

The LIVESTOCK



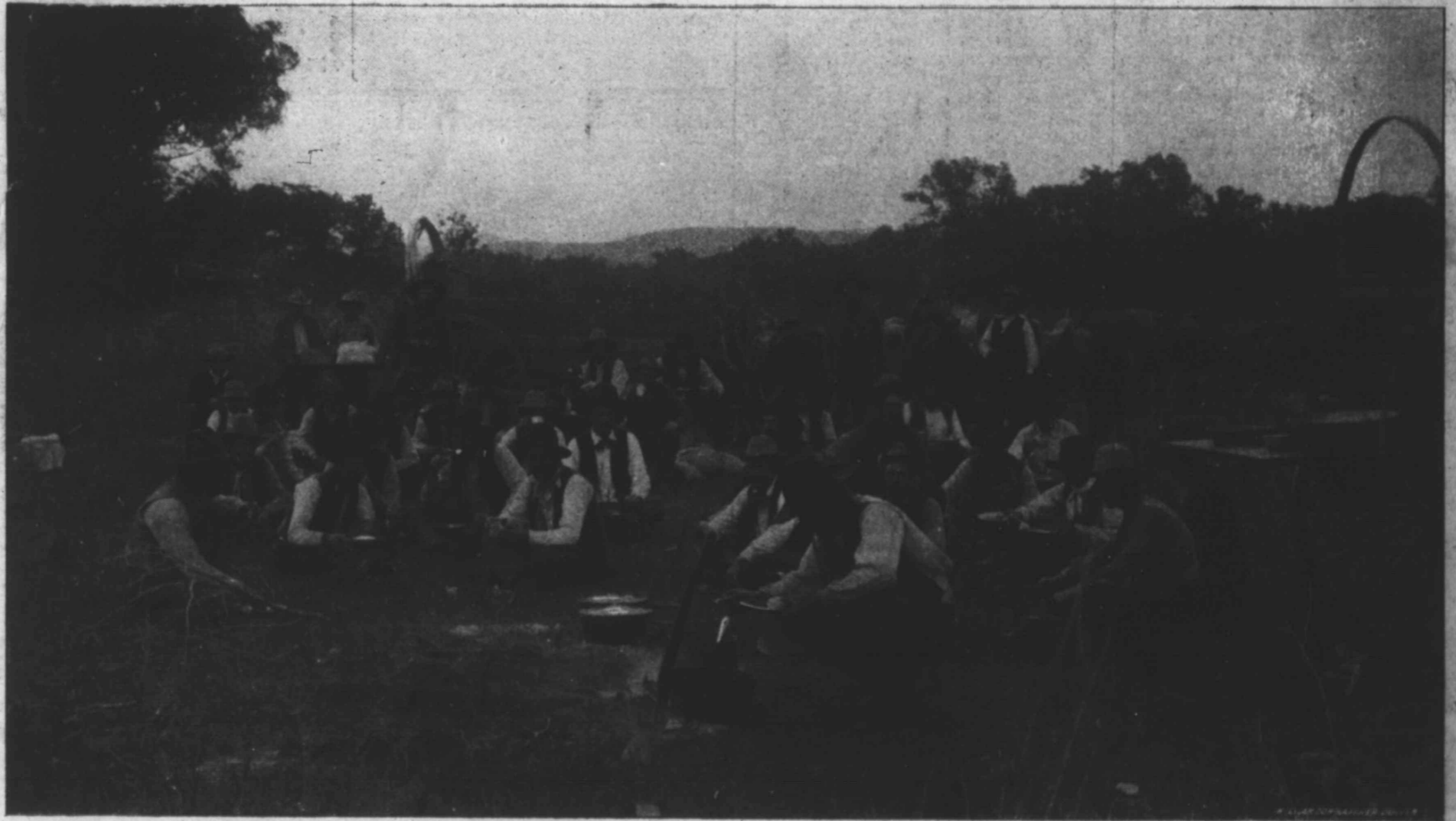
INSPECTOR

DEVOTED EXCLUSIVELY TO LIVE STOCK INTERESTS.

THIRD YEAR.
NO. 11.

Woodward, Oklahoma, February, 1898.

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ROUND-UP OUTFIT AT DINNER. SEE PAGE 7.

PHOTO BY SAUNDERS BROS.

The Real Point of Interest.

—By ALVIN H. SANDERS, Editor Breeder Gazette.

We cannot all cross the Atlantic to study the white-faced herds of historic Herefordshire, upon their own rich West-of-England pastures, but through the enterprise and liberality of the proprietor of Sunny Slope, American breeders will on March 2 and 3 have an opportunity of examining, with a view towards making selections for their own use, a large and well-chosen consignment of young cattle from such famous old-world stocks as those of A. B. Turner, John Price, Stephen Robinson, Ed. Yield, Messrs Tudge, Hygate, Morris, J. W. Smith, Haywood, Bridgford, et al. Many will attend the sale with the idea that, by comparing the imported with the home-bred stock, they will be able to settle in their own minds definitely the

question as to whether or not England has Herefords of any greater value than our home grown specimens; and possibly a few words upon this general proposition may assist somewhat in arriving at a correct comparative estimate.

After some study of the British breeds on their native soil, I have been forced to the conclusion that America will never be able to declare, with due regard to her own best interests her absolute independence of foreign herds and flocks in the matter of breeding stock belonging to types especially designed for the flock. I am aware that some who fail to approach the subject in an unprejudiced way will enter denial and others will question the patriotism (?) of any American making such an assertion; but the student of breeding problems regards not geographical divisions nor

political distinctions in seeking for truth. It is indisputable that we are just now breeding as good Herefords in this country as in England. Our best show cattle are probably the equals of the royal winners; but we must remember that we are not yet far enough away from Anxiety, the Lord Wiltons, The Grove 3d, Tregrehan, Archibald, Sir Richard 2d, and the rest to declare with any degree of assurance that we have no further need to resort to the fountain head. In brief, to come to the gist of the matter at once, the full effect of the American climate and of American feed upon the form and character of the Hereford has not yet been demonstrated. That climatic conditions and character of foods exercises a powerful ultimate influence upon all animal form is an axiom with scientists; and the experience of practical breeders

bears out the teaching of Darwin, Huxley and Spencer. That the Hereford should constitute an exception to the rule does not stand to reason. We have but to contrast the girths of the Anglo-Saxons and the American aborigines or call to mind the conventional caricatures of "John Bull" and "Brother Jonathan" to grasp the idea in its entirety. Animals are the products of their environment. The typical natives American free from recent admixture of foreign blood is lean and of the distinctly nervous temperament. Your true Briton is brawny, full blooded, lymphatic and blessed with assimilative power. The same forces that mold form in man, affect all animal life. To apply the test of actual experience to the question in hand, we may in studying the Hereford proposition, profit by some Short-horn history. When the "white-

faces" began their assault upon Short-horn power in the Central West, some twenty years ago, the Short-horn had been bred in this country for generations. It soon became apparent, however, that the home-bred stock could not successfully cope with the burly-bodied invaders from Herefordshire, and it was only by immediate and persistent resort to old-country herds that the march of the imported Herefords and Angus could be impeded. By free use of fresh British blood, Short-horn breeders were able to give their opponents at the shows a Roland for every Oliver—Duke of Richmond for an Anxiety, a young Abbottsburn for an Ancient Britton.

How long even the rugged Hereford can withstand our terrific extremes of heat and cold, our drought and blizzards, our dry-feed, corn diet and insect pests, without beginning to lose in sappiness and that plethoric habit of body so desirable in a butcher's beast, is a question to be tested by the future. We know that England, thanks to the gulf stream, is a paradise for her herbivorous animals. We know that the climate of Herefordshire, the succulent grasses of the Wye and Severn, the cooling influence of a free use of roots in the feeding ration, and the skill of experienced breeders had given us a race of breeding cattle second to none this world has ever seen. Every condition there is favorable to the production and maintenance of a type. We know that we have in America the feeding ground par excellence of the world—cheap grass and oceans of cheap corn—but we must realize that the underlying conditions are working silently but none the less surely in the direction of ultimate physical deterioration. Careful handling can of course ward off any special loss of breed type for some time. But any consideration of the question of how to sustain Hereford power in the West, that fails to take into the circulation this vital element of modification of type through the operation of feed and climate, may lead to a false conclusion. Occasional recourse to Herefordshire herds is one of the natural safeguards, and if those who attend this sale will bear this fact in mind they will be able to form a much more accurate estimate of the probable value of these imported cattle in our breeding herds than can be formed by a mere comparison of individual animals; and upon this latter point let us say a word.

The imported yearlings in this sale have been landed in the West in good condition. They may therefore be fairly compared with animals of like age bred upon the farm. The bull calves from Herefordshire, however, with all their rich breeding, fine markings and good promise, are entitled to a year's good keep before we enter up our judgement. They have been drawn away from their dams, pitched and tossed by Atlantic "rollers" over 3,000 miles of ocean, run through quarantine, railroaded 1,500 miles and put on sale sixty days after emerging from this severe ordeal. While they have been undergoing this, a grand yard full of Wild Tom, Archibald and Climax calves at Sunny Slope have wanted little from birth that could contribute to their proper growth. As a matter of fact, Mr. Cross has dipped deep into the very cream of all the best young cattle produced at Sunny Slope during the past three years; reserving nothing for himself but what has been required to fill up the show herd. Hence he presents at this sale, 100 head of picked home-bred cattle that have never left the farm upon which they were reared. They have had every advantage of the imported cattle in point of surroundings calculated to bring them into this sale in superior condition. The thoughtful breeder who will take this fact into consideration and who will note how quickly the pedigrees of all those home-bred Herefords run to cows and bulls from over the sea will not fail to grasp the fact that these are matters of deeper import as effecting real values in this sale, than mere present conditions. In other words, if asked to point out

where the bargains are most likely to "crop out" in this important sale, I answer beyond all doubt among the imported bull calves. That a year's feeding will develop some real show bulls among them, may be safely predicted. We have a lively recollection of some similar importations of Scotch-bred Short-horn calves, subjected to similar treatment. Gay Monarch and Baron Cruickshank—bulls of international fame now in Short-horn circles, —would have attracted little attention soon after landing. Mr. Cross is giving buyers every advantage in offering these valuable calves at this time. Some one will "strike it rich" on some of these as sure as grass grows and water flows. On that I stake my judgement as an observer of the development of well-bred imported stock of the beef breeds. American feed and English blood is the combination that is likely to advance Hereford standards still higher during the next ten years than in the past.

The Western Cowboy.

The cowboy of Arizona is often of composite character. To the east and to the west of him the range riders preserve a uniformity of style and of trappings, but not so the cowboy of the "Sun Kissed Land." His saddle may be "Colorado," his cinch "Texas," his bit "Mexico" and his riata "Californit." Still the eyes of a cattleman are keen in all things and the locality whence hails a newcomer is soon determined and infallibly by a rapid glance at the equestrian trappings of the stranger.

Unfettered by a social code, free to roam a boundless expanse of mountain and plain, it is remarkable that the land knows no more conservative individual than the cowboy. His ideas are fixed at the outset of his career and rarely, if ever, changed. If he hail from Texas, mark you the characteristics of his "rig": a long, low-canted, broad-horned saddle, loosely strapped on his pony by a double cinch, with buckles on the latigo straps. His bit will be a rather light concern, possibly reinforced by a hackamore and his rope will probably be hemp or Mexican grass. And especially should be noted the fact that tapaderos are never seen. Now, hitch up the stirrups till the knees of the rider are somewhat bent and you have the "rig" that a Texan most delights in.

The Californian despises the Texan methods and puts his forty pounds of leather on a horse's back in a very different shape. The saddle is higher front and back and the tree broader and the stirrups are so hung that the rider sits upon his animal in true clothespin fashion. Tapaderos are deemed a necessity and an ornament and are often so long as to sweep the ground. A single broad cinch is used, the girth strap being dextrously fastened by a slip knot. The headstall is usually an elaborate affair and the bit a heavy one of the ring, spade or "half-breed" patterns. The "lariat" as he terms it, is made of braided rawhide or calfskin and is the peculiar pride of its owner.

These peculiarities are marked and are unalterable. There can be no argument as to their respective merits and each class of cowmen look at the other with the same distrust and contempt that is given the tenderfoot.

As regards the horses, fully as broad a difference exists. The California mustang comes of proud lineage and really it would be difficult to find anywhere grander saddle horses for rough usage. A matured animal is often put to the strain of 100 miles a day without injury. The mustangs are commonly tall, "rangy" animals, buckskin, gray or pinto in color. They are "broken" when about five years of age, and well experienced indeed must be the vaquero who mounts them on this interesting occasion. The exhibition of bucking, rearing and general cussedness given at the debut of a mustang is truly phenomenal, but through it all he comes unscratched, tough, willing and speedy.

The Texas pony, or "broncho," is somewhat undersized, fairly docile in

temperament and of Mexican origin. He is thick-legged, strong and hardy, and if not as available as the mustang has the doubtful advantage of being held at only half the price. In Arizona, on the range, the Texas pony predominates.

The cattle raising district of Arizona embraces the whole eastern half, and in this vast expanse the cowboy flourishes. But, let us hasten to note, he is not the wild and woolly specimen that the eastern funny paper pictures. You will find him an honest, hospi-

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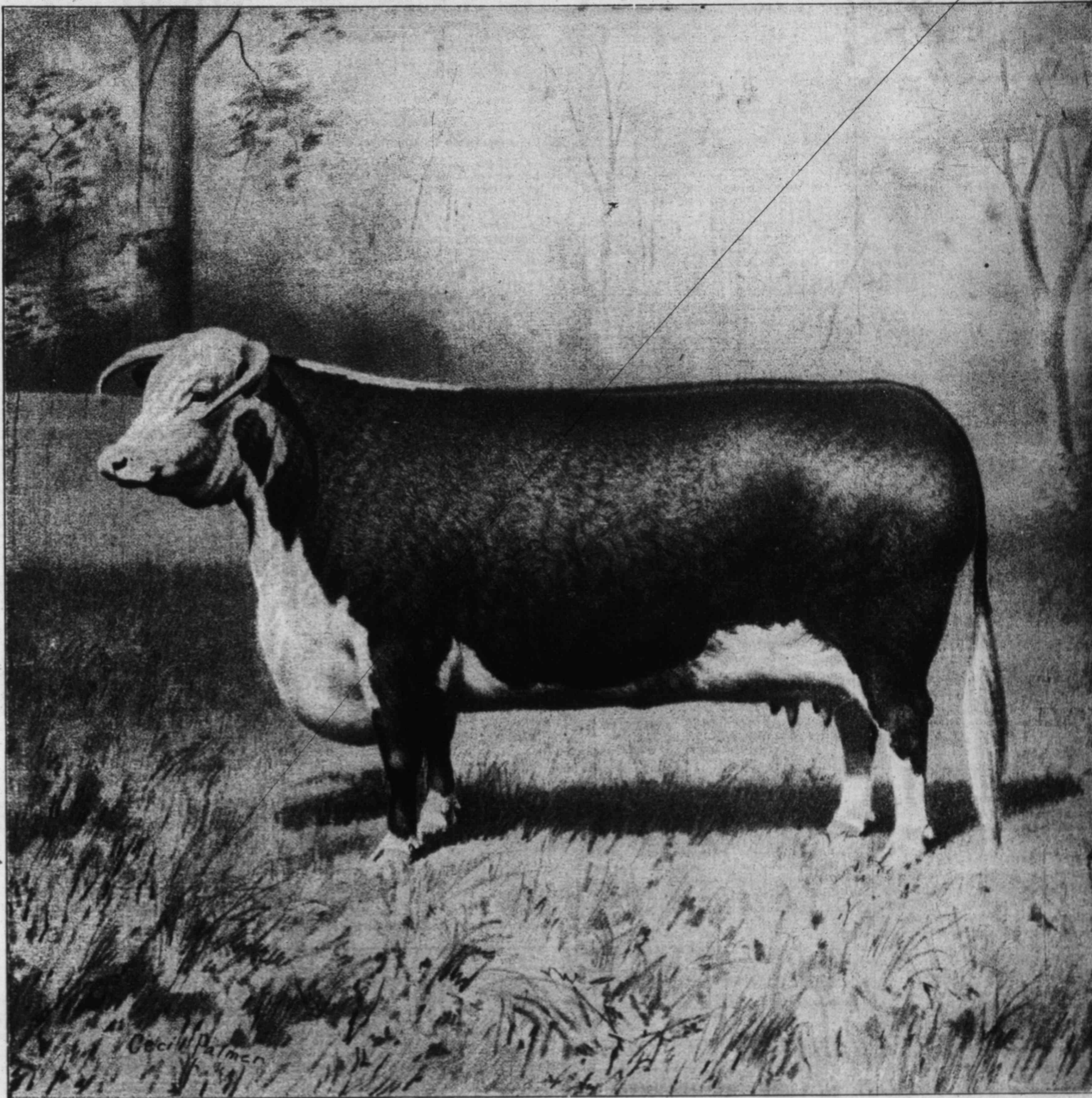
In order to accommodate the cattlemen and stock farmers of western Oklahoma the Publisher of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR has consented to keep on sale a limited quantity of Pasteur Vaccine together with necessary outfits for vaccinating cattle. All orders for Vaccine should be addressed to

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table sort of a fellow, not averse to whiskey, yet rarely intoxicated. A large portion of the live stock of the Territory is made up of small holdings, and upon the larger ranches none but sober men are needed. The days of the horsethief who masqueraded as a cowboy are gone. The man who waits to shoot up the town usually gets shot down into the cooler and the cattle business, as does any other legitimate business, asks the best of skill that the best results may be secured.

The foregoing observations by the Southwestern Stockman of Phoenix, Ariz., are trite and true. The "cow boy" of Oklahoma commands the respect of the world, who only know him as a cattleman. Indeed the term is seldom used in this day the word "puncher" having superseded it as the cognomen of the line rider and herdsmen. Seldom, except in the east does one refer to the "cow boy." The name is obsolete on

the range. On the Oklahoma range, neither the Mexican bred broncho or the western mustang is much in evidence, the owners having discarded them during the late years of cheap horse flesh and re-stocked with fairly good American bred horses of higher grade, of gentler habit, more tractable and bred for staying qualities with the best.

Larger than the "bronk" and better quartered than the mustang the range horse of Oklahoma marks the advance in idea and character of range cattle, which are more profitable to handle and enter in competition with natives in the feed lots of the corn growing states.

From this evolution on the range comes the rapid progress which commands the most intelligent working methods; the "cow boy" has gone to join the cavalcade of "good Indians" as pictured by Fensimore Cooper; the cow man is with us, the best exponent of American thought, energy and up-to-date methods.

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POULTRY DEPARTMENT.

LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR.

[This Department solicits items of news from each reader of the Live Stock Inspector. It will be the aim of the publisher to make it interesting and instructive and this can best be accomplished by your aid and assistance. Direct all communications for publication to A. H. Duff, Editor Poultry Department, Larned, Kansas.

When reply is desired outside the columns of Poultry Department, always enclose stamp in your letter to the editor. All business communications should be addressed to the publisher at Woodward, Oklahoma.

POULTRY NOTES.

Hens will lay more eggs during the winter than at any other season of the year if proper attention is given them.

plenty of good clean water is very important in egg production, but it must be given the hens slightly warm and not ice cold.

If poultry is fed three times a day the results will not prove so good as it will if the noon feed is omitted. Better to adopt feeding morning and evening only.

Fowls to be healthy must have plenty of exercise, and the best way to give it is to haul up a load of straw, and scatter the grain in it, so that they will have to scratch to get it.

Just now is the time to select out your breeders, as you now can tell which hens are the best winter layers. Pick out a dozen or more, send off and get a good thoroughbred cock of some variety that suits your flock.

It will pay to feed crushed oyster shells to poultry, all they will eat at a time. Bone meal, granulated bone, blood meal, and all other things combined in this line, will not equal oyster shells in my opinion.

Oats is one of the best grains for poultry. Some oats that are poor have too much hull, but good heavy oats for egg production, and the health of fowls generally, is not found in any other grain to equal that of oats.

All eggs for hatching purposes should be gathered up several times during the day, during cold weather, for when once chilled, they are unfit for incubation. More care in this particular will be the means of better success in hatching early chicks.

All stock used for breeding and hatching should be thoroughly cleaned of body lice. Take them one by one and powder them with insect powder, or subject them to the liquid lice killer treatment, and repeat it until they are entirely cleared of lice. If your fowls are lousy, half of your feed and attention must go to support the lice.

Fowls must not be confined in small, dark and damp quarters. They will not stand it long until they get out of condition, and disease will always follow. They must have room and plenty of light and dry quarters if the best results are obtained. Dry climates are the chickens paradise, and those embarking in the business will do well to note this.

It is best to adopt but one breed or variety of fowls. By so doing you can keep this variety absolutely pure at all times without anymore trouble than to keep a mixture. If several varieties are kept together it is best to have those of about the same size and nature, as large breeds and small breeds do not do well together.

The half of the whole flock is the one or two male birds that run with them. Will it not pay well to invest a little money in some good male birds of superior stock, as half the flock in the fall will be the result from it. It will be noticed that those who adopt this plan, keep following it up very closely. There is no stock that can thus be changed with as little investment.

Green food in winter is very essential for the well being of poultry. It is better if green food could be made the bulk of their daily rations. Cover hay may be prepared in summer for this purpose by cutting it green and curing it well. There is nothing better than alfalfa for this purpose, and if the fowls have a summer pasture of it, the egg basket will tell the effects of it.

Watering fowls in winter is a work that should be done with caution. Leaving water to sit in vessels and freeze so that the fowls are compelled to thus get water, is

about as good as not giving them water at all. Water the fowls twice a day, and when they drink empty all the vessels containing water. This is the only plan to properly water fowls in winter.

Early hatched chicks are the birds that always prove the most profitable, and we can always have them if we just fix a little in that direction. A good dry cellar is just right to set the hens in, and it has some windows on the south side to let the sun in it is all right for the little chicks when the weather is cold. A good comfortable hatcher and brooder of this kind could be made for the purpose without little expense.

A great many farmers and others keeping poultry make a great mistake often in arranging the roosting places in the hen house. The mistake is this: that one roosting place should never be higher than another, but should all be on a level. When some are high and some low, the fowls all want on the highest ones, and every time they go to roost they engage in a controversy and a quarrel over it, and the result is that the weaker and the younger chicks are compelled to sit on the lower roosts, or are kicked off on the floor, and this quarrel is always kept up until it gets so dark that those so unlucky as to be down has to stay there all night.

Large combs on fowls are an ornament, but are surely a detriment. Large combed fowls often bleed to death by having their combs punctured, and very frequently this occurs. When you see a bird thus bleeding from the comb you should attend to the matter at once. You can readily stop the bleeding by hunting the exact spot that is wounded and with a dry cloth remove the fresh blood, and with a hot iron sear the place until the blood stops. But a little touch of the hot iron will usually stop it, but apply it several times until you are sure you have it checked. Very often the large combed varieties such as leghorns are thus lost just at the time of their most usefulness.

Early in the spring is the best time to destroy lice and work in that line at this time will save a great amount of labor later. Burn a large amount of sulphur in the house after closing it as tight as possible. Three pounds of sulphur to a house ten by ten feet is none too much. After thus thoroughly using the sulphur, either with lime or liquid lice killer give it a thorough painting, and be particular to fill every crack and crevice with the preparation. Carbolic acid in crude form and coal oil with a little oil of sassafras, is as good Equid lice killer as there is made. This is cheap and effective, and should be used largely and liberally in the poultry houses by painting the entire inside of the same about once a month in summer.

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Advertisement for Live Stock Commission Co., featuring an illustration of a cow and details about their business, including capital stock and annual business volume.

OKLAHOMA QUARANTINE REGULATIONS.

By the Governor Promulgating the Rules and Regulations of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission in accordance with an Act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, Approved March 9, 1897. Entitled "An Act to Provide for the Protection of Domestic Animals, for the Creation of a Live Stock Sanitary Commission, Rules and Regulations; to Provide Penalties for the Violation of the same, and to Repeal Chapter 50, of the Session Laws of the Territory of Oklahoma for the year 1895.

WHEREAS, The Live Stock Sanitary Commission in accordance with an act of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory of Oklahoma, approved March 9, 1897, entitled, "An Act to provide for the protection of domestic animals; for the creation of a Live Stock Sanitary Commission, rules and regulations; to provide penalties for violation of the same, and to repeal chapter 50, of the session law of the Territory of Oklahoma for the year 1895," did on the 31st day of December, 1897, make the following rules and regulations:

RULE I. AND REGULATIONS CONCERNING CATTLE TRANSPORTATIONS.

TO THE MANAGERS, AGENTS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE RAILROAD AND TRANSPORTATION COMPANIES IN OKLAHOMA, STOCKMEN AND OTHERS:

You are hereby notified that the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of the Territory of Oklahoma have determined that all of that part of the United States lying south, west and east of the quarantine line described and defined by Rule I, is an infected area containing contagious and infectious diseases, known as southern or splenic fever, and liable to affect the live stock thereof; and that no live stock shall be permitted to come within the Territory of Oklahoma from said infected area at any time between January 15th and November 15th of the year 1898, except under the following rules and regulations:

RULE I. All that country lying south, or below, a line beginning at the northwest corner of the state of California; thence east, south, and southeasterly along the boundary line of said State of California to the southeast corner of said State; thence southerly along the western boundary lines of Arizona; thence along the southern boundary lines of Arizona and New Mexico to the line section of the southern boundary of New Mexico with the latter; thence southerly along the Rio Grande river; thence southeasterly along the said international boundary to the southeast corner of the county of Pecos; thence following the western boundary of Pecos county to the southeast corner of Reeves county; thence following the boundary line between the counties of Pecos and Reeves to the Pecos river; thence southeasterly, following the Pecos river, to the northwest corner of Crockett county; thence north along the boundary of Crockett and Schell counties to the southeast corner of Iron county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Iron county to the northeast corner of said county; thence north to the southern boundary of Coke county; thence north along the southern boundary of Coke county; thence north along the western boundary of Mitchell county; thence east to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the south boundaries of Fisher and Jones counties to the southeast corner of Jones county; thence north along the eastern boundary of Jones county to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundary of Haskell county to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the western boundary lines of Throckmorton and Baylor counties to the northwest corner of Baylor county; thence east along the southern boundary of Wilbarger county to the southeast corner of said county; thence along the eastern boundary of Wilbarger county to the Red river; thence continuing in a northwesterly direction along the course of said river and the northern boundary of Texas to the southeast corner of Greer county; thence northerly following the course of the North Fork of the Red river along the western boundary line of the Apache, Comanche and Kiowa Indian reservations to its intersection with the southern boundary line of Roger Mills county; thence east along the southern boundary lines of Roger Mills and Washita counties to the intersection with the boundary line of the Wichita Indian reservation on the Washita river; thence north along the western boundary line of said reservation to its northwest corner at its intersection with the Canadian river; thence in a southerly direction along the course of said river to the southeast corner of Pottawatomie county; thence north along the eastern boundary line of said county to intersection of the north Canadian river; thence east along said river to the intersection of the western boundary line of the Creek Indian reservation; thence north on said western boundary of said Creek nation to the northwest corner of said Creek nation, and the southern boundary line of Pawnee county; thence east along said boundary line to the southeast corner of Pawnee county at the point of intersection with Arkansas river; thence up the course of said river to the point of intersection with the eastern boundary line of the Missouri; and Otoe Indian reservations; thence south along said boundary line to the southeast corner of said reservation; thence west on southern boundary line of said reservation to the southwest corner of said reservation; thence north along the western boundary line of said Missouri and Otoe and Ponca Indian

reservations to the point of intersection with the southern boundary line of Kay county; thence east on said boundary line to the Arkansas river; thence in a northerly direction following the course of said river to its intersection with the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude at the southern boundary line of Kansas; thence east along the southern boundary line of Kansas to the southeast corner of Kansas; thence southerly along the western boundary line of Missouri to the southwestern corner of Missouri; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of Missouri to the western boundary line of Dunklin county; thence southerly along the said western boundary line to the southwest corner of Dunklin county; thence easterly along the southern boundary line of Missouri to the Mississippi river; thence northerly along the Mississippi river to the northern boundary of Tennessee at the northwest corner of Lake county; thence easterly along said boundary line to the northeast corner of Henry county; thence in a northerly direction along the boundary line of Tennessee to the northwest corner of Steward county; thence in an easterly direction along the northern boundary of Tennessee to the southwest corner of Va.; thence northeasterly along the western boundary line of Virginia to the northernmost point of Virginia; thence southerly along the eastern boundary line of Virginia to the northeast corner of Maryland, at the Atlantic Ocean.

RULE II. Each car carrying cattle and carrying the same in the course of transportation from said infected area into or through that part of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the Territorial quarantine line, must have a placard firmly attached stating in bold letters, "This car contains southern cattle;" and the stock yards, ship or stub and way bill of said car shall be marked plainly on the face thereof, the words, "Southern cattle."

RULE III. Cars that have carried infectious cattle shall be thoroughly disinfected before being loaded with non-infectious cattle, or before being set out upon any side track or in any railway yards. Such disinfection shall be by removing all litter and manure, washing the cars, the feeding and watering troughs with water until clean, saturating the walls and floors of the cars with a solution made by dissolving four ounces of chloride of lime to each gallon of water, or disinfect the cars with a jet of steam under pressure of not less than fifty pounds to the square inch.

RULE IV. All railroad, live stock transportation and stock yard companies and their employees are hereby forbidden to transport, drive or in any way handle cattle in that part of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the quarantine line defined in rule one of the regulations except in compliance with the within rules under the penalties of the following statutes, viz: Section 12, chapter 31, of the session law of the Territory of Oklahoma, of 1897, which section reads as follows, viz: "Any person or corporation who shall, in violation of any of these rules, regulations, orders or directions of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission or any of its live stock inspectors, order, establiishing or inhibit local quarantine regulations within this Territory, or contagious or infectious diseases of a malignant character, drive, lead, move, drift, ship, or in any manner transport any live stock across said lines, or any of them, or violate any local quarantine rules and regulations or in any manner interfere, interrupt or obstruct the Live Stock Sanitary Commission or any of its live stock inspectors in the discharge of their duty, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall, for each offense, upon conviction, be fined in the sum of not less than one hundred dollars nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned in the county jail for not less than thirty days nor more than a year, or may be punished by both such fine and imprisonment, and shall be liable in a civil action for all damages caused by violation of this act."

RULE V. All stock yard companies and all employees of railways doing business in the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the quarantine line herein defined in rule one, are hereby ordered not to load non-infectious cattle into any cars that have been infected and disinfected according to the above orders. This order will be enforced under the provision of section 12, chapter 31 of the session laws of the Territory of Oklahoma of 1897, which session reads as follows: "It shall be the duty of the railway corporations doing business in this Territory, and they are hereby required to disinfect the shipping pens and cars used by them in transporting live stock in or through this Territory, in such a manner and at such times and places as the said Commission may order and designate; and any such corporation shall be liable to a penalty of not less than one hundred dollars and not more than five thousand dollars for each violation of any of said regulations or rules of said Commission, to be recovered in a civil action to be prosecuted by the Attorney General or under his direction in the name of the Territory of Oklahoma, in the district court of Logan county, Territory of Oklahoma, or any county where such violation may have occurred."

RULE VI. Before any person or company in that portion of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the Federal quarantine line within the Territory of Oklahoma as herein defined in Rule X, shall be permitted to load any cattle into any railway car, he shall make and file with the agent of said railway company at point of shipment, an affidavit sworn to before some officer authorized to administer oaths showing that said cattle have not been brought into or through any part of the Territory of Oklahoma in violation of any of the quarantine laws, or rules and regulations thereunder; said affidavit shall be corroborated by two residents of the county from which the cattle are shipped, and shall further contain a general description together with number and brands of said cattle. Said agent shall keep said affidavit and permit inspection of same by the public, PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That it will not be necessary to show in said affidavit that cattle are not infected with HOOPHOLE BOVIS or commonly known and called southern cattle ticks, in that portion of the Territory of Oklahoma lying north and west of the quarantine line defined in Rule I and south and east of the Federal quarantine line within the Territory of Oklahoma as defined in Rule X.

J. J. GERLACH.

GEO. GERLACH

GERLACH BROS., DEALERS IN General Merchandise and Outfitting Supplies. Woodward, Okla.

W. E. ELMORE.

FRANK COOPER.

ELMORE & COOPER, Live Stock Commission Merchants, KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS.

All trains or parts of same consigned to us are met at the Yards and cared for in best manner.

Money can be obtained at short notice on fat cattle. Buy and sell on order. Experienced salesmen. Best results obtained.

NICK HUDSON, Solicitor, Woodward, Oklahoma.

es-ary to show in said affidavit that cattle are not infected with HOOPHOLE BOVIS or commonly known and called southern cattle ticks, in that portion of the Territory of Oklahoma lying north and west of the quarantine line defined in Rule I and south and east of the Federal quarantine line within the Territory of Oklahoma as defined in Rule X. RULE VII. Cattle for feeding after October 1st, of each year, may be brought within that part of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the quarantine line defined in Rule I and south and east of that part of the United States quarantine line within the Territory of Oklahoma, defined in Rule I upon the conditions set out in Rule VIII.

RULE VIII. The person or company having cattle within the infected area shall in an affidavit showing that same cattle are not infected with HOOPHOLE BOVIS or southern cattle ticks, and shall have the same corroborated by two reputable residents of the Territory of Oklahoma, and shall file the same with the secretary of said commission. It shall be the duty of said secretary to file the same and cause said cattle to be inspected by one of the inspectors, and if said inspector shall find said cattle free from HOOPHOLE BOVIS (southern cattle ticks) and from any other infectious or contagious disease, he shall report the same to the secretary forthwith. The secretary, if satisfied with said report, shall then forward the affidavit and inspectors report, to the president of the commission, who shall either accept or reject the same if he accepts the same he shall so indicate and return the same to the secretary, who shall issue a permit for said cattle to enter the Territory of Oklahoma; PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That no cattle will be permitted to pass from parts of the territory north and east of the parts of the territory north and west of the United States quarantine line without a written permit from the inspectors or officers of the department of agriculture.

RULE IX. Notice is hereby given that cattle infected with the HOOPHOLE BOVIS or southern cattle ticks disseminate the contagion of splenic or southern fever (Texas fever); therefore, cattle which are infected with the HOOPHOLE BOVIS (southern cattle ticks) shall be considered as infectious cattle.

RULE X. No person or corporation shall be permitted to drive, lead, move, cart, ship or transport from parts of the Territory of Oklahoma south and east to parts of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of the United States quarantine line, as modified for the Territory of Oklahoma, which is defined as follows: Beginning on the Red river at the southeastern corner of the county of Greer; thence northerly following the course of the North Fork of the Red river along the western boundary lines of the Apache, Comanche, and Kiowa Indian reservations to its intersection with the southern boundary line of Roger Mills county; thence east along the southern boundary line of Roger Mills and Wichita counties to the intersection with the boundary line of the Washita Indian reservation on the Washita river; thence north along the western boundary line of said reservation to its northwest corner at its intersection with the Canadian river; thence in a southeasterly direction along the course of said river and the northern boundary of the Wichita reservation to the northeast corner of said reservation; thence easterly along the southern boundary of Canadian county to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the eastern boundary lines of Canadian and Kingfisher counties to the northeast corner of Kingfisher county; thence east along the southern boundary of O (Garfield) county to the southeast corner of said county; thence north along the eastern boundary of O (Garfield) county to the northeast corner of said county; thence east along the southern boundary line of Kay county to the west line of Ponca Indian reservation; thence north along the west line of said reservation to the northwest corner of said reservation; thence east along the northern boundary of Ponca Indian reservation to the Arkansas river; thence in a northerly direction following the course of said river to its intersection with the thirty-seventh parallel of north latitude at the southern boundary line of Kansas, at any time between January 15th and November 15th of the year 1898, except cattle passing through the Territory on rail

way in transit under the laws governing interstate commerce, unless said person or corporation shall possess a permit from the inspectors or officers of the Department of Agriculture of the United States, which said permit shall describe said cattle by brand, color and sex which shall be first filed and approved by the secretary and president of the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of this Territory.

RULE XI. That until otherwise ordered said cattle shall be admitted to the Territory of Oklahoma from the counties of El Paso, Jeff Davis, Presidio, Brewster, Foley, Burchard, Reeves, Ward, Game, Upton, Tom Green, Frion, Mitchell, Scurry, Fisher, Jones, Haskell, Knox, Wilbarger, Hardeman, Ford, Sterling, Glasscock, Howard, Borden, Linn, Swisher, Randall, Lambek, and Hall, State of Texas, only under the following conditions: Same shall first be inspected by an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry of the Department of Agriculture, or of the Territory of Oklahoma, and a certificate issued by said inspector to the person or persons in charge showing that the same are free from contagious or infectious diseases, and the HOOPHOLE BOVIS or southern cattle ticks, which certificate shall be forwarded to the secretary of this Commission who, in the same certificate, shall issue his permit for said cattle to enter the Territory of Oklahoma.

RULE XII. The Territory of Oklahoma is hereby divided into three districts with the following boundaries as follows:

DISTRICT No. 1 shall be constituted as follows: All of the territory embraced within the boundaries of Grant, Kay, Garfield, Nowata, Pawnee, Logan, Payne and Lincoln counties. John McKittrick hereby appointed inspector of said district, with post-office address at Sulphur, O. T.

DISTRICT No. 2 is constituted out of all that territory embraced within Pottawatomie, LeFlore, Oklahoma, Kingfisher, Canadian and Blaine counties. Samuel Matawa is hereby appointed inspector of said district with post-office address at Oklahoma City, O. T.

DISTRICT No. 3 shall be and is constituted out of all that territory embraced within the boundaries of Beaver, Woodward, Day, Roger Mills, Greer, Washita, Carter, Woods and DeWitt counties. W. F. Cantelero is hereby appointed inspector of said district, with post-office address at Weatherford, O. T.

RULE XIII. The live stock inspectors are hereby directed to enforce these regulations and to arrest all parties who may be guilty of violation thereof, and to appoint such deputy inspectors from time to time as may be required under the law, upon the approval of such appointment first had and obtained by the Secretary and President.

The foregoing and within rules and regulations were adopted and approved by the Agricultural and Mechanical College Board or Regents or the Territory of Oklahoma at a meeting called to meet and had in the City of Guthrie on the 31st day of December, 1897, in the Governor's office in said city, with the following members present adopting and approving the same as the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of the Territory of Oklahoma: Governor C. M. Barnes, Guthrie; J. D. DeBois, President, Guthrie; R. J. Edwards, Secretary, Oklahoma City; Frank Caruthers, Oklahoma City; W. F. Hart, Kingfisher; and Dale Lytton, Stillwater;

JOHN DEBOIS, President. R. J. EDWARDS, Secretary.

Now therefore I, C. M. Barnes Governor of Oklahoma Territory, in pursuance of the authority vested in me by said act of the legislative assembly, do hereby declare said rules and regulations to be in force and effect and do proclaim all that portion of the United States lying south, east, and west of said line described in the foregoing rules and regulations to be in a state of quarantine and all persons are forbidden from loading, moving, drifting, shipping or transporting from all that country lying south and east of said line to parts of the Territory of Oklahoma north and west of said quarantine line. All officers charged with execution of the laws will see the above rules and regulations are strictly enforced. C. M. BARNES, GOV. OF OKLAHOMA.

SS.

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E. WHITE, Vice Pres'd

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Capital Stock and Surplus \$50,000.00.

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R. S. COOK, WICHITA, KAS.
BREEDER OF

Poland-China Swine



The prize-winning herd of the great west. Seven prizes at the World's Fair; seven firsts at the Kansas District fair, 1893; twelve firsts at Kansas State fair, 1894; ten first and seven second at Kansas State fair, 1895. The home of the greatest breeding of prize-winning hogs in the West, such as Banner Boy 2841, Black Joe 2863, World Reuter and King Hadley. For Sale, an extra choice lot of richly-bred, well-marked pigs by these noted sires and a lot of thirty-five extra large, richly bred sows. Inspection or

correspondence invited.

Full Blood Hereford and Durham Cattle

—AT—

Hillside Ranch, Woodward, Okla.

Fine Bulls & Heifers always on hand.
For sale by single animal or ear load lots.

PATTON & MARUM,
Woodward.



Hereford Bulls of Anxiety, The Grove 3rd, Lord Wilton, Archibald and Corrector strains at reasonable prices. Also Short-Horns.

W. E. CAMPBELL,
Kiowa, Kans.

BULLS.

BULLS.

15 High Grade Hereford Bull Calves, good individuals and good colors, large and in good condition, 3-4 to 15-16 bred. These cattle were founded on Short Horn cows 12 years ago. Also some heifer calves, yearlings and cows bred to recorded Hereford bull. These cattle priced well worth the money asked if taken soon. Address, Louis Cowman, Box 289, Herington, Kas. NOV 27

BREEDERS

Who have Live Stock to dispose of and desire to reach the Stockmen and Stock Farmers of Oklahoma, Kansas and Texas

ARE INVITED TO TRY

The columns of this journal. We make no claims that we cannot back. We claim that we have

A Good Medium for Advertisers.

Recorded Hereford Bulls.



ALL BULLS SOLD.

FRED COWMAN.

Lost Springs, Marion Co., Kans.

Bulls for Sale, 1 yr. old.

6 Registered Short-Horns.
3 Grade Herefords.
12 3-4 and Better Grade Short-Horns
All ready for service.

MOSES BROS. & CLAYTON,
Great Bend, Kans.

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR is advised that Mr. F. J. Robinson, of Atlanta, Ga., has been appointed traveling passenger agent of the Central of Georgia Railway, with headquarters at No. 205 Clark St., Chicago.

right, and I'll have them all right here on the range by the middle of May. Before I go I'll give you a letter of recommendation to our bank in St. Joe and you can go up there with the letter and get all the money you can tote. Then I want you to go east and buy every Hereford bull there is in Indiana, Illinois, Missouri and Iowa and have them all delivered here on the 15th of May. Then we'll have a corner on the white-face business and we'll knock "Short-horns" eye out sure. See, we'll have all the Hereford bulls ourselves. All our calves will have white faces. We'll just record the white-face trade mark, then no body else will have 'em and we won't have to brand no more. Talk about corners, ah, Jay Gould won't be in it with us a little bit. We will run 'em two years and then sell 'em out to the Prairie Cattle Company, and we'll have more money than we know what to do with. But we'll be mighty clever with all the boys that stick to us. We'll make everyone of 'em a present of a good suit of clothes and a cool thousand dollars apiece. Then we'll go back to St. Joe and build us a couple of fine houses and start the biggest bank in good old Missouri and take the world easy.

The plans to carry this gigantic scheme to a successful termination was well under way when Young, Short, and Tommy Wilson got wind of it and out of pure enviousness set about to break it up. They circulated a report through their wicked emissaries that they, in company with a Chicago chemist, had discovered a chemical solution that when sprinkled over a cattle range with a two horse spraying machine which they had invented and secured a patent on, would turn the feet and faces of every cow on the range perfectly white in a single night. There was no truth in this wicked report but Mr. P. Diamond believed it to be a fact, for Young Short had taken him into a private room in the old Kiowa House and after locking the door and pulling down the blinds had told him all about the wonderful solution, the patent spraying machine and its majestic work; and that he and Tommy had copyrighted the White-face as their brand etc., on the quiet and in a strictly confidential way. This story was the death blow to our great scheme and now instead of being a "cattle king" or millions I am only a puncher in search of a job.

LENSEED JACK.

Cotton Seed as Food For Animals.

Repeated inquiries come to the Oklahoma Experiment Station as to the value of cotton seed as food for animals. There is a wide spread fear that it is unsafe food. There is some foundation for this feeding but, used judiciously, cotton seed may be wisely fed to either cattle, horses or sheep—sometimes to hogs. Young stock are more liable to injury than older ones. Rarely is it wise to make this the only grain food. Long continued high feeding with cotton seed sometimes gives bad results. But where it is not practicable to have the seed sent to an oil mill, it certainly should not be allowed to go to waste. Its high percentage of oil and good amount of "flesh-forming material" makes it a good food to use in connection with straw, corn stover, etc. It is not advisable to let young calves, lambs or pigs have free access to the seed, but older animals, except hogs, may have a supply before them, if other grain or sufficient "roughness" is also given.

The "chicken business" is often thought of as almost unworthy of notice, while, in fact, poultry and eggs make up a large part of the diet of multitudes of people in Oklahoma and their sale add considerable to the income of many families in the Territory. Few Experiment Stations have given special attention to poultry experiments. The Oklahoma Station is instituting experiments both in breeding and feeding poultry, designed to be continued through a series of years.

Coburn's Good Sense.

Kansas is peculiarly fortunate in having within her limits a man of Secretary Coburn's energy and good sense and for once Kansas has done the right thing by making him Secretary of her State Board of Agriculture. In his talk to the Improved Stock Breeders of Kansas at Topeka on Jan. 10, Secretary Coburn said in part:

"The foundation of the profitable animal is pasture. Where else are better pastures than are found in the 52 million acres of land called Kansas? Where else can a greater or more continuous variety be found, available from the opening of April to the close of March? If the stockman of Jefferson or Franklin county has his bluegrass, no less has the grazer of Haskell or Sheridan his gramma, and either stockman will make affidavit any day in the year that his is the best that ever grew. If the stockman of Eastern Kansas boasts or becomes rich by his generous growths of clover, millet and bluestem for hay, his competitors from the less humid, 'coyote' counties will demonstrate that five to ten tons of better kaffir corn per acre or three or four cuttings of alfalfa in a season make his end of the state about the only part of it in which a man who is in the business for real profit, or wants to raise stock costing almost nothing can afford to locate. If the meatmaker in the eastern half of the state is sure of himself because corn grows in such abundance and is of such unquestioned value as furnishing the streak of fat, likewise is the gentleman from the short grass country self contained by his ability to produce thirty, forty, fifty and sometimes more bushels of sorghum seed per acre, which our experiment station has demonstrated to be about the same fattening value, pound for pound, in beef-making, as Indian corn.

"Grass."

"Next in importance to the divine profusion of water, light and air, those three great physical facts which render existence possible, may be reckoned the universal beneficence of grass. As he reflected upon the brevity of human life, grass has been the symbol of the moralist, the chosen theme of the philosopher. "All flesh is grass," said the prophet; "My days are as grass," sighed the troubled patriarch; and the pensive Nebuchadnezzar, in his penitential mood, exceeded even these, and, as the sacred historian informs us, did eat grass like an ox. Grass is the forgiveness of nature—her constant benediction. Fields trampled with battle, saturated with blood, torn with the ruts of cannon, grow green again with grass, and carnage is forgotten. Streets abandoned by traffic become grass-grown, like rural lanes, and are obliterated. Forests perish, flowers vanish, but grass is immortal. Beleaguered by the sullen hosts of winter, it withdraws into the impregnable fortress of its subterranean vitality, and emerges upon the first solicitation of spring. Sown by the winds, by wandering birds, propagated by the subtle horticulture of the elements, which are its ministers and servants, it softens the rude outlines of the world. Its tenacious fibers hold the earth in its place, and prevent its soluble components from washing into the wasting sea. It invades the solitude of deserts, climbs the inaccessible slopes and forbidding pinnacles of mountains, modifies climates, and determines the history, character and destiny of nations. Unobtrusive and patient, it has immortal vigor and aggression. Banished from the thoroughfare and the field, it bides its time to return, and when vigilance is relaxed, or the dynasty has perished, it silently resumes the throne from which it had been expelled, but which it never abdicates. It bears no blazonry of bloom to charm the senses with fragrance or splendor, but its homely hue is more enchanting than the lily or the rose. It yields no fruit in earth or air, and yet should its harvest fail for a single year, famine would depopulate the world."—INGALLS.

NO FREEZE, NO SNEEZE, NO WHEEZE in winterless California. Have you in mind a journey thither? Wise travelers take the California Limited over the Santa Fe Route.

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, \$1

PERSONAL POINTERS.

Time tests all things; time has proven the Oklahoma Live Stock Association a success.

Elmore & Cooper will have headquarters in Houston & Marum's office during the Convention.

J. T. House, of Hammond, Okla. was in the city Jan. 11th and renewed for the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR.

Gene Wicker was in from his ranch, near Toland, Jan. 11th, and was hardly able to get around from the effects of rheumatism.

W. H. O'Brian, our efficient deputy County Clerk, starts himself into the cattle business by buying 30 head of cows of Jim Pearson-Jan. 8th.

Mum Baker, representing the Zeb Crider Commission Company, has secured the Len Stine building, next door to Weiglein's, for the use of his company as headquarters during the Convention.

Milt Zimmerman is wintering 255 head of cattle; Henry Mull, about 1,000; Sawyer Bros., 500; Courier, 300; all in one neighborhood. Bellowing of cattle and the sooky, sooky of the feeders, is music in the air.

Capt. Day was in from Supply Jan. 24th. He reports Mrs. Day much improved and tells us he will send her to Kansas City as soon as she is able to stand the trip, where she can receive the best medical care and hospital treatment.

Wm. Jones a prominent stockman of Aberdeen, Tex., was ambushed and killed about day break Jan. 16th as he went out to feed. The assassins got away but parties suspected of the crime are now under arrest. Mr. Jones was a member of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association and had sent in his dues to the Secretary just a few days before being shot down in cold blood on his own premises.

HEREFORD BULLS ON THE RANGE: The illustration of bulls on the range is from a photograph by Saunders, of a group of Registered Bulls on the range of Cub Roberts, one of the progressive stockmen of Oklahoma, near Hammond, in Custer County. These bulls were purchased by Mr. Roberts from Sunny Slope one year ago and are to-day proving their value in the estimate placed upon the herd belonging to Mr. Roberts. The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR is pleased to present this illustration to its many readers who will instantly appreciate its good points.

The Kansas City delegation to the Denver Convention consisted of Geo. S. Tamblyn, C. A. Davis, W. S. Hannah, A. J. Knolin, L. A. Stephens, W. H. H. Larimer, William Atchinson, Fred Ehrhike, J. S. McIntosh, O. B. Trower, Zeb F. Crider, S. D. Irwin, J. R. Stoller, W. H. Forest, C. A. Shaeffer, E. L. Swazey, Capt. J. H. Waite, George R. Barse, E. F. Kirk, T. S. Hutton, F. W. Flato, Jr., G. W. Campbell, Jay H. Neff, Chester A. Snider, Lee Clark, Frank Siegel, John N. Payne, Eugene Rust and E. E. Richardson.

Col. Ed. M. Hewins returned from Wyoming Jan. 24th, where he had been spending a few months to improve his health. Commenting on his return the Kansas City Times under date of Jan. 23rd, says: "Ed. M. Hewins, the old-time Cherokee Strip cattleman and an ex-State Senator of Kansas from Chautauqua county, was in Kansas City yesterday on his way home to Fort Supply, I. T., where he is now residing. Mr. Hewins has just returned from Wyoming, where, he says, he found sheep plentiful, but cattle scarce; in fact he is one of those who believe there is a cattle shortage."

MARRIED: Hon. D. P. Marum of Woodward, to Miss Jessie Lee Walton, of Terrill, Texas, at the First M. E. church in the last named city, Jan. 12, 1898. The bride is all that the most exacting could desire, beautiful and accomplished. The groom, now serving as Senator from the 13th District of Oklahoma, is a lawyer-cattleman and too well and favorably known for

further comment. The INSPECTOR regrets that its space in this issue is so limited as to preclude a full description of the memorable event, but in lieu of same, extends, with a host of friends, best wishes to the happy pair for life.

Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College.

The Oklahoma A. & M. College, as it is best known, is located at Stillwater. It is doing as much or more for the Territory as all other institutions combined. It educates, at the same time it has a positive value to every stockman, farmer, poultry raiser, horticulturist, dairyman, swine breeder, in short, every avenue of farm or range production.

It cost the people of Oklahoma almost nothing, while its benefits cannot be over-estimated. The means of its support are as follows:

First; The Hatch fund, an appropriation by congress of \$15,000 per annum, and which can be used for experimental purposes.

Second; The Morrill fund, which started seven years ago at \$15,000 and increased \$1,000 annually until last year (fiscal year closing June 30, 1897) it amounted to \$28,000. It can only be used for salaries and different educational interests.

Third; The lease fund, which is one-third the income from the leasing of one section in each township, in the strip and other countries recently opened and to be opened to settlement. This now amounts to about \$4,000 annually, and can be used for incidental purposes, buildings, etc.

Thus we find the income for the present fiscal year will be in the neighborhood of \$42,000. The institution is endorsed and placed here for the benefit of the people of Oklahoma, and beyond the one legislative appropriation of \$15,000 has never cost the Territory a cent, it being one of the very few things that we can so obtain.

It is not a local institution in any sense, but it is designed and maintained for the benefit of every citizen of Oklahoma. Its proper title is: Government Experiment Station and Oklahoma Agricultural and Mechanical College.

First Page Illustration.

The scene of a round-up camp at noon, given on first page this issue is true to life in every respect. The boys work hard and the appetite they carry to the out-fit wagon at noon would make the ordinary harvest farm hand green with envy.

The cut is from a photograph by Saunders, made on the Washita river near Red Moon post office, May 1896. The illustration shows the following who were present: Wicker Bros., Cub Roberts, Arthur Roberts, Beasley Bros., Buck Walsh, Wes. Cornell, Dick Cann, H. Lanfers, Clyde Young, "Stonie" Duke, Oscar Thurmond, Jim Hensly, Will Nations, "Boy" Beard, Smith Kellum, (killed at Mangum Sept. '97,) Orville Keene, Newt Jackson, Bob Sutton, Ben Williams, Harry Anderson, Green Usery, Jim Fay and others. The out-fit wagon in fore-ground belongs to Wicker Bros. & Wilson, and the one in the rear to Cub Roberts.

Treatment for Black Leg.

The Kansas Experiment Station, after a number of tests, has concluded that the best treatment is preventive and that inoculation or vaccination with a prepared virus is the most effective. The station says that if a case of Black Leg has occurred after inoculation, it has not been reported, and so far no bad results have followed vaccination.

The Pasteur Black Leg Vaccine has now been used successfully upon some twenty millions of animals, mostly in Europe, but its success during the last two and a half years in this country is phenomenal and we would strongly recommend stockmen who are troubled with Black Leg to prevent it by using Pasteur Vaccine. 32 tf-com

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All Druggists refund the money if it fails to Cure. 25c. 1116

THEY PLAY GOLF ALL WINTER in California. Bunkers of roses and hazards of orange blossoms. Only 74 hours away via the Santa Fe Route—California Limited.



REGISTERED HEREFORD BULLS ON THE RANGE. OWNED BY CUB ROBERTS, OF HAMMOND, OKLA.

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR

PUBLISHED MONTHLY BY

WILL E. BOLTON.

WOODWARD, OKLAHOMA

Kansas City Office—1611 Genesee St.
Eastern Office—85 Tribune Building, N. Y.The only journal published in Oklahoma and
the Indian Territory; devoted exclusively to
live stock interests and stock farming.

Official Organ of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association

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TERRITORIAL QUARANTINE INSPECTORS.

SAM MATTHEWS, 1st District.
JAKE CANTELOU, 2d " "
JOHN McGRATH, 3d " "Entered at the post-office at Woodward, Okla.
homa, as second-class mail matter

Subscription \$1 per Year in Advance.

FEBRUARY, 1898.

The Oklahoma Association will have
inspectors second to none at the
markets next year.Try Pasteur's Vaccine for Blackleg.
A sure preventive. For sale by.
Publisher LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR,
Woodward, Okla.Chicago is to have a Corn Convention
on Feb. 16th to which everyone
is invited. The invitations do not
state whether the corn is to be served
liquid or in the half bushel.The Kansas City Star, Wichita
Eagle, Wichita Beacon, Guthrie Daily
Leader and Guthrie Daily Capital will
be represented here by special cor-
respondents at the convention.The actual number of inches of rain
fall has little to do with successful crop
growing. The precipitation may be
even more, and yet if not distributed
at intervals during the season, crops
will not grow in a county with the
larger number inches rainfall as well
as elsewhere with less number of inches.Col. Brooks, of the Amarillo Cham-
pion has recently added three regis-
tered Hereford heifers to his Break-
view Stock Farm. The cattle are
said to be equal to the finest and are
Dolly Varden 6th dropped April 17,
1896; Countess Lee 7th, May 23, '96
and Beecher Beauty 4th, a heifer
calf from the best strains of imported
Herefords. Col. Brooks will breed
registered stock excelled by none
anywhere.LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR
CALENDAR.

| February | Sun | Mon | Tue | Wed | Thu | Fri | Sat |
|----------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| | | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 19 |
| | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26 |
| | 27 | 28 | | | | | |

Welcome to him.

Before the next issue of this journal the Fourth Annual Convention of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association will have convened and adjourned. No body of men, professional, tradesmen, or mechanics are entitled to higher praise for unselfish enterprise in founding an organization, than are the live stock men in the sparsely settled sections of the range country, in their attempt to develop the wealth of the west and effect a means for protecting life and property in what would otherwise be lawless communities, illy restrained and bordering on out-lawry.

To you, gentlemen, as members and organizers of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association, is due in largest share the reclamation of the wilds and advancing its settlement by the promotion of its prosperity, along natural lines and recognizing the chief source of its permanent wealth. To you must be given the honor of developing one of the greatest industries of the age and to your intelligent co-operation and study must be left its future success.

The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR gives you cordial welcome, and trusts your convention may result in profit not only to your increasing membership, but to every portion of Oklahoma and adjoining states where your actions may be noted.

During the coming year the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR is again at your service and wishes you each and every one a soaking in the wave of prosperity, now surging in higher prices for all grades and classes of cattle; that your herds may increase as never before; that your pastures may grow greener and your profits greater; that your steers will ship fat, on the best markets; and that you will return to the next annual convention in 1899 with a big balance on the right side of your ledgers, as the result of active and enterprising effort, shown by your presence with us at this time. And when the great Superintendent of the Range calls for your final account-sales, they will be balanced with entry certificate to that corral where ticks and rustlers cease from troubling, and the cow-man is at rest.

The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR acknowledges receipt of Incorporation of the American Tamworth Swine Record Association, from Edwin O. Wood, secretary, Flint, Michigan. The United States has never before had a Tamworth record, and as this Association has certified copies of the Tamworths of England this subject is of special interest to swine breeders. The Association is incorporated for a term of thirty years, under the laws of Michigan with a capital stock of \$2,000.

As the INSPECTOR goes to press Feb. 2, it regrets having to record the killing of John Markham by Ben Wolfarth, in a quarrel. Both were cattlemen.

If you receive a copy of this paper, and are not already a subscriber, you are invited to become one at once. Send in your dollar and help us make the paper better each year.

An article concerning "Rome Park Stock Farm" from the Kansas Farmer reaches us too late for press this issue. The Rome farm is owned by T. A. Hubbard and on it may be seen one of the best combination herds of Poland and Berkshires anywhere. Address him at Rome, Sumner Co., Kans.

The prettiest journal in the live stock trade, is Kings and Queens of the range, published at Kansas City, No. 524, Ridge Building by Mrs. Jno. F. Gregory. It is published more especially for the ladies and every number is a perfect beauty in print and make-up. Subscription price, one dollar per year.

Among the most enterprising journals in the west, the Kansas City Packer takes second place to none. It spares no expense to get facts, market reports, and news of the most beneficial character to its patrons. The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR is pleased to acknowledge the receipt of special favors from its energetic publisher.

Elsewhere in this issue you will see good reproduction of the great registered Hereford cows, Elvira III, 60951, and Princess May. Space prevents, in this issue a tracing of the pedigrees of these animals, especially the latter, dropped March 10, 1893 at Duxmoor, Craven Arms, Shropshire England. You may see them at the sale, advertised on last page, this issue.

The special departments of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR are speedily growing in favor. Our poultry page is unexcelled in merit by any journal, no matter where published; and our page "For Woman" stands high in the estimate of our lady readers, the wives and daughters of our patrons. Special attention is given these departments by their editors, who invite correspondence from patrons.

The Oklahoma Live Stock Association has been organized for three years, during which time it has lost but one member who requested his name taken from the rolls, who has cattle in Oklahoma. The organization above mentioned was largely instrumental in keeping the quarantine line where it now runs. This fact alone adds a value of not less than \$2 per head to this man's cattle. Yet he feels too poor to contribute two cents per head each year to maintain the Association. And this too in the face of the fact that his net profit on the deal is not less than \$.98 per head each year, to say nothing of protective benefits. It seems like everyone should view this matter as it stands.

Mr. Sidney Webb, of Clay county, and Geo. B. Reynolds, of Albany, Tex., are both strong supporters of the belief that vaccination is a sure prevention of blackleg in cattle. Mr. Webb vaccinated 400 head in one pasture and did not lose one, while in an adjoining pasture where he did not vaccinate the stock he lost heavily. He believes that vaccination is an absolute preventive to the disease. He says he employs a man to attend to nothing else on his ranges but the vaccination of his stock at the proper seasons. Mr. Reynolds had an experience to relate bearing on this subject that was even more to the point. One of his neighbors sold to Kansas parties 450 head of vaccinated cattle and not one was lost. At about the same time he sold to the same party 150 head of unvaccinated cattle and twenty-five died of the disease. The celebrated Pasteur, of the Paris institute, has been of benefit to the cattlemen as well as to those whom he treats for hydrophobia.—Dallas News.

The Board of Regents of the Oklahoma Agricultural College and Experiment Station is also the Live Stock Sanitary Commission of the Territory. In co-operation with this Commission the Experiment Station proposes making further tests of the effectiveness of tank dipping southern cattle thereby destroying the ticks as a means of preventing such cattle causing Texas or Southern fever among northern cattle. In the opinion of many veterinarians and others it has been proved that it is through the ticks that the disease is transmitted to other cattle. Some experiments have seemed to show that inoculating northern cattle with the blood of southern cattle will make the former immune from the fever in the future. The Experiment Station proposes obtaining some cattle from well north of the quarantine line and making a future test of this plan.

New Rails to be Laid.

The Tepeka Journal which is in a position to know says that the improvements to be made by the Santa Fe this year will include the laying of considerable new rail and ballasting of the track on the Panhandle branch from Wellington to Panhandle, Tex.

While these improvements are needed and in the regular line, they will be made this year particularly because of the proposed extension of the Pecos Valley road, which will give the Santa Fe a valuable live stock line into southern Mexico. If the extension is built, and it is almost certain that it will be this year, the Santa Fe officials figure that the live stock business over the Panhandle will be at least doubled.

"Will Soon Be Riding."

The following received from a charter member of the Association and a member of the executive committee is encouraging and bespeaks the growing favor in which the Oklahoma Association is held:

Arkansas City, Kas., Jan. 16, '98.
Mr. W. E. Bolton, Woodward, O. T.
DEAR SIR AND FRIEND: After reading the Inspector this eve and seeing what the Ft. Worth Reporter had to say in regard to our association, and mentioning the fact that we sought at one time to be connected with the Texas association, brings to mind the fact that once we were crawling but now we are walking and hope to be riding horse-back soon.

I feel like some of my old Woodward friends had come when I get the Inspector. I am proud of our Association and hope to be able to meet with you in February. If I fail please remember you have my best wishes for your success.

I have a good lot of cattle here on feed and I am kept quite busy keeping them in something to eat.

I expected to get home last fall but the quarantine held us down to long, as frost had killed the grass long before the 15th, and cattle were shrinking bad when we were permitted to ship, so we could not or did not ship but about half the cattle I had here. I now hope to get home when grass rises.

I am glad to note that the Association is growing. We have got the location and why not be headquarters for the same.

Good luck and long life personally.
Yours Truly,
P. L. HERRING.

Pasteur's Vaccine Prevents Black Leg.

Send all orders for Pasteur's Vaccine and vaccinating outfits to Publisher LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, Woodward, Ok.

A BAG OF VIRGIN GOLD is among the possibilities of mining at Klondike. 'Tis too late to start now, but before the season reopens you should post yourself about the district, the mining laws, and other essentials. Reliable information, with explanation of mining terms, may be found in book on the Klondike, issued by Santa Fe Route.

Another Bloody Affray at Guthrie.

In its issue of Jan. 7th the Guthrie Daily Capital prints as an "interview" a woof of misstatements and falsehoods which is sufficient to cause a smile, were it not that it breathes an insidious attempt to stir up strife in communities now prosperous and peaceful. In the article one "W. H. Nolan, who has a claim in Day county twenty miles southeast of Higgins, Texas," makes a number of statements which will be news to the people of this country. He says the "nester" is using one-half to two-thirds of his farm for pasturage, the balance to raise feed. Just think of this a moment, please. One half to two-thirds of 160 acres would be 80 to 100 acres; to range a cow during summer, with winter feeding, 10 acres is required to the animal. Thus according to Mr. Nolan, the nester is living off the profits of 8 to 10 cows and feeding his family. If this be true there is surely a profit in cattle raising.

Again, he admits in some instances "adjoining range" is used. All right! That is true. And were he shut off that additional range as he proposes doing, he would either have to leave the country, live wholly on the increase of 8 to 10 head of cattle, or starve. Which of these plans would Mr. Nolan advise?

And if you shut out one man from using range, you shut out all. It is an admitted fact that not to exceed 20 per cent of the land in Day county is susceptible of cultivation; would he have the other 80 per cent lie idle?

Mr. Nolan then gets gay and says the large cattlemen have "sworn vengeance" against the small cattlemen. This statement is untrue, as the large cattlemen depend upon the small producer for feed and encourage him to raise feed.

Why did not Mr. Nolan make this statement in the Day County Tribune or the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, or some other well-known home newspaper?

Because the facts fail to back his assertions and he knows it. Therefore he makes sensational charges in a sensational daily paper away across to the extreme eastern part of the Territory where his "talk" would reach few of his home people.

In conclusion the Capital says: "Governor Barnes and Attorney General Cunningham agree with Mr. Nolan that this matter must be taken up at once and if the territorial laws did not cover the case, the government should be appealed to."

We simply don't believe a word of it! Governor Barnes and Attorney General Cunningham both understand the situation here and know that a spirit of harmony exists for the development of this country in the way nature intended, and that there is a smaller percentage of crime in these western counties than in the county where the Capital is published.

These gentlemen know the experience of settling western Kansas and western Texas and know that it is useless to attempt to support a population of a family on each quarter section of western Oklahoma land.

These gentlemen are also aware of the fact that the statement made in the "interview" that the last cattle convention at Woodward resolved that "this country would not raise any kind of crops," is a lie, pure and simple.

These gentlemen also know that the Oklahoma Live Stock Association has many small cattlemen on its rolls; that its fees are kept low in order to secure the co-operation of all classes of stock growers; that the small cattleman's rights are respected and that it is only due to bowlers with a jargon of falsehood, that reports to the contrary are ever started.

A wet elm club properly applied to the trocha of a Capital "interviewer" would result in a speedy settlement of "all difficulties" in western Oklahoma.

The "Roswell extension" will build this season. Get your shipments ready down there!

THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, \$1

THE SANTA FE LEADS

Broke All Records by Loading 95,057 Cars of Stock in The Year of 1897.

BUSINESS IN 1897 ENORMOUS.

Unloaded About 31 Per Cent of the Total Number of Cars of Stock at Kansas City in 1897. Items Concerning the Greatest of Western Roads.

The Atchinson, Topeka & Santa Fe system, the greatest of Western Railroads, was about the busiest of all commercial enterprises last year says the Drovers Telegram. In its live stock department the record of the year stands without a parallel in its history. The total number of car loads of live stock loaded on the four divisions of the great system was 95,057, against 87,429 in 1896, a gain in 1897 of 7,628 cars. The 1896 business exceeded that of 1895 by about 10,000 cars, showing a gain in 1897 over 1895 of nearly 18,000.

During practically the whole of 1897 the Santa Fe's live stock equipment was taxed to meet the demands put upon it. The movement of cattle from various portions of the South, Southwest and West was the heaviest ever known. A considerable portion of the steer family spent the year in sight-seeing and traveling from one neighborhood to another. Animals which had passed their days upon the treeless plains of Texas were treated to a view of the tree-laden hills of the West; after spending a few weeks in the shade of the giant oaks or hickories, they came to Kansas City, got a view of city life, and then returned to the modernized feed-lot or gently rolling pastures of a professional feeder. While the steer was thus traveling around in palace cars, chewing prairie hay and eating Kansas corn, the railroads were declaring dividends. The Santa Fe, having the greatest mileage of any Southwestern road, the four branches penetrating the breeding grounds and extending up to the grazing and feeding sections, caught more of these tourists than any other system.

Eli Titus, through whose efficiency and affability as general live stock agent much of this enormous business is due, furnishes us the following compilations, showing the number of cars of live stock loaded on the various branches of the Santa Fe system by months in 1897 and 1896:

| CARS LOADED IN TWO YEARS. | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------|---------------|
| A. T. & G. C. & | | | | | |
| | S. F. | S. F. & A. | A. & P. S. C. | Total | |
| 1897— | | | | | |
| January | 5,861 | 1,928 | 30 | 31 | 5,960 |
| February | 3,943 | 3,460 | 44 | 43 | 4,487 |
| March | 4,309 | 616 | 32 | 28 | 5,045 |
| April | 8,615 | 5,264 | 408 | 85 | 14,472 |
| May | 8,048 | 2,022 | 412 | 49 | 10,531 |
| June | 5,315 | 1,071 | 391 | 47 | 6,827 |
| July | 4,556 | 867 | 291 | 32 | 5,744 |
| August | 6,141 | 516 | 150 | 67 | 6,842 |
| September | 6,141 | 619 | 98 | 46 | 7,234 |
| October | 8,021 | 1,208 | 182 | 119 | 2,620 |
| November | 7,854 | 2,469 | 52 | 91 | 10,466 |
| December | 4,250 | 2,476 | 45 | 51 | 6,825 |
| Totals | 72,979 | 19,241 | 1,245 | 662 | 95,057 |
| 1896— | | | | | |
| January | 3,836 | 1,106 | 36 | 7 | 4,985 |
| February | 3,508 | 1,053 | 41 | 12 | 4,594 |
| March | 3,547 | 1,258 | 56 | 5 | 4,866 |
| April | 7,250 | 3,805 | 68 | 3 | 11,126 |
| May | 7,268 | 1,715 | 289 | 32 | 9,324 |
| June | 5,425 | 1,053 | 614 | 64 | 7,194 |
| July | 4,180 | 604 | 59 | 57 | 4,900 |
| August | 5,042 | 555 | 35 | 67 | 5,699 |
| September | 7,294 | 575 | 105 | 42 | 8,020 |
| October | 8,186 | 801 | 31 | 67 | 9,193 |
| November | 7,248 | 1,612 | 49 | 27 | 8,936 |
| December | 6,320 | 2,129 | 78 | 59 | 8,586 |
| Total | 69,112 | 16,389 | 1,468 | 462 | 87,429 |
| Increase 1897 over 1896 | 3,867 | 2,855 | 676 | 200 | 7,627 |

The use of Pasteur's Vaccine for Blackleg during the past twelve years has reduced the death rate of vaccinated stock to one-third of one per cent. For sale by.

Publisher LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR.
* Woodward, Okla.

WANTED: Every stockman in Oklahoma should be a member of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association. Write to the Secretary at Woodward for full and free information.

Try the Breeders Directory for results. Breeders should extend invitations to an army of customers in this department of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR.

A peculiar condition of this winter is the heavy snow fall in southwestern Kansas and in Beaver county and the comparatively light fall in this county and east of here.

Gillett's cowboy band, of Woodbine, will furnish music for the Convention. Mr. Gillett has kindly consented to have the band photographed, out of which together with that of himself and wife, will appear in the next issue of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR.

Read the INSPECTOR.

CAMPBELL, HUNT & ADAMS,

LIVE

STOCK



Commission Salesmen.

NAT'L. STOCK YARD, E. St. Louis, Ill. KAN CITY STOCK YARD, Kansas City, Mo.

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ESTABLISHED IN KANSAS CITY IN 1874.

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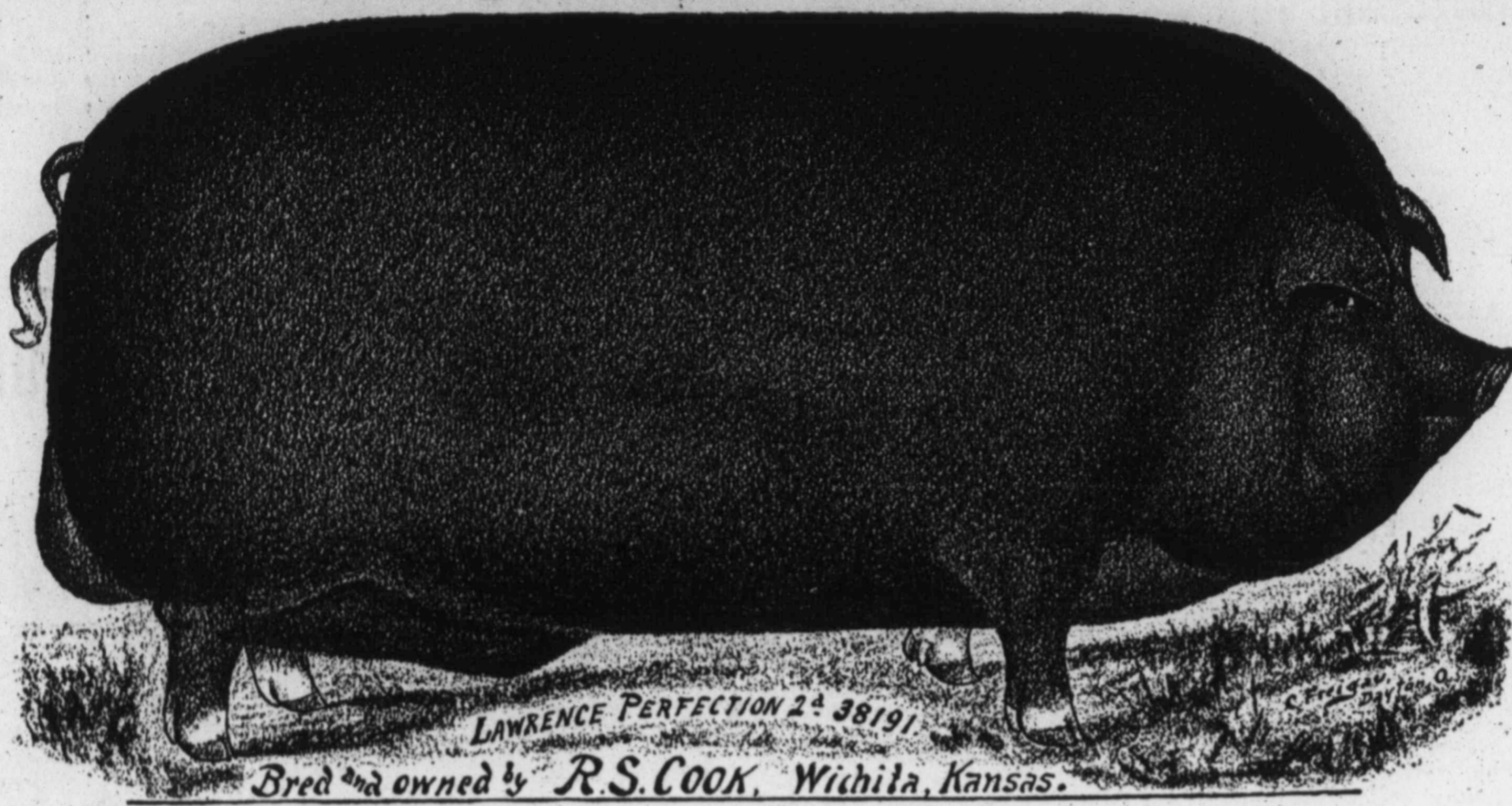
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Furniture & Undertaker's Goods.

Buy Your Hardware of a Hardware Man.

And you will get the best BARGAINS. I carry the largest line of all the above goods and will compete with all.

WOODWARD, OKLAHOMA



EXCHANGE CLIPPINGS.

While some of the cattle on the range are thin, yet there is an abundance of feed in the country and we hear of but slight losses. The cattlemen are learning that it pays to prepare for bad weather whether it comes or not.—Ashland, (Kas.) Clipper, Jan. 21.

CHOCTAW OKLAHOMA & GULF.—It is announced that this company has sold from its treasury \$200,000 general mortgage 5s, the proceeds to be used for the construction of 7 miles of track at the eastern terminus, to connect with the Kansas City Pittsburg & Gulf, and 25 miles from the western terminus, through an agricultural district. The cost of the extension is estimated at \$310,000.—Railway Age, Jan. 21.

Judge Harrison's Jersey cow dropped two calves last week. Just one year previous, to a day, the same animal dropped two calves, and one of her he fers also dropped twins and has since had one calf. This makes a total increase of seven head from two cows in less than fifty-three weeks. As calves have been selling here at from \$12 to \$15 each it is evident that there is lots of profit in such stock.—Cheyenne Sunbeam, Jan. 21st.

The Memphis Route is doing a heavy business in the shipment of live stock. Last Thursday four extra trains of cattle from the south passed through Golden City bound for points in Kansas and Nebraska where corn is abundant and cheap. The trains were running on passenger time. The cattle are being hurried out of the southern states owing to the fact that the quarantine law takes effect shortly.—Golden City, (Mo.) Press, Jan. 20.

No cattleman should be induced to buy grade bulls as sires instead of pure bred bulls on account of the price of the latter. He had better pay a round price for the pure bred than to permit the grade to enter his herd at any price. The pure bred animal can be relied on for the production of a calf crop that will inherit strongly his own characteristics, but no one can predict the characteristics of the grade's product in the herd. It may be good in some individual specimens, but it may receive the influences of some inferior qualities derived from far back in the long lines of a scrub ancestry. "Blood will tell," and bad blood is just as communicative as good blood. The whole argument in favor of the good bull is in the fact that he is the means through which all the steers of his get are brought to the standard that reaches the highest

prices given in the market.—Stock & Farm Journal, Jan. 5th.

Champion Poland-Chinas.

The above illustrates very nicely one of the leading boars of the Champion Poland-China Breeding Farm owned by R. S. Cook, of Wichita, Kansas. The LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR is pleased to commend Mr. Cook to its readers as one of the pioneer breeders of the west whose swine stands at the head in the list of premiums earned, in the showing for color, breeding and individual merit and excellence.

Lawrence Perfection 2nd 38191 is the best yearling in the west. At the age of 15 months he weighed 650 lbs., stands right on his toes, has an extra fine broad back, and extra wide deephams. He was sired by that noted prize winner and crack breeder Black Joe, who won five first prizes; and his get, at the Kansas State Fair in 1896; repeated the same at the Oklahoma State Fair; same year Black Joe was sired by that noted breeder Lawrence Perfection 21399, the sire of eight pigs that held the Champion herd up to the second notch in Poland Chinas circles at the great World's Fair in 1893; that also carried off 7 Columbia his prizes; but the other Poland-China herd that accomplished the same feat, the 8 pigs shown were all under one year old. Lawrence Perfection 2nd 381-91 won first in class, herd and sweepstakes at Kansas State Fair in 1897, also same at Oklahoma State Fair. Mr. Cook has choice lot of about 30 head of extra fine, well marked gentle-Gilts (sired by King Hadley 40819) bred to this greatest of all yearlings Lawrence, Perfection 2nd. He breeds a very perfect head and ear, very broad between their eyes with a broad back, short heavy limbs with black coats.

Notice!

One hundred dollars reward will be given for the arrest and conviction of any one destroying or removing any government property from Ft. Supply reservation. E. M. HEWINS, Custodian.

Piles or Hemorrhoids Absolutely Cured.

Any kind or degree—external, internal, blind bleeding or itching, Chronic or recent. No case so bad that our treatment will not effect a permanent cure. Ten dollar treatment for \$5.

We will for a short time take any case of piles for \$5 cash, and guarantee a cure, treating same without extra charge until a complete cure is effected. For a mild case we will sell one package of our initial treatment for 50 cents. This will positively cure any recent case of piles. Chronic cases we can cure in from three to five weeks. No interruption to business, no medicine to take. Treatment sent at our expense. We want to hear from persons suffering from skin disease, old sores, granulated Eyelids or rheumatism. Address Hermit Remedy Co., Dep't. M. Adams Express Building, Chicago, Ill.

In writing please mention the Live Stock Inspector.

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J. E. McNAIR, Vice Pres.
I. S. ALEXANDER, Sec. and Treas.

SALESMEN
JERRY CROWLEY, Cattle
J. L. BENNETT, Cattle.
J. B. CROWLEY, Hogs.

E. R. BOSWELL, Office.

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Correspondence promptly attended to. All consignments receive personal attention of members of the firm.

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C. G. KNOX, Vice-President.

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THE LIVE STOCK MARKET OF ST. LOUIS,

THE ST. LOUIS

National Stock Yards

Located at East St. Louis, Ill., directly opposite the city of St. Louis. Shippers should see that their stock is billed directly to the NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

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WOODWARD, O. T.

First Class in Every Particular.

Patronage of Cattlemen Solicited.

Oklahoma Live Stock Association.
 El Reno Republican, Jan. 7, '97:
 The fourth annual meeting of the Oklahoma Live Stock Association will convene at Woodward, February 8th and will remain in session two days. A very interesting program has been arranged and no doubt the meeting will be largely attended by those who are interested in the stock business. These annual meetings are beginning to be recognized as the event of the year among the stock growers of western Oklahoma, southwestern Kansas and the Panhandle country. It is then they meet and discuss the questions of mutual interest pertaining to the cattle business. While the citizens are entertaining their guests and showing them a sumptuous hospitality, they are getting better acquainted with each other and cultivating a more fraternal feeling. The cattle business is now and always will be among the leading industries of the Territory. There is to-day more money invested in stock and the stock business than in anything else in Oklahoma, and it is safe to say that no other business has paid the per cent on the investment. There is no other business in which the returns are so certain. It is less dependent upon the rainfall or climatic conditions than other branches of agriculture, if indeed, it can be called a branch of agriculture; there was never a time within the memory of the oldest inhabitant when the rainfall in western Oklahoma was not sufficient to grow grass sufficient to raise and fatten cattle. The stockmen are more prosperous than ever this year, and the indications are that the coming meeting will be the most interesting that has yet been held.

Pasteurs Vaccine Prevents Black Leg.
 Send all orders for Pasteurs Vaccine and vaccinating outfits to Publisher LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR, Woodward, Ok.

A Look Through South Missouri Free.
 The Kansas City, Fort Scott & Memphis R. R. Co. has just issued a magnificent book of sixty or more photo engraved views of varied scenery in South Missouri. From these views an accurate knowledge can be obtained as to the productions and general topography of that highly-favored section that is now attracting the attention of home seekers and investors the country over. The title of the book is "Snap Shots in South Missouri." It will be mailed free. Address, J. E. Lockwood, Kansas City, Mo.

Parlor Organs At a Big Reduction
 To sharply reduce stock, we offer unprecedented values. Fine Organs, formerly bringing \$75, now \$47.50. Used Organs from \$15. Don't fail to write at once for catalogue. The Lyon & Healy Organs have been before the public for nearly one-third of a century and their quality is beyond question. Address Dept. C. LYON & HEALY, Wabash Avenue and Adams St., Chicago, Ill.

THE KEYSTONE DEHORNER
 For a knife that will cut a horn without crushing, because it cuts from four sides at once get THE KEYSTONE DEHORNER. It is humane, rapid and durable. Fully warranted. HIGHEST AWARD AT WORLD'S FAIR. Descriptive circulars FREE. A. C. BROSIUS, Cochranville, Pa.

SEEDS
ALFALFA SEED A SPECIALTY,
 Choice Cane and Millet, Kaffir, Spring Wheat and Jerusalem Corn, White Hulless Barley, Seed Oats. Full particulars and book, "How to Sow Alfalfa," free. McBETH & KINNISON, Garden City, Kansas. [When writing please mention the Live Stock Inspector.]

GEO. GERLACH, PRES., CANADIAN, TEX. J. J. GERLACH, CASHR., WOODWARD
 ROBT. MOODY, V. P., CANADIAN, TEX. O. H. CAFKY, ASS'T CASHR.,
THE GERLACH BANK,
 SOLICITS YOUR BUSINESS. WOODWARD, OKLA.
 CORRESPONDENCE:
 National Park Bank, New York. National Bank of Commerce, Kansas City, Mo.
 Kansas National Bank, Wichita, Kansas. Canadian Valley Bank, Canadian, Texas.

List Your Cattle for Sale WITH US!
 Can Furnish Buyers. Can Meet Every Requirement of Commission Company and all Honorable Competition.
Best of Salesmen. Money Loaned.
ZEB F. CRIDER COMMISSION COMPANY,
 KANSAS CITY, MO.
 Represented in Oklahoma by MUN BAKER.

KANSAS CITY LIVE STOCK MARKETS.
 Monthly summary of receipts and prices of live stock at the Kansas City Stock Yards, compiled by the Kansas City Packer, and reproduced for the benefit of readers of THE LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR.

CATTLE.

| Dec 30 to Jan. 26, INCLUSIVE. | Re-ceipts. | Dressed Beef & Shipping Steers, Native Fed. | Texas and Indian Steers. | Texas and Indian Cows. | Native Cows and Heifers. | Stockers and Feeders. | Bulls. |
|-------------------------------|------------|---|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Thursday, Dec. 30 | 4,084 | \$2.8-4.85 | \$3.35-4.35 | \$2.90-3.10 | \$2.40-4.00 | \$3.30-4.40 | \$2.40-3.65 |
| Friday, " 31 | 3,522 | 3.80-4.95 | 3.00-3.90 | 2.35-2.90 | 2.25-4.00 | 3.75-4.30 | 2.10-3.75 |
| Saturday, Jan. 1 | 1,181 | .. | .. | .. | 2.25-3.85 | 3.00-3.65 | 2.00-3.00 |
| Monday, " 4 | 2,918 | 3.45-5.00 | 3.15-4.35 | 2.45-3.00 | 2.60-4.10 | 3.20-4.40 | 2.65-4.00 |
| Tuesday, " 5 | 8,528 | 3.60-5.05 | 3.50-4.40 | 2.10-2.85 | 2.30-4.15 | 3.50-4.40 | 2.30-4.00 |
| Wednesday, " 6 | 7,318 | 4.00-4.90 | 3.40-4.30 | 2.40-3.50 | 2.25-4.10 | 3.40-4.25 | 2.25-3.65 |
| Thursday, " 7 | 5,069 | 4.00-4.90 | 3.25-4.30 | 2.65-3.16 | 2.25-4.05 | 3.40-4.50 | 2.50-3.75 |
| Friday, " 8 | 5,820 | 3.85-5.00 | 2.20-4.30 | 2.50-2.65 | 1.75-3.90 | 3.60-4.50 | 2.25-3.65 |
| Saturday, " 9 | 219 | .. | .. | .. | 2.35-3.75 | 3.50-4.15 | 2.50-3.45 |
| Monday, " 10 | 8,368 | 3.75-4.90 | 3.05-4.60 | 2.50-3.00 | 2.65-4.0 | 3.75-4.35 | 2.50-3.75 |
| Tuesday, " 11 | 10,045 | 3.65-5.00 | 3.65-4.20 | 2.75-3.35 | 2.35-4.00 | 3.40-4.60 | 2.60-3.80 |
| Wednesday, " 12 | 5,610 | 4.00-4.75 | 3.50-4.45 | 2.65-3.40 | 2.15-4.10 | 3.25-4.60 | 2.40-3.60 |
| Thursday, " 13 | 4,738 | 3.65-4.95 | 3.60-4.25 | 2.65-3.15 | 1.90-3.95 | 3.25-4.40 | 2.60-3.70 |
| Friday, " 14 | 9,017 | 3.75-5.00 | 3.65-4.60 | 2.55-2.65 | 2.25-4.25 | 3.25-4.80 | 2.40-4.00 |
| Saturday, " 15 | 688 | 3.50-4.30 | .. | .. | 2.35-3.75 | 4.55-4.90 | 2.25-3.75 |
| Monday, " 17 | 5,221 | 3.75-5.00 | 3.25-4.30 | 2.70-2.75 | 2.00-3.80 | 3.30-4.70 | 2.40-3.50 |
| Tuesday, " 18 | 8,497 | 3.75-4.90 | 3.00-4.20 | 2.70-3.10 | 2.65-4.10 | 3.50-5.00 | 2.00-4.00 |
| Wednesday, " 19 | 7,946 | 3.90-4.90 | 4.05-4.35 | 2.90-3.30 | 1.75-4.00 | 3.00-4.75 | 2.15-3.45 |
| Thursday, " 20 | 6,335 | 3.60-4.85 | 3.95-4.60 | 2.55-2.65 | 2.40-3.92 | 3.40-4.70 | 2.00-3.75 |
| Friday, " 21 | 4,267 | 3.65-5.00 | 3.75-4.00 | 2.65-2.75 | 2.40-4.00 | 3.75-4.50 | 2.50-4.20 |
| Saturday, " 22 | 634 | .. | .. | .. | 2.45-4.10 | 3.95-4.50 | 3.25-3.15 |
| Monday, " 24 | 6,401 | 4.20-4.90 | 3.20-4.10 | 2.70-3.10 | 2.25-4.60 | 3.60-4.80 | 2.25-3.90 |
| Tuesday, " 25 | 10,383 | 3.50-5.00 | 3.35-3.85 | 2.40-2.70 | 2.00-4.00 | 4.05-5.00 | 2.75-4.85 |
| Wednesday, " 26 | 7,460 | 4.00-5.10 | .. | 3.82 | 2.15-2.90 | 1.50-4.15 | 3.90-4.60 |

TIME TABLE.
 CHOCTAW, OKLAHOMA & GULF R. R. Co.

EAST.

| | | |
|-----------------|-----|-----------|
| El Reno | Lv. | 6:40 am. |
| Oklahoma City | " | 7:45 am. |
| Shawnee | " | 9:14 am. |
| South McAlester | " | 12:30 am. |
| Wister | Ar. | 3:00 pm. |

VIA WISTER.

| | | |
|------------|-----|----------|
| Fort Smith | Ar. | 4:35 pm. |
| St. Louis | " | 7:25 am. |

WEST.

| | | |
|-----------------|-----|-----------|
| St. Louis | Lv. | 8:20 pm. |
| Fort Smith | " | 11:57 am. |
| Wister | " | 1:50 pm. |
| South McAlester | " | 4:10 pm. |
| Shawnee | " | 5:35 pm. |
| Oklahoma City | " | 9:05 pm. |
| El Reno | " | 10:05 pm. |

BETWEEN OKLAHOMA CITY AND EL RENO.

| | | | |
|----------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|
| 3:50 pm. | 9:05 Lv. Ok. City | Ar. 7:40 am. | 12:20 pm. |
| 4:52 pm. | 10:05 Ar. El Reno | Lv. 6:40 am. | 11:15 am. |

The above time card effective April 16, 1897. For rates and other information apply to J. F. HOLDEN, Tr. Mgr. South McAlester, O. T.

HOGS.
 The market below is a representative basis of good hogs for packers' use.

| Dec. 30 to Jan. 26, INCLUSIVE. | Re-ceipts. | Top Price. | Bulk of Sales. |
|--------------------------------|------------|------------|----------------|
| Thursday, Dec. 30 | 16,476 | \$3.50 | \$3.35-3.45 |
| Friday, " 31 | 14,331 | 3.57 | 3.40-3.50 |
| Saturday, Jan. 1 | 5,976 | 3.60 | 3.45-3.52 |
| Monday, " 3 | 10,083 | 3.65 | 3.45-3.55 |
| Tuesday, " 4 | 23,814 | 3.60 | 3.35-3.45 |
| Wednesday, Jan. 5 | 19,340 | 3.50 | 3.35-3.42 |
| Thursday, " 6 | 18,466 | 3.60 | 3.35-3.45 |
| Friday, " 7 | 16,706 | 3.55 | 3.35-3.45 |
| Saturday, " 8 | 7,268 | 3.62 | 3.37-3.50 |
| Monday, " 10 | 13,068 | 3.63 | 3.35-3.50 |
| Tuesday, " 11 | 16,771 | 3.63 | 3.35-3.50 |
| Wednesday, " 12 | 15,420 | 3.63 | 3.42-3.55 |
| Thursday, " 13 | 16,194 | 3.67 | 3.47-3.60 |
| Friday, " 14 | 14,976 | 3.62 | 3.47-3.60 |
| Saturday, " 15 | 8,970 | 3.62 | 3.45-3.60 |
| Monday, " 17 | 7,621 | 3.65 | 3.45-3.60 |
| Tuesday, " 18 | 17,700 | 3.65 | 3.50-3.60 |
| Wednesday, " 19 | 15,790 | 3.65 | 3.45-3.60 |
| Thursday, " 20 | 17,898 | 3.65 | 3.40-3.60 |
| Friday, " 21 | 14,850 | 3.40 | 3.40-3.60 |
| Saturday, " 22 | 6,940 | 3.75 | 3.60-3.70 |
| Monday, " 24 | 6,983 | 3.80 | 3.65-3.75 |
| Tuesday, " 25 | 14,617 | 3.87 | 3.65-3.80 |
| Wednesday, " 26 | 17,940 | 3.90 | 3.65-3.75 |

KANSAS CITY STOCK YARDS

ARE THE
Most Complete and Commodious in the West
 And Second Largest in the World! The entire Railroad System of the West and Southwest Centering at Kansas City has Direct rail Connection with these Yards, with Ample Facilities for Receiving and Re-shipping Stock.

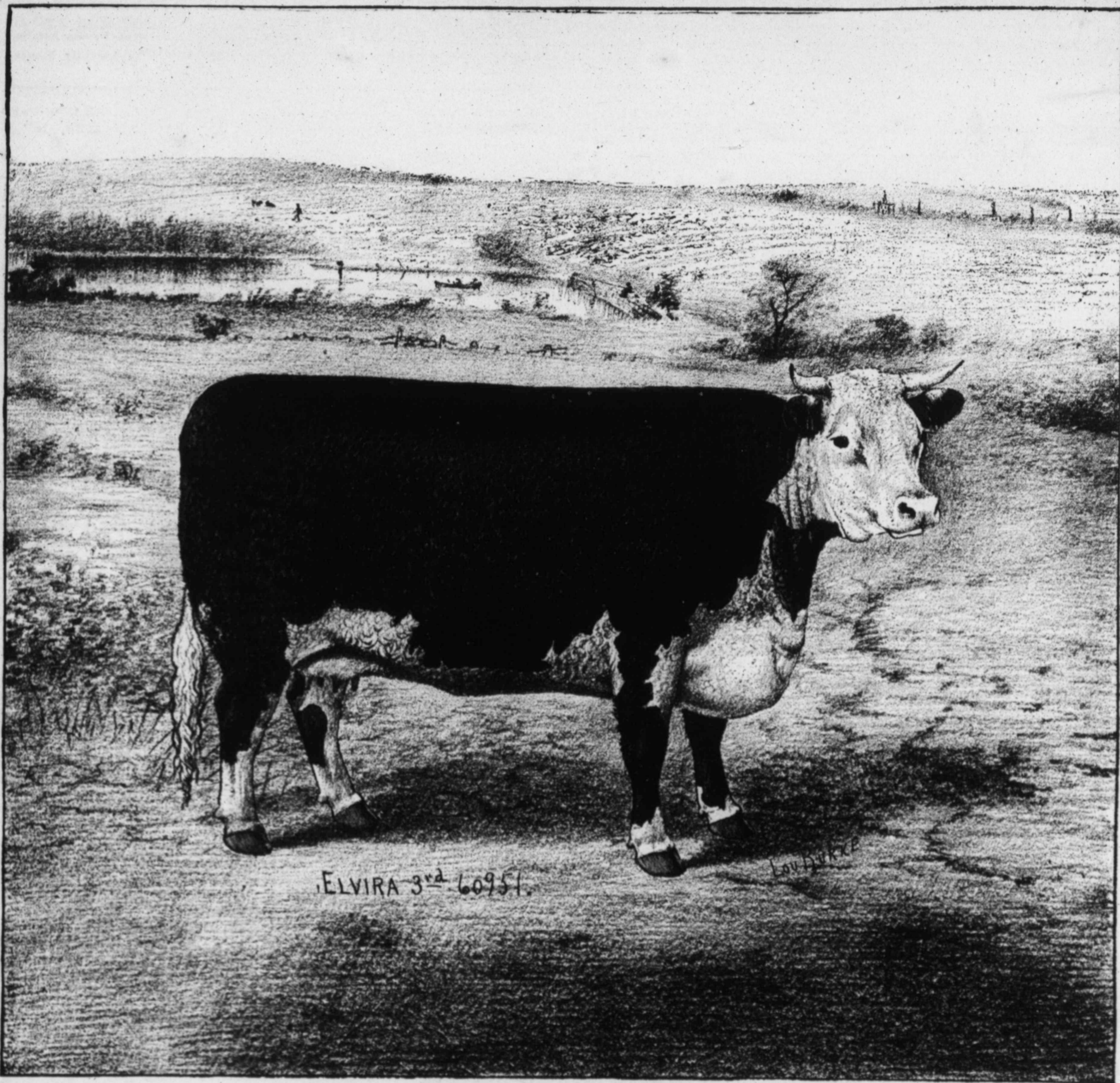
| | Cattle and Calves. | Hogs. | Sheep. | Cars. |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|---------|
| Official Receipts for 1896 | 1,921,062 | 3,350,796 | 1,134,236 | 123,047 |
| Slaughtered in Kansas City | 965,287 | 3,084,623 | 865,298 | |
| Sold to Feeders | 665,615 | 341 | 131,389 | |
| Sold to Shippers | 216,771 | 263,592 | 61,576 | |
| Total Sold in Kansas City 1896 | 1,847,673 | 3,348,556 | 1,048,233 | |

CHARGES—YARDAGE: Cattle, 25 cents per head; Hogs, 8 cents per head; Sheep, 5 cents per head. HAY, 80c per 100 lbs.; OATS, 60c per bushel; CORN, 60c per bushel.

No Yardage Charged Unless the Stock is Sold or Weighed.
C. F. MORSE, E. E. RICHARDSON, H. P. CHILD, EUGENE RUST,
 Vice-Pres. & Gen. Man'gr. Secy. and Treas. Asst. Gen. Mgr. Traffic Mgr
 W. S. TOUGH & SON, Managers, HORSE AND MULE DEPARTMENT.

The Kansas City Live Stock Com. Co.
 Is one of the Oldest and Best Companies in Kansas City.
 A good one to do business with.
 They have ample capital and are perfectly reliable.
 Twenty-five years in the trade.

Write to them for information and ship to them for good results.
L. A. ALLEN, CHAS. W. CAMPBELL, PEYTON MONTGOMERY, W. T. MCINTIRE, Shep Salesmen. J. T. MCGREY, Hog Salesmen.



ELVIRA 3D, 60951, OWNED BY SUNNY SLOPE FARM, EMPORIA, KANSAS.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

Stockmen are requested to write postal card items for this column. The INSPECTOR desires to print live stock notes from everywhere. Send us a postal—push it along.

Prosperity item from the Clayton Enterprise: "There were 41,714 cattle inspected in Union county to leave the territory during '97 the value of which, estimated at \$15 each is \$625,150; 140,000 sheep valued at \$280,000 was inspected in Union county to leave the territory in '97; 164,000 pounds of pelts, valued at 4 cents per pound and amounting to \$6,560 was shipped from Clayton alone in '97; 1,398,625 pounds of wool, amounting to \$139,865, was shipped from Clayton in '97 all making a total of \$1,052,073.

Subscribe for the INSPECTOR.

J. T. Pearson bought 250 coming yearlings from J. C. Pennright, of Okarche, Jan. 22. Price \$4,000. This is a most excellent bunch as Mr. Pearson contracted for a 50 per cent cut-back and secured the top of a lot of high grade natives. They are on feed about 12 miles east of Kingfisher.

We have a positive cure for black-leg. Call and see us and save your cattle.
DAVIS & ANDREWS,
Woodward, Ok.

Public Sale of Registered Herefords.

Readers of this issue cannot fail to notice the strikingly handsome full page ad. of the auction Sale of Herefords at Sunny Slope, March 2, and 3. The publisher of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR visited this noted home of the Herefords last month and was surprised to find it more than any description can portray. It must be seen to be fully appreciated. Here are not only a choice lot of imported Herefords from England, (see

article Real Point of Interest, first page this issue) but many of the best bulls in the country, whose names are household words on the range, such noted sires as Wild Tom, Archibald V, and others whose appearance is familiar to readers of the LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR by publication of engravings, drawn from life. Then here is Beau Real's Maid, looking exactly as if she had stepped from the first page of the last number of this journal.

The sale dates above announced will draw an immense throng of stockmen to Emporia, which is on the main line of the Santa Fe and easily reached from all the range country of the southwest, and if any of our readers wish to get bulls or registered heifers, they should attend this great sale, the greatest ever attempted in the west.

Prevention is better than a cure. Pasteur's Vaccine absolutely prevents loss of cattle by Black Leg. For Sale by, Publisher LIVE STOCK INSPECTOR
* Woodward, Okla.

HARNES & SADDLES.



Chas. P. Shipley, of Kansas City, proprietor of the Stock Yards Harness Co., expects to be at the Woodward Convention with samples of Saddles. Also with his new illustrated catalogue of all kinds of Saddlery Goods. Be sure and get one and be posted where to trade. Don't buy your saddle for spring work until you have seen these. They are all right. Reference: Any Live Stock Commission Co. If not at the Convention, order catalogue of

CHAS. P. SHIPLEY,
1529 Genesee St.,
Kansas City, Mo.

FOR WOMEN
— IN —
Ranch and Stock-Farm Homes.



Edited by MAUD BAILEY MUNGER.
Exclusively for The Live Stock Inspector.

All Lady readers are requested to contribute anything of interest to this department. Address all communications for this department to "Ranch Sister," care of Publisher Live Stock Inspector, Woodward, Oklahoma.

My King.

You are all that I have to live for—
All that I want to love—
All that the whole world holds for me
Of the faith in the world above!
You came and it seemed too mighty
For my humble heart to hold;
It seemed, in its sacred glow,
Like a glimpse through the gate of gold.
Like life in the ceremonial Eden,
Created, formed anew—
This dream of perfect manhood
That I realize in you.
God created in a woman,
With a nature just as true—
As the blue, eternal ocean—
As the sky that is over you.
And you are mine until your Maker calls
you—
Your soul and your body, sweet!
Your breath, and the whole of your being,
From your kingly head to your feet—
Your eyes, and the light that is in them—
Your lips, with their waddening wine—
Your ears, with their passionate clasp—
My king—
Your body and soul are mine.
I know not where, if ever—
I know not when or how—
Death's hands may try the fetters
That bind us here and now;
But some day, when God beckons,
Where rise His bronzed palms,
My soul shall cross the river
And lay you in His arms;
Forever and forever, beyond the silent
sea,
You will rest in the army eternal,
And still belong to me. —SELECT.

Notes.

By their knightly courteous gallantry to the ladies, the gentlemen have won for themselves an enviable esteem, so during their stay in Woodward they shall be greeted by sweetest smiles and best wishes; that they may have a happy and beneficial session of convention.

Queen Victoria throws her letters on the floor to be picked up by her secretary. This is surely a poor example of tidiness she is setting for her subjects.

Women architects are becoming quite numerous and successful. It is in accordance with woman's principles to arrange the home and to plan the building of homes is indeed within her sphere.

Pictures make the humblest home a beautiful joy. Reproductive prints from famous artists can be had at a small price. Poor pictures, unlike some other things, are better than none at all.

If women would stop to consider the matter of the much agitated bird plume problem, they would realize that of all other hat trimmings birds are last in the list of beauty, so aside from the humane point it would become a question of artistic taste.

Make your home beautiful, bring to it flowers. This will give joy to yourself and others. We publish in this number a valuable letter on flower culture. These western hills and plains can be made to "blossom as the rose."

As one surveys the lovely snow-decked landscape those words, "like frozen music" suggest themselves.

How to Make A Skirt Box.

A skirt box is a delight to its owner, requiring very little trouble or expense. It is a receptacle for skirts without having to fold them; it is a luxurious couch; it will offer an excuse for innumerable sofa pillows and if you ask the head of the house to build it for you, it will afford the means of learn-

ing the extent of his devotion and give him a good lesson in patience.

Have the box made the height, width and length of a rather broad couch. It should be closely joined; fasten the lid to the back side with hinges; place rollers at each corner under the bottom. Just any scraps or rough lumber would answer, though a box made of cedar would be very desirable as it would be mouse and moth proof. For the upholstering you may use creton, denim or more expensive material. Cover the body of the box smoothly, using tacks to hold it. Pad the top of the lid with excelsior, cotton or straw, either of which will answer, though the former is more preferable. Cover this with the goods. Have plenty of pretty sofa pillows, no two alike in design or material and something of your own origination. You will have in this something at once useful, ornamental and comfortable.

Mexican Chili And Tamales.

A lady who resides in Mexico gave the genuine Mexican mode of making tamales, chili, and tortillas, as taught her by her neighbor Mexican woman. The receipts for the two former we give below, but as some of our American seniors might object to the tortilla staff of life, we will promise to not tell the Ranch Sisters how to make bread once every three weeks:

CHILLI.

Carefully wash and remove the stems from one dozen large chilli peppers. Pour over them a cup of boiling water, which will loosen the skins so they can be removed. Chop one small onion fine and put into a sauce pan with one pound of nice tender beef, that has been chopped or ground very fine while raw (not cooked before hand as very many do,) add a teaspoonful of lard and the same of beef suet. Let these ingredients fry until well done, then add a little salt, stir in the peppers that have been chopped fine. Add a quart of boiling water and let it cook for an hour stirring occasionally. Beans may be added if desired.

TAMALES.

Chop one pound of boiled beef quite fine, prepare a dozen chilli peppers as for making chili, add the water in which the beef was boiled to the chopped beef and a fourth of a pound of suet, also chopped fine and cook for half an hour together with the peppers. While this is cooking make a corn meal mush by gradually stirring meal into a kettle of boiling water, salt and let it cool well. Have about four dozen corn shucks, the ends trimmed neatly. Boil them for about an hour or two, then spread them out on a table and line with about a tablespoonful of the mush to each shuck, and oil this about the same amount of the beef. Roll the shuck and turn each end up to hold it. Place the tamales in a steamer over boiling water, steam twenty minutes and serve hot.

Soups.

The following receipts were given by a lady who is quite deservedly famous for her delicious soups.

BEAN SOUPS.

Soak small navy beans over night in water to which a little soda has been added. Next day boil them until thoroughly tender. Then press them through a colander which removes the hulls. Return to the water in which they were cooked. If necessary add more hot water. Add one small onion chopped fine, season with a spoonful of butter, salt and pepper. Let it cook one hour, serve with crackers that have been warmed in the oven.

BEEF SOUP.

Select a soup bone and put to cook in cold water. Let it boil several hours, then add cabbage and a little okra. Let it cook one-half an hour and add a can of tomatoes, two potatoes cut in half inch squares, a teaspoonful of rice, a little corn and an onion which has been fried in a little lard, season with salt and pepper, add a teaspoonful of rice, let it cook for an hour and serve.

A Box For The Swill Pail.

One of the most unsightly objects in the kitchen is that very necessary adjunct—the swill pail. This may be kept out of sight, by having a box for it, any ordinary one will do, it must have a lid, the lid when open protects the wall and when closed secludes the pail from flies. The box also protects the floor from grease spots. This idea is well worth the very little trouble involved in carrying it out.

Fashion Notes.

Silver and jeweled hat pins are pretty and popular.

It is said, the Russian blouse waists are losing favor.

Handsome hostery and exquisite garters are now the rule and reign.

Owing to the latest pompadour style in hair-dressing, hats are worn rather far back.

The new white mill ties worn on the outside of the jacket or cape look quite fresh and bright.

For house and evening wear, train skirts are fast becoming popular.

Turbans trimmed in old lace and violets are worn on dress occasions.

About The House

Bottles are easily cleansed with hot water and shot or fine coals.

Old linen napkins and tablecloths are valuable for polishing glass and silverware.

A paste of whitening and alcohol, if rubbed on window panes, will give them a brilliant polish.

A pail of lime or a large lump of charcoal, placed in a damp cellar will absorb the dampness.

If soap is purchased in large quantities and allowed to dry, half the usual amount will be required.

If cold water is used to make sugar syrup it will not turn to sugar so readily as when the sugar is stirred in boiling water.

Opening canned goods and letting it remain in the can any length of time before using, is a very grave mistake, as the action of the acid in the air on the contents of the can, produces a very deadly gaseous poison. It is well to open the can and empty into an earthenware dish several hours before you are ready to use.

Taffy Candy.

Into a sauce pan put two cups of sugar, one teaspoonful of lard, two cups of cold water and a lump of citric acid the size of a grain of coffee. Boil until it hardens when dropping a little in cold water. Pour out on a buttered dish and when sufficiently cool pull it until it whitens. A little vinegar would answer in the absence of citric acid but this is preferable as it prevents that detestable occurrence known to all amateur candy makers. When the expectant heart falls like the mercury at midnight in December over those awful words, "It is going back to sugar."

Plyine, or Pecan Candy.

Crack and pick pecan nuts, separating them from the shell nicely, chop them fine and to each cup of picked pecans use two cups of sugar. Put the sugar over the fire, no water must be used. Stir the sugar constantly and it will melt and become a syrup. Be careful that it does not scorch, stir in the pecans at the instant the sugar dissolves and remove from the fire and pour out in a large buttered dish. As it cools break it off in squares. It is quite brittle and good.

Geranium Culture.

El Reno, Ok., Jan 27, 1897.

DEAR RANCH SISTER:

Perhaps some of the ranch sisters would like to hear my experience upon the culture of geraniums. I find that experience is a wise teacher. Failure has so often been the result of my attempt to root slips and I have so keenly felt the disappointment that I have tried various ways succeeding best, however, in this way. Take a good sized box, or large enough at least to hold two or three gallons of earth, fill with a mixture of well rotted manure dirt and a sufficiency of sand to keep the soil porous, have good drainage and place the box where it will not be exposed to the sun, set your cuttings in the box and keep well sprinkled with water and always moist. I very often root slips around other plants that are growing in large pots and very seldom lose a slip in this way. They form roots and start to grow in a short time. When rooted remove them carefully with plants of soil adhering to the roots, and be very careful about having too much root room when potting your plants. This is very essential. If the pots are too large the roots of the plants will creep down through the bottom of the pots leaving the plants only about an inch or two high. Always put plants in small sized flower pots; a five inch pot is about the correct size. Unless you are rooting ivy geraniums I find that this geranium needs plenty of root and room and an

abundance of water both on the roots and over head.

I have also tried this method of rooting geraniums: Break off your slips and do not molest them again for several days; then place them in a very shallow box filled with sandy soil. Pull them up every fifth day until the roots start from the calloused ends and from my experience they root more quickly than when left entirely alone. Press very compact about each slip. The most suitable month to start geranium slips I find is May, June and August, however, they can be started at anytime of the year if properly cared for. A tablespoonful of Ammonia in a bucket of water is good for plants. It should be used once in two weeks to enrich the soil. Plants must not be neglected. If one will only devote a little time, attention and patience toward growing a fine plant from a tiny slip noting the progress and development each day, plant culture will become a source of pleasure. One very often hears the remark, "Oh! I think flowers are simply beautiful, but they are too much trouble." My advice to persons of this opinion is to do not undertake the "task" of caring for plants for it will not only become a task but a complete failure.

The only requirements for growing plants is a little genuine love for flowers, a very few pennies and a little patience. Then comes the experience, which is one of the most attractive features of all. We cannot learn too much about plants of any kind. It is a delightful study. Personally, however, I am partial to the geranium, as it seems to be an unending stand-by, especially for the amateur flowerist and particularly so in new countries like Oklahoma, where people who do have success with plants are supposed to have had "good luck," and not being much of a believer in "luck" myself, am rather inclined to attribute my success in geranium culture to the hardness of the plant.

Try my plan all of you who have tried other ways in vain, and report your success, for I feel quite sure that you will have no failure to report. This is simply the experience of an old maid ranch sister and we cordially invite the experience of our bachelor friends on this subject, as we see no reason why a bachelor should not be endowed with the same taste relative to the culture of flowers as the gentler sex.

The Missouri Botanic Garden was the work of the late Henry Shaw, a bachelor who died not very long ago and his death was mourned by all flower lovers. Mr. Shaw donated the garden at his death to the city of St. Louis with the understanding that the garden be left open six days in the week to be admired by his friends. RCHV.

An Indian Couch.

This is quite odd and would be very suitable for a gentleman's den. Make the foundation of boards securely fastened to a strip at the ends. At each corner holes should be made through the cross strip through which run four bright chains and fasten them to the ceiling the couch swinging at a convenient height from the floor. It should be upholstered in any material desired. East India goods would be handsome, though a Navajoe Indian blanket would be pretty. Bandana handkerchief pillows would be appropriate. A handsome fringe should adorn the sides underneath if the expensive material is used.

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W. M. BYRD.

P. O.: Quanah, Tex. Foreman, W. C. Lyon, P. O. Mangum, Okla. Range on North Fork and Haystack, in Greer county.



Calves are branded on left side and on left thigh. Ear Marks: Crop the right and over bit the left. Horses: Range same as cattle.

J. S. SCOTT.



P. O. address, Gyp, Okla. Location of Range, West Burnett Creek G county.

Horses are branded Star on either shoulder. Range, same as cattle.

A. L. McPHERSON & SONS.



P. O. Address, Woodward, Okla. Range, Canadian river northward, including Cottonwood Springs.

On left side or shoulder. Horses branded same as cattle. Range, same as above.

B. F. MAIN.



P. O.—Cline, Okla. Range: On Beaver, eight miles east of Cline.

Also, some cattle are branded S I D. Horses unbranded. Range same as cattle.

ROURKE & NELLIGAN.



P. O. Waynoka, Okla. Range fifteen miles west of Waynoka, on White Horse Creek.

EAR MARKS: Under bit the left, and swallow fork the right.

E. M. HEWINS.



P. O. Address, Woodward, Okla. Range, on North Canadian river, ten miles north of Woodward.

Other brands are: X on left side, and some are branded with a cross on right side.

HORSE BRAND:

Perpendicular bar on right shoulder of saddle horses. Stock horses are branded cross H on left shoulder. Range, same as described above.

F. D. WEBSTER.



P. O. Address, Gage, Oklahoma.

Range, on Wolf creek, north and west of Gage.

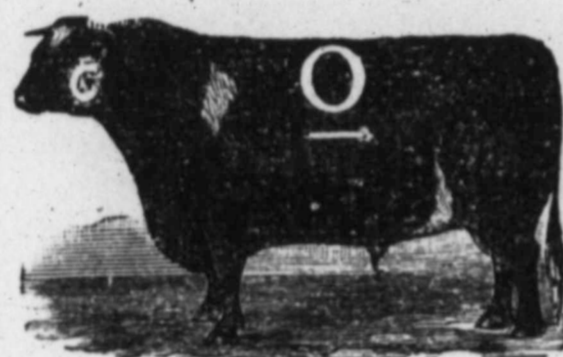
O'BRYAN & HEWINS.



P. O. Address: Woodward, Okla. Location of Range: Woodward county.

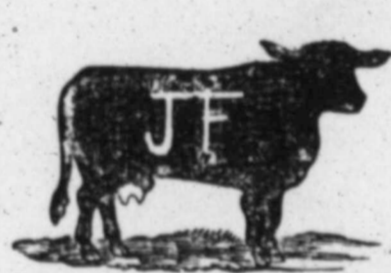
MUN BAKER.

P. O. Address, Woodward, Oklahoma.



On left shoulder, side or thigh. Marks, underbit in each ear. Range, 2 1/4 miles northwest of Woodward.

J. F. FULLER.



P. O. Woodward, Range, eight miles east of Woodward on the North Canadian.

On right side or on right hip. Horses unbranded. Range same as cattle.

M. C. CAMPBELL.

Owner and Manager, Wichita, Kansas. JOE FETINBACH, foreman, Ashland, Kansas. Range on Cimarron, headquarters: mouth of Snake creek, Clark county, Kansas.



Other brands, 2 on left shoulder of horses. Range same as cattle.

M. A. NATIONS.

P. O.: Kansas City, Mo. Range: 15 miles N. W. of Woodward on Beaver creek.



Horses branded plain N on left hip.

A. H. TANDY.



P. O. Address, Haskell City, Texas.

Range, ten miles north and east of Woodward.

Brand of horses same on horses as above. Range, same as above.

JAMES CUSHNY.

Post Office, Waynoka, Okla. Range, 12 miles w. st. on Doe Creek.



Some cattle are branded anchor on left hip. Horses, range same as cattle.

E. R. CLAUNCH.



P. O. address, Woodward, Ok.

Range: 12 miles north of Woodward on Bent canon.

Ear mark: Swallow fork the right and underlope the left.

- (On left side and hip. 77 on neck.)
(On left side. 77 on neck.)
(On side and hip and 77 on neck.)
ALL (On right side.)
H4 (On left side. 77 on neck.)
A (On left side. 77 on neck.)



Range, same as above.

GEO. W. CARR.

P. O. Address, Stone, O. T. Location of range on Turkey Creek in Day county.



BRAND OF CATTLE.

- On Left Hip. On Left Hip.

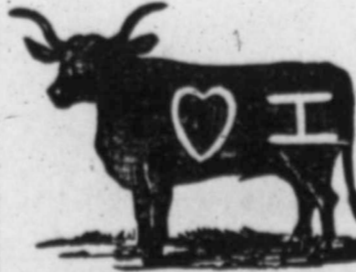
All calves are branded same as cattle.

BRAND OF HORSES.

- On left thigh.

Location of range same as cattle.

S. B. JONES.



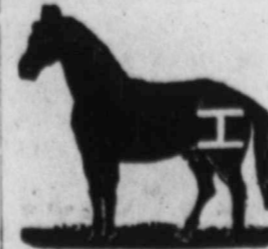
P. O. Address, Higgins Texas.

Range, in Texas and Oklahoma, near Higgins.

Other brands are:

- CS On either side; also
Heart On left shoulder and
+ On left side and
H On left hip.

HORSE BRANDS:



Also heart on left hip

Range, same as above.

CHAS. HEWINS.

P. O. Address, Woodward, Okla. Range: On North Canadian river, ten miles north of Woodward.



OTHER BRANDS.

- On left shoulder.

- On left shoulder.

Horse brands same as cattle.

WHITE & SWEARINGEN.

P. O. Address: Woodward, Okla. Range: On Sand creek, 5 miles north of Fort Supply.



OTHER BRANDS.

- On right side, seven underbit each ear.

- On both sides.

HORSE BRANDS.

- On right shoulder.

T. C. SHOEMAKER.

CHAS. F. LUKENS, Foreman. P. O. Address, 1116 Linwood, Ave., Krusas City, Mo. Ranch address, Dorsey, New Mexico. Range, head of Beaver, in Beaver Co., Okla.



OTHER BRANDS:



- On left side.

- On left hip.

- On left hip or shoulder.

- On left hip.

HORSE BRANDS:

- On left shoulder.

J. P. CAMPBELL.

P. O. Address,—Ashland, Kansas. Range,—Northeast portion of Clark county.



Some cattle — on left side.

- All cattle on left thigh.

Horse brand J C left shoulder.

IVES & DOYLE.
P. DOYLE, Manager.
DICK BARTON, Foreman.



P. O. Address, Higgins Texas.
Range: on Wolf Creek.
Mark, under bit in both ears.

Other brands:

LS On both sides and



HORSE BRANDS:



Range, same as above.

W. P. WRIGHT.



P. O. Address, Woodward, Okla.
Range, on North Canadian, ten miles north of Woodward.



Also

Other brands:

W-X On left side.

Cows are branded **X** on left thigh.

HORSE BRAND:

Same as main brand of cattle.
Range, same as above.

S. C. WANE.



Post-office Address, Richmond, Oklahoma.
Mark, slit in left ear.
Range on Deep Creek.

Horse brand same as above, also same range.

G. W. AKINS.



P. O. Woodward, Okla.
Range, 2 1/2 mi. north-east of Woodward, with Geo. Edwards.
Or A on right hip.

Marks: Swallow fork the right and under-slope the left ear.

Steer calves are branded R — ; same marking.

HUDSON & TANDY.



P. O. Address, Woodward, Oklahoma.
Range, ten miles north and east of Woodward.



Other brands:

R On side and short bar near it on thigh.

O On left loin.

X On left side.

A On left hip and short bar on left thigh near it.

XT On the side and short bar near it on thigh.

HORSE BRANDS:

Bar Z on left shoulder, or NIK on right hip.
Range, same as above.

MILLARD WORD.



P. O. Address, Grand, Day County, Oklahoma.
Range, on South Canadian, Red Bluff and Mosquite creeks, in Day county.

Ear mark: Crop the left and swallow-fork the right.

7 on left thigh.

ZACK MULHALL.
Mulhall, Okla.



All Steers and Horses branded on right hip or loin same as above.

Location of Ranch: Joining Mulhall on Beaver and Cedar creeks.

JACK LOVE.

P. O. address, Woodward, Okla. Range, 20 miles north of Woodward on Buffalo.



Other cattle are branded **7** on left hip,



Other brands are **L** on left shoulder **HP** on left shoulder;

Range: Same as cattle.

T. B. H. GREEN.



P. O. address Woodward, Oklahoma.
Range on North Canadian river, 10 miles south east of Woodward.

HORSE BRAND:

Range same as above

Range brand, bob tail



RUE HOUSTON & CO.



P. O. address, Camargo, D county, Okla. Range, on South Canadian and Dead Man creek in D and G counties.

Other brands: O on neck, W on left side and O on thigh, W on jaw, and O on shoulder and O on right side, O on right side, O on loin and — on right hip.

Horses: O on shoulder.
Range: Same as cattle.

H. C. GREER.



P. O. address, Woodward, Okla.
Range, 5 miles south west of Woodward on head of Spring creek.

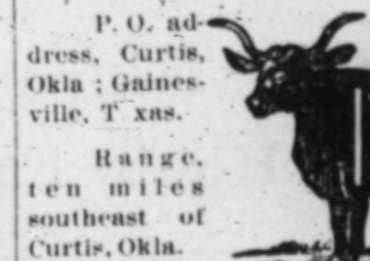
Some are branded same on left hip and back.

ZTV On right hip and side.

Horses are branded horizontal — on left thigh.

Range same as cattle.

CHAPMAN & MORRIS RANCH.
A. J. Chapman, Mgr.



P. O. address, Curtis, Okla.; Gainesville, Texas.
Range, ten miles southeast of Curtis, Okla.

MARKS: Under Seven in each ear.



O On jaw.

H On left shoulder.

S On left hip and shoulder.

ASA On Left Side.

AA On Left Side.

OX On Right Side.

S On Left Jaw.

HL left side.

HORSE BRANDS:



A On left hip.

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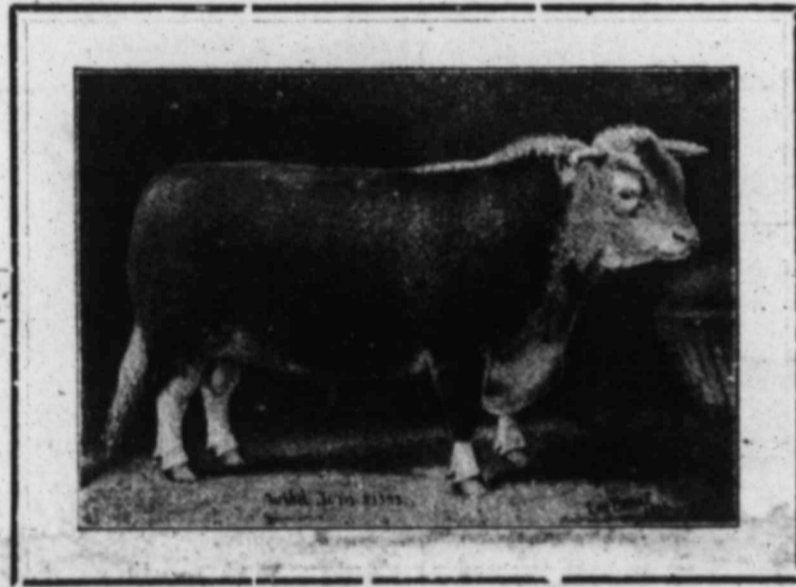
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"No sir," said the rabid freethinker, "the idea that there is a God never for a moment has entered my head." "Same way with my dog," replied the deacon, "but he doesn't go round howling about it."

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