5, 6, and 7, and to attend to such other business as may come before the meeting. W. C. WHITLEY,  
Capt. Albert Sidney Johnston, U. C. V.

## THE WHITE METAL.

The fact is that the world is beginning to understand that the widespread business and industrial desolation is but paying the the penalty for dethroning one of the great money metals of the ages, and destroying approximately one half of the basis of the circulating medium of the civilized world. The friends of silver—and that means the masses—in our own great silver-producing country may be of good cheer. The tide for restoring the metal as money throughout the world is getting too strong to be controlled long by adverse interests.—Nashville American.

## REDUCTION IN AD RATES.

We have decided to make a reduction in advertising rates for the benefit of our regular advertisers as follows: All advertisers who will run a display ad regularly in THE STAR to cost not less than \$2 per month, can run locals at 5 cents per line straight. Transient locals regular price, 5 and 10 cents per line. This is a reduction of 50 per cent on last insertion. Advertisers can change weekly. This rate will hold until further notice. 15

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

### PHYSICIANS.

R. G. POWELL,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Office fourth door south of the Bank.  
BAIRD, TEXAS.

D. J. WILSON,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Local Surgeon for T. and P.  
Also City and County Physician,  
All professional calls promptly answered.  
OFFICE AT REAR OF FLYNN'S SADDLE SHOP.

E. R. SARTOR,  
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.  
Calls promptly attended day or night, in city or country.  
Office, East side Market Street,  
Opposite T. E. Powell's store.  
BAIRD, TEXAS.

ARTHUR YONGE  
Attorney-at-Law,  
AND REAL ESTATE AGENT.  
COLLECTIONS SOLICITED.  
BAIRD, TEXAS.

### BOOT AND SHOEMAKING.

MARTIN BARNHILL,  
Boot and Shoemaker.  
Repairing Promptly and Neatly Executed.  
Prices to Suit the Times.  
Market Street, [6] Baird, Texas

S. H. WHITE,  
Boot and Shoe Maker,  
First door North of James & Johnson's  
Restaurant, Market street, Baird, Texas.  
I guarantee my work. 42

### PAINTERS.

J. H. HOFFMANN,  
PAPER HANGING AND HOUSE  
PAINTING, ETC.

### NOTICE OF SALE

#### Of Real Estate Under Execution.

By authority of a pluries execution issued 15th day Feb. 1894 out of the county court of Taylor county, Texas, in cause No. 639, wherein the First National bank of Abilene, Texas, is plaintiff and W. J. Maltby and I. N. Jackson and J. W. Jones are defendants, and directed and delivered to me as constable of Callahan county, Texas, commanding me as such officer to make certain monies in said writ mentioned, and whereas on 1st day March 1894 at 2 o'clock p. m. I as such officer levied said execution on the E. 1/4 of the N. E. 1/4 of section No. 33 Deaf and Dumb Asylum lands, about 7 1/2 miles S. 50 E. from Baird, lying and being situated in Callahan county Texas, beg. at a rock pile in a drain the S. W. cor. of No. 28 and S. E. cor. of No. 29 and N. E. cor. No. 33, thence west 475 vs. to a rock mound, thence south 950 vs. to stake for cor., thence E. 475 vs. to rock for cor., thence 950 vs. to place of beg. Also 80 acres in Callahan county, beg. at a rock pile in the N. line of section No. 33, 950 vs. W., N. E. cor. sect. 33, for cor. a mesq. 12 in. brs. N. 82 1/2 W. 29 vs. elm 14 in. N. 10 W. 35 vs., thence south 950 vs. to centre of this section No. 33 D. & D. land a rock, thence east 475 vs. to rock for cor., thence north 950 vs. to rock for cor. a mesq. 4 in. brs north 49 1/2 west 35 vs. do 4 in. N 21 1-2 E. 40 vs., thence west 475 vs. to beg. Also the S. 1-2 of survey No. 233 abstract No. 292, original grantee R. A. Pace, in Callahan county, Texas. The above property being levied on as property of J. W. Jones.

Also section No. 96 in blk. No. 12 State School Land, in Callahan county surveyed by the T. & P. R. R. Co. by virtue of serip No. 2-654 issued to said R. R. Co. containing 640 acres more or less and being land bought from state by Young & Wilson and levied on as property of I. N. Jackson.

Now therefore this is to give notice that I will sell said above described property as the law directs at the court house door of said county on the first Tuesday in April 1894 between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m. to satisfy the judgment rendered in said cause in favor of said plaintiff and against said defts. for \$434.75, besides interest and costs of suit and cost of this sale. This March 24, 1894.  
Tom Fenny,  
Constable Pra. No. 5 Callahan Co. Tex.

# Carpets.

Have just received a new line of Carpets, Oil Matting, Straw Matting and Window Shades. This is the prettiest line of goods ever shown in Baird.

# New Goods

Of all kinds are being received and the low prices, good quality and new designs make them go.

# In Shoes

We have all the latest shapes and colors, and handle only the best brands. Try us and be convinced.

# New Clothing,

New everything. Make my place your first stop and you will not have to go any further.

# B. L. BOYDSTUN.

# Groceries

## DID YOU SAY?

WELL, we have them. Any and everything you want in that line, and as cheap as can be bought for cash anywhere in West Texas.

## FURNITURE!

Yes, we have a line of that too, and furthermore, it is for sale. If you don't think so get our bottom figures before you buy.

## Wagons and Farming Implements.

We carry everything in that line. When you want anything in our line give us a call.

## FREE DELIVERY. VAUGHN & CO.

## GREETING FOR THE SEASON.

- 1 Of the greatest blessings to men is a good dinner.
- 2 After he has that there is other things to wish for.
- 3 Men out of ten will tell you that their home is a happy one if their food is pure and wholesome.
- 4 Women out of ten will tell you that they keep their husbands in a good humor by giving them good meals of fresh, wholesome food.
- 5 Things you should remember are, that I carry only the purest and freshest Groceries, that my prices are very low, that my stock is always replete and that my clerks are always polite and attentive.

Yours for Trade,

# D. W. WRISTEN.

## Do You Carry Insurance?

J. H. PETERS,  
General Insurance Agent  
and Notary Public.  
Over \$125,000,000 Capital Represented.

The Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association of New York, Capital, \$12,000,000  
Liverpool and London and Globe, 45,000,000  
Hartford, of Hartford, 7,000,000  
Northwestern National, 1,750,000  
Mechanic and Traders, 700,000  
Home, of New Orleans, 500,000  
Arlamo, of Texas, 250,000  
Concordia, 200,000

New York Plate Glass, Standard Accident, Atna Livestock, of Glen's Falls, New York.

Office with Vaughn & Co., BAIRD, TEXAS.

## H. N. EDWARDS, R. C. DUDLEY, EDWARDS & DUDLEY,

(Successors to W. R. McDermott.)

—DEALERS IN—

# GRAIN, HAY, AND FEED.

Wagon Yard, Good Camp House and Plenty of Water, Patronage Solicited.

## T. & P. Ry SCHEDULE.

TEXAS AND PACIFIC.  
 Passenger. East bound ..... 12 m.  
 West bound ..... 3:10 p. m.  
 P. S. GAGE, Agent.

### MAILS.

BELLE PLAIN.  
 Arrives Daily ..... 11:30 a. m.  
 Leaves ..... 3:50 p. m.

TOMATO, COTTONWOOD, CALDO PEAK  
 CROSS PLAINS.  
 Leaves Baird ..... 8 A. M.  
 Arrives ..... 5 P. M.

FUTNAM AND CLYDE. Train schedule.

TECUMSEH AND EAGLE COVE.  
 Daily, except Sunday.  
 Arrives ..... 12 m.  
 Leaves ..... 1 p. m.  
 Wm. McMANIS, P. M.

## LOCAL NEWS.

BAIRD, FRIDAY, MARCH 23, 1894.

Rain.  
 More rain.

Farmers, cattlemen and everybody happy.  
 Now is the time to build a storm house.

Uncle Bill Babb was in town Tuesday.

All and Newt (olds) were in the city week.

W. L. Gilliland went to Fort Worth Wednesday.

See notice of meeting next Saturday of confederate veterans.

Mrs. W. W. Dunson is visiting friends in Putnam this week.

Luke Cathey, of Putnam, was in town Wednesday.

Ben Williams, of Putnam, the well-known stockman, was in town this week.

Competition in prices "not in it" New millinery at H. F. Foy's. Come and see it. 16tf

New ads new candidates are still coming. There is plenty of room in THE STAR for all.

Born. To Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cutbirth March 20th a girl, mother and child doing well.

Rev. S. L. Robertson of the C. P. Church lectured on temperance at the Court House Wednesday night.

Mr. Charlie Rulrup and his sister, Miss Clara, have returned from Missouri and Charlie now has his regular passenger run.

Miss Annie Bellah, who has been visiting Miss Maud Buckels the past week, left for her home at Colorado Wednesday.

The Hinds building on the Masonic Hall site is about completed. D. W. Wristen will move into this building about April 1st.

R. J. Harris, J. M. Mathews, W. H. Perry, Uncle Jack Berry and others from the country were in attending the Masonic lectures Wednesday.

C. S. "Vet" Rice and family of Fort Worth spent a few days visiting in town this week and out at Mr. John Rices near Belle Plains.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Brown and Mrs. Oliver came in from Tecumseh Tuesday. Mrs. Brown went to Gorman Wednesday on a visit to her parents.

John Babb was in town last Monday after a jersey bull. The last we seen of them out on the Putnam road the bull seemed to be getting the best of the fracas.

Several of the boys, who are attending the masonic lectures this week find it much harder to unlearn what they already know than to learn the work correctly.

Mr. Carver of Missouri, a nephew of Mr. S. L. Ogle is visiting his uncle's family in Baird. He expects to return home this week unless his uncle can persuade him to locate in Baird.

A considerable number of farmers and stockmen have been in town trading this week. Every one is jubilant over the fine rains all over the country Grass and grain of all kinds promising.

The heavy rains last Sunday night washed away the Lane dam in the north part of town. This is hard luck on the boys, as it must have cost them a neat sum to build it. We have not learned where they will rebuild it or not.

The last meeting of the Thessalonian club was held at Prof. Chatfield's home After the literary program was over a splendid collation was given to the audience. The next meeting of the club will be held at Mrs. F. W. James at which time a regular program will be carried out. The questions will be in Assyrian history. Study in Ashura. Mrs. F. W. James to give a brief description of Assyria, Miss Summers vocal solo; Miss Oliver and Day, quart; Mr. Alden Bell, Assyrian.

L. M. Wyatt has bought out J. A. Scott's meat market at Oliver's old stand, and Julius Krogull, the well-known butcher, is in charge of shop.

The following new subscribers had their names enrolled on our subscription book this week: J. W. Bagwell Cross Plains, J. L. Hood, Cottonwood; Will Mitchell, Caddo Peak, H. A. Louis, S. L. Driskill, Baird, John Babb, Putnam.

A large assortment of bed room suits, side boards, wardrobes; in fact, everything in the furniture line can be seen at my store. Prices are made low to suit the times. LEO STERN.

2 tf Successor to H. Schwartz. News was received here Sunday morning that a cyclone had blown away the town of Emory in North-east Texas. Mr. A. Cook who has property and many relatives living in the town left on the next train for the stricken city.

The entertainment by Prof. Ike Bell advertised for Monday night was postponed until Tuesday night on account of the rain but was well patronized and enjoyed. The entertainment was for the benefit of the cemetery and resulted in a total of \$14.50 for that purpose.

John Buckley our enterprising stone mason has a contract to deliver fifty carloads of stone at Dallas to be used in the Lemp building now being constructed in that city. The stone quarry is about two miles south of Baird on the Belle Plain road.

John Matthews brought one of his little boys in last Tuesday to have his leg reset. The little fellow got a leg broken about ten days ago and his father set the limb, but he got it out of place in some way and they brought him to have the physicians reset it.

You will miss the opportunity of your life if you fail to order the Encyclopaedia Britannica from the Dallas News at its introductory rate. It has been said concerning this great reference library: "If all other books should be destroyed, the Bible excepted, the world would have lost but little of its information."

We heard that John Buckley, Baird's hustling stone mason, had made a remarkable run on his bicycle a short time ago. The story sounded so unreasonable that we could not believe it but happening to meet Mr. Buckley on the street one day last week we asked him about the particulars. He said that he left Waldrup on the Colorado river in the morning and reached Baird in six and one half hours from the time he started a distance of 75 miles. This is pretty good bicycling, who can beat it?

In reference to the Encyclopaedia Britannica, which the Dallas News is offering at introductory rates, the President of Yale University gives it as his opinion that the purchase of 3000 volumes would not produce so good a working library as this one work. For particulars address.

A. H. BELZ & Co.,  
 Dallas, Texas.

The city council have entered into a contract with M. Summers to put in the water works. The First National bank of Baird notified a member of the city Council through the post office that the bank would enter suit to prevent the works being built so there the matter rests. The city council so far have not paid any attention to the notice, but will go ahead and issue the bonds unless suit is instituted to prevent them so doing. That is the way the council express themselves at least.

It is very likely that there will be a suit over the water works before the work will begin. We really hope the Bank or some one else will bring suit to test not only the validity of the bonds but the legality of the city corporation itself. We have never doubted that the city was legally incorporated, but still this does not make it so. If the city corporation is legal the courts will say so, if it is not legal the sooner we know it the better for all concerned, at least that is the way we look at the matter and we think we are right.

The town cow continues to get in her work of destruction and devastation of the grocers supplies, the farmers wagons, etc. When they get tired of foraging around on the streets they get out in the residence portion of the city and clean up all shrubbery that is in reach. The town cow is an all round daisy, and the greatest nuisance in existence, but no one dares to raise his voice against her. The town cow is a fixture we suppose and what can't be cured must be endured, yet a great many people around town and out in the country would like to see the "town cow" restricted somewhat in her liberty and perquisites.

Boy suits at Foy's; wont-rip; extra pair of pants free with each suit. 16tf

Tax Assessor T. J. Norrell is in town shaking hands with his friends. Tom says he is in the race for tax assessor to a finish.

See the "red ink" ad of T. E. Powell's on last page. Tom Powell always has something new in advertising as well as in goods. You cannot help seeing his ad.

W. R. McDermott, member of the council is a candidate for County Treasurer, consequently declines to run again for the lucrative position of city alderman.

The Dallas News' offer on the Encyclopaedia Britannica will be withdrawn Monday, March 26th. We urge all our readers who desire this great work to write to the News at once. After Monday you will be too late.

T. J. Wise's announcement for Inspector will be found in this issue. Tom Wise is well acquainted among the cattlemen and farmers of the county. He is well qualified to fill the position and will make a good officer if elected.

A freight train running between Baird and Fort Worth was wrecked near Santo Sunday night. Head brakeman Magrill was killed. Silas Youngblood, well known in Baird, was seriously, though it is hoped not fatally injured.

At the request of many citizens of Baird the names of three of the present board of alderman are announced as candidates for re-election. In justice of these members of the present council, Gage, Whitley and McLauri, we will say that had the matter been left to their choice they would not have run again, but yielding to the solicitations of those who favor water works they have consented to run. We believe the people of Baird will re-elect every one of them. They have worked for what they believe to be for the best interests of the city, often too, in the face of determined opposition. They have inaugurated the work let them carry it out, that seems to be the sentiment of those who favor the water works.

### A Pleasant Evening.

Last Friday night Miss Lillie Wiecke entertained a number of her friends with a very pleasant social. Innocent games and pleasant conversation were the order of the evening until the hour for refreshments when all enjoyed the elegant delicacies prepared by the fair hostess. Those present were: Misses Delia Cutbirth, Amy Gilliland, Annie Maxwell, Millie Harris, Claudie Turner, Edna Gilliland, Bettie Hoffman, Annie Bowman, Dora, Warren, Mary Bowman, Rudie Warreu, Lillie and Hadie Wicks, and Messes. W. H. Harris, Louis Stellman, Walter Arnold, J. B. Maxwell, John Tatum, Dolph Eason, Charlie Miller, Will Estis, and Elmer Pool. About 11 o'clock the party were surprised by the sound of sweet music which proved to be a serenade party led by Prof. Ike Bell, who discoursed sweet music which was highly appreciated by the entire party. All in all it was one of the most pleasant evenings it has been the fortune of all to spend in quite a while.

### MASONIC LECTURER.

R. W. John Watson, P. G. M. of the Grand Lodge of Texas, and chairman of the committee on work, is instructing the members of the various Lodges in Callahan county at the Masonic Hall. Cross Plains Lodge is represented by the following members, Jos Tisdall, Dolphus Robinson, A. J. Arvin, R. A. St. John, J. A. Coates and W. J. Thomson. Tecumseh Lodge by Tom Slaughter. These lectures are free, and every mason should attend if they desire to learn the secret work of the order, as Bro. Watson is one of the brightest masons in the state. The lectures will close Saturday night.

### Advertised Letters.

Baird, Tex., March 19, 1894.—The following letters remain unclaimed at this office, and at the expiration of two weeks will be sent to the Dead Letter Office at Washington, D. C.  
 Hurton James A. Gray & Ligon,  
 Bryant J. M. Harris W. A.  
 Coleman H. P. 2 Miller Benjamin F.  
 Edwin Mrs. Dalz Parkes E. L.  
 Thompson Miss Laura.

In calling for the above letters please say "advertised."  
 Wm McMANIS, P. M.

**Cash & Cash**  
 ONLY  
**AT POWELL'S,**  
 If You Want  
**CHEAP GOODS.**

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

The following is the rates of announcements for 1894 in THE BAIRD STAR:  
 For Congress ..... \$15.00  
 All other District offices ..... 10.00

COUNTY OFFICERS:  
 County Judge ..... 10.00  
 County and District Clerk ..... 10.00  
 Sheriff and Tax Collector ..... 10.00  
 Tax Assessor ..... 10.00  
 County Treasurer ..... 10.00  
 County Attorney ..... 6.00  
 County Surveyor ..... 6.00  
 Inspector ..... 6.00  
 Public Weigher ..... 6.00  
 Precinct Officers ..... 3.00

The above rate includes name on the Democratic ticket at general election; and in every instance CASH MUST BE PAID IN ADVANCE. NO CREDIT GOES. In the event candidates do not announce in THE BAIRD STAR, one-half the regular announcement fee will be charged for their name on the Democratic ticket at general election. Should anyone withdraw after having announced no part of their fee will be refunded.

### FOR DISTRICT AND COUNTY CLERK.

W. W. DUNSON.  
 A. A. CALLAHAN.  
 E. D. FOY.

FOR DISTRICT CLERK.  
 J. E. W. LANE.

FOR TAX ASSESSOR.  
 J. E. (Eli) GILLILAND.

(Subject to Democratic Primary.)

FOR SHERIFF.  
 J. W. JONES.

W. E. MAYES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.  
 T. B. HOLLAND.

W. R. McDERMETT.

FOR COUNTY SURVEYOR.  
 T. H. FLOYD.

FOR HIDE AND ANIMAL INSPECTOR.  
 T. J. WISE.

(Subject to Democratic Party.)

### CITY ELECTION.

Election Tuesday, April 3, 1894.

FOR MAYOR.  
 JUSTIN COOK.

ALDEN BELL.

FOR CITY MARSHAL.  
 JAS. J. WELCH.

W. D. DEAN.

FOR ALDERMAN.  
 ED. COPPINS.

F. S. GAGE.

W. C. WHITLEY.

W. A. McLAURY.

### BUSINESS LOCALS.

Childrens Red shoes at Boydstun's. a14

Go to T. E. Powell's clothing. 11

Go to Foy's for dry goods. 14tf

Go to T. E. Powell's for footwear.

Childrens tan shoes at Boydstun's. a14

Go to Foy's for shoes. 14tf

Boydstun is doing the business. a14

Go to T. E. Powell's for dry goods

Boydstun is selling the most goods for the money. a14

Go to T. E. Powell's for men and boys hats. 11

Buy Hamilton-Brown shoes at Boydstun's. a14

Go to T. E. Powell's for fine dress goods. 11

Buy your straw matting at Boydstun's. a14

T. E. Powell is receiving new goods all the time. 11

Get Boydstun's prices and then you will buy his goods. a14

Did you see what pretty dress goods Boydstun has. a14

A large line of Hamilton-Brown shoes just arrived at Boydstun's. a14

Ladies silk lisle and cotton hose in the latest shades tan, brown and red at Boydstun's. a14

Window shades large stock, pretty style's and at any price at Boydstun's. a14

Now is the time to do your gardening. Go to Harry Meyer's and get your hoes, rakes, etc., a15

All advertising and announcements must be in this office by 12 o'clock on Thursday if to appear in the current issue.

Without fear of contradiction goods are sold lower than any other place in town at Leo Stern's, successor to H. Schwartz. 52

The people are invited to call and examine my stock. I will save you money on your purchases. Leo Stern. 52

A full line of Furniture, never cheaper than now. Come and see prices, also a full stock of coffins, at Leo Stern. 22

When one stops at G. W. Ratliff Wagon Yard in Coleman City they are always treated square and fair. 34

Just received a carload of the celebrated Waukegan barb wire which is handled for the factory, and will be sold strictly for cash. a15

H. MURPHY.

## Buy Your Drugs

Where They are the Purest and Cheapest.

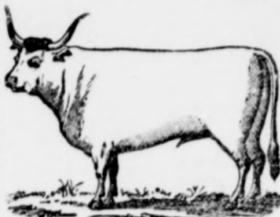
We have a complete stock of Pure Fresh Drugs, Patent Medicines, Paints, Oils and Varnishes, Glass, Putty, Wall Paper, Stationery, School Books and Toilet Articles of all Kinds, and for sale,

## T. L. OLIVER & CO.,

### HEARN & AUSTIN,

PROPRIETORS OF THE

## City Meat Market.



Fresh Beef, Pork, Sausage, Fish, Poultry. All meats Refrigerated and the animal heat thoroughly extracted before offered for sale.

Everything neat and clean and only the Best of Meat Sold

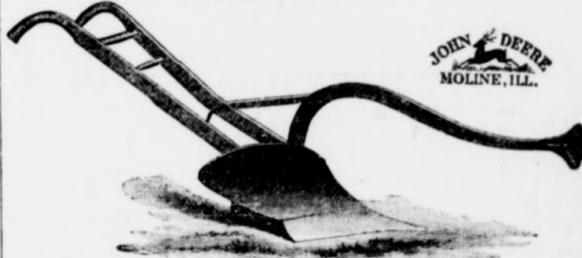
## LOUIS STELLMAN,

DEALER IN

## Implements, Pumps,

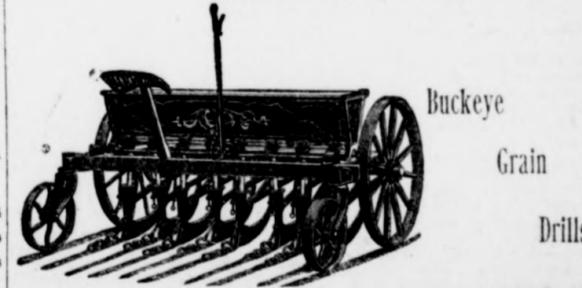
## and Wind Mills.

AGENT FOR—



John Deere, Garden City Clipper, Canton Clipper and Keystone Plows,

## Solid Comfort and Cassady Sulky Plows.



BUCKEYE CULTIVATORS,

STANDARD CULTIVATORS,

STANDARD PLANTERS,

ECLIPSE PLANTERS,

DISC HARROWS,

STAR STEEL WIND MILLS.

PLANO BINDERS AND MOWERS.

Respectfully invites the citizens of Callahan county to give him a call when in need of anything in the implement line.

ESTRAY NOTICE.  
 Strayed by John Hirt November 30, 1893 before Justin Cook J. P. Callahan County Texas, one dark bay mare eight years old about 14 hands high, one black colt one year old both brands D Q on right thigh. One bay mare three years old branded H E on left hip.  
 A. H. Davis, Appraiser and Bond of said stock filed in Clerk's office Callahan county Texas, March 6, 1894. I. N. JACKSON, County Clerk.

Strayed by J. B. Cutbirth March 19 1894 before Justin Cook J. P. Precinct No. 1 Callahan county Texas.  
 One bay horse about 15 years old and about 14 hands high branded J. B. One gray horse 7 years old and 14 hands high equipped in right shoulder branded Z with bar through it. One bay horse 3 years old 15 hands high no brand.  
 I. N. JACKSON, County Clerk.

### PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

If you are in need of some cheap dentistry, I am prepared to do your work as cheap as you can get it done anywhere and at the same time I am prepared to do you any class of work. Teeth filled from one dollar up, plates made from eight dollars up to any price you want. Crown a bridge work a specialty. Office up stairs in Cook's building.

H. H. RAMSEY

Lease Pasture Lands.  
 We have some extra good grass lands for lease, with water. Also some farm lands for sale very cheap and on easy terms. Will trade for wagon and team, or cash. Wm & Wm.

FOR SALE.  
 One house and lot situated in the north part of Baird. Will be sold very cheap; one-half cash, balance in six months. Apply to W. G. HOWARD

DON'T READ THIS.  
 If you owe me anything I want it and you must come and settle at once for I must have money. Nothing else will do. T. E. POWELL. 49

# The Baird Star.

W. E. GILLILAND, Ed. and Prop.

BAIRD TEXAS

It is stated that the struggle in Central America will soon be over. People are getting tired of it. They want decks cleared for a nice, fresh struggle.

The sun is again freckled with spots. The prophets will immediately begin to predict as much trouble as will be consistent with the general upward tendency of things.

The chameleon has been unchained. The courts could not bear the idea of the little creature being deprived of liberty. There are a number of innocent sailors on Alcatraz island who have been prisoners for more than a year. The courts seem to bear with equanimity the spectacle of their being deprived of liberty.

There is trouble among the Chinese Sunday schools of Chicago, such as has already caused them to be closed in Denver. The tendency of the Oriental to make love to his teacher is a matter so serious as to excite apprehension. The tendency of his teacher to be made love to is also viewed with disfavor.

It is evident that there is a general movement in the greater cities and their suburbs, as well as in the large manufacturing centers, toward a revival of building. The motive for this is in the cheapness of material, the abundance of labor, the lowered rate of wages, and the plentifulness of loanable funds.

There is not a man, woman or child in this country who is not directly interested in the question of wages and immigration and who, if a moment's thought is given to the subject, cannot realize that without any restriction ten starving men are now coming to America to scramble for the one situation to be filled. The government seems dead to the situation.

A wealthy Englishman offers to build a \$190,000 extension to the Poets' corner in Westminster Abbey for the interment of future great poets. This would seem to necessitate measures of some sort for the production of great poets to inter in it. England's present supply is too meagre to supply a worthy lazarus. At least that appears to be Mr. Gladstone's judgment.

The prince of Wales lately appeared at an evening party in a dress coat which was not black. The London correspondents have done wisely to cable this fact to our shores. Albert Edward is the Ward McAllister of England, and if he is going to wear pink, yellow or mulberry swallow tails the fact cannot be known too soon to Americans, who aspire to be, as Ward says, "in de push."

The proposition for a "greater New York" is assuming practical shape. That is to say, it is reaching the stage where the quarrel over a name will be in order. It would be impossible to imagine anything more likely to arouse the ire of a Gothamite than the suggestions of people across the big bridge who will probably insist that the conglomerate of towns be called "Yorkbrook," or, at least "New Brooklyn."

The plea of insanity or transitory frenzy cannot in any way be properly applied to the assassin of Prendergast. He is a mental imbecile belonging to a class that cannot be legally shut up in an insane asylum. Clothed in their right minds, they are a constant menace to the safety of the general public and it is only by punishing them to the full extent of the law that others will be deterred from similar crimes.

LORD DENRAVEN has not relinquished the hope that a British designer may be able to turn out a yacht that will win the American cup. To this end he and Lord Wolverton will build a new craft during the year and through the royal yacht squadron challenge for the trophy, so that the races will be sailed in 1895. The new yacht, Lord Denraven says, will be seventy feet on the water line, a matter of fifteen feet less than the Valkyrie and last season's cup defender.

It is an interesting fact that the first educational institution to draw the line at football is the military academy at West Point. The war department maintains that its purpose is to make soldiers, not ruffians; to fit men for war and the stern duties of life, not to cripple and incapacitate them. President Eliot has, relatively, the same idea, but is handicapped by a lack of authority and by the indisputable fact that fractured legs and weakened bodies are more serious impediments in the army than in the pulpit, the counting house or at the bar.

The introduction of a bill into the New York legislature making hazing a crime is not a notification that boys shall not be boys, but that boys shall not be border ruffians. While hazing does not prevail to the extent in American colleges that it reached years ago, it breaks out in a far more barbarous form, which may be accounted for as the reader please. Formerly hazing could be adequately punished by the college authorities; now it is made the subject of state legislation. The college world is expanding beyond desirable limits.

## ALL IS HARMONY NOW.

### THE WORK OF THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE.

Resolutions on Harmony, Word for Word, as Agreed Upon and Adopted by the Two Committees as a Final Adjustment of Differences.

DALLAS, Tex., March 20.—Yesterday the state executive committees of the Hogg and Clark Democrats met here for the purpose of bringing about harmony between the two factions and to provide means for wiping out all animosities and dissatisfactions caused by the campaign of 1892, and after a four hours' session by sub-committees appointed to represent each of the above named factions, the following resolutions were reported and unanimously adopted as a basis of unity:

Whereas, a serious division exists among Democrats in Texas and it is to the interest of the party and of good government that such division should be adjusted and the party reunited upon the basis of fraternal union, involving no sacrifice of principle on the part of any Democrat nor the imposition of any terms calculated to bring humiliation, therefore, be it

Resolved, That we most heartily favor a reunion of the party, and while this committee does not assume to frame or dictate a platform, yet for the purpose of reunion we recommend and submit as a basis of adjustment and settlement of all differences honorably:

1. We reiterate our indorsement of the national platform adopted at Chicago in 1892 as a true expression of Democratic faith, and stand as a unit ready to second the exertions of our Democratic president and congress in the execution of the demands of said platform.

2. We condemn the platform and principles of the Republicans and Populists, or People's party, as essentially inimical to Democracy and destructive to free government. Adopted. (One nay—Colquit.)

3. We propose that all primaries and conventions to be held in 1894 be composed and constituted on the basis of the vote for the Democratic presidential electors in 1892, and no person who was then of age and did not so vote, unless prevented by sickness, absence or other good cause, and no person who will not pledge himself to abide by the action of the state convention so assembled shall be allowed to participate in the primaries.

4. Resolved, that in order to unify the machinery of the party in the state it is agreed that in all counties in which there may exist two Democratic county or precinct committees that committee which was created by the regular Democratic county convention shall constitute the only recognized county and precinct Democratic committee, and all appointments of county chairmen made by either state executive committee be and the same are hereby revoked.

5. Upon the adoption of the basis of settlement agreed upon by both Democratic state executive committees Chairman Matlock and his committee will issue a public address to the Democrats of Texas who supported the Turner hall ticket, advising them of the settlement made, and that in pursuance of said settlement no call for a state convention will be issued by his committee and that said committee is dissolved.

That the call of Charman Baker and his committee is the authorized call of the regular united Democracy of Texas and it is urged upon all members of the party to respond to said call in a spirit of Democratic brotherhood and to unite with all good Democrats in the primaries and conventions in cementing the party and promoting its success in perpetuating the true principles of Democratic government. Gov. Hogg and Judge Clark met in another lawyers office and had a talk, and Judge Clark and Judge Reagan also met in a hotel.

### The Cyclone's Work.

GREENVILLE, March 19.—At 7:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon a cyclone passed over Emory, the county seat of Rains county, thirty miles south of here, totally demolishing the western portion of the town. The news reached this city about 8 o'clock and an urgent request was sent by wire that all the physicians who could do so hasten to the scene as their assistance was greatly needed. A special train was made up and left at 9 o'clock, bearing a number of physicians. At Lone Oak J. A. Hudspeth boarded the train. He was one of a party of six that ran up to Lone Oak on a hand car to procure aid for the storm sufferers. A relief party boarded the train at this point and another at a point eight miles above Emory. At Emory an anxious and grief laden delegation met the train, and on all sides was heard the story of some unfortunate family whose home, household goods and all worldly possessions had been swept away by the furious wind, besides grief told stories of mangled children, wives and daughters, that made strong men tremble as they talked. In a deluging rain the physicians hurried to the Postoffice drug store where a dozen unfortunates lay on stretchers, while the physicians were busy bandaging, plastering and sewing up wounds and administering opiates to relieve the suffering of the victims of the cyclone. On one stretcher lay a mother, maimed, bruised and bleeding. On another, a child with limbs lacerated and maimed for life. On another, an old man, bowed down with the weight of three score years, lay sobbing with the excruciating pains that opiates would not soothe. Commingled together was an eager, anxious, curious crowd;

some relatives of the suffering ones; some careless bystanders looking on the bloody scene to gratify a morbid curiosity, and others employing their time diligently to aid physicians in their work toward relieving suffering humanity. It was a scene to make strong hearts quail and strong wills tremble, and one that will never be forgotten by those who chanced to see it. The dead and injured are: Miss Easter Alexander, 18 years of age, was found dead under the debris of a house. Bras, Henry, a clerk, was found dead near the walls of a building. George Walker, a carpenter, was found dead in the debris of the wrecked Johnson boarding house. The 4-year-old son of Henry Murray, colored, residing one and a half miles southeast of town, was killed by the falling walls of the house. The following is the list of wounded: Mrs. Rachel Campbell, head badly cut; internally injured. William Campbell, severe cut in back of head. Tiny Campbell, face badly lacerated; internally injured. Lou Campbell, arm broken; internally injured. Little Sammie Campbell was blown seventy-five yards and escaped apparently unhurt, the only member of the family at home that was not seriously injured. Little Bessie Campbell, eyes cut and facial wounds. Mrs. Mollie Johnson, head badly cut; injured internally. Tom Parson, section foreman on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas, was blown a distance of 300 yards. He was picked up near the Masonic building, with four ribs broken and otherwise injured. Fred Cooke, a young man stopping at Judge Lamm's, was badly injured by falling timbers and left in a demented condition. Bessie Rhodes, arm broken, body bruised. J. B. Allen, blown 100 yards, badly bruised about the face and body; internally injured and it is thought he will die. Joshua Quarles was badly bruised up Mrs. Quarles had an arm broken. Mrs. Ed Morris, arm broken and body badly bruised. Mrs. Judge Lamm had an arm broken and was badly bruised. Mrs. I. C. Alexander, arm broken, collar bone broken and her body otherwise seriously injured. Her injuries are not thought to be dangerous. Mary Perry, a negro woman, had an arm broken and a gash cut in her left cheek. Sam Perry, a negro, deep gash cut in his back near the spinal column. An unknown man was found on Texas street unconscious and badly hurt. Grandma Pierson, aged 70, mother of Mrs. M. S. Pierson, had a long and deep gash cut near her right temple. Her side is painfully cut also. Grave fears for her recovery are entertained. Mrs. Maggie Pierson, hurt internally. Her head was badly cut and several of her ribs were broken. It is thought that her injuries will prove fatal. The two little children of Mr. and Mrs. Pierson were badly hurt. Several large pieces of timber were found on their bodies. There isn't much hope for their recovery. Extra trains from Greenville and Mineola brought hundreds of visitors to the scene of destruction, and everybody is busy in assisting in burying the dead and caring for the wounded. Besides the local physicians there are several in town from Greenville and other places. At Hallville, in Harrison county, at 1:30 yesterday morning three houses were blown down and five negroes were killed, one body being found in a tree top, and thirteen persons were more or less injured. Stones and fence posts were blown out of the ground. In the vicinity of Santa Anna, Coleman county, several houses were destroyed, four children in one family killed and two persons injured, besides a large amount of stock killed. At 1 o'clock yesterday morning at Longview incredible lumps of ice fell, many tipping the scales at 14 and 18 ounces. A house occupied by a family of negroes was wrecked. It stood in a grove of twenty oaks, every one of which was uprooted and mingled with the timbers of the house. Five of the inmates are dead, three mortally wounded and five seriously and painfully hurt. Old man Alex Lester was found entirely nude fifty yards from the house dead. Half a mile south of the ill-fated Lester house the walls of the house of John Built, a white man, were taken away from the floor and dashed to splinters, leaving the family unhurt except from bruises from hailstones. Between 8 and 9 o'clock Saturday night a cyclone struck Sulphur Springs. Several buildings were blown to pieces, but no one was killed or hurt. At Rice, Navarro county, about 6 o'clock Saturday evening a storm visited that place. Eleven ounce hail stones fell. Several houses near there were blown down but no one injured. Near Corsicana a house was blown down and Monroe Hilliard was badly injured. The damages in Ellis county were slight. In Fannin county, a house was blown down near Loenard, and a baby was killed and its mother's leg was broken. Crops are badly damaged everywhere by hail, while poultry was killed in great numbers everywhere.

safe blowers.

ALVORD, Tex., March 17.—Burglars made an entrance through the transom of J. B. Beard's store and blew open his safe, securing \$300 in money and a large pocket-book which contained about \$2000 in notes and mortgages. The robbers left a watch, a gold ring, and also a fine diamond ring, evidently not caring to have that kind of evidence on their persons. A hole was drilled in the safe from the top and the door was blown open with powder.

Aid to Starr County.

SAN ANTONIO, March 17.—The sum of \$125 was netted as the result of Thursday night's charity concert. One-half of said amount will be sent to the Starr county sufferers and the remainder will be given to the local relief society.

## ABOUT ANTI-OPTION.

### MR. HATCH HAS PREPARED ANOTHER BILL.

The New Bill is in Accordance With the Wishes of the Boards of Trade—A Case of "Soonerism" in Oklahoma to Be Tried.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—The proposed anti-option legislation again occupied the attention of the house committee on agriculture yesterday and some progress was made. Chairman Hatch laid before the committee the draft of a new bill on the subject and this formed the basis of consideration. The new bill contains a number of amendments that were suggested to the chairman by the boards of trade and chambers of commerce throughout the country. The new draft will be printed and laid before the committee as soon as possible. Yesterday Commissioner Miller of the internal revenue bureau and Mr. Bate, chief of division in his office, were before the committee by invitation. The tax on dealers in options and futures and the stamps to be affixed on contracts, etc., proposed by the bill as originally introduced being merely suggestive, will be materially reduced by the committee when that portion of the bill is considered.

### Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 14.—The house yesterday began the consideration of the bill making appropriations for the sundry civil expenses of the government and fair progress was made. Only three amendments of any importance were adopted, one appropriating \$43,000 for lighting Hay Lake channel, another \$64,000 for the public building at Buffalo, and another of \$90,000 for repairing the postoffice at New York. The latter was fought by the appropriation committee. The only other amendment of importance was one made by Mr. Morse (Rep.) of Massachusetts, to cut off the appropriation for the interstate commerce commission. The manner in which that portion of the appropriation for consular fees, \$184,000, was worded, led to a rather spirited debate, in which Mr. Cannon of Illinois, rather broadly intimated that this appropriation had been placed under the direction of the commission instead of the department of justice, as heretofore, because of the criticism against Attorney General Olney from certain quarters that he was in sympathy with corporations.

### It Was a Test Vote.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—The test vote which was to be taken yesterday on the seigniorage bill, the vote on Mr. Allison's motion to reconsider the vote by which the bill passed to the third reading, had the effect of attracting a large attendance to the galleries. The senate eagerly took up the discussion of the bill and Mr. Teller of Colorado and Mr. George of Mississippi spoke in favor of its passage, the former severely criticising some statements made by Senator Sherman in his speech against the bill. Before Mr. George had concluded his remarks the hour of 2 o'clock arrived and Mr. Harris insisted upon the vote being taken on Mr. Allison's motion, with the result that it was defeated by 23 to 45. It is expected that the bill will pass by about the same vote at 2 o'clock to day.

### Civil Sundry Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Chairman Sayers of the appropriations committee is making wonderful progress with the sundry civil bill. Yesterday forty pages of the bill were disposed of, making in all eighty-three in two days, and leaving only sixteen pages more, exclusive of two paragraphs relating to the coast and geologic surveys and the Missouri river commission, which were passed over temporarily. No amendments of importance were adopted yesterday, although the northwestern members made a vigorous effort to increase the amount for the survey of public lands. The appropriation for the geological survey passed, the amount appropriated being \$414,000.

### "Soonerism."

WASHINGTON, March 20.—An important case growing out of the "soonerism" at the Oklahoma opening will be given a hearing by the interior department within a short time. The case is Thomas Burch vs. Antone Caha, involving the latter's homestead entry made April 25, 1889, on a section of land on which Oklahoma City is now located. Burch commenced a contest against the entry in May, 1889, alleging that Caha entered the then prohibited country prior to noon on April 22 of that year in violation of the act.

### Before the President.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Chairman Pearson of the house committee on enrolled bills, presented the Bland silver seigniorage bill to Private Secretary Thurber, who accepted for it in the president's name, at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The constitutional ten days' limitation within which it may be signed or vetoed, if at all, will not begin to run until today, however, as fractions of days are not counted.

### Final Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—President Cleveland transmitted to congress yesterday the final correspondence arising out of the request made by President Dole of the Hawaiian provisional government upon Minister Willis for information as to whether or not the United States government would use force to effect the queen's restoration.

### Still on the Tariff.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Senators, representing both the Democratic and Republican sides of the senate committee on finance, expressed the opinion at the close of the committee meeting yesterday that the bill would be reported to the senate on Tuesday next. They stated, however, that no agreement to this effect had been entered into, but that the opinion was the result of a knowledge of the progress that had been made upon the bill since the full committee has been in possession of it. The entire time of the meeting, which continued from 10 a. m. till 3 p. m., was devoted to that portion relating to methods of collecting the revenues in both the tariff and revenue parts of the bill, and it was announced at the close that this part of the work had been practically completed. The appearances now are that the Democrats will have quite a large number of changes which they will agree upon, and these changes will include the transfer of a number of articles to the free list which are now made dutiable in the senate bill before the sugar duty had been agreed upon. The treasury department estimates make it appear that the bill will give a larger revenue than will be needed by the government, which will afford the committee an opportunity to make a greater number of articles free than would have been possible if the sugar duty had not been imposed.

### More About Tariff.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—If the present programme remains unchanged the tariff bill will be reported to the senate on to-morrow and debate will begin on the bill on Monday, April 2. After the full committee adjourned Friday at 4 p. m. the Democratic members held a consultation among themselves. Secretary Carlisle also being present for the purpose of deciding what changes they would recommend. They devoted the greater part of the time to the sugar schedule, but did not reach a conclusion as to whether any change should be made. The question, however, has been reopened and further change is not unlikely. The determination of this matter was postponed until this morning, when the Democratic members will decide definitely before reporting to the full committee. The whisky tax has not been changed, nor has the income tax or the coal or iron ore duty, but there have been several small changes in other schedules. The Republican members of the committee have had their way in many cases with the administrative features of the bill and one of them expressed himself to-night as very well satisfied with this part of it.

### Seigniorage Coinage.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Should the Bland seigniorage bill, which has now passed both the house and senate, become a law, the coinage of the \$55,000,000 worth of silver bullion would have to be done at the mints of Philadelphia, San Francisco and New Orleans, which are in fact the only mints of the government now in operation, exclusive of other necessary coinage. The Philadelphia mint, it is thought, could turn out \$1,000,000 a month, the San Francisco mint about the same, and the New Orleans mint about \$800,000 per month. The San Francisco mint, however, has only about \$16,000,000 in silver bullion on hand and the New Orleans mint only about \$9,500,000. So after the supply now on hand at these mints had been exhausted the remaining \$30,000,000 would have to be coined at the Philadelphia mint alone. The whole time, therefore, which would be necessary to coin the seigniorage would be approximately about two years and two months.

### Bland Bill Passed.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The debate on the Bland seigniorage bill attracted a large crowd to the senate yesterday and the galleries were well filled. The first part of the day was taken up by the transaction of some routine business and by the speeches of Senators Carey, Palmer, Dubois, Mitchell, of Oregon, and Pettigrew on the seigniorage bill. Mr. Dubois said he had hoped that when the Sherman law was repealed congress would stop all piecemeal legislation. He declared that he took little stock in all suggestions that the position of silver should be determined by international monetary conferences, because all such agreements would be in the interest of foreign nations and not in our interest. He believed that a sentiment favorable to silver was growing rapidly in this country, and he feared that this legislation might have a tendency to check that sentiment. A vote was taken, and the bill passed by a vote of 44 yeas to 31 nays.

### The Sundry Civil Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—In the house yesterday morning, after the passage of a resolution calling upon the secretary of the treasury for information as to measures taken by him for local supervision and inspection of public buildings, the house went into committee of the whole and resumed consideration of the civil bill.

### Army Appropriation Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The army appropriation bill was completed by the house committee on military affairs yesterday. It appropriates a total of \$23,677,284. The estimates were \$23,342,918. The appropriation last year was \$24,208,630.

### Sugar Bounty Claims.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—A treasury statement shows that since July 1, 1893, the amount involved in sugar bounty claims was \$12,914,355, of which \$3,542,001 has already been paid.

## A CHILD MURDERER.

### HE KILLED AN OLDER AND A YOUNGER BROTHER.

And is Only 10 Years Old—An Unheard of Proceeding Occurs in a New York Court by Sentencing a Criminal Who is Over in Canada.

ARBEVILLE, Ala., March 20.—Little Dick Vant, the 10-year-old son of James Vant, colored, asked a 12-year-old brother for a piece of biscuit which he was eating, and, being refused, drew a pistol and shot him in the head, inflicting wounds from which he died yesterday. Two months ago Dick killed a 6-year-old brother with a club because he would not give him some marbles, and one month ago he cut three fingers off the hand of his little sister with an ax. The murderous youngster is now in jail.

### THE TRUST AFTER NOTOBAC.

Estimated That a Half Million Tobacco Users Will Be Cured in '94 by the Use of No-to-bac, Causing a Loss of Many Millions of Dollars to Tobacco Manufacturers.

CHICAGO, March 19.—[Special.]—It was reported to-day that a large sum of money had been offered the proprietors of the cure for the tobacco habit called "no-to-bac," which is famous all over the country for its wonderful effect. This offer, it is said was made by parties who desire to take it off the market and stop its sale, because of its injury to the tobacco business. Mr. H. L. Kramer, general manager of the no-to-bac business, was interviewed at his office, 45 Randolph street, and when questioned, promptly said:

"No, sir. No-to-bac is not for sale to the tobacco trust. We just refused a half million from other parties for our business. Certainly notobac affects the tobacco business. It will cure over a half million people in 1894, at an average saving of \$50, which each would otherwise expended for tobacco, amounts in round figures to twenty-five millions of money. Of course tobacco manufacturers and tobacco dealers' loss is the gain of the party taking notobac. 'Does no-to-bac benefit physically?' Yes, sir. The majority of our patients report an immediate gain in flesh, and their nicotine saturated systems are cleansed and made vigorous. How is no-to-bac sold? Principally through our traveling agents, we employ over a thousand. It is also sold by druggists wholesale and retail, throughout the United States and Canada. How are patients assured that no-to-bac will affect a cure in their case. We absolutely guarantee three boxes costing \$2.50 to cure any case. Failure to cure means the money back. Of course there are failures but they are few, and we can better afford to have the good will of an occasional failure than his money. We publish a little book called 'Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away,' that tells all about no-to-bac, which will be mailed free to anyone desiring it by addressing the Sterling Remedy Co., 45-49 Randolph street, Chicago.

### McKane Short \$200,000.

NEW YORK, March 17.—The first official announcement of the amount of bonds which John Y. McKane has failed to account for to the town of Gravesend was made yesterday by the board of auditors of the town. Chas. E. Overton, a member of the board, speaking for his associates, said that he had gone over the entire bond issue and found McKane has failed to report for at least \$200,000 of the bonds, and has disposed of some of them in an illegal manner.

### Absent Criminal Sentenced.

NEW YORK, March 20.—Kenneth Sutherland, the Gravesend justice whose official acts in McKane's behalf at the November election resulted, in his conviction last week on a charge of oppression, did not appear for sentence in Queens county court yesterday. The judge passed sentence upon him of one year's imprisonment and \$500 fine. Sutherland is thought to be in Canada.

### Aged Negro Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., March 20.—At the age of 121 years Mrs. Annie Bately, colored died suddenly in her home at 921 Lombard street. Although there is no authentic record of the old woman's birth, her own story and the testimony of her relatives leave little doubt that she was 121 years of age. She often said she was born in the household of Gen. Chambers, near Chambersburg, Pa.

### Driven Off by Rioters.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., March 17.—Superintendent Trovvero of the Victor mine at Altman has just arrived here with the news that the Victor miners have been driven off by a large force of armed men. The four deputy sheriffs at that place were taken in charge by the rioters. One man was shot. It is not known how serious his injuries are.

### Not Guilty.

JACKSON, Miss., March 20.—The jury in the case of Ratcliffe, Populist state representative, on trial at Kosciusko for killing Jackson, Democratic state representative, returned a verdict yesterday of not guilty. In the fight a bystander was killed and another wounded.

### A Family Stricken.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 20.—Alexander J. McDonald, of 194 County street, died suddenly last Wednesday of heart disease. Saturday Daniel J. McDonald, a son, became violently insane, and now another son, Frank, is insane. Both boys are being guarded by the police.

## ALL OVER THE STATE.

### INTERESTING CULLINGS FROM THE DAILY PRESS.

**A Crisp and Complete Breviary of Racy Round-Ups Carefully Selected and Re-arranged Readable from Every Portion of the Empire State.**

At San Antonio recently a sensation was created by the arrest on an indictment of W. H. Grigg and James McDonald, two prominent attorneys, upon the charge of swindling Eugene Medina out of land valued at \$2800. It is alleged that the accused secured a deed to the land on the false pretense that they had a purchaser for the property. They were both released on bond.

About 11 o'clock one night recently during a storm lightning struck an electric converter, at Terrell, following the wire to the electric plant. Here the two electric currents met, stopping the dynamo and breaking the large belt which connects the dynamo with the engine. The electric lights throughout the city were extinguished and everything was in darkness for the night.

A sharper bought two drafts from two different banks at Corsicana a few days ago for \$16 each, one on Dallas and one on Fort Worth. A few days afterward the Corsicana bank got notice respectively from their correspondents of having paid two checks of \$1600 each. But the fellow who raised the checks \$1584 each, where is he? He got the money.

The South Texas Stockmen's Protective association met at Houston a few days ago and issued notice to railroads that if they bury cattle they kill before the brands have been examined they will be prosecuted; also that railroads be compelled to open crossings as required by law, and to burn off their right of way so as to prevent prairie fires.

Rev. E. G. Benner, pastor of the Episcopal church of Jefferson, when he read the announcement of the death of A. B. Smith, killed by R. M. Page at Fort Worth, turned to his wife, called her by name, and said: "Albert Smith is dead!" and without another word dropped to the floor a corpse.

At Van Alstyne, Grayson county, a young lady named Josie Munger was engaged to three young men. Tom Moreland's suit was favored by the parents of the girl and the wedding was to take place, but another suitor named Sandridge went to McKinney, secured a license and they were married.

The British steamship Couquet, of Sunderland, arrived at Velasco recently from England and tied up at the elevator wharf, where her cargo for Germany is stored, consisting of Houston oil, oil cake and meal, east Texas walnut logs and white oak wine staves from Logansport, La.

During the month of February the penitentiaries earned \$41,685.57, of which \$16,324.25 was derived from farm contracts, \$16,441.89 from Huntsville prison industries, \$4362.07 from stock and share farms and from convicts leased to railroads.

The total number of insurance policies in force in Texas Dec. 31, 1893, was 49,255, representing risks to the amount of \$87,590,986.16. Amount of premiums collected, \$8,346,608.09. Amount of losses paid, \$937,510.61. Profit, \$2,409,097.48.

W. H. Bullock of Plano, Collin county, while digging a cistern on the widow Brush's farm, eight miles southwest of McKinney, was recently caught under a large caving rock and had his ankle badly bruised and his face bruised.

Walter Rodgers arrived at Wichita Falls recently from Waxahachie. He proceeded to tank up on whisky, and after a day's debauch attempted suicide by the morphine route. A physician was summoned and Rodgers was revived.

Miss Annie Walker of Sherman has filed suit against Z. W. Wilburn, a school teacher in a public school, for \$5000 actual and \$5000 exemplary damages for having expelled her from school, as she alleges, without cause.

At Dallas W. J. Neimeyer and Fred Neimeyer, variety managers, have been jailed for non-payment of fines. They owe \$500 in fines and costs, and the chances are that they will be placed at work on the chain gang.

Three young men went for a hunt from Sealy, Austin county, a few days ago, and Robert Kay's shotgun slipped and fell, the hammers striking something and he was instantly killed. No one to blame.

The regatta committee at Austin announce that they have received cash enough to make it a success and that the best oarsmen in America will be in attendance. The regatta will be held in May.

Horse thieves have stolen ten mules and a pair of match duns from the United States geological survey corps near San Angelo. All the animals have U. S. G. S. on the left shoulder.

Mr. Owen Smith, who lives about five miles from Muldoon, in Fayette county, recently lost his corn crib and contents by fire. It is thought to be the work of an incendiary.

The commissioners' court of Jackson county has awarded a contract to S. A. Oliver of Houston for building a brick office with fire-proof vault for the county clerk; price \$40470.

Conductor Smith's caboose was robbed a few days ago while standing at Hunter, four miles east of Goliad, Palo Pinto county, of a diamond pin, a sliker and some clothing.

Joseph Yates, living at Fowler, near Whitney, in Hill county, died recently from the effects of a broken leg. The accident was caused by a runaway team some weeks ago.

An unknown party attempted to assassinate John Wade, a stockman in San Patricio county, a few days ago. A ball struck him in the breast, but he will recover.

At Richardson, Dallas county, T. A. Burnett, a farmer, was bitten by a mad dog a few weeks ago. He is now being treated for hydrophobia.

The cattlemen recently held a convention at Fort Worth. It was well attended and much of importance to stockmen was accomplished.

The county commissioner's court of Ellis county have counted the vote and declared that the anti-carried the county by 660 majority.

A Mexican living at Comanche is 99 years old, having been born in May, 1795. He is over six feet high and quite erect and active.

The boys have reorganized the old state band at Gainesville, and will begin at once to inflict the people with bi-weekly rehearsals.

The little 2-year-old girl of Mr. and Mrs. Mike Howard fell from the stoop recently at Corsicana and broke her left arm at the elbow.

One Henry Taylor has stopped in jail at San Antonio on the charge of handling other people's horses without their consent.

A Cook county stockman recently sold 200 head of heaves at \$2.75 in Kansas City, Mo. He loses his feed and winter's work.

The Houston firemen have invited all the firemen in the state to be present April 21 and participate in their celebration.

The assessment rolls of Wharton county will foot up some \$3,800,000 this year, an increase in one year of \$1,600,000.

The widow of A. B. Smith sues R. M. Page for \$100,000 damages for killing her husband at Fort Worth a few days ago.

The Rio Grande at Laredo is so low that the poor people who are unable to pay the bridge tolls are wading across it.

Robbers blew open a safe at Alvord, Wise county, recently. They got \$300 in money and \$1500 in notes. No arrests.

The famous Tom Ochiltree of Texas is in the courts of New York and the lawyers seem disposed to poke fun at him.

The corner stone of Tarrant county's new court house was laid a few days since with imposing ceremonies.

Mrs. Rosa Brown of San Antonio recently put strychnine in a pot of tea, drank of the same and died.

Dallas is making a lively effort to get the St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas railway extended to that city.

Charles E. Burton, the boy preacher, is holding a meeting at the Christian church at Ennis, Ellis county.

A boy was caught under a disc harrow near Edina, Collin county, recently, and instantly killed.

Numerous improvements are under headway at Richmond, the metropolis of Fort Bend county.

The farmers of Medina county are up with their work. They have finished planting corn.

Pee county has just paid the interest on her road and bridge bonds, amounting to \$300.

With 3967 convicts in her penitentiaries and elsewhere, Texas pretty near tops the list.

The Illinois Bend of Red river, in Cooke county, adopted prohibition by a vote of 52 to 2.

The receipts of general revenue to date for the month of March foot up \$192,000.

Houston claims a population of 61,530, or an increase of 11,376 in twenty months.

Corn has been planted in McMullen county, but it will not come up until it rains.

There are many candidates for United States senate to fill Coke's chair.

Goliad is now called the Evergreen city. It is bedotted with liveoaks.

Farmers of Lee county are up with their work. Corn is coming up.

A Mr. Houston, who lives at Mount Pleasant, is 7 feet 11 inches high.

White shelled corn in sacks from Kansas finds sale at LaGrange.

Farmers have their work well in hand in McLennan county.

Arthur E. Sloan has been adjudged insane at San Antonio.

The trial of I. G. Randle at Dallas is progressing slowly.

Grass is fine in Haskell county, the prairies being green.

The town of Eastland has gone wet by a vote of 82 to 35.

Terrell is speculating on building a \$20,000 opera house.

Itasca, Hill county, talks of a \$15,000 school building.

The Harris county poor house has thirty-five inmates.

Smithville, Bastrop county, has a literary society.

Corn is up and growing nicely in Jackson county.

The monthly pay roll of Dallas, is about \$15,000.

Weatherford is to have a water-works plant.

The doctors of Caldwell county have organized.

Palestine has three cases of scarlet fever.

## STATISTICS CONCERNING CONSUMPTIVES.

Extract from a Remarkable Document Proving That the Disease is Curable.

The following extracts from statistics compiled by the committee appointed to communicate with patients under the treatment for Consumption discovered by Dr. Amick of Cincinnati offers a new lease of life to thousands: Fred P. J. Sager of Columbus, O.; began treatment June 20th, 1893; discontinued it in seven months; cured; received first ten days' treatment free.

James A. Downard, Danville, Ind.; began treatment Sept., 1893; discontinued four months later; cause of discontinuance, cured; previous duration of disease 11 years. Received first ten days' treatment free.

L. J. Maxwell, Washington, D. C.; began treatment Oct., 1893; discontinued Dec., 1893; cause of discontinuance, cured; duration of disease not stated. Received the first ten days' treatment free.

Ed Dolin, 63 State St., Utica, N. Y.; began treatment April, 1893; discontinued June, 1893; cause of discontinuance not stated; present condition much improved; duration of disease, three years.

W. L. Wright, 503 Commercial Bldg., St. Louis; began treatment Feb., 1892; discontinued after two months, cured of Asthma; previous duration of disease, twenty years.

Mrs. John E. Gulger, Laramie, Wyoming; began treatment Oct., 1893; discontinued in two and a half months; cause of discontinuance, cured; previous duration of disease, two years. Received first ten days' treatment free.

James Winslow, Carthage, Ind.; began treatment June, 1892; discontinued May, 1893; cured; previous duration of disease not stated; received first ten days' treatment free.

C. W. Love, Beloit, Wis.; began treatment Dec., 1892; discontinued ten months later; cause of discontinuance, cured; previous duration of disease, one year. Received the first ten days' treatment free.

Mrs. A. Beamer, Lansing, Mich.; began treatment Oct., 1893; have not discontinued; cured? No. Noticeable improvement? Yes. Received the first ten days' treatment free.

Alfred S. Dewitt, Guthrie, Oklahoma; began treatment May 1st, 1893; discontinued in six weeks; cause of discontinuance, cured; duration of disease not stated. Received the first ten days' treatment free.

R. G. Shanley, 905 Columbia Bldg., Louisville, Ky.; began treatment July, 1893; discontinued Sept., 1893; cause of discontinuance, cured; previous duration of the disease, 18 months. Received the first ten days' treatment free.

G. W. Colby, Jr., 205 N. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.; began treatment June, 1892; was at death's door; discontinued; cause of discontinuance not stated. Noticeable improvement? "Decidedly so." Previous duration of the disease three years.

Dora E. Theobald, Biloxie, Miss.; began treatment Feb., 1893; discontinued after four months; cured; previous duration of disease four years.

The first one hundred statements report: Cured, forty-six; benefited, fifty-one; no improvement, two; dead, one. Concerning the free treatment referred to the report states: Consumptives everywhere are still given the same opportunity without cost; written application must be made through the family physician.

Sudden Death.

HAYNEVILLE, La., March 17.—Rev. D. E. Dorch of Columbia, Tenn., and Rev. M. M. Morphis, of Longview, are engaged in a protracted meeting here. On last Wednesday at 12 m. while Rev. M. M. Morphis was preaching to a number of men and women who came forward as seekers of salvation, near the close of his remarks, one J. B. Story of this place, fell dead on his seat. Great excitement prevailed, and within ten minutes more than half of the number that came forward were converted, and every unconverted person in the house made a public vow for a better life. About forty have been converted.

The Cleveland A. P. A.

CLEVELAND, O., March 15.—The south end of the city is in a fever of excitement over the fact that the membership list of one of the leading A. P. A. lodges has fallen into the hands of Catholics. A boycott has been declared by the latter against all merchants in that portion of the city whose names appear on the list, and as a result several of the merchants have withdrawn from the organization. The A. P. A. lodge in question has a membership of nearly 700 and meets in a hall which is also used by a Catholic society. It is said the A. P. A. records were accidentally left in an unlocked wardrobe, where they were found and a list of the members made by the Catholics.

Murdered and Robbed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 15.—Twenty miles from Elba, Antonio Thomas and wife, a wealthy couple, resided alone. They were known to be misers and were supposed to keep a large sum of money in their house. Yesterday the house was found in ashes. Near the door the charred bones of the old man were found. Where the bed had stood were the burned remains of his wife.

Shot His Neighbor.

GRAFTON, W. Va., March 16.—At Triconnell James A. Robinson and H. A. McDonald quarreled over the possession of a farm. Robinson got a shotgun and shot McDonald, killing him. Robinson then barricaded himself in his house. Wednesday evening a posse forced the door, whereupon the murderer shot himself, dying instantly.

## STORY OF DAMASCUS.

A BRILLIANT PAGE FROM ITS EARLY HISTORY

Dr. Talmage Preaches in Mobile, Ala.—About Paul and the Spread of Christianity Among the Pagan Nations of the East.

MOBILE, Ala., March 11.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage, D. D., who is now visiting the south, has selected as the subject of to-day's sermon, "Unappreciated Services." The text being taken from 2 Cor. 11: xxxiii, "Through a window, in a basket, was I let down by the wall."

Damascus is a city of white and glistening architecture sometimes called "the eye of the east," sometimes called "a pearl surrounded by emeralds," at one time distinguished for swords of the best material called Damascus blades, and upholstery of richest fabric called damask. A horseman by the name of Paul, riding toward this city, had been thrown from the saddle. The horse had dropped under a flash from the sky, which at the same time was so bright it blinded the rider for many days, and I think so permanently injured his eyesight that this defect of vision became the thorn in the flesh he afterward speaks of. He started for Damascus to butcher Christians, but after that hard fall from his horse he was a changed man and preached Christ in Damascus till the city was shaken to its foundation.

The mayor gives authority for his arrest, and the popular cry is, "Kill him! Kill him!" The city is surrounded by a high wall, and the gates are watched by the police lest the Cilician preacher escape. Many of the houses are built on the wall, and their balconies projected clear over and hovered above the gardens outside. It was customary to lower baskets out of these balconies and pull up fruits and flowers from the gardens. To mount lay visitors at the monastery of Mount Sinai are lifted and let down in baskets. Detectives prowled around from house to house looking for Paul, but his friends hid him now in one place, now in another. He is so coward, as fifty incidents in his life demonstrate. But he feels his work is not done yet, and so he evades assassination. "Is that preacher here?" the foaming mob shout at one house door. "Is that fanatic here?" the police shout at another house door. Sometimes on the street incognito he passes through a crowd of clenched fists, and sometimes he secretes himself on the house-top. At last the infuriated populace get on sure track of him. They have positive evidence that he is in the house of one of the Christians, the balcony of whose home reaches over the wall. "Here he is! Here he is!" The vociferation and blasphemy and howling of the pursuers are at the front door. They break in. "Fetch out that scoundrel, and let us hang his head on the city gate. Where is he?" The emergency was terrible. Provisionally there was a good stout basket in the house. Paul's friends fasten a rope to the basket. Paul steps into it. The basket is lifted to the edge of the balcony on the wall, and then while Paul holds on to the rope with both hands his friends lower away, carefully and cautiously, slowly but surely, further down and further down, until the basket strikes the earth and the apostle steps out and afoot and alone starts on that famous missionary tour, the story of which has astonished earth and heaven. Appropriate entry in Paul's diary of travels: "Through a window in a basket was I let down by the wall."

Observe, first, on what a slender tenure great results hang. The rope-maker who twisted that cord fastened to that lowering basket never knew how much would depend on the strength of it. How if it had been broken and the apostle's life had been dashed out? What would have become of the Christian church? All that magnificent missionary work in Pamphylia, Cappadocia, Galatia, Macedonia, would never have been accomplished. All his writings that make up so indispensable and enchanting a part of the New Testament would never have been written. The story of resurrection would never have been so gloriously told as he told it. That example of heroic and triumphant endurance at Philippi, in the Mediterranean eurocydon, under flagellation and at his beheading would not have kindled the courage of ten thousand martyrs. But the rope holding that basket, how much depended on it! So again and again great results have hung on what seemed slender circumstances.

Did ever a ship of many thousands tons crossing the sea have such important passenger as had once a boat of leaves, from taffrail to stern only three or four feet, the vessel made waterproof by a coat of bitumen and floating on the Nile with the infant lawgiver of the Jews on board? What if some crocodile should crunch it? What if some of the cattle wading in for a drink should sink it? Vessels of war sometimes carry forty guns looking through the portholes, ready to open battle. But that tiny craft on the Nile seems to be armed with all the guns of thunder that bombarded Sinai at the law-giving. On how fragile craft sailed how much of historical importance!

The paragon at Epworth, England, is on fire in the night, and the father rushed through the hallway for the rescue of his children. Seven children are out and safe on the ground, but one remains in the consuming building. That one wakes, and finding his bed on fire and the building crumbling, comes to the window, and two peasants make a ladder of their bodies, one peasant standing on the shoulder of

the other, and down the human ladder the boy descends—John Wesley. If you would know how much depended on that ladder of peasants ask the millions of Methodists on both sides of the sea. Ask their mission stations all round the world. Ask the hundreds of thousands already ascended to join their founder, who would have perished but for the living stair of peasants' shoulders.

An English ship stopped at Pitcairn Island, and right in the midst of surrounding cannibalism and squalor, the passengers discovered a Christian colony of churches and schools and beautiful homes and highest style of religion and civilization. For fifty years no missionary and no Christian influence had landed there. Why this oasis of light amid a desert of heathendom? Sixty years before, a ship had met disaster, and one of the sailors, unable to save anything else, went to his trunk and took out a Bible which his mother had placed there, and swam ashore, the Bible held in his teeth. The book was read on all sides until the rough and vicious population were evangelized, and a church was started, and an enlightened commonwealth established, and the world's history has no more brilliant page than that which tells of the transformation of a nation by one book. It did not seem of much importance whether the sailor continued to hold the book in his teeth or let it fall in the breakers, but upon what small circumstance depended what mighty results!

A Christian woman was seen going along the edge of a wood every evening, and the neighbors in the country did not understand how a mother with so many cares and anxieties should waste so much time as to be idly sauntering out, evening by evening. It was found out afterward that she went there to pray for her household, and while there one evening she wrote that beautiful hymn, famous in all ages for cheering Christian hearts:

I love to steal awhile away  
From every cumbering care,  
And spend the hours of setting day  
In hush, grateful prayer.

Shall there be no reward for such unpretending yet everlasting service? We go into long sermon to prove that we will be able to recognize people in heaven, when there is one reason we fail to present, and that is better than all—God will introduce us. We shall have them all pointed out. You would not be guilty of the impoliteness of having friends in your parlor not introduced, and celestial politeness will demand that we be made acquainted with all the heavenly household. What rehearsal of old times and recital of stirring reminiscences. If others fail to give introduction, God will take us through, and before our first twenty-four hours in heaven—if it were calculated by earthly timepieces—have passed, we shall meet and talk with more heavenly celebrities than in our entire mortal state we met with earthly celebrities. Many who made great noise of usefulness will sit on the last seat by the front door of the heavenly temple, while right up within arm's reach of the heavenly throne will be many who, though they could not preach themselves or do great exploits for God, nevertheless held the rope.

But who art thou, the mighty one of heaven, on this other throne? "In time of bitter persecution I owned a house in Damascus, a house on the wall. A man who preached Christ was hounded from street to street, and I hid him from the assassins, and when I found them breaking in my house and I could no longer keep him safely I advised him to flee for his life, and a basket was let down over the wall with the maltreated man in it, and I was one who helped hold the rope." And I said: "Is that all?" and he answered, "That is all." And while I was lost in amazement I heard a strong voice that sounded as though it might once have been hoarse from many exposures and triumphant as though it might have belonged to one of the martyrs, and it said: "Not many mighty, not many noble are called, but God hath chosen the weak things of the world to confound the things which are mighty, and base things of the world and things which are despised hath God chosen, yea, and things which are not, to bring to naught things which are, that no flesh should glory in his presence." And I looked to see from whence the voice came, and lo! it was the very one who had said: "Through a window in a basket was I let down by the wall."

ABSTRACT AND CONCRETE.

The Pacific coast is fast increasing in the out-put of codfish.

An explosion at the Abercorn colliery in 1878 killed 369 persons.

The savings banks of New York and Brooklyn contain at the present time \$435,000,000.

A Farnmouth, North Wales, fisherman caught 50,000 herring in one night recently.

Chicago has 626 churches of all denominations, one-sixth of which are of the Methodist faith.

One tree recently cut down in Tulare county, Cal., was thirty-three feet in diameter at the base.

A Boston business man displays a sign on his office door which reads: "Office hours 12 to 1 every other Tuesday."

Redwood trees have remarkable vitality. In a forest that has been cut over the young trees start by millions.

A library of 8,000 volumes devoted solely to the theater, collected by Baron Taylor, has been dispersed in Paris.

In 1893 no less than 1,051 periodicals devoted mainly or solely to literature were published in the United States.

Next to the United States, France has the distinction of having the largest number of savings bank depositors, who have \$539,000,000 in bank.

## A New England Miracle.

A RAILROAD ENGINEER RELATES HIS EXPERIENCE.

The Wonderful Story Told by Fred C. Vose and His Mother-in-Law to a Reporter of the Boston Herald.

Both are Restored After Years of Agony.

[From the Boston Herald.]

The vast health-giving results already attributed by the newspapers throughout this country and Canada to Dr. Williams' "Pink Pills for Pale People" have been recently supplemented by the cases of two confirmed invalids in one household in a New England town. The names of these people are Fred C. Vose, his wife and his mother-in-law, Mrs. Oliver C. Holt, of Peterboro, members of the same household.

To the Herald reporter who was sent to investigate his remarkable cure Mr. Vose said: "I am 37 years old, and have been railroaded for the Fitchburg for 15 years. Since boyhood I have been troubled with a weak stomach. For the past 7 years I have suffered terribly and constantly. My stomach would not retain food; my head ached constantly and was so dizzy I could scarcely stand; my eyes were blurred; I had a bad heartburn, and my breath was offensive. I had physicians, but they failed to help me. My appetite gave out, and four years ago I developed palpitation of the heart, which seriously affected my breathing. Had terrible pains in my back and had to make water many times a day. I finally developed rheumatic signs and couldn't sleep nights. If I lay down my heart would go pit-a-pat at a great rate, and many nights I did not close my eyes at all. I was broken down in body and discouraged in spirit, when some time in February last, I got a couple of boxes of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Before I had finished the first box I noticed that the palpitation of my heart, which had bothered me so that I couldn't breathe at times, began to improve. I saw that in going to my home on the hill from the depot, which was previously an awful task, my heart did not beat so violently and I had more breath when I reached the house. After the second and third boxes I grew better in every other respect. My stomach became stronger, the gas belching was not so bad, my appetite and digestion improved, and my sleep became nearly natural and undisturbed. I have continued taking the pills three times a day ever since last March, and to-day I am feeling better than at any time during the last eight years. I can confidently and conscientiously say that they have done me more good, and their good effects are more permanent, than any medicine I have ever taken. My rheumatic pains in legs and hands are all gone. The pains in the small of my back, which were so bad at times that I couldn't stand up straight, have nearly all vanished, and I find my kidneys are well regulated by them. This is an effect not claimed for the pills in the circular, but in my case they brought it about. I am feeling 100 per cent. better in every shape and manner."

The reporter next saw Mrs. Holt, who said: "I am 57 years old, and for 14 years past I have had an intermittent heart trouble. Three years ago I had nervous prostration, by which my heart trouble was increased so badly that I had to lie down most of the time. My stomach also gave out, and I had continual and intense pain from the back of my neck to the end of my backbone. In 14 weeks I spent \$300 for doctor bills and medicines, but my health continued so miserable that I gave up doctoring in despair. I began to take Dr. Williams' Pink Pills last winter, and the first box made me feel ever so much better. I have taken the pills since February, with the result of stopping entirely the pain in the spine and in the region of the liver. My stomach is again normal and the palpitation of the heart has troubled me but three times since I commenced the pills."

An analysis of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills shows that they contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effect of a gripe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness, either in male or female, and all diseases resulting from vitiated humors in the blood. Pink Pills are sold by all dealers, or will be sent post paid on receipt of price, (50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50—they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Schenectady, N. Y., or Brockville, Ont.

Temperance is reason's girle and passion's bridle.

He who loves little children cannot be a bad man.

The commandant of the German fortress of Spandau has recently issued a most extraordinary order. He wants it understood that the brides of non-commissioned officers under his command must not wear white dresses and orange blossoms at their weddings, unless, in the words of the order, "they are worthy thereof."

The order says that any officer caught receiving the authorities in this matter will receive the same punishment as though caught telling a lie to his colonel.

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The grandest display of Dress Goods you ever saw is now on exhibition in our departments; all the latest and most attractive patterns, selected with special care. We defy competition in this line. Come in and price our goods before buying.

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In Shoes we do not hesitate in saying that we have by far the largest and best selected stock ever shown in this city, and are prepared to fit all, from the largest to the smallest, both in size and price. These shoes are guaranteed to be as represented as they are manufactured expressly for us.

Remember that we always study to please and have the largest stock to select from.  
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# T. E. POWELL.

### BEAUTIES OF SHAKESPEARE. CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

spirit of Shylock who whetted his to carve the pound of flesh from nearest Antonio's heart. What beautiful expressions of Portia:

"How far that little light throws its beams; So shines a good deed in a naughty world."

Then again:  
"The quality of mercy is not strain'd, It droppeth as the gentle rain from heaven"

Upon the place beneath; it is twice blessed; It blesseth him that gives and him that takes.

"Tis mightiest in the mightiest; it becomes The throned monarch better than his crown;

His spectre shows the force of temporal power, The attribute to awe and majesty, Wherein doth sit the fear and dread of kings.

But mercy is above this scepter'd sway, It is an attribute to God himself; And earthly power doth then show likest God's

When mercy seasons justice."

### TWELFTH NIGHT; OR, WHAT YOU WILL.

A great, full and comprehensive expression is made in "Twelfth Night, or, What You Will," in this statement, (which I think is true): "Some are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them." For some are born with naturally great perceptiveness and retentiveness of mind, and sometimes with great native genius, as was the case of Shakespeare. Some achieve greatness by dint of energy and ambition in laudable undertakings through pride of character; while others have greatness thrust upon them, through favoritism, by their friends, or their peculiar positions in life and sometimes by accident or circumstances.

### "JULIUS CAESAR."

"Friends, Romans, Countrymen, lend me your ears! I come to bury Caesar, not to praise him. The evil men do lives after them; the good is oft interred with their bones; so let it be with Caesar. The noble Brutus has told you Caesar was ambitious; if it were so it were a grievous fault; and grievously has Caesar answered it. Here under leave of Brutus and the rest, (for Brutus was an honorable man; so are they all,) all honorable

men,) come I to speak in Caesar's funeral. He was my friend, faithful and just to me; but Brutus says he was ambitious;—and Brutus is an honorable man. He has brought many captives here to Rome, whose ransoms did the general coffers fill. Did this in Caesar seem ambitious? When the poor cried, Caesar wept; ambition should be made of sterner stuff. Yet Brutus says he was ambitious—and Brutus is an honorable man. You all did see that upon the Lupercal I thrice presented him a kingly crown, which he did thrice refuse. Was this ambition? Yet Brutus says he was ambitious, and sure he is an honorable man. I speak not to disprove what Brutus spoke, but here I am to speak what I do know. You all did love him once, not without cause. What cause withholds you then to mourn for him? O judgment thou art fled to brutish beasts, and men have lost their reason. Bear with me; my heart is in the coffin there with Caesar." These are the expressions of Mark Antony over the corpse of Caesar. We have beautifully depicted retributive justice visited upon Brutus and his co-conspirators for their envious and atrocious assassination of Caesar in this tragedy and its results. After the sudden and unexpected death of Marcus' Brutus' wife, they are overcome on the plains of Philippi by the army of Octavius and Antony, by which they, being the friends of Caesar, avenged his death, and the chief conspirator, Brutus, forced to slay himself upon his own sword, rather than suffer the ignominy, shame and death that awaited him at the hands of his conquerors, and which fate he so richly deserved. The ghost of Caesar had appeared to Brutus and informed him that he would see him at Philippi. This proved true, it being by Caesar's friends, Octavius and Antony, however; and Brutus never saw rest after committing the murder of Caesar until his death, and no doubt his sinful soul has never seen any afterwards in the world "over the river."

### "HAMLET."

We have in "Hamlet," the melancholy prince, the beautiful feature of retributive justice visited upon all wrong-doers who are made parties in the drama. It is true that no wrong is shown to have been done by the murdered king of Denmark, nor by

Ophelia, whose romantic death was brought about by the murder of her father, Polonius; but King Claudius, Queen Gertrude, Hamlet and Laertes are clearly shown to be guilty of murder, and their tragic and simultaneous death was intended by the great writer, Shakespeare, to prove that they deserved the death they received at each others hands at the closing of the scene. Polonius was, beyond all question, the wisest of them all, and expressed beautiful thoughts in the following language to his son, Laertes, who was about to depart for France: "Give every man thine ear, but few thy voice;

"This above all: To thine own self be true, And it must follow, as the night the day,

Thou canst not then be false to any man."

Hamlet also makes a beautiful expression in this: "Our indiscretion sometimes serves us well, When our deep plots do pall; and that should teach us There's a divinity that shapes our ends,

### "MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR."

In "The Merry Wives of Windsor" the folly, egotism and bigotry of Sir John Falstaff, exhibited as a lover, is elegantly portrayed and his fate is amusing, indeed. Therein is a good example set forth to warn the officious and intermeddling character of the ridiculous attitude into which he is apt to place himself.

### "MACBETH."

Then we have in the tragedy of "Macbeth" a plain and beautiful example of retributive justice visited upon Macbeth, through the instrumentality, largely, of Macduff, who espoused the cause of Malcolm, eldest son of Duncan, the meek king of Scotland, whom Macbeth had murdered that he himself might become king. It will be remembered, by the way, that lady Macbeth was partly the cause of this foul murder. Macbeth and his lady also caused Banquo's murder, the ghost of whom so often frightened the murderous mind of Macbeth into fits of apparition; and he saw no more peace of mind, but continuous haunted visions until he reached his final doom at the hands of Macduff on the battlefield of Dunsinane, and was decapitated, and his head presented by Macduff to Malcolm,

who was placed upon the throne of Scotland as the rightful heir to the crown.

### "KING RICHARD III."

"Now is the winter of our discontent Made glorious summer by this sun of York; And all the clouds, that lower'd upon our house,

In the deep bosom of the ocean buried.

Now are our brows crowned with victorious wreaths; Our bruised arms hung up for monuments;

Our stern alarms chag'd to merry meetings; Our dreadful marches to delightful measures.

Grim-visag'd war hath smoth'd his wrinkl'd front; And now instead of mounting barbed steeds,

To fright the soul of fearful adversaries— He capers nimbly in a lady's chamber,

To the lascivious pleasing of a lute."

Thus spoke one of the most unscrupulous murderers that ever lived, King Richard the Third. And upon him was visited retributive justice most beautifully portrayed by Shakespeare, in this play. The power of elocution is, by the way, demonstrated also, by this history. By his great pathos toward, and praises of the beauty of Queen Anne, and his profession of love for her, Richard the Third overcame her dire hatred for him on account of his murder of a long string of her relatives, among the rest her husband, Edward, Prince of Wales. Richard, himself, was slain in the battle of Bosworth Field, in a hand to hand combat, by Henry, Earl of Richmond who, being the rightful heir to the crown, was made king of England as Henry the Seventh. "A horse; a horse! my kingdom for a horse," cried King Richard, on the battlefield, in his desperation, just before slain. Richard was no coward, but "the race is not always to the swift, nor the battle to the strong."

### TO CLOSE.

In conclusion I can say truthfully, and cheerfully, there are beauties here this evening who seem to wield a magic power of some kind over some of us equal to that of the magic wand of "Prospero," and to this magic power some of us are willing subjects

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