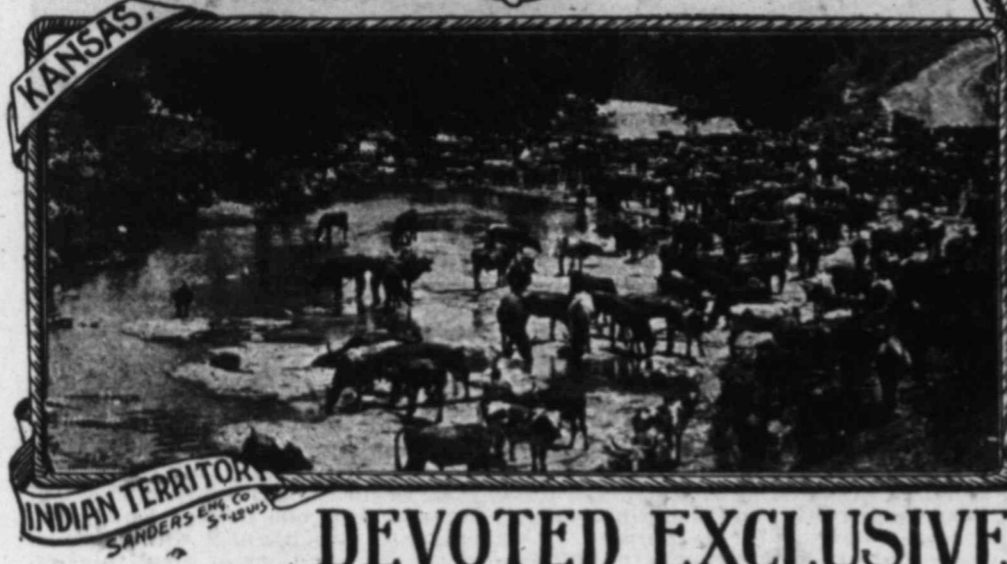


The LIVESTOCK



INSPECTOR

DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO LIVE STOCK INTERESTS.

Seventh Year.
Number 6

Woodward, Oklahoma and Kansas City, Missouri, July 15, 1901

Subscription { One Dollar per Year.
Single Copy 5c.

TO RECLAIM ARID LAND.

At a joint meeting of state engineers and senators and representatives of western states, held in Cheyenne Wyo., a bill was prepared by a committee embodying a scheme for government aid in the reclamation of the arid region. A meeting of the western states delegations in congress is to be held in Washington just prior to the next session of congress, when this bill will be considered for introduction in congress, and a plan of action decided upon to secure its passage. The proposed measure in part is as follows: "That all money received from the sale or disposal of public lands in Ari-

zona, California, Colorado, Idaho, Utah, Montana, Wyoming, Kansas, Nebraska, Nevada, New Mexico, North Dakota, Oregon, South Dakota and Washington, beginning with the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, shall be reserved for the benefit of the state or territory in which said lands are sold, to be kept as a special fund, known as the 'arid land reclamation fund' under the direction of the secretary of the interior. Each state shall maintain an engineer's office who shall plan and make the estimates for the reserves. The plan shall be submitted to the secretary of the interior, who may approve or reject them. If approved, the secretary shall set

aside money for their construction and such lands are to be exempt from entry. The state may sell the completed works to actual users of water."

WARNING TO PROSPECTIVE SETTLERS.

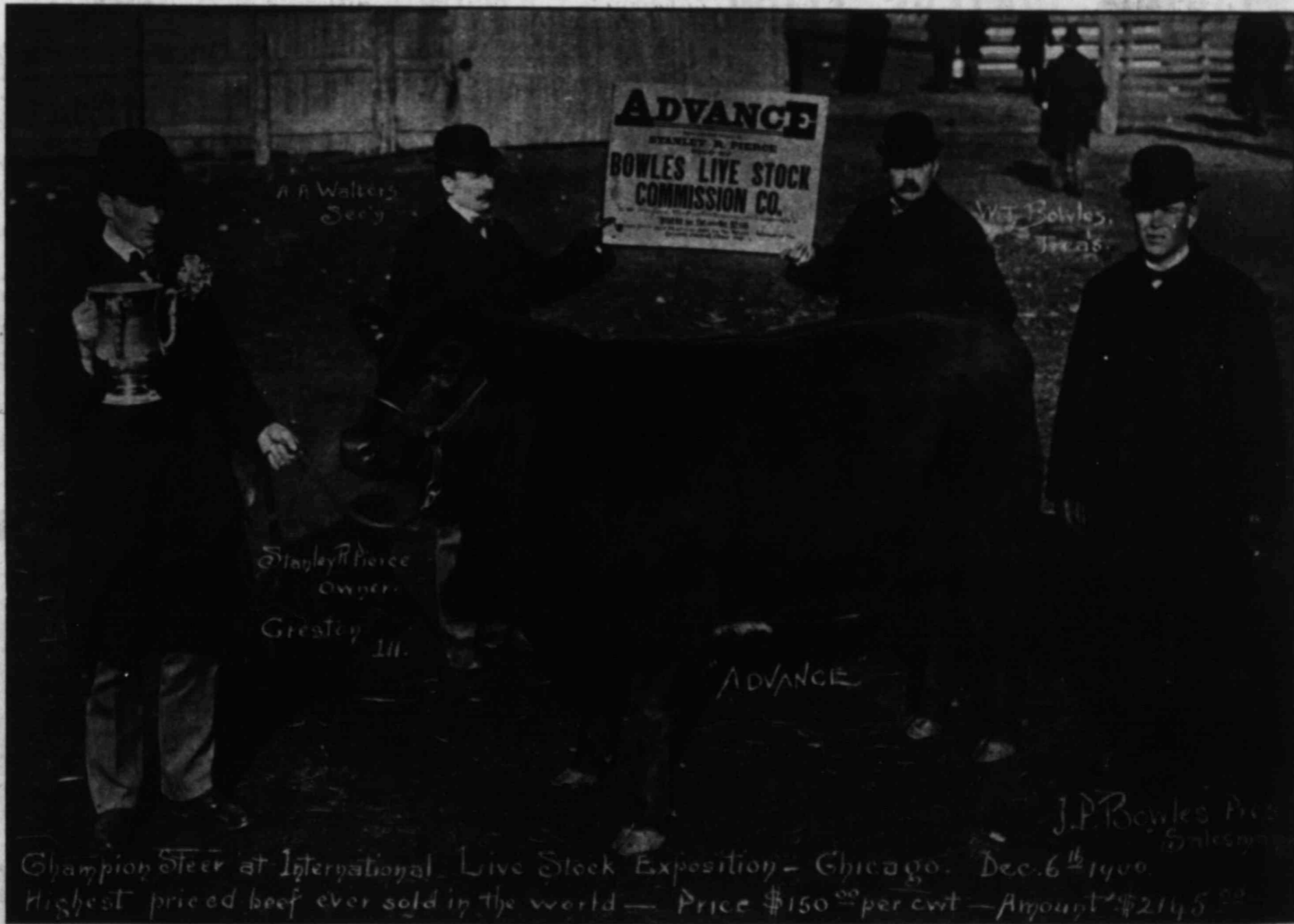
The secretary of the Oklahoma Live Stock Sanitary commission is out with a warning to the prospective settlers in the Kiowa and Comanche and the Wichita reservations in which he states that these lands are all below the quarantine line, and that it will be sure death to all cattle that may be taken into the new country.

He further states that the sanitary board has no authority to stop the

taking of these cattle into these reservations, if they had there would be no loss. But as it is the only thing the board can do is to issue the warning in hopes that it will deter the taking of herds there and the consequent loss that is bound to follow.

J. B. SLAUGHTER BUYS NAVE-McCORD HERDS.

John B. Slaughter of Fort Worth Texas has bought the ranch and cattle of the Nave-McCord cattle company of St. Joseph, Mo., for \$265,000.00. The ranch comprises 100,000 acres of land in the Texas Pan-handle, and 7,000 cattle.



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Sold by Bowles Live Stock Commission Company.

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West Disinfecting Company, Dear Sirs:—My advices from our ranches are that Mange is being cured and held in check by the use of your Chloro-Naphtholeum Dip. R. M. Allen, Gen. Mgr. Ask your dealer for Chloro-Naphtholeum. Refuse all substitutes, there is nothing "just as good" as Chloro-Naphtholeum. We will ship, prepaid, 1 gallon can, \$1.50, 2 gallon can, \$3.00, 5 gallon can, \$6.75. Special prices in larger quantities. FREE—Our books: Sheep and Cattle Diseases and Swine Diseases. Write for them. They will save you trouble. Agents wanted THE WEST DISINFECTING CO. 6 E. 59TH STREET, NEW YORK. 1 gallon of Chloro-Naphtholeum makes 100 gallons of prepared Dip.



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D. L. Musselman, Gem City Business College, Quincy, Ills.

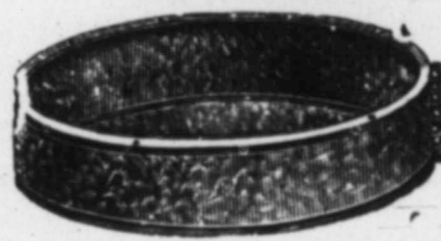
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The Live Stock Inspector

DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO
LIVE STOCK INTERESTS

Vol. 7. No. 8.

WOODWARD, OKLA., JULY 15, 1901

Subscription, \$1.00

Quarantine Rules and Regulations of the Oklahoma Live Stock Sanitary Commission for 1901.

AS PROMULGATED BY GOVERNOR JENKINS.

WHEREAS, The Live Stock Sanitary Commission, in accordance with an act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, approved March 9, 1897, entitled, "An Act to Provide for the Protection of Domestic Animals; for the Creation of a Live Stock Sanitary Commission, rules and regulations; to Provide penalties for the Violation of the Same; and to repeal Chapter 50, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma for the Year 1895," as amended by Chapter 26 of the Laws of 1901, did on the 20th day of May 1901 make the following rules and regulations.

RULES AND REGULATIONS CONCERNING CATTLE TRANSPORTATION.

To the Managers, Agents and Employees of the Railroad and Transportation Companies in Oklahoma, Stockmen and Others:

RULE I. You are hereby notified that the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of the Territory of Oklahoma have determined that all of that part of the quarantine line described and defined by Rule II is an infected area containing contagious and infectious disease, known as Southern or Splenic fever, and liable to infect cattle and that no cattle from said infected area, or from points below said line when said cattle shall have originated from points below said line defined in Rule II, within thirty days next preceding, shall be permitted to come within the Territory of Oklahoma, at any time between January 1st and December 31st of the year 1901, except under rules and regulations as hereinafter prescribed.

RULE II. All that country lying south, or below, a line beginning at the northwest corner of the State of California; thence east south and southeasterly along the boundary line of the said State of California to the southeastern corner of said State; thence southerly along the western boundary line of Arizona to the southwest corner of Arizona; thence along the southern boundary lines of Arizona and New Mexico to the intersection of the southern boundary of New Mexico with the international boundary line at the Rio Grande River; thence southeasterly along the said international boundary to the southwest corner of the county of Pecos, Texas, thence following the western boundary of Pecos county to the southeast corner of Reeves county; thence following the boundary line between the counties of Pecos and Reeves to the Pecos river; thence southeasterly following the Pecos river to the northwest corner of Crockett county; thence east along the northern boundary of Crockett and Schieffer counties; to the southeastern corner of Iron county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Iron county to the northeast corner of said county; thence north to the southern boundary of Coke county; thence west to the southwest corner of Coke county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Iron county to the northeast corner of said county; thence north to the southern boundary of Coke county; thence west to the southwest corner of Coke county; thence north along the western boundary of Coke county to the southern boundary of Mitchell county; thence east to the southeastern corner of Mitchell county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Mitchell county to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundaries of Fisher and Jones counties to the southeast corner of Jones county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Jones county to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundary of Haskell county to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the Western boundary lines of Throckmorton and Baylor counties to the northwest corner of Baylor county; thence east along the southern boundary of Wilbarger county to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Wilbarger county to the Red river; thence continuing in a northwesterly direction along the course of said river and the northern boundary of Texas to the southeast corner of Greer county; thence northerly following the course of the north fork of the Red river along the western boundary line of the Apache, Comanche and Kiowa Indian reservation to its intersection with the southern boundary line of Roger Mills county; thence east along the southern boundary lines of Roger Mills and Washita counties to the intersection with the boundary line of the Wichita Indian reservation on the Washita river; thence north along the western

boundary line of said reservation to its northwest corner at its intersection with the Canadian river; thence in a southeasterly direction along the course of said river to the township line between townships seven and eight north; thence east on said township line to the west line of Pottawatomie county; thence north on the west line of said county to the northwest corner thereof; thence east on the north line of Pottawatomie county to the intersection of the western boundary line of the Creek Indian reservation; thence north on said western boundary line of said Creek reservation to the northwest corner of said reservation and the southern boundary line of Pawnee county; thence east along said boundary line to the southeast corner of Pawnee county at the point of intersection with the Arkansas river; thence up the course of said river to the point of intersection with the eastern boundary line of the Missouri and Otoe reservation; thence south along said boundary line to the southeast corner of said reservation; thence west on southern boundary line of said reservation to the Atchison Topeka and Santa Fe Railway track; thence up said railway track in a northerly direction to the north line of said reservation; thence east on the northern boundary line of said reservation to the mouth of the salt fork of said river; thence in a northwesterly direction following the course of said salt fork of the Arkansas river to the Atchison Topeka and Santa Fe railway track; thence in a northerly direction along said railway track to the north line of the Ponca Indian Reservation; thence east on the northern boundary line of said reservation to the Arkansas river; thence in a northerly direction following the course of said river to the intersection with the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude at the southern boundary line of Kansas; thence east along the southern line of Kansas to the southeastern corner of Kansas; thence southerly along the western boundary line of Missouri to the southwestern corner of Missouri; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of Missouri to the western boundary line of Dunklin county; thence southerly along the said western boundary to the southwestern corner of Dunklin county; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of Missouri to the Mississippi river; thence northerly along the Mississippi river to the northern boundary line of Tennessee at the northwest corner of Lake county; thence easterly along said boundary line to the northeast corner of Henry county; thence in a northerly direction along the boundary of Tennessee to the Northwest corner of Stewart county; thence in an easterly direction along the northern boundary of Tennessee to the southwestern corner of Virginia; thence northeasterly along the western boundary line of Virginia to the northernmost point of Virginia; thence southerly along the eastern boundary line of Virginia to the northeast corner of Virginia where it joins the southeastern corner of Maryland at the Atlantic ocean.

RULE III. Each car carrying cattle and carrying the same in the course of transportation from said infected area into or through that part of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the quarantine line, defined in Rule II, must have a placard firmly attached stating in bold letters: "This car contains Southern cattle," and upon the stock yard slip or stub and way-bill of said car shall be marked plainly on the face thereof, the words, "Southern cattle."

RULE IV. Cars that have carried infectious cattle shall be thoroughly disinfected before being loaded with non-infectious cattle, or before being set out on any side track or in any railway yard. Such disinfection shall be by removing all litter and manure, washing the cars, the feeding and watering troughs with water until clean, saturating the walls and floors of the cars with a solution made by dissolving four ounces of chloride of lime to each gallon of water, or disinfect the cars with a jet of steam under pressure of not less than fifty pounds to the square inch.

RULE V. All railroad, live stock transportation and stock yard companies and their employees are hereby forbidden to transport, drive or in any way handle cattle in that part of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the quarantine line defined in rule II of these regulations, except in compliance with the within Rules under the penalties of the

following statute, viz: Section 13, Chapter 31, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma of 1897, which section reads as follows:

"Any person or corporation who shall in violation of any of the rules, regulations, orders or direction of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission or any of its live stock inspectors fixing, establishing, or maintaining quarantine lines or local quarantine rules and regulations within this Territory against contagious or infectious diseases of a malignant character, drive, lead, move, drift, ship in, or in any manner transport any live stock across said lines or any of them, or violate any local quarantine rules and regulations, or in any manner interfere, interrupt, or obstruct the Live Stock Sanitary Commission or any of its live stock inspectors in the discharge of their duty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, for each offense, upon conviction, be fined in the sum of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than one year, or may be punished by both such fine and imprisonment, and shall be liable to a civil action for all damages caused by violation of this Act."

RULE VI. All stock yard companies and all employees of railroads doing business in the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the quarantine line herein defined in Rule II, are hereby ordered not to load non-infectious cattle into any cars that have carried infectious cattle before they have been cleaned and disinfected, according to the above order. This order will be enforced under the provisions of Section 12, Chapter 31, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma 1897, which section reads as follows: "It shall be the duty of the railway corporations doing business in this Territory and they are hereby required to disinfect the shipping pens and cars used by them in transporting live stock through this Territory in such manner and at such times and places as such Commission may order and designate and any such corporation violating any of the provisions of this section shall be liable to a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars and not more than five thousand dollars for each violation of any of said regulations or rules of said Commission, to be recovered in a civil action to be prosecuted by the Attorney General or under his direction in the name of the Territory of Oklahoma, in the district court of Logan county, Territory of Oklahoma, or any county where such violation may have occurred."

RULE VII. Before any person or company in that portion of the Territory of Oklahoma west of range 13 west, within the Territory of Oklahoma, shall be permitted to load any cattle into any railway car, he shall make and file with the agent of said railway company at point of shipment, an affidavit sworn to before some officer authorized to administer oaths, showing that said cattle have not been brought into or through any part of the Territory of Oklahoma in violation of any of the quarantine laws or rules and regulations thereunder; said affidavit shall be corroborated by two residents of the county from which said cattle are shipped, and shall have a certificate of health issued by an authorized inspector of this board, showing said cattle to be free from boophilus bovis (southern cattle ticks).

RULE VIII. Notice is hereby given that cattle infected with the "boophilus bovis" (southern cattle ticks) disseminate the contagion of Bovine Malaria (Texas fever); therefore, cattle which are infected with "boophilus bovis" (southern ticks) shall be considered as infectious cattle.

RULE IX. No person or corporation shall be permitted to drive, load, move, drift, ship, or transport cattle from parts of the Territory of Oklahoma south and east to the parts of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the adopted United States quarantine line, as modified for the Territory of Oklahoma, which is defined as follows: Beginning at the Red river at the southeastern corner of the county of Greer; thence northerly following the course of the North Fork of the Red river along the western boundary lines of the Apache, Comanche and Kiowa Indian reservation to its intersection with the southern boundary line of Roger Mills county; thence easterly along the southern boundary lines of Roger Mills and Washita counties to the intersection with the boundary line of the Wichita Indian reservation on the Washita river; thence north along the western boundary line of the said reservation to its northwest corner at its intersection with the Canadian river; thence in a southeasterly direction along the course of said river and the northern boundary of the Wichita Indian reservation to the northeast corner of said reservation; thence easterly along the southern boundary of Canadian county to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the eastern boundary lines of Canadian and Kingfisher counties to the northeastern corner of Kingfisher county; thence east along the southern boundary of Garfield county to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Garfield county to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundary line of Kay county to the west line of the Ponca Indian reservation; thence north along the west line of said reservation to the northwest corner of said

reservation; thence east along the northern boundary of the Ponca Indian reservation to the Arkansas river; thence in a northerly direction following the course of said river to its intersection with the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude at the southern boundary line of Kansas, at any time between January 1st and December 31st for the year 1901, except cattle passing through the Territory on railway in transit under the laws governing interstate commerce, unless said person or corporation shall possess a permit from the inspector or officers of the Department of Agriculture of the United States, issued in accordance with the rules and regulations of said department which shall be sufficient authority for the movement of said cattle across said quarantine line into any part of Oklahoma.

RULE X. Pastures lying on both sides of any quarantine line shall be treated as being fourth or below said quarantine line and the movement of cattle from said pastures must in all cases be governed by the rules for the movement of cattle across the quarantine line.

RULE XI. No person or corporation shall be permitted to drive, lead, move, drift, or in any manner transport cattle into that part of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the quarantine line described in Rule IX of these rules and regulations, from any point outside of the Territory of Oklahoma above said quarantine line, unless said person or corporation possess a certificate of health from an authorized inspector of this board showing said cattle to be free from infection.

RULE XII. The Territory of Oklahoma is hereby divided into three districts with boundaries as follows:

District No. 1 shall be constituted as follows: All the Territory embraced within the boundaries of Oklahoma, Cleveland, Lincoln Logan, Payne, Pawnee, Noble, Kay and Kingfisher counties; Inspector Leslie J. Allen, D. V. S., Oklahoma City, O. T.

District No. 2 shall be constituted as follows: All the territory embraced within the counties of Canadian, Blaine, Washita, Custer, Greer, Roger Mills and the counties embraced in the limits of the Wichita, Kiowa, Comanche and Apache country. Inspector J. L. Watkins, Mountain View, O. T.

District No. 3 shall constitute all the territory embraced within the boundaries of Beaver, Woodward, Day, Dewey, Woods, Grant and Garfield counties. Inspector R. H. Hahn, Alva, O. T.

Rule XIII. The live stock inspectors are hereby directed to enforce these regulations and to arrest all parties who may be guilty of violation thereof.

The foregoing and within rules and regulations were adopted and approved by the Oklahoma Live Stock Sanitary Commission at a meeting called to meet and had in the city of Guthrie, O. T., on the 20th day of May, 1901, with the following members present adopting and approving the same.

W. E. BOLTON, President,
Woodward, O. T.
P. A. BECKER, Secretary,
Guthrie, O. T.
THOS. MORRIS, Guthrie, O. T.

constituting a quorum of said board.

W. E. BOLTON, President.
P. A. BECKER, Secretary.

SPECIAL QUARANTINE LINES.

No. 1.

It is hereby ordered by the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of the Territory of Oklahoma, that a special quarantine line be, and is hereby established, as follows: Commencing at a point where the 98th Meridian intersects the Canadian river at the north line of Canadian county; thence south along the eastern boundary line of the Wichita, Kiowa, Comanche and Apache reservations to the township line between townships 1 and 2 south; thence west on said township line to the range line between ranges 16 and 17 west; thence south on said range line to the Red river; thence up Red river in a northwesterly direction following the course of said river to the southeast corner of Greer county.

It is further ordered that the movement of cattle across the quarantine lines herein established shall be governed by the rules and regulations approved and adopted May 20, 1901, by the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of the Territory of Oklahoma for the movement of cattle for the year 1901.

The foregoing orders were approved and adopted by the Oklahoma Live Stock Sanitary Commission May 20, 1901.

W. E. BOLTON, President.
P. A. BECKER, Secretary.
THOS. MORRIS.

No. 2.

Guthrie, Oklahoma, May 26, 1901.

In accordance and conformity with amendment No. 12. Same being a modification of B. A. I. order No. 80.

Commencing at the northwest corner of Cleveland county, thence east on the northern boundary line of said county to the center of the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway, thence in a northerly

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direction following the center of said railway company's right-of-way, through Oklahoma, Logan, Noble and Payne counties, and the Otoe, Missouri and Ponca Indian reservations to a point where said right-of-way intersects the south line of Kay county. No person or corporation shall be permitted to drive or in any manner transport cattle from parts of the Territory of Oklahoma south and east to the parts of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the quarantine line hereby established, unless said person or corporation shall possess a permit from an authorized inspector of this board.

This order to remain in full force until otherwise ordered.

By Live Stock Sanitary Commission.
P. A. BECKER, Secretary. W. E. BOLTON, President.

Now, Therefore, I, W. M. Jenkins, Governor of Oklahoma Territory, in pursuance of the authority vested in me by said act of the Legislative Assembly, do hereby declare said rules and regulations to be in force and effect and do proclaim all that portion of the United States lying south, east and west of said lines described in the foregoing rules and regulations to be in a state of quarantine and all persons are forbidden from loading, moving, drifting, shipping or transporting from all that country lying south and east of said lines to parts of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of said quarantine lines except as therein provided.

All officers charged with the execution of the law will see that the above rules and regulations are strictly enforced.

Done at the City of Guthrie, in the Territory of Oklahoma, on this the 22nd day of May, 1901.

W. M. JENKINS, Governor.
By the Governor,
W. M. GRIMES, Secretary.

All communications relating to inspection or violations of the law should be addressed to O. C. FRENCH, Secretary Live Stock Sanitary Commission, Guthrie, Okla.

HOG DEPARTMENT

An Illinois farmer who raises about 200 hogs a year, says he has lost none in ten or twelve years from cholera, while they have died all around him. He thinks the disease is started by too many worms in the intestines, particularly in the small ones. He fills a barrel with water and white shelled or ear corn, then adds half a box of lye and allows it to soak over night. Enough lye is used to turn the corn as yellow as yellow corn. The hogs are fed all they will eat of it for two or three days. He starts feeding them as soon as any of the hogs begin to cough.

Many farmers object to fall litters, thinking that they require more care through the winter and that they do not get as large returns for their feed, writes Waldo F. Brown in National Stockman. That it requires more care I admit, but the farmer has more time to care for them. I think with a good warm house and an attendant careful to see that the openings are closed in cold weather I can get as good results from winter litters as from spring pigs, and, taking a series of years, I find that I have received a somewhat higher price for my fall litters sold in the spring than from those that were farrowed in the spring and sold in the fall. I think also that as a rule the sows are in better condition for farrowing and less liable to loss of their pigs and care for them better when farrowed in October than when farrowed in the early spring, especially in March. In this latitude, (Ohio) we rarely have cold storms or severe winter weather until late in November and frequently not until the latter part of December, so that our pigs are well started before the weather is bad.

ASHES, COAL AND SALT FOR HOGS.

My hogs get all the wood ashes, coal ashes, soft coal or hard coal they will devour, and fattening hogs when confined will eat a good deal, says C. S. Arnold in the Breeder's Gazette. I believe the ashes or coal supply a need, keep the animals flourishing and tend to prevent worms and cholera. I formerly got coal siftings from the coal yards, but I have substituted soft coal ashes from the creamery furnace in addition to wood ashes from the house. It is amusing to see the swine stand around the ash pits eating ashes and

To make cows pay, use Sharpless Cream Separator, Book "Business Dairying" and Cat 294 free. W. Chester, Pa.

hunting for the bits of coal, crunching them with much seeming delight. As to salt, my hogs never seemed to care for it, though I give them all they want, putting it in a separate place so as not to compel the hogs to eat what they do not want in order to get what they do want.

JUDICIOUS MATING.

Too much attention cannot be paid to the proper mating of breeding animals in order to secure good results, said Professor Kennedy before the Illinois Swine Breeders' association. This will apply more to the selection of the sire than the sow, for his influence is very great in the herd and will determine to a very great extent the type of the whole herd. Avoid the common error of today in selecting a fine boned hog. Progeny from such a sire will not bear the load of a well developed body, particularly when being transported to market. In making the selection of a sire always bear in mind the type you already have in your herd on the part of the sows—i. e. Are they too long in the body, too high off the ground, too fine in the bone, too short, etc? Then select a boar of the opposite type to correct these errors. You cannot lay too much stress on the matter of judicious mating.

HOW TO STOP HOGS FROM ROOTING.

The question is so frequently asked me, "Why do your hogs not root? mine do!" I always answer that they have nothing to root for. When a hog roots it is not the hog's fault it is its owner's fault. When you see the hogs standing on their heads, rooting that says there is something those hogs need that they are not getting. When a hog's stomach is all out of order he will invariably root. This disordered stomach is frequently brought on by feeding corn alone in large quantities for a long time.

Give the pigs a mixed ration in moderate quantities with a free access to salt, ashes and sulphur and I think you will not be bothered with their rooting. We have not ringed any hogs on our farm for a good many years. It is injurious to the hogs and entirely unnecessary. Better try to stop their rooting by rational feeding than by jewels in their noses.

FOREST HENRY.

SHEEP AND GOATS

NOTES ABOUT GOATS.

Angora goats thrive excellently in southern Georgia, so far as latitude and climatic conditions are concerned.

Maltese goats generally average less than Angoras. The so-called Maltese are of various colors.

Mature Angoras, except where specially fed, average in weight from about 75 to 90 pounds, though fat wethers will often go over 100 pounds.

The flesh of Angoras, now known as Angora venison, is scarcely distinguishable from mutton. The flesh of the Maltese is usually of a darker color and more gamey in flavor.

The fleece of what is known as the Maltese is often of somewhat long, shaggy character, but is not salable. I do not know that any have been bred in America long enough to have developed their milking qualities to full capacity, so that the milk yield varies very much in all herds.

A mountain goat farm is a new business in Center and Tioga counties, Pa. A pioneer in the business opens with cleared mountain land and a consignment of 1,000 white goats, costing \$18 a head.

When wool gets out of the possession of the farmer into the clutches of the trusts, the price pops up.

It would seem a wise plan for the owners of range sheep to study the situation carefully at this time and avoid overstocking the market with their offerings at this time of year.

WOOL SHIP DIRECT!

There is no way to get full value for your wool except by shipping direct to market. The fewer hands your wool passes through before reaching the manufacturer, the more profit there is for you.

WE DISTRIBUTE DIRECT TO THE MANUFACTURER.

We Guarantee Full Market Price, Full Weight and Prompt Returns

for all wool received, with no us less or extra expense to the shipper. You run no risk in shipping to us, as we have been established here for 27 years and are reliable and responsible. Write us for price of wool and prospect. Wool Sacks furnished free. In addition to Wool we receive and sell everything which comes from the farm. Write us for prices of anything you may have to sell.

SUMMERS, BROWN & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

198 S. Water St., CHICAGO.

Reference:—This paper.

Unless pastures are falling seriously there is no excuse for rushing too many sheep in at the same time. The sheep may be carried on pasture with good results until such a time as conditions are safe and right, with comparatively little expense. Frequent correspondence with the commission firm that represents you at any end of the line.

HORSES AND MULES

Exports of mules and horses in Missouri last year brought a return of \$9,000,000, and a great deal of the money came from foreign countries.

Glanders is prevalent in the country about Texarkana, Texas, and many farmers have lost stock. Precautions are being taken to prevent the spread of the disease, horses being shot as soon as they are stricken.

MORGAN HORSES.

As a family the Morgans have characteristics peculiarly their own, and almost invariably, when a genuine representative of this famous family is found, he will be, comparatively speaking, a little big horse, weighing as much or more than a horse two inches taller of any other family, and of all the things ever urged against a Morgan, this deficiency comes first, many preferring a horse that stands up fifteen hands or over. It is quite true, so far as looks go, his lack in height are a little against him, but, on the other hand, the many qualities he possesses over many other families more than make up the deficiency; and, as for his lack in height, an infusion of the blood of a rarer built family of horses easily remedies that.

A GOLDEN RULE FOR HORSE ADVERTISEMENT.

A gentleman who has a Christian spirit and a horse for sale advertises as follows in a Minnesota paper:

We have a good family driving horse for sale, providing you carry insurance.

He is not over particular as to feed. In fact he prefers our neighbors haystacks and corn cobs to our own.

We feed him when we can catch

him, which is seldom.

He is partly gentle. The other parts are not, so you must govern yourself accordingly.

We will throw in the derrick and telegraph pole combination which we use to hitch him up with.

If you are fond of driving we would advise you to engage a cowboy that owns a fast horse to do your driving, and be sure and get on top of the barn before he begins to drive the horse.

For price and coroner's address apply to the owner.—Chicago Record

To Cure Barbed Wire Cuts.

A simple and reliable remedy for curing barbed wire cuts, old sores etc., on horses, cattle or sheep is made by mixing together one half pint spirits of turpentine, one half pint alcohol and one ounce of glycerine. Mix all together and shake bottle well before using. Wash the sore well every morning with luke warm water and some good soap and apply the medicine twice a day with a feather or a soft rag. This remedy has been tried in numerous cases and never known to fail in a single one.

PATENTS!

22 Years Experience.

HIGDON & HIGDON

Patent Lawyers and Solicitors of Patents.
431 to 434 New York Life Building, Kansas City.
Known Everywhere for Promptness and Fidelity. Send or Call for Free Book.

FOR SALE.

A bunch of large young western mares, some with colts by their sides. Some choice young stallions and jacks. Also a few nice single and double drivers, trotting bred, with some speed.

Johnson & Vaughan,

516 MAIN STREET,
NEWTON, KANSAS.



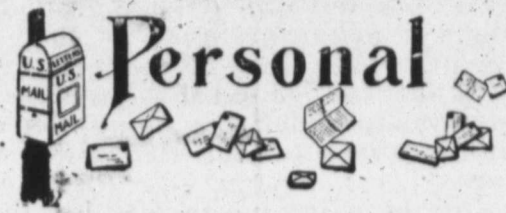
SILBERMAN BROTHERS

If You have Wool to Sell

and will correspond with us, we can demonstrate to your entire satisfaction that we can handle it to your best advantage and profit. Ours is the largest and best equipped wool house in the west. The only house in the west with sufficient stocks to attract the large wool consumers. Business methods and credit above reproach. Ask your local banker about this. We make liberal advances on consignments. Sacks furnished free to our patrons. Send at once for our New Wool Circular. It gives latest conditions and prices of the wool market.

SILBERMAN BROS.,
122-124-126-128 Michigan St., CHICAGO.

WOOL



J. C. Hayter, of Hobbs, has recently sold 240 head of stock cattle at \$15 per head.—Roby (Tex.) Banner.

Isaacs Bros., of Canadian, this week purchased 200 yearling steers of Harrell & Walker at \$18 around, with a ten per cent cut back.—Miami (Tex.) Chief.

Judge Altizer last week bought from Haskell county parties 600 ones and two's. We understand the price was \$15 and \$22.50 respectively.—Banner-Stockman.

Scharbauer & Wall this week purchased of Johnston & White 215 steer yearlings at \$15 around, same delivered at 5WLS ranch.—Midland (Tex.) Reporter.

At the Bar X round up last week about 700 calves were branded. This is an increase of about 85 per cent, says manager Elkins, and is a good showing.—Banner-Stockman.

F. L. and R. Harris have bought the Oberthier & Holmsley ranch and cattle in West Tom Green county for \$60,000. The pastures include sixty sections and the cattle number about 3000 head.—Runnels County (Tex.) Leader.

R. B. Pyron this week sold to Bennett, of Wyoming, the Bar X yearling heifers. There will be between 200 and 250 head and they brought a good price—considerably better than \$16.—Banner-Stockman.

W. W. Treadwell, of the firm of C. E. Treadwell & Sons, of McKavett, was in the city yesterday. Mr Treadwell reports the sale of 141 steer yearlings to Hume & Day, at \$15 round with 10 per cent cut at \$13.—San Angelo (Tex.) Standard.

J. W. McCutcheon & Bro. of Fort Stockton have enroute from the Wm. Humphrey stock farm of Missouri, 125 registered Hereford bulls for use on their range. This makes 725 head of registered Herefords purchased by these parties from Mr. Humphrey.—West Tex. Stockman.

S. P. Boltz, a sure enough cow man of Childress county was prospecting for a ranch in Roberts county Wednesday and Thursday. L. C. Heare showed him the block of Clay county school land on Canadian river and he seems well pleased with this as a cow country.—Miami (Tex.) Chief.

Col. Sug Robertson accompanied by his father was in Amarillo Friday. He delivered 800 head of yearling steers to Manager Harding of the L X ranch, the price paid being \$17 per head. He also shipped 250 cows with calves to J. P. Brown of Montana, at \$28 per head. The cows, however, were not exactly top notch cattle, if we are any judge of Robertson's herd and we think we are.—Amarillo Champion.

Breakview Hereford farm has received one of the best young bulls ever brought to Texas. It is 22 months old, weighs 1450 pounds and was raised by that famous Hereford breeder, Thomas Ponting, of Mokeka, Ill. It was his yearling show bull and was bought by Wm. Powell of Channing, for his herd. Modesty will not allow us to say more about this bull, but he is the equal of any Hereford bull of his age in the great southwest.—Amarillo Champion.

Uncle Bill Mors, of Mangum, Okla., this week closed the deal for the Thos. O'Laughlin ranch. The ranch consists of four school sections and nine railroad sections. With the sale of the ranch goes ten head of work horses, wagons, a large number of farm implements, about twenty miles of wire fence and other improvements. Consideration, \$7,000. This is said to be a splendid ranch. There is also a

feed crop of 200 or more acres on the place, which is said to be in a thrifty condition.—Miami, (Tex.) Chief.

Wm. T. Hughes, of North Canon, whose health has again failed him has gone to Trinidad for treatment. He will probably seek a different climate for the benefit of his health. For the past three weeks he has been partially closing out his business and has disposed of his interest in the Cold Springs pasture, to his partner Mr. Burch. To that gentleman he also sold 300 head of top cows and calves at \$40 per head and another lot of 700 head of cows at \$26 round. He has left 300 head of the best to return to when he gets well. This is the biggest cattle deal on the river for some time. Much of the stock is well graded Hereford. Mr. Hughes has been using registered bulls for a number of years.—Cimarron News.

TO KILL PRAIRIE DOGS.

"To one bushel of oats I put two ounces of strychnine, four ounces cyanide potash, three quarts syrup and half-gallon corn meal; boil strychnine and cyanide in one quart water each, until dissolved (which will be as soon as they come to a boil if they are pulverized); have your syrup and one and one half gallons of water in a vessel holding three gallons or more; into this pour your cyanide and strychnine, stirring well as you pour in, then place the mixture on the fire until it comes to a boil; pour over your oats and stir until the oats are wet with the mixture; then put in your meal and stir thoroughly; put about one tablespoonful at a hole, and I don't care how green the grass is, you will kill 90 per cent of your dogs. Good clipped oats are to be used and they must be used in two or three days after mixing.—B. A. Oden, of Chicago, Dawson county, Texas.

PATENTS.

Higdon & Higdon Patent Lawyers, 431 to 434 New York Life Building, Kansas City, Mo., report the following patents, issued for the week ending July 2, 1901, to inventors living in Missouri, Kansas and Nebraska.
 Missouri: Robert O. Applegate, Kansas City, Mo., Vapor burning lamp. Thomas R. Bellas, Joplin, Mo., Rotary engine. John W. Booth, Washington, Snap-hook. Joseph G. Branch, Apparatus for distributing or feeding coal-oil or other hydrocarbons. Henry Elliot, St. Louis, Railway frog. Henry W. Hoerr, St. Louis, Pipe hanger. George F. Knapp, St. Louis, Box fastener. Frederick Lempe and W. Koedding, St. Louis, Apparatus for purifying liquids by electrolysis. Warren Outten, St. Louis, Sound box. Daniel Sullivan, St. Louis, Coin controlled dispensing device. George M. Thomure, St. Louis, Bed-lounge.
 Kansas: August Vilepique, Dodge City, Refrigerator. Sarah P. E. Erickson, Scandia, Tank-car for preventing vegetable growth on railway beds.
 Nebraska: James A. McCandless, Omaha, Automatic sash lock. John M. Wright, David City, Cultivator.
 Issue for July 2, 1901: Patents, 515. Designs 44. Trade-marks, 29. Labels, 14. Prints, 5. Reissues, 4. Total, 611.

Successful Cattle Feeders.

The only way to know accurately when an animal is ripe and has stopped gaining in flesh is by weighing him from time to time on a reliable scale placed conveniently on the farm. You know which kind of feed makes the most flesh, and whether it is hard or soft; you are able to compare the merits of the different proportion of feeds and the price of same.

George Stachle, Earlville, Iowa, says: "I weighed on—Scales for nearly thirty years and would not accept any other weight. Did not believe your scales could be what you claimed. After building it and thoroughly testing it, I must say that I am more than pleased; it is perfect. I am delighted, and would use no other."



Do you use a scale? If not stop guessing this year. Write the Osgood Scale Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for their special prices. No advance in price on account of trusts. The Osgood is so simple you can erect it yourself. Sent on trial any where in the U. S. Large white beam box; heavy brass beams; steel-lined, forged iron loops; heavy castings; every part interchangeable; no repairs. Let us tell you the rest. Write to us. Do you know a neighbor who is talking scales? If so it will pay you to talk with us. Mention this paper sure.

The cost of membership in the Oklahoma Live Stock Association is very light, when compared to the benefits to be derived.

Report of Deputy Live Stock Inspectors of Oklahoma, for Two Weeks Ending Feb. 1, 1901.

Sec. 16, Chap. 31, Session Laws 1897, Statutes of Oklahoma: It shall be the duty of the inspectors provided for by this act to provide themselves with record books in which they shall record age, brand and color of all-cattle slaughtered within their respective districts for the purpose of sale to the public, either whole-sale or retail; * * * any person offering the meat of cattle for sale without having them inspected as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof be fined ten dollars for every animal so unlawfully slaughtered.

Order of Live Stock Sanitary Board April 5th, 1900: It is hereby made the duty of all deputy live stock inspectors in Oklahoma at the end of each week to transmit to the secretary of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission for file and to the Live Stock Inspector at Woodward, Oklahoma, for publication duplicate report showing in detail the number of animals inspected by him during the week recommended as fit for slaughter, with a complete description of the marks and brands on each animal so inspected, giving location of same

John A. Shaw, Kay County.

Red and white female, age 6 yr brand C 1 h.
 Light red female, age 6 yr brand | through S h
 Black and white female age 5 yr brand — through D r h D l h.
 Dark red female age 4 yr same brand
 Light red and white spots female age 6 yr same brand.
 Brindle female age 3 yr same brand

J. E. Chessher, Noble County.

White cow age 7 yr brand — over H 1 s
 H. R. Roberson, Pawnee County.
 Red male age 2 yr brand | r h
 White heifer age 3 yr brand P l h
 Roan cow brand P over pig pen l h

L. M. Williams, Pottawatomie Co.

Red cow age 5 yr brand — slanted and | over O connected 1 s
 Black cow age 4 yr brand J α r h
 Red cow age 4 yr brand T 1 s
 Red spot steer age 3 yr brand 77 over — 1 s
 Brindle steer age 3 yr same brand
 2 red steers age 3 yr same brand
 Black steer age 3 yr brand T r s
 2 Red spot steer age 3 yr brand T r s
 White steer age 3 yr brand T r s
 Yellow steer age 3 yr brand T r s
 Brindle cow age 5 yr brand J 1 s
 Blue Roan cow age 6 yr brand X hair-oin 1 s
 White cow age 5 yr brand K L 1 s h
 White cow age 5 yr brand K L 1 h
 2 red spot cows age 5 yr brand J X r s
 White spot cow age 7 yr brand — over k left side

John W. Capers, Logan County.

Red female age 6 yr brand F S r s
 Red and white female age 4 yr brand J L K 1 s
 Brown female age 5 yr same brand
 Black female age 4 yr brand V over — 1 s
 Red and white female age 6 yr brand K L 1 h
 Yellow female age 5 yr brand L R F 1 s

Yellow and white female age 6 yr brand K H r s

Red and white female age 4 yr brand R O 1 s
 Blue female age 7 yr brand J L D r s
 2 black females age 3 yr brand S H D r s
 Black and white female age 2 yr brand J U R r s
 Black and white male age 2 yr brand U D R 1 h
 Black female age 6 yr brand J D, L over — r s
 Dark Brown female age 7 yr brand U L O r s
 Brown and white female age 5 yr brand L D O r s
 Pale yellow female age 8 yr brand 3 A 3 1 s

Yellow and white female age 5 yr same brand

Yellow female age 5 yr same brand
 Red female age 7 yr brand J U L r s
 Brindle female age 4 yr brand U K 1 s
 White and red female age 5 yr brand V — L 1 s
 Red female age 6 yr brand J D O l h
 Yellow female age 9 yr brand D O L r h
 Black female age 6 yr brand J L K 1 s

B. F. Scott, Blaine County.

Brindle cow age 3 yr brand A r h
 Black and white cow age 3 yr brand A r h
 Brindle cow age 4 yr brand A r s
 Brown cow age 7 yr brand A r s
 Black and white cow age 10 yr brand H 1 s h

Wm. Ostendorf, Garfield County.

2 brindle cows age 6 yr brand V H X
 2 red cows age 5 yr brand V F X
 2 black and white cows age 5 yr V L X
 White cow age 7 yr brand U A
 Black and white cow age 8 yr brand U X
 Teras color cow age 6 yr brand U

Brindle cow age 5 yr brand U

White cow age 7 yr brand U P D T
 6 red cows age 4 to 7 yr brand V A H X
 6 red and white cows age 4 to 7 yr brand A H H
 6 black and white cows age 4 to 7 yr brand V H X
 3 Jersey cows age 4 to 7 yr brand A E 2 X

2 blue cows age 4 and 7 brand U V 4

3 red steers age 2 to 3 yr brand T
 Roan steer age 3 yr brand T
 Jersey steer age 2 yr brand T
 Roan cow age 6 yr brand P
 3 red and white cows age 5 to 8 yr brand A

J. M. Barkley, Woodward County.

30 steers age 3 yr brand J r h
 Red and black cow age 9 yr brand R L 1 h
 Brown cow age 7 yr brand M C r s
 Roan cow age 10 yr brand H r h A 1 h
 White and dun cow age 8 yr brand X 1 s

2 red cows age 10 and 2 yr brand N

—K r s h
 2 red and shuck cows age 10 yr brand 4 1 s T h
 Red cow age 9 yr brand H — H 1 s
 Blue steer age 5 yr brand 3 over — sh A V h
 Red and white cow age 12 yr brand — through P sh D O N r s
 Brown cow age 10 yr brand T U K 1 s
 17 over — h
 Red cow age 3 yr brand V | r h
 Red cow age 10 yr brand 3 over — sh M over — h

BIG PASTURE SET APART.

In response to an appeal from the commission merchants of Kansas City and St. Louis who have sums of money loaned on cattle now being pastured in the Kiowa and Wichita reservations, Secretary Hitchcock is preparing to afford at least temporary relief. The 200,000 acres of pasture located on the banks of the Red river is to be turned over temporarily to the cattlemen for grazing purposes until their stock is ready for the market. Shipments to Kansas City and Chicago have already commenced, and with the large number of cattle shipped to market within the next few weeks, the secretary is of

the opinion that the pasture on Red river will be sufficient to provide for the cattle remaining on the reservation after August 6th.

Under the quarantine laws the herds cannot be shipped north into Kansas, Missouri or any other of the states before the middle of September. This practically excludes the pasturing of the cattle in Kansas, Missouri, Colorado or Nebraska and compels the stockmen to throw them upon the market. It was this condition of affairs that caused the secretary to extend to the cattlemen the use of the pasture on Red river until their cattle are in shape for shipment to market.

Poultry Department.

CONDUCTED BY
JOHN C. SNYDER,
KILDARE, OKLAHOMA.



Will be pleased to receive communications for this department and will answer all questions in regard to the Poultry Industry; the Holding of Shows; Treatment of Diseases, &c.

All Poultry and Hare Books sent to the Editor of this Department will receive notice and review.

Glad to exchange with all Poultry and Hare Journals.

Read all ads and you will learn of many good things you need.

It is an item now to get some chicks hatched as early as possible.

The best prices for chicks are for those which are hatched early.

With ducks too much corn causes cramps, as does also dampness.

Eggs for hatching should be from healthy adult birds, not related.

Spring broilers in May nearly always bring prices that give a good profit.

In the year 1898 the value of West Virginia poultry and eggs sold was \$2,932,198.

If the milk is boiled before it is given to poultry it is not liable to cause brood disease.

Cleanliness and pure water will do much to guard the hens from the dreaded cholera.

The game fowl makes an excellent mother for young chicks and is a good sentinel against hawks.

Inbreeding, debilitated constitutions brought on by overcrowding, are predisposing causes of general weakness.

Generally fowls that have free range do not require lime, but those that are closely confined always do.

Sulphur and hemp seed promotes a smooth, glossy plumage, and helps in the making up of exhibition fowls.

An exchange gives the following recipe for preventing breakage of eggs which is ingenious if not useful: "If you are in trouble because of eggs breaking on the way to market try feeding the hens pulverized rubber, mixed with corn meal. This will result in elastic shells and the eggs can be packed solid. Another advantage of this diet is that the eggs can be sold as rubber balls when the market is 'off.'"

One commission man gives the advice not to wash eggs. He says that when the eggs are washed the gelatinous substance that fills the pores of the shell is taken off and the air works through. The result is that the egg spoils very quickly. How much truth there is in the theory we leave to our readers to determine by experiment. Of course, this advice does not apply to eggs that are to be used in the family, but to those that are to be shipped some distance to market.—Denver Record-Stockman.

The Missouri hen last year laid eggs enough for shipment to bring in a cash return of \$5,375,000, and her progeny formed a large portion of the poultry which sold for \$7,185,000 more. The hen is simply great as a practical expositor of political economy.

Nest boxes should be cleansed of lice and nits occasionally. Pour kerosene over them and burn them just enough to destroy the lice, then replace them. All the lice killers advertised in this paper are good and should be used according to the printed directions sent with each package. Lice are not as difficult to kill as some suppose, but they simply keep hatching out all the time, and in order to finish the business the remedy will have to be kept up. Keep everlastingly at it. This is the secret of success.

The old hen is said to have been the source of a good twelve million of dollars to the poultry raisers of Missouri in the last twelve months. Raising poultry has become quite an industry in recent years. As a source of income it is one of the most reliable. The product of the old hen has a cash value as well as the wheat or corn in the market. There's no immediate fear of congestion in the markets of trade for our exports in this line are growing. Bear with the old hen, for she is one of your best friends, and will lay for you every time she can.

IMPORTANT TO POULTRY RAISERS.

Young chicks and turkeys should never be fed any thing at all until 24 hours old, as nature provides for them during that period. Then they should be fed sparingly the first time. After turkeys are 24 hours old they should be fed sparingly of hard-boiled eggs and green onion tops, chopped fine and well mixed together; season with black pepper. Increase this to a full feed when two days old, and so continue until three weeks old. When the turks begin to dust themselves, their heads and necks should be greased with one teaspoonful of red pepper to two tablespoonfuls of lard, occasionally, until they are three or four months old. This is of benefit to them, as their heads are naturally cold while young.

MRS. MARY A. BRYANT,
Mercer, Utah.

POULTRY RAISING.

For a month or two of the year, about Christmas time, it is almost impossible to get eggs, but when the run is on dry ground and in a sheltered position, there need be no long interval, says the London "Today." Much, of course, depends upon the selection of fowls and the avoidance of "sitters." Among the best to keep are the Leghorns, Plymouth Rocks, and Minorcas or Orpingtons. During the year the fowls should give an average of about 120 eggs. If there is room to rear, so much the better. Otherwise they should be bought as pullets and only kept two years. In most gardens a suitable place can be found for a run, and many hold that fowls give even better results where they have not access to a field. Here, as in every thing else, personal attention, constant, unremitting attention, is indispensable if the venture is to be a success. Given this and fair luck, the housewife gets her eggs fresh, and if she charges herself the rate she would have to pay the dairyman for inferior eggs, she will probably find at the end of the year that she is £2 or £3 in pocket, besides having had the year through, eggs of a kind not to be bought in shops.

LICE AND SETTING HENS.

The setting hen will hatch lice as well as chicks, and the lice will do the chicks no good if left on them. Several ways have been found for treating the hen for lice, and some of them are very effectual. One of the easiest ways of treating the old hen for lice is to get a quantity of fresh Persian insect powder, go where she is sitting, and, as you approach,

she will ruffle up her feathers to show that you are not welcome. Then is your time. Sprinkle her all over with the powder. If it is fresh it will kill the lice, and as it is not poisonous or greasy it will not injure the hen nor the eggs.

The above is a good plan, but here is another that is employed by some poultrymen. Put a moth ball in the nest of each hen when set. The heat from her body starts up fumes that no louse can withstand. This is a convenient method and is said to be very effectual.

Belgian Hare Notes



The following extract is taken from an article in the Bangor (Me.) Daily News, written by a Maine breeder, E. F. Barry, of Machias:

A different method should be used in raising hares for the market than is followed by those raising breeding stock for sale only. Besides the breeding sheds or houses there should be a warren on the place consisting of a piece of land fenced with wire netting, in which to turn down the market stock, the same as young stock of any kind, from spring to fall, thus lessening the cost and labor to a great extent.

The best time for the does to do their work is in the winter or from November to May. The breeding house should be of sufficient size to accommodate the brood does and their young until turning down time comes. The youngsters that are littered in November should be first to be turned down and by the time the cattle are turned to pasture. If previously accustomed to green food such as turnips and cabbage, they may then be placed in a low shed which the pasture or warren should contain.

It is surprising how hutch bred hares will pick up after they have been turned down. This will give room for those that no doubt are already crowded in the breeding house. It should be remembered that even after the hares are turned down they should be supplied with plenty of hay and water. Later in the season the hay may be discontinued and the hares will do well if the pasture is good until they are taken up in the fall and sent to market.

The market season begins with the game season in September, when no doubt the best prices will be secured, and continues until March.

Every young buck that is to be turned down for market should be castrated. They are the more docile and take on fat easier. Does turned down in a warren with breeding bucks will litter in the warren, which, if not a very large pasture so the doe can find a secluded place for her dugout will result in a loss of the young. Should the doe select a place for her nest on a level piece of ground the burrow is apt to be filled with water and drown the litter. It is hardly advisable to try and raise litters in a warren, although a small percentage may live and do well. The better way by far would be to turn them down at from 3 to 5 months of age in the manner above described.

It would be advisable to have the warren divided, if many hares are to be kept, especially those of different ages which would do better if separated. In each paddock, a shed or cover should be supplied. It would be better to build without a floor and fill in with dry earth or sawdust about six inches

or a foot above the outside ground and dig a trench or drain around the building outside to carry off surface water. If a floor is supplied the hares will always dig under thus being in a very undesirable place for their own welfare.

In a breeding house it will be found most convenient to tier the hutches not more than two high, the lower one should rest on a base about one foot high. The entire front which should be a wire netting frame should be movable, but for feeding a small one not more than one foot square should be made in one corner of this frame.

A correspondent of the Shepherd's Bulletin, writing from South Australia of the rabbit pest, says: "The country seems to be as full of rabbits as a rotten cheese is of maggots. Over immense areas they have driven the sheep off the country, and now mutton is so dear that the freezing establishments are closed."

Mr. T. F. B. Sotham, Proprietor of the Weaver-grace Breeding Establishment advises that he has contracted for 2000 head of steer calves and 500 yearling steers, all by pure bred and registered Hereford bulls, mostly out of cows with Hereford blood. These are of the same brand and quality as the 1800 head of calves exhibited by Mr. Sotham at the National Hereford-Shorthorn show at Kansas City last October. Mr. Sotham says that Nebraska calves have given the best satisfaction to his customers, and that all the customers of last year are renewing orders for this year's crop. A limited number of these steers will be available for new customers. Mr. Sotham says that he can also supply 1000 head of heifer calves, same quality, and 200 two year old steers. Delivery to be made in October, although the yearling and two year old steers may be delivered earlier if required by the customer.

Future Live Stock Meetings.

- Illinois State Fair, Nov. 30 to Oct. 5.
- National Live Stock Exchange, St. Joseph, Mo., in October.
- International Live Stock Exposition, Chicago, November 30 to December 7.
- National Live Stock association, Chicago, December 3 to 6.

YOUR VACATION

A few reasons why you should spend it at Eureka Springs, Ark.

BECAUSE:—The rate is so low.

BECAUSE:—First class accommodations are so reasonable:—Board from \$5.00 to \$10.00 per week.

BECAUSE:—It's waters are conceded by all to be absolutely pure and most beneficial to the health.

BECAUSE:—It's advantages for fishing, hunting, picnicking and all out-door sports cannot be excelled.

BECAUSE:—Located at the top of the "Ozarks" the days and nights are always cool and the breezes most refreshing.

BECAUSE:—There are no flies to annoy by day nor mosquitoes to disturb one's rest at night.

BECAUSE:—It is situated contiguous to the vast mineral district of Arkansas and presents many opportunities for prospecting along this line.

BECAUSE for Health, Wealth, or Pleasure, EUREKA SPRINGS can't be beat.

The FRISCO LINE is the only direct route to this famous resort and during the remainder of the summer will have low rates and popular price excursions at all times. For further information apply to the nearest Frisco representative or address either of the undersigned.

B. F. DUNN,
Dist. Pass. Agent,
Wichita, Kansas.

BRYAN SNYDER,
Gen. Pass. Agent,
St. Louis, Mo.

J. C. Snyder & Sons,

PROPRIETORS

The Snyder Farm

KILDARE, OKLA.

BARRED PLYMOUTH ROCKS, BRONZE TURKEYS, BELGIAN HARES.

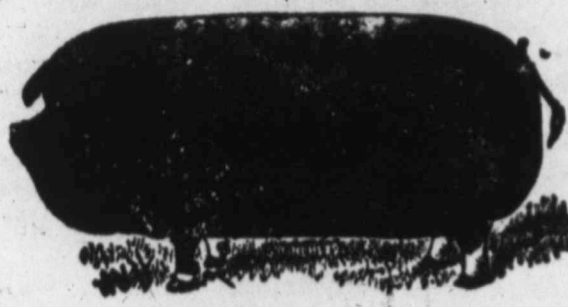
Scaline, for scaly legs, 15c per box postpaid.
Roupine, for Roup. Recipe for 25c.

POULTRY AND BELGIAN HARE STANDARD

The most reliable authority on the Belgian Hare, and full of reliable information to beginners. Trial subscriptions for six months, 25c. For one year 50 cents. In stamps or silver.

THE STANDARD,
512 G. Hall Bldg. KANSAS CITY, MO

BREEDER'S DIRECTORY



BRIGHTSIDE POLAND CHINA SWINE.

Are the best. Orders for young of either sex filled, and Pedigree furnished. All letters answered promptly. Pigs by express to all parts of Kansas and Oklahoma. Write immediately to

U. H. SHULL, Manager.
BRIGHTSIDE STOCK FARM, MULVANE, KANS.



Shorthorn Bulls

We breed Short-Horn Bulls from deepest strains of Bates cattle, using sires from such famous old and tried families as Wild Eyes, Kirk-Levington, Barrington, Rose of Sharon, Hilpa, Liverpools and Craggs.

No bulls on earth have greater power of transmitting the qualities that have made the Short Horn the leading beef breed of cattle. Our bulls are bred on Buffalo grass, and are not weakened for range purposes by being pampered.

Our ranch is on the Staked Plains, seventeen miles from Panhandle, Tex. Come and see us.

H. T. GROOM, Manager,
Panhandle, Texas.

(Please mention this paper.)

M. R. PLATT, of Kansas City, Mo.

And the oldest and largest breeder of Galloway cattle in America, has a very choice lot of pure bred Galloway bulls for sale at his ranch at the old town of Evansville, Comanche county, Kansas. For full information address TOM GILFILLAN, Actua, Barber county, Kansas. These bulls are absolutely pure bred but not registered.

HEREFORD GROVE STOCK FARM,

U. S. WEDDINGTON, Proprietor,

CHILDRESS, TEXAS.
Native bred Registered Hereford Cattle. Herd bred strongly with ANXIETY and LORD WILSON blood, and other famous families. A first class lot of young Bulls for sale. Inspection solicited. 12-6m

For Sale

12 Head
Registered 2-yr-old
Hereford Bulls.

HILLSIDE RANCH, Woodward, Okla.

Fine Bulls for sale at all times. Singly
or in Car Load lots
D. P. MARUM.

WM. POWELL,

Breeder of

Registered Hereford Cattle.

The Home of the Hereford. Established 1868.
Channing, Hartley Co., Texas.

My herd consists of 400 head of all the well known families of the breed. I have for sale at all times both Bulls and Heifers. Either singly or in car load lots. Correspondence solicited. 8-1v

Prevent Blackleg

In Cattle

by using Collier Williams Mixture. Easily applied and a sure preventive of Blackleg in cattle. For full information, price, etc., call on or address

COLLIER WILLIAMS,
Woodward, Okla.

Clover Blossom Shorthorns

CRUICKSHANK AND CRUICKSHANK TOPPED CATTLE
GEO. BOTHWELL, Nettleton, Mo.

Idlewild Shorthorns

HERD BULLS GODDY 115675; ROYAL RED 150066
Can offer 30 registered Shorthorn bulls from 12 to 30 months old. Also 30 head of bulls from 6 to 12 months old. (On Mo. Pacific R.R.) WELL WORTH TO EXAMINE THEM.
W. P. HARNED Vermont, Cooper Co. Mo.

FOX AND WOLF HOUNDS.

Of the best English strains in America; 23 years experience in breeding these fine dogs for my own sport; I now offer them for sale. Send for circular.
T. B. HUDSPETH,
SIBLEY, Jackson Co. MO.

N. H. Gentry, BREEDER OF Shorthorn Cattle Berkshire Hogs

SEDARIA, MO.
Correspondence Solicited

Percheron Horses

YOUNG STALLIONS AND MARES FOR SALE REASONABLE.
J. W. and J. C. ROBISON,
Towanda, Kansas.
IMPORTERS AND BREEDERS,

50 Shorthorn Bulls 50

Have for sale 50 young registered Shorthorn bulls, 15 to 24 months old. Good flesh, good colors and ready for service. Will be sold reasonable in lots to suit or carloads. 50 miles north Kansas City, K. C. & N. C. R. R., Port Arthur Route, station, Maple Hill.
H. CLAY DUNGAN,
OSBORNE MISSOURI.

LOOKING OVER THE HOG FIELD.

We are now casting over the field to see what the available hog supply for the winter pack will be. We shall then be better able to forecast the probable condition of the market for hog products.

It looks as if there will be a fair supply of hogs for the fall. It may be stated right now that hogs and hog products will be high. There are two conditions which make this a moral certainty: First, the supply of hogs will hardly meet the market on a low price level in view of the large and growing demand for pork products; second, the hogs which will come to the abattoir in a finished state will have been fed and hardened with expensive feed. Grain has been high and where it forced the market on prime finished cattle will also affect the hog market.

While it is true, in a sense, that hogs will graze themselves into the packing house in summer, that firm, white meat which the consumer demands cannot be produced except by weeks of corn feeding. Corn is "way up yonder" and seems to stay there.

We expect high pork, and we do not look for a permanent drop for some time to come.—National Provisioner.

CATTLE DEALERS WILL REJOICE.

It is no easy matter to please both producer and consumer, so conflicting are their interests. One revels in high prices. The other is delighted with low prices. When the secretary of agriculture tells the farmers of the Mississippi valley that the present high prices of cattle and hogs will continue for several years he discourages the city consumers of beef and pork, who had hoped that there was to be a speedy fall in the price of meats. The price is at this time higher than house keepers like to see it. They will not be pleased to find Secretary Wilson announcing that it is not to come down.

It does not matter much if housekeepers do grumble a little, so long as the farmers of the Mississippi valley are contented. They have had their share of lean years and are fairly entitled to at least an equal number of fat years. When they are contented there is peace in the land. If the fat years last until the farmers are so saturated with sound financial doctrines that few if any of them will be heard in the future crying loudly for cheap money, there will be cause for rejoicing. The new third party which has been organized in Missouri will not grow in numbers so long as the men on the farms and cattle ranges are making money.

Therefore the city people ought not to be unduly disturbed by Secretary Wilson's prediction. While prosperity lasts and wages and profits are good it will be much easier to buy meat than it was eight years ago, when beef cost much less than it does now, but when the money with which to buy it was not always forthcoming. The farmers are in clover now. They are making money out of cattle and corn. So much the better for the whole country. When farmers thrive other people are doing well.—Chicago Tribune.

DR. W. R. CLIFTON, Waco, Texas.
Breeder of High Class REGISTERED

Red Polled Cattle and Berkshire Hogs

WORTH HOTEL Ft. Worth Texas
W. P. HENDRICK, Proprietor.
Best service given to Transients.
Headquarters for Cattlemen.
Dec 15 '99-1v.

LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR \$1 per year

"Wolves" or "Warbles" in Cattle.

By the term "wolves" in the back of cattle are meant the small tumors, which are often seen at this time of the year upon cattle which have been pastured during the previous summer. The common name for them is "warbles," and they are caused by an insect, which, it is supposed, deposits its eggs on an animal, and the larvae develop in the tumors. These grubs, when they have attained sufficient size, escape and cause no injury to the cattle, but will decrease the value of its hide from 25 to 66 per cent, according to the number of warble holes it contains. It will aid, however, in the extermination of the insects if the grubs are squeezed out with the fingers and killed. When the opening is too small to permit the removal of the grub, it may be enlarged with a sharp knife. Usually, however, it may be pressed out sufficiently to be grasped with a small pair of forceps, and is then easily removed by gentle traction, observing care to prevent breaking. In case of suppuration or inflammation, a solution of one part zinc oleum to fifty parts water may be injected into the swelling through the opening.

Oklahoma Live Stock Sanitary Commission Meeting.

The Oklahoma Live Stock Sanitary Commission met Saturday, June 29th with W. E. Bolton, Thomas Morris and O. C. French, and all the affairs of the commission are reported in first class shade.

The only important feature of the session was the boards approval of the action of Secretary French in having Inspector L. J. Allen quarantine the native yards of the "101" near Bliss.

Joe C. Miller, the manager of the ranch, recently purchased a bunch of southern cattle in Kansas City and had them shipped to Bliss. Here are two separate yards, one each for native and other cattle. By some mistake the southern cattle were unloaded in the native yards and were soon mingling with Millers native cattle. The matter was reported to Secretary French who had the yards quarantined.

In the meantime Mr. Miller is threatening the Santa Fe railroad with a damage suit for placing the cattle in the wrong pens and the company is also looking for the parties that unloaded the cattle.

The sanitary board may quarantine the entire pasture of the "101" ranch when the report of the inspector comes in.

Trade at Fulton's—it Pays.

WHEN IN WICHITA
GO TO

FULTON'S

and learn the Latest Market Quotations from Fulton's Livestock Bulletin Board and supply your

Hot Weather Apparel

wants from the largest and finest stock in the West, priced the lowest and get your money back for any dissatisfaction.

C. R. FULTON

Wichita's Greatest Clothing Store.

Have You Seen

the new "TIFFIN" Wagon! The splendid quality of its material—its superior construction and elegant finish make it the most desirable wagon now made. Taking the lead wherever known. Every farmer and teamster should send us his address on a postal card. Meanwhile don't buy a wagon until you hear from us. Address

THE TIFFIN WAGON CO.,
Tiffin, Ohio, or
Kansas City, Mo.

THE LIVESTOCK INSPECTOR

PUBLISHED SEMI-MONTHLY BY W. E. BOLTON.

WOODWARD, OKLAHOMA. KANSAS CITY, MISSOURI.

Represented in Kansas City by Mrs. J. E. Reed and E. F. Halstead.

Represented in New Mexico by Geo. H. Hutchins, Carlsbad

B. L. Gaston, Traveling Agent. New York Office: 928 American Tract Society Building, W. B. Leffingwell, Manager.

Chicago Office: 35-37 Randolph Street, W. B. Leffingwell, Manager.

Mr. Leffingwell is authorized to accept advertisements for The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR at our contract rates. Orders filed with him will receive our prompt and careful attention.

The only journal published in Oklahoma and the Indian Territory, devoted exclusively to live stock interests and stock farming.

Entered at the post-office at Woodward, Oklahoma, as second-class mail matter.

AT KANSAS CITY, U. S. A. The branch office of The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR is in Room 289, Live Stock Exchange Building, at Kansas City. All persons from the Range Country are invited to call and register every time they are in Kansas City. Mrs. Josie E. Reed, in charge.

Subscription \$1 per Year in Advance.

JULY 15 1901.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

REMITTANCES. In sending money to the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR please observe that the Clearing House will not accept private checks at par. Remit by postal or express orders, eastern bank exchange, registered letter, or if by private check add twenty-five cents for collection. Amounts of less than \$1 can be paid in postage stamps.

DISCONTINUANCES. Subscribers wishing the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR stopped at the expiration of their subscription must notify us in writing to that effect otherwise we shall consider it is their wish to have it continued and we will make collection for the same.

CHANGES OF ADDRESS. When a change of address is ordered, both the new and old address must be given and notice sent two weeks before the change is desired. We require this on account of our heavy mailing list.

Official Organ of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association.

At News Depots, and On Trains.



1901

JULY

Calendar grid for July 1901 showing days of the week and dates.

AUGUST

Calendar grid for August 1901 showing days of the week and dates.

SEPTEMBER

Calendar grid for September 1901 showing days of the week and dates.

OCTOBER

Calendar grid for October 1901 showing days of the week and dates.

NOVEMBER

Calendar grid for November 1901 showing days of the week and dates.

DECEMBER

Calendar grid for December 1901 showing days of the week and dates.



OKLAHOMA POULTRY ASSOCIATION.

J. J. WALLACE, Pres., Oklahoma City. L. F. LAVERTY, Sec'y, Guthrie. ROBT. MORRIS, Vice-Pres., Guthrie.

OKLAHOMA SWINE BREEDERS ASSOCIATION

A. J. HENTHORN, Pres., Oklahoma City. C. S. WILLIAMS, Sec'y, North Enid.

OKLAHOMA AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL AND IRRIGATION SOCIETY.

E. E. BOGUS, Pres., Stillwater. C. A. McNABB, Sec'y., Oklahoma City.

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR

exercises great care in admitting advertisements to its columns. If any of our readers wish information regarding any advertisement or advertiser we would be glad to give same. If you wish to buy anything that is not advertised in our columns, write us and we will refer you to the best place to buy.

The demand for good fat cattle—downeth not—and prices bid fair to stay at present mark.

Are you doing so?—if not, why not?—getting something ready for the International Live Stock Exposition, at Chicago.

In Belgium, by a recent legislation, all cattle are to wear earrings as soon as they have attained the age of three months.

Old Missouri seems to be doing quite well—thank you—as last year her cattle and hogs brought in cash the sum \$56,000,000.

A great many persons who answer advertisements in the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR will benefit both themselves and the INSPECTOR by kindly stating they saw their ad in this paper.

The Shorthorn grade of cattle has done well—exceedingly well. During the past four years public sales have increased 110 per cent, and number sold 450 per cent. The Shorthorn breed has certainly done well, and bids fair to do still better in the future.

The publisher of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR has been appointed by President Springer of the National Live Stock Association as a member of a special committee to draft a bill providing for land exchange in western states. Any stockman having suggestions to make in this matter will confer a favor by sending same at once to W. E. Bolton, Woodward, Oklahoma.

All members of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association may find Inspector James Whitehead in Room 326, Live Stock Exchange, Kansas City, Mo., when not at work in the yards. All mail relating to brands should be addressed to the Secretary at Woodward, but all members are invited to call at the above number, when in Kansas City, and meet Mr. Whitehead, who represents them at that market.

Kansas University will begin experiments this fall to throw the light of science on some of the entomological problems connected with the breeding of livestock. Professor Hunter of the entomological department has gone to carry on some laboratory investigations in the Marine Biological Museum at Wood Hall, Mass. The results of his research will form the foundation for the practical experiments of next winter, when it is hoped to establish some facts in regard to the breeding of livestock which will be highly beneficial to the breeder and stock raiser.

Secretary F. B. Winn, of the Poland China show committee, which has charge of the exhibition of Poland China hogs at Kansas City during the second week of next October, is urging a heartier and more general support by the breeders. To assure the success of the exhibition the committee should not be handicapped by a lack of funds, and as the breeders themselves are the ones who will be directly benefited it would seem but natural to call upon them for financial encouragement. The value of these public exhibitions to the breeders is acknowledged, and hogmen generally should see to it that successes are made of all of them.

If you are not a member of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association, you should join at once. "In unity is strength."

To Tell the Age of a Horse.

To tell the age of any horse, Inspect the lower jaw, of course. The six front teeth the tale will tell, And every doubt and fear dispel.

Two middle "nippers" you behold Before the colt is two weeks old, Before eight weeks two more will come Eight months the "corners" cut the gum

The outside grooves will disappear From middle two in just one year; In two years, from the second pair, In three the "corners," too, are bare.

At two, the middle "nippers" drop, At three the second pair can't stop When four years old the third pair goes, At five a full new set he shows.

The black spots will pass from view At six years from the middle two; The second part at seven years, At eight the spot each "corner" clears.

From middle "nippers," upper jaw, At nine the black spots will withdraw; The second pair at nine are white; Eleven finds the "corners" light.

As time goes on the horsemen know That oval teeth three sided grow; They longer get, project before Till twenty, when we know no more.

Inspection Law to be Tested.

The National Live Stock Association, through its president, John W. Springer, declares it the fixed purpose of the association to test the constitutionality of the Colorado state law which requires state inspection of live stock, notwithstanding a clean bill of health had been granted by the federal authorities. The case is that of Ed. H. Reid of the Flato Commission company of Omaha, who was arrested June 26th in Denver, charged with taking into the state twenty-seven cars of cattle which had not been inspected by a Colorado official. Colonel Springer made the following statement today:

The report coming from Denver that Mr. Ed. H. Reid of the Flato Commission company of Omaha had been arrested on June 26, in the office of the National Live Stock association, in Denver, charged with illegally bringing twenty-seven cars of cattle into the state Colorado without paying the inspection fee demanded by the state of 2 cents a head, is a fact. The live stock men of the United States have determined to test the constitutionality of this Colorado law, insisting that where they have a clean bill of health granted their cattle by the federal authorities, that this should entitle their cattle to go into any state of the union, the state statutes to the contrary notwithstanding. The stockmen have been held up by the state boards of inspection, so-called, for years, and hundreds of thousands of dollars annually have been taken from stock raisers and we now propose to have it stopped. An application will be made today to Judge Hallett of the United States district court for Mr. Reid's release on a writ of habeas corpus.

"Should the court deny this writ an appeal will at once be taken to the supreme court of the United States, and we expect a decision in a very short time. This case will be watched with intense interest by every stock man in the United States, and the officers of the National Live Stock association have been assured from all quarters of the country of the unanimous support of the live stock interests in settling, once for all, the question as to whether federal inspection does not supersede state inspection.

"We realize it is a great question," said President Springer, "and of much more far reaching interest than is apparent to the casual observer. The live stock association in this case has the support of all the great live stock organizations of the country."

Hon. Ralph Talbot, of Denver, one of the ablest attorneys in Colorado, is the Colorado counsel of the National Live Stock association, and he will be

assisted in the supreme court of the United States by Judge William M. Springer, the local counsel of the association in Washington.

PUBLISHER'S NOTES.

C. R. Fulton has the greatest clothing store in Wichita. Trade with him—It pays.

The Fourth National Bank, Wichita, can handle your surplus funds to the very best advantage.

Star Drilling Machine Co., Akron, Ohio, has a machine that will secure a farm for you. Write them for particulars.

Dillard Sanitarium, Guthrie, Okla., can cure the whiskey, opium, morphine and cigarette habits safely and quickly.

The Eclipse Hay Press Co., 531 West 7th St., Kansas City, Mo., puts out a press that is simple, strong, durable, and they guarantee satisfaction.

The Chicago Telephone Supply Co., Washington and Canal Sts., Chicago, manufactures a telephone that is second to none. Their patrons are always satisfied.

The Tiffin Wagon Co., Tiffin, Ohio, or Kansas City, Mo., wants your address. They have something that will do you good. Send your name in on a postal card and they will do the rest.

W. S. Cleveland Company, 84-86 LaSalle St., Chicago, have a catalogue for 1901, that goes a long way toward proving their statement that they are "The Original Everything Dealers." The catalogue will be sent free upon application.

The Combination Wire Fence Co., 5 E. Levee, Kansas City, Mo., advertise their hog and cattle fence on page 16. It is cheaper than a two board fence and will last a life time. When you write them, mention the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR and they will send you a catalogue free.

We wish to call our readers attention to the advertisement of the Brokaw Mercantile Company on page Fourteen. They are reliable people and money sent for goods go into safe hands. You can depend on honest, fair treatment and that their representations are correct.

Any one with a little spare time can have an opportunity to pick up some easy money. Read the particulars in the advertisement to be found on page Thirteen. It is a bona-fide offer, backed up by the most prominent business men of Kansas City. Mention the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR when you write.

In the June 15 issue of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR under the head of "Publisher's Notes" an error was made in regard to the address of the Zenner Disinfectant Co. It was given as 113 Bates St. Chicago, but should have been 113 Bates St., Detroit, Mich. All communications from patrons of the INSPECTOR should be sent to the last named address.

Since the horses of Kentucky are famed the world over for their gifts and graces, it does not surprise us that the Kentucky Saddle house has an equally high reputation both at home and abroad. We refer to our advertisers, W. H. Dillingham & Co., of Louisville, Ky., who makes a specialty of their Leather Tree Saddle, which is the most humane saddle for the horse and the easiest on the rider of any saddle on the market. Heretofore saddles equal in merit to this have been of such high cost as to be beyond the reach of all except the wealthy; but Mr. Dillingham, by his superior manufacturing facilities, is able to put his Leather Tree Saddle on the market at a surprisingly low figure. For such riders as prefer other styles, they make a complete line, all of which are shown by photographic illustrations in their large catalogue. This also covers a splendid line of harness, vehicles and other goods needed by the farmer and horseman. Write W. H. Dillingham & Co., at Louisville, Ky., for a copy and mention this paper in doing so.

SUNDAY ON THE RANCH.

Sunday on the ranch is a day of general "cleaning up" among the punchers. This means the donning of a clean but generally unironed shirt, a shave, and possibly a hair-cut by some of the boys more or less—mostly less—accomplished in the tonsorial art.

Speaking of the "clean shirt" reminds me of the way I found out how this self-same shirt came to be clean. I was sauntering along the river bank one day when I noticed a good strong rope attached to a rock on the bank, the opposite end being covered in the water.

Being of a curious turn of mind I seized the rope and began to pull. A small rock splashed into the water and up came a bundle of clothes—socks underclothing and red bandana kerchiefs. I hastily put them back, for I felt that I had uncovered some hidden secret.

That afternoon Jack Burton said: "Let's go down to the creek and I'll do out my washin'; put 'em to soak last week and haven't got round to get 'em out yet. So, armed with a bar of soap, we went down and "did" the washing and hung them on the bushes to dry. In the evening I saw Jack stuffing them into a big sack. This is usually their "truak," and I suppose is the foundation for the funny remark a genuine old-timer made to me not long ago. We were discussing the love affairs of a certain young rancher, and in his drawing way the old fellow said: "Yes, you bet! Bob's willin' for that old girl to throw her clothes into his sack any time."

After the cleaning up process is complete the boys depart on various errands. For it is seldom they put in the whole day lounging around. He who is so fortunate as to be the proud possessor of a "best girl" bestrides his "top horse" and hies him to the home of his lady love.

Often a broncho is "busted." Almost every ranch has a professional broncho buster who attends entirely to the breaking of the horses. But on leisure days all sorts and conditions of men ride—often the result of a bet. When this is the case all that have wagered that the rider will "stay with him" encourage him by shouting "Stay with him," "Go to him, cowboy," etc. while those of the opposite side shout, "Go to him, old horse," and if the unfortunate "bustee" happens to touch the saddle any place with his hands the opposing party yows that he "pulled leather." or, if he has touched the horn, they shout that he is "choking the horn." The fellow that "pulls leather," no matter how well he has stayed on, has little respect shown him when it comes to discussing broncho busting. But the one who "rides 'em straight up" and fans 'em with his hat" is considered all right.

This fanning them with the hat seems to be a universal custom. All good riders as soon as mounted take off their hats and lean first forward and then back, beating the horse all over. I can't say where this custom originated, but from Texas to North Dakota you will find it so.

If the ranch happens to own an outlaw it is often roped, thrown, harnessed and put into the broncho cart. This cart is a two wheeled affair, usually made out of old wagon wheels and a good heavy pole for the tongue. This is not often a thing of beauty but it is good and strong and not liable to break in case a horse should fall or throw itself upon it, which often happens.

After the horse is thrown a long rope is fastened to one front foot; this is brought up and run through a heavy ring fastened to the belly band, then tied to the other foot and brought up and run through another ring, which is fastened to the hame or sometimes to the back band. In earlier days two ropes were used, but this new method has the desired effect of throwing the animal, and, of course, one rope is more easily handled than two. Generally a gentle horse is put in

with the wild one, although I have seen some of the boys, when looking for excitement, put two bronchos in together. This, however, is not deemed practicable when one wants a horse well broken. When all is ready one man armed with a good whip and the lines and another handling the foot rope get into the cart. The poor frightened horse leaps and plunges, but a pull of the rope brings his nose to the ground, and after a few bumps all he tries to do is to run, which they usually let him do unrestrained, in an hour or so they come back. The, poor tired, trembling animal, a very crestfallen looking creature to the high-headed, defiant one that was hited up a short time before.

If late in the fall often a bunch of colts are run in to be branded. For this purpose a small round corral is built around one gate of the larger corral, and after the horses have been run in at the other gate men go in on foot and cut out a small bunch of colts and run them into this little corral. It is quite small, it being so much easier to rope in a small corral than in a large one. Sometimes it is surprising the amount of strength one

time in their lives have been taught the sacred old hymns and sing well. But some old codger will chip in to swell the anthem, and therefore the the key ranges anywhere between G sharp and B minor.

But after the hat has been passed around and the preacher finds from thirty to forty dollars therein he forgives Broncho Jones his lusty singing and Panama Pete for spitting tobacco juice on the floor.

Thus the Sundays are put in in various ways. The day which has been ordered in scriptural passages to be hallowed as a day of rest is usually a day of more or less excitement.

But when the final bugle is sounded I feel that some of these, for all their reckless thoughtlessness will be rounded into the home where many mansions be.—C. Ball in Drovers Journal.

Hereford Show Dates, 1901.

Hamlin, Minn., Sept. 2 to 7.
Louisville, Ky., Sep. 28 to 29.
Kansas City, Mo., Oct. 16 to 25.
Chicago, Ill., Dec. 2 to 7.

Tell your friends the great value of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR. ONLY \$1.

What Two Women Have Done.



MRS. ANNA R. PARKS.



MISS ORA G. ROSS.

The above illustrations show the personnel of two successful girls who own and operate a ranch in Woodward county, Oklahoma. In the spring of 1868, these two sisters came to Woodward county from Waverly, W. Va. and filed on claims. Their first investment was twenty head of milk cows, which have proved to be the foundation of a herd of about 1,500 head of cattle now owned by them, on which there is not a dollar owing to any person or corporation anywhere. The two claims entered by them were the beginning of the ownership of nearly five sections of deeded land now owned by them. They also lease several school sections and have the advantage of some good sand hill open range. Last winter they were joined by a brother, R. H. Ross, who is a new partner in the prosperous ranch which is managed by them. Since coming here, the eldest sister married Mr. Parks, but the capital of the outfit was built up entirely by the two girls, who, personally looked after affairs, attending to the cattle, branding the increase and joining in the round ups. The ranch is beautifully located on the Beaver river, near the mouth of Kiowa creek, and has been named "Meadow Brook Ranch." Articles of incorporation under the name of the Ross Cattle Company, will be filed next month. The success achieved by these two ladies show what can be done by care taking and good management, in a country peculiarly adapted to cattle raising.

of these little animals have, plunging and squealing when they find the rope is on them. One man throws the rope on the neck and another ropes the two front feet. Once in a while only one foot is caught, then very carefully they have to get it off and try again. It seems too bad to put the smoking hot iron on the poor little things, but of course it has to be done where thousands of horses run on the range together, and some are not seen by their owners for six months at a time, and although horse-stealing is not as common as in former years one must protect himself, for every range, no matter how closely watched, has its "mavericker" (horse-thief.)

Once in a while a minister strays into the community and preaches in some large ranch house or in the school house if he is so fortunate as to find one. People come from far and near and in all sorts of vehicles. Late riders come in, their spurs clanking time to the songs. Some of the boys are good singers, and at some

The plans of the breeders of purebred live stock for securing a foothold in the trade with the Argentine republic have received a set back in the last few days, that country having proclaimed an embargo on breeding cattle from the United States as well as on those from Europe. The fiat against the United States animals, however, is believed to be only temporary, and that when the six months, for which time the embargo was declared, shall have passed, the Argentine country will extend a welcome to the breeders of this country. W. E. Skinner, of Chicago, is now conferring with the officials of the various associations and as soon as practicable some man will be selected to take charge of the work and negotiate with the Argentine breeders. It is a work that deserves all the support that can be given, and it doubtless will have the hearty co-operation of all who are in any way interested in the breeding of purebred live stock.—Drovers Telegram.

THE OFF SIDE OF THE COW.

Old Wendell Hopkins' hired man is an absent-minded chap; He'll start for a chair and like as not set down in some one's lap. I happened along where he stopped to bait his horses the other day— He'd given the horses his luncheon pail and was trying to eat their hay. A kind of a blame fool sort of a trick for even a hired man. But he tackled a different kind of a snag when he fooled with Matilda Ann. When he fooled with Matilda Ann, by jinks, he got it square in the neck. And the doctors say, though live he may, he's a total human wreck. He's wrapped in batting and thinking now Of the grief in insultin a brindle cow.

Matilda Ann gives down her milk and she doesn't switch her tail. She gives ten quarts—week in, week out, and she never kicks the pail. She doesn't hook and she doesn't jump, but even Matilda Ann Ain't called to stand all sorts of grief from a dern fool hired man. And when he stubbed to the drinking shed in sort of a dream and tried To make Matilda "so" and "whoa" while he milked on the wrong off side; She give him a look to wilt his soul and plugged him one with her hoof. And I guess that at last his wits were jogged as he slammed through the lintel roof. He's got a poultice on his brow The size of the hoof of a brindle cow.

Now, study the ways of the world, my son; oh, study the ways of life! It's the hustling chap who gets the cash or the girl he wants for a wife; It's the feller that spots the place to grab when Chance goes swinging by, Who gets a dab in the juiciest place and the biggest plum in the pie. There's always a chance to milk the world; there's a teat, a pail and a stool; There's a place for the chap with sense and grit, but a dangerous hole for a fool. For while the feller that's up to snuff drums a merry tune in his pail The fool sneaks up on the left-hand side and lands in the grave or in jail. It's an awkward place, as you'll allow, The off-hand side of the world or a cow. —Denver Field and Farm.

Dead Hogs Numerous.

A local stock agent of a railroad that hauls a great many hogs to this market was commenting on the fact of farmers and shippers loading swine so heavily in warm weather. "It is all right to comfortably fill a car in the winter time," said he, "for then they serve to keep each other warm, and all is well, but when the hot weather sets in, shippers should make allowances accordingly. This is particularly so in an excessively hot spell such as we are having at present. Almost every load of heavy hogs that comes in with the animals crowded too much, shows several of the swine dead. Of late the record was broken in this line, as far as my road is concerned, when a load of heavy hogs that had come a long ways had twenty dead hogs in it by the time they were unloaded. They were heavy hogs to begin with, and had been put in the car so thick that they could scarcely get a breath without standing on their hind legs like a trick dog in a circus. Of course this is nothing to me personally, but I would like to see the animals given a little more breathing room in such torrid weather. The farmer or shipper would also find that giving the hogs more space even if he had to get another car, or share with his neighbor, would net him more money in the long run. Dead hogs bring but 1 1/4 cents per pound, and the live animal is now worth 6 cents. The shipper who had twenty dead ones in his load yesterday would have been far better off today had he paid for another car, and received 6 cents for all his hogs. —Drovers Telegram.

National Hereford Exchange Dates.

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF T. F. B. SOTHAM.

E. St. Louis, Nov. 20-22, 1901;
Chicago, March 25-27, 1902;
Kansas City, Apr. 22-24, 1902;
Omaha, May 27-29, 1902;
Chicago, June 24-26, 1902.

The Live Stock Inspector Midsummer Edition will be issued Aug. 1st—with a very large extra circulation. Advertisers should not fail to take advantage of this special edition.

From the Markets

Kansas City Office, 289 Live Stock Exchange.

Mrs. J. E. Reed Clerk in Charge.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Prepared especially for The Live Stock Inspector.

CATTLE.

June 10 to June 22 INCLUSIVE.	Receipts.	Dressed Beef & Shipping Steers, Native Fed.	Texas and Indian Steers.	Texas and Indian Cows.	Okl. Feeders.	Stockers and Feeders.	Bulls.
Monday, June 24	5000	\$4 50-5 80	\$3 15-5 50	\$ 2 25-3 10	\$ -	\$3 25-4 70	\$2 65-4 65
Tuesday, June 25	9700	4 25-5 90	3 20-5 10	2 80-3 00	-	3 10-4 60	2 00-1 30
Wednesday, June 26	8400	4 10-5 80	3 05-4 65	3 00-3 10	-3 85	2 70-4 50	2 85-4 20
Thursday, June 27	8100	5 80-2 75	3 30-4 60	2 50-3 50	-4 85	2 75-4 65	1 75-4 45
Friday, June 28	2900	3 25-5 60	3 05-4 20	-3 05	3-50-4 20	2 90-4 50	2 7 3 15
Saturday, June 29	-	-	-	-	-	-	-3 15
Monday, July 1	9200	2 40-5 55	2 75-4 40	2 35-3 75	-	2 40-4 10	2 50-4 00
Tuesday, July 2	10100	4 00-5 75	3 15-3 90	2 00-2 90	-	2 00-4 75	2 25-3 40
Wednesday, July 3	5000	3 90-5 80	3 15-4 25	2 75-2 90	-	2 00-4 00	2 75-3 85
Thursday, July 4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Friday, July 5	4800	3 25-5 75	2 85-4 40	2 35-2 90	2 50-3 00	2 25-4 10	2 25-4 00
Saturday, July 6	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

HOGS.

The market below is a representative basis of good hogs for packers' use.

June 10 to June 22 INCLUSIVE.	Receipts.	Top Price.	Bulk of Sales
Monday, June 24	4400	\$6 00	5 85-6 05
Tuesday, June 25	15200	6 20	5 95-6 10
Wednesday, June 26	14200	6 12 1/2	5 90-6 07 1/2
Thursday, June 27	16100	6 10	5 90-6 05
Friday, June 28	15-00	6 10	5 85-5 86
Saturday, June 29	-	-	-
Monday, July 1	4400	6 10	5 86-6 00
Tuesday, July 2	23000	6 00	5 75-5 95
Wednesday, July 3	20000	5 92 1/2	5 65-5 85
Thursday, July 4	-	-	-
Friday, July 5	12400	5 95	5 65-5 90
Saturday	-	-	-

Kansas City Stock Yards.

Kansas City Stock Yards, July 6, 1901.

The early grass cattle from the south have begun to arrive in earnest. This week's supply being unusually large for the season. Receipts of Southern cattle and calves for the month of June show a gain of 9500 over last June, and six months of 1901 an increase of 21000 cattle and 2861 calves over the same period of 1900.

The large supply of Southern early in the week placed buyers in a position to demand concessions and only the best native export and dressed beef steers were able to maintain prices, while light to medium weight native and southern steers sold 10c lower, grass southern ranging from \$3.25 to 4.00 and fed southern \$4.15 to 4.79. With light supplies Friday there was a decided reaction with improved prices. The demand for butcher and canning cows continues very strong, the offerings of this class of stock early in the week selling about steady and advanced 5 to 10c on the improved conditions Friday and today. Southern cows sold this week at \$2.66 to 3.30 and choice heifers \$3.00 to 3.40. The market on native cows and heifers was active all week, early sales ruling fully steady with yesterday's sales, showing 10 to 20c advance over last week's quotations. Fair to choice cows selling at \$2.85 to 4.25; canners \$2.00 to 2.75; choice heifers sold up to \$4.90 but the bulk sold at \$3.40 to 4.50.

During the month of June about 22,000 stockers and feeders went to the country, showing an increase of about 2000 as compared with June, 1900. The continued dry weather was making country buyers timid and stock cattle attracted little attention and caused a shrinkage of values ranging from 40c per hundred on the choice bred stock to 75c to \$1.00 on inferior grades. The unusual bargains offered in this class of stock brought out conservative buyers Wednesday and at this writing all

the accumulations of the past ten days are cleaned up and fully one-half of the decline restored. Good feeders are worth from \$4.00 to 4.75 and stockers from \$3.00 upwards.

Liberal receipts of hogs early in the week caused a decline of 10 to 15c but with lighter supplies yesterday, prices were much improved. Top-to-day was \$5.97 1/2 and the bulk \$5.85 to 5.95, with lights and pigs bringing \$5.50 to 5.85. Sheep receipts were very light and confined largely to small bunches of natives from local points. The quality has been unusually common and prices show a 20 to 25c decline that was largely due to the inferior class of stock offered. We could use much larger supplies of Western muttons than are now arriving and producers of this class of stock would find it to their advantage to consign their shipments via this market. Fair quality of Texas muttons, weighing 85 lbs sold this week as high as \$3.50. Lamb prices range from \$4.25 to 5.10 for Western to best natives. A large train of Arizona spring lambs sold at \$5.00 early in the week. Wethers are worth \$3.50 to 3.90; yearlings \$3.75 to 4.40; fed ewes \$3.25 to 3.75; Texas range muttons \$3.25 to 3.75; Texas lambs \$3.25 to 4.00.

PERSONAL TO OUR SHIPPERS.

When shipping to the Kansas City Stock Yards, remember the following progressive and reliable commission firms: Evans-Snyder-Buel Commission Co. Campbell, Hunt & Adams. Barse Commission Co. Drovers Commission Co. McKee-Zook-Whitford Com. Co. Rogers Commission Co. Kansas City Live Stock Com. Co.

When shipping to the St. Joseph Stock Yards, remember the following progressive and reliable commission firms: The Flato Commission Co.

When shipping to the Wichita Union Stock Yards, remember the following reliable and progressive commission firms: E. J. Healy & Co. Paugh & Co. The Eldridge Commission Co. Union Live Stock Commission Co. Robbins & Alexander.

These firms have confidence in the cattle industry of the southwest, and solicit your patronage, which is a strong proof of their progressiveness. It is the wide-awake commission men that are sure of their ability to give satisfactory results, who are not afraid to invest in advertising space. Also, you are indebted to these men for helping to support a paper, which from its location and personal interests in your country, is more in touch

with your country and you than is possible for any other to be. Stand by the people who stand by you and consign your shipments to those who by their support enable your editor to publish a paper devoted solely to your interests.

NOTES FROM BARSE COMMISSION CO.

M. M. Hargis, of Kansas, had in 278 steers that sold at 4c.

C. Williams, of Kansas, had in 15 steers that sold at \$3.50.

Hargis & Wachtman, of Kansas, marketed 32 steers at \$3.60.

C. Lowe, of Kansas, marketed 83 hogs, average 226 lbs., at \$5.87 1/2.

Lucas & Blackburn, of Indian Territory, marketed 88 steers at \$3.90.

Joe Anderson, of Missouri, marketed 69 hogs, average 251 lbs., at \$5.75.

Wm. F. Warren, of Indian Territory, had in 107 hogs that brought \$5.30.

E. M. Erwin, of Indian Territory, had in 188 steers that sold for \$3.35.

J. A. Garner brought in 95 steers from the Indian Territory that sold at \$3.50.

D. P. Rinehart, of Kansas, marketed 83 steers at \$3.75; and 33 head at \$3.60.

B. F. Darlington had in a load of cows from the Indian Territory that sold for \$2.65.

Hargis & Everett, of Kansas, was on the market with 65 steers that brought \$3.95.

C. P. Gibson, of Indian Territory, had in 27 cows that sold for \$2.90, and 22 steers that sold for 4c.

Coleman & Keeran, of Indian Territory, marketed 58 cows, average 732 lbs. at \$2.90; 28 steers, average 868, at \$3.25; 108 calves, at \$5.25.

NOTES FROM ROGERS COMMISSION CO.

D. C. Golden, of Butler Co., Kas., had in two loads of cattle.

T. D. Cowan, had in a load of light hogs from Arkansas City.

H. T. Kregg was here from Osage Co., Kans., with cattle and hogs.

Warren Bros. brought in 2 loads of good cattle from Franklin Co., Kans.

John Atchison, of Osage Co., was on the market with 3 loads of good native cattle.

Fresh & McNary, of Butler Co., Kas., had a load of light hogs on the market which sold well.

NOTES FROM CAMPBELL, HUNT & ADAMS.

J. S. Murtha, of Oklahoma, marketed hogs.

J. W. Gregory, of Indian Territory, had in hogs.

A. Richardson, of Oklahoma was here with swine.

L. D. Santbine was in from Oklahoma with hogs.

J. H. Tucker, of Indian Territory, was here with hogs.

O. F. Beavers, of Indian Territory was here with cattle.

G. W. Young, of Indian Territory had in two cars of cattle.

F. Penner, brought in two cars of cattle from the Indian Territory.

J. M. McFarland, of Indian Territory consigned six cars of cattle to this market.

Z. T. Addington, of Indian Territory had three cars of cattle on the market.

FROM THE DROVERS.

E. W. Haskins, of Oklahoma had in cattle.

Crane & McBride, of Oklahoma, had in cattle.

John Stone, of Kansas, was here with a load of cattle.

G. W. Sampson, of New Mexico, was here with sheep.

W. C. Jett & Co., of Oklahoma was here with six loads of cattle.

NOTES FROM EVANS-SNIDER-BUEL CO.

Wm. Gilbert, of Kansas, had in a load of native feeders, average 1056 that sold for \$4.50.

Jas. A. Haller, of Missouri, was well pleased with his sale of 29 native steers weighing 1086 lbs. at \$5.20.

Evans-Snyder-Buel Co., sold for W. H. Linton, of Kansas, a bunch of stock cattle that weighed 582 lbs. at \$4.55.

Mitchell & Selfridge, of the Indian Territory, had on the market 101 steers, average 923 lbs. that sold for \$3.75.

Jay Fulbright, of Missouri, had a load of fat cattle to Evans-Snyder-Buel Co., that weighed 1210 lbs. and sold for \$5.25.

H. K. Wood, of Missouri, was well pleased with his sale of stock cattle. They weighed 930 lbs and brought \$4.40.

F. D. Wolcott, of Kansas, had in 100 cattle that averaged 944 lbs. that were sold for him by Evans-Snyder-Buel Co. for \$4.25.

Evans-Snyder-Buel Co., sold for J. W. Moseley, of Kansas, 132 steers, average 1099 lbs. at \$4.15. They were of good quality and good flesh.

J. T. Lee, of Missouri, says that if you want your cattle sold high ship them to Evans-Snyder-Buel Co. They sold a bunch of grass cattle for him at \$4.85, that weighed 1117 lbs.

H. H. Halsell, of Texas, had in a consignment of 350 steers, average 924 lbs. fair quality and good flesh, that Evans-Snyder-Buel Co., sold for the good price of \$3.40.

Evans-Snyder-Buel Co., sold for T. C. Livingston, of the Indian Territory, 11 cows, 721 lbs. at \$2.90; 10 fair quality heifers, 390 lbs at \$2.75; also 31 calves, good quality but too heavy, 252 lbs. at \$3.25.

Evans-Snyder-Buel Co., sold for Daube & Kapp, of Texas, 28 steers, average 971 lbs. at \$4.00, good quality and fat; also 15 steers average 754 lbs. at \$3.10, common canners; also 3 bulls average 1433 lbs. at \$2.90.

Evans-Snyder-Buel Co., made sale of hogs as follows: Hogan Mercantile Co. of Indian Territory, 103 lights 170 lbs. at \$5.85; L. A. Keys, I. T., load light mixed hogs, \$5.90; H. K. Wood, Mo., load 232 lbs. hogs, \$6.05; P. H. Baughman, Kans., load mixed packers, \$5.97; G. J. Means, Kans., load 180 lbs. mixed hogs, \$5.90; J. L. Price, I. T., load of lights, \$5.70; W. H. Patterson, Kans., nice medium weights, \$6.05; J. H. Frazier, Okla., load of light mixed, \$5.90; Geo. B. Keeler, I. T., load of lights, \$5.90; J. M. Graves, Mo., two loads 207 lbs. hogs, \$5.95; Shelton & Sires, Mo., a load of mixed packers, \$6.00; Farrar Bros., Kans., a load of 142 lbs. hogs, \$5.70; E. Gorsuch, Kans., load mixed packers, \$5.85; Commercial National Bank of I. T., a load of lights, \$5.65.

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SNIDER-BUEL CO.

Kansas, had in a
ers, average 1056

Missouri, was well
of 29 native steers
t \$5.20.

l Co., sold for W.
s, a bunch of stock
582 lbs. at \$4.55.

ge, of the Indian
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t sold for \$3.75.

Missouri, had
Evans-Snider-Buel
10 lbs. and sold for

Missouri, was well
e of stock cattle.
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Kansas, had in 100
1944 lbs. that were
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el Co., sold for J.
sas, 132 steers av-
t.15. They were of
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souri, says that if
tle sold high ship
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rass cattle for him
ned 1117 lbs.

Texas, had in a con-
ers average 924 lbs.
od flesh, that Evans
sold for the good

uel Co., sold for T.
e Indian Territory,
\$2.90; 10 fair qual-
s at \$2.75; also 31
y but too heavy, 252

uel Co., sold for
Texas, 28 steers av-
\$4.00, good quality
eers average 754 lbs.
anners; also 3 bulls
at \$2.90

uel Co., made sale of
Logan Mercantile Co.
y, 103 lights 170 lbs.
ys, I. T., load light
; H. K. Wood, Mo.,
\$6.05; P. H. Baugh-
mixed packers, \$5.97.
as, load 180 lbs. mix-
L. Price, I. T., load

W. H. Patterson,
ium weights, \$6.05;
Okla., load of light
o. B. Keeler, I. T.,
90; J. M. Graves,
97 lbs. hogs, \$5.95;
Mo., a load of mixed
arrar Bros., Kans.,
hogs, \$5.70; E. Gorm-
mixed packers, \$5.85;
onal Bank of I. T.,
\$5.65.

WITH EVANS-SNIDER-
BUEL.

of Evans-Snider-Buel
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l to the comfort of

lay in their new office
ception and presented
ith souvenirs, each
an American Beauty
erous supply of its
and each man a cigar.
der-Buel Co., know
public and will cer-
o do a thriving busi-

heriff of Barbour co.,
with two cars of cat-

EVANS-SNIDER-BUEL CO.
LIVE STOCK COMMISSION AGENT.
Progressive Salesmen of SHEEP, CATTLE and HOGS.

NO shipment too large and none too small to receive **BEST SERVICE** we can bestow. **GOOD SALESMEN OFTEN OVERCOME BAD MARKETS.** Ours are trained experts with experience and judgment. Bad sales are disappointing and unprofitable, yet good and bad cost the same. **WHY NOT HAVE THE GOOD? You pay for the BEST, often getting something else. You always get the BEST by shipping to us.**



CHICAGO,
KANSAS CITY,
ST. LOUIS,
OMAHA.

STOCK
YARDS,
KANSAS CITY.

For Best Results Ship to
ROGERS COMMISSION CO.,
LIVE STOCK SALESMEN,
Stock Yards, Kansas City.

C HOOD, President; T. J. EAMAN Sec. & Treas
L. A. ALLEN, Vice-President. H. S. BOICE.

The Kansas City Live Stock Com. Co.

Is one of the Oldest and Best Companies in Kansas City

• A good one to do business with. • They have ample capital and are perfectly reliable. • Twenty-five years in the trade.

Write to them for information
and Ship to them for good results.

GEO. B. CAMPBELL, Cattle Salesman.
L. A. ALLEN, CHAS. W. CAMPBELL, PEYTON MONTGOMERY, } Cattle Salesmen.
W. T. MCINTIRE, Sheep Salesmen.
J. T. MEGREY, Hog Salesman.

GEO. R. BARSE, PRES. J. H. WAITE, SEC. AND TREAS.

BARSE Live Stock Commission Co.,

Rooms 159-160, Live Stock Exchange. KANSAS CITY, MO.
Established 1871.

→ Money to Loan on Cattle. ←

Experienced Salesmen. Prompt Remittances. Correspondence and Consignments Solicited.

WHY ARE RESULTS SATISFACTORY ON STOCK SHIPPED TO
CAMPBELL, HUNT & ADAMS,
LIVE STOCK SALESMEN, CATTLE, HOGS AND SHEEP.
KANSAS CITY, MO., AND EAST ST. LOUIS, ILL.

BECAUSE STRICTLY COMMISSION. HANDLE NO STOCK OF THEIR OWN. THEREFORE CUSTOMERS GET FIRST PERSONAL SERVICE AND STRENGTH OF MARKET.

When in Kansas City take advantage of C. H. Shipley's good goods and right prices. His boots and saddles of his own manufacture are celebrated among stockmen.

Don't forget the best friend you have when you come to the stock yards. Dreyfoos & White will make you comfortable and show you a fine line of men's furnishings.

Sloan's Economic Bake Oven, bakes biscuits in 7 minutes. Parties who are personally known to the editor of this department recommend this oven very highly. It is a great saver of gas or gasoline.

E. E. Axline, of Oak Grove, Mo., says he has used Moore's Hog Remedy nine years and shall continue to use it and the tank as long as he remains in the business. Write to Moore Chemical & Mfg. Co., 1501-03 Genesee street Kansas City, Mo., for particulars.

Geo. W. Crowell, of Alva, Okla., vice-President of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association and Vice President of the first National Bank of Alva, was at the yards recently on his return from Topeka where he had been on business connected with the freight department.

The American Steel Tank Co., of Kansas City Mo., has removed from 1320-22 West Eleventh street to 1305-7-9 West Twelfth street. They now have the largest and best equipped galvanized steel tank factory in the west. Read their ad on page two.

J. H. Shamel, of Newton, Kans., in his sworn statement says that he was treated for Cancer by Dr. J. C. McLaughlin, who is now in charge of the Kansas City Cancer Hospital, at Kansas City Mo. The treatment was without pain and but one treatment was required for about one hour. In one month he was well. Mr. Shamel is personally known to the writer and is a reliable man.

HOG RANGE AT FIVE POINTS.

	Top.	Bulk.
Kansas City.....	\$6.10	\$5.80-6.00
St. Joseph.....	6.074	5.90-6.00
St. Louis.....	6.10	5.95-6.00
Chicago.....	6.224	6.00-6.15
Omaha.....	5.95	5.874-5.924

GOOD RETURNS.

We publish the following extract from a letter written by a beautiful young girl to a bachelor who the INSPECTOR recently stated was "still on the market." Who can doubt the ef-

ficacy of the INSPECTOR when an article in its columns brings such returns as this:

"I have just finished reading the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR and saw that you are "still on the market." Knowing that letters will soon be pouring in from all parts of the country, I send mine by "special delivery," Mr. I am heart broken, My eyes are red with weeping, and my hands trembling so I can scarcely hold my pen. I had fancied that perhaps you had thought of ME. After wearing a diamond ring of yours, I demand an explanation. Why are you STILL on the market?"

For one short month my happiness has been complete. Now all is darkness and despair. To think that it has been publicly announced to the whole world! I am glad I am in the country where my pale cheeks and drooping spirits will not be noticed.

I dare not call you what I would like to or sign myself as my heart would dictate.

"Can't you come to me in my distress?"

HOW'S CATTLE?

In the midst of the generally high prices for beef the packers and the distributors alike naturally ask: How's cattle?"

There will be plenty of good fall cattle. Grassers are in abundance on the ranges and the feed has been unusually good. Quite some feeding has been going on also. That will tend to improve the good beef situation for fall killing.

We believe that beef prices will take a general drop about September. They will flutter up and down until then, but will hang around the present figures as an average.

The cotton seed meal and cake people have found out that meal and cake are worth five times as much when put into beef as it is when used as a fertilizer. So the oil mills and others have gone more largely into the feeding of beef cattle. This will have its effect upon the market, and we suspect, will go a long way towards creating a condition of all-the-year-round hand fed beef, it being found that the natural field, long feed and the short meal ration will produce a more profitable autumn beef steer than the old type of grasser which comes in with September.—National Provisioner.

The Kansas City Stock Yards

Cover 160 acres of ground and are the most modern and convenient of any in the world. They are located near the wholesale district of the city, easily accessible to the business and residence portion by street railway and within eight blocks of the Union depot.

Kansas City is the Largest Stocker and Feeder Market in the World, While it is the Chief Packing Center of the Middle West.

INCLUDING HOUSES OF

Armour Packing Company, Swift and Company, Schwarzschild & Sulzberger Co., Jacob Dold Packing Company, George Fowler, Son & Company, Limited, Cudahy Packing Company, Ruddy Bros. Packing Company, Etc.

And a full line of buyers for both domestic and export trade. All railroads centering at Kansas City have direct rail connection with the Kansas City Stock Yards.

The Kansas City Stock Yards Offers More Advantages as a Market Than Any Like Institution in the Country.

C. F. MORSE, E. E. RICHARDSON, H. P. CHILD, EUGENE RUST,
V. P. & G. Mgr. Sec. & Treas. Asst. G. Mgr. Traffic Mgr.

W. A. Michael, A. T. Mustion, H. S. Davis, E. E. Peters, J. A. Crane.

DROVERS LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO.

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS.

Rooms 135 to 138 Exchange Bld.

Consignments and Correspondence Solicited. Financial Assistance Given Responsible Parties. Market Reports Mailed Free on Application. Proceeds Remitted on Day of Sale. Buying of Stockers and Feeders a Specialty. Consign Your Next Shipment to Us.

LIVE STOCK NOTES

Stockmen are requested to write postal card items for this column. The INSPECTOR desires to print live stock notes from everywhere. Send us a postal—push it along.

The Pecos System handled over 1600 cars of cattle in June 1901, with-out five minutes delay to any train.

Wyoming ranchmen are complaining that the hot winds which have prevailed throughout the southern part of the state for the past week are rapidly ruining the ranges.

Much complaint is heard among the cattlemen that the rains so far this year have been only local and no general soaking rains have fallen. Roswell, (N. M.) Record.

There were 10,000 head of cattle of the Turkey Tracks shipped in from the Panhandle last week and owing to the dry weather, water and grass is very scarce on the plains and the cattle being turned loose on the prairie not knowing how to get to the river for water, many are suffering for the want of it.—Roswell Register.

The man who sells his yearlings for \$18 and circulates the story that he only got \$16 is producing a club with which to be beaten over the head. This will affect the price of cattle next year. You had better strain prices up all the time. There is a market for all the meat grown, anyway, and if people are accustomed to paying a good price for your produce they will shell out the money just the same as if they were getting it at half price. Do what you can to hold up prices and never bear down.—Hall County (Tex.) Herald.

Quick Sheep Shearing.

Greeley Tribune: Up at the Warren Live Stock Company's headquarters near Carr, known as the Wheeler ranch, they are busy shearing sheep with the new machines. They have 100,000 head to shear, and their twenty-one machines and forty-five men shear 2,000 a day. It takes just about four minutes to clip the wool off a mutton and make him look like a bunco victim's pocketbook.

Big Cattle Sale.

Day & Cresswell, of Spearfield, S. D., have begun gathering their herd for delivery to the Franklin Cattle Company. This is the largest cattle sale ever made in the Northwest. Day & Cresswell's books call for 20,000 head. The Franklin Company is to pay \$31.50 a head upon the final delivery. This year's calves are to be thrown in, while last year's calves are to count. It will take all summer to complete the delivery.—National Provisioner.

POSTAL NOTE WANTS.

This department is conducted especially for LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR patrons, and only the small charge of two cents per word merely to cover cost is made for advertisements of cattle for sale or pasture, lands for lease or sale, feed for sale, etc.—in short any want felt about the rancho or farm. Enclose postal note for amount with order and if insertion is desired for more than single issue, remit to cover the amount. Address, Postal Card Wants, care LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, Woodward, Okla.

Will Buy, Cattle Ranch. Write immediately for particulars of Stock, range, bottom price, etc. F. W. BRANIGAR, Burlington, Iowa.

FOR SALE—Seventy head well bred native two-year-old heifers heavy with calf, few have calves now. Price \$28 each. Four miles west and 7 miles south of Augusta S. S. Burchfield, Wisby, O. T.

WANTED to pasture in Beaver County or will make other satisfactory arrangements for one year, 1000 to 1500 cattle, steers preferred. GEO. H. HEALY, Woodward, Okla.

Have 400 steer yearlings for sale at \$18 per head; with ten per cent cut back 2161pd. E. BROOKS, Fanchon, Tex.

FOR SALE:—1120 acres of deeded land, plenty of running water, six miles south of Woodward, Okla. Will sell cheap. Also have 275 head of graded Hereford cattle, 24 head of horses for sale. T. B. H. GREEN, Woodward, Okla.

The Inspector, and 16 page supplement, twice a month, only \$1.00

ST. JOSEPH.

NEWS NOTES FROM FLATO COMMISSION CO.

C. H. Flato, Minco, I. T., was here this week with a train of southerners.

Peter McKenzie, Tarkio, Mo., was on the market with hogs this week.

W. H. Andrews, Blanchard, Ia., was in with a load of natives that sold for \$5.30.

Ellis & Co., Elgin, Kansas, had a load of cows, also a load of calves on the market.

J. P. Martin, Tarkio, Mo., was on the market with two loads of natives that sold for \$5.30.

M. Half & Bro., Elgin, Kansas, were on the market with eight loads of Texas cows that sold for \$3.15.

Thos. Leahy & Son, W. T. Leahy, shipping from Elgin, Kansas, had in two loads of southern cattle that were satisfactorily sold.

F. Reeves, J. P. Stevenson and S. H. Prather, Tarkio, Mo., were on the market with eight loads of good natives. All three of these gentlemen are the most successful feeders of Atchison County, Mo.

T. H. Shaw, Elgin, Kansas, was in last week with four loads of southern cattle that the Flato Com. Co., sold for the satisfactory price of \$4.10. This was Mr. Shaw's first shipment to St. Joe and he says St. Joe is alright and he will have more cattle for this market.

G. M. Carpenter, one of the most successful cattle men of the Osage reservation, O. T., shipping from Elgin, Kansas, was on the market with five loads of southern steers that weighed 1165 and brought \$4.45 on a declining market. Mr. Carpenter's cattle are always good and most always top the market in the southern division.

Among other hog shippers on the market this week were:—Clemons & Phelps, Ohio; I. S. Dankeys, Corning, Mo; F. Holbrook, Fairfax, Mo; H. P. Schmidt, Friend, Nebr; N. Kennedy, York, Nebr; A. Crickshank Juniata, Nebr; A. Eranzen, Funk, Nebr; W. G. Melson, Minden, Nebr., all shipping to the Flato Commission Company.

Cattle receipts have been fairly liberal. The late runs did not have any too many choice beeves among them, as a large proportion of the receipts ran to plain, grassy, medium and common little steers lacking finish. The best cattle at the close of the week were 2.10 to 20c. lower than the high time of the year, and other kinds displayed a loss in prices of 25 to 50c. The bad condition of the fat cattle trade reflected an unfavorable light on the butchers' stock, and best cows and heifers declined 10 to 15c., while other grades sold mostly 25c. to the worst. Best bulls and stags held steady, but grassy kinds were 10 to 15c. lower for the week. Veal calves sold steady from day to day. Stockers and feeders continue in light request from all source, and the week's decline amounted to 15 to 25c.

Supplies of hogs were again large last week, but owing to the large wants of the packers, prices were kept higher than at competitive points. The hog ran lighter in weight than for the same week a year ago, but about the same as for the previous week. Choice hogs were in small proportion, and a good many trashy light hogs arrived, while the general quality averaged up about like as has been the rule for the last month or so. The market today priced 5 to 10c. lower, with a range of prices from 5.75 to 6.02 1/2, and the bulk of sales at 5.80 to 5.95.

Sheep arrivals have been more than liberal and buyers showed a quicker desire to take hold of the offerings than for some time past. Sales and prices kept steady—almost even for some days past.

Chicago Market.

Last week in the quarantine cattle division Chicago received 135 cars of

cattle, Kansas City received 337 cars and St. Louis received 280 cars, making 752 cars at the three markets against 913 cars received the week previous.

Quarantine cattle receipts at the three markets thus far this year aggregate 14,547 carloads, of which Chicago received 13 per cent, Kansas City 37 per cent, and St. Louis 50 per cent.

Cattle receipts turned the first half of the year with a gain of 120,000 over the same period of last year. How the supply will hold up for the balance of the year is uncertain, but in view of the fact that fat cattle are reported scarce in nearly every section of the corn belt would give good grounds for the prediction that later supplies would be short. Figures prove, however, that one cannot put much dependence in this shortage talk. Last winter and spring the same reports were sent out, yet the receipts of cattle for June were the largest for that month since 1893. Notwithstanding the heavy arrivals the demand most of the time has been remarkably good and sales of fat cattle now are chiefly 40 to 90c higher than when the year opened.—Drovers Journal.

St. Louis Market.

Texas and Indian Territory cattle closed today, June 28, steady on best fed steers, all others 10 to 15 lower than one week ago—cows and bulls 10 to 15 lower—calves 50 to 75 cents per head lower. Receipts only fair. Hogs steady. Texas sheep 40 to 50 cents

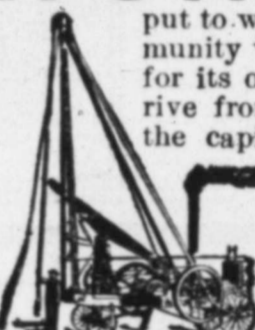
per cwt. lower.

The market on Texas and Indian Territory cattle for the week ending July 6, is closing 15 to 25 lower on the most desirable good weight grass and fed steers—other kinds about the same decline, and dull. It has been a very hard trading week for both buyer and seller, as the late arrival of trains each day has made the market very draggy and uncertain. Calves are 25 to 50 cents per head lower; cows 15 to 20 lower. The general dry spell throughout the country has thrown an unusual number of stockers and medium to common butcher stuff on the market, and it has had its effect against the Texas and Territory cattle.

Hogs closing 10 to 15 lower than last week. Sheep steady at a decline of 50 to 75 cents per cwt. over one week ago.

Very truly yours,
BARGE LIVE STOCK COMMISSION CO.

A STAR DRILLING MACHINE



put to work in almost any community will make more money for its owner than he can derive from three or four times the capital invested in anything else. It thus takes but little capital to get into an honorable and profitable business. They are ideal machines for water, oil, gas and salt wells, and are unequalled for making "bere holes" for testing mineral lands. Drill all sizes and depths. We carry full line of drill supplies, tools, cables, etc. Write at once for Free Catalogue.
Star Drilling Machine Co., Akron, Ohio.

SHIP YOUR STOCK TO

KcKee-Zook-Whitford Commission Co.

Kansas City, Mo. St. Joseph, Mo.

Up to Date and Progressive in Everything.

—MONEY TO LOAN ON CATTLE.—

Cattle Salesmen at Kansas City, Joe Baker, Jno. S. Dorsey.
Cattle Salesman at St. Joseph, T. F. McKee.
Loan Inspector—Fred Billings, Hutchinson, Kansas.

THE FLATO COMMISSION COMPANY.

St. Joseph Stock Yards, Mo.

CAPITAL - \$100,000.

Cattle Salesman, W. S. WOOD. Hog and Sheep Salesman, J. P. CLAREY.

H. L. FLATO, Manager.

Consignments of all kinds Live Stock Solicited. Reference any bank in St. Joseph.

St. Joseph Stock Yards Company,

ST. JOSEPH, MO.

We are in the Market Every Day for Cattle, Hogs and Sheep.

We are especially bidding for range cattle and sheep, both for slaughter and feeding. Located on fourteen railroads, and in the center of the best corn and live stock district of the United States, we are prepared to furnish a good market for all kinds of live stock. Our charges for yardage and feed are—

YARDAGE:

Cattle, per head 20c Horses, per head 20c
Hogs, per head 6c Sheep, per head 5c

FEED:

Corn, per bushel, 60c Hay, per hundred lbs 60c

Our packers furnish a daily market for all kinds of cattle ranging from canners to export cattle. Look up your railroad connections, and you will find them in our favor.

G. F. SWIFT, President, JNO. DONOVAN, Jr., Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr.
M. B. IRWIN, Traffic Manager.

Warts on Calves and Cattle.

One of our correspondents says: "I have a calf affected with what is in this neighborhood known as 'the warts,' and I wish to know if there is any cure for them. The warts are on the nose and mouth and seem to be increasing in number."

One or more applications of zenoleum will, as a rule remove warts of the kind you describe. A solution of one to four may be used with good effect; apply to the warts with a stiff

brush. If proper care is taken to apply the remedy exclusively to the warts without touching the surrounding skin, a solution of one or two or even the undiluted preparation may be used.

A postal card, addressed to the Secretary of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association, Woodward, Okla., will bring by return mail a full set of blanks necessary for becoming a member of the Association, also full information pertaining to the same.

WICHITA MARKET.

There have been no great changes in the Wichita market in the past two weeks. Both cattle and hogs have lost something in strength and hogs about thirty cents in price. There has been a very pronounced dullness in all divisions, not only here but elsewhere. The receipts have fallen off in hogs very heavily, but this was expected at this season when it is difficult for the farmers to market their hogs and the hot weather always has the tendency to keep back the shipments. The quality continues to be light and underfed half matured hogs are the rule, though now and then a day of very satisfactory deliveries comes, with some very good stock in them. There seems to be hogs in the country yet, especially from several sections of Oklahoma and this market is getting its proportion right along. As good stiff prices have been paid here for good hogs as anywhere often very close to Kansas City's range. There is a good demand here for butcher weights and there have been no trouble in selling promptly, as a rule.

Cattle have fallen off in receipts and quality and price. Some good butcher stuff has been received, generally contract stuff by the packers. Stockers are few and light. Good demand for all classes of cattle stock continues.

Among the regular and occasional shippers who have had in stock the past two weeks are the following, many of them having been in several times: Connors & Humphreys, Kingfisher; Chas. T. Hanna, Enid; Gano & Hoag, Medicine Lodge; Logan & Lang, Sterling; W. J. Norris, Winfield; Wellehorn & Wolcott, Hutchison; Franke & Ridge, Pond Creek; Sam H. Elliot, Winfield; D. McNaghten, Newkirk; Pat Rogers, Newkirk; C. S. Stuart, Whitewater; Foster & Cheesman, Whitewater; Lagan & Baxter, Enid; Jeff Houston, Ponca City; A. P. Johnson, Elmer; Joe Porter, Towanda; L. Puls, Dover; Dunnaway & Gregory, Tonkawa; Dan Winn, Udall; Clift & Probst, Bluff City; G. T. Hudson, Nashville; Frank Moore, Andale; A. M. Fritze, Ponca City; Muegge & Courtney, Nardin; Brenholt & Peoples, Deer Creek; W. H. Donnel, Haven; T. W. Bay, Corwin; Kelly Bros., Corwin; H. K. Eberly, Valley Center; A. H. Schmidt, Godard; E. W. Johnson, Enid; Chas. Lang, Hunter; Seymour Clarke, Benton; House & Woulff, Newton; Henry Steinkirehner, Newton; Burchfield & Connell, Anthony; Cleo State Bank, Cleo, O. T.; W. S. Thomas, Ponca City; G. R. Cole, Mt. Hope; J. G. Stevens, Douglas; Knott & Kirby, Belle Plaine; Jackson & Merrill, Furlley; O. G. Jacobs, Valley Center; George R. Smith, Pratt; Dennis Loomis, Garden Plaine; John Ratliffe, Cunningham; Bert Kell, Clearwater; W. B. Johnson, Enid; A. Garland, Kiowa; Dan Holland, Zyba; Martin & Wilson, Enid; Huff & Preston, Udall; Shives & Comes, Burrton; Pat McKinley, Freeport; Y. Griffith, Belle Plaine; S. W. Kummell, Garber; Maddox & Rule, Sharron; Townsend & Lamon, Andale; J. E. Cooley, Rose Hill; Sale & Johnson, Enid; Day & Yoman, Alameda; H. W. Renau, Wakita; D. M. Hutchison, Haverrhill; F. M. Pope, Argonia; Joe Kirk

Kingman; Peter Fisher, Okarehe; Joe Scott, Mulvane; Steele & Son, Blackwell; Rebstock & Schroeder, Latham; Chas. Granville, Sedgwick; Neff & Trimble, Pond Creek; Chas. Dorsey, South Haven; W. J. Popplewell, Rome; F. B. Staley, Rose Hill; and Hall & Sego, Orlando, O. T.

TEXAS AT THE TOP.

During the first five months of this year Texas bought 1546 head of registered Hereford cattle, which exceeds the combined purchases of all the other range States and Territories by 108 head. The figures are not at hand showing to what extent she has purchased Shorthorns, but they will not be less in comparison with Herefords. The purchases by range states up to June 1st have been as follows:

Texas	1546
Arizona	18
Colorado	613
Idaho	117
Indian Territory	48
Montana	119
Nevada	7
New Mexico	47
North Dakota	32
Oklahoma	65
South Dakota	164
Utah	25
Wyoming	183

The owners of the steer ranches in the Northwest will be able to understand why the Texas producer is not willing to make concessions merely because they make war talks and demand it. He is sincere in his statement that he cannot afford to sell his yearlings any cheaper.

Mary had a little hen, 'twas feminine and queer; it laid like smoke when eggs were cheap, but stopped when eggs were dear.

Down To Hard Pan.

A Chicago merchant, many times a millionaire, is erecting a large addition to his business building and in laying the foundations has gone down through various strata of soil, sand, gravel and clay, almost one hundred feet to the "hard pan." In the foundation work of life, surely one ought to be as careful to get down to the "hard pan" of facts, and in no school of our knowledge is this done more thoroughly than in the Gem City Business College of Quincy, Ill., owned and directed by D. L. Musselman; assisted by a large corps of most competent instructors. Thousands of men and women are in positions of great usefulness today who, but for the development given their natural abilities in this school would be unknown outside a small circle of personal acquaintance. We wish to call the attention of the young readers of our paper to the ad of this excellent school appearing elsewhere in this issue. Read it and write today to D. L. Musselman, Quincy, Ill., for his large illustrated catalogue which he will gladly send you free.

DO YOU WANT MARRY? THOUSANDS of respectable girls want to write to you. Send 15c for 5 card photos of lady members and large descriptive list. Reliable. **HEART & HAND**, 128 Main St. Kansas City.

Union Live Stock Commission Co.,

Union Stock Yards, WICHITA, KANS. A. B. MOORE, MANAGER. Loans made on cattle. Special attention given to all consignments. We always get best prices for our patrons for hogs and cattle.

E. J. HEALY & CO., Live Stock Commission Merchants

Union Stock Yards, Wichita, Kan. Special inducement to feeders. Markets furnished on application. Phone 305.

Wichita Union Stock Yards Co., WICHITA, KANSAS.

...Capacity 3,000 Cattle 5,000 Hogs Private Yards for Texans Perfect Sewerage and City Water All Pens Covered... **W. R. DULANEY,** Supt. of Stock Yards.

THE National Business College
KANSAS CITY
SECURED SALARIED GOOD ADDRESS HENRY COON PRES. APPOINTMENTS FOR GRADUATES WRITE FOR CATALOG

Wichita Commercial College
THIRD FLOOR SHEETS BLDG. E.H. ROBINS - Pres.

SPALDING'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE
BOOKKEEPING, SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING, TELEGRAPHY. 20 Rooms, 16 Teachers and Lecturers. No Vacations. Free Employment Bureau. 36th year. Catalogue Free. KANSAS CITY, Mo. East Wing N. Y. Life Building.

DO YOU WISH TO MAKE MONEY?

HERE IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

The directors of Convention Hall have received so many letters from persons desiring to act as agents for the sale of tickets for the Great Series of Entertainments and GUESSING CONTEST, to be held in the Fall, that they have decided to make a very liberal proposition to those residing outside of Kansas City who wish to get up clubs or act as agents for the sale of tickets.

With every order for ten tickets which is accompanied by the proper amount of money, there will be sent eleven tickets.

Each of these tickets admits one person to one of the entertainments and entitles the purchaser to register one guess on the total vote of the State of Ohio at the election to be held November 5, 1901, thereby securing a chance to carry off the big prize of \$5,000.00 in cash or any of the other prizes, ranging from \$1,000.00 in cash down to \$5.00 in cash. The total value of the prizes will be more than \$20,000.00 and you will find it the easiest thing imaginable to sell tickets. The price of the tickets, 25 cents each, is so low that you can dispose of them without difficulty in blocks of five, ten, twenty and thirty, and each time you sell ten you receive one ticket, which you can sell for 25 cents or which you can fill out with your own guess and thus have a chance to get the \$5,000.00 prize.

REMEMBER, THAT NO TICKETS WILL BE SENT OUT UNTIL THE MONEY IS RECEIVED. SEND YOUR MONEY BY BANK DRAFT, POST OFFICE ORDER OR REGISTERED MAIL, TO CONVENTION HALL, KANSAS CITY, MO. NO STAMPS TAKEN.

FOR EACH REMITTANCE OF \$2.50 YOU GET ELEVEN TICKETS.
FOR EACH REMITTANCE OF \$5.00 YOU GET TWENTY-TWO TICKETS.
FOR EACH REMITTANCE OF \$10.00 YOU GET FORTY-FOUR TICKETS.

Every Newspaper in the West will have advertisements of this Guessing Contest and your work will be easy.

Start NOW and you can make money. This enterprise is legitimate in every way, and is conducted by the most prominent business men of Kansas City. Opportunity is knocking at your door. For further particulars, address

LOUIS W. SHOUSE, Manager Convention Hall, KANSAS CITY, MO.



S. C. GALLUP SADDLERY CO., PUEBLO, COLORADO.

We show nearly one hundred styles of saddles in our Twentieth Century catalogue. Send for it. We make a specialty of keeping in the lead, in style, latest improvements, and highest quality. As proof of this notice the number of our imitators

The members of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association will receive good protection in the way of inspection this year. As soon as the shipping season opens, inspectors will be placed at all the important points.

Seven Great Schools
Chillicothe Normal School.
Chillicothe Commercial College.
Chillicothe Shorthand College.
Chillicothe Telegraphy College.
Chillicothe Pen-Art College.
Chillicothe School of Oratory.
Chillicothe Musical Conservatory
708 enrolled. \$130 pays for 48 weeks board, tuition, room rent and use of text books. For free illustrated catalogue address ALLEN MOORE, Pres., Box P, Chillicothe, Mo.

Paugh & Co., Live Stock

Commission Merchants. Union Stock Yards, Wichita, Kans. Correspondence solicited. Markets by Eagle and Drover's News sent free. Make your consignments to us. Special inducements to feeders.

THE ELDRIDGE COMMISSION COMPANY.

LIVE STOCK COMMISSION AGENT. R. W. ELDRIDGE, Gen'l Mgr. STOCKERS and FEEDERS BOUGHT and SOLD. Telephone 695 Reference: Long Distance Equip't. Nat'l Bank for Commerce. STOCK YARDS, WICHITA, KANS. Money Loaned on Cattle at Reasonable Rate of Int.

Are you a member of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association? If not. Why not?



FOR WOMEN

IN RANCH AND STOCK-FARM HOMES

[EDITED BY "AUNT MARY."]

[Note:--All readers of the Live Stock Inspector, especially lady readers: are invited to send letters for publication in this Department. Help us make this Department one of the best features of the Live Stock Inspector. Address all letters to Aunt Mary, care Live Stock Inspector, Woodward, Okla.—The Editor.]

TODAY.

Today is mine; I hold it fast,
Hold it and use it as I may,
Unmindful of the shadow cast
By that dim thing called yesterday.
—Susan Coolidge.

A DREAM OF IMMORTALITY.

A future where all hate has passed away,
Where pitiless ambition enters not,
Where love divine is not a fitful ray,
But beams eternal from the heart of God.
Where time we pass in quest of rarer joys,
Where poet's song is of pure love and true,
And golden years go by without alloy
And artists paint in tints of hallowed hue.
Where coarser thoughts are absent from us all,
Where sordid aims and visions have no place,
And mellowed tints of years beyond recall
Enhance the present with a softened grace.
Where days of toil and suffering are not known,
Where none shall need to dry the orphan's
tear,
Where cry for mercy or the anguished moan
Shall nevermore fall on the listening ear.
Oh, God! Thy plan of mercy must have failed,
If misery extends beyond the tomb,
For faces here by retribution paled
Who never felt a fear of future gloom.
Our pain on earth atones for human deeds,
For ignorance and wrong we suffer all.
At thought of friends beyond who pity need,
The happy hearts in heaven would appal.
—Josie E. Reed.

Let every youth regard it as a fact that he must make his own character. It is a work which God has wisely assigned to him. No other can do it for him. Character is the unseen spirit-garment that his own thoughts and feelings weave about his soul with invisible fingers.—Selected.

MOTHERS OF GREAT MEN.

Schumann's mother was gifted with musical ability.
Chopin's mother, like himself, was very delicate.
Gounod's mother was fond of painting and music.
Spohr's mother was an excellent judge of music, but no musician.
Milton's letters often allude to his mother in the most affectionate terms.
Wordsworth's mother had a character as peculiar as that of her gifted son.
Raleigh said that he owed all his politeness of deportment to his mother.
Goethe pays several attributes in his writings to the character of his mother.
Haydn dedicated one of his most important instrumental compositions to his mother.
Sidney Smith's mother was a clever conversationist and very quick at repartee.
Gibbon's mother was passionately fond of reading and encouraged her son to follow her example.
Charles Darwin's mother had a decided taste for all branches of natural history.

DON'T BE TOO TRUSTING.

In every issue of a great many papers, so much space is devoted to fashions and housekeeping, and so little said in regard to the most important subject on earth—rearing the young. Many a parent toils for years to educate their children and to have them accomplished only to see their lives shattered through weakness in some unsuspected direction. The person who observes will see before he reaches the meridian of life innumerable instances of friends of his youth who have had glorious opportunities for success, but have wrecked their lives through some unguarded channel.

The girl who is beautiful, accomplished and educated, but has always had her own way will often mar her life and those of others by some rash action when her will is crossed. The sons of rich men, who have had every advantage except that of hard work, often end their days in dissipation.

If parents use some of the thought which makes them rich or influential, on the more important one of developing their children's characters, they will have less cause for regret in after years.

Not long ago a mother questioned her twelve-year-old daughter closely as to where she had been and what she was doing. The daughter looked at her in scorn for the suspicion she thought her mother's questioning implied.

"You are so afraid I have been doing something wrong!" she exclaimed. "I don't think you have been," said her mother, "but until you are much older, I have a right to know just what you are doing."

A few days later when a small party of children, of respectable parents, appeared in court, and one was sentenced to the reform school, the judge denounced the parents for not knowing where their children were and what they were doing. The mother called her daughter's attention to this, and explained that that had always been her object.

It is a parent's duty to know all about his children, not for the purpose of scolding but for the sake of advising and guiding. It is also a parent's duty to advise in such a manner that the child will have confidence in him.

Dear Aunt Mary—I don't know whether this is old to the readers of the Woman's Page or not, but worn out ingrain carpets make beautiful and very durable rugs. I have never seen any homemade rugs as pretty as these, except those in yarn, made with a hook. Cut your carpet in strips about an inch and a half wide, then ravel both edges and sew the ends of the strips together. Take them to a carpet weaver and she will bring you a handsome, durable rug, prettier than many a boughten one. One old carpet made six rugs for me, but as I was very busy, I did not ravel the edges. They were not as pretty as the others, though.

HOUSEKEEPER.

This is something practical and if some of our readers may have known it before, it is very likely that many have not. Come again.

Dear Aunt Mary—I am so glad the young people are beginning to write for this department. I liked Grace's and George's letters and am wondering who "Wood's County Cowboy" can be. He is a sure enough poet. I agree with him. I wouldn't live in a city, but at the same time think town girls have some advantages which we have not. A cousin of mine who lives in town has a good position and takes vocal lessons in the evenings. The average girl who works at home gets no regular salary, and has to ask her parents for everything and can't spend any money unless her parents approve of it. There is no use of her having an object in life, for she does not get a salary and at any moment might not have the money to carry it out. A

girl who is saving money or has anything to work for won't marry anybody who asks her just because she imagines she will be more independent.

Run the farm on a co-operative plan after your children are grown, and they won't leave it so soon for imprudent marriages.

I intend to enter the poetical contest and feel sure of winning the booby prize, so will begin practicing now. Here is my maiden effort:

Of all the poets under the sun,
I'd be the great, the only one,
If I could only think,
It looks so easy after it's done
And getting rich would be only fun,
With a pen and a bottle of ink.

How's that? I know "Wood's County Cowboy" is turning green with envy.

Write some more, everybody.
CLARA.
Blaine County, Okla.

Dear Aunt Mary—I have been laughed at, at home, for my one ambition and I have not the courage to talk to any one else, so will ask your opinion under my nom de plume. All my life I have wanted to be an artist but when I mentioned it to my parents, I was laughed at, and later, scolded when they thought I was serious about it. They were confident I had not enough talent to amount to anything and that I would only waste my time.

They said they could not afford to pay for lessons and I must not think about it. If I tried to draw at home, I was told to study or go to work. Between ridicule and scolding I stopped trying long ago, but do you think that was right?

A KANSAS GIRL.

That is a hard question to answer, as I may not know all the circumstances and have no wish to criticize your parents. However, my own idea is to encourage children in anything for which they seem to have an inclination. Of course if you needed the study or they really needed the work from you it is different, but I would not demand work from a child simply to keep him from an object so harmless as that.

I know nothing about art, but in a case of that kind I would endeavor to inform myself sufficiently to know how to advise my child. If you have a taste for drawing, I think it would be well for you to develop it while small. I have seen advertisements of illustrating, designing and newspaper sketching taught by mail, so you could probably make a living at that, even if you never became a great artist.

The boy or girl on a farm has more opportunity for studying than a town child, as there are not so many diversions. A lawyer who stood at the head of his profession told me he began to study law under a haystack, when a boy.

If parents would only cultivate their children's acquaintance more and live closer to them, they might discover and encourage their inclinations at an age that would guarantee success instead of letting them waste a number of years in a mistaken calling.

FASHION HINTS.

The stiff white collar is not worn this summer, but ties of mull or lawn or white pique with touches of another color are very popular.

Those who wear the stiff white collar under a ribbon will find that a white velveteen binding around the top will make it more comfortable and

prevent the ugly streak around the neck so often caused by the stiff collar.

The "wash parasols" are one of the new things this summer. They are made of lawn or gingham and are ruffled, embroidered or lace trimmed. When soiled, they can be washed, starched, ironed and slipped on the frame again.

RECIPES.

DEVILED CHICKEN LEG.—Take legs of cold chicken, sprinkle with curry powder, making small cuts with a knife to allow powder to penetrate. Brown well on gridiron. Serve hot with rolls of bacon.

AFTERNOON TEA SCONES.—Five ounces of flour, one and a half tablespoonsful of sugar, one ounce of butter, one good tablespoonful of baking powder and one egg. Mix flour, sugar and baking powder together, rub in the butter, then mix with the egg and a little milk. Bake in a hot oven for about ten minutes.

ABOUT THE HOUSE.

Small baskets of silver or silver gilt, filled with fruit, are placed at the four corners of the table.

A very strong solution of alum in hot water is sure destruction to all kinds of insects. It should be applied with a paint brush.

When the feet are very tired, bathe them with vinegar and warm water, and the tired feeling will immediately vanish.

The ideal pantry should have a window in it, and floor, walls and shelves be covered with paint. Two coats of white paint on pantry shelves, and two coats of white enamel after the paint hardens looks better than paper and can be washed often, thus doing away with crumbs, etc., which accumulate on paper.

On page one of the supplement to this issue of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR will be found an interesting article on "Farmers' Wives" by Mabel Stewart Blackmore, of Farry, Okla., especially interesting to stockmen and their wives.

Children's Corner

BY JOSIE E. REED.

[Address all letters intended for this department to The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, Station A., Kansas City, Mo.]

DAFFY-DOWN DILLY.

Daffy-down-Dilly is chubby and small,
Heigh! Ho! Daffy-down-Dilly.
She sits in the sun and plays with her doll,
Daffy-down-Dilly, Dilly.
And she talks to herself while I'm listening near
In a sweet baby language most puzzlingly queer;
The angels, perhaps, understand you, my dear—
Daffy-down-Dilly, Dilly.
Daffy-down-Dilly is "going on" three,
Heigh! Ho! Daffy-down-Dilly.
Her eyes are as blue as the far-away sea,
Daffy-down-Dilly, Dilly.
Her hair with red gold was commingled and spun
And her plump little cheek is as brown as a bun.
For she won't wear a hat when she plays in the sun,
Daffy-down-Dilly, Dilly.

WHY PAY RETAIL PRICES.
When we can save you 20 to 50 per cent. on Everything You Have To Buy. We do not retail. Sell at Manufacturer's and Wholesaler's prices direct to the consumer. Send for our Consumers Cost Book. Following are some sample prices:
\$4.00 West rn Washing Machine \$2.85. \$1.50 Finest Ready Mixed House Pat., gal. 95c.
\$1.00 Extra Grade Barn Paint, gal. 55c. \$2.00 Cook Stoves, Best Made \$11.00.
\$4.00 Half Barrels White Fish \$2.85. \$2.50 Five gallon Pure Forghum \$1.75.
\$5.00 Mounted Grind Stone \$2.85. 26 inch Hog Tight Fence Rod 85c.
BROKAW MERCANTILE CO, KANSAS CITY, MO.

Daffy-down-Dilly's wee shoes are unlaced,
Heigh! Ho! Daffy-down-Dilly.
Her new frock is soiled, there's a stain on the
waist,
Daffy-down-Dilly, Dilly;
And the why and the wherefore is perfectly
plain—
She's been making mud pies at the side of the
lane,
And all our care has been lavished in vain.
Daffy-down-Dilly, Dilly.
Daffy-down-Dilly is placidly sweet,
Heigh! Ho! Daffy-down-Dilly.
Though she's spotted and speckled from her
head to her feet,
Daffy-down-Dilly, Dilly;
And she smiles at me now with a mouth full
of pearls
As the loving sun kisses her innocent curls,
Ah! wickedest, dearest, most wilful of girls—
Daffy-down-Dilly, Dilly.
—Earnest McGaffey in Judge.

♦♦♦♦♦

A BOYS STORY.

"Let's think of something new for the Fourth, Charlie."
"All right; what will it be?"
"Well, think of something, the same as I shall do."
So the boys thought and thought. They then announced their plan to the rest of the boys. As a result, war was declared. Seven boys enlisted on each side and Hal and Charlie were chosen captains. A battle begun on the morning of July 4th. Toy guns were used and the fight was lively. At last one side began to retreat, the other side following closely and soon Hal's men had to take refuge in a loosely built shed. Then a siege began. The besieging party stationed themselves around the front of the building, waiting for a head to peep forth. The hours wore by. Dinner was announced from various kitchen doors, but it was Independence Day and no parental tyranny would be tolerated.
Everything in the besieged castle was still—not a sign of life any where. Suddenly there was a volley fired from behind the party stationed in front of the castle, and when they turned they discovered Hal and his company behind them. Some more vigorous fighting was done but the boys in the rear had the advantage and Charlie's side had to surrender. Hal's party had discovered a spade in the castle and dug a hole under the wall, through which the boys escaped to an orchard near by. They then took a round-about course and surprised their enemies.
After the surrender the boys went home where they paid more attention to eating several meals in one than in visiting their families. Then they proceeded to celebrate their victory and even a close observer could not have told which side had been victorious.

♦♦♦♦♦

A NEW ARRIVAL.

"Want to go over to Gamma's?"
Brownie said "Ess," and was picked up and carried over. The day went by and in the evening Brownie was landed home again just in time to be represented at the tea-table. She had filled her mouth too full for utterance when she heard "Wah-wah-wah" from the other side of the room in a tiny, squeaky voice. She turned and listened as intently as a cat might at the sound of a mouse. The cry was repeated and then she slipped down from the table and went across the room. In a big arm chair were a pillow and some blankets. From its depths the sound had come, and Brownie tugged and tugged until the covers were pulled down and then she saw another baby, and such a tiny one.
What Brownie thought we will never know, but the only way she could be made to finish her supper was to have the rocking chair placed where she could be made to eat a few mouthfuls and then turn and look at the baby.
Grandma wanted to name the baby Thankful, as she was born the day after Thanksgiving, but mamma wanted to name her Lila Frances because papa's name was Lyle Francis. But we

will call her Goldie, as she grew to be a little golden haired girl.

Goldie grew and grew and soon was a plump baby with short golden ringlets all over her head, sitting up in her buggy, while around her played a rather delicate little girl with golden curls.

When Brownie was a little more than four, mamma organized something to amuse the little ones during the hot afternoons when it was too sunny to play outdoors. Goldie and Brownie talked impressively of "our tunderarten" and at two o'clock every day a tiny bell could be heard ringing.

Then two little girls dropped their paddles and left the sand pile, and walked very decorously into the house. Two little stools were placed side by side, upon which the little ones seated themselves. A square table about two feet high stood a short distance away. Behind this sat the teacher, who was a snug fit for the small rocking chair she sat in.

Then two baby voices joined the teacher in singing an easy song.

"A class in reading, please stand."

Brownie rose to her feet, pointed out A B C on a little china plate, and then reviewed her lesson by a search through a book for some more of the same. The B class then recited, but did not get farther than the letter A. Next the arithmetic class was called.

"One and one are two," said Brownie, holding up a finger each time she said "one" and adding them together for two. She then hunt d the figures on a calendar, but the B class confined itself to studying on its fingers.

At recess the teacher swung both classes in a child's swing hung in the double doorway. After recess the teacher read a little story and then laid the babies in their bed.

The "tunderarten" was a success and class B progressed so finely that soon she knew A B C perfectly. Then they tried a new letter. The teacher said it was "D" but B class had a suspicion that she knew better than the teacher and asserted that it was "O." Then school was dismissed, and mamma told Goldie she must say D, for mamma believed in little girls learning not only letters, but how to mind. Goldie decided to make a test case of it, however, and as a result was sent in a closet which was well lighted by a narrow window.

"Poor child; I don't believe she remembers what her mother wants her to do," remarked a sympathetic neighbor.

About half-past five, Goldie heard her papa come home, and called, "Oh, mamma, I'll be good; mamma, I'll be good—A B C D."

And then class B was not kept in any longer.

Refuge for Homeseekers.


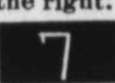
Representative of Canadian Government is at Chickasha.


Chickasha, I. T., July 3—The Canadian government has a representative here from the province of Manitoba, who hopes to take a number of the disappointed homeseekers back with him. He is offering each person 160 a res of land free, the only condition being that the settler must live on it three years. The initial entry being \$10 with an additional fee of \$5 when making proof. Every afternoon the agent takes his place upon a dry goods box in the shade of a three story building and for an hour expounds the advantages of his proposition. In addition to the land, settlers are given free transportation after reaching the Canadian border and all work and breeding stock are admitted free of duty. He has a number of samples of grain, timothy, e. c., an is attracting much attention. He confidently expects to take back a large colony after the opening of the Kiowa-Comanche country. In answer to the question as to why his government did not get Europeans he said that they had tried them and found many objections, chief among which was their ignorance and non-progressive spirit, with a clinging to old time methods. A colony of Scotchmen insisted on plowing with one horse and reaping their grain with a cradle instead of using a sulkey plow and a binder. Another objection to the Europeans was their habit of living up in what they raise, instead of buying the products of other districts and thus contributing to the commercial interests. If the United States cares to annex Canada in the near future it would be a good plan to aid that government in its efforts to attract American settlers.

B.F. ROUNDS PATENT RUBBER ANKLE
ARTIFICIAL LIMBS ETC.
10 W. 35TH KANSAS CITY, MO.
15¢ + PAGE 5000 FREE

STOCK BRANDS.


One cut, one year, \$10; each additional brand on cut, same owner, \$5 per year; each additional brand requiring engraved block, one year, \$2. These prices include copy of paper one year to any address. Strictly cash in advance.


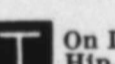

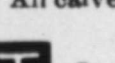
MILLARD WORD.
P. O. Address, Grand Day County, Oklahoma.
Range, on South Canadian, Red Bluff and Mosquito creeks, in Day county.

Ear mark: Crop the left and swallow-fork the right.
 on left thigh.

ISHMAEL & RUDOLPH.
P. O. Kiowa, Kas.
Range on Buffalo, in Woodward county.

EARMARKS: crop and split left.
Horses: branded heart on left shoulder.

W. B. GRIMES, JR.
Range in Clark, Meade and Comanche counties.
P. O. Address, Ashland, Kansas.





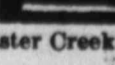
OTHER BRANDS:
 On Right Hip.


Horse Brand, Left Shoulder.
Horse range same as cattle.



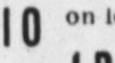

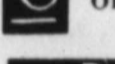
GEO. W. CARR.
P. O. Address, Stone, O. T. Location of range on Turkey Creek, in Day county.

BRAND OF CATTLE.
 On Left Hip.  On Left Hip.
All calves are branded same as cattle.
BRAND OF HORSES.
 On left thigh.
Location of range same as cattle.


A. L. MCPHERSON & SONS.
P. O. Address, Woodward, Okla.
Range, Canadian river northward, including Cottonwood Springs.


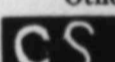
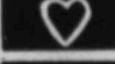
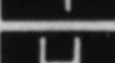

On left side or shoulder.
Horses branded same as above. Range same as above.

J. L. SIMPSON, Hammond, Okla.

 left shoulder and side.
 left shoulder and hip.
 left loin.
 left side.
Range, East Quartermaster Creek, Custer County, Okla. (Nov. 1, '99)

T. C. SHOEMAKER.
P. O. Address, 1416 Linwood Ave., Kansas City, Mo.
Ranch address, Optima, Oklahoma.
Range, head of Beaver, in Beaver Co., Okla.


OTHER BRANDS:

10 on left side
18 on left hip.
 On left hip or shoulder.
 On left hip.
HORSE BRANDS:
 On left shoulder.

J. F. FULLER.
P. O. Woodward, Range, eight miles east of Woodward on the North Canadian.

On right side or on right hip.
Horses unbranded. Range same as cattle.

S. B. JONES.
P. O. Address, Higgins, Texas.
Range, in Texas and Oklahoma, near Higgins.

Other are:
 On either side; also
 On left shoulder and
 On left side and
 On left hip.

HORSE BRANDS:
 Also heart on left hip.

Range, same as above.

WHITE & SWEARINGEN.
P. O. Address: Woodward, Okla.
Range: On Sand creek, 5 miles north of Fort Supply.


OTHER BRANDS:
 On right side, seven under bit each ear.
 On both sides.
HORSE BRANDS:
 On right shoulder.

**A GOOD THING
TRY IT
Safe and Reliable.
Oscillating Stirrup.**



This is the only safety stirrup within the reach of everyone. Positively will not hang the foot. Very easy to ride in, and restful. Strong in every part. All metal.

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After using once you will never do without them. Address

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Dealers terms on application.

A Sample Letter.

Gilpin, Iowa.
April 13, 1901.

Gentlemen:
Enclosed find draft for \$200.00. Among the 400 Chicagos I have installed during the past season, everyone is giving satisfaction. A few evenings ago, a rural line carrying twenty Chicago telephones Model 17, tangled with the Iowa telephone line, and we had no difficulty in ringing thirty bells on ninety miles of wire.

So long as you continue to keep your apparatus strictly up-to-date, and ship goods that are first-class, you will get my orders. Respectfully,
E. L. PARKER.

Chicago Telephone Supply Co.,

WASHINGTON AND CANAL STS.

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Protect the Calves.
Calf Cholera kills more calves annually than all other diseases combined. Your profit in beef production largely depends on your success in calf raising. You can kill the germ that produces Calf Cholera by the use of

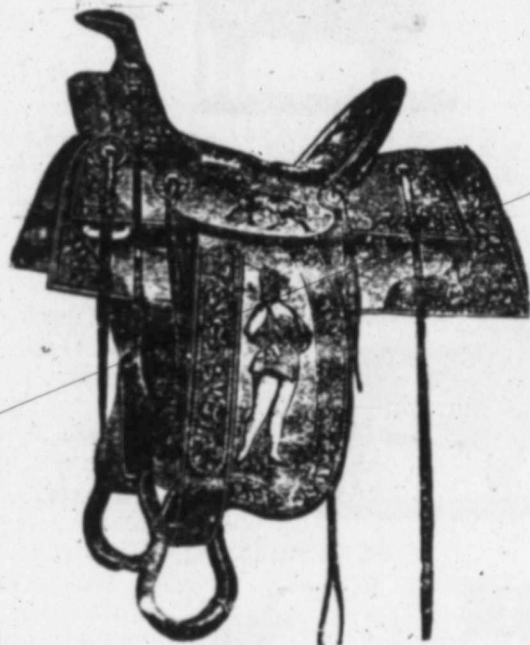
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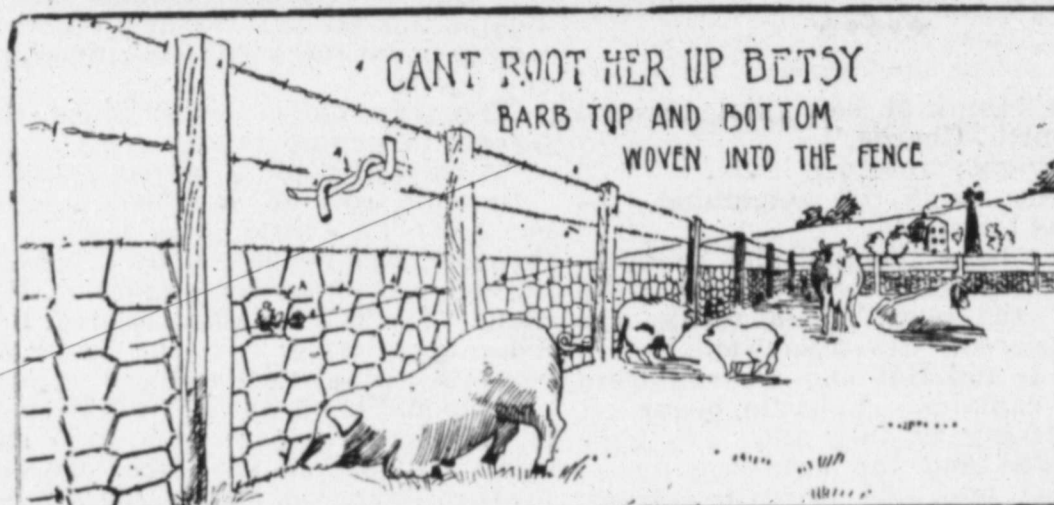
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17 Pueblo, Colo., U. S. A.

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COMBINATION WIRE FENCE.



Farmers' Hog and Cattle Fence, barbed at top and bottom. The only fence made warranted cattle and hog tight. Cheaper than a two-board fence and good for a life time. Call at our factory when in Kansas City. Write us. Mention this paper and we will mail you our Catalogue free of charge.

Combination Wire Fence Co., 5 E. Levee, Kansas City, Mo.

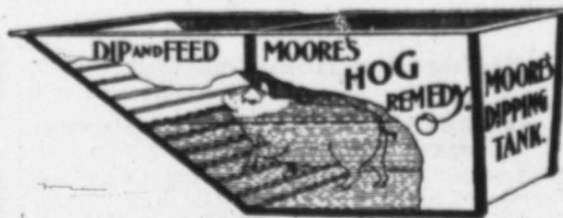
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Pasteur Blackleg Vaccine, single treatment, ready for use. No mixing, filtering or injecting. Applied with a needle furnished free.

PASTEUR VACCINE CO., Chicago.

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Used externally with dipping tank or sprinkler quickly cures MANGE and SCURVY and kills all FEVER GERMS, LICE and other vermin. Given internally in small doses weekly removes all

**Worms, Cures Cough,
Improves Appetite,
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Glenwood Springs and return	\$29.35
Salt Lake City and Ogden,	\$34.35

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